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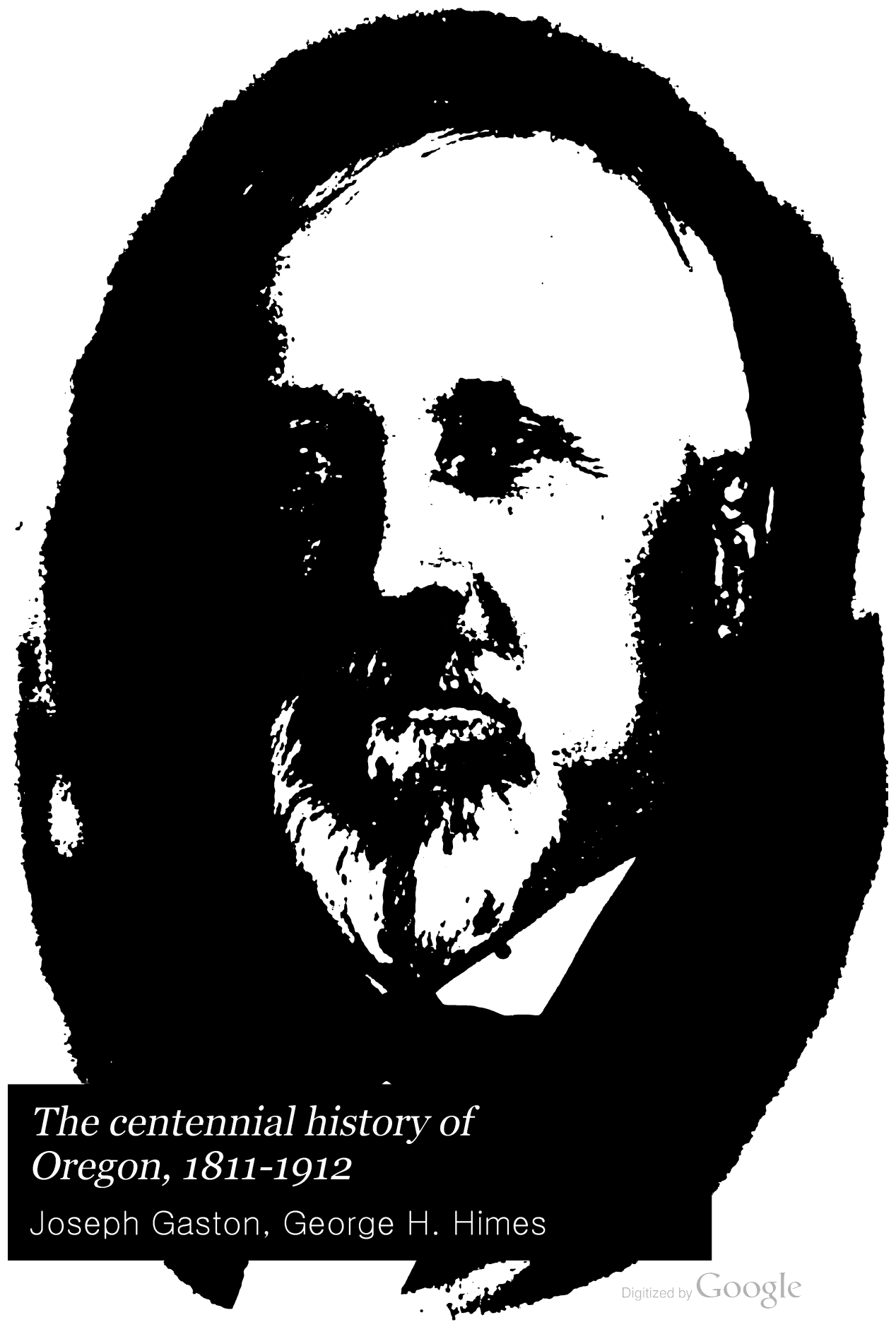

The centennial history of Oregon, 1811-1912

Joseph Gaston, George H. Himes

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THE CENTENNIAL HISTORY

OF

OREGON

1811-1912

ILLUSTRATED

VOLUME III

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1912

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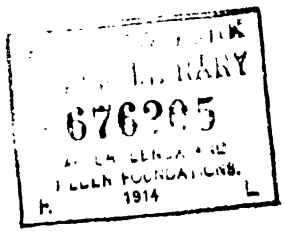

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HUGH M. PRICE

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BIOGRAPHICAL

HUGH M. PRICE, county commissioner of Lane county, and a farmer, who since June, 1909, has made his home in Eugene, was born in Montgomery county, Illinois, March 7, 1846, his parents being Joseph and Elizabeth (Jones) Price. The father was born in North Carolina, but was reared in Kentucky, and after attaining his majority, went to Illinois, where he engaged in farming until 1859. In that year he removed to Kansas and became a pioneer of Anderson county, where both he and his wife spent their remaining days. He served as justice of the peace and was well known in the locality where he made his home.

Hugh M. Price spent his youth as do most farm boys, his time being divided between the duties of the school-room, the pleasures of the playground, and the work of the fields. He was a boy in his teens when he enlisted for service in the Civil war, becoming a member of Company L, Fourteenth Kansas Cavalry, with which he served throughout the period of hostilities. During the years that he saw service on the western frontier he acted as dispatch bearer, a most hazardous pursuit which often involved him in situations of great danger and hardships. His company was engaged in scouting and skirmishing over a wide range of territory and Hugh M. Price, though but a boy in years, shared all the adventures of the members of his troops. When the war was over, he returned to Kansas, where he engaged in farming until 1886. Thinking to have still better opportunities in the Pacific northwest, he came to Lane county, Oregon, in 1886, and settled on Mackenzie river, where he engaged in farming until about eight years ago. He then sold that property and bought a ranch, twenty-two miles west of Eugene. Upon this place, he carried on farming and stock raising with excellent success, bringing his fields under a high state of cultivation, so that he annually harvested good crops, while the grade of stock which he raised also enabled him to secure good prices, when he placed his cattle upon the market. He continued to reside upon the farm until June, 1909, when, with a handsome competence, won from his labors, he moved to Eugene, where he has since lived.

In 1867 Mr. Price was united in marriage to Miss Elizabeth Frances Day, a daughter of Thomas Day, of Kansas. Mrs. Price passed away May 21, 1911, at the age of sixty-five years. In their family were four children: George, now a resident of Arizona; John, who is living in Thurston, Oregon; Fred, who makes his home near Paisley; and Carrie, the wife of Jesse T. Fountain, of Eugene. Mrs. Price was a member of the Christian church, in which Mr. Price also holds membership. His political support is given to the republican party, and in 1904, he was elected to the office of county commissioner, in which he is now completing his second term. He belongs to Eugene Lodge, No. 11, A. F. & A. M.; Eugene Chapter, No. 10, R. A. M.; and Hiram Council, No. 7, R. & S. M., and is a worthy examplar of the teaching of the craft. He likewise belongs to Eugene Lodge, No. 357, B. P. O. E., and he maintains pleasant relations with his old army comrades through his membership in J. W. Gear Post, No. 7, G. A. R. He is as true and loyal to his country in the duties of citizenship as when he followed the old flag upon the battlefields and the march.

JAMES S. RANKIN, editor of the Times of Willamina, was born in Carlton county, province of New Brunswick, Canada, April 6, 1863, a son of James and Marion (Shea) Rankin. The father, of Scotch and English parentage, was a native of England but lived in Canada until late in life and then moved to the state of Washington, where he died in 1902. He was a farmer by occupation and also engaged in logging. He fought in some of the Indian wars, in which he rendered valiant service. The mother, of English and Scotch descent, was born in Canada and died there when her son, James S., was only three years of age. In their family were five children: Alexander, deceased; Marion, the wife of Dr. E. S. Frost, of Willmar, Minnesota; Edith, deceased; John S., of Vancouver, British Columbia; and James S., of this review.

The last named attended school in Canada but left that country in 1874, making his home in Willmar, Minnesota. Subsequently he was a student for two terms in the Shattuck Military Academy at Faribault, Minnesota. After living in Minnesota for fourteen years he went to North Dakota, where he remained seven years as editor of a paper,

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he having previously learned the printer's trade in the former state. At the end of that time he removed to Washington, locating near Auburn, where for ten years he was proprietor of a hop yard. Later he reentered the field of journalism, buying and managing a paper in Auburn. From there he went to Seattle and later to Tacoma, where he was employed in a smelter. Finally he arrived in Oregon in 1907, settling in McMinnville, where he became foreman of the News Reporter. In March, 1911, he came to Willamina and took charge of the Times, which he now publishes. This paper has a circulation of five hundred copies, an increase of one hundred and fifty since he began managing it.

Mr. Rankin was married in North Dakota in 1892 to Miss Abbie Carwell, a native of Elk River, Minnesota, and they have become the parents of six children, Frank, Harold, Whitney, Madeline, Abbie and John, all of whom are at home. In politics Mr. Rankin is a consistent republican and the paper which he edits advocates the principles of this party. He holds membership with the Artisans of McMinnville. Mrs. Rankin is a member of the Episcopal church. Mr. Rankin has a well equipped printing establishment, and is recognized as a progressive business man and as an editor is greatly admired.

JOHN W. GRASSMAN, who has been an agriculturist of Marion county for nearly ten years and is now residing a half mile south of Gervais, was born in Iowa on the 9th of November, 1861, his parents being Valentine and Mary (Churchman) Grassman, the former a native of Germany and the latter of Ohio. The parents were married in Iowa, where they lived until after the father's death in 1871. They were the parents of six children: Mrs. Mary Briles, of Iowa; John W., of this review; Louis, who is residing in Marion county, Oregon; Frank, deceased; Clara, who is a native of Biggs, Oregon; and Mrs. Annie McGraw, who is living in South Dakota. Subsequently Mrs. Grassman was married again, her second union being with Nicholas Fery. After their marriage they removed to Oregon in 1900, where Mrs. Fery died in 1906. Mr. Fery is still residing in Portland. They were the parents of one child, Henry E., who lives in Portland.

John W. Grassman received his education in the common schools and afterward assisted his father until he was twenty-four years of age, when he started farming independently in Iowa. He continued to be thus employed until 1902, when he disposed of his property and came to Oregon, where he settled upon the farm upon which he is now residing. This property consists of one hundred and twenty-three acres, all of which has been brought under a high state of cultivation. His activities are along the line of general farming in which he has won a good measure of success.

On the 16th of February, 1892, Mr. Grassman was married to Miss Agnes Fery, whose birth occurred in Warren county, Iowa, October 10, 1872. She is a daughter of Joseph and Christina (Buzzard) Fery, the former a native of Germany and the latter of Illinois. They were married in Illinois, where they resided for a few years previous to removing to Iowa and locating in Warren county. They made this county their home until the mother's death in 1891, when the father came to Oregon with his family and resided in this state for two years previous to returning east to Missouri, where he still lives. They were the parents of eight children: Mrs. Mary Richardson, of Des Moines, Iowa; Mrs. John W. Grassman; Frances, deceased; Mrs. Annie McCafferty, of Kent, Iowa; Amelia, deceased, who was the wife of Harvey Bacon, of Creston, Iowa; Frank and John, both deceased; and Mrs. Della Booth, who is living in Prescott, Iowa. Mr. Fery's second marriage was to Mrs. Ellen Parkins, of Illinois. To Mr. and Mrs. Grassman four children have been born: Clarence I., whose birth occurred on the 27th of March, 1893; Lawrence, who was born on the 1st of March, 1895; Pearl E., who was born July 16, 1898; and Ruby M., born August 16, 1901. They are all residing at home and attending school.

Mr. Grassman is a republican but is very liberal in his views and casts his vote for the man or measure that in his judgment will best serve the greatest number rather than according to party dictates. Both he and Mrs. Grassman hold membership in the Roman Catholic church, according to whose teachings they live consistently. Already Mr. Grassman has firmly established himself in the opinion of his fellow citizens as a substantial and progressive farmer and is fast winning the respect and regard of the members of his community amongst whom he has come to make his home.

J. OSCAR HOLT. One of the progressive business men of Oregon who have taken active part in the development of its resources, is J. Oscar Holt, secretary-manager of the Eugene Fruit Growers Association. He was also prominently identified with the early history of the Alaskan mining district and was one of the founders of Nome. He has an excellent education and for many years was a public instructor. He was born in Tennessee, September 17, 1867, a son of J. J. and Annie A. (Pickel) Holt. The great-grandfather was a soldier of the Revolutionary war and the grandparents were natives of North Carolina and Tennessee, respectively. In the family of J. J. and Annie A. Holt were five children, namely: J. Oscar, of this review; Estella, the wife of Rev. W. B. Moore, pastor of the Methodist Episcopal church at Lents, Oregon; V. L., a grocer of Eugene; Theodore P., who is at the head of the mining department of the University of Utah; and Vesta, now pursuing the science course in the University of Oregon. The subject of this review was about twelve years of age when he came with his parents from Tennessee to this state. Here the father set-

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tled where Medford now stands, purchasing a farm on which he lived until 1897, when he retired and took up his residence in Eugene, where both he and his wife still live. The father always lived a quiet life, his interests centering entirely in his home.

J. Oscar Holt remained at home with his parents until he attained the age of twenty-one years. He was given a good education, having been a student in the University of Oregon and also pursuing a normal course in Monmouth State Normal School, from which he was graduated in 1892. He then taught school for two years, after which he entered the government service as an instructor in the Indian schools, being principal at Yainax, as well as of the Fort Simco (Wash.) Industrial School. After his resignation from the government service he went to Alaska where he did prospecting and mining in the same year Dawson was founded, and for two years acted as mine inspector for a group of San Francisco capitalists, buying mining properties for them in the Seward peninsula. He became one of the founders of Nome and helped to build the first house in that town. He was in Alaska throughout the early boom period, returning to Eugene in 1904. On coming back to Oregon he purchased a fruit farm and later became one of the organizers of the Eugene Fruit Growers Association of which he was elected as a member of the board of directors. He became secretary-manager of the association, with H. F. McCornack as president and George A. Dorris, of Springfield, as vice president. The association has become widely known throughout the northwest. It was organized in 1908 with a capital stock of five thousand dollars under the Oregon state laws, and after two years its capital stock was increased to twenty-five thousand dollars. It constructed a business house of its own, consisting of packing house, fruit drier, cannery and all necessary accessories. In 1910 the volume of business handled by the association was forty thousand dollars and in 1911 the business had increased at a remarkable rate, reaching the one hundred and twenty-four thousand dollar mark. The factory has from time to time been improved and in addition to its original green fruit packing house has an extensive drier and cannery and a vinegar and spray factory. They handle everything in the way of fruits and vegetables which is furnished them by the growers of this district. The factory is so situated as to have excellent shipping facilities, being connected with the Southern Pacific and Oregon Electric lines. The office and works are located at the corner of Ferry and Railroad streets and the residence of Mr. Holt is at 226 East Fourteenth street.

Mr. Holt is not a politician in the sense of being an office seeker although he gives a reasonable amount of attention to public matters. He takes a lively interest in the young men of the community and is a director of the Young Men's Christian Association. He is also a member of the board of governors of the Eugene Commercial Club. Although he has accomplished more than does the average man in a lifetime, he has just attained the prime of life and is in the midst of particularly useful activities which render him one of the most valued men in his locality. Alert to everything that may affect the public good, he is one of the optimistic and careful promoters of the community's business and social welfare, and by his keen intellect and indomitable courage is rendering most efficient service in the community.

J. D. BELT, proprietor of a drug store at Willamina, was born in Missouri, August 31, 1849, the son of Dr. A. M. and Nancy (Ward) Belt. The father, a native of Kentucky, was reared and educated there and moved to Missouri in 1844, where he practiced medicine until 1850. In that year he crossed the plains with ox teams, being six months on the road, and located at Salem, Oregon, after which for twenty years he followed his profession in various parts of the state. He died at Independence, Oregon, in 1878. He was a widely known man, a strong democrat, organized the first Masonic lodge in Oregon, 1855. He owned the first piano ever brought into Oregon, an old-fashioned square instrument which is still in Portland. The mother was born in Kentucky, a daughter of General Ward, of the southern confederacy, and a cousin of Nancy Ward, the famous Kentucky belle. She died in Oregon. In their family were eleven children: Thomas, Joseph and A. M., all deceased; B. F., of Los Angeles, California; J. D., of this review; Charles, deceased; Emily, now Mrs. Jordan, of California; Sarah E., now Mrs. Hewlet, of Portland, Oregon; Myra, the wife of Judge Barnett, of Salem, Oregon; and two children who died in infancy.

J. D. Belt was educated in Willamette University at Salem, Oregon, and was graduated in the class of 1865. He was engaged in farming until 1878, when he went to Salem, where he remained five years, conducting a drug store at that place. Subsequently he located in several communities in Oregon, continuing in the drug business, until 1908, when he came to Willamina, where he has now a store fully stocked with a complete line of sundries. He also owns an interest in a bank at Willamina and was one of its organizers.

In 1878 Mr. Belt wedded Miss Nellie Hackleman, a native of Oregon and a daughter of H. H. Hackleman, who was at one time state treasurer of Oregon. They are the parents of five children: Edith, the wife of W. H. Ormsby, a freight agent for the Northern Pacific Railroad; Harry, county superintendent of Yamhill county; Paul C., in business with his father; and Barbara and Marjorie, at home.

In politics Mr. Belt has been loyal to the democratic party and although he has never sought public office he still has held sundry official posts. He and Mrs. Belt are members of the Presbyterian church in the affairs of which they share a sincere interest. They have been identified also with the order of

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Maccabees. As a true descendant of his worthy ancestors Mr. Belt has always been a strong factor in advancing the interests of the community in which he has lived.

STEPHEN BAUMAN. Austria and Hungary have furnished many of the men who have proven to be the most thrifty, diligent and conscientious agriculturists of Marion county. Among these is Stephen Bauman who resides four miles northeast of Gervais and whose birth occurred on the 21st of December, 1876, his parents being Leo and Elizabeth (Tepolt) Bauman. They also were natives of Austria-Hungary, and after their marriage in the land of their birth came to America in 1893. They settled in North Dakota, but very soon afterward removed to Oregon and located in Lane county where the father's death occurred two weeks after his arrival. Mrs. Bauman remained here for two years with her children, but at the end of that time moved four miles southeast of Woodburn where the family home is still located, although the mother has returned and moved into Gervais. Mr. and Mrs. Leo Bauman were the parents of two children: Stephen, who is the subject of this sketch; and Leo, who is residing in Gervais.

Stephen Bauman came to America when he was seventeen years of age. In his native land he had acquired a high-school education and had had some experience in the working world. For eight years after his arrival in America he remained at home with his mother, assisting her in the cultivation of her property. At twenty-five years of age, however, he was married, and although he continued the management of his mother's farm he also began learning the carpenter's trade. At the end of two years he had acquired sufficient skill to enable him to move into Gervais and earn a good competence as a carpenter. After two years' employment at this he purchased his mother's and brother's shares in the homestead and has since been engaged in bringing this property under a high state of cultivation and from it is now reaping profitable rewards. Of the seventy acres which he owns fifty acres have been made highly productive for general farming, stock-raising and dairying.

In 1901 Mr. Bauman was married to Miss Mary Andres, whose birth occurred in Oregon on the 7th of September, 1884, and who is a daughter of George and Mary (Borth) Andres, the former a native of Germany and the latter of Wisconsin. The father and mother both came to Oregon with their parents while still young and in this state they were married and established their home. The mother's death occurred here in January, 1909, and the father is still residing on the homestead which is located four and one half miles southeast of Woodburn. They were the parents of eight children, as follows: Mrs. Bauman; Mrs. Lena Zielinsky, who is a resident of Marion county; Louisa, who is the wife of Wolf. Pfaffinger, also of Marion county; Della, George, McKinley and Ernest, all residing at home and Anna, who died in infancy. To Mr. and Mrs. Bauman three children have been born: Louisa M., whose birth occurred on the 3d of January, 1903; Ethel Therese, who was born July 20, 1904; and Emma Lena, born November 14, 1910. It is Mr. Bauman's desire to give these children the advantages of a good education because he is well aware of the advantage his high-school education has been to him.

In politics he is a democrat and is thoroughly in sympathy with the principles and policies of that party. In religious faith he is Catholic, he and the members of his family holding membership in the Roman Catholic church of Woodburn. He has never had occasion to regret leaving his native land because in America he has found the opportunity for advancement, progress and financial success which he sought and in the country of his adoption his life has been such as to commend him to the esteem and confidence of all.

L. C. SCHARPF is the owner of one of the large lumberyards of Pilot Rock, Oregon, and also the cashier and business manager of the only banking institution in that place. He is a young man of unusual ability, having won his way to a leading place in the business affairs and social life of Umatilla county. He was born in Prairie Du Chien, Wisconsin, July 30, 1887, a son of George J. and Mary (Bracher) Scharpf, both of whom were natives of Prairie Du Chien. His father was one of the representative business men of that city, owning a grocery store there for a number of years. In 1901 he removed to Bassett county, Iowa, where he engaged in the lumber business until his death, which occurred in the year 1909. He is survived by a widow who now resides at Portland, Oregon, to which place she removed upon the death of her husband.

L. C. Scharpf was reared in his father's home and acquired his early education in the public schools of Wisconsin and Iowa. He spent the early years of his manhood under the parental roof and worked for his father in the lumber business at Bassett, Iowa. There he learned the rudiments of the business and with this knowledge as the only capital with which to start in life at the age of sixteen years he removed to the state of Washington in the year 1903, locating at Monohan, where he was an employe in one of the lumber mills for three years. His knowledge of the lumber business acquired in his father's yards and office in Iowa made his services very acceptable to his employer. Later he removed to Portland and there secured a clerkship in the Lumberman's National Bank of that city. While serving in that capacity he became a student at the Holmes Business College and was graduated from that institution. He remained an employe of the Lumberman's National Bank of Portland for two and one half years and in the spring of 1909 he severed his connections therewith and removed to Pilot Rock, where he established himself in the lumber business. On May 1, 1911, he was offered the position of cashier of the Bank of Pilot Rock, which as it in no way interfered with his lumber business, he accepted and has ince remained

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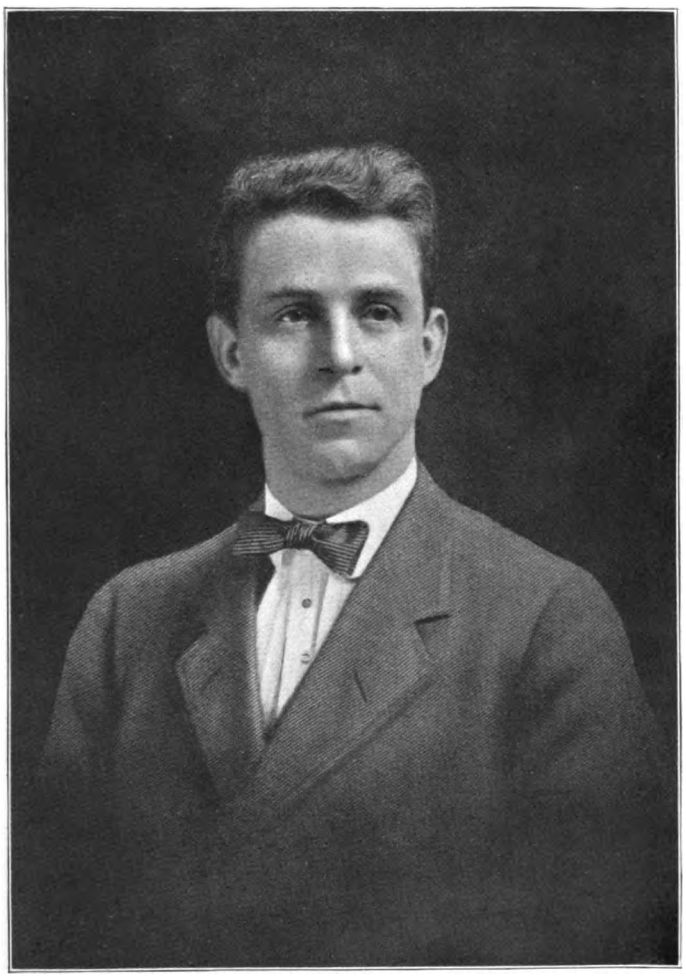

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in that position, having full charge of all the business interests of the bank.

On the 7th of May, 1912, Mr. Scharpf married Miss Eva M. Fanning of Portland, a daughter of G. F. Fanning. He is a member of Alta Lodge, No. 165, I. O. O. F., of Pilot Rock, and also of Ya Tenneowitz Tribe, No. 27, Improved Order of Red Men. He is an enthusiastic oarsman and is a member of the Portland Rowing Club, and belongs to the Presbyterian church of Pilot Rock. Mr. Scharpf is prominently identified with all the social and business interests of his community, and for one year served as mayor of the city. His influence is always exerted in behalf of advancement and moral improvement.

A. M. FANNING, the present mayor of Sheridan, was born in Ann Arbor, Michigan, January 29, 1867, a son of Charles H. and Phoebe (Dreggs) Fanning. He belongs to a family of Irish descent, an ancestor coming from Limerick, Ireland, in the seventeenth century and settling in Connecticut. Representatives of the name were in the Revolutionary war. Charles H. Fanning was born in the state of New York and removed in boyhood with his parents to Michigan, where he lived during the remainder of his life, his death occurring in 1881. He was a shoemaker by trade. His wife was also born in New York and died in Michigan in 1881. In their family were six sons: Edward, deceased; William A., of El Paso, Texas; James Louis; A. M., of this review; George J., a physician at Wendling, Oregon, and Seth, deceased.

A. M. Fanning was educated in the common schools of Michigan and at the age of seventeen went to Chicago, where he was engaged in hotel work until the following year, or until 1886. He then removed to Butte, Montana, becoming a solicitor for insurance. Later for the period of a year he was employed in a quartz mill. The following year, or in 1887, he came to Oregon, settling in Portland, where he was solicitor for a hospital company and also filled the position of bookkeeper until 1889. In that year he began the study of law, becoming a student in the Oregon State College, where he spent one year. He remained in Portland for ten years, during which time he was in the government mail service as railway mail clerk. Subsequently he came to Sheridan, taking up his abode on a prune ranch which he had previously developed. He remained there three years, when he removed to Sheridan, but he still operates the ranch, which consists of one hundred and twenty acres on which he has good buildings and about seven thousand prune and walnut trees. He also owns in Sheridan a block of fine brick buildings, among which is a warehouse, and an opera house of which he is manager. Besides this he owns property in Michigan and a tract of land near Portland, on which he is cultivating prunes. In addition to his other business interests he has figured in financial circles, having organized the Farmers' State Bank, of which he was president until 1908.

Mr. Fanning was married in 1894 to Miss Nettie Bailey, a native of Michigan, and they have four children, Irma Eleanor, Baylis Gilbert, Beulah Phoebe and Lea Irene, all of whom are in school except the latter. In politics Mr. Fanning is a democrat and as a candidate on that party's ticket was elected mayor of Sheridan, in which capacity he is now serving. He is a stalwart friend of the cause of education and while residing on his farm he was a member of the school board. Fraternally he is allied with the United Artisans and was formerly a member of the Knights of Pythias. He is an honorary member of the State Horticultural Society and a member of the Sheridan Commercial Club, in the organization of which he was instrumental. He may well be called a self-made man for he started in life empty-handed and carefully saved his earnings until able to purchase property, since which time his management of his horticultural and agricultural interests has brought him success. That he is regarded as the foremost citizen of his community is evidenced by the fact that his fellow townsmen have chosen him as their chief executive.

GEORGE W. WOODS, who is residing four miles northeast of Gervais, was born in Saint Joseph county, Indiana, on the 22d of February, 1858, his parents being James and Lucy (Buel) Woods, the former a native of Pennsylvania and the latter of Indiana. They were married in Saint Joseph county and resided there for two years following. At the end of that time they removed to Iowa, where they preempted land and remained until their deaths, which occurred in 1883 and on the 26th of January, 1900, respectively. They were the parents of nine children, six of whom survive, namely: Mary J., the wife of Asa Stoner, of Iowa; Henrietta, who is married to Aaron Jay, also of Iowa; Melissa, who became the wife of Peter Dull, of Iowa; Laura, who is married to John McMinnus, of South Dakota; George W., the subject of this sketch; and O. A., who is living in South Dakota.

After finishing his early education George W. Woods assisted his father on the home property but at the age of twenty-one years started out independently. His first undertaking was the preemption of one hundred and sixty acres in Brule county, South Dakota. On this place he made his home for seven years before selling it and removing to eastern South Dakota, where he lived for three years. At the end of this time he went west and settled in California for a year before coming to Oregon. After arriving in this state he located near Portland, where he was employed in a logging camp for seven years. After he gave up this position he settled three miles southeast of Woodburn, where he now owns the small farm upon which he is residing. He has always been a diligent worker, conscientiously performing the duties which come daily to hand.

In 1896 Mr. Woods was married to Mrs. Lucy Saunders, the widow of William Saunders and a daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Chalmers.

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Her birth occurred in Oregon, where her parents lived throughout the greater part of their lives. They were both natives of Wisconsin and have both passed away. Two children were born to them: Mrs. Woods; and Perry, who is residing in Portland. To Mrs. Woods' first union three children were born: Charles, who is living in Portland; and Emma and Katie, both deceased.

In politics Mr. Woods gives his support to the democratic party but he has no desire for official preferment and in the occupation he has chosen he finds a satisfaction and gratification that he feels no other line of industry would have afforded. Perseverance, diligence and integrity have constituted for him the guiding posts of life, bringing him to the creditable place which he now occupies in the industrial circles of his community.

FINDLEY P. PERKINS, one of Clatsop county's successful ranchmen, was born in Memphis, Tennessee, on the 26th of January, 1854, a son of Jacob and Eleanor E. (Black) Perkins. The father was a native of Jackson county, Mississippi, and the mother of Pennsylvania, but both passed away in Memphis. Of their union there were born ten children, four of whom are still surviving.

After the acquirement of a good practical education, Findley P. Perkins was qualified to begin his career as a wage earner and at the age of nineteen years began to set out for himself. He followed various pursuits for a time in his endeavors to discover something that he would like to adopt for a life vocation. At last he studied telegraphy and for eighteen years thereafter followed the vocation of operator in the railroad service. Withdrawing at the expiration of that period he engaged in the livery business at Falun, Saline county, Kansas. In April, 1904, he removed to Clatsop county, Oregon, and bought one hundred and seventy-one acres of land, known as the Spelmire ranch. It is a valuable property, finely improved and partially under cultivation, and Mr. Perkins' future would seem to be assured and most promising, as ultimately his property will net him a substantial income.

On the 8th of July, 1887, Mr. Perkins' plans for a home of his own had their culmination in his marriage to Miss Aramintta Ellen Cutshall, whose birth occurred in Fulton county, Indiana. Mrs. Perkins is a daughter of the late Andrew H. and Margarette Catherine (Secrist) Cutshall, the father a native of Pennsylvania and the mother of Ohio. The mother passed away while the family were still residents of Indiana, but the father's death occurred in Caldwell, Kansas. Mr. and Mrs. Cutshall were the parents of two daughters.

In matters politic Mr. Perkins has ever been loyal to the principles of the democratic party for whose candidates he casts his ballot. Although progressive and public-spirited in his recognition of the duties of citizenship he has never participated in governmental matters as a candidate for political honors. He is a capable business man in addition to which he possesses the ambition, energy and perseverance which must characterize the man who succeeds in the northwest.

HON. HERVEY M. HOSKINS, now postmaster of McMinnville, has but recently reached the age of thirty-three years, his birth having occurred in Rush county, Indiana, on the 4th of January, 1879. His parents were J. Lewis and Mary L. (Hadley) Hoskins, who were natives of Ohio and of the Hoosier state respectively. The father was reared in Ohio and at the inauguration of hostilities between the north and the south offered his services to the government, enlisting in the Thirteenth Ohio Volunteer Cavalry. During Grant's campaign he was transferred to the infantry and served under General Grant in the battles of the Wilderness, Cold Harbor, Spottsylvania, the Petersburg campaign and in fact took part in the most active campaigns during the war. He was in one of the divisions under General Burnside when they were cut off at Petersburg and was often in the thickest of the fight in the various battles in which his command participated. He was within sight of the noted Confederate leader Lee at the time of his surrender. When the war was over J. Lewis Hoskins went to Indiana, where he was married, settling in Charlottesville. There he followed various business pursuits and for a time engaged in teaching school. He also conducted a feed store, but his health failed him as the result of exposure and hardships which he bore during his military service. Hoping that a change of climate would prove beneficial, he came west to the coast, making the journey by train to San Francisco and thence by water to Oregon. In 1879 he settled where Newberg now stands, although the district was at that time but a country region, the town having not yet been built up. There he has since resided and during his connection with Yamhill county he has devoted his time and energies to general farming, to horticultural pursuits and to cattle-raising. He also helped to mold the first brick that was used in the erection of the first brick building in McMinnville and his business enterprise and progressive spirit have constituted forceful factors in the upbuilding and progress of his section of the state. He is regarded as one of the leaders of the republican party of Yamhill county and upon that ticket was twice elected to the office of county recorder, the duties of which he discharged with promptness and fidelity, winning him the commendation of all concerned. Still higher honors have been awarded him, for he is now representing his district in the state senate. He still lives upon a portion of his home farm, having retained twenty-five acres as a place of residence. He and his wife are members of the Friends church and he belongs also to the Independent Order of Odd Fellows. Throughout Yamhill county he is widely known and his sterling traits of character have gained him recognition as one of its leading and honored citizens.

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Hervey M. Hoskins spent his youthful days under the parental roof. He was but a young child when brought by his parents to Oregon and in the public schools acquired his early education, while later he attended the Pacific College at Newberg, from which he was graduated with the degrees of Bachelor of Science and Bachelor of Arts, receiving the former in 1899 and the latter in 1900. He then took a scholarship in Haverford College at Haverford, Pennsylvania, and was graduated from that institution with the B. A. degree in 1903. Following his return home he entered the First National Bank of McMinnville but after being employed there for a number of months accepted a position in the office of the Oregon Fire Relief Association, with which he was connected for three years. In January, 1908 he was appointed postmaster of McMinnville, in which position he has since served giving a public-spirited administration. He has carefully systematized the work of the office and his duties are promptly and capably performed. As is indicated by his present position, he gives his political allegiance to the republican party.

On the 26th of September, 1906, Hervey M. Hoskins was married to Miss Louisa Maloney, of McMinnville, a daughter of Captain H. S. Maloney, county recorder of Yamhill county at this writing, in 1911. Mr. Hoskins belongs to Occidental Lodge, No. 30, I. O. O. F., and to Schafer Encampment, while both he and his wife are members of the Rebekah lodge. He still holds membership in the Friends church of Newberg and his wife is a member of the Presbyterian church. Both are widely known in this county and have an extensive circle of warm friends. Mr. Hoskins is very popular in McMinnville and in the position which he is filling is proving himself a capable officer, well worthy the confidence and trust reposed in him.

ALFRED A. SAARI, a well known photographer of Astoria, was born in Finland on the 29th of June, 1872, being a son of Jacob and Katherine Louise Saari, also natives of Finland, the father having been born in 1835 and the mother in 1830. Seven children were born to Mr. and Mrs. Saari: Wilhelmine, who is living in Finland; Reinhold, who died in Astoria in December, 1890; Jacob Edward, the first member of the family to come to the United States, now living in Finland, where he is superintending the operation of a copper mine for an American syndicate; Louise Emelia, the deceased wife of Abraham Erickson, of Washington, by whom she had twelve children; Vendla Lucina, who is living in Astoria; Josephine, who died when she was six years of age; and Alfred A., our subject. The mother passed away in 1882 and two years thereafter the father and the son Alfred A. emigrated to America. They located in Minnesota, where the father engaged in agricultural pursuits, owning his own land, until his demise in the early '90s.

Alfred A. Saari was only a lad of twelve years when he emigrated to the United States from Finland, whose common schools he had been attending for three years. The education therein begun was further pursued in the schools of New York Mills, Minnesota, following which he attended the normal at Winona for two years. He subsequently entered the high school at St. Paul, Minnesota, from which institution he was graduated in 1891. Immediately thereafter he came to Astoria, clerking in the grocery store of A. V. Allen for two years. At the end of that period he went to California, where he remained for four months, returning to Astoria to take charge of the general merchandise store for the Clatsop Mill Company. He retained this position for six years, when he took up the study of photography with the expectation of making it his vocation. In May, 1902, he opened a studio, that he has operated continuously ever since. He has very pleasant quarters, conveniently and tastefully arranged, his gallery occupying eight rooms. Mr. Saari has met with success in his profession and has interests in several enterprises, all of them netting him good returns on the capital invested.

Ever since naturalization conferred upon him the right of franchise Mr. Saari has given his political support to the men and measures of the republican party. He belongs to the Suomi Temperance Society, thus voicing his attitude in regard to the liquor question.

LUCIUS C. BASYE is a native of Oregon who in early life followed farming as a vocation. He cared for his aged parents until the time of their deaths and is now living on the old homestead which the father acquired many years ago and which he improved. It is now a valuable piece of property containing one hundred and forty-seven acres, lying on the Applegate river. Mr. Basye was born in Jackson county, July 22, 1869, a son of W. H. and Elizabeth (Streithoff) Basye in whose family were six children. The father was a native of Indiana, and came west at an early day, settling on the ranch upon which he passed away in 1894. After the father's death the mother made her home with her son Lucius until her demise in 1905.

Lucius C. Basye received a common-school education and since acquiring the old homestead has continued to improve the place and has brought it to a high state of fertility, developing its one hundred and forty-seven acres into a valuable piece of agricultural property. In early years he worked as a miner, being employed by mine operators, but during late years has given his entire attention to his ranch.

Mr. Basye was married in 1905 to Miss Ida Vincent, a native of Oregon, and to this union have been born two children, William J. and Geneva H. In his political allegiance Mr. Basye is affiliated with the democratic party. He has taken keen interest in politics and has held the office of road overseer. He also pays much attention to educational affairs and has been a school di-

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rector in his district. He is a member of the Independent Order of Odd Fellows, being associated with the lodge at Grants Pass. Being brought up in the state of his nativity and associating with friends and neighbors whom he has known all his life, Mr. Basye has formed a wide acquaintance in the community of which he is an honored member. He has long since been recognized as one of the best citizens of the neighborhood in which he lives and the family is held in high esteem by all acquaintances.

DAVID S. LITTLEFIELD is one of the early and honored pioneers of Oregon. To him belongs the distinction of having been one of a company of five men who first discovered gold in paying quantities in Baker county more than fifty years ago. The discovery was made four miles southwest of Baker City and since that time he has been continuously identified with mining interests in Baker county, in which he now maintains his home at Baker City, where he lives retired in the enjoyment of a well earned rest from business cares. He was born September 27, 1829, in Waldo county, Maine, and is the son of Rufus and Sarah (Batchelder) Littlefield, both of whom were natives of the Pine Tree state. The father was born December 25, 1801, and for a livelihood followed farming until the close of his life, in 1886, at the age of nearly eighty-five years. The mother was born June 16, 1796, and passed from this life February 15, 1883. To Mr. and Mrs. Littlefield were born eleven children, of whom three are still living: David S., of this review; Simon B., who resides on the old homestead in Maine; and Jane, the wife of Captain Frank Marden, of Maine.

David S. Littlefield was reared in his parents' home and received his early education in the public schools. As a young man he was employed as a sailor on freighting vessels plying between the coast of Maine and the West Indies, the exports being lumber, which was exchanged for sugar and molasses with which the ship was loaded and returned to the United States. In 1850 he crossed the Isthmus of Panama and settled in San Francisco, later joining his brother in the mining business at Moquelme Hill, California, and remaining with him for a period of nine years, during which time he was continuously engaged in mining. He then went to the Fraser river and later to the Lower Fraser river, at which place he was engaged in placer mining for four months. He then returned to California, remaining in that state for one year, at the end of which time he removed to Portland, Oregon, and thence to Baker county, which was then an uninhabited, primeval wilderness. He there engaged in prospecting and was one of five men who were the first to discover gold in that part of Oregon. The discovery was made four miles southwest of Baker City and resulted not only in the enrichment of its discoverers but in attracting the attention of the people of the western coast to that particular locality, which has since proved to be one of the richest mining and agricultural districts in Oregon. He was one of a company of miners who presented a petition to Governor Gibbs to set aside a county in the state to be named in honor of Colonel E. D. Baker. The petition was favorably received, their request granted, and later the boundary lines of what is now Baker county were established. At the time of Mr. Littlefield's settlement in Baker county there was not a white man living this side of the Blue mountains and they were of necessity compelled to obtain all their provisions from Walla Walla, now in Washington, but at that time a portion of the territory of Oregon. Mr. Littlefield has been a miner all his life and now owns one hundred and sixty acres of rich placer mining ground located near Auburn, and is also the owner of a highly developed stock ranch of one hundred and sixty acres, upon which for a number of years past he has made a specialty of raising horses for the eastern market. The ranch is now under the care and supervision of his son and is one of the well known stock farms of Oregon.

On December 13, 1871, Mr. Littlefield was united in marriage to Mrs. Mary Ann (Nutman) Parkinson, a daughter of George and Ann Nutman, in whose family were eight children. Mrs. Littlefield is a native of England and with her first husband emigrated to America in 1859. The ship on which they sailed became disabled shortly after leaving the English port and they were compelled to return to Liverpool, where they remained for one month and again sailed for America. After a voyage of seven weeks they reached the shores of the new world, settling first at St. Louis, and later removed to Nebraska, from which place Mr. Parkinson with his wife and two children started on their journey across the plains with ox teams, en route for Oregon. After having nearly completed their pilgrimage the father died as they were crossing the plains and was buried at the mouth of the Malheur river. One of the children of the family died some time later and the surviving son, John Parkinson, married Marie Moody and they now reside at Portland. To Mr. and Mrs. Littlefield three children were born. Rufus, who resides on a ranch near Auburn and married Emma Miller by whom he has two children, Dolores and Thelma. Eva is the wife of Oliver Holloway, of Seattle, Washington, and they have three children, Myrtle, David and Lilah. Grace, who completes the family, is the wife of W. D. Holloway, of Baker City.

Mr. Littlefield is a Bryan democrat and has loyally supported the political principles of his chief during the vigorous and determined national campaigns in which he has been engaged. David S. Littlefield is one of the best known and among the most highly honored of the early pioneers of Oregon.

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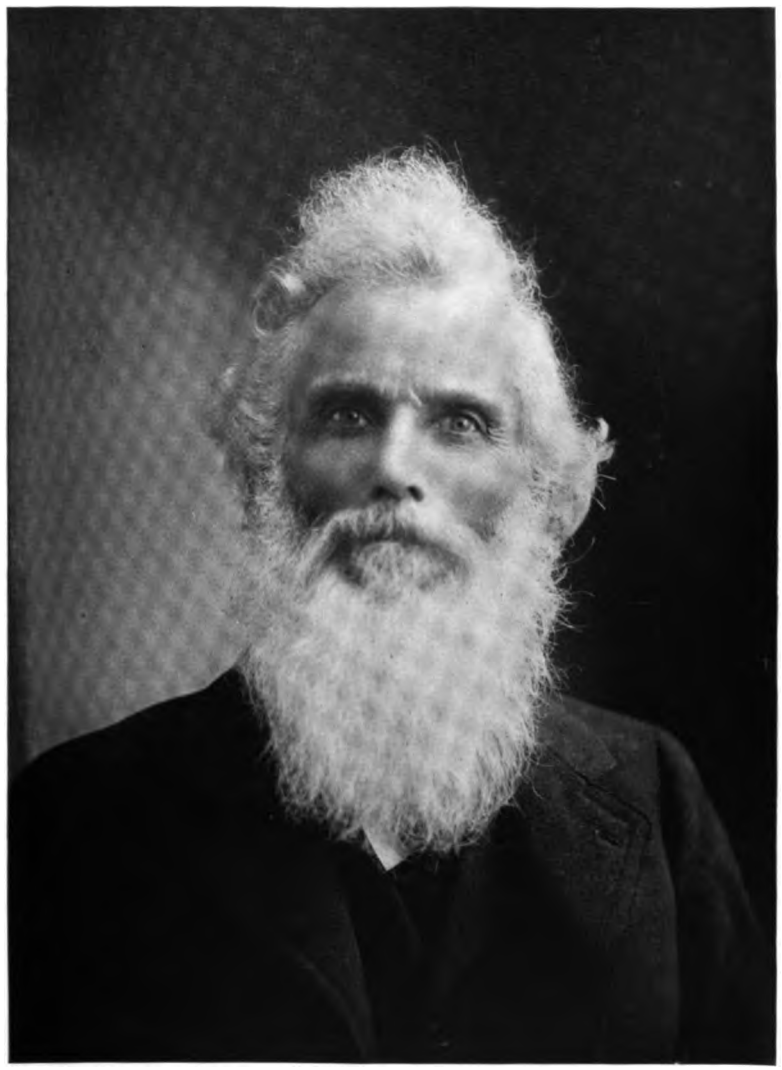

DAVID S. LITTLEFIELD

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Having made the business of mining the occupation of his entire life, he has met with gratifying success and he has the distinction of having been honored as one of the special guests at a banquet held in Baker City in 1911, at which time the city celebrated the visit of the first white man to Oregon one hundred years ago. At that banquet Mr. Littlefield was the sole survivor of the company of five men who made the first discovery of gold in this state and at that gathering he gave a brief review of the discovery of gold and also of the struggles and hardships encountered in his early efforts to establish the first church and school at Auburn. Since 1901 he has been a resident of Baker City, where he now lives a retired life. The past years in his life have been years of struggle and hardship but have been fraught with gratifying success and he has a peculiar and honored place in the history of his adopted state during the period of its transformation from an unknown wilderness to one of the rich and prosperous commonwealths of the Pacific seaboard, and with twenty-two grandchildren as his lineal descendants he looks hopefully toward the future as, he nears the crossing of the Great Divide.

J. W. ADAMS, a substantial farmer who has for a long time resided in Baker county, Oregon, was born in Saline county, Missouri, June 2, 1859, his parents being W. D. and Barbara (Baisley) Adams. The father's birth occurred in Mississippi on the 12th of June, 1822, while the mother was a native of Pennsylvania. The youth of J. W. Adams was spent in Missouri, where he received a common-school education. He remained with his parents until he attained the age of nineteen years, when, deciding that fortune held for him more opportunity in the land of the setting sun, he set his face westward, crossed the great plains and upon reaching Oregon settled in Baker county. He then became a miner and worked at that occupation for two years, after which he took up the blacksmith's trade, a vocation which he followed for ten years. He then went to Idaho, where for four years he was engaged at various occupations. Subsequently he returned to Oregon and bought a farm of one hundred and sixty acres in Baker county, upon which he settled. After cultivating this farm for several years he purchased another farm of one hundred and sixty acres, upon which he is now living. This land he has brought up to a high state of cultivation, it now being among the well improved and productive farms of Baker county.

On the 28th of March, 1886, Mr. Adams was married to Miss Mandora Spielman, who was born in Baker county, June 15, 1866. Her father's birth occurred in Maryland, while her mother was a native of Pennsylvania. Our subject and his wife have three children, as follows: Leo K., Mrs. Loula Nell Lee, and William D.

Politically Mr. Adams is a republican. Although he has never been very active politically, he is a prominent man in his community and interested in educational matters and has for six years been clerk of the school board of his district. He belongs to the Christian church, of which he and his family are active supporters, contributing of their means and influence to the well-being of that denomination. Mr. Adams is well and favorably known throughout the county and is popular in the community where he is a resident.

ORA GODSEY, who is conducting a general store in Willamina and also owns good farming property near the town, was born near Maryville, in Nodaway county, Missouri, September 30, 1870, the son of Jesse T. and Sarah N. (Ball) Godsey, the father a native of Illinois and the mother of Indiana. The parents were married in Missouri and lived there until 1879, when they went to Smith county, Kansas, residing there until 1890. In that year they removed to Franklin, Nebraska, where they still live, the father being a retired farmer. In their family were ten children of whom Ora was the eldest. The others are: Edward T., of Maryville, Missouri; Lena May, the wife of William Larington, of Franklin, Nebraska; Juda M., the wife of William Etherton, of Bloomington, Nebraska; Emma P., of Macon, Nebraska; Sylvia, the wife of Charles Huffine, of Holyoke, Colorado; Charles, of Superior, Nebraska; Miles, of Willamina, Oregon; Elizabeth, the wife of Richard Hamm, of Franklin, Nebraska; and Geneva, at home.

Ora Godsey attended the common schools of Franklin, Nebraska, and was graduated from the high school in 1889. He was a student in Franklin Academy from 1889 to 1891 and during the years 1893 and 1894, later attending the State Normal School at Peru, Nebraska. In the meantime he was studying law and continued in the study of the same for two years more, being in 1896 admitted to the Nebraska bar. He then gave up the profession and opened a butcher shop in Franklin, afterward engaging in business at Tecumseh, Nebraska, for two years—1896 and 1897. Subsequently going to Omaha, he was in the employ of the Swift Packing Company for five years, after which he came to Oregon and homesteaded a timber ranch near Willamina, which he later improved and where he now lives. Turning his attention to commercial pursuits, he opened a grocery store and afterward added a stock of general merchandise. In addition to his other activities Mr. Godsey has held the office of post master since February 1, 1911. He owns ninety-six acres of land in his home place and a store building in Willamina; also two and one-half acres adjoining the corporation limits; forty acres at Butler; and one hundred and fifty-two acres at Midway.

In 1892 Mr. Godsey was united in marriage to Miss Agnes M. Boyer and they have four children, Earl, Mervin, Harry and Harold, all in school. In politics Mr. Godsey is a republican, and his fraternal relations are with the Independent Order of Odd Fellows at Willamina. He has filled all the chairs

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of the local lodge and is also a member of the Encampment at Sheridan. Mr. Godsey has gained a leading place in the business world of his town and his success has been entirely due to his own efforts and honest principles.

CHARLES SCHAMBURG, who for many years was successfully engaged in agricultural pursuits in Washington county, and is now residing in Tigard, Oregon, where he owns a fine residence and has extensive property interests, is one of the estimable citizens whom Germany has furnished the northwest. His natal day was the 10th of February, 1861, and his parents were Gottfried and Augusta Schamburg, both of whom were born, reared and married in the old country. They emigrated to the United States in 1864, locating in Will county, Illinois, where the following year the mother passed away. The father, who was again married in 1872, continued to reside in Will county, being there engaged in farming for eleven years. At the expiration of that time he crossed the prairies with his family to Oregon, filing on a homestead of eighty acres in Washington county, to which he devoted his energies until 1905, when he retired from the active work of the fields and removed to Sherwood, where he has since made his home. To Mr. Schamburg and his first wife there were born four children: Augusta, who is living in Washington county, this state; Charles, our subject; one, who died in infancy; and Annie, who was thirty years of age, at the time of her demise. Mrs. Schamburg had one son by a former marriage, William Bottner, who is also a resident of this county. Mr. Schamburg and his second wife are the parents of five children: August, who lives in the vicinity of Portland; Fritz and Sophia, both of whom are living in this county; Louis, who is deceased; and Katie, living near Portland.

As he was only a child of three years, when brought to the United States by his parents, Charles Schamburg acquired his education in the common schools of Illinois. His early life took a similar course to that of other lads who grew up among rural surroundings, his youthful energies being engaged in work on the farm, until he had attained his majority. He started life on his own account at the age of twenty-two years, and during the succeeding five years operated his father's homestead. Following his marriage, which took place when he was twenty-seven years of age he bought one hundred acres of land that he operated until 1909. He was thrifty and energetic, and so capably applied himself to the cultivation of his fields that he met with lucrative returns. Having exercised more than average business ability and foresight, during the twenty-one years of his active work in connection with the operation of his land, he accumulated a competence that enabled him to withdraw from active work, and he is now living practically retired. He extended the boundaries of his ranch during the period of his residence thereon by the addition of twelve acres, disposing of his entire holding of one hundred and twelve acres, at a price that netted him a handsome profit on the investment. On the 11th of March, 1888, Mr. Schamburg established a home of his own by his marriage to Miss Minnie Schoen, a native of Minnesota and a daughter of Fred and Wilhelmina (Able) Schoen. The parents came to Oregon in 1864, locating in Washington county, where the father died in 1910, while the mother is still living and now makes her home in Cornelius. The family of Mr. and Mrs. Schoen numbered six, three of whom, Emma, Herman and Annie, are deceased. Those living are: Fred, who is a resident of this county; Bertha, who makes her home in California; and Mrs. Schamburg. To Mr. and Mrs. Schamburg have been born four children. Samuel, whose birth occurred on August 23, 1890, was given the advantages of a business education and is now assisting his father. Matilda, who was born August 19, 1892, has been given the advantages of a musical training and is now attending business college, taking a course in stenography. Hattie, who was born April 13, 1894, and Bertha, whose birth occurred October 12, 1895, have both graduated from the common school and are now living at home.

In matters of faith the family are Lutherans, and politically Mr. Schamburg is a republican, but he has never been an aspirant to public office. During the long years of his agricultural career he belonged to the Grange and yet continues to be identified with this association, thus maintaining relations with the ranchmen of this vicinity. His activities are being devoted very largely to the real-estate business at the present time, as he owns a tract of five acres, that has been subdivided into residence lots. Such success as has attended the efforts of Mr. Schamburg has been well merited, as he has applied himself tirelessly to everything he has ever undertaken, realizing that everlasting persistence is paramount in the attainment of our ambitions.

HON. JAMES HEMENWAY, a prominent real-estate dealer of Cottage Grove, is interested in mining operations, was for many years a merchant of the city and is universally considered one of its most public-spirited and enterprising citizens. He was born in Canada, July 3, 1854, the son of William and Catherine (McCord) Hemenway, the former a native of Canada and the latter of Ireland. The parents removed to Wisconsin when James Hemenway was an infant and in that state the family resided for fifteen years, after which, in 1870, they went to Kansas, where the father took up a homestead, upon which he lived until 1888, when he removed to Oregon. In his family were six children: James; Almond, deceased; William F., of Seattle, Washington; D. H., of Cottage Grove; and Rose and Clarence, both of whom are deceased.

James Hemenway received his education in the schools of Wisconsin and began life on his own account at the age of seventeen

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years. He was first employed at farm work and later was engaged in various occupations. When he came to Oregon with his family in 1888 he settled in Cottage Grove and with his brother, William F. Hemenway, established a livery business with which he remained connected for ten years. He then sold out and engaged in real estate and mining in the Bohemian mining district, operating both lines of business together. One of his prominent mining operations was the opening of the Riverside and Happy Jack mines. He sold these mines, however, after operating them for a year and later purchased a mining claim elsewhere in the Bohemia district. He was for nine years engaged in the general merchandise business in Cottage Grove, purchasing it in 1901 and disposing of it to again engage in the real-estate business, reentering that field in 1910. In addition to his mining interests he owns an eighty acre farm besides property in Cottage Grove, where he resides.

Mr. Hemenway has been twice married. By his first union he became the father of two children: W. Almond, of Cottage Grove, who is married and has three children, Margaret, Catherine and Read; and Hazel, a graduate of the high school, who is engaged in teaching and resides at home. In 1905 Mr. Hemenway wedded Mrs. Carrie Northway, a native of Indiana.

Mr. Hemenway, who is a republican and who has been actively and prominently engaged in politics for many years, was elected in 1901 as a member of the state legislature, serving for one term. He was in the legislature when the Oregon system was adopted, at which time the Torrence land law was enacted. During the early years of his residence in Cottage Grove, when the town contained a population of only two hundred and fifty people, having four stores and a flour mill, he was elected a member of the council and served in that capacity for almost seven years. The city has now attained a population of twenty-five hundred people and Mr. Hemenway has been prominently associated with all the enterprises of a public nature during this period of growth in the population. During the time he was a member of the council the first water plant was installed. He was deputy tax collector for one term and has also been deputy sheriff of Lane county. He has always been actively interested in educational matters and served for one term as clerk of the school board. In his fraternal connections Mr. Hemenway is a member of the Benevolent Protective Order of Elks and the Knights of Pythias.

His long and active business and political career in Lane county has contributed very materially to the upbuilding of the business, political and social interests of the city and county. As a member of the Oregon state legislature he was active and efficient and while in that position formed the acquaintance of large numbers of people throughout the state. He is universally recognized as one of the leading citizens of Cottage Grove and as he has always taken a deep interest in all matters of public import he is considered one of the most valuable of its citizens. Affable in demeanor, courteous to his customers and optimistic in temperament, he has made an unusually large number of friends and acquaintances, all of whom hold him in high esteem.

W. H. FELLMAN. One of the more recent acquisitions to the mercantile fraternity of Astoria is W. H. Fellman, proprietor of the Astoria Furniture Company, one of the thriving enterprises of this city. His birth occurred in Uleaborg, Finland, on the 14th of February 1881, his parents being Abraham and Maria (Elfving) Fellman. Three daughters and one son were born to them, the former with the mother continuing to make their home in Finland, while the father is deceased.

W. H. Fellman was given the benefit of educational advantages well fitting him for a commercial career, having pursued a business course in a commercial college at Brahestad after completing the common and high schools of his native city. He began his wage-earning career as a bookkeeper in a saw mill in his native country, continuing in this capacity for two years. Anxious to investigate for himself the opportunities and advantages said to be available in the United States, in 1903 he took passage for this country, arriving in Astoria with forty dollars. He obtained work in the yards of the Clatsop Mill Company, where he remained for two months, then took a position as shipping clerk for a few months. He subsequently accepted a clerical position with H. H. Zapf, a furniture dealer, remaining in his employ for two months. From there he went to the Hammond Lumber Company as shipping clerk in their eastern shipping department. Withdrawing from his position he again became identified with the furniture business as clerk for D. Shanahan, with whom he remained for three years. In the meantime he had been saving a portion of his salary and had acquired sufficient capital to buy an orchard in California, which he kept for a year; then disposing of it, he returned to Astoria and bought out the furniture business of D. Shanahan, which enterprise he has ever since been conducting under the name of the Astoria Furniture Company. During the period of his ownership he has increased the capital stock from twenty-five hundred to twenty-five thousand dollars, having the largest store of the kind in the city. He carries a general line of house furnishings, twenty-five thousand feet of floor space being devoted to the display of his stock. Although he has been a resident of the United States but eight years, Mr. Fellman conducts his store in strict accordance with modern American business methods, and is meeting with most gratifying success.

On the 15th of September, 1904, Mr. Fellman was united in marriage to Miss Helen Kastell, also a native of Uleaborg, Finland, and they have become the parents of one

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son, Kasten Robert, whose birth occurred in Astoria on the 22d of November, 1905.

Both Mr. and Mrs. Fellman are members of the Lutheran church, while fraternally he is a member of the Masonic order, having taken the degrees of the Blue Lodge. He also belongs to the Modern Woodmen of America. Ambitious and enterprising, Mr. Fellman possesses the qualities that make for success in any country or occupation. He came to this country determined to win and to that end strained every nerve, his indomitable courage and tenacity of purpose enabling him to convert obstacles into opportunities.

IRA E. PURDIN. For fifty-seven years a resident of Oregon, Ira E. Purdin is one of the honored citizens of the state and his farm of three hundred and fifty acres two miles north of Forest Grove, Washington county, is convincing evidence of his ability as an agriculturist and stock-raiser. He was born in Boone county, Missouri, November 7, 1845, a son of Ira E., Sr., and Deborah (Patterson) Purdin. William Purdin, the grandfather of our subject on the paternal side, was a native of England. He came with his parents to America at the age of seven years but was soon thrown upon his own resources by the death of his natural protectors, his father having been killed fighting for American independence. After growing to maturity he engaged in farming for a year at Redstone, Virginia (now West Virginia), and then moved to Harrison county, Ohio. After spending two years there he settled in Brown county, Ohio. He died at the age of eighty-eight and his wife at the age of ninety-three.

Ira E. Purdin, Sr., was born at Redstone, Virginia, and became in his boyhood a resident of Maysville, Kentucky. At the age of seventeen he began to learn the cabinetmaker's trade and early in 1825 removed to Boonville, Missouri, where he engaged in cabinet making. He also was connected with the grocery business two years and with the hotel business twelve years. After leaving Boonville he spent two years in Linn county, Missouri, and ten years in Boone county, near Columbia, during which time he engaged in agriculture and stock-raising. Believing that conditions were more favorable in the northwest, he started for Oregon with his family in 1854 via New Orleans and the Nicaragua route. The travelers changed boats four times on the San Juan river in accomplishing a distance of twelve miles and finally reached the Pacific coast in wagons drawn by oxen and mules. They went aboard the steamer Sierra Nevada, which landed them in San Francisco at the end of two weeks. After spending four days in the metropolis of California they started for Portland by steamer, which was taken over the bar by Captain Flavel, the city of Portland being reached April 11, 1854. Mr. Purdin purchased a farm of Ben Allen one mile north of Greenville and relocated a donation claim of three hundred and twenty acres, applying himself to the development of both properties for eight years. He then purchased a donation claim of three hundred and eighty acres from W. Mulkey, upon which he spent the remainder of his days. This place is now owned by his son, Ira. Mr. Purdin was a pioneer of Ohio, Missouri and Oregon and took the first modern wagon to Ohio. He was for sixty years a member of the Methodist Episcopal church and throughout a long and useful life was active, progressive and enterprising in an unusual degree. His name is inseparably connected with the development of the region with which he became identified in this state. The maiden name of the mother of our subject was Deborah Patterson. She was born in Shelby county, Kentucky, and was a member of an old Virginia family and a daughter of Major William Patterson, who was born in Virginia and served in the War of 1812. He finally settled in Shelby county, Kentucky. Mr. Purdin died at the age of ninety-one years and his wife was called away at the age of eighty-six years. They had six children, Ira E. being the youngest. The others are: C. W., who died in Oregon; Mrs. Mary A. Watson; W. W., who was the first incumbent of the county surveyor's office in Washington county and is now deceased; Mrs. E. J. Barrett; and J. P., who died in this state at the age of twenty.

Ira E. Purdin came to Oregon with his parents at the age of eight years. He received his early education in the common schools and later attended the Tualitin Academy and Pacific University. He early gave evidence of a taste for literature and science and has all his life been a student and investigator. He has devoted his attention principally, however, to agricultural pursuits and many years ago purchased a farm adjoining that of his father. Later he acquired the home place and was at one time the owner of four hundred and thirty acres in this county. He has given considerable attention to fruit-raising and is one of the large shippers to the Portland market. He also raises hogs, cattle and sheep upon an extensive scale and is one of the most successful general farmers in this part of the state.

In 1880, at Chillicothe, Missouri, Mr. Purdin was married to Miss Alice H. Purdin, who was born in Linn county, Missouri, a daughter of Ira and Martha (Griffey) Purdin, the former of whom was a native of Bloomington, Indiana, and the latter of Boone county, Missouri. She was a granddaughter of Charles B. Purdin, who was born in Delaware. He removed to Missouri and was for a number of years identified with the development of that state, living to the advanced age of ninety years. He became prominent in his adopted state and the town of Purdin was named in his honor. The father of Mrs. Purdin was a tinner by trade. He came to Portland in 1884 and conducted a tin shop and hardware store in that city. He died in 1900 and his wife passed away at Vancouver, Washington. Four children were born to Mr. and Mrs. Ira E. Purdin, their names being: Cora I.,

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who died in April, 1905; Elmer V.; Edna C.; and Homer G. The mother of these children was called away in 1906.

After the death of his wife Mr. Purdin moved to Portland, where he lived for about five years. In October, 1910, he returned to his farm and has since resided amidst scenes that are endeared to him by many associations. In 1908 he became a member of the Oregon Academy for the Advancement of Science. He has delivered several addresses before the academy at Portland, one of which was upon the Geology of the Willamette valley, a subject on which he is remarkably well informed from personal observation. He is a member of the Pioneer Society of Oregon and also of the Grange. He has given his support to the democratic party ever since he arrived at voting age and has been an active and intelligent adviser in the councils of the party in Washington county. He served as member of the county democratic committee and in 1878 occupied a seat in the lower house of the state legislature, assisting in the election of James H. Slater to the United States senate. He is highly respected for his sterling qualities and has made many friends, who have ever found him to be a man of the strictest integrity—one whose life has commended him to the entire confidence of his associates and acquaintances.

O. M. FAULCONER, proprietor of the Red Front Livery Stable at Sheridan, was born near The Dalles, Oregon, September 2, 1859, a son of Marcellus and Caroline (Baunbridge) Faulconer, both natives of Missouri, the father being of Scotch parentage. He was reared in Missouri and crossed the plains in 1849, at the time of the discovery of gold, locating in the mining regions, but the following year, in 1850, he came to Sheridan, taking up a donation claim three miles west of the town. Later he went to eastern Oregon where he engaged in freighting for five or six years, returning in 1862 to Sheridan, where he spent his remaining days, dying in 1907. He was a farmer and also engaged in mercantile business in Sheridan, where he erected a great many of the present buildings. He was a republican in politics, a very prosperous man, and highly respected. His wife crossed the plains with her parents in 1852 and was married in Oregon. She died in 1911. Six children were born to them: Alice, who is the wife of L. L. Shortridge, of Willamina, Oregon; O. M., of this review; Ollie, the wife of J. A. Waugaman, of McMinnville, Oregon; Clara, the wife of Lee Rowell, of Sheridan, Oregon; J. D., a resident of Anacortes, Washington; and H. T., of Sheridan Oregon.

O. M. Faulconer was educated in the common schools of Oregon and from his youth remained at home, working in connection with his father until the latter's death. He operated and managed the farm until two years ago, when he engaged in the livery business, buying an excellent barn, known as the Red Front Livery Stable, which contains eight head of horses. He also owns a beautiful residence in Sheridan.

In 1886 Mr. Faulconer wedded Miss Ida Bower and two children were born to them: Roy, who is in a store in Sheridan; and Guy, who is in the livery barn. Mr. Faulconer's first wife died seven years after their marriage and in 1899 he was married to Miss Claudia Steward. They have one child, Alda, now eight years of age. In politics Mr. Faulconer is a republican. Both he and his wife are members of the Christian church, of which he is also a deacon. Having passed so many years of his life near Sheridan, he is widely and favorably known and his just business methods and upright character have won for him a prominent place among his associates.

ELZA PARKER, who is residing on his farm of one hundred and seventy acres three miles southeast of Gervais, was born in Silverton, Marion county, Oregon, on December 28, 1849, his parents being William and Cynthia A. (Davis) Parker, the former a native of England and the latter of the state of Ohio. The parents were married in Ohio where they remained for a few years before removing to Illinois, and after having resided in Illinois and Missouri for a short time they traveled across the plains in 1846. They made the trip with ox teams and came direct to Silverton where William Parker located on a donation claim of six hundred and forty acres. After improving this and residing upon it for two years he disposed of it and moved to what is known as Parkersville, twelve miles northeast of Salem. At that place he purchased a sawmill, together with six hundred and forty acres of land, and resided there until his death in 1857. In addition to operating the sawmill he also built a gristmill which he managed until 1857. Idleness and indolence were foreign to his nature, and realizing that the rich soil of the country was one of the greatest of its resources and offered abundant remuneration, he also undertook the cultivation of a small portion of the land which he owned. Mrs. Parker's death occurred in August, 1905. To them eight children were born, the eldest having died in the east. The others are: William D., of St. John, Washington; Steven A. D., whose birth occurred in Illinois and who is now residing in Silverton, Oregon; Mrs. Mary E. Bruner, deceased; Elza, the subject of this sketch; Freeman, whose death occurred in 1853; Lucinda, who died when eighteen years of age; and George, whose death occurred when he was thirty-seven years of age.

In his youth Elza Parker received his education in the district schools but at the early age of sixteen years he started to earn his own livelihood. For twenty years he was employed by the month, but at the end of that time he inherited one hundred and seventy acres from his father, and he has since been engaged in cultivating and improving this property. He now has a fine farm, one hundred and fifty acres of which have been brought to a highly productive state. His life has been spent entirely in the country and he has been one of the active agents in developing the natural resources in

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which this district is so rich. Persistent labor and untiring energy, together with a conscientious attention to details have made him one of the most successful agriculturists in Marion county.

Mr. Parker has been twice married. His first union occurred in 1877, when he was married to Miss Helen Cline, a daughter of William and Lorinda (Fuller) Cline. Her birth occurred in Marion county, Oregon, her parents having come to this state in 1852. The father and mother have both passed away, the former in December, 1911, at Mount Angel, aged eighty-three years. To Mr. and Mrs. Parker four children were born: Linda C., whose birth occurred in 1879, and who is the wife of George Nice, of Seattle, Washington; Ed. F., born in 1881, who is married and living in Olympia, Washington; Dora, whose birth occurred in 1883, and who is married and living in Olympia; and Dick, born in 1884 and also residing in Olympia. Mr. Parker's second union occurred in 1893, when he was married to Josephine Woolery, whose birth occurred in Iowa on the 18th of August, 1867, and who is a daughter of Henry L. and Margaret (Lightfoot) Woolery. The father was a native of Canada and the mother was born in Illinois and their marriage occurred in Iowa where they lived for the ensuing four years. At the end of that time they went to California where they resided for twenty years before coming to Marion county and settling near Brooks. Subsequently they removed to Gervais where they are still living. To this union five children were born, namely: Mrs. Parker; Walter, who is residing near Gervais; Henry, who is living at home; Rosa, who is the wife of George Richie; and Mrs. Nettie McDougal, also a resident of Gervais. To Mr. and Mrs. Parker six children have been born: Ima, Elsie and Velma, whose births occurred in 1894, 1896 and 1897 respectively; Daisy, born in 1899; Irene, whose birth occurred in 1902; and Vena, deceased, whose birth occurred in 1905.

In politics Mr. Parker gives his support to the democratic party, but has never sought the honors or emoluments of office. He is a member of the Catholic Order of Foresters of Gervais in which he takes an active interest. He is one among many who deserve great credit for their successful careers inasmuch as their achievements have been due entirely to their own efforts. Industrious habits and straightforwardness have enabled him to maintain his standing in the community as a desirable and substantial citizen.

FREMONT LOVETT LENT, of Lents, Oregon, a suburb of Portland, a well known and prosperous farmer now living retired, was born in Multnomah county, Oregon, December 2, 1856. His parents, O. P. and Martha A. (Buckley) Lent, were natives of Ohio and Virginia respectively. Their marriage occurred in Ohio and shortly afterward, in 1852, they determined to cross the great American desert to the Pacific coast. On arriving in Oregon they settled in Multnomah county, in Richey valley, ten miles east of Portland, shortly afterward taking up a government claim of three hundred and twenty acres of land there, now known as Sycamore. They lived there until 1866, when O. P. Lent sold his half section of land and moved to where Lents now stands, a thrifty suburb of Portland one-half mile distant from the city limits of Portland. There he bought one hundred and ninety acres of land and, population increasing, a town soon sprang up which was given the name of Lents in his honor. He sold this farm in 1889 and retired, living in Mount Tabor until 1898, when his death occurred, the mother passing away in 1905. O. P. Lent followed farming and the sawmill business all his life. He became the father of twelve children, as follows: George P., who is a resident of Portland; Mrs. Emma L. McGrew, of Lents, Oregon; Fremont L., of this review; Ella, the wife of Columbus Whitlock, of Silverton, Oregon; Oscar E., living in Lents; Rosetta A., the wife of Philip Evans, of Prosser, Washington; Elizabeth, who gave her hand in marriage to Frank P. Wood and resides in Los Angeles, California; Oliver W., who makes his home in Sunnyside, Portland; William M., Charles P. and Jean, all of whom are deceased; and one who died in infancy.

The youth of Fremont Lovett Lent was spent in Oregon, his education being gained in the common schools. He remained with his parents until twenty-one years of age, when he embarked in the wood business and farming, an occupation which he has since followed, though not having been actively engaged in farming for some years. He is living in his fine home in Lents and owns also one hundred and sixty acres of land in Tillamook county, Oregon, forty miles south of Tillamook, part of which is in a high state of cultivation, the remainder being in heavy and valuable timber.

On the 20th of March, 1904, Mr. Lent was married to Miss Laura A. Hannaford, whose birth occurred in Bridgeport, Connecticut, on the 20th of December, 1863, her parents being Stephen and Harriet M. Hannaford. The father was a native of England, while the mother was born in Connecticut. Their marriage occurred in Connecticut and in that state Stephen Hannaford passed away. His widow then removed to Chicago, Illinois, where her demise occurred in 1890. They were the parents of eighteen children, four of whom are still living, namely: George, who makes his home in Chicago; Margaret, living in Connecticut; Charles, also a resident of Chicago; and Mrs. Anna L. Lent. Elizabeth, Robert H., Louisa and William are all now deceased and the other children of the family passed away in early life. Unto our subject and his wife was born a daughter, Ruth H., whose natal day was February 23, 1909.

Politically Mr. Lent is independent in his views, bestowing his support on those candidates of the various political parties whom he deems most worthy of the positions to which they aspire. He has never been an office seeker or holder. He is a member of the Grange and he and his family are of the

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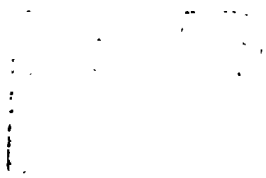

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O. P. LENT

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MRS. O. P. LENT

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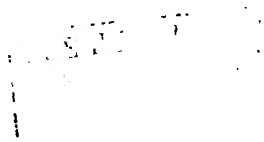

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Protestant faith. Coming of one of the early and honored families of Oregon, Fremont L. Lent occupies a position of respect and confidence in his community and is one of the substantial citizens of Lents and well known in business circles in Portland.

OSCAR E. LENT, a well known farmer and business man of Lents, Oregon, was born November 25, 1865. His parents were Oliver P. and Martha A. (Buckley) Lent, a more detailed account of whom appears elsewhere in this work in connection with the sketch of Fremont Lovett Lent, a brother, of our subject. The youth of Oscar E. Lent was passed in Oregon, where he received a good common school and business education. He remained with his parents until attaining his majority and then engaged in farming and in the wood business quite extensively and also has been connected with the sawmill business. He is occupying a fine home in Lents, where he owns many vacant lots and where he is also a heavy stockholder in the Grange Hall.

On the 31st of October, 1888, Mr. Lent was married to Miss Vilura L. Anderson, whose birth occurred in St. Croix county, Wisconsin, March 4, 1866, her parents being William and Augusta (Marshall) Anderson. The father was a native of Pennsylvania, while the mother was born near Boston, Massachusetts. Their marriage occurred, however, in Wisconsin, where Mrs. Anderson passed away in 1869. William Anderson continued living in that state until 1894, when he came to Oregon, here residing until the time of his death, which occurred October 12, 1911. He was twice married and by his first wife had two children: Mrs. Vilura L. Lent; and William Anderson, living in Lents, Oregon. For his second wife William Anderson, Sr., chose Eva Beers, a native of Minnesota, whom he wedded in 1882 and by whom he had five children, as follows: Mrs. Clauda Rowland, of Corvallis, whose husband is a college professor; Cathie, who is the wife of John F. Watts and resides in Canada; Merlie, who is a resident of Colusa county, California; Verlie, a college student at Corvallis, Oregon; and Thomas K., at home. Unto Oscar E. and Vilura L. (Anderson) Lent have been born four children, namely: Claude P., born May 31, 1890, who is in the high school and is still under the parental roof; Leila E., born February 12, 1892, who is a high school graduate, has also been educated in music and is now attending Willamette University; Jasper C., whose natal year was 1893 and who is a high school student; Oscar Paul, whose birth occurred on the 7th of October, 1895, and who is also a high school student.

Mr. Lent is of the democratic faith politically but has never been active in politics nor a seeker of public office, although he has been a member of the school board in Lents for eight years. He is a member of the Grange and also belongs to the Woodmen of the World and the Maccabees. His religious faith is indicated by his membership in the Universalist church, while his wife belongs to the Methodist Episcopal church. Oscar E. Lent, by his continued residence in this county and his activity in business, fraternal and church life, has formed the acquaintance of a large number of the best people of Multnomah county and Portland, as well as being a very prominent man in Lents, where he resides. He is among the many useful business men of Oregon and wherever known is respected for the many good qualities which he possesses.

WILLIAM D. LOCKHART is engaged in farming in the vicinity of Sumpter, Oregon, and the success which he is now enjoying is the result of a life of well directed energy and thrift. He was born in Ashland county, Ohio, about the year 1842, and on the paternal side comes of Scotch ancestry, the family being founded in America by his grandfather who was a native of Scotland. His father, David Lockhart, was born in Pennsylvania, and became an early settler of Ohio where he followed farming, clearing a tract of land in Ashland county between the years 1820 and 1830. In that state he married Miss Fleming who died when her son William was very young. The family numbered nine children, four sons and five daughters. One of the sons, Hiram James, served in the Civil war as a member of the Ohio infantry regiment, and died in Ontario, Oregon, about 1884. The eldest brother, David, died before the birth of William D. Lockhart and his other brother, John Lockhart, was living in Ohio when last heard from fifteen years ago. The eldest sister, Malona, also died before the birth of William D., and the next sister, Marie Mahola, passed away about the time he was born. The third sister, Martha, died while he was in the army about 1863, and Mary married in Colorado about thirty-five years ago, but has been dead about twenty-five years, passing away in Jacksonville, Oregon. The youngest sister, Matilda Jane graduated at Benicia, California, and for nine years thereafter engaged in teaching school. She was in San Francisco at the time of the earthquake, and as no word has been heard from her since it is believed that she lost her life in that disaster.

William D. Lockhart had very meager educational advantages, attending the country school for only a few months, but while in the army he learned to read and write and later took up the study of arithmetic while freighting in Colorado. Study at night acquainted him with that and other branches of learning, and in the school of experience he has learned many valuable lessons. His first business was driving an ox team across the plains in company with his brother who died in Ontario. He afterward engaged in the manufacture of cheese in Boulder county, Colorado, in connection with a man by the name of Barkley. This was about 1867 and they had sixty cows. Mr. Lockhart had previously had two years' experience at cheese-making in Ohio before he entered the army. In 1868 he purchased seven cows at fifty dollars a piece, in the vicinity of Colo-

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rado City, Colorado, and joined forces with a Mr. Douglas. They owned together seventy cows and did a good dairy and cheese-making business until a large band of Comanche Indians made a raid on their neighbors and drove several head of horses away. Mr. Lockhart went as one of a party of twenty-seven men in pursuit of the Indians. On one occasion they had a fight with a band of warriors who wounded two of their men and shot seventeen of the horses, thus dismounting nearly all the party. The white men then retreated to Colorado City, nearly one hundred miles distant, glad to escape with their lives. This episode caused Mr. Lockhart to lose another summer's work. The following winter he drove stage and freight teams and in the spring, selling his cows and his ponies, he started for California, going by rail to Salt Lake City, thence by stage to White Pine and later over the Central Pacific Railroad to Sacramento City. At Stockton, California, he met his two sisters who, while he was in the army, had crossed the plains with their uncle, Peter Johnson.

For about two years Mr. Lockhart remained at Stockton and in San Joaquin valley where he engaged in grain farming, but the drought utterly ruined his crop and all he had remaining was a six horse team and wagon. About 1872 he came to Oregon and for a year engaged in making cheese on Hadley's ranch in Lane county. He next removed to Wallowa valley, stopping in Union county, where he made cheese through the summer and took up a land claim, but owing to the outbreak of hostilities among the Joseph tribe of Indians he never filed on the claim. On leaving Wallowa county he removed to Burnt River and made cheese for one summer on the ranch of James Fleetwood. He was next located on the Burris & McClellan ranch where he handled about forty cows and made cheese one summer. On the Locey ranch on Upper Willow creek he again engaged in cheese-making, keeping from forty to fifty cows. Removing to the Reeves ranch on Clover creek he milked about eighty cows, using the product in cheese-making to the time of the Bannock Indian war of 1877 and 1878. He later made cheese on the little Mulhall creek, and the next year took a ranch near Ironsides on Bridge creek, where for seven years he was engaged in cheese-making, milking from sixty to eighty cows. While there he became the owner of a large number of cattle and horses and otherwise prospered. On selling that ranch he removed to Ontario where he continued in cheese-making for about four years and then came to Baker county, purchasing one hundred and sixty acres of land on Powder river at what is now called Lockhart station on the Sumpter Valley Railroad, although there were no railroads at that time. The following winter he drove his cattle to Eagle valley, but the winter proved very severe and it was impossible to buy more hay when his supply gave out so he lost all his cattle. Through the succeeding summer he engaged in hauling lumber with a six horse team and afterward followed the logging business for about seven years. During that time he purchased three hundred and twenty acres of land in Sumpter valley, suitable for the growing of hay and grain, and he also operated a cheese dairy for two years and conducted a milk dairy at Sumpter for about three years. Since selling his cows, or for about four years, he carried on general farming near Sumpter. All this indicates that his life has been a very busy one in which have been few idle hours.

Mr. Lockhart enlisted in June, 1862, for service in the Union army as a member of Company I, Fifty-second Ohio Volunteer Infantry, with which he remained for three years. He participated in the battles of Perryville, Bowling Green, Nashville, Stone River, Chickamauga, Tannehill, Buzzards Roost, New Hope Church, Kenesaw, Resaca, Dalton, Rome and Peach Tree Creek. Near Atlanta he was taken prisoner and sent to Andersonville, Georgia, whence he was transferred to the prison at Florence, South Carolina. After five months he was paroled and when Sherman's army reached Charleston, South Carolina, he rejoined his regiment with which he remained until mustered out at Washington, D. C., following the Grand Review at the close of the war. He received his discharge at Columbus, Ohio. Mr. Lockhart has had other military experience, having served as a scout in the Bannock Indian war in Oregon in 1877-8 under Major General O. O. Howard. He now draws a pension of twelve dollars per month in recognition of his service in the Civil war.

Mr. Lockhart was married at Stockton, California, about 1872, to Miss Alice Chase, a daughter of Chance Chase. With her mother and brother she went from Iowa to California at an early day. Unto Mr. and Mrs. Lockhart have been born several children. The eldest, John Oliver, living at Bandon, Oregon, married Miss Sweeton and has one son. Archie died in Malheur county, Oregon, about 1878 when almost five years of age. Almer died in Sumpter Valley in 1911 when about thirty-three years of age. Thomas Guy married Miss Laura Cooley who died about ten years ago leaving a son, and for his second wife Mr. Lockhart chose Pearl Dean. Frank James resides with his father on the home farm. Mame Lily is the wife of Bert Jenkins living at Oaks Bar, California, and they have three sons and a daughter. Edith died in early childhood about twenty years ago.

Such in brief is the life history of William D. Lockhart, and one who reads between the lines will recognize the fact that his time has been given mostly to business pursuits and that unfaltering industry and energy have been the source of his success.

CAPTAIN JOHN BERGMAN is one of the heroes of the sea. To himself and his volunteer crew belongs the credit of having saved the lives of eighteen people from the wreck of the Tacoma, which foundered and sank off the coast of Oregon many years

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ago. In recognition of his heroic service and that of his crew, each was presented with a gold medal by the United States government. He was born in Hanover, Germany, in the year 1848, and is the son of Louis and Elizabeth Bergman. His parents were both natives of Germany and spent their lives in their native land, his father dying at the age of twenty-nine and his mother in 1906, at a very advanced age.

Captain John Bergman was reared in his parents' home and during his childhood received but limited educational advantages. At the age of fifteen he began life for himself and chose as his vocation the career and fortunes of a deep-water sailor and as such continued until the time of his emigration to the United States, which occurred in the year 1869. On reaching New York he spent one year in the great metropolis of the new world and then shipped as a sailor on the schooner Forest King, outbound for the Pacific coast by way of Cape Horn. In the latter part of the year 1870 he made his way to the Columbia river, where he engaged in the fishing industry, to which he added the business of a salmon cannery, which he continued to operate until the year 1883, during which time he made his home at Astoria. After closing out his interest in the salmon cannery in 1883 he purchased a canning establishment at Florence, Oregon, and to this gave his careful attention for a period of four years, at the end of which time he disposed of that property and purchased the passenger steamer Favorite. This boat he at once put in commission and, with himself in command, he sailed for three years, his steamer being engaged largely in government work. It was during this period in the life of Captain John Bergman, while his good ship Favorite was at Umpqua, that the wreck of the Tacoma occurred. Notwithstanding that a perfectly equipped and well manned life-saving station was located at Coos Bay, the keeper refused to take chances in the rescue of the unfortunate crew and passengers on board the Tacoma, and his failure to do his duty as a trusted guardian of the lives and property off the coast of Umpqua, afforded Captain Bergman an opportunity to show the genuine metal of his manhood and utilize his skill and knowledge as a worthy captain of the sea in voluntarily attempting, at the hazard of his life and that of his crew, to accomplish the work of rescuing the perishing from the Tacoma. Thinking only of his duty, without counting the hazard of the task which confronted him, he at once weighed anchor and with his volunteer crew turned the prow of his boat directly toward the sinking ship and with all possible speed spanned the distance between the coast and the helpless victims on the sinking ship. He was fortunate in reaching the goal in time to rescue all souls, whose only hope for life in that hour of peril was in the hands of the brave captain of the Favorite. In recognition of his valiant service and the success which attended his unselfish efforts, Captain John Bergman and all the members of his crew were presented with gold medals by the United States government. Shortly after this event he sold his steamer and received the appointment as keeper and master of the life-saving station at Joquinna and in that position he continued for the ensuing period of twenty years and three months, after which he retired from active seafaring life and has since devoted himself exclusively to his private interests. He is a resident of Florence, where he owns and resides in one of the finest residences in the city. He is the owner of one quarter section of timber land in Lane county and three hundred and twenty acres in Douglas county. In addition to these holdings he also owns four residence lots in the city of Portland and much valuable real-estate property beside his residence in Florence. In August, 1910, he was one of the principal factors in the organization of the Lane County State & Savings Bank. This financial corporation is capitalized for ten thousand dollars. The officers of the institution are as follows: Fred Hollister, the son-in-law of Captain Bergman, president; Captain John Bergman, vice president; John W. Bergman, a son of Captain Bergman, second vice president and cashier; and Henry Bergman, a son of Captain Bergman, first assistant cashier.

Captain Bergman is affiliated with the democratic party and as representative of that great political organization he has held several of the minor offices in his county. He has, however, never sought political preferment of any kind and his having served in several offices of public trust is solely the result of unsolicited favors tendered him by his fellow citizens. Fraternally he is identified with the Ancient Order of United Workmen, while his religious faith is indicated by his membership in the Lutheran church, to which his wife also belongs.

In the year 1880 Captain Bergman was united in marriage to Miss Lena Moy, who is a native of Switzerland and who emigrated to America in 1879. Her parents were also natives of Switzerland and in that country continued their residence until the time of their death. To Captain Bergman and his wife seven children have been born: Lena, who died at the age of fifteen years, while attending school in California; John W., cashier of the Lane County State & Savings Bank, of whom a more extended review is published further on; Carl, who is employed as a bookkeeper in Douglas county; Henry, first assistant cashier of the Lane County State & Savings Bank; Mary, now the wife of Fred Hollister, president of the Lane County State & Savings Bank; Otto, who was accidentally drowned at the age of four years; and Frederick, who died in infancy. Each one of the surviving children of Captain and Mrs. Bergman has received a thorough education in the public schools and in college.

JOHN W. BERGMAN is the popular cashier of the Lane County State & Savings Bank of Florence. He was born at Astoria, Oregon, on the 8th of January, 1884, and is a son of

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Captain John and Lena (Moy) Bergman, of whom an extended review appears above. He was reared in his parents' home and educated in the public schools of this state, later pursuing both a classical and commercial course in Albany College, from which institution he was graduated at the end of three years with the degree of B. A. At the age of nineteen he entered the service of the United States government as a member in the life-saving department and served as a regular member of the crew at Coos Bay Station for a period of three years and seven months and later he was in the service at Umpqua life-saving station. He eventually severed his connection with the life-saving service and was later employed as one of the surveying crew of the Southern Pacific Railroad Company for a period of nine months. On retiring from that occupation he became one of the prominent factors in the organization of the Lane County State & Savings Bank of Florence and of that financial house he is at present first cashier and second vice president. Mr. Bergman is the owner of one of the handsome residences of Florence, in which he resides, and one of the principal stockholders in the Lane County State & Savings Bank. He also owns one hundred and sixty acres of valuable merchantable timber located nine miles northeast of Gardiner, this state, and also forty acres of merchantable timber on the Siuslaw river, twelve miles from Florence. In addition to the above holdings in real estate he also owns forty choice city lots in Glenada, across the river from Florence, and several residence lots in Florence, as well as valuable residence properties in Portland.

On the 6th of September, 1911, John W. Bergman was united in marriage to Miss Isabella F. Kyle, whose birth occurred at Florence, Oregon, on the 28th of December, 1889, and who received her education in the public schools of Florence and is a graduate of the high school of that city. She is the daughter of William M. and Christina (Bovange) Kyle, natives of England and Sweden respectively. The parents were married in Astoria, this state, and established their residence in that city, where they continued to live for the next three years, during which time Mr. Kyle, in company with Captain John Bergman, successfully operated a salmon cannery. That property its owners later disposed of, after which Mr. Kyle became interested in a cooperative cannery at Gardiner, and of that establishment he was general manager for two years, after which he removed to Florence on the Siuslaw river and was interested in business with Captain John Bergman for three years. He then associated himself in partnership with Mike Meyers in a general merchandising business which they successfully conducted until 1903 and during that year Mr. Kyle purchased the interest of his partner, Mr. Meyers, and the establishment was thereafter operated under the firm name of the Kyle & Sons Company. In addition to his mercantile interests Mr. Kyle also owned and operated the Spruce Point sawmill for four years. He has been heavily interested in the canning industry for many years, having for twenty years operated a successful cannery in Florence. He is one of the principal stockholders in the cannery at Rosehill and also the Lone Star cannery, located at Acme. He is the owner of the tug Robarts and the steamer Lillian and he also owned the schooner Bella which suffered destruction by wreck in the year 1907. In addition, he owns one hundred acres of choice agricultural land near Florence and eighty acres of ranch property located sixty miles east of Florence on the state road to Eugene. He resides in a beautiful home, of which he is the owner, located in Florence. To Mr. and Mrs. Kyle five children were born: William, now a partner in the Kyle & Sons Company's mercantile house of Florence; David, also a partner in the same concern; Edwin, who is one of the stockholders in the Kyle & Sons Company; Mrs. Isabella F. Bergman; and Otto, who died in infancy.

Mr. John W. Bergman is affiliated with the republican party but is liberal in the exercise of his franchise. He has served as deputy assessor of Douglas county for one term and also served as state fire warden for one term and has been a member of the Florence city council. Fraternally he is identified with the Independent Order of Odd Fellows, belonging to the lodge, the encampment and the Rebekahs. He is also a member of the Woodmen of the World. He and his wife are members of the Presbyterian church of Florence.

Captain John Bergman and his son, John W. Bergman, are among the best known and most successful business men in this part of the state of Oregon. Captain Bergman's career as a sea captain of well merited fame and his long service, extending over a period of twenty years, in the government life-saving department have made his name a household word on the Pacific slope. The careers of him and his son, John W., have uniformly been distinguished for success attained by the practice of constant attention to business and the observance of strictest integrity in all their transactions. The Lane County State & Savings Bank, of which they are the organizers and principal stockholders and of which Captain John Bergman is vice president and John W. Bergman first cashier, is one of the solid and influential financial institutions of the city of Florence. Their financial interest in this concern and their official relations to the bank, in addition to their extensive holdings in real estate in various parts of this state, place Captain John Bergman and his son, John W. Bergman, in the front ranks of the influential and useful citizens of their state and county.

AUGUSTUS N. DAVIES, a substantial agriculturist and representative citizen of his community, is the owner of the Pheasantdale farm, comprising one hundred and sixty acres of land and situated five miles southwest of Beaverton. His birth oc-

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MR. AND MRS. A. N. DAVIES

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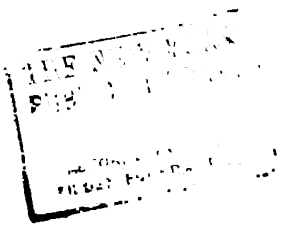

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curred on the 9th of June, 1858, in Washington county, Oregon, on the Miles Davies donation claim, on section 6, township 2, range 1, west, his parents being Miles and Jane (Haines) Davies. Miles Davies was born in Fayette county, Pennsylvania, on the 11th of July, 1809, and on the 12th of March, 1835, wedded Miss Jane Haines, who passed away in 1876. They were married in Indiana and subsequently removed to Ohio, residing in the latter state until 1851. In that year they went to Missouri and in the spring of 1852 began the overland journey to Oregon, arriving in this state at the end of six months—in the fall of 1852. They spent the following winter on the John Kellogg place, ten miles west of Portland, and in the spring bought the right of another man to a donation claim of three hundred and twenty acres, residing thereon until 1883, when Mr. Davies disposed of the property. Thereafter he made his home with his children until called to his final rest on the 16th of January, 1893. In his passing the community sustained the loss of one of its most substantial and respected pioneer settlers. Unto him and his wife were born eight children, as follows: Mrs. Phoebe Kindt, whose demise occurred on the 11th of June, 1911, when she had attained the age of seventy-four years; Alfred A., born July 18, 1841, who resides in Beaverton; Mary J., born September 16, 1843, who is the wife of Fletcher Royal and makes her home in Salem, Oregon; James W., whose birth occurred October 17, 1846, and who is now a resident of Ohio; Francis M., whose natal day was June 17, 1849, and who passed away in 1876; Horace G., who was born December 26, 1851, and who lives in Sellwood, Oregon; Rachel E., born in Oregon, October 21, 1854, who gave her hand in marriage to Oren Heath and passed away when twenty-eight years of age; and Augustus N., of this review.

The last named acquired his education in the common schools and when a youth of eighteen years began earning his own livelihood, working at steam engineering for a period of two years and afterward for fourteen years operating a sawmill in Washington county. Subsequently he became identified with general agricultural pursuits and has since devoted his attention to the work of the fields. At the present time he owns a tract of one hundred and sixty acres of well improved land, fifty acres thereof being under a high state of cultivation, while forty acres are covered with merchantable timber. In his undertakings as an agriculturist he has won a well merited measure of prosperity, annually gathering excellent crops, which find a ready sale on the market.

On the 10th of April, 1883, Mr. Davies was united in marriage to Miss Rosalina Gabbert, who was born in Minnesota, on the 3d of December, 1859, her parents being August and Caroline (Hartman) Gabbert, natives of Germany. They emigrated to the United States in early life and were married in Minnesota, in which state they made their home for some years, residing there at the time of the Indian massacre. In 1877 they came to Oregon, arriving in this state on the 10th of April. Soon afterward Mr. Gabbert purchased one hundred and sixty acres of partly improved land in Washington county, residing on the property for twelve years and then disposing of same. He next bought a tract of eighty acres in Washington county and made his home thereon, until called to his final rest, in 1906, on January the 20th. His widow still resides on the old homestead in section 6, township 2, range 1, west. Mr. and Mrs. Davies are the parents of a son and daughter. Francis A., whose natal day was May 1, 1890, is a graduate of a business college and also has had an excellent musical education, now giving instruction in the art. He is still under the parental roof and operates the home farm of one hundred and sixty acres in partnership with his father. Rosaline R., who was born on the 19th of January, 1893, now attends the high school at Kenton, Oregon, and is likewise pursuing a course in music.

Mr. Davies is a stanch republican in politics and for four years held the office of justice of the peace in his township. Fraternally he is identified with the Independent Order of Odd Fellows, belonging to Charity Lodge at Tigard. He is also a member of the Butte Grange at that place. His entire life has been passed in Washington county, covering more than half a century, and his fellow townsmen know him as a straightforward and reliable business man and an enterprising, progressive citizen, who well merits the esteem that is uniformly accorded him.

WILLARD W. HINDMAN, a member of the law firm of Happy, Cullen, Lee & Hindman, attorneys at Spokane, is well known in Baker, Oregon, and throughout that section of the state, for he is the youngest son of the Hon. W. C. Hindman of Baker county, and was there born in July, 1870. He pursued his education in the public schools of Baker and in a private school taught by Dr. Smith of the Episcopal church. About 1885, his preliminary course completed, he entered the law school of the Michigan State University at Ann Arbor from which he was graduated before he was twenty years of age. He obtained a permit from the supreme court of Oregon to practice law and had not yet attained his majority when he entered upon the active work of his profession. He practiced for some years in La Grande, Oregon, making continuous progress, and then seeking the broader field of labor offered by the city, removed to Spokane and became a member of the law firm of Happy, Cullen, Lee & Hindman, with offices in the Hyde building. He has won a place among the leading attorneys of the state and has been favorably mentioned and recommended by large numbers of the bar, by representatives of the court of appeals in San Francisco and by circuit judges of the state of Washington, for appointment as one of the federal judges of that state. He was married about three years ago to an estimable

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lady of Spokane and now enjoys an attractive home and an enviable reputation as a leading member of the bar of that state.

CHARLES ERICKSON who owns and operates a twenty-seven acre ranch, located two miles southeast of Beaverton, is one of the enterprising and highly desirable citizens that Sweden has contributed to the United States. His birth occurred on the 12th of April, 1848, and he is a son of Charles and Regina (Carlson) Erickson. The parents were also born and reared in Sweden and there the father passed away during the childhood of our subject, but the mother emigrated to the United States, in 1882, and made her home with her sons in Washington county until her death in January, 1907. To Mr. and Mrs. Erickson there were born two children, the elder of whom is Andrew.

His boyhood and youth Charles Erickson spent in his native land, where he received the advantages of a good common-school education. An ambitious young man, he was not content with the slow progress to be made in the old world with all her limitations and, feeling instinctively that he could attain a better station in life, surrounded by the opportunities of a virgin country, he took in 1873 passage for the United States to seek his fortune. He first located in Michigan, where for three years he worked in the copper mines. At the expiration of that time he came to the Pacific coast, California being his destination, and the following nine months were spent in the quicksilver mines in Napa county. His next removal was to Oregon, where he continued to follow mining, being employed for four and a half years in the Oswego iron mines. From his earliest boyhood he had been carefully trained in habits of thrift and industry, and not being misled by the extravagant habits of the majority of his associates managed to save the greater portion of his earnings. The work of the fields and free open-air life of the farmer, however, had always appealed to him much more strongly than mining, so when he gave up his position in the Oswego mines, he invested his small capital in twenty-seven acres of timber land in this county. He immediately began clearing his tract, and placing it under operation, making such improvements as his earnings permitted from time to time. His entire land is now cleared and practically all under high cultivation, and equipped with everything essential to its operation. He has a comfortable residence, good barns and substantial outbuildings, while the care and effort expended in the preparation of his fields result in abundant harvests. Mr. Erickson takes much pride in his ranch, which represents not only a most pleasant and comfortable home, but provides an income that amply supplies the needs of his family, and yet leaves a margin that is growing year by year into a comfortable competence. His success is well merited, as he has applied himself faithfully to the direction of his undertakings, and he is now enjoying the dividends on his long years of labor.

Mr. Erickson's plans for a home had their culmination in his marriage, in 1884, to Miss Anna Bergman, who was born in Sweden, on the 26th of July, 1858. She is one of the five children of Peter and Anna Bergman, who spent their entire lives in the old country. The other members of the family are as follows: Louisa, Charley, Christina and Johanna, all of whom live in Sweden. The family of Mr. and Mrs. Erickson number eight: Henry, who was born on November 10, 1884, living at home; Nellie, the wife of N. J. Pierson, of this county; Florence W., born on the 3d of March, 1888; Albert P., whose birth occurred on April 6, 1890; Mary C., born on the 12th of April, 1892; Frank O., born on the 2d of April, 1894; Claus, who was born on August 30, 1896; and Alice, who was born on the 3d of September, 1899. All of the family have been given the advantages of a good common-school education, while Miss Mary was also given a musical training and, with the exception of the eldest daughter, all are living at home.

In matters of faith the family are Lutherans and in politics Mr. Erickson is a republican, but he has never been an office seeker. He is representative of that class of industrious, enterprising and self-reliant citizens, who comprise the backbone of the population of the country and give stability to the nation.

ERNST RINDELL, who is successfully engaged in business as a druggist of Astoria, was born in Abo, Finland, on the 3d of August, 1862, his parents being Edward and Auguste (Freudenthal) Rindell. The father who spent his entire life in Finland, was a clergyman and newspaper man. Our subject is one of the five surviving children, the others being as follows: Arthur, a university professor in Finland; Anna, who is the wife of Rev. Westerlund and resides in Finland; Edward and Axel, both of whom are college professors.

Ernst Rindell obtained his education in his native land and pursued a course in pharmacy at the university, passing all the examinations prepared for druggists. After his emigration to the United States he successfully passed the Oregon state examination on the 28th of August, 1906, without extra preparation. He came to this state in 1905 and was associated in business with T. F. Laurin for eight months, saving two hundred dollars during that period. This sum constituted his first payment on the establishment known as the Central Drug Store, on which he made all the payments within a period of eighteen months. His present stock represents an outlay of fifty-three hundred dollars. He carries a complete line of drugs and druggists' sundries and enjoys a liberal patronage.

On the 22d of May, 1908, Mr. Rindell was united in marriage to Miss Edith Roos, a daughter of Edward Roos, who has charge of forestry preserves in Finland. Our sub-

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ject and his wife have one son, Borje, whose natal day was June 4, 1909. Mr. Rindell is a republican in politics and a Lutheran in religious faith. Fraternally he is identified with the Knights of Pythias. His life has always been actuated by high and honorable principles and characterized by manly conduct. He has made for himself a creditable name in business circles and at all times has been loyal to his belief in his association with political, fraternal and moral interests.

JOHN KUSCHNICK, who is the owner of one hundred and ten acres of valuable land, situated four miles southeast of Gervais, in Marion county, was born in New Ulm, Minnesota, January 22, 1859. He is the son of Nicholas and Magdalena (Elliott) Kuschnick, both of whom were natives of Saxony, the father born in 1823 and the mother in 1824. The parents were married in Saxony and immediately after came to America, settling in Chicago, where they lived three years, after which time they moved to New Ulm, Minnesota, and resided there six years. During the Indian war, when they were living on the river bottom, three miles west of New Ulm, everything they owned was stolen or else destroyed by fire. Four years after the close of the war they moved to Richmond, Minnesota, where they resided three years, subsequently going to Jasper county, Indiana, where they remained eleven years. They then came to Oregon and one year later bought a farm in Marion county, which was located fourteen miles north of Salem and was in heavy timber at that time. They resided on this tract of land until the father's retirement, when they moved to Gervais, but the last few years of their lives were spent with their son John, of this review. The mother died December 25, 1908, and the father on July 7, 1910. In their family were seven children, the eldest of whom died in infancy. The others are: Andrew, of Arkansas; Peter, of Marion county, Oregon; John, of this sketch; Mary, of Albany, Oregon; Annie, who died at the age of four years; and Joseph, who died in Indiana at the age of seven years.

John Kuschnick received a good business education and remained under the parental roof until he was twenty-two years of age, at which time he started farming on a tract of land of one hundred and three acres, which he had purchased and which was a part of the farm where he now resides. He has added to the original tract so that he now owns one hundred and ten acres of finely improved land, fifty of which is under a high state of cultivation, including twenty acres of Beaver Dam land. He also owns five acres of city property at Mount Angel, which is located two blocks north of the depot. In his farming he makes a specialty of raising hops, having forty acres in cultivation.

On November 26, 1895, Mr. Kuschnick was wedded to Miss Maggie Friedl, who was born in Bohemia, November 12, 1860, a daughter of Anton and Catherine (Paschta) Friedl, both of whom died in Europe. She was one of a family of nine children who grew to maturity, six of whom came to America. They were: Elizabeth, deceased; Peter, of Marion county; Wencel, of Waterloo, Iowa; Anna, the wife of John Boro, of Waterloo, Iowa; Maggie, now Mrs. John Kuschnick; and Joseph, who is married and lives in Waterloo, Iowa. Mr. and Mrs. Kuschnick have become the parents of four children: Anna M., who was born December 11, 1896, and is now attending school; George N., who was born April 5, 1899; Therese M., born December 12, 1901; and John P., born April 15, 1904.

In his political allegiance Mr. Kuschnick is a republican, but he has never sought nor desired office, preferring to give his time to the cultivation of his land. He and his family adhere to the Roman Catholic faith. He stands well in both business and social circles and his life record presents many traits of character worthy of emulation.

JOHN KIRKWOOD, eighty-four years of age, is living on a farm near Hopewell, which has long been his home, and has not only brought this place to its present state of development but has also been a factor in the pioneer improvement and later progress of his county. He was born in Boston, Massachusetts, May 4, 1828, a son of James and Christiana (Davie) Kirkwood, both of whom were natives of Scotland and came to America in 1822. The father was a glass blower by trade and was brought to America by a company who wanted to start a glass factory in Boston. At that time mechanics were not allowed to leave England, so he was smuggled across. He lived in Boston for a number of years and then removed to Redford, New York, and afterward to Providence, Rhode Island. In 1846 he crossed the plains with a wagon and ox team, being on the way from May until October, and located at Sonoma, California. October 26, 1846, he and his son John enlisted in the Mexican war, joining Company B of the California Regiment of Volunteer Infantry, and served for five months. Two brothers of John Kirkwood, James and Henry, also served in the same company. The father afterward traveled and lived with his son John until his death. He had brought a set of blacksmith tools across the plains with him, and he and his son did general blacksmithing and made knives and Spanish spurs. His wife died in 1844 and twenty-three years later James Kirkwood passed away, his grave being made in the Hopewell cemetery. In their family were seven children: Joseph, of Yamhill county, Oregon; James and William, both deceased; John, of this review; and Henry, Christian and Mary, all of whom are deceased.

John Kirkwood's chanees in youth for an education were very limited but, being of a studious disposition, he read a great deal and having a retentive memory, he is now quite well informed. As previously stated, he enlisted for the Mexican war on the same day as his father. John Kirkwood was often in the thickest of the fight and on one occasion had his tin cup cut away from his side by a

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lance. His captain was shot down by his side and a comrade on the other side, this being when they were on special detail duty, Mr. Kirkwood being the first one selected from his company to form a detachment to rescue four comrades whom the Spaniards had surrounded in a patch of timber. Mr. Kirkwood was undoubtedly selected because of the bravery which he had shown on previous occasions and his superior marksmanship. After the war he went to Sonoma, California, and bought a lot for sixteen dollars, which he sold a few months after the discovery of gold there for one thousand dollars. He started out in life as a blacksmith and gunsmith and then went into the mines during the gold excitement in California. With his father he left San Francisco in 1849 on a sailing vessel, paying one hundred and ten dollars for his passage, but they were landed on Vancouver Island because of the wrecked condition of the vessel and later reached Portland in a canoe. John Kirkwood then located on his present farm, which was a donation claim. He went back to San Francisco in 1851 and after the fire of 1852, helped rebuild the city. While going overland to California he discovered the Yreka mine. He worked this mine for a time but returned to Yamhill county in 1852 and began improving his farm. He also worked in a shop on his place and constructed the first threshing machine in Oregon, making the castings, woodwork and all parts on the farm on which he now lives. He worked in the shop for twenty years, making plows, wagons, etc., and when the courthouse of Yamhill county burned he was chosen to make a seal for the county. He never turned down a job of work in his life. He now owns here two hundred and twenty acres of land, and one hundred and sixty near Wheatland.

On the 26th of December, 1852, Mr. Kirkwood wedded Miss Charlotte Matheny, who was born in 1838 in Platte county, Missouri, a daughter of Daniel and Mary (Cooper) Matheny. The father, who was born and reared in the Shenandoah valley, Virginia, served in the War of 1812, taking part in the battle of New Orleans, and was a captain in the Black Hawk war. He went to Missouri in 1837 and crossed the plains in 1843, locating near Hillsboro, Oregon, as a neighbor of Joe Meek and lived there for one year. He then settled in the vicinity of Wheatland and bought a tract of land on which he died in 1872. He was an active, industrious farmer and a brave frontiersman. The mother came of an old Kentucky family and died on the same farm as her husband, in 1856. In their family were eight children: Adam, deceased; Elizabeth, the wife of Henry Hewitt, both of whom are now deceased; I. C., D. B., Mary and Jasper N., all of whom are deceased; Charlotte, now Mrs. John Kirkwood; and one who died in infancy. Mrs. Kirkwood is like her husband, well, though self educated. She lived with her parents until the time of her marriage, being then only fourteen years of age. To Mr. and Mrs. Kirkwood seven children were born: William, deceased, who was a physician and a graduate of the University of California; Dale, who was engaged in the practice of dentistry and is now deceased; A. M., an engineer in Yamhill county; Nellie, who is a school teacher and a graduate of Sacred Heart College at Salem; Walter, a hop grower in Yamhill county; Leonora, who is a graduate of the State Normal School at Monmouth, Oregon, and is now the wife of Thomas Rodgers, a druggist of McMinnville, Oregon; and Pearl, now Mrs. C. C. Chapman, of Portland.

In politics Mr. Kirkwood was first a republican, later a populist and now is an independent, and he believes in studying the man who is to be put in office. Both he and Mrs. Kirkwood are members of the Adventist church. He has now reached the advanced age of eighty-four and is passing his last days in a country whose early development he has witnessed, surrounded by many friends whom his genial disposition, progressive nature and strong personality have won for him.

DAVID W. SMALL is one of the well known, honored pioneers of Washington and Oregon, having been identified with the early business enterprises and developments of both states since the later years of their territorial history. He is also a battle-scarred, pensioned veteran of the Civil war. He was born in New Brunswick, December 18, 1837, a son of Daniel and Lavina (Munroe) Small, both of whom were natives of New Brunswick. The paternal grandfather was a native of New York city and of Irish parentage. The parents of the subject of this review celebrated their wedding at Miramichi, New Brunswick, and there continued to live until 1843. In that year they removed to Maine, where the father was engaged in farming and also in the sawmill and lumbering business until 1867. He then removed with his family to Montana and was engaged in the operation of a hotel and also in the general merchandising business until the time of his death, which occurred in 1872. In 1874 the mother moved to Walla Walla, Washington, and there died early in the year 1875. In their family were nine children: David W., of this review; Mary, whose death occurred in Helena, Montana; Albert, of Lewiston, Idaho; Edward, who passed away in Maine when he was about seven years of age; Sarah, the wife of John Potter, of Los Angeles, California; Lottie E., the wife of Frank Sanborn, of Manhattan, Montana; Ira, a resident of Lewiston, Idaho; Inez, the wife of T. W. Colby, of Idaho; and Edward, who passed away at the age of five years at Houlton, Maine.

David W. Small was reared in his parents' home and received his early education in the public schools of Maine. The period of his school days, however, was very limited, amounting to a total of only sixteen months. In 1861, at the outbreak of the Civil war, he enlisted at Houlton in Company E, of the First Maine Volunteer Cavalry, under Captain Blackhawk Putnam, and followed his command for one year. He was mustered out of service September 24, 1862, at Au-

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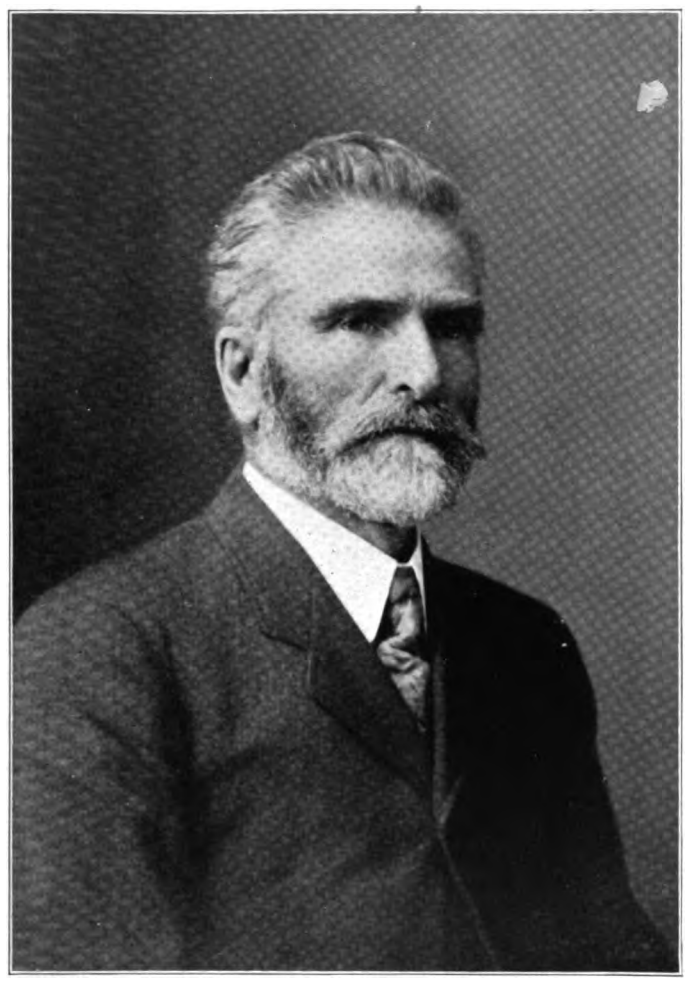

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gusta, Maine, the cause of his discharge being disability resulting from the failure of his health. Immediately after his discharge he returned to his home in Maine, and one year later reenlisted in Company A, of the Second Maine Cavalry, under Captain J. F. Twitchell, and continued in the United States army until the close of the war, receiving his discharge in December, 1865. At Alexandria, Louisiana, he received a severe wound in the left side, while in the active discharge of his duty and is now one of the honored pensioned soldiers of the great internecine conflict. His war record abounds with tragic experiences, for in many cases he barely succeeded in escaping in time to save his life. At the close of the war he returned to his father's old homestead in Maine, where he was engaged in farming for the five years following. In 1871 he moved to Montana and after spending six months in that territory he settled at Walla Walla, Washington, and was there engaged as superintendent for Dr. D. S. Baker in the furnishing and delivering of timber and ties used in the construction of the Walla Walla & Columbia River Railway. He was also superintendent of construction work on that road until its completion in 1874. It was the first railroad built in Washington territory, and its track extended from Wallula to Walla Walla, its organizer and promoter being Dr. D. S. Baker. After the completion of that line of railroad, Mr. Small obtained contracts from the United States government for the furnishing of all forage used at the government post at Walla Walla, and to that business he gave his time and attention until 1890. He had previously engaged in the hotel and livery business, operating also at the same time an opera house and was the owner of the steamboat Northwest, used on the inland waters in both passenger and freight service. In 1879, during the Bannock Indian war, he had the honor of transporting General O. O. Howard and his troops on the Northwest to a point thirty miles above Lewiston on the Grande Ronde river. In 1879 he secured his first contract to furnish the timber required in the construction of the main line of the Northern Pacific Railroad, which was completed three years later. During that time he also successfully conducted a variety of business interests at Walla Walla. In 1894 he disposed of all his property and various business enterprises at Walla Walla and moved to Fort Bragg, California, where he remained for three years and then went to Alaska and started a pack train between Dyea and Bennett for the purpose of freighting provisions to the miners who were rushing to the gold fields. In that business he continued for one and one-half years and then moved to Dawson City, Alaska. During the time of his business operations at Dyea, in 1899, he staked John Gagnon with a scow and nine thousand dollars' worth of building material and started him for Dawson with instructions to sell the cargo and receive for his services one-half of the net profits. The man in trust of this expedition proved recreant to the confidence which had been placed in him and disposed of both the scow and its cargo, thereby entailing a total loss to Mr. Small of twenty-three thousand dollars. The following July, however, still undeterred and full of courage, he started a similar equipment for Dawson and at that time met with gratifying success. In 1900 he again sent out a similar supply of building material destined for Dawson, but the ice proved an insurmountable barrier and Mr. Small suffered the entire loss of his property right within sight of Dawson. He spent the winter at Dawson and returned to Idaho the following spring, but remained there only a short time, removing in 1901 to Coos county, Oregon, where he secured from Major L. D. Kinney grading contracts for the building of a belt line railroad from Marshfield to Empire. In 1912 in copartnership with his son he established himself in the contract paving business and has since devoted his attention to that growing and successful enterprise. He is one of the large real-estate owners of Marshfield, owning more than one hundred well located residence and business lots in that city and also owns a very valuable water front property in the business section of the town.

Mr. Small was twice married, his first wife being Miss Martha F. Bradbury, whom he wedded in 1863. She was a native of Limerick, Maine, and a daughter of Cyrus K. and Sarah (Shields) Bradbury. The parents were both natives of the Pine Tree state, and there passed their entire lives, the mother's death occurring when she was seventy years of age, and the father passing away at the age of seventy-three. They became the parents of nine children, of whom four are still living: Mrs. Christie Davidson, and Mrs. Abbie Davidson, both of whom reside in Massachusetts; John, of Alberta, Canada; and Henry, whose home is at Presque Isle, Maine. To Mr. and Mrs. Small three children were born: Dora A., the wife of Chester Bradbury, who is engaged in the milling and timber business at Fort Fairfield, Maine; Schuyler Colfax, who is engaged in the paving and construction business at Marshfield, Oregon; and Ira, who died in infancy. The eldest daughter, Dora A. Bradbury, is a graduate of Wellesley College at Wellesley, Massachusetts, and the son, Schuyler Colfax Small, received a good business education, and while residing in Montana, served for eight years as sheriff. The mother of these children died at Houlton, Maine, in 1870, and in 1878, Mr. Small was united in marriage to Miss Ellen Dawson, a native of Monmouth, Oregon, and a daughter of Judge Dawson, who as a young man settled at Monmouth and there spent his entire life, serving as district judge. He was a man highly respected for the integrity of his character and his capabilities as a jurist. His death occurred in 1882. In his family were seven children, of whom three are still living, namely: Mrs. J. M. Bewley, of Republic, Washington; Mrs. Smith, of Tucanon, Washington; and Mrs. Ellis, of Dixie, Washington. Mrs. Ellen Small passed away at Marshfield,

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July 12, 1910, and her remains were interred in the Odd Fellows cemetery at that place.

Mr. Small is a loyal member of the republican party, and is a member of the Masonic lodge of Marshfield. He and his family are members of the Presbyterian church. Mr. Small is entitled to all the honors that belong to the hardy pioneer of the undeveloped west. A man of rare business ability and acumen, he has survived the results of the repeated losses with which he has met in business and out of the ashes of disaster he has erected new enterprises which his genius and fortitude have carried to notable success. His word is as good as his bond, and now in his declining years he is able to look back upon a career of usefulness, having devoted himself to the enterprises now well founded, which are destined to be a monument and credit to his memory for many decades to come.

OLIVER P. ISON. A half century has come and gone since Oliver P. Ison arrived in Baker county, and during the greater part of this period he has engaged in farming and stock-raising, owning now four hundred acres of rich and productive land situated ten miles north of Baker City on sections 7 and 12, range 40. He makes his home, however, in the city, residing at the corner of Sixth and A streets. He was born June 11, 1846, in Garrard county, Kentucky, a son of Strother and Judith Ann (Gaines) Ison, who were also natives of Kentucky. In 1849 they left that state and went to Grundy county, Missouri, and in the spring of 1862 came overland with ox teams to Baker county, where the remainder of their lives was passed. Both died near Wingville, the father in 1889 at the age of seventy-six years and the mother September 25, 1900, when eighty-six years of age. When in Missouri he had followed merchandising and also engaged in the live-stock business, while in Oregon he carried on general farming. He bought his first land of the state, owning at one time a section, while at his death he had a homestead of one hundred and sixty acres in the Wingville district. In 1868 he was elected the first state senator from Baker county, which at that time comprised a large part of eastern Oregon. He also served as county commissioner for one or two terms and was recognized as the leader of the democratic party. His religious faith was indicated by his lifelong membership in the Methodist Episcopal church, South, to which his wife also belonged. In Missouri he joined the Independent Order of Odd Fellows and was one of the first members of Baker Lodge, No. 25. In fact his activities touched the general interests of society here and constituted a force in the upbuilding and progress of the entire community. Unto him and his wife were born nine children of whom the second, a son, died in infancy. The others are: Bascom, who was the first born and also died in infancy; Luther B., who was circuit judge and held many other offices and died in 1889; Susan Virginia, the wife of James Akers, a retired farmer living in Baker; Oliver P.; Lester Oscar, also of the Wingville district; Adelia, who is the wife of George Chandler, of Baker, a stock man who has the finest herd in eastern Oregon; Gabrilla, who died at the age of thirty-five years; and Annie Gaines, who died January 29, 1892, at the age of thirty-two years.

Oliver P. Ison was only sixteen years of age when he came to Baker county with his parents, since which time he has resided within its borders, the entire period now covering a half century. Here he has carried on farming and stock-raising, having in 1870 purchased four hundred acres of state land ten miles north of Baker. He engaged in raising range cattle until the last three years and the farm is now principally devoted to the cultivation of hay. He has left the ranch to make his home in Baker and is pleasantly situated in an attractive residence at the corner of Sixth and A streets.

In January, 1871, Mr. Ison was married to Miss Martha Jane Vernon, who was born in Pleasantville, Iowa, December 13, 1855, and in 1859 was brought to Oregon by her parents, Thomas B. and Mary Jane (Foster) Vernon. The father was the pioneer blacksmith of Auburn, Oregon, and removed to Pocahontas, where he remained until 1872, when he became a farmer in the Wingville district. There he spent the remainder of his life, passing away on the 29th of September, 1900, his wife's death having occurred on the 3d of February, 1876. They were active members of the Methodist Episcopal church, and were among the most prominent and highly respected of the county's residents. Mrs. Ison was their only child. In the family of Mr. and Mrs. Ison were three children, as follows: Ora Perry, who is the wife of John G. Foster, of Baker, and has one child, Verna; Carrie Lee, who is the wife of H. B. Kinnison, a farmer of Baker county in the Wingville district, by whom she has three children, Buford, Beulah and Ermil; and Lilith Buford, who is a graduate of the Baker high school and also pursued a course at Buford College in Nashville, Tennessee, after which she taught school in Baker. She is now the wife of John W. Allen, of Portland, and they have one child, Alletha Aileen.

In his political views Mr. Ison is a democrat and an active worker in the party yet he has never sought nor desired political office. He has served, however, on the school board for eleven years and has been a member of the city council for six years, four years of which time he was its president. He was also acting mayor for about two years during the absence of the mayor. He was a member of the council when the work of paving the streets was first started, about three miles being laid. He was also a stanch champion of the commission form of government which was adopted. He stands firm in his opposition to anything like misrule in public affairs and is in sympathy with the progressive movement of the times which

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is seeking to make politics the expression of general public opinion and not of the will of the few. Fraternally he is connected with Wingville Lodge, No. 69, I. O. O. F., which he joined in 1882, and for the past twelve years he has been a member of the encampment. He also belongs to Baker Lodge, No. 338, B. P. O. E. Energy and industry have been salient traits in his life work. He has never faltered in carrying out a plan that he has formed in relation to business matters, realizing that when one avenue of effort seemed closed he might find another path that would lead to the desired goal. Moreover, he has always adopted constructive measures in his business life and in his political service and his efforts have been a feature in general progress and improvement.

SAMUEL H. McKERNAN, a retired farmer, living in a fine home with ten acres of land adjoining Cottage Grove, was born in Otter Creek township, La Salle county, Illinois, April 19, 1855, the son of Captain J. J. and Mary (Cramer) McKernan. The father, who was a native of Ireland, came to America when nine years of age in company with his parents. The family settled in Livingston county, Kentucky, but removed in 1826 to Illinois, settling at Ottawa, where they passed the remainder of their lives, the father of Captain J. J. McKernan passing away in 1831, while the mother's death occurred in 1863.

Captain J. J. McKernan, the father of our subject, remained at home with his mother until he attained his majority and then removed to Otter Creek, Illinois, where he settled on a tract of land under the squatter's right act, residing there until he could obtain a title, when he purchased the land. His first purchase consisted of one hundred and sixty acres but he later added to his holdings until he owned four hundred and eighty acres of the finest land in Illinois. In 1862 the father organized, for service in the Civil war, Company F, of the One hundred and Fourth Illinois Volunteer Infantry, of which he was made captain. Entering into active service the company did its full duty but at Hartsville, Tennessee, the entire company including the captain was captured by the Confederates and sent to Andersonville prison where they remained until paroled. The captain, being sick and disabled, was mustered out of service and returned to his old farm home, where he continued to live until the time of his death, January 9, 1878, at the age of sixty-six years. He was survived by the mother, who lived on the old homestead until her death in 1900, at the age of eighty-nine years. She had resided on the homestead during nearly her whole life and had witnessed the raising of seventy-five crops on that farm. She was the mother of eight children: Rose Ann, who is the widow of Aaron Kliber, of La Salle county, Illinois; Candies, who married Henry Ackerman, of North Dakota, deceased; Ann E., the wife of Mathias Goachanour, of La Salle county, Illinois; George, who passed away in Colorado; Samuel H.; Salanda Lockwood, of Streator, Illinois; Charley, of Lenox, Iowa; and Gussie, of Streator, Illinois.

Reared in the state of Illinois and educated in its public schools, Samuel H. McKernan received a good education and training. At the age of twenty years he began farming on his own account, operating in Illinois until 1878, when he removed to Ottawa, Kansas, and purchased land there. He remained on his Kansas farm for ten years, developing it and making of it a very valuable property. At the end of that time he sold his holdings in Kansas and came to Oregon in 1888, settling in Lane county, where he took up a homestead of one hundred and sixty acres, which he occupied for twenty years. When he took up his land in Oregon it was covered with a heavy growth of timber. He continued working hard, however, until he placed twenty-five acres of it under cultivation and in the earlier days he was compelled to build a high fence around his fields in order to keep the deer from eating his crops. In 1908 he sold his farm for thirty-three hundred dollars and retired to Cottage Grove, where he bought a comfortable home with a ten acre tract adjoining the city limits, for which he paid two thousand dollars. He also owns a business house in Cottage Grove and two residence properties, which he is renting.

Mr. McKernan was married at Streator, Illinois, January 1, 1873, to Miss Laura Welchanse, who was born in Pennsylvania, July 14, 1855, the daughter of Jackson and Mary (Corl) Welchanse, the former a native of Pennsylvania while the latter was born in New York city. The marriage of the parents was celebrated in Pennsylvania, where they lived for eight years, after which they removed to Illinois, settling in La Salle county in 1856. There the father purchased land and died at the age of thirty years. In their family were five children: Benetta, the wife of Henry Cunliffe, of Pontiac, Illinois; George, of Streator, Illinois; Laura, who became Mrs. Samuel H. McKernan; William, who was killed in a railway accident; and Esther, the wife of Lyman Baker, of Streator. After the death of her husband Mrs. Welchanse was again married, her second union being with James Cunliffe, of Fall River, Massachusetts, and they became the parents of three children: Charlotte, the wife of Ross Corl, of Caney, Kansas; Emma, the wife of Arthur Garner; and James, of Streator, Illinois. To Mr. and Mrs. McKernan six children have been born: James, who died in infancy; Candies, the wife of Martin Foster, of Lane county, Oregon; Clyde, who met death by drowning at the age of eight years; Sylvia, the wife of Hiram Griggs, of Cottage Grove, Oregon; Charles, of Cottage Grove, who married Carrie Dickens, a native of Iowa, by whom he has a son Clyde, born in September, 1910; and Ralph, who died at the age of three and one-half years.

Mr. McKernan gives his political allegiance to the democratic party, and fraternally he

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belongs to Lodge No. 357, B. P. O. E., of Eugene. He is well and favorably known in the community where he resides and although he has been a resident of Cottage Grove a comparatively short time, he has formed a large circle of personal friends, by whom he is held in high esteem.

MRS. AURA M. RALEY, known as the mother of Pendleton, was born in Kennebec county, Maine, on August 23, 1829. She was a daughter of Stephen L. and Cozbi (Sawtelle) Morse, both of whom were natives of Maine. The father died in his native state and the mother later married a Mr. Townsend with whom she removed to Wisconsin, and in 1853 crossed the plains to Oregon. They were in the same train with Mrs. Raley of this review, but separated at Powder river, going into the Willamette valley, while the subject of this sketch went on to Washington. Aura Morse of this review resided in Maine until she was fifteen years of age when, with her mother, she removed to Wisconsin, where she was later united in marriage to Mr. Moses E. Goodwin, who was a native of Crawford county, Illinois. In 1853 Mr. and Mrs. Goodwin started across the plains with ox teams for Oregon, being in company with several other families among whom were her mother and step-father. The journey was beset with many difficulties and the Indians were unusually troublesome. Of the large train that started only five families completed the trip. Mr. and Mrs. Goodwin first settled fifteen miles north of Vancouver, Washington, where they purchased a farm and resided for three years. At the breaking out of the Indian war they built a raft and, taking with them enough timber to erect a house, they floated down the river to Vancouver, which was then only a Hudson's Bay Company trading post. There they built their house which they later converted into a hotel and operated the same as such until 1864. At that date, with their stock, they started for the mining district of Boise, Idaho, but upon reaching Umatilla county they were unable to take their cattle over the mountains and, liking this section of the country, they located here. They took up a donation land claim on which Pendleton now stands, erecting the first house in this vicinity. It was on the present site of the Pendleton Hotel and they operated it as a hotel for several years. Their donation land claim consisted of one hundred and sixty acres, and was the location on which the earlier Pendleton was built, the town which on the 20th of November, 1868, the county commissioners chose as the seat of Umatilla county.

To Mr. and Mrs. Goodwin were born three children, the eldest of whom died in infancy. The others were: Wallace W., who was murdered on Snake River in 1872 while he was on a trip to that section of the country with some horses; and Olive, who is now the wife of S. A. John of Portland. Mr. Goodwin passed away on January 17, 1871, and in May, 1872, the subject of this sketch was again united in marriage, her second union being to Henry J. Raley, who came to Oregon in 1853. To them was born one child, Cozbi, who is now the wife of W. C. E. Pruitt, the deputy district attorney of Pendleton. Mr. Raley passed away in October, 1876, and after his death Mrs. Raley continued for several years in the hotel business. Being thrifty and industrious, and capable in her business management she is now in good financial circumstances and resides in a beautiful home at No. 214 West Alta street, which she built in 1909.

Mrs. Raley is a member of the Episcopal church and is a lady of many good traits of heart and mind whose life is in harmony with her Christian profession. She is exceptionally well preserved in both mind and body, having an excellent memory, and, although she is now in her eighty-fourth year she does not appear to be a woman of more than sixty. She has seen two Indian wars and well knows the meaning of the privations and hardships of frontier life, and highly deserves the comfortable circumstances in which she is placed. She has lived in Pendleton for more than half a century, has long witnessed the growth and development of this part of the state and has a wide circle of acquaintances and host of friends among the older settlers as well as among those who have arrived at a later date.

C. T. MYERS is classified with the successful merchants and business men of Sheridan and his present enviable position is due to the fact that close application and indefatigable energy have ever been the guiding forces of his life. He is now proprietor of a hardware and implement store and in connection therewith conducts an undertaking establishment. He was born near Appleton, in Knox county, Illinois, December 13, 1884, and is a son of S. A. and Ida L. (Mitchell) Myers. The father was born in Illinois and afterward removed to Iowa. Later he returned to Illinois but again went to Iowa, settling at Weldom, where he remained until he came to Oregon in 1908. In that year he located at Sheridan, where he is now living retired, although for many years he was closely associated with general farming interests. His wife is a native of Illinois and in that state they were married. They became the parents of nine children: Bessie, now the wife of H. H. Fuller, of Weldon, Iowa; C. T.; Jennie B., the wife of J. T. Yocom, of Sheridan, Oregon; H. P., who is with his brother in business; Ethel, Harley, Daisy, Clark and Lawrence, all yet at home.

C. T. Myers pursued his education in the public schools of Illinois and Iowa and after a partial high-school course became a student in the commercial college at Chillicothe, Missouri. He is also a graduate of the Capital City Commercial College of Des Moines, completing his work there with the class of 1907. After coming to Oregon in the following year he entered the high school at Eugene and on completing his studies there came to Sheridan, with the business interests of which he has since been closely associated. Here he first engaged in the furniture trade and afterward added a stock of hardware.

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On the 1st of January, 1911, however, he disposed of his furniture business but still continues in the hardware trade, carrying a complete line of shelf and heavy goods. He is also dealing in implements and conducts an undertaking and embalming business, having studied embalming in Iowa for two years. The establishment is conducted under the firm name of Myers Brothers, his younger brother, H. P. Myers, being now associated with him in a partnership relation. They are accorded a liberal patronage and are meeting with well merited success.

C. T. Myers was united in marriage to Bertha Courtemanche, in June, 1909, and unto them was born one child, who died in infancy. In politics Mr. Myers is an independent republican, usually supporting the principles of the party yet never feeling himself bound by party ties. He has served as a member of the city council for one term and he is secretary of the Commercial Club. In the Woodmen of the World he has served as clerk and he also belongs to the Independent Order of Odd Fellows. He is yet a young man but has already made a creditable record in commercial circles and the salient qualities which he has thus far displayed argue well for a successful future.

JOHN HAGENAUER, who is interested in general farming and is the owner of one hundred and eighty-three acres of valuable land, situated two and one half miles southeast of Gervais, in Marion county, was born in Austria in April, 1849. His parents were Wencel and Helena Hagenauer, who came to America in 1873 and settled in Wisconsin. In 1877 they removed to Oregon and purchased one hundred and eighty-three acres of land, which is the farm now owned by John Hagenauer of this review and all of which at that time was covered with heavy timber. They resided on this place during the remainder of their lives, the mother dying in 1891 and the father in 1902. In their family were seven children, of whom John Hagenauer was the third in order of birth. The others are Wencel, Barbara, Annie, Frank, Mary and Peter.

John Hagenauer was reared and educated in Austria and came to America in 1869, thus preceding his parents by four years in taking the trip. He settled in Wisconsin, where he remained eight years, and then came to Oregon, locating on the place where he still lives. One hundred acres of his excellently improved farm are under a high state of cultivation, whereon he uses the latest and most improved methods known to those who have made a study of farming.

In 1888 Mr. Hagenauer was united in marriage to Miss Josephine Herald, a native of Germany, who was reared and educated there. She came to America in 1885 and lived three years in Minnesota, after which time she removed to Oregon. She is one of twelve children who were born to her parents, all of whom are still residing in Germany except herself and one sister. Her parents both died in Germany. In the family of Mr. and Mrs. Hagenauer are five children: Annie M., born in 1890; Helena E., born in 1893; Barbara C., born in 1896; Peter J., born in 1899; and John J., born in 1902.

In his political views Mr. Hagenauer is a stalwart democrat, giving unfaltering support to the men and measures of the party. He and his family adhere to the teachings of the Catholic church. Energetic in his work, conscientious in all matters of business, Mr. Hagenauer is a progressive and valued citizen of the country in which he has chosen to make his home.

FREDERICK L. GRAY is the owner of a well improved ranch of three hundred acres located seven miles northeast of Springfield, where he has resided for more than fifty years and engaged in agricultural pursuits. He was born in Washington county, Pennsylvania, on February 2, 1831, and is a son of Alexander and Lydia (Lutanner) Gray. The father was of Irish extraction and the mother of German descent, but they were born, reared and married in the Keystone state and there passed the early years of their domestic life. In 1831, they removed to Ohio, but five years later the family was called upon to mourn the loss of the mother, who was buried in the vicinity of Wooster, and the father and children subsequently returned to Pennsylvania. He located in Washington county, continuing to reside there for several years, and during that period he was married again, his second wife having been Miss Mary Andrews. The attraction of the west again proving irresistible, in 1844 he crossed the prairies to Indiana, settling in the vicinity of Greencastle, where both he and his wife passed the remainder of their lives. He died on the 26th of December, 1866, but she survived for several years thereafter. Mr. Gray was a miller, and while he followed his trade at various periods, his energies were devoted to agricultural pursuits during the greater part of his life. To him and his first wife there were born four sons, of whom our subject, the third in order of birth, is the only one now living. The others are as follows: John, who passed away in Texas at the age of eighty years; Alexander, whose death occurred in Los Angeles at the age of eighty-three; and Jacob S., who was seventy-five and a resident of Nebraska at the time of his death. Five children were born of the second marriage: Samuel R., now deceased, who engaged in the practice of medicine in Illinois; Robert, who is a resident of Nebraska; Sarah M., who is deceased; Nancy Jane, the deceased wife of Albert Hurt; and William J., who was accidentally killed in Idaho.

Born in a family of moderate means, Frederick L. Gray received but a limited education in the district schools of his native state. Having been reared in the country, he was early trained to agricultural pursuits, so upon leaving home at the age of seventeen years he sought and obtained employment as a farm hand. He continued to follow this occupation in Pennsylvania for

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three years. At the expiration of that time he decided to go west, so he joined an emigrant train and crossed the plains to Oregon in 1851. During the first three years of his residence in the west he worked in the gold fields of the Rogue River country and also in California, but in 1855 he gave up prospecting and came to Lane county. For a year he worked in the Deadwood mines, and in 1853 he participated in the Indian war, guarding Jacksonville, Oregon. After engaging in various activities he filed on a claim of one hundred and sixty acres and went into the stock business. He followed this with very good success until he received the deed to his land four years later. At the end of that time he disposed of his claim and went to the Willow Springs mines and prospected for two years. In 1861, he returned to Lane county and bought his present ranch, which at that time contained three hundred and twenty acres of land. This is located on section 35, Range south, 2 west, township 17, on the old stage road between Springfield and Walterville. Soon after acquiring this property he joined a party and started for the Salmon river mines. It was a perilous journey and fraught with many hardships and privations. The snow was deep and the cold extreme and several of their number perished from cold and exposure as they walked the entire distance. Upon reaching their destination they found the snow eight feet deep on a level at the mines, which made it practically impossible to work. The scarcity of food and the exorbitant prices—they paid two hundred and twenty-five dollars for two hundred pounds of flour upon their arrival—caused Mr. Gray to leave soon after his arrival for the Piatt Valley mines. There he found practically the same conditions—the season too far advanced to work, and the food supply very low—so he returned to his ranch and has ever since been a resident of Lane county. He applied himself energetically and intelligently to the development of his land and the direction of his undertakings, meeting with a corresponding degree of success. He now owns three hundred acres of well improved land, one hundred acres of this being under high cultivation. All of the improvements upon his place are in good condition, it is well stocked and thoroughly equipped with everything needful to the modern agriculturist. In addition to his home place, Mr. Gray owns one hundred and twelve acres of fertile land near Thurston, Oregon.

In 1864, Mr. Gray was married to Mrs. Olive Looney, the widow of James C. Looney, who filed upon a donation claim in Lane county in 1852, that included the present Gray ranch. Eight children were born to Mr. and Mrs. Gray, as follows: Alexander, who was born on the 9th of November, 1864, now a resident of Springfield, Oregon; Charles, whose natal day was the 2d of September, 1866, a resident of Klamath Falls, this state; Mary Jane, whose birth occurred on October 22, 1868, the wife of Albert Mathews, of Lane county; Frederick, who was born on April 14, 1871, living on a portion of the old homestead in this county; Ira, whose birth occurred on June 24, 1873, also of Lane county; John, who was born in 1876 and died in infancy; and Nellie, whose natal day was September 20, 1879, and had attained the age of eleven years when she died. Margaret Ann, who is the sixth in order of birth, was born on the 7th of June, 1875, and married Frank Campbell, who died October 27, 1900. Mrs. Campbell and her son Frank, who was born on November 19, 1900, are living with Mr. Gray on the old homestead. Mrs. Gray had four children by her first husband. The three eldest, Isaac D., William M. and Sarah A., are all deceased, but the youngest, Martha E., is the wife of William McKinney, of Independence, Oregon. All of the children were given the advantages of a good practical education.

Mr. Gray is a socialist in his political views, but twice cast his ballot for Abraham Lincoln. He has never actively participated in public affairs, not being an aspirant to public honors. Mr. Gray who has lived far beyond the Psalmist's alloted span, having attained the venerable age of eighty-one years, is widely known in the county and enjoys the confidence and esteem of a large circle of friends.

FRANK PRANTL, who resides on his farm of sixty-two acres, situated two and one-half miles southeast of Gervais, was born in Marion county, Oregon, February 17, 1877, the son of John and Mary Prantl, both natives of Germany. The parents were married in New Jersey but a short time afterward removed to California and later came to Marion county, Oregon, where they bought one hundred acres of land which they occupied until the father retired from active work, in 1901. Since that date he has lived with his son Frank, of this review, the mother having died in December, 1902. In their family were ten children: Mrs. Katie Aicher, of Woodburn, Oregon; Mrs. Mary Hitchman, of Portland; Rose, at home; Frank, the subject of this review; Mrs. Agnes Aicher, of Woodburn; Peter, Mrs. Lena Addleman, Mrs. Theresa Schindler and Mrs. Cecilia Eder, all residents of Gervais, Oregon; and Joseph, of Marion county.

Frank Prantl was reared under the parental roof and started out in life for himself at the age of twenty-four, when he took charge of his farm of fifty acres, which was his share of his father's estate. He has since added to this until he now owns sixty-two acres of improved land, thirty acres of which is under a high state of cultivation, eleven acres being in hops and six set out in apple trees.

Mr. Prantl was wedded on the 7th of January, in 1909, to Miss Therese Ditrich, a daughter of Martin and Therese Ditrich, both of whom are natives of Hungary. The parents came to America in 1904 and are now living on a farm in Marion county. Their family consists of eight children who are living, namely: Mrs. Katie Siefer, of Gervais,

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Oregon; John, of Portland; Mrs. Annie Kohn, of Gervais; Mrs. Prantl, the wife of Frank Prantl, of this review; Lena, at home; Martin, of Gervais; and Mary and Cecilia, at home. Mr. and Mrs. Prantl have become the parents of two children: Cecilia T., born December 29, 1909, and Agnes M., born July 23, 1911. In politics Mr. Prantl adheres to the principles of the republican party and both he and his wife are devout members of the Catholic church. His entire life has been spent in Marion county, where he is well known and highly esteemed as a progressive and enterprising man.

JAMES F. KINDRED. With limited educational oportunities and no special advantages to aid him as he started out in the business world, James F. Kindred worked his way upward and has long been widely and favorably known as a leading agriculturist of Clatsop county. He represented one of the old pioneer families of the northwest, his birth having occurred in Oregon City, December 25, 1844. His parents were B. C. and Rachel (Miller) Kindred, both of whom were natives of Illinois, and in 1844 crossed the plains with ox teams, settling first in Oregon City, which at that time was a very small place. They remained there only one winter and then removed to Columbia county, Oregon, where the father was employed in a logging mill one year. In 1846 they removed to Clatsop county and the father entered a farm, which is now known as the Gearhart place. He built thereon a log cabin, which he occupied two years, and then traded the place for a yoke of oxen. He next secured a tract of land of six hundred and forty acres, upon which the town of Hammond now stands, and there he lived up to the time of his death. When he first settled in Clatsop county he had to haul his provisions from Vancouver on the Columbia river in a birch canoe and it required a week to make the trip. Subsequently he had a whaleboat built, which was propelled by sails, after which he engaged in transporting goods for pioneers of this end of the county from Vancouver. Subsequently he became a pilot for vessels plying on the Columbia river from its mouth to Portland. His death occurred in 1905 and his wife passed away January 2, 1898. In their family were twelve children: Henry P., now living at Seaside, Oregon; James F.; Joel, deceased; Nancy, the wife of Henry Fisher, of Hammond, Clatsop county; Julia, the deceased wife of Captain Babbidge; William, a resident of Washington; Mary, the wife of Frank Mudd, who is living on a farm eight miles south of Astoria; David, now at Fort Stevens; Amanda, in Portland; Amelia, the wife of Charles Holt; Sarah, the wife of Wilas Mudd, of Hammond, and Rozettie Cunningham.

Only in a limited way did James F. Kindred have opportunity to attend school and at eighteen years of age he started out in the world on his own account, working in various ways for three years, after which he rented a farm on Youngs river and continued its cultivation for a year. Subsequently he purchased the property known as the Burke farm, comprising one hundred and twenty-nine acres, finely improved. He has since devoted his energies to general agricultural pursuits and has converted his place into an excellent property. In addition to this he owns six lots in the vicinity of Hammond, four lots and a fine residence in Warrenton, three lots in Astoria and one in Portland.

Mr. Kindred has been married twice. He first wedded Eliza Doak, who was born in Clatsop county, and unto them were born six children: Joel, a resident of Clatsop county; Edward, now in Washington; Julia, the wife of M. Miller, of Idaho; Augusta, who is married and resides south of Portland; Charles, living at Goble, Oregon; and Katherine, the wife of Charles Dean, of Clatsop county. In 1881 Mrs. Kindred died and in 1883 Mr. Kindred was again married, his second union being with Mrs. Lavina Keaton Dean, the widow of William R. Dean, who by her first marriage had five children, namely: Charles, who is first mate on the gasoline schooner Patsy; Elizabeth, the wife of Fred Preston, of Clatsop county; Edward, a farmer; Mrs. Achsa Bowers, of Astoria; and William R., who was chief engineer on the Oshkosh gasoline schooner and was drowned on the 13th of February, 1911, in the Pacific ocean in a terrible gale. Mrs. Kindred was born in St. Louis, Missouri, and is a daughter of Thomas and Lorina (Karnes) Keaton, the former a native of Kentucky and the latter of Illinois. She was one of a family of nine children and by her marriage to Mr. Kindred has become the mother of four children: Maud, the wife of Peter Fake, of Astoria; Rosa, the wife of George Baker, of Tacoma, Washington; Ralph, deceased; and Lester, who is now engineer on the Teddy Roosevelt, a steamer plying on the Columbia.

In his political views Mr. Kindred is a republican but has never been an office seeker. His understanding of political questions and issues is comprehensive, but he prefers to devote himself to private business interests that are now bringing him substantial returns.

O. D. HAMSTREET, editor and owner of the Sheridan Sun, was born in Darlington, Lafayette county, Wisconsin, May 5, 1858, a son of Jonathan and Elizabeth (Pramer) Hamstreet, both natives of the state of New York. The paternal ancestors have lived in America for three generations, the great-grandfather and two of his brothers coming from Germany, and they have all followed the occupation of farming. The father grew to manhood in New York and was married there and then moved to Wisconsin, making the trip by boat through the Erie canal. He lived in Wisconsin until just before his death in 1879, when he moved to Clear Lake, Iowa. He, too, was a farmer by occupation but being very active in church and Sunday school work, he gave the last twenty years of his life to the organizing of Sunday

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schools. His faith was that of the Congregational church and also, in addition to his other activities for the church, he served as deacon. The maternal grandfather was a fencer by profession in his native country, Holland, but left there on account of a duel to which he was challenged, and came to America. The mother died in 1909 and is buried beside her husband in the cemetery of Clear Lake, Iowa.

O. D. Hamstreet attended the country schools and the State Normal School of Wisconsin and then studied law in the State University of Iowa at Iowa City, being graduated in the class of 1882. He then located in Paullina, Iowa, where he remained eleven years in the practice of law. For a part of this time he was also editor of the Paullina Times. Subsequently he moved to Sheridan, Wyoming, and was engaged for ten years in the hardware trade and in the live-stock business. He was then at Norfolk, Nebraska, for four years, at the end of which time he returned to Sheridan and became editor of the Sheridan Enterprise. In 1908 he removed to Sheridan, Oregon, where he purchased the Sheridan Sun, of which he is still editor and manager.

In 1883 Mr. Hamstreet was married to Miss Vina Daniels, a native of Iowa. They have two children: Loil, who is a high-school graduate and is now shipping clerk in a wholesale house in Portland; and Harold, now attending high school. In politics Mr. Hamstreet gives his allegiance to the republican party and has held various offices. He is an active worker in the Commercial Club of Sheridan, of which he was one of the organizers.

FRANCIS E. ROWELL, a prosperous and prominent citizen of Washington county, where he has resided from his birth to the present time, has for the past eight years conducted a general mercantile establishment in partnership with his brother, James Albert, their store being located at Scholls, eight miles southwest of Beaverton. His birth occurred on the 21st of August, 1876, his parents being John D. and Ann R. (Jack) Rowell. The father was born in St. Joseph county, Michigan, on the 10th of October, 1836, while the mother's birth occurred in Virginia on the 5th of February, 1852. Their marriage was celebrated in Washington county, Oregon, where John D. Rowell spent the remainder of his life and where his widow still resides at the age of sixty years. In 1853, when their son John was a youth of sixteen, the paternal grandparents of our subject crossed the plains to Oregon, the journey consuming four months and twenty days. The grandfather took up a donation claim in Washington county, continuing to reside thereon until called to his final rest. The maternal grandparents of Francis E. Rowell removed to Iowa when their daughter Ann was still a child, remaining in that state for four years. On the expiration of that period they crossed the plains by ox team to Oregon, settling in Washington county, where the grandfather purchased one hundred and sixty acres of land. Subsequently he augmented his land holdings by additional purchase and at one time owned three hundred and sixty acres. At the time of his demise, which occurred in 1908, he had largely converted his property into cash. His wife passed away in May, 1896.

John D. Rowell, the father of Mr. Rowell of this review, first came into possession of a tract of one hundred and twenty acres and subsequently traded the same for one hundred and ninety-eight acres of the donation claim originally owned by his father and bought one hundred and twenty-two acres making a total of three hundred and twenty acres. The latter place was his home throughout the remainder of his life, his death occurring on the 7th of August, 1896. Unto him and his wife were born five children, as follows: Francis E., of this review; Carrie May, who died in infancy; James Albert, who is associated in business with his brother, Francis E.; Cassie, the wife of T. R. Ratcliffe, of Portland, Oregon; and Ina I. I., who is yet at home. James Albert Rowell, as above stated, is his brother's associated in the conduct of a general mercantile establishment at Scholls. In fact he and his brother conduct all their interests in partnership, including a tile and brick factory and a sawmill in Washington county. James Albert Rowell is also interested in the Portland Concrete Pile & Equipment Company, the American Life & Accident Insurance Company of Oregon and in a tract of one hundred and eight acres of land in Washington county.

Francis E. Rowell, like the other children of his father's family, attended the common schools in the acquirement of an education. When nineteen years of age he began assisting in the operation of the old homestead farm, devoting his attention to the work of the fields until 1910. In addition to his work on the farm he, in 1903, in association with his brother, James Albert, embarked in business as a general merchant of Scholls, where they have since built up a profitable store, enjoying an extensive patronage. Furthermore, he has an interest in a sawmill and tile and brick factory, and likewise holds stock in the American Life & Accident Insurance Company of Portland as well as the Portland Concrete Pile & Equipment Company. In association with his brother, James A., he owns a tract of one hundred and eight acres of land in Washington county, forty-five acres of which is under a high state of cultivation, seven acres being planted to onions. The brothers also own two hundred and ninety-two acres of land in Canada and a tract of one hundred and ninety-three acres near Crescent City, California.

On the 2d of January, 1905, Mr. Rowell was united in marriage to Miss Minnie B. Sutherland, who was born in Stockton, California, on the 2d of March, 1884, her parents being E. J. and Mary Jane (Turner) Sutherland, natives of California and Indiana respectively. They were married in the Golden state and there resided until 1885,

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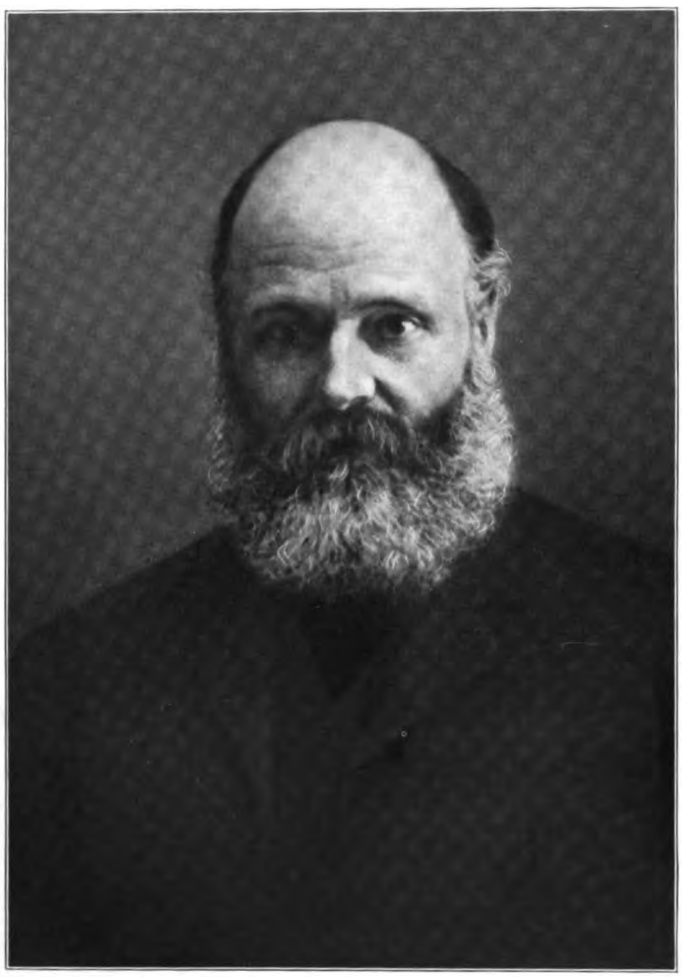

JOHN D. ROWELL

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MRS. JOHN D. ROWELL

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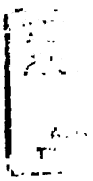

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when they came to Oregon, first locating in Clackamas county and later in Washington county. In 1891 they removed to Yamhill county but ten years later returned to Washington county, where they spent the remainder of their lives, Mr. Sutherland passing away on the 18th of October, 1902, and his wife on the 2d of March, 1908. Unto them were born six children, as follows: Grace, the wife of P. C. Anderson, of Portland; Edna May, who is deceased; Mrs. Rowell; Edward J., living in Portland; Jennie, the wife of George D. Lee, of Portland; and John, who is a resident of Scholls, Oregon. Mr. and Mrs. Rowell had two children, namely: one who died in infancy; and Francis Theron, whose natal day was August 9, 1908.

In politics Mr. Rowell is a stanch republican, casting his ballot for the men and measures of that party. He belongs to the United Artisans. He is a thoroughgoing business man, improving his opportunities for the attainment of financial success, and his diligence has been the source of his prosperity.

FRANK SEYMOUR BAILLIE was born at Flint, Michigan, on August 11, 1869. His parents were William P. Baillie and Emily Seymour Pier-Baillie. He received his education in the public school of Flint, Michigan, and graduated from its high school in 1886. He graduated from the University of Michigan with the class of 1890, receiving the degree of B. S. (C. E.). His professional career began as a surveyor under the direction of General W. W. Duffield. He later was a draftsman with the American Bridge Works, of Chicago, Illinois. From 1893 to 1896 he was assistant engineer for the Gillette-Herzog Manufacturing Company of Minneapolis, Minnesota. In the fall of 1896 he became vice president and general manager of the Columbia Gold Mining Company, operating what is known as the Columbia Mine and has since that time to date continued in that position.

In 1905 Mr. Baillie was married to Jessie Allen Perkins, of Coffeyville, Kansas. Mr. Baillie is a member of the various clubs, as well as benevolent orders of the eastern Oregon district, being a past commander of Baker Commandery No. 9, K. T.

WILLIAM J. DENVIR was numbered among the self-made men of Clatsop county and, although early left and orphan and deprived of many of the advantages which come through home training and environment, he made for himself a name and position in the business world most creditable. He was born in County Down, Ireland, but was early left an orphan. The date of his birth was unknown to him, yet the supposition is he was about sixty-one years of age at the time of his demise. He had an uncle on the paternal side who was a bishop in the Catholic church in Belfast, Ireland, and his paternal grandfather was a soldier in the English army in the Revolutionary war in America. By occupation he was a sea captain and devoted many years to sailing the seas. Patrick Denvir, father of William, by his marriage to Nancy Philips, had four daughters and two sons, Margaret, Mary, Sarah, Anne, Robert and John.

William J. Denvir was about seven years of age when he lost his mother and was one of a family of six children born of the second marriage of his father. Five of the children are still living, including four daughters, Jane, Catherine, Elizabeth and Martha. William J. was the fourth in order of birth in the family and was about twelve years of age when his father died. At that time he was attending the common schools of Ireland. When a youth of about fourteen he was sent to America and joined Alexander Alcorn in Iowa, living with him for four years at Mount Sterling, in Van Buren county. In 1862 he was sent across the plains to Nevada, driving ox teams. He located in Virginia City, where he remained until able to dispose of some horses which he had taken with him. In the following year he returned to Iowa and in the fall of 1864 again crossed the plains with mule teams, locating at the old Virginia mining camp in Montana. There he engaged in mining for eight months, after which he went to Helena, where he carried on ranching. Failing in this venture, he returned on horseback to Iowa, but once more crossed the plains, in 1871, this time journeying by rail to San Francisco and thence by water to Portland. In the following year he settled upon the farm on which he resided up to the time of his death. He took up both a homestead and a preemption claim, in all about two hundred and eighty acres. To this he added from time to time, becoming the owner of two hundred and seventy acres additional.

In 1879 Mr. Denvir was united in marriage to Miss Eva A. Ledford, who was born in Jackson county, Oregon, March 16, 1859, and is a daughter of Eli and Sarah Jane (Walker) Ledford, both of whom were natives of Missouri. They came to Oregon while still single with their respective parents in 1845, crossing the plains with ox teams, six months being consumed ere the trip was completed. Her grandfather Walker was a member of the Oregon state legislature and was also captain of Company E, of the Ninth Regiment of Oregon Militia, his company being composed of Jackson county men. The death of Mr. Ledford occurred in 1885, his widow and Mrs. Denvir surviving him. He was a volunteer of the Ninth Regiment under Colonel John E. Ross, which was organized in 1865 and only existed from October 16th to November 21st. He was then honorably discharged and was to receive for his services the usual compensation and pay for the use of his horse, but the government failed to meet its obligation. In 1859 the father with a party of men out prospecting for claims was met by a band of Indians and all were massacred by the savages, while the horses and belongings were confiscated. Mrs. Denvir was the only child of her parents. By her marriage she became the mother of six children: Mollie E., the wife of R. S. Smith; Kate, de-

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ceased; Anna Grace, the wife of Fred L. Pope, living in Elsie, Oregon; Nancy R., the wife of Edward Ridderbusch, of Jewell, Oregon; Maud A., the wife of Damon E. Stinson, of California; and Robert James, at home.

Mr. Denvir passed away on the 2d of May, 1904, leaving a widow and five children. Mrs. Denvir still owns a farm of one hundred and eighty acres, of which fifty acres is under cultivation. She is now serving as postmistress of Warrenton, which position she has filled for the past six years. Mr. Denvir was a man of many sterling traits of character and his personal qualities were such as endeared him to many friends so that genuine sorrow was felt when he passed from this life.

GEORGE A. McFARLAND. Agricultural pursuits have always engaged the attention of George A. McFarland, who is operating a ranch of twenty-five acres east of Beaverton, that formed a portion of the donation claim acquired by his father over fifty years ago. His birth occurred on the farm where he is now living, in 1859, his parents being James and Eliza McFarland, the father a native of Philadelphia, Pennsylvania, and the mother of Iowa. They were married in the latter state and there they resided until 1852, when they crossed the plains to Oregon, being among the pioneer settlers of Washington county. Here the father took up a donation claim of three hundred and twenty acres, that he operated until his death in 1882. The mother passed away in 1890. Of the seven children born to Mr. and Mrs. McFarland four are living, of whom our subject is the youngest, the others being as follows: Mary E., who married H. P. Johnson, of Portland, Oregon; Josie, the wife of Charles Overand, of Alaska; and William H., who is living in Portland. Those deceased are: Thomas, James and Ina.

The boyhood and youth of George A. McFarland were spent on the farm where he was born, his education being limited to the courses provided by the common schools of the vicinity. At the age of eighteen years he worked out as a farm hand for a time, but subsequently took charge of the home place, which he operated until the death of his parents. Soon thereafter he came into possession of his portion of the home ranch, that he immediately located upon and here he has ever since resided. He now owns twenty-five acres of land on section 3, township 2, south, range 1, west, practically all of which he has brought to a high state of cultivation. During the period of his occupancy Mr. McFarland has wrought extensive improvements in the property that now forms one of the attractive features of this section of the county. He has applied himself intelligently and industriously to the operation of his fields, that have responded to his efforts by abundant harvests. A firm believer in extensive farming, he has made a careful study of the soil on his place and the products to which it is best adapted, thus greatly increasing his annual yield and at the same time improving its quality.

On the 3d of March, 1888, was celebrated the marriage of Mr. McFarland and Miss Lillie Tibitha Burnham, also a native of this county, and a daughter of Charles and Mary E. Burnham. Mrs. McFarland lost her mother when she was a child of ten years, and her father passed away on September 17, 1911, at the age of seventy-six years. Mr. and Mrs. Burnham were the parents of seven children, four of whom are deceased. Those living are: May, the wife of Joseph Boyd, of Dilley, this state; Albert, who is a resident of Butteville; and Mrs. McFarland. Of the five children born to Mr. and Mrs. McFarland all are living with the exception of one son, Robert, who died at the age of ten years. The others are as follows: Josephine, the wife of Max Stockdale, of Silvan; Francetta and Henry W., both of whom are at home; and Emery K., who is a lad of five years. Fully appreciating the advantages of a thorough mental training Mr. McFarland has given his three elder children the advantages of a good business education, thus equipping them to meet the practical responsibilities of life.

Although he has never been an aspirant to public honors or the emoluments of office, Mr. McFarland meets the requirements of good citizenship by casting a ballot on election day, his support being accorded to the candidates of the republican party. By reason of his honest and upright life he is held in high esteem in his community, where his friends are practically coextensive with his acquaintances.

JOHN A. FERSCHWEILER is the owner of a tract of fifty acres of highly cultivated land, situated twelve miles north of Salem and two and one-half miles east of Gervais. A native of Marion county, he was born near St. Louis in 1874, the son of Peter J. and Elizabeth (Domier) Ferschweiler. The father was born in St. Cloud, Minnesota, and the mother was a native of Austria and was brought by her parents from that country to America when she was four years of age. The father and mother were married in Oregon, having come here in the early '70s, and soon after their marriage bought land in Marion county, which they occupied until the father's death, in August, 1880. At that date they owned two hundred and fifty acres and in addition the father and his brother operated the flour mills at Champoeg. The mother is still residing at Gervais, Oregon. They were the parents of five children, three of whom are now living, Susan, Christina and John A., of this review. The mother was married a second time, becoming the wife of D. Bauer, and of this union one child was born, Anna. Mr. Bauer died in February, 1884, and the mother is now the wife of Frank Nibler.

John A. Ferschweiler began life for himself at the time of his marriage when he took charge of the old homestead, which he still operates, being engaged in general farming. On the 24th of November, 1903, he was united in marriage to Miss Theresa Reiling, a native of Washington county, Oregon, born

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May 10, 1881, the daughter of Frank J. and Eleanor (Greiner) Reiling, the father a native of Ohio and the mother of Michigan. The parents were married in Kansas, where they lived until 1875, when they came to Oregon and settled in Washington county, where the father followed farming until his retirement, at which time he sold his place and is now living near Gladstone, Oregon. In their family were thirteen children, of whom Mrs. Ferschweiler was seventh in order of birth. The others were: Francis and John L., deceased; M. J.; Clara; Mary; Margaret; Charley; George J.; Agnes; Annie; Fred; and Catherine. Mr. and Mrs. Ferschweiler have become the parents of six children: Margaret and Frances, twins, born July 19, 1904; Raymond, born November 5, 1905; Leonore, born August 14, 1907; Frederick, born April 2, 1909; and Annie, born September 2, 1911.

In politics Mr. Ferschweiler votes the republican ticket, but he is very liberal in his views, and fraternally he is a member of the order of United Artisans. Both he and Mrs. Ferschweiler are much interested in the cause of education, they themselves having had the advantages of good common-school courses. The family are members of the Catholic church and their lives are guided by its teachings. Mr. Ferschweiler enjoys a wide and favorable acquaintance in the county where his entire life has been spent and is entitled to a place among its upright, respected and representative citizens.

WILLIAM B. BROWN, a farmer of Marion county, Oregon, residing twelve miles north of Salem and four miles south of Gervais, was born in Clark county, Missouri, June 22, 1858, the son of Benjamin and Mary (Hawkins) Brown, the father a native of Pennsylvania and the mother of Indiana. The parents were married in Missouri and lived there until 1860, when they crossed the plains and settled in Marion county, Oregon, on a tract of land, part of which included the present site of Woodburn. The father resided on this land until within two years of his death, when he went to live with his daughter at Longbeach, Washington, where he died in 1907, the mother having passed away several years before. In their family were thirteen children: Barbara E.; Mary Jane; Minerva A.; Emma P., deceased; A. B.; William B., of this review; Sarah D. J.; Cora May; H. D.; Loretta, deceased; S. B.; John M.; and Nancy E., deceased.

William B. Brown, being only two years of age when his parents crossed the plains, was reared and attended the common schools in Oregon. He remained at home with his parents until he was twenty-one years of age, although he had married one year previous to that time, and then began farming on land that he bought in Marion county, known as the old donation land claim, on which he lived until 1892, when he moved to the adjoining farm, where he still resides. He has followed the occupation of farming all his life and now owns two hundred and eighty-six acres of highly improved land, with two hundred and sixty acres under a high state of cultivation. He also owns property in Woodburn.

On January 1, 1879, Mr. Brown was united in marriage to Miss Olive J. Jones, a native of Marion county, Oregon, and a daughter of Mithra and Julia A. (Hubbard) Jones. The parents crossed the plains with ox teams in 1847 and settled in Marion county, where they continued to make their home. The father is still living with his daughter, Mrs. Brown, and has now reached the advanced age of eighty-two years, the mother having passed away in 1898. Six children were born to them: Ella; Olive J., now Mrs. William B. Brown; Minnie; Georgie; Charlie, deceased; and Rachel V. Mr. and Mrs. Brown have become the parents of four children. Winifred died at the age of six months. Zoe was born in 1882 and is now Mrs. Bert McAtee, of Portland, Oregon, and is the mother of a daughter, Marjory Ethel, born December 19, 1911. Lulu S. and Luke S., who are twins were born September 23, 1889, and the former is now Mrs. Andrew C. Baker, of Portland, while Luke S., who lives at home with his father, married Miss Edna Holman, of Salem, and has a son, Raymond A., born March 25, 1912. All the members of the family have a good common-school education and some of them also have completed business-college courses.

Mr. Brown's political allegiance is given to the republican party, and fraternally he is allied with the A. F. & A. M.; with the Independent Order of Odd Fellows, of which he has filled all the chairs; with the Elks of Salem and with the Foresters, having also filled all the chairs in this lodge. Since boyhood he has given his undivided attention to farming and has studied the best methods of cultivating the soil and as the result of untiring and faithful work he has reached a position where he is recognized as one of the successful and substantial men of his community.

ELDON E. ANTRIM, who is conducting a thriving grocery business in Hopewell, Oregon, was born near that city, January 26, 1868, a son of Benjamin and Sarah E. (Sawyer) Antrim. His parental grandfather was a pioneer in Logan county, Illinois, building the first brick house at Lacon. The family came from the northern part of Ireland and one of the ancestors, John Antrim, was a member of William Penn's colony. The maternal grandfather was also a pioneer of Logan county, Illinois. He was a native of Virginia and his wife, of Tennessee. Benjamin, the father of Eldon E. Antrim, was born in Dearborn county, Indiana, and was only a small child when his parents removed to Illinois, where he grew to manhood. He crossed the plains in 1849, going direct to Oregon. He spent the winter in Linn City and in 1850 he went to the mines in California, where he remained for thirteen years. He went through all the hardships and experiences of pioneer life, including participation in the two Rogue River Indian wars

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and in an engagement was wounded in the head by an Indian bullet but the injury proved to be only a slight one. Being thoroughly acquainted with that region, he was placed on scout duty where he rendered very efficient service. Finally, before the close of the war he bought one hundred and sixty acres of land near Hopewell, where he lived during the remainder of his life, his death occurring in 1893. After his arrival on the Pacific coast he married Miss Sarah E. Sawyer, a native of Logan county, Illinois, who had come to Oregon in 1847 with her parents, who located on a donation claim near Hopewell. She died at her home near Hopewell in 1897. In their family were four children: George, who is a farmer residing three miles northeast of Hopewell; Eldon E., of this review; Mary, who is now Mrs. T. E. Armstrong, of Yamhill, Oregon; and Ray L., of Portland.

Eldon E. Antrim was educated in Oregon and attended first the common schools, then Philomath College and later McMinnville College. He remained at home with his parents until he was twenty-one years of age, when he began life for himself by taking charge of a part of his father's farm, which work he continued until ten years ago. He then engaged in the grocery business in Hopewell but after three years he sold this and from 1907 to 1909 was out of business. Then he again engaged in business at Hopewell, where he has now a large stock of groceries and owns his store building and two lots.

In 1889 Mr. Antrim was married to Miss Lela Belle Cooper, a native of Oregon and a daughter of E. S. and Melissa (Stephens) Cooper, both of whom are living in Yamhill county. Mr. and Mrs. Antrim are the parents of four children. Hugh B., Benjamin F. Oscar C., and Metta M., all of whom are at home.

In politics Mr. Antrim is an independent, and fraternally he is identified with the Independent Order of Odd Fellows at Amity. Mrs. Antrim is a member of the United Brethren church. He is recognized as a man of laudable ambition and marked energy, who seldom fails to carry forward to successful completion whatever he undertakes.

CHARLES H. WELCH, now retired, an Oregon pioneer who in 1882 bought land for a farm which is now solidly built up within Portland's boundaries, was born in Otsego county, New York, July 14, 1839, his parents being William V. and Lucy P. (Pringle) Welch. The father's birth occurred in Pennsylvania on the 29th of June, 1806, while the mother was born in New York on the 4th of July, 1806. They were of Welsh and Scotch lineage respectively. William V. Welch and Lucy P. Pringle were married in New York and resided on the old homestead farm in that state until 1846, when they disposed of the property and removed to Illinois, purchasing a farm in Boone county. Subsequently they took up their abode in McHenry county and there also purchased a farm. In 1862 Mr. Welch sold out again and returned to the state of New York, where he bought a farm and remained for some years. Subsequently he took up his abode in Ohio and later removed to Iowa. He passed away in Oregon on the 3d of April, 1896, while paying a visit to his son Charles. His wife was called to her final rest in 1881. Both are buried in Multnomah county, Oregon. Their children were six in number, as follows: William, who died in Colorado at the age of fifty years; John, whose demise occurred in Kansas in the year 1881; Charles H., of this review; Frances, the widow of J. D. Maynard, who passed away in 1897; Katherine, who died in infancy; and David, whose death occurred in 1897.

The parents of Charles H. Welch removed to Illinois when he was about seven years old, and the greater part of his youth was passed and his education gained in that state, where he attended the public schools. He remained at home until 1861, when he enlisted for three years' service with the Federal forces, becoming a member of Company F of the Forty-fifth Illinois Volunteer Infantry. During the period of his first enlistment he was promoted to the rank of corporal. The Forty-fifth Regiment was known as the Washburn Lead Mine Regiment and was organized at Camp Washington, near Galena, by John E. Smith, who was commissioned as colonel. On November 22, the regiment moved to Camp Douglas, Chicago, where it was mustered into the United States service on the 25th of December, 1861. On January 12, 1862, it moved to Cairo, Illinois, where Mr. Welch was assigned to the Second Brigade, First Division, which left the next day with Grant's army for Tennessee. The army camped near Fort Henry, and it received its baptism of fire at Fort Donelson on February 14 and 16, and on March 4 moved to Savannah, Tennessee, and thence to Pittsburg Landing, camping near Shiloh Church. Mr. Welch's regiment was in the front line of battle in the engagement at Shiloh, during which conflict twenty-six of its members were killed, while the wounded and missing numbered one hundred and ninety-nine. The regiment afterward took part in the seige of Corinth, Mississippi, and on November 22, marched for La Grange, Tennessee, where it guarded the city, subsequently moving to Holly Springs, Mississippi. In February, 1863, with the Seventeenth Corps, it moved on to Vicksburg and took part in the engagements at Port Gibson, Raymond and Champion's Hill, participating in the siege of Vicksburg. The regiment made three charges on Vicksburg on the 19th, 22d and 25th days of May, respectively, losing in the last charge eighty-three men in killed and wounded. The regiment remained on guard before Vicksburg from July 4, to October, 1863, and then took part in the Canton raid from November 7, 1863, to February 3, 1864, and encamped at Black river, during which period nearly to a man, the regiment reenlisted. His first period of enlistment having expired, Corporal Welch also reenlisted while at Black river, where he took part in the Meridan raid and then went home on a furlough. He rejoined the army on June 7, at Etowah, Geor-

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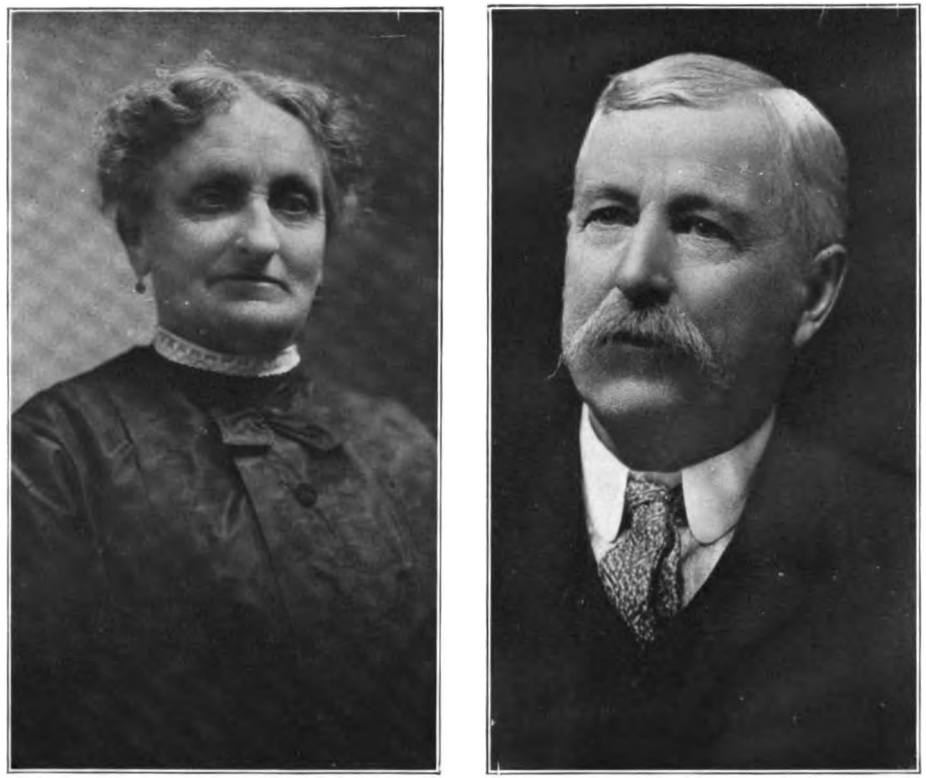

MR. AND MRS. C. H. WELCH

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gia. His regiment then took part in the Atlanta campaign and at Savannah, Georgia, joined Sherman in his march to the sea. On January 4, 1865, Mr. Welch started with his regiment on the campaign of the Carolinas, taking part in the engagements of Pocotaligo, South Carolina, Fayetteville and Bentonville, and after Johnson surrendered, marched to Washington, where Corporal Welch was honorably discharged on July 8, 1865. When he returned to his father's home in New York he had been wounded three times, his injuries at one time being so serious that he was laid up for two months.

At the end of a year Mr. Welch left the Empire state and removed to Boone county, Illinois, where he engaged in farming for two years. On the expiration of that period he went to Tama county, Iowa, there following farming for ten years. Subsequently he spent three years in Kansas and at the end of that time, in 1882, came to Oregon, settling in Multnomah county, where he purchased land covered with dense forest which is now built up solidly and is part of the city of Portland. As the city rapidly grew, Mr. Welch sold off tract after tract of his holdings in subdivisions, and the land is now completely assimilated by this great city. He still owns three and a half acres in block 1.

On the 16th of May, 1866, Mr. Welch was married to Miss Esther Crittenden, whose birth occurred in Boone county, Illinois, May 18, 1845, her parents being Philander and Maria L. (Williams) Crittenden, both natives of Ohio. They were long residents of Illinois, Mr. Crittenden there occupying a farm until his death, which occurred on the 30th of August, 1873. His wife was called to her final rest in 1870. In the Crittenden family were nine children, namely: Elmira, who is the wife of T. J. Bishop, of Minnesota; Rosaltha, who is deceased; Henry, who laid down his life on the altar of his country, being killed in the Civil war in 1862; Amanda, Cynthia A. and Adelaide, all of whom died in infancy; Mrs. Esther Welch; Julia M., the wife of Leonard Gleason, of Illinois; and Isaac Newton, whose whereabouts are unknown. Unto Mr. and Mrs. Welch have been born six children: Jessie C., born August 31, 1867, was the wife of T. W. Searles, and passed away on the 20th of February, 1907; Willie I., whose natal day was September 22, 1869, died on the 27th of December, 1876, when seven years of age; Gertie and Bertie, twins, were born on the 28th of March, 1872, and passed away on the 1st of January, 1877, when five years of age, dying within a few hours of each other; Julia E., whose birth occurred on the 27th of April, 1877, is the wife of H. G. McGowan, of Lyle, Washington. She taught school for seven years prior to her marriage and is also proficient in the arts of music and painting. Verna L., born November 13, 1881, is the wife of Charles G. Royle, who is connected with the printing bureau at Washington, D. C. Mrs. Royle pursued a course in bookkeeping prior to her marriage, and has also studied vocal music. Mrs. Esther Welch has both a college and musical education and followed the profession of teaching for several terms prior to her marriage.

Mr. Welch gives his political allegiance to the republican party, but has never sought nor desired office as a reward for his fealty. He belongs to Evening Star Grange, No. 27, and is one of the four surviving charter members of Sumner Post, No. 12, G. A. R. He and his family are affiliated with the Missionary Baptist church. With a creditable war record and having played an important part in the development of Multnomah county, Mr. Welch at a mature age is enjoying in peace and comfort in his home in Portland the rewards which his active life's labors have brought him. He is among the most honored of the old settlers of Multnomah county, and to him Portland is indebted in no small degree for many acts of service to her.

JOHN A. MONTGOMERY. One of the representatives of the pioneer families of Astoria is John A. Montgomery, whose birth occurred in this city on the 8th of September, 1861. His parents were Almerin and Fanny (Clark) Montgomery, the father a native of New York, having been born in 1822, and the mother of Vermont, her birth occurring in 1825, both are now deceased. In the paternal line our subject is descended from General Montgomery of Revolutionary fame, while some of the maternal ancestors were signers of the Declaration of Independence, and several of Mrs. Montgomery's brothers were in the Civil war. The father, who was a cooper by trade, came to Oregon in 1852, crossing the plains with an ox team. The mother came seven years later by way of the isthmus, sailing from New York to Astoria, where she was married the same year. Mr. Montgomery was quite prominently identified with public affairs during the pioneer days, having served as sheriff of Clatsop county for eight years during the '60s, and for sixteen years he was inspector at the custom house. Mr. and Mrs. Montgomery had two children, a son, John A., and a daughter, Laura now deceased.

John A. Montgomery obtained his education in the public and high schools of Astoria, where he was reared to manhood. After leaving school he learned the trade of a tinsmith and plumber, becoming in 1880 a member of the firm of C. E. Jackens & Company, with which he was identified for nine years. In 1889 he removed to Pacific county, Washington, where he resided for ten years, conducting a general merchandise store at Willapa. At the expiration of that period he returned to Astoria and again engaged in the plumbing business in connection with which he also does tinning and sheet metal work and sells and installs heating plants. Mr. Montgomery has built up an extensive patronage and is doing a satisfactory business.

On the 20th of June, 1882, was solemnized the marriage of Mr. Montgomery and Miss Emma T. Morris, who was born in Manchester, England, whence she came to the United

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States in 1881 with her parents, Richard and Jane (Taylor) Morris. Her father was a foundryman in the mother country but after locating in Pacific county, Washington, engaged in ranching. Of the union of Mr. and Mrs. Montgomery there has been born one daughter, Dorothy John, whose birth occurred in Willapa, Washington. She is now a student in the high school here.

The religious affiliation of the family is with the Methodist Episcopal church, while fraternally Mr. Montgomery belongs to the Ancient Order of United Workmen, Maccabees and the Owls. His allegiance is given to the republican party, but he does not seek political preferment or position, though he takes active interest in party issues and exacts his constitutional right and duty on election day faithfully. Although he is progressive and public-spirited in matters of citizenship he has never been an aspirant to municipal honors, preferring to give his undivided attention to the development of his business, in the conduct of which he is meeting with very good success.

MRS. CLARA COLLINS is the owner of a farm of forty acres not far from Haines, Oregon, and in its management and control she displays good business ability and sound judgment. She was born in Kansas, April 17, 1864, and after residing there for some years went to Missouri. From the latter state she came to the northwest, settling in Oregon, where she became the wife of John Brasier on the 8th of October, 1882. They became the parents of seven children: Geneva, born August 1, 1883; Mettie, born August 14, 1885; Arthur, who was born April 12, 1887, and died in infancy; James, born June 18, 1890; William, born October 10, 1892; Ellen, born January 1, 1894; and Elsie, born May 3, 1899. All are yet residents of Oregon. On the 17th of June, 1905, Mrs. Brasier became the wife of John Collins, from whom she separated in February, 1908. She has always lived on the forty-acre tract of land which is now her home, has succeeded in rearing her children to be a credit to herself and to the community and has ever enjoyed the warm regard and respect of those who know her. She holds membership in the Methodist church, faithfully performs her religious duties and greatly aids that church in its work and in the promotion of its influence. She has a wide circle of friends and both she and her family are well and favorably known in Haines and vicinity.

G. P. TERRELL. One of the most straightforward, energetic and successful business men of Mehama, Marion county, is G. P. Terrell, who is engaged in the general mercantile business. He was born in Litchfield county, Connecticut, February 1, 1836, the son of Sylvester and Almyra (Clemmont) Terrell, both of whom were natives of Connecticut and passed all their lives there. They were the parents of seven children: Elizabeth, who resides in Connecticut; Abigail and Emma, deceased; Rhoda Anne, who resides at Flushing, Long Island; G. P., of this review; Willis, who was in the Civil war and died while in service; and Hubert, who also served in the Civil war and who died at the Soldiers' Home, Norton, Connecticut, in 1912.

G. P. Terrell received his education in the common schools and in an academy in Connecticut, and remained at home until 1858, when he went to Kansas City, Missouri. In 1860 he crossed the plains settling in Polk county, Oregon, and then went to Salem, where he remained six months. Subsequently he removed to Idaho and engaged in mining but after a short time went to Walla Walla, Washington, and later returned to Salem and has since resided in Marion county. In 1880 he engaged in the mercantile business in Mehama, where he now has a well equipped general store. He owns, besides, two hundred and fifty acres of land in Marion county and one hundred and sixty acres in Taney county, Missouri. He has been associated with the mercantile business the greater part of his life.

In 1867 Mr. Terrell was united in marriage to Miss Emma Smith, a native of the state of New York, and they have become the parents of two children: Ralph W., of Roseburg, Oregon; and Lila, who is the wife of J. W. Irvine, who is in business with Mr. Terrell. In politics Mr. Terrell is a republican and he has served as county commissioner for four years and also as county judge for the same period. He is a member of the Congregational church and his wife is a member of the Presbyterian. Fraternally he is identified with the Independent Order of Odd Fellows and with the Elks and the Ancient Order of United Workmen, all at Salem. Mr. Terrell deserves much credit for what he has accomplished in a business way and may rightfully be termed a self-made man.

MRS. MAY BELL ANDERSON is the owner of a fine farm of two hundred acres situated six and a half miles west of Carlton and to its cultivation and improvement she gives her personal attention and supervision. She was born in Iowa on the 10th of May, 1861, and is a daughter of John Hamilton and Mary (Simpson) Walker, of whom extended mention is made in connection with the sketch of her brother, Daniel A. Walker, on another page of this work. She was married in 1881 to August William Anderson and four children were born unto them: Violet, who was born on the 26th of November, 1882, and is the wife of Elon Wallace, of McMinnville, Oregon; Lottie, born August 16, 1884, who is the wife of B. L. Bell and resides four miles north of McMinnville; Goldie, who died at the age of nine months; and Earl, who was born on the 23d of October, 1889, and who operates the homestead property for his mother.

Mrs. Anderson secured a legal separation from her husband in 1892 and she is now living on her farm of two hundred acres with her son Earl. She inherited this property from her father and it is one of the

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well developed farms of the district, supplied with many modern equipments, conveniences and appointments. Mrs. Anderson and her family are widely and favorably known in this locality and enjoy the warm regard of all.

MURRAY A. WADE was born in Maine in 1829, a son of Alfred and Sarah (Gilkey) Wade. The father was also a native of Maine and lived there until 1858, when he came to Oregon by way of the Isthmus of Panama and settled in Marion county, later removing to Salem, where he died at the age of seventy-two years. The mother was a native of Massachusetts and she died in Salem, Oregon, at the age of ninety-three. They were the parents of four children, of whom only Murray A., of this review, survives. The others were: a child who was drowned at the age of one and one-half years; Sarah G.; and W. L.

Murray A. Wade started out in life for himself at the age of fourteen years by going to sea as a sailor, which occupation he followed until he was twenty-four years of age. He studied navigation under John Mederkin, of Maine, who later was a representative in congress. On the vessel he filled the position of mate, and, since he was qualified as lunar observer, being one of the few in the United States who at that were fitted for the work, he was of great assistance to his captain. He made voyages from Bangor, Maine, to different ports of Europe and America, and he has visited almost all of the ports of the latter country. He left the ship in 1853 on account of certain disadvantages in the work and was employed for fourteen years in a machine shop in Boston. At the end of that time he came to Oregon on board a packet ship, by way of Nicaragua, and settled in Marion county. He bought one hundred and sixty acres of land on which he still resides. During his early days in Oregon he lived in a log house and experienced various privations in common with his fellow pioneers. He now owns three hundred and seventy-five acres of finely improved land, two hundred acres of which is under a high state of cultivation.

In 1860 Mr. Wade was united in marriage with Miss Jane Webb, a native of Indiana and a daughter of Mr. and Mrs. James Webb, who were married in that state in 1844. The parents crossed the plains and at first settled in Oregon City, where they lived two years. Subsequently they took up a donation land claim of six hundred and forty acres near Parkersville, where they resided until their deaths, the mother dying at the age of seventy-four and the father at the age of eighty-six years. To them thirteen children were born, those still living being: Mary; Jane, now Mrs. Murray A. Wade; Tobisa; Harriet; Mrs. D. Skeen; Annie; Margaret; Frank; Daniel and Lucinda. Mr. and Mrs. Wade were the parents of seven children: Minnie, who taught school for thirteen years and is now the wife of Andrew Sigman, of Marion county, Oregon; Ida, who also engaged in teaching school for several years and is now at home; Frank, at home; Sarah, deceased; Malinda, at home; and Lincoln and Christinia, deceased.

Mr. Wade is a republican in his political views but is without aspiration for office, preferring to give his time and attention to business affairs. Fraternally he is identified with the Independent Order of Odd Fellows and the Grange. He and all his family are zealous members of the Christian church. As Mr. Wade in his first position, on account of his faithfulness and ability, became a valued mate for the crew of his vessel, so in a larger sense his worthiness and energy have made him a valued man in his community.

W. A. WHITE was born in Madison county, Indiana, July 10, 1849, a son of Thomas J. and Rachel A. (Meryfield) White, both natives of Indiana. The first American ancestors of the family were passengers on the Mayflower and in later generations members of the family removed to the middle west, the grandfather of W. A. White spending all his life in Indiana. The father and mother were married in Indiana and lived there until 1853, when they repaired to Iowa, locating near Corydon, where they resided until 1862. At that time they started across the plains with teams and wagons, W. A. White riding on horseback all the way and helping to drive the cattle. They were exactly six months in making the journey from Corydon to the Grande Ronde valley, Oregon, where they settled and lived four years. Subsequently they bought seven hundred and fifteen acres of land eighteen miles east of Salem, residing there the rest of their lives. Thomas J. White was a very successful man in business and became a noted farmer and cattle raiser. He died in 1900, one of the most highly honored men of his county and a very prominent Mason, his wife having passed away six years before his death. In their family were nine children, of whom W. A. White was the eldest. The others are; James F., who resides near Salem, Oregon; Mrs. Amanda E. King, of Salem; Mrs. Josephine King, residing near the old homestead; Thomas, who lives north of Salem; Belle, the wife of Charles Mull, who lives twelve miles from Portland; Myrtle, the wife of J. T. Hunt, who resides east of Salem; Wesley M., a resident of Seattle, Washington; and Lewis, of Salem, Oregon.

W. A. White attended the public schools in Iowa and in Oregon, remaining at home with his parents until he was twenty-two years of age. He then began farming east of Salem, where he continued until 1884, when he went to Aumsville, Oregon, and engaged in the general mercantile business. After two years he again started in farming, buying a tract of land sixteen miles east of Salem, where he remained two years. Subsequently he bought a farm near Aumsville, Oregon, upon which he resided two years and then went south, settling near the Willamette river, where he bought a farm of seventy-eight acres seven miles east of Port-

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land and here resided for eight years. He still owns this farm, upon which he has made many improvements, and he also owns a house and lot and has store buildings in Hopewell. When he first came to Hopewell he engaged in the butchering business for one and one-half years and then established a grocery store, which he still conducts.

Mr. White has been twice married. In 1871 he wedded Miss Jane T. King, a native of Oregon and to them were born five children: Mrs. Effie May Ledgerwood, a widow residing at Portland; William M., of Walla Walla, Washington; Edwin K., of Portland, Oregon; Claude C., of Salem; and Thomas C., also of Salem. In 1903 Mr. White married Miss Mabel Irene Landreth and they have two children, Hauntz and Mabel Irene Josephine, both of whom are at home. Politically Mr. White is in symapthy with the democratic party and although he has never cared to hold office, he has been constable and filled other official positions. He has been a member of the A. F. & A. M. at Salem, Oregon, for twenty-five years. His early pioneer days and varied business experiences have given him a broad knowledge of human character and the competence that he now enjoys is proof that his time has been successfully and profitably spent.

HON. LARK BILYEU. Something of the standing of the Hon. Lark Bilyeu among his professional associates is indicated by the fact that for four years he has been honored with election to the office of president of the Lane County Bar Association; his reputation among the laity is indicated by the fact that a most liberal and distinctively representative clientage is accorded him. He has practiced law in Eugene since 1882, and has been connected with the most important litigation tried in the courts of this district. He was born in Miller county, Missouri, May 24, 1852, and is a son of Joseph and Anna (Osborne) Bilyeu. The father was born near Cumberland, Tennessee, and when he was seven years of age his parents removed to Missouri. They were all farmers and were identified with agricultural interests in that state until 1862, when the family came to Oregon, settling in Linn county. The father lived there and in Albany throughout his remaining days, passing away in Albany in December, 1907, when about eighty-five years of age.

The Hon. Lark Bilyeu was partially educated in the public schools, having been only about ten years old when the journey to the northwest was made. He also attended the Pacific University at Forest Grove and then took up the profession of teaching, which he followed for seven years before his admission to the bar, acting for a time as superintendent of the schools of Linn county. He has always been a stanch friend of the cause of education and his efforts in that direction have been far-reaching and beneficial. He next took up the study of law, reading under the direction of Judge Strand. He was admitted to the bar in December, 1877, and the regard entertained for him by his preceptor is indicated by the fact that he was admitted to a partnership, the relation so continuing until Judge Strand was called to the supreme court bench. In 1882 Mr. Bilyeu removed to Eugene, where he has since practiced, and has always been alone in his professional work there. He is a most capable lawyer, his comprehensive knowledge of the principles of jurisprudence being manifest in the clear and accurate way in which he applies legal principles to the points at issue. His practice is now extensive and that he is honored and respected by his professional colleagues is indicated by the fact that for four years he has been elected to the presidency of the Lane County Bar Association.

On December 20, 1881, Mr. Bilyeu was united in marriage to Miss Margaret Irvine, a daughter of R. A. Irvine. She was born in Linn county, and has one son, Coke. Fraternally Mr. Bilyeu is connected with Eugene Lodge, No. 1, F. & A. M., of which he is a past master, and he also belongs to Eugene Chapter, No. 10, R. A. M.; Ivanhoe Commandery, K. T., of which he is a past eminent commander; Oregon Consistory, No. 1, M. R. S., and Al Kader Temple of the Mystic Shrine. His political allegiance is given to the democratic party and he has served as a member of the city council for a number of terms but is not a politician in the usually accepted sense of office seeking. He has served, however, for three terms—1885, 1887 and 1896—in the state legislature and he obtained the first appropriation for the State University of which he has ever been a stalwart champion, this appropriation providing for the building of Millard Hall. He was likewise a member of the first board of equalization and his public work has at all times been of a most practical and valuable character. At the same time he is recognized as one of the strong and able attorneys of the Oregon bar, carefully analyzing and strongly presenting his cases, and in the work of the courts has won many verdicts favorable to his clients. He has indeed been a leader of public thought and action and one who has wielded a wide influence on public opinion.

CLYDE T. HOCKETT, M. D., is one of the well known physicians and surgeons of Enterprise, where he has been identified with the medical fraternity for the past four years. A son of Jesse M. and Sarah (Booth) Hockett, he was born on his father's ranch in Douglas county, Oregon, on the 26th of February, 1878. Jesse M. Hockett is a native of Iowa, in which state he was reared to the age of two years, and very soon after passing the second anniversary of his birth in 1847, his parents with their five children, of whom he was the youngest, started across the plains with an ox team. Both the father and mother died en route, the care of the family then devolving on the eldest child, Rachel, who had attained her maturity and soon thereafter married John Griffith and reared her younger brothers and sisters. She died when Jesse M. Hockett

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was a youth of thirteen years, after which he was bound out to a man by the name of Bronson, who resided in the vicinity of Portland. He continued to live with him until he was nineteen when he began working for himself. As he was ambitious and desired to acquire a better education he went to Wilbur, this state, and worked his way through Umpqua Academy. Later he matriculated at Willamette University at Salem, where he studied for a time and then turned his attention to teaching, following this profession for ten years. He subsequently acquired a ranch in Douglas county, this state, upon which he settled and has ever since devoted his attention to its further improvement and cultivation. It is located five miles from Eugene and is one of the valuable properties of the county, the land being used for general farming and fruit culture. Mr. Hockett is one of the foremost citizens of his community and has always taken an active part in all political affairs, giving his support to the men and measures of the republican party.

Dr. Hockett was reared at home, attending the common schools of that vicinity in the acquirement of an education until graduated from the Grants Pass high school. He then went to Ashland Normal College, but in his sophomore year the Spanish-American war broke out and in common with many of his classmates he responded to his country's call for troops. Enlisting in Company B, Second Oregon Volunteer Infantry, he was assigned duty in the Philippines, his being the first regiment to land on the islands. He continued in the service for a little more than a year, having enlisted on May 10, 1898, and being discharged at San Francisco on the 7th of August, 1899. In the fall of 1900, he matriculated in the medical department of Willamette University, being awarded the degree of M. D. from this institution with the class of 1904. He was an excellent student and early gave evidence of possessing more than average skill both as a diagnostician and surgeon and during his senior year he was house physician in the city hospital, the experience he there received proving of inestimable value to him later when he began practicing. Immediately following his graduation he went to Cottage Grove, Lane county, this state, where he established an office that he successfully maintained for three years. In July, 1907, he removed to the eastern part of the state, settling in Enterprise, and during the five years of his residence here he has succeeded in building up a large and lucrative practice. Dr. Hockett in the choice of a profession very happily decided in favor of a vocation to which he is most ably adapted by nature, possessing the pleasing personality, optimistic temperament, and acute mental faculties so essential to both physician and surgeon.

In 1903, Dr. Hockett was united in marriage to Miss Grace Suter of Salem, Oregon, a daughter of E. O. Suter, who died at Jervis, this state, when his daughter was a child of but two years. Mrs. Hockett, who passed away in May, 1911, was also a niece of Senator Ben Harding, one of the prominent men of the northwest. Two children were born to Dr. and Mrs. Hockett, Asahel J. and Wayfe E. On the 11th of December, 1911, Dr. Hockett was married to Mrs. Louise Wade Long, a daughter of Aaron Wade, one of the prominent and influential ranchmen of Wallowa county.

Dr. Hockett is a member of the Presbyterian church, and fraternally he is affiliated with Wallowa Lodge, No. 82, A. F. & A. M., and the Enterprise Chapter, R. A. M. He is also a member of Enterprise Lodge, No. 94, K. of P., while he maintains relations with his fellow practitioners through the medium of his connection with the Wallowa County Medical Society of which he is vice president. In politics he is a republican and during the greater part of his residence in Enterprise he has represented his ward in the town council, and in the last election he was a candidate for state representative but was defeated by Jerry Rusk. Dr. Hockett is very popular both socially and professionally, and is meeting with excellent success in his practice, having had ample opportunity during the period of his residence here to demonstrate his skill both as a physician and surgeon.

JOSEPH W. HAYES, residing on an excellent farm of one hundred and sixty-five acres one mile west of Carlton, was long known as a successful breeder of full-blooded horses but has now retired from that branch of activity, although he still owns several high grade specimens of the noble steed. His birth occurred in Posey county, Indiana, on the 24th of March, 1858, his parents being Thomas W. and Keziah (Murphy) Hayes, who were born, reared and married in the Hoosier state. In 1865 they made their way to Oregon via the Isthmus of Panama, settling in Marion county, where they lived for seven years. On the expiration of that period they came to Yamhill county, purchasing a farm of two hundred and seventy-five acres near Yamhill, whereon they continued to reside until 1890. In that year Mr. Hayes put aside the active work of the fields and took up his abode at Sheridan, Oregon, where he has since lived in honorable retirement. He has now attained the age of seventy-six years, while his wife is seventy-five years old. The period of their residence in the Sunset state covers forty-six years and they are therefore largely familiar with its annals from pioneer times down to the present. Unto them were born six sons and two daughters, as follows: Mrs. Archibald, who is a resident of Marion county, Oregon; Joseph W., of this review; Edward L., living in Polk county, Oregon; John L., who died at Milton, Oregon, when forty years of age; James B., of Sheridan, Oregon; Willard, who was accidentally drowned when eleven years of age; Mrs. Maggie S. Easterbrook, who makes her home in Bellingham, Washington; and Silas, of Yamhill county, Oregon.

Joseph W. Hayes, who was a lad of seven when he came to this state with his parents,

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acquired his education in the common schools and when a youth of nineteen began working as a farm hand. Subsequently he became a breeder of full-blooded horses, raising Norman and also fast stock in connection with his agricultural interests. He first purchased a farm at Yamhill and there made his home until 1901, while during the following six years he resided at Glencoe. In 1907 he took up his abode at Sheridan, on another of his farms, being successfully engaged in its operation for three years. At the end of that time he purchased the tract of one hundred and sixty-five acres near Carlton whereon he has since resided. At the present time more than one hundred acres of his land is under a high state of cultivation. As an agriculturist he has won a well merited measure of prosperity, annually gathering rich crops which find a ready sale on the market. He is still a great fancier of fine horses and yet owns several high grade stallions but has retired as a breeder.

Mr. Hayes has been married twice. In 1886 he wedded Miss Mary E. Rice, a native of Marion county, Oregon, by whom he had three children, namely: Harland B., who is married and resides at John Day, Oregon; and Veda M. and Ila, both living at Salem, this state. Mr. and Mrs. Hayes obtained a legal separation in 1891 and the latter passed away in 1904. In 1901 our subject was again married, his second union being with Mrs. Drusilla Jones, a daughter of George and Louisa Corey, the former of whom crossed the plains to Oregon in 1852 and the latter in 1850. They were married in Oregon. The demise of George Corey occurred in June, 1887, while his wife was called to her final rest in July, 1896. Their children were three in number, namely: James, who is a resident of Mountaindale, Washington county, Oregon; Mrs. Drusilla Hayes; and John, who died at the age of forty-four years. Mr. and Mrs. Hayes have two children: Elma L., whose birth occurred March 7, 1902; and Lela C., whose natal day was October 29, 1906.

Since age conferred upon him the right of franchise Mr. Hayes has supported the men and measures of the democracy, believing firmly in its principles. From 1883 until 1888 he served as guard at the state prison of Oregon. His life has been well spent. In all of its relations he has been true to high and honorable principles and has never faltered in a choice between right and wrong but has always endeavored to follow a course that his judgment and his conscience have sanctioned.

LEWIS C. THOMPSON. Widely known in Yamhill county, where he has spent much of his life, Lewis C. Thompson needs no introduction to the residents of his part of the state because his important business interests have brought him into contact with many. He is one of the foremost representatives of agricultural life in Oregon, his operations being carried on most extensively. Moreover, he is president of the Thompson Company, a close corporation formed to manage the extensive property holdings of the Thompson estate on the Pacific coast.

He was born at Oregon City, Oregon, August 23, 1847, his parents being R. R. and Harriet (Bell) Thompson, who were natives of Pennsylvania and Ohio respectively. They were married at Cadiz in the latter state and there resided until 1846, when they crossed the plains to the northwest, first settling at Vancouver, Washington, where they spent one winter. They then removed to Oregon City, where Mr. Thompson engaged in milling and in speculating and also spent a part of his time at cabinet making. In 1850, attracted by the discovery of gold in California, he went to the mines, after which he returned to Oregon, having spent but a brief time in the mining regions. He took up his abode near The Dalles in eastern Oregon, where he secured a donation claim of six hundred and forty acres. It was entirely wild and undeveloped but he proved up his claim and became an active factor in the development not only of his own property but of that portion of the state. After residing there for six years he built the first seamboat of that district and operated it on the upper Columbia river for a few years. Later this became the property of a steamboat company which was organized and still later became one of the boats owned by the Oregon Railway & Navigation Company. While engaged in the steamboat business he purchased a large farm consisting of twenty-five hundred acres in Yamhill county, owning this from 1872 up to the time of his death, which occurred in 1908. He did not reside upon the place, which, however, was operated by his son Lewis, who purchased the property following the father's demise. Again R. R. Thompson went to California, this time settling at Alameda, where he established the first waterworks of the place. He afterward sold out at Alameda and removed to San Francisco, California, where he resided until his death, while his wife passed away five months later.

In their family were ten children: Eliza F., who is the widow of M. A. King and resides in Alameda, California; Sarah A., the wife of Colonel O. W. Pollock, of San Francisco; Mary Ellen, who died in San Francisco; Lewis C.; Martha J., the wife of D. Linderman, of San Francisco; R. H., a speculator of Portland; Walter S., of San Francisco; Clara Lilly, who became the wife of Charles Yates and both are now deceased; Frank, of San Francisco; and Hattie Bell, the wife of I. W. Borden, of San Francisco.

Lewis C. Thompson completed his education in 1866, when eighteen years of age, and started out in business life, being employed first as clerk and later as telegraph operator in the steamboat office at The Dalles, where he remained for five years. He then went upon a ranch as a cowboy and was employed in that way in Oregon for two years. In September, 1872, he came to Yamhill county and took charge of his father's extensive farm of twenty-five hundred acres, while he continued to cultivate for his father

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until the latter's death, when he purchased the property. It has since been his home and his labors have converted it into one of the finest improved farms of the northwest. It is pleasantly located about three miles west of Carlton, Oregon, and seven miles northwest of McMinnville, and he now has eight hundred acres of the land under a high state of cultivation, returning annually to him large and gratifying harvests. After the death of their parents Lewis C. Thompson and his brothers and sisters organized the estate as a corporation, there being three sisters and four brothers who are thus interested in vast property holdings in San Francisco, Portland and Tacoma. Of this corporation Lewis C. Thompson is the president. Recently he has made extensive improvements on the property in Portland, consisting of the erection of the Multnomah Hotel and also on the Peters building at the corner of Second and Davis streets. He has also established a hotel—the Hotel Levens—on Ash street. They have also made improvements on their property in San Francisco, erecting business houses at the corner of Main and Market and at Fremont and Market streets.

In 1870 Mr. Thompson was united in marriage to Miss Emma M. Juker, who was born in New York and came around Cape Horn in 1852 with her parents as passengers on the Fredonia. The family first settled at The Dalles and her father was first sergeant in the United States army. He was on military duty in Oregon for a time and when honorably discharged he turned his attention to merchandising at The Dalles, continuing in business there until his death in 1870. His widow still survives him and is now living with her children at the age of eighty years. Unto Mr. and Mrs. Juker were born five children: Mrs. Thompson; Harry E., a resident of Yamhill county; Lillie, the wife of Thurston Daniels, of Vancouver; William T., who is a twin brother of Lillie and lives in La Fayette, Yamhill county; and Gussie K., the wife of C. F. Hobart, of Spokane, Washington.

Unto Mr. and Mrs. Thompson have been born five children, as follows: Lewis L., born in 1871, who is married and resides in Portland, Oregon; Lawrence E., whose natal year was 1874 and who is also married and lives in Portland; Clarence G., born in 1877, who was accidentally drowned when twenty-eight years of age; Nina B., born in 1882, who is at home; and R. R., born in 1892, who is also yet under the parental roof. The family have a very wide acquaintance throughout Yamhill county and Mr. Thompson is recognized as one of the prominent and representative business men. He holds membership in the Elks lodge of Salem and in the Odd Fellows lodge at McMinnville and he gives his political indorsement to the democratic party but has never held nor sought office, preferring to leave himself free for the management of his important business affairs or for the enjoyment of those activities which are to him a matter of interest and pleasure. He is today one of the leading and most successful agriculturists of Yamhill county, supervising extensive interests which are conducted along most progressive lines, and in the management and control of the property of the Thompson estate he has also done much for the improvement of different cities where these interests are located. His judgment is sound, his descrimination keen, his sagacity farreaching, and his well formulated plans are carried forward to successful completion.

G. G. CHRISTENSON is the owner of an excellent farm of eighty-seven acres near Dayton and its well tilled fields and substantial buildings make it one of the attractive features of the landscape. He was born in Waushara county, Wisconsin, January 19, 1862, a son of George and Anne (Anderson) Christenson, both natives of Copenhagen, Denmark. The parents came to the United States nine years before the birth of their son G. G. and located in Racine county, Wisconsin, where they remained for four years and then removed to Waushara county, residing there twelve years. They next went to Grundy county, Iowa, where they resided until 1874, when they came to Oregon, settling in Amity, where the father died in 1890 and the mother in 1902. In their family were twelve children, six of whom were born in Denmark and six in America. They are: Mary, deceased; Andrew, residing at Newberg, Oregon; Hans, a carpenter at Newberg; Nels, of Wisconsin; Peter, a farmer of North Dakota; Christ, residing near Dayton, Oregon; Carrie, Anna and Johnnie, all deceased; Ellen, who is the wife of John Carter and resides at Newberg; G. G., of this review; and Sarah, deceased.

G. G. Christenson was educated in the common schools of Iowa and remained at home until he was seventeen years of age, when he started out in life for himself on a farm near Newberg, Oregon, where he remained until 1899, when he moved to Amity, residing there seven years. He then lived for three years at Hopewell, after which he came to his present home near Dayton. He is now engaged in general farming, owning a tract of eighty-seven acres, and his neatness and industry are shown in the many improvements he has put upon his place. He has remodeled all the buildings, making them among the best in this part of the community, and has converted his home into a beautiful place.

Mr. Christenson has twice married. In 1885 he wedded Miss Sophia Martesen, a native of Denmark. She died in 1895, leaving three children: Carrie, living at Amity; William and Erlena, at home. His second wife, whom he married in 1896, was Miss Sina Jensen, a native of Minnesota and of Danish parentage. Unto this union have been born four children: Irvin, Georgia, Mildred and Chester, all at home.

Politically Mr. Christenson is a republican and fraternally he is identified with the Brotherhood of American Yeomen at Amity, while both he and his wife are members of the Baptist church. He has inherited many

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of the sturdy characteristics of his worthy ancestry and these have made him a most useful and worthy citizen. He is widely known as a man who has the welfare of the community at heart, giving his support to many projects for the public good.

JAMES PARVIN. Time is rapidly thinning the ranks of Lane county's old pioneers, those brave men and women who formed the advance guard of civilization and courageously faced the hardships and privations incident to life on the frontier, leaving behind them all of the comforts to which they had been accustomed, to establish homes for themselves and families on the western plains. Of such as these was the late James Parvin, who had been a resident of this county for fifty-five years at the time of his death on December 17, 1908, at the age of nearly seventy-eight. He was born in Indiana on the 2d of May, 1831, and was a son of Hosea Parvin by his first marriage. The parents were married in Indiana, whence they removed in 1832 to Illinois, and there the mother passed away. The father subsequently married again and removed to Texas, in which state he passed the remainder of his life. The family of Hosea Parvin was very large, but the majority of the members are now deceased.

James Parvin was only a child of one year when his parents removed to Illinois, where he was reared to manhood and received his schooling. In common with many other young men, he was desirous of pursuing his career in a new country affording greater opportunities, so in 1853, at the age of twenty-two, he came to Oregon, crossing the plains with an emigrant train. Upon his arrival he located in Lane county, and filed upon a donation claim of three hundred and twenty acres. After operating this for a short time he sold it and invested the proceeds in another claim of three hundred and twenty acres, which belonged to John B. Hannah. His entire time and attention during the remainder of his active life was devoted to the further improvement and cultivation of this tract which was located one mile south of Dexter. Careful and intelligent cultivation, close application and unceasing industry eventually brought well merited reward and the Parvin ranch became known as one of the best improved and equipped properties in that community. For more than half a century it has been the home of the family and there the widow still resides. It is undisputable evidence of what can be accomplished with energy, perseverance and good judgment in winning success and has for many years netted an annual income that well repaid its owner for his early labor and hardships.

For his wife and helpmate, Mr. Parvin chose Miss Selenia Parker, who had come across the plains to Oregon with two brothers, a sister and a brother-in-law, and here she was married to Mr. Parvin, and to them were born eight children: Idres C., the wife of William Williams, of Dexter, Oregon; H. M., who lives in the vicinity of Dexter; Jennie, who married August Shaffler, of Montana; Joseph M., who died at the age of nineteen years; Lillias C., who was three years of age at the time of her death; Hila Ann, a child of one year at the time of death; Edgar, who died when he was two years old; and Bertha, deceased, the first wife of William Williams, of Dexter. All of the children were given the advantages of a good education and some of them taught school.

The family affiliated with the Christian church in which the parents held membership, and the political support of Mr. Parvin was given to the democratic party. He was a man of many sterling qualities the worth of which had been thoroughly tested during the long period of his residence and he had a large circle of friends who held him in high esteem.

ROBERT T. BROWN. For eight years Robert T. Brown has filled the office of county clerk in Umatilla county, making his home in Pendleton, and his long retention in the office is indicative of the ability and fidelity with which he discharged his duties. He was born in Bates county, Missouri, January 18, 1870, a son of David and Clara (Pence) Brown, both of whom were natives of Ohio, the former born June 28, 1828, and the latter in 1830. They removed from the Buckeye state to Illinois and afterward to Missouri, settling in Bates county about the year 1868. After eight years there passed they left the middle west for the Pacific coast, crossing the plains with team during the summer of 1876. Weeks passed ere they reached their destination, but eventually they settled on a homestead eight miles northeast of Pendleton. Mr. Brown was the first one who undertook to raise wheat in this part of Umatilla county, but he was forced to leave his first crop in the beginning of the harvest and seek refuge during the Indian war. The family experienced many hardships, trials and difficulties incident to the establishment of a home upon the frontier, but as the years passed advancing civilization did away with all such conditions.

Robert T. Brown was but a lad of six years when the family came to Oregon, and in the public schools of Pendleton he pursued his early education, which was supplemented by further study in Pendleton Academy. The greater part of his life has been devoted to public service, and he has made a most creditable record in office. He was called to the position of deputy assessor in 1898 and served in that capacity for four years, or until 1902. As previously stated, he was appointed to his present position as deputy county clerk in 1904, and has continuously served in this capacity. He is methodical and systematic in all his work, prompt in dispatching business, and is ever loyal to the best interests of the community which he represents.

Near Pendleton, in Umatilla county, on the 19th of March, 1900, Mr. Brown was united in marriage to Miss Leota M. Plymate, a daughter of James E. and Matilda

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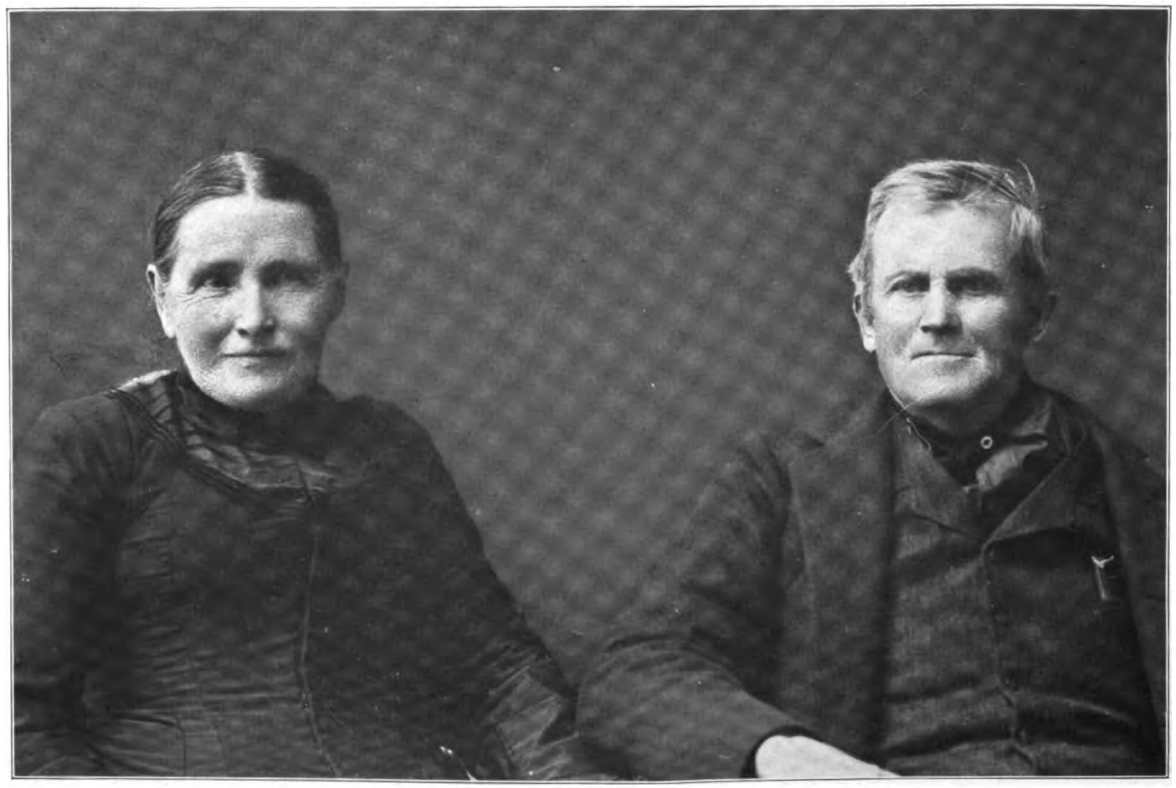

MR. AND MRS. JAMES PARVIN

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A. (Prather) Plymate. Mr. and Mrs. Brown have many friends in and around Pendleton, and theirs is a hospitable home the good cheer of which is enjoyed by all who know them. Mr. Brown is well known in fraternal circles, holding membership with Pendleton Camp No. 41, W. O. W., and Integrity Lodge, No. 92, I. O. O. F., also of Pendleton. The rules and principles which govern his conduct and guide him in his relations with his fellowmen are furthermore indicated in his membership in the Christian church. His influence is always found on the side of progress, advancement and improvement, and the record he has made in both public and private life is a most commendable one.

JACOB J. CHADWICK is a pioneer settler of the state of Oregon, coming overland with ox teams in October, 1864, and engaged in the cultivation of the soil and the development of the resources of the new country. He was born in West Virginia, July 22, 1839. and is a son of Mr. and Mrs. Eli Chadwick. His mother was a native of Virginia and bore the name of Miss Smoot before her marriage to Eli Chadwick. The father was a native of Kentucky but removed to West Virginia at an early date and later in 1841 removed to Missouri.

Jacob J. Chadwick received his early education in the public schools of Missouri and remained with his parents until twenty-two years of age. He then went to Illinois where he worked on a farm for two years. In 1864 he started overland to Oregon. The caravan in which he made the trip contained fourteen wagons drawn by oxen and Mr. Chadwick acted as scout for the party. Six months were spent upon the journey and the train arrived in Yamhill county, where Jacob J. Chadwick remained for two years. At the expiration of that time he rented a ranch in Douglas county which he operated for four years. He saved his money and was able to buy a farm of his own which he later sold. Some time afterward he bought nine hundred acres and also a tract of two hundred and fifty acres which Mrs. Chadwick inherited from her father's estate, all of which he is now cultivating.

On May 10, 1868, Jacob J. Chadwick was united in marriage to Mrs. Harriet J. (Weaver) Bentley, a native of Missouri, and they became the parents of four children, Mary, Susie, William D. and Frank C. The latter's death occurred in 1882 and his grave is in the I. O. O. F. cemetery at Myrtle Creek.

Politically Mr. Chadwick is affiliated with the democratic party but has never taken an active part in public life and has never sought office for himself. He is prominent in fraternal circles of Myrtle Creek and is a member of Myrtle Lodge, No. 38, I. O. O. F., and has acted as noble grand for two terms. He also is a charter member of Maple Lodge, A. F. & A. M., and is active in the affairs of that organization. His views on religious matters are liberal and he does not affiliate with any particular faith. His wife holds membership in the Methodist Episcopal church of Myrtle Creek. Mr. Chadwick has met with great success in his farming business and has become an expert along this line. He is familiar with the various details of his occupation and his success is the natural result of his thorough knowledge.

ROBERT W. VEATCH. The name of Robert W. Veatch, who resides on an attractive ranch of sixty-six acres located four and a half miles east of Cottage Grove, is well known to naturalists throughout the state, as he is the owner of a valuable collection of Indian relics and curios, and has achieved much more than a local reputation as a taxidermist, specimens of his work being found in practically every museum of any size in the northwest. He is a native of this state, his birth having occurred near Creswell, Lane county, on the 19th of February, 1861, and is a son of Sylvester E. and Maria E. (Knox) Veatch, well known pioneer residents of Lane county, who are mentioned at greater length elsewhere in this work. The mother is now deceased, but the father is still living at the venerable age of eighty-one years and continues to make his home on his old ranch, located two miles west of Cottage Grove on the Lorane road.

Robert W. Veatch was reared very much in the manner of other lads in Oregon during the pioneer period. He was given a common-school education, pursuing his studies until he was sixteen when he laid aside his text-books and assumed the duties of manhood. For three years thereafter he gave his undivided attention to the work of the fields and care of the stock on his father's ranch, but at the expiration of that time he left home and went to eastern Oregon, where for several years he followed the life of a cowboy. About 1882, he gave this up and took a clerkship in a store at Cottage Grove, retaining this position for a year. At the end of that time he went to Buena Vista, this state, where he continued to clerk for six months. During that time he was married and soon after this event he located on a homestead of one hundred and sixty acres in the vicinity of Cottage Grove. He resided there for five years and during that time cleared forty acres of his land, which he also fenced, and erected thereon a good house, barns and outbuildings. He subsequently sold his claim, realizing a good profit on the investment, and removed west of Walker station, where he bought one hundred and twenty acres of land. This he also sold after cultivating and improving it for four years, investing the proceeds in a hotel at Cottage Grove. The next year he was appointed deputy sheriff of Lane county and feeling that his official duties demanded his undivided attention he then sold his hotel and during the next four years gave his entire attention to his governmental responsibilities. After the expiration of his term of office he went into a hardware store in Cottage Grove, but withdrew from this a year later, in 1899, as he had been appointed

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forest ranger. He held this office for five years, then became special agent for the United States government, serving for a year in the land claim department. He next opened a cigar store in Cottage Grove that he conducted for a year, removing to Grants Pass at the end of that time. There he conducted a billiard hall for a time and during this period he was married again and two and a half years later he and his wife went to Waldo, where she owned a hotel which they operated for five or six months. Their next removal was to Eugene and during the period of his residence in that city Mr. Veatch worked at taxidermy. He first became interested in this work in 1901, and began his training under Professor Langenburg, of Roseburg, Oregon, continuing his studies until awarded a diploma from the Northwestern School of Taxidermy of Omaha, Nebraska. He has been very successful, possessing unusual skill in this direction, and his work can be found in some of the finest museums in the country. At the time of the Lewis and Clark Exposition at Portland in 1905 he received a gold medal for the best mounted animals, his specimens being a cougar and a head of a moose with horns. In addition to his fine specimens in taxidermy Mr. Veatch is also collecting Indian relics and curios and has the largest collection of peculiarly formed horns taken from a variety of animals in the world. Several years ago he refused an offer of twenty-one hundred dollars for a small collection of Indian relics and animals, which he has since increased at least a third. Mr. Veatch is assisted in his collecting by his daughter, Mrs. Churchill, who is also very fond of natural science and together they roam the forests and wander along the banks of the streams seeking new treasures for their collection. After a year's residence in Eugene, Mr. Veatch returned to Cottage Grove and bought the ranch where he now lives. Twenty-five of the sixty-six acres contained in his holding is devoted to the raising of grain and eighteen acres are set to apple trees which in a few years will undoubtedly pay handsome returns. The remainder is largely used for pasturage, as he makes a specialty of raising Jersey cattle and Angora goats. During the period of his ownership Mr. Veatch has wrought extensive improvements in his ranch, including the erection of a fine two-story dwelling and substantial barns and outbuildings, making it one of the valuable and attractive properties of the vicinity. In addition to his ranch, he still owns a residence in Eugene, which he is now renting.

On the 2d of March, 1884, Mr. Veatch was united in marriage to Miss Belle Parsons, a daughter of William and Phoebe (Walton) Parsons. Her parents crossed the plains to Oregon in 1853, settling in the vicinity of Eugene, where the father owned and conducted the second store that was opened in that city. The paternal grandfather operated a pack train from Jacksonville, this state, to Eureka, California, during the early 50's, but was finally compelled to give it up owing to the Indian troubles. Mrs. Veatch, who was one of six children born to her parents, passed away on the 1st of January, 1906. Three daughters were born to Mr. and Mrs. Veatch, as follows: Maggie, the wife of Benjamin Groff, a hardware dealer of Cottage Grove; Elizabeth, the widow of Fred Churchill, of Roseburg, Oregon; and Lottie, who is with the Pacific Telephone Company of Cottage Grove. The present Mrs. Veatch was Mrs. Ida Decker, the widow of Charles Decker, of Waldo, this state, by whom she had one child, Marie. Mr. Veatch and his second wife have one son, Robert, who was born on the 17th of December, 1908.

Mr. and Mrs. Veatch are members of the Presbyterian church, and in politics Mr. Veatch is a republican and was during his previous residence in Lane county actively identified with political affairs, but he has now practically withdrawn from public life and gives his entire attention to his private interests, although he is not remiss in the duties of citizenship.

FRANK DISS, who resides on a one hundred and sixty acre homestead near Selma, owns property in that city and also in California. Since the age of eight years he has earned his own living and has made a success in business. He was born in Ohio, February 2, 1865, a son of Antey and Mary (Martin) Diss, and is one of seven children in his father's family, five of whom survive. The mother died when her son Frank was eight years of age, the father passing away when the son had attained his majority.

Frank Diss, at the age of eight years, began earning his own living by working in the mines and although he has supported himself by hard work since that time he acquired a good common-school education. He migrated to Oregon in 1903 and settled upon a homestead of one hundred and sixty acres which he at once set to improving and cultivating. He also acquired property in California. Since taking up the homestead he has made that place his residence and is engaged principally in raising grain and hay.

Mr. Diss was married, December 15, 1885, to Mrs. Mary A. Christman. In his political faith he is an adherent of the republican party and although he gives his attention strictly to business yet he finds time to discharge conscientiously the duties of citizenship. He is a well known farmer of his community, is successful in his business management and is regarded as a citizen of uprightness and good character.

DANIEL A. WALKER, a prosperous and enterprising agriculturist of Yamhill county, resides on the homestead property where he parents located forty-six years ago and owns one hundred and seventy-five acres thereof, the farm being located six and a half miles west of Carlton. His birth occurred in Indiana on the 16th of February, 1852, his parents being John Hamilton and Mary (Simpson) Walker, both of whom were natives of Johnson county, Indiana. Leaving the Hoosier state in 1852, they removed to

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Iowa and there continued to reside until 1865, when they crossed the plains to Oregon. Settling in Yamhill county, they took up their abode on what is known as the James Shaw donation claim, six and a half miles west of Carlton. The property is now in possession of our subject and his sister, Mrs. May Bell Anderson. John H. Walker devoted his attention to general farming and stock-raising throughout his active business career and at the time of his demise owned three hundred and twenty acres of valuable land. Previous to his death he had sold a portion of his farm. He passed away on the 11th of April, 1893, while his wife was called to her final rest on the 12th of March, 1887. Their children were five in number, namely: William J., deceased; Daniel A., of this review; James A. and Gilbert E., both deceased; and Mrs. May Bell Anderson, of Yamhill county.

Daniel A. Walker, who was a youth of thirteen when he came to this state with his parents, remained at home until he was married at the age of twenty-seven years. Following that important event in his life he settled on the farm which he had previously purchased and continued its operation until 1892. In that year he disposed of the property and took up his abode on the old homestead, whereon he has remained continuously since. At the present time he owns one hundred and seventy-five acres thereof, forty acres being under a high state of cultivation. His farm is well improved in every particular and his undertakings as an agriculturist have been attended with a gratifying measure of success.

On the 19th of February, 1879, Mr. Walker was united in marriage to Miss Clarissa Dudley, who was born in Yamhill county, Oregon, on the 14th of March, 1859, her parents being John D. and Rebecca N. (Moore) Dudley, natives of Missouri. The father ran away from home in 1853, when a youth of thirteen, and joined an emigrant train en route to Oregon. The mother came across the plains with her parents in 1855. John D. Dudley and Rebecca N. Moore were married in Yamhill county on the 15th of February, 1858, and here spent the remainder of their lives, the former passing away on the 14th of February, 1898, and the latter on the 5th of May 1859. Mr. and Mrs. Walker had four children, as follows: Verna C., born April 9, 1880, who is now the wife of W. H. Bailey, of Carlton, Oregon; Mamie D., who passed away on the 12th of November, 1887, when three years of age; John D., born February 16, 1888, who has pursued a course of study in a business college and is still under the parental roof; and Ward A., born July 23, 1896, who is attending school.

In politics Mr. Walker is a stanch democrat and for almost thirty years has ably served as a member of the school board. Fraternally he is identified with the Independent Order of Odd Fellows at Carlton, Oregon, being a charter member of the lodge at that place. Both he and his wife are members of Moores Valley Grange, No. 362. They are people of the highest respectability, enjoying in large measure the friendship of those with whom they have been brought in contact.

GEORGE BANKS, now residing in Dayton, Oregon, was born in Armstrong county, Pennsylvania, March 19, 1853, the son of John and Nancy (McLaughlin) Banks, both of whom were born of Scottish parentage and were natives of Pennsylvania. The grandparents came from Scotland and located in Pennsylvania, where they died. The father was a farmer by occupation and both he and his wife resided all their lives in their native state. In their family were seven children: Lizzie, of Pennsylvania; William, deceased; George, of this review; Belle, who is the wife of John Montgomery, of Armstrong county, Pennsylvania; Maud, now Mrs. Robert McGraw, of Armstrong county, Pennsylvania; Sloane, who is a farmer in Armstrong county; and a child who died in infancy.

George Banks remained at home with his parents and attended the public schools until he was fourteen years of age. He then went into the timber regions of Pennsylvania and began working for himself, and after becoming acquainted with the lumber business he bought a mill and engaged in the manufacture of lumber. He followed that occupation for some time but was forced to give it up on account of ill health. He then pursued farming and various lines of work until six years ago, when he left his native state for the purpose of trying to regain his health in another climate. At first he went to California and then, coming to Oregon, located in Portland, while later he removed to Dayton, where he now resides. In spite of the ill health which he has had to guard against he has been very successful, owning fourteen acres of land near Dayton, and one hundred and ten acres of very valuable land in Pennsylvania, and to the former he gives his personal supervision.

In 1891 Mr. Banks was married to Miss Nancy J. Hancock, a native of Armstrong county, Pennsylvania. His political allegiance is given to the republican party and he has taken a very active interest in local politics in his home state, very few years of his residence there since coming of age having been spent without holding some office. Both he and his wife are members of the Presbyterian church. During Mr. Banks' residence in his adopted state his upright and honorable life has won for him many friends and well wishers.

RANDOLPH M. WARDLE is numbered among the enterprising merchants of Carlton, where he is engaged in dealing in hardware, implements and building materials. In this connection he is developing a good business, his enterprise and reliable methods gaining for him a liberal patronage. He was born in Los Angeles county, California, February 27, 1857. His father, John Wardle, was a native of England, born August 3,

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1815. The ancestry of the family can be traced back as far as 1695, showing the family to be an old one in that country. In his youth John Wardle learned the shoemaker's trade but afterward devoted much of his life to farming. He came to America in 1840 and was married at Salt Lake City, Utah, in 1856, to Miss Emeline Baker, a native of Ohio. They remained for a brief period in Salt Lake and then removed to California, settling near Los Angeles, where they resided for a short time. They then took up their abode in another part of the state, living at different points in California until 1865, when they came to Oregon, settling in Yamhill county, where they resided until 1880. In the meantime Mrs. Wardle had passed away on the 3d of December, 1877. In 1880 Mr. Wardle went to Washington county, this state, and two years later took up his abode in the state of Washington, where he died at the age of eighty-five and one-half years. The children of his second marriage were eleven in number: Randolph M.; Roskelyn, who is living in Orting, Washington; Harriet, a resident of Centralia, Washington; St. Clair M., of the same state; Waverly M., whose home is in Portland; Deborah A., of McMinnville, Oregon; Nathan, who died at the age of two years; Olive, who died in infancy; Daisy A., of Portland; Alphonso W., who died when twenty-three years of age; and Emeline M., whose home is near Centralia, Washington. John Wardle had been married previous to leaving his native country, his first union being with Miss Harriet Ball, whom he wedded in 1837. They became the parents of seven children, of whom two are still living: Frances, a resident of Centralia, Washington; and Alice, whose home is in Little Rock, Idaho. The others were Margaret, Emma, Matilda, Charles and Anna, all of whom are deceased. After losing his first wife, John Wardle, as previously stated, wedded Emeline Baker.

At the usual age Randolph M. Wardle became a pupil in the public schools, continuing his studies until about twenty years of age, when he began learning the blacksmith's trade, which he followed continuously until 1907, engaging in that business at different times at Carlton, Oregon, and Tenino, Washington, and at Olympia and Tacoma. He also engaged in sharpening tools at the mines in Washington, in Baker county, Oregon, in Union county, Oregon, at Elma, Washington, and in McMinnville, Oregon. In 1907 however, he disposed of his shop and entered commercial circles in Carlton as a dealer in hardware, implements and building materials, which business he has now carried on successfully for more than four years. He owns the business block in which he is conducting his enterprise and he also owns a fine residence and other properties in Carlton.

Mr. Wardle has been twice married, having on the 1st of February, 1881, wedded Miss Nancy Ticknor, a native of the state of Washington and a daughter of J. T. and Elizabeth (Ford) Ticknor. Her father is now deceased but her mother still resides in Washington. Mr. Wardle's second marriage occurred in 1900, when he wedded Mrs. Mary Elizabeth Dodson, a widow, living in Yamhill county, and a daughter of George B. and Susan J. (Bush) Manning, both of whom were natives of West Virginia, where they spent their entire lives. Their family numbered eight children: Samuel, deceased; William M., who died in Oregon, at the age of sixty-four years; Rebecca J., the wife of R. W. Varley, of Washington county; Joseph, who is living in Moundsville, West Virginia; Mrs. Wardle; Henry C., of Tacoma, Washington; and W. L. and Frank P., both of whom are residents of Moundsville, West Virginia. The father of these children passed away at the age of seventy-six years and the mother when seventy-seven years of age.

By his first marriage Mr. Wardle had three children: Vida E., who was born December 17, 1881, and is the wife of Eldridge Crosno, of North Yakima, Washington; Ada E., who was born April 17, 1883, and died at the age of eight years; and Clarence W., who was born October 30, 1887, and is married and lives in Portland. Mr. Wardle's second wife, Mary Elizabeth (Dodson) Wardle, had been twice married before her union with him and had a daughter by her first marriage, Annie L., who was born in 1876, and is the wife of George Willis, of Carlton, Oregon, and a son by her second marriage, Frank C., of Carlton.

Mr. Wardle is a democrat in his political views and ever keeps well informed on the questions and issues of the day. His fellow townsmen, recognizing his worth and ability, have called him to a number of local offices: he served for a number of years on the school board, as clerk; and has been mayor and councilman of Carlton, in which connections he has exercised his official prerogatives in support of various progressive measures for the general good. He is also well known in fraternal circles, holding membership in both the subordinate lodge and encampment of the I. O. O. F. In the former he has filled all the chairs and is now past grand. In Masonry he has taken the degrees of the lodge and of the Royal Arch Chapter. His life exemplifies the beneficent spirit and purposes of those organizations, and in every relation in which he has been found he has proved his loyalty and worth, his progressiveness and his public spirit.

S. H. HATCH has been engaged in agricultural pursuits near Salem for many years. Although he was not among the earliest settlers of the county he came here in time to share actively and materially in the development of the fruit growing districts of Marion county.

S. H. Hatch is a native of Westbrook, Maine, born January 20, 1843. His parents were George and Emily (Higgins) Hatch, both natives of Maine, the state in which they passed their entire lives. To them eleven children were born, six of whom survive. S. H. Hatch remained at home with his father after completing his education

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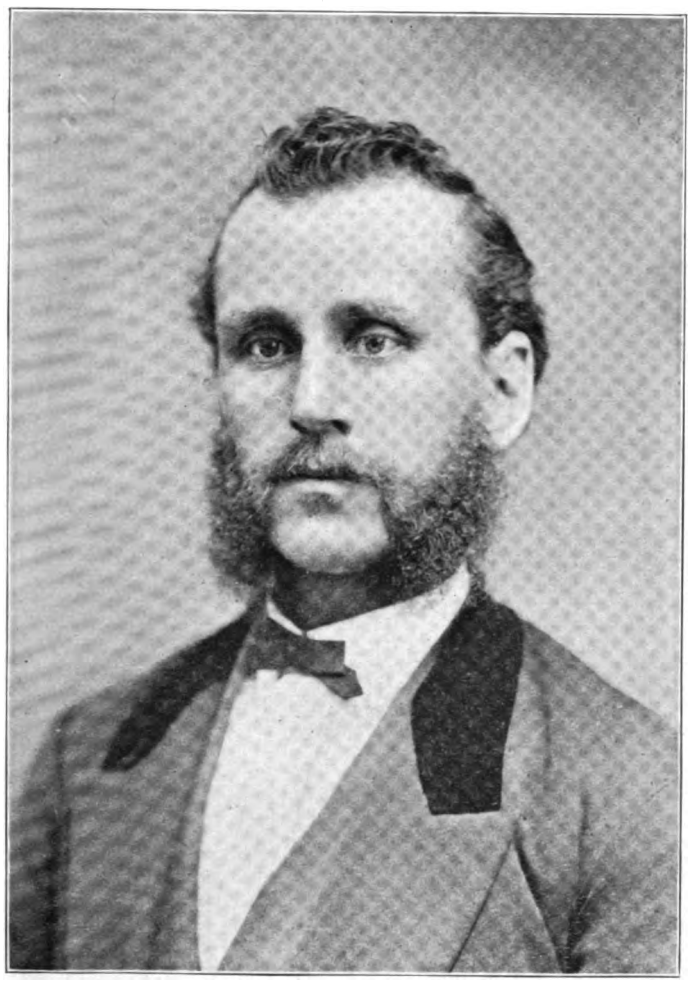

S. H. HATCH

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in the district schools until 1869, when he was twenty-six years of age. At that time he went to Missouri and for a short time was engaged in teaching school. After two years he returned to Maine and until 1889 carried on the farming operations on the homestead. When he gave this up he came to Marion county and purchased the farm upon which he now resides. He has improved this farm by his own efforts and labor and has made many modern improvements upon it, including farm buildings and adequate machinery for carrying on modern agricultural pursuits. He has ten acres planted to apples and pears, which yield him annually large harvests and increasingly remunerative returns.

On the 2d of January, 1873, Mr. Hatch was married to Miss Nancy Metzler, a native of Ohio. To them five children have been born: C. H., who is now living in eastern Oregon; Walter L., of Salem; and three who have passed away. Mrs. Hatch's death occurred on the 13th of April, 1909, and she was laid to rest in the Salem cemetery. She was a devoted member of the Methodist church. In politics Mr. Hatch gives his support to the republican party but has never sought office as a reward for party fealty excepting that of school director. He accepted this office because of his interest in the educational welfare of the community. He holds membership in the Independent Order of Odd Fellows of Maine. He is a man of noble qualities of character, of strong and resolute purpose, industrious and enterprising, and well known throughout the community for his uprightness and honesty, he merits and enjoys the respect and confidence of his neighbors and many friends.

BYRAM MAYFIELD, junior partner of the firm of Burnaugh & Mayfield, druggists, is one of the public-spirited and progressive young business men of Enterprise of which he has been a resident for the past eight years. He was born in Umatilla county, Oregon, on the 31st of March, 1877, and is a son of George E. and Amanda (Westerfield) Mayfield. For many years the father was engaged in ranching in this state, but he has now withdrawn from agricultural pursuits and is living retired in Elgin, Union county.

Reared at home in the acquirement of his early education, Byram Mayfield attended the public schools. Early deciding to become a druggist, he subsequently matriculated in the department of pharmacy of the Oregon State Agricultural College, being awarded the degree of Ph. G. with the class of 1903. Very soon after receiving his license he accepted a clerkship in a pharmacy at Ontario, this state, where he remained until the following October when he came to Wallowa county. The succeeding month he spent in a drug store at Joseph, but at the expiration of that period together with S. L. Burnaugh he purchased the pharmacy of E. J. Forsythe of this city, which they are still conducting under the firm name of Burnaugh & Mayfield. They are both excellent business men as well as first-class pharmacists and own and conduct one of the best equipped and most thoroughly modern drug stores to be found in a town of this size in eastern Oregon. They carry a good line of drugs, patent and proprietary medicines, also toilet articles, perfumes, stationery and such sundries as are to be found in a shop of this kind. Their business is conducted in strict accordance with the most highly approved methods of modern commercial practice, and as both proprietors are accommodating in the treatment of their patrons, they are succeeding in building up an excellent trade. From the beginning their receipts have shown a marked increase annually and they are now recognized as one of the firmly established and thriving enterprises of the town.

Fraternally Mr. Mayfield is identified with Enterprise Lodge, No. 94, K. of P., and Enterprise Lodge, No. 158, I. O. O. F. His political views accord with the principles of the democratic party, for whose candidates he casts his ballot. He takes an active interest in municipal affairs and is always willing to assume his share of governmental responsibilities and for the past two years has been a member of the town council. Since locating here Mr. Mayfield has manifested high standards of citizenship and has given his unqualified support to every progressive movement, that he has felt would tend to promote the commercial, moral, social or intellectual welfare of the community.

CHARLES V. WEAVER. A native son of Oregon and a man who has done much during the short period of his activity to promote the agricultural development of Douglas county is Charles V. Weaver. He was born in this county, July 27, 1887, and is a son of Edwin and Margaret (Dyer) Weaver, the former a native of Tennessee and the latter of Oregon. The father left his native state in 1852 for Oregon, making the trip overland with ox teams, spending six months upon the journey.

Charles Weaver received his early education in the public schools of his native district and remained at home with his parents until he was twenty years of age. He then started out in life for himself on the farm where he now resides. It is part of the three thousand acres of land which his father bought in Douglas county and he has cultivated and improved it along scientific lines. He makes a specialty of fruit farming and his prune harvests every year are among the most abundant in southern Oregon. For some time he has been engaged in the raising of high-grade cattle and he also keeps a few horses upon his farm. Another important branch of his activity is his hop yard to which he has given much time and attention during the past few years and has made it one of the largest of its kind in Douglas county.

Mr. Weaver gives his political support to the republican party and is a firm believer in the policies and principles for which that organization stands. He takes an intelligent interest in local affairs but has never sought public office for himself. He is a prominent

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member of the Independent Order of Odd Fellows and is vice grand of Myrtle Creek lodge, No. 38. Charles V. Weaver is only twenty-five years of age but has already shown himself a factor to be reckoned with in the agricultural circles of Douglas county.

WILLIAM T. KUTCH, who in the year 1911 retired to private life and now makes his home in Carlton, at the age of eighty-six years, was for many years closely associated with agricultural interests and contributed in considerable measure to the development of Yamhill county along that line. Working faithfully day by day, using the moments to the best advantage and carefully planning and systematizing his work, he at length reaped the reward of his labors in the acquirement of a considerable competence. He was born in Monroe county, Indiana, March 15, 1826, a son of Enoch and Nancy (Jones) Kutch, both of whom were natives of Kentucky, in which state they were reared and married and made their home until 1825. In that year they removed to Monroe county, Indiana, and soon afterward took up their abode in Hendricks county of the same state, where Mr. Kutch settled upon a tract of land of one hundred and sixty acres, which he afterward entered from the government. The family experienced the hardships, trials and privations of pioneer life in that district, but year by year the father carried on the work of developing the farm and made it a productive tract ere he sold it, in 1854. He then removed to Appanoose county, Iowa, where he purchased a section of land which he operated until his death, in 1862. His first wife had died when their son William was but six years of age and in 1834 Enoch Kutch had married again, his second union being with Elenor Alexander, a native of Kentucky. By his first marriage there were born seven children but only two are now living, William and James, the latter a resident of eastern Oregon. The five who have passed away are Elizabeth, Allen, America J., Jackson, and one who died in infancy.

The youthful days of William T. Kutch were spent upon the old homestead farm in Hendricks county, Indiana, and when he had reached the age of twenty years he started out on his own account, choosing as his life occupation the pursuit with which he had become familiar through his boyhood training and experience. Removing to Iowa, he there engaged in farming for nineteen years and then came to Oregon, arriving in this state in 1864. Investing in land in Yamhill county, he developed a farm which he cultivated year after year up to the time of his retirement, in 1911. He is now living in Carlton and the fruits of his former toil supply him with all of the necessities and many of the comforts of life.

In March, 1846, Mr. Kutch was married to Miss Lydia A. Sparks, a native of Rush county, Indiana, and a daughter of William and Polly Sparks. Mrs. Kutch passed away in 1862. To Mr. and Mrs. Kutch were born nine children: Enoch, a resident of Dayton, Washington; Allen, deceased; Mitchell, who is living in Farmington, Washington; Franklin, who has also passed away; Mary, the wife of C. G. Scott, of Yamhill county; Elizabeth, the wife of Edward Stevenson, of Yamhill county; and three children who died in infancy. Having lost his first wife, Mr. Kutch was again married, in 1863, his second union being with Miss Hannah M. McCutchens, who was born in Floyd county, Indiana, August 13, 1838, a daughter of William and Elizabeth (Galoway) McCutchens. Her father was born in Virginia and her mother in Kentucky, but they were married in Indiana, where they resided until 1850, when they went to Iowa, where her father followed farming until 1865. He then crossed the plains with his family, going direct to Oregon, and upon the farm which he purchased in Yamhill county both he and his wife spent their remaining days, Mr. McCutchens passing away at the age of eighty-four years, while his wife died when eighty-seven years of age. In their family were five children: Mrs. Sarah J. Nelson, now deceased; Hannah M., now Mrs. William T. Kutch; Mahala, the deceased wife of C. G. Scott, of Carlton, Oregon; William E., deceased; and one who died in infancy. Unto William and Hannah Kutch there were born ten children: William Eldon, who was born in Union county, January 14, 1865; George W., whose birth occurred in Yamhill county, March 7, 1867; Belle, the wife of Edward Bodle, of Carlton; Sarah Jane, the deceased wife of John McEachen; Underwood, living in Carlton; Cynthia, the wife of Charles N. Ducett, of Seattle, Washington; Lenora, the wife of E. N. Hudson, of Portland; Clara, the wife of William Calvin, of Carlton, Oregon; and two who died in infancy. Mr. Kutch was accorded only limited educational privileges but has given his children good advantages in that direction. Politically he is allied with the socialist party and he has filled the office of road supervisor for a number of years and for many years was a member of the school board. He has always been a champion of the cause of education, believing it to be not only largely the source of individual advancement, but also to constitute the bulwark of the nation's strength and progress.

JAMES CRUICKSHANK is the owner of a fine ranch of two hundred and eighteen acres in Yamhill county that he devotes to general farming and stock-raising. He was born in Aberdeenshire, Scotland, on the 15th of October, 1879, and is a son of James and Jane (Mitchell) Cruickshank. The parents were both natives of Scotland, and there the mother continues to make her home, but the father, who was a farmer, passed away four years ago. The family of Mr. and Mrs. Cruickshank numbered eight, as follows: David, who is living near Gaston, Oregon; Jane, who is in Scotland; Margaret, who is deceased; James, our subject; and William, John, Robert and Elizabeth, all of whom are still living in Scotland.

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The first fourteen years of his life James Cruickshank spent under the parental roof, obtaining his education in the common schools. At the expiration of that time he began earning his own living and during the succeeding four years engaged as a farm hand. The lessons of the value of thrift and industry inculcated in his youthful mind were very useful in directing his future, and he carefully saved a portion of his wages each year until he had accumulated enough to pay his passage to America, so that when he was twenty he sailed for the United States. He was a most ambitious youth and desired to make more rapid progress than was possible in his native land. Upon his arrival in this country he made his way westward to Oregon, locating in Portland, but after remaining there a brief time he came to Yamhill county. He worked at various occupations when he first came here but in the second year of his residence went to farming, and has ever since followed agricultural pursuits. After working for others for two years he purchased a tract of land near Amity, but he sold this later and rented a tract of land that he operated for six years. The cultivation of this place proved to be so lucrative under his capable direction that he acquired the means to buy his present homestead. Mr. Cruickshank is a very practical and enterprising man and applies himself intelligently and painstakingly to whatever he undertakes, and as a result is meeting with success. In connection with general farming Mr. Cruickshank is making a specialty of raising thoroughbred stock, devoting the greater part of his attention to Cotswold sheep and Shire horses, and he now has an interest in a fine imported Shire horse. His investments in stock have proven to be very lucrative and he is rapidly becoming recognized as one of the prosperous agriculturists and stockman of the county. He has made such improvements in his property as he was able from time to time, and now has his land in a high state of cultivation, and the buildings on his place all in good condition.

In 1900 Mr. Cruickshank was married to Miss Lizzie Ross, a daughter of Duncan Ross, and they have become the parents of three children, Ross, Alex James and Annie Jessie. Fraternally Mr. Cruickshank is identified with the Masonic order at Dayton and both he and his wife are affiliated with the Order of the Eastern Star, also at Dayton. He is the type of citizen who is a most desirable acquisition in any community, his efforts always being directed toward the development of the general interests and the advancement of the public welfare.

JOHN A. CUNNINGHAM is now living retired in Carlton, where he owns and occupies a beautiful residence. There has come to him leisure in which to enjoy those things which afford him the greatest interest and pleasure, for the business activities of his former years have brought him to a position of affluence. He was born in Milton, Massachusetts, about eight miles from Boston, on the 19th of October, 1859, his parents being John A. and Alice (Hathaway) Cunningham, the former a native of Boston and the latter of New Bedford, Massachusetts. They were married in their native state and for eight years thereafter resided in Massachusetts, at the end of which time they removed to Hongkong China, the father being engaged in the tea business. For five years he remained a tea merchant of that city, transporting tea to various parts of the world. In 1864, however, he returned to Boston, where he continued in the tea trade until 1875, when he retired from commercial pursuits and took up his abode upon a farm in Worcester county, Massachusetts, where he devoted his time to the breeding and raising of high grade jersey cattle, thus passing the years quietly to the time of his death, in 1898. His wife, surviving him for about eight years, passed away in 1906. In their family were nine children, of whom eight are still living: Mrs. William R. Ware, a resident of Massachusetts; Charles D., living in Brookline, Massachusetts; C. L., whose home is in Milton, that state; John A. and Mrs. W. A. Howe, of Carlton, Oregon; Paul, who is located in Bolton, Massachusetts; Mrs. Andrew Nourse, also of Bolton; and Fred H., who makes his home in the same place.

Arriving at the age when the acquirement of an education became the principal thing in life, John A. Cunningham was sent to the public schools wherein he pursued his course until graduated from the high school. He then took up the occupation of farming, which he followed in Massachusetts for about fourteen years. He next went to New York city, where he engaged in business for two years, and in 1889 removed to Chicago, where he figured prominently in business circles until 1900, meeting with substantial success in his undertakings during that period. He then came to Oregon and has since made his home in Carlton, where he has erected one of the finest residences of the city. He became associated with W. A. Howe in a partnership for the building of a large store and the conduct of an extensive mercantile enterprise. As usual, success has attended him in this field. He has also been interested in the development and upbuilding of the lumber business but at the present time is practically living retired, devoting his time and energies merely to the supervision of his investments.

In 1898 Mr. Cunningham was united in marriage to Miss Sarah N. Ford, a native of Massachusetts and a daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Edward Ford, both of whom are now deceased. The children born to this marriage are: Dorothy A., whose birth occurred November 2, 1901; and Sarah, born December 28, 1903. The family are connected with the Episcopal church and Mr. Cunningham also belongs to the Independent Order of Odd Fellows and the United Artisans. His political support is given the republican party and he is interested in the welfare and progress of the city, state and country, yet has never been an aspirant for office. He has progressed in his busi-

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ness life because he has made a wise use of his time, talents and opportunities and, gradually working his way upward, has at length attained a creditable and gratifying position, his efforts being crowned with the reward of earnest, persistent and honorable labor.

GEORGE WASHINGTON BAKER, who is numbered among the active and enterprising agriculturists of Washington county, owns a well improved tract of land two and a half miles southwest of Beaverton and within ten miles of Portland. His birth occurred in Blackhawk county, Iowa, on the 13th of December, 1862, his parents being Joseph and Leah (Stambaugh) Baker, who were born, reared and married in Pennsylvania. They maintained their home in that state for a number of years and then removed to Clinton, Illinois, where they resided for several years. Subsequently they spent a few years in Iowa and later removed to Missouri, where they remained until 1886. In that year they journeyed to California, settling at Santa Cruz, where Joseph Baker purchased city property and lived in honorable retirement until called to his final rest in November, 1893. His wife, surviving him for a number of years, passed away in 1905. They had ten children, five of whom are yet living, as follows: Mrs. Catherine Gibler, who is a resident of Jefferson City, Missouri; Silas, living at Santa Cruz, California; Eliza, the wife of W. K. Trayler, of Hillsboro, Oregon; Sarah, who gave her hand in marriage to Artemas Campbell and resides in Missouri; and George W., of this review.

The last named saw Oregon in its infancy, coming to this state with two of his sisters in 1869, when a lad of seven years. Six months later the father came to Oregon on a visit and took our subject back with him to Missouri. George W. Baker remained under the parental roof until twenty-four years of age and subsequently worked at different occupations for a period of thirteen years. At the end of that time he took up his abode on the farm which had previously come into his possession and on which he still resides. His present possessions embrace a tract of thirty-nine acres of land, one-half of which is under a high state of cultivation and improvement. The property is on section 28, two and a half miles southwest of Beaverton. His undertakings as an agriculturist have been attended with excellent results, the well tilled fields annually yielding golden harvests as a reward for the care and labor which he bestows upon them.

On the 4th of July, 1892, Mr. Baker was united in marriage to Miss Melvina Trayler, a native of Texas and a daughter of W. K. and Mary Trayler, who were born in Missouri and Iowa respectively. They were married in Texas and there resided for a number of years or until 1886, when they came to Clatskanie, Oregon. A short time afterward they took up a homestead claim, occupying the same for ten years. Subsequently they spent a few years in Mayger, Oregon, and then took up their abode in Hillsboro, where Mr. Trayler has since lived in honorable retirement. The demise of his wife occurred in 1905. Their children were seven in number, namely: Arlena and John W., both of whom are deceased; Mrs. Baker; J. R., who is a resident of the state of Washington; Mrs. Rosa Smith, living in Dayton, Oregon; and Mrs. Emma Larson and Mrs. Mattie Smith, both of whom have passed away. Unto Mr. and Mrs. Baker have been born four children, as follows: Jesse Silas, whose natal day was August 29, 1893; Lester L., Estella L. and Willie, all of whom died in infancy.

Mr. Baker is a republican in politics but has never sought nor desired office as a reward for his party fealty. He has strong prohibition tendencies, believing that the liquor traffic should be suppressed. His religious faith is indicated by his membership in the Methodist Episcopal church, to which his wife also belongs. Both Mr. and Mrs. Baker are well known and highly esteemed throughout the community as people of upright, honorable lives.

AMBROSE CLEMMER FUNK, filling the position of deputy sheriff of Umatilla county, has been continuously in the public service since the 1st of January, 1902, his special duties being in connection with the tax department. He was born January 11, 1872, in Clayton, Berks county, Pennsylvania, his parents being James B. and Susanna B. Funk. The father was born in Berks county and has made farming his life work, in addition to which he also owns and operates a gristmill at Clayton, in which city his wife was born. There they have made their home for many years and are among the well known and highly respected residents of that place.

After acquiring his early education in the common schools of his native state Ambrose C. Funk spent a year as a student in the West Chester State Normal School of Pennsylvania and afterward entered the Kansas State University at Lawrence, Kansas, from which he was graduated in June, 1900, with the degree of B. S. In the meantime he had made his initial step in the business world, being first employed in a clerical capacity. In his youth, too, he worked upon the home farm in Pennsylvania and early became familiar with the duties and labors incident to the cultivation of the fields and the care of the crops. Following his removal westward he located in Kansas City where he was employed by the Peck Dry Goods Company and also by Swift & Company, doing office work. He has been a resident of the northwest since 1901 and since the 1st of January, 1902, has been continuously connected with the sheriff's office in the tax department, his position being that of deputy sheriff. His official duties have ever been discharged with promptness and fidelity and he has made an excellent record in this connection, as is indicated by his ten years' retention in the office. He also has an interesting military record covering three years' service with the Oregon National

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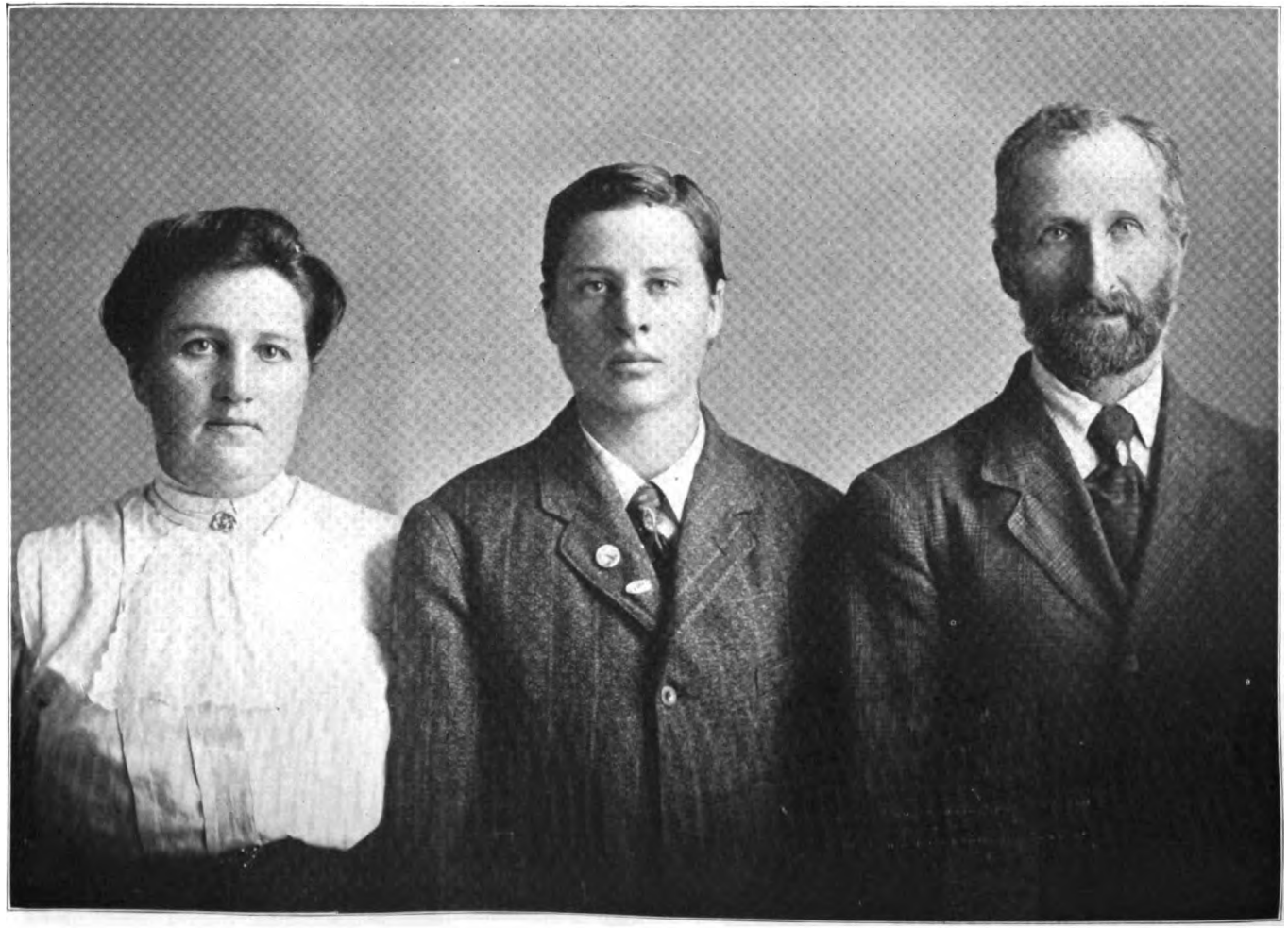

MR. AND MRS. G. W. BAKER AND SON

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Guard, his membership being with Company L, Third Regiment, of Pendleton.

In Masonic circles Mr. Funk is well known. He has attained the Knight Templar degree of the York Rite and at this writing, in 1912, is captain general of Pendleton Commandery, No. 7. He is also an Odd Fellow, belonging to Eureka Lodge, No. 92, and to the teachings and principles of both organizations he is loyal and devoted. His high purposes are further indicated by the fact that he leads a life in harmony with his professions as a member of the Presbyterian church, in which he is serving as elder. He has a wide and favorable acquaintance in this section of the state, being held in high regard wherever known and most of all where he is best known. He seeks the welfare and progress of the community in various directions and his cooperation can always be counted upon to further any movement for the material, intellectual, political and moral progress of his adopted state.

ALBERT W. KIME, M. D., who, since 1904, has been a successful medical practitioner at Cottage Grove and one of the six physicians of that place, has an excellent professional and personal reputation in the community. He has worked up an excellent practice since settling in Cottage Grove and was elected mayor of the city in 1910. He was born in Millersburg, Iowa, August 27, 1858, the son of James H. and Katherine (Zimmerman) Kime, both of whom were natives of Ohio, where they were married. Shortly afterward they removed to Iowa, becoming pioneers of that state. The father took up land in Iowa, which he farmed until 1858, when, leaving his family in that state, he crossed the plains to Pikes Peak, Colorado, for the purpose of mining gold. Not being successful, however, in finding the yellow metal in paying quantities he continued on to California, settling at Downieville, where he continued his gold-mining operations until 1868. The family, which had been living in Iowa, joined the father in 1865, making the trip to California by way of New York and the Isthmus of Panama and arriving in San Francisco on St. Patrick's day. The father removed to Vallejo, Solano county, California, in 1868, and, having tired of gold mining, was employed in the navy yard as a carpenter. He continued in this employment until 1870, when he removed to San Jose, California, and continued working at the carpenter's trade, building stations for the railroad. He was thus employed until 1874, when he removed to Oakland, where he continued at his trade and began contracting. He made the furniture for the First National Bank at Oakland, situated at No. 127 Broadway, and remained in that city until 1878, when he removed to Oregon and settled at Corvallis. There he continued contracting and constructed the Fisher building, spending two years in that city. He then retired from that vocation and started in the drug business with N. H. Thompson at Yakima Bay. After continuing in the business thus for six months Albert W. Kime bought Mr. Thompson's interest in the store and after one year they removed their drug stock to Portland, where the father and son conducted a drug business until 1884. In that year fire destroyed the store but it was immediately rebuilt. The father then purchased the entire business, which he operated until 1886 when he sold out and removed to eastern Oregon and opened the first drug store in Vale. This store was also operated by the father and son and the father began studying medicine, continuing until 1890, when he was graduated and settled in Bandon, Oregon. There he practiced his profession until 1897, when he went to Alton, Humboldt county, where he engaged in practice until his death, which occurred in 1908. The mother died at Vale in April, 1885. In their family were two children: Albert W.; and Charles I., of Coquille, Coos county, Oregon, who is interested in a machine shop and foundry at that place. While residing in Santa Clara, California, Mr. and Mrs. Kime adopted a daughter, Alice Rogers, who remained with them until her marriage. She now makes her home in eastern Oregon.

In company with his mother Albert W. Kime removed from Iowa to California when he was seven years of age and there they joined the father. The subject of this review received his education in the public schools of California and later engaged with his father in the drug business, continuing thus until 1892, when he removed to Bandon, Oregon, where he read medicine with his father for two years. He then, in 1894, entered the medical department of the University of Oregon at Portland, from which institution he was graduated on the 5th of April, 1897. He engaged in practice at Bandon, where he remained until 1904, and then came to Cottage Grove, where he has since resided, showing such skill in caring for his patients that he has built up a fine practice. He has a pleasant home in Cottage Grove and also owns property at Bandon and Portland.

Dr. Kime has been married three times. His second marriage was in 1885 and to this union three children were born: William, a resident of Westfall, Oregon; Harry P., of Coquille; and Albert James, also of Westfall. On July 5, 1902, Dr. Kime was again married, his third union being with Mrs. Kittie Rhoner, widow of Henry Rhoner. She was born in Brownsville, Oregon, November 1, 1872, a daughter of J. B. and Jennie M. Gross, of Bandon, Coos county, Oregon. In 1868 the parents crossed the plains from Iowa to Oregon, settling in Coos county, where they have since resided. The father is a veteran of the Civil war and served throughout the entire period of the war without receiving any serious wounds. In 1861 he enlisted in Company D of the Second Iowa Regiment of Volunteer Infantry for a term of three years and at the close of his period of enlistment he reenlisted and served until the close of the war. He was discharged July 12, 1865, at Louisville, Kentucky. In his family were seven children:

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Ella, who died in infancy; Clara M., also deceased; Harvey H., a resident of Bandon; Kittie, now Mrs. Albert W. Kime; John B., deceased; and Gus and Fred H., both of whom reside in Bandon. By her former marriage Mrs. Kime was the mother of two children: Mamie J., born in 1892, who received a business-college education at Eugene, Oregon; and Claude H., who was born in 1900 and is attending the public schools. Mr. and Mrs. Kime are the parents of one child, Geneva Dentizel, born May 20, 1909.

In his political views Dr. Kime is a republican and he has given considerable attention to politics. He served as treasurer of Malheur county, Oregon, in 1891, was mayor of Bandon for one term, and also served as mayor of Cottage Grove in 1911. Fraternally he belongs to the Independent Order of Odd Fellows, having filled all the chairs in that order and is also a member of the grand lodge. He likewise holds membership relations with the Knights of Pythias, the Elks, the Modern Woodmen of America and the Foresters of America. Mrs. Kime is an active member of the Christian church and assists materially in making that denomination an effective force for good in the community. Dr. Kime and his family are valued citizens of Cottage Grove, are prominent in fraternal, church and social circles and have a most excellent standing in the community.

C. O. BAXTER. A valuable ranch of one hundred and five acres, located six miles from McMinnville, engages the entire attention of C. O. Baxter, who has wrought extensive improvements in the place during the period of his ownership. He was born in Green county, Wisconsin, on February 28, 1849, and is a son of John and Harriet (Spencer) Baxter, both natives of Ohio. In his early manhood John Baxter went from his native state to Wisconsin and later to Missouri, where he met the lady who subsequently became his wife, continuing to make his home in that state until 1861. In that year he, together with his wife and family, started to make the long, tiresome journey across the plains to Oregon, with a wagon and ox-team. Five months were spent en route and upon their arrival they located on a claim in Yamhill county, as farming had always engaged the energies of Mr. Baxter. There he continued to reside until his demise in 1908, at the venerable age of ninety-eight years. The mother, who was eighty-seven when she passed away, survived until 1910. Of the marriage of Mr. and Mrs. Baxter there were born fourteen children, of whom five died in infancy. Those who lived to attain maturity are as follows: Spencer, who is living in Dayton; Isabelle, the wife of James Carter, of Dayton; Sarah, who is deceased; C. O., who is our subject; George, who is also a resident of Dayton; Ann, who married John Watson, of Dayton; Cynthia, the wife of Edward Hadway, a resident of Dayton; John, who is a farmer; and Joseph, who lives in Dayton.

C. O. Baxter, who was twelve years of age when he removed with his parents to Oregon, obtained his education in the common schools, which he attended until he was fourteen. He then engaged in general farm work, continuing to follow this occupation until he was twenty-eight. During that time he not only became proficient in the tilling of the fields and care of the stock, but he accumulated sufficient capital to enable him to begin for himself. He first bought a place in Marion county, this state, which he operated for several years, meeting with very lucrative returns in his undertaking. He has always applied himself tirelessly and painstakingly to anything he has attempted, so intelligently directing his activities as to accomplish his purposes. About 1890 he bought his present homestead, which he has so thoroughly cultivated as to make it one of the very attractive ranches of the vicinity. Mr. Baxter always gives his personal supervision to everything connected with the operation of his land and the care of his stock, and naturally his fields yield abundant harvests annually. He is very practical yet progressive in his methods, always willing to lay aside the old for the new when assured of its superiority, but he is too conservative to adopt all the theories he hears advocated unless they appear to him feasible. In addition to the fine property on which he is living he owns forty-five acres located elsewhere in this county, making his holdings aggregate one hundred and fifty acres.

About thirty-five years ago Mr. Baxter completed his arrangements for a home by his marriage to Miss Marian Scott, who died when they had been married about fourteen years. To them there were born two children: Herbert, who is living in Dayton, and Ella, the wife of Warner Mills, of Newberg, Oregon. He subsequently married Miss Anna Morgareidge.

Both Mr. and Mrs. Baxter hold membership in the Methodist Episcopal church. Mr. Baxter gives his support to the policies and candidates of the republican party. He is one of the well known and highly esteemed pioneer settlers of Yamhill county, among whose residents he numbers many close friends.

FRANK A. GEDDES. Notable among the more prominent farmers and stock-raisers of Baker county living in the vicinity of Baker City, is Frank A. Geddes, former county clerk and deputy sheriff of the county in which he resides. He was born December 2, 1871, in Baker county, Oregon, his parents being J. A. and Eva J. Geddes, a sketch of whom appears elsewhere in this work.

Educated in the common schools of Baker county, Frank A. Geddes remained at home until he had attained his majority, when he engaged in the butchering business at Baker City for some time. He was later elected to the office of county clerk, a position which he filled for two terms, and afterward was appointed deputy sheriff of Baker county. After serving in that capacity he engaged on his own account in the butcher business and later purchased a ranch of one hundred

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and sixty acres, upon which he now lives. This farm he cultivated and improved until it is now among the more valuable agricultural properties of the county. Soon after becoming a farmer he took up the raising of stock as an important feature of his business, specializing in the breeding of Poland China hogs, a business which he has since followed.

On the 5th of April, 1899, Mr. Geddes was married to Miss Lulu M. Ebbert, a native of Springfield, Oregon, and a daughter of George and Elizabeth (Landis) Ebbert. Her father was born in Pittsburg, Pennsylvania, and the mother was a native of Iowa. The father emigrated to Oregon in 1852 and the mother arrived in this state in 1854, having crossed the plains with ox teams. They settled in Lane county, Oregon, where they lived until 1887, when they moved to Monmouth, where they at present reside. They were the parents of nine children, eight of whom are still living. Three children have been born to Mr. and Mrs. Geddes, Otto E., Wilma E. and Joseph F.

Politically Mr. Geddes has always been a republican and has ever taken a lively interest in politics, having held one of the most important elective offices in the gift of the people of his county and also an important appointive office. Fraternally he is a member of the Elks and also of the Fraternal Union. Mrs. Geddes is a member of the Christian church. Mr. Geddes is one of Baker county's native sons and, having been a lifelong resident of this county and well known in political and business circles, he has formed an unusually large number of acquaintances, knowing practically every man in the county. In his present business he is continually brought in contact with the farmers of the county and he is very intimately known by them and thoroughly established in their esteem. He has always had the reputation of being honorable and upright in his dealings, is generous in his disposition, affable by nature, and courteous to all with whom he comes in contact.

ALEXANDER WHITE is one of the highly respected and successful agriculturists of Josephine county, where he is engaged in general farming. He was born in Michigan, November 19, 1841, and is the son of S. W. and Cynthia (McVay) White, the former a native of New York and the latter of Pennsylvania.

Alexander White was reared in his parents' home and received his elementary education in the public schools. In 1852, in company with his father, he emigrated to Oregon, crossing the plains with ox teams, and settled in Hillsboro, Washington county, where he remained for two years. In 1855 he removed to Josephine county, where his father filed upon a homestead upon which the subject of this review has since continued to live. He later purchased additional tracts of land and is now the owner of one hundred and eighty-two acres of fine agricultural soil, on which he is engaged in general farming.

Mr. White was united in marriage in 1877 to Miss Sarah E. Tycer, a native of Oregon, and to them five children were born, all of whom are now living except Frederick C., whose death occurred in 1884. Those who survive are May, Ralph, Ray and Harold. Mr. White is affiliated with the republican party and at one time was a candidate for county judge of Josephine county, but his party's ticket was not elected. He is a faithful and loyal member of the Methodist Episcopal church of Kerby and is one of the well known and highly respected citizens of Josephine county.

JOHN T. THOMASEN, an agriculturist residing a half mile north of Carlton, owns and operates a tract of forty-four acres and also has charge of his father's homestead farm. His birth occurred in Yamhill county, Oregon, on the 1st of January, 1874, his parents being Peter and Christina (Petersen) Thomason, both of whom were natives of Denmark. They emigrated to the United States after their marriage and in 1870 settled in Blackhawk county, Iowa, where they continued to reside for three years. Disposing of their property, they came to Oregon and located near Amity, Yamhill county, where Peter Thomasen cultivated rented land for six or seven years. On the expiration of that period he purchased a farm of one hundred and twenty-five acres, which has since remained in his possession and which he operated until the time of his retirement in 1907. During the past four years he has lived at McMinnville, enjoying the fruits of his former toil in well earned ease. During his active business career he accumulated five hundred acres of finely improved land, all under a high state of cultivation. He himself cleared three hundred acres of the same, converting a heavily timbered tract into an excellent farming property. The period of his residence in this state now covers almost four decades and he has long enjoyed an enviable reputation as a substantial and esteemed citizen of his community. Mr. Thomasen is now seventy-six years of age. His wife was called to her final rest in 1884. Their children were seven in number, as follows: Amelia, who is deceased, as is also her husband, George Hanson; Peter E., who is a resident of Turner, Oregon; Carrie, the deceased wife of John Bakeman of the state of Washington; Mary, the deceased wife of Charles Bodle, of San Francisco, California; Anna, who gave her hand in marriage to George Kutch and resides at Klamath Falls, Oregon; John T., of this review; and Clara, the wife of Paul Hanson, of Medford, Oregon.

John T. Thomasen acquired his education in the common schools and when a youth of eighteen years started out as an agriculturist on his own account, later cultivating rented land for five years. In 1897 he purchased a tract of thirty-five acres but subsequently disposed of the place and bought the farm of forty-four acres which he now operates. In addition to this he has charge of his father's homestead property and in the work of the fields has met with excellent

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success, annually gathering bounteous harvests which find a ready sale on the market.

In 1898 Mr. Thomasen was united in marriage to Miss Lucretia Merchant, who was born in Yamhill county, Oregon, on the 12th of January, 1876, her parents being William and Martha Merchant. It was in 1847 that William Merchant came to Oregon with his father, settling on a donation claim two miles south of Yamhill, where he has resided continuously since. Unto him and his wife have been born eight children, namely: Abram, who is a resident of Crook county, Oregon; Henry, living in Reno, Nevada; Burns, who makes his home at Newberg, Oregon; George, of Yamhill county; Mrs. Thomasen; Winnie, the wife of Darwin Bockes, of Amity, Oregon; Thomas, who is in Manila, Philippine Islands; and Mila, the wife of Harold Dawson, of Newport, Washington. Our subject and his wife have two children, Gladys L. and Joyce T., who were born in the years 1900 and 1903 respectively.

Mr. Thomasen is a republican in his political views but has never sought nor desired office as a reward for his party fealty. He belongs to the Fraternal Brotherhood at Medford, Oregon. His religious faith is that of the Christian church, of which his wife is also a member. They are widely and favorably known throughout the county in which they have spent their entire lives and the hospitality of the best homes is cordially extended to them.

GEORGE N. FRAZER. The industrial activities of Eugene find a worthy representative in George N. Frazer, proprietor of the Eugene Iron Works. Since starting out in business he has engaged in this line of trade and his long experience, combined with unfaltering ambition and indefatigable energy, have placed him at the head of one of the leading industries of the city. He was born in Brockport, New York, June 12, 1851, and is a son of James Scott and Sarah (Kenworthy) Frazer. The father was born in Lancashire, England, and there learned the trade of an iron worker, following that pursuit until he came to America with his wife and two children, at which time he located in Brockport, New York. There he again worked at his trade until 1858, when he came to the Pacific coast, settling at San Francisco. A year later his family joined him, making the trip by way of the isthmus route. The father remained in San Francisco, employed at his trade, until 1868, when he arrived in Oregon, taking up his abode in Portland, where he embarked in business on his own account as owner of a foundry. His enterprise was conducted under the name of the Eagle Iron Works and the Pioneer Bell & Brass Foundry and as the years passed by the undertaking prospered, owing to his comprehensive knowledge of the business and his sound judgment. He was a member of the English Order of Odd Fellows.

George N. Frazer attended the public schools and learned the molder's and machinist's trade in San Francisco. He was associated with his father until the latter met death by drowning in 1873 at the foot of Main street in Portland. George N. Frazer cast the first bell, the first cannon and the first steam whistle ever made in Portland, the bell being used on Joe Knott's ferry boat. The second bell which he made was for a Methodist church at Hillsboro and he also cast bells for the fire department of Portland. In 1875 he left the Rose City and removed to Ashland, Oregon, where he established a foundry, and about twenty-eight years ago he left that place for Roseburg, where he engaged in business for a few years. In 1886 he arrived in Eugene, which then contained a population of about two thousand, and established his present business, which he has since conducted under the name of the Eugene Iron Works. He carries on a general machine business, which he has developed from a small beginning. He had a little plant at first and employed only one man beside himself. Today he employs about twelve men and does work for sawmills all over this part of the state. He is also the owner of another foundry at Springfield, Oregon, and he was one of the organizers of the Osborn Hotel.

In 1875 Mr. Frazer was united in marriage to Miss Ella E. Jackson, who was born in Millville, California, and they have two sons: George N., who is associated with his father in the Eugene Iron Works; and Arthur, a talented pianist located in Chicago. Mr. Frazer holds membership in Spencer Butte Lodge, I. O. O. F., of which he is a past grand, and he is also a past chief patriarch of Wimawhala Encampment, No. 6, and also a member of Canton Hovey, No. 4. He has likewise been a delegate to the grand lodge of the Odd Fellows and both he and his wife are connected with Eugene Lodge, No. 55, of the Order of Rebekahs of Oregon, in which Mrs. Frazer is past president. Mr. Frazer is also a member of Eugene Camp, No. 115, W. O. W. In politics he is a republican but has never sought nor desired office, preferring to concentrate his energies upon his business affairs. He is a self-made man, who has been very successful, having wide knowledge of the machinery business in all of its branches. His patronage is steadily growing, giving broad indication for the future, for the community is also growing and his operations are being continuously extended.

CHARLES BUTTS is the owner of a good farm of twenty acres situated a mile and a half northeast of Baker, and there he carries on general agricultural pursuits and the raising of vegetables and also makes a specialty of poultry raising. He was born near Forest Grove, Washington county, Oregon, April 20, 1864, his parents being Lewis and Mary (Constable) Butts, the former a native of Virginia, and the latter of Missouri. They were married in Washington county, Oregon, about 1862. Lewis Butts had crossed the plains with ox teams in 1845, accompanying his parents on their westward journey. His mother died, however, while they were en route and was buried at the peaks known as the Three Sisters in the Cascade range.

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MR. AND MRS. G. N. FRAZER

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The party were in the train that found what was called the Blue Pocket diggings, all trace of which has since been lost, although thousands of dollars have been expended in trying to again locate these diggings. On reaching Washington county, Oregon, the grandfather of Charles Butts secured a donation claim in the vicinity of the present site of Forest Grove. All that district was then wild and unimproved and he became one of the original settlers there. As the years passed he aided largely in the work of general development and remained a worthy and honored resident of the state until about 1890, when he passed away in the town of Gaston. Lewis Butts secured a homestead in Forestdale valley of Washington county, and at once began to clear and develop his place, which prior to that time was totally destitute of improvements. Not a furrow had been turned nor a rod of fence built. About 1862 he wedded Mary Constable, who had crossed the plains in 1850, at about which time her parents died. The death of Mrs. Butts occurred in 1870 and ten years later Mr. Butts passed away on the old homestead. He has two brothers, Festus and Jacob, and a sister, Mrs. Anita McClanahan, now living in Baker county. His eldest sister, Mrs. Mary Ann Wilcox, is now deceased, while another sister, Mrs. Melva McKinney, is now in Benton county, Oregon, and the youngest. Mrs. Sarah Hall, makes her home in Washington county, Oregon. Mrs. Lewis Butts had two brothers, James and Daniel Constable, the former residing near Idaho City, Idaho, while the latter, when last heard from, about 1902, was living in California. A sister, Mrs. Elizabeth Young, resides at Cedar Mill, Washington county, Oregon, while another sister, Mrs. Jane Halstead, is living in Seattle, Washington.

Reared in his native county, Mr. Butts was a pupil in the public schools there and his first employment was in connection with the operation of a sawmill, to which work he devoted about twelve years in Washington county. He met with a substantial measure of success in that undertaking until the financial panic of 1893-4, when he sold out. In 1896 he removed to Baker county, where two of his father's brothers and one sister were living. Here he purchased about twenty acres of land a mile and a half northeast of Baker and has since carried on general farming, which includes the production of vegetables and the raising of poultry. He has lived upon this place for about five years and in his business is meeting with a well merited degree of prosperity.

In Baker City, Oregon, on the 8th of August, 1900. Mr. Butts was married to Miss Ida Rosette Ward, whose mother died when she was about five years of age, after which she was adopted by Newton and Annice McClanahan, and took their name. Mr. McClanahan died in 1911 and Mrs. McClanahan now makes her home in Ashland, Oregon. Unto Mr. and Mrs. Butts have been born five children: Floyd and Claude, who are now attending school in Baker; Oscar and Rashiel, at home; and one who died in infancy when about two months old. The parents hold membership in the Christian church. Politically Mr. Butts is a democrat and keeps well informed on the questions and issues of the day but does not seek public office. He is interested in the material, intellectual and moral progress of his community and cooperates in all the various movements which contribute to advancement along those lines.

WILLIAM JORY. Among the substantial agriculturists of Marion county is William Jory, who resides near Salem. His birth occurred on the 20th of September, 1828, in England, his parents being Mr. and Mrs. James Jory. At the age of twenty-one years, after he had finished his education in the district schools and had spent several years assisting his father on the home farm, he joined the gold seekers leaving for California in 1849. After remaining in that state for one year he removed to Oregon, where he took up the homestead upon which he now resides. At that time it comprised three hundred and twenty acres and by conscientious and diligent labor and untiring energy he has improved and cultivated his lands and so profitable were the returns, that from time to time he has been able to add to his holdings and at present the tract comprises five hundred acres. Eighty acres of this has been planted to fruit and he has met with success in all of his ventures. In his farm work he is energetic and diligent, overcoming all difficulties and obstacles by perseverance and determination. All of the improvements which he has placed upon the farm are of an important character and because of the productivity of the soil which he has greatly increased by judicious cultivation he annually gathers a rich harvest of fruit.

In 1860 Mr. Jory was married to Miss Jane E. Moore, whose birth occurred in Canada, her parents being Christopher and Eliza (Crawford) Moore, both natives of Ireland. They came to Canada with their parents when they were very young and remained there until they crossed the plains with ox teams in 1852. They immediately settled in Oregon, locating upon a donation land claim of three hundred and twenty acres in Marion county. This property was their home until their deaths. Mr. and Mrs. Jory were the parents of four children: Ella E., deceased; Walter H.; Ada Estella, residing at home; and Edwin A., who is living at home and is married to Miss Grace Good. On the 5th of September, 1887, Mrs. Jory's death occurred and she was buried in the Odd Fellow's cemetery at Salem.

In politics Mr. Jory gives his support to the republican party and in religious faith he affiliates with the Methodist Episcopal church. In his eighty-fourth year, yet mentally alert, and hale and hearty in body like a man many years his junior, he has been a resident of the far west for sixty-three years and has made his home for three score years on his homestead. He came here on the dawn of a new epoch and helped materially in transforming a virgin land from a wilderness into bearing

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fields with ax and plow, a change which to the present generation may well seem like a wonder wrought by magic wand. Good use has he made of the riches nature so lavishly bestowed upon the northwest with generous hand and in this land of seemingly inexhaustible resources he has found the opportunity to develop his latent powers on a field of labor upon which he could expend his enthusiasm, ambition, industry and energy and turn them to good advantage. He has steadily worked upward and here he found and founded a home and attained success, and here he lives out a useful, eventful life in the precious possession of the friendship of many who admire him for his sterling qualities and esteem him one of the important factors that have made possible the prosperous conditions of the present.

DANIEL P. TRULLINGER, one of the prominent citizens and successful business men of the Sunset state, has owned and operated a flour mill at North Yamhill since 1875 with the exception of two years. His birth occurred at Mount Pleasant, Henry county, Iowa, on the 27th of April, 1840, his parents being Daniel and Elizabeth (Johnston) Trullinger, who were natives of Ohio and Tennessee respectively. The father was born in 1801, while Ohio was still a territory, and took up his abode in Indiana when that state was also yet a territory. About 1839, before it was admitted into the Union, he removed to Iowa and there made his home for nine years. In 1848 he came to the territory of Oregon and purchased another man's right to a donation claim of six hundred and forty acres eight miles east of Salem. At the end of a year or more he traded his claim for property in Milwaukie, Oregon, locating thereon in 1850. The following year he took up a donation claim of six hundred and forty acres fifteen miles northeast of Oregon City and continued to reside thereon until called to his final rest in 1869. His widow lived with her children for a time, spending her last days in the home of a daughter and passing away in 1887 when eighty-one years of age. They were the parents of ten children, as follows: Mrs. H. B. Morgan, who is a resident of East Portland, Oregon; Mrs. Eliza Mattoon, also living at East Portland; Daniel P., of this review; Gabriel J., who passed away in Clackamas county, Oregon, at the age of eighty-one years; Nathan H., who died in Portland when sixty-eight years of age; John C., whose demise occurred in Astoria when he had attained the age of seventy years; Mrs. Amanda H. Hodson, who died in Roseburg at the age of eighty; Mrs. Mary J. Falkner, who passed away at Sheridan, Oregon, when fifty-five years old; Mrs. Angeline Loe, who died in Salem when thirty-two years of age; and Mrs. Sarah Todd, who was sixty years old when she passed away at Oakland, California.

Daniel P. Trullinger, who was a lad of eight years when he came with his parents to Oregon, began earning his own livelihood at the early age of fourteen, working on a farm for two years. Subsequently he learned the trade of a millwright and carpenter under the direction of his brother and his work along that line included the building of bridges. He was awarded the contract for and superintended the construction of the second upper Clackamas bridge, which was built exclusively of wood and spanned one hundred and twenty feet. At that time he was known as the "boy bridge builder." In 1863, in association with a brother, he built the old Oswego sawmill but sold his interest therein at the end of a year. He next attended school at Portland, Oregon, for three winter seasons and later spent a year as a student at Forest Grove, Oregon. Mr. Trullinger then devoted another year to the construction of bridges and on the expiration of that period returned to Oswego, where he again operated the sawmill in partnership with his brother for two years. In 1868 he was elected to the legislature on the republican ticket and ably served his constituents for one term. After leaving the general assembly he became superintendent of Ben Halladay's sawmill, acting in that capacity for three years. He then operated a sawmill for his brother for one year and afterward superintended the operation of the Weidler sawmill for two years. In 1875 he purchased a flour mill at North Yamhill and has operated the same continuously since with the exception of two years, during which period he built four sawmills for different companies. He owns a tract of land comprising fifteen acres and also has a handsome residence in Yamhill.

In 1872 Mr. Trullinger was united in marriage to Miss Emily Wood, a native of Washington county, Oregon, and a daughter of Zina and Elizabeth (Shaw) Wood, who were born in Ontario, Canada, and Missouri respectively. They were married in Washington county, this state, in 1852, and resided on a farm until the father put aside the active work of the fields. Zina Wood is now eighty-five years of age and makes his home at Glencoe, Oregon, but his wife passed away at Hillsboro in 1907. Their children were four in number, namely: Mrs. Trullinger; Mildred, the wife of Joseph Connell, of North Plains, Oregon; Zina, who is a resident of Hillsboro, this state; and Dr. D. W. Wood, a resident of Hillsboro, who is now state senator.

Unto Mr. and Mrs. Trullinger were born four children. F. L., whose birth occurred on the 25th of February, 1874, is a graduate of the State Normal School at Monmouth and wedded Miss Grace Fox, a native of Oregon. He has served as postmaster of Yamhill for fourteen years and is one of the leading merchants of that town. Carl S., who was born November 9, 1875, and has a business college education, owns and operates the city electric light plant at Yamhill, making his home near that town. He married Miss Alice Laughlin, a daughter of William Laughlin. Mary L., who was born on the 28th of February, 1880, and is a trained nurse by profession, is now the wife of A. F. Henry and resides near La Fayette, Oregon. Grace, whose natal day was November 1, 1881, is

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a high-school graduate and also pursued a course of study in a business college. For fourteen years she has served in the capacity of assistant postmaster. Mrs. Emily Trullinger received excellent educational advantages and followed the profession of teaching for some years prior to her marriage. She passed away on the 14th of April, 1911, and her demise was the occasion of deep and widespread regret. Mr. Trullinger is a worthy exemplar of the Masonic fraternity, belonging to La Fayette Lodge, No. 3. The period of his residence in this state covers more than six decades and he is therefore largely familiar with the annals of the northwest, having witnessed the wonderful transformation which has been wrought as pioneer conditions have given way before the onward march of civilization.

U. G. CHINN. Diversified farming engages the attention of U. G. Chinn who owns and operates a fine tract of land containing eighty-five acres, located five miles east of McMinnville. He was born in Laporte, Indiana, on August 12, 1867, and is a son of James S. and Sarah M. (Stoner) Chinn. The father, who was also a native of Indiana, migrated with his wife and family to Carroll county, Missouri, during the infancy of our subject, whom the mother held in her arms, while driving a horse hitched to a light wagon, during the entire journey. Upon their arrival in Missouri Mr. Chinn located on a farm, in the cultivation of which he met with excellent success. In addition to owning his fine property he is now a stockholder in one of the local banks. The mother passed away about twenty-three years ago. The family of Mr. and Mrs. Chinn numbered twelve, those living being as follows: Marvin M., who is a farmer in the vicinity of Bosworth, Missouri; William, who is living in Kansas; Eliza, a resident of St. Louis; Irene, who is living in Kansas; Elizabeth, of Paris, France; Roy, who lives in Missouri; Walter, of Colorado; and U. G., who is our subject.

Reared on a farm, the boyhood and early youth of U. G. Chinn were not particularly different from those of other lads of that period who were residing in the more sparsely settled districts. He attended the common schools in the acquirement of an education, at the same time giving such assistance as he was able in the work of the farm. His duties and responsibilities increased with the passing years in accordance with the development of his strength and capabilities, and after laying aside his school books he gave his entire attention to farming. He remained at home until he was twenty-three, and having by that time become a very capable agriculturist he felt qualified to begin for himself, so settled on a piece of land that he operated for two years. At the end of that time he removed to Oregon, locating in the vicinity of Eugene, where he resided for a time but subsequently removed to Portland. He spent six years in the latter city, then returned to Missouri, once more becoming a citizen of Carroll county, and remaining there for seven years. Deciding at the expiration of that period that he preferred the west as a place of permanent residence he again located in Portland, engaging in carpentry work until three years ago, when he located on the ranch where he now lives. Mr. Chinn has a very fertile tract of land and is meeting with good returns from his farming, the proceeds from which are largely going back into his homestead in the form of improvements. He is a man of practical ideas and is capable of adapting to his own particular requirements the more progressive theories of scientific agriculture, and as a result is making gratifying progress in his undertakings.

About twenty-three years ago Mr. Chinn established a home for himself by his marriage to Miss Mary Allen Busby, and unto them have been born five children: Bertram, who is living in the vicinity of Salem; and Flossie Geraldine, Earl Grant, Anneta Kathaline, and Virgil Hodson, all of whom are at home.

The family all affiliate with the Methodist Episcopal church in which the parents hold membership, and fraternally Mr. Chinn is a member of the Woodmen of the World. His political support he gives to the republican party but he does not take an active interest in governmental affairs, preferring to give his undivided attention to promoting his personal affairs. Success has attended his efforts in the development of his ranch, owing to his close personal supervision, unceasing diligence and the intelligent concentration of his energies, these all being indispensable factors in promoting any activity.

BENJAMIN FRANKLIN WADE, who has resided within the borders of this state for more than four decades, was long and successfully identified with general agricultural pursuits here but since 1909 has lived retired at Yamhill. His birth occurred in Ohio on the 12th of March, 1842, his parents being Robert and Hannah (Miller) Wade, the former a native of Scotland and the latter of Kentucky. Robert Wade was brought to America by his parents when a child. He was married in Ohio and remained a resident of that state during the following twenty-five years, subsequently spending ten years in Indiana. He next settled on the west fork of the Des Moines river in Iowa and later took up his abode in Clarke county, that state, there continuing to reside until called to his final rest in 1880. His wife, surviving him for five years, passed away in 1885. Their children were eleven in number, namely: Isaac and John, both of whom are deceased; Robert, who is a resident of Indiana; Ezekiel G., who lives on the old homestead in Iowa; Minerva, who has passed away; George Washington; Hannah, who is deceased; Benjamin F., the subject of this review, who is a twin brother of Hannah; Abraham, who resides near the old homestead in Iowa; Emeline, who is married and also resides near the home place in Iowa; and Emeranca, who has pased away.

Benjamin F. Wade left the parental roof when eighteen years of age and made his

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way to Colorado, where for a few years he drove a freight wagon in the employ of a Mr. Fry. Subsequently he worked in the gold mines for a time and then went to Minnesota, where he was employed at a lumber camp for three years. On the expiration of that period he removed to Montana, prospecting and mining there. He came to Yamhill county, Oregon, in 1867 and has lived in various parts of this state continuously since. In 1871 he purchased eighty acres of land, cultivating the tract for three years and then disposing of the same. He next spent two years in eastern Oregon and then returned to Yamhill county, purchasing a farm of one hundred and sixty acres which he sold a few years later. General agricultural pursuits claimed his attention until 1909, when he put aside the active work of the fields, taking up his abode in Yamhill, where he owns a fine residence and an entire block of property. He likewise owns a tract of forty-five acres three miles northwest of Yamhill and is widely recognized as one of the prosperous and esteemed citizens of the community.

Mr. Wade has been married twice. In 1869 he wedded Miss Iola Grazer, a native of Yamhill county, Oregon, and a daughter of Jacob and Lucy (Griffin) Grazer, who took up their abode among the pioneer settlers of Oregon in 1849 and spent practically the remainder of their lives in Yamhill county. By his first wife Mr. Wade had one child, Emeranca, who died in infancy. The wife and mother was called to her final rest in 1871. Three years later Mr. Wade was again married, his second union being with Mrs. Rebecca Perry, a daughter of James and Nancy Laughlin. She was born in Missouri and when but a year old was brought by her parents across the plains to Oregon. Mr. and Mrs. Laughlin had twelve children, five of whom yet survive, namely: Washington, Mrs. Wade, Lucinda, Bertha and James D. Unto Mr. and Mrs. Wade have been born nine children, as follows: Seth H., whose birth occurred on the 19th of August, 1875, and who is married and lives in California; Benjamin Franklin, born in 1877, who has been a member of the police force of Portland for six years; Robert L., who died in California, leaving a widow; Lulu G., who was born in 1882 and resides in Portland; Mary E., born in 1884, who gave her hand in marriage to Warren Glanden, of Yamhill, Oregon; Jesse, who was accidentally killed when a youth of nineteen while in the service of the Carlton Cogging Company; Guy, whose natal year was 1889; Fayette, whose birth occurred in 1893; and one who died in infancy.

Since age conferred upon him the right of franchise Mr. Wade has supported the men and measures of the democracy, believing firmly in its principles. At one time he served as county supervisor and ably discharged the duties devolving upon him in that connection. His religious faith is that of the Christian church. No breath of suspicion has ever assailed his good name and on the contrary he stands as a splendid type of the honorable, reliable, successful man, the public-spirited citizen and the trustworthy friend.

OTHON CACHARELIS. Poets and writers have sung about the art of Greece as a thing of the past, but while attention is not concentrated today as it was in the regions of antiquity upon the development of the beautiful, the modern traveler in Greece finds that the spirit of enterprise is not dead. A notable example of the progressiveness of that country is found in the rapid upbuilding and improvement of Athens in the last quarter of a century. Among the sons of Greece exemplifying this same spirit of enterprise and advancement is Othon Cacharelis, who was born in that country, December 22, 1880, and who is now actively and prominently connected with business interests in Portland and Seaside. He is the only representative of his father's family to come to the United States. In his native land he completed the high-school course, after which he served in the army for four years, leaving the service with the rank of first lieutenant. He was a young man of twenty-two years when he heard and heeded the call of the western world, arriving in New York city in 1903. He spent two months in the eastern metropolis, after which he went to Pittsburgh, where he conducted a restaurant and theater for three years. He was previously time keeper with a railroad construction camp for one year at Robson, West Virginia, and then went to Pittsburgh, where he acted as sales agent for E. Thomas Baker & Company for a year. In 1906 he established a restaurant which he carried on for two years, when, in 1907, through the failure of a bank in which he was a depositor, he lost considerable money. He then sold his business in the east and for a time engaged in taking pictures. In 1908 he opened a theater at Donora, Pennsylvania, called the Marathon Theater, which he conducted for four months, when he sold out and removed to San Francisco. In that city he obtained a sub-contract for construction work with the Northwestern Pacific Railroad Company, being built from Willetts to Eureka. He finished this work in four months, after which he went to Portland and secured a sub-contract from the Pacific Navigation Company in building its line from Buckstan to Tillamook. In eleven months this was completed and on the 1st of March, 1911, he returned to Portland where he opened the New England restaurant at No. 24 North Third street. Of this he is still proprietor and is now successfully conducting the business. In May of the same year he came to Seaside and leased a lot for five years, with the privilege of renewing the lease for five more years. Upon this site he erected a large building in which he opened a moving picture show and restaurant, both of which are called the Orpheum. He conducts the best theater and restaurant in Seaside and both branches of his business are winning many patrons, while his establishment in Portland is prov-

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ing equally profitable. The improvements upon the property and the furnishings have cost him four thousand dollars. He maintains the highest standard of service in his business and his unfaltering industry, progressive spirit and practical ideas constitute the basis of gratifying success.

When Mr. Cacharelis came to the United States he had three hundred and fifty dollars clear after landing at Castle Garden. He speaks the English language fluently and, having resolved to make America his future home, he took out naturalization papers and soon became an American citizen. Studying the political situation and questions of the day, he became a republican and is now versed on the leading points which divide the country into two great political parties. While strongly attached to his native land he has never had occasion to regret his determination to come to the new world, for here he found the business opportunities which he sought and in their improvement has gradually worked his way upward.

ALBERT E. CASE, who was well known in Sumpter, Baker county, as the proprietor of a furniture and undertaking establishment, passed away March 9, 1912. He was one of the early pioneers who journeyed westward, settling in Washington while a young man. Leaving his native state of Virginia in boyhood, his earlier education having been received there, he engaged in active work in Washington at a period when methods were extremely primitive and the settlers had many hardships to encounter and overcome.

In 1882, in the state of Washington, Mr. Case was married to Mrs. Emma (Mullett) Hurley, the widow of C. F. Hurley. Shortly after his marriage Mr. Case removed to Sumpter, Oregon, and engaged in the furniture and undertaking business. By careful business management he succeeded in building up a good trade and became one of the well known and popular business men of Sumpter. His strenuous early pioneer life and later his business activities apparently overtaxed his strength and after 1909 he was an invalid and the business which he so ably built up in the days of his strength and vigor was after that time of necessity conducted by his wife. Mr. and Mrs. Case were the parents of a son, Earl, who is attending high school and is also assisting his mother in connection with the arduous duties devolving upon her as manager of her late husband's furniture and undertaking business. By her previous marriage Mrs. Case had become the mother of two sons: Ernest Hurley, who is connected with Milton College, of Milton, Wisconsin; and Carter Hurley, who resides in Iowa.

Mrs. Case is a member of the Order of Rebekahs, belonging to Lodge No. 128, in which she has twice served as noble grand, and she also belongs to the Woodcraft, her membership being in Camp No. 329 of Sumpter. The management of the furniture and undertaking business seems to have fallen into capable hands, as Mrs. Case is maintaining one of the neatest furniture stores in Baker county. Her business ability is here displayed in an unmistakable manner and in the successful conduct of the business she has shown herself to be one of the bright and able women of the community and one who enjoys a wide acquaintance, being regarded everywhere with the highest respect and esteem.

F. W. MARTIN. A highly cultivated farm of ninety acres, that was once a part of the donation claim upon which his father located sixty-seven years ago, is a tribute to the agricultural skill of F. W. Martin. He was born in Yamhill county on the 19th of February, 1855, and is a son of Nehemiah and Eliza Lois (Middick) Martin. His father, who was born in the state of New York on the 12th of November, 1805, migrated to Missouri in his early manhood, crossing the plains to Oregon with a wagon and an ox team in 1844. Upon his arrival here he settled on a donation claim adjacent to McMinnville, erecting thereon such crude improvements as were necessary for the immediate requirements of his family. With the returns netted from the successful operation of his land he was later able to place better buildings upon his ranch, the cultivation of which engaged his attention until his death on June 11, 1869. The mother, who was of German extraction, was born in Connecticut on December, 1, 1808, and passed away in Oregon on the 15th of January, 1888. Both parents were laid to rest in the cemetery at McMinnville. The family of Mr. and Mrs. Martin numbered eight: Mary S., who was born on January 31, 1833 ,and died on the 15th of February, 1893; John W., born on the 17th of July, 1836, and died on November 7, 1871; Nancy M., born in July, 1842, the wife of Alex Watt, of Washington; Jerome W., whose birth occurred on the 11th of April, 1846, now a resident of eastern Washington; Sarah C., born on the 24th of November, 1847, the wife of F. A. Ford, of Portland, Oregon; Isiah M., who was born on the 9th of June, 1850, and died on July 22, 1908; Henry Clay, born on December, 24, 1852, and died in California; and F. W., our subject. The family were all reared in the faith of the Christian church of which the mother was a member.

The educational advantages of F. W. Martin were limited to the district schools in the vicinity of his father's claim, which at that period were not of a very high standard, but he succeeded in acquiring a good, practical knowledge of the common branches of English learning. While pursuing his studies he also assisted in the operation of the home ranch, thus becoming familiar with the best methods of cultivating the fields and caring for the crops. When old enough to lay aside his text-books, his entire attention was given to agricultural pursuits in which he has ever since engaged. He left the home farm when old enough to begin for himself, locating on the place he now owns, this formerly having been a part of his father's

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holdings. During the long period of his occupancy Mr. Martin has effected extensive improvements in his homestead, and it is now one of the attractive and highly cultivated properties of the county.

On the 21st of February, 1875, was celebrated the marriage of Mr. Martin to Miss Algenora Snow, who was born in the vicinity of La Fayette, Oregon, on the 26th of August, 1855. Mrs. Martin is a daughter of H. H. and Nancy (Hembree) Snow, who were among the pioneer settlers of the state, having located here in 1843. Unto Mr. and Mrs. Martin there were born two sons. Cecil, who was born on December, 14, 1879, married Florence Dielschneider and is engaged in the clothing business in Boise, Idaho. Maurice M., the younger, was born on May, 27, 1882, and died in January, 1908.

His political support Mr. Martin gives to the democratic party, whose policy receives his unqualified indorsement, and fraternally he is a member of the Ancient Order of United Workmen, while his wife belongs to the Artisans, their membership in both organizations being in the McMinnville lodges. Having spent his entire life in the immediate vicinity of his present home, Mr. Martin is well known in the county, where he has many friends, among whom are to be found the comrades of his boyhood.

WINFIELD SCOTT GIBBS, a respected resident of Yamhill, was for a number of years actively engaged in general agricultural pursuits in the Sunset state but since 1906 has lived retired in the enjoyment of well earned ease. His birth occurred in Medina county, Ohio, in 1833, his parents being David S. and Ophelia (Hinmann) Gibbs, who were natives of Massachusetts and New York respectively. They were married in the Empire state and shortly afterward removed to Ohio, there continuing to reside for eighteen years. On the expiration of that period they took up their abode in Muscatine county, Iowa, and subsequently went to Buchanan county, Missouri, where they made their home for a number of years. David S. Gibbs then went to New Mexico with our subject and is supposed to have died in that state, for father and son became separated and the former was never heard from afterward. Mrs. Gibbs took up her abode near Kansas City, Kansas, and fifteen years later was married in the Sunflower state, where both she and her husband spent the remainder of their lives. By her first husband she had seven children, as follows: Rufus, whose demise occurred in Missouri; Winfield Scott, of this review; Charlotte, who gave her hand in marriage to Mr. Ogden and passed away in Kansas City, Missouri; Marow, who is a resident of Kansas; Laura, who died in the Sunflower state; Benjamin A., who died in the Soldiers' Home in California; and Oliver, whose demise occurred in Missouri.

Winfield S. Gibbs attended the common schools in the acquirement of an education and took his initial step in the business world when a youth of fifteen, learning the plasterer's trade and following that occupation in Missouri for a few years. Subsequently he came to this state, locating in Benton county, but soon afterward made his way to the gold mines of southern Oregon. Later he went to Idaho, spending altogether nine years in digging for gold. During the years 1855 and 1856 he participated in the Indian war of southern Oregon, which raged throughout Josephine, Douglas and Jackson counties. He fought in several battles and learned to speak the Indian language so fluently that he acted as an interpreter during the period of hostilities. In 1862 he returned to Benton county, Oregon, and there operated a farm for twelve years. He next spent two years in Oakesdale, Whitman county, Washington, and later resided for a short time in Oregon City. For a period of eight years he made his home at Peoria, Linn county, and in 1906 he came to Yamhill, where he has since lived in honorable retirement. He has disposed of all of his farms and now owns a handsome residence in Yamhill.

On the 16th of August, 1863, Mr. Gibbs was united in marriage to Miss Keziah Henderson, who was born in Jackson county, Missouri, on the 11th of May, 1843, her parents being Herman and Sarah (Trapp) Henderson, natives of Tennessee. They remained residents of that state for fifteen years after their marriage and then removed to Jackson county, Missouri, later going to Buchanan county of the same state. In 1853 they crossed the plains to Oregon, beginning the journey on the 12th of April and reaching their destination on the 11th of October following. Mr. Henderson purchased land in Benton county and was successfully engaged in general agricultural pursuits until his death, at which time he had accumulated six hundred acres of highly improved land. He passed away in his ninety-fifth year, having long survived his wife, who died in the seventy-sixth year of her age. Their children were twelve in number, namely: Rachel, who is now deceased; Martin, who is a resident of California; John, who died while crossing the plains and who was buried in eastern Oregon, where the town of Vale now stands; William, living in Corvallis, Oregon; Cynthia, who is deceased, as is also her husband, James Boonfield; Adaline, who died when a child; Louis, who makes his home in Benton county, Oregon; Mary, who died of cholera while crossing the plains; Harriet, who is likewise deceased; Mrs. Gibbs; James, of Benton county, Oregon; and one who died in infancy:

Unto Mr. and Mrs. Gibbs have been born ten children, as follows: Eveline, whose birth occurred on the 16th of July, 1864, and who is the wife of Thomas Coon of Benton county, Oregon; Harriet, born February 21, 1866, who is the wife of Frank Bumgardner, of Linn county, Oregon; Rachel, born in 1868, who gave her hand in marriage to George Coon, of Benton county, Oregon; one who died in infancy; Marow, whose natal day was October 27, 1869, and who makes his home in Yamhill county; Laura, born in 1871, who is the wife of George

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Fletchall, of Yamhill county; Cato, who is married and resides at Peoria, Oregon; William, who is married and makes his home at Oakpoint, Washington; Perman, born September 19, 1881, who is married and resides in Oswego, Oregon; and Cordelia, whose natal year was 1884. Mr. Gibbs is a socialist in his political views, casting his ballot in support of the men and measures of that party. His religious faith is indicated by his membership in the United Evangelical church, to which his wife also belongs. He has now reached the ripe old age of seventy-nine years and has spent the greater part of his life in the northwest, here having won a handsome competence and gained a host of warm friends.

L. P. HOPKINS is one of the active and prosperous farmers and stock-raisers of Marion county, and is conducting his business interests on a farm of fifty acres within a few miles of Salem. The farm's neat and thrifty appearance indicates Mr. Hopkins' careful supervision and practical methods, and he is justly accounted one of the substantial agriculturists of the district. He was born in Indiana on the 30th of January, 1848, his parents being William and Ruahann (Harding) Hopkins, the former a native of Maryland and the latter of Kentucky. The father's death occurred when he was eighty-four years of age and the mother's when she was eighty-six. To them six children were born: Sarah, who is the wife of P. Lawhead of New York state; E. E., a resident of Kansas; Fred, deceased; L. P., who is the subject of this sketch; and E. J., and M. W., both residents of Indiana.

Little occurred to vary the early life of L. P. Hopkins and his youth and boyhood were spent in attending school and assisting his father. He remained at home until he was twenty-one years of age and then engaged in the mercantile business in his native state for ten years. After disposing of this he removed to Kansas where he lived upon a farm for five years. In 1890 he again removed westward and came to Oregon, settling in Portland for a year before locating permanently upon the fifty acre farm which is his present home. During his twenty years' residence upon this property he has exerted every possible effort to bring his land under a profitable state of cultivation. It is at present planted to prunes and is yielding him adequate returns for the labor expended upon it.

In 1878 Mr. Hopkins was married to Miss Alice Cook, also a native of Indiana, and a daughter of John R. and Jemima (Cora) Cook. To Mr. and Mrs. Hopkins two children have been born: Cora E., who is the wife of E. Myers of Marion county; and Gladys, who is residing at home.

Mr. Hopkins casts his vote with the democracy and is an ardent and enthusiastic advocate of the principles of the democratic party. Although he has served for fifteen years as a member of the school board he has never sought office as a reward for party fealty, his service on the school board being prompted wholly by his interest in the educational development of his community. Mrs. Hopkins holds membership in the Baptist church. Industrious habits and straightforwardness have enabled Mr. Hopkins to maintain his standing in the community as a desirable and substantial citizen, and he is accorded the esteem and respect of his fellow agriculturists because of his conscientious life in accordance with the high principles which he holds.

FRANCIS B. MITCHELL. Among the younger men in professional circles in Baker county whose education, ability and commencement of their career give promise of large success in life, is numbered Francis B. Mitchell, who as a lawyer has recently entered upon practice in Haines, this county. He was born in California, August 5, 1883, his parents being James and Jennie Mitchell. His father was born in the state of Maine while his mother's place of nativity is Nova Scotia. The latter was brought by her parents to the United States when she was a young girl, arriving in California in 1876. The father arrived on the Pacific coast in 1878. After their marriage they settled in Baker county, Oregon, in 1884, where James Mitchell engaged in the lumber business in Baker City.

Francis B. Mitchell was the eldest of a family of five children. Early in life he indicated by his studious application to his text-books his eager desire to obtain a liberal education. He attended the common school in Baker City and later was graduated from the high school there. He then spent two years in the Oregon State University, after which he graduated from the University of Michigan in 1910. His studies in the Oregon and Michigin State Universities were with the view to his entering the legal profession, and immediately after his graduation from the law department in the latter institution he took up the practice of law in Haines. He moved to Baker in April, 1912, where he now has his office and where by skill, ability and integrity he is building up a very good practice.

As is common with the members of the legal fraternity Mr. Mitchell has taken a lively interest in politics, his allegiance being given to the republican party. In consequence of this activity and through the efforts of the many influential friends which he has made he has become a candidate for representative of his district in the state legislature. Fraternally he is a member of Bristow Lodge, No. 112, I. O. O. F., of Haines and belongs to Baker Lodge, No. 338, B. P. O. E., and in both of these bodies he is active and popular. He is numbered among the bright young men of Baker who are standing upon the threshold of useful professional careers, and few, if any, give promise of a more successful career in their chosen life's work. He brings to the practice of his profession a ripe scholarship gained in well established schools of learning where he has by his studious and diligent labors been graduated with honors. His

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acquaintance is extensive and he is welcomed in all of the best circles not only in Baker but throughout Baker county. He takes an active interest in all civic affairs of the community, and is interested in every movement for the advancement of the city and county of which he is a citizen.

C. C. McCLENDON. Among the rugged sons of the middle west who early in life cast in their lot with the pioneers to whom the Oregon of today is indebted for its development, civilization and splendid modern advantages, is C. C. McClendon, who has been identified with this great state since 1852. He was born in Tennessee, June 9, 1832, a son of Joseph B. and Jane (Londen) McClendon, the father having been a native of North Carolina and the mother of Virginia. The latter passed away in Tennessee, where the family lived for many years, after which the father went to Arkansas where his death occurred. In their family were twelve children, of whom the subject of this review is the only survivor. C. C. McClendon received a common-school education in Tennessee and Arkansas and after remaining at home until he had attained the age of nineteen years he crossed the plains in 1852 with ox teams, the journey requiring six months to complete. He settled in Douglas county, where he took up a donation claim and built a log cabin, residing there until 1864. While in that county he cleared a large part of his land and brought it under cultivation, spending some of the most strenuous years of his life in that occupation. He then removed to Jackson county where he purchased six hundred and four acres of land in the Sams valley, where he resided until in 1899, when he came to Ashland for two years and then settled at Gold Hill, where he is now living retired.

Mr. McClendon was married in Douglas county, Oregon, in 1856, to Miss Susan Brown, a native of Missouri, her birth having occurred in McDonald county, September 23, 1839. She was a daughter of John and Mary (Dodson) Brown, who were natives of Tennessee. They crossed the plains in 1852 with ox teams and settled in Douglas county where the father took up a donation claim of three hundred and twenty acres, upon which he resided until 1862. He then disposed of his holdings and removed to Josephine county, where his death occurred. The mother afterward became a resident of Jackson county and passed away at the age of eighty-seven years. Mrs. McClendon was one of ten children, and by her marriage she became the mother of eleven children, namely: William P., B. F. and Joseph B., all deceased; Mary J., the wife of George F. Learned, of California; Samuel W., of Gold Hill; Susanna and John H., who have also passed away; Rose M., who married W. H. Whybark, of Lovelock, Nevada; Lillie B., the wife of S. A. McIntosh, of Nevada; Nora B., who wedded J. H. Eastman, of Jackson county; and George W., who is married and resides in California.

Mr. McClendon in his political views is an adherent of the principles and platforms of the democratic party. He has been greatly interested in educational matters and has served on the school board, being an active member of that body. Mrs. McClendon is a member of the Christian church, being deeply interested in the work of that organization. Among the many respected and honored citizens of Gold Hill there are few if any who are entitled to more credit for an active, useful life than is Mr. McClendon. His long career as a pioneer during which he labored early and late to advance the interests of his community and build up his own private fortune, rendered him one of the valuable citizens of the state during its early days, a service which entitles him to the respect and esteem of all fellowmen. He has an extensive acquaintance in the communities where he has lived and has been regarded as one of the best citizens in those localities.

JAMES COUGHTRY, who since 1909 has lived retired at Yamhill, is now spending the evening of life in the enjoyment of a competence which he acquired in the course of an active and successful business career. His birth occurred in Scotland on the 22d of November, 1840, his parents being Nathan and Jean Smith (Candlish) Coughtry, who were born, reared and married in that country. The mother passed away in the land of hills and heather on the 1st of February, 1850. She was the niece of the famous Scotch clergyman, Dr. Candlish, who originated the Free Church of Scotland in association with Dr. Thomas Guthrie. Nathan Coughtry crossed the Atlantic to the United States in 1858, first settling near Rockford, Illinois, where he made his home until 1863. In that year he removed to Iowa, continuing to reside in the Hawkeye state until his demise, which occurred at Waterloo on the 13th of March, 1890. Unto him and his wife were born six children, as follows: Henry M., living in Waterloo, Iowa; Thomas, who passed away at Montreal, Canada; William, who was killed in the battle of Shiloh on the 6th of April, 1862; Isabelle, who passed away in Scotland on the 16th of August, 1857; James, of this review; and Ann, the wife of T. O. Scougall, of Portland, Oregon.

James Coughtry acquired a practical and thorough education in the schools of his native land and was a youth of eighteen when he accompanied his father on his emigration to the new world. At the time of the outbreak of the Civil war he was residing at Rockford, Illinois, and there volunteered for service in the Union army, joining the Fifteenth Illinois Infantry and remaining with that command for four years with the exception of a two months' furlough. On the 6th of April, 1862, however, at the battle of Shiloh, he received a wound which disqualified him for further active service. After being honorably discharged in 1864 he joined his father at Winthrop, Iowa, where the family home had been established while he was in the army. There he carried on general agricultural pursuits until 1872 and then removed

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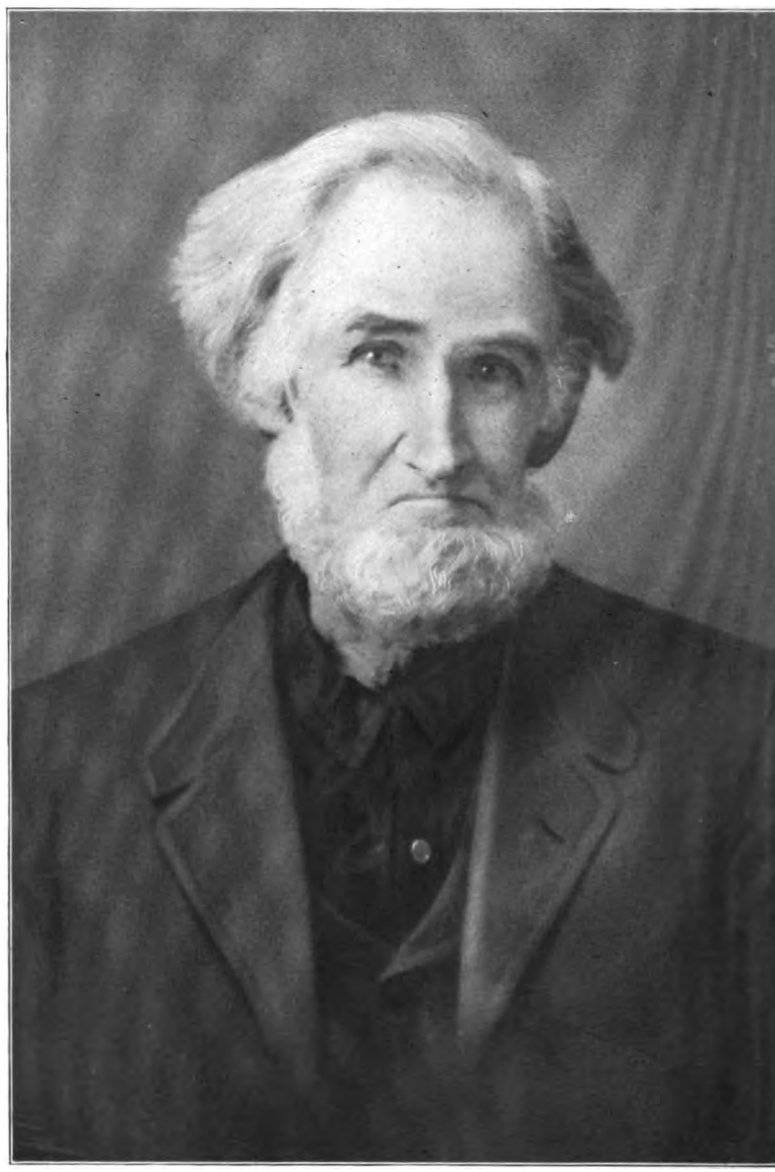

C. C. McCLENDON

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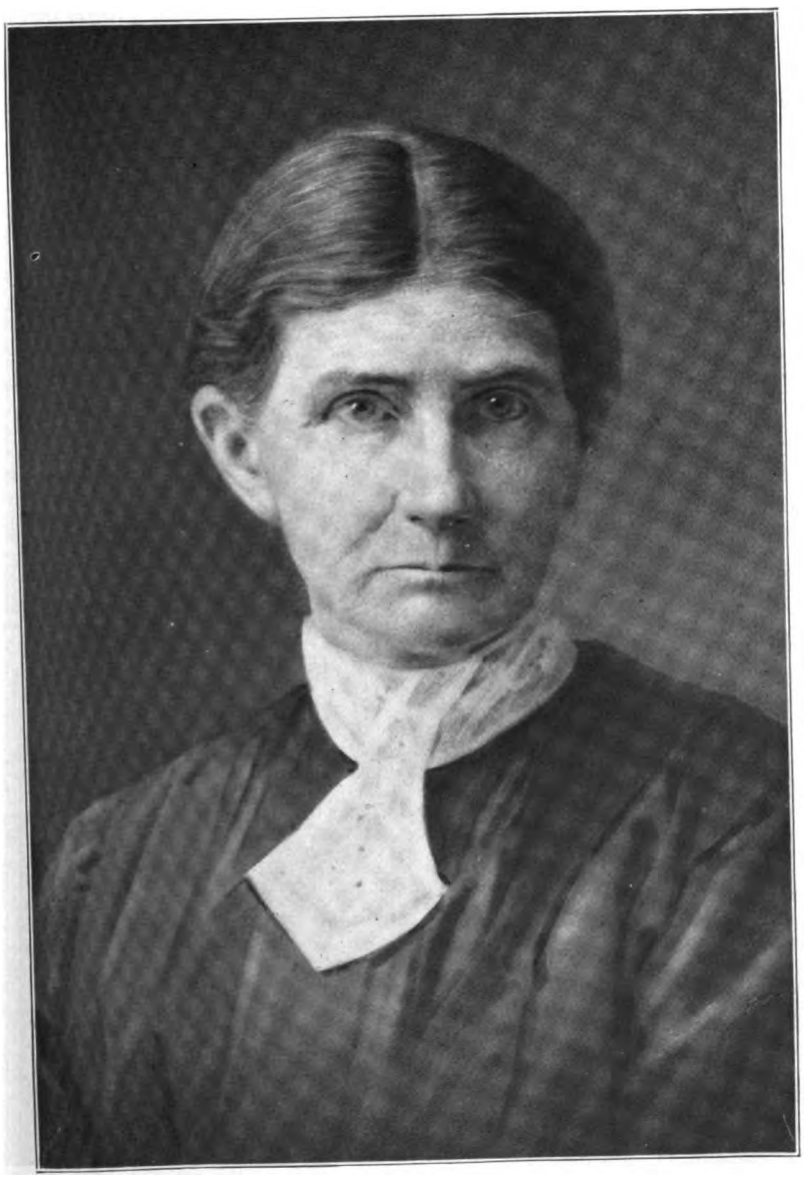

MRS. C. C. McCLENDON

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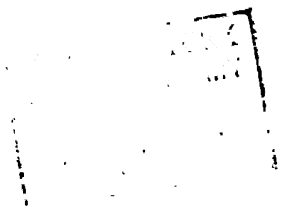

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to Nebraska, where he maintained his residence until 1886. In that year he came to Portland, Oregon, and during the six years of his residence in the Rose city was engaged in contracting for street grading and excavating throughout the summer seasons, while in the winter months he worked in a cannery. Subsequently he took up his abode in Washington county and for six years cultivated rented land in that county and also in Yamhill county. In 1898 he returned to Dakota county, Nebraska, and there followed farming for ten years. In 1909 he put aside the active work of the fields and took up his abode in Yamhill, Oregon, where he owns a handsome residence and is now enjoying the fruits of his former toil in well earned ease.

On the 26th of July, 1866, Mr. Coughtry was joined in wedlock to Miss Mary Jane Beith, a native of St. Charles, Illinois, and a daughter of Thomas and Jean (Russell) Beith, who were born, reared and married in Scotland. In 1846 they emigrated to America, first settling at St. Charles, Illinois, while in 1857 they removed to Winthrop, Iowa. Thomas Beith there passed away in 1883. His widow, who still makes her home at Winthrop, has now attained the age of ninety-five years. Their children were ten in number, namely: Robert, who passed away in June, 1864, while serving as a soldier in the Union army; Hannah, the wife of Robert White, of Winthrop, Iowa; John and Margaret, twins, both of whom are deceased; Mrs. Coughtry; Thomas, living in Wakefield, Nebraska; George, who is a resident of Allen, Nebraska; Charles, of Wakefield, Nebraska; Agnes, the wife of Dr. Hoag, of Weir, Kansas; and one who died in infancy.

The marriage of Mr. and Mrs. Coughtry was blessed with twelve children, as follows: Robert B., born July 5, 1867, who is now a resident of La Fayette, Oregon; Nathan T., born December 6, 1868, who makes his home at Allen, Nebraska; Henry W., whose birth occurred on the 9th of October, 1870, and who is now a resident of Pike, Yamhill county, Oregon; James C., born November 7, 1872, who is married and lives at Yamhill, Oregon; Jean C. Candlish, born August 12, 1874, who is still under the parental roof; George H., whose natal day was April 15, 1876, and who is now living at Emerson, Nebraska; Hannah N., born January 25, 1878, who is the wife of Harry Englen, of Kadoka, South Dakota; Wheeler W., born November 15, 1879, who is still at home; Ernest E., born October 2, 1882, who passed away in the city of Dakota, Nebraska, on the 20th of September, 1901; Archie R., whose birth occurred on the 12th of August, 1884, and who is now living in Dakota county, Nebraska; Anna B., born March 31, 1886, who is still under the parental roof; and Flora E., born April 14, 1888, who is the wife of Eric M. Bierman, of Nebraska.

In politics Mr. Coughtry is a stanch republican, while his religious faith is indicated by his membership in the Methodist Episcopal church, to which his wife and children also belong. The salient qualities of his life have ever commended him to the confidence, good will and friendship of those with whom he has come in contact and he has always enjoyed the warm regard of a host of friends.

G. M. PATTY. General farming engages the attention of G. M. Patty, who owns and operates a hundred acre tract of Yamhill county's fertile land, located in the vicinity of Amity. His birth occurred in this county on October 3, 1872, his parents being G. M. and Lucy (Ruble) Patty, the former a native of Arkansas and the latter of Missouri, their marriage taking place after they had come to Oregon. In 1852 the father left his native state and crossed the plains to Oregon, first locating on the Willamette. He subsequently removed to Salem, whence he later came to Yamhill county, settling on a farm three miles south of Amity. The improvement and operation of this place engaged his undivided attention until his death in 1907. He was laid to rest in the cemetery at Amity. Of the marriage of Mr. and Mrs. Patty there were born five sons and two daughters: Henry, who lives in the vicinity of Amity; William, who is deceased; G. M., our subject; Winfield, who is deceased; Ray, who is living with his mother; Lucy, who is also at home; and June, the wife of Roy Shields, of Salem, Oregon.

The boyhood and youth of G. M. Patty did not differ in any marked degree from those of other lads of the period and like circumstances. He attended the common schools in the acquirement of his education, devoting such time as he was not engaged with his studies in assisting his father with the work of the farm. He remained at home with his parents until he was twenty-two years of age, when he decided that he was fully qualified to begin his independent agricultural career, so he located on the place where he now resides. His energies have been intelligently applied to the operation of this land for about seventeen years, and as a result he has a finely improved and valuable piece of property. Diversified farming under the capable supervision and intelligent direction of Mr. Patty has proven to be very lucrative, as is manifested by his fine barns, attractive residence, and well stocked pastures. A capable business man as well as agriculturist he has applied as rigid methods and adhered to as carefully outlined a system in the conduct of his affairs as he would have followed in a commercial pursuit. A man of progressive and practical ideas he has met with a gratifying degree of success, always having operated his fields under his personal supervision, and given every detail of his business the most careful attention.

About sixteen years ago Mr. Patty completed his arrangements for a home of his own by his marriage to Miss Anna Middleton and unto them have been born one daughter and two sons, Florence, Glen and Robert, all of whom are still at home.

The family attends the Methodist Episcopal church, in which Mrs. Patty holds membership. Fraternally Mr. Patty is connected with the Independent Order of Odd Fellows. His political support he has always accorded

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to the republican party considering that their policy is best adapted to subserve the highest interests of the majority. Governmental affairs, however, have never engaged his attention to any marked degree as he has always preferred to devote his energies rather to the development of his personal interests. He is widely known in this vicinity and is held in the highest esteem by all who have had transactions with him, as he is a man of high standards and incorruptible integrity.

CLYDE B. AITCHISON, of Salem, has been almost continuously in public office in Oregon since 1905, and is now a member and chairman of the board of railway commissioners, in which connection he is rendering important service to the public. He has been a resident of the state since May, 1903, coming to Oregon to enter upon the practice of law in Portland. He was then a young man of about twenty-eight years, his birth having occurred in Clinton, Iowa, February 22, 1875. His parents were John and Mary J. (Nolan) Aitchison, the former a native of Scotland, whence he came to the United States in early manhood, making the long voyage across the Atlantic in 1854. He had been educated for the ministry in the University of Glasgow and after arriving in this country engaged in preaching in Brooklyn, New York, and afterward in Iowa, where he became recognized as one of the most prominent representatives of the Baptist ministry. The Central University of Iowa conferred upon him the Doctor of Divinity degree and he was accounted one of the most scholarly men and capable divines of that state. In 1894 he retired from active connection with the ministry and in 1903 he came to Oregon to take up his abode with his son in Portland, where he passed away in 1906. His widow still survives and yet makes her home with the subject of this review.

Clyde B. Aitchison, spending his youthful days under the parental roof, acquired his early education in the public schools, completing his course in the high school of Hastings, Nebraska, with the class of 1889. He was an honor graduate of that class and also the youngest graduate who ever finished the work in the Hastings high school. He afterward entered Hastings College, from which he was graduated in 1893, with the degree of B. S., and again he was the youngest pupil to complete the course in that institution up to that time. With a broad literary learning to serve as the foundation upon which to build professional knowledge he took up the study of law in the office of Tibbets, Morey & Ferris, of Hastings, and there continued for about eighteen months, after which he went to Council Bluffs, Iowa, resuming his studies in the office of Finley Burke. In 1896 he successfully passed the examination which secured his admission to the bar of his native state and entered upon practice in Council Bluffs. Although advancement at the bar is proverbially slow no dreary novitiate awaited him. He was soon accorded a large and growing clientage and was numbered among the successful practitioners of that city until he removed to the west. He was also honored by the profession in an election to the office of secretary of the Bar Association of Council Bluffs, acting in that capacity from its organization until he left the state. During that time he compiled Aitchison's Annotations of the Iowa Decisions, which was published by the Lawyers Cooperative Company of Rochester and had a wide sale throughout the state.

In May, 1903, Mr. Aitchison arrived in Portland where he resumed the practice of law, and in June, 1905, he was called to public office, being made clerk of the commission appointed to prepare a new tax code for the state. Later, in 1906, he was engaged to assist in drafting the present railroad commission bill, which was presented to the legislature and adopted by that body, after which, in February, 1907, Mr. Aitchison was appointed a member of the board of railway commissioners. In April, 1908, he was given the republican nomination for the office and was elected to that position. while in January, 1911, he was chosen chairman of the board, in which important capacity he is now serving. In this connection he has carefully safeguarded the interests of the people at large yet stands strictly for that justice which neither favors nor abuses the corporation nor the individual.

On the 5th of September, 1906, Mr. Aitchison was united in marriage to Miss Bertha Beatrice Williams, of Pacific Grove, Oregon, a daughter of E. B. Williams, of Iowa, in which state his death occurred. Mr. and Mrs. Aitchison have two children, Beatrice and Bruce. In his political views Mr. Aitchison has always been a republican and keeps well informed on the questions and issues of the day. He has never been a partisan but maintains a progressive attitude that seeks ever the welfare of the majority. He belongs to Portland Lodge, No. 142, B. P. O. E., is also a member of the University Club of Portland and vice president of the Apollo Club of this city. He is prominent and popular in the Rose City as well as in the state capital and in fact he has a wide and favorable acquaintance throughout Oregon. He is preeminently a man of affairs and one who has wielded a wide influence.

WILLIAM AMOS KING, secretary-treasurer of The Oregon Home Builders, to which position he was called January 2, 1912, had previously been connected with mercantile and banking interests in Newberg. Here he still makes his home. He was born in Portland, Oregon, October 11, 1882, and is a son of Edward Albert and Mary (Lumsden) King, who were married May 25, 1881. The former was a son of Amos N. King, an Oregon pioneer of 1845, who in that year located on the present site of Portland and took up a donation land claim of three hundred and twenty acres. His wife also secured a claim of equal size. When the boundaries of the city extended to include his property, he platted it and sold forty acres of it to the

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city for a park, receiving eight hundred dollars per acre, which at that time was considered a handsome price. His home in which his son Edward A. King and his grandson, William A. King, were born, is still standing. It was built in 1856 and the shingles, split from cedar blocks, on the roof have never been replaced and are apparently in as good condition as when put on nity-six years ago. Edward A. King was the youngest son in a family of six children and was born in Portland, March 31, 1861. After attaining to manhood he had full charge of his father's real-estate and financial affairs and for several years was treasurer of the Multnomah Street Railway Company. He was also clerk of the board of bridge commissioners, to which office he was appointed by the circuit judge. He was engaged in dealing extensively in real estate and is now a retired capitalist. He wedded Mary Lumsden and they became the parents of two children who are yet living, the daughter being Lulu May, now the wife of George L. McPherson, of Portland, while the son is W. A. King of this review. The mother died when her children were quite young and the father afterward married Miss Anna Belle Brewer, who came from Michigan in 1888 and to the children took the place of their lost mother, being most devoted to them. Mr. and Mrs. King now reside in a magnificent residence on King street in Portland.

At the usual age W. A. King entered the Portland schools and passed through consecutive grades to his graduation. He was also graduated from the Holmes Business College of that city and in 1906 he entered commercial circles at Newberg, Oregon, as a hardware merchant, continuing in that line of business until 1909, when he sold out and entered the employ of the First National Bank of Newberg as assistant cashier. He was afterward elected vice president and later was chosen to the presidency of the bank, which he carefully managed and conducted until he sold his bank stock and resigned his position to accept the position of secretary-treasurer of the Oregon Home Builders on the 2d of January, 1912, in which connection he is becoming widely and favorably known for business ability, proving adequate to the conditions and emergencies that confront him in business life.

On the 13th of May, 1909, Mr. King was united in marriage at Newberg, Oregon, to Miss Julia Bernice Woodward, a daughter of E. H. Woodward, editor of the Newberg Graphic. The two children of this family are Edward Herman, who was born January 30, 1910, and Sybil Lulu, who was born December 18, 1911. In his political views Mr. King is a stalwart republican and served as city treasurer of Newberg from January 15, 1910, until January 15, 1911. Socially he is connected with the Multnomah Amateur Athletic Club and with the Portland Rowing Club. He has a very extensive circle of warm friends in the Rose City, where his boyhood and youth were passed and is becoming rapidly and favorably known in the section of the state in which he now lives. His energy and business capacity are standing the test of actual service in the business world and each year finds him in advance of the position which he occupied the previous year.

W. H. JOHNSON is numbered among the successful agriculturists of Jackson county, owning a choice and highly improved farm of one hundred and sixty acres. His birth occurred in Indiana on the 22d of November, 1849, and he is one of the four children born to Philander and February (Banker) Johnson. He was reared in his father's home and educated in the public schools of the district in which he lived. He remained with his parents until twenty-three years of age and, starting in life for himself, he made his first settlement in the state of Kansas, where he purchased one hundred and sixty acres of land and for some time was engaged in farming and improving this property. He later sold this farm and journeyed overland to Colorado, in which state he filed on a homestead in 1883. On this land he remained for a number of years and having largely improved it, he sold the property at a handsome profit. In 1895 he moved to Oregon, settling in Jackson county, near Buncom, where he purchased the farm of one hundred and sixty acres on which he now resides and to the development and care of which he gives his entire attention.

In 1883 Mr. Johnson was united in marriage to Miss Liya Rand, a native of Indiana. Unto them have been born two children: Rose, who died in Colorado in 1885; and Bryan, who still survives. In his political views Mr. Johnson has always been a loyal member of the republican party. His religious faith is indicated by his membership in the Baptist church. He is a man widely read in the affairs of his country and during the period of his residence at Buncom, Oregon, he has come to be recognized as a very desirable addition to the community in which he lives. He is an experienced and prosperous agriculturist, keeping abreast of all improvements as to farm machinery as well as modern methods of successfully growing and harvesting all classes of farming produce.

EDWARD OTIS PARKER, M. D., who has devoted his life to the two professions of teaching and medical practice, has qualified for the latter by comprehensive study and is continuously broadening his knowledge and promoting his efficiency by further reading and investigation. He has always lived in Oregon, his birth having occurred in Oakland, Douglas county, October 19, 1872. He is a son of Patterson C. and Sarah A. (King) Parker, both of whom are natives of Indiana. They came across the plains with their respective parents to Oregon, the father arriving in 1852 and the mother in 1870. Both families settled in the Umpqua valley in Douglas county and it was there that the parents of Dr. Parker were married. They settled upon a ranch where they resided

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until the sons were old enough to enter school, when in order to provide their children with better educational advantage they removed to Oakland where they resided for twenty years. There the mother's death occurred, on the 16th of May, 1907, and the father afterward came to Pendleton, since which time he has lived with his son, Dr. Parker. He is one of the honored pioneer residents of this state, having for sixty years made his home in Oregon, witnessing its marvelous growth and development and taking an active part in promoting its progress and interest as the years have gone by.

Dr. Parker pursued his education while spending his youthful days at home, being a pupil in the public schools of Oakland and afterward in the Central Oregon Normal School at Drain, this state. He was there graduated with the class of 1898, but long prior to this time he had entered upon the profession of teaching, accepting his first school in 1890. He taught both in Lebanon, and Yoncalla and while following that profession he also began reading medicine under the direction of Drs. Page and Gilmour, of Oakland. In the fall of 1900 he entered the medical department of the Willamette University at Salem and on the completion of a four years' course was graduated with the class of 1903. His training was thorough and he had applied himself so earnestly to the mastery of the principles of the profession that he was particularly well qualified for the duties that have since devolved upon him. Immediately after his graduation he located at Pilot Rock, Umatilla county, where he continued in successful practice until July, 1908, when he removed to Pendleton. The following year he went to New York city and pursued his studies in the Postgraduate University there. He then again came to Pendleton where he has since remained and his broad and comprehensive knowledge and well developed skill rank him with the foremost physicians of the city. He belongs to Pendleton City Medical Society, Umatilla County Medical Society, the Eastern Oregon Medical Society of which he was formerly president, the Oregon Stat Medical Society and the American Medical Association. Through the proceedings of these bodies he keeps in touch with the most advanced thought and work of the profession and experience is also constantly adding to his power and efficiency.

It was in 1898 that Dr. Parker was united in marriage to Miss Ella Spaulding, of Winnebago, and unto them was born one daughter, Alice Verne. The wife and mother passed away on the 29th of February, 1907, and on the 19th of October, 1911, Dr. Parker was again married, his second union being with Miss Florence Maud Simonds, of Collingwood, Ontario.

In his political views Dr. Parker has ever been an earnest republican but without ambition for office although he keeps well informed on the questions and issues of the day and at all times manifests a public-spirited devotion to the general good. His wife is a member of the Presbyterian church and Dr. Parker is identified with Pendleton Lodge, No. 52, F. & A. M.; Pendleton Chapter, No. 23, R. A. M.; Bushey Chapter, No. 19, O. E. S.; Integrity Lodge, No. 92, I. O. O. F.; Alita Lodge, No. 146, Rebekahs; Pendleton Lodge, No. 288, B. P. O. E.; Umaholis Tribe, No. 18, I. O. R. M.; and is a member of the Royal Order of Moose. He is also connected with many beneficial orders and in all enjoys the high regard of his brethren of the fraternities because his life is in keeping with their high and beneficial principles. He holds to advanced professional standards and his close conformity to the ethics of the profession has gained for him the regard of his brethren of the medical fraternity while his skill in practice is winning for him an extensive and gratifying patronage.

JAMES WESTLEY HAMMACK, who is living on his ranch located one mile east of Lostine, has always devoted his energies to agricultural pursuits, and has met with a goodly measure of success. His life record was begun in Knox county, Kentucky, on the 2d of April, 1838, his parents being James and Elizabeth (Moore) Hammack, both of whom are now deceased, the father having passed away in 1899 and the mother in 1905.

The early years in the life of James Westley Hammack were passed on the farm where he was born and in the cultivation of which he began to assist while still in his childhood. In common with many other lads reared in the country at that period he was given but a meager education, attending school only at such times as his services were not required about the farm. Under the capable supervision of his father he acquired a thorough knowledge of the best practical methods of tilling the fields and harvesting the crops, so that by the time he had attained his majority he was a skilled agriculturist. He subsequently left home and went out into the world to make his own way, but still continued to devote his energies to farming. Together with his wife and family he crossed the plains to Oregon in 1865 with an ox team, his destination being Yamhill county. He remained there for only two years, then went to Union county, where he acquired some government land which he cultivated with excellent success for thirty years. From there he came to Wallowa county, settling in the valley, where he resumed his agricultural activities. As he is a capable ranchman of enterprising and industrious habits he has prospered since coming here and is known as one of the substantial citizens of the county. At various times he added to his original tract until he had acquired two hundred and forty acres, but the cultivation of this involved much labor and close supervision, and of recent years Mr. Hammack has given some of his land to his sons. He retains a tract, however, that is well improved and highly productive, and despite the fact that he is seventy-four years of age he continues to superintend its cultivation. He has always led a very active life and although he is

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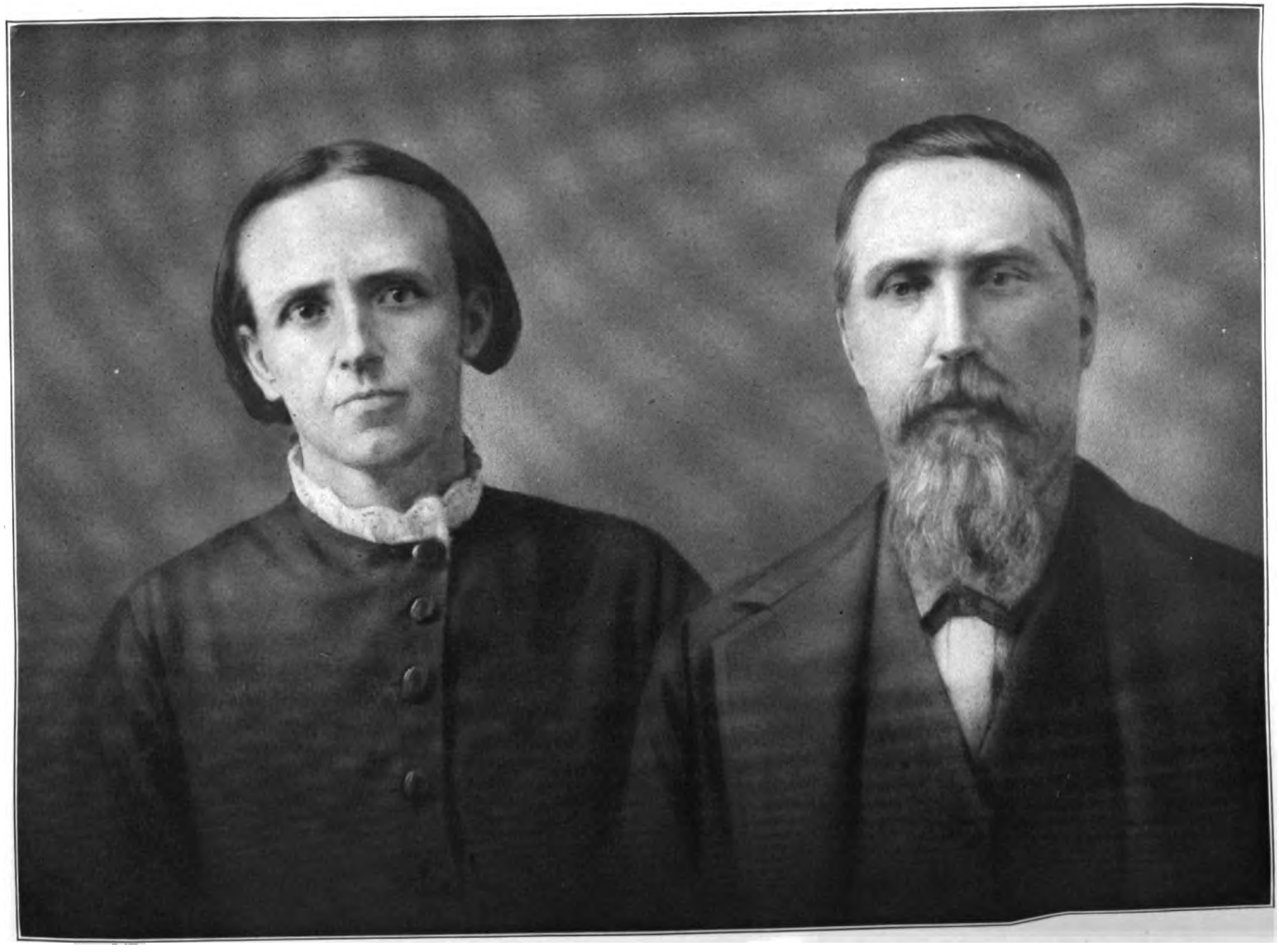

MR. AND MRS. J. W. HAMMACK

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ow able to live in retirement, having more han sufficient to provide for the needs of himself and wife, he is too energetic to relinquish his work.

In Wayne county, Iowa, in 1863, Mr. Hammack was married to Miss Sarah Miller, a daughter of John and Mahaly Miller, and they have become the parents of seventeen children, ten of whom are living, as follows: John L., James L., Josephine, Donald M., Effie, Emma, Carrie V., Hattie, Floyd and Bert. Those deceased are: Isabel, Thomas F., James W., Cora A., Elizabeth, William and Esther.

Both Mr. and Mrs. Hammack are members of the Christian church, in the faith of which they have reared their family, and his political prerogatives he has always exercised in support of the men and measures of the democratic party. Mr. Hammack has been a resident of Oregon for forty-seven years, and during that period he has been an interested observer of the state's development, and has enthusiastically contributed his quota toward forwarding its progress on every possible occasion. He is one of the loyal, enterprising pioneers to whose efforts the northwest is largely indebted for the position it holds in the agricultural world today, and he can relate many interesting reminiscences of those early days, when the Indians yet roamed on the prairies and skulked in the forests, where now are to be found highly cultivated ranches and thriving towns.

WILLIAM E. LEWIS owns and resides on an excellent tract of twenty acres of land which is situated near Montavilla, in Multnomah county. He was born in Crawford county, Illinois, on the 17th of June, 1864, a son of Daniel and Rachel Lewis, the former born in North Carolina in 1829 and the latter in Crawford county, Illinois, in 1833. The parents were married in Illinois and resided there until 1872, when they removed to Washington, locating at Chehalis river. Shortly afterwards they removed to Multnomah county, settling six miles east of Portland on the base line road where they purchased for five thousand dollars one hundred and sixty-three acres of land which the father operated until his death. He passed away in 1901 and the mother is still living, having now reached the age of seventy-eight years. To Mr. and Mrs. Lewis were born eleven children: Leander, who now resides on the old homestead; John, who died in infancy; Jimmie, who was accidentally drowned at the age of twenty-four; Anna, who is the wife of Fred Davis, of Centralia, Washington; Herman, who helps to operate the old homestead; W. E., of this review; Sarah, who is the wife of A. H. Belle, of Portland; Lulu, who is Mrs. J. W. Mills, of Portland; Edward and Frederick, who were twins, both of whom are now deceased; and George, of Portland.

William E. Lewis received his education in the common schools and remained at home with his parents until he was twenty-one years of age. He then started out in life for himself by engaging in farming and fruit-growing on a tract of twenty acres which belonged to his father's homestead and which he inherited. He was thus engaged until 1888 when he sold his land and rented for three years of J. H. Lamberts a fruit ranch of eighty acres. Subsequently he returned to Portland and purchased twenty acres of his father's old homestead, on which he is now living. He also owns various business buildings and other real estate, the interests of which he looks after, but he is otherwise now living retired.

In 1885 Mr. Lewis was married to Miss Effie M. Hassler, who was born in Depew, Illinois, a daughter of P. J. and Adeline Hassler, the father a native of Bureau county, Illinois, and the mother a native of Indiana. The parents resided in Illinois until 1888, when they came to Oregon, settling at Oregon City, and later removed to Multomah county where they purchased thirty acres of land six miles east of Portland. They resided on the same the remainder of their lives, the mother passing away in 1904 and the father in 1908. In their family were two children, Mrs. Lewis and a child who died in infancy. Mr. and Mrs. Lewis have become parents of four children. Chester E., the eldest, was born in 1887. He married Miss Elizabeth Spear and now resides on his father's farm although at the present time he is in the employ of the Southern Pacific Railway as mail clerk. He has a business college education. Lawrence P. was born in 1889, received a business college education and now is operating a milk depot in Portland, his place of business being at Seventy-ninth and East Stark streets. On May 3, 1911, he wedded Miss Cisly Starr. Walter was born in 1891, is a graduate of the public school and is now at home. Irene, who completes the family, was born in 1899 and is now attending school.

In his political views Mr. Lewis is a republican but has never sought nor cared for public office. He is a well known and highly respected citizen of the county where he has long made his home. In business his course has been pursued by the strictest fidelity to honest principles and he has many friends who entertain for him the highest regard.

JOSEPH BORTON. One of the well known farmers of Baker county is Joseph Borton, who was born in the state of New York, March 9, 1853. His father, Arthur Borton, was born in England and the mother, Mary (Murtha) Borton, was a native of Ireland. They were the parents of seven children, six of whom are still living.

Joseph Borton started out to make his own way in the world at the unusually early age of ten years. He had had little education at that time. His first employment was with a pack train, it being his duty to ride the bell horse. At the end of a year he returned home and for a year attended school. At the age of thirteen he started overland with some freight teams, going going first to Boise, Idaho, where he remained a short time, then removed to Baker

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county, Oregon, where he worked on a ranch five years for one man. The following two years were spent in Rye valley, where he freighted for another year and then rented a ranch for three years. Later he took up a government claim of one hundred and sixty acres of land, upon which he still lives. At the time he settled on this farm there were only a few houses in Baker City. By industry and skill he has finely improved his farm and brought it under a high state of cultivation, so that it is now one of the best farm properties in the county.

Mr. Borton was married to Miss Clara Boldock, who was also a native of the Empire state but whose parents were natives of England. Mr. and Mrs. Boldock had a family of fourteen children, six of whom are still living. Mr. and Mrs. Borton have become the parents of thirteen children, twelve of whom are still living: Arthur, who was born October 6, 1874, and died January 24, 1877; Mary, born November 13, 1875; Ada, born November 24, 1877; Edward, born January 8, 1880; Bertha, born March 27, 1882; Pearl, born May 25, 1884; Fannie, born November 21, 1886; Charles, born March 16, 1888; James, born April 8, 1890; Frank, born April 19, 1893; Roy, born July 24, 1895; George, born October 8, 1897, and Nora, born February 12, 1900. All of the children reside in Baker county except a daughter, who makes her home in Portland.

Although not an old man, Joseph Borton, beginning life's work at an early age, has had a long business experience and his many years of toil have been rewarded, as he is now the possessor of one of the best farms in Baker county. He is numbered among the best citizens of the community and he and his family are well and favorably known in this county.

CHARLEY E. STILWELL, who is now living retired in Prosser, Washington, made his home at The Dalles in Oregon for about four decades, accumulating the competence which enables him to spend the evening of life in well earned ease. His birth occurred in New York on the 6th of April, 1839, his parents being Laben and Julia (Belle) Stilwell, who were born, reared and married in the Empire state. In 1843 they removed to Wisconsin, continuing to reside in that state for nine years. On the expiration of that period they crossed the plains to the northwest, first settling in Oregon City, where they spent the winter. The following summer they took up their abode in the Cathlamet valley on the Cathlamet river, where the mother passed away in 1866. Subsequently Mr. Stilwell removed to eastern Oregon and later to Walla Walla, Washington, where he remained until 1871. He then made his home with our subject until the time of his demise, passing away in the '90s when eighty-seven years of age.

On the 13th of March, 1871, Charley E. Stilwell was united in marriage to Miss Malissa Hawn, a daughter of Jacob and Harriet (Pierson) Hawn, more extended mention of whom is made on another page of this work in connection with the sketch of John M. Bunn, deceased. Unto Mr. and Mrs. Stilwell have been born eight children, as follows: Julia, born April 8, 1872, who gave her hand in marriage to Charles Severt of Yamhill, Oregon, and died at the age of thirty-two years; Charley A., whose natal year was 1875 and who is still under the parental roof; Minnie, who died in infancy; Jesse, born in 1878, who resides at The Dalles, Oregon; Mrs. Grace Wilder, whose birth occurred on the 10th of September, 1880, and who makes her home at Prosser, Washington; John, at home; Sherman, born August 19, 1884, who wedded Miss Hazel Lobaugh and resides at Prosser, Washington; and Howard, who was born on the 16th of July, 1887, and is still at home.

Mr. and Mrs. C. E. Stilwell began their domestic life at The Dalles in Oregon and there continued to reside until 1904, when they took up their abode at Prosser, Washington, where they have since lived in honorable retirement. They have a fine home there and also own other city property. The religious faith of the family is indicated by their membership in the Christian church.

ROBERT R. PALMER is the junior partner in the firm of Palmer & Denham, widely known as the largest horse-raisers in the county. They have extensive ranch interests and keep on hand about two hundred and fifty head of Percheron horses. In this connection they are doing much to improve the grade of horses raised and used in Oregon, and their labors are therefore an element in the general progress as well as individual prosperity. Moreover, they are proprietors of a harness and saddlery business in Baker, and in other connections enjoy an enviable reputation.

Mr. Palmer was born in LaGrande, Oregon, October 9, 1868, and is a son of John and Myra E. (States) Palmer. Of their family of five living children Robert R. was second in birth. He resided in the place of his nativity for seven years, since which time he has lived mostly in Baker. He pursued his education in the public schools here and in the Portland Business College, from which he was graduated in 1888. He returned to LaGrande and there entered the harness business in connection with H. E. Denham under the firm style of Palmer & Denham, and in 1896 the store was removed to Baker where the business has since been conducted. They own a good business block here and carry a large line of harness and saddlery, in which connection the trade has assumed gratifying proportions. Moreover, they are the largest horse-raisers in Baker county, keeping on hand about two hundred and fifty Percherons on an extensive ranch.

Mr. Palmer has been twice married. In 1893 he wedded Miss Maude R. Starbird, a native of Maine, and a daughter of N. H. and Ada F. Starbird. She died in 1902, leaving a little daughter, Ruth M. In 1904 Mr. Palmer was united in marriage to Miss

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Ethel Russell, also a native of Maine and a cousin of his first wife. Her parents were Flavin R. and Rose Russell. Mrs. Palmer was a teacher of German in the high school at the time of her marriage. There has been one child of this marriage, Fern R., born June 23, 1909.

Mr. Palmer votes with the republican party and is prominent in its local councils. In 1900 he was elected county treasurer, and his capability and fidelity in office is indicated in the fact that he was three times elected, and served three terms, or six years. He belongs to the Benevolent Protective Order of Elks, the Modern Woodmen of America and the Woodmen of the World. He has a circle of friends that is constantly increasing as the circle of his acquaintance widens. He stands for all that is progressive in citizenship, for all that is public spirited in politics and for all that is enterprising and reliable in business affairs.

WILLIAM E. TAYLOR, who is station master for the Southern Pacific at Amity, Oregon, was born at Corsicana, Navarro county, Texas, on the 27th of September, 1872, and is a son of William B. and Clendora I. (Bishop) Taylor. His father was a native of Mississippi, his birth having occurred in the vicinity of Kossuth, whence he moved to Texas, residing there until 1889 when he came to Oregon, locating at Grants Pass. There he engaged in contracting and building and also sawmilling for about eighteen years. Subsequently he lived in various places, passing away in Portland four years later, and there he was laid to rest. When he was seventeen years of age William B. Taylor enlisted in the Civil war, spending three years at the front, during which time he participated in a great many closely contested and bitter engagements, receiving his discharge at the close of hostilities. His family originally came from Virginia, going from there to Kentucky and later to Mississippi. He removed to Texas in his early manhood and there he met and married Miss Bishop, who was a native of that state. She passed away in April, 1890, at Grants Pass. Of the marriage of Mr. and Mrs. Taylor there were born six children: William E., our subject; Anna, who married S. F. Cheshire, of Grants Pass, Oregon; John, who is deceased; Emma F. who died at the age of fourteen years; Isa, who died at the age of eighteen months; and Bishop B., who is operating at North Bend, Oregon.

Being a youth of seventeen years when he accompanied his family on their removal to Oregon, William E. Taylor acquired his early education in the common schools of his native state and later went to a school at Grants Pass, Oregon, of which Judge Benson was the principal. Remaining at home until he was twenty-one, he entered upon his first position in a sugar pine door and lumber company at Grants Pass, with which he was identified for three years. Withdrawing from their employ he entered that of another company engaged in the same business, remaining two years. About twelve years ago he engaged in railroad work at Grants Pass. From there he went to McCoy, Oregon, where he worked for the Southern Pacific for about eighteen months, when he came to Amity. He has entire charge of both the express and freight as well as the passenger business here, and is discharging his various duties with efficiency and in a manner highly satisfactory to the officials of the road.

In 1896 Mr. Taylor was united in marriage to Miss Minnie I. Dudley, a daughter of George W. Dudley, and unto them have been born four children: Edwin H., Cyril W., Harold B. and Lester D., all of whom are at home.

The family affiliate with the Baptist church in which the parents hold membership, and fraternally Mr. Taylor is an Odd Fellow and he belongs to the Encampment, while both he and Mrs. Taylor are members of the Rebekahs and the Circle, and he affiliates with the Woodmen of the World. Politically he is independent, giving his support to such men and measures he deems best qualified to subserve the interests of the majority. He does not take a prominent part in municipal affairs but served for a year as town recorder. Mr. Taylor is an energetic man, who conscientiously applies himself to the discharge of his duties to the very best of his ability.

LEWIS ASH, now in the seventy-sixth year of his age, has been prominently identified with the agricultural and mining development of Douglas county for almost half a century. He was born in Bedford county, Pennsylvania, January 7, 1836, the son of Henry and Nancy (Dickon) Ash, both of whom were natives of the Keystone state, where their entire lives were passed. They were the parents of seven children, only two of whom are now living.

Lewis Ash remained at home until he was twenty-one years of age and received his education in the common schools of his native state. He went to Minnesota and after three months removed to Washington county, Iowa, where he resided for three years. In 1859 he crossed the plains to California with a mule team and remained in that state until 1861, when upon the outbreak of the Civil war he enlisted in Company D, of the Fourth California Volunteer Infantry, and served for three years. He received his honorable discharge at Vancouver in 1864 and came immediately to Jackson county, Oregon, where he worked in a placer mine for thirteen years and became intimately acquainted with the details of this branch of the mining industry. In 1877 he moved to Douglas county and bought eight hundred and fifty acres of land in the Cow creek valley, where he has lived since that time. He has made extensive improvements upon his holdings, has built thereon a splendid residence and has added many new barns and outbuildings, built sheds for the protection of his grain and cattle and has equipped his farm with every new agricultural implement upon the market. He still engages in mining and has made a success of this branch of his occupa-

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tion. He makes a specialty of stock-raising and keeps constantly on hand a large herd of graded cattle.

On September 3, 1875, Mr. Ash was united in marriage to Miss Idilda Harmon, a daughter of Powell and Mary Ann Harmon, both natives of Iowa. Mr. and Mrs. Ash became the parents of four children: A. H.; U. Y.; Clara F., now the wife of Joseph Mosthaf; and Martha, at home. The mother of these children died October 4, 1909. Politically Mr. Ash is a stanch republican and takes an active part in local party affairs. He served one term as county commissioner and for several years was a member of the school board. He is a prominent Mason and holds membership in Riddle Lodge of that order. He belongs to the Grand Army of the Republic and has been a commander in that body for the past three years. During the long period of his residence in the Cow creek valley he has built up for himself a reputation for integrity and ability in every relation of his life. He has made many friends during the forty-eight years of his residence in Douglas county and is now in the evening of a long, prosperous and worthy life.

TOLBERT T. GLENN, who passed away January 6, 1912, was for more than four decades actively identified with general agricultural pursuits in Union county, accumulating more than fifteen hundred acres of valuable land. His birth occurred in Wapello, Iowa, on the 22d of June, 1844, his parents being William S. and Maria (Yates) Glenn. The father, who was engaged in merchandising at Pleasantville, Iowa, for some years, crossed the plains to the northwest in 1862, locating in the Grande Ronde valley and taking up government land near Summerville, Union county. He divided his time between farming and freighting, hauling goods from Portland and Umatilla to the mines of Idaho. In 1871 he removed to the city of Malheur, where he was engaged in the mercantile business, and later organized the town of Vale. His demise, which occurred at Vale, on the 9th of May, 1900 was the occasion of deep and widespread regret, for he had won many friends during the long period of his residence in this state. It was while still a resident of Iowa that he lost his wife, who passed away in 1849.

Tolbert T. Glenn obtained his education in the schools of his native state and after coming to the Grande Ronde valley worked with his father in the freighting business until 1868. In that year he embarked in business as an agriculturist on his own account, taking up land a mile and a half from Summerville and turning his attention to the pursuits of farming and stock-raising, in which he was busily engaged throughout the remainder of his life. That he prospered in his undertakings is indicated by the fact that he accumulated some fifteen hundred acres of land, over one thousand acres of the same being under cultivation. In connection with the production of cereals he raised fine horses and cattle, and the secret of his prosperity doubtless lay in the fact that he was very industrious and painstaking as well as a man of excellent business ability. His fertile farm was most attractively located and royally responded to the care and labor which he bestowed upon it.

On the 20th of September, 1868, in the Grande Ronde valley, Mr. Glenn was united in marriage to Miss Sarah Meyers, a daughter of Henry and Louisa Meyers, who were natives of North Carolina and Maryland respectively. Unto Mr. and Mrs. Glenn were born the following children: C. Edwin; William; Arthur; Guy J., a sketch of whom appears below; Willard B., who is deceased; Hattie; Daisy; Mina; and Myra.

Mr. Glenn was a democrat in his political views and held the offices of supervisor and school director. He was faithful to those to whom he gave his friendship, was loyal in his citizenship and true to every trust, but his best traits of character were reserved for his own home and fireside and there it is that his loss will be most deeply felt.

GUY J. GLENN, the sixth child of Tolbert Thomas and Sarah (Meyers) Glenn, was born on the 20th of March, 1881, in Summerville, Union county, Oregon, where he acquired his early education. Later he pursued a course of study in the Holmes Business College of Portland. He remained under the parental roof until 1904, when he was married and established a home of his own. His initial experience as an agriculturist was gained on a part of the home farm of fifteen hundred and forty acres, but subsequently he secured a tract of eighty acres near Imbler and has since devoted his attention to its further cultivation and improvement. He raises principally wheat and oats and also handles horses and cattle. Mill Creek runs through his town property and also near his farm, which has a very beautiful location.

In 1904 Mr. Glenn was united in marriage to Miss Lula Childers, her parents being G. P. and Anna Childers, residents of the Alicel district in Union county. Mr. and Mrs. Guy J. Glenn have two children, Howard C. and Elmer Ford. The family resides in an attractive, modern home at Summerville. Mr. Glenn belongs to the Benevolent Protective Order of Elks and is also a valued member of the La Grande Commercial Club. Both he and his wife are well known and highly esteemed throughout the community in which they reside, having ever displayed those sterling traits of characer which in every land and clime command confidence and regard.

TOM W. PERRY, who has maintained his residence in the Sunset state for almost six decades, has been long and successfully identified with agricultural and milling interests and still owns and operates a planing mill at Yamhill. His birth occurred in Wooster, Wayne county, Ohio, on the 26th of November, 1838, his parents being Robert and Martha (Rossiter) Perry, who were born, reared and married in England. Their wedding trip was the ocean voyage to the United States and for one year they made

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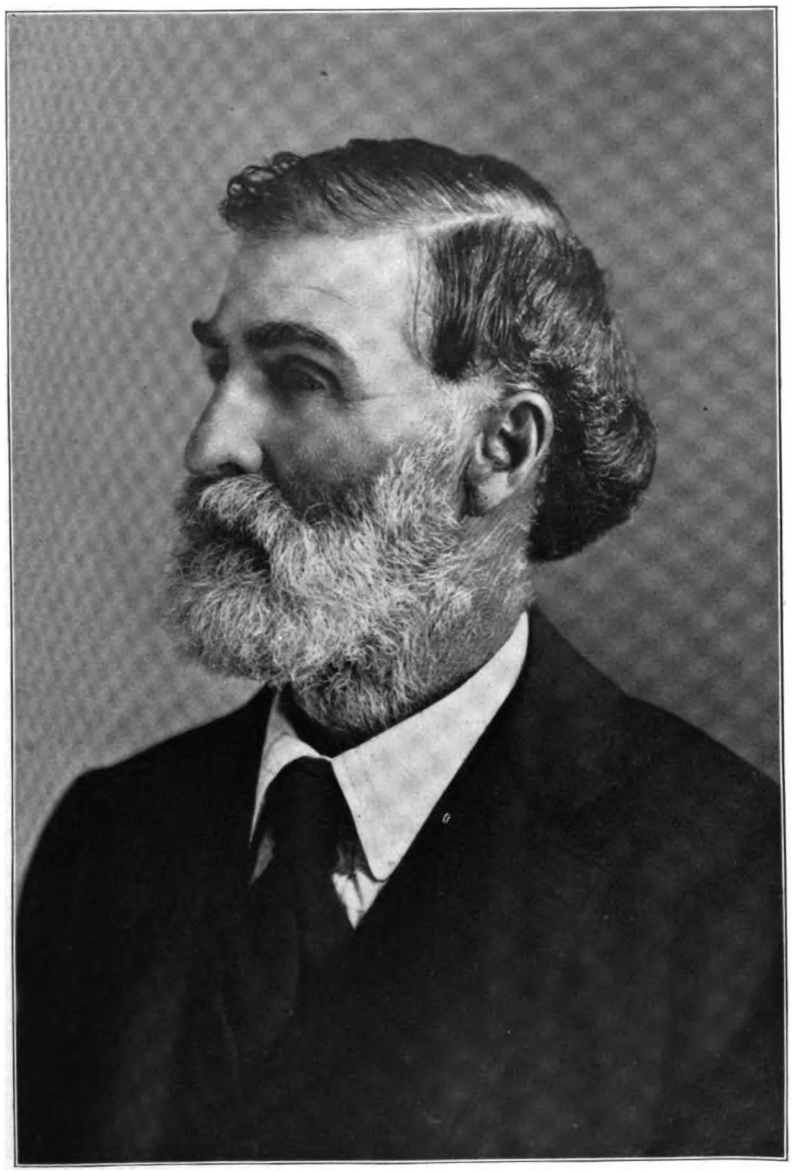

TALBERT T. GLENN

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their home in New York. On the expiration of that period they removed to Ohio, residing at Wooster until 1852, which year witnessed their arrival in Oregon. Robert Perry took up a donation claim of three hundred and twenty acres four miles northwest of Yamhill and continued to reside thereon throughout the remainder of his life. He handled stock in connection with his farming interests and at the time of his demise owned six hundred and twenty-five acres of well improved land, eighty acres thereof being under a high state of cultivation. He was fifty-nine years of age when called to his final rest, while his wife lived to be seventy years old. They had seven children, the first four of whom died in infancy. The others were as follows: Tom W., of this review; Johnson O. H., who passed away at the age of twenty-six years, leaving a widow and one daughter; and Mary Ellen, the widow of F. D. Stott. The last named served as station agent for the Southern Pacific Railroad at Yamhill for twenty-seven years and now receives a pension.

Tom W. Perry, who acquired his education in the common schools, was a youth of fourteen when he come to Oregon with his parents. He remained under the parental roof until his father's death, after which he was married and had charge of the old homestead until his mother's demise. After the estate had been divided he occupied his share of the property until 1898 and then sold out. In connection with his agricultural interests he had operated a flour mill, which was destroyed by fire in 1884, as were also three large warehouses which he owned and which at the time of the conflagration held eight thousand bushels of grain. In 1899 he became manager, engineer and head planer in a sawmill, acting in those capacities for six years. At the end of that time he returned to Yamhill and built the planing mill which has since remained in his possession. His property holdings include a fine residence, three-fifths of a block in the business section of Yamhill and a tract of twenty acres at the foot of the coast range.

In 1864 Mr. Perry was united in marriage to Miss O. I. Torrance, who was born near Springfield, Massachusetts, her parents being Jeduthan and Emma (Bartlett) Torrance, natives of the old Bay state. After their marriage they removed to Illinois and a short time later came to Oregon in 1855, spending the remainder of their lives in this state. Mr. Torrance lived to attain the age of seventy-eight and his wife was eighty-six years old when called to her final rest. The maternal grandmother of Mrs. Perry made the journey across the plains to Oregon when more than ninety years of age, being the oldest woman who undertook that arduous trip. Mrs. Perry was one of a family of six children who grew to maturity, her brothers and sisters being as follows: Mrs. Emma Cox, who resides near Forest Grove; Henry J., living in Dayton, Washington; Cora, the deceased wife of D. C. Richardson, of Portland, Oregon; Charles F., who makes his home near Forest Grove, Oregon; and Eunice, who is the widow of Thomas Stevenson and lives at Portland, Oregon.

Unto Mr. and Mrs. Perry were born eleven children, namely: Martha, the deceased wife of Joseph Arnold of Illinois; Elsie, who is the wife of Philip Withycomb, a tile manufacturer of Yamhill; Bessie, the wife of Ivan McDonald, of McMinnville, Oregon; Robert A., who is a resident of Yamhill; Zella, who died when ten years of age; Richard E., who died while serving in the war in the Philippines; Hope, who acts as deputy postmaster of Yamhill, Oregon; Ross B., also living at Yamhill; Elizabeth, the wife of Jack Eccleston, of California; Thomas P., an electrical engineer residing at Manhattan, Nevada; and Mina, the wife of Frank Johnson, of Portland, Oregon.

Mr. Perry gives his political allegiance to the democracy and his fellow townsmen, recognizing his worth and ability, have called him to various positions of public trust. He held the office of county commissioner for four years and at the present time is serving as an alderman of Yamhill and also acting as street commissioner. His life has been one of well directed effort and enterprise, resulting in the attainment of a creditable and gratifying measure of success. In all his relations he has enjoyed the respect and confidence of his fellowmen because he is honest, upright, persistent and determined.

JAMES GARFIELD KELLY, a well known and prosperous resident of Montavilla, devotes his attention to general agricultural pursuits in the management of the homestead farm. His birth occurred in Multnomah county, Oregon, on the 2d of October, 1882, his parents being Plympton and Elizabeth Aurora (Clark) Kelly. The father was a native of Pulaski county, Kentucky, while the mother was born in Michigan. Their marriage was celebrated in Oswego, Oregon, on the 4th of July, 1864. Plympton Kelly came to this state with his parents in 1848 and subsequently took up a land claim of three hundred and twenty acres which now adjoins the city limits of Portland. His wife came to Oregon in 1860 in company with her uncle, the Rev. C. S. Kingsley. Plympton Kelly remained on the old homestead until he passed away, his demise occurring on the 15th of September, 1906. His widow has since lived retired at Montavilla. During Mr. Kelly's business activities he was for two years captain on the steamer Independence but at the same time looked after his farming interests. At the time of his death his holdings included eighty acres of finely improved land. His sketch appears on another page of this work. Unto him and his wife were born six children as follows: Eudoxia A., who is the wife of Alfred Niblin and resides on the homestead farm; Calmet A., who passed away in February, 1892, at the age of twenty-four years; Clinton C., who died in September, 1887, when eighteen years of age; Mary P., who passed away on the 7th of June, 1907, at the age of thirty-five years, leaving a husband, T. R. Howitt, of Gresham, and one daughter,

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Harriet T., whose demise occurred in 1893; and James G., of this review.

The last named was reared and educated in Oregon. His common-school education was finished at Lents at the age of thirteen years and he then attended the Portland Business College for two years, after which he remained on his father's farm until the age of twenty-one. At that time he matriculated at the Oregon Agricultural College and attended for four years, being graduated from that institution on the 12th of June, 1907. During his attendance there, in the dairy department, he had charge of advanced registry testing under the American Jersey Cattle Club. His father's death occurring in 1906, Mr. Kelly took charge of the home farm immediately after his graduation from school in June, 1907. He continued to operate the place until September, 1911, when he removed to Montavilla. At one time he owned one hundred and four acres but has sold all excepting five acres, on which he expects to build his permanent home. His wife owns a fine home at Montavilla, Oregon, with a lot sixty by one hundred feet.

On the 27th of October, 1910, Mr. Kelly was united in marriage to Miss Ada Rider, who was born in Newton county, Indiana, on the 18th of August, 1880, her parents being John P. and Henrietta (De Armond) Rider. The father's birth occurred in Indiana, while the mother is a native of Hamilton county, Ohio. Their marriage was celebrated in Indiana, where John P. Rider passed away. His widow removed to Oregon in 1892 and has since resided in Multnomah county. In September, 1904, she was again married, becoming the wife of James Clark Miller, of Montavilla. By her first husband she had two children, namely: Ada, who gave her hand in marriage to James G. Kelly; and Blanche, who died in infancy. To Mr. and Mrs. Kelly was born a daughter, Euda Aletha, whose natal day was October 2, 1911. Mrs. Kelly enjoyed the advantages of a college education, followed the profession of teaching for eight years and has also taught music.

Mr. Kelly is a republican of liberal tendencies. He has never sought office, having no ambition in that direction. Both he and his wife are members of the Methodist Episcopal church and they also belong to Evening Star Grange, No. 27. With the fine scientific agricultural education which he possesses, together with many good qualities which have made him well known and popular among a large circle of friends, he is a valuable and respected citizen of Multnomah county.

JOHN BRITTON PARKER. In the year 1871, or more than four decades ago, John Britton Parker came to Portland, where he was identified with business interests for a considerable period, but retired in 1902. He was born in Hocking county, Ohio, March 30, 1840, his parents being Joseph and Julia (Holcomb) Parker. The father was a native of Virginia and in his boyhood days removed to Ohio with his parents. The mother was a native of New Jersey and a daughter of a Baptist minister. He removed westward with his family, also settling in the Buckeye state. The Parker family comes of English ancestry, the great-grandparents having been born in England, while the grandfather of our subject was a native of Virginia. He had a family of eight children, including Joseph Parker, the father of our subject. Others of the household were Washington, Jonathan and Samuel, all now deceased.

Both Joseph Parker and Julia Holcomb were reared in Ohio and in that state they were married in 1836. They became parents of six children. Caroline, the eldest, is the wife of Robert J. Yeoman, of Bellingham, Washington, and they have nine children, Joseph, Earl, Roth, Mary, Effie, Mattie, Nellie, Dora and Lute. John Britton is the next of the family. Mary is the deceased wife of John Wood, and their only child has also passed away. Josephus died leaving one child, Charles B., who is living at Washington Court House, Fayette county, Ohio. Charles Foster has also passed away, and Amanda Ellen, the youngest, died at the age of ten years.

The youthful days of John B. Parker were spent in his Ohio home, where he remained until twenty-three years of age, although he began earning his own living when eighteen years of age. Five years afterward he came to the west, settling first at Denver, Colorado, where he worked at the carpenter's trade for a month. He then proceeded on his way to Montana during the gold discoveries there and remained in that state for five and a half years. In 1868 he removed to California, and in 1871 came to Portland, becoming a prominent resident of this city. He first worked at the carpenter's trade, entering the employ of John Steffen, a boat builder. In the early days of the Oregon Locks & Navigation Company he worked at the old central dock and afterward worked for the Oregon Steam Navigation Company and afterward for the Oregon Railway & Navigation Company. For a time he was employed on steamboats and at different periods he worked as a carpenter, joiner and builder. In his later years he did work principally for John H. Johnston, a ship contractor, and in 1902, at the age of sixty-two years, he retired from active business. He retained his residence in Portland from 1871 until 1909, when he established his home in Montavilla. He owns both business and residence property and also deals in bonds and mortgages. In all business affairs his judgment is sound and his discrimination keen, and he carries forward to successful completion whatever he undertakes.

In 1871 Mr. Parker was united in marriage to Miss Mary J. Edwards. Some years later, after losing his first wife, he was married, on the 10th of September, 1892, to Miss Rebecca Long, who was born June 2, 1847, and was a daughter of John and Jane (Love) Long. In his family were ten children, of whom the eldest, Thomas and James were twins. The first named has passed

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away, while James is living in Ohio and has a large family. The other members of the family are: Walter, of New York; Alexander, who was lost when a passenger on board ship, which sailed for San Francisco; John, of Portland; Joseph, who is living in Salem, Ohio; Ann Jane, also a resident of Portland; Susan, who died unmarried; Susan 2d, who died in infancy; and Mrs. Parker.

Mr. Parker gives his political allegiance to the republican party but is not an office seeker. His religious faith is that of the Presbyterian church and his entire life has been spent in harmony therewith. He was always an industrious, energetic man up to the time of his retirement and his labors and energies constitute the salient forces in the success that now enables him to enjoy well earned rest without further recourse to labor.

R. J. HUTCHCROFT, who has remained a resident of Oregon since his parents established their home in the northwest about four decades ago, now conducts the leading mercantile establishment of Yamhill as a member of the firm of Johnston & Hutchcroft. His birth occurred in Wisconsin on the 7th of July, 1870, his parents being John and Margaret (Belle) Hutchcroft, who were natives of England and Scotland respectively. They were married in Canada and a year later crossed the border into the United States, settling in Wisconsin, where all of their nine children were born. In 1874 they came to Oregon, locating three miles west of Yamhill, where the mother still resides at the age of seventy-four years. John Hutchcroft here devoted his attention to the pursuits of farming and stock-raising and subsequently also became interested in the raising of hops, to which fifty acres of the homestead farm are planted at the present time. At the time of his demise, which occurred in 1897, he owned three hundred and seventy-eight acres of well improved land, two hundred and fifty acres thereof being under a high state of cultivation. At one time he likewise owned one of the finest tracts of timber land on the mountain twelve miles west of Yamhill, the place comprising one hundred and twenty acres and representing many million feet of lumber. Unto him and his wife were born nine children, the record of whom is as follows. Bella passed away when but sixteen months old. Bessie is the widow of John A. Powell and resides at Yamhill, Oregon. Mark is a walnut grower who makes his home at Bassett, near Los Angeles, California. In 1896 he removed from Oregon to California and for two years was employed in Bassett's lumberyard. Subsequently he worked on Bassett's walnut farm for eleven years and while in the service of that gentleman purchased thirty-one acres of raw land at one hundred and fifty dollars an acre, improved the tract and planted it to walnut trees, which are now in bearing. At present he has an offer of twenty-five thousand dollars for his ranch. His wife bore the maiden name of Myrtilla May Roberts and is a native of Kansas. They have two children: Grace, the wife of Clyde Nash, of California; and Gladys, who is still at home. Joseph W. Hutchcroft is a resident of Yamhill. Matilda is the wife of William Petch, of McMinnville. Lavenia gave her hand in marriage to Fred Cane, of Yamhill, Oregon. Estella is the wife of George Throssel, a hardware merchant of Santa Monica, California, by whom she has four children: William, Joseph, Mark and Elsie. R. J. Hutchcroft, of this review, is the next in order of birth. George T. passed away in 1901 at the age of forty years.

R. J. Hutchcroft remained under the parental roof until twenty-two years of age, when he was married and started out in the business world on his own account. For seventeen years he was engaged in farming and hop-raising on a portion of the homestead property and during the last four years of that time conducted a general mercantile store in connection with his agricultural interests. He has been continuously identified with mercantile pursuits since 1905, becoming at that time a partner of George W. Epley, who in 1908 sold out to B. A. Johnston. The firm has since been known as Johnston & Hutchcroft and owns and conducts the leading general mercantile store in Yamhill. Mr. Hutchcroft owns a two-sevenths interest in the homestead of three hundred and seventy-eight acres, has a timber tract of one hundred and thirty acres three miles west of Yamhill and owns a handsome residence in that town. A man of excellent business ability, sound judgment and keen discrimination, his undertakings have been attended with a gratifying measure of prosperity.

Mr. Hutchcroft has been married twice. In 1892 he wedded Miss Sarah Fairchild, who was born in Yamhill county, Oregon, on the 18th of March, 1870, her parents being James and Katherine Fairchild, who passed away in this state. They had six children, all of whom still survive with the exception of Mrs. Hutchcroft, who died on the 1st of March, 1899, leaving three children, namely: Ethel M., born July 29, 1893, who is teaching in Yamhill county and is also studying music; Chester C., born May 27, 1896, who is a high-school student; and Hubert, born February 19, 1897, who is likewise attending school. In 1904 Mr. Hutchcroft was again married, his second union being with Miss Cecil Peckham, whose birth occurred at McMinnville, Oregon, in 1883. Her parents, J. A. and Julia Peckham, were born in Michigan and some years after their marriage removed to Nebraska. About 1876 they came to Oregon and have since remained residents of this state, now making their home at McMinnville. J. A. Peckham served as a member of the Union army throughout the entire period of the Civil war. Mrs. Cecil Hutchcroft has one brother, Charles, who is her senior. By her marriage to our subject she has a son, Kenneth S., whose natal day was June 20, 1906. She followed the profession of school teaching for two years and also has an excellent musical education.

In politics Mr. Hutchcroft is a stanch republican but his aspirations have not been in

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the line of office holding. Fraternally he is identified with the Independent Order of Odd Fellows and the Woodmen of the World at Yamhill. His religious faith is that of the Methodist Episcopal church, to which his wife also belongs. He has made for himself a creditable name in business circles and at all times has been loyal to his convictions as regards political, fraternal and moral interests.

JOSEPH C. WILLIAMS, who now resides on his large and valuable farm six and a half miles northwest of Yamhill, is a native of Bristol, England, born January 1, 1847. His paternal grandfather served for twenty-four years in the British navy and his parents preferred to live in England even though several of their children sought homes in America. The father and mother, Samuel and Ann (Cole) Williams, were born in Bristol in 1821 and 1822 respectively and after their marriage in 1845 lived there for the succeeding eleven years. The following four years were spent in Staffordshire and at the end of that period they came to New York city, where they remained until 1875, when they returned to England, making their home there during their remaining years. To them seven children were born: Joseph C., of Yamhill county; Thomas, deceased; George, residing in New York City; Mrs. Eliza Harper, who has remained in England; Mrs. Sarah Fisher, a resident of New Jersey; John, of Boston, Massachusetts; and Elizabeth, who resides in England.

At thirteen years of age Joseph Williams learned construction of floral wire work, and thus began an independent career. For ten years he continued working at this trade, and then for a time led a sort of nomadic life, wandering over the world. Finally he landed in England to claim some money he had inherited from a relative and after spending this there, he returned to America about 1871 and for a year resided in New York city, conducting a small business of his own. He later removed his business to California, where he remained four months before coming to Oregon, finally settling in Gaston in 1872. From there he removed to Yamhill county, where he has ever since made his home, now devoting his time to agricultural pursuits. Although he did not take up farming until after he had been connected with several other lines of industry, he has made remarkable progress and his success has been due entirely to hard labor.

On the 12th of September, 1877, occurred the marriage of Mr. Williams and Miss Margaret Marilda Parsons, who was born in Dilley, Oregon, February 18, 1860, a daughter of Luther and Hester (Kingery) Parsons. In was in 1850 that her father came to Washington county, Oregon, and for some time was associated with his father in the milling business here, the latter having the distinction of starting the first flour mill in the county. In 1858 Luther Parsons married Hester Kingery, and to them were born seven children, namely: Mrs. Williams; William F., a resident of Yamhill; Daniel, of Forest Grove, Oregon; Mrs. Flora Roberts, also of Yamhill; Mrs. Emma Perkins, of Monmouth, Oregon; Mrs. Martha Spence, of Corvallis, Oregon; and Mrs. Daisy Carr, of California. The father of these children passed away in Yamhill county in 1882 and the mother died one year later. To Mr. and Mrs. Williams have been born eleven children, all of whom are residents of Yamhill county. They are as follows: Thomas T., Joseph L., Charles D., Hester Ann, Addison H., John E., George C., Harry F., Lawrence F., Elizabeth J. and Margaret K.

In politics Mr. Williams is a republican, believing that the principles of that party are best suited to the needs of the country in its growth and progress, but he has never held office, his farm demanding his whole attention. The Williams property comprises five hundred and sixty acres, of which two hundred acres are cleared. Mr. Williams is one of the largest hop raisers in Yamhill county, where hops are commonly cultivated. In addition to this distinction he is also well known as a most successful grain and hay grower. Among his neighboring farmers he is recognized as an agriculturist of superior worth and ability and, as his is an occupation which depends upon individual effort, he may feel proud of the achievement which is his.

M. L. AKERS. The industrial interests of Pendleton find a worthy representative in M. L. Akers of the Pendleton Iron Works. He has, during the last two years, constituted an important element in the growth and development of the project, and his laudable ambition and unfaltering enterprise augur well for future success. He was born in Decatur county, Iowa, March 4, 1870, a son of Harvey and Metta (Shelton) Akers, the former a native of Missouri and the latter of Iowa. They came to Oregon in 1877, settling in Morrow county, where the father engaged in farming for sixteen years, or until the time of his death which occurred in 1893. He had for about eleven years survived his wife who died in 1882.

M. L. Akers was reared at home, acquiring his education in the public schools of Iowa and of Oregon. When he was in his twenty-fourth year he sought and found employment in a drug store in Heppner, and for seven years thereafter was identified with the drug trade in that place and Pendleton. Subsequently, on account of ill health, he turned his attention to farming, hoping to be benefited by the outdoor life and exercise. He was connected with general agricultural pursuits until 1909 when he became an employe of the Pendleton Iron Works, there learning the machinist's trade. In May, 1901, he bought a half interest in the business, and three years later Mr. Akers became manager of the plant, in which capacity he has since served. Their work is that of repairing as well as manufacturing farm machinery, both a foundry and machine shop being conducted. This is one of the leading industrial plants of the

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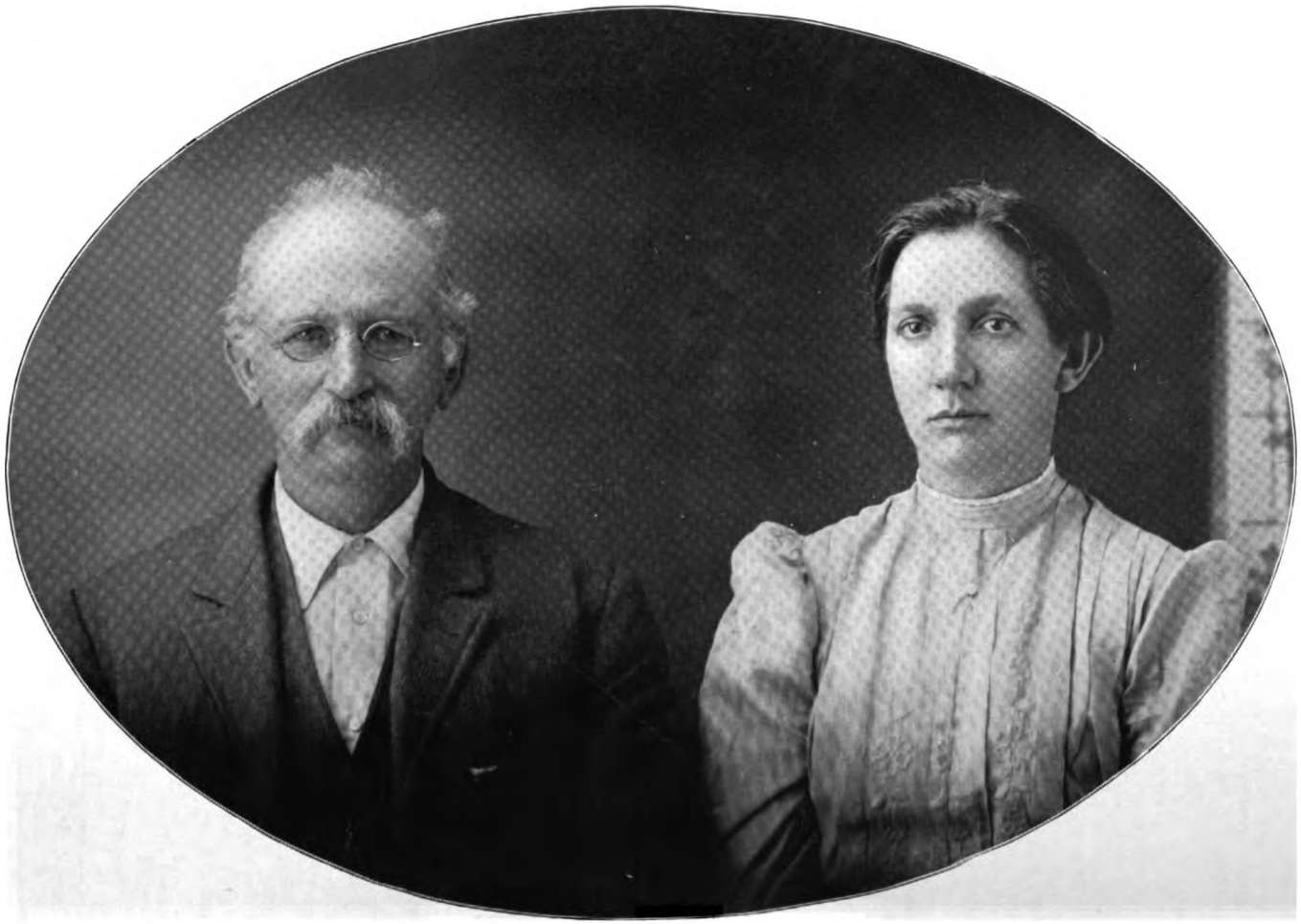

MR. AND MRS. JOSEPH C. WILLIAMS

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city, constituting an important factor in the trade circles here.

In 1905 Mr. Akers was married to Miss Bethena Swaggert, of Athena, Umatilla county, and they are the parents of one daughter, Maurine.

Mr. Akers' political tendencies are along the line of socialistic thought. He is one of the leading business men of Pendleton, active, enterprising, determined, and whatever success he has achieved in life is attributable to his own labors.

CARL F. GENTNER. Many veterans of the war of the Rebellion as well as those taking part in other military operations of the United States have found their way to Oregon and prospered, among such being Carl F. Gentner, who after an active life is now living retired near Murphy. He was born in Germany, March 15, 1843, a son of Ludwig and Catherine (Seubert) Gentner, whose family consisted of six children. Mr. Gentner came to the United States December 1, 1864, and began working at the carpenter's and cabinet-maker's trade but shortly afterward enlisted for service under the flag of his adoption, his enlistment occurring February 2, 1865, in the Third Pennsylvania Cavalry. He remained in active service until the close of the war, when he was transferred to the regular army, as a member of the Fourteenth United States Infantry. He saw a great deal of service in connection with the Indian wars and while in the army spent one year carrying mail. During his service he participated in several important battles and on one occasion was severely wounded, being shot in the head. After his term of enlistment Mr. Gentner purchased eighty acres of land where he is now living and which he has finely improved.

Mr. Gentner was married shortly after leaving the army to Miss Amelia Dafferner, a native of Germany. After his marriage he settled at Virginia City, Nevada, where he remained for one year, and then removed to Oregon where he purchased land and where his home has since been. Unto Mr. and Mrs. Gentner were born five children, four of whom are still living, Carl T., Louis L., Emil and Emma. Otto, the youngest, passed away April 17, 1897. In his political views Mr. Gentner is a republican. He is an active and honored member of the Grand Army post and in his community has by his many excellent traits of character formed the acquaintance of a very large number of people and is greatly respected and esteemed.

GEORGE F. BARRINGER is a well known real-estate man of Portland, having opened the first office in that work in the Montavilla addition, in which place he has had charge of most of the property. He was born in Wisconsin, February 28, 1857, the son of Truman and Nancy (Jeffers) Barringer, both of whom were natives of New York. The parents were married in that state but afterwards removed to Wisconsin, being among the pioneers there. They took up a homestead near Reedsburg and at the time of their settlement had to go sixty miles for provisions. Mr. Barringer became very prosperous and he was a well known farmer throughout this vicinity. His wife passed away in 1876 and he now lives in South Dakota with his daughter, having sold his farm in 1907. In his family were twelve children, of whom seven are now deceased. They were Milton, Almond, Celestia, Ida, Charles and two who died in infancy. Those living are: Josephine, who is the wife of Myron Armstrong, of South Dakota; Cynthia, who is the wife of H. L. Nye, of Minneapolis, Minnesota; George F., the subject of this review; Zelbur, of St. Paul, Minnesota; and Melvin, of Muskegon, Michigan.

George F. Barringer received his early education in the country schools of his district and remained at home, working on his father's farm until he was twenty-three years of age. He then started out in life for himself and, going to South Dakota, he homesteaded a tract of one hundred and sixty acres, on which he resided for five years. Then, selling the same, he purchased another farm, which he operated for two years. Subsequently he went to Minnesota, where for five years he was engaged in the real-estate business. Afterward he came to Oregon, settling in Portland, where he has ever since conducted a real-estate business. He opened his first office of that kind in the Montavilla addition to this city and has sold and handled, either directly or indirectly, nearly all the property at that place. He is still operating his real-estate office there. He has been very successful in the financial world and he owns a beautiful residence at Montavilla and also two and one-half acres in a summer home in the mountainous regions of Clackamas county.

On the 8th of January, 1885, Mr. Barringer was united in marriage with Miss Clara House, who was born in Iowa, September 17, 1857, the daughter of Jeremiah and Nancy (Cobb) House. The father was a native of New York and the mother of Canada. They were married in Wisconsin and immediately after removed to Fayette county, Iowa, where the father had previously owned land. They have since resided in that state but are now living retired at West Union. In their family were nine children, of whom Mrs. Barringer was the fourth in order of birth. The others were: Leonard, deceased; Emma, who is the wife of E. Webb, of West Union, Iowa; a child who died in infancy; George and Walter, of California; Lafayette, deceased; Jessie, who is the wife of John Grabner, of Missouri; and Nettie, who died in infancy. Mrs. Barringer received a common-school and university education and previous to her marriage was engaged in teaching school for ten years in Iowa and two years in Dakota. Mr. and Mrs. Barringer have become the parents of four children. G. Frank, born December 26, 1885, has a business college education and is now assistant manager of the E. C. Atkins Machine Manufacturing Company. He mar-

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ried Miss Edna Gore, a native of Oregon, and to this union has been born one son, George F. Cecil A. was born April 1, 1887, has a business college education and is now a painter by trade. He married Miss Gladys Ticer, who was born in Texas. Nancy Beulah was born in 1895 and is now a student in the high school and is also studying music. Ned M., the youngest of the family, was born November 22, 1899, and is now in school.

In politics Mr. Barringer is a republican but he has never cared to hold public office, preferring to give all his time to his business interests. Fraternally he is a member of the Independent Order of Odd Fellows and of the Foresters of America, belonging to the Portland lodges. Also he is identified with the Woodmen of the World, having filled all the chairs in the local lodge. He and his family attend the Baptist church. He is highly honored and well known in Portland, especially in the addition of Montavilla, with the development of which he has been so prominently connected.

R. G. WHEELER, a well known and prominent attorney of Vale, was born in Erie county, Pennsylvania, on the 1st of June, 1847, a son of Christopher and Emily (Weaver) Wheeler. The father was for many years actively engaged in agricultural pursuits, but during the later years of his life he lived in retirement in Bedford county, Iowa, his death there occurring when he was seventy-five years of age.

The fourth in a family of seven children, R. G. Wheeler was reared under the parental roof and in his native state received an excellent education. He attended the common school in the acquirement of his preliminary training and later was a pupil in an academy. Although he was but fourteen years of age at the time of the Civil war the spirit of patriotism was strong within him and he joined the Pennsylvania Home Guards, who, in anticipation of a battle, were foraging at night, and he was among the ten thousand reserves who at a distance of three miles were within plain view of the battle of Gettysburg. He remained with the guards for several months and then returned home, again pursuing his education which had been interrupted. He entered Hiram College, at Hiram, Ohio, during the administration of President James A. Garfield, but, his health failing, he was compelled to leave school. From an early day he had taken a deep interest in the study of law and had determined to make that profession his life work, and under the direction of Charles Cross, a graduate of Yale and a man of considerable wealth who took a deep interest in his studies, he prepared himself for his chosen calling. In 1868 he was admitted to the bar in Harrisburg, Pennsylvania, by the superior court of Pennsylvania, and when twenty-one years of age he left that state, removing to Illinois, where for three years he practiced his profession in Aurora, Kane county. He next took up his residence in Bedford, Iowa, where he followed his profession for eleven years, after which he spent a year in California. He then went to Nevada. where he remained for nine years practicing law in Paradise Valley, and on the 29th of March, 1891, came to Vale, Malheur county, Oregon, where he has since maintained a law office. Along with those qualities indispensable to the lawyer—a keen, rapid, logical mind plus the business sense and a ready capacity for hard work—Mr. Wheeler also possesses an excellent presence, an earnest manner, marked strength of character, a thorough grasp of the law and the ability accurately to apply its principles which, combined, have made him very effective as an advocate and have won for him the reputation of being a lawyer of merit.

In July, 1878, Mr. Wheeler was united in marriage to Miss Annie M. Neal, a native of Iowa and a daughter of John Neal. Mrs. Wheeler is a lady of fine intellect, possessing high literary tastes, and has taken a deep interest in educational matters, actively serving as a member of the school board for a number of years. She and her husband both hold membership in the Christian church, in the work of wnich they are helpfully interested, and Mr. Wheeler's fraternal connections are with the Independent Order of Odd Fellows, in which lodge he has filled all of the chairs. Colonel Wheeler, as he is familiarly known in the community, is one of the strong, influential citizens of his district and for seven years served as mayor of Vale, his election to that office coming in recognition of his sterling worth and excellent ability. He is, however, without ambition for political preferment, choosing rather to devote his time to the pursuits of private life. During the twenty-one years in which he has been a resident of Vale he has through his excellent professional ability and his many attractive personal qualities become firmly established in the regard and esteem of his fellowmen who recognize in him a citizen of high order.

DANIEL B. TROUTMAN. One of the pioneer business men of Portland who was also a pioneer farmer in Oregon is Daniel B. Troutman, whose business is conducted at Seventy-fourth and East Glison streeets. His birth occurred in Kentucky in 1861, his parents being Benjamin F. and Mary (Bringle) Troutman, who were likewise natives of the Blue Grass state. The maternal grandfather of our subject settled in Oregon in 1849. being among the pioneers of the state. Mr. and Mrs. Benjamin F. Troutman removed from Kentucky to Oregon in 1872, first settling in Linn county, where they purchased one hundred and sixty acres of land, which still belongs to the heirs. Mr. Troutman there continued to reside until the time of his demise, which occurred when he had attained the age of seventy-eight years, while his wife was sixty-eight years old when called to her final rest. At the time of his death he owned two hundred and sixty acres of finely improved land, all under a high state of cultivation, located near Browns-

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ville, Oregon. Unto him and his wife were born nine children, as follows: Nora, who still resides on the home place; Sophia, the wife of David Isom, of Linn county, Oregon; Daniel B., of this review; John, who is a resident of Portland; Lucy, who gave her hand in marriage to T. C. Cooper, of Linn county, this state; Minerva, who is the wife of Samuel Cooper, of Linn county, Oregon; Peter, who resides on the old homestead in that county; Charles, who makes his home in Linn county; and Florence, the wife of W. E. Burton, of Medford, Oregon.

Daniel B. Troutman received a common-school education in the schools of Kentucky and Oregon. He started out for himself in business at the age of twenty-four years, following farming for twelve years in Linn county, Oregon. Subsequently he embarked in the mercantile business, conducting his enterprise at Tallman, Linn county, for eight years. He then disposed of his interests there and removed to Portland, where he purchased property and again embarked in the general merchandise and feed business, which he has conducted continuously since from his present stand at Seventy-fourth and East Glison streets. In addition to his business property in Portland he owns a fine residence and other properties in this city. He also owns a two-ninths interest in the old homestead farm and two hundred and sixty acres and is likewise the possessor of a thirty-acre fruit and grain farm near Tallman.

In 1884 Mr. Troutman was married to Miss Lillie Farrow, a native of Oregon and a daughter of Steven and Maria J. Farrow, both of whom were born in Kentucky. The parents lived in Illinois until 1848, when they crossed the plains with an ox team, the passage requiring six months. They first settled in Clackamas county, where Mr. Farrow took up government land and lived for twenty years, after which he exchanged his property for a farm of two hundred acres in Linn county, there residing until he passed away in 1885. His widow survived him for a number of years, being called to her final rest in August, 1911. They were the parents of twelve children, namely: Albert, who is a resident of Lake county, Oregon; Laura, who makes her home in California; Charles, of Lethbridge, Canada; Emily, who is deceased; William, living in Lake county, Oregon; Minnie, who is the widow of M. S. Hubble and resides in Eugene, Oregon; Mrs. Lillie Troutman; Ralph of Hazeldell, Lane county, Oregon; John, who is a resident of Sacramento, California; Alice and Virginia, both of whom have passed away; and one who died at birth.

Unto Mr. and Mrs. Troutman were born four children, as follows: Mabel, who died at birth; Winifred, whose natal day was May 29, 1888, and who is still under the parental roof; Alleen M., whose birth occurred on the 4th of December, 1890; and Eugene F., who was born July 30, 1901. The mother of these children followed the profession of school teaching prior to her marriage.

Mr. Troutman is democratic in his political views and served for one term as postmaster at Tallman. He is among the well known business men and property owners of Portland, while his long residence in Oregon entitles him to distinction as a pioneer of this great state. Conducting a useful and lucrative business, he is a valuable man in commercial circles here and his geniality and good-fellowship have won for him a host of friends in this thriving city. His acquaintance outside of Portland is also extensive, he still having a large circle of friends in Tallman and community among those with whom he is on terms of closest intimacy.

EDWARD P. WALLACE, a retired agriculturist residing at Amity, has lived in the same house for the past twenty-six years. His career has been an eventful and exciting one, for he has crossed the plains to and from the northwest on thirteen different occasions. His birth occurred in Lagrange county, Indiana, on the 27th of September, 1829, his parents being Timothy R. and Roxcelana (Thurston) Wallace. The father, a native of Connecticut and a gentleman of Scotch extraction, resided on the frontier until his removal to Michigan, in which state his demise occurred in 1848. Throughout his active business career he followed general agricultural pursuits. His wife, who was born in Painesville, Ohio, and whom he married in Michigan, was called to her final rest in March, 1849. Their children were six in number, as follows: Edward P., of this review; Lewis K., who passed away at McMinnville, Oregon, in 1887; Collin A., living at Salem, Oregon; William Henry Harrison, who is deceased; David, of McMinnville, Oregon; and Roxcelana, the wife of A. B. Woodard, a practicing dentist of Olympia, Washington.

Edward P. Wallace obtained his education in the district schools of Branch county, Michigan, but his opportunities in this direction were meager. He remained at home until after the death of his parents and in 1852 began the overland journey across the plains by team and wagon in company with his brother, Lewis K. While en route David Donahue shot and killed William Pierce, another member of the party. The others of the party tried, convicted and shot the murderer and buried him in the same grave with his victim. Edward P. Wallace resided near Portland from October, 1852, until February of the following year and then took up a donation claim near Olympia, Washington, living thereon for four years. He also owned and operated a sawmill in the vicinity. At Olympia he enlisted for service in the Indian war of 1855-6 and was wounded during an engagement in Pierce county, thirty or forty miles from Seattle. Eleven of the soldiers were surrounded by Indians and our subject, who acted as corporal, was one of the two who survived the conflict. Leaving the state of Washington, he took the water route and by way of the Isthmus of Panama came to New York, whence he made his way back to

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Michigan. After his marriage, which was celebrated in that state, he journeyed by team to Iowa, where he was joined by a brother and sister. He remained in the Hawkeye state from March to November of 1860 and then again returned to Michigan in company with his wife and brother and sister, the men traveling by team and the women by train. In 1861 Mr. Wallace once more began the journey across the plains to Oregon, arriving in Yamhill county the following fall and taking up his abode within two miles of McMinnville. There he devoted his attention to the operation of a farm until 1868, when he again returned to Michigan by the water route, remaining in the Wolverine state for seven years. On the expiration of that period he once more came to the northwest, journeying by rail and boat to Olympia, Washington, where he made his home for about a year. After following farming on one place in Yamhill county for seven years he removed to another farm, where he spent three years and then took up his abode in Amity, Oregon, where he has resided continuously for the past twenty-six years. He owns real estate in the town and is well known and highly esteemed as a substantial and representative citizen.

Mr. Wallace has been married twice. In 1860 he wedded Miss Marian Murphy, by whom he had four children, namely: Mary, who is deceased; Nora M., the wife of Wilber M. Cook, of Woodlawn, Oregon; Edna L., who gave her hand in marriage to J. B. Wisner and resides in St. Johns, Oregon; and Lewis L., who has passed away. The wife and mother was called to her final rest on the 6th of October, 1898, and in 1901 Mr. Wallace was again married, his second union being with Miss Rosina J. Simpson, a native of Branch county, Michigan. She was the oldest in a family of eleven children and her parents were pioneer settlers of Oregon.

In politics Mr. Wallace is an independent republican of broad views, always taking into consideration the capability of a candidate rather than his party affiliation. He has strong prohobition tendencies and advocates the suppression of the liquor traffic. In religious faith he is a Spiritualist. He has now passed the eighty-second milestone on life's journey and his career has ever been such as to merit the regard and esteem which are uniformly accorded him.

WILLIAM NORRIS GRIFFITH. The late William Norris Griffith was for many years engaged in agricultural pursuits on a ranch of three hundred and twenty acres, located a mile east of Dexter and now owned by his widow. He was born in Charlestown, Indiana, on the 15th of August, 1825, a son of Elisha and Elizabeth (Finley) Griffith, the father of Irish and the mother of Welsh extraction. The parents were born, reared and married in Indiana and there they passed the first eight years of their domestic life. They subsequently located in western Illinois, residing there until 1845. In the latter year they started across the plains with an ox team for Oregon. Winter set in before they reached their destination—six months being occupied in making the journey—and the entire family, particularly the three younger members, who were still very small, suffered severely from the cold and exposure as well as from lack of suitable food, their stock of provisions running short. When they reached The Dalles the snow was so deep that it was impossible for them to proceed with the wagon, so they took a boat down the river to Oregon City. In 1848, they went to Brownsville, and there the parents passed the remainder of their lives. The father, who was seventy-six at the time of his death, was survived for two years by the mother, who died at the age of seventy-five. Eight children were born to Mr. and Mrs. Griffith, as follows: William N., our subject; Sarah A., the wife of William Hawk, of Brownsville; David and Mary M., both of whom are deceased; West, of Sand Point, Idaho; James M., of Oregon City; Delila, who is deceased; and Lydia, who died at the age of two years.

William Norris Griffith was early trained to the work of the fields and care of the stock and always followed the vocation of farming. He met with success in the operation of his ranch, containing three hundred and twenty acres located in Lost valley, near Dexter, and there he passed away on the 8th of March, 1901.

On the 14th of July, 1850, Mr. Griffith was united in marriage to Miss Nancy Spores, who was born in Ohio, on April 5, 1833. She is a daughter of Jacob and Eliza (Hand) Spores, who were married in New York. Twelve years later they removed to Illinois and located near Rockford for a similar period. There the mother passed away, and in 1847 the father and children joined an emigrant train to Oregon. They arrived in Oregon City in August and immediately started for Coburg, and located a hundred miles up the Willamette river, where the father filed on a donation claim of six hundred and forty acres. He engaged in the operation of his ranch during the remainder of his active life, increasing his holdings until at the time of his death he held the title to twelve hundred acres of land. In addition to his agricultural pursuits for many years he operated what was known as Spores' ferry and was one of the foremost citizens of that district during the pioneer period. He lived to attain a ripe old age, being ninety-five at the time of his death. Mr. Spores was twice married. To him and his first wife there were born thirteen children, of whom Mrs. Griffith is the only one now living. For his second wife he chose Nancy Orndorf, of Illinois, their marriage being celebrated in the latter part of 1844. They became the parents of four children, as follows: Louis, who is deceased; Henry, a resident of Coburg; Mary, the wife of William Bogard, also of Coburg; and Minnie, who married Alonzo Williams, of California. Mr. and Mrs. Griffith were the parents of nine children: Eliza E., the wife of George W. Bice, of Washington; Sarah Ann, the deceased wife of Milton A. Veach, of Lane

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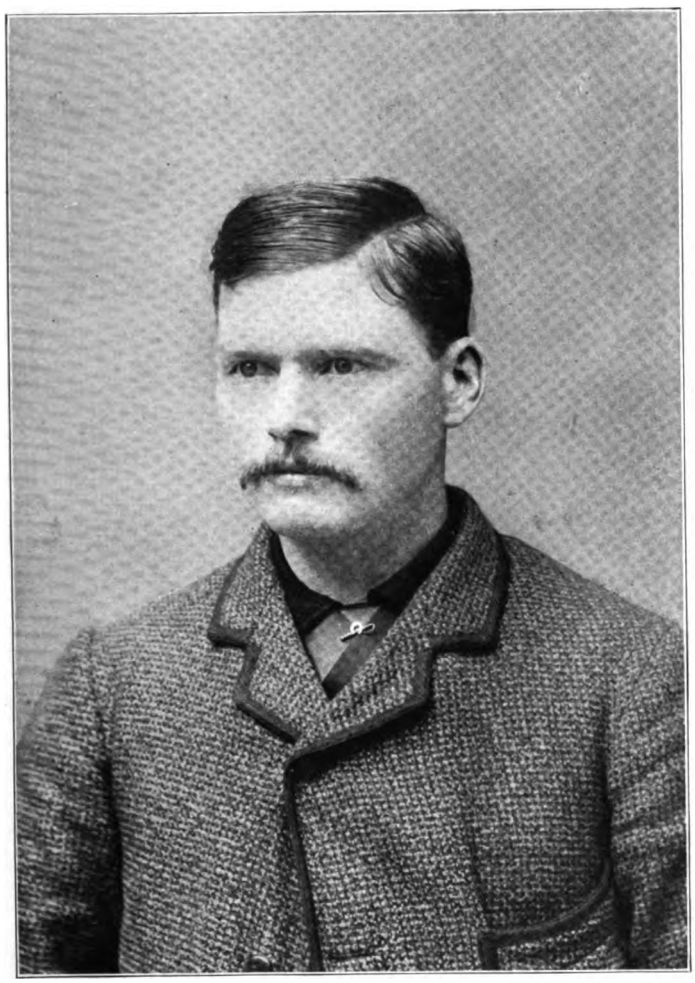

JAMES M. GRIFFITH

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county; H. R., of Yale. Washington; James M.; Adeline, the wife of William Breeding, of Alberta, Canada; William L., who is deceased; Cornelia, who married Samuel B. Amos, of Condon, Oregon; Mary J., now Mrs. Bowen, who is living at home with her mother; and Sabra, the wife of Howard Reed, of Portland. James M., the fourth in order of birth, is one of the most widely known men in the county and one of the most versatile. He is a wagon maker, blacksmith, carriage trimmer, carpenter and general mechanic. He has the happy faculty of accomplishing anything he attempts, and does it with the ease and skill only supposed to be achieved from thorough training and long years of experience. Much of his life has been passed in traveling through California, Washington and Oregon, but he has now settled down on a ranch of one hundred and sixty acres that he owns adjoining his mother's place. He has built the house, barns and outbuildings on his ranch, which is equipped with many conveniences of his own invention and manufacture.

Mr. Griffith was a member of the Methodist Episcopal church as is also his widow and family with the exception of one son, who is a Baptist. He voted the democratic ticket but was never identified with local governmental affairs. He was one of the prominent and enterprising pioneers of Lane county and participated in a number of the early Indian wars, among them the Cayuse Indian war and the Rogue River war. For his services in the latter his widow, who has nearly attained the venerable age of eighty years, is now awarded a pension. Mr. Griffith had many friends in Lane county and was one of the highly esteemed pioneers, who lived to witness in the country's wonderful development the fulfillment of his early prophecy regarding its future possibilities.

LOUIS S. NORMANDIN, one of the leading merchants of Mount Tabor, in which connection he has built up an extensive and profitable business, was born in Canada, in 1859, his parents being Loie and Armine (Miller) Normandin, who are also natives of Canada and of French and Scotch descent. They are still living in the Dominion and are well known in the locality which is their place of residence. They became the parents of sixteen children, twelve of whom are yet living. One of the sons is living in Massachusetts and the others, with the exception of our subject, are residents of Canada.

Louis S. Normandin is the only one who came to Oregon. He left home at the age of thirteen years and went to Vermont, there continuing his education as a pupil in the school near St. Albans. While thus pursuing his education he also worked in a grocery store for a year, making his own way all the time. He afterward went to Springfield, Massachusetts, where he secured employment in a brickyard in the summer, while during the winter months he was employed along mercantile lines. Not yet content with the educational advantages which were his, he devoted much of his time in the evening hours for two and a half years to study in night schools. Attracted by the opportunities of the west, he then made his way to Virginia City, Nevada, in 1876, and after a brief period went to Oakland, California, where he worked for a building contractor, having charge of the dock, barn and teams when but seventeen years of age. He came to Portland and on the 5th of February, 1879, when twenty years of age and after working in a sawmill for a month entered the brickyard of E. J. Jeffries, with whom he continued for three years. In the meantime he purchased ten acres of land on the section line road in connection with a partner, N. Remellard, and this they planted to small fruit, Mr. Remellard cultivating the land, while Mr. Normandin worked in the brickyard. He made the purchase of the ten acres on credit but by hard work he and his partner succeeded in meeting the payments on the property, which was his first investment in real estate on the coast. After devoting three years to brickmaking he became connected with the fishing industry at Astoria, where he remained through one season. He and his partner then went to work on the ten-acre tract and continued its further development and cultivation until 1889. The following year they sold this property for fifteen thousand dollars, realizing a very handsome profit, for the purchase price had been but fifteen hundred dollars. With the capital which thus accrued, Mr. Normandin then purchased a third interest in a grocery store owned by Brubaker & Kay, and two years later Mr. Kay sold his interest to his two partners, since which time Mr. Normandin and Mr. Brubaker have been associated in business, covering a period of twenty-two years. Theirs is one of the oldest partnerships of the city and within this period they have built up a large business, becoming well known as enterprising merchants of Mount Tabor. They have always carried a large and well selected line of goods and their reasonable prices and earnest efforts to please their patrons have secured for them substantial results in business. The relation between them has always been of a most harmonious character and the labors of one ably supplement and round out the activities of the other. As Mr. Normandin has prospered in his undertakings he has invested in property and has thus accumulated a good deal of real estate, including a summer home at Long Beach, Washington, and a farm in Washington county, in addition to other property in Mount Tabor.

On the 3d of July, 1890, Mr. Normandin was united in marriage to Miss Hedwig Wehlom, a daughter of Fred Wehlom of Mount Tabor. They have become parents of four children. Fred, born in 1891, acquired his education in the public schools of Mount Tabor and in the Portland Business College, thus equipping himself for the conduct of important commercial interests. He is now with his father in the management of the store. Herbert, born July 10, 1893, is a student in the Washington high

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school. Frank, born September 8, 1895, and Eva, born May 18, 1901, are also in school. The family residence is at No. 34 East Sixty-first street. The family attend the Methodist Episcopal church and are loyal to its interests and activities. Mr. Normandin votes with the republican party and while he has never been an office seeker, he has ever taken a deep interest in public affairs and several times served as a delegate to republican conventions. For twenty-one years he has been an exemplary representative of the Masonic fraternity and he is associated with the Woodmen of the World, the United Artisans and the Brotherhood of America. During the long years of his residence here he has gained a wide acquaintance in Portland, especially in the section of the city where he resides. He has won an unassailable reputation for business integrity and enterprise and his substantial qualities well entitle him to the high regard and to the success which is his.

ENSIGN VERNON REXFORD, a retired farmer and veteran of the early Oregon Indian wars, now lives quietly with his children in Portland. He was born near Woodstock, Canada West, on the 15th of August, 1831, his parents being John and Charity Rexford, natives of Steuben county, New York. There they were educated, grew to mature years and were married. After their marriage they settled in western Canada in 1831, where John Rexford bought land and lived until 1841, when he removed to Lee county, Iowa, where he also purchased land and resided until 1849, when, deciding to go farther west, he took his family by ox team across the plains to Oregon. They first settled on Sophia's island, where they lived until the following spring and then moved to Benton county, where the father took up six hundred and forty acres of government land located about twelve miles from where Corvallis now stands. He occupied this farm until 1865, when he sold it and retired. Rev. Rexford was a Baptist minister and throughout his career preached as opportunity offered, and after his retirement from the farm continued preaching until his death, which occurred in 1876, his wife surviving him until 1887. They were the parents of fifteen children, five of whom are still living, as follows: Mary, the widow of Thomas Blake, who died while on a vessel en route to Oregon; Ensign Vernon, of this review; Elizabeth, the wife of George Deal, of California; Jane, who is the widow of Abner Lloyd and resides in Colfax, Whitman county, Washington; Laura, the wife of Jack Steward, of Whitman county, Washington. Those deceased are, Letts, John, Charity, Lucy, Charlotte, Ann, Jerome and three who died in infancy.

Ensign Vernon Rexford was given a common-school education and remained with his parents until he attained the age of twenty years, when he went to California and took up mining, which he followed for one year. Subsequently he returned to Oregon, here working at various occupations until he took up a quarter section of land in Benton county, Oregon, in 1854. There he lived for several years, improved his farm and erected the necessary buildings. Disposing of the property, he volunteered for service in the Indian war in September, 1855, becoming a member of Company C, under command of Colonel David Laton. He fought Indians that winter and then returned home but after a short time again volunteered for military service, becoming a member of Company H, with which he remained from April until October. He then returned to the plains with Kit Carson and continued with him three years, after which he came back to Oregon. During his experiences in the Indians wars he took part in a great many severe engagements and was twice wounded but not seriously. At the conclusion of the Indian campaigns he again took up farming, purchasing three hundred and twenty acres in Benton county, where he resided until 1872, when he sold out and went into the logging business in southern Oregon, an occupation which he followed for four years. Subsequently he went to Whitman county, Washington, purchased one hundred and sixty acres of land and again engaged in active farm work, continuing to live on that farm until 1896, when he sold his land and retired, having since resided among his children in Portland.

In 1861 Mr. Rexford was married to Miss Sarepta Hallock, a native of Oregon and a daughter of Herman and Lucretia Hallock, both of whom were born in New York. They were numbered among the pioneers of Oregon, having crossed the plains in 1845 and settled in Benton county, where they spent the remainder of their lives. Sarepta (Hallock) Rexford was one of a family of thirteen children and by her marriage to our subject became the mother of four children, namely: John, living in Benton county, Oregon; Annie, the widow of Ira Roe of Portland; Martha, who is the wife of Isaac Derick, of California; and Hannah, the wife of Alvin Lloyd, of Linn county, Oregon. Mr. Rexford and his first wife were legally separated, after which, in 1877, he wedded Miss McCormick, a native of Benton county, Oregon. Her parents, J. K. and Lucinda McCormick, both of whom were natives of Ohio, came to Oregon in 1851, settling in Benton county, near Corvallis, where they passed away. Their children were five in number, namely: Laura, who is the wife of James Bales and resides in western Oregon; Hardy, living in Benton county, this state; Ira, who makes his home in Brownsville, Linn county, Oregon; Mrs. Emma (McCormick) Rexford; and Fred, who is deceased. Mr. Rexford lost his second wife in 1871, and the two children born unto them are also deceased. For his third wife he chose Miss Linna Hoss, whom he wedded in 1883 and who was called to her final rest in 1892. She was a native of Marion county, Oregon, and a daughter of Peter and Martha Hoss, both of whom were born in Ohio. By his third marriage Mr. Rexford became the father of the following children: Georgia

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A., born in 1885, who pursued a course of bookkeeping and now is the wife of Joseph Fowler, of Portland, by whom she has a daughter, Rosamond H., born January 16, 1910; Charity, whose natal day was February 22, 1887, and who is the wife of Albert E. Lee, of Dayton, Oregon; Peter V., born November 16, 1889, who is a resident of Hubbard, Oregon; Elizabeth, born April 9, 1891, who is the wife of S. S. Parker, of La Fayette, Oregon; Perry Isaac, who is deceased; and one who died in infancy. All of our subject's children enjoyed the advantages of a good business education.

Mr. Rexford is by political faith a republican and formerly held the office of sheriff of Coos county, Oregon. By his long and active business career in Oregon and also by his Indian campaigns he has been of great value in the development or this great state. A respected citizen well known to a large circle of friends and possessing the grit which is characteristic of the pioneer, Mr. Rexford has ever been of an active nature and his life has been one of toil, nor has his career been without its experiences of hardship.

B. A. JOHNSTON has since 1908 been the senior partner of the firm of Johnston & Hutchcroft, conducting the leading general mercantile store of Yamhill. His birth occurred in Missouri on the 24th of January, 1872, his parents being M. E. and Louisa (Leach) Johnston, who are natives of Michigan and Kentucky, respectively. He was a little lad of five years when he came to this state with his parents and attended school until a youth of seventeen. He then worked on a dairy ranch for five years and during the next ten years followed the profession of teaching, imparting clearly and readily to others the knowledge that he had acquired. During vacation periods he attended the Tualitin Academy at Forest Grove. After abandoning educational pursuits he became a clerk in the store which he is now conducting in association with R. J. Hutchcroft. It was in 1908 that he purchased a half interest in the business and became the senior member of the firm of Johnston & Hutchcroft, general merchants. They have built up an extensive and profitable trade and theirs is now the leading store of the character of Yamhill.

On the 1st of July, 1900, Mr. Johnston was united in marriage to Miss Bessie Rounds, a native of the state of Washington and a daughter of J. C. and Mary (Robb) Rounds, who were born in New York and Oregon respectively. The mother represents one of the old pioneer families of the northwest, her father being the late J. R. Robb, of Portland, who crossed the plains in the same party with F. X. Matthieu in 1842 and whose name is on the Champoeg monument, which was erected in honor of the fifty-two members that formed the provisional government of Oregon in 1843. The parents of Mrs. Johnston were married in Oregon and have lived here almost continuously since. After his marriage Mr. Rounds took up a homestead in Washington and there resided for a time, later coming to Portland, where he lived until 1893. In that year he purchased a farm near Gaston, Oregon, operating the same until 1901, when he disposed of the property and bought land near Forest Grove. Subsequently he sold that tract and took up his abode on another farm in the vicinity of Forest Grove, whereon he has since remained. Unto him and his wife were born five children, as follows: Bert, who lives near Yamhill, Oregon; Frederick, a merchant of North Yakima, Washington; Mrs. Johnston; Edward, who is still under the parental roof; and one who died in infancy. Mr. and Mrs. Johnston have had three children, namely: Ruth, who was born in May, 1901; Carl, born on the 22d of December, 1903, and who died when three months old; and Harold, whose natal day was February 15, 1906. Mrs. Johnston taught school for three years prior to her marriage.

Since age conferred upon him the right of franchise Mr. Johnston has supported the men and measures of the republican party. He has served as city recorder of Yamhill but has no desire for the honors and emoluments of office. Fraternally he is identified with the Independent Order of Odd Fellows, belonging to Lodge No. 56 and also to the Rebekahs at Yamhill. He is likewise connected with the Woodmen of the World, being a member of Lodge No. 133 at Yamhill. His religious faith is that of the Methodist Episcopal church, to which is wife also belongs. The period of his residence in the northwest covers more than a third of a century and his life has been such that he has won the regard and esteem of all with whom he has come in contact.

F. E. ROTH is successfully engaged in business as the proprietor of a furniture and undertaking establishment at Amity. His birth occurred in Henry county, Iowa, on the 16th of June, 1878, his parents being Michael and Nancy (Goldsmith) Roth, both of whom were natives of Pennsylvania. The father removed to Iowa in early manhood and spent the remainder of his life in that state, passing away in 1904. Throughout his active business career he devoted his attention to general agricultural pursuits. His widow is still living and makes her home at Wayland, Iowa. Unto them were born four sons and six daughters, as follows: Emma, the wife of C. Egli, of Trenton, Iowa; Katie, who gave her hand in marriage to H. B. White and resides in Brighton, Iowa; Anna, the deceased wife of Joseph Reschley; Ella, the wife of Benjamin Hill, of Brighton, Iowa; Joseph, a sketch of whom appears below; W. B., a blacksmith of Wayland, Iowa; Lena, who is deceased; Otto E., who is associated in business with his brother Joseph; F. E., of this review; and Bertha, the wife of Walter Wood, of Wayland, Iowa.

F. E. Roth remained under the parental roof until nineteen years of age and then made his way to Oregon, here embarking in the machinery business and operating a saw-

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mill, a thresher and other machinery. In 1909 he purchased a furniture establishment at Amity and later added an undertaking department and has won well merited success in both branches of his business. He carries an extensive and well selected stock of furniture and is able to meet and satisfy the demands of all patrons. His knowledge of his present line of business was obtained as an employe at Albany.

In 1900 Mr. Roth was united in marriage to Miss Maud Smith, a native of Polk county, Oregon. In politics he is an independent democrat, while his religious faith is indicated by his membership in the Christian church, in which he is now serving as deacon. His wife is likewise a devoted and consistent member of that church. Fraternally he is identified with the Knights of Pythias at Albany and the Woodmen of the World and the Independent Order of Odd Fellows at Amity. Both he and his wife belong to the Rebekahs. Mr. Roth is a member of the Funeral Directors Association of Oregon. His position in business and social circles is an enviable one and his many friends believe that a bright future lies before him.

JOSEPH W. ROTH is well known in business circles of Amity as the senior member of the firm of Roth Brothers, handling all kinds of building materials. His birth occurred in Henry county, Iowa, on the 19th of November, 1867, and in the common schools of Wayland, that state, he acquired his education. When fifteen years of age he began working as a farm hand, giving his earnings to his father until nineteen years of age. At that time he started out as an agriculturist on his own account, following farming in Iowa for five years on the expiration of which period he came to Oregon and settled in Yamhill county. After three years' residence here he opened a general store at Amity and successfully conducted the same for nine years. Subsequently he devoted his attention to agricultural pursuits for seven years and at the end of that time embarked in the lumber business, which he has since conducted in a most capable manner, handling all kinds of building materials. He has erected a new plant, operates a planing mill in connection therewith and also has a dry kiln. The enterprise is conducted under the name of Roth Brothers and the partners enjoy an enviable reputation for integrity and reliability. Joseph W. Roth owns and has improved a farm of one hundred and twenty-seven and a half acres near Amity and also owns a tract of forty-four acres near Corvallis in Benton county. He also built his handsome modern residence at Amity. Mr. Roth was one of the organizers and sold most of the stock of the Yamhill Valley Condensed Milk Company, also established every milk route and hired the necessary drivers. He was likewise one of the organizers of the Mutual Telephone Company of Amity. His success is all the more creditable by reason of the fact that it is attributable entirely to his own industry and enterprise, for he is a self-made man in the best and highest sense of the term.

When twenty-one years of age Mr. Roth was united in marriage to Miss Cora Martin, a native of Iowa, by whom he had three children, namely: Ethel, who died at the age of three years; Ola M., at home; and Earl C., who is a high-school student. Mr. Roth gives his political allegiance to the democracy and has been a member of the election board for years. His religious faith is that of the Christian church, to which his wife and children also belong and in which he has served as deacon and elder for seventeen years. For eleven years he has acted as clerk of the local organization of the Woodmen of the World at Amity. He is likewise identified with the Protected Home Circle at that place. His business career has been marked by a thorough understanding of each task which he has undertaken and by that continuous progress which logically follows constantly expanding powers and employment of opportunity.

GEORGE W. HYATT, who is president of the Wallowa National Bank of Enterprise, and also president of the Enterprise Mercantile & Milling Company, was born in West Unity, Ohio, February 5, 1863. He is a son of Henry S. and Maria (Brown) Hyatt, both of whom were natives of New York state but were married in Michigan, to which state they had removed in childhood with their parents. Shortly after their marriage they located in West Unity, Williams county, Ohio, where the father engaged in contracting and building with which occupation he was prominently identified until the time of his death. The mother still resides in West Unity, being now in her eighty-third year.

George W. Hyatt was reared under the parental roof, acquiring his education in the public schools of West Unity. However, upon attaining his sixteenth year he put aside his text-books and entered a general mercantile store in West Unity as clerk and general errand boy. He continued as clerk and bookkeeper for ten years and it was there he laid the foundation for his later successful business career. In 1889 he came to Oregon, locating in Enterprise, which was then a new village. He there entered the employ of the Island City Mercantile & Milling Company, and this was the connecting link which brought him to his present business interests. In December, 1893, he was one of the leading factors in the organization of the Enterprise Mercantile & Milling Company, which absorbed the Enterprise Milling Company's mills and the mercantile stock of the Island City Mercantile & Milling Company. The other members of the corporation were Reavis Brothers, J. F. Bater and the men connected with the Island City Mercantile & Milling Company. During the intervening years Mr. Hyatt has purchased the stock of Reavis Brothers, of Mr. Bater and of Mr. Steel, who had holdings as a member of the firm of Island City Mercantile & Milling Company. These changes gave Mr. Hyatt the controlling interest in the business. The

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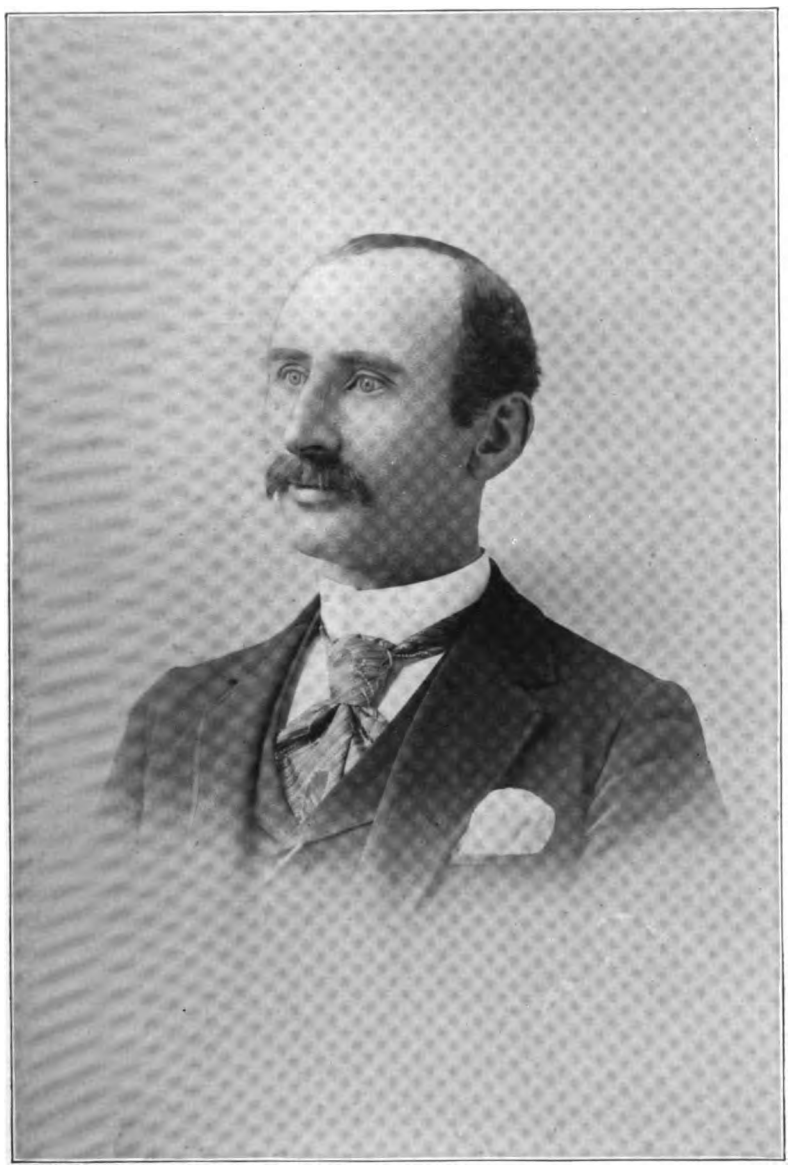

GEORGE W. HYATT

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company handles dry goods, notions, groceries, clothing, boots and shoes, hardware, agricultural implements, vehicles, lumber, hay and grain and also does an extensive milling business. To Mr. Hyatt is due much of the credit for the building up of the large establishment of which he is now the able president.

In 1894 Mr. Hyatt married Miss Leone Blevans of Wallowa county, and to this union have been born three children, one of whom is deceased. The others are George Weldon and Robert Henry. In politics Mr. Hyatt is a republican and has served as a member of the town council. Fraternally he is identified with Enterprise Lodge, No. 94, K. P., and he and his wife are members of the Presbyterian church, he also being an elder in the same. Mr. Hyatt is greatly interested in the welfare of his town and in every movement for its advancement. In all his business ventures he has ever been alert and enterprising, using the most honorable principles, and as a result has become prominent in the banking world and has helped to build up one of the largest mercantile establishments in eastern Oregon.

JOHN H. HUTCHISON, who since 1905 has resided in his beautiful home, which is located at No. 352 East Fifty-seventh street, in Portland, was for many years prominently engaged in agricultural pursuits in northern Idaho. He was born at Albion Station, New York, on the 16th of March, 1857, a son of James and Jane (Morris) Hutchison. His father was a native of Edinburgh, Scotland, and was brought to Canada when he was a small boy. The paternal grandfather died while on board ship en route for Canada and the grandmother was married again, her second union being with a Mr. Grant. They both resided in Canada the remainder of their lives. The father, James Hutchison, remained in Canada until he was thirty years of age, when he removed to New York and two years later married there. He was a bridge builder by trade and followed that occupation, working for the Watertown Railroad, where he continued for ten years or until his death, which occurred in 1864. Later the mother and her family removed to Iowa, settling at Waverly, where she was engaged in keeping store for several years. Afterward she retired and lived with her children until her death, which occurred in 1905 at Centralia, Washington, to which place she had come six months before. To Mr. and Mrs. Hutchison were born two sons, the younger of whom is the subject of this sketch. The elder, James, passed away in 1909.

In early life John Hutchison resided in Rome, New York, but he received his education in the common schools at Waverly, Iowa, and was graduated from the high school there. He then engaged in teaching school in that state and also taught the first school on the American Ridge, in Idaho. He started out in life for himself when he was twenty-three years of age. His first trip west was made by way of San Francisco, thence to Portland and on to Colfax, Washington. This journey required twenty-six days. Subsequently he located on a farm and was engaged in the sheep industry for two years, and during this time he purchased a tract of one hundred and sixty acres and also proved up a tract of one hundred and sixty acres. He later purchased a half section in addition and then owned in all six hundred and forty acres of excellent land which was known as the Claremont Farm and was considered one of the most beautiful farms in northern Idaho. Mr. Hutchison operated this place for twenty-seven years. During this time he made a specialty of raising grain and of growing fruit. He had in connection with his farm a large fruit evaporator which dried from sixty to one hundred thousand pounds of fruit annually. In the grain industry he raised about ten thousand bushels annually, most of which was wheat. His farm was visited by all the prominent men of the state who were interested in agriculture. Besides his farming interests Mr. Hutchison was the promoter of the first farmers telephone on the American Ridge, and of the rural mail system. He was instrumental in building one of the county roads from the American Ridge to Kendrick. He also established the Roach Dale system of this town which has been a great success and is still in force. Mr. Hutchison resided on this place until July, 1905, when he sold the same and came to Portland where he has now one of the most beautiful homes in his neighborhood. It is located at 352 East Fifty-seventh street, which is one of the prominent residence streets of West Mount Tabor. He also owns other real estate in Portland.

In 1890 Mr. Hutchison was married to Miss Clara Ella Barker, who was born in Janesville, Wisconsin, March 27, 1853, a daughter of William F. and Helen M. (Blount) Barker. The father was born in New York, of English and Scotch lineage, and the mother in North Danville, Vermont, of English ancestry. They were married in Wisconsin, in 1852, when that state was yet a territory. They resided there until 1862, when they removed to Waverly, Iowa, where the father operated a general merchandise store and also a flour mill and a hotel. He continued there until a short time before his death, which occurred in 1883. The mother passed away in 1892. To them were born six children, the eldest of whom is Mrs. Hutchison. Mr. and Mrs. Hutchison have one adopted son, Edward Williston, who was born in Portland, October 21, 1906.

In politics Mr. Hutchison is a republican but he has never sought nor cared for public office and on many occasions has refused the senatorship in Idaho. Also he has refused to hold several county offices there. Fraternally he is a member of the Knights of Pythias, belonging to Central Lodge, No. 23, at Kendrick, Idaho. Mr. Hutchison has always taken an active part in the development of the community with which he was identified and has always been a leading citizen. He is a member of the Baptist church and his

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wife is of the Episcopalian faith. They are people who have a large circle of friends and a life of well directed activity has gained for Mr. Hutchison a creditable place in the business world.

C. F. LOVELACE ranks among the scientific farmers of this portion of Oregon and his highly developed ranch of one hundred and sixty acres, located in Josephine county, is one of the show places of this portion of the state. His birth occurred in Grayson county, Virginia, on the 24th of February, 1857, his parents being Jeremiah E. and Elizabeth (Grubb) Lovelace, who were natives of Tennessee and Virginia respectively. Jeremiah E. Lovelace was engaged in agricultural pursuits in Virginia at the time of the breaking out of the Civil war, at which time his adopted state cast her fortunes with the Confederacy, and he was one of the thousands who, in defense of the principles involved in that titanic internecine struggle, enlisted in the Confederate service and loyally followed his command until the close of the war. He passed to his reward in the year 1886. His wife died in 1908, in Nebraska, where she was making her home with a son.

C. F. Lovelace was reared in his parents' home and acquired his early education in the public common schools. On reaching his majority he became an apprenticed millwright and continued to serve as such until he had acquired a full knowledge of that craft. In the spring of 1882 he removed to the northwestern Pacific coast, stopping first at Tacoma, Washington, where he was engaged for three months in the occupation of a carpenter, after which he removed to Skamokawa, Washington, where he remained for two years employed as a millwright. He then entered the bridge-building department of the Northern Pacific railroad and during the four years immediately thereafter he conducted the building of practically all of the railway bridges from Pasco to the Sound. At the end of four years' service in the employ of the railway company he removed to Coos bay, where he engaged in the sawmilling business. He built at Coos bay a large sawmill plant which he owned and operated for four years and then disposed of his entire holdings in that property. In March, 1892, he removed to Wilderville, Josephine county, this state, locating on what had formerly been a ranch belonging to the mother-in-law of Mrs. H. D. Jones. That property he acquired in 1900. He established his permanent home thereon and is now engaged in the scientific development and operation of high-grade agricultural pursuits.

In 1891 Mr. Lovelace was united in marriage to Miss Edwina Jones, a native of Jackson county, Oregon. Her parents were Alexander and Hannah (Hoxie) Gillson Jones, the former a native of Ohio and the latter of Massachusetts. The mother, who was a daughter of O. D. Hoxie, also a native of Massachusetts, was the widow of Herbert Gillson. The father was a captain and after his retirement he removed to this state, locating his home in Jackson county. He was among the very earliest pioneers, having settled there before the days of the Indian wars. To Mr. and Mrs. Lovelace eight children have been born: Fred, Alice, Anna, Mildred, Lois, Francis, Willard and Lile. All of the children are still at home with their parents.

Mr. Lovelace is a member of the democratic party and has served four years as county commissioner of Josephine county—from 1904 to 1908. In 1910 his friends persuaded him to run on an independent ticket for the office of sheriff. He felt at the time that there was little hope of his election but he consented, however, to allow his name to be used in the interests of morality and good government. Mr. and Mrs. Lovelace are both members of the Methodist Episcopal church. C. F. Lovelace is a highly respected and useful citizen of his state and county. His reputation for honor and truthfulness has never been questioned and he is always ready to associate himself in any public enterprise that seeks the advancement and improvement of the people of Oregon, his adopted state.

REV. CHARLES H. HOXIE. Although a minister of the Methodist Episcopal faith for nearly half a century, the Rev. Charles H. Hoxie has followed in connection with his ministerial labors the vocation of a farmer, as well, for the most of his life. He owns property in Medford, which he is renting, and makes his home with his sister. He was born in Massachusetts, December 22, 1838, the son of Obadiah D. and Eliza Ann (Stevens) Hoxie, the former a native of Massachusetts and the latter of Rhode Island. The father, who was a whaler, went to San Francisco in 1849 by way of Cape Horn, plying his trade en route and disposing of the whale oil in San Francisco. The mother, in company with her two sons, Charles H. and J. W. Hoxie, removed to San Francisco on November 1, 1855. From that city they made their way by steamer to Portland and thence by river boat to Benton county, continuing their journey to the Rogue river valley by means of horses. This was during the Indian war of 1855 and 1856 and travel in that section was fraught with so many dangers owing to the hostility of the Indians that they were given an escort from Roseburg to the Rogue river valley.

Charles H. Hoxie attended the common schools and later took a course in an academy, preparing himself for the ministry as well as for the other activities and labors of life. For twelve years he was a member of the Oregon Methodist Episcopal conference and served as pastor in various parts of the Rogue river valley. He later settled on a farm which his father had homesteaded and continued to make that his place of residence for thirty-two years. At the end of that period he disposed of the farm and removed to Medford, where he purchased property which he still owns. He is now making his home with a sister in Wilder-

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ville. For forty-eight years he labored as a minister of the gospel, preaching principally in the Rogue river valley but also supplying pulpits or holding regular pastorates in other parts of the state.

He chose as his helpmate and life companion Miss Laura M. Averille, a native of Maine, who passed away February 26, 1911, her remains being interred in Phoenix, Jackson county. Mr. Hoxie is independent in politics, casting his vote for such candidates for public positions as he deems best fitted to fill the places to which they aspire. He has never been an office seeker but has devoted the greater part of his time to his ministerial and agricultural labors. He is among the highly respected citizens of Josephine county, which he has made his home for so many years. He has an extensive acquaintance throughout the valley and is a welcome guest in innumerable homes.

WILLIAM HUTCHINSON. One of the large owners of valuable city properties in Portland is William Hutchinson, who was born in Scotland, April 8, 1839. His parents were William and Catherine Hutchinson, both natives of Scotland. They came to America in 1840, first settling in Rhode Island, where they lived for some time, later moving to the state of New York and still later to New Jersey, and then back again to New York, where the mother passed away in 1854. The father died at sea in 1866, off Acapulco, Mexico, while on a trip from South America. They were the parents of three children: William; Mrs. Jane Kerwin, who was a resident of Salt Lake City, Utah, both she and her husband being now deceased; and George, who passed away in Brooklyn, New York, at the age of seven years.

William Hutchinson was reared and received his education in the schools of the eastern states and, being ambitious to secure a thorough education, he attended night school for a considerable period. He started out in life for himself at the age of seventeen years, at the time of his mother's death, going to Newark, New Jersey, where he learned the jeweler's trade. In 1861 he responded to his country's call and volunteered as a member of the Second New Jersey Infantry, his period of enlistment being for three years. Throughout his three years' service during the war he was with the Army of the Potomac throughout all of its campaigns, taking part in all the battles in which it participated. At the end of his term of enlistment he was honorably discharged at Newark, New Jersey. After his return to Newark he determined to cast his lot with the pioneers of the Pacific slope and went by steamer via the Isthmus of Panama to San Francisco, where he began working at his trade, that of a jeweler, continuing in that employment for four years in San Francisco. He then sold his business and in 1874 bought fifteen acres of land which is now included in the city of Portland, it being practically all built up. When Mr. Hutchinson purchased his fifteen acre farm about two-thirds of it was covered with timber, the remainder being suitable for cultivation. He paid for it one hundred dollars per acre and at the present time it would bring seventy thousand dollars. Mr. Hutchinson is still the owner of the greater part of it, he having sold off thirty lots, known as the Hutchinson addition to Portland. This was laid out in lots and included within the limits of Portland in 1906.

In 1872 Mr. Hutchinson married Miss Augusta F. Crites, a native of Wisconsin and a daughter of Joseph Crites, of Pennsylvania, who died in Plattsmouth, Nebraska, in 1901. The mother passed away four years previously. Mrs. Hutchinson is a well educated woman, having graduated from the Wisconsin high school and having also received two years' training in the Young Ladies' Seminary of Rochester, Wisconsin. Previous to her marriage she had some school-teaching experience but her educational work was materially hindered on account of the fact that her mother was an invalid. Mrs. Hutchinson is the second in order of birth in a family of five children born to her parents, the other members of the family being: A. W., a lawyer, of Nebraska; Delia and Dora, twins, the former being the wife of William Foxwell, of Lincoln, Nebraska, while the latter is deceased; and Libby, the wife of Basil S. Ramsey, of Plattsmouth, Nebraska. Mr. and Mrs. Hutchinson are the parents of three sons. George W., the eldest, was born May 23, 1874, and received a high-school education. He resides on a part of his father's estate with his wife and family of two children: Frederick W., who was born in March, 1908; and Dorothy May, born in May, 1910. Joseph D. Hutchinson, the second son, was born in 1877 and resides with his father, being the owner of property in Portland and also at Vancouver, Washington. He is married and has one child, Elinor, who was born June 26, 1908. Edgar W. Hutchinson, the youngest son, was born in 1879 and also resides at home. He is a graduate of the high school and also pursued an architectural course. He is a jeweler by trade and is also an architect, contractor and builder.

Mr. Hutchinson is a republican in his political faith but has never been desirous of holding public office. He has, however, served as a member of the Portland school board, and he and his family are members of the Methodist Episcopal church. Mr. Hutchinson, who for nearly forty years has been a resident of Portland and with whom fortune has dealt so kindly, is a man honored in his city and respected throughout all circles, where he is widely known. Being possessed of that far-sightedness which has characterized so many of our successful business men, he at an early date in Portland's development, seized the opportunity to acquire at a comparatively small cost the estate which has become so valuable. Knowing that

"There is a tide in the affairs of men
Which, taken at the flood, leads on to fortune,"

he threw himself upon the crest of the wave which brought him into the possession of his

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large interests. He took a deep interest in the progress of Portland commercially, educationally and religiously and has been a material factor in the development of this city.

ALBERT ALFORD is one of the early pioneers of this state and during the Indian wars of 1855 and 1856 he was one of the ready volunteers to expose himself to the dangers and hardships of camp life among the unsettled, mountainous districts in which the savage red man of the north had established his almost inaccessible haunts. He was born in Sheridan county, Missouri, on the 4th of May, 1833, and is the son of Thomas and K. (Culp) Alford, both of whom were natives of Tennessee. His mother died when he was but a small child. In 1850 Thomas Alford emigrated to the state, crossing the plains with ox teams. He arrived in Oregon late in the season and at The Dalles the members of his party took boats down the Columbia river and made their first settlement in Linn county. The cattle were driven down the trail from The Dalles. On reaching Linn county Mr. Alford filed upon a donation claim of three hundred and twenty acres, upon which he established his home and continued to reside until the time of his death, which occurred in the ninety-third year of his age. He was three times married. He chose as his second companion in life Miss Polly Williams, who unfortunately met her death on the plains during the time of their emigration to this state. He later was united in marriage to Miss Gaily, of Linn county.

Albert Alford was reared in his father's home and acquired a limited education in the common schools of Missouri. He remained under the parental roof until he attained his twenty-first birthday. He then filed upon a donation claim of three hundred and twenty acres of land in Linn county. On this land he established his home and for many years was devoted to its development and agricultural pursuits. While a resident at that place the Rogue River Indian wars became a menacing element to the settlers on the Pacific seaboard and he at once became a volunteer, enlisting in Captain Keeney's company, of which he was an orderly sergeant, and later became a part of the command of Captain Blakeley's company in 1856. This campaign was often attended with great hardships, and at one time during the winter of 1855 his company was snowbound in the mountains and for seven days were without food supplies of any kind. At the close of his service in the Indian wars he returned at once to his home in Linn county and reengaged in the improvement of his place. Here he continued to reside until 1869, when he disposed of the property at a handsome profit and removed to Jackson county and for five years lived upon a rented place at Tolo. He then purchased a farm of one hundred and sixty acres adjoining the town of Talent and on that place he continued to live until 1910, at which time he sold the property and built for himself and family a handsome home in Talent, where he is now living a retired life. He is one of the principal stockholders of the First National Bank of Medford.

In 1853 Mr. Alford was united in marriage to Miss Catherine Brinker. Mrs. Alford is a native of Missouri and from that state emigrated to Oregon in the same train in which Mr. Alford was himself an emigrant in company with his parents to the Pacific coast. To Mr. and Mrs. Alford four children have been born: Russell, now at Klamath Falls; Moses, the first cashier of the First National Bank of Medford; Alice, the wife of L. F. Willetts, of Klamath Falls; and Ollie, the wife of C. W. Walters, of Talent, this state.

Mr. Alford is affiliated with the republican party and has served two terms as county commissioner and was a member of the county board at the time of the building of the new courthouse. Both he and his wife are members of the Baptist church. Albert Alford is indeed one of the hardy pioneers of this state and among all his associates and friends he is known to be a man of integrity. His moral influence upon the community in which he lives is distinguished for its salutary and helpful nature in maintaining and building up a healthy community life among the people.

DARR D. PHELPS, who is engaged in the plumbing business here, was born in Jasper county, Iowa, on the 4th day of July, 1870, being a son of Frank R. and Jennie (Westbrook) Phelps. His parents were both natives of Ohio, and there resided until 1868, when they removed to Iowa, settling in Jasper county. The mother passed away in 1884 and the father subsequently returned to Ohio and has ever since resided there. They were the parents of six children, four of whom are living.

Darr D. Phelps was reared at home and attended the public schools until the death of his mother, which occurred when he was a youth of fourteen years. This event caused a great change in his young life and laying aside his text-books he began earning his own living. On starting out for himself he first worked at any kind of work that came to hand, continuing to be thus employed for two years. At the expiration of that time he apprenticed himself to the plumber's trade, but two years later he abandoned this for carpentry. He followed this for three years and then learned the machinist's trade, being identified with the latter occupation until 1896. He first located in Pendleton in 1887 and during the first two years of his residence here was superintendent of the water works. After giving this up he followed the machinist's trade for a year, following which he entered the hardware store of W. J. Clark, remaining in his employ for ten years. After leaving this concern he worked for R. F. Kirkpatrick for a year, and on the 1st of September, 1911, he became associated with Alexander Burt in the establishment of a plumbing concern, that they are still

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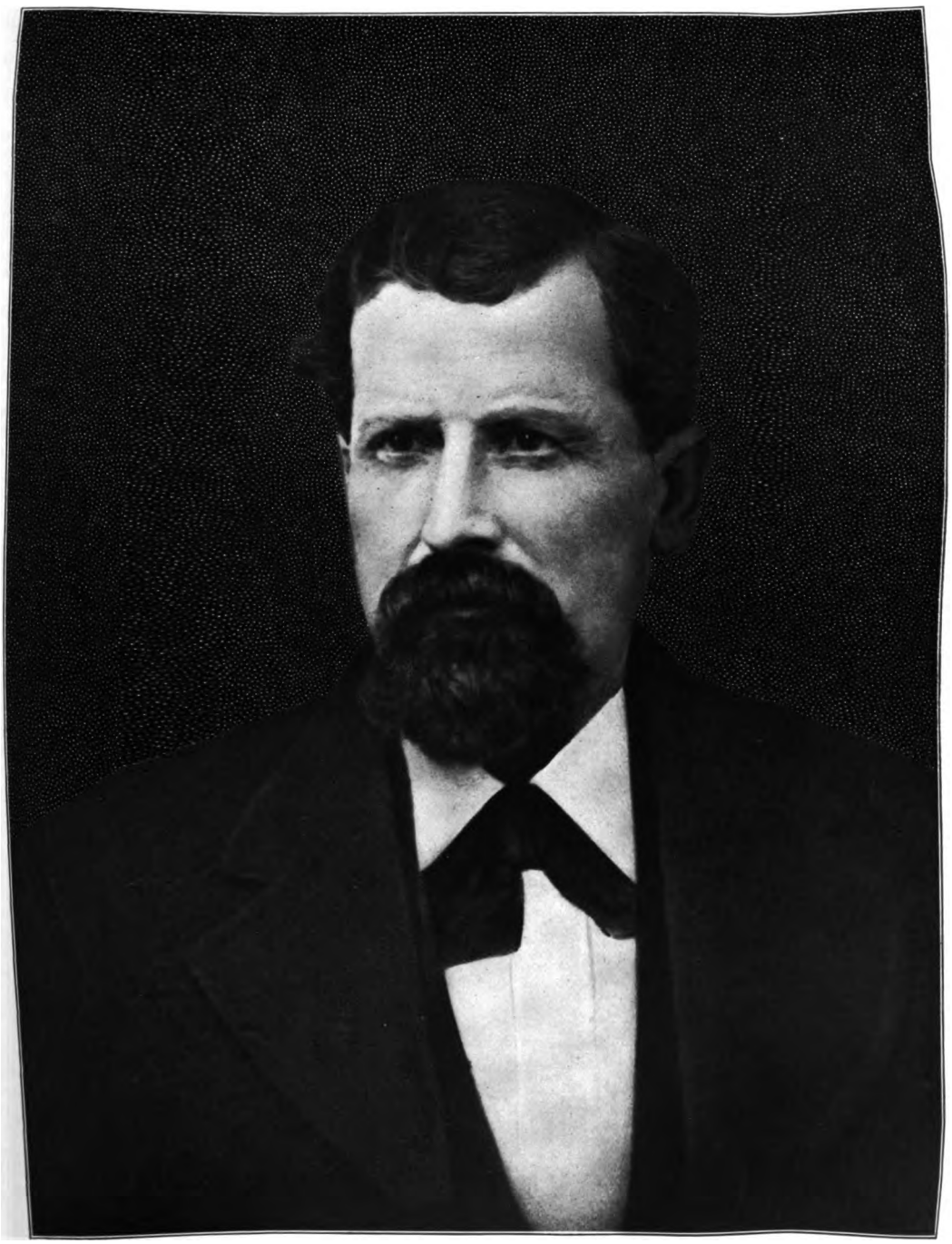

ALBERT ALFORD

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conducting. This enterprise is of very recent origin, but both proprietors are well known men of recognized skill and will unquestionably make a success of their undertaking. They keep a good supply of materials and are well qualified to do any work in their line, being capable and efficient representatives of their trade.

In 1893, Mr. Phelps was united in marriage to Miss Minnie Murphy, a native of Illinois and a daughter of John R. and Mary A. Murphy, and they have become the parents of one son, George F., who is now attending business college here. Both Mr. and Mrs. Phelps are communicants of the Roman Catholic church and he is a member of the Modern Woodmen of America. In politics he is a republican, but has never held public office. Mr. Phelps has many friends in Umatilla county who are most desirous of seeing him succeed in his new undertaking, knowing him to be a highly deserving man and capable mechanic.

GEORGE O. WALKER is devoting his entire attention to agricultural pursuits and stock-raising at Walker, where he owns five hundred acres of land. His birth occurred in the vicinity where he is now living on the 17th of January, 1874, his parents being John F. and Mary Jane (Chrisman) Walker. The father was born in Bedford county, Virginia, in 1827, and there he lived until he had attained the age of eighteen years. In 1845 he went to Missouri, but after seven years' residence there decided to continue his journey westward, so in 1852 he joined an emigrant train coming to Oregon, Lane county being his destination. When he first came here he located on a claim of three hundred and twenty acres five miles east of Cottage Grove, that he energetically cultivated for nineteen years. At the expiration of that time, in 1872, he went to Creswell and bought a quarter section, and subsequently moved on to five hundred and seventy acres at Walker, belonging to his wife, upon which he has ever since lived. The mother of our subject is the second in order of birth of the seven children born to C. E. and Phoebe Flanry Chrisman. The other members of the family are as follows: C. F.; P. G. and Sarah Ann, both of whom are deceased; Nelson P., who is living at Cottage Grove; Winfield S., whose residence is at Dorena, this state; and Gabriel R., of Eugene. To Mr. and Mrs. Walker have been born seven children, as follows: Mary Ann, the wife of N. B. Walden, of Chester, Montana; Robert E., of Cottage Grove; Phoebe and Elizabeth, both of whom are deceased; Martha J., the wife of J. R. Wiseman, of Weiser, Idaho; John W., who is living in Waldport, Oregon; and George O., our subject.

Practically the entire life of George O. Walker has been passed in the immediate vicinity of his present home. After completing the course of the common schools he attended the Drain Normal School, from which institution he was graduated at the age of seventeen and for two years thereafter engaged in teaching. In common with all country lads while engaged in the mastery of his lessons he was also laying the foundation for an agricultural career by assisting his father with the work of the fields and care of the stock. At the age of nineteen years he was thoroughly familiar with every detail connected with ranching and began his independent career as an agriculturist by taking the entire responsibility of farming the home place containing five hundred acres. He subsequently rented his land and turned his attention to business activities by opening a general store at Walker station. During this time he also became associated with his brother John W. in the erection and operation of a sawmill. This venture did not prove to be remunerative and they abandoned it at the end of a year. Mr. Walker continued to conduct the store for six years, from the time he opened it, and at the end of that time withdrew from commercial activities and returned to ranching. He has ever since been devoting his entire energies to the cultivation of his land, his holdings now aggregating five hundred acres. One hundred and seventy-five acres of this has been brought into a high state of productivity but the remainder is in timber and pasture. One hundred and fifty acres of the land he is cultivating is entirely devoted to grain and annually yields abundant harvests. In connection with his general agriculture Mr. Walker also raises stock and is now milking ten cows that yield him a profitable income and he has a nice herd of Angora goats and a large number of hogs. He is meeting with lucrative returns from his various undertakings and as he is able is making further improvements on his place, and is adding to his equipment.

On the 8th of November, 1893, Mr. Walker was united in marriage to Miss Dollie S. Morningstar, a daughter of Abraham and Sarah J. (Watkins) Morningstar. They removed to Oregon from Illinois in 1877 and bought a ranch in the vicinity of Drain, where they continue to live. The family of Mr. and Mrs. Morningstar numbered eleven, as follows: Olive M., the wife of J. B. Powrie, of Eugene; Albert, who is deceased; Charles F., of Drain; Lewis, who is deceased; one who died in infancy; Mrs. Walker; one who died in infancy; John E., who is living at Creswell; one who died in infancy; Sibyl C., the wife of F. C. England, of Walker; and William R., of Drain. Mr. and Mrs. Walker have had nine children: Icie, who was born on the 26th of November, 1894; Valta V., whose natal day was November 13, 1896; Echo G., who was born on the 30th of August, 1899; Gale W., born on April 10, 1901; Ansel E., whose birth occurred on the 13th of April, 1903; Boyd F., born August 19, 1905; Sibyl T., whose natal day was the 4th of February, 1907; Mary J., born April 10, 1909; and Bonnie B., who was born on the 5th of February, 1912.

The family attend the Primitive Baptist church in which the parents hold membership, Mr. Walker being a minister of that faith, and in politics he is a republican, and

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for the past six years has been a director of the school board. He is a man of pronounced enterprise and activity and is intelligently concentrating his energies upon the development of his interests and is meeting with a corresponding degree of success.

ERNEST A. BREYMAN, who now lives retired in Portland, was born in Germany on January 13, 1840. His parents were Carl Frederick and Magdelena (Miller) Breyman, both of whom spent all their lives in Germany, the former passing away there at the age of fifty-four and the latter at forty-nine. The father was in the military service of Germany from his early youth until the time of his death. In his family were thirteen children, three of whom are now living. They are: Ernest A., of this review; W. E., of Salem; and Mrs. Bertha Sohst, a widow residing in Germany.

Ernest A. Breyman was baptised in the Lutheran church at Bockenem, Hanover, Germany, his godfather being the king of Hanover, who was an uncle of Queen Victoria. He received a good education in a high school in Germany and also obtained a diploma from a navigation school. In 1854, at the age of fifteen, he went to sea where he served in the capacity of cabin boy for two years. Afterwards he became an ordinary seaman and later was an able seaman for four years and filled every position on board including that of captain. He served on various vessels and went into many different ports of the world. The entire period of time in which he served as a seaman covered twelve years. In 1886, giving up his life as a sailor, he located at Salem, where he was employed in a store by his brother for one year. Afterwards he became engaged in the general mercantile business at Fairfield, Oregon, where he operated a store for thirteen years. Subsequently selling the same he came to Portland and was engaged in the grocery business on Front street for six years. Afterwards he went to Colfax, Washington, and bought a general merchandise store but after three years sold the same and returned to Portland, where he purchased three acres of land within the city limits, on which tract he is now living retired. His property is located in what is known as South Mount Tabor, on Fifty-fifth and Division streets.

Mr. Breyman, on July 3, 1874, was united in marriage to Miss Mary E. Eldridge, who was born in the village of Parkersville, in Marion county, Oregon, the daughter of F. E. and Anna (Cosgrove) Eldridge, the father a native of Pennsylvania and the mother of Canada. The mother was brought to Oregon by her parents in 1847 and the father crossed the plains in 1848 to California, in which state he was engaged for a short time in gold mining. He then came to Oregon, settling in Parkersville where he operated a general store and also a sawmill and flour-mill for some time. He owned the mill in partnership with Mr. Parker, for whom the town of Parkersville was named. In 1856 the father sold his business and purchased what was known as the old Gervais farm where he lived until his death in 1890. The mother passed away six years later. To Mr. and Mrs. Eldridge were born ten children: Mrs. Breyman; James E., who resides near Champoeg, in Marion county; Margaret E., who is a sister of St. Mary's Academy; Virginia P., who is the wife of A. M. Brown, of Marion county; Elsie A., who is now Mrs. Goulet, of Seattle, Washington; Annie G., who died at the age of twenty years; Hugh G., living east of Gervais, in Marion county; Emma C., now deceased, who was the wife of M. G. Green, of California; Freeman J., of Portland; and Adelia, who is the wife of W. H. Lawlor, who is engaged in mining in Nevada. Mrs. Breyman received her education in St. Mary's Academy, a convent of Salem. Mr. and Mrs. Breyman have become parents of seven children. Ella May, who was born May 4, 1875, has a high-school, college and musical education and is the wife of George H. Brownell, who is engaged in the furniture and undertaking business in Spokane. Frederick E., born January 13, 1877, has a good business education and now operates a marble mine in Tokeen, Alaska. Anna L., born in 1879, has a college and musical education and has been engaged in teaching school for the past five years in various parts of the state. Ralph Werner, born in July, 1881, has a business-college education and is engaged in the roofing and contracting business. Emma V., born March 23, 1883, is the wife of J. O. Throll, who is a traveling salesman of Spokane. She is a high-school graduate and also has a musical education. Albert E. was born in 1885, has completed a business-college course and is now engaged in the wholesale crockery business in Portland. Gretchen Elsie, who completes the family, was born in 1899 and is now at home.

In his political views Mr. Breyman is a republican but has never sought nor desired public office. Both in his work as a sailor and in his farming interests he has been very successful and his life record has at all times been a creditable one. Moreover, he has ever displayed the qualities of honorable and upright manhood and in the evening of his life his is a useful old age, giving of its rich store of wisdom and experience for the benefit of others.

GWIN S. BUTLER. Among the great developing agencies which have made the west the magnificent country which it is today, probably the most important, after the pioneers who opened the country and made the first inroads upon its primitive wildness, are the lives and exertions of the sons of these pioneers, natives of the west, whose careers have been important factors in its development and progress. Prominent among men of this class is Gwin S. Butler, of Ashland, who has the distinction of being the second oldest living native son of Jackson county. Since his birth there on January 19, 1854, Mr. Butler has had his home in this county, and all his efforts and energies, which are always factors to be reckoned with, have

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been devoted to the improvement and development of this section of the country.

Gwin S. Butler is a son of Ashman J. and America E. (Rollins) Butler. The father was a native of Illinois, and the mother's early home was in Kentucky. They were married in Des Moines, Iowa, in 1850, and two years later set out with ox teams for the long and arduous journey across the continent to the west. For five months they struggled with all the hardships of primitive travel, and when winter overtook them they had reached Yreka, California, where they remained for the winter. In January, 1853, the journey was continued over the Rogue river valley into Jackson county, Oregon, where Mr. Butler took up a donation claim of three hundred and twenty acres which now adjoins the city of Medford. Ashman J. Butler died on this claim in 1859. The mother and son remained on the claim, and on October 10, 1865, the mother was again married. Her second husband was Jacob Thompson, a pioneer of 1847, and at the time of his death one of the influential and prominent men in the county. A more extended account of him is given on another page of this work. Mr. and Mrs. Thompson died within three months of each other, she in November, 1910, and he in February, 1911, both in the eighty-fifth year of their age.

Gwin S. Butler was reared on his father's claim and acquired his early education in the common schools. This was later supplemented by a course at the Ashland Normal School. After finishing his education, he returned to the ranch and spent five years in farming, acquiring a practical working knowledge of the details of western ranching which has been invaluable to him in the operation of his present holdings. Mr. Butler removed to Ashland in 1879 and engaged in the mercantile business with which he was prominently identified for five years. The same qualities of business sagacity and acumen which had made his ranching successful, operated also in his mercantile career, and when he left it to join his stepfather in the stock-raising business, he had attained a degree of success which we are accustomed to associate with a long period of activity. Gwin S. Butler and his stepfather, Jacob Thompson, owned at this time valuable ranch lands both in Klamath and Jackson counties, and in 1884 they joined their resources and their energies and engaged in stock farming on a large scale. The venture was successful. Both Mr. Butler and his stepfather were keen and shrewd business men, well acquainted with the details of the business in which they were engaged, and had an accurate and practical knowledge of the natural conditions of the country in which they were working, to aid them in their activities. Mr. Butler kept his holdings in the stock farm until 1905, when he sold his interests in it and devoted his entire attention to looking after those of his parents.

On November 4, 1879, Gwin S. Butler was married to Miss Alice Barron, a native of Jackson county, a daughter of Major Barron, one of the pioneers of Jackson county, of whom a sketch appears elsewhere in this work. Mr. and Mrs. Butler have no children.

Mr. Butler is essentially a public-spirited man. He takes an intelligent interest in the politics of his section and has served several times in public capacities. He is consistently republican in his political affiliations. He was for four years county commissioner of Jackson county, and served one year as mayor of Ashland. He is at present an active and efficient member of the Ashland town council. He is very active in fraternal organizations, holding membership in the Ashland Lodge, No. 23, A. F. and A. M., in the Siskiyou Chapter, No. 4, R. A. M., and in Malta Commandery, No. 4, K. T. He is also a member of the Hillah Temple, A. A. O. N. M. S. of Ashland, and of the Woodmen of the World, besides being active in Ashland Lodge, No. 944, B. P. O. E.

Gwin S. Butler is one of the most prominent and active business men in Ashland today. He is well known in commercial circles and is an active factor in the commercial life of the city. His various commercial activities include a directorship in the United States National Bank, the presidency of the Granite City Savings Bank of Ashland, and the vice presidency of the Ashland Ice and Cold Storage Company. He is secretary of the Ashland Improvement Company and secretary and general manager of the Butler & Thompson Company.

Mr. Butler's career has been rewarded with well deserved success. A man who combined the qualities of strict integrity, honorable methods, and fairness in all business transactions, with commercial acumen and business instinct of a high order, has in his mental equipment and moral character the foundation of quick and sure success.

AMOS W. BOTKIN, M. D., one of the well known medical practitioners of Portland who previous to his coming had a wide experience gained in other parts of the country, is Dr. Amos W. Botkin, with offices at 74 East Sixty-third street. He was born in Keosauqua, Iowa, June 24, 1864, a son of Oscar F. and Agnes (Watt) Botkin. The father was born in Ohio and came of English and Dutch ancestry, while the mother is a native of Scotland. They were married in Iowa, where they lived until 1868, when they took up their abode in Barton county, Missouri. Oscar F. Botkin followed farming in Iowa. He also bought land in Barton county, Missouri, and while living there took up the study of medicine at St. Louis and later practiced his profession in Barton City. In 1876 he moved to Jersey county, Illinois, where he practiced his profession until 1883, when he decided to cast his lot with the people of Oregon and removed with his family to the Pacific coast, locating at Mount Tabor, then a little settlement adjacent to Portland. Here he continued the practice of medicine, but also bought and sold land, thus accumulating considerable property. He followed his profession until about 1911, when

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he retired from active practice. He owns a fine residence property and other valuable interests in Mount Tabor and in other parts of the state of Oregon, his home at present being in Cherryville, Oregon, where he also has property. Having attained the age of seventy years, he is practically living a retired life. Unto him and his wife were born six children, as follows: Amos W., of this review; two daughters who are deceased; Jessie, the wife of W. W. Sibray, of Pittsburgh, Pennsylvania, who is employed by the government in the department of commerce and labor; Ida, who is the wife of Thomas Graham, a druggist of Mount Tabor; and James O., who is still under the parental roof.

Dr. Amos W. Botkin received a common-school education in Illinois and while attending to his school duties read medicine in his father's office, later entering the medical department of Willamette University, from which he was graduated in 1890. Subsequently he entered the government service as a physician and in 1892 went to Philadelphia, where he took a post-graduate course in the Jefferson Medical College, being graduated therefrom in 1893. He then journeyed to Portland, Oregon, where he practiced until 1897, when he went to Alaska, following his profession at Dawson City for one year. Returning to Umatilla county, Oregon, in 1898, he practiced there for six years and then settled in Mount Tabor, where he has since continued his professional career.

In 1889 Dr. Botkin was married to Miss Mabel Delano, a native of Portland and a daughter of H. H. and Ella (Peters) Delano. Her father was born in East St. Louis, Illinois, and her mother in St. Joseph, Missouri. The mother's parents started to cross the plains for Oregon when she was only ten days old, the family emigrating here in 1853. H. H. Delano came to Oregon in 1870 and in this state wedded Miss Ella Peters. They have since remained in Oregon and have resided in Portland throughout almost the entire period. Mr. Delano was an accountant but, having a fine education, taught school for a considerable period. He was also a journalist but his principal life's work was that of an accountant. Unto him and his wife were born five children, namely: Mabel, who is the wife of Dr. Botkin; William, who died in infancy; Helen, the wife of Rufus V. Shuman, who is engaged in the nursery business at Mount Tabor; Chester, who died in infancy; and Miriam, who is still at home and is fitting herself for the office of librarian. Unto Dr. and Mrs. Botkin have been born three children: Maurice D., whose natal year was 1902; Willeen A., whose birth occurred in 1907; and Eleanor J., born in 1908.

Dr. Botkin gives his political allegiance to the republican party. In a fraternal way he is connected with the Masonic order, belonging to Mount Tabor Lodge No. 42, in which he has filled all the chairs. He is also affiliated with the United Artisans, being a member of Lodge No. 36 at Portland. Dr. Botkin is a successful representative of his profession, enjoying a large and lucrative practice. His extensive professional career has well fitted him for the large medical practice which he now enjoys and he is well known among the progressive and efficient physicians of Portland. He owns a beautiful and well appointed residence and numerous other properties in the city and also some acreage property at Sandy, Oregon.

BRADFORD C. TROWBRIDGE, of John Day, Grant county, Oregon, has for many years been a prominent ranchman. He was born in Broome county, New York, September 20, 1836, a son of Augustus and Lucy (Bierce) Trowbridge. The father was a native of the state of New York while the mother was born in Rhode Island. The parents were married in New York and after living there until about 1846 they removed to Lee county, Illinois. The father was a farmer and shoemaker and purchased land about six miles from Dixon, upon which he made his home until his death, which occurred in 1869.

Bradford C. Trowbridge was reared at home and received his education in the common schools of New York and Illinois. His first work in Illinois was breaking prairie with four or five yoke of oxen. In 1859 he determined to cross the great American plains and make his home on the Pacific slope. Accordingly he set out with ox teams in the spring and after six months' travel arrived in California where he became a miner, working first at Spring Gulch and later in Henley. In 1862 he removed to Oregon, arriving in John Day valley on July 19, and on the next day located the land which constitutes his present ranch, the first to be settled upon along the John Day river, taking it up under the preemption act. He built a log house on the place that fall, cut a quantity of hay for the winter and soon became comfortably settled in his wilderness home. Upon this ranch he has since continuously made his home and it is now one of the fine ranch properties of Grant county. He owns altogether two thousand, one hundred and forty-six acres. He has for several years made a specialty of the horse and cattle business and in this connection has become well known in various parts of the state.

Bradford C. Trowbridge was married twice, his first union in 1864 being with Margaret McGilvlay, a native of Scotland. He was married for the second time on the 1st of January, 1888, to Mrs. John Herburger, formerly Miss Marjory Milnie, who was also a native of Scotland, born in Banffshire. To his second wife were born three children, of whom only one survives, Charles Augustus, who is attending high school in John Day. Mr. Trowbridge is a republican and is prominent in the party in Grant county. He is a member of the county board of commissioners, and is serving his second term. Not only is he one of the first pioneers who settled in Grant county having been fifty years on his present ranch but he is also a man of ability, public spirit and enterprise. His successful farming operations have given him promi-

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MR. AND MRS. B. C. TROWBRIDGE

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nence and his excellent qualities as a citizen have made him greatly respected by all of the people with whom he is acquainted. He takes great interest in the affairs of the county and in his official as well as private capacity has rendered great service to his community where he is recognized as one of the most prominent men.

ALONZO P. MEAD. One of the older residents of Portland, a retired lumberman and more recently an operator in Portland realty, is Alonzo P. Mead, who was born in Michigan, July 16. 1838. His parents were Jabez and Caroline Mead, both of whom were born in the state of New York, where they were married and lived for a short time, afterwards removing to Oakland county, Michigan, where the father bought land. Both the father and grandfather owned large tracts in Michigan, where the former died at the age of eighty years, the mother passing away at the age of seventy-five. Jabez and Caroline Mead were the parents of nine children: Lafayette, deceased, who was a soldier in the Civil war, holding the rank of captain; Alonzo P.; Melissa, who became the wife of a Mr. Bennett, of Michigan, and is now deceased; Lucy, whose first husband died in Libby Prison and who afterward married a Mr. Cusick, of Ashland, Oregon; Phoebe, who became the wife of Frank Fournia, of Michigan, and is now deceased; Helen, who is the wife of Hiram Cusick, of Le Roy, Michigan; Emmeline Roach, a widow, who resides at Ashland, Oregon; Sarah, who passed away in Michigan at the age of six years; and Annie, deceased, who married Frank Cusick.

Alonzo P. Mead received a common-school education and was reared in Saginaw, Michigan. At an early age he began working in a planing mill and when seventeen years of age was placed in charge of the mill, where he worked for twelve years. He then bought an interest in a mill, which he operated for seven years, or until it was destroyed by fire. He then removed to Cleveland, Ohio, and in company with Messrs. Wiggins and Howry, engaged in the lumber business. Three years later he sold his interest in the firm and returned to Saginaw, Michigan, where he was again employed for a time in a mill. He next removed to Buffalo, New York, and in partnership with W. R. Burt, of Michigan, built a planing mill, which he operated for five years. He then became interested in the Buffalo Planing Mills Company of Buffalo, New York, which became the largest concern of its kind in the United States, dressing annually thirty million feet of lumber. Mr. Mead was superintendent of this plant for seven years, when he sold his interest in it and removed to Oregon in 1890, settling at Mount Tabor, now in the city limits of Portland. Here Mr. Mead led a comparatively retired life, although he operated extensively in realty, still owning considerable property in Portland. He also owns the fine home in which he lives and is a well known man in his community.

On the 16th of July, 1861, at Saginaw, Michigan, Mr. Mead was married to Miss Amelia Johnson, who was born in Blenmon, Canada, October 6, 1841, a daughter of Moses and Mary (McGarvin) Johnson, both of whom were natives of Canada. While living in Canada Mr. Johnson was a district judge and a political leader of ability and prominence. He remained in Canada until 1860, when he removed to Bay City, Michigan. After living there for a time he retired and continued to live in Michigan until his death, which occurred when he was ninety years of age. The mother also attained a ripe old age, passing away in the same state, at the age of eighty-eight. They were the parents of eight children: Henry, who served throughout the entire period of the Civil war and passed away at the age of seventy-five; Mary Ann, who married Henry Rogers, both of whom are now deceased; George, who died in Portland, Oregon, at the age of seventy-five; Alfred, who was eighty-three years of age and resided in Michigan until his death; Clark, who was a thirty-second degree Mason, and passed away in St. Paul, Minnesota; Phoebe, who died at Bay City, Michigan, at the age of twenty-five; and Arvilla, the widow of John A. Brewer, who resided in Michigan.

Mr. and Mrs. Mead have no children of their own but have reared and educated two children. Jennie Mead, whom they adopted, was born in 1861 and died at the age of sixteen, while attending Oberlin College, at Oberlin, Ohio. They also reared and educated Laura Mead, who was a graduate of Hamilton College, at Syracuse, New York. She became the wife of Harlow Munsell, of Buffalo, New York, and passed away at the age of twenty-four years. Mr. and Mrs. Mead also reared William Mead, looking after his education and training him from his eleventh to his twentieth year, when he was returned to his mother. They also reared two other girls, looking after their education until they were graduated from college. On July 16, 1911, Mr. and Mrs. Mead could look back upon fifty years of marital life—fifty years of faithful companionship spent in true understanding and perfect sympathy with each other—fifty years filled with joys and sorrows jointly borne. Many friends, neighbors and church associations gathered around the family on this auspicious occasion of a golden jubilee—in all over a hundred—to offer to this worthy and venerable couple sincere wishes for many a year of happiness to come.

Mr. Mead is a republican in politics although he is not and never has been an office seeker. He and his wife are members of the First Baptist church (the White Temple) of Portland. It is fitting that when a man has arrived at the ripe age of Mr. Mead, having been actively engaged in the strenuous labors of life for so many years, that he should retire to the solitude of his own home and the society of his friends and neighbors. His life's labors have been for the most part strenuous and not only lucrative to himself but of great use

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to the community at large. The labor of love which Mr. and Mrs. Mead performed in the rearing and educating of children not of their own flesh and blood indicates the magnanimous spirit which possesses them and was an undertaking of no small moment. The wordly possessions of Mr. Mead in Portland are not inconsiderable and because of them and also in view of his long residence in Portland, his generous spirit, his affable temperament and his well ordered life, he is placed among the prominent people of this great city.

MARION VEATCH, a well known dealer in musical merchandise in Cottage Grove, also conducts an undertaking establishment and has for many years been associated with the business interests of the city. He was born in Missouri, October 9, 1873, the son of Francis M. and Amanda (Swearingen) Veatch, the former a native of Illinois and the latter of Kentucky. The father, who was a farmer by occupation, removed with his family from Missouri to Oregon in 1890. He passed away on the 15th of July, 1907, and the mother, who is still living, makes her home at Buena Park, California. In their family were three children. Marion, of this review, is the eldest. John W. Veatch, who is a stockman of Cottage Grove, is married and has two children, Sylvia and Sibyl. Nora M. is a resident of Buena Park, California, and her mother, Mrs. Amanda Veatch, is a member of the household. The daughter is now Mrs. L. Caspar Lee and has a family of three children, George, Audrey and Grace.

Marion Veatch remained at home with his parents until he attained the age of twenty-four years. He then went to the gold mines of Josephine county, Oregon, where he remained for four years. He was successful in his mining operations and invested his savings in mining claims until he became the owner of several. He never made any phenomenal strikes but his success was above that of the average miner. After several years spent in mining he settled in Cottage Grove and for three and one-half years was engaged in the butchering business. He then sold out and bought a furniture and undertaking establishment which, after conducting for a time, he sold and engaged in the sale of musical instruments, retaining the undertaking department he had previously owned. His business is a lucrative one and he has an excellent standing in business and social circles.

On November 7, 1897, in Lane county, Mr. Veatch was married to Miss Myrtle F. Ostrander, a daughter of James E. and Mary B. (Lovelace) Ostrander, both natives of Illinois. The Ostrander family lived for many years in Minnesota, where Mrs. Veatch was born, but removed to Oregon in 1894, the father being a barber by trade. They were the parents of two children: Myrtle F., now Mrs. Marion Veatch; and Nina, the wife of Charles Humphreys, manager of the Postal Telegraph Company at Astoria, Oregon. Mr. and Mrs. Veatch have a son, Roy Neil, who was born January 12, 1901, and is now attending the public schools.

In his political views Mr. Veatch is liberal, giving his support to such candidates for public office as he deems best suited for the positions to which they aspire. In his fraternal connections he belongs to the Masonic order, the Order of the Eastern Star, the Independent Order of Odd Fellows, the Knights of Pythias and the Woodmen of the World. Both he and his wife are members of the Presbyterian church of Cottage Grove and are much interested in church work, contributing liberally toward the support of that denomination. Having long been identified with the business interests of Cottage Grove Mr. Veatch has become well acquainted with everyone in the city and community. He bears an excellent reputation for integrity and business acumen and by devoting his attention to his business, a habit which he formed early in life, he has accumulated a comfortable competence. He is respected by the entire community and has long been regarded as one of the leading citizens of Cottage Grove.

EMERY W. GOSSLER owns and operates a ranch of ninety-one and a half acres located two and a half miles southeast of Springfield, where he has resided for about five years. He is a native of Iowa, his birth having occurred in Jefferson county, that state, on August 26, 1872, and is a son of William Henry and Charlotte (Weaver) Gossler. The parents were born, reared and married in Pennsylvania and there passed the first years of their domestic life. They came to Iowa in 1861, first locating in Van Buren county, but they subsequently purchased a farm in Jefferson county, which the father operated for thirteen years. Disposing of this he invested the proceeds in a quarter section of unimproved and uncultivated land in Ida county, Iowa. Twelve years later he likewise sold this and removed with his family to Oregon, settling on a ranch of one hundred and sixty acres in the vicinity of Eugene. He operated this for twelve years and at the expiration of that time disposed of it and retired to Eugene, where he is now living. The mother is deceased, having passed away in Iowa on the 22d of February, 1893. Ten children were born to Mr. and Mrs. Gossler, seven of whom are still living, as follows: Nelson B., who is living on Camp Creek, Oregon; Phillip M., a resident of Springfield; Josephine, the wife of Moses Curtis, of Cherokee, Iowa; Maggie, the wife of the Rev. D. T. Day, of Bellingham, Washington; Charles, who is deceased; Catherine, the wife of Judge Wintermore, of Eugene, Oregon; Emery, the subject of this sketch; Mazie, who married B. F. Goodpasture, of Eugene; Harry, who is deceased, and one who died in infancy.

The education of Emery W. Gossler was obtained in the common schools of his native state, whence he removed with his father to Oregon. He remained at home until he was married at the age of twenty-six and then took up a homestead near Cottage

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Grove, Oregon. During the succeeding seven years he gave his undivided attention to the cultivation of that tract, which contained one hundred and sixty acres. Disposing of it at the end of that time he purchased ninety-one and a half acres two miles south of Springfield, and here he has continued his agricultural pursuits. He has wrought extensive improvements on his ranch during the period of his ownership and is annually realizing a good income from its cultivation. Twenty-five acres of the land has been brought into a high state of cultivation, and he has good, substantial barns and outbuildings and a comfortable residence on his place.

In October, 1899, Mr. Gossler was united in marriage to Miss Katie Brown, whose birth occurred in Kansas on February 3, 1877. She is a daughter of Samuel and Jennie (Mortimore) Brown, the father a native of Ohio and the mother of Iowa. They were married in Kansas and lived there until 1886, when they removed to Washington. Two years later they went to Idaho and resided for a similar period and then came to Lane county, settling in the vicinity of Springfield. From there at the end of one year they went to Cottage Grove, where the father passed away in 1892, but the mother is still living and now makes her home in Eugene. Five children were born to Mr. and Mrs. Brown, as follows: Nellie, the wife of Ray Scroggin, of Eugene; Mrs. Gossler; Fannie, the wife of N. H. Champion, of Eugene; Harry, who is living in Eugene with his mother; and Bessie, the wife of Leroy Buley, of Portland. Mr. Brown went to the front during the early days of the Civil war and remained in the service for three years. Mr. and Mrs. Gossler have had four children: Kenneth, who was born on July 15, 1900; two who died in infancy; and Loy, whose birth occurred on the 20th of February, 1905.

The family attend the services of the Methodist Episcopal church, in which they all hold membership, and Mr. Gossler votes the republican ticket. Although he leads a very unobtrusive life he is not at all remiss in matters of citizenship but takes an active and helpful interest in all movements that he feels will promote the progress of the community or the development of its various public utilities.

RICHARD McMAHON is one of Erin's venturesome sons who in early youth saw the superior advantages offered by America to the honest toilers of the old world and emigrated to the United States when but fifteen years of age. He was born in Ireland, May 10, 1867, a son of John and Katherine (Madden) McMahon. He was educated in Ireland and when free from school work he rendered such assistance as was within his power to his parents in the home. When he had attained the age of fifteen years he left school and, bidding farewell to his parents and friends, sailed for America. On landing in New York he settled temporarily in the metropolis, where for two years he was employed at various occupations, and then went to New Jersey, where he worked for one year, and afterward migrated to Oregon, where he settled in Portland. After being employed in that city for about three years he removed to Condon, where he took up one hundred and sixty acres of government land, which he began to clear and cultivate with energy and good judgment, adding such improvements as were necessary and as he could afford to place upon his farm. He gave the strictest attention to his duties and his efforts were so well directed that it was not a great while until he was able to purchase two hundred acres more land, and he has been successfully engaged in agricultural pursuits, living on his farm near Condon, since first settling there. Although since coming to Oregon he has been obliged to learn most of what he now knows about farming he showed remarkable adaptability to that occupation and has followed it with almost uniform success from the beginning. He follows general farming and does not specialize in any particular branch, but is always alert to acquire new and improved methods with a view to bettering his condition and rendering his farm more fertile and valuable.

In his political tendencies Mr. McMahon is an adherent of the democracy and renders his political support unreservedly to that party. He regularly attends the services of the Catholic church, being a devout member of that religious body. He has resided on the farm which he now owns for many years and has become well acquainted in Condon and vicinity and is greatly esteemed for his many good traits of character which render him a most desirable citizen. Although an assiduous worker on his farm, to which he gives the most of his attention, he still finds time to devote to the social side of life and is popular in social as well as business circles, having long since been recognized as one of the most respected members of the community.

WILLIAM LAUGHLIN, who is living retired in Yamhill, was for many years successfully identified with general agricultural pursuits in this state and is now the owner of seven hundred and forty acres of valuable land. His birth occurred in Missouri on the 13th of October, 1830, his parents being Samuel and Nancy (Doty) Laughlin, who were natives of South Carolina and North Carolina respectively. They were married in Missouri and remained residents of that state for nineteen years or until 1847, when they came across the plains to Oregon, stopping on Wapato lake in Yamhill county. Subsequently Mr. and Mrs. Laughlin each took up a donation claim of three hundred and twenty acres but the latter died before proving up her claim and, owing to a new law which was passed about that time, her land was returned to the government. Samuel Laughlin, however, resided on his claim and successfully carried on farming until called to his final rest in 1869. Unto him and his wife were born seven children, as follows: Wil-

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liam, of this review; Lee, who is a resident of Yamhill; Samuel, who passed away in 1911 at the age of seventy-six years; Delia, who is also deceased; Nancy, who is the widow of Jacob Capps and resides in Portland, Oregon; and Lucinda and Mary, both of whom have passed away.

William Laughlin acquired but a limited education in his youth but constantly augmented his knowledge by reading, experience and observation until he became a well informed man. When eighteen years of age he left the parental roof and in 1849 made his way to California in search of the precious metal, remaining in the Golden state for two years and three months. On the expiration of that period, in 1851, he returned to Oregon and took up a donation claim in Yamhill county, disposing of the property, however, four years later. He next bought a tract of two hundred acres and was actively engaged in its cultivation for a period of thirty-five years. At the end of that time he purchased and took up his abode on a farm of one hundred and ninety-five acres, residing on the property for twelve years and then selling it to one of his sons. Since that time he has lived retired, making his home on a tract of fifteen acres in Yamhill, where he owns a fine residence. His holdings embrace seven hundred and forty acres of well improved land, two hundred and fifty acres thereof being under a high state of cultivation.

In April, 1857, Mr. Laughlin was united in marriage to Miss Phoebe Roberts, a native of Indiana and a daughter of Henry and Dinah (Behart) Roberts, who were born in Pennsylvania and Indiana respectively. In 1848 they began the journey across the plains to Oregon, intending to settle in Yamhill county, but the mother passed away when within a hundred miles of their destination. Henry Roberts took up a donation claim of three hundred and twenty acres near what is now Yamhill, continuing to reside thereon until his death in 1872. His surviving children are two in number, namely: Mrs. Laughlin; and Jacob, living in Wasco county, Oregon.

Unto our subject and his wife were born sixteen children, as follows: Bedford Henry, fifty-three years of age, who resides at Forest Grove, Oregon; Charles, who is fifty-one years old and makes his home near Roseburg, Oregon; George, forty-nine years of age, who is a resident of Fairbanks, Alaska; Abraham, forty-four years old, who is living in Yamhill county, this state; Mary, forty-three years of age, who is the widow of William P. Tait and resides in Roseburg, Oregon; William R., who is forty years old and lives on the homestead; Samuel, a sketch of whom appears on another page of this work; Benjamin F., who makes his home in Yamhill county and is thirty-six years of age; Alice, thirty-four years of age, who is the wife of Carl Trullinger, of Yamhill; Leona, thirty-two years old, who is the wife of M. A. Holder and makes her home in California; Delia, thirty years of age, who is the wife of A. L. Richardson, of Portland; Crystal, twenty-nine years of age, who also makes her home in Portland; Effie, Elmer and Edith, all of whom are deceased; and one who died in infancy. All of the children enjoyed excellent educational advantages, some of them being graduates of the State Normal School at Monmouth and following the profession of teaching.

Mr. Laughlin is a stanch republican in politics but has never sought nor desired office as a reward for his party fealty. He has now passed the eighty-first milestone on life's journey and enjoys the respect and veneration which should ever be accorded one who has traveled thus far on his earthly pilgrimage and whose career has been at all times upright and honorable. Coming to the west when a youth of seventeen, he has since remained in this part of the country and has gained an enviable measure of success in the utilization of its opportunities.

EDWARD WOOD, who is now spending the evening of life in honorable retirement, was for a number of years actively and successfully identified with general agricultural pursuits in Washington county and is still the owner of a valuable farm of one hundred and forty acres, located four miles southeast of Beaverton. His birth occurred in Canada, on the 17th of March, 1837, his parents being Robert and Jane (Lee) Wood, both natives of Canada. Following the demise of his wife, which occurred in Canada, in 1847, Robert Wood removed to Minnesota, where he passed away. He was the father of four children, three of whom are yet living, namely: Edward, of this review; Henry, who is a resident of Minnesota; and Jane, of Canada.

Edward Wood obtained his education in the common schools and in 1847, when a lad of ten years, accompanied his uncle to Iowa, working in that state until nineteen years of age. Subsequently he devoted his attention to the cultivation of rented land until 1859, which year witnessed his removal to California, where he was employed in a sawmill for two years. On the expiration of that period he returned to Iowa and again cultivated rented land until 1864, when he moved westward to California and there remained until 1866. In that year he came to Oregon, settling in Washington county, where he proved up a claim of one hundred and sixty acres and later purchased a tract of similar size. The land was covered with a dense forest growth, but he resolutely undertook the task of clearing and developing it, eventually transforming the place into one of the finely improved farms of the community. Through the successful conduct of his agricultural interests he acquired a handsome competence and in 1902 withdrew from the active work of the fields, that he might enjoy the fruits of his toil in ease. The farm of one hundred and sixty acres, within ten miles of Portland, is still in his possession.

In 1857, in Iowa, Mr. Wood was united in marriage to Miss Ann Grabel, a native of Pennsylvania. Her father crossed the plains to Oregon in 1864, first settling in Washington county and later in Tillamook coun-

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ty. Subsequently he took up his abode in Hillsboro, where his demise occurred in 1899. His wife was called to her final rest in 1902. Three of their children are still living, but Mrs. Wood passed away in 1892. To our subject and his wife were born five children, namely: Charles and Arvin both of whom are deceased; Hannah, the wife of C. Christenson, of Washington county, Oregon; Edward, living in the state of Washington; and Clint, also a resident of Washington county, Oregon.

Since casting his first presidential ballot for Stephen A. Douglas, Mr. Wood has supported the men and measures of the democratic party, believing firmly in its principles. He has been identified with the Independent Order of Odd Fellows for thirty-five years and is also a charter member of Butte Grange, which was organized in 1874. Mr. Wood has now passed the seventy-fifth milestone on life's journey and enjoys the veneration and respect accorded one, who has traveled thus far on this earthly pilgrimage and whose career has been at all times upright and honorable. The period of his residence in this state covers forty-five years and he is therefore largely familiar with its annals from the pioneer period down to the present time.

MRS. MAY DE LAMTER, the manager of the Baden Hotel, has been a resident of Baker for eighteen years. She was born at Ogden, Utah, and is a daughter of George A. and Elizabeth Richardson, the father a native of the state of New York and the mother of Pennsylvania. They crossed the plains to Ogden, Utah, during the early pioneer days, making the journey with ox teams. Later they removed to Nevada, and there the mother passed away in 1880, following which the father became a resident of Baker, his death occurring here in 1910. The children of Mr. and Mrs. Richardson numbered nine, seven of whom are still living.

Mrs. May Richardson DeLamter was reared to womanhood in her native city. In 1887 she became the wife of Frank DeLamter, who was born in California, whence he came to Ogden. Soon after their marriage they located in Nevada, remaining there until 1893, when they came to Baker. Here Mrs. DeLamter subsequently took charge of the Baden Hotel, and has ever since been conducting this hostelry. It is a first-class hotel in every sense of the word and is provided with all modern conveniences. The rooms are pleasant and comfortable while the table and service is better than is to be found in the average hotel in towns of this size. It is conducted strictly on the American plan, and under the capable supervision of Mrs. DeLamter is bringing good returns.

The family of Mr. and Mrs. DeLamter numbers five, as follows: Myrtle, the wife of B. W. Corbett, of Westfall, Oregon; Clara, who married Harry Radabough, of Baker county; and George, Homer and Leola, all of whom are at home.

Mrs. DeLamter is a member of the church of the Latter Day Saints, and has reared her family in that faith. She is an unusually capable business woman, and manifests much sagacity and foresight in the conduct of her affairs. As she is industrious and enterprising in her methods she is meeting with success, and has every reason to feel gratified with her achievements.

JUDGE W. H. PACKWOOD. The last surviving member of the state constitutional convention, Judge W. H. Packwood, came to the Pacific coast in 1849 and there is no notable experience of any kind connected with the upbuilding of the northwest with which he has not been actively associated, from the subjugation of the Indians to the reclamation of the arid lands through the conservation of the water supplies. No history of the state would be complete without extended reference to him and his life work. Tradition gives the origin of the family name of Packwood as follows: In Colonial days there was a flood in the Potomac river valley in Virginia, on which occasion a small boy too young to know or tell his name was taken by some boatmen from an immense drift tree. They reared the little lad and called him Billy. He was a strong, vigorous boy and would carry big loads of wood to the boat. Because of this it was proposed that he should be called Packwood, which name was adopted. He became a large stockman, married, settled on the James river and reared a family, from whom all of the Packwoods known to the judge have been descended. This story of his ancestry came to him from his father's first cousin, "Uncle" Elisha Packwood, whom he met in 1864 and who died some years ago in Washington. In 1854 he had visited his old grandmother, then more than one hundred years of age, well cared for by two negro slaves, there being about three hundred on the plantation. His grandfather had willed that the negroes should have all they made on the plantation from his to her death and that all that would emigrate to Texas should be free. This will was undoubtedly made before the admission of Texas to the Union. An old Scotchman, Archie Downey, in Baker county said his people joined the Packwoods in Virginia and that the name of the subject of this review should be Duncan, for he claimed that at the time of the flood when a boy was found on a tree it was known that four families had settled well up the river and that all were drowned save perhaps this one boy, for it was known that a family of the name of Duncan had a boy of about the age of the one picked up and it was believed that he was the Duncan boy.

Larkin Packwood, the grandfather of Judge Packwood, was born in Virginia and afterward went to Kentucky and to Tennessee. He married, had ten sons and two daughters, including Larkin Canada Packwood, who was one of the youngest and was born in Tennessee. The grandfather removed to Illinois and, owning slaves, at

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the admission of the state to the Union, removed into the Ozark country of Missouri. Larkin C. Packwood did not go with him but remained in Illinois and on October 31, 1831, married Elizabeth Cathcart Stormont, who was born in South Carolina, a descendant of the Cathcart family of Scotland, and came to Illinois about 1826.

The son of this marriage, William Henderson Packwood, was born on Jordans Prairie, north of Mount Vernon, Illinois, October 23, 1832. His middle name was in honor of his grandmother's family, the Hendersons of Kentucky. The father, Larkin C. Packwood, first followed farming and was afterward foreman for R. G. Shannon, a prominent merchant of Sparta, Randolph county, Illinois, for seven years or more. His son William was there sent to school for about eighteen months or two years, acquainting himself with the "three R's," which was all the schooling he ever had. His father then removed about four miles east of St. Louis and conducted a dairy. Early in 1844 he went to Collinsville, where his wife died on September 8th of that year. She had become the mother of two sons and four daughters, of whom one son and two daughters died in very early life. Mary became the wife of a physician of Quincy, Illinois, and died in early womanhood. Agnes, the other daughter, was married twice and her death occurred in Coos county, Oregon, about thirty years ago. After losing his first wife Larkin C. Packwood married again and removed to St. Louis. He hauled wood to the city and made trips as a peddler to southern Missouri, usually accompanied by his son William, who well remembers being frequently called upon to read and write for groups of old men and women, young men and girls, who regarded it as a wonderful thing to see a boy of twelve or thirteen years read and write as well as he did. He spent one summer on the farm of Ed. Dews, twenty-five miles east of St. Louis, and a winter and part of one summer at the home of his grandfather Stormont in Jefferson county, Illinois. He then joined his father, who had removed to Springfield, and in the winter clerked in a grocery store, while in the summer he worked on a farm, being thus employed until September, 1848. He frequently met Abraham Lincoln, for they both followed the same road in going to the business section of Springfield—Lincoln on his way to his law office and Judge Packwood to his place as clerk in the store.

On the 23d of September, 1848, having secured the reluctant consent of his father for his enlistment in the Mexican war, he attempted to join the army as one of Captain J. B. Backenstos' Mounted Rifles, the captain agreeing to accept him on the promise that he would "never desert." He was then in his fifteenth year and by hard stretching could reach the standard of five feet three inches. The recruits were sent to Jefferson barracks in December, 1848, and were then examined as to their physical fitness to become soldiers. They stripped and the examining physician, thumping Judge Packwood on the breast, said he would not live to be twenty-two. That this was a death blow to his hopes must have shown in his face, for as he went out Colonel W. W. Loring, commanding the United States Mounted Rifles, approached him and in a low tone asked: "Do you want to go?" He said that he did and the next day when the rejected were reexamined by a board of doctors Colonel Loring, again standing near the door, came up to him with one of the examiners. He was not asked to undress but was sent out, passed. He was assigned to Company B, United States Mounted Rifles, under Captain Noah Newton, and marched overland to Forth Leavenworth, Colonel Loring establishing Camp Sumner about five miles west of the fort, where he drilled the regiment. On the 10th of May they broke camp and began the long march to Oregon with General Wilson, commissioner of Indian affairs for the Pacific coast, Captain R. M. Morris of the Rifles, Lieutenant Haynes of the Artillery and twenty-five men of Company D acting as an escort. On the 5th of June they broke camp and marched across the plains to Sacramento, spending five months on the trip, and proceeded to Fort Kearney, thence to Fort Laramie, on to Fort Bridger, to Salt Lake City, and to Haughton, now Placerville, California. They frequently saw Indians and many herds of buffalo, one herd being estimated at five thousand head. Cholera was prevalent along the route and there were many desecrated graves. All of the privations and the hardships of campaigning across the plains in 1849 were experienced. The winter was spent at Sonoma, during which time Colonel Joe Hooker was tried by a general court martial. Judge Packwood was detailed as orderly for the court, which lasted ten or more days, during which he met many men who afterward won distinction in the Civil war. By April only three or four of the original escort remained, the others having gone to the mines. These were put on board the revenue cutter Ewing bound for Astoria, Oregon, and they were in a heavy storm lasting about ten days. As they approached the Columbia river night drew on but there was no wind and Captain McArthur secured a whaling boat, put in a crew and towed it over the bar. From Astoria they pulled up the river to Fort Vancouver and joined the regiment. At Astoria Judge Packwood saw the timber that was gotten out by D. M. Frost for the keel of the first steamboat ever built on the Columbia river. It was named the Columbia and came up to Fort Vancouver in July, 1850.

In 1851 the command to which Judge Packwood belonged was sent to California. Their steamer, the Massachusetts, stuck on the bar and had to put back into Bakers bay but the next day was more successful in making the ocean and proceeded to San Francisco and thence to Benicia, where the troops remained on attached service with the infantry then at the post. Judge Packwood served with Major Wessels as escort for Colonel Roderick McKee, commissioner,

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making treaties with all the California Indians from Clear Lake to Scotts valley and from the Trinity and Klamath rivers down the Sacramento valley by Reddings and on to Benicia, where he served until transferred to Company C, First United States Dragoons. In 1851 there was trouble with the Coquille and Coast Indians and Judge Packwood's command was put on the schooner Lincoln at San Francisco with First Lieutenant Stanton in command, bound for Port Orford. A heavy December storm wrecked the boat, which was driven ashore opposite to the present site of Empire City on Coos bay, January 3, 1852. The wind and tide drove them high on the beach. No lives were lost but the vessel was a total wreck. With the help of the Indians, however, they saved their supplies and made a camp near the beach, whence they went overland to Port Orford in May. Judge Packwood was soon afterward promoted to corporal and later to sergeant and quartermaster sergeant of the post. He was out with scouting parties and was with Lieutenant Stanton in July, 1852, in a fight with the Indians at Big Bend, on the Rogue river. His headquarters were at Port Orford until he was discharged, September 23, 1853, having served the full five years. Mines had been found along the seaside and he and a partner, George H. Abbott, purchased horses and followed packing. They also took up mining claims which they later sold and went up the Coquille river, securing a ranch. The Indians causing trouble, a company was formed of which Mr. Abbott became captain and Judge Packwood lieutenant. After some of the Indians were killed peace was declared. The partners then followed mining, packing and merchandising until December, 1854, when Mr. Abbott went on a prospecting trip to California, Judge Packwood remaining on the Coquille river. In 1855, on the outbreak of the Indian war, a company was formed of which he was elected captain, afterward receiving a commission as captain of the Coquille Guards from George L. Curry, governor of Oregon. By making an active and aggressive campaign in which two Indians were killed he brought about the surrender of all three tribes, turning them over to Ben Wright, Indian agent. He then discharged his company after fifty-three days' service. He next went to Coos bay, joined Captain W. H. Harris of the Volunteers, and was elected sergeant. They had been in the service over one hundred days when the war closed. Judge Packwood then made up reports for S. S. Mann, quartermaster, and B. F. White, acting assistant commissary, receiving sixteen dollars per day in war script for eighty days' work. He then went to the Sixes river mines and in 1857, when an election was held to choose members to form a state constitution, Judge Packwood, who was then not twenty-five years of age and had not voted up to that time, was unanimously chosen to represent Curry county. He had previously taken part in making laws in mining camps and even presided as chairman at miners' meetings but had no other experience qualifying him for the position. Stating this fact to his old partner, the latter gave him the advice: "Be yourself." He took his place as a member of as distinguished a body of men as ever met in Oregon, two becoming governors, four United States senators, two congressmen, one a federal judge, six judges of the state courts, one attorney general and one of the United States and mayor of Portland and still another mayor of Portland, while another enjoyed the distinction of being successively congressman, governor and United States senator. At the beginning Judge Packwood knew only two members, Judge Deady and David Logan. He was instrumental in having the elk placed on the seal of the state, where it can be seen now, and for over fifty years past has appeared on the first page of "Every Oregonian." Judge Packwood is now the only living member of that convention.

After its adjournment he visited his old friend Abbott at Siletz and Yaquina bay, where he was subagent for the Indians. That winter Judge Packwood clerked for Metcalf, the Indian agent, and in the spring resumed the raising of cattle and horses at Coquille. He was elected assessor of Coos county, not knowing that he was a candidate until the day of election. In 1862 he lost his ranch, cattle and horses and started for the mines of eastern Oregon, discovered in the fall of 1861, arriving at Blue Canyon on June 12 and helping lay out the town of Auburn the following day. There he began merchandising, freighting and packing, becoming a member of the firm of Knight, Abbott & Packwood, and in connection with Ira Ward and others he organized the Auburn Water Company and located the water rights about August 30, 1862. They built some miles of ditches and sold out in November at twenty-five per cent profit. The work was completed at a cost of about two hundred and twenty-five thousand dollars and the water rights are now owned by Baker as the water supply for the city. He was one of three men selected to act as judges for the miners in September to try a Frenchman who was later hung for poisoning his partners. The other judges were a Mr. Able and James R. McBride, afterward appointed consul to the Hawaiian islands by President Lincoln. The trial was by jury.

On October 16, 1862, Judge Packwood married Miss Johanna A. O'Brien, who came across the plains with her sister and brother-in-law, Daniel McLaughlin. She taught the first school in Omaha and with the assistance of the miners had a schoolhouse built and opened a school in Auburn, the first in eastern Oregon, remaining as teacher until her marriage. In September the legislature created Baker county and Judge Packwood was appointed school superintendent, issuing to Mrs. Stafford the first teacher's certificate in the county. He also signed the first call for the union republican party in Baker to send delegates to the convention to nominate a ticket for the ensuing election. The full ticket was nominated and

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elected in June and he canvassed and made speeches in favor of Lincoln in every precinct in the county. In 1863, with Rufus Perkins and others, Judge Packwood built Clark's creek ditch and put to work the first hydraulic claims on the creek. He owned a fourteen twenty-fourths interest in this. In 1863 and 1864 he was interested with Knight and Abbott in merchandising and in freighting to Idaho City and Booneville but the Owyhee mines failed and Judge Packwood's loss, for he paid the debts, was fully forty-five thousand dollars. In 1864 he began the construction of the Burnt river ditch to extend to Clark's creek and after paying out three thousand dollars afterward sold it for six hundred dollars. The same year he was the principal in locating the Burnt river ditch to extend to the Eldorado mines. After building and running water fifty-seven miles to Eldorado the company sold out. After various changes, lawsuits and agreements Judge Packwood finally completed the ditch in 1874 and ran water to Fourth of July gulch, about one hundred and thirty-five miles. The ditch cost at least five hundred thousand dollars but Judge Packwood was practically swindled out of his rights and left with a worthless judgment in his wife's name for purchase money that now with interest amounts to over one hundred thousand dollars. In 1870 with Alexander Stewart he located the Eagle creek ditch to run to the Koosta mines, being associated in this enterprise with Rufus Perkins, I. B. Bowen, Sr., and E. P. Cranston. In 1871 they built the Eagle canal at a cost of ninety thousand dollars and the following year he and Mr. Stewart sold out their interests at a net profit of twenty-one thousand six hundred dollars. They then bought and operated a ten stamp steam mill and a five stamp water power mill and built the summit and other quartz mines near Sanger, in Union county. About April, 1865, Judge Packwood purchased a three-quarters interest in the Washoe ferry and incorporated the Oregon Road, Bridge and Ferry Company, capitalized at three hundred thousand dollars. They owned the Olds, Central and Washoe ferries and built and controlled about seventy miles of road. Judge Packwood was secretary, treasurer and practically general manager. The ferries in those days were the haunts of bad men—horse thieves and highwaymen—and the Washoe had a bad name, harboring men who afterwards met justice at the hands of the vigilantes. It was this condition of affairs that practically governed Judge Packwood's ownership of the ferry, for in February, 1864, ten or twelve men came from Payette, Idaho, and took Stewart and Byron, owners of the Washoe ferry, some ten miles into Idaho and locked them in a cabin, intending to hang them the next morning, but they picked the lock, swam the Snake river in February at Washoe, obtained their canoes and escaped. Later Judge Packwood met Byron going to Walla Walla and he said he could never go back and also that Stewart was at Auburn and that he, Packwood, should have the ferry. On reaching Auburn he learned the true situation; the Washoe was the key to the ferrying on Snake river for the Boise Basin mines from the fact that it cut off the ferrying of the Weiser and Payette rivers in Idaho and that the real cause of the kidnaping of the two men was to obtain control of the ferry. When Stewart and Byron had come from Washington to Nevada Judge Packwood had befriended them, had given them food and supplied their needs, so without a dollar in exchange they made over the ferry to him although some time afterward he paid them five thousand dollars for their share of the property. When he left Auburn to go to the ferries bets were freely offered that he would be mobbed, etc., but he fearlessly faced the situation, Olds and Parton came to his terms, there was no more mobbing and by July the harboring of horse thieves had become a thing of the past. He operated the ferries until 1868, when he sold out, for the building of the Union Pacific railroad had diverted trade to other centers. He had cleared about thirty-six thousand dollars in thirty-two months.

Judge Packwood next went to Eldorado, devoting his time to the building of the Burnt river ditch from 1874 until 1887. The following year he was elected police judge and clerk for Baker City and for five successive years, although he is a republican and the council is democratic, he held the office. He then went to the coast, near Port Orford, to try beach mining and a year later began survey work on the Daly creek ditch to Snake river. He afterward worked on the Northwestern railroad down Snake river, keeping accounts for Taylor, a subcontractor. When the work was closed there he went to the Pacific & Idaho Northern railway and secured a position as leveler on Friends division under Colonel Moore, chief engineer, but found the cross-sectioning on the Weiser river canyons below Salubria was too hard on him. He next became an accountant for Taylor, the contractor, until the work closed in December, when he returned to Baker. In a few days he became bookkeeper for the Columbia Gold Mining Company, acting in that capacity for seven or more years. But the snow was deep and the winters long at the mines, forcing him to change his position. Returning to Baker, he became assistant postmaster and remained in the office until between seventy-seven and seventy-eight years of age, when he resigned. He has surveyed many ditches all over the country, has worked at leveling and cross-sectioning the railroad from Cove to Union in Union county and has been closely connected with much of the pioneeer work in the northwest. His last military survey was under Major General O. O. Howard, who appointed him chief of scouts for the Malheur country in the Bannock Indian war of 1877-78. His ranch and cattle interests for various reasons that no one could foresee proved almost a total loss. At the time of the Civil war he was a member of

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the Union League, which is the only order to which he ever belonged.

Judge and Mrs. Packwood have two sons and three daughters. Mary Elizabeth, born in August, 1863, became the wife of Charles F. Hyde, and died about three years ago, leaving two sons and five daughters, the eldest daughter being now the wife of Dr. F. C. Vaughan, of Portland. William H. Packwood, Jr., a lawyer, has been married and has a son and daughter. Jefferson Carter, the third of the family, is an accountant. Edith Gonzaga is the wife of ex-State Senator John L. Rand, a lawyer of Baker, and has two sons. Martha Amelia is the wife of Dr. L. G. Wheeler, a mining promoter, now at Winnemucca, Nevada, and has a daughter. There are four living children and twelve grandchildren. Mrs. Packwood and children are of the Catholic faith. The Judge's people were Covenantors and he joined the Christian church long years ago. While not an active church worker he has tried to be a practical Christian, attempting to live rather than to preach Christianity. Honorable principles and worthy purposes have guided him throughout his entire life. He has always endeavored to upbuild the state and he was instrumental in inducing Dr. Hennan, now deceased, to bring a colony of Germans from Baltimore to settle on the Coquille river in Coos county. His entire life has been full of interesting events. In nearly every enterprise in which he has engaged he has been the controlling spirit and on most occasions success has attended him. If he has experienced failure it was because he had too much confidence in his fellow men. While he has had hundreds of men in in his employ he has never missed a pay day nor had a strike. He is, as previously stated, the last surviving member of the state constitutional convention and with one exception the last survivor of the Mounted Rifles that came to Oregon in 1859. He belongs to the Oregon Pioneer Association, has for several years been a member of the Oregon Historical Society, is an Indian war veteran and may well claim to be one of those pioneers who have blazed the way for the march of civilization and who

"Belonged to the legion that never were listed,
They carried no banner nor crest;
But, split in a thousand detachments,
Were breaking the ground for the rest."

G. W. RUCKMAN, who is deputy sheriff of Union county, resides in a fine modern home in Imbler and owns a magnificent six hundred and eighty-acre farm near that place, partly bounded by the Grande Ronde river. His farm is a splendid property and has upon it, together with other fine improvements, one of the most elegant farm dwellings of the county. Mr. Ruckman was born in Wapello county, Iowa, April 2, 1848, a son of William and Mary (Miller) Ruckman, the father a native of Northumberland county, Pennsylvania, and the mother of Tippecanoe county, Indiana. When a young man the father removed to Indiana, where his wedding was celebrated, and in 1828 to Iowa. He later came to Oregon and settled at Agency, in Union county, where he lived for some time, after which he bought a ranch a mile and a half from that town. He made that property his home until he bought a farm seven miles east of his first Oregon property, upon which he lived until 1872. He next settled on the Grande Ronde river twelve miles northeast of LaGrande, where he resided until the time of his death, which occurred in 1891. He was a blacksmith by trade, an occupation which he followed in connection with his agricultural pursuits.

G. W. Ruckman was one of seven children born to his parents, being the sixth in order of birth. His boyhood and schooldays were spent in Iowa, where he received a common-school education. He remained under the parental roof until 1866, when he was married. In 1871, he came to Union county, Oregon, by wagon from Ogden, the trip to that city having been made by rail. On arriving in this state he settled on state land which he purchased two miles south of Imbler, where he is now residing in a fine modern house.

Mr. Ruckman was married in 1866 to Miss Lucretia Neville, a daughter of E. P. and M. J. Neville, and to them have been born six children, as follows: William Ruffman, a rancher; J. T., deceased; R. J., operating the New York Dental Parlors at Walla Walla, Washington; S. G., residing on the home ranch; Mary J., the wife of E. D. Peel, living on Prairie creek, in Wallowa county; and Hattie, deceased. Mr. Ruckman has taken an active part in political and other affairs which tend to improve the conditions of this community and until the silver question became the paramount party issue he had been affiliated with the democratic party. Since that time, however, he has been a republican. He is at present deputy sheriff, an office which he has held for a number of years. He takes an active interest in educational matters and for a number of years has been a member of the school board. He has always been very charitably inclined, has done many things to alleviate the suffering of people around him and has contributed to many good causes. He is a prominent man in his community and does not believe in putting his light under a bushel basket. He has an extensive acquaintance, and is highly esteemed by a large number of personal and political friends.

WILLIAM E. BRAINARD, a pioneer of Oregon and one of Portland's most respected citizens, was born in Milan, Ohio, December 5, 1832, and died in Portland, July 22, 1911. He was the only son of John and Sallie (Sherman) Brainard, of old New Hampshire and Vermont families. His mother died when he was a boy of ten and thereafter his father placed him in the home of his uncle, with whom he lived for several years. At the age of nineteen he left Ohio for the west, joining a wagon train leaving St. Joseph, Missouri, in the spring of 1852. After an event-

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ful journey across the plains he reached Oregon in the winter of that year. Shortly after he went to southern Oregon, where he soon engaged in steamboating on the Umpqua river as captain and later as owner of the steamer Washington. This was the first steamboat to ply in Oregon waters, and was shipped to Oregon from the east by way of Cape Horn.

Later Mr. Brainard became interested in a tannery in Scottsburg, Oregon. Disposing of his interests in Southern Oregon, he went to Canyon City, where he operated a placer mine for eighteen months with fair success. While there he entered into partnership with C. W. Gay. They went to Portland together, purchasing one hundred and sixty acres of land east of Mount Tabor, where Mr. Brainard farmed and made his home until 1888, when he sold the property and moved to the present family residence, at Fifty-fourth and East Morrison streets. From this time until his death he dealt in real estate. Mr. Brainard was one of the organizers and first directors of the Citizens Bank of East Portland, continuing to be a director until his death. He was an Indian war veteran, serving all through the Indian troubles in Oregon in Company T, of the Second Regiment, Oregon Mounted Volunteers.

Mr. Brainard was married October 30, 1867, at Brooks, Oregon, to Miss Eliza Maria Brooks, only daughter of Linus and Eliza Brooks, pioneers of 1850. To Mr. and Mrs. Brainard three children were born: Clara, who died in infancy; Sherman Humiston, a business man of Portland; and Linus Brooks, a civil engineer, also a resident of Portland.

E. H. TULLEY, whose venturesome and bold spirit led him in his prime into many situations that inured him to the hardships and privations of frontier life, acted for many years as a freighter in the great west. He later became a land owner, fruit grower and cattle man in Oregon and after a life of toil and economy is now living retired in Wallowa, enjoying the fruits of his life's labors. He was born in Piatt county, Illinois, January 28, 1838, a son of Addison and Mary Tulley, both parents being now deceased. He was educated in the district schools of his native county near his father's farm, pursuing his education until he attained the age of fourteen years. His advantages in that direction, however, were limited as it was necessary for him to work during the spring, summer and fall of the year in order to contribute to the livelihood of the family and himself. When he was eighteen years of age he removed to Kansas and took up one hundred and sixty acres of what was then called neutral land. He immediately began working on this land, introducing such improvements as were absolutely necessary, and remained thereon until the Civil war broke out, when off and on he acted independently for the Union army during the entire war but did not enlist. At the close of the war he entered the freighting business, operating between Kansas City, Missouri, and Denver, Colorado, and made in all seven trips across the plains. On reaching Denver on the last trip he decided to push on to Oregon, and, doing so, settled temporarily in the Grande Ronde valley, where he bought one hundred and sixty acres of fine valley land and also preempted one hundred and sixty acres. He shortly afterward again entered the freighting business, operating between Umatilla and points in Washington and Idaho. This business he continued for three years, after which he began prospecting and mining, a business which he followed for one and a half years. After that experience he went to Arizona, where for two years he followed agricultural pursuits, and then returned to Grande Ronde valley and shortly after that came to Wallowa and was the first man to build a residence there. In that valley in company with his brother he engaged in the cattle business, which he followed with increasing success until 1898. In the meantime he had planted an orchard which was at one time one of the largest in the valley, and from 1898 until 1905 that property required practically his entire attention. In 1906 he retired from active life, removing to Wallowa, where he has since resided.

Mr. Tulley was married on April 28, 1881, to Miss Bessie A. Lent, a daughter of James and Sarah Lent, of Wallowa. To this union four children have been born, namely: Walter A., engaged in the real-estate business in Idaho; Pearl, residing at home; Clara, the wife of Ira Martin; and Olive G., a high-school student. In his political faith Mr. Tulley is a republican and although not an active politician takes an interest in matters affecting the public welfare. His life has not only been one of much activity and hardship but he has performed a great service in the west where his strenuous labors added much to the comfort of many hundreds of people whom he served in his capacity as a freighter, enabling them to obtain the necessities of life. He assisted very materially in developing those communities in the far west of which he was for many years a resident, and it is fitting that a life so strenuous with labor should be rewarded by the good things of the world with which he has surrounded himself in later years. He has a large number of acquaintances and close personal friends with whom he has surrounded himself, his many estimable traits of character endearing him to the entire community where he is greatly respected.

RICHARD L. DURHAM, well known in financial circles and prominently identified with organized movements for the exploitation of Oregon's resources with a view to the upbuilding and promotion of the interests of the state, was born in Oregon City, on the 23d of November, 1850. His father, Albert A. Durham, was a native of New York and in 1847 came to Oregon and settled at Oregon City. In 1852 he removed to Oswego, where he built a lumber mill and took up a claim. He operated both until 1869, when he sold out to the Oregon Steel Company and went to Washington county, where he built a mill which he operated until his death. He

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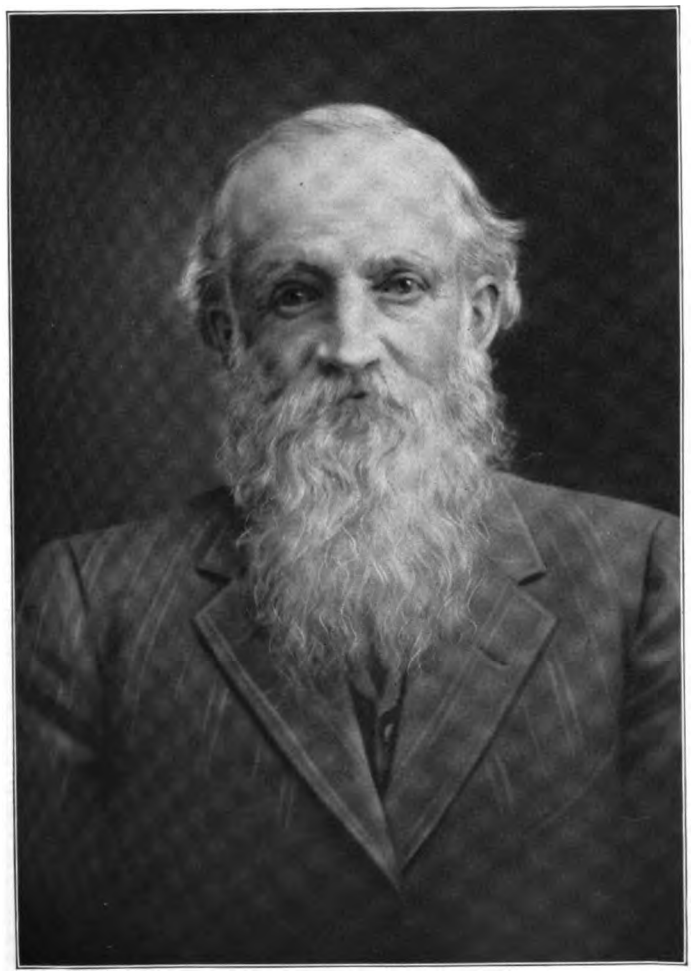

E. H. TULLEY

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remained an active factor in the field of business to the age of eighty-three years, when in 1901 he was called to his final rest. His wife, who bore the maiden name of Miranda A. White, was born in Canada, near Niagara Falls, and died in 1907 in her ninetieth year. Mr. and Mrs. Durham were among the early pioneers of Oregon and the former was a member of the territorial legislature.

The boyhood and youth of Richard L. Durham were passed in his parents' home in the acquirement of his early education, which was supplemented by study in Willamette University, at Salem, and also in the Portland Academy. He became a resident of Portland in July, 1870, when he accepted the appointment of deputy county clerk under C. W. Parrish, continuing in that position until 1876, when he resigned to become deputy city auditor by the common council and was continued in that position for five consecutive terms. In 1882 he resigned and accepted the position of teller in the Portland Savings Bank and thus entered financial circles, in which he has since played an important part, his efforts being a potent element in the upbuilding and conservation of the financial resources of the city. He continued as cashier in the Portland Savings Bank until 1886, when the Commercial National Bank was incorporated and Mr. Durham became cashier and vice president of the latter institution. In 1896 the Commercial National sold out and he became vice president of the Merchants National Bank, in which position he has since remained, contributing in large measure to its successful conduct.

Thoroughly understanding modern finance, having mastered all the intricacies of banking business, he has labored effectively to broaden the scope of the institution with which he is connected and to give it that substantial standing which is considered a sure foundation upon which to upbuild the great west. He was also vice president of the Merchants Savings & Trust Company for six years and was one of its organizers. In addition to his other interests he is also the vice president of the Oregon Land Investment Company and president of the Portland Clearing House Association. He is also a director of the Beaver Lumber Company, of the Banfield Veysey Fuel Company and is interested in various other enterprises.

In June, 1872, Mr. Durham was united in marriage, in Portland, to Miss Hannah T. Gault, a native of Oregon and a daughter of Pembroke Gault, who came from Vermont to the Pacific coast, arriving in this state in 1852. Three children have been born unto Mr. and Mrs. Durham: Lillian, the wife of W. E. Jones, of Boston; Roy Gault; and Gilbert H., who is secretary and treasurer of the Beaver Lumber Company of Portland. The family residence is on Riverside drive, south of the city, on the banks of the Willamette river. Mr. and Mrs. Durham hold membership in the First Congregational church and are prominent in the social circles of the city. His fraternal relations connect him with the Masons, the Odd Fellows and the Ancient Order of United Workmen, and in the last named he has been grand receiver for over twenty-five years. But while prominent in these connections he has given comparatively little time to social interests. Outside of business he has concentrated his energies largely upon the improvement of Portland and the exploitation of the natural resources of this section of the country with a view to building here a city that shall rival in its industrial and commercial importance the metropolitan centers of the east. He was chosen vice president of the state board of emigration which was organized in 1881 for the purpose of disseminating knowledge concerning the state. In the attainment of this end exhibition cars were equipped with a collection of Oregon products and with literary descriptions of the country, and these cars were sent throughout the east, being a practical and tangible demonstration of what could be accomplished in the west. The Chamber of Commerce, of which he was one of the organizers, has long found him an able and effective worker. He was also one of the organizers of the Commercial Club and served as its treasurer from its inception until 1898, and also as a member of its board of governors until 1890. He was also a member of the finance and building committees at the time of the erection of its new building. Preeminently public spirited, his interests and cooperation can always be aroused in behalf of any project for the welfare of city or state. His efforts are of a most practical character, the sound judgment of an active business man being manifest in all of his opinions concerning the best methods to improve the city along lines of material and intellectual progress and municipal growth.

HENRY J. ROSENBERG is numbered among the native sons of Umatilla county, his birth having occurred on October 11, 1884. He is the son of Claus H. and Anna Rosenberg, both of whom were natives of Germany and came to America in 1871. They located in Iowa and in 1876 came to Oregon, settling in Umatilla county, where they purchased land. The father is now living in Pendleton, the mother having passed away in August, 1908. In their family were seven children, five of whom are now living.

Henry J. Rosenberg received a common-school education and remained at home until he reached his majority. He then took charge of the old homestead, which consists of fourteen hundred and forty acres, and is still operating the same.

Mr. Rosenberg wedded Miss Clara Hudemann, the daughter of Julius and Margaret (Eggers) Hudemann, both of whom are natives of Germany. The parents came to America, settling in Oregon, and are now living in Pendleton. To Mr. and Mrs. Rosenberg have been born two children, Henrietta Clara and Glenn J. Mr. Rosenberg is a republican in his political views. Fraternally he is identified with Pendleton Lodge, No. 52, A. F. & A. M., and also with the Farmers

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Union. Both he and Mrs. Rosenberg are zealous members of the Lutheran church and their lives are guided by its teachings. Mr. Rosenberg is a capable and enterprising farmer, highly honored in his native county.

REV. J. NEILSON BARRY. Ordained to the ministry of the Episcopal church by Bishop H. C. Potter, in New York city, June 9, 1895, the Rev. J. Neilson Barry has since been actively engaged in the work of the ministry, spending most of the time in the northwest. In August, 1907, he came to St. Stephen's parish at Baker, Oregon, as rector. He was born in Wilmington, North Carolina, November 26, 1870, and comes of a family prominent in Ireland as the owners of lands and castles and the possessors of titles, the original ancestor having been William de Barri, who was with William the Conqueror. Mr. Barry's ancestral history includes the name of Walter Flandiensis, Lord Patteshall, created Baron de Woodhull by William the Conqueror in 1066; Robert de Blakeland, of Wiltshire, England, 1286; Rev. William Walton, of Exeter, England, who was a Church of England clergyman during the reign of Queen Elizabeth; and Alexander Livingston, portioner of Falkirk, of the house of Dunfrace. The first ancestor of Mr. Barry to come to America arrived in 1630, since which time various ancestors have held prominent positions in Massachusetts, New Jersey and New Amsterdam (New York), taking a leading part in civic and military matters. Some of the most prominent were: Petrus Stuyvesant, governor of New Amsterdam from 1647 until 1664, previous to which time he had been governor of Curacao in 1634; Cornelis Melyn, patroon of Staten Island; Jan Jansen Bleeker, of the Saratoga patent, 1658; Samuel Edsall, of Jamaica, Long Island, 1663; Robert Livingston, first lord of the Manor of Livingston, New York, 1688. There were those who lost their lives owing to Indian hostility and pioneer conditions, including Catrina, the wife of Major Abraham Staats, who was killed by the Indians during the Esopus war in 1664; Lieutenant John Sharpe, who was killed by the Indians at Sudbury in 1676 during King Philip's war; and his father, Robert Sharpe, who lost his life during the Canadian expedition in 1690. The family was represented in the war for independence by Colonel Nicholas Fish, General John Neilson, Captain Johannes Voorhees and others. Major Robert Peabody Barry, father of the Rev. J. Neilson Barry, and formerly of the Sixteenth United States Infantry (Regulars), now resides at Clifton Farm, Fauquier county, Virginia. He was twice wounded at the battle of Stone River, or Murfreesboro, December 31, 1862, and was promoted for gallantry on the field of action. His wife, who bore the maiden name of Julia Kean Neilson, was a niece of Hamilton Fish, secretary of state during President Grant's administration, for whose wife, Julia Kean, she was named. She was a first cousin of Edward H. Harriman, of the Union Pacific, and also of Stuyvesant Fish, former president of the Illinois Central railroad. Her father was John Neilson, a son of Dr. John Neilson, and a grandson of General John Neilson. The last named was the son of Dr. John Neilson, who came to America from Ireland, his birth having occurred in Belfast in 1717. His father was a Scotch officer in Londonderry during the noted siege of 1689. Mrs. Barry died November 27, 1910.

The Rev. J. Neilson Barry devoted seventeen years of his life to the acquirement of an education. He attended public and private schools in Virginia, being a student in the preparatory department of the Virginia Theological Seminary and also, in 1895, in the General Theological Seminary at Chelsea Square, in New York city. In the meantime, from 1888 until 1890, he had been engaged in clerking in connection with the cotton business, serving as account-of-sales clerk with George L. Arps & Company, cotton commission merchants of Norfolk, Virginia. Desiring, however, to enter the ministry, he pursued his theological courses of study as previously indicated and was ordained in New York city on the 9th of June, 1895, and advanced to the priesthood February 13, 1896, at Palouse, Washington. He was in charge of Holy Trinity church there from June, 1895, until April, 1899, and during that period obtained land and erected Holy Trinity church, the parish house and rectory rooms. During the summer of 1898 he was acting curate at St. Agnes chapel, Trinity Parish, of New York city. On the 2d of November of the same year he took charge of Trinity church at Spokane, Washington, and while there inaugurated the work that resulted in the building of a wing and the introduction of other improvements to the church property. The rectory was built, land was obtained and on it the parish house was erected. His labors there continued until the 26th of December, 1904. He was rector of Trinity, an old colonial parish in Charles county, Maryland, from January 15, 1905, until October 1, 1906, having his residence at the Good Will Glebe, Charlotte Hall, Maryland. On the 1st of November, 1906, he became vicar at St. Columba in St. Alban parish, Washington, D. C., where he continued until August, 1907, and then came to Oregon.

Mr. Barry was registrar of the district of Spokane from 1898 until 1904 and registrar of Eastern Oregon from 1908 until 1910. As previously stated, he accepted the position of rector of St. Stephen's parish in Baker, Oregon, in August, 1907, and during his ministry here Nevins Hall, the parish house, has been built and the church has been improved. In addition to his other labors Mr. Barry is a chaplain of the Actors' Church Alliance. He has done considerable literary work, being the author of numerous articles relating to church and to local historical matters in Virginia, Maryland, Oregon and elsewhere.

In St. Ignatius church, New York city, on the 10th of October, 1899, Mr. Barry was married to Miss Mildred Eldridge Pegram, who was born in London, England, and was reared in Paris and New York city, her father being Orlando A. Pegram, of New York. She

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is a representative of an old Virginia family, several members of which were prominent during the Civil war. They have one son, Eldridge Dighton Barry, who was born July 16, 1903.

RODERICK D. ALLEN, a man of enterprise and more than ordinary ability, who throughout his career has made good use of his opportunities, is now county clerk, figuring prominently in business and political circles of Marion county. He was born in this county on the 25th of March, 1855, his parents being Henry and Frances (Rockwood) Allen, the former a native of Tennessee and the latter of Illinois. The father's birth occurred on the 21st of July, 1828, and after spending his early life in the eastern part of the country he came to Marion county as a pioneer in 1852. He removed westward with the gold seekers of 1849, but after three years' residence in California came to Oregon where he purchased a farm upon which he resided until his retirement a short time before his death in 1908. The mother's birth occurred on the 22d of February, 1833, and she is still living at Silverton. Her four brothers served in the Civil war and one was killed in one of the important engagements in which he took part. To Mr. and Mrs. Henry Allen five children were born: Timothy D., who is a resident of Silverton; Alwilda J., who is the wife of L. F. Mascher, also of Silverton; Adella, now Mrs. T. W. McGrath; Harvey L., deceased, who is survived by a widow and one son; and Roderick D., who is the subject of this review.

The last named received his education in the common schools of Silverton and subsequently in Willamette University. After having completed his education he spent five years teaching school and thus began his active career. Subsequently he engaged in farming and fruit growing until 1899 when he accepted the position of head bookkeeper at the State Hospital for the Insane. His superior educational opportunities and advantages ably qualified him for clerical work, and for six years he satisfactorily occupied that position. In 1906, however, he resigned after his election as county clerk of Marion county. Both in 1908 and 1910 he was reelected, and he is still holding the position. In addition to his clerical work he is also carrying on fruit growing and dairying to some extent near St. Paul, Oregon. To whatever he undertakes he devotes thought, energy and industry and so wins a good degree of success, and the present state of his various undertakings gives promise for even better returns in the future.

On the 4th of January, 1881, Mr. Allen was married to Miss Hattie Knight, whose birth occurred in Michigan on the 20th of June, 1863, and who is a daughter of Daniel and Elmira (Weed) Knight, both deceased. The father had engaged in agricultural pursuits throughout his active career. To Mr. and Mrs. Allen six children have been born: Leona, who is the wife of John Miller of Donald, Oregon, and who has two sons; May, who is married to Thomas Norwood, of Chemeketa, Oregon, and has two sons; Virgil, who is residing at home on the farm; Daniel H., who is an attorney at Silverton; Victor, who is married and living on a farm which he cultivates; and Bertha, who is the wife of Clifford Benson, the son of ex-Governor Benson, and who is residing at Gardner, Oregon.

In politics Mr. Allen gives his support to the republican party. He has frequently been elected to public office and has served as school clerk and road supervisor in his home district. Since 1879 he has held membership in the Independent Order of Odd Fellows, in which organization he has held every office including past grand. He also holds membership in the Woodmen of the World. He is one of the most enterprising men in the vicinity, always ready and willing to do what he can for the general improvement of the county, and is held in high respect as a congenial and progressive citizen.

J. C. McKERN has been engaged in business as a blacksmith of Yamhill for more than a guarter of a century and now owns the leading shop of the town. His birth occurred in Decatur county, Iowa, on the 19th of October, 1856, his parents being Henry P. and Katherine (Collins) McKern, who were natives of North Carolina and Pennsylvania respectively. They were married in Indiana and later removed to Iowa, there continuing to reside until the spring of 1862. At that time they crossed the plains with an ox team to Walla Walla, Washington, where they made their home until 1865, which year witnessed their arrival in Linn county, Oregon. There Mrs. McKern passed away in August, 1867. The following year Henry P. McKern took up his abode near McMinnville, Yamhill county. His demise occurred at the home of his daughter, Mrs. Maddux, in 1888. His children were twelve in number, as follows: Mrs. Sarah Waldrip, who resides in Eastsound, Washington; Abraham P., living in Bellingham, Washington; William, who makes his home at Dee, Oregon; Mrs. Emma Wells, of Ashland, Oregon; Samantha Clementine, the wife of William Mellis, of Wapato, Washington; J. C., of this review, who is a twin brother of Samantha C.; Jane, Lawson, Spencer, Mary and Katherine, all of whom are deceased; and one who died in infancy.

J. C. McKern acquired only a limited education in his youth but by reading, experience and observation has become a well informed man. When a youth of thirteen he secured employment on a neighboring farm and was actively engaged in the work of the fields until 1881. Subsequently he spent three years as an apprentice at the blacksmith's trade in Yamhill and in 1885 opened a shop of his own, having conducted the same continuously since. His business has steadily grown until his establishment is now the leading one of that character in Yamhill. He owns his place of business and his residence and also has other property interests.

On the 28th of January, 1885, Mr. McKern was united in marriage to Miss Martha F. Hunsaker, who was born near Salem, Marion

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county, Oregon, on the 18th of April, 1864, her parents being Thomas H. and Elizabeth Jane (Miller) Hunsaker, natives of Missouri. The father's birth occurred in 1827, while the mother's natal day was January 1, 1831. In 1847 they crossed the plains with their respective parents, settling in Marion county, Oregon, where they spent the remainder of their lives. At the time of his demise Thomas H. Hunsaker owned eight hundred acres of valuable land in that county. He lived to attain the age of seventy-three years, while his wife was seventy-two years old when called to her final rest. Their children were eight in number, namely: Angeline and Elizabeth, both of whom are deceased; George Washington, who is a resident of Marion county, Oregon; Jasper, who has passed away; Licurgus, living in Polk county, Oregon; Naomi, who is deceased; Mrs. McKern; and Cora, who makes her home in Salem, Oregon. Prior to her marriage Mrs. McKern followed the profession of school teaching.

In politics Mr. McKern is a democrat of liberal views. He ably served as city treasurer of Yamhill for a period of sixteen years and is now the president of the council. Fraternally he is identified with the Masons, belonging to La Fayette Lodge, No. 3, of Yamhill, of which he is now serving officially as senior warden. At present he is also district deputy grand master of Lodge No. 56, I. O. O. F., of Yamhill, and acts as inner guard of the grand lodge of Oregon. His religious faith is that of the Christian church, to which his wife also belongs. Over the record of his entire career there falls no shadow of wrongdoing or suspicion of evil but on the contrary his example is one worthy of emulation, showing as it does the force of hard work, close application and unfaltering integrity in the acquirement of notable and gratifying success. He stands today strong in his honor and good name, strong in his ability to plan and perform and with the confidence and good will of all who know him.

GEORGE IRVING HAZELTINE is one of the respected pioneers of Canyon City, Grant county, where he resides and is at present serving the public in the office of city treasurer. He was born in Cattaraugus county, New York, May 4, 1836, and is a son of Asa and Fanny (Bancroft) Hazeltine, both of whom were natives of Vermont, the mother being a relative of George Bancroft, the historian. The father at an early date removed to Illinois, making the journey by way of New York where he remained for a short time and later reached the city of Chicago, in which place he was offered a whole section of land located in what is now the heart of the business district in exchange for a horse and blanket. After looking the place over carefully he concluded that Chicago was so unhealthy that he would be a loser in the deal and so declined the proffered opportunity. He continued his journey westward and settled on the banks of Fox river where now stands the city of St. Charles, and there he lived until the time of his death which occurred in 1864. Mr. and Mrs. Asa Hazeltine were the parents of eight children, of whom the subject of this review is the sixth child in order of birth.

George Irving Hazeltine was reared at home and received his early education in the public schools at St. Charles, Illinois. In the spring of 1853 he started overland for California, by way of Mexico. On learning later that the Mexicans were still unfriendly owing to the late war, he discontinued his westward journey and returned to his home at St. Charles where he remained until the autumn of 1853. In October of that year in company with his brother Martin M., he started for the Pacific coast this time by way of New York and from there by steamer to the Isthmus, which they crossed by the Nicaragua route and arrived in San Francisco in December, 1853. They reached New York at the time of the Crystal Palace Exhibition, which they visited before sailing for the west. George Irving Hazeltine and his brother, Martin M., had learned the art of photography some years previous and on reaching San Francisco they at once established themselves in the photographic business, making what was known at that time as the daguerreotypes. He continued in that partnership until 1855 at which time he sold out his interest and engaged in mining on the south fork of the American river at the town of Coloma, which is the site of the first discovery of gold in California made by Mr. Marshall. At the time Mr. Hazeltine reached Coloma Mr. Marshall was still there as was also Sutter's mill which has become famous in the history of California as the place in which Mr. Marshall was engaged in sawing lumber at the time of his great discovery of gold. Judge McKenna, of the United States supreme court was also a resident of Coloma at the time of Mr. Hazeltine's arrival there and the two men became much attached to each other. From the time of Mr. Hazeltine's arrival at the point above named until the spring of 1857, he was engaged in mining on Live Oak Bar and was very fortunate in his findings. He later invested in mining property and suffered a heavy loss by virtue of the failure of the properties to make good and also suffered loss through the Adams Express Company in 1855. After losing nearly all of his accumulated gold dust he established himself independently in the photographic business in which he continued for a few years. He later started for Oregon having the Salmon river basin as his objective point. He followed the trail of emigrant parties who had left some two weeks previously, bound for the same part of the state. The emigrant train referred to was headed by a man whose name was McGruder. The company making the trip was composed of thirty-five Americans and twenty-five Mexicans and their means of travel and transportation were pack horses. On reaching the Pitt river they followed it to Goose lake and on their way prospected for gold, finding colors but no pay dirt until they reached Canyon creek. On the journey the Indians gave them little or no serious trouble except by stealing a few of the Mexicans' horses. They arrived at

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MR. AND MRS. G. I. HAZELTINE

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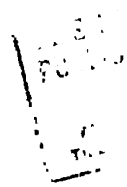

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Canyon creek July 4, 1860, at the time when the miners were holding a miners' meeting for the purpose of electing officers. Mr. Hazeltine at this time was associated in partnership with his brother-in-law, and also P. Van Middelsworth. They built a log house and located a claim and at once began mining operations. Mr. Hazeltine was then delegated to go to The Dalles in Oregon and there purchase a winter supply of provisions. The journey extended over something less than two hundred miles and he used pack horses with which to accomplish his mission. In the spring of 1863 he received a letter from his wife whom he had left in California and as a result of the information contained in that message he repaired at once to California by way of Portland and later, following the trail by which he had come there, in company with his wife and family and his father-in-law, he returned to his location on Canyon creek. During this journey they were attacked by Indians and one member of the party was hit by an arrow. They saw many graves while en route and a skeleton of a man who had been killed by Indians. During his absence a friend by name Kennedy, who had been left in charge of his claim had sold it for one hundred and fifty dollars, Mr. Hazeltine receiving as his share an "invaluable" piece of furniture in the shape of a well worn cookstove. He had, however, brought along with him his photographic outfit and knew how in times of misfortune and distress to turn the knowledge of his trade to good account. He accordingly at once built a house and in that wilderness established himself as a photographer. In the following year he engaged also in mining operations. In 1864 in company with others he established a pack-train service operating between Canyon City and The Dalles, but the Indians later stole all their horses and the enterprise was abandoned. In the spring of 1865 he and his father-in-law, A. R. McCallum built a flour mill at John Day, Oregon, that being the first mill in eastern Oregon. In that business he engaged until 1874 at which time he sold his interest in the property and confined himself to the photographic business until 1878. During the summer of 1874 he with his wife and two children paid a visit to his old home at St. Charles, Illinois, after which he returned to his home and business interests in Oregon. In 1878 he was elected county judge, serving four years in that office. He afterward engaged in photographic work until 1890 when he was again elected to that office serving from 1890 to 1894. In 1896 he was elected county treasurer serving for a term of two years. After his term expired he followed the brokerage business until 1908. At present Mr. Hazeltine is ably serving as city treasurer of Canyon City, an office which he has held for the past ten years. In 1900 Mr. Hazeltine built the stone building which is now occupied by the First National Bank of Canyon City, retaining an office for himself in that building.

George Irving Hazeltine was united in marriage April 13, 1862, in Shasta county, California, to Miss Emeline C. McCallum, her birth having occurred on the Brandywine near the site of the famous battle of Brandywine in Schenectady, New York. She is the daughter of Mr. and Mrs. A. R. McCallum, the former of whom was a native of Vermont, and of Scotch descent, and the latter a native of Scotland. To Mr. and Mrs. Hazeltine four children have been born: Edith, the wife of Judge Clifford of Baker City, Oregon; Mabel, the deceased wife of John Biggs, of Burns, Oregon; Irving Bancroft, who is engaged in the mining and telephone business in eastern Oregon, and has his headquarters in Canyon City, Oregon; and Mildred, the wife of Professor Linden McCullough, who is engaged in teaching history in the high school of Baker City, Oregon.

George Irving Hazeltine has been a member of the Canyon City Masonic Lodge, No. 34, for the past thirty-six years, and has been secretary of that lodge for thirty-four years. He is also a member of Blue Mountain Chapter, No. 7, R. A. M., and of Blue Mountain Council, No. 10, R. & S. M. He is the secretary of each of the last named lodges. He is a member of Hobah Lodge, No. 22, Independent Order of Odd Fellows and of Excelsior Encampment, No. 3, I. O. O. F., of both of which he is the secretary.

Mr. Hazeltine is one of the most interesting among the surviving pioneers of Oregon. His varied career of repeated success and failure in business is remarkable and particularly so as it resulted ultimately in final and assured prosperity crowned with the honor of being elected to many offices of public trust by his grateful constituents. He has been an active man all of his life and has devoted many years to unremunerative duties and public positions for the sake of the community in general. Despite his age of seventy-six years he is as industrious and active as ever. He is a man highly esteemed for his uniform and unquestioned integrity of character and this was given expression to on the 13th of April, 1912, at the time of the celebration of their golden wedding when both he and his wife were the recipients of many valuable remembrances presented by their large circle of acquaintances.

ELLIS B. FLETT, who has been successfully engaged in the practice of dentistry for the past six years, is now serving as mayor of Yamhill, having been elected to that office on the 4th of April, 1911. His birth occurred in Yamhill county, Oregon, on the 3d of December, 1872, his parents being John B. and Sarah F. (Hutt) Flett, who were likewise born in that country. The father's birth occurred in 1844, while the mother's natal year was 1851. John B. Flett followed general agricultural pursuits throughout his entire business career and shortly after his marriage, which occurred in January, 1869, he took up a homestead one mile east of Wapato Station, where he resided until called to his final rest in 1897. His brother, W. George Flett, of Olex, Gilliam county, Oregon, was born near Newberg, Oregon, in 1842, and is one of the oldest native-born sons of this state. The mother of our subject is still living on the old homestead place and has attained the

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age of sixty years. She had seven children, Ellis B. being the second in order of birth. The others are as follows: George W. and Hemming C., both of whom reside on the old homestead; Ethel May, who is the wife of Bud Rolston and also lives on a portion of the home place; William T., who likewise resides on a part of the homestead property; one who died unnamed; and Lyle E., who passed away at the age of fourteen years.

When but a lad of eight years Ellis B. Flett became a jockey and continued to ride race horses until sixteen years of age, when he was no longer able to keep his weight down to the prescribed number of pounds. He first rode for Jerome Porter, of Forest Grove, and with a horse called Laura D. he got a start of almost a quarter of a mile in a mile race at Walla Walla, Washington, which is claimed as the world's record. For one season Mr. Flett also rode for J. B. Haggin, of California, at that time one of the most prominent owners of race horses in the world. During the year in which he rode for James Bybee he won all races in which he started throughout the season. For two seasons he acted as a jockey for Baker & Kuykendall of Montana, where he rode horses with world records. His earliest experiences included a few match races for Thomas Tongue, of Hillsboro, Oregon. When nineteen years of age he entered the Oregon State Agricultural College at Corvallis, there pursuing his studies for one year. Subsequently he continued his education in the State Normal School at Monmouth, being graduated from that institution in 1893. During the next two years he followed the profession of teaching, imparting clearly and readily to others the knowledge that he had acquired. He then operated his father's farm for three years and on the expiration of that period entered the North Pacific College of Dentistry at Portland, from which he was graduated in 1905. Opening an office at Yamhill, he has there practiced his profession continuously since and has enjoyed an extensive and gratifying patronage. He still owns an interest in the old homestead property, has a fine home in Yamhill and also has a fifth interest in property in Gilliam county, Oregon.

On the 10th of December, 1906, Mr. Flett was united in marriage to Miss Delma Matheny, who was born near Salem, Oregon, her parents being Samuel and Eva Matheny, natives of Missouri and Maryland respectively. The parents of Mrs. Matheny were among the pioneer settlers of this state, being passengers on the first boat that went around Cape Horn. The parents of Mrs. Flett were married in Oregon and here continued to reside throughout the remainder of their lives, Samuel Matheny passing away at the age of seventy-seven and his wife at the age of forty-four years. The former participated actively in the war against the Indians. Mrs. Flett was one of a family of five children, the others being as follows: Catherine, who is deceased; Mamie, a resident of California; Samuel, who makes his home at Silverton, Oregon; and Estella, the wife of P. P. Allen, of Lone Tree, Washington.

Mr. Flett is a republican in politics and his fellow townsmen, recognizing his worth and ability, have called him to several positions of public trust. For two terms he held the office of road supervisor and at the same time acted as deputy assessor of his township. For three terms he served as city recorder and during one term acted as councilman. He was elected mayor of Yamhill on the 4th of April, 1911, and his administration has been characterized by many measures of reform and improvement. Fraternally he is identified with the Independent Order of Odd Fellows, in 1894 joining Wapato Lodge, No. 40, in which he has passed through all the chairs, while in 1897 he attended the grand lodge. He is a charter member of Yamhill Lodge, No. 98, K. P., in which he has filled all of the chairs, while in 1909 and 1910 he was a representative to the grand lodge. The lodge of the Yeomen at Yamhill also numbers him among its valued members. A strong minded, generous-spirited man, he stands as a high type of American manhood and an embodiment of that progress which in the last half century has drawn to this country the admiring gaze of all nations.

A. C. McKINNON, a retired resident of Amity, was successfully identified with general agricultural pursuits in Oregon throughout his active business career and is still the owner of seven hundred acres of valuable land. His birth occurred in Nova Scotia, Canada, on the 3d of February, 1857, his parents being Charles and Mary (McKinnon) McKinnon, both of whom were natives of Pictou county, Scotland. The father emigrated to America in early manhood and was married in Canada, spending the remainder of his life in that country. His demise occurred in 1906. He was an agriculturist by occupation and also took a deep interest in politics, being a leading worker in the local ranks of his party. His first wife passed away when our subject was but a year and a half old. The children of that marriage were five in number and all are deceased with the exception of Mr. McKinnon of this review. Their names were Alex, John, Annie, Alex, the second of the name, and A. C. For his second wife Charles McKinnon chose Miss Jeannette McDonald, by whom he had eight children.

A. C. McKinnon attended the common schools in the acquirement of an education and remained on the home farm until nineteen years of age. At that time he crossed the border into the United States and took up his abode in Polk county, Oregon, here being employed as a farm hand for three years. Subsequently he operated a rented farm in Polk county for five years and then purchased a tract of partially improved land near Perrydale, there carrying on his agricultural interests until he came to Amity in 1898. Disposing of his farm in Polk county, he purchased another south of Amity and also one to the west. His property holdings embrace seven hundred acres of farming land,

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all of which he leases. He likewise has other real-estate interests and owns stock in the Yamhill valley Milk Condensing Company at Amity, which he assisted in organizing and of which he is a director.

In April, 1897, Mr. McKinnon was united in marriage to Mrs. Emma Hawley, a native of Oregon. By her first husband, Horace Hawley, she had two children, namely: Lepha who is a trained nurse of Portland; and Orace, who is attending school at Corvallis.

In politics Mr. McKinnon is a stanch democrat, while fraternally he is identified with the Independent Order of Odd Fellows at Amity. His religious faith is indicated by his membership in the Unitarian church, while his wife belongs to the Christian church. The period of his residence in the northwest covers more than a third of a century and he is well entitled to representation among the substantial and esteemed citizens of Oregon.

EDGAR D. SUMMERS, who has been actively identified with industrial interests as a carpenter and contractor for the past thirty-one years, came to Oregon in 1890 and has erected most of the buildings in the town of Beaverton, where he now makes his home. His birth occurred in Grundy county, Illinois, on the 16th of September, 1860, his parents being John A. and Matilda (Somers) Summers, the former a native of Dutchess county, New York, and the latter of Medina county, Ohio. They were married at Morris, Illinois, and there continued to reside until 1882, when they sold their property and removed to Douglas county, South Dakota, where they took up land and made their home for about nine years. In 1889 they came to Portland, Oregon, where they resided for two years and then rented a tract of land in Washington county, John A. Summers devoting his attention to its cultivation for six years. On the expiration of that period he purchased a quarter block of city property in Beaverton and there made his home until called to his final rest in 1898. His widow, who survives him, resides in Beaverton and has attained the age of seventy-five years. Their children were eight in number, namely: Clara C., whose demise occurred in May, 1904, when she was forty-nine years of age; Fred E., who is at home with his mother; Hortense, who gave her hand in marriage to Charles A. Keith and resides in Dover, Oregon; Edgar D., of this review; Emily, the wife of Edwin C. Keith, of Seattle, Washington; Harry, who is also at home with his mother; Helen, the wife of Michael Ford; and John E., living in Beaverton, Oregon, who wedded Miss Carrie Pike, a native of this state and a daughter of Lorenzo Pike.

Edgar D. Summers made his initial step in the business world when a young man of twenty and during the intervening years has devoted his attention exclusively to carpentering and contracting, following those pursuits in Illinois, the Dakotas and Oregon. The year 1890 witnessed his arrival in this state and for five years following he made his home in Portland. Subsequently he spent three years in Kenton, Washington county, and then came to Beaverton, where he has since won an enviable reputation as the leading carpenter and contractor, having erected most of the buildings in the town. He owns a fine home in Beaverton and also has two other modern residence properties there.

On the 8th of December, 1887, Mr. Summers was married to Miss Mary C. Benner, a native of Marion, Iowa, where she lived until fourteen years of age. Her parents, Israel A. and Catherine R. Benner, are both deceased. They had two children, the brother of Mrs. Summers being Robert L., who has passed away. Our subject and his wife also have two children, namely: Robert R., born September 9, 1889, who is a graduate of the public schools and is still under the parental roof; and Mabel C., born June 17, 1891, who is likewise a public-school graduate and also has a good musical education.

Though a republican in his political views, Mr. Summers is not strictly partisan, considering the ability of a candidate rather than his party affiliation. Fraternally he is identified with the Masonic order, the Artisans and the Woodmen of the World, in each of which he has filled all the chairs. He and his family attend the Congregational church, though Mrs. Summers is an Episcopalian in religious faith. Unfaltering industry and perseverance have constituted the key that has unlocked the portals of success for Edgar D. Summers. The principles which have actuated him in all of his relations with his fellowmen are such as establish confidence and regard in every land and clime.

M. E. BURGESS, a well known real-estate dealer of Amity, has for the past three years enjoyed an enviable clientage in this connection. His birth occurred August 12, 1874, near Sheridan, Oregon, on the farm which was homesteaded by his grandfather, his parents being C. O. and Sarah A. (Branson) Burgess. The father is a native of Missouri and the mother was born on the same farm where the birth of our subject occurred. C. O. Burgess, an agriculturist by occupation, came to Oregon about forty years ago. For the past fifteen years he has been engaged in the real-estate business. Unto him and his estimable wife have been born seven children, two sons and five daughters, as follows: M. E., of this review; Helen, the wife of R. P. Howard, of Albany, Oregon; Myrtle, who gave her hand in marriage to Guy Fendle, of Willamina, Oregon; Pearl, the wife of Gary Price, of Tillamook, Oregon; Ora, whose demise occurred in 1897; and Lovey and Rex, both at home.

M. E. Burgess attended the common schools of this state in the acquirement of an education and remained under the parental roof until he had attained his majority. Starting out as an agriculturist on his own account, he began the operation of a farm near Sheridan and in connection with the work of the fields devoted considerable attention

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to real-estate negotiations. Three years ago he came to Amity and has since given his entire attention to the real-estate business, handling both local and foreign lands. He also writes fire insurance and has built up an extensive business in these connections. He has disposed of his farm but is heavily interested in real estate at Amity.

In 1901 Mr. Burgess was united in marriage to Miss Retta Morgan, a daughter of A. C. Morgan. He gives his political allegiance to the republican party, while his religious faith is indicated by his membership in the Baptist church, to which his wife also belongs. Fraternally he is identified with the Independent Order of Odd Fellows, belonging to the encampment, and both he and his wife are connected with the Rebekahs. Mr. Burgess likewise belongs to the Modern Woodmen of America. His entire life has been spent in the Sunset state and his standing in business and social circles entitles him to a place among its substantial and representative citizens.

CLARK BENSON, who was born on the 16th of February, 1867, is one of Baker county's native sons and a well known farmer and dairyman here. His parents were Lev and Catherine (Clark) Benson, both of whom were born in Missouri. Possessing that spirit of enterprise which characterized practically all of the pioneers, they left the state of their nativity in 1863 and with ox teams crossed the great plains to the Pacific coast, where they located on a homestead in Baker county. For eleven years this worthy couple bore the hardships of pioneer life, cleared their land, brought it under cultivation, improved their farm and reared their family. They continued to be honored residents of Baker county until 1874, when both passed away, the mother's death preceding that of the father by only two weeks. Seven children were born to them but three are now deceased. Of the surviving members Clark Benson is the eldest, the others being: Catherine, the wife of Asa Brown; Claude, a resident of Idaho; and D. R., also living in that state.

Clark Benson was reared on the home farm and educated in the public schools of this county. At the age of sixteen he began working on the farm, thus paying his own way in the world. After several years spent in farm work he decided to go to Idaho, being attracted thither by the gold excitement which was then prevalent. He labored in the mines of that state for four years with varying success and then returned to Baker county and settled upon the ranch which he still owns and upon which he now lives. He cleared the land and brought it under cultivation, adding good improvements and taking up the business of dairying. His work has been successful, his dairy products giving satisfaction to his customers, and thus Mr. Benson's business has prospered. He owns eighty acres of valuable farm land and forty acres of timber land, and is numbered among the progressive and prosperous agriculturists of this locality.

Mr. Benson was married, in 1889, to Miss Charlotte Dealy, who was born in Colorado and is a daughter of D. R. and Nancy Dealy, who reside in Haines, Oregon. To Mr. and Mrs. Benson were born nine children but the two eldest died in infancy. The others are as follows: Myrtle, the wife of L. H. Newton; Flo, Cecil, Clyde, Lottie, Garnet and Cloyce, all yet at home.

The political allegiance of Mr. Benson is given to the democratic party. He takes an active interest in civic affairs and especially in educational matters, being clerk of his school district, a position which he has filled for ten years. Fraternally he is a member of the Independent Order of Odd Fellows, belonging to Lodge No. 12, at Haines. He is also affiliated with the Haines Camp of Woodmen of the World. Both he and his wife are earnest and conscientious members of the Methodist Episcopal church, of which they are regular attendants and liberal supporters. In the prime of vigorous manhood the subject of this review is contributing in no small degree to the welfare of Baker county in general and the city of Haines in particular. He is a man of steady, diligent habits, having in view not only the pecuniary welfare of his family but also their educational advantages. Besides the time consumed by his arduous farm duties and those devolving upon him in connection with his position as clerk of the school district, he finds time to devote to social intercourse with his friends whom he meets in the lodges to which he belongs and also to take an active part in church work. He has an extremely large number of personal friends and in fact is acquainted with practically everybody in the community, being held in high esteem among all classes.

C. JOHN HILLSTROM is one of the enterprising and successful agriculturists of Coos county. He was born in Finland, January 5, 1868, and is a son of Matts and Marie L. Hillstrom. Both of his parents were natives of Finland and in that country they were united in marriage and their children were born and reared to maturity. The father, who is deceased, followed farming and carpentering for a livelihood. The mother is still living in the land of her nativity. They were the parents of eight children: Matts, now of Marion county, Oregon; Louisa, now Mrs. Anderson, of North Bend, this state; Anton, deceased; C. John, of this review; Matts, who died in infancy; Mary, who passed away at the age of fourteen years; and two who died in infancy.

C. John Hillstrom emigrated to America in the year 1887 and first settled in the Coos bay country at Marshfield, this state. At once, upon establishing his residence in that place, he accepted a position in a sawmill, in which employment he continued for a brief time and then established himself in the business of rafting timber down the river to the mills. In that business he continued to be occupied for a period of five

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years, after which he engaged in farming, conducting his operations in agriculture at a point eleven miles from the city of Marshfield, and later, in 1900, he purchased the farm upon which he now lives, ten acres of which property is now included within the city limits of Marshfield. He is the owner of a very fine home and conducts a small dairy business. He is also one of the principal stockholders in a cooperative grocery company of Marshfield.

Mr. Hillstrom was united in marriage in the year 1899 to Miss Alina Kankkanen. Mrs. Hillstrom is a native of Finland and is a daughter of John and Louisa Kankkanen, both of whom are natives of Finland and are still living in that country. To Mr. and Mrs. Kankkanen ten children were born, eight of whom are now living: Alina, who is the wife of C. John Hillstrom; Mary, who resides in Africa; Otto, Selma, Willie, Lydia, Verner and Edla, all of whom are living in Finland, and Alfred and Hildur, both of whom are deceased. To Mr. and Mrs. Hillstrom five children have been born: Rudolph J., born in 1900, Elsie A., 1902, Arthur C., 1903, Ruth R., 1906, and Alphons M., 1910, all of whom are still at home with their parents.

Mr. Hillstrom is politically affiliated with the democratic party. He is a member of the Independent Order of Odd Fellows of Marshfield and also a member of the Finnish Beneficial Order, in which he has filled all of the chairs. Both himself and wife received in their native land a liberal education in the public schools and are members of the Lutheran church of Marshfield. Mr. Hillstrom is one of the reliable and highly respected citizens of the county in which he lives and has always given the benefit of his influence to every public measure designed to improve the educational and religious citizenship of the people among whom he has established his home.

EUGENE O'CONNELL is numbered among the successful and highly respected citizens of this state. His name is justly entitled to a place on the pioneer roll of Oregon, in the development of whose resources he has taken so conspicuous a part. He is now living in comparative retirement in his beautiful mansion, Kittyville, located on a most picturesque spot one and one-half miles from Marshfield. He was born November 17, 1844, in County Cork, Ireland, and is a son of Eugene and Julia (Kelly) O'Connell. His father was by occupation a farmer and both he and his wife died in their native land when the subject of this review was but a child. Five children were born to his parents: Cornelius, of San Francisco; Dennis, who died leaving one son and one daughter, both of whom are residents of New York city; Eugene, of this review; Theodore, deceased; and Julia, who has also passed away.

Eugene O'Connell was reared in his father's home and received his early education in his native land. He remained under the parental roof until he was seventeen years of age, at which time he emigrated to America. His leaving Ireland at the time above noted was the result of financial reverses which unfortunately attended his father's business interests immediately following the death of his mother. He came to America, where employment was awaiting him, that having been secured by his brother Dennis, who had preceded him to this country some time before and with whom he made his home at once after reaching American shores. He started as errand boy in the employ of the Erie Railroad Company. His faithful attention to business and his trusty and careful methods of work soon attracted the attention of officials of the company and he was later advanced to the position of shipping clerk, in which position he continued for some time. While in the fulfillment of his duties in that office he decided to try his fortunes in the mining fields of British Columbia and for that purpose he took ship for the Pacific coast, in due time arriving at San Francisco, only to find to his disappointment that the mining fever had subsided and few people were looking hopefully toward the gold fields for fortune. He concluded to give his attention to other lines and obtained employment at steamboating, being so occupied for one year, after which he removed to Coos Bay and settled in Empire, which at that time was but a small village in Coos county. Immediately after he became a resident of Empire he formed a partnership with Major Kenny and the firm engaged in the meat and butcher business, continuing to care for the interests of their business for the two years following. At the end of that time Marshfield was just entering upon its first healthy development period and Mr. O'Connell and his partner, believing that place to be one offering great advantages to their line of business, immediately purchased real estate and built thereon the first pioneer meat market of the town. Their establishment was located on Fourth street and to this enterprise they gave their entire attention and energies for a period of three years, after which Mr. O'Connell sold his interest for ten thousand dollars cash and with the proceeds he built the first hardware store in Coos county, which he successfully operated for some time and later he established branch stores in Coquille and Empire. To the successful conduct of these three stores he gave his personal attention for the long period of thirty-three years. The business during that time was incorporated and later Mr. O'Connell retired from the active management of the concern and he has recently disposed of all his interests in the business. He, however, still owns the real estate and buildings in connection with the business in Marshfield. The stores and real estate connected with the business in Coquille and Empire he sold some years ago. To Mr. O'Connell belongs the credit of having built the first modern apartment house in Marshfield. This handsome and profitable property he still owns and he is also the owner of a beautiful country home located on fourteen

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acres of land half way between Marshfield and North Bend. This property bears the unique name of Kittyville and is one of the show places of this portion of the state. It is modern in all its appointments and its picturesque surroundings justly entitle it to be known as one of the handsomest of Oregon's residences. It is so located as to overlook the bay, which adds materially to its elegance as a most desirable site for a country home of a retired gentleman. In addition to the above named holdings of Mr. O'Connell he also owns a one-third interest in the town site of Bandon, this state, and is possessed of other valuable properties located in various parts of this state.

On the 16th of June, 1876, Mr. O'Connell was united in marriage to Miss Rose Hague, who was a daughter of Samuel and Mary (Lee) Hague, both of whom were natives of England. She was born in Lancashire, England, and with her parents when a child of seven years emigrated to America and settled in Pennsylvania, where her father was engaged in the manufacturing business. To her parents nine children were born: Rose, who became the wife of the subject of this review; Elizabeth and William, both deceased; Nancy, who married Gustus Steffin, of New York city, and has two children, Gustus and May; Clara, the wife of Jack Minto, of Victoria, British Columbia, and the mother of one child, May Bell; Eliza, who married Thomas Minot, of San Francisco, by whom she has one daughter, Mary; Samuel, who resides in Vancouver, British Columbia; Frank E., who makes his home in Marshfield, and Mary, who is living in San Francisco, California. To Mr. and Mrs. O'Connell five children were born: Edna, who became the wife of Dr. B. N. Richardson, of Portland, and has two children, Rosemary and Joseph Eugene; Mabel, the wife of E. K. Jones, of Marshfield, and the mother of one son, Eugene; Letta Elizabeth, who married William Ford, of Portland, Oregon, and has one child, Mabel E.; one who died in infancy, and Rose, who also died in infancy.

Mr. O'Connell is a loyal member of the democratic party and to that political organization he consistently gives his support. He has served three terms on the city council of Marshfield but has never aspired to political preferment of any kind. He has been a member of the Independent Order of Odd Fellows, the Knights of Pythias and the Knights of Columbus. Both himself and wife are members of the Catholic church. Mr. O'Connell is one of the representative men of the state of Oregon. He has devoted his life during all his active business years to the development of the resources of his adopted state and is universally recognized among his associates as a man of strict integrity, reliable in all his business transactions and always to be found associated with every new enterprise seeking the improvement of the people. For many years past it has been his custom to spend from four to six weeks each summer with his wife in camping and fishing and this period of rest from the cares and toil of business has undoubtedly contributed very much to his clear thinking and to the annual renewal of tired nerves and an overtaxed physical system.

J. W. BYBEE, who is one of the prominent landed proprietors of Jackson county, owns eight hundred acres of excellent ranch land in one solid body located one mile from the city of Jacksonville on the hill road. He is also identified with the business interests of the city, being a stockholder in the Bank of Jacksonville. He was born in this county, on the farm which he now owns and upon which he resides, his birth having occurred October 28, 1856. He is the son of William and Elizabeth A. (Walker) Bybee, the former a native of Kentucky and the latter of Missouri. The father crossed the plains as a young man, locating in Oregon in 1851, while the mother emigrated to this state with her parents in 1852, their respective families settling in Jackson county. Captain Jesse Walker, the father of Mrs. Bybee, on entering the valley made entry of a donation claim, a portion of which has since become a part of the real-estate holdings of the subject of this review.

Immediately following the marriage of William Bybee, he purchased a part of his father-in-law's farm and being unusually successful in his agricultural affairs he continued to add by purchase to his home ranch until at one time he was the owner of two thousand acres of rich agricultural land, all in one body. Establishing his home, he spent the remainder of his days here and closed his earthly pilgrimage in November, 1908, at the age of seventy-eight years, his wife having preceded him in death in October, 1899, being sixty-one years of age at the time. He was a stanch adherent of the democratic party and a man of great influence in the councils of its local organization. He served for two terms as sheriff of Jackson county and during his entire active life he was counted among the safe and progressive leaders in all matters relating to public affairs. He was a member of the Independent Order of Odd Fellows for many years.

J. W. Bybee was reared in his father's home and acquired his early education in the public district schools. On reaching manhood he identified himself with his father and engaged with him in farming. In 1899 he acquired a homestead in his own right and this he at once improved and cultivated, meeting from the beginning with gratifying results. He has continued to enjoy prosperity and has been able to add to his original homestead from time to time until he is now the owner of eight hundred acres of excellent farm and ranch land advantageously located within one mile of the city of Jacksonville and to the care and improvement of this property he gives his undivided attention.

Mr. Bybee is affiliated with the democratic party and at one time was placed in nomination as candidate for the office of sheriff

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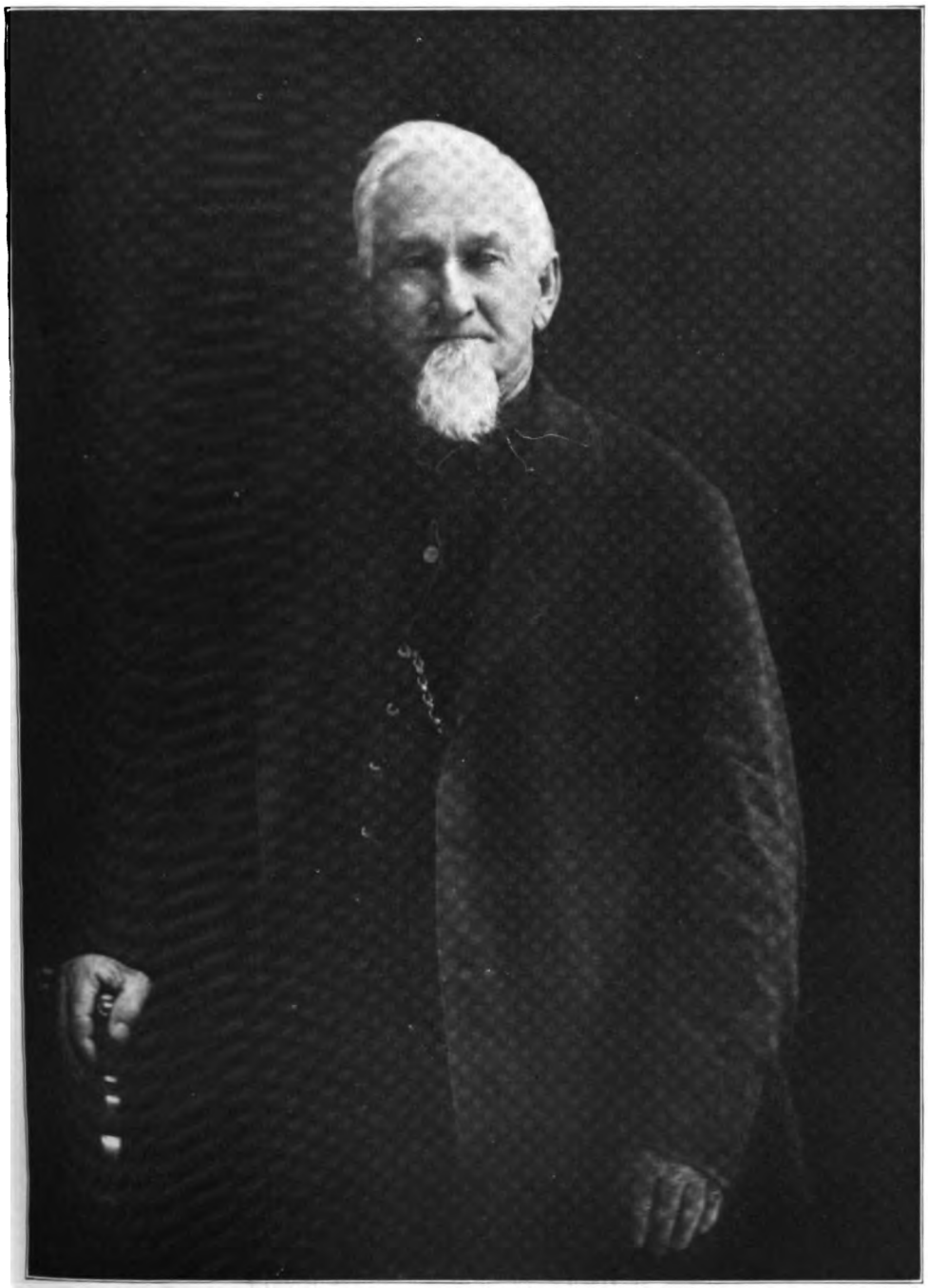

WILLIAM BYBEE

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of his county. He is a member of the Warren Lodge, No. 10, A. F. & A. M., of Jacksonville. He is unmarried and well known and popular in social and fraternal circles of the community. One of the best known men in this portion of the state he is regarded as one of the enterprising, practical and successful agriculturists of southeastern Oregon.

ALONZO LONG. One of the notable pioneers of Oregon, who by successful business management has long since been enabled to retire from active work is Alonzo Long, residing in Haines, Baker county. He was born in Mercer county, Illinois, July 31, 1847, the son of Lewis and Sarah Ann (Hesser) Long, the former of whom was a native of Virginia. In 1854 the parents decided to cross the plains to seek their fortune on the Pacific coast. The trip was made with ox teams and required six months. They arrived in the fall in Polk county, where they spent the winter, and in the spring of 1855 settled in Linn county, where they took up land upon which they erected a cabin with puncheon floor and doors, the latter being equipped with string latches. Here the parents resided during the remainder of their lives. In their family were nine children: Mary J., of Baker City, who is the widow of W. M. Ross; Jonathan C., deceased; Alonzo; Phoebe Ann, of Linn county, who is the widow of H. Owen; Ransom, deceased; Peter, who resides on the old homestead; and Gabriel, Columbus and William S., all residing in Washington.

Alonzo Long remained at home with his parents until 1869, when he began farming on his own account in Linn county. He remained in that county following agricultural pursuits until 1872, when he removed to Baker county and bought a ranch near Haines. This ranch which he still owns and which he has finely improved and brought under an excellent state of tillage, consists of five hundred and sixty acres and is one of the most valuable pieces of farming property in Baker county. On this magnificent ranch Mr. Long lived and labored until 1899, when he retired to the fine residence which he now owns in Haines.

On May 13, 1869, Mr. Long was married to Miss Julia Ann Taylor, a native of Linn county, her birth having occurred September 6, 1853. She was a daughter of James and Elizabeth (Smelser) Taylor, the father being a native of Indiana and the mother of Illinois. In 1852 her parents crossed the plains, locating in Linn county, Oregon. Subsequently they removed to Lane county but in 1872 took up their residence in Morrow county, removing in 1879 to Baker county, where they passed the remainder of their lives. In their family were eight children: William H., of Linn county; I. T., of Baker county; Susan J., the wife of S. P. Herring, of Baker county; Melinda Ann, the wife of Joseph L. Savage, of Baker county; John J., deceased; Julia Ann, now Mrs. Alonzo Long; Mary E., the wife of J. D. Simons, of Baker county; and Minnie L., the wife of J. M. Burnsides. Mr. and Mrs. Long have become the parents of fifteen children: Ida B., who was born April 26, 1870, and died in September, 1905, and who was the wife of William Jackson; Charles D., of Baker county, who was born March 16, 1872; Clara M., born February 24, 1874, the wife of W. J. Welch, of Haines; John R., who was born February 20, 1876, and resides in Baker county; Viola A., born January 7, 1878, who is the wife of R. P. Anderson, of Baker county; Thomas A., who was born December 31, 1878, and died July 21, 1879; William O., who was born April 7, 1880, and is a resident of Baker county; Alford M., who was born February 12, 1882, and died June 27, 1883; James L., who was born July 6, 1883, and died October 15 of the same year; Lee C., of Baker county, who was born March 10, 1885; Archie J., of Baker county, who was born April 23, 1886; Ray, who was born July 20, 1888, and died September 8th of the same year; Lora E., born September 17, 1889, who is the wife of S. W. Loy; George E., who was born September 17, 1890, and died August 22, 1891; and Rose O., born April 11, 1894, who is now the wife of John Joseph Long.

Besides raising his own family Mr. Long has also brought up his grandson, Charles Emery Jackson, who at present is ten years of age. He was two years and four months old when his mother, Ida B. Jackson died, and four years when he joined Mr. Long's family.

In his political faith Mr. Long is a democrat but he has never paid a great deal of attention to politics. He takes a lively interest in educational matters and served for some time on the school board. He is an active member of the Farmers Union, the only fraternal organization to which he belongs. Both Mr. and Mrs. Long are earnest and consistent members of the First Baptist church, being among the most prominent of those affiliated with that religious body in Haines. By the long residence of Mr. Long in Baker county, the arduous pioneer labors which he performed and the large family which he reared he has rendered valiant service in the upbuilding of the agricultural interests and the public institutions of Baker county. His life being that of a pioneer, he and his family in the earlier days were compelled to submit to many hardships which the younger generation is fortunate in escaping. He was always industrious, economical and frugal and his estimable wife is deserving of much of the credit for the success of her husband. Members of the Long family are well known throughout this entire section and Alonzo Long is numbered among the most esteemed and respected citizens of Haines, where he is now living in retirement, enjoying the fruits of his earlier life of toil as a pioneer.

XAVIER ANTONE GASSNER, an enterprising and progressive young business man of Reedville, conducts a general mercantile establishment in association with his brother Alois. His birth occurred in Portland, Ore-

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gon, on the corner of Second and Oak streets, October 2, 1874. His parents, Alois and Justina (Lampert) Gassner, are mentioned at greater length on another page of this work in connection with the sketch of Alois Gassner, a brother of our subject. He supplemented his early education by a course of study in St. Michael's Business College of Portland, of which institution he is a graduate. In 1909, when a young man of thirty-five years, he started out in business life on his own account, becoming a partner of his brother in the conduct of a general mercantile store at Reedville. He owns a half interest in the enterprise, which under the able management of himself and his brother has grown to extensive and profitable proportions. He also has an interest in the store building and likewise owns a tract of land comprising fourteen acres within six miles of Portland.

In September, 1909, Mr. Gassner was united in marriage to Miss Vronie Bany, who was born at Oregon City, Oregon, in 1890, her parents being Sylvester and Emma Bany, natives of Ohio. A few years after their marriage they left the Buckeye state and came to Oregon City, Oregon, there residing for five years. On the expiration of that period they took up their abode in Washington county, where they have remained continuously since. Their children are six in number, namely: Charles and West, both of whom are residents of Washington county, Oregon; Mrs. Gassner; and Frank, Clara and Joseph, all yet at home. Mr. and Mrs. Gassner have one son, Robert, who was born on the 5th of February, 1911.

Since age conferred upon him the right of franchise Mr. Gassner has supported the men and measures of the republican party and for many years he ably served in the capacity of school clerk. His fraternal relations are with the Catholic Order of Foresters and the Modern Woodmen of America, while both he and his wife are faithful communicants of the Catholic church. They have spent their entire lives in the Sunset state and enjoy an extensive and favorable acquaintance in the community where they reside.

JOHN CALDWELL, who devotes his attention to the pursuit which George Washington designated as "the most useful as well as the most honorable occupation of man," is the owner of a farm of three hundred and twenty-five acres situated four and a half miles southwest of Beaverton. His birth occurred in Wellington county, Ontario, in 1856, his parents being William R. and Elsie (Rennie) Caldwell, both of whom were born in Scotland, the former in 1826 and the latter in 1827. William R. Caldwell emigrated to Canada in 1844 and resided in Ontario until 1865, when he took his family to Kankakee, Illinois. There he remained for a period of fourteen years or until 1879, which year witnessed his arrival in Washington county, Oregon. He purchased the John B. Kellogg donation claim of three hundred and twenty-five acres and made his home thereon throughout the remainder of his life, his demise occurring in 1891. At that time he had cleared fifty acres of his land and had brought the tract under a high state of cultivation. His wife, surviving him for a number of years, was called to her final rest in 1907. They had two children: John, of this review; and Annie S., who passed away when forty-eight years of age.

John Caldwell, who acquired his education in the common schools, was about twenty-two years of age when he came with his father to Oregon. He obtained a half-interest in the home farm of three hundred and twenty-five acres and operated the same in partnership with his father until the latter's death, when he came into full possession of the property. The further cultivation and improvement of the place have claimed his time and energies continuously since, and it is now one of the attractive and valuable farms of the community. A tract of one hundred acres is under a high state of cultivation, one hundred and fifteen acres is merchantable timber and the balance is pasture land. Mr. Caldwell also owns forty acres of unimproved land at Little Falls, Washington.

In 1891 Mr. Caldwell was united in marriage to Miss Ada M. Frewing, a native of England and a daughter of George and Mary Frewing, who emigrated to Canada when Mrs. Caldwell was but two years of age. After a residence of two years in Canada her parents took up their abode in Chicago, Illinois, where Mr. Frewing followed the carpenter's trade for one year. Subsequently he spent two years in Denver, Colorado, and then removed to Oakland, California, there remaining for five years. On the expiration of that period he came to Washington county, Oregon, and at the present time resides in Portland. He has five living children, as follows: Mrs. Caldwell; Mrs. H. I. Crockett, who is a resident of Portland, Oregon; B. S., living at Tigardville, Oregon; H. W., also of Tigardville; and A. F., who makes his home at Tigardville. Mr. and Mrs. Caldwell have four children, Elsie G., Millard E., Mabel Ruth and Eleanor M.

In politics Mr. Caldwell is a stanch republican but his aspirations have not been in the line of office holding. He is, however, a warm friend of the cause of education and has served as a member of the school board for seven years. Both he and his wife are devoted and consistent members of the Methodist Episcopal church, taking an active part in its work.

HON. WILLIAM GALLOWAY. The practice of law and service upon the county and circuit bench have at different times claimed the attention of the Hon. William Galloway and he has also aided in framing the laws of the commonwealth as one of the state legislators. At the present time he is serving as circuit judge, with residence in McMinnville. He was born in Dodgeville, Wisconsin, June 10, 1845, and comes of Scotch-Irish ancestry. His great-grandfather came from Scotland to the United States

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while this country was still numbered among the colonial possessions of Great Britain and settled in Virginia, where his son, William Galloway, the grandfather of the Judge, was born and reared. With the outbreak of the Revolutionary war the latter espoused the cause of independence and aided in the establishment of the republic. Charles Galloway, the father of Judge Galloway, was born in Virginia but at an early age became a resident of Illinois and subsequently of Missouri, while later he made his home in Iowa county, Wisconsin. There he worked in the lead mines and also followed farming. In 1832 he served in the Black Hawk war under Governor Dodge. Twenty years later, in 1852, accompanied by his wife and eight children, he crossed the plains from Wisconsin with ox teams, being upon the road for seven months, during which time one of the children died. At length reaching his destination, Charles Galloway secured a donation land claim in Yamhill county, Oregon, near Amity. This he at once began to develop and improve and in time converted it into a valuable and productive property. His political allegiance was given the democracy but he preferred the quiet of private life to the turmoil of office. He died in 1884 and in the same month his wife, Mrs. Mary Galloway, was called to her final rest. She was a daughter of Terrence Heeney, who was a resident of New York city, where his death occurred. Eleven children were born of this marriage and, with the exception of two, all reached adult age, while three sons and three daughters are now living.

William Galloway, the youngest of the sons, was educated in the public schools and in the Willamette University, from which he was graduated with the degree of B. S. in the class of 1868. He first provided for his own support by teaching school in Yamhill county following that profession for several years, after which he took up the study of law. Later he engaged in farming and since 1892 he has been actively interested in horticultural pursuits, owning and developing an eighty-acre orchard near McMinnville. Judicial service, however, has claimed much of the time and attention of Judge Galloway. Politically he is a democrat and was first called to office when in 1874 he was elected to represent his district in the lower house of the state legislature. Four years later he was again chosen for that position and proved one of the active working members of the legislative body, serving as chairman of the committee on ways and means. Again in 1880 he was chosen representative and his labors have been a potent force in shaping the policy and molding the destiny of the state and winning for it the prominent position which it now occupies as one of the leading states of the Union. His position upon any vital question has never been an equivocal one and while in the general assembly he stanchly espoused every cause which he deemed of worth in promoting the interests of the state. In 1890 he was called to the bench, serving as judge of Yamhill county for a term of four years, and on the expiration of that period he was made the democratic candidate for governor, his opponents being W. P. Lord, the republican candidate, and Mr. Pierce, the populist. In February, 1896, Mr. Galloway received from President Cleveland the appointment of receiver of the United States land office at Oregon City and he continued in that position under three presidential administrations. On his retirement from office on the 16th of July, 1902, he resumed the private practice of law, opening an office in Oregon City, although retaining his legal residence in McMinnville, Yamhill county. He is now serving as circuit judge and has made a most creditable record on the bench, his decisions being characterized by clearness and perspicuity, by correct application of the law, by fairness and by equity. While long regarded as an able member of the Oregon bar and a prominent leader in democratic circles, he has at the same time continued as a factor in the agricultural and horticultural development of the state and has ever been in the vanguard of those who are promoting progress along these lines. He is a life member of the Oregon Horticultural Society, of which he has served as a director for many years, and he was also a member of the state board of agriculture from its organization until 1897, during which time he served for three terms as its president.

Judge Galloway was married in Yamhill county to Miss Emma Baker, who was born in Dodge county, Wisconsin, December 28, 1851, a daughter of Varranus Baker, deceased. Her mother and the family came with an uncle across the plains to Oregon in 1865, following the father's death. Unto Judge and Mrs. Galloway have been born three children: Zilpha V., who is a teacher in the high school in Albany, Oregon; Charles V., a graduate of the University of Oregon and at one time the youngest member of the state legislature and now state tax commissioner; and Francis V., who is also a graduate of the State University and now the junior member of the law firm of McCain & Vinton, at McMinnville, Oregon.

Judge Galloway holds membership with the Independent Order of Odd Fellows and the United Artisans and his wife is entitled to membership with the Daughters of the American Revolution, for among her ancestors were those who fought in the war for independence. She belongs to the Rebekah lodge, the ladies' auxiliary of the Odd Fellows, serving as president of the assembly in 1907-8 and is at present secretary of the Odd Fellows' home board. She is also a member of the Woman's Relief Corps, in which organization she is prominent, having been department president in 1901-2 and also a member of the national executive board. Judge Galloway is a life member of the Oregon Historical Society, is ex-president of the Oregon Pioneers Association and took an active part in establishing the Soldiers' Home at Roseburg, serving for two terms as a member of its board. Both Judge and

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Mrs. Galloway are prominent and active in organizations which affect the general interests of society and which reach out along broadening lines of activity that affect the welfare and progress of the race. In his profession his work has been of substantial worth and merit and in public office he has made a record which has shown him to be ever faultless in honor, fearless in conduct and stainless in reputation.

HOWARD A. PERKINS is one of the influential and respected citizens of Josephine county where he is engaged in the cultivation of his ranch containing one hundred two and one-half acres of land located on Wolf creek. He has the distinction of having served in the regular army as a scout under the immortal General Custer. He received his honorable discharge and was mustered out of service two years before the Custer massacre occurred. He was born in Wisconsin, February 20, 1855, and is the son of William E. and Lucretia A. (Gilson) Perkins. The father was a native of Canada and the mother of Massachusetts. William E. Perkins settled in Wisconsin in 1842 and some time later removed to Minnesota where he remained for six years. In 1887 he removed to Oregon and settled first in Wallowa county and later removed to Ashland in Jackson county where he lived for some time and then established his residence at Central Point and there continued to live until the time of his death, which occurred at the age of eighty-three years, Mrs. Perkins also having died in their home at the age of eighty-three years. To this union twelve children were born, six of whom are still living.

Howard A. Perkins was reared in his parents' home and received his early education in the public schools of the district in which he lived. At the early age of twelve years he left the parental roof and was employed as a common laborer for a number of years in Wisconsin. He later established himself upon a farm, making a specialty of truck gardening and continued to devote his attention to that industry for a number of years. In 1885 he moved to western Oregon and two years later he settled in Jackson county, that state, where he continued to reside for seventeen years. He then purchased a ranch of one hundred two and one-half acres in Josephine county on which he has since continued to reside and devote his attention to its cultivation.

Mr. Perkins was united in marriage September 19, 1875, to Miss Lillian King, a native of Wisconsin and the daughter of Mr. and Mrs. G. L. King, and to them seven children have been born: Ada, the wife of A. C. Spence, of Glenn county, California; Gerald L., a resident of The Dalles; Elver and Elmer, who are twins and still reside with their parents; two children not named, who are deceased; and Hazel L., who married W. D. McIntosh, of Josephine county, Oregon.

Mr. Perkins is affiliated with the republican party and has served for some time as a member of the school board of the district in which he lives. He is an enterprising and industrious citizen of Josephine county and a man who is highly respected for his integrity among all his friends and business associates.

WILLIAM S. ALLAN, a resident of Yamhill county since 1891, is now the owner of ninety-three acres of excellent land and is extensively engaged in the cultivation of apples and prunes. His place is most appropriately named the Park Hill Orchards and in the midst of his land stands a fine residence and many modern improvements and equipments. He was born in Aberdeenshire, Scotland, June 17, 1865, and is a son of Alexander and Isabella (Sang) Allan, who spent their entire lives in Aberdeenshire, where the father was a granite worker. He married a farmer's daughter and they became the parents of ten children, seven sons and three daughters, of whom William S. Allan is the fourth in order of birth. The members of the household were: Alexander, who is now a resident of Illinois; Peter, whose demise occurred in Dundee, Oregon; Mary, who is likewise deceased; William S., of this review; Isabella, who has passed away; James, living in Vancouver, British Columbia; John, who likewise resides in Vancouver; Christine, who is deceased; Robert, of London, England; and Alfred.

William S. Allan spent his youthful days in the home of his parents, remaining in Scotland until seventeen years of age, when he came alone to the new world, making his way to Illinois about 1882. He left home on the 8th of June, desiring better opportunities than he could secure in his native country. He was ambitious to make the best use of his time and talents and for four years he worked as a farm hand in Lake county, Illinois. He then went to Minnesota, where he entered the employ of J. J. Hill, the railroad magnate, caring for his herd of Angus cattle. He continued for a year and a half with Mr. Hill and then entered the employ of T. W. Harvey, of Nebraska, as a cattle man, handling blooded stock. A year later he took charge of the Shorthorn herd of B. O. Cowan in Holt county, Missouri, there remaining for three years. In 1891 he arrived in Clarke county, Washington, where he spent four months, since which time he has been a resident of Yamhill county. He made his way first to Dundee and purchased ten acres of his present home farm. In the spring of 1892 he planted an apple orchard and in 1893 set out his first prunes. He bought and improved his first land and planted his orchards and subsequently he purchased some improved property. He now has ninety-three acres, of which ten acres are planted to apples and fifty acres to prunes. The remainder of the tract is set out to other fruits and to trees, and the Park Hill Orchards is one of the fine country places of this section of the county. He has recently erected a fine residence and has many other modern equipments and improvements on the place, including an evaporator. He evaporates the

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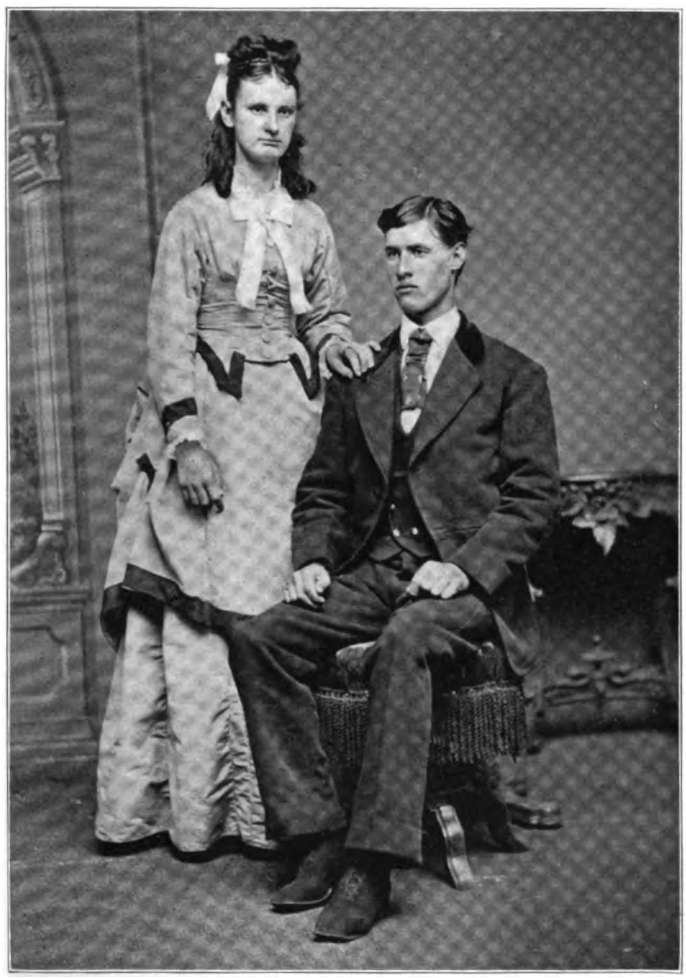

MR. AND MRS. H. A. PERKINS

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products of fifty acres and dries on an average of about sixty tons of prunes annually. He is thoroughly conversant with the best methods of prune production and of the care of the fruit after it is gathered and his business is proving profitable. His home is situated about a mile west of Dundee, yet his land extends to the corporation limits of the village, which at the time of his arrival contained only one store and the station, but is now a thriving town. Mr. Allan was one of the original prune men of this section and the industry has developed the town of Dundee and largely been the source of the upbuilding of this part of the country. He is the oldest prune grower "in the hills" and his success demonstrates what may be accomplished through energy, perseverance and the use of intelligent and scientific methods.

ADELBERT McKEE, who was for many year engaged in mining, has recently retired from that industry and is now a resident ranchman located on Big Applegate creek in Jackson county. He is a native of Missouri, having been born in Sullivan county on the 15th of March, 1852, and is the son of John and Mariam (Bowen) McKee. In early life the father followed the occupation of a school teacher. His parents emigrated from Missouri to Oregon in 1854, crossing the plains with ox teams. On reaching this state John McKee located in Jackson county, four miles southeast of Medford, and later removed to a ranch on Forest creek, where he established his home and continued to live for the succeeding sixteen or seventeen years. He later removed to Butte creek and subsequently to Eagle Point, where his death occurred February 15, 1911. His wife was called to her final rest on the 22d of October, 1907. For many years prior to his death John McKee was a member of the Independent Order of Odd Fellows. He was affiliated with the republican party and was one of the influential men in that political organization.

Adelbert McKee was reared in his father's home and acquired his early education in the public schools of the district in which he lived. His studies, however, were greatly interrupted on account of the very limited public-school facilities in an early day in his portion of the state. In his youth he became interested in and identified with placer mining and continued in this industry for many years, the field of his operations being principally confined to Forest creek and Applegate creek in Jackson county, although during the later years he has been giving his attention largely to agriculture and stock-raising.

In December, 1878, Mr. McKee was united in marriage to Miss Leila De Long, of Jackson county. Twelve children have been born to Mr. and Mrs. McKee, eight of whom survive, namely: Adelbert, at home; Edna T., the wife of Charles Raymond Phillips, of Applegate Creek, Jackson county; Verna B., now the wife of C. W. Culy, residing in the Applegate valley; Fort A.; Luella L.; Leonard R.; Doris T.; and Dorothy R.

Mr. McKee is a pronounced and loyal member of the republican party and is enthusiastically identified with the political movements and triumphs of that great political organization. Fraternally he is identified with the Improved Order of Red Men, belonging to Jacksonville Lodge, No. 1. His long residence in this portion of the state has made him one of the well known citizens of Jackson county. He is always interested in issues of a public nature looking to the advancement and betterment of the conditions of the people and is regarded as one of the up-to-date, thrifty ranchmen of the Applegate valley.

W. H. HUMPHREYS, JR., a well known and highly esteemed agriculturist residing four miles east of Salem, on the Macleay road, divides his time and energy between his farm and the Automatic Call & Advertising Clock Company of Portland. His birth occurred on his father's donation land claim in Marion county on the 8th of July, 1867, his parents being William and Penelope (Wilson) Humphreys. They were both natives of Tennessee and were married in that state before crossing the plains in 1853 and taking up a one hundred and twenty acre donation claim, which was located twelve miles directly east of Salem. This property has been his residence for nearly sixty years and at the time of his death in March, 1910, comprised three hundred and sixty-three acres. To Mr. and Mrs. Humphreys the following children were born, namely: Margaret, deceased; J. M., who is an extensive landowner and stock-raiser in Morrow county; Taxana Bellzora, who is the wife of J. M. Rogers and resides in Portland; A. M., who is engaged in the real-estate business in Portland; Ida, who is the wife of R. G. Ashby, an agriculturist of Marion county; Mary L., the wife of J. B. Ashby, who is also engaged in agricultural pursuits in Marion county; W. H., the subject of this sketch; Carrie and Minnie, twins, the former the wife of C. L. Rogers and the latter deceased; and Harry, who is acting as agent for the Automatic Call & Advertising Clock Company, of Portland.

W. H. Humphreys, Jr., received his early education in the country schools near his home and then attended the Monmouth Normal School and the Portland Business College. His first enterprise when he started out upon his independent career was to engage in the abstract business, but he soon disposed of this to A. A. Lee and set out for eastern Oregon, where he purchased three hundred and sixty acres of land, which he devoted to stock-raising. For ten years he was thus engaged and at the end of that time, after he had sold out to his brother, he returned to the family homestead, where he remained for a short time before removing to the small farm four miles east of Salem which is his present place of residence. In addition to cultivating this property Mr. Humphreys is also actively inter-

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ested in the Automatic Call & Advertising Clock Company, of Portland, of which he is an agent. In whatever he undertakes he shows an aggressive spirit and an ability capable of meeting the demands made upon it.

In 1891 Mr. Humphreys was married to Miss Hattie Ashby, who is a native of Marion county, Oregon, and a daughter of Joseph and Mary Ashby, both of whom are now deceased. In the family of Mr. and Mrs. Humphreys are two children, namely: Lola Lucile, who was born October 15, 1892, and is a high-school graduate; and Mary Grace, whose birth occurred February 10, 1900, and who is at present in school.

In politics Mr. Humphreys is a stanch republican and is much interested in the success of his party, giving it loyal allegiance although never seeking nor accepting office. He is also a member of Camp No. 118, Woodmen of the World, of Salem, and Mrs. Humphreys holds membership in the circle of this camp and also in the Evangelical church. Their noble qualities of character and their interest in the welfare of others have given Mr. and Mrs. Humphreys a high standing in their community.

FRANK JOHNSTON owns a blacksmith shop in Provolt which he has conducted for the past several years. He has an honorable military record, having served for many years in the regular army, the greater part of his service being in the Spanish-American war in connection with the Philippine campaign. He was born in Ohio, September 6, 1878, a son of John and Alice (Vamoorhis) Johnston, in whose family were three children. His youth was passed for the most part in Ohio, where he was given a good common-school education, and in early manhood he came to Oregon, where he lived for a time and in 1901 went to Washington. Early in life he enlisted in the regular army of the United States and after serving for three years reenlisted for three years in 1898, after spending some time in Oregon. After this period of service had expired he settled in Oregon, where he took up a homestead in Klamath county. After living upon that farm for a time he came to Josephine, where he engaged in blacksmithing, a trade which he had learned in the east. He owns his shop and is doing a very satisfactory business.

Mr. Johnston was married July 7, 1907, to Miss Bessie Carlisle, and to them were born two children, Alice M. and Thelma. Mr. Johnston is a socialist and although taking considerable interest in political matters devotes the most part of his time and attention to business. Fraternally he is a member of the Woodmen of the World camp and belongs to the United Spanish War Veterans. Being a workman of skill and a business man of ability he has succeeded in building up a very satisfactory business and his customers are increasing in number from time to time. He is a man of affable demeanor and, being well acquainted with many subjects as well as having a broad experience in travel incident to his military career, he has become the center of a large group of friends who mingle on terms of close intimacy. He has won the respect and confidence of the entire community and is held in high esteem by his large circle of acquaintances and patrons.

JACOB BOSSHART. The citizenship of the northwest has drawn its coterie from all sections of the world. Among the residents of Warrenton who came from the land of the Alps is Jacob Bosshart. He was born in Switzerland, October 2, 1858, and was there reared to adult age, securing his education in the public schools. He remained in his native land for twenty-eight years, or until 1886, when he came to America and established his home in Warrenton, Clatsop county, Oregon. Here he is at present engaged in conducting a saloon. He has been very successful since arriving here, accumulating quite a fortune, and is numbered among the substantial residents of the town.

BENJAMIN FRANKLIN RHODES, president of the Oregon Fire Relief Association, has in various connections been prominently identified with the business, professional and public interests of McMinnville and has become well established in the regard of his fellow townsmen by reason of his loyalty and fidelity to duty, whether of a public or a private nature. He was born in Madison county, Missouri, January 15, 1860, a son of John and Eliza (Graham) Rhodes, both of whom were natives of the same county, where they were reared and married. They later took up their abode upon a farm in that locality and there the father devoted his time and energies to general agricultural pursuits until September, 1873, when he came with his family to Oregon. This was about two years after the Union Pacific Railroad was built and even with the railroad transportation, such as it was then, it required three weeks to make the journey. On his arrival he settled in Monmouth, Polk county, but after a few months—in January, 1874—removed to Portland, where he worked at the carpenter's trade for about a year and a half. He then returned to Polk county and settled upon a farm, but in the fall of 1879 removed to McMinnville, where he resided until his death, which occurred August 15, 1900, when he had reached the age of sixty-six years, three months and four days. While a resident of Missouri he became a member of the Masonic fraternity and was ever afterward one of its exemplary representatives, upholding the principles and purposes of the craft. His wife died February 1, 1890, when fifty-nine years of age. Both were consistent members of the Baptist church and all who knew them entertained for them high esteem.

Benjamin F. Rhodes spent the first thirteen years of his life in his native county and then accompanied his parents on their removal to Oregon, his education being acquired in the public schools of the two states

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and in the McMinnville College and the Portland Business College. Liberal advantages well qualified him for later responsibilities which have come to him. In his teens he was employed by neighboring farmers, working in that manner until twenty-three years of age, but after completing his college course he took up the profession of teaching, giving the succeeding four years to educational work. While thus engaged he devoted the hours which are usually termed leisure to the study of law. During the last two years of his teaching he read law under W. D. Fenton, then of McMinnville, but did not complete his course of reading at that time. Instead, he turned his attention to the real-estate and insurance business in connection with his brother, M. D. L. Rhodes in McMinnville. Three years later he resumed the study of law and in June, 1896, was admitted to the bar. His brother, M. D. L. Rhodes, had been admitted a year previous and again in a partnership relation they entered upon law practice under the firm style of Rhodes & Rhodes. In April, 1901, however, the brother removed to Seattle and Benjamin F. Rhodes continued in practice alone. Gradually he worked his way upward until he stands well in the profession. In 1902 he was elected to the office of county judge and served upon the bench until April, 1906, when he resigned to accept the presidency of the Oregon Fire Relief Association, which had been tendered him. He has since served in this important capacity, in which connection he is well known in McMinnville and this part of the state.

On the 9th of July, 1889, Mr. Rhodes was united in marriage to Miss Mary I. Collard, a daughter of J. J. and Martha F. (Henderson) Collard, of McMinnville, who came to Oregon in its pioneer days, making their way from Missouri to the northwest some time in the '40s. Unto Mr. and Mrs. Rhodes have been born four children. Veda E., who is now a freshman in McMinnville College; Doda A., who is a junior in the high school of McMinnville; John Alvin, attending the grammar school; and Lola Frances.

Mr. Rhodes is well known in various connections outside of business and professional lines. He is a valued member of Union Lodge, No. 43, A. F. & A. M., and of Taylor Chapter, No. 16, R. A. M. He is a past master of the Masonic lodge, having presided in the east for two years, and has served for three years as lodge secretary. He also belongs to McMinnville Camp, No. 128, W. O. W. In politics he has ever been a democrat and was elected to the office of county judge on that ticket by a majority of two hundred and forty-two, although the county at that time had a normal republican majority of two hundred and fifty. His election was certainly a compliment to him, indicating his personal popularity and the confidence reposed in him by his fellow townsmen. He and his wife are helpful and active members of the Baptist church, in which he is serving on the board of trustees and at the present time is president of the board. He is now serving in the fourth year as president of the board of trustees of McMinnville College and has been a member of its board altogether for more than sixteen years. He belongs to the Commercial Club and to the Kono Club, a social organization of McMinnville. The consensus of public opinion places Mr. Rhodes in a prominent position among McMinnville's citizens and his abilities well fit him for the place of leadership which he occupies. He stands for those things which are always best in individual and community development, holds to high ideals and is ready to meet any obligation of life with the confidence and courage that come of conscious personal ability, right conception of things and an habitual regard for what is best in the exercise of human activities.

VICTOR H. COFFEY. For the greater part of twenty-seven years Victor H. Coffey has been a resident of the northwest and possesses the alert, enterprising spirit which has wrought such wonderful development in this section of the country, resulting in the building of a "western empire" that rivals the east in all that indicates business activity, intellectual, moral and social progress. He was born in Morgan county, Indiana, May 30, 1858, his parents being J. W. and Louisa (Norman) Coffey. In 1864 the family removed to Washington county, Iowa, settling upon a farm which continued to be the father's place of residence until his death in 1897. His widow still survives and is now living with her son Victor at the advanced age of eighty-five years. They were pioneer settlers of the northwest and through their influence and efforts contributed to the substantial development and improvement of the section of the state in which they lived. Their family numbered eight children: L. M., who is living in Clatsop county; J. T., who follows farming in the same county; B. F., and J. N., who are residents of Hammond; J. L., who is living in West Chester, Iowa; Victor H., of this review; and two who have passed away.

In taking up the personal history of Victor H. Coffey we present to our readers the life record of one widely and favorably known in the northwest. He was but a young lad of six years when with his parents he came to Iowa and until eighteen years of age remained at home with his parents, after which he began clerking in a store in Dayton, Iowa, where he spent four years. He afterward located at Wellman, Iowa, where he devoted two years to clerking, after which he went to Shelby county, Iowa, where he filled the office of deputy sheriff. In 1885 he removed to Oregon and secured a claim in Clatsop county, on which he resided for a year. Much of the land in that district was still wild and unimproved and in the intervening years he has taken an active and helpful part in the work of progress and upbuilding. He remained upon the farm for a year and then removed to Astoria, where he served as county assessor for one term. On his retirement from office in 1887 he turned his attention to general merchandis-

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ing, conducting a store in Astoria for seven years, after which he sold out and removed to Warrenton. Here he opened a general mercantile establishment and is still engaged in business. He keeps a carefully selected line of goods and his well appointed establishment and honorable business methods insure him a liberal patronage. He has prospered as the years have gone by and is now an active and valued factor in commercial circles in his adopted city. Nor has his activity been confined alone to individual interests. He has been closely associated with public affairs and for three terms has served as mayor of Warrenton, giving to the city a businesslike and public-spirited administration, characterized by many needed reforms and improvements.

On the 18th of December, 1881, Mr. Coffey was united in marriage to Miss Anna M. Brandt, who was born in Trenton, New Jersey, August 7, 1862, and is a daughter of Philip J. and Mary (Raisner) Brandt. Her parents were both natives of the north of Germany and came to America in the early '50s, first settling in New Jersey, where they lived for a number of years. They afterward became residents of Johnson county, Iowa, where the father died in 1896, while the mother is now living in Iowa City at the age of eighty-one years. In their family were eight children: Henry Brandt, who is now living retired in Iowa City; Mrs. Coffey; and six who are now deceased. Unto Mr. and Mrs. Coffey have been born seven children: P. H., at home; Katie M., who is now a milliner of Astoria; Charles, who was born March 5, 1887, and died on the 28th of July of the same year; and Mary L., Nellie H., Java H. and Victor H., all yet under the parental roof. In addition to an attractive home in Warrenton Mr. Coffey owns a good ranch of one hundred and fifty acres. His wife is a member of the Lutheran church and he holds membership with Dayton Lodge, No. 149, A. F. & A. M., of Wellman, Iowa. He has not affiliated with the order in Oregon, however, yet is in full sympathy with the beneficent spirit of the craft and its principles concerning mutual helpfulness. He is preeminently a business man, active, alert and energetic, and as the years have gone by he has met with a substantial measure of success, which is the merited reward of earnest, persistent labor. The history of the northwest is largely familiar to him, as he has been a witness of much of its growth and development and at all times he has stood for that which is best and most progressive in the business life of the community and in the advancement of its moral, intellectual and social interests.

FRANCIS MARION ALFRED. At the age of eighty years Francis Marion Alfred is living retired in Baker, and his is a well earned and well merited rest, for through a long period he was actively connected with business interests, which not only brought to him a comfortable competence but also proved factors in the substantial progress of this part of the state.

He was born February 17, 1832, in Pike county, Illinois, his parents being Alonzo and Nancy (Wilson) Alfred, both of whom were born in the east and died there. The son is indebted to the public-school system of his native state for the educational privileges he enjoyed. Illinois was largely a frontier district during the period of his boyhood and youth. He continued a resident of that state until he reached the age of twenty-two years, and in 1854 he started westward to California, attracted by the discovery of gold on the Pacific coast and the opportunities he believed might be there obtained. He engaged in prospecting until 1859, when he came to Oregon and took up his abode in Oregon City. He there spent six years engaged in clerking and in the apple business. In 1864 he removed to Auburn, where he assisted in building the big ditch and also followed mining and other pursuits. The year 1870 witnessed his arrival in Baker, at which time he began driving stage between this place and La Grande, continuing in that work until his retirement about 1900. He formed a very wide acquaintance, and his genial nature and cordiality made him popular with the patrons of the stage line and with all the people residing along the route.

Mr. Alfred is the only survivor of the family of five children, and has reached the age of eighty years. He wedded Miss Mary E. Hoffman, a daughter of William and Martha Hoffman and one of a family of nine children, of whom two are now living: Nancy, who is the wife of Milton White of Portland and has four children; and Thomas Hoffman, of Baker. Mr. and Mrs. Alfred had one child, a son who died in infancy, and Mrs. Alfred died in September, 1905.

In his political views Mr. Alfred has been a republican since the organization of the party. For a half century he has held membership with the Independent Order of Odd Fellows, belonging to Baker City Lodge, No. 25, and he stands very high in the order, being a member of Canton No. 2. He has been through all of the chairs in the local lodge and he has long been a devoted and faithful member of the Presbyterian church. He has never sought to figure prominently in any public connection, but his sterling worth, geniality and cordiality have been salient features in winning for him a large circle of friends. He is now one of the venerable citizens of Baker county, held in high esteem by young and old, rich and poor.

FRED O'KELLY is one of the enterprising merchants of Williams, Josephine county, where he is successfully engaged in the conduct of a general merchandising establishment and is also the postmaster of that place. He was born in Iowa, November 2, 1887, and is the son of LaFayette and Ellen S. (Burwell) O'Kelly, both of whom are natives of Iowa. LaFayette O'Kelly, shortly after his marriage, removed to Missouri

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where he was engaged in general farming for a period of seven years, after which he removed to Colorado where he was engaged in mining until 1908 and then removed to Josephine county, Oregon.

Fred O'Kelly was reared in his father's home and received his early education in the public schools of the district in which he lived. He remained under the parental roof until 1910, when he accepted employment as a clerk in a store at Williams where he remained for one year. He then purchased the entire establishment including the real estate and stock of goods and has since devoted his attention to the operation of that business.

Mr. O'Kelly was united in marriage at Grants Pass, in 1910, to Miss Edna Tryer, a native of Oregon, and to this union one child has been born, Burwell. Mr. O'Kelly is a member of the republican party and as a representative of that political organization is now serving in the office of postmaster of Williams. He is a member of the Modern Woodmen of America and also of the Ancient Order of United Workmen. He is a man held in high repute among the citizens of his county where he is engaged in the successful conduct of his mercantile business.

FRANCIS WESLEY LIVERMORE, who owns a fine ranch of two hundred and eighty acres, three miles southwest of Beaverton, that he is improving, has been operating a sawmill in Oregon for the past eighteen years. He was born in Iowa, his natal day being the 3d of November, 1863, and his parents were Theodore and Mary Ann (Wells) Livermore. The father was a native of Bloom county, New York, and the mother of Indiana, but they were married in Iowa, where they resided for ten years before they removed to Wisconsin. There the mother passed away in 1889, while the father died in Oregon on a visit to our subject on the 22d of July, 1907. Ten children were born to Mr. and Mrs. Livermore: Emma, the wife of B. J. Walker, of Wisconsin; Francis Wesley, our subject; George, who is living in Corvallis, Oregon; Ernest, a resident of Beaverton; Leona, the wife of Samuel Ensign, of Duluth, Minnesota; Mattie, the wife of B. J. Jackson, of Roseburg, Oregon; and Melvin, Eunice, Elvira and Gertrude, all of whom are deceased. Mr. Livermore had been previously married and by his first union there was born one son, Joshua, who is a resident of Wisconsin.

Reared at home Francis Wesley Livermore received a common-school education and began to make his way in the world at the age of twenty-four years. In 1893 he built a sawmill in Clackamas county, this state, that he operated for eight years and then removed it to Washington county, where he has ever since continued its operation. Here he acquired two hundred and eighty acres of land covered with an excellent growth of fine timber, all of which he has cleared, having realized a handsome dividend on his lumber. He is placing improvements on his ranch with the earnings it yields him and is now operating forty acres, which he has brought under a high state of cultivation. Mr. Livermore has met with success in his undertakings and is one of the prosperous citizens of the county and the owner of what promises to be a very valuable ranch.

On the 23d of June, 1889, was celebrated the marriage of Mr. Livermore and Miss Esther Steel, who was born in Iowa, on the 11th of June, 1871, and is a daughter of Abraham and Catherine (James) Steel. The parents were both natives of Pennsylvania but they were married in Iowa, where they resided until 1885, when they came to Coos county, Oregon, where the mother passed away on the 15th of October, 1887. The father, who is now seventy-eight years of age, continued to make his home in that county until 1902, when he removed to Washington county, and has ever since lived with his daughter, Mrs. Livermore. The family of Mr. and Mrs. Steel numbered five, as follows: Alice, the wife of John Lamp, of Idaho; Mrs. Livermore; and Melvin, Mary and Laura, all of whom succumbed to diphtheria within one week. To Mr. and Mrs. Livermore have been born three children: Ivy May, whose birth occurred in June, 1897; Francis S., who was born on the 22d of December, 1900; and John W., born on September 19, 1909. All the children are still in school and the daughter is also studying music.

The fraternal connections of Mr. Livermore are confined to his membership in the Woodmen of the World, his local affiliation being with the camp at Beaverton, and his political support is given to the republican party. Although he has never been an aspirant to public honors or the emoluments of office, Mr. Livermore has for the past five years been a member of the local school board. He is meeting with a goodly measure of success in his enterprises and is accorded the esteem of his community, by reason of his integrity and high sense of honor in all business transactions.

WILLARD N. SMITH. For more than a quarter of a century Willard N. Smith has been a resident of Oregon and for some years has been successfully engaged in the conduct of a general plumbing and heating business, being now located at No. 621 Commercial street, Astoria. Massachusetts claims him as a native son, his birth having there occurred on the 1st of November, 1857. His father, Nelson Smith, was born in the Old Bay state in 1810 and devoted his life to farming until his labors were ended in death. His wife, who bore the maiden name of Salina Burnett, also lived and died in Massachusetts. Their family numbered nine children, of whom two passed away in early life, the others being: Mary, who married Watson Williams, of Massachusetts; Eliza, the wife of George Harris, also of Massachusetts; and Louis B., Osman and Harvey G., all of Massachusetts; Willard, of

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this review; and Edson L., likewise residing in Massachusetts.

Mastering the common branches of learning as taught in the public schools and attending the high school of South Hadley, Massachusetts, Willard N. Smith devoted his energies to the work of the home farm for a few years. Subsequently he learned the tinner's trade at South Hadley Falls, following that pursuit for about four years. He was at different times in Holyoke and Springfield, Massachusetts, after which he went to Connecticut and Rhode Island. Gradually he made his way westward and spent two or three years in Kansas City. In 1883 he came to Oregon and the following year established his home in Astoria where he has since remained. After coming here he worked at his trade in the employ of E. R. Hawes for several years and subsequently was made superintendent of the waterworks, which position he filled for four years, from 1892 until 1896, when he utilized the capital he had saved from his earnings in the establishment of a business of his own. He opened a shop in partnership with C. H. Gribble, with whom he continued for a year, and then bought out his partner's interest, since which time he has been alone, conducting a general plumbing and heating business at No. 621 Commercial street. His thorough knowledge of the trade, excellent workmanship, capability in managing others and his carefully formulated and well executed plans have constituted the chief features in his progress in industrial lines. He has real-estate holdings in Astoria and well merits the prosperity which his labors have brought him.

On the 3d of September, 1884, Mr. Smith was married to Miss Jennie Hadden, who was born in Kansas, a daughter of Levi and Eliza Hadden. Her father was a farmer previous to the advent of the railroad, after which he engaged in hauling freight between Kansas and Missouri. Mr. and Mrs. Smith are now the parents of a daughter, Lena E. Their circle of friends is an extensive one and Mr. Smith is also well known among the Elks and Artisans, holding membership in both organizations. His political views are manifest in the support which he gives at the polls to the republican party. He is an excellent type of the enterprising young man of New England who seeks the opportunities of the far west and by improving his advantages reaches a position among the substantial citizens of his district.

ISAAC LAMBRIGHT is well known in McMinnville and throughout this portion of the state as the president of the Star Flouring Mills and is also a prominent factor in agricultural circles, owning and cultivating extensive tracts of land. His business is capably managed and that his judgment is sound and his plans of practical character is indicated in the success which has attended his efforts. He was born in Jefferson county, Virginia, August 16, 1844, his parents being Henry and Elizabeth (Kidwiler) Lambright, who were also natives of the Old Dominion and were of Pennsylvania Dutch stock, their respective families having removed from Maryland to Virginia. Early in the '50s the father took his family to Hardin county, Iowa, settling on a farm, which he continued to cultivate until his death, which occurred in 1869, resulting from the effects of an injury received while operating a threshing machine. His widow afterward removed to Henry county, Missouri, where her death occurred about 1874.

The youthful days of Isaac Lambright were spent upon the home farm and the common schools afforded him his educational opportunities. Ambitious to make the most of life and believing that better advantages were to be obtained in the far west, he joined a wagon train of fourteen wagons in 1865 and with it crossed the plains to Oregon. The Indians were on the rampage and while the wagon train was passing through Wyoming, within two miles of the Laramie river, the party was surrounded by a band of more than three hundred red men and was forced to go into corral about two o'clock. They were without water and undoubtedly all would have been massacred had not a large wagon train of freighters who had preceded them come to their rescue. All the members of a small wagon train had but a short time before been massacred just a little distance ahead of the party in which Mr. Lambright traveled and the wrecks of the wagons which had been burned together with the bones of the dead cattle and people were strewn over the plains.

After journeying for six months across the plains, over the hot stretches of sand and through the mountain passes, during which period many difficulties and dangers were encountered, Mr. Lambright at length reached Oregon, making his way to the present site of Newberg, in Yamhill county. Later he went to the French prairie in Marion county and a year or so afterward made his way to the Florence mining district in Idaho and for one year worked in the mines. He then returned to Yamhill county, where he has resided continuously since. For sixteen years after his return he engaged in the sawmill business and has since given much of his time to farming and to industrial pursuits. He is now the owner of a valuable tract of land of two hundred and six acres nine miles southwest of McMinnville and four hundred acres west of the town. These are cultivated under his supervision and annually bring forth good harvests, so that the financial return therefrom is a gratifying one. He continued to reside upon one of his farms until the fall of 1910, when he took up his abode in the city. In the spring of 1908 he purchased an interest in the Star Flouring Mills, at which time the company was reorganized and incorporated, Mr. Lambright becoming vice president. In December of the same year the president, Henry M. Daniel, died and Mr. Lambright succeeded him in the presidency, in which capacity he is now serving. He has also been identified with mining inter-

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ests for the past three years and owns valuable mining property at Sumpter, this state. In addition to his other interests he is a stockholder in the United States National Bank of McMinnville.

In October, 1873, Mr. Lambright was married to Mrs. Melinda S. Stow, the widow of Marian Stow, a sawmill man of Yamhill county. Before her first marriage she bore the maiden name of Miss Downing. Unto Mr. and Mrs. Lambright have been born two children: Olive May, now the wife of Walter Macy, who operates one of her father's farms; and William H., at home. Politically he is a democrat and socially is connected with the Patrons of Husbandry. McMinnville places his name high on the roll of her leading and representative citizens. He forms his plans readily, is determined in their execution and by the intelligent direction of his affairs has won a most gratifying and creditable position in commercial, industrial and financial circles. He allows no obstacle or difficulty to brook his path if it can be overcome by persistent, earnest effort, and, moreover, he readily recognizes and improves the opportunities which many others have passed heedlessly by. His work has been a direct force for good to the community as well as a source of individual success.

W. T. BOSTWICK has long been a citizen of this state and of Jackson county. He is the superintendent of a large ranch of which he has entire charge, directing all its agricultural and stock interests, and in addition to this position he follows diversified farming on his home ranch, located in the Upper Applegate valley in Jackson county. He is a native of California, his birth having occurred in that state, October 31, 1867. He is the son of William H. and Eva (Dunn) Bostwick, his father being one of a family of thirteen children born to his parents.

W. T. Bostwick was reared in his father's home and received his education in the public schools. He remained under the parental roof until he attained his majority at which time he removed to Oregon and in this state he has since been prominently identified with the ranching business. For the past seven years he has been the sole director and manager of one of the large ranches located in this county, giving his special attention to its management and in addition he follows diversified farming, his crops including hay, garden truck, beans and fruit.

Mr. Bostwick has been twice married. Miss Rhoda Dulop, a native of this state, was his first wife. Her earthly pilgrimage was closed June 1, 1889, and she was buried in Logtown cemetery in Upper Applegate valley. Mr. Bostwick was later united in marriage to Miss Gussa Snyder and to this union five children have been born, Josephine, Earl, Henry, Everett and Harold, all of whom are at home with their parents. He is affiliated with the republican party and is one of the stanch supporters of the principles of this dominant political organization. He is a man who is highly esteemed wherever known and his life of devoted attention to business matters committed to his trust has gained for him the well merited reputation of being a man of ability and unquestioned integrity. In all public issues looking to the development of his county and state Mr. Bostwick's support is always to be relied upon, and he cheerfully contributes both of his time and means to the success of any worthy cause.

FRANK HOLMES, who since the 1st of June, 1907, has been engaged in the practice of law at Salem, where he is recognized as an able and rising young attorney, was born at Dallas, Polk county, Oregon, June 1, 1871, his parents being D. J. and Mary Ellen (Lewis) Holmes. The father was born in Pike county, Illinois, July 1, 1839, and was a son of H. M. V. and Nancy (Porter) Holmes. The great-grandparents of Frank Holmes in the paternal line came from Dublin, Ireland, and settled in Virginia, where the great-grandfather died, while his wife afterward removed to Pulaski county, Kentucky, and there reared her family. Her son, H. M. V. Holmes, was born in Wythe county, Virginia, and after reaching years of maturity wedded Nancy Porter, also a native of Virginia. They were residents of Pike county, Illinois, at the time of their marriage, and there resided until 1848, when they crossed the plains with ox teams to Oregon, settling in Polk county, where H. M. V. Holmes secured a donation claim of six hundred and forty acres twelve miles north of Salem. Both he and his wife died upon that place. He followed farming and also speculated in cattle, horses and sheep. In his political allegiance he was a stanch democrat and several times was elected a member of the legislature, serving in the general assembly both before and after the admission of the state to the Union, representing Polk county. He also filled the position of justice of the peace for a number of terms and in that connection rendered decisions which were strictly fair and impartial. As assemblyman he left the impress of his individuality upon the laws of the state and it was a widely recognized fact that he ever stood for progress and advancement. He was reared in the faith of the Methodist Episcopal church but afterward became a Swedenborgian. His death occurred when he was more than seventy years of age. In his family were seven children: D. J., the father of Frank Holmes; Nancy Jane, deceased; A. M., who is living on the old homestead in Polk county; J. P., who also resides on the old home place; William Henry, an attorney of Salem, Oregon; Horatio Reese, who became a physician and surgeon and died in Portland; and Mary A., who died in Polk county in infancy. The first four were all natives of Pike county, Illinois.

D. J. Holmes, father of our subject, was but a young lad when in 1848 he accompanied his parents on their journey across the plains. Much of his life has been passed in Polk county but he and his wife are

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now living in Salem. For a long period he followed farming and he is still the owner of a tract of twenty acres a mile went of Salem in Polk county. In addition to the cultivation of the soil he engaged in raising sheep but in 1889 suffered the loss of several thousand sheep that perished in a storm, the flock being snowed under five feet in Wasco county. It was in 1869 that D. J. Holmes wedded Miss Mary E. Lewis, who was born in Marion county, Oregon, and is a daughter of J. H. and Ellen (Gilliam) Lewis, who came to this state in 1847 and settled in Polk county, adjoining the county seat. Mr. and Mrs. D. J. Holmes are the parents of four children: Webster, who is now an attorney of Tillamook; Frank, of this review; Estella, who is the wife of Joseph D. Fontain, of Baker county; and Ella, the wife of T. O. Shonkewiler, of Victor, Montana.

Frank Holmes spent a portion of his childhood in Polk and in Wasco counties upon stock farms which his father was conducting. He pursued his education in the public schools and in Willamette University at Salem and, taking up the study of law, which he carefully pursued, was admitted to the bar on the 1st of June, 1907, since which time he has practiced in that city. He now has a good clientage which is continuously growing in volume and in importance. He is careful and painstaking in the preparation of his cases and his presentation of his case indicates a thorough understanding of the points under consideration and the law applicable thereto.

On the 1st of August, 1907, Mr. Holmes was married to Miss Josie Adamson, a native of Silverton, Oregon, and a daughter of Sarah and Edward Adamson. They have two children, Frank, Jr., and Philip.

Mr. Holmes is well known in Salem where he has lived since his student days and his unfeigned cordiality and geniality have been factors in winning him a large circle of friends, while his thorough study and unfaltering devotion to his clients' interests are gaining him success as a lawyer. He now holds membership in the Marion County Bar Association.

HARRY CHRISTENSEN, arriving in America when a youth of seventeen years, has become thoroughly imbued with the American spirit and especially the spirit of the west, where the air seems rife with enterprise and determination to do and to dare. He was born in Denmark, January 24, 1854, his parents being Kristen and Katrina Christensen, who were also natives of Denmark, where they always resided. The father's death occurred there in 1886 and the mother died in the year 1908. They had a family of ten children, of whom four sons and two daughters are still living, all yet being residents of Denmark save the subject of this review and John, who resides upon a ranch near Oregon City. The others are Bodilmarie, Stine, Karoline and Resemine.

It was in the year 1871 that Harry Christensen left his native country and crossed the broad Atlantic to the new world. He first settled at San Francisco, California, and was afterward employed in the lumber woods of Mendocino county, California, for three years. Later he became a sailor and in 1876 took charge of the boat Harry, of which he was captain for three years. On the expiration of that period he went to Alaska, where he spent one summer, and next took a position as bartender in San Francisco, where he remained until 1881. Carefully saving his earnings he then came to Astoria and turned his attention to the salmon fishing business, in which he continued for four years. As proprietor of a saloon he was again connected with the business interests of San Francisco until 1901, when he sold out there and removed to Astoria, where he established a saloon, which he has since conducted, owning a fine place at No. 640 Commercial street. He also owns an attractive residence property where he lives.

Mr. Christensen has been married twice. In 1887 he wedded Miss Amelia Erickson, who was born in Norway and died in 1892. In 1897 Mr. Christensen was again married, his second union being with Miss Mary Berry, who was born in California. Her mother died during the childhood of Mrs. Christensen, but her father is still living in the east. She was one of six children, all of whom yet survive.

Mr. Christensen took out naturalization papers in 1876. He has always voted with the democratic party but has never sought nor desired office. His fraternal relations are with the Red Men and with the Owls of Astoria and in both organizations his genial manner and unfeigned cordiality have won him the high regard and good-will of his brethren.

ARTHUR S. KLEINHAMMER is one of the enterprising and successful farmers in Little Applegate valley, having his residence on an extensive ranch of four hundred and ninety-four acres which he owns, located on Applegate creek, in Jackson county. He was born in the county where he now resides, May 22, 1870, and is the son of Claus and Frances (Saltmarsh) Kleinhammer, his father being a native of Germany and his mother of the Willamette valley, this state, her parents having settled in Oregon in 1849. Claus Kleinhammer was identified with mining interests at Sterling continuously for a period of twenty-six years. He was one of the early gold seekers who emigrated to California in 1849, from which state he removed to Oregon in 1851, locating in Sterling, where for twenty-six years he was interested in mines and mining. He removed later, however, to the Rogue river valley, settling two miles south of Medford, where he purchased a farm of one hundred and fifty acres. He continued to live upon this place and improve it until 1904, at which time he sold this property and removed to Ashland, in Jackson county, where he spent the remaining years of his life, his death occurring in Ashland in 1908. Mrs. Kleinhammer is

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MR. AND MRS. HARRY CHRISTENSEN

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still living and maintains her home in Ashland.

Arthur S. Kleinhammer was reared in his father's home and educated in the public schools. He remained under the parental roof until he was twenty years of age, at which time he began his business career. He has, however, been deeply interested in stock-raising since he was a boy of sixteen, and has spent his entire business life in Jackson county, engaged continuously in the stock business. His fine ranch of four hundred and ninety-four acres has been improved during the years until now it is regarded as one of the most complete and best equipped ranches of its kind in this part of the state. His beautiful residence recently finished, is equipped with all modern conveniences, including hot and cold water.

Mr. Kleinhammer was united in marriage to Miss Mary E. Anderson, of Jackson county, on August 8, 1900, and to this union three children have been born, Esther F., Dorris C. and Claus T. He is a member of one of the fraternal orders of his locality and he and his wife are church members.

Mr. Kleinhammer is interested in all measures affecting the industrial and moral advancement of the people and is well known throughout his county as being a successful stockman and a friend of every just and worthy cause.

ENOS L. McCORMICK, closely associated with business activity in Hillsboro as proprietor of a music and jewelry store, has found that success is ambition's answer. Prompted by a laudable desire to progress in commercial circles, he has bent every energy toward the upbuilding of his business and is enjoying an extensive and growing patronage. Many of Oregon's native sons have found in this state the opportunity for the attainment of prosperity. Among this number is Enos L. McCormick, whose birth occurred in Polk county, April 6, 1865. His father, William H. McCormick, was a native of Indiana, born in 1840, and in 1859, when a young man of nineteen years, he came to Oregon, where he has since made his home, now residing in Washington county. Throughout the greater part of this period he has been identified with farming. He married Levina Hodson, of Iowa, who was born in 1841, their wedding being celebrated in 1859. They have lived to celebrate their golden wedding and as the years have passed by they have reared a family of ten children two of whom died: Frances J., now the wife of J. S. Robinson, of Washington county; Enos L.; Laura, the wife of D. M. McInnis, of Marion county, Oregon; C. M., who is living at Newberg, Yamhill county; Christina, the wife of William Davis, of Yamhill county; Maud, the wife of J. A. Messenger, of Yamhill county, whose people came to Oregon in the '60s; J. W., who is at home with his parents; and Ira G., who married Olga Peterson, of Washington county.

At the usual age Enos L. McCormick began his education as a public school pupil and afterward became a student of the Pacific College at Newberg, Oregon. He then took up the profession of teaching which he followed for eight years in different public schools of this state, or until elected recorder in 1894. He has made his home in Hillsboro since 1894 and was first identified with business affairs here as a dealer in sporting goods and furniture, but eventually sold out to G. A. Patterson and six years ago opened his present music house and jewelry store. He carries a large and well selected line of jewelry and of musical instruments of the best make, and his trade in both branches of his business places him with the successful merchants of the city.

On the 13th of November, 1895, Mr. McCormick was united in marriage to Miss Geneva Helen Birdsell, of Portland, who was born in Iowa, and they now have one daughter, Eva Helen. The parents occupy an enviable position in social circles and the hospitality of the most attractive homes of Hillsboro is cordially extended them. In his political views Mr. McCormick is a republican and ever keeps well informed on the issues and questions of the day, for he believes it the duty as well as the privilege of every American citizen to support the principles which he deems of most value as factors in good government. The only office that he has ever held is that of county recorder, which position he filled from 1894 until 1898. He is a prominent and popular member in the Odd Fellows Society of Hillsboro, has filled all of the chairs and is now serving as grand patriarch. In manner he is approachable and genial and those who are closely associated with him find that his friendship is to be depended upon under all circumstances.

FRED C. WILSON, proprietor of a splendidly equipped photographic studio in Astoria, his native city, was born here on the 30th of August, 1888, and is one of the representative young business men of northwestern Oregon. His father, John Wilson, a native of Finland, was born in 1849 and became a resident of Astoria in 1880, since which time he has engaged in the fishing business. Unto him and his wife, Johanna Wilson, were born five children who are yet living: Sandra, the wife of William Pantaja, a resident of Berkeley, California; Edward, who is living in Reedley, California; William, of Astoria; Fred C., of this review; and Richard, at home.

At the usual age Fred C. Wilson entered the public schools, passing through consecutive grades until he put aside his textbooks to become an active factor in the business world. For some time he was assistant to A. A. Saari, a photographer, and eventually purchased the studio of H. S. Carter in January, 1909. He is still proprietor of this establishment and has built up a gratifying business. The studio contains four rooms, well equipped for carrying on photography according to the latest processes. He had but little capital when he began business for himself but was soon

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accorded a liberal patronage because of the excellence of his work and has discharged all indebtedness on his studio and now has a profitable business.

In his political views Mr. Wilson is a republican and keeps well informed on the questions of the day. His religious faith is that of the Lutheran church and his fraternal relations are with the Foresters. He also belongs to the Four A Athletic Club. He is interested in music and his personal talent in that direction finds expression in his membership with the Pacific Orchestra, with which he was connected for seven years, when the demands of his business left him no time for active participation in musical circles. For a time he was a piano player of the orchestra and later had the snare drums. His musical ability and attractive social qualities have gained for him many friends and he is rapidly making for himself a most creditable position in business circles of his native city.

GEORGE W. McQUEEN. One of the enterprising citizens of Cottage Grove who is well known in business circles is George W. McQueen, a dealer in real estate and prominently connected with the North Fairview Mining Company of Eugene and the Grizzly Mountain Mining & Production Company of Cottage Grove. He was born in Iowa, in 1874, a son of George W. and Kate R. (Brown) McQueen, the father being a native of Ohio and the mother of New York. The father passed away in 1898 but the mother survives and is making her home in Montana with her son Ivan. Six children were born unto this worthy couple, namely: Ivan, of Montana; Mary L., the wife of Solomon Davidson, of Portland, Oregon; William, teaching school in Bloomfield, Montana; George W., of this review; Zaida, who married Charles Morrow, a farmer of Marcola, Oregon; and Viola, deceased.

George W. McQueen started out in life for himself at the early age of seventeen years to earn his living and make his way in the world when he came with his parents to Oregon, and on arriving here secured a position in the store of Eakin & Bristoe at Cottage Grove, which he continued to fill for thirteen years. At the end of that time he purchased an interest in a livery business, with which he was connected for two years. He then sold out and opened a confectionery store which he conducted for five years, and then, in November, 1909, engaged in the real-estate business with which he has since been connected. He owns a half interest in a two-story business block on Main street, also his home, which includes a quarter of an acre, two blocks on Main street worth twenty-five hundred dollars, besides a residence property which he rents. He is also general manager of the North Fairview Mining Company of Eugene and secretary and treasurer of the Grizzly Mountain Mining & Production Company of Cottage Grove, both mines being located in the Bohemia district. A considerable part of his attention is necessarily given to these properties.

In his political views Mr. McQueen is a republican but has never been an office seeker, his only public service having been as a member of the city council for one term. He received the appointment of postmaster at one time but refused to accept the position. He has always taken an active interest in the affairs of Cottage Grove being actively associated with every project calculated to advance the city's interests. His brother Ivan, of Montana, was state representative from Lane county for two terms and the McQueen family is well known in Oregon. In his fraternal connections he is a member of the Benevolent Protective Order of Elks and the Knights of Pythias. In his religious views he is liberal, holding to no particular sect. Mr. McQueen is one of the most active, influential and valuable business men and citizens of Cottage Grove, having lived for over twenty years in that city. During all this time he has been actively engaged in business, he has become known practically throughout the entire community and is thoroughly respected by all with whom he has come in contact.

S. H. WILLET, who conducts a general plumbing and gas and steam-fitting business in Astoria, was born in Adams county, Pennsylvania, on the 27th of September, 1855. He was an infant at the time of his father's death. His mother bore the maiden name of Elizabeth Auger and S. H. Willet is the only surviving child. At the usual age he entered the public schools of his native state and was first employed at farming in Pennsylvania, engaging in the tilling of the soil for several years. In 1870, however, he turned his attention to industrial pursuits, becoming connected with the plumbing business in Kentland, Illinois. He devoted two and a half years to learning the trade and in 1873 came to Oregon. He first went to Portland but after a brief period removed to Astoria. Here he soon became a member of the fire department and also worked at the plumber's trade. Later he took a trip to his old home in Pennsylvania, spending a year in the east, and then again came to Astoria. In 1891 he opened a plumbing shop and now conducts a general plumbing, gas and steam-fitting and contracting business. He is a practical heating engineer, thoroughly familiar with all the different branches of his trade, and his labors have been very satisfactory to all who have employed his services. He has succeeded in winning a liberal patronage and has ever endeavored to please his customers, recognizing the fact that satisfied patrons are the best advertisement.

In 1896 Mr. Willet was married to Miss Augusta Vass, who was born in Germany, whence she was brought to America by her parents, who settled in Oregon. Her father is now deceased but her mother is still living. Mr. and Mrs. Willet have one daughter, Nora, who was born in Astoria and is now in school. Both Mr. and Mrs. Willet have many friends in the city where they

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reside and it is a well known fact that his cooperation can be secured for the advancement of any project or measure calculated to promote the public good. He is a republican and wide reading has made him familiar with the chief political issues of the day. He never falters in the expression of an honest conviction, yet is never bitterly aggressive in politics. In fact, he displays many sterling qualities in all the relations of life and this accounts for the large circle of friends whose regard is so freely given him.

IVAN L. DANIEL. Early realizing the fact that industry, close application and strong purpose are indispensable elements in success, Ivan L. Daniel has utilized those qualities in winning for himself the enviable position which he now occupies in industrial circles as the secretary and treasurer of the Star Flouring Mills of McMinnville. He was born in Fillmore county, Minnesota, February 2, 1863, and the ancestry of the family in America can be traced back to a colonel of the English army who was sent to St. Augustine, Florida, on a government mission. There in a subsequent battle he was wounded and receiving his commission he located near St. Augustine, becoming the founder of the family in the new world. The great-great-grandfather of Ivan L. in the Daniel line served as a sharpshooter under General Scott in the battle of Lundys Lane in the War of 1812 and was wounded in that engagement. Congress afterward voted him a gold medal for meritorious conduct on the field. Two brothers of the family served as sharpshooters and fought with their father in the battle of Lundys Lane and both were killed by his side. John W. Daniel, of Lynchburg, Virginia, was a first cousin of Henry M. Daniel, the father of our subject. One of the great-grandmothers of Mr. Daniel belonged to the Henry family and was a direct descendant of Patrick Henry. Two uncles of Ivan L. Daniel were soldiers throughout the Civil war.

His parents were Henry M. and Sarah A. (Driskell) Daniel, who were natives of Virginia and Kentucky respectively. They were married in the latter state, whither Henry M. Daniel had gone as a young man. In early life he learned the distilling and milling business, having wealthy relatives in Kentucky who operated distilleries and flouring mills. In their establishment he learned the business, thus laying the foundation for the success which came to him in later life in connection with the milling industry. About three years after their marriage they removed to Missouri and Henry Daniel, who was a carpenter and millwright, followed those trades in that state for three years, after which he took his family to Minnesota, settling in Fillmore county, where he operated a grist and sawmill for eighteen years. In 1873 he came west to Seattle, Washington, and soon afterward made his way to Yamhill county, settling in North Yamhill, where he engaged in the sawmill business, with which he was identified for twelve years. He next turned his attention to the manufacture of flour at Yamhill, operating the Trullinger Mills for two years, his son Ivan L. being a partner with him in this enterprise. Father and son then purchased a half interest in the La Fayette Flouring Mills, which they operated for three years. Subsequently they cultivated a farm near Yamhill for one year, the father having acquired this property while engaged in the sawmill business in Yamhill. In September, 1894, he traded his farm for a half interest in the Star Mills at McMinnville and again entered into active connection with the milling business, Ivan L. Daniel working with him. In June, 1902, the father became sole owner of the mill and a month later sold a half interest to his son Ivan, their business connections as equal partners continuing until August, 1908, at which time they incorporated as a stock company, Henry M. Daniel becoming president, with Isaac Lambright as vice president and Ivan L. Daniel as secretary and treasurer. In December following the father, then in his eightieth year, died and Mr. Lambright succeeded to the presidency, while Ivan L. Daniel continued in the same position which he had hitherto filled. Ever since acquiring an interest in the business in 1902 he has practically been in charge as business manager, while his father supervised the actual milling processes. Father and son were more like two brothers than parent and child. Each consulted the other on all business arrangements and the close bond of interest between them was one seldom seen. Henry M. Daniel was one of three men who had the courage to go to the polls in Fillmore county, Minnesota, during the Civil war and there give expression to his honest opinion in voting the democratic ticket. He strongly believed in the principles of that party although he was an ardent anti-slavery man. In 1872 he was elected state representative, the first member of his party ever chosen to the office after the territory was admitted as a state. Following his arrival in Yamhill county he remained a stanch democrat until the campaign of William Jennings Bryan, when he could not support the free silver policy of the Nebraska candidate and affiliated with the republican party. This was characteristic of Mr. Daniel, who never faltered in the support of what he believed to be for the best interests of his country. He held membership in the Masonic fraternity from 1861 until his death and was regarded as one of its exemplary representatives. In Yamhill county he had a wide acquaintance and was esteemed by all who knew him.

Ivan L. Daniel was reared under the parental roof and from early youth was familiar with the milling business. In his boyhood it was a matter of interest to him to watch the process that was carried on as the grain was converted into flour and as the years passed his labors became an effective force in the work of the mill. The common schools afforded him his educational

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privileges, yet his opportunities in that direction were very meager, being limited to attendance during the winter months prior to his twelfth year. However, he has been a broad reader and has become a reasonably well informed man, learning many valuable lessons in the school of experience. As previously indicated, his life has been given to the milling business and as his father's associate he received thorough training in early life and later proved his worth in the capable management and conduct of a milling business as his father's partner.

In 1895 Mr. Daniel was married to Miss Bessie Perry, of North Yamhill, and unto them have been born seven children, of whom six are living, Elaine, Remus, Perry, Alice, Maggie and Nellie, all yet at home. In his political views Mr. Daniel is a republican yet has never sought or desired office, preferring to concentrate his energies upon his business affairs. He belongs to Union Lodge, No. 43, A. F. & A. M.; to Taylor Chapter, No. 16, R. A. M.; and to the Woodmen of the World. The place he has made for himself in business circles and in public regard is a creditable one. He is now justly numbered among the representatives of industrial activity in McMinnville, being today at the head of one of its most important industrial concerns.

COLUMBUS COLE, a pioneer farmer now living retired in Marcola, Lane county, was the first merchant and postmaster of this city in which he has always been a leading and much respected citizen. After a long and successful business career he is now living retired and enjoys the fruits of his earlier labors. He was born March 26, 1842, in Knox county, Ohio, a son of Henry E. and Levina (Beach) Cole. The father was a native of Connecticut and the mother of Pennsylvania, but with their respective families they removed, in early life, to Ohio, where they were married. The Cole family is well represented in Knox county, Ohio, for at an early date two of the father's brothers also took up claims adjoining, but all are now deceased. In the family of Mr. and Mrs Henry E. Cole were six children, the order of birth being as follows: William, of Kansas; Columbus; Mary, the widow of a Mr. Wilson, of Mount Vernon, Ohio; Henry, a resident of Red Wing, Minnesota; Clara, the wife of Columbus Wilson, of Iowa; and Wheeler, residing on the old homestead farm in Ohio upon which his grandfather settled on removing west from Connecticut.

Columbus Cole was reared on the farm of his father in Ohio and in that state received a common-school education and assisted his father in the farm work until attaining the age of nineteen years. In 1861, shortly after the great Civil war cloud darkened the whole country, he enlisted in the Union army and his regiment was assigned to Sherman's command. He participated in the battle of Shilo or Pittsburgh Landing and fought at Fort Donelson and in a number of lesser skirmishes, also enduring great hardships and privations on many of the trying marches. In the following year, being seriously wounded in battle, he was discharged from the service and returned home. His physical condition was so serious, however, that he was not able to work for several years. In 1870 he emigrated to Missouri and settled near Wellsville, where he bought land which he cultivated and upon which he lived until 1874, when he crossed the plains to Oregon and took up a government homestead of one hundred and sixty acres in the Mohawk valley, sixteen miles east of Eugene. Soon after settling there a postoffice was established and he was appointed postmaster. He also opened a general merchandise business which he conducted for many years, developing it until he had a very fine store and a good stock of goods. Mrs. Cole for the most part took care of the postoffice and store while her husband cleared his land and engaged in general farming. He also operated a sawmill at what was then called Isabelle, but when the railroad was built the name of the place was changed by the railroad officials to Marcola, in honor of Mrs. Cole, the word being a contraction of her name, Mary Cole. Mr. Cole continued in active business until in 1906, when he sold out his general mercantile stock but still owns the building in which the business was conducted and which still accommodates the postoffice. He also owns other residence and business property in Marcola.

In June, 1865, in Ohio, Mr. Cole was united in marriage to Miss Mary Hart, a daughter of Samuel and Margaret (Thrailkill) Hart, whose father was a native of Pennsylvania and whose mother was born in Ohio. Mrs. Cole is the eldest of a family of nine children, the others being: James, deceased; Lorena, the wife of William Bates, of Ohio; William and Francis, both deceased; George, of Missouri; John, also of that state; Eva, deceased; and Charles, of Missouri. Unto Mr. and Mrs. Cole one child was born, Nellie, who was born in 1866, in Ohio, and is now the wife of T. J. Whitmore, of Bickleton, Washington. She has three children, Delano, Hazel and Beryl, all attending school. Mr. Cole is a republican and although he has always been a leading citizen of his community he has never sought nor held public office excepting that of superintendent of the school board. Since the time he settled at the place where Marcola is now located he has always been a leading spirit in the community and the citizens, all of whom are friends and neighbors, have always left to him to take the initiative in everything pertaining to the public good. He has now reached the close of his active business life and is enjoying in the seclusion of his own home, surrounded by friends, the fruits of a well spent life.

JOHN E. WICKS. Probably no resident of Astoria has made more rapid progress in his vocation during the past seven years than John E. Wicks, who is a competent and highly successful architect. He is a native of Finland, his birth having there occurred on the 13th of July, 1878, and a son of

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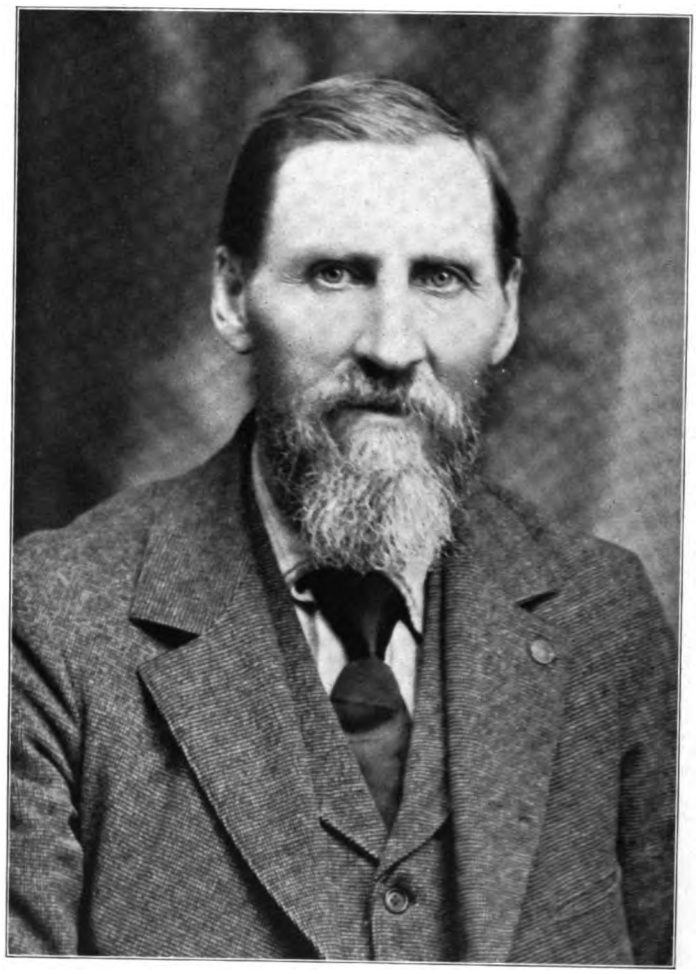

COLUMBUS COLE

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MRS. COLUMBUS COLE

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Erick and Lessie (Nasman) Wicks, both of whom continue to make their home in the native land. Of the eight children born to Mr. and Mrs. Wicks but two have become residents of the United States: John E., our subject and Alfred, who is engaged in the grocery business in Seattle.

John E. Wicks was reared at home, obtaining his education in the common and high schools of Finland, where he spent the first twenty-one years of his life. Being attracted toward the United States, recognizing its greater opportunities and better advantages for an ambitious and enterprising young man, in 1899 he took passage for this country. He first located in Denver, where he obtained a position on the railroad. Being entirely unfamiliar with both the customs and language of the country, those first few years were extremely trying and almost hopelessly discouraging, but he had started out with the determination to win, so steadily but determinedly plodded on. From the very simplest occupation he advanced to the position of foreman of bridge builders in an incredibly short time for one so handicapped as he had been. His spare moments were diligently applied to the mastery of the language and the acquiring of a knowledge of architecture and construction. Later he pursued a private course in the latter subjects at Bethany College, Kansas. As soon as he could qualify he obtained work at drafting in the office of a Denver architect, subsequently following the same occupation in other cities of the west. He continued studying all of the time he was working, not being satisfied with having touched the bottom rung of the ladder, but resolved to have an office of his own and create a place for himself among the members of his chosen profession. In 1904 he came to Astoria and established an office, and believing in himself he inspired confidence in others and almost from the first has met with most gratifying success. He designed the new Astoria high-school building, which was erected at a cost of one hundred thousand dollars, and he also made the plans for and supervised the construction of Dr. Kinney's twenty-five-thousand-dollar residence. During the seven years he has been engaged in business here, he has designed and constructed many buildings for both private and public purposes, as well as private residences. He has a keen appreciation of architectural values, symmetry and proportion, at the same time his buildings always meet the practical requirements for which they were intended. Doubtless one of his most valuable assets is his faculty to design a residence that can be constructed within the limitations of moderate means, and yet not necessitate the sacrifice of the artistic to the practical, nor carry the suggestion of having procured its effects through cheap imitations or substitutions. To Mr. Wicks has been awarded the contract for designing and supervising the construction of the centennial buildings.

In 1905 was solemnized the marriage of Mr. Wicks and Miss Marie O. Cederberg, also a native of Finland. To them have been born two daughters, Ethel Marie and Esther Anne.

Their religious views Mr. and Mrs. Wicks manifest through their affiliation with the Lutheran church, and fraternally he belongs to the Knights of Pythias and the Masonic order, having taken the degrees of the blue lodge. He has become a naturalized citizen of the United States and his political support he always accords those men and measures he deems best adapted to meet the exigencies of the situation. His endeavors have been most substantially rewarded and he is meeting with financial success in his profession and in addition to his other interests is now a stockholder and director of the Scandinavian Bank. Mr. Wicks' record since settling in the United States is but one more proof of the fact that influence and capital are not essential to success in this country, where there are willingness, determination and tenacity of purpose that compel recognition of merit.

EDWARD MARVIN BROOKS is one of the partners in the firm of Brooks Brothers, general merchants at Scholls, and in the conduct of his business he is displaying a spirit of enterprise and progress that brings substantial results. He is a native of Michigan, his birth having occurred in Lenawee county, on the 23d of September, 1873, his parents being Emory E. and Almira (Smith) Brooks, who, leaving the middle west in 1875, made their way to Washington county, Oregon. Here the mother is still living but the father passed away in 1908.

Their son Edward spent his youthful days under the parental roof. He was only two years old when the family came to the northwest, so that his education was acquired in the public schools of this section of the state, with one term at Philomath College. When twenty-one years of age he entered upon the profession of teaching, which he followed for seven years, contributing much to the intellectual progress of the communities in which he labored, for he possessed the ability to impart clearly and readily to others the knowledge which he had acquired. However, thinking to find a more profitable field of labor in merchandising, in 1901 he engaged in the jewelry business in Oakland and was prominently identified with commercial interests there for nine years. In 1910 he removed to Scholls, where he joined his brother, Rollin H., in organizing the present firm of Brooks Brothers for the conduct of a general mercantile store. They carry a large and well selected line of goods and the business is bringing to them a gratifying return, because their straightforward dealing and earnest efforts to please their customers have gained for them a large patronage. In addition to their commercial interests they own and operate a farm of eighty-five acres, pleasantly situated about a mile and a half from Scholls.

In 1905 Edward M. Brooks was married to Miss Ida Gray, of Oakland, Oregon, a daughter of Joseph and Mary (Buffington)

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Gray, both of whom were natives of Douglas county, this state. The father died in 1901, but the mother is still living and now makes her home in Oakland. Unto Mr. and Mrs. Brooks have been born two interesting little daughters, Wanda and Phyllis. In his political views Mr. Brooks is a republican and, while a resident of Oakland, served for five years as city recorder, discharging his duties in a prompt and faithful manner. He belongs to Oakland Lodge, I. O. O. F., and is highly regarded by his brethren of that fraternity because of his fidelity to its principles. He is interested in all projects for the public good and to such gives his active and hearty cooperation. He is justly accounted one of the leading and representative business men and citizens of Scholls and this section of the state.

WILLIAM SORENSEN. Among the highly respected retired citizens of Jackson county is William Sorensen, who made a moderate fortune through a placer mine which he owned and for many years operated. He has been a resident of the Pacific coast since 1853 and is well acquainted with the rigors incident to frontier and mining life. He was born in Denmark, August 11, 1833, a son of Matais and Catherine (Christianson) Sorensen, both natives of that country. In the family of his parents were six children, all of whom were given the best educational advantages consistent with the circumstances of the family in the early days.

William Sorensen emigrated to California in 1853, sailing around Cape Horn in 1850, and settled temporarily in Chile, South America, later sailing up the coast to the Golden Gate in 1853. In his younger days he was a sailor and for seven years sailed the high seas. Also early in life he became a miner and was employed by various mine operators until he subsequently acquired a rich placer property of his own, from which he made a comfortable fortune. After that he purchased the farm of one hundred and sixty acres which he still owns and which he has brought under a high state of tilth and splendidly improved. He purchased this property in 1871 and has since lived upon his farm where he has raised cattle and horses for many years. He is now living a retired life on his farm which he leases.

Mr. Sorensen chose as his life companion and helpmate Elizabeth Woody, a daughter of James and Elizabeth (Logden) Woody, who was one of nine children in her parents' family. The Woodys were a southern family and emigrated to Oregon at an early day. In his religious faith Mr. Sorensen is a member of the Lutheran church, an organization to which he gives his fidelity and which he assists liberally in its work. He has long been one of the most respected citizens in his community and as he leads a retired life, enjoying the fruition of his earlier labors in the seclusion of his own home, surrounded by his family and friends, he is entitled to the respect and esteem of all who know him. His has been a life of toil and in his younger days he was not unacquainted with privation and hardship, but with a courageous heart and determined spirit he pursued his various callings most assiduously and by his well directed efforts and fortunate selection of properties acquired a very comfortable competence.

MILES CANTRALL is one of the landed proprietors of this state and is deeply interested in all matters of a public nature having in view the improvement and development of his county and state. At the earnest solicitation of the people of Jackson county he has served as the representative of his district in the state legislature for both the long and the short term. His home at present is located on Big Applegate creek in a rich portion of the Applegate valley. He was born in Jackson county on the 29th of August, 1868, and is the son of John and Sarah A. (Newlin) Cantrall, both of whom emigrated to Oregon in 1854 and located in the Willamette valley. They were united in marriage in the Butte valley and in 1864 removed to the Applegate valley where for the succeeding four years John Cantrall was engaged in mining at Sterlingville later locating upon a farm in that vicinity.

Miles Cantrall was educated at Jacksonville being graduated from the high school in that city with the class of 1887, after which he pursued a two years' course of study in the Oregon State University and finished with a business course in the Business College of San Francisco, being graduated from that institution with the class of 1893. After completing his studies he was engaged as the principal of the old North school in Ashland, a position in which he served the public for one year and later acted as vice principal of the Jacksonville high school for two consecutive years. In 1894 he was the candidate on the democratic ticket for county recorder and notwithstanding he ran three hundred votes ahead of his party ticket, he was nevertheless defeated in the election by the populist landslide which occurred in that year. In 1902 he was nominated by his party for the state legislature, representing the district in which he lives. He was elected by a very complimentary majority and served the people as their representative in both the long and the short term of the succeeding state legislature.

In 1896 Mr. Cantrall was united in marriage to Miss Mary A. Devlin, of the Applegate valley, her father, John Devlin, being the owner of the farm which is now operated by the subject of this review. Unto Mr. and Mrs. Cantrall have been born three children: Otto L., John Leland and Miles Harlan.

Mr. Cantrall has been a loyal and lifelong member of the democratic party, following this great political organization in its fortunes in both national and state campaigns. Fraternally he is identified with the Independent Order of Odd Fellows and the United Artisans. He is at present engaged in dairying and diversified farming, and is a highly cultivated gentleman of a retiring disposition but a man unusually equipped in-

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tellectually to be trusted with the most important and sacred interests pertaining to the varied affairs of business and social life. His work both as a dairyman and farmer is recognized by the people of his community as constituting an object lesson of a very high order and of incalculable value to the dwellers in a rural community. He enjoys the respect and confidence of the wide circle of his friends and is well known and highly esteemed throughout the entire valley and county in which he resides.

DR. MARTIN GIESY, retired physician and surgeon of Aurora, Marion county, was born in Allegheny county, Pennsylvania, January 15, 1835, a son of Andrew and Barbara Giesy. The parents, both natives of Switzerland, were married in that country, and came in 1817 to America, settling in Allegheny county, Pennsylvania, where they lived until 1845, when they moved to Shelby county, Missouri, residing there until 1855. At that date they removed to Washington, making the trip by way of the Isthmus of Panama, and on their arrival first settled near the Willapa river, where the father passed away in 1860. The mother then came to Marion county, where she died in 1866. In their family were fifteen children, of whom only the subject of this sketch now survives.

Martin Giesy received his early education in the common schools and afterward became a student in the Medical University at Salem, Oregon, from which institution he was graduated with the class of 1868. Soon after he located at Aurora, where he remained in active practice for over thirty-three years. He is now living in this city retired, although he still owns and has under his supervisien a well stocked drug store. He has been an extremely successful physician, is well known throughout this city and the neighboring country, and during his active years had an extensive practice. He owns some real estate in Aurora and in Portland, and also owns seven hundred acres of land near Aurora in Clackamas and Marion counties, and has presented each of his children with one hundred acres of excellent land located in either Marion or Clackamas county.

In 1870 Dr. Giesy wedded Miss Martha Miller, who was born in Ohio in 1842, the daughter of Samuel and Sarah Miller, both of whom were natives of Pennsylvania. After several years of residence in their native state, the parents moved to Ohio, where they lived until 1844, when they repaired to Missouri where the mother passed away in 1845. In 1863, crossing the plains, the father came to Oregon, settling in Clackamas county, but shortly afterward removed to Marion county. He was the leader of the Brethren Colony in Oregon, which was organized in 1855, and consisted of about nine hundred people. The father remained in Oregon until his death, which occurred in 1886. In his family were seven children: Mary A., deceased; Jacob, of Aurora; Sarah, deceased; Katherine, of Aurora; Martha, now Mrs. Giesy; Joseph, of Marion county, and Peggy, deceased. Mr. and Mrs. Giesy have become parents of seven children, only four of whom are now living. They are: Julius M., who was born June 6, 1871, and is now in the custom house; Benjamin F., who was born in February, 1873, and is now a practicing physician in Aurora; Ida Sarah, who is now Mrs. Eugene Musbarger, of Woodburn; and Grover Cleveland, who was born in 1886 and is still at home. Those deceased were: Alfred A., who died at the age of three months; James M., who died at the age of two and a half years; and Lela M., who died at the age of six months. All of Dr. Giesy's children who are now living have received college educations. The son, Dr. Benjamin F. Giesy, is a graduate of Portland Medical College, of the Oregon University, and also a graduate of Jefferson Medical College at Philadelphia.

Dr. Martin Giesy is a democrat in his political views, but he has never sought nor desired office, preferring to devote his entire time and attention to his professionl duties. Fraternally he belongs to the Champoeg Lodge, No. 27, A. F. & A. M., at Butteville, Oregon. Both he and his family are members of the Lutheran church. For more than forty-three years Dr. Giesy has resided in Aurora, and during that time he has won a gratifying position in professional circles, as a result of his skill, knowledge, ability and untiring efforts.

LOUIS J. CORL, identified with mechanical interests in Forest Grove, was born June 3, 1858, in McHenry county, Illinois, a son of Henry D. and Mary A. (Schryver) Corl. The father's birth occurred in Schenectady, New York, August 2, 1814, and the mother was born in Dutchess county, New York, on the 18th of March, 1818. Their family numbered seven children: John Henry, deceased; Albert S. and Sarah J., both living at North Crystal Lake, Illinois; David S., deceased; and Louis J. Two died in infancy.

In his youthful days Louis J. Corl attended the graded and high schools of Dundee, Illinois, graduating in 1878 and entering upon the profession of teaching in that locality, devoting six years to the work in Dundee and vicinity. He then turned his attention to merchandising, which he followed for a time in Dundee, but later engaged in agricultural pursuits for fifteen years, giving his attention to the cultivation of the crops best adapted to soil and climate and also to dairy farming. In 1904 he arrived in Oregon and spent five months in Albany, after which he resided for six months in Monmouth before coming to Forest Grove, where he has since engaged in business .

On the 9th of February, 1881, Mr. Corl was married to Miss Rose E. Perry, of Dundee, Illinois, whose parents were Francis and Julia A. (Haas) Perry, of that place, although the father and mother came originally from New York. Unto the marriage of Mr. and Mrs. Corl nine children have been born seven of whom are living, namely: Mary J., now at home; Oliver A., who was married December 2, 1908, to Miss Bessie M. Mills, of Forest Grove; Edna I., the wife of W. R. Cook, a farmer of Forest Grove;

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Leland D., Frances H., Miriam E. and James A., all four now attending school. Those deceased are Francis H. and Ralph E., both passing away at about the age of two years.

Politically Mr. Corl is a republican but without ambition or desire for office. He is well known in fraternal connections, holding membership with the Masonic lodge and the Eastern Star, being now worthy patron of the latter. He is also connected with the Patrons of Husbandry, of which he is a past master; the Modern Woodmen camp, in which he has held all the offices, serving at the present time as past consul; and of the Royal Neighbors of America. In all matters of citizenship he is progressive and public-spirited and gives active and helpful support to many measures for the general good. He served five years as clerk of the school board of Forest Grove and was city treasurer three years, discharging the duties of each position with fidelity and ability.

MARTIN FRANCISCOVICH. The northwest is cosmopolitan in its citizenship, as from all parts of the world come the men and women who are building up the great empire of the Pacific coast. Martin Franciscovich is a native of Austria, his birth having occurred in Crovacia on the 10th of November, 1865. His parents, Martin and Elizabeth Franciscovich, were also natives of that country. The mother is now deceased but the father is still living in Austria, at the age of seventy-six years.

Martin Franciscovich, one of their family of three children, came to the United States in 1891, settling in Astoria, where he followed fishing for five years. He then conducted a restaurant for four years, after which he engaged in the wholesale liquor business. Finding this a profitable source of income, he has continued in this line and has built up a trade of large proportions.

Mr. Franciscovich was married, in Austria, to Miss Barbara Pauletich, a native of that country, and by their marriage they have become parents of the following children: Francis, who is now attending college at Los Angeles; Mary, Elizabeth and Katherine, all of whom are students in the parochial schools of Astoria. Mr. Franciscovich and his family are communicants of the Catholic church. Politically he is a stanch republican and an active worker in the party ranks and is now serving as one of the commissioners who are building the sea wall at this point. Fraternally he is connected with the Knights of Pythias and with the Austria Benevolent Society, also the Order of Moose, of which he has been the treasurer for the past seven years.

JAMES A. MOTT, one of the prominent and prosperous citizens of Washington county, was for twenty-three years identified with the police department and has for more than a quarter of a century owned the farm of seventy-five acres on which he now resides and which is located a mile and a half east of Beaverton. He is a leading factor in financial circles as the president of the Bank of Beaverton and is likewise the chief executive officer of a company conducting a brick-yard. His birth occurred in St. Lawrence county, New York, on the 9th of May, 1847, his parents being A. A. and Isabelle (Wood) Mott, who were natives of Massachusetts and Canada respectively. They celebrated their marriage at Cornwall, Canada, and there spent the remainder of their lives, the father passing away in 1855 and the mother in May, 1853. Unto them were born six children, four of whom grew to maturity, namely: Maria, who is the widow of David Wright and makes her home in Bay City, Michigan; Henry W., whose demise occurred in Milwaukee, Wisconsin; James A., of this review; and Isabelle, the wife of Walter S. Harsham, of Detroit, Michigan.

James A. Mott attended the common schools in the acquirement of an education and began earning his own livelihood when a youth of twelve, working for two years on a dairy farm in New York at six dollars per month. Subsequently he was employed in Pennsylvania for a time and then went to northern Wisconsin, where he worked at logging until 1876. That year witnessed his arrival in Oregon and for a period of six years he remained in the service of the Oregon Transfer Company. Later he became identified with the police department and was connected therewith for twenty-three years. On the expiration of that period he took up his abode on the farm where he now resides and which has been in his possession for twenty-six years. His property is located near Beaverton, Washington county, and originally embraced ninety-four acres but at the present time comprises seventy-five acres—all under a high state of cultivation. He likewise owns several business properties in Portland and a fine residence. In addition to his agricultural interests Mr. Mott owns stock in a brick concern and acts as its president. In financial circles he holds a prominent position as the president of the Bank of Beaverton, and he is also a director of the Scholls Telephone Company, a local and long-distance line confined to Oregon. His various undertakings have been attended with a gratifying measure of success, for he is a man of excellent business ability, sound judgment and keen discrimination.

On the 16th of September, 1869, Mr. Mott was united in marriage to Miss Matilda Stitt, who was born near Ottawa, Canada, her parents being John and Catherine Stitt, natives of the north of Ireland. They were married in Canada and there continued to reside until Mr. Stitt passed away. His wife, surviving him for many years, died in Portland, Oregon, in 1904. Their children were eight in number, namely: George, who is a resident of Washington county, Oregon; John, deceased; Sarah, who is the widow of John Crombie and lives in Portland; Mrs. Mott; William, living in Portland; Rebecca, the wife of Frank Parker, of Portland; Mrs. B. J. McAllister, who makes her home in northern Wisconsin; and James, of Portland. Mr. and Mrs. Mott became the parents of

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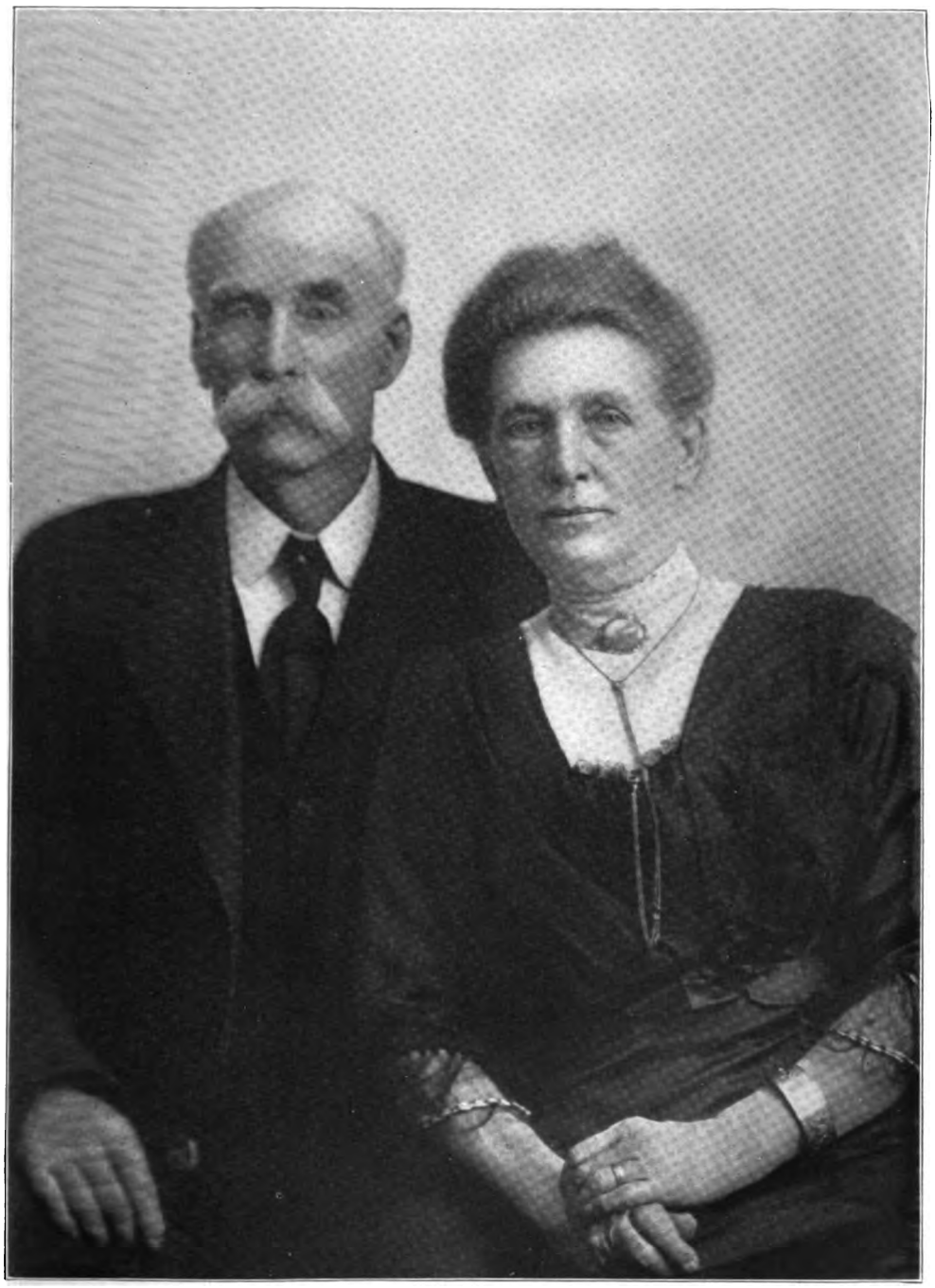

MR. AND MRS. JAMES A. MOTT

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four children. Isabelle, born October 26, 1880, is a high-school and normal-school graduate and also has an excellent musical education. She is now the wife of Nelson Walker of Portland. Kathryn, whose natal day was February 1, 1884, is a high-school graduate and also has a musical education. She gave her hand in marriage to Daniel A. Bowman of Portland, who is the manager of the Mowyer Clothing Company and also conducts a clothing store of his own. Edith, born in 1886, passed away at the age of two years and eight months. Edna M., whose birth occurred on the 10th of November, 1890, has a high-school education and also pursued a commercial course in the Oregon Agricultural College. She has likewise been educated in music and is still under the parental roof.

In politics Mr. Mott is a stanch republican, loyally supporting the men and measures of that party but neither seeking nor desiring office. Fraternally he is identified with the Independent Order of Odd Fellows and the Ancient Order of United Workmen. His religious faith is indicated by his membership in the Presbyterian church, to which his wife and children likewise belong. Mr. Mott is well entitled to the proud American title of a self-made man, for all that he today possesses has been acquired through his own labor, economy and well directed efforts. His strong and salient characteristics are such as endear him to all who come within the close circle of his friendship, while wherever he is known he is respected and honored.

CHARLES H. MIMNAUGH, who has been identified with the lumber interests of the state of Oregon for more than twenty years, is manager of the Nibley-Mimnaugh Lumber Company, one of the leading industries of this county, the mills having a capacity of some ten million feet of lumber annually. He was born in Eau Claire, Wisconsin, November 4, 1873, a son of Patrick and Theresa (Roach) Mimnaugh. The father was a native of Ireland, having been born near Londonderry. The mother's birth occurred at Staleybridge, near Manchester, England. They were brought to the United States by their respective parents when they were but children and their marriage occurred in Lake City, Minnesota, where the father followed the blacksmith's trade. Subsequently they removed to Stillwater, Minnesota, where they remained for about two years before locating in Eau Claire, Wisconsin. In the latter place the father successfully conducted a blacksmith shop until 1889, the year in which he came to Oregon. He was a member of a party which also included L. C. Stanley and other Wisconsin men, with whom he was associated in the organization of the Grande Ronde Lumber Company, which erected the first big lumber mills built in eastern Oregon. This company had several mills, located at Perry, Union county, and their operations were very extensive. Patrick Mimnaugh was closely associated with the firm for many years, being a stockholder in the company and its purchasing agent. In 1906 he removed to Wallowa and the following year was identified with the organization of the Nibley-Mimnaugh Lumber Company. His death occurred in 1908, his wife dying the following year.

Charles H. Mimnaugh was reared at home, acquiring his education in the public schools, and after having successively completed the branches which they taught he entered the Eau Claire high school. In 1890 he came to Oregon with his mother and her family and located in Perry, where the father awaited them. After a residence of about sixteen years in Perry they removed to Wallowa. From the time of his arrival in Oregon, Mr. Mimnaugh has been identified with the lumber industry. Soon after he came here he accepted employment in the mills at Perry, in which his father was heavily interested, and in 1907 he was one of the organizers of the Nibley-Mimnaugh Lumber Company, the other partners being James Mimnaugh, C. W. Nibley and George Stoddard. The present mills are located at Wallowa. C. H. Mimnaugh was made manager of the business at the time of its inception and he has since served in that capacity. He has been engaged in the lumber business throughout his entire active career, beginning in an unimportant position. In the course of years he has helped to build up a large and successful enterprise, devoting his attention and energies to the management of a business which, owing to his keen discernment and capable control, has grown to be one of large proportions.

In 1902 Mr. Mimnaugh was married to Miss Gertrude Arnold, of La Grande, and to this union three children have been born, George, Frank and Bryan. In politics Mr. Mimnaugh is a progressive democrat. In all of the relations of citizenship he is honorable and upright and in business circles he has made continuous and creditable advance, recognition being accorded him by leading business men as one who deserves classification in their ranks.

EDWARD D. STEWART. Of hardy Scotch ancestry and of the courage and industry for which his countrymen are noted, Edward D. Stewart of Rogue River, Oregon, followed for many years the calling of the farm employe, but has recently acquired an interest in the Pleasant Creek Mining Company, owning valuable property. He was born in Pennsylvania, April 1, 1848, a son of James and Anna Stewart, both natives of Scotland. The parents emigrated to the new world in early life and settled in Pennsylvania, where they resided until 1853. At that time they crossed the plains with ox teams to California and continued to make that state their place of residence until the time of their death. In their family were thirteen children, seven of whom survive.

Edward D. Stewart received his education in the common schools of California but at the early age of fifteen years he laid aside his text-books and left the comforts of home

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to make his own way in the world. For many years he followed agricultural pursuits but in 1910, on coming to Jackson county, Oregon, he took up a mining claim. He has since been actively engaged in the mining business and at the present time owns an interest in the Pleasant Creek Mining Company.

In his political faith Mr. Stewart is a republican, rendering unqualified allegiance to that party. He is associated fraternally with the Independent Order of Odd Fellows of which he is an active member. Being reared in the Presbyterian faith he attends the services of that denomination. Mr. Stewart is well and favorably known in the community and is recognized as one of its estimable citizens. Although he does not take an active interest in public matters he emulates by his consistent life not only the teachings of Christianity but also the principles taught by the Odd Fellows, of whom he is a faithful disciple.

JOHN W. STRINGER is an enterprising farmer engaged in the hop-growing industry and resides on a twenty-one acre farm near Grants Pass, of which he is the proprietor. He was born in Josephine county, March 16, 1872, the son of William and Sarah (Daniels) Stringer, the latter of whom was born in Missouri. In a very early day the father removed with ox teams from Illinois to Oregon, reaching this state in time to take part in the Rogue River Indian war. During the journey practically no trouble was experienced with the Indians, but a wagon train which made the trip just in advance was entirely destroyed by the Indians and all of the emigrants were massacred. To William and Sarah (Daniels) Stringer eight children were born.

John W. Stringer received a good common-school education and remained under the parental roof until he attained his majority, when he engaged in farming on his own account. One year later he purchased the farm on which he is now residing and by his own efforts has placed upon it the substantial improvements which are now in evidence. The farm contains twenty-one acres of very fertile soil and Mr. Stringer is making a specialty of growing hops, meeting with good success.

In 1901 he was married to Miss Nancy Davenport, a native of Missouri. In his political faith Mr. Stringer is an adherent of the principles and practices of the democratic party, although he gives the greater part of his attention to business affairs. He is one of the well known and respected farmers of his community, in which he has an excellent standing.

SAM B. STRINGER. Like his brother, Sam B. Stringer is engaged in the hop-raising industry near Grants Pass, where he owns and operates a farm of thirteen and three-quarters acres. He has made a success of hop-raising and is prosperous. He was born in Linn county, Oregon, and remained at home with his parents, William and Sarah (Daniels) Stringer, until he attained the age of twenty-three years, having in the meantime pursued his education in the schools of Josephine county. He then rented a farm and went into business on his own account. After living for a year upon that farm, which was situated in Linn county, he removed to Josephine county and bought the place upon which he has since made his residence. He has carefully improved his property and by industry and wisdom has brought it under a high state of cultivation and has for some time been engaged in hop-raising, in which business he is meeting with excellent success.

In 1893 Mr. Stringer was united in marriage to Miss Janie Davenport, a native of Missouri and a sister of Nancy (Davenport) Stringer, the wife of John W. Stringer. The parents of Mrs. Stringer own a farm of one hundred and sixty acres in the New Hope country, in Josephine county, where they are residing. Mr. Stringer is democratic in his political views but pays little attention to political matters. He is one of the estimable citizens of his community and is highly regarded by a large number of friends.

B. T. TURNER, who is prominently identified with the lumber interests of Salem as manager of the East Side Falls City Lumber Company, was formerly connected with the Jones Lumber Company and with business interests in Oakland, California. His birth occurred in Iowa, on the 17th of April, 1875, and he is a son of Mr. and Mrs. J. J. Turner, both of whom are natives of Illinois. After their marriage they left that state and settled in Kansas for two years before removing in 1874 to Iowa. Seeking the greater opportunities of the far west, they came to Salem in 1881 and are making that city their home. They are the parents of nine children, four of whom survive: Mrs. M. E. Quick; B. T., of this review; and John R. and Robert Lee, twins.

Remaining at home attending the common and high schools and assisting his father in the daily duties on the home place until he was of age, B. T. Turner entered upon his independent career in the lumber business and was employed in succession in various lumber concerns. At first he had charge of the Jones Lumber Company of Portland and remained in their employ for thirteen years. At the end of that time he removed to Oakland, California, but after a short residence in that city returned to Oregon to become manager of the East Side Falls City Lumber Company of Salem, a position which he still holds. Because of his more than ordinary knowledge of lumber and of his conscientious discharge of any duties which come to hand he has risen rapidly in the esteem of his employers and is today holding a responsible position.

In 1904 Mr. Turner was married to Miss Lena Williams, whese birth occurred in Oregon and who is a daughter of Mr. and Mrs. D. W. Williams. To them one child has been born. Bernard E., whose birth occurred on the 17th of February, 1905. In politics

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Mr. Turner gives his support to the democratic party and is ever an advocate of the measures and policies which it sets forth in its platforms. In fraternal circles he holds membership with the Independent Order of Odd Fellows, the Woodmen of the World and the Foresters. He is loyal and enterprising, possessing the progressive spirit of the times and accomplishing what he undertakes, while his geniality and his respect for the opinions of others have won him a host of friends.

JOHN S. DELLINGER. There is no denying the fact that the newspapers exert a controlling influence on American life. Under the favoring conditions of the American republic the freedom of the press was first established and here the newspaper has flourished as in no other country of the world. Largely on this account many of the most promising young men have been attracted to the newspaper business and have made a success of it. John S. Dellinger, editor and proprietor of The Morning Astorian of Astoria, which is said to be "the best newspaper property outside of Portland in Oregon," clearly belongs among the leading newspaper men of the northwest. He has perhaps founded and managed more daily and weekly newspapers than any other man of his age in America, thus gaining a wealth of experience which he has been able to apply to excellent advantage in behalf of his adopted city.

Mr. Dellinger was born in Union county, Pennsylvania, on the 30th of March, 1866, and removed with his parents to Jefferson, Iowa, in 1870, the family later residing at Scranton, Iowa. In 1882 he went to Lake City, Iowa, and secured employment on The Blade, which was published by T. B. Hotchkiss. After spending about a year under the tutelage of Mr. Hotchkiss the ambitious young typesetter started out in quest of fortune, his first stopping place being Fremont, Nebraska. Soon afterward he went to Arlington and founded The Enterprise—his first venture as an independent publisher. The project failed to realize expectations and he transported his plant and material to Scribner, thirty-one miles away, and started The News. After six weeks he disposed of the plant and went to Valentine, where he published The Republican during the Blaine campaign, espousing the cause of Mr. Blaine. There he continued for a year. The next move was to Fremont, where he issued The Fremont Journal for six months. The Hooper Sentinel was his next newspaper property. After leaving The Sentinel he founded The Nebraska Statesman at Broken Bow, The Mason City Transcript and The Anselma Argus. In conjunction with The Argus he founded another paper at Broken Bow—The Daily World. Hyannis was his next location. Here he entered a tract of land in the dead of winter, ascertaining that the Burlington Railroad was soon to pass that way, and founded the town on part of his cattle ranch. He founded The Hyannis Tribune and became the first postmaster and the first county clerk of Grant county. From Hyannis he went to Alliance, Nebraska, where he purchased The Argus, and later founded The Tribune at Marsland. From this place he went to Chamberlain, South Dakota, and published The Chamberlain Daily Tribune, espousing the cause of Pierre in the famous state capital fight between Huron and Pierre.

Oregon next became the field of operations of Mr. Dellinger. Disposing of his business at Chamberlain, he transported the plant to Bay City, Oregon and established The Bay City Tribune, which he published for eighteen months. The Astoria Daily News was his next newspaper and he also sent material and equipment from Astoria and founded The Nehalem Herald. In 1898 he shipped a complete newspaper plant sufficient for the publication of a daily newspaper to Skaguay, Alaska, and founded The Morning Alaskan, thus becoming the owner of the first daily newspaper in Alaska. At Warrenton, Oregon, he published The Port Oregon Tribune and also established a job printing office and a blank book and bindery concern in Astoria. This business flourished and in 1903, when opportunity was presented for him to purchase The Morning Astorian, he eagerly availed himself of it and consolidated with the newspaper his bindery and blank book establishment. The Astorian has steadily flourished and is now one of the prominent newspapers of the state.

He has been from the beginning of his newspaper career remarkably energetic and progressive and to his newspaper belongs the honor of having used the first linotype machine employed west of the Rocky mountains. This machine was set up in the office of The Morning Astorian. In politics he is a stanch and uncompromising republican and is one of the most active and efficient workers in the state in behalf of the party. He is now serving as member of the executive committee of the republican state central committee and chairman of the city and county republican central committees. He is a valued member of the Masonic order and the Elks and by virtue of patriotic ancestry holds membership in the Sons of the Revolution. Of a genial and pleasing nature, he has never lacked friends, and it is no exaggeration to say that he is one of the most popular men of the state and that he enjoys the complete confidence of his associates and of all with whom he comes in contact either in business or social affairs.

R. M. TRESTRAIL, who is residing in Macleay, was born in La Fayette county, Wisconsin, on the 5th of February, 1852, his parents being Robert and Elizabeth (Barker) Trestrail, both of whom were natives of England and are now deceased. Immediately after their marriage in 1851 they came to the United States and settled in Wisconsin, where Mr. Trestrail followed the shoemaker's trade, an occupation in which both he and his father were engaged throughout their lives. They became the parents of three children: R. M., the subject of this re-

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view; Mary A., the wife of C. T. Douglas, of Wisconsin; and W. H., a resident of Eau Claire, Wisconsin.

R. M. Trestrail was educated in the public schools of Wisconsin and immediately after laying aside his text-books he accepted employment in the postoffice of his native town, where his father was postmaster for fourteen years, passing away while still holding the office. After this R. M. Trestrail removed to Eau Claire, where he was employed in various railroad offices for eighteen years, among them being the Chicago & Northwestern, the Chicago, Milwaukee & St. Paul and the Chicago, Burlington & Quincy. Subsequently he became the cashier of the bank at Withee, Wisconsin, a position which he held for two years before purchasing a hotel at Elroy, Wisconsin, which he ran for six years. After disposing of this he came to Oregon in November, 1910, and located at Macleay, where he purchased a store and a substantial home. In the following year in October he received the appointment of postmaster. In his various positions Mr. Trestrail has always held the confidence of his employers and his ability has been rewarded by rapid promotions.

Mr. Trestrail was twice married. His first union was in 1874 to Miss Mary E. Lawson, whose death occurred in April, 1896. They became the parents of three children: Robert L., a resident of Minneapolis, Minnesota; Elizabeth L., who is the wife of Albert C. Bohrnstedt who is engaged in the real-estate business; and William C., who makes his home in California. The second union occurred in 1900, when he was married to Mrs. Jessie E. Erickson. Politically Mr. Trestrail has ever been a republican and is thoroughly alive to the issues of the day, doing what he can to further the interests and success of his party. He belongs to the Masons and also holds membership in the Modern Woodmen of America. Although he has not been a resident of Macleay for a very long period, he has made for himself a creditable position in commercial circles and his name is known throughout the community by reason of the progressive spirit which he has ever displayed.

ALONZO KING RICHARDSON in his seventh year as sheriff of Harney county, Oregon, has gained for himself the esteem of his fellow citizens by his coolness and efficiency in trying and often dangerous circumstances. He was born in Weber county, Utah, April 3, 1867, and is a son of Ebenezer and Elizabeth (Gilson) Richardson. His mother was one of the pioneer settlers of Utah. She left her native country of England when she was three years of age and went with her parents to Capetown, South Africa. Here the family remained until she was fifteen years of age, when they crossed the Atlantic to America and came to Utah, crossing the plains with ox teams and arriving in the west in 1853. They later removed to Idaho, where Mrs. Richardson was married the second time, to Daniel McDonald. In 1885 she came to Oregon and settled in Harney county. Ebenezer Richardson died when his son was still a young boy.

A. K. Richardson was educated in the public schools of Weber county, Utah, which he attended until he was thirteen years of age. Afterward he removed with his mother, who later located at King hill on the Snake river, to Wood river, Idaho. Thence he went to Bear Lake, Idaho, where he remained until 1892, when he came to Oregon and located in Harney county. He spent one year ranching but at the expiration of that time bought an interest in a shingle mill, which he operated in partnership with his step-father for many years. It was one of the first mills of its kind in Harney county and is still in operation. The engine with which it is equipped at present is part of the original machinery brought to Oregon fifty years ago by soldiers and was the first engine ever put up on Cow creek, from which place it was later removed to Mill creek. After a few years Mr. Richardson bought his stepfather's interest in the shingle mill and conducted it for himself for six or seven years. He added a sawmill to his shingle business and went into partnership with G. L. James. Later he purchased Mr. James' interest in the business and operated the mill himself until 1905, when he was elected sheriff of Harney county, which office he has held continuously since that time. He is in his seventh year in this office, is a candidate for reelection, and has a remarkable record for honesty, coolness and courage. In 1908, he bought a controlling interest in the store of Fenwick & Jackson of Burns, Oregon, and was active in its management with Mr. Hagey as a partner for three years. Later he purchased the one-third interest which Mr. Hagey owned and managed the store under his own name.

On the 19th of October, 1887, Mr. Richardson was united in marriage to Miss Jeannette Nelson, of Salt Lake City, and they are the parents of three children: Burt, who holds a position in his father's store; Florence, the wife of Joseph Thompson, also in Mr. Richardson's employ; and Viola, who lives at home. Fraternally Mr. Richardson has occupied all the chairs in the Independent Order of Odd Fellows and holds membership in the Modern Woodmen of America. He has had many of the experiences which naturally fall to the lot of a sheriff in an unsettled country. His field of activity covers more territory than the whole state of Massachusetts, but he keeps the entire county under his supervision. He knows what it means to look down into the muzzle of a gun and has made some notable captures during the period of his activity. The wild and lawless life of western America is for the most part a thing of the past. Cowboys and ranchmen no longer "shoot up" their fellow citizens on the American frontiers. Encroaching civilization and modern development are gradually softening the rude characteristics of the westerner and yet even today the men in this section of the country are more jealous of their personal liberty and freer with their guns than are the citizens

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of other portions of the United States. In his official capacity as sheriff Mr. Richardson is naturally brought into contact with the most lawless element in the county and has shown in the conduct of his office bravery, coolness and calmness of judgment, and a perfect fearlessness which are necessary characteristics of the successful sheriff in a growing western community.

BENJAMIN M. COLLINS, cashier and active manager of the Jacksonville State Bank and well known as a representative of agricultural and financial interests in Jackson county, was born in Greene county, Illinois, April 4, 1876, a son of Benjamin W. and Mary E. (Likely) Collins. The mother was born in Pike county, Illinois, and the father's birth occurred in Guernsey county, Ohio. He removed westward to Illinois in 1854 and was there married. His death occurred in July, 1908, when he was seventy-three years of age, and the mother now resides with her son Benjamin. The father devoted his life to farming and also held many political offices during his residence in Greene county, Illinois, to which he was elected on the republican ticket. He served as county supervisor and for eight years he and his wife superintended the county poor farm. In their family were ten children, eight sons and two daughters, and with one exception all are yet living. Four are residents of Jackson county, Oregon, and one is living in California.

Benjamin M. Collins, who was the eighth in order of birth, was reared in his native county, early becoming familiar with the best methods of tilling the soil and caring for the crops. He remained in Illinois until the spring of 1905, when he came to Jackson county, Oregon. He had been graduated from Dixon College at Dixon, Illinois, in 1893, when seventeen years of age, being the youngest graduate up to that time. He was too young to teach, for the law would not permit his being accorded a certificate, so he secured a position as clerk in a store and was thus employed for two and a half years. He then took up the profession of teaching, which he followed in Pike, Scott and Greene counties, devoting his entire attention to that profession until he came to Oregon to join his brother, S. C. Collins, who had been residing here for seven years. Benjamin M. Collins engaged in teaching for a year at Ruch and then went to Blue Lodge mine and shoveled snow for three days. His financial condition rendered it imperative that he accept any employment, but after that brief period he obtained the position of assistant assayer of the Blue Lodge mine and later was made bookkeeper. Subsequently he returned to Medford and engaged in clerking in a shoe store for three months. He was next appointed city recorder and police court judge of Medford, continuing in that position for three years. He then resigned and removed to Jacksonville to take charge of the Farmers & Fruit Growers bank, which he managed for a year. He then bought the bank building and the capital stock and organized the present state bank of Jacksonville in 1910. He is the cashier and the active manager of the bank, which he has since capably conducted, his business policy commanding confidence to such an extent that during the first year and a half its deposits increased over three hundred per cent. The bank has been placed upon a safe, substantial basis and has now a large number of depositors, while its business in other departments is equally gratifying.

On the 12th of October, 1898, Mr. Collins was married to Miss Ericzean Walton, a native of Pike county, Illinois, and a daughter of Henry and Minerva Walton. The two children of this marriage are: Frederick, born October 16, 1899; and Grace, born July 4, 1908. In his political views Mr. Collins is a republican and always casts an intelligent ballot because he keeps well informed on the questions and issues of the day. Fraternally he is connected with the Masons, the Elks and the Knights of Pythias and he and his wife are members of the Christian church, to the support of which they contribute liberally and take a helpful interest in many departments of the church work. They have gained many friends during their residence in Jackson county and enjoy the high regard and good will of all with whom they have come in contact.

HOLLIS PARKS is one of the thrifty, enterprising farmers of Jackson county. His farm is located near Buncom and consists of one hundred and sixty acres, on which he conducts diversified farming, raising hay and caring for stock. He was born in Sterling, Oregon, on the 15th of December, 1880, one of a family of five children, four of whom still reside in this state. His mother, whose maiden name was Elizabeth Waters, makes her home with her son Hollis, but the father passed away on the 29th of April, 1911.

Hollis Parks purchased the farm where he resides four years ago. Since coming into possession of this property he has very greatly improved it until it is now in every way one of the model farms in the locality. He is still unmarried and is a true son and protector of his widowed mother. His political allegiance is given to the republican party, while fraternally he is identified with the Independent Order of Odd Fellows and the Artisans. He is an industrious and prosperous citizen of his county, interested in and participating in the social and civic affairs of his community and ever ready to lend his assistance and influence to the advancement of whatever may prove itself to be of value and service to the people.

CHRISTIAN MARX founded and is the proprietor of the Eugene Dye Works, the first establishment of the kind in this city, and from the outset has conducted a successful business, which has constantly grown in volume and importance and is now one of the leading industrial enterprises of Lane county. Mr. Marx is one of Eugene's native sons, his birth having here occurred April 5, 1879. His parents were Christian

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and Caroline (Hochisen) Marx. The father, a native of Newark, New Jersey, came around Cape Horn to Oregon when a youth in his teens, settling first in Portland, where he learned the barber's trade. After some years passed there he came to Eugene in 1878 and opened a barber shop, continuing in that business until his death, which occurred in February, 1910, when he was about fifty-seven or fifty-eight years of age. He was well known in this city, where for about thirty-two years he made his home. He held membership in Eugene Lodge, No. 357, B. P. O. E., which he joined on its organization.

Christian Marx was educated in the public schools and afterward learned the cleaning and dyeing business in Portland, becoming an excellent workman in that connection and acquainting himself with all of the scientific processes underlying the work. In 1898 he returned to this city and established the Eugene Dye Works, which he conducted alone until 1904, when he sold the business and went to Los Angeles in order to gain a broader knowledge of the work to which he was devoting his energies. In 1906 he returned to Eugene and purchased his old business and the same year admitted his brother Ralph to a partnership. They now have agencies in a number of the smaller towns and receive work from all over the district as far as Portland, Salem and Albany. They employ the most progressive and up-to-date methods and appliances for handling all classes of work, including the cleaning and dyeing of most delicate fabrics, and the result of their work is indicated in their constantly increasing patronage.

Mr. Marx was married in 1908 to Miss Hazel Hodkinson, a daughter of William and Anna (Beck) Hodkinson, of Grants Pass, Oregon, and they have one daughter, Shirley. Mr. Marx is a member of Eugene Lodge, No. 357, B. P. O. E. He has a wide acquaintance in the city where almost his entire life has been passed and where he has so directed his labors as to win substantial returns for his industry, determination and capability.

JOHN T. CROENI, a well known resident of Washington county, where he is part owner of a farm of forty acres, was born in Hancock county, Iowa, January 31, 1873. The family is of German lineage, his parents being John and Christina (Vetter) Croeni, both of whom were natives of Germany, born in Alsace and in Baden respectively. In early life, however, they came to the new world and were married in Iowa, residing in that state until 1885, when they came to Oregon and first settled in Washington county. The father was a minister of the German Baptist church, where he engaged in preaching until his death in October, 1900. He exerted a strong influence for good in the communities in which he lived and his earnestness and zeal in the work proved a potent force in the upbuilding of the church. His widow still survives and is now living in Washington county. They were the parents of twelve children: John T., of this review; Amelia C., who died at the age of nine years; Jacob, who passed away when but seven years old; George, who is married and resides in Portland; Julius, who is also married and makes his home on a farm in Washington county, Oregon; Albert, who is married and likewise lives on a farm in Washington county; Carrie, who is married to John Lehman, Jr., of Washington county; Alfred, who died in Iowa at the age of two years; Benjamin, an agriculturist of Washington county; Katie, a resident of the same county; Carl, a youth of seventeen, who is living in Washington county; and Eleanore, also of Washington county.

John T. Croeni spent the first twelve years of his life in Iowa and then accompanied his parents on their removal to the northwest, much of his youth being spent in this section of the country, the growth and development of which he has now witnessed for more than a quarter of a century. He was twenty-seven years of age when he started out independently in the business world by renting land, which he cultivated for a short time. Carefully saving his earnings, he was at length enabled to purchase sixty-three acres, which he afterward sold, and at the present time he is part owner and operates forty acres of highly cultivated land, of which he has seven acres planted to fine fruit. His farm is splendidly improved and is equipped with many modern conveniences. Neat and orderly, it presents a most attractive appearance and gives every evidence of the care and supervision of a practical owner.

Mr. Croeni was married on the 8th of January, 1902, when Miss Lydia Rufenacht became his wife. She was born in Washington county, Oregon, a daughter of John and Marguerita Rufenacht, both of whom were natives of Switzerland. Following their marriage they left the land of the Alps and came to America in 1877, settling in Washington county, Oregon, where the father gave his attention to general agricultural pursuits until his life's labors were ended in death, on the 18th of January, 1896. His widow, who was born September 23, 1849, now makes her home with Mr. and Mrs. Croeni, the latter being the only survivor of her two children, the elder having died in infancy.

Mr. and Mrs. Croeni are members of the German Baptist church and are generous contributors to its support. His political views are in accordance with the principles of the republican party. His entire life has been the expression of energy and activity along business lines and the years have brought him success that has been the fitting and merited reward of earnest, persistent labor.

DR. TOIVO FORSSTROM, enjoying an extensive and lucrative practice as a physician and surgeon of Portland, also maintains an office in Astoria. His birth occurred in Finland on the 30th of July, 1867, his parents

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being Gustaf Adolph and Louise Augusta (Polviander) Forsstrom, who were likewise natives of that country, the former born in 1819 and the latter in 1829. Gustaf A. Forsstrom, who served in the capacity of postmaster for fifty years, was called to his final rest in 1898. Our subject is one of a family of eleven children and the only member thereof who resides in the United States. His brothers are all professional men.

Dr. Toivo Forsstrom was educated in his native land and served in the army of Finland from 1890 until 1893. He is a graduate of the University of Helsingfors, leaving the medical department of that institution with the class of 1897. He had begun the study of medicine in 1887 and likewise pursued a post-graduate course at Berlin and Vienna. In December, 1905, he came to Astoria, Oregon, here practicing his profession until March, 1911, when he took up his abode in Portland. Dr. Forsstrom specializes in surgery and has performed numerous successful operations. He has attained distinction because of his skill and ability, which are constantly increasing through research, study, investigation and experiment. In the line of his profession he is connected with the American Medical Association and the Finnish Medical Association in Finland.

In 1909 Dr. Forsstrom was united in marriage to Miss Allie Lauren, a native of Finland. He gives his political allegiance to the republican party and is a Lutheran in religious faith. The Finnish Brotherhood numbers him among its members. In professional and social circles he holds to high standards and enjoys in large measure the confidence and trust of those with whom he is brought in contact in every relation of life.

RICHARD H. WALTER, D. D. S., is one of the successful and among the most skilful dentists engaged in business in Marshfield, where he has resided for many years past, and is regarded as one of the highly respected and enterprising citizens of that place. He is a native of Oregon, his birth having occurred at Libby in 1879, and is a son of Richard and Edith (Hand) Walter. His parents are both natives of Australia and he is the only child born to them. He was reared in his parents' home and educated in the public schools of Marshfield. At the age of eighteen years he started in life for himself in the dental office of Dr. Prentiss, of Marshfield, where he remained for several years. He later extended his knowledge of the science of dental surgery by pursuing the regular course in that field in the Philadelphia Dental College of Philadelphia, Pennsylvania, and while a student served in dental work in Garrettson Hospital, perfecting himself in applied dental science, and after completing the required branches of study he was graduated from the Philadelphia Dental College with the degree of D. D. S. in the class of 1902. Immediately following his graduation he returned to Marshfield where he opened an office for the practice of his profession and since that time has devoted his entire attention to his work. He was the second professional dentist to open an office in Marshfield and during his years of practice he has built up a most enviable and lucrative business.

Dr. Walter was united in wedlock to Miss Edna Bear, who is the daughter of Mr. and Mrs. John Bear, more extended mention of whom is made on another page of this work. Unto them three children have been born: Richard, whose birth occurred April 5, 1904; Harry, born May 29, 1905; and John, born November 16, 1908. Dr. Walter is affiliated with the democratic party but has never had any aspirations for political preferment of any kind. Fraternally he is associated with the Masonic order. He is a man of enterprising characteristics, readily giving his time and influence to the advancement of any measure of public interest seeking to improve the condition of the people of his state and county and is highly respected for his business integrity and regarded as one among the most skilful men in the practice of his profession. His office is located over Morgan & Matson's store on First street and he is the owner of the residence in which he lives, and is also the owner of real-estate property at Empire City, this state.

SETH W. SEELYE, who has been busily engaged in general agricultural pursuits throughout his entire business career, now resides on an excellent farm of thirty-three acres at Scholls, eight miles southwest of Beaverton. His birth occurred in Indiana, on the 28th of September, 1837, his parents being Abner and Mary (Craig) Seelye, who were natives of Pennsylvania and Kentucky respectively. They were married in Indiana and there continued to reside for twelve years. On the expiration of that period they removed to Metropolis, Illinois, where they remained but a short time, however. In August, 1852, they came to Multnomah county, Oregon, where Abner Seelye worked in a sawmill for six months. At the end of that time he went to the Lewis river, in the state of Washington (at that time a part of Oregon), where he proved up a claim and carried on farming for a few years. Relinquishing his claim, he removed to Sauvies Island, at the junction of the Columbia and Willamette rivers, where he made his home for several years. Subsequently he took up his abode in Portland and after a brief period came to Washington county, purchasing the farm which is now in possession of our subject. After disposing of his property he returned to Willamette Slough and there resided for a few years, when he sold his place and removed to Tillamook, where his remaining days were spent in honorable retirement. He passed away at the age of sixty-three having survived his wife for several years. Unto them were born nine children, five of whom are yet living, as follows: Seth W., of this review; Ann, the widow of Daniel McCoy; Catherine, who is the wife of E. C. Stanwood and lives on the coast; George, who is

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a resident of Washington county, Oregon; and Zachariah, of Banks, Oregon.

Seth W. Seelye attended the common schools in the acquirement of an education and on attaining his majority started out as an agriculturist on his own account. He devoted his attention to the cultivation of rented land for many years and subsequently took charge of one-half of the farm, which he owned in association with his father for a number of years. The property, which is located at Scholls, on section 16, has been his place of abode to the present time. At one time his holdings in the vicinity embraced one hundred and forty-three acres, but he has disposed of all except a tract of thirty-three acres, twenty acres of which is under a high state of cultivation. His undertakings as an agriculturist have been attended with success and he has long been numbered among the substantial and representative citizens of the community.

On July 26th, 1876, Mr. Seelye was united in marriage to Miss Hannah Turpin, who was born in Pennsylvania, on the 12th of August, 1837, her parents being Isaac R. and Rebecca (Davis) Turpin, natives of New Jersey. They resided in that state for fifteen years after their marriage and then removed to Pennsylvania, where Isaac R. Turpin passed away at the age of fifty-five years. His wife was more than eighty years of age when called to her final rest. During his earlier manhood Mr. Turpin followed the sea for twenty-four years and for several years owned and was in charge of a vessel. To him and his wife were born fifteen children, all of whom are deceased except Mrs. Seelye. At the time of her demise Mrs. Turpin had two hundred and fifty children, grandchildren, great-grandchildren and great-great-grandchildren.

In politics Mr. Seelye is a stanch republican but his aspirations have not been in the line of office seeking. The period of his residence in the west covers almost six decades and he is therefore largely familiar with the annals of this part of the country. He has now passed the seventy-fifth milestone on this earthly pilgrimage and his life has been such that he can look back over the past without regret and toward the future without fear.

HENRY SALVON. One of Astoria's native sons who has developed into an enterprising business man of the city is Henry Salvon, one of the proprietors of the City Drug Store. His birth occurred on the 26th of May, 1883, his parents being Mike and Sophia (Pirila) Salvon. The father was born in Finland in 1852, and there he spent the first twenty-six years of his life, emigrating to the United States in 1878. He is now a watchman in a cold storage plant in Astoria. Of the marriage of Mr. and Mrs. Salvon there were born six children: Astor M., who is deputy county clerk; Henry, our subject; Nellie, a student in Bellingham Normal; Jennie, who is attending the high school; and George and Philip, both of whom are in school.

Henry Salvon was reared at home and for his education is indebted to the public and high schools of Astoria. After the completion of his preliminary education he decided to study pharmacy, with the intention of making it his life vocation. With this purpose in view he matriculated in the pharmacy department of the Oregon Agricultural College, where he pursued his professional studies. He passed his state examination in 1906 and immediately thereafter entered the employment of T. F. Laurin, in whose service he remained for five and a half years. At the expiration of that period he became associated with Mr. Lothman and they established the City Drug Store. They have a very attractive establishment, containing a nicely assorted stock of goods, and are enjoying an excellent and constantly growing patronage.

Mr. Salvon is unmarried. He affiliates with the Lutheran church and fraternally he is identified with the Finnish Brotherhood, Loyal Order of Moose and the Fraternal Brotherhood. In politics he is a republican, but prefers not to figure prominently in political activities, giving his undivided attention to the development of his business.

KELLY FIELDS, who owns two acres near Provolt, is one of the surviving veterans of the Civil war. He was born in Indiana, August 4, 1840, the son of Jackson and Phoebe (Collins) Fields, both of whom were natives of Tennessee. A member of a family of eight children, Kelly Fields was given a good common-school education in the state of his nativity and in 1875 joined a company of emigrants bound for California. The train with which he journeyed comprised sixty wagons which were drawn by horse teams, and the trip consumed six months and four days. He remained in California for two years and then came to Jackson county, Oregon, where he has since resided. On December 3, 1861, Mr. Fields enlisted in the Federal army for service during the Civil war, becoming a member of the Fifth Regiment of Kansas, which was later transferred to the command of General Steele. The regiment participated in many battles and skirmishes although a great portion of the time was spent in scout duty. The first battle in which Mr. Fields took part was at Helena, Arkansas, and he later participated in the engagements at Little Rock and Pine Bluff, Arkansas. He is by trade a carpenter and has followed that occupation during the greater part of his life, although after settling in Oregon he ran a sawmill for nine years. He took up a homestead of forty acres, upon which he lived for a time, later disposing of it and purchasing a ranch of eighty-six acres which he has sold to his son Charles.

In 1865 Mr. Fields was married to Miss Mary Waters and to them were born eight children, all of whom are living except Minnie, the second in order of birth, who passed away October 18, 1909. Those who survive are Orley, Sarah, William, Sherman, Charles, Nettie and George. Mr. Fields is spending

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MR. AND MRS. KELLY FIELDS

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his declining years in his pleasant home near Provolt with his son Charles. In consideration of his services in the Federal cause Mr. Fields draws a pension. He and his family are well known in the community and are held in high esteem.

JOHN B. HAIR, residing near Rogue River, is a successful man of broad experience in business and farm affairs, who in 1901 settled in Jackson county, where he bought two hundred and twenty-nine acres of land. He has since disposed of all but sixty-three acres of his holdings. He was born in Brown county, Ohio, November 10, 1863, the son of James and Elizabeth (Sweet) Hair, the former a native of Virginia and the latter of Kentucky. The parents removed from Ohio to Nebraska in 1866 and there the father died in 1911. Later the mother removed to Oregon and she now makes her home in Grants Pass. Of her family of six children five are now living.

In the common and high schools of Nebraska John B. Hair pursued his education and later took a college course. He remained at home until he attained the age of twenty-three years and then engaged in the music business at Auburn, Nebraska, in which he continued for about five years. Disposing of his business at that point he removed to Douglas county, Kansas, where he embarked in the hardware and furniture business, remaining thus employed for seven years. He then sold out his business interests in Kansas and in 1901 came to Jackson county, Oregon, where he purchased a farm of two hundred and twenty-nine acres, upon which he has since made his home. After selling the major portion of his land he still retains sixty-three acres, which is finely improved, very fertile and contains an orchard of eleven acres of apple, pear and peach trees.

In 1893 Mr. Hair was married to Miss Mattie Crandall, who was born in Nebraska, June 5, 1870. She is a daughter of William W. and Miranda R. (Coldwell) Crandall. The father is a native of New York, while the mother was born in Pennsylvania, and they now reside in Omaha, Nebraska. In their family were eight children, of whom seven are now living. Mrs. Hair is a graduate of the Auburn high school and for several years followed the profession of teaching in his native state.

John B. Hair ranks among the best class of citizens in the community where he lives and both he and his wife are highly esteemed and respected in the neighborhood. They take an active part in all movements calculated to uplift and benefit their community, where they have long been considered among its leading and influential citizens.

T. W. MILES, a member of the Jackson county bar and head of the Jackson County Abstract Company, has his office in Medford. He has spent much of his life on the Pacific coast and the spirit of enterprise which characterizes this section of the country is manifest in his life. He was born in Jasper county, Missouri, near Carthage, February 11, 1874, and is a son of J. W. and Ruth (White) Miles, who were natives of Ohio and Iowa respectively. The mother is still living and now makes her home with her son, T. W. Miles, but the father passed away on his ranch four miles south of Salem, Oregon, in the fall of 1902, when fifty-seven years of age. He was reared in Ohio, whence he went to Missouri and afterward became a resident of Stafford county, Kansas, in pioneer times. He spent fifteen years there, was deputy register of deeds while living in that county and was also the first county sheriff. He was likewise employed for a time in the First National bank of St. John, Kansas, and in May, 1892, he came to Oregon, where he engaged in fruit-growing, devoting his attention to horticultural pursuits south of Salem until his life's labors were ended. Unto him and his wife were born four sons: A. C., who is living four miles south of Salem; O. B., a practicing physician of Salem; T. W.; and Walter J., who is a pharmacist of Portland.

T. W. Miles resided with his parents until after he had completed his education. He is a graduate of a high school of Kansas and of the Capital Business College at Salem and likewise of the law department of the University of Oregon, in which he completed a course in 1900. He devoted ten years to the profession of teaching, spending most of the time in a business college, three years being passed in the Portland Business College and five years in Bakersfield, California, in connection with the commercial department of the high school. For the past seven years he has been in Medford, where he has been engaged in the law and abstract business, organizing the Jackson County Abstract Company, of which he is sole proprietor. He also practices law and in both branches has been winning a satisfactory clientage.

In June, 1903, Mr. Miles was married to Miss Jessie N. Wagner, a native of Jackson county and a daughter of Jacob Wagner, who was a prominent pioneer of this part of the state but has now passed away. Mr. Miles votes with the republican party but manifests only a citizen's interest in politics. He is a member of the Medford Commercial Club and of the Oregon and the American Associations of Title Men. Energetic and determined, he recognizes the splendid possibilities offered by the northwest and means to use his opportunities to good advantage, as he has already done and is still doing.

LESTER G. HULIN. The opportunity of which is a dominant feature in the upbuilding of the northwest has brought about the substantial development and growth of Eugene and those who are prominent in its commercial circles today are carrying forward the work that was instituted by the early settlers, displaying the same energy, determination and capability. Of this class Lester G. Hulin is a representative, being a member of the firm of Stevens & Hulin, dealers in pianos and organs. The business

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was established in 1908, succeeding the Eilers Piano House which was the second oldest in Eugene. The present firm has shipped pianos as far east as Iowa and Kansas and also to California and their business has grown in gratifying measure owing to the enterprising efforts of the partners.

Lester G. Hulin, junior member of the firm, was born in Lane county, ten miles north of Eugene, January 14, 1873, and is a son of Lester and Abigail (Craig) Hulin. The father was born in Saratoga county, New York, March 22, 1823, and attended the academy at Schnectady of that state, under Bishop Jesse T. Peck. He then started westward with Iowa as his destination and for a few years was engaged in teaching school in Henry county, but the tide of emigration was steadily flowing westward and the spirit of exploration was a dominant one. In 1845 he joined the Fremont expedition to California and in 1846 returned to Iowa. In April, 1847, he went to St. Louis and from that point acted as pilot for a company traveling across the plains to Eugene. They made the journey by way of Fort Laramie, Bent's Fort and Klamath county and arrived at Eugene on the 5th of November, 1847. They were among the first of the settlers that came from the middle west across the country to the Pacific coast. They traveled days and days without seeing a human habitation and incurred not only many difficulties and hardships but were also in constant danger of being attacked by Indians. Mr. Hulin took up a donation claim of three hundred and twenty acres ten miles north of Eugene and with characteristic energy began to cultivate his farm on which he lived until 1881 when he retired and removed to Eugene, spending his remaining days in the enjoyment of well earned rest. He died May, 1897, after a residence in Oregon covering a half century. He was one of the oldest and most honored pioneers of Lane county and the story of frontier life was, indeed, a familiar one to him. He took an active part in politics, supporting the republican party, but he refused to accept public office and many times declined to be a candidate for the office of county commissioner. He was often called upon to act as administrator and appraiser and was widely known as a man of unusual business integrity. The only interruption to his continuous residence in Oregon from 1847 until his death was in 1849 when he went to California for a brief period where he engaged in mining. His wife, who was a daughter of Samuel Craig, was reared in Michigan to the age of fifteen. Her father went to California in 1849 and later his family joined him, going by way of the Isthmus of Panama. They came to Lane county by way of Portland and Mr. Craig took up a donation land claim four miles west of Junction. Unto Mr. and Mrs. Hulin were born six children that reached adult age, namely: Charles S., who is living in Newberg, Oregon; Edgar M., who died in 1882; Anna O., the wife of F. A. Tozier, of Eugene; Samuel A., whose home is in Berkeley, California; Elmer P., who died in 1878; and Lester G. The parents were lifelong members of the Methodist church in which the father held the office of trustee and steward for fifty years. Both were devoted Christian people whose earnest and upright lives were well worthy of emulation.

Lester G. Hulin spent his youthful days on the old homestead farm and was given good educational privileges. After attending the public schools he entered the University of Oregon from which he was graduated in 1896 with the Bachelor of Arts degree. He was afterward employed in connection with mercantile pursuits, served for a while as deputy county clerk and then became connected with the "Eugene Register," remaining with that paper for about a year. In 1898 he removed to Minneapolis and took a position with the West Publishing Company but after two years he returned to Eugene and in 1900 entered the Lane County Bank as cashier for about four years. He afterward spent a year and a half in Portland with the Northwest Electrical Engineering Company and upon his return to Eugene he acquired a one-half interest in the firm of A. E. Wheeler & Company, a law and abstract office, with which he continued until he joined Mr. Stevens in forming the present firm of Stevens & Hulin, dealers in pianos and organs, in 1908. In the intervening period of four years their business has grown steadily and now they carry a large and carefully selected line, representing the highest grade of pianos and organs manufactured, and their business is an extensive, growing and profitable one.

In 1898, Mr. Hulin was married to Miss Damaris Schofield, of Cresco, Iowa, the wedding being celebrated in Minneapolis. They now have one child, Wilbur, twelve years of age. Mr. Hulin belongs to Eugene Lodge, No. 11, F. & A. M.; Eugene Chapter, No. 10, R. A. M.; and Eugene Camp, No. 115, W. O. W. Both he and his wife are members of the Methodist Episcopal church in which he is serving as steward. They are much interested in the work of the church, manifesting a contagious enthusiasm in support of the different religious activities of the city. Mr. Hulin is public-spirited in his citizenship, while in business he has made steady progress that, representing an advanced standard, has brought him nearer to the goal of success.

HON. W. H. HOBSON, who has represented both Marion and Linn counties in the state senate, is now successfully engaged in the mercantile business in Stayton. He was born in Jackson county, Missouri, in 1847, the son of Hadley and Emily Amanda (Speinhaur) Hobson. The paternal grandfather was a brick manufacturer in North Carolina and the father, Hadley Hobson, who was born in that state September 6, 1811, having learned his father's trade, went at the age of twenty-four to Jackson county, Missouri, where he began brick-making and masonry and also contracting, in partnership with his brother. While in Missouri he was united in marriage to Miss Emily Amanda Speinhaur and

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in 1847 with his family he crossed the plains with an ox team, intending to go to Oregon, but lost his way and entered California. There he engaged in gold mining, but the next year, or in 1848, removed to Oregon and one mile north of Stayton took up a donation claim, where he erected a one-room log house, in the construction of which he did not use a single nail. Later he returned to the mines in California, where he was very successful, and finally came back to his claim, paid off all his indebtedness and then engaged in general stock-raising. In his family were ten children, of whom Hon. W. H. Hobson, of this review, was the second in order of birth. The others were: Mary Anne; George and Francis M., deceased; Lemuel, record of whom appears elsewhere in this work; Amanda; Emily; Amelia; Janet; and Hadley.

W. H. Hobson, being in his second year when his parents removed to Oregon, was reared there and attended the district school in an old log schoolhouse. At the age of twenty years he went to Sublimity, where he conducted a store that was owned by his father and subsequently coming to Aumsville, he managed the business of Simpson, Hunt & Company, afterward returning to Sublimity. There he started a small grocery store and one year later came to Stayton, where he was engaged until 1871 in merchandising in partnership with Uriah Whitney. Later with the same partner he was in a store at Aumsville and together they returned to Stayton and built the present Gardner flouring mill and also engaged in a general merchandising enterprise. In 1883 Mr. Whitney withdrew from the partnership and Mr. Hobson took in as partners Messrs. Shaw and Simms, and in 1888 the firm, together with Lee Brown, went to Mill City, where they organized the Santiam Lumber Company and built a large sawmill, also establishing a general store. In 1898 the company sold out to the Curtis Lumber Company and Mr. Hobson returned to Stayton and resumed merchandising. Subsequently he established a dry-goods business in Salem, which he conducted for four years, after which period he returned to Stayton and engaged in his present store.

Hon. W. H. Hobson has been twice married, his first union being with Miss Ella Gibson, a native of Marion county, Oregon, and a daughter of Hon. Guyan Gibson. She died June 10, 1878, leaving one daughter, Pearl, who is now the wife of E. C. Perry, of Scio, Oregon. His second marriage was on December 12, 1880, when he wedded Miss Annie Thomas, a native of Portland. They have become the parents of two children, Alta and Everett.

In politics Hon. Hobson is a stanch republican and he is very active in party work. In 1895 he was elected to the state senate and at the close of that term was reelected as joint senator for Marion and Linn counties. During the first session he was a member of the committees on claims, commerce, navigation and federal relations. Fraternally he is a past master of Santiam Lodge, No. 25, A. F. & A. M., and is past grand master of the Grand Lodge of Oregon and has filled nearly all of the chairs, including that of grand master in 1897 and 1898. He is a member of Multnomah Chapter, No. 1, R. A. M., and of De Molay Commandery, No. 5, K. T., and is also a thirty-second degree Mason of the Scottish Rite. He is a charter member of Stayton Lodge, No. 64, I. O. O. F., and has occupied all the chairs. He also has filled all of the chairs in the Grand Lodge of the state of Oregon and was twice grand representative to the Sovereign Grand Lodge of I. O. O. F. of America. Hon. Hobson is a man of marked enterprise and unremitting diligence, and his keen discernment and genial disposition have made him a success in both a business and social way.

HENRY S. WYNANT. Among the owners of well improved farms in Josephine county is Henry S. Wynant, residing near Murphy. He owes his prosperity to his own industry and wise management as he started out in life a poor boy with no resources but those given him by the hand of nature. He was born in Indiana, September 19, 1857, a son of William and Maria (Shinn) Wynant. In his father's family were four children, of which Mr. Wynant is the only survivor. He began making his own living at the early age of fourteen years, working at anything which he found to do. He was bound out at that age by his father for a period of seven years' service, but as he did not fancy that sort of life he terminated it by going west. He came to Oregon in 1883, having previously settled for a time in San Francisco, California. After that, he removed to Portland, then to Glendale, afterward going by stage to Grants Pass at a time when there were practically no improvements in that section. He later removed to Josephine county, settling on the farm near Murphy which he now owns and which he has since made his home. He was compelled to take his trunk on a wheelbarrow seven miles to his homestead for there were no wagon roads at that time, the work of improvement being scarcely begun. He developed the excellent land which he acquired from the government, and he has brought it under a high state of cultivation and made it one of the valuable agricultural properties of the neighborhood. His early Oregon experience included eight years spent in mining, a vocation which brought him moderate returns.

Mr. Wynant was married in 1883 to Miss Hattie Staley, a native of Indiana, and to their union five children have been born, all natives of Oregon and all of whom are living, namely: Clarence, Lishie, Howard, Floyd and Florence. The political allegiance of Mr. Wynant is given to the democracy, he being an honored and representative man of that party. He has for twenty-six years been a director on the school board of his local district, having given great attention to educational affairs as well as other public matters. Fraternally he is affiliated with

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the Woodmen of the World camp, being an active member of that order. Mr. Wynant is a well known citizen of Josephine county, where he has lived for many years, making friends of all his acquaintances and neighbors. He is among the most respected of the farmers in his community and enjoys a splendid reputation for integrity, honest dealing and all those commendable traits which make for good citizenship. He is a public-spirited man, earnest in his endeavors to improve the conditions of society and add to the sum total of the blessings of modern civilization.

AUGUST ROSSI, who for a number of years was successfully identified with agricultural pursuits in Oregon, has for the past eleven years conducted a saloon at Beaverton. His birth occurred in Italy in 1871, his parents being Joseph and Theresa Rossi, who emigrated to the United States in that year. After spending a short time in California they came to Portland, Oregon, and later took up their abode in Beaverton, where Joseph Rossi made his home until called to his final rest in 1904. His widow now resides with our subject in Beaverton and has attained the age of sixty-nine years. Their children were two in number, as follows: Rosina, who gave her hand in marriage to George Maggei and passed away in Portland when forty-four years of age; and August, of this review.

The latter was not one year old when he accompanied his parents on their emigration to the new world. In early manhood he became identified with general agricultural pursuits, successfully operating a farm for eighteen years. On the expiration of that period, in 1900, he embarked in business at Beaverton, Oregon, where he has since conducted a saloon. He owns twenty-five acres of land adjoining the corporation limits of Beaverton and also owns the tract of seven acres on which stands his residence. Mr. Rossi likewise has other business and residence property, including holdings at Portland and Baker City, Oregon.

In 1894 Mr. Rossi was united in marriage to Miss Hattie Wolf, a native of Nebraska and a daughter of Henry Wolf, who came of German ancestry. Mr. Wolf is still living in Beaverton, but lost his wife in 1895. He was the father of twelve children, namely: Henry, John, Lawrence, Emil, Elizabeth, Katie, Hattie, Cora, Martha, Minnie, Gretchen and Etta. All yet survive with the exception of Elizabeth and Cora. Mr. and Mrs. Rossi have a family of four children, as follows: Elva, born in 1895, who is now attending the high school at Portland; Frank, whose birth occurred in 1898 and who is likewise attending school; and Raymond and Albert, who were born in the years 1903 and 1906, respectively.

Mr. Rossi is a stanch republican in politics and on several occasions has ably served as city councilman of Beaverton. His fraternal relations are with the Masons, the Independent Order of Odd Fellows and the Eagles. His religious faith is that of the Catholic church, of which his wife and children are also communicants. Possessing a most genial manner, cordial spirit and kindly disposition, his unfailing courtesy and ready adaptability have made him popular wherever he is known.

DAVID G. OVERHOLT. The late David G. Overholt for many years was successfully engaged in the general merchandising business in Canyon City, at which place he had lived retired since 1903. He was born in Bucks county, Pennsylvania, in 1831 and was a son of Samuel and Barbara (Godshall) Overholt, both of whom were natives of Doylestown, Pennsylvania. His maternal grandfather, David Godshall, belonged to one of the old German families who settled at a very early date in Pennsylvania and many of his ancestors were soldiers in the Revolutionary war.

David G. Overholt was reared at home and received his elementary education in Pennsylvania. He emigrated to California, crossing the plains with ox teams, and there remained until he removed to Canyon City in 1863, walking in company with Henderson Harrow from The Dalles to Canyon City and having many perilous escapes from Indians on his journey. Mr. Overholt was a wagonmaker by trade and he made many hundreds of wheelbarrows for the miners. In 1869 he engaged in the merchandising business in Canyon City, in partnership with W. V. Rhinehart. Later they admitted to associate partnership in their business John Muldrick. Subsequently Mr. Rhinehart retired from the business and removed to Seattle, after which the enterprise was conducted under the firm name of Overholt & Muldrick for a period of thirty years, at the end of which time Mr. Overholt purchased the interest of his partner and was the sole owner and proprietor of one of the most successful merchandising houses in Grant county until the time of his retirement from active life, which occurred in 1903. He was heavily interested in mining properties and the owner of one thousand acres of valuable Oregon land, also owning the well known Pittsburg mine, on Miller mountain. During the period of his business activities the merchandising stock in his store was twice burned without any insurance to cover the loss. The last misfortune of that kind occurred just after he had installed a complete winter stock.

On March 27, 1869, David G. Overholt was united in marriage to Miss Sebella Tyson, a daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Henry Tyson, who were both natives of Bucks county, Pennsylvania, as was their daughter. The father died when the daughter was an infant in arms. To Mr. and Mrs. Overholt three children were born: Mary Elizabeth, now Mrs. D. I. Asbury of McMinnville, Oregon; Lilly J., deceased; and William Elmer, at home. Mr. Overholt was for nine consecutive years postmaster of Canyon City. He was a member of the Masonic lodge and chapter and also held membership in the Independent Order of Odd Fellows. Mrs. Overholt occupies as her home a beautiful residence which

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DAVID G. OVERHOLT

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she owns, located on a desirable street in Canyon City, which home since 1902 has also sheltered Mr. Overholt's sister, who has reached the advanced age of eighty years. David G. Overholt was one of the progressive and esteemed citizens of Grant county and his death, which occurred December 11, 1908, removed one of its pioneer citizens whose business activities had materially contributed to the substantial advancement of his county and state.

J. W. MITCHELL is a representative of industrial activity at Medford where he is engaged in wagon-making and in dealing in wagon-maker's supplies. He is also well known in the town as a public-spirited citizen and is now serving as a member of the city council. He was born at Fort Jones, Siskiyou county, California, February 22, 1867, his parents being James and Minerva (Quigley) Mitchell, who were natives of Indiana. The father learned the harness-maker's trade in St. Louis, Missouri, and after his marriage he crossed the plains at an early day, locating in Siskiyou county, California, where he conducted a harness-making business at Fort Jones to the time of his death.

J. W. Mitchell was but ten years of age at the time of his father's demise and a lad of twelve years when his mother was called from this life. In their family were nine children, six who reached adult age and are still living. J. W. Mitchell was the youngest son and with one exception the youngest child. He remained at the place of his nativity until he had attained his majority, when he went upon the stock ranches of eastern Oregon, spending four years as a cowboy. He then returned to Montague, California, where he began learning the blacksmith's trade, after which he continued in that business together with farming, taking up government land there. In 1901 he came to Medford and established his present business in connection with E. C. Boeck, under the firm style of Mitchell & Boeck. The relation was continued for about ten years, or until October, 1911, when Mr. Mitchell purchased his partner's interest and now conducts an independent business under his own name as a wagon maker and dealer in wagon-maker's supplies. He has built up a good business in this connection and he also does automobile repairing and rubber-tire works, employing four men. The business was started in a small way on Main street, the partners doing all of their own work and their blacksmithing at that time. As the years have passed, however, the factory has constantly increased and the business has assumed large and profitable proportions. In 1902 Mr. Mitchell in connection with Mr. E. C. Boeck purchased eighty acres of land five miles northeast of Medford and began the cultivation of an apple and pear orchard. In this and other ways Mr. Mitchell has won success as the result of his well directed labors.

On Christmas Day of 1890 was celebrated the marriage of Mr. Mitchell and Miss Phoebe A. Woodson, who was born in Ashland, Oregon, in 1870, and is a daughter of James and Laura (Million) Woodson. The Million donation land claim is now a part of the site of the city of Ashland. Mr. Woodson also crossed the plains at an early day and became identified with the pioneer development of that community. Unto Mr. and Mrs. Mitchell have been born two children, Grace Elizabeth and Marvin James, aged respectively eighteen and twelve years.

Mr. Mitchell is well known in Odd Fellows circles, holding membership in the lodge and encampment. Politically he is a democrat and is now serving for a third term as a member of the city council, in which connection he exercises his official prerogatives in support of many progressive public movements. He favors the town's advancement along modern lines and his reelection to office indicates the confidence and trust reposed in him by his fellow townsmen.

DR. ROBERT LEE WOOD, a rising young physician of Amity, was born in McCulloch county, Texas, on the 27th of January, 1884, his parents being Orlando H. and Julia A. (Lard) Wood. The father, who came of a prominent New York family, was a native of Livingston county, Louisiana, and spent the first twenty-five years of his life in that state. He was a typical frontiersman and in early manhood took up his abode in Texas. In 1900 he came to Oregon, residing in Tillamook county until 1906, when he removed to Amity, Yamhill county. There he died and was buried in February, 1907. Throughout his active career he was successfully engaged in business as a dairyman. He took a prominent part in public affairs and served as the first commissioner of Sutton county, Texas, acting in that capacity for twelve years. During the period of the Civil war he served for four years as a sharpshooter in the Sixteenth Louisiana Regiment under command of Albert Sidney Johnston and Joseph E. Johnston. He was taken prisoner and confined at New Orleans but was exchanged at the end of three months. His wife, a native of Mississippi, is still living at Amity, Oregon. Their children were eight in number, as follows: James T., a practicing physician of McMinnville; Noah D., a minister of the Methodist Episcopal church at Milner, Idaho; Florence E., the wife of Dr. C. R. Mathis, of Amity; M. L., who is a rancher of Milner, Idaho; Ludie May, who is a resident of Portland, Oregon; Eula May, living in Amity, Oregon; Robert Lee, of this review; and one who died in infancy.

Robert L. Wood began his education in the common schools of his native state and later continued his studies at Amity, Oregon. Having determined upon the practice of medicine as a life work, he entered Willamette University of Salem in 1903 and four years later the degree of M. D. was conferred upon him. He first opened an office at Vale but a short time later removed to Ontario, while subsequently he located for practice at John Day, Oregon. He remained at the last named place for four months and then took up his

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abode in Amity, where he has since followed his profession with gratifying success, having built up an extensive and remunerative practice. Through his membership in the Yamhill County Medical Society and the Oregon State Medical Society he keeps in close touch with the advancement that is being continually made by the profession.

In 1908 Dr. Wood was united in marriage to Miss Carrie L. Robison, by whom he has two children, Maurice T. and Esther. He gives his political allegiance to the democracy and fraternally is identified with the Masons, the Independent Order of Odd Fellows and the Modern Woodmen of America at Amity. His wife is a devoted and consistent member of the Christian church. Dr. Wood is known as one worthy of the trust and confidence of his fellowmen, not only in professional relations but in private life as well.

BENJAMIN T. FLINT, a prosperous and highly respected citizen of Washington county, has long devoted his attention to general agricultural pursuits, owning one of the best improved farms in the county. His birth occurred at Quincy, Illinois, on the 9th of April, 1836, his parents being Arial and Peces (Pinney) Flint, both of whom were natives of Connecticut. Shortly after their marriage, which was celebrated at Ellington, Connecticut, they purchased a farm and took up their abode near Quincy, Illinois, Mr. Flint there following agricultural pursuits until about 1843. In that year he disposed of his property and removed to Licking county, Ohio, later going to Shelby county, that state, where he continued to reside until called to his final rest in 1849. He was twice married, losing his first wife in 1839. By her he had two sons and two daughters, as follows: Henry, who is a resident of California; Amelia, who passed away in Albany, New York, as did also her husband, Hoyt Foster; Benjamin T., of this review; and Elizabeth, who is the widow of Albert Allen and makes her home at Springfield, Massachusetts. In 1841 Arial Flint was again married and unto him and his second wife were born four children, namely: Lucy, who is deceased; John, living in Los Angeles, California; Ralph, who is likewise a resident of that state; and Mary, who has passed away.

Benjamin T. Flint lost his father when a youth of thirteen years and thus early in life was thrown upon his own resources. He spent a year with his grandfather, who at the end of that time secured him a position that paid thirty dollars a year. During this period he spent three months in school and bought his own clothes. The second year he obtained thirty-five dollars for his services and again attended school for three months. Subsequently he secured more remunerative employment, working at various places for eight dollars per month during an interval of seven months. On the expiration of that period he spent a year in the home of his grandfather, attending school during the winter season. He afterward worked on a farm for two years, receiving thirteen dollars a month during the first year and fourteen dollars the next. The following three years he was employed in a woolen factory. When a young man of twenty years he left the state of Connecticut and went to Illinois, working as a farm hand in McHenry county for one summer. Becoming dissatisfied with his prospects in that state, he returned to the east and later embarked for San Francisco, California, where he landed in November, 1856, making the voyage by way of the Isthmus of Panama. On the day of the presidential election, when Fremont and Buchanan stood at the head of their respective tickets, the steamer was off the coast of Mexico. The people on board the boat, numbering six hundred steerage and three hundred cabin passengers, desired to know which party was the stronger among them and held a mock election. The results showed that the majority of the steerage passengers supported Buchanan, while the greater number of the cabin passengers upheld Fremont. In the Golden state Mr. Flint went to work on a sheep ranch in Monterey county, remaining in the service of Flint, Bixby & Company for a period of four years and receiving a salary of thirty-five dollars per month. At the end of that time, having carefully saved his earnings, he had accumulated sufficient capital to purchase sheep of his own and start upon an independent business career. He first acquired two hundred and forty-five ewes at seven dollars a head and continued his operations successfully for ten years, owning forty-one hundred head of sheep at the time he sold out. Returning to Massachusetts, he was there married and one year later came to Washington county, Oregon. Here he purchased the farm which has remained in his possession continuously since and which embraces more than a section of land, known as the Humphrey donation claim, for which he paid ten dollars per acre. He has met with a gratifying measure of prosperity in the conduct of his agricultural interests and now owns one of the best improved farms in the entire county, two hundred and eighty acres thereof being under a high state of cultivation. His holdings likewise embrace twenty acres of timber land. His success is all the more creditable by reason of the fact that it is attributable entirely to his own well directed industry and capable management.

Mr. Flint has been married twice. In 1870 he wedded Miss Julia E. Lawrence, a native of Massachusetts and a daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Samuel Lawrence, both of whom are deceased. By that union there were two children: Arthur B., a sketch of whom appears on another page of this work; and Harry L., born in 1874, who resides on a portion of the old homestead farm. Both sons have a college education. The wife and mother passed away April 29, 1897, and subsequently Mr. Flint was again married, his second union being with Mrs. Mary S. Spidell, a native of Pennsylvania and the widow of James U.

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Spidell. She was called to her final rest on the 2d of July, 1905.

In politics Mr. Flint is a republican, loyally supporting the men and measures of that party but neither seeking nor desiring office. His religious faith is indicated by his membership in the Christian church. He is widely and favorably known in the community where he has now resided for four decades, having won the regard and esteem of all with whom he has come in contact. He has now passed the seventy-sixth milestone on this earthly pilgrimage and in the evening of life can look back upon an active, useful and honorable career.

JAMES W. GOWDY. About two hundred acres of land now occupied by a portion of Cottage Grove was originally a part of the farm belonging to James W. Gowdy, a prominent citizen of that place, who now owns three hundred acres adjoining the city, a fine residence and other property and a half interest in nine gold mines in the Bohemia district. He was born in White county, Illinois, June 12, 1839, the son of Calvin A. and Cynthia (Miller) Gowdy, the father being a native of Tennessee while the mother was born in Illinois. The parents were married in Illinois and in that state passed the remainder of their lives, the mother's death occurring in the '50s, while the father passed away in 1861. To them seven children were born: John C., Robert A., and William P., all of whom are deceased; James W., of this review; Henry P., deceased; Mary C., who is the widow of Robert Carey and resides in Illinois; and Matilda J., who married John Blades, both of whom are now deceased.

James W. Gowdy, after the death of his mother when he was thirteen years of age, went to live with his uncle with whom he remained until he attained the age of twenty-two years. He then began working as a laborer and was later employed in a mill for two years. He subsequently purchased an interest in a carding mill and his connection therewith continued for three years. He then took up farming as an occupation, cultivating an eighty acre tract which he purchased in White county, Illinois. He lived upon that farm for fifteen years, after which he sold out and removed to Oregon in 1874, settling on a piece of land a part of which is now occupied by a portion of Cottage Grove. He operated his farm in Oregon for a number of years and then laid out a part of the farm in ten acre tracts as an addition to Cottage Grove. This addition, which comprised two hundred acres, he later sold and it is now known as Gowdyville. He still owns three hundred acres of land adjoining Cottage Grove, also a fine home in the city and other residence properties, besides his extensive gold-mining interests in the Bohemia district.

Mr. Gowdy chose as his life partner and helpmate Mrs. Miriam (Allen) Small, a native of Oregon and a daughter of J. R. Allen, one of the pioneers of the state. To this union one child was born who died at the age of two years. Mr. Gowdy was again married, his second union being with Mrs. Anna J. (Coleman) Van Riper, the daughter of William and Elizabeth Jane Coleman, the wedding being celebrated on the 8th of January, 1896. Mrs. Gowdy's parents were residents of Illinois, the father passing away in that state in 1860, while the mother's death occurred four years later, in 1864. In their family were four children: John, a resident of Lane county, Oregon; William, of Nebraska; James B., of Omaha, Nebraska and Anna J., now Mrs. James W. Gowdy. Mrs. Gowdy by her first marriage became the mother of four children, namely: Avis N. Van Riper, deceased; Anna F., the wife of David J. Scholl, of Cottage Grove; Mrs. Clara M. Cooper, of Seattle, Washington; and William Guy, of Los Angeles, California. Mr. and Mrs. Gowdy are the parents of two children: Vergil W., born March 6, 1900, and Ermine Bethel, born May 30, 1901, both of whom are attending school.

Mr. Gowdy is a democrat in his political faith, although liberal in his views. He has served as a member of the city council of Cottage Grove but has never been actively interested in politics. Fraternally he is a member of the Masonic lodge at Cottage Grove and the Independent Order of Odd Fellows, having filled all the chairs in the latter organization. He and his family are members of the First Presbyterian church and Mr. Gowdy has been an elder and trustee of that denomination for many years. Mrs. Gowdy is president of the Adult Bible class connected with the church and is also a trustee. Mr. Gowdy is a most estimable citizen and his long residence in the community with which he has been so prominently identified has served to make him widely known, while his upright character, business ability and genial temperament have gained for him the high esteem of the entire community.

JOE GOLDSBY is the owner of one hundred and sixty acres of very choice Oregon land located near Buncom in Jackson county. He confines his agricultural interests largely to the growing of hay, the major portion of which is consumed on his own farm, where he has established a large and successful dairy business. In addition to the attention and care given to his farm and dairy he has for the past three years been the active manager of the country telephone. His birth occurred in Nebraska on the 21st of August, 1870, his parents being John and Emma (Bonwell) Goldsby. There were three children in this family, two of whom now reside in Oregon and one in Mexico.

When a young lad Joe Goldsby emigrated with his parents to Oregon, making the overland journey with mule teams. He attended the public schools in the acquirement of an education and remained at home with his parents until he was twenty-one years of age. At this period in life he left his father's home and became engaged in the occupation of herding cattle, to which business he gave

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his entire attention for a period of eight years. On retiring from this occupation he moved to Jackson county, where he purchased three hundred and twenty acres of land, afterward selling one-half of his original purchase and retaining one hundred and sixty acres. He moved upon this land and began at once to improve it with a view to making it his permanent home. After thoroughly testing the character of its soils he became convinced that he had made no mistake in his location and here he has continued to live, devoting his time to the development of his place. His labors have resulted in the establishment of one of the most productive grass and hay farms in his portion of Jackson county. In addition to his farming he has established a dairy, stocked with well selected cows and equipped with all accessories required to make his plant in every way modern and up-to-date, and as a dairyman he is serving his community by the distribution of one of the indispensable commodities of the family table. He is also the efficient caretaker of that most necessary adjunct to community life—the country telephone line, his duties requiring him to look after all kinds of repairs, the removal of discontinued telephones and the installation of new instruments.

As a companion and helpmate on the journey of life Mr. Goldsby chose Miss Rose Dunlap. To this union have been born three children, all of whom are living with their parents. Mr. Goldsby gives his political allegiance to the democratic party and is indeed a useful citizen. He is an enterprising, well known, reliable and successful farmer and in every way a very valuable member of his community.

LEWIS BLEAKNEY. At the age of seventy-four years Lewis Bleakney is still a most active factor in the public life of Aumsville. The exercise of effort has kept him alert and he belongs to that class of men who grow strong mentally as the years pass by, giving the result of their experience for the benefit of others as well as for the advancement of individual interests. He has been a resident of Oregon for forty-one years, and at the present time is efficiently serving as postmaster at Aumsville. His birth occurred in Indiana county, Pennsylvania, on the 20th of January, 1838, his parents being Samuel and Sarah (Williamson) Bleakney, both of whom were also natives of Pennsylvania. The father, who was an agriculturist. spent his entire life in his native state. They were the parents of six children: J. G., who is a retired agriculturist living in Wasco county, Oregon, and who is a veteran of the Civil war; Clark, deceased, whose death occurred in Iowa at the age of seventy-three; Lucy, who is the wife of Isaiah Coffee, and is a resident of Iowa; Lewis, who is the subject of this sketch; Pauline, who is the widow of Charles Campbell, of Iowa; and B. F., a Civil war veteran, who is a resident of Saskatchewan, Canada. The two sons Clark and Lewis received their given names in honor of Lewis and Clark, the explorers, of whom Mr. Bleakney was an ardent admirer.

Lewis Bleakney received his early education in the schools of Pennsylvania and remained at home until he was nineteen years of age, assisting his father with the duties on the farm. At that time, however, he desired to start out upon an independent career and he began teaching school. He continued this occupation until the Civil war broke out, and on the 10th of June, 1861, he dismissed his school and enlisted in Company H, Nineteenth Illinois Volunteer Infantry where he served under Colonel, afterward General, John B. Turchin. At various times during the war he was promoted, and at one time was appointed captain of Company H, Seventeenth United States Colored Infantry, and after the close of the war was offered the rank of second lieutenant in the regular army but declined this honor. He took part in the battles of Stone River, Chickamauga, Missionary Ridge and Nashville. He always performed his duties faithfully and was an efficient help to the company to which he belonged. He was mustered out on the 25th of April, 1866. After that he settled in Iowa and for several years was engaged in agricultural pursuits, but in 1871 he removed to Oregon, locating first in Turner, Marion county, where he taught school and did shop work until 1893. In that year he came to Aumsville and worked at the carpentry trade until 1895 when he accepted the position as postmaster, an office which he is still holding. Conscientious regard for duty, respect for the rights and opinions of others, fidelity and indefatigable labor have been salient characteristics throughout his life, and have won for him the success which is now his.

In 1868 Mr. Bleakney was married to Miss Sarah White, a native of Indiana. To this union two children were born: Winifred, who is the wife of W. R. Evans, a merchant of St. Johns, Oregon; and Jay, who is teaching school in Portland. In politics Mr. Bleakney is identified with the republican party and has been one of its most stanch and enthusiastic members for many years. From 1882 to 1884 he served in the state legislature as a representative of Marion county, and while acting in that capacity he met many of the leading politicians of the state, and because of his conscientious discharge of duties won the admiration of those men to whom he is indebted for his present appointment. He has been a prominent figure in the active life of Aumsville, and many activities, social, political and material, have won his ready assistance.

H. A. CANADAY, who since his admission to the bar in December, 1908, has engaged in the practice of law, maintained an office in Medford since 1910, was born at Morris, Grundy county, Illinois, March 24, 1882. his parents being Allen M. and Lydia A. (Turner) Canaday, the former a native of Virginia and the later also of Morris, Illinois, where they still reside. The father is an iron molder and farmer and in following

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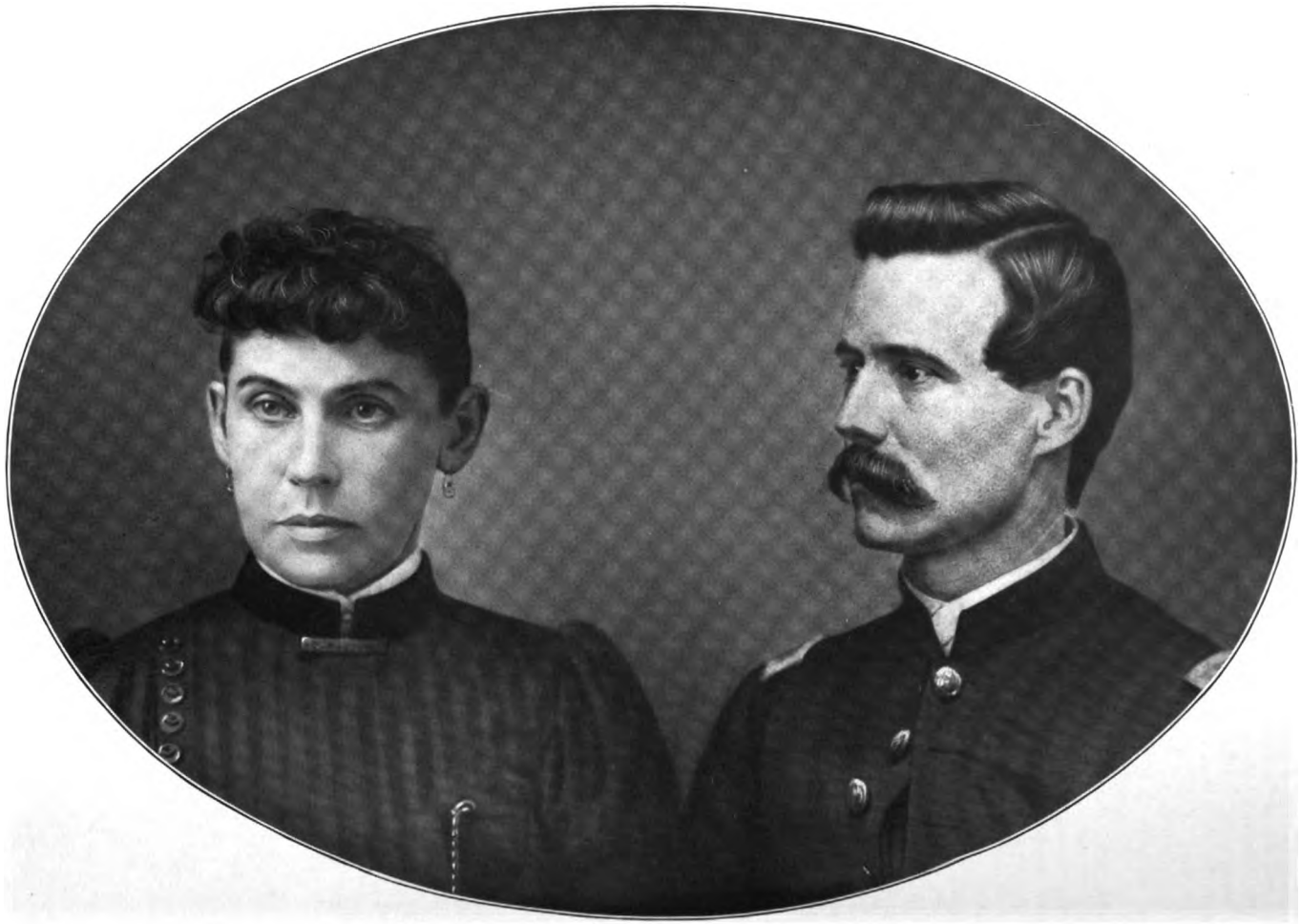

MR. AND MRS. LEWIS BLEAKNEY

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those pursuits supported his family of three children, who are as follows: H. A., of this review; Ida M., the wife of William Steinbeck, living on a farm near Morris, Illinois; and Harold C., at home.

H. A. Canaday remained with his parents through the period of his youth and obtained a high-school education and also pursued a course in Hart's Business College at Morris. He then entered the law office of E. L. Clove and F. H. Reed at Morris and subsequently continued his studies in the office of the city attorney, J. W. Rausch. In December, 1908, he was admitted to the bar and practiced in his native state until 1910, when he came to Medford, Oregon, where he has since remained, having an office in the Fruit Growers Bank building. He has won a good clientage during his residence here and his work has been of an important character.

In politics Mr. Canaday is a republican and served as public guardian in Illinois under appointment of Governor Deneen. He holds membership with the Knights of Pythias, the Moose and Yeomen and the principles that govern his life are further indicated in the fact that he is a faithful member of the Methodist Episcopal church.

E. ROY, who is successfully engaged in the jewelry business in Stayton, was born in France, April 9, 1853, the son of Frederick and Catherine (Hermetet) Roy. The parents were both natives of France and the father, who is a shoemaker by trade, is still living there, the mother having died in 1907. They were the parents of four children: Frederick, deceased; Catherine, who is the wife of Louis Edelmayer, of France; E., of this review; and Lena,, who is the wife of Paul Magnin, of France.

E. Roy was educated in France, where, at the age of seventeen years, he began to learn the jeweler's trade and at the same time continued his studies in the evenings. In 1890 he came to America, locating in Salem, where he worked at his trade for two years. Subsequently coming to Stayton, where he has since been actively engaged, he opened a jewelry shop and is conducting a thriving business. He has erected and now owns two concrete store buildings—the one containing his jewelry shop and the adjacent building, which is fifty by one hundred feet in dimensions. He has also built a beautiful residence in Stayton and owns seventeen acres of land near the town. Mr. Roy may well be called a self-made man, for by his persistence and energy he has brought himself to his present good financial circumstances.

On the 18th of March, 1882, he was united in marriage to Miss Anna Coulon, who is also a native of France, and they have become the parents of seven children: Eliza, who resides at home and is bookkeeper in a bank; Albert, who is a jeweler in Portland; Dina, who is now Mrs. Forrest Mack, of Stayton, and is the owner of a millinery store; Benjamin, who is in the jewelry store with his father; Milka and Ruth, at home; and Naomi, deceased.

In politics Mr. Roy was formerly a democrat but he now gives his political support to the independent party and has served as city treasurer for five years. Fraternally he is identified with the Independent Order of Odd Fellows at Stayton, and both he and his wife are members of the Baptist church. He is a straight-forward, energetic and successful business man and has proved to be a most valuable citizen in his adopted country.

W. W. OGLESBY, M. D., who since 1889 has been a prominent physician of Cottage Grove, distinguished himself early in practice by becoming a specialist in diphtheria cases and a widely-read author on the treatment of that disease. He has also been a noted horse breeder and shipper and both in his professional and business capacity has achieved marked renown. He was born in Columbus, Adams county, Illinois, a son of William and Mary D. (Stockton) Oglesby. The father was a native of South Carolina while the mother was born in Overton county, Tennessee, where their wedding was celebrated. They resided for several years in that state and then, in 1836, removed to Adams county, Illinois, where the father bought land and operated a farm, being one of the pioneers of that state. In 1843 he removed with his family to Schuyler county, Missouri, where he settled on a farm near the county seat and where he resided for ten years. In 1850 he crossed the plains to California and spent two years working in the gold mines. He then returned to his family in Missouri and in 1853, after disposing of his interests in that state, removed with his wife and children to Oregon, where he settled at Soda Springs in Lane county. The journey across the plains was made with a wagon train of which he was appointed captain, and the trip was without unusual incident. The family spent the winter at Soda Springs and then in the early spring removed to where Cottage Grove now stands and took up a donation claim of three hundred and twenty acres on Row river. There the family lived for nine years, when the father sold out and removed to the Rogue river valley, in Jackson county, and after farming there for two years went to Benton county, where he resided until 1878. He next removed to Weston, in Umatilla county, and, retiring, spent the remainder of his days with his son, the subject of this review. The mother passed away in the spring of 1880 at the age of seventy-three years, the father's death occurring in the following April, when he was seventy-six years of age. In their family were fourteen children of whom seven are still living, namely: Mrs. Sarah Knox, of Grants Pass, Oregon; W. W., of this review; Mrs. Malissa Derrick, of Springfield, Oregon; A. J., of Alsea; Mrs. Sylba Kahler, of Tacoma, Washington; Mrs. Lucetta Grant, of Harlan, Lincoln county, Oregon; and Mrs. Ida Thompson, of Salem, Oregon. The deceased are Samuel, Mrs. Elizabeth Kelly, Alexander, Mrs. Susan B. Cole, Mrs. Cynthia A. Robinson, Roscoe C., and Madison M.

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Dr. Oglesby spent the days of his boyhood and youth in Illinois and Missouri, where he received his preliminary education, and crossed the plains with his parents at the age of sixteen years. On the journey across the plains he drove an ox team all the way with the exception of two days and took his turn at standing guard and swimming rivers during the long trip. He remained with his parents until he attained the age of twenty-four years, assisting his father in the farm work and when opportunity permitted pursuing his education in the common schools. After he was twenty-four years of age he began working in the gold mines of southern Oregon, a vocation which he followed for four years. He then for several years farmed in Polk and Benton counties, after which he removed to Corvallis and began studying medicine. During the time he was there studying his wife died, and a little later he began the practice of his profession. He entered the Willamette University, taking two courses, after the completion of which he removed to Weston, Umatilla county, where he located for practice and remained for four years. During his residence in that city an epidemic of diphtheria attacked the people of that section and lasted two years. During his professional experience there Dr. Oglesby treated four hundred and ninety cases of that disease of the worst type, losing only about eighty-six cases. His method of treatment being particularly successful, he wrote out his theory of the treatment of the disease and this was published in the medical journals of the country and his system was largely adopted by physicians all over the country. His theory of treatment was also published verbatim in the Medical Therapeutics, published in London, England, and adopted by a large number of English physicians. During this time he also organized a company of soldiers to quell the Indian outbreak which had arisen and of this he became captain. Regarding his Indian fighting experience the Doctor has written a chapter for the historical volume of this work. In 1880 he removed to Fossil, Wheeler county, where for ten years he practiced his profession and during this time was extensively engaged in the raising of fancy horses. He came to be considered the horse king of the state and when he closed his business at Fossil he had shipped more than one thousand horses to San Francisco, many of them being sold during the latter part of his residence there. He removed in 1889 to Cottage Grove which has since been his place of residence. During all of the time he has lived in this city he has practiced his profession and is still thus engaged. He has the distinction of being the discoverer of the Bohemian gold mine and is still interested in properties there.

Dr. Oglesby was married twice, his first union being in 1865 to Miss Sarah J. Morrison, of Missouri. One daughter was born of that marriage, Anna, whose birth occurred December 18, 1868. She was given good educational opportunities, completing her training at the academy at The Dalles. She then took up the study of telegraphy and has held many positions as operator and was also manager of the Western Union Company at Colfax, Washington. She also became interested in newspaper work and for fifteen years at various times has been connected with that business. She was a delegate from the Oregon Press Association to the exposition at New Orleans in 1900 and also the Pan American exposition at Buffalo. She is also an author of originality and has written considerable verse showing a high degree of genius. Her mother died in Corvallis and in 1872 Dr. Oglesby was again married, his second union being with Miss Nancy Morrison, a sister of his former wife, who was born in Missouri, April 26, 1857, a daughter of the Rev. Joseph P. and Pernicy A. (Hale) Morrison. The father was born in South Carolina and the mother in Missouri. They were married in the latter state, where they lived until 1862, in which year they crossed the plains and became pioneers of Oregon, settling near Corvallis. After living in that place for a few years the family removed, in 1868, to California, where the father continued actively engaged as a minister in the Presbyterian church until his death, which occurred in 1887, having been a preacher for sixty-two years. The mother is still living at the age of seventy-nine years, having been thirty years younger than her husband. In their family were six children, three of whom are still living, namely: Isaac, of Los Angeles, California; Mrs. Nancy Oglesby; and William, of Kern county, California. The deceased members of the family were Sarah Jane, the first wife of Dr. Oglesby; Thomas C.; and Rachel A.

In his political faith Dr. Oglesby is a democrat. Fraternally he is a Royal Arch Mason, belongs to the Independent Order of Odd Fellows, the Knights of Pythias and the Elks, having filled all of the official chairs of the orders to which he belongs except in the last named lodge. He is affiliated with the Presbyterian church of which his family are also active and consistent members. Dr. Oglesby is one of the most valuable and prominent citizens of Cottage Grove where he has an extensive acquaintance and where he is universally respected. He holds the enviable position of being the beloved family physician in a large number of the homes of the community and although not as actively engaged in the practice as he was in earlier years he still has a very large number of clients who would think of employing no other doctor.

AMOS W. WALKER, who for eight years has been successfully identified with the business interests of Medford as the manager and proprietor of a livery stable, was born in Canada on the 22d of June, 1878, and is a son of Thomas and Anna Walker. The parents were born, reared and married in Canada and there they resided until 1894 when they crossed the border into the United States, locating in Lane county, Oregon.

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Here the father purchased the ranch which he continues to operate, agricultural pursuits having engaged his energies ever since the time when he became self-supporting. Three children were born to Mr. and Mrs. Walker, two of whom are still living.

Amos W. Walker was a youth of sixteen years when he came to the United States with his parents, his education having been acquired in the common schools of his native land. He remained at home assisting his father with the work of the fields and the care of the crops until he was twenty-one years of age, thus becoming thoroughly familiar with the manifold duties of the agriculturist. Feeling that he was fully qualified to begin ranching for himself, upon attaining his majority he left home and for five years thereafter devoted his attention to general farming and stock-raising, with a very satisfactory degree of success. Believing that a business career offered better remuneration for the same expenditure of energy, at the expiration of that time he disposed of his agricultural interests and went to Eugene, where he operated a livery stable for a year. At the end of that period he removed his equipment to Medford and has ever since been located here. He keeps thirty-five horses and has an excellent line of vehicles, and as his place is well kept up and he accords his patrons the most courteous and considerate treatment, he has built up a good trade.

In 1897 Mr. Walker was united in marriage to Miss Catherine Mulkey, a native of Iowa, and to them have been born four children, as follows: Ila F., Clarke J., Paul A. and Annabelle.

Mr. Walker is a stanch republican in his political views and fraternally he is affiliated with the Knights of Pythias, while both he and Mrs. Walker are members of the Christian church. He is diligent and enterprising and by reason of his intelligent direction of his undertakings is meeting with well merited success, and in addition to his finely equipped stable he owns a very pleasant residence property, on South Fir street.

MRS. MARGARET MATNEY is the surviving widow of Carl B. Matney, a native of Tennessee. Since the death of her husband Mrs. Matney has made her home with her son William who resides on his beautiful ranch located in Jackson county on Applegate river. Mrs. Matney was born March 24, 1845, a daughter of Lloyd and Mandy (Richardson) Maupin, and in 1853 at the age of eight years, she emigrated with her parents to Oregon. The overland journey across the plains was made with ox teams, and her father affected his settlement in the new country in the Willamette Valley. She was reared in her parents' home and educated in the public schools.

In the autumn of 1859 she was united in marriage to Carl B. Matney and to this union seventeen children were born, thirteen of whom are still living and have their residence in Oregon. The surviving children are: Jefferson, Nancy, Martha, Frank, Mary, William, George, John, Millard, Isaac, Icie, Anna and Maggie.

Immediately following the marriage of Mr. and Mrs. Matney, husband and wife united in the purchase of a farm of one hundred and sixty acres in Jackson county. This land they improved and upon it built their future home. Upon the death of her husband a material change in the affairs of the family necessitated a change of residence on the part of Mrs. Matney and she has since made her home with her son William, who is one of the enterprising and progressive farmers of this county. Mrs. Matney is a highly respected woman in her community and is a devoted member of the Methodist Episcopal church of Applegate.

J. B. STEWART. Farming and dairying occupy the time and attention of J. B. Stewart, who owns seventy-five acres of land in Washington county not far from Hillsboro. He was born in that county, July 7, 1855, a son of Charles and Martha (Woods) Stewart, both of whom were natives of Missouri. They arrived in Oregon in 1846, when this state was still under territorial rule and the work of progress and improvement had scarcely been begun within its borders. The father entered land here, gave his time to the improvement of his property and continued his residence in Oregon until his death, which occurred in 1898. His wife survived him for several years, passing away in August, 1904. In their family were eleven children, of whom four are still living: Martha J., now the wife of Andrew Jack, of Hillsboro; J. B., of this review; Emma, the wife of James McClarken, of Laurel, Oregon; and Charles H., a resident of Portland.

J. B. Stewart spent the days of his boyhood and youth in his parents' home and early became familiar with the arduous task of developing and improving a new farm. His early experience well qualified him for work of a similar character when he started out in life on his own account. For several years he worked as a farm hand in the employ of others and then rented and cultivated his father's farm for four years. On the expiration of that period he removed to Portland, where he spent four years as a teamster. The money which he had saved from his earnings, he then invested in the farm upon which he now resides—a tract of seventy-five acres of land which is rich and arable. He has placed good equipments upon the farm and uses the latest improved machinery to facilitate the work of the fields. In addition to raising the crops best adapted to soil and climate, he also makes a specialty of dairying, and his careful management of his business affairs has resulted in bringing to him a substantial annual income.

On the 30th of August, 1882, Mr. Stewart was married to Miss Lena Thing who was born in Scappoose, Oregon, a daughter of George M. and Caroline (Bozorth) Thing. The father was a native of Maine and the mother of Iowa, and in the year 1846 they came to Oregon, which was then a territory

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on the far frontier and gave little indication of the rapid settlement and improvement that was to transform it into the progressive state of the present day. The Indians were far more numerous than the white settlers and in pioneer times occasioned considerable trouble. The Thing family located in Scappoose and the father died August 5, 1898. The mother still survives at the age of sixty-nine years. In their family were eleven children, of whom eight are still living. Mr. and Mrs. Stewart have become the parents of ten children: Ernest C., now deceased; Bertha I., the wife of F. Edgerton, of Portland; Arthur W., also living in Portland; Ida E., the wife of I. H. Crawford of Portland; Jesse, deceased; Chester O., Margaret I., Hazel V., Stanley I. and Gladys E., all yet under the parental roof. Mr. Stewart is a member of the Grange. He gives his political support to the democratic party and has served as school director and road supervisor but has never sought nor desired public office, preferring to give his entire thought and labor to his chosen calling, in which he is making steady progress, being now recognized as one of the substantial farmers of Washington county.

AMOS M. McKEE is a native Oregonian, who by reputation and lifelong occupation has been identified with placer mining and is at present operating in a placer district located on Palmer creek. In addition to his mining interest he is the owner of a ranch of one hundred and sixty acres of fertile land located on Big Applegate creek, in Jackson county, this state. His birth occurred May 27, 1864, and he is a son of John M. and Mariam (Bowen) McKee.

Amos M. McKee received his education in the public schools. At a very early period in life he became interested in mining and since his youth he has continued to be identified with this industry, operating principally placer properties on Forest creek while at present he is working placer ground located on Palmer creek, this state. Besides his mining interests he is the owner of one hundred and sixty acres of choice farm land located on Big Applegate creek. He moved upon this property and for one year operated it under a lease, at the expiration of which he purchased the ranch upon which he has since resided.

Mr. McKee was united in marriage in 1887 to Miss Charlotte F. Pence. She is a native of Logan county, Illinois, and is the daughter of William Pence, who removed from Illinois to Oregon in 1876 and located in Applegate valley. To the family of Mr. and Mrs. McKee four children have been born: Ernest H., now employed in Hubbard's Implement Store in Medford; Floyd E.; Pearl A.; and Clara H., the three last named being at home with their parents.

Mr. McKee is a republican in politics, following the fortunes of his party in national and state issues. Though deeply interested in mining he still gives attention to the constant improvement and cultivation of his home ranch and is recognized as being a prosperous ranchman as well as a successful miner. He is always interested in any public measure affecting the betterment of the people in his county and state, and has proven himself to be public-spirited, enterprising and successful in all relations of life.

OLIVER SARGENT, deceased, was one of the early pioneers of Oregon. He was born in Iowa, August 4, 1849, and was the son of Abram and Nancy (Adams) Sargent, both of whom were natives of that state. He crossed the plains with ox teams at a very early date in company with his parents and settled in this state, and for the three years immediately following he was engaged in mining. He then purchased a farm of two hundred acres on Deer creek, of which he later sold eighty acres, and upon the one hundred and twenty acre tract which he retained, he established his home and continued to live during the remaining years of his life. He was a veteran of the Rogue River Indian war, having served as a drummer boy for three years, and was with his command during the most dangerous and trying period of that Indian outbreak. He passed away at his home in Josephine county in 1904.

Mr. Sargent was united in marriage on January 25, 1873, to Miss Mary Shoemake, a native of Iowa, who removed with her parents to Oregon in 1872. To Mr. and Mrs. Sargent five children were born, all of whom are still living, namely: Adelbert S., William D., Perry E., Ida M. and Daisy D. Mr. Sargent was affiliated with the republican party, and fraternally was a member of the Independent Order of Odd Fellows. He was a member of the Presbyterian church, as is also his widow, and was a man highly esteemed throughout his portion of the state not only as an industrious and successful farmer but also for the invaluable services which he had rendered as a patriot and soldier in the Indian war. His widow now resides on the old homestead and the farm is being successfully operated by one of the sons of their family.

ADAM WIRT NYE. The life history of A. W. Nye if written in detail would present a most complete picture of pioneer experiences in the northwest, when this was a frontier region. For many years he was identified with agricultural interests and stock-raising and at different times has occupied positions of public trust and responsibility. In every relation of life his record has been commendable and Umatilla county numbers him among her representative citizens. He is now living retired in Pendleton, enjoying a rest which he has truly earned and well deserves. He was born in Missouri, March 3, 1842, and is a son of Dr. James M. and Nancy (Calaway) Nye. The father was a native of Virginia and the mother of North Carolina. They removed westward to Missouri in 1841 and Dr. James M. Nye purchased land in Boone county. For ten years he was identified with agricultural interests in that state and in 1851 started for Califor-

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nia but died en route, passing away on the Little Blue river in June of that year. A considerable period of time passed and then the mother sought a home on the Pacific coast, journeying to Oregon in 1865. She located, however, just across the Columbia river at Vancouver, Washington, where she lived for ten years. She became a resident of Umatilla county in 1881 and afterward made her home with her children until her death, which occurred on the 29th of September, 1883. She was the mother of twelve children, of whom four are still living: Martha J., who is the wife of J. C. Maze, a resident of Elgin, Oregon; Elmira, who is the widow of Thomas Metsger and lives in Joplin, Missouri; Sarah M., who is the widow of R. M. Angell and makes her home in Ritzville, Washington; and A. W., of this review.

Adam Wirt Nye remained at home until nineteen years of age and then, starting out in life for himself, crossed the plains in 1862, spending the winter in Vancouver. In the spring of 1863 he came to eastern Oregon and for two years thereafter was engaged in freighting with pack mules. In 1865 he returned to Vancouver, where he married Miss Harriet J. Switzler, a native of Missouri, who had come to Oregon in 1845 with her parents, Mr. and Mrs. John Switzler, who settled on a donation land claim, which was the home of the father until his death. His family numbered seven children two of whom are living, Mrs. Nye and her brother, John B.

Following his marriage Adam Wirt Nye began farming on his brother's land near Vancouver, cultivating that tract for two years, after which he came to Umatilla county and purchased a ranch of one hundred and sixty acres, upon which he carried on general farming and stock-raising. In 1870, however, he disposed of his stock, purchased four hundred and eighty acres of land near Weston, and turned his attention to wheat-raising. For two years he engaged in the cultivation of that commodity and was then called to public office, being elected sheriff of Umatilla county, in which capacity he served for two years. On his retirement from that office he again took up farming and sheep-raising, and purchased one thousand acres of land on which he farmed for eleven years, when he sold out and became identified with commercial interests in Pendleton as proprietor of a furniture store, which he conducted for three years. He has since lived retired yet is still the owner of valuable property, including two hundred acres of land in this county and a three acre orchard adjoining the city limits of Pendleton. He has a fine residence and a cottage on Water and College streets. He has worked diligently and his unfaltering industry and determination constitute the basis of his success. He has never been afraid of earnest, indefatigable labor and as the years have passed by his determination and energy have enabled him to overcome all difficulties and obstacles and work his way steadily upward to the plane of affluence.

To Mr. and Mrs. Nye have been six children: Maud, deceased; William W., a resident of Idaho; Jessie M., the wife of W. C. Shults, of Portland; Thomas C., also of Portland; Harry, who has passed away; and Mabel, the wife of Lachlan Macleay, who is a resident of Tacoma, Washington.

A. W. Nye gives his support to the democratic party and holds membership with Pendleton Lodge, No. 52, F. & A. M., and Pendleton Chapter, No. 23, R. A. M. He has filled all of the chairs in the lodge and is loyal to the teachings and spirit of the craft, and at the present writing is high priest of the chapter. He and his wife are consistent members of the Episcopal church, in the work of which they are actively and helpfully interested. For ten years Mr. Nye served as librarian and secretary of the Commercial Club, of which he was made a life member. His fellow townsmen have high appreciation for his sterling worth and upright character and all who know him speak of him in terms of praise and high regard. He has never sought to figure prominently before the public but has been content day after day to do the duty nearest at hand, and in following this course he has won not only a substantial measure of success but the good-will and esteem of all with whom he has been brought in contact. He has been a resident of Oregon for a half century and has, therefore, been an interested witness of much of its growth and progress. Especially has he seen the conversion of the wild and arid district of eastern Oregon into rich and productive farms, in the midst of which are found enterprising and progressive towns and cities. Throughout he has always borne his part in the work of public progress in his locality and is justly accounted one of the public-spirited and representative citizens.

WILLIAM H. QUEENER. In every town and city there are men who, by the consensus of public opinion, are placed in the front ranks of the enterprising citizens. To this class belongs William H. Queener, who for the past thirty-two years has been successfully engaged in the practice of law in Stayton. A native of Missouri, he was born in Gentry county, January 28, 1851, the son of A. J. and Elizabeth (Whitton) Queener, both of whom were natives of Tennessee and were married in Missouri. The father, who followed the occupation of farming all his life, removed to Missouri in 1829 and resided there until 1865, when he crossed the plains with ox teams, making the journey in six months, during which time he and his companions were engaged in two Indian fights in which they were attacked by a thousand Indians. He settled in Oregon, near Scio, in Linn county, where he resided until his death in 1889. His wife survived him by five years, dying in 1894, and they are both buried in the Scio cemetery. They were the parents of thirteen children, as follows: A. G. and Margaret, who are deceased; Martha, the wife of Joseph Hill, of Palouse, Washington; Mary, Hulda and James P., all deceased; Sarah, who is the wife of John S. Morris, of Scio, Oregon; William H., of this review; Calvin, deceased; George W., of

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Scio; Belle, who is the wife of C. W. Caldwell, of Oregon; C. J., of Cottage Grove, Oregon; and one who died in infancy.

William H. Queener received his early education in Missouri and in 1876 began the study of law under Judge Orris Strahn, of Albany, where he remained for two years. Prior to this time he had served as county clerk for eight years. In 1880 he began the practice of law in Stayton and has been here ever since. In addition to the practice of his profession he is also engaged in the real-estate and insurance business.

In 1873 Mr. Queener was united in marriage to Miss M. J. Kelley and they have become the parents of seven children: Lula, who is the wife of John S. Cary, of Scio, Oregon; Edna M., now Mrs. Warren Richardson, of Stayton; Norman, of Pendleton, Oregan; Anna, who is the wife of T. B. Riggs, of Stayton; Bessie, who is the wife of Joseph J. Korinek, also of Stayton; Earl, of Pendleton; and Flora, the wife of Ed Sestak, of Stayton.

Mr. Queener gives his political allegiance to the democratic party, is interested in its success and welfare, and has served for six years as justice of the peace at Stayton and seven years as police judge. Fraternally he has been identified with the Order of Foresters of America, and both he and his wife are members of the Christian church. In his profession Mr. Queener has made continuous and steady progress and has thoroughly informed himself on the law bearing on every case which has been entrusted to his care. He has a wide circle of friends in the community where he has passed so many years of his life.

FRANK L. INGRAM, D. M. D., is a rising young dentist who since 1908 has been practicing his profession in Cottage Grove. He was born at Dayton, Washington, April 19, 1884, the son of J. H. and Elizabeth (Martin) Ingram, the former a native of Illinois. In 1852 the father with his family crossed the plains to Oregon, settling at Oregon City, where he began farming on land which he purchased there. For a number of years he was engaged in the cultivation and development of this farm and then moved to Dayton, Washington, in 1875. In that city he again invested in land and has since been interested in agricultural pursuits. He at present owns thirteen hundred acres of land, seven hundred acres of which is under a high state of cultivation, the remainder being in pasture. He was twice married. His first union was with a Miss Gillam and their family numbered three children: William, deceased; Charles, who resides on the home farm; and Fannie, who is the wife of Richard Largant, of Pullman, Washington. Mr. Ingram's second marriage was with Miss Elizabeth Martin and to this union six children were born, namely: John H., a resident of Clarkston, Washington; May, the wife of Clark Israel, of Dayton, Washington; Cora, deceased; Della, who is employed in the Bureau of Plant Industry at Washington, D. C.; Frank L., of this review; and Walter, of Dayton, Washington.

Dr. Ingram attended the common schools of Dayton, Washington, and was graduated from the high school at that place in 1903, later taking a course in a business college of Portland, Oregon. He then took up the study of dentistry in the North Pacific College of Dentistry at Portland, from which institution he was graduated in 1908. Immediately after his graduation he settled in Cottage Grove, establishing his office in that city on July 1st of that year. He owns a fine home in Cottage Grove and also has residence properties in Portland.

Dr. Ingram was married on the 23d of November, 1908, to Miss Maud Samuel, who was born in Missouri, August 13, 1887, a daughter of J. F. and Mattie Samuel. Her parents came west in 1892, locating first in Washington. In 1909 they came to Oregon and settled at Myrtle Creek, where they are still residing. The members of their family are: Homer; Leila, the wife of William Ingraham, of Spokane, Washington; and Maud, now Mrs. Frank L. Ingram. Mr. and Mrs. Ingram are the parents of a son, Clarence L., whose birth occurred on the 25th of May, 1911.

Dr. Ingram is a member of the Elks and the Woodmen of the World. He and his wife are adherents of the Baptist faith, being prominently identified with that denomination. Dr. Ingram, who has been thoroughly educated in dental science, is becoming well known and is successful in the practice of his profession and has a satisfactory and growing clientele. He is careful and thorough in his work and as an operator is developing a technique which is indicative of both his talent and training and argues well for his future career. He is popular in professional, fraternal, church and social circles and has a very extended acquaintance in the city and community, being greatly respected by all who know him.

EDGAR DODGE is a progressive, energetic young business man who has already become an important factor in retail mercantile circles in Eugene, being president and manager of the Dodge Department Store, Inc. Oregon claims him as one of her native sons, his birth having occurred in Marion county, April 22, 1873, his parents being Francis Marian and Jane (Caples) Dodge. The father was a native of Pennsylvania and was a son of John Dodge, who was born in Susquehanna county, Pennsylvania, in 1810. He in turn was the son of a farmer of that locality. He learned the trade of a brick mason and plasterer in early life. His parents died while he was yet young and at an early age he was forced to start out in the world on his own account. He was always independent in spirit and self-reliant and, moreover, displayed good judgment and earnest purpose. He never gave up when one avenue of opportunity seemed closed but sought out other paths by which he might reach the desired goal. He married Sarah Ives, a native of Middletown, Connecticut, and they made

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their home in Pennsylvania until 1844, when they removed to Stark county, Illinois. In 1853 they left that district for Oregon, making the long and tedious journey with slow plodding ox teams. At length, however, they had covered the long distance between the Mississippi valley and the Pacific coast and made their way direct to Salem, Oregon, where for ten years Mr. Dodge continued to reside. In 1863 he went to the Puget Sound country, settling fourteen miles from Olympia on the Miami prairie. After remaining there for a time, however, he returned to Marion county, Oregon, but later took up his abode permanently in Washington. Both he and his wife died at Mud Bay, John Dodge passing away at the age of eighty-two years, while his wife was seventy-six years of age at the time of her demise.

Of their children four reached adult age, of whom Francis Marian Dodge was the youngest. He was born in Crawford county, Pennsylvania, October 29, 1835, and acquired his education in the public schools of the Keystone state, the state of Illinois and of Salem, Oregon, as his parents removed to those various localities. He left home, however, soon after their arrival in the west. While living on Miami prairie in Washington he enlisted in 1855 as a member of a military company commanded by Captain Gilmore Hayes for service in the Cayuse Indian war. He took part in a number of engagements, including the battles of White River, South Prairie, Connell Prairie and Walla Walla and was a member of Shaw's train when it was captured. At the cessation of hostilities he was mustered out and after a year returned to Miami prairie, where he had previously taken up a donation claim, remaining thereon until 1861, when he returned to Oregon. For eight or ten years thereafter he was engaged in teaching at St. Johns, not far from Portland, and he invested his savings in land near the Rose city. He lived there for a year and then purchased one hundred and sixty acres, which he made his home until his death in 1906. This place is located on Butte Creek, three and a half mile east of Woodburn. When he purchased the tract it was all wild land save six or seven acres which were brought under cultivation, but he at once began its further development and soon transformed it into productive fields.

In 1865 Francis M. Dodge was married to Miss Jane Caples, who was born in Andrew county, Missouri, November 2, 1847, and in 1849 was brought across the plains by her parents, Dr. William and Nancy (Nowell) Caples, whose family numbered six children. Under Mr. and Mrs. Francis M. Dodge were also born six children, of whom four reached manhood or womanhood, namely: Elmer John, who is living on the old homestead; Edgar; Walter S., who resides on the old home place; and Lizzie Willema, the wife of Elmer Pugh, of Vancouver, Washington. The parents were members of the United Brethren church and also belonged to the Oregon Pioneer Association.

Edgar Dodge was educated in the public schools and in the Presbyterian College at Monmouth, from which he was graduated with the class of 1894. He then began clerking in a dry-goods store at Vancouver, British Columbia, and removed from that city to Eugene about 1903. Six years ago he started his present business known as the Dodge Department Store. This is the outgrowth of a business established by the firm of Scobert & Dodge. In 1909 it was incorporated with Mr. Dodge as the president and manager and M. F. McClain as the secretary. The business has always been carried on at its present location and they now have a large and well selected line of goods in their various departments, their store being one of the leading retail mercantile enterprises of Eugene. Mr. Dodge combines hop culture with his mercantile interests, having forty acres planted to that crop on the farm which has been the family's homestead, about three miles east of Woodburn. He maintains an office—a buying rather than a selling agency—at 129 West Twenty-seventh street, New York city, where he has a man representing him in matters relating to his eastern business, which consists of the purchase of dry goods for the Dodge Department Store and the sale of the crops of hops. The Dodge Department Stores, Inc. are the largest wholesale produce dealers in the Willamette valley and Mr. Dodge is well known in this connection throughout the western and southern states.

In 1898 Mr. Dodge was married to Miss Myrtle Scobert and they have one child, Ray. Mr. Dodge belongs to Spencer Butte Lodge, I. O. O. F., and Wimawhala Encampment, No. 6. He is also connected with Eugene Camp, No. 115, W. O. W., and with Eugene Lodge, No. 357, B. P. O. E. He is preeminently a man of affairs, alert, energetic and progressive, and he has already made for himself a prominent position in commercial circles and is steadily climbing the path of advancement and success.

DAVID PETER BUCKLEY, who resides upon and assists in the operation of a magnificent estate adjoining Ruch, is one of Oregon's favored sons, who not only was so fortunate as to first see the light of day in this splendid state but was also reared by most excellent parents and given a good common-school education. He is the son of James D. and Maggie (Riley) Buckley, the former born in Ireland and the latter in the state of New Jersey. His birth occurred January 19, 1881, and he is one of seven children born to his parents, the other members of the family being: Rose; John D.; James F.; Mary Catherine; Frances, who died in 1884; and George. More detailed information regarding the ancestry of Mr. Buckley, will be found in the biographical review introduced by the name of Mrs. Maggie Buckley, on another page of this work.

David P. Buckley was reared on the home farm adjoining Ruch, where he acquired a good common-school education and assisted his father with the farm work. He was given

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good training so that when he attained his majority he was able to so direct his efforts that he has since been a very successful farmer and it is largely through his efforts that the old homestead has been kept in such excellent condition and made from year to year to yield its golden harvests, the farm now being known as one of the most valuable and best managed in the community.

In his political views Mr. Buckley is an adherent of the principles and practices of the democracy and although he gives his principal attention to business, he still finds time to take a commendable interest in affairs of state. He is an earnest and consistent member of the Catholic church, in which he was reared, and by his life of uprightness and industry he has long since been known as one of the most estimable young men of the community and the future for him is bright with promise. Being of a companionable and genial disposition he has made many friends and is popular particularly in the younger set of the community.

JOHN BARKER has been a resident of Oregon since 1882, when he became located near Hillsboro and afterward built a sawmill and electric light plant at Tillamook. He is interested in gold mining, was in the saloon business for six years in Cottage Grove and has recently been conducting a cigar store in this city, where he owns property as well as in Florence, and possesses one hundred and sixty acres of fine commercial timber containing eight million feet. He was born in Indiana, April 24, 1858, a son of Luke and Delila (Mercer) Barker. The father was a native of Vermont while the mother was born in Ohio, their wedding being celebrated in Indiana where they lived until the father died in 1876. The mother's death occurred in 1888. The former by trade was a carpenter and although he owned a fine farm he worked at his trade during his lifetime. Unto Mr. and Mrs. Barker were born ten children, as follows: Annis McCormick, of Everett, Washington; William, of British Columbia; H. S., of Portland; John, of this review; Angie, who married George Baker, of Everett; two who passed away in infancy; and Elinore, Alice and Eliza, who are also deceased.

John Barker remained with his parents in Indiana, where he received a common-school education, until twenty-four years of age. At the age of sixteen years he began working at various occupations for wages although continuing to reside at home until in 1882, when he removed to Oregon and settled at Hillsboro, where he operated a logging camp. He continued thus employed until 1900 and during the time he was logging he built a sawmill at Tillamook, operating it in connection with his other business. He also erected an electric light plant in that city, which he operated until 1898. He then sold all of his interests at Tillamook and Hillsboro and began operating a stage line and mail service between Yamhill and Tillamook, a business which he followed for two years, after which he came to Cottage Grove and for six years conducted a saloon. He then became interested in gold mining to which he gave his attention for a time, after which he purchased a cigar store which he still conducts. He owns a home in Cottage Grove and also has property at Florence and is the owner of one hundred and sixty acres of fine timber land.

Mr. Barker was married in 1909 to Mrs. Malinda Underwood, the widow of H. E. Underwood, and a daughter of Robert Carie. Mrs. Barker was born in Missouri and came with her parents to Oregon in 1876, the family settling in Cottage Grove. Her mother died in 1890 and in 1909 the father passed away. In their family were four children, of whom Mrs. Barker was the third in order of birth, the others being: Mrs. Ellen Markley, of Cottage Grove; Mrs. Mattie Medley, also of this city; and Frank, who died in 1884.

Mr. Barker in his political faith is a republican and served as treasurer of Tillamook county for four years. He also was one of the first aldermen of that place after it was incorporated as a city. His fraternal relations are limited to membership in the Elks. The family belong to the Christian church and are well known and popular in the social circles of the community in which they move. Mr. Barker has been an active man since being connected with the business interests of the various communities in Oregon where he has resided and has formed a large acquaintance, being popular with all who know him. He is a well educated man, having received a good common-school and business education before coming to Oregon, and also attending night school for a time after taking up his residence in this state. He has been very successful in his business operations, always being careful regarding all details of his work and using good judgment in all of his transactions. He is one of the self-made men of Cottage Grove and, starting out with practically nothing, he has acquired a very comfortable competence which is constantly increasing as values rise.

JESSE A. SMITH, one of the successful agriculturists of Oregon, is located ten miles up the Coos river from Marshfield, where he is specializing in dairy farming. He was born on the south fork of the Coos river, ten miles above Marshfield, on April 29, 1872, and is the son of Nathan and Emily (Hobson) Smith, of whom extended mention is made in the sketch of L. D. Smith, the brother of our subject.

Jesse A. Smith was reared in his parents' home and received his early education in the common schools of Coos county. About twelve years ago he purchased one hundred and thirty acres of his father's homestead and has since continued to be engaged in agricultural pursuits. From the beginning of his business career he has made a specialty of dairy farming and stock-raising and in addition to these interests for the past eight years his time during the summer months

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JESSE A. SMITH AND FAMILY

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has been devoted to the duties of forest ranger, to which office he is a regular appointee. His dairy farm is one of the most perfectly equipped and scientifically conducted of his part of the state.

Mr. Smith was united in marriage in 1895 to Miss Louisa M. Danielson, who was born on the Coquille river in Oregon, October 25, 1872. Mrs. Smith is a daughter of Stian and Elizabeth (Thrush) Danielson, the former a native of Norway and the latter of California. The father emigrated to America when fifteen years of age and first settled on the Coquille river, in Coos county, Oregon, where he purchased one hundred and sixty acres of land upon which he lived until the time of his death, which occurred in 1909. The mother, at the age of fifty-seven, still resides upon the old homestead, which now consists of three hundred and twenty acres. To Mr. and Mrs. Danielson nine children were born, Louisa M., Rosetta, Frank D., John E., Lillie May, Tora E., Rena L., Richard and Christopher. Mr. and Mrs. Smith are the parents of five children: Estella May, born July 17, 1896, who is attending school and is also studying music; Enos J. H., who was born June 1, 1898, and is now attending school; Rosetta P., who was born June 19, 1900, and is also attending school; Jessie O., born September 7, 1902; and Stian E., born October 19, 1905.

Mr. Smith is affiliated with the republican party but has never allowed his name to be used as a candidate for any public office. Fraternally he is connected with the Knights of Pythias and also with the Woodmen of the World, of Marshfield. Both he and his wife are members of the United Brethren church. Mr. Smith is one of the well known and highly respected men of Coos county. His success in dairy farming has made him one of the popular leaders of that branch of agricultural industry and his progressive views of stock-raising and agriculture justly entitle him to be numbered among the most useful citizens of Oregon.

EDMUND ALEXANDER PARKER was an Oregon pioneer who migrated to this state in 1850 and took up three hundred and twenty acres of government land in Clackamas county, where he lived for many years. He afterward became a druggist at Oregon City, where he remained in business for ten years and then conducted a similar line of trade in Albany for five years, after which he sold out and retired. He was a most popular man in the community and a valued citizen. At the time of his death, which occurred in May, 1901, he owned a fine home in Albany, having disposed of his other property. He was a son of Captain Harry and Martha (Mitchell) Parker, both natives of Kentucky, in which state their marriage was celebrated and where they lived for a time, after which they removed to Missouri. The father attained the age of eighty-nine years and the mother passed away several years previous to her husband's death, both dying in Missouri. To them were born the following children, eight of whom have passed away: Edmund Alexander, of this review; Moss, deceased; Susan, who married John Stone, of Missouri; Duke, who was killed in the Civil war; Nanna, the wife of Thomas P. Jones, of Cameron, Missouri; Maria, the wife of John Knoch, of Kidder, Missouri; Cooper, deceased; Bazal, a twin brother of Cooper, who has also passed away; Harry, deceased; Theodore, residing in Cameron, Missouri; Margaret, who died in infancy; and Russel, deceased.

Edmund Alexander Parker remained with his parents until he attained the age of nineteen years, when in 1850 he removed to Clackamas county, Oregon, crossing the plains with ox team in company with his cousins, Thadeus and R. R. Thomas. In the Blue mountain district of Oregon the oxen all died and the emigrants were compelled to leave their wagons and equipment and walk to the first settlement, where they paid a dollar each for meals. They remained there for a time until they were sufficiently rested to pursue their journey to Clackamas county, and in the spring of 1852 went to California by ox team for the purpose of digging gold. Becoming discouraged, however, before they reached their destination, they returned to Oregon where Mr. Parker took up a donation claim of three hundred and twenty acres in Clackamas county, upon which he resided for several years. After his marriage he sold this land and embarked in the drug business in Oregon City, where he resided for ten years. He then sold his store and removed to Albany, Linn county, there engaging in the same business for five years. At the end of that time he also sold that business and retired, living in Albany until the time of his death. In that city he owned a fine home.

Mr. Parker was married in March, 1856, to Miss Sarah E. Bell, who was born in Kentucky, November 2, 1840, a daughter of Archibald and Harriet L. (Baker) Bell, also natives of Kentucky. The parents were married in the Blue Grass state and resided at Louisville until the mother's death, which occurred in 1851. In June of the following year the father crossed the plains to Oregon, settling at Astoria, and after living there for a short time removed to Marion county in 1854, later taking up government land near Oregon City. While living in Oregon he purchased land in several different sections of the state and also operated a drug store at Oregon City and one at Albany. He then removed to Washington, where he took up one hundred and sixty acres of land, and after residing in that city for three years, returned to Oregon, settling in Clackamas county, where he lived until his death in 1901. Unto Mr. and Mrs. Bell were born seven children, namely: James H., whose death occurred at Hillhurst, Washington; Mary F., the widow of Captain Letts, her home being in Portland, Oregon; Samuel L., who died in Washington; Sarah E., now Mrs. Parker; Elizabeth T., who married R. R. Thomas, of Clackamas county; Isabelle, who passed away at the age of three years; and

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Harriet B., who died in infancy. Mr. and Mrs. Parker became the parents of seven children, namely: Virgil, an elder in the Methodist church, who was born in 1857 and died in 1904; Flora, who was born in 1858 and is the wife of N. H. Wheeler, of Albany, Oregon; Harry H., born in 1860, engaged in mining in the Bohemia district, Lane county; Edmund A., born in 1862, a stockman in eastern Oregon; Walter M., born in 1864, carrying on a mercantile business in Albany; T. Roderick, who was born in Clackamas county, in 1869, and who is engaged in the bakery business at Cottage Grove; and Nina the wife of W. J. Ortell, of Spokane, in which city he operates a wholesale stationery establishment. The youngest son, T. Roderick, married Miss Mary E. Prettyman, who was born in Multnomah county in 1873, a daughter of W. D. Prettyman, of Linn county, Oregon. She is one of four children born unto her parents, being the second in order of birth, the others being as follows: John, who died in infancy; Perry, an engineer of Albany; and Lena, the wife of L. A. Kroshel, who is engaged in the ice business. T. Roderick Parker has two children: Martha Ellen, born in 1904; and Mary Ellen, born in 1907.

After the death of Mr. Parker his widow operated a private boarding house until 1903, when she removed to Cottage Grove, although she still owns her property in Albany, where she and her son are conducting a bakery which is one of the two bakeries in that city. Mr. Parker was a republican in his political faith and was for many years up to the time of his death city treasurer of Albany. Fraternally he belonged to the Independent Order of Odd Fellows and the Ancient Order of United Workmen. The family in their religious faith are Presbyterians, being actively engaged in church work. Mr. Parker was a man of broad intellectual attainment and also possessed marked business ability. He won and kept many friends and his memory is still held dear to a large number of the people in the cities where he resided and conducted business. His widow and her family are prominent in Cottage Grove, and they are held in high esteem by a large circle of friends.

ALPHONSO D. BOONE is one of the well known early pioneers of Oregon, having first settled in this state in 1846, since which time he has been actively identified with the exception of two years, which he spent in California, with the growth and development of Coos county. He is now located a mile and a quarter beyond Sumner at the head of navigation on Catchings inlet, where he is engaged in general farming. He was born near Jefferson City, Missouri, in 1837 and is the son of Alphonso and Nancy L. Boone, who were second cousins. The paternal grandfather was a great-grandson of Daniel Boone of pioneer Kentucky fame. The father was a native of Kentucky and was a planter in that state in early life, but later removed to Missouri, settling in that state at a time when its domain constituted the southwestern border country in the central western states. He emigrated to Oregon in 1846, settling twelve miles above Oregon City, on the site of the future Wilsonville. To Mr. and Mrs. Alphonso Boone the following children were born: Jesse, deceased; Chloe D., who was the wife of ex-Governor Curry, both deceased; George L., who served in the Mexican war, deceased; Mary E., who was the wife of Thomas Norris, both deceased; Joseph C. and J. Morris, both deceased; Lucy, who was the wife of Thomas Musick, both deceased; and Alphonso D., the subject of this review.

Alphonso D. Boone was reared in his father's home and when a child of nine years of age emigrated with him to Oregon and later with his father removed to California in 1849 where his father's death occurred in that year. He then returned to Oregon, settling on the Willamette river at which place he lived for two years with his brother-in-law, ex-Governor Curry, after which he engaged in steamboating, running between Oregon City, Corvallis and Eugene, continuing in that employment for the five succeeding years. He then removed to British Columbia where he was engaged in mining for one year when he returned to Oregon and again engaged in steamboating on the Willamette river for four continuous years. He then changed his sphere of operations to the Columbia river on which he continued in the steamboat business for some time and later engaged in the same line of work in Idaho for one and one-half years, after which he returned to Oregon City and there operated the steamboat between that place and Portland for one year. In 1869 he removed to Coos county where he took up a homestead located on Catchings inlet, at the head of navigation. After completing the necessary work in the matter of obtaining a homestead he engaged in the steamboat business on the Umpqua river and continued in that employment for one and one-half years. He then went to Coos bay and there operated a steamboat for Captain Nathan Lane, who is tne son of General Joseph Lane, of Mexican war fame. He continued on Coos bay for one year and a half and then established his home on Catchings inlet where he now resides.

Mr. Boone was united in marriage to Miss Nancy N. Barker, in 1875, the daughter of Henry and Sarah (Nolan) Barker, both of whom were natives of Kentucky. To Mr. and Mrs. Henry Barker twelve children were born, three of whom are still living, namely: Elizabeth, the widow of Thomas Miller, of Dixon, California; J. L., a resident of Fairview, Oregon; and Nancy N., the wife of the subject of this review. To Mr. and Mrs. Alphonso D. Boone six children have been born. Jesse Archie is in the employ of the Southern Pacific Railroad with headquarters at Marshfield, Oregon, and is the father of two children, Mark and Harold. Louisa is the wife of William Cordell, a conductor on the Southern Pacific Railroad, by whom she has three children, Alton, Florence and Marion. James L. is in the employ of the Smith

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Powers Logging Company. Mary Ethel is the wife of Lorenzo Belieu, of Marshfield, Oregon. Harry Cleveland is engaged in the cultivation of his father's ranch. Myrtle Leola, who completes the family, married Dr. N. H. Hansen, of Washington, by whom she has one child, Lloyd Boone.

Mr. Boone is a member of the democratic party. He has, however, never allowed his name to be used as a candidate for public office. When he started for Oregon he carried with him the compass of his great ancestor, Daniel Boone, and had the misfortune to have that priceless heirloom stolen by the Indians on his journey. Mr. Boone is the brother-in-law of ex-Governor Curry, for whom Curry county is named, and is also the nephew of ex-Governor Boggs, of Missouri.

Mr. Boone is one of the best known men in his part of the state. His life as a steamboat man in the early days brought him in contact with the general public and his long business life has been distinguished for his varied activities in many of the enterprises which have contributed to the development of Coos county. He is a man of great personal honor and is one of the valued and esteemed citizens of Oregon.

C. A. JOHNSON is one of the very successful business men of Marshfield, where he is engaged in the furniture business and also in the general contracting and building business. He was born in Finland, November 15, 1849, and is a son of John and Elreka Johnson. His parents were both natives of Finland, where his mother is still living at the advanced age of eighty-three years, his father having passed away in 1911 at the age of eighty-five years. Unto them were born thirteen children of whom seven are still living: C. A., of this review; Erick, of Marshfield; Marie; Ida; Edla; Anna, of Finland; and Otto, also a resident of that country.

C. A. Johnson was reared in his parents' home and received his early education in his native land. He emigrated to America at the age of twenty-two years and made his first settlement in the new world in Boston, Massachusetts, where he continued to reside for two years. In 1874 he removed to California, making the journey by train, reaching San Francisco in February of that year. He at once proceeded to North Bend, Coos county, and there secured employment in the shipyards and continued in that occupation for twelve continuous years, during which time he established his home at Marshfield, where he has since continued to reside. In 1886 in company with W. O. Christensen he built the commodious and substantial furniture store which he still owns and in which he established a general furniture business. In the conduct of that establishment he has been successful from the start and in addition to the attention required in its operation he is also engaged in the contracting and building business and gives some portion of his time to work on the vessels plying on the river and on Coos bay. He was formerly the owner and successful operator of a modern pile driver which he kept in commission, doing harbor and bridge work at points along the river in the vicinity of Marshfield. He also owns seven acres of land and fifteen valuable lots, all in the desirable residence district of that city, and the real estate and building connected with his furniture establishment and two valuable business lots located on one of the principal streets of Marshfield. He has large interests at North Bend and East Marshfield.

Mr. Johnson was united in marriage at Marshfield, January 4, 1879, to Miss Minnie Ogren, who is a native of Finland and who emigrated to this country with her mother when she was a child of ten. Her parents were both natives of Finland and in that country the father died some years before Mrs. Ogren came to America. In their family were three daughters: Minnie; Ida, the wife of W. W. Douglas, of Marshfield; and Eliza, who married James Lee Brown, also of that city. The mother of this family died at Marshfield in 1908. By her marriage to Mr. Johnson, the eldest daughter became the mother of twelve children, eleven of whom are still living: Ada, the wife of John Merchant, of Marshfield; Clara, still at home with her father; Ellen, the wife of Albert Seelig, of Marshfield; Carl W., who lives with his father and is engaged in business with him in the furniture store at Marshfield; Selma, at home; Norman E., also at home and employed in his father's store; George, attending high school; Alton, Edward and Agnes, who are also pursuing their education; and Rudolph, who completes the family. One child passed away in infancy.

Mr. Johnson is fraternally associated with the Independent Order of Odd Fellows and is a member of the board of trustees of that lodge. He is also a member of the Ancient Order of United Workmen. He is a republican in politics but no office seeker, and he and his family are members of the Lutheran church at Marshfield. He has a record for business activity which for many years past has challenged the admiration of the business men of that city. He is one of the highly respected men of his city and has been uniformly successful in the conduct of his business. He is always to be relied upon to give his influence and assistance within his power to the advancement of every measure of public interest intended to advance and improve the educational and religious conditions of the people in his county and city.

JACOB P. MOOMAW is one of the enterprising farmers of Josephine county, where he is engaged in the cultivation of a fine ranch located at Williams Creek, near Williams, in this state. He was born in Virginia, December 17, 1837, and is the son of Philip and Susan (Peters) Moomaw, who became the parents of nine children, of whom the eldest is the subject of this review.

Jacob P. Moomaw was reared in his parents' home and received his early education in the public schools. He remained under

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the parental roof until twenty-five years of age and at that time enlisted as a volunteer in the Confederate army and continued in that service for a period of eighteen months, after which he was honorably discharged and mustered out of service at Richmond, Virginia. He then engaged in farming and later entered educational work and taught school for six months. In 1895 he emigrated to Oregon and settled at Eagle Point upon eighty acres of land, where he established his home and some years afterward removed to Williams Creek, where he purchased eighty acres of land, upon which he resides, and is now engaged in its cultivation.

Mr. Moomaw was united in marriage on February 2, 1862, to Miss Mary Zollman, a native of Virginia, and to them nine children were born, Charles, Ora, Ellic, Mary, Ben, John, Jewel, Jasper and Virginia. Mr. Moomaw is affiliated with the republican party, and is an elder of the Dunkard church, of which he has been a member since 1862. He is one of the enterprising and successful agriculturists of his section of the state and is a man whose influence is always readily secured to assist in the advancement of any enterprise affecting the welfare of the community in which he resides.

NICHOLAS BABI, who figured for many years as a successful dairyman of Tillamook county, his enterprise and energy ranking him with the representative business men of his locality, was born in Switzerland on the 16th of April, 1847. He pursued his education in his native land and came to America in 1871 when twenty-four years of age. Landing in New York city he worked there for about two years and then made his way westward to St. Louis. He secured employment on a dairy farm near the city, remaining there for three years, and in 1882 he again started westward with his wife, Tillamook county, Oregon, being their destination. For a brief period he was employed as a farm hand and then purchased seventy-seven acres of land two and one-half miles east of the city of Tillamook. He made all the improvements upon the place, and although he started in a quiet way he gradually won success and gained a place among the prosperous dairymen of the county. He kept a large number of high grade cows and the product of his dairy found a ready sale for it was well known that neatness and sanitary conditions regulated the conduct of his interests while honorable business methods were employed in the conduct of his transactions. He operated his farm until his demise which occurred on the 3d of March, 1901.

Mr. Babi was married to Miss Barbara Fishbacher, a daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Melchior Fishbacher who were farming people of Switzerland. In that country Mrs. Babi was born April 22, 1845, and in 1874 she came to America. The marriage of Mr. and Mrs. Babi was celebrated in the state of New York in 1878, and much of their happy married life was passed in Oregon. Two children, both of whom are now married, were reared in the home of Mr. and Mrs. Babi. After the death of her husband, Mrs. Babi continued to conduct the home place in Tillamook county until 1909 when she disposed of the farm and purchased a pleasant home in the city of Tillamook where she now resides.

Mr. Babi was a democrat in his political views and his religious faith was that of the Catholic church. His wife, however, is a member of the German Reformed church of Tillamook. She lives in the city and has many friends in the town and throughout the surrounding country to whom she ever offers a cordial hospitality.

NELSON HOSMER has occupied his fine ranch on Foot's creek, near Rogue River, which contains four hundred acres, since 1879, though his first purchase consisted of only about two hundred and forty acres. Of this fine body of land one hundred and forty acres is under intensive cultivation and is well improved. He was born in Vermont, November 14, 1831, the son of Josiah D. and Louisa Hosmer, both of whom were natives of the Green Mountain state. In their family were ten children, two of whom survive.

Nelson Hosmer received a good common-school education and remained under the parental roof until he attained his eighteenth year, after which he began working as a laborer. At the end of a year he began to learn the carpenter's trade, at which he worked for four years in his native state. In the fall of 1855 he came to California and began working at mining and teaming. After a time thus employed he embarked in the sawmill business, with which he was connected for five years. In 1879 he came to Oregon and settled on a farm which he purchased in Jackson county. This property, which is situated on Foot's creek, originally comprised two hundred and forty acres, but he has since increased his holdings by purchasing one hundred and sixty acres additional and he now has a fine farm of four hundred acres, of which one hundred and forty acres is under a high state of cultivation.

In April, 1881, Mr. Hosmer was united in marriage to Mrs. Martha J. (Kester) Mathews, widow of John Mathews, and a daughter of Henry and Elmira (Galbraith) Kester. By her former marriage Mrs. Hosmer has three children: Bessie, the wife of Charles Anderson; Alice, the wife of A. S. Rosenbaum, of Medford; and Grant, who resides in Jackson county. The parents of Mrs. Hosmer were natives of Virginia and Kentucky, respectively. At an early date they removed to Missouri, where the father died. Afterward, in 1860, the mother with her family crossed the plains with ox team and settled in California, where her death occurred. Of her family of eight children three are now living. Mrs. Hosmer is a member of the Christian Scientist church and takes a deep interest in the affairs of that denomination.

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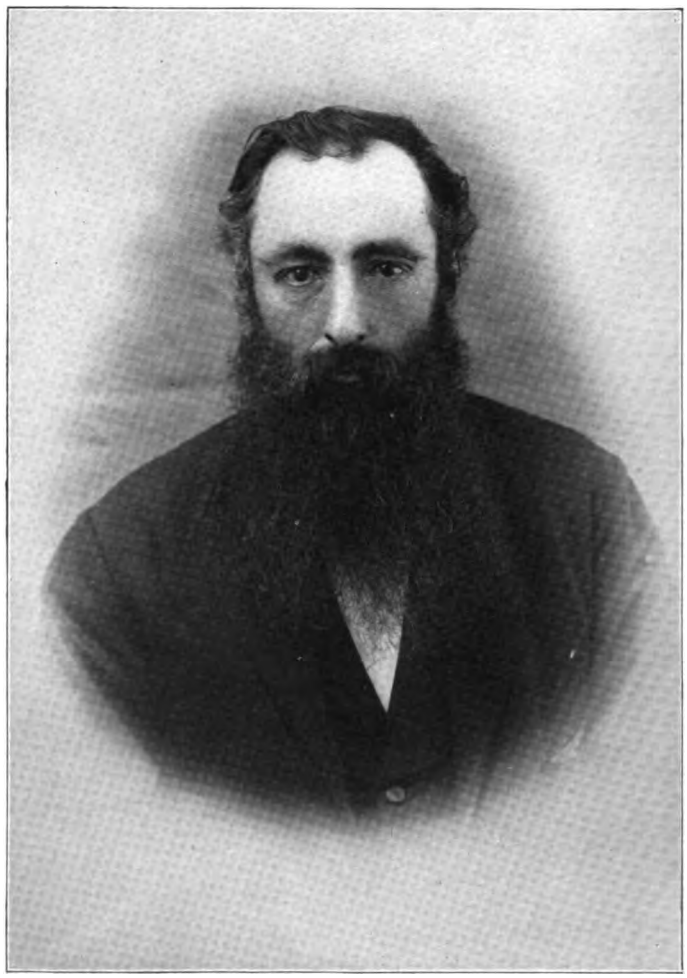

NICHOLAS BABI

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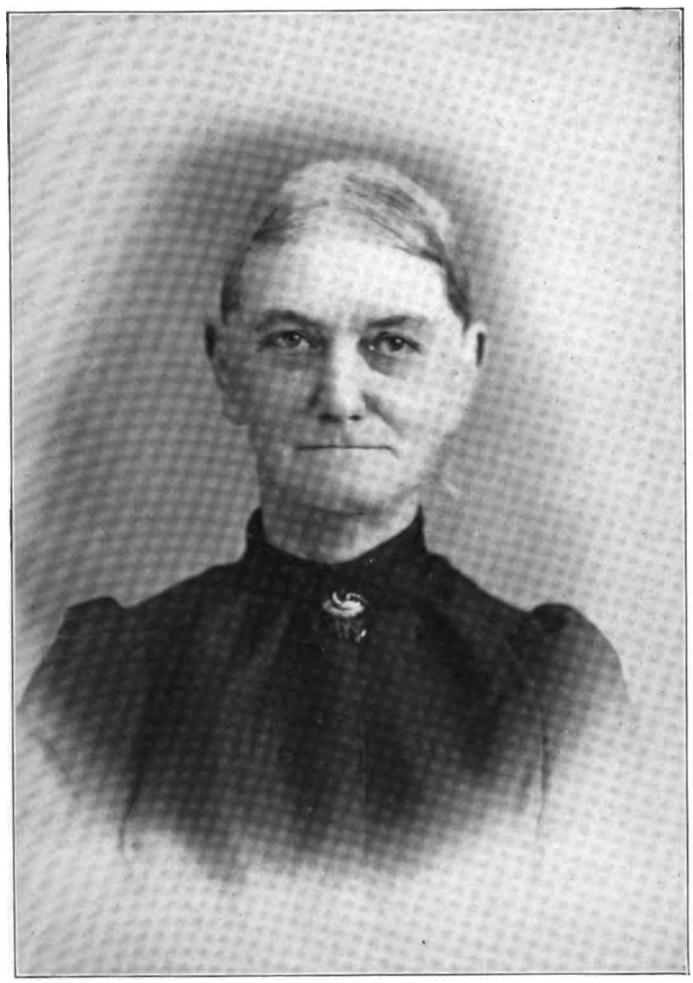

MRS. NICHOLAS BABI

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In his political faith Mr. Hosmer is a member of the republican party, in the councils of which he has taken an active part. For fifteen years he served on the board of commissioners and he has been justice of the peace for two terms. He belongs to the Masonic fraternity and his life is guided by the beneficent teachings of that order. In the person of Nelson Hosmer the community of which he is a member has a public-spirited citizen of great value. He is actively engaged not only in business but in all those enterprises which make for better civilization and an increase in the number of conveniences of rural life. In official as well as in business life he is most efficient and equitable and is popular alike in his business and political capacity.

LEONARD S. HOPFIELD, conducting an abstract and insurance business in McMinnville, in which connection he has secured a good clientage and proven himself worthy of the liberal support that is given him, was born in Portland, Oregon, December 28, 1879. He has thus always resided in the northwest and early became imbued with the spirit of enterprise and progress, which has been the dominant factor in the upbuilding of this section of the country. His parents were John and Sarah (Clow) Hopfield, the former a native of Germany and the latter of England. They arrived in Oregon in 1875, settling near Portland, and are now residents of McMinnville. The father served as a soldier of the Civil war, enlisting in Company K, of the Thirtieth Regiment of Wisconsin Infantry, with which he served for four years, and although he participated in many hotly contested engagements which led up to the final victory that crowned the Union arms, he was never wounded. Unto him and his wife were born nine children, of whom six are now living, namely: Louis D., who is now living in California; John W., a resident of Tillamook county, Oregon; Leonard S.; A. W., whose home is in Hammonton, California; Minnie, the wife of Frank Liese, of Portland, Oregon; and Maud, at home.

Leonard S. Hopfield spent his youthful days under the parental roof, starting out in life for himself when he had attained his majority. For a year he filled the position of clerk in a store, but not content with the educational advantages he had already received, he entered the McMinnville College, from which he was graduated in 1901. After putting aside his text-books, he secured the position of court stenographer and served in that capacity for a year. He afterward filled the position of deputy postmaster at Roseburg, Oregon, for some time and at his marriage took up his abode upon the old home farm, which he cultivated for a year. On the expiration of that period he once more became a resident of McMinnville, where he joined W. H. Latourette in the conduct of an insurance and real-estate agency, continuing in that connection for two years. He next turned his attention to the abstract and insurance business, in which he has since been engaged. He writes a large amount of insurance annually, his clientage constantly increasing, so that his business has now assumed large and profitable proportions.

It was on the 28th of September, 1904, that Mr. Hopfield was united in marriage to Miss Ruby G. Sargent, who was born in Yamhill county, on the same farm where her mother's birth occurred. The land was secured by her grandfather, Reuben Gant, as a donation claim and he is still one of the honored pioneer citizens of this section, having reached the age of ninety-four years. He crossed the plains in 1845 and drove the first ox team to this county, settling here when it was a wild and undeveloped region in which the seeds of civilization had not yet been planted. He yet owns a part of the old farm which came into his possession from the government. The parents of Mrs. Hopfield are both living and in their family were four children: Albert R., who is now a practicing physician in Alaska; Mrs. Hopfield; and two who have passed away. Unto Mr. and Mrs. Hopfield has been born a daughter, Mildred Lorene, whose natal day was February 9, 1906. The family occupy a beautiful residence in McMinnville and Mr. Hopfield also owns another residence property. He is one of the prosperous and progressive young business men of the city and his worth in commercial and financial circles and in other connections is widely acknowledged. In June, 1908, he was chosen justice of the peace, which position he has now filled for three and one-half years, discharging his duties in a uniformly just and equitable manner. His circle of friends is always coextensive with the circle of his acquaintances, and the high regard entertained for him by those with whom he has come in contact indicates a well spent life.

HART M. MANVILLE is the owner and proprietor of one of the most up-to-date and best stocked new and second-hand furniture stores in Eugene and enjoys the reputation throughout Lane county of being one of the reliable and progressive dealers in his chosen line. He was born in Springboro, Crawford county, Pennsylvania, March 29, 1858, a son of George C. and Lydia (Potter) Manville. His father's birth occurred on Black river, New York state in 1818. At an early age George C. Manville had the misfortune to lose his father, and as a young boy he was apprenticed to a cabinet maker, and to the trade he thus learned he continued to apply himself until he had become a proficient master cabinet maker. After some years of employment at his trade he became the owner and proprietor of a general store at Springboro, but later purchased a farm in Beaver township and in addition to the care he gave this investment he went into the oil regions at the first opening of the oil industry in that part of Pennsylvania. He eventually sold all of his interests in his farm and oil ventures and removed to Ashtabula county, Ohio, where he continued to live the remainder of his days, his death occurring in 1901.

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Hart M. Manville was educated in the public schools and during the interims of the school periods was employed by his father at the cabinet maker's trade. On attaining his twentieth birthday he left the parental roof and removed to Fort Scott, Kansas, at which place he was in attendance for two years at the State Normal College. On the completion of his studies at the normal school he engaged in teaching, which occupation he followed for one year and then removed to Stuart, Nebraska, where he secured a position as clerk in a store. He remained in Stuart from 1883 to 1896. During the latter year he removed to Eugene, this state, where he formed a partnership with Nathan Winters, his father-in-law, and this firm owned and operated a furniture establishment dealing in both new and second-hand stock. His partnership in this establishment continued until the death of Mr. Winters, after which time he purchased the interest which had been held by his father-in-law, and has since operated the business as the sole owner and proprietor.

In April, 1887, in Nebraska, Mr. Manville was united in marriage to Miss Mary Winters, a daughter of Nathan Winters and a native of Wisconsin. Four children were born to this union, Ira, Floyd, Leona and Clayton. Mr. and Mrs. Manville are both members of the Baptist church of Eugene.

Mr. Manville enjoys the confidence of his fellow citizens and conducts a well kept and up-to-date furniture establishment, in which he carries a full line of both useful and ornamental furniture and furnishings. He is always a ready and willing contributor to the advancement of any measure seeking to improve the advancement and betterment of the people of his city and county.

P. M. HERMENS, who is manager of a creamery at Sublimity, was born in Brown county, Wisconsin, April 15, 1873, the son of William and Natalia (Meulmans) Hermens the father a native of Holland and the mother of Belgium. The father came to the United States, locating in Wisconsin, and remained there until 1884, when he went to Oregon, settling in Washington county, where he still lives. The mother died in 1911 and they had celebrated their golden wedding anniversary just ten days before her death. They were the parents of thirteen children: Rosalia, the wife of John Bernards of McMinnville, Oregon; Antone, of Forest Grove, Oregon; Lewis and Cornelius, both residents of McMinnville; Cornelia, the wife of John Peters, of Forest Grove; Willie, deceased; P. M., of this review; Constance, the wife of John Van Dyke, of Forest Grove; Pauline, the wife of Peter Kreiger, of McMinnville; Adelia, who is Sister Juliana in St. Mary's Convent at Beaverton, Oregon; Nellie, deceased; and two children who died in infancy.

P. M. Hermens was educated in the common schools in Wisconsin and Oregon and remained at home helping on the home farm until twenty-two years of age. He then went to Washington county, Oregon, where he was employed in farming for three years, subsequent to which he was in a creamery at Verboort, after which he came to Sublimity, where he has been connected with the creamery business ever since. He built the first creamery in this locality, erecting the plant and installing the machinery and general equipment, but he later sold the establishment to the Hazelwood Creamery Company of Portland and the same plant is now leased by the Purity Creamery Company and Mr. Hermens operates it for them. He has also been engaged in freighting and in the livery business in Sublimity, having a barn on his home lot, which lot is two hundred feet square.

In 1895 Mr. Hermens was united in marriage to Miss Antoinette Vandervelden and they have become the parents of eight children: Angeline, William, Katie, Adrian, Mary and Agnes, all at home; and Katie and Genevieve, deceased. In politics Mr. Hermens is a democrat and he has filled some of the town offices. Both he and his wife are members of the Catholic church and they are held in the highest regard by all the residents of Sublimity.

MONROE H. GORDON filling the position of postmaster at Beagle, was born in Decatur county, Iowa, August 25, 1858. He is a grandson of Alfred Gordon who passed away in Jackson county, Oregon, at the remarkable old age of ninety-four and one half years, and his wife, Mrs. Matilda Gordon, who died in Medford at about the same age. They were the parents of Uriah Gordon, who was born in Kentucky and was reared in Illinois and Missouri. In Iowa he was united in marriage to Miss Matilda Margaret Ross, a native of Pennsylvania. In the spring of 1865 they left Iowa and started across the plains for the northwest, making their way to the Willamette valley where they remained for eighteen months. In the spring of 1867 they removed to Jackson county and took up their abode near Medford on what is known as the old Gordon ranch. The name has since figured in connection with the history of the county and is prominently known in association with the development and progress of this part of the state. The father was a lifelong farmer and became an extensive stockraiser on the Rogue river. He had four hundred and eighty acres of rich land which he brought under a high state of cultivation, continuing its development and improvement to the time of his death which occurred at Rogue river near Prospect in 1903 when he was seventy-three years of age. His widow still survives him and is now living in Medford. They were the parents of six sons and six daughters, and with the exception of one daughter all are yet living.

Monroe H. Gordon is the eldest son and the second child, and has been a ranchman throughout his entire life, having early become acquainted with the best methods of tilling the soil and caring for the crops. He is a man of great energy and determination, and early recognized the fact that in-

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dustry and perseverance are indispensable elements of success. He is now the owner of one hundred and sixty acres at Beagle and devotes his place to general farming and stock-raising. He is also serving as postmaster of the town, to which position he was appointed in May, 1905, as a successor of A. M. Houston, who was the first postmaster of the place and had continued in that position for twenty years. Mr. Gordon gives his political support to the democratic party and has voted for its men and measures since age conferred upon him the right of franchise.

In 1884 Mr. Gordon was married to Miss Sarah Murray, who was born in Illinois, June 3, 1863, and came to Oregon in the fall of 1871 with her parents, James and Flora A. Murray, who were natives of Pennsylvania but were married in Illinois. On reaching the northwest the family settled in Jackson county, two and one half miles north of Medford, and both Mr. and Mrs. Murray died upon their farm. In their family were eight children, four sons and four daughters. The marriage of Mr. and Mrs. Gordon has been blessed with seven children: Clara, who is the wife of Clarence Wiehite of Sams Valley; Pearl, who died at the age of ten years; Milly, the wife of Elbert Glass of Sams Valley; Bessie, the wife of Earl Case of Sams Valley; Olive, Mattie and Samuel A., all at home.

Forty-five years' residence in Jackson county has made Monroe H. Gordon largely familiar with the history of this part of the state. He has not only been an interested witness of the changes which have occurred but has also been a cooperant factor in many movements related to the public good. His labors are indeed a beneficial element in behalf of general progress as well as of individual success.

A. V. ODEN is one of the sons of Oregon, born of parents who came here at an early day. He owns and lives upon a portion of the old homestead and is one of the most widely known and respected men of the community. He was born in Douglas county, September 15, 1862, a son of William and Eveline (Brown) Oden. The father was a native of Missouri and the mother of Arkansas, and they came overland to Oregon with ox teams in 1848. They had an eventful journey and lost a considerable portion of their stock en route. Settling in Jackson county, the father bought three hundred and eight acres of land, which he improved and upon which he lived until his death, which occurred in 1883. He was buried at Rock Point cemetery.

A. V. Oden is one of ten children born to his parents, of whom the sons are all living while the daughters have all passed away, six of the former now living on the old homestead. In company with the other children he received a good education and was well equipped in that respect for the duties of life. He resides on the old family homestead of which he owns forty acres, and has his farm well improved and under a high state of cultivation. He has always given his business careful attention and has brought his acres to a state of high productivity.

Mr. Oden was married in 1897 to Miss Moore, and to this union three children have been born, Nellie, William and Homer. Mr. Oden is one of the highly respected men of the community of which he is a member and beside his own business he has always been interested in the welfare of the neighborhood. He takes a deep interest in educational affairs and is a director of the district school board.

JOSHUA PATTERSON, who is now living retired in a beautiful home standing in fifty acres of valuable land on Pacific highway in Talent, Jackson county, was during his active career a successful business man, being a rancher and a prominent orchardist. He is well known in political circles, having held several important public offices which brought him in close touch with one of his main objects in life, namely, the building of good roads. He was born in Eaton county, Michigan, December 2, 1857, the son of Joshua and Catherine E. (May) Patterson, the former of Irish extraction and the latter of Pennsylvania Dutch stock. The father was born in Dauphin county, Pennsylvania, September 8, 1813, and the mother's birth occurred in Wayne county, Pennsylvania, January 4, 1823. The parents were married in Ohio, October 15, 1840, and in June, 1854, removed to Charlotte, Eaton county, Michigan, where they resided until 1860, when they removed to Iowa, taking up their abode in Marion county, that state. In 1862 they crossed the plains to Oregon, arriving in Ashland on October 10 of that year. A year later the father purchased a homestead right from Preston Anderson, the land being located one mile east of the town of Talent, and the title to the land was perfected by the mother, the father having died September 30, 1871. The mother's death occurred in Ashland, August 1, 1884. They were the parents of fourteen children, ten of whom are now living.

Joshua Patterson was reared under the parental roof and acquired his education in the public schools. At the age of sixteen years he began earning his own living, going first to Yolo county, California, where he engaged in ranching on the Sacramento plains. The following summer he formed a partnership and purchased a threshing machine which he assisted in running for eight years. At the end of that period he returned to Jackson county, Oregon, and with his brother Sylvester leased his mother's ranch. A year later, in partnership with his brother Sylvester he purchased the home farm, which they operated jointly for two years, at the end of which time the subject of this review purchased his brother's interest. The homestead originally comprised one hundred and seventy-two acres and to this Mr. Patterson had added by purchase until his farm now consists of four hundred and sixty-eight acres. Mr. Patterson has planted and developed an apple orchard of one hundred and

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thirty-five acres, which is pronounced by experts as the finest in Jackson county. This orchard up to its fourth year was handled personally by Mr. Patterson, who did all of the pruning and bestowed upon it all the requisite care and attention. In 1908 he sold the farm now known as Sun Crest Orchard, to Dr. F. C. Page and removed to Talent, where he erected his present comfortable home on Pacific highway and owns fifty acres of land.

Mr. Patterson was married in September, 1881, to Miss Ella J. Fewel, of Sonoma county, Califonia, and to their union three children have been born: Myrtle, the wife of E. F. Jacobs, of Jackson county; Clay, at home; and Hazel, the wife of W. J. Ferns, of Jackson county. Mr. Patterson is a republican of prominence, his first public office having been that of road supervisor, the appointment being made by Judge Crowell. The state legislature subsequently passed a bill establishing the office of county road supervisor and he was elected to fill that office. In 1902 he was elected as a member of the board of county commissioners and served for two terms, or eight years and six months. Fraternally he is a member of Oregon Lodge, W. O. W., and of Talent Lodge, No. 211, I. O. O. F., serving as district deputy grand master of the latter order. He is also a member of Phoenix Lodge, A. O. U. W. Mr. Patterson is one of the prominent and substantial men of his county, having long since attained an enviable reputation for integrity and business ability and as the possessor of those virtues which make for good citizenship. He is extensively acquainted in Jackson county and is highly esteemed by all who know him.

CHARLES H. LAW, M. D., is among the successful and highly respected citizens of Union, where he has been engaged in the practice of his profession since 1907. He was born at Ravenna, Portage county, Ohio, September 5, 1873. His paternal grand-parent was Jonathan Law, who at a very early day established his home in Ohio, locating at Brimfield, where he followed farming for a livelihood. He was twice married, his first wife being Miss Mary Hotchkiss, to whom he was united December 10, 1807, and to them eight children were born. The mother of this family died September 12, 1827, and Mr. Law later married Miss Amelia Strong, who became the mother of Jay Law, the father of our subject. The maternal grandparent of Dr. Law was John Cutler, whose birth occurred in Wyndham county, Connecticut, November 27, 1799. He wedded Miss Sally Gillet, who was born in Plymouth, Litchfield county, Connecticut, March 10, 1807. To them nine children were born, one of whom, Sally Miranda, became the mother of Dr. Law of this review, her birth having occurred December 23, 1833. The father of this family died at Ravenna, Ohio, October 16, 1865, and the mother's death occurred in that city, June 3, 1889. The written record relating to so much of the history of John Cutler, his wife and family, as is here given, is recorded in the old family Bible—one of the early editions of 1794. The book, which is a valued and highly prized heirloom, is now in the possession of Dr. Law.

Jay Law, the father of Dr. Law, was engaged in farming during the earlier years of his life and later devoted his attention to contracting and building. He first established his home at Ravenna, Ohio, and from that place removed to Wichita, Kansas, with his family. Three years later they removed to Dallas, Texas, where they resided for one year, and in 1890 the family settled at Guthrie, Oklahoma, where Mr. Law has since discontinued contracting and building and is now engaged in agricultural pursuits. In the family were four children, all of whom are now living.

Dr. Charles H. Law, the youngest member of this family, received his early education in the public schools of Ravenna, Ohio, and completed all the grades of the common schools in Wichita, Kansas, after which he was a student at Garfield University for two years. In 1898 he engaged in the study of medicine and entered the Marion Sims Beaumont College, that being the medical department of the St. Louis University, and was graduated from that institution with the degree of M. D., May 1, 1902. As a student of medicine he held high rank in his class. Immediately after his graduation he located in St. Louis, where he engaged in the general practice of medicine for one year. At the end of that period he removed to this state and located at North Powder in Union county, where he was engaged in the practice of his profession for the three following years. In 1907 he changed his location and established his home in Union, where he has since continuously devoted his time to the practice of his profession, in which he has met with very gratifying success. Dr. Law is the owner of a very beautiful farm of eleven hundred acres situated one mile east of North Powder, having a frontage on Powder river of three-quarters of a mile. In addition to this very desirable feature there are also three valuable springs of pure water upon the place, which very materially enhances its value for stock and irrigation purposes. One of the springs has an elevation of sixty feet above the buildings upon the property. At present this property is under cultivation, being used as a grain and alfalfa farm. Dr. Law, however, intends later to make of this property a modern, up-to-date stock ranch, for which it is so well adapted.

Dr. Law was united in marriage November 2, 1895, to Miss Lilly L. Taylor, of Marion county, Iowa. She is a daughter of William H. and Henrietta (Sylvester) Taylor, of Van Buren county, Iowa, the former, being one of the first white children born in that state. To him and his wife nine children were born, two of whom died in infancy. Mrs. Law's paternal grandfather was Samuel Taylor, of Illinois. The family is of Scotch descent and at a very early day located in Kentucky. Of the descendants of Samuel Taylor have been many early pioneers

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DR. AND MRS. CHARLES H. LAW

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of Illinois, Kansas and Iowa. Mrs. Law's maternal grandparents, Dixon and Ann (Johnson) Sylvester, were natives of Delaware. To Dr. Law and wife one child has been born, Charles J., who is still under the parental roof and has taken a very deep interest in wireless telegraphy, having a modern and well equipped plant constructed on the top of the family residence in Union. Of this new and interesting phase of communication he is making a systematic and technical study.

Fraternally Dr. Law is a member of the Masonic lodge and also of the chapter. He likewise belongs to the Modern Woodmen of America and has served in the office of mayor of Union for one term, in 1909. Mrs. Law is a member of the Eastern Star. The Doctor is regarded as one of the enterprising and desirable citizens of Union and he and his family are held in high esteem. He is a man of great resourcefulness and stands high both in business and professional circles.

FRANK B. ROOD is numbered among the successful and enterprising farmers of Coos county. His excellent ranch of one hundred and twenty-five acres is located on the north fork of the Coos river, where he is engaged in general agricultural pursuits. He was born in New York state, May 1, 1882, and is the son of Alva and Kate (Knapp) Rood, both of whom were natives of New York. In that state they were married and continued to live for the eleven years immediately following their wedding. At the end of that period they removed to Michigan and settled upon a beautiful farm, where they have since continued to reside. To them four children were born: Frank B., of this review; Vernon K., residing on the south branch of the Coos river; Winifred, the wife of H. L. Russell, who resides at Catching Inlet; and Mildred, who is engaged in teaching music at North Bend.

Frank B. Rood was reared in his father's home and received his early education in the public schools of Nashville, Michigan. He was later graduated from the high school and subsequently was graduated from the State Normal College of Ypsilanti. He was engaged in teaching school in Michigan for two years, after which he removed to California, settling in Los Angeles, and there was engaged in teaching for one year, after which time he removed to Oregon and settled at North Bend. He became at once identified with the educational interests of that place and was one of the prominent factors in the organization of the high school at North Bend, of which he was the principal for two successive years. In 1906 he purchased three hundred and forty acres of land on the south branch of the Coos river, which he continued to improve and cultivate for five years. He then sold the property at a handsome profit and purchased one hundred and twenty-five acres several miles up the north branch of the Coos river from Marshfield, seventy acres of the property consisting of fine bottom land. He moved upon this place and has continued to improve and cultivate the land until today his beautiful ranch is one of the best of its class in his portion of the state.

On September 26, 1904, Mr. Rood was united in marriage to Miss Ethel Witte, who was born in Michigan, March 1, 1883, and is the only daughter of George and Mary Witte, both of whom were natives of that state. Mrs. Rood is a high-school graduate and also a graduate of the Normal College of Ypsilanti, Michigan. She is a musician of marked ability, having taught music for some years previous to her marriage. Her parents celebrated their marriage in Michigan and there continued to live until 1902, at which time they removed to Oregon and settled at North Bend, where Mr. Witte at once engaged in the general grocery business, in which he continued to be successful for two years. He then disposed of his establishment and moved to the south fork of the Coos river, where he purchased two hundred acres of choice agricultural land, upon which he established his home and has since continued to live. He is also the owner of two fine residence properties and nine valuable business lots in North Bend. Mr. and Mrs. Rood are the parents of a son, Leonard L., who was born January 12, 1908.

Mr. Rood is a member of the republican party and also belongs to the Grange. He and his wife are both affiliated with the Presbyterian church. Mr. Rood is one of the highly respected, enterprising and successful farmers of the Coos Bay district and is a man who readily gives his assistance to the advancement of every public enterprise which seeks to improve the moral and educational condition of the people of his county and state.

JACOB EDWARD BROLLIER. There is no better example of rapid and substantial growth such as is common in the Pacific coast country than Seaside. While it has all the advantages of location and outdoor life and freedom common to the summer resort, it is at the same time an enterprising city with splendid business interests, enterprising men controlling many important commercial and industrial interests. Among this number is Jacob Edward Brollier, senior member of the firm of Brollier & Haley, painters and contractors. The firm deals in paints, oils and varnishes and takes contracts for paper hanging and calcimining, and the business is steadily growing. He is one of Oregon's native sons, his birth having occurred in Astoria, October 15, 1863. His education was acquired in the common schools and when his course was completed his first work was in carpentering. He followed that trade in and near Astoria for about twenty years and aided in the construction of many important buildings in the northwestern section of the state. The capital that he acquired during that period enabled him, in 1907, to embark in the paint and oil business at Seaside. He was alone in the conduct of the trade for two years, at the end of which time he ad-

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mitted Alfred H. Haley to a partnership, which relation still maintains under the firm name of Brollier & Haley. They do an extensive painting contracting business, also paper hanging and calcimining, and a liberal patronage is accorded them. They are well qualified for the various kinds of work and under the supervision of the proprietors the work carried on by their employes is most satisfactory.

On the 15th of September, 1902, Mr. Brollier was united in marriage to Miss Della Peterman, who was born in Columbia county, Pennsylvania, and is a daughter of William B. Peterman. Mr. Brollier has spent practically his entire life in Clatsop county and has been well known and prominent in lodge work, his acquaintance in fraternal connections extending throughout the state. He is a valiant member of the Knights of Pythias and the beneficent spirit of that order finds exemplification in his relations with his fellowmen. His political allegiance is given to the republican party and he received presidential appointment to the office of postmaster at Seaside, which position he filled for two years. He was also deputy sheriff of Clatsop county in 1891-2.

GEORGE W. JACKSON is a native son of Oregon, his birth having occurred in Curry county on April 17, 1864. He is the son of John James and Margaret A. (Harrison) Jackson, the former a native of Cork, Ireland, his birth having occurred March 20, 1815, while the latter was born in Kentucky, March 17, 1825. As young people they moved with their parents to Oregon and later celebrated their wedding at Empire, Coos county. The father when a boy of eleven years engaged as a sailor and continued in that occupation and later as captain, sailing the Great Lakes in 1837 and for many years thereafter. He finally started for the Pacific coast, making the journey around the Horn and reaching San Francisco in 1849. In 1856 he settled at Coos Bay and there became the pioneer pilot on Coos Bay bar. In that business he continued until the time of his retirement from the life of a sailor. He shortly afterward settled in Empire, where he spent the remaining years of his life, his death occurring on October 18, 1901, when he was eighty-seven years of age. His wife also died at Empire, April 20, 1907. In early life she crossed the plains with her parents and settled in Oregon in October, 1852. To her belongs the distinction of having been the mother of the first white child born in Coos county and also in her home occurred the death of the first white child in that county. During the early days of her womanhood she was successfully engaged in the operation of a boarding house, which consisted of a tent pitched under a tree, where now is built the city of Empire. At that time no dwelling house had been built in Coos county. She was the mother of eleven children, five of whom are still living: Lyman, of Marshfield; Mrs. Emily O. Saunders, of Empire, who was born April 24, 1854, and who was the first white child born in Coos county; Andrew J., of Montesano, Washington; Charles H., of Marshfield; and George W.

George W. Jackson was reared in his parents' home and received his early education in the public schools of the district in which he lived. He remained under the parental roof for forty-three years, during which time, however, he had started in business for himself at the age of sixteen years and since that time has been engaged in various occupations at different points throughout the state of Oregon. He is the owner of very valuable property in Empire, where he now resides.

His political affiliation is with the socialist party and he is at present a member of the town board of Empire and also a member of the Catholic church. He is one of the well known and influential citizens of Empire and a man always interested in the development and improvement of the business and educational interests of his county and state.

HENRY F. BAILEY is postmaster and since 1907 has conducted a general merchandise store at Provolt. He was previously engaged in mining, being thus employed in Oregon from early manhood up to the time he embarked in the mercantile trade, with the exception of one year spent in California. He was born in Jackson county, Oregon, August 8, 1870, a son of G. W. and Talitha J. (Norman) Bailey. The father journeyed from the east to Oregon in 1852 with three other men, looking for gold and spending a considerable time in Josephine and Jackson counties. He then returned home and with his family migrated across the plains with ox teams and settled in Jacksonville, where the father took up a claim of one hundred and sixty acres on Foot creek.

It was upon this homestead that Henry F. Bailey was born and reared. He received his education in the district schools and after attaining his majority went to California where he worked for one year, after which he returned to Oregon and has since made his home here. He followed the occupation of a miner throughout his younger days, retiring from that pursuit in 1907, when he engaged in the mercantile business which he is now carrying on with satisfactory results.

Mr. Bailey was married, in 1895, to Miss Josie Warden, a native of Oregon, and to their union five children have been born, all of whom are living at home, namely, Fern, Arthur, Harold, Arnold and Revilo. In his political affiliations Mr. Bailey is a democrat and is one of the few members of that party who has held office during the administration of President Taft. Fraternally he belongs to the Woodmen of the World, of which he is a popular member. He is extensively known throughout the community in which he lives, where by his many excellent traits of character he has formed an extremely large number of acquaintances and close personal friends. He is one of the prominent men of his town, is active in all of its affairs, exerts himself to the utmost in forwarding its

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enterprises and encouraging new citizens to settle there. He is of an optimistic turn of mind, having great faith in the future of his locality and of the state in general.

G. V. QUERNER. Agricultural pursuits have much of the time engaged the attention of G. V. Querner, who owns and operates a fine farm of one hundred and fourteen acres, located two miles east of Amity, where he makes a specialty of hop-raising. He was born in Saxony, Germany, on December 31, 1852, and is a son of John and Dorothy (Duetch) Querner, who were natives of the same province in which they spent their entire lives. Of their marriage there were born four sons, of whom our subject is the youngest, the others in order of birth being as follows: Ferdinand, who is deceased; Herman, who is living in Texas; and William, who is also deceased.

The education of G. V. Querner was pursued in the common schools of his native land until he had attained the age of fourteen years, when he went into a machine shop, applying himself to the mastery of this trade until he was twenty. In compliance with the requirements of the German government he then entered the army, spending three years as gunner in the artillery. During that time he served in the Franco-Prussian war, participating in some of the most severe battles of that bitter conflict. Immediately following his discharge at the close of hostilities he decided to come to America, believing that here he would find better opportunities for advancement. He took passage for the United States in 1874 from Hamburg and upon his arrival in New York, made his way straight to Texas, locating at Waco, near which place he engaged in farming for about seventeen years. At the expiration of that time he became a resident of Oregon, settling near Dayton, where he continued to follow agricultural pursuits for about nine years, then removing to town he opened a saloon which he conducted for two years. From Dayton he came to Amity, operating a saloon here for about eleven years, at the end of which time he disposed of his business and located on the farm where he now lives. During the period of his residence on his homestead Mr. Querner has made extensive improvements thereon, having erected a good residence and substantial barns and out-buildings, that he has kept in the very best of repair. In connection with diversified farming he is devoting considerable attention to hop culture, which, conducted according to his method, has proven to be a very lucrative undertaking. He has twenty acres of his home place devoted to hops and has built a hop house that is supplied with all necessary equipment for the pursuit of this industry. Besides his fine homestead Mr. Querner owns eighteen acres of land on the other side of Amity, where he has a hop yard of eleven acres. Both of these properties are under a high state of cultivation and are very valuable.

In 1882 Mr. Querner consummated his arrangements for a home of his own by his marriage to Miss Anna Schramm, and they have become the parents of six children: Emma, the wife of Howard Jones, of Polk county; Alvina, who is at home; Anna, the wife of Edward Howard, who is living in the vicinity of Amity; and Mary, Albertina and Lewis, all of whom are at home.

In matters of faith the family are Lutherans and politically Mr. Querner is a republican, but he does not actively participate in local governmental affairs. He is one of the highly prosperous and estimable citizens of Yamhill county, where he has manifested those qualities in the conduct of his undertakings that entitle him to be numbered among the capable and intelligent ranchmen.

CHARLES RAYMOND PHILLIPS. Mr. Phillips is the owner of one of the rich and well located ranches consisting of one hundred and ten acres situated on Big Applegate creek in Jackson county, this state. He is a native Oregonian, his birth having occurred on May 19, 1875, in the house now used as the Buncom postoffice, on Little Applegate creek. He is the son of Samuel and Elizabeth (Wade) Phillips. His father emigrated to Oregon from Illinois in 1850, crossing the plains with ox teams, and his mother also, when a child, crossed the plains with her parents. Samuel Phillips on reaching this state filed upon a government homestead located on Little Applegate creek and later preempted the property now known as the Arthur Kleinhammer farm. Combining these two properties as his real-estate holdings he engaged at once in the stock business, in which he was very successful from the beginning. In the midst of his years of prosperity he met with the great misfortune of losing his eyesight which compelled his removal from the ranch and his withdrawal from all business cares. For sometime thereafter he was a resident of Ashland, at which place Mrs. Phillips passed away, and later he removed to Jacksonville and there continued to make his home during the remainder of his life.

Charles Raymond Phillips was reared in his father's home and educated in the public schools of the district in which he lived. His father being extensively engaged in the cattle business, Mr. Phillips became, as his heir, the natural successor and from his earliest boyhood has been constantly identified with this business, the earliest memories of his life having to do with the ponies, the saddle and the cattle. He remained at home with his father until fifteen years of age, when, starting in life for himself, he found employment among the ranches in the state, spending the early years of his young manhood in riding the range wherever stock was being raised, on the plains or on the mountain steeps. In the year 1902 he purchased his present home site of one hundred and ten acres, located on Big Applegate creek, and here he has continued to maintain his residence and is engaged in the business of farming and stock-raising.

Mr. Phillips was united in marriage to Miss Edna McKee, in the year 1900, she be-

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ing the daughter of Adelbert D. McKee, of whom a sketch appears elsewhere in this work. To Mr. and Mrs. Phillips four children have been born, Wretha Fern, Ora Vernon, Emmett Raymond and Edna Leona. Mr. Phillips is affiliated with the republican party and is a loyal supporter of the principles of this political organization. Having spent his entire life in the cattle and ranch business he is one of the recognized authorities in that line in this part of Jackson county. He is a thrifty, reliable and enterprising business man and always associated with measures of a public nature looking to the improvement of the conditions of the people of his locality.

ENOS RHOTEN is one of the well known characters of Oregon, a typical miner of the old school, a ranchman and a merchant, having his residence in the Applegate valley in Jackson county, this state. He was born in Iowa on the 15th of February, 1852, his parents being John and Elizabeth (Hodson) Rhoten. They crossed the plains with ox teams, emigrating to Oregon in 1859 and making their first location in this far western state in Jackson county.

Enos Rhoten began his career as a miner when he was a boy of only ten years of age. At that early time in life he worked in placer mines in Jackson county, wherever his keen young eye and native miner's instinct directed him to prospective ground in stream or mountain gulch. His whole heart was in his occupation and no phase of the miner's life escaped his attention. He very early learned to follow the leads of placer deposits as he panned in the virgin sands and gravel deposits to be found scattered along the rivers and at the mountains' base. Very early in his career he came to be known as a successful finder of pockets and has the reputation of having taken from one of these rich pockets one hundred and twenty-five thousand dollars in large and small nuggets of pure virgin gold. He is still an enthusiastic seeker and a successful finder of the deposits of placer gold and is recognized throughout this state as being at the very head of his associates in this line of industry. In addition to his occupation as a gold miner he owns and operates a fine ranch of one hundred and sixty acres located in the Applegate valley in Jackson county, upon which he has built his home and where he also conducts a general merchandising store.

In the year 1900 Mr. Rhoten was united in marriage to Mrs. Gale, by whom he has one child, Ida May. He is affiliated with the democratic party but in no sense can he be called a partisan man, being liberal in his views. Fraternally he is identified with the Eagles.

Enos Rhoten is perhaps one of the best known men throughout western Oregon and the gold-bearing mountain country of the Pacific coast. His life having been devoted to the industry of mining principally and he has been brought in contact with every phase of the business. From the experience of a lone prospector in a wilderness waste, he has become acquainted with every detail and operation of the industry in its most modern procedures. He has lived a useful life and in his line has contributed his full share to the development of this state and to the increase of the nation's wealth.

JOHN SMITH LAMAR, who is a well known druggist of Tillamook, has been identified with the commercial activities of this city for the past thirteen years. His birth occurred near Fulton in Callaway county, Missouri, on the 30th of November, 1864, his parents being B. B. and Mary T. (Dunlop) Lamar. The father was born in Cloverport, Hancock county, Kentucky, while the mother's birth occurred in the vicinity of Fulton, Missouri. Our subject is the eldest of the five children born unto Mr. and Mrs. Lamar and was named after an uncle, John Smith Lamar, who was a captain of a regiment of Louisville mounted cavalry during the Civil war. The other members of the family are as follows: James D. and R. S., both residents of Fulton, Missouri; Benjamin D., who is in business in Tillamook; and Susan K., the wife of Clarence Craghead, also of Fulton, Missouri.

Reared on the farm where he was born, during his boyhood and early youth John Smith Lamar was sent to the district schools, where he acquired a thorough knowledge of the common branches. Being the eldest son, he remained at home assisting his father in the operation of the farm until he was about twenty-two, when he purchased a grocery store at Auxvasse, Missouri, which he conducted for two years. In common with the majority of young men he desired to begin his active business life in a new country, so disposing of his store he came to Oregon, where he lived with an uncle, Robert Dunlop, at Jacksonville. Mr. Dunlop was one of the pioneer miners of Oregon, having installed the first hydraulic mine in the southern part of the state. When a youth of nineteen years Mr. Dunlop enlisted in the Mexican war and in later life was a member of the body that put down the uprising among the Rogue River Indians. Upon his arrival there Mr. Lamar engaged in freighting, between Medford and Jacksonville. He followed this for a year and then accepted a position with Kubli & Son, who were engaged in the general mercantile business at Applegate. He withdrew from this position at the end of two years and returned to Missouri for a visit. When he came back in the spring of 1890 he went into business in North Yamhill, where he remained for eight years. In the fall of 1898 he came to Tillamook and went into business here. He subsequently opened a drug store in the spring of 1900 and later erected the building he now occupies. He has a large and well selected stock of both drugs and sundries, maintaining a fine prescription department, and is enjoying an excellent patronage. Mr. Lamar has met with great financial success in his various

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ENOS RHOTEN

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enterprises and owns some town lots in Tillamook as well as timber lands.

On the 4th of March, 1890, Mr. Lamar was united in marriage to Miss Ella A. Galwith, of Fulton, Missouri, and a daughter of P. F. and Susan E. (Smith) Galwith. Her father was for many years engaged in agricultural pursuits in the vicinity of Fulton. The father and mother are deceased. Two sons and one daughter have been born unto Mr. and Mrs. Lamar. In order of birth they are as follows: Paris Cleveland, Howard Loring and Mary Emily.

In matters politic Mr. Lamar is a democrat, but does not take a prominent part in municipal affairs. Fraternally he is identified with the Independent Order of Odd Fellows, the Benevolent Protective Order of Elks, and the Artisans. Mr. Lamar has many friends in Tillamook, his genial nature and liberality making him most popular with all of his associates.

REV. L. B. AKERS is one of the successful farmers located on Bull creek in Josephine county, this state. His birth occurred in Morgan county, Illinois, on the 4th of January, 1853, his parents being George H. and Julia E. (Harmon) Akers, the former a native of Louisville, Kentucky, and the latter of Mount Carmel, Illinois. They were married in Jacksonville, Illinois, where Mrs. Akers as a young woman was for some time engaged in teaching school. After their marriage they located in Morgan county, Illinois, and in 1859 removed to Goodhue county, Minnesota, where Mr. Akers passed away in 1892. His widow, now eighty-eight years of age, is residing with her daughter in Anoka county, Minnesota.

Rev. L. B. Akers was reared at home and acquired his preliminary education in the public common schools. After attaining the years of his majority he was engaged in farming until he was thirty-four years of age, at which time he entered the ministry of the Methodist Episcopal church and for six years continued in the work of an itinerant minister of that denomination. At this time, his health having become seriously impaired, he was compelled to give up his work as a traveling member of his conference and for seven years thereafter lived a somewhat retired life engaged in light farming, to which he added the chicken industry. In November, 1903, he removed to Oregon and located on Granite land five miles from Grants Pass in Josephine county, where he remained for the brief period of one season only, after which he exchanged this land for his present home ranch comprising one hundred and sixty acres on Bull creek, where he now resides. This beautiful piece of ground is located immediately at the base of the mountains at the head of Bull creek. To the development and cultivation of this fine property he is now giving the major portion of his time and attention. His health has sufficiently improved so that he is enabled to fill appointments in the pulpit at various near-by preaching places in the surrounding country.

In November, 1883, Rev. Akers was united in marriage to Miss Elsie R. Spaulding, of Pierce county, Wisconsin. He is a republican in politics, though he has never sought political preferment at any time. He is in every way one of the desirable citizens of the county in which he lives and his reputation and character as a Christian citizen are such as to reflect credit upon his associations with the people of his state and county.

GUY ODELL SMITH, one of the more recent acquisitions to the legal fraternity of Salem, where he has engaged in practice for the past two years, was born in Polk county, seven miles west of this city, in 1882, and is a son of Paul A. and Susan A. (Higgins) Smith. The maternal grandfather was a native of Massachusetts and the maternal grandmother was a native of the state of Maine, whence they came in 1851 to Oregon, locating on a donation claim in Polk county. There in 1853 the mother was born, continuing to live on her father's ranch until her marriage. In the acquirement of her education she attended the public schools of Polk county, and in 1876, at the age of twenty-three years, she became the wife of Paul A. Smith. Four children were born to them, as follows: Nellie B., the wife of R. L. Antrim, of Portland, who has been a postal clerk on the Southern Pacific Railroad for the past five years; Ida May, who is at home; Guy Odell, our subject; and Lorena H., the wife of G. H. Thompson, a farmer of Marion county.

Reared at home, in the acquirement of his preliminary education Guy Odell Smith attended the public schools. After the completion of his course he was enrolled in Willamette University, this city, where he pursued a course in liberal arts for five years. Having decided to become an attorney he subsequently matriculated in the legal department of the same university, being graduated two years later, in 1910, with the degree of LL. B. As soon as he was admitted to the bar, Mr. Smith became associated with R. F. Shields in the practice of his profession and is making very favorable progress in the establishment of a reputation as a representative of the law. He has been given the advantages of an excellent equipment, added to which he is endowed with fine mental faculties, a ready and fluent flow of language and more than average oratorical skill, and these, with his earnest manner, fine presence and poise of mind, should make him a power in his profession. He is well known in the city, as he has passed his entire life here and is descended from its early pioneers, so is not meeting with the difficulty that confronts an absolute stranger in building up a practice. Although he has maintained an office for less than two years, he has a very good following and numbers among his clients some of the city's best business men.

Fraternally Mr. Smith is affiliated with the Loyal Order of Moose, the Maccabees and the Brotherhood of American Yeomen, and in

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politics he is a republican. He has always taken an earnest interest in the work of the State Oratorical Association and in 1909 and 1910 he was president of this organization. Mr. Smith has many friends in Salem, who have watched with interest the development of his career and prophesy for him a most promising future.

WILLIAM HANNA, who is residing about ten miles west of Yamhill, was born in Venango, Pennsylvania, on the 25th of December, 1825. His grandparents were natives of the north of Ireland and his grandmother, whose family name was Stewart, was of Scotch descent. The father of William Hanna was Stewart Hanna, who was born in Lancaster county, Pennsylvania, July 15, 1798, and was the third of seven children, the others being: William, James and John, deceased; Mrs. Mary Gilmore, who died in Pennsylvania, leaving three children; Mrs. Nancy Tollman, who became the mother of four children and is now deceased; and Mrs. Jane Hayes, also deceased. Mr. Hanna's mother bore the maiden name of Sarah Hassan. She was born June 9, 1800, in Venango, Pennsylvania, a daughter of Hugh and Mary Hassan, who were natives of Pennsylvania, and had a family of five children: John, now deceased, who was the father of five sons that became soldiers in the Union army; Sarah, and three who have passed away. John Hassan was a volunteer soldier in the War of 1812. His father served as a soldier in the Revolutionary war and was a prisoner aboard the Jersey prison ship for three years. Among the engagements in which he participated was the battle of Trenton, in which he was seriously wounded. To Stewart and Sarah Hanna two children were born: William; and Sarah J. McCoy, who died September 8, 1854, leaving two children, a son, and Mrs. Mary C. McConnell, a resident of Grove City, Pennsylvania. The parents crossed the plains to the west in 1848, making the journey from Illinois and traveling day after day over hot stretches of sand and through the mountain passes until they finally reached Dayton, Oregon. Here they settled on a donation claim of six hundred and forty acres and held the land for many years, but before his death Mr. Hanna sold it.

It was two years after the arrival of the family in the northwest that William Hanna followed his parents to the Pacific coast country, where he has since made his home. In 1856, in Yamhill county, occurred his marriage to Martha A. Holdridge, a native of Illinois. She left her native state with her parents, Frank and Martha (Hibbard) Holdridge, and came to Oregon in 1848. The family settled on a six hundred and forty acre donation claim which Mr. Holdridge had taken up near Dayton and here they continued to reside during the remainder of their lives. The death of the mother occurred in 1852, while the father passed away later.

At the age of twenty-one William Hanna started out in life for himself and began working at the carpenter's trade. This work proved so profitable and agreeable that he has engaged in it more or less ever since, varying his regular work as carpenter with employment as draughtsman and millwright. After some time he took up a homestead claim, which he turned from barren soil into productive land, and for a number of years he lived there. Even this did not interrupt his working at his trade and for seven years he also worked in a sawmill. He afterward sold the homestead and bought one hundred and sixty acres of land for his only son, Ralph E., with whom he now makes his home. The son is engaged in the dairy business and has some timber interests. Mr. Hanna's two older children are: Mrs. America M. Stroble, whose husband is chief engineer in the Union Machine Works in Portland; and Mrs. Jennie L. Wheeler, who is employed in the Portland postoffice and whose husband is a newspaper man of exceptional ability.

In politics Mr. Hanna favors the broad humanitarian principles of the socialist party but has never taken an active part by seeking nomination to any office. As one of the assistants of Mr. Joseph Gaston he held a position of importance during the surveying of the Southern Pacific Railroad. Throughout his career he has consistently applied himself to the duties of his chosen trade and at the same time has profitably carried on various outside interests.

U. J. LEHMAN, who is engaged in the undertaking business in Salem, was born near Defiance, Ohio, August 8, 1868. His parents were J. B. and Rebecca (Arnold) Lehman, both of whom were natives of Ohio. The parents removed to Oregon in 1873, locating on a farm five miles east of Salem. The father is now living retired in Idaho and the mother is deceased. In their family were nine children, eight of whom are yet living.

U. J. Lehman received his early education in the common schools of Marion county, Oregon, and later attended Monmouth College for one year. On starting out in life for himself he began working in a planing mill in Salem, where he remained for seventeen years. He then worked as a machinist in an Oregon paint factory for two years, after which he took up the undertaking business in partnership with a Mr. Rigdon. After one year he dissolved partnership with Mr. Rigdon and purchased an interest in the Clough Undertaking Establishment, with which he is now connected. He has been in his present location for two and one-half years and has an excellent business standing among the best classes of people. Also he has mining interests in Marion county.

In 1896 Mr. Lehman wedded Miss Lydia Vandevort, a native of Polk county, and to them two children have been born, Russell and Robert Milton. In his political views Mr. Lehman is a prohibitionist, and fraternally he is identified with the Knights of Pythias, the Woodmen of the World, the Artisans and the Yeomen. He is a very energetic and enterprising man, with a large so-

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cial and business acquaintance, and has gained the high regard and esteem of all with whom he has been brought in contact. Both he and Mrs. Lehman are members of the Methodist Episcopal church and he has been connected with the First Methodist Episcopal choir for the past eighteen years.

JAMES J. BROWNING, a well known real-estate dealer of Springfield, Oregon, where he has been in business since 1907, settled in Oregon in 1901 and has since been prominently identified with its development and upbuilding. He was born in Illinois in 1847, a son of J. D. and Arena (Matthews) Browning. The father was a native of Tennessee and the mother was born in Illinois, their marriage occurring in the latter state in 1835. To the parents were born five children: George W., of Renfrow, Oklahoma; Daniel E., deceased; T. J., of Lewis, Kansas, where he is engaged in the banking business; Sarah, the widow of John M. Rogland, of Oceola, Missouri; and James J., of this review.

The last named was reared and received his education principally in the schools of Illinois, which he attended in winter, being employed on the farm during other times of the year. By taste and training he inclined toward farming and from the time he was thirteen years of age until he was thirty-two he lived on the ranch and spent a great deal of his time in the saddle. When he attained his majority he purchased forty acres of land in Missouri, which he kept for one year. He also owned some cattle and traded in cattle and fed stock for the market. Early in his career he bought stock for a government contractor to supply meat to the Indians. He was for seven years a cowboy foreman in Indian Territory, now Oklahoma. He removed from that state to Missouri, where he had previously lived, and again engaged in the handling of live stock on a small scale on his own account. In 1884 he removed to Stevens county, Kansas, where he continued to follow agricultural pursuits and dealing in stock, and in 1890 went to Sumner, Kansas, where he lived until in 1893, when, on the 16th of February, when the Cherokee lands were opened for settlement, he joined in the general exodus to take up homesteads and obtained a good quarter section of land. He lived on this farm, which he cultivated until the spring of 1901, when he came to Oregon and settled in Springfield. The reason for his removal to this state was ill health, and he believed that the change of climate would be beneficial. In this hope he was not disappointed and his physical condition improved rapidly and he is now as hale and hearty as ever. In 1907, when he engaged in the real-estate business, Mr. Browning built a large two-story business block which after four years has advanced in value, according to his estimate, about one hundred per cent on account of the rapid growth of the city of Springfield, which has doubled in inhabitants since Mr. Browning settled there.

In 1868, in Knox, Missouri, Mr. Browning was united in marriage to Miss Adelaide Mann, a daughter of Peter J. and Maria (Elliotte) Mann, the father and mother being natives of Kentucky and Connecticut respectively. Mrs. Browning is one of three children, her brother and sister being: Virgil A., of Caldwell, Kansas; and Myriam, the widow of David Sayers, also of that city. Unto Mr. and Mrs. Browning were born two children. Anna Lee, the eldest, was born in 1869 and was educated in Kansas. After completing the literary course in the public schools of that state she was well equipped for teaching and engaged in that profession in Kansas for seven years. She is now the wife of W. C. Meyers, of Springfield, and has four children, Paul, William R., Helen and Horace. The younger daughter, Connie May, born in 1874, was also educated in the schools of Kansas, and married W. B. McKinney, now of California, by whom she has three children, Ivan B., Wanna Juanita, and Wendle W.

The political allegiance of Mr. Browning is given to the republican party but he has never been a politician in the office-seeking sense of the term. He is a member of the Independent Order of Odd Fellows, in which he takes an active interest, belonging to Springfield lodge. Both he and his wife are members of the Christian church at Springfield and assist materially in the support of that denomination, helping by their influence and personal worth to make it a power for good in the community. Like most other real-estate dealers in Oregon, Mr. Browning has faith in the possibilities and resources of his state. He is enthusiastic in his efforts to advance the interests of the community of which he is a prominent citizen and loses no opportunity to render any assistance within his power to advance the business and social interests of Springfield. He is popular and greatly respected and has an extensive acquaintance not only in Springfield but in the surrounding district.

JUDGE WREN E. CREWS is one of the competent and successful attorneys engaged in the practice of his profession in Medford, this state, in which place he has established his residence. His birth occurred in Portland on the 4th of August, 1861, his parents being John B. and Angeline (Smith) Crews, the former a native of Tennessee and the latter of Indiana. John B. Crews crossed the plains as a young man in 1852, emigrating from Missouri to this state and bringing his mother and sisters with him. His father had died some years before in the state of Missouri. He located first at Portland and here engaged in the sawmill and lumber business. His wife crossed the plains with her parents in 1846 and their family constituted a part of a large train of emigrants which suffered severely from Indian raids during their journey. On nearing the borders of this state, messengers brought news into Salem of the depredations of the Indians and the peril surrounding the train of hardy emigrants. At once the people of Salem or-

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ganized a rescuing party and proceeded to the relief of their suffering fellow pioneers. The father of Mrs. Crews shortly afterward died in Cow Creek Canyon. His widow unfalteringly assumed the burden which was placed upon her shoulders by the death of her husband to provide for a large family of six boys and one girl who looked to her for support, and she proved herself equal to the occasion. Immediately after the death of her husband she filed upon a government donation claim near Salem. Here she built a home for herself and family, thus keeping the children together until the years of their maturity. John B. Crews removed to southern Oregon and has since lived at different times in various portions of the state. At present he is retired, having his home with his daughter in Santa Cruz county, California, at the age of eighty-seven. His wife closed her earthly pilgrimage in the year 1886.

Wren E. Crews was reared in his father's home, acquiring his early education in the public schools and later attending the business college of Portland. Having completed the elementary courses of English, he later became a student of law at the Thornton Law School, which at that time was a part of the State University, and from this institution he was graduated with the class of 1885. Following his graduation he began the practice of law in the office of Gerin & Gilbert, where he remained for four successive years and at the end of that period formed a copartnership with John M. Gerin, with whom he was associated in the successful practice of his profession for a period of five years in Seattle, Washington. In 1896 he went to Alaska, where he accepted the position of attorney for the Perseverance Mining Company and the Ebner Gold Mining Company. While there he became attorney also for various other mining companies. His residence in Alaska extended over a period of ten years, after which, in the year 1905, he returned to his Seattle office and resumed the practice of law with his former associate, continuing his residence in that city until 1910, after which he removed to Medford, Oregon, where he established his home and has since been engaged in the active practice of his profession.

In 1887 Judge Crews was united in marriage to Miss Louisa Rush, a daughter of Richard and Nancy Ann (Breeding) Rush, both of whom were pioneers of Oregon, the Rush family crossing the plains from Arkansas early in 1852. The members of the Breeding family, however, emigrated to this state in 1846.

Politically Judge Crews is affiliated with the democratic party and for two terms was elected to the office of police judge of Pendleton. He was also a candidate for the superior court judgeship while in Seattle and during that campaign he was far in advance of his ticket but, in company with the majority of the candidates of his party, he suffered defeat in the election. During his residence in Alaska he was the organizer of the Elks lodge of Juneau and was made a life member of that lodge on April 10, 1901, a book of membership bound in solid silver being presented to him as a token of the high appreciation in which he is held by his brother members. He has been three times exalted ruler and also district deputy grand exalted ruler for one term. He is still a member of Juneau Lodge, No. 420, B. P. O. E. Mrs. Crews is a member of the Christian church. Judge Crews, though a recent addition to the population of the thriving city of Medford, is nevertheless one of the vital civic forces and a most welcome and desirable citizen in the community in which he has established his home.

ORVILLE D. ISAMINGER, who owns and operates an excellent farm of three hundred and twenty acres, in Umatilla county, was born in Ohio, February 24, 1879. He is a son of John and Kate (Lavine) Isaminger, both of whom were natives of Ohio and resided in that state until 1885, when they removed to Nebraska and in 1904 went to Washington, where they still reside. In their family were seven children, five of whom are yet living.

Orville D. Isaminger received a public-school education and remained at home, working on his father's farm until he was twenty-one years of age. At that date he began farming in partnership with his father and continued the same until 1904, when he came to Oregon. In 1906 he settled in Umatilla county, where he has since resided. In 1911 he purchased his present farm of three hundred and twenty acres, for which he paid twenty thousand dollars. He engages in general farming and is meeting with excellent success.

In 1907 Mr. Isaminger wedded Miss Bertha K. Hudemann, who was born in Umatilla county, July 10, 1886, a daughter of Julius and Margaret (Eggers) Hudemann, of Pendleton. Mr. and Mrs. Isaminger are the parents of one son, Bertrand Duval, who was born August 6, 1909.

In politics Mr. Isaminger is a republican, and socially he is identified with Stockville Lodge, No. 196, A. F. & A. M., at Stockville, Nebraska; with Pendleton Lodge, No. 32, I. O. O. F.; and is also a member of the Farmers Union, No. 21. Mrs. Isaminger is affiliated with the Lutheran church. Mr. Isaminger has been connected with farming the greater part of his life and has demonstrated the fact that he has great ability in that line of work. He is progressive and energetic and has won many friends throughout the community during his residence here.

MARCUS BURRIS SMITH. A native son of Oregon and for many years actively identified with the development of the magnificent ranch lands in this state is Marcus Burris Smith. He was born in Polk county, this state, July 7, 1863, and his parents were Rev. John B. and Emily (Thorp) Smith, both natives of Missouri. The father was a Christian preacher in his native state and married his wife there. They crossed the plains together in 1853, making the long

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MR. AND MRS. O. D. ISAMINGER

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journey with ox teams, and arrived in Monmouth, Polk county, six months after the beginning of their trip. Here John Smith took up a donation claim of three hundred and twenty acres and his wife one of similar extent. The mother died when the subject of this review was in his infancy and the father remained upon the land until 1870, when he came to Douglas county. He retained the title to his six hundred and forty acres in Polk county for seven or eight years after his removal from that district. On coming to Douglas county he located nine miles north of Myrtle Creek and bought one hundred and sixty acres of land which he improved and developed until the time of his death in 1901, at the age of eighty-five years.

M. B. Smith was reared at home and educated in the common schools of his district until his nineteenth year. In 1882 he began life as a wage-earner and engaged in ranch work in the Missouri bottoms, Douglas county, where he has continued to reside up to the present time. During his years of work at ranching he has acquired one of the finest tracts of land in the valley. He is the proprietor of fifty-two acres of improved and developed ranch lands. He has twelve acres planted with prune trees fourteen years old, constituting one of the best producing orchards in the district.

In 1886 Mr. Smith was united in marriage to Miss Mary Adams, a native of this county and a daughter of Henry A. Adams, who came to Oregon from Missouri in 1852. They are the parents of three children: Jessie May, who married Frank W. Miller, of Detroit, Oregon; James Clifford, who lives at home; and Laura Izetta, the wife of G. F. Hamilton, of Roseburg, Oregon.

Mr. Smith gives his political allegiance to the democratic party but has never sought public office or put himself forward in any way in local affairs. He is a member of Myrtle Creek Camp, No. 404, W. O. W., and is a prominent member of the Presbyterian church, which his wife also attends. He has reduced ranching and prune farming to a scientific basis and is himself an expert on these subjects. His knowledge is practical and definite and is the foundation of his success in his chosen line of activity.

GOTTLIEB WYSS. Probably no young man of Tillamook county has more wisely or capably directed his energies than Gottlieb Wyss, who, although he has only attained the age of twenty-six years, has through his own efforts attained a position that entitles him to be classed among the affluent agriculturists of the community. He was born in Switzerland on August 14, 1885, and is a son of Gottlieb and Susanna Wyss, natives of the same country. When he was a lad of thirteen years the family emigrated to the United States, locating in Oregon, where the father purchased the ranch now occupied by our subject. There Mr. Wyss passed away in 1899, but the mother lived until 1905. Unto this couple had been born the following children: Susanna, the wife of Julius Hauschel, now living in the state of Washington; Rosie, who married Benjamin Jacob; Gottlieb, our subject; Alfred, who is deceased; Margaret, the wife of Peter Becker, of Pendleton, Oregon; Peter, who is living in Cook county, this state; and Christ, John, Fred, Anna and Ulrich.

Gottlieb Wyss received a common-school education in his native country, after which he turned his energies to farming. Being the eldest son in a large family, much devolved upon him, his responsibilities being greatly increased after the death of his father, at which time he was only a youth of fourteen. He was a capable lad, however, possessing the executive ability and keen judgment, that enabled him to develop into the business man he is today. He still engages in the operation of his father's farm and in connection with his agricultural pursuits is making a specialty of dairying. He keeps forty-eight fine milch cows, which net him on an average three hundred dollars per month. Thrifty and of temperate habits he has acquired a very comfortable capital and recently purchased an improved ranch of one hundred and forty acres, five miles southeast of Tillamook, for twenty-nine thousand dollars.

Mr. Wyss was married on the 18th of October, 1911, to Miss Anna Curflueh, a daughter of John and Katie Curflueh, the former of whom is engaged in dairying in Tillamook county. He is a member of the Independent Order of Odd Fellows, belonging to the Tillamook lodge, and he votes the republican ticket. He has never taken an active part in local politics, however, always having preferred to give his undivided attention to his own affairs, in which he has met with such gratifying success.

JOHN SCHINDLER, a thrifty and enterprising farmer, residing four and one-half miles northwest of Salem, on the River road, was born in Switzerland, February 24, 1873, the son of John and Wilhelmina (Knapp) Schindler. The father came to America in 1879, locating in Salem, Oregon, and after a few months removed to a farm four and one-half miles northwest of Salem, where he purchased one hundred and ten acres, later buying two hundred and twenty and again fifty-eight acres more. He cleared and developed the land, putting up the best of improvements, and resided there until his death, in 1889. While in his native country he served for two years in the army. The mother died in Switzerland when the subject of this sketch was only five years of age and the father married again in that country, his second union being with Frena Schnebeli. By his first marriage the father had three sons: John, of this review; Emil, of Salem, Oregon; and William, of Aberdeen, Washington. Of his second marriage three daughters were born: Ida and Lena, deceased; and Anna, who is the wife of David Yantis, the owner of the Toggery Men's Furnishing Goods Company, of Salem, Oregon.

John Schindler received his education in the common schools and remained at home

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until the death of his father, purchasing soon thereafter the farm which he now owns, consisting of one hundred and fifteen and one-half acres. He has put up excellent improvements and makes a specialty of raising hops and grain and also feeds live stock, particularly hogs.

In 1903 Mr. Schindler was united in marriage to Miss Stina Mitchell, who is of Scotch descent, and they have an adopted daughter, Helen. He gives his political allegiance to the republican party, and he is a member of the German Reformed church and his wife, of the Presbyterian church. Fraternally he is identified with the Woodmen of the World at Salem, and his alert, energetic disposition which enables him to accomplish his ends, his kindly spirit and those sterling characteristics, which are perceptible in his business and his social life, everywhere inspire confidence and respect.

JAMES GRAVILLE. Four miles northwest of Eugene on the Irving road is located the ranch of James Graville, one of the most progressive and highly prosperous ranchmen of Lane county. He was originally a subject of England, having been born at Epworth, Isle of Axholme, Lincolnshire, on the 25th of March, 1845. His parents were Henry and Mary Ann (Standerin) Graville, likewise natives of England, where they passed their entire lives, the mother's death occurring in 1850 and that of the father in 1908. In the paternal line our subject is descended from an exceptionally long-lived family, four of his father's brothers and sisters having passed the venerable age of ninety before their demise. James Graville is the eldest of the three children born to his parents and the only son, his two sisters, Anna and Harriet, are both deceased. For his second wife Henry Graville chose Mary M. Clark, and to them were born five children: Clark, who lives in Wisconsin; William, of England; Albert, also of England; Elizabeth, of Australia; and Edward, deceased.

James Graville, who was a child of only five and a half years when his mother died, at the age of nine began earning his own living. He was placed in the service of a well-to-do yeoman of his native county, who owned and operated a farm of seven hundred acres. When he first began working he received twelve cents a day, without board, but as he was a strong, energetic youth and developed at a very early age he made rapid progress and subsequently became superintendent of the place. He later withdrew from farming and learned the brick and tile business, but as the work in the open air was more congenial he once more turned his attention to agricultural pursuits. He was employed on several farms from then until 1870 when he decided to become a citizen of the United States, so he took passage for this country, arriving here in 1871. He arrived at his destination, a village in Wisconsin, with a capital of fifteen dollars, but he had no fears regarding the future, as he was young and strong and possessed the determination of purpose and energy that open the road to success. Very soon thereafter he found employment as a farm hand, continuing to follow this line of work for three years. During that time he very pleasantly and profitably devoted his leisure hours to the study of entomology, the knowledge thus acquired having proven of incalculable value to him as an orchardist. Later he took up the machinist's trade, which he followed during the remainder of his residence in Wisconsin. From early youth he had been able to appreciate the value of thrift and diligence, having learned this lesson in the great school of experience, so he always managed to save a portion of his earnings, however small they might be. Therefore, when he decided to come to the northwest to live in 1903, he was the owner of two good farms in Wisconsin and had other interests. Disposing of his property there he traveled over a large portion of the country looking for a permanent location, finally deciding that he preferred Oregon and the section where he is now residing to any place he had visited. He invested in one hundred and twenty-six acres of land, which was partially cultivated and improved, and has ever since made this his home. The pleasant two-story residence now occupied by Mr. Graville and his family was erected before he bought the place, but during the period of his ownership he has added many other improvements. All of the barns and outbuildings are substantially constructed and provide ample shelter for both his stock and grain, and everything about the ranch is well kept up, indicating systematic supervision and good management in every detail. At various times, as his circumstances have warranted, he has installed on the place many modern conveniences and appliances, thus minimizing the labor and expediting the work, and now he has one of the most thoroughly equipped and best operated ranches in the county. Mr. Graville is a very practical man, but he is progressive in his ideas and conducts his operations in strict accordance with the most highly approved methods of the modern agriculturist and orchardist. He has a fine prune orchard of five acres and he also raises other fruit and such cereals as are used in the feeding of stock. Much of his attention is given to the breeding and raising of high grade cattle and hogs and in this he is meeting with lucrative returns as in his other pursuits. In addition to his fine ranch, he has other interests and has acquired a very comfortable competence being one of the most prosperous citizens of his community.

Mr. Graville was married in 1876 to Miss Mary Ann Bennett, a daughter of Samuel and Pamley Bennett, and to them have been born seven children: Earl, Elma and Ralph are all living in Canada; Laura received a common-school education in Wisconsin and is now living at home; Arthur was educated in the public schools of Eugene and possesses fine mechanical skill; Epha is the wife of Earl Biger, a farmer of Eugene. Frank, the oldest, died in infancy.

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The family attend the Methodist Episcopal church in which the parents hold membership and Mr. Graville votes the republican ticket. While living in Wisconsin he was supervisor of his township and a member of the board of health and a school director. He is now serving as a school director but has never held any other official position since he came to Oregon. He is one of the foremost citizens of his community, however, his general efficiency and business sagacity making him a leader in every progressive public movement, while his upright principles and integrity have won for him the esteem of all with whom he has had transactions.

MATHIAS E. FURROW, who is engaged in general mercantile pursuits at Pleasant Hill, this county, where he also owns and operates a fine ranch of one hundred and sixty acres, is one of the efficient and highly prosperous business men of his community. He was born in Vermilion county, Illinois, on July 5, 1864, and is a son of Mathias and Lorana (Prather) Furrow. The father was a native of Kentucky and the mother of Indiana, but they were married in Illinois, where the father passed away in 1865. Two years after his death, the mother became the wife of William Wilcox of Ohio, and in 1869 they removed to Jackson county, Kansas. They resided there for three years, and then went to Riley county, that state, remaining there until 1892. In the latter year they became residents of Kiowa county, Kansas, where Mr. Wilcox died. In 1902, the mother came to Oregon with our subject and is now living in Eugene at the age of seventy-five years. Four children were born to Mr. and Mrs. Furrow, of whom our subject is the youngest. The others are as follows: W. T., who lives in Nowata, Oklahoma; Elizabeth, who is deceased; and John, who died in infancy. To the mother and her second husband were born five children: Alice, the wife of S. D. Clark, of Wisconsin; F. O., of Island Lake, Wisconsin; Blanche W., who married H. W. Elliott, of Eugene; and Florence and Clara, both of whom are deceased.

Mathias E. Furrow received a common-school education and was early trained to the work of the fields and care of the crops, remaining at home on the farm until he was twenty-one. Immediately after attaining his majority he homesteaded a quarter section of land in Kiowa county, Kansas, and industriously applied himself to cultivating and improving it for five years. At the end of that time he disposed of it and bought one hundred and sixty acres located in the same county, and there continued his agricultural pursuits until 1902. During that period he extended the boundaries of his farm until his holdings aggregated four hundred and sixty-five acres. He disposed of this and came to Oregon in 1902 and invested in one hundred and sixty acres of land, nine miles south of Springfield, that he still owns. In the cultivation and development of his land, Mr. Furrow has met with success and in 1907, he extended the scope of his activities by the purchase of a general store adjoining his ranch. He has ever since conducted this in connection with his agricultural pursuits and he is also the postmaster of Pleasant Hill. In addition to his fine ranch and store, he owns ten acres of land within the city limits of Eugene and some business property. He had the misfortune to have the residence on his ranch destroyed by fire in 1907, but it has since been replaced by a very pleasant and comfortable, modern house. All of the buildings on his place are substantially constructed and well cared for, ample provision having been made for the shelter of both his stock and grain. He is progressive and enterprising in whatever he does, as is evidenced by the excellent appearance of his homestead as well as his methods of conducting his store.

On the 10th of December, 1888, Mr. Furrow was married to Miss Catharine M. Meals, who was born in Butler county, Pennsylvania, on the 14th of September, 1865. She is a daughter of John and Elizabeth W. (Jack) Meals, who were born, reared and married in the Keystone state and there the father passed away on the 16th of September, 1866. The mother removed to Kiowa county, Kansas, with her children in 1886, but five years later she returned to Pennsylvania, where she died on the 28th of January, 1900. Four children were born to Mr. and Mrs. Meals, Mrs. Furrow being the youngest of the family. The others in order of birth are as follows: Meldia, the wife of J. P. McWilliams, of Bellevue, Pennsylvania; Samuel A., who lives in Pittsburg; and William Austin, who died in Kiowa county, Kansas. Mrs. Furrow was given the advantages of a very good education and for some years prior to her marriage engaged in teaching. The family of Mr. and Mrs. Furrow numbers four children, as follows: Fred A., who was born January 11, 1890, living at home and assisting his father; Louis E., who was born on the 10th of May, 1891, a graduate of the high school; Lorana E., whose birth occurred on June 23, 1893, also a graduate of the high school; and Jesse L., born September 20, 1895, now attending high school.

The family are members of the Christian church of Pleasant Hill, and Mr. Furrow votes the democratic ticket. In the development of his undertakings he has always manifested the diligence and enterprise that invariably bring success, and through his high standards and the excellent policy he has adopted in his transactions has won and retained the confidence and respect of all who have had dealings with him.

WILLIAM B. YORK. Prominent among the agriculturists who reside in the vicinity of Murphy is William B. York, a respected and representative member of Oregon's native sons. He was born in Josephine county, April 28, 1862, the son of Henry and Sara E. (Slagle) York, the former a native of Kentucky. Being of an adventurous and ambitious nature the father left his native state in 1852 and with his wife crossed the plains

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in that year, settling near Murphy, Josephine county, Oregon. Here he bought a squatter's right to a homestead and upon this place he has since resided.

William B. York was given a common-school education and as his tastes and rearing have been along agricultural lines, he has always followed that business and is now operating half of the original family homestead upon which he was born. He pursues a diversified system of farming and also pays a great deal of attention to stock-raising.

On October 14, 1898, Mr. York was united in marriage to Miss Josephine Knox, a native of Oregon, and they have become the parents of two children: Gladys, born August 25, 1899; and Henry I., born November 17, 1902. Mr. York is a democrat in his political views and takes a commendable interest in affairs of the state and nation. He is a man of energy and perseverance and stands very high in the community, being one of the directors of the Applegate Telephone Company. The York family has long been well and favorably known in Murphy and vicinity, where the father was one of the early settlers of the community.

WILLIAM W. ALLEN, M. D., successfully engaged in the practice of medicine and surgery in Jefferson, Marion county, was born in Portersville, California, October 22, 1876, the son of J. L. and M. J. (Sallee) Allen. The father, a horticulturist by occupation, was a native of Missouri and in 1852, crossing the plains, he located in California, near Stockton, and later lived in various places in that state until he finally moved to Los Angeles. The family came from Virginia and the great-grandfather of Dr. Allen was a pioneer in Kentucky. The mother, who is still living, is a native of Missouri, but her family, who is of English descent, came from Carolina, the members being noted frontiersmen and the grandfather having crossed the plains to California in 1830. Mr. and Mrs. J. L. Allen were the parents of six children, of whom W. W., of this review, was the eldest. The others are: H. H., of Santa Ana, California; C. C., of Los Angeles, California; and C. M., Virginia and Hazel, all at home.

William W. Allen, after completing his studies in the common school, including the grammar grades, and taking a high-school course at Santa Ana, California, attended for two years the University of California and later became a medical student at the Willamette University, from which institution he was graduated in the class of 1905. Having thus carefully prepared for the practice of medicine and surgery, he immediately after leaving college entered upon his professional work at Jefferson, where he has been engaged ever since. He has been very successful in his work and great trust is reposed in him.

In 1907 Dr. Allen was united in marriage to Miss Mildred Looney, who is a daughter of J. B. Looney. In politics Dr. Allen is a republican and takes a very active interest in all local party issues and has now been filling for four years the office of mayor of Jefferson, the duties of which he has discharged both conscientiously and efficiently. Fraternally he is identified with the Masonic order at Jefferson and both he and Mrs. Allen are members of the Eastern Star. They are both earnest and helpful workers in the Methodist Episcopal church. Dr. Allen is a member of the Central Willamette Valley and State Medical Societies and he keeps in touch with the advancement that is being made in the medical fraternity. Although he is comparatively young in the professional world his practice is already large and is constantly growing, and he is known not only in Jefferson but in the surrounding country as well.

E. J. WARD, former county commissioner of Washington county and the owner of a productive farm near Gaston, is well known throughout this region as one of its most trustworthy citizens. He has been a resident of Oregon for twenty-three years, during which time he has made his home in Washington county. Born in Indianapolis, Indiana, October 15, 1862, he is a son of James A. Ward, who was born in Kentucky May 10, 1833. The father devoted his attention to farming, and is now living at Lenox, Indiana. The maiden name of the mother was Catherine Neiman. She was born near Indianapolis and died in 1873, at the age of thirty-three years.

After receiving his education in the public schools E. J. Ward devoted his attention to farming in his native state until he was twenty-five years of age. In 1888, he came to Oregon and for a year and a half was connected with the logging and sawmill business near Hillsboro, Washington county. He then purchased a ranch in the same part of the county but, subsequently, disposed of it. He now lives on the farm which was presented to Mrs. Ward by her father. This property comprises one hundred acres and adjoins fifteen acres of land which Mr. Ward had previously purchased. It comprises one hundred and fifteen acres, of which about one hundred and five acres have been cleared and are now under cultivation. Mr. Ward recently erected a commodious and beautiful residence, and has made a number of other improvements. He carries on general farming, and has a dairy herd of about twenty-five cows. He has managed his business to excellent advantage, as is indicated by the air of prosperity which prevails everywhere on his farm. He is thorough in his work, leaving nothing undone which should be done, and everything connected with his place seems in perfect order.

On the 5th of December, 1889, Mr. Ward was married to Miss Mary J. Scholfield, a native of Washington county and a daughter of Benjamin and Sarah (Hall) Scholfield. Her father was a farmer and was also interested in the banking business. Three children have been born to Mr. and Mrs. Ward: James B., Sarah Catherine and Ethel. They are all living at home and have been given excellent advantages of education. Mr.

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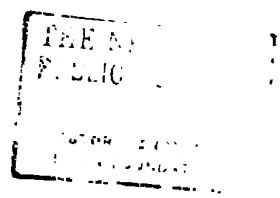

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E. J. WARD

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MRS. E. J. WARD

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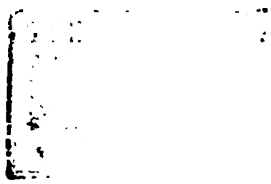

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Ward is independent politically, preferring to vote for the man rather than in support of the party. He was elected county commissioner on the union ticket and served with great acceptance to the people for four years. For fourteen years past he has been a member of the school board. He was on the independent ticket for sheriff in 1906 but was defeated. He is a sincere believer in the Bible and holds membership in the Congregational church to which he is a liberal contributor. Fraternally he is identified with the Odd Fellows, Rebekahs, Knights of Pythias and United Artisans. He is an enthusiastic advocate of Washington county and is an active member of the Commercial Club of Gaston. Mr. Ward owes his high standing to his friendly disposition, sound business judgment and unquestioned integrity of character. That he is entitled to the entire confidence of his fellowmen is the opinion of all with whom he has had social or business relations.

JOHN HALL is one of the pioneer settlers of northwestern America and has been active in its development and progress from an early time. He is called the father of the town of Myrtle Creek from the fact that the community grew up upon his half section of land and owes much of its prominence and growing wealth to his power of organization and his indefatigable energy. He was born in Champaign county, Ohio, on October 3, 1837. His parents were Thomas R. and Maria (Bousman) Hall, both natives of Ohio. His mother died when he was only six years of age and his father later married Miss Teresa Dickison. The father was a farmer by occupation and he and his second wife lived and died in Champaign county.

John Hall remained at home up to his eighteenth year. In 1857 he started across the plains for California, traveling with ox teams and spending six months upon the journey. He arrived in Sierra county, California, where he worked at mining and sawmilling for one year. In the fall of 1858 he came north to Douglas county, Oregon, where he mined for about three years, after which he engaged in farming and the flour milling business. In 1863 Mr. Hall bought a ranch comprising a half section of land and on this tract the town of Myrtle Creek now stands. He built a small house upon his holdings and farmed there alone for three or four years. At the end of that time he platted out a town which he named Myrtle Creek and which is now one of the growing communities of Douglas county. John Hall has lived in this section since he first bought his ranch and has been extremely successful along many lines. At one period in his career he was the owner of extensive holdings around Myrtle Creek but in recent years has disposed of all except his home ranch.

John Hall has been twice married. His first union occurred in 1862, when he wedded Susanna Weaver, a daughter of Hans Weaver, of whom more extended mention is made on another page of this work. They were the parents of seven children: William T., now a resident of Portland, Oregon; James R., a farmer in Douglas county; Harriet A., who married Charles Davis, of Salem, Oregon; Emma, the wife of Charles D. Buick, of Myrtle Creek; Florence, who married Dr. Seeley, now a practicing physician of Roseburg, Oregon; Grace, who is Mrs. Elmer Lutz and now a resident of Summer Lake, Lake county, Oregon; and John, Jr., now in the railroad business at Silverton, Oregon. Mr. Hall's first wife died in 1896 and two years later he was united in marriage to Miss Florence Seeley.

In his political views John Hall is consistently democratic. He has served for several terms as mayor of Myrtle Creek, was a member of the town council at various times and served as county commissioner for two terms. He is a member of Myrtle Creek Lodge, No. 38, I. O. O. F. He was a charter member of this organization and on May 4, 1912, was given a gold badge for forty years' continuous membership. He was one of the incorporators of the Citizens State Bank of Myrtle Creek and is at present president and a member of the board of directors of that institution. Since the foundation of the town he has always been recognized as its foremost citizen, interested in its development along commercial, industrial and political lines and in a large measure responsible for its splendid growth.

W. W. EDINGTON. Twenty years have passed since W. W. Edington arrived in Jackson county, and for a decade he has resided on his present ranch near Gold Hill, owning and cultivating two hundred and forty acres of land in Sams valley, six and one-half miles from the town. He was born in Webster county, Missouri, February 13, 1858, and is a son of James A. and Ellen (Scott) Edington, who were also natives of that state. In 1882 they removed to the Pacific coast, settling at Dayton in eastern Washington, and in 1892 took up their abode at Central Point, Jackson county, Oregon. The father died in 1896 but the mother still survives and is now making her home with her son, W. W. Edington, at the age of seventy-six years, her birth having occurred May 6, 1836. Her husband was born on the 6th of August of the same year, and throughout his life he followed the occupation of farming. They were the parents of seven children: Sarah Jane, the wife of James Shield of Central Point; W. W.; Mary A., the deceased wife of F. M. Pliter; Lucinda A., the wife of L. R. Venable living near Astoria, Oregon; Thomas A., who died at the age of nineteen years; Nancy Ellen, who is the wife of D. W. McMorris of Seattle, Washington; and Susan Adella, who died at the age of seventeen years.

W. W. Edington remained at the place of his birth until fourteen years of age when he accompanied his parents on their removal to Nappa Valley, California. Three years were there spent at the end of which time the family returned to Missouri, and Mr. Edington of this review continued a resident of that state until 1882. He then went

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again to California where he spent the winter, and in the spring of 1883 he removed to Columbus county, Washington. In 1892 he arrived in Jackson county, Oregon, where he has since lived, and for ten years he has made his home upon the ranch which he still occupies. He has been a life-long farmer and now gives his attention to the cultivation of two hundred and forty acres pleasantly situated in Sams valley, six and one-half miles from Gold Hill. The Indians have camped upon his place, many arrows having been picked up here; in fact, great changes have occurred in this section of the state during Mr. Edington's residence in Jackson county. He carries on both general farming and stock-raising, and has a well developed property. His fields are largely given to the cultivation of alfalfa, wheat and corn, and he makes hogs the principal feature of his stock-raising. The excellent improvements upon his farm make it one of the attractive features of the landscape, and his practical and progressive methods make it a productive and profitable property.

On the 13th of April, 1879, in Missouri, Mr. Edington was united in marriage to Miss Frances E. Newton, who was born in Wright county, Missouri, January 8, 1860, and there resided until 1882 when she came to the west with her husband. Her parents were Andrew and Mary (Ripy) Newton. Mr. and Mrs. Edington have become the parents of five children, but lost their first born, James A., when twenty-one years of age. The others are: Thomas B., who is living at Central Point; John N., whose home is at Sams valley; and Mary E. and Retta A., who are with their parents.

In his political views Mr. Edington is a republican. His life is guided by the teachings of the Church of Christ in which he holds membership. He is a self-made man, owing his success entirely to his own labors, perseverance and capable management. He early realized that industry is the basis of all business advancement, and his indefatigable labors have brought him to a creditable position among the substantial farmers of Jackson county.

WALTER E. JACOBS. Out of the struggle with small opportunities Walter E. Jacobs has come finally into a field of broad and active influence and usefulness, and yet at times there seem to be almost unsurmountable difficulties and obstacles in his path but unfaltering determination and perseverance have enabled him to overcome this and eventually reach the creditable position which he now occupies in business circles. He is now engaged in the grading and excavating business as a contractor and is also owner of a livery stable. He was born May 8, 1857, in Hamilton, Illinois, his parents being John and Caroline (Herndon) Jacobs, who were also natives of the same state. The father was a steamboat man, running on boats on the Mississippi river for a number of years. His family numbered five children: James A., of Oakland, California, who is married and has two children; Mary, the wife of Isaac Hart, of Bowen, Illinois; Walter E., of this review; Mattie, the wife of H. N. Holmes, manager of the general merchandise store at Warsaw, Illinois, and the mother of two children, both school teachers of Illinois; and Marsey, deceased.

Walter E. Jacobs was only six years of age when his father died and he then went to live with his uncle, M. K. Johnston, in Adams county, Illinois, spending his youth there upon a farm in the usual manner and with the usual experiences of most farm boys. He continued with his uncle until he attained his majority and then went to Chicago, where he entered the employ of the Pullman Palace Car Company in connection with its erecting and building operations. After two years, however, he sought the western coast, making his way to San Francisco and thence to Seattle. After a short time he came to Portland and was employed by the Oregon Railway & Navigation Company for three months. In the following spring, however, he went out on a pile driver to work on the railroad. As he had no money he borrowed twenty dollars so that he could make his way to the point where he could obtain employment. The summer was thus passed at most arduous labor, after which he returned to Portland and pursued a business course under Professor James. In the spring he returned again to the Oregon Railway & Navigation Company and in the fall again came to the Rose city and completed his business-college course. The next year he worked for the Portland Electric Light Company under P. F. Morley, being in charge of the first arc lights installed in the city. He was also connected with the fire department under Joseph Buchtel, his identification with the department covering sixteen years, while at the present time he is an exempt fireman. He was also engaged in the coal oil business for fifteen years of that period. In fact throughout his entire life he has made the best use of every opportunity that has come to him. It was in the spring of 1888 that he purchased a team and wagon for seven hundred and fifty dollars, his own capital at that period amounting only to four hundred and fifty dollars. Thus equipped he started in the oil business and later he bought out a competitor with borrowed money. Gradually he built up a large trade in oil and the success of the enterprise made him one of the substantial business men of the community. After fifteen years he concluded to withdraw from active connection with the oil business and began taking grading and excavating contracts. In this work he has continued to the present time and is always busily employed along the line of his chosen labor. He has also established a livery barn and both branches of his business are proving profitable sources of income. He and his wife are now the owners of property one hundred by one hundred feet, facing on Alden street, and they have a lot sixty by eighty feet with frontage of eighty feet on Thirty-fifth street. The barn is very large and its equipment especially good, and the

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success of the business is due to the capable management and unfaltering enterprise of Mr. Jacobs.

On the 10th of June, 1896, in Portland, Mr. Jacobs was united in marriage to Miss Carrie Mohle, the daughter of William and Willamina Caroline (Rinsley) Mohle, in whose family there were eight children. Out of these William and Sophia are now deceased. Louisa is the wife of John Boldt, of Wisconsin. Mary is the wife of Fred Gerling, of Portland. August has departed this life. Mrs. Jacobs is the next of the family. Emma is also deceased and Bertha is the wife of John Steiger, of Lents. The parents of these children were pioneer settlers of Multnomah county and purchased the donation land claim upon which Montavilla now stands. They own over seventy-six acres which they used as a prairie ranch for a number of years, their business being conducted under the name of the Mount Tabor Dairy.

Mr. and Mrs. Jacobs have become the parents of one child, Florence Pearl, who was born April 4, 1904, and is now attending school. Politically Mr. Jacobs is a republican but while he votes for the candidates and supports the principles of that party he is not a seeker for office. Fraternally he is connected with the Knights of Pythias and the Woodmen of the World, and his wife holds membership in the Congregational church. His early career was indeed one of adversity and hardship but as the years passed on he gradually worked his way upward and his course proves that upon the sure foundation of industry and indefatigable energy success may be built.

EDWARD CLARK IRELAND is the owner and proprietor of a large wholesale and retail cigar business in Medford, this state, and is numbered among the men who stand well at the front of enterprising business interests in this portion of Oregon. He is a native of Ohio, having been born in Cincinnati on the 20th of May, 1860. His father, William Ireland, was born in Kentucky and followed the profession of teaching in early life but later became engaged in various business enterprises. In 1849 he crossed the plains to California, being one of the many thousands of gold seekers who were swept westward by the gold fever then affecting the people throughout the entire nation. After spending some little time in the Golden state he returned to the east and in 1855 he again crossed the plains and engaged in mining in California. In both of these fortune-seeking ventures he was entirely successful, although eventually he encountered the misfortune of losing his entire wealth by investing in a business venture which proved to be unprofitable and at the last a disastrous failure. On the breaking out of the Civil war he entered the government service as a volunteer soldier, remaining at the front for four continuous years and holding the military rank of colonel at the time he was mustered out. At one time he was the junior partner in the firm of McGill & Ireland, the concern being engaged in the packing business in Cincinnati, Ohio, at a time when that city was headquarters in the meat and packing business throughout the west. In 1870, while actively engaged in the affairs of business life, he passed away in Watseka, Illinois. He had for several years survived his wife, who passed away when our subject was but two and a half years of age.

Edward Clark Ireland was reared by foster parents and by them educated in the public schools. At the age of ten years he left his adopted home and as an inexperienced boy went to Indianapolis, Indiana, and at once invested in a bootblacking outfit and established himself in the shoe-shining business, having his headquarters in the rear room of the law offices of Benjamin Harrison, who at that time was engaged in the practice of his profession and just beginning to acquire a reputation throughout that portion of the state as a corporation lawyer. The boyhood days of Mr. Ireland were full of trials and tribulations. Without the love of a mother or the protecting care of a father, he was alone in the world, young, without experience and without means of support other than what he provided by his own labor. Being ambitious he watched his opportunities diligently and soon found more profitable employment than shining shoes, and was enabled to accumulate surplus funds sufficient to enable him to obtain two winter terms of study in the public schools, this constituting his entire schooling. His first employment of consequence was with a firm of contractors and bridge builders. As a common laborer in the employ of this company he received the handsome compensation of one dollar a day and succeeded in obtaining board at the rate of two dollars per week. By giving perfect satisfaction to his employers he was later put in charge of all their derricks and his salary increased to three dollars and a half per day. In 1881, after having terminated his connection with the former company, he secured the position of brakeman in the employ of the Wabash Railway Company. Here he continued to give undivided and competent attention to his duties and in 1883 he was advanced to the position of conductor of a freight train and in 1885 further promoted as conductor of a mixed freight and passenger train running in the schedule of first-class service. Shortly after this he was again promoted, this time becoming a conductor in the regular passenger service. He was employed by the railroad company continuously for a period of twenty-five years. Retiring from this business in 1906, he spent the two following years in the promotion and real-estate business in Champaign, Illinois, and at the end of this period he journeyed to the Pacific coast, hoping to find here better opportunities than were offered in the middle west where business conditions were more fixed. After reaching the Pacific coast he spent some six months looking over the entire western country and finally located at Medford in Jackson county,

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this state, believing that to be the place offering the greatest inducements for future business. Having once made up his mind to become a citizen of this place, he established himself in the retail cigar business and later, extending his operations, he added to his retail store a wholesale department. In this business he is now engaged, giving his entire time to its interests.

In 1883 Mr. Ireland was united in marriage to Miss Belle Beams, of Havana, Illinois, and to their home three children have been born, one of whom is still living, Etha May, now the wife of E. F. Thompson, who is associated with Lampson Brothers, Board of Trade operators of Chicago, Illinois. Unto Mr. and Mrs. Thompson has been born one child, Edward F., Jr.

Mr. Ireland gives his political allegiance to the republican party and is a member of the present city council of Medford. He has also been a member of the Commercial Club since his arrival in Medford and likewise belongs to the Merchants Association. In Masonry he has attained high rank, belonging to Western Star Lodge, No. 240, F. & A. M., of Champaign, Illinois; Champaign Chapter, No. 50, R. A. M.; Champaign Commandery, No. 68, K. T.; Urbana Council, No. 19, R. & S. M.; Valley of Peoria Consistory, A. & A. S. R.; and Mohammed Temple, A. A. O. N. M. S., of Peoria, Illinois. He is likewise a valued member of the following organizations: Medford Lodge, No. 1168, B. P. O. E., which fraternity he joined in Champaign, Illinois; and Crater Lake Lodge, No. 675, R. O. M. of Medford. Edward Clark Ireland is one of the best known and most effectively public-spirited men in the city of Medford. He is always identified with every good cause seeking the improvement of the business interests and the educational and moral wellbeing of the community in which he lives. His life of varied experiences, abounding in hardships and prosperity, has rendered Mr. Ireland a safe business adviser and a generous, helpful friend to every man who worthily is seeking to improve the conditions of himself and family. He is a popular and trusted leader among his associates and has a reputation of being one of the most effective agencies in the building up of the new western city in which he has established his residence.

ARTHUR G. LEWIS is the popular and successful young proprietor of the Josephine Livery Barn in Grants Pass, an establishment which he is managing with skill and profit, having been reared in that business. He was born in Marion county, Oregon, June 1, 1881, the son of George and Mary (Tucker) Lewis. The father, who was a native of Nebraska, removed from that state to Oregon in 1888, taking up his residence in Jackson county. In his family were six children.

Arthur G. Lewis pursued his education in the common schools and remained under the parental roof until he was eighteen years of age. He was first employed in a livery barn with his father and later came to Grants Pass, where he purchased the Josephine Livery Barn, which he has since been successfully conducting.

Mr. Lewis was married June 24, 1907, to Miss Margaret Matney, a native of Oregon, and to them has been born a son, Howard, whose natal day was September 8, 1909. In his political faith Mr. Lewis is a republican and a popular young man in the local organization. He is a member of the Odd Fellows lodge of Jacksonville, an order in which he takes a lively interest. He is one of the popular young business men of Grants Pass and is serving the public in such a manner as to merit the liberal patronage which he is receiving.

JUDGE JOHN A. LAYCOCK has been prominent in political circles of Grant county, Oregon, for a number of years and owes his title to four years of able and efficient service as county judge. He is now engaged in general farming and stock-raising near the town of John Day, Oregon, and is also a stockholder and vice president of the Grant County Bank, one of the strong financial institutions of the county, and has contributed his full share to the agricultural progress of this region. He was born in Hancock county, Illinois, August 27, 1846, and is a son of Peter and Susannah (Pilling) Laycock, both natives of Preston, England. The paternal grandfather of our subject was Charles Laycock of England, who lived and died in his native land. Judge Laycock's maternal grandfather, John Pilling, came to America at an early date and was one of the pioneers in the settlement of the state of Iowa. Peter Laycock, the father of our subject, married in England and came to America shortly afterward. He located in Illinois, where he remained until 1848, when he removed to St. Louis, Missouri. In 1852 he started for California, having purchased teams and a traveling outfit. He sent his outfit and teams ahead overland to Council Bluffs, Iowa, and he with his family took a boat to Council Bluffs, expecting to be there in time to meet the teams. On the journey up the river the steamer containing his goods and outfit struck a snag and sank. The family was rescued but the entire outfit of traveling utensils and supplies was lost. The family continued their journey by teams to Council Bluffs, where Peter Laycock arranged for their comfort the best he could under such circumstances, renting a small house for them to live in, while he returned to St. Joseph, Missouri, in order to purchase a new outfit so they could continue their journey. After purchasing another outfit he again started for Council Bluffs by steamboat, but before reaching Council Bluffs he was seized with cholera and died, leaving a widow with five small children. The outfit which he purchased was never received by his family, and they were obliged to remain in Council Bluffs until 1856. In that year the family resumed their journey by teams and crossed the plains to Napa county, California, where they made their home until the time of Mrs. Laycock's death, in the fifty-sixth year of her age.

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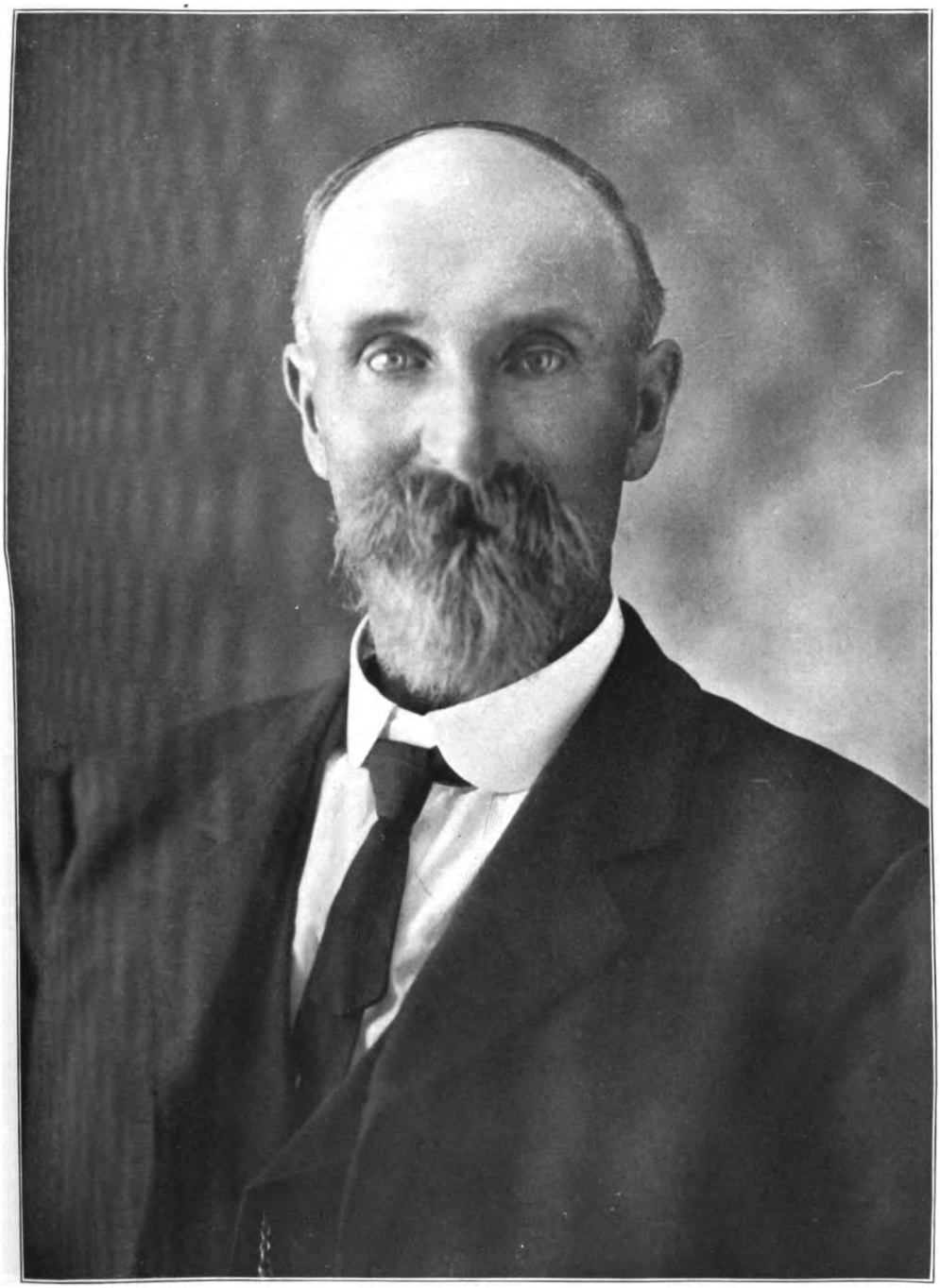

JOHN A. LAYCOCK

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Judge Laycock's educational resources were limited. His opportunities in this direction were meager and were obtained largely by his own efforts. He attended the public schools of Napa county, California, at intervals. Being the eldest son, there were many duties commanding his time and attention which compelled him to lose much time from school. In order to better his condition in this respect he went to Nevada in 1862 and there engaged in mining for two years. Following his return to Napa he arranged with the president and principal of Napa college to take up extra lessons after regular hours, and by so doing he caught up in his studies with the class he had left two years before and passed a very creditable examination. In 1865 he came to Canyon City during the gold excitement and engaged in mining for five years. He was one of a company who erected the first quartz mill in Grant county and was the general superintendent of mill and mine for two years. The property paid very well during that time. He then engaged in farming and stock-raising, having purchased a squatter's claim to a piece of land seven miles from Canyon City on the John Day river, where he now has a most beautiful home situated in the midst of two hundred and forty acres of bottom land. He has put most of this under cultivation and irrigation, raises an abundance of timothy, red-top clover and alfalfa hay, and is making this portion of his enterprise an important department. By patient industry and strict economy he has constantly added to his holdings and now has besides his grain and meadow land, twelve hundred acres of pasture land adjoining his home and is also proprietor of a large stock ranch in Bear valley. His agriculture is carried on along the most scientific and progressive principles and his home is among the model properties of Grant county. Judge Laycock has been prominent in political affairs of his district. He gives his allegiance to the republican party and served as county judge from 1898 to 1902. He made a record for efficiency and careful conservation of the people's interests and was well known as an honorable and incorruptible public official. He also served as joint senator from Grant, Crook, Klamath and Lake counties during the legislative sessions of 1905 and 1907 and carried on his activities in this line with his usual energy and resource.

On December 21, 1871, Judge Laycock was united in marriage to Miss Josephine Officer, a daughter of Casey Officer, who came from his native state, Missouri, to Oregon in 1849. He was one of the pioneers in the settlement of the state and was a member of a party of settlers who organized and developed Grant county. To Judge Laycock and his wife have been born four children: William C., now in business in Vancouver, British Columbia; John A., a resident of Alberta, Canada; Mary, who is deceased; and Guy H., now active in the mercantile business in the town of Timber, Oregon. Judge Laycock has given his three sons the advantage of a good education and himself supervised their start in life. All have justified their father's confidence in them. William C. Laycock is quite prominent in business circles in Vancouver, British Columbia, where he is heavily interested in real estate. The two younger sons have followed in their elder brother's footsteps and are active and discriminating business men. Judge Laycock in the various relations of his life has always been distinguished by marked ability and keen and well directed ambition. He has served his county with credit and honor and has been active in the agricultural development of Grant county, where his name is a synonym for high-minded effort and an upright and honorable life. Judge Laycock was initiated into the Masonic order soon after arriving at the age of twenty-one years. He has advanced in Masonry by receiving the degrees in Blue Mountain Chapter, No. 7, R. A. M., and is a charter member of Blue Mountain Council, No. 10, and a member of the Order of High Priesthood. He has been honored by his brethren and companions, has served in various stations of his lodge and chapter, was worshipful master of his lodge for five years and high priest of his chapter eight years. He has been an active and zealous Mason for many years and discharged his Masonic duties with zeal and fidelity.

LEWIS STOUT, one of the most prominent citizens of Mehama, Marion county, was born in McLean county, Illinois, May 3, 1829, the son of Ephraim and Sarah (Stout) Stout, the father a native of Tennessee, born in 1798, and the mother of North Carolina, born in 1792. The great-grandfather, who was the first of the Stout family in America, was a native of England and lived in North Carolina during the Revolutionary war period. His wife was of German nationality. The grandfather settled in Missouri in 1802. The parents, Ephraim and Sarah Stout, were married in Ohio in 1822, moved to Illinois in 1825, and in 1838 to Iowa, where they resided until 1852. At that date they crossed the plains with ox teams, being en route six months, during which time they had some trouble with the Indians. They settled three miles west of Mehama on a donation land claim which they improved and resided on the remainder of their lives, the mother dying in 1873 and the father in 1879. The latter, although a cripple, was very active in political work and served as justice of the peace in Iowa and refused the nomination for the state legislature. In their family were five children: Mrs. Jane Hennis, deceased; Mrs. Susanna Fisher, of Salem, Oregon; Isaac, deceased; Lewis, of this review; and Rebecca, deceased.

Lewis Stout received his education in Iowa, where he attended the common schools and, later, a Quaker institution. He remained at home operating his father's donation claim and his own, which adjoined it, until 1888, when he sold the land. He now owns seven acres in Mehama and twenty acres in Linn county. While residing on the farm he made a specialty of growing fruit and sold the first cultivated straw-

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berries in Salem. He also raised stock quite extensively and brought the first Angora goats to this section of the country; also he bought the first stand of bees in the neighborhood, for which stand he paid sixty dollars. He spent a great deal of time in the sawmill business, erecting one of the earliest sawmills in this section and building the first ferry boat at Mehama.

In Oregon, in 1865, Mr. Stout was united in marriage to Miss Elizabeth Byers, a native of Iowa, and they have become the parents of nine children: William H., deceased; Clara, who is the wife of W. P. Mulkey, of Mehama; Lois, who is the wife of B. Irving, of Corvallis, Oregon; Anna, who is a trained nurse at Salem, Oregon; Mary, the wife of C. A. Mulkey, who resides near Portland; Jessie, of Salem; Ray L., of the Pacific Power and Light Company, at Portland; Alpha, the wife of W. F. Horner, of Mill City; and Luther, at home.

In politics Mr. Stout is a prohibitionist and he is proud to say of both the sons and sons-in-law in his large family that none have ever used strong intoxicants. He takes an active interest in all party issues and has held some minor offices. Although Mr. Stout was raised a Quaker he is now a member of the Dunker church, and he is a worthy representative of the class of citizens whose industrious and useful lives constitute the true wealth of the state.

JAMES EDWIN LOOSE, one of the well known farmers of Polk county, is a native of Salem, Oregon, born May 5, 1868, the son of Frederick and Emily (Stout) Loose. The father, a native of Germany, was brought to America when a small boy by his parents, who settled in Dutchess county, New York. In 1852, when the father was fifteen years of age, he removed to California and in the same year came to Oregon, settling in Salem, where he engaged in teaming. Later he repaired to a farm near Fairfield and lived in various other locations until he finally came to the farm where he now lives, which is situated three miles northwest of Salem and is the present home of his son, James Edwin, of this review. He went through the hardships of early pioneer life and served in the Indian war. In his family were seven children: Cora, who is the wife of J. D. Walling, of Lincoln, Oregon; Charles, of Stayton, Oregon; James Edwin, of this review; Anna, deceased; Minnie, of Portland, Oregon; Frank, connected with the transfer line; and Wesley, head cook at the Asylum Farm.

James E. Loose was educated in the common schools. He has always remained on the home farm and now owns fifty-three and one-half acres of land, on which he has put up substantial improvements and is engaged in raising hops, grain and other farm products.

On the 26th of December, 1892, Mr. Loose was united in marriage to Miss Hattie Amelia Harris, a native of Todd county, Minnesota, and a daughter of R. V. and Saloma Anne (Sarff) Harris. The father was a native of Nova Scotia, of English descent, and the mother was born in Indianapolis, Indiana, of German parentage. They were married in Minnesota and came to Oregon in 1886, settling near Dallas, and later removed to McMinnville, Oregon. The father followed the occupations of farming and carpentering. The mother died in 1905 and is buried in McMinnville, Oregon. In their family were four children: V. D., of Lake county, Oregon; Hattie Amelia, now Mrs. James E. Loose; Pearl, deceased, who was the wife of Clarence Hendershot, of McMinnville; and Ella, who is the wife of Roy Fink, of McMinnville. Mrs. Loose was educated in the common schools of Fairview and remained at home until the time of her marriage. Mr. and Mrs. Loose are the parents of four children: Lloyd, deceased; Emily C.; Voorhis Frederick; and Carol Amelia.

In politics Mr. Loose is a republican but he always takes into consideration the qualifications of the man to be put in office. He displays great interest in the cause of education and for thirteen years has been clerk of the school board. He attends the local church and gives his support to all measures that tend to upbuild the community.

HON. DANIEL M. C. GAULT. Prominently identified with the journalists, educators and public men of Oregon was Daniel M. C. Gault, postmaster of Cottage Grove, a position he has acceptably filled from 1908 until the time of his demise, April 20, 1912. His professional career covers a period of nearly half a century and he is widely known and universally respected. He was born in Davis county, Iowa, in May, 1842, the son of John and Lucy (McClein) Gault, the father a native of Massachusetts and the mother of Kentucky. They were married in Davis county, Missouri, and removed shortly afterward to Iowa, where they lived until 1852. The father followed agricultural pursuits in Iowa, although he had formerly been a carpenter, having learned that trade in Massachusetts. On leaving Iowa the father removed with his family to Oregon and settled on a donation claim of three hundred and twenty acres, eight miles southwest of Portland. He at once set about erecting the necessary buildings, clearing up the land, making improvements and tilling the soil, and resided on that farm until his death in 1861, the mother having passed away in 1858. They were the parents of five children: Daniel M. C., of this review; Mrs. Mary Humphreys, of Portland, Oregon; two who died in infancy; and John W., who passed away in Spokane in 1908.

Daniel M. C. Gault was nineteen years of age when he started out in life on his own account by teaching school, which profession he followed at intervals for a period of twenty years, his first service of that kind being at Walla Walla, Washington. He was also interested in newspaper work, and conducted the Jacksonville (Oregon) Sentinel. During the time he conducted that journal he read law for three years. He then removed to Salem, where he accepted a position on the Daily Statesman, with which he

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remained for one year. He then went to Dallas, Polk county, where he established the Polk County Republican. After conducting that paper for a time he disposed of it and began in 1870 to teach school in Yamhill county, a profession which he followed for two years. Going to Hillsboro, he taught there for eight years, and subsequently for two years in the graded schools of the Halliday addition in Portland. After that he removed to a farm near Portland but continued to teach in connection with his farming pursuits until 1892, when he removed to Hillsboro and purchased an interest in the Hillsboro Independent, remaining with that paper until January, 1903, after which he went to Salem, where he and his son Harry established a job printing office, there known as the Gault Printing Company, and operated it for two years. They then removed the plant to Cottage Grove, where they established the Western Oregon and after operating it for three years disposed of the property to J. C. Howard, who established the Cottage Grove Sentinel.

Mr. Gault was married in Oregon to Miss Anna Rebecca Howell, who was born in 1867, and they became the parents of two children: Elizabeth, who died at the age of eleven years; and Mary, the wife of Charles Halstead, of Portland, Oregon. Mrs. Gault passed away in 1870 and in 1878 Mr. Gault was again married, his second union being with Miss Lydia E. Humphrey, of Portland, a daughter of Homan M. and Lydia (Snow) Humphrey. The father, a native of New York, was of English lineage, and the mother was born in Ohio and they were married in the Empire state. The father of Mrs. Gault first took up a claim of one hundred and sixty acres in Iowa for which he paid $1.25 an acre, which he sold and came to Oregon in 1852. Mrs. Gault's mother was a teacher before her marriage. They crossed the plains with ox teams to Oregon, settling in Portland, where the father took up a donation land claim of three hundred and twenty acres. This farm, which adjoins the city of Portland, was the home of the family until the father's death in 1887, the mother having passed away in 1859. To them six children were born: W. J. and Dr. T. C. Humphrey, both residents of Portland; Lydia E., now Mrs. Daniel M. C. Gault; Orpha G., deceased; Eliza, who became the wife of H. Denlinger and is now deceased; and Julia, who first married Samuel L. Simpson, the poet, and after his death married Julian V. Briscow and is now deceased. Mr. and Mrs. Gault had two children. John H., who was born December 23, 1878, is married and is an instructor in plumbing in the Trade School of Portland. William H., who was born November 8, 1880, is married and resides at Everett, Washington. He is foreman of the Everett Paint Shop and is also a stockholder in that concern.

In his political views Mr. Gault was a republican and his political career had been one of importance. He served as superintendent of schools in Washington county for one term, was in 1876 elected to the legislature from Washington county, serving for one term, and in 1880 was again elected to the legislature from Multnomah county, serving for one term. In 1902 he was again elected to the legislature from Washington county, serving for one term. He was appointed postmaster of Cottage Grove in March, 1908, a position which he held until his death. Fraternally he was a charter member of Mutazuma Lodge, No. 50, I. O. O. F., and has filled all of the official chairs in that body. He also belonged to Portland Camp, No. 27, A. O. U. W., and had occupied practically all of its chairs. Mr. Gault was a member of the Congregational church, as is his family, their membership being at Salem. The Hon. Daniel M. C. Gault served the state of Oregon and its people in a most conscientious and useful way. Being a man of excellent education and training, he was a very successful teacher, giving universal satisfaction both in that capacity and as superintendent of public instruction. Mrs. Gault received a high-school education and was a teacher and had charge of the eighth grade at the Hillsboro school for three years and before that taught in the country schools in Washington county. She also was deputy postmistress for three years when Mr. Gault was appointed postmaster of Cottage Grove. The entire family have been well schooled and stand high in the best circles of society. Mr. Gault passed away April 20, 1912, greatly mourned by his family and a large circle of devoted friends, in the seventieth year of his life.

CHARLES A. CROW is one of the successful merchants of Merlin, Oregon, where he is successfully engaged in the general hardware business. He was born in Lane county, Oregon, August 3, 1874, and is the son of William and Nancy Jane (Nealey) Crow, the former a native of Illinois and the latter of Missouri. The father emigrated to Oregon in 1853, crossing the plains with ox teams during the time of the cholera epidemic and two members of their company died of that disease while on their western journey. On reaching Oregon Mr. Crow settled in Lane county, where he remained for a short time and later removed to Josephine county and there took up a homestead claim in 1882, on which he has since continued to reside.

Charles A. Crow was reared in his father's home and educated in the public schools of the district in which he lived and was later graduated from the Portland Business College. He started in life for himself at the age of seventeen years and spent the early years of his manhood engaged in various occupations, among others that of mining. At the time of his marriage he was living in Grants Pass and during the period of his residence there he served one term as assessor of Josephine county. Immediately following his marriage he settled upon his ranch of one hundred and sixty acres in Josephine county, where he remained for three years, after which he removed to Merlin, where he is engaged in the successful operation of an up-to-date hardware business, in addition to

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which he is the owner of several valuable pieces of property in Merlin.

Mr. Crow was united in marriage to Miss Julia Hamlin and to them two children were born: Louis Glenn, who died on October 9, 1909, and is buried at Merlin; and Even L. Mr. Crow is justice of the peace at Merlin and is also a notary public. Fraternally he is affiliated with the Odd Fellows lodge at Grants Pass. He is one of the highly respected and useful citizens of Josephine county and is numbered among the enterprising and progressive citizens of his portion of the state.

RUSSELL CALVIN KELSEY, M. D. While actively engaged in the practice of medicine, in which connection he has become recognized as an able, learned and conscientious physician, Dr. Kelsey has also become well known in business connections of an important character and through his efforts for public progress and improvement. He was born in Deerfield, Steele county, Minnesota, a son of Calvin and Anna (Russell) Kelsey, who now reside at Wells, Minnesota. He is descended from English ancestors who at an early period in the colonization of the new world settled at Hartford, Connecticut. This was in the year 1636 and in 1639 William Kelsey was numbered among the property holders of that city. During the Revolutionary war two brothers of the name were captured and placed on the British prison ship Sampson, off the coast of New Jersey, and died while thus incarcerated.

Following the removal of the family to Wells, Minnesota, Dr. Kelsey there continued his education until graduated from the high school with the class of 1877. Following his determination to become an active member of the medical profession he began reading along that line and in 1888 was graduated from a medical college at Indianapolis, Indiana, while in 1899 he was graduated from the medical department of the University of Illinois—the College of Physicians and Surgeons at Chicago. Since 1888 he has continuously engaged in the practice of medicine and surgery and during the gold rush to Alaska in 1897-8 he was surgeon for one of the steamship companies. Returning from that district in the latter year he spent the year 1899 at the College of Physicians and Surgeons in Chicago, where he won the degree of Doctor of Medicine, Addendum. The following spring he removed to White Rock, South Dakota, and became surgeon for the Chicago, Milwaukee & St. Paul Railroad Company. At the same time he conducted a large private practice and also while at White Rock was elected secretary of the Midland Canal Company and secretary of the Tri-State Drainage Association which embraced the states of North Dakota, South Dakota and Minnesota. This last association sent Dr. Kelsey and Major Edwards, of Fargo, North Dakota, to Washington to secure an appropriation to survey the head waters of the Minnesota river and those of the Red River of the North to determine the feasibility of constructing a canal between the two rivers. The mission was successful in securing an appropriation of some eleven thousand dollars for that purpose. At this date, ten years later, the subject is still under consideration by the Canadian and the United States governments. At the time of the origin of the movement J. J. Hill opposed the project but later, however, when the railroads became glutted with freight they could not handle Mr. Hill favored the project and it is now quite likely that the scheme which was originated by Dr. Kelsey will reach a successful issue.

Dr. Kelsey has done other important public service. While in South Dakota he was appointed by the governor of that state as its representative at the exposition held in Portland, Oregon, in 1905, at which time he removed to that state, settling at Gold Hill in the summer of 1906. Soon afterward he opened an addition to that place known as Riverside Park, and later he purchased the entire Dekum addition to the place and successfully closed out the same within a year. At about the same time he was elected a director of the city schools and during the summer of 1910 was very largely responsible for the erection of a modern school building, the first strictly modern building to be erected in southern Oregon.

In 1884 Dr. Kelsey was married at Wells, Minnesota, to Miss Cora Hallock, who died a year later. It was this that caused Dr. Kelsey to take up the study of medicine and in 1889, after graduating in medicine, he married Flora Adella Tamblyn, of Indianapolis, Indiana, who is a daughter of John Tamblyn. The family is of English descent although at a more remote period her ancestors were of German extraction. It is believed that members of the family removed from Germany to England during the days of William the Conqueror. Unto Dr. and Mrs. Kelsey have been born the following named: John R., William C., Dolores Phyllis, Walter Oduker and Flora Ann Yolanda.

In politics Dr. Kelsey has always been a republican where national issues and questions are involved, yet always uses his judgment concerning the support of any candidate and frequently casts an independent local ballot. At Gold Hill, November 1, 1911, he organized the Voters League and the organization successfully carried the city election the following spring. This is an organization formed for the support of the best qualified candidates and in opposition to strong partisanship when the welfare of the majority is disregarded. He became a Master Mason while residing in Indianapolis, joining Center Lodge, No. 23, the oldest Masonic organization in the state of Indiana. While living in South Dakota he became one of the organizers of White Rock Lodge, No. 138, F. & A. M., and demitted therefrom January 23, 1908. On the 5th of March, 1898, he was made an honorary member of the Dinapore India Arya Samaj, which translated means the White Man's Association. He was also made a member of Bombay Samaj in August of the same year. His religious

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DR. R. C. KELSEY

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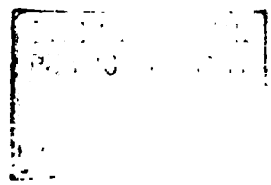

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faith is that of the Methodist Episcopal church and his membership is with the society of that denomination at Gold Hill. In 1911 he was elected a trustee of the church and was chosen chairman of its board. His life has been actuated by a desire for progress and improvement and by the spirit of justice, truth and right. He has ever endeavored to make his life count for good in the world's work and his record is indeed one of serviceable worth.

SAMUEL W. TAYLOR is filling the office of treasurer of Lane county, to which he was called by popular ballot in 1910. He was born in Huntingdon county, Pennsylvania, June 22, 1848, and is a son of Andrew Jackson and Jane (Linn) Taylor. The Linn family traces its ancestry back to 1004, according to a published history which gives the genealogical record. One of the great-great-grandfathers of Mr. Taylor on the maternal side was a Mr. Widney who settled in Franklin county, Pennsylvania, and built the first cabin in that valley, this being in the decade between 1770 and 1780. His descendants have since always lived in that section of the state. The maternal grandfather, Hugh Linn, was a stone mason, contractor and miller. The paternal grandfather of Mr. Taylor was Caspar Taylor, who was born near Philadelphia, Pennsylvania, and devoted his life to general agricultural pursuits. His son, Andrew Jackson Taylor, was reared to farm life, but thinking to find industrial pursuits more congenial than the life of the agriculturist he became a harness maker and saddler. He was a justice of the peace for some years, in which office he rendered decisions that were strictly fair and impartial. His record at all times commended him to the regard and confidence of those who knew him.

Samuel W. Taylor was reared in Huntingdon county, Pennsylvania, and was but fifteen years of age when, in 1863, he enlisted for service as a member of Company B, Thirteenth Pennsylvania Cavalry. He remained at the front for two years and was with the regiment in all of its battles and campaigns until honorably discharged after the close of the war, on the 14th of July, 1865. On the night that he was fifteen years of age he did picket duty and served under Captain Wallace when the Union troops checked the Rebel advance from McConnelsburg road to Cove Mountain Pass on the Mercersburg road. Although but a boy in years his bravery and loyalty were equal to that of many a veteran of twice his age. After the war Mr. Taylor engaged in railroading for a few years, and then settled in Carroll county, Illinois, where he was married and established his home. After a year or two, however, he removed to Nebraska and subsequently spent five years in Shelby county, Iowa, during which period he engaged in farming. In March, 1888, he arrived in Eugene and for a year and a half thereafter was engaged in stock farming. In 1890 he entered the employ of the Eugene Water Company as engineer and for some years before the plant was sold acted as superintendent and manager. In 1910 he was elected county treasurer and is now filling this position, the duties of which he is discharging with promptness and fidelity, winning the commendation of all concerned.

In 1873 Mr. Taylor was united in marriage to Miss Florence Hall, a daughter of Charles Hall, of Lanark, Illinois, and unto them have been born three children: Harriet, who is the wife of Ralph G. Starr, of Dayton, Oregon; Blanche, who is the widow of Samuel S. Thurston, a teacher in the high school; and George M., who is manager for the Western Union Telegraph Company at Eugene. He is also a veteran of the Spanish-American war, having been with the Second Oregon Regiment all through its term of service. Both Mr. and Mrs. Taylor hold membership in the Congregational church, in the work of which they are actively and helpfully interested. Mr. Taylor fraternally is connected with Eugene Lodge, No. 11, F. & A. M.; Eugene Chapter, No. 10, R. A. M.; Helmet Lodge, No. 33, K. P., of which he is past chancellor commander; Eugene Camp, No. 115, W. O. W.; and Eugene Aerie, No. 275, F. O. E. He likewise belongs to J. W. Geary Post, G. A. R., of which he is now serving his fifth term as post commander, and thus maintains pleasant relations with his old army comrades. He is as true and loyal to his country today as when he followed the old flag upon southern battle fields, and though but a boy in years gave practical demonstration of the fact that age is no criterion of patriotic service.

JOSEPH M. RADER, ex-sheriff of Jackson county, is one of Oregon's popular sons now residing on a little farm of twenty acres near Phoenix, this county, living comparatively retired. He was born a mile and a half south of Eagle Point, July 31, 1864, a son of Jackson and Clara (Loehkamp) Rader. The mother crossed the plains from Missouri to Oregon in 1850 or 1851, coming as a girl with friends, her parents having died when she was a child. The father migrated to this state some time previous and both settled in Jackson county. It was soon after the mother came to this state that their marriage was celebrated, and they took up their abode near Jacksonville. Four or five years later they removed to a ranch near Eagle Point where the father died in 1872. His widow continued to reside on the homestead until 1902, when she made her home in Jacksonville with her son Joseph, of this review. Four years later she removed to Medford, where she has since resided with her daughter, Mrs. Clara Phipps.

Joseph M. Rader was reared in the home of his parents and acquired his education in the common schools of Oregon. After attaining his majority he continued to remain at home and assisted in the operation of the home ranch, containing five hundred and thirty acres, and it required the combined efforts of the entire family to successfully conduct the farming business in which they were engaged. In 1904 Joseph Rader pur-

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chased the old home ranch which he sold to advantage in 1910. During the same year he purchased his present little home of twenty acres near Phoenix where he is now living comparatively retired and at ease.

In 1902 Mr. Rader was elected to the office of sheriff of Jackson county on the democratic ticket, being reelected in 1904 to succeed himself in that office. During his period of service as a public official he proved to be a popular and efficient sheriff.

Mr. Rader was married on the 7th of April, 1908, to Miss Bertha M. Rose, a daughter of L. A. Rose, one of the pioneer settlers of Jackson county who is still living, making his home in Phoenix. Politically Mr. Rader has always been a stanch democrat and for many years has been an active man in his party. He is a member of Medford Lodge, No. 168, B. P. O. E., and belongs to Jackson Tribe, No. 1, I. O. R. M. He is one of the well known residents of Jackson county, and is highly esteemed by all who know him.

HON. D. C. BAUGHMAN, a retired farmer residing at Cottage Grove, owns a brick business building and warehouse on Wall street and a fine residence which he occupies. He is well educated and taught school for many years during his earlier life. Mr. Baughman was born in Illinois, October 8, 1842, a son of Samuel and Elizabeth (McCall) Baughman. His father was born in Ohio, while his mother was born in Tennessee, their marriage being celebrated in Illinois. They resided in that state until 1843, when they removed to Iowa. In 1850 the father crossed the plains to Oregon to look over the country and select a place on which to settle. He returned to Iowa and brought his family to this city in 1851. During the journey across the plains considerable trouble was experienced with the Indians who stole part of their oxen while in the state of Nevada. The first settlement of the family was made on Myrtle creek in Douglas county, where they wintered. The following spring Mr. Baughman settled in Rattle Snake valley in Lane county, where he took up a donation claim of three hundred and twenty acres. He lived upon that land until 1869, clearing it and getting it under cultivation and making the necessary improvements. He then removed to Pleasant Hill, Oregon, where he purchased the Abel Russell donation claim, upon which he lived for fourteen years and where the mother died at the age of sixty-one. On selling this property Mr. Baughman purchased a small farm on which he made his home for a number of years, and, again selling out, purchased five acres near Pleasant Hill school, where he died in 1903. In his family were born twelve children, five of whom are still living, namely: D. C., of this review; Sarah A., the wife of a Mr. Lawrence, of Nome, Alaska; Clarinda J., who married Edward Doring, of Helix, Oregon; Samuel T., residing near Sacramento, California; and Elijah G., of Seattle.

When his parents crossed the plains D. C. Baughman was about ten years of age. He remained at home until he attained his majority, after which he engaged in steamboating and other occupations for a period of five years. He then took up a homestead of one hundred and sixty acres in Benton county, Oregon, upon which he lived for eight years and then, selling his homestead, he bought a small farm near Monmouth, upon which he lived for a time, when he again sold out and went to Clackamas county, six miles east of Oregon City, where he purchased one hundred and sixty acres. He only occupied this land for one year, however, after which he sold out and, going to Pleasant Hill, purchased one hundred and seventy acres upon which he lived for one year. He then removed to the vicinity of Cottage Grove on a farm which he operated until 1905, and then removed to Cottage Grove, where he is now making his home and living retired. Mrs. Baughman owns three hundred and sixty acres of farm land and he still retains title to seven acres adjoining the city of Cottage Grove and twenty-one lots, all improved, in the city, in addition to his own fine home.

Mr. Baughman was married September 26, 1869, to Miss Catherine Braman, who was born near Pleasant Hill, Oregon. To this union six children were born: Elizabeth E., the wife of Lewis Gerrum, of Eugene; Frank A., who died at the age of one and a half years; Wealthy N., who married John Sweeney, of Lockwood, Canada; Henry Delbert, a resident of London, Oregon; Jessie P., the wife of John Taylor, of Cottage Grove; and Belle C., who wedded Harvey Taylor, also of this city. The wife and mother died in 1882 and on the 29th of January, 1884, Mr. Baughman was again married, his second union being with Mrs. Martha Powell, the widow of James H. Powell and a daughter of John M. and Jane (Wilson) Harris. Her parents were natives of Kentucky and their wedding was celebrated in Indiana, where they lived for twenty-five years, after which they removed to Pike county, Illinois, later returning to Indiana for several years. They then took up their residence in Minnesota, but owing to the threatening attitude of the Indians in that state they removed within less than a year to Illinois. There they continued their residence until 1865, when they crossed the plains to Oregon. They set out on the journey with horses but lost those and were compelled to journey the rest of the way with ox teams. On reaching Oregon they settled in Linn county, where the father purchased a ranch. After living in that county for several years the family removed to a farm seven miles south of Cottage Grove and upon this place they lived until about two years previous to the father's death in 1882. The mother passed away in 1881. Eleven children were born unto them, five of whom are still living, namely: Martha, now Mrs. Baughman; David, of London, Oregon; T. W., of Eugene; J. W., also residing in Eugene; and James H., of Bellingham.

The political allegiance of Mr. Baughman has always been given to the republican party. He was elected a candidate of that

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party to the state legislature of Oregon, serving in 1892 and 1893, and there made a creditable record for himself, proving entirely satisfactory to his constituents. He and his family are members of the Christian church, being active in furthering the interests of that organization and making it potent for good in the community. Mr. Baughman is one of the most valuable and highly respected citizens of Cottage Grove. He is a finely educated man, having during the time he taught school carried a first grade certificate. His long period of residence in Oregon, together with his service in the state legislature, has given him an extended acquaintance, and among his associates and friends he is greatly respected.

GEORGE M. BIGGS actively interested in mining, is one of the partners in the Tie Bar Mining Company which controls six claims. The work is being successfully promoted and the property is being rapidly developed. Mr. Biggs came to Oregon when sixteen years of age. He was born in Allamakee county, Iowa, July 20, 1866, and is the son of Samuel H. and Harriet O. (Newcomb) Biggs. The father has been identified with agricultural pursuits in Wallowa county for nearly thirty years and is a well known and highly respected resident of that region. Extended mention is made of him on another page of this work.

In the public schools of Nebraska, George M. Biggs pursued his education until he reached the age of about fourteen years, after which he devoted three years to farming in that state and then came to Oregon with his parents, the family home being established in Wallowa county where he engaged in the stock business with his father for four years. On the expiration of that period he removed to La Grande where he learned the trade of a machinist and engineer. After three years there spent he was employed at various places in Wallowa and Union counties as a machinist and engineer, being thus engaged until the spring of 1911 when he became interested in placer mining in southwestern Oregon. He is now carrying on his operations as a member of the Tie Bar Mining Company which controls six claims and has a sixty thousand pound dredge. The property is being rapidly developed and Mr. Biggs is one of the principal owners. The claims promise to return a good yield, there being every indication of success.

The four children of Mr. Biggs are: Hattie, the wife of L. Greenough; Goldie, the wife of M. T. Adams; and Fee and Gaynell, both at home. Mr. Biggs gives his political support to the republican party and is a member of the Odd Fellows society. He also attends the Methodist church and these associations indicate much of the nature of his interests and principles which govern his conduct.

L. A. HAMMERSLY. Among the patriotic young American citizens of whom this country is justly proud is L. A. Hammersly, editor of The Argus. He responded to his country's call, which came to him in early manhood, and after serving under its flag, engaged in the newspaper business, a profession with which he is still connected. He was born in Oregon, June 5, 1881, the son of George R. and Martha J. (Burrough) Hammersly, more extended mention of whom will be found in connection with the biographical review of John B. Hammerlsy, on another page of this work.

Mr. Hammersly attended both the common and high schools and remained at home with his parents until he attained his majority, when he enlisted in Company K of the Nineteenth United States Infantry and served for three years in the Philippine Islands. On returning to Oregon he engaged in the newspaper business at Gold Hill, at first being connected with his father in that work. In May, 1911, he founded The Argus, a publication which he has since conducted in a successful and acceptable manner.

In July, 1909, Mr. Hammersly was united in marriage to Miss Anna Johnson, a native of Kansas and a daughter of N. B. and Christina Johnson, both of whom were born in Sweden. The parents emigrated to America in 1877 and settled in Kansas, where they spent the remainder of their lives. Mr. Hammersly is affiliated with the republican party, giving to it his active and loyal support. He is a member of the Fraternal Brotherhood, that being the only order to which he belongs. In his capacity as editor of The Argus he has become an extremely active and valuable citizen of Rogue River and he is a popular young man, always giving his earnest support to every good cause and assisting to the extent of his ability in such projects as seem likely to benefit the community. In the conduct of his business he has shown tact, education and business ability and without doubt a useful and brilliant career awaits him, and his name has become synonymous with progress in his town. His acquaintance is extensive, his popularity is increasing and he has become one of the most respected and highly esteemed citizens of the community.

JOSEPH H. BROWN has been active in agricultural, business and political circles of Douglas county since 1881. He is now carrying on an extensive butcher business in Glendale, Oregon, and is a well known citizen of this section of the country. He was born in Missouri, January 7, 1858, the son of Alfred and Mary (Gilham) Brown, the former a native of Indiana and the latter of Ohio. The father was a prominent farmer in Missouri for several years and was following that occupation when the Civil war broke out in 1861. He joined the Federal army in that year and served until his death at Springfield, Missouri, in 1862. The mother's death occurred in the same state in 1893.

Joseph H. Brown received his early education in the public schools of his native state and laid aside his text-books at the early age of fourteen and worked for four years in the employ of others. He then started for himself in the grocery business and was active in this line of occupation for some time. He subsequently sold out and

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operated a ranch in Missouri for some time. In 1881 he came to Oregon, locating at Canyonville, where he teamed on the Southern Pacific Railroad for two years. At the expiration of this period he returned to Missouri and for nine years operated a farm in his native state. In 1892 he sold his holdings in Missouri and came to Glendale, Oregon, where he bought a farm and cultivated the soil for three years. At the end of that time he removed to Ashland, where he engaged in the grocery business for a short period. After five months he sold his interest in the store and retired from all active business for a year. In 1896 he went into the butcher business in Glendale in the shop where he is at present located. He has made a success of the various enterprises in which he has been engaged and has gradually accumulated a comfortable fortune and has made judicious investments in Glendale real estate. He owns much property in this city and is keenly interested in its development and advancement.

In 1884 Mr. Brown was united in marriage to Miss Emmeline Ball, a native of Oregon, and they became the parents of five children, Pearl, William C., Alfred, Allen J. and Veta, all of whom are now living except Alfred, whose death occurred in 1902 in Canyonville. In politics Mr. Brown is a consistent republican and a firm believer in the policies and principles for which that party stands. He has always taken an active interest in the affairs of his community and served for two years, in 1910 and 1911, as mayor of Glendale. He is at present a member of the town council and is doing able and efficient work in this capacity.

HORACE D. JONES, SR. Since 1894 Horace D. Jones has been engaged in placer mining in Jackson county, and during the past three years has been in partnership with A. E. Reames, a sketch of whom appears elsewhere in this work, owner of the valuable "Blue Jay" placer property on Foot's creek. He began his career in the newspaper business and early in life held important positions on several well known Pacific coast journals. He was born in Philadelphia, Pennsylvania, May 7, 1859, the son of J. Hannum and Josephine (Lawrence) Jones, both natives of the Keystone state, the families of both parents having been established in the new world in the seventeenth century. The great-grandfather of the father was born in Lancaster county, Pennsylvania, in 1740, his parents having emigrated to the new world from Wales. The father, who was born in Philadelphia, resided in Pennsylvania during the earlier part of his life but spent the latter years on the Pacific coast. He was a newspaper man and journalist of prominence, owning from 1878 until 1883 a half-interest in Godey's Ladies' Book. He removed to the Pacific coast, settling in Washington in 1890. Shortly after moving west he became a newspaper man in Nooksack, Washington, and with his son, Horace D. Jones, of this review, was engaged for a time in the publication of the Nooksack Reporter. In 1892 he assumed entire control of that paper, which he conducted until the time of his death, which occurred in 1899. The father was an honored man in his profession in Washington and for four years was the president of the Washington Editorial Association. He was a strenuous advocate of those policies which make for public improvement and became widely known as "Good Roads Jones." In his family were three sons: Frank Hartley, deceased; Edward S., of Philadelphia; and Horace D.

Horace D. Jones remained under the parental roof until 1882, having in the meantime attended the common schools and later being graduated from the Lancaster high school. In 1879 he entered the publishing business with his father and was for a time thus associated, later pursuing that work on his own account until 1892, when he went to San Francisco and in 1894 came to Oregon. Since then he has spent two or three years at various times as city editor of the Portland Journal and during 1903 and 1904 was connected with The Portland Evening Telegram as political editor. Previous to coming to Oregon he completed a period of two years' service in editorial work in San Francisco, a portion of that time being with the Call while he was employed on the Chronicle during the remainder of the period. In December, 1894, he came to Jackson county, Oregon, and engaged in the mining business. With A. E. Reames he owns and operates the Blue Jay placer mines on Foot's creek, and has become well known in the Gales Creek mining district, where he is familiarly called the "Golden Eagle" on account of his famous free milling quartz property.

In 1882 Mr. Jones was united in marriage to Miss Sarah W. Lyons, who was born in Montgomery county, Pennsylvania, in 1862, the daughter of Joseph and Sophia (Patton) Lyons. To Mr. and Mrs. Jones have been born three children: Horace D., Jr., who was born in Philadelphia in 1884; J. Hannum, who passed away in infancy; and Bert M. The two surviving sons are residents of Portland, Oregon.

In his political faith Mr. Jones has always been a republican, belonging to what is termed the progressive element of the party. He was chairman of the county central committee of Jackson county, from 1897 to 1899 and was a member of the executive board from 1896 to 1902. Mr. Jones is a man of more than average ability and believes that there is as much need for brains in the mining business as there is in any other occupation, and he has a large number of very close personal, political and business friends.

R. L. CASTEEL is one of the largest dealers in furniture, carpets and rugs in Pilot Rock, Oregon. His birth occurred in Mercer county, Missouri, on the 7th of June, 1889, his parents being R. N. and Polly (Riggs) Casteel, who were natives of Kentucky and Virginia respectively. They moved to Missouri at a very early date and in that state Mrs. Casteel passed away on the 29th of

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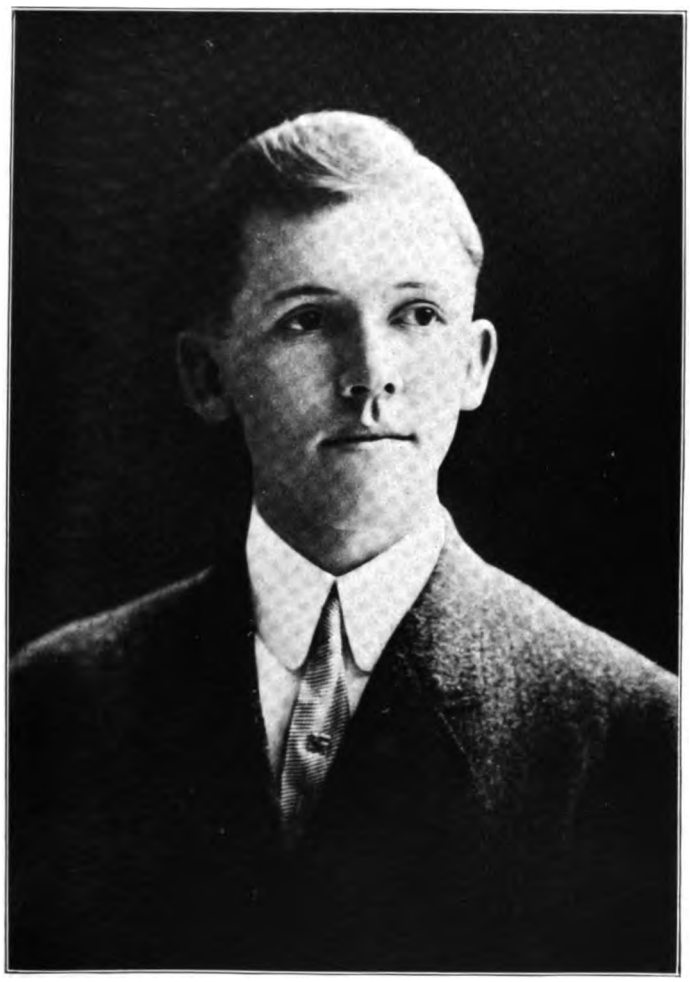

R. L. CASTEEL

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THE NEW
PUBLIC
ASTOR, LENOX AND
TILDEN FOUNDATIONS.

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July, 1904. R. N. Casteel, who still survives, now makes his home in his native state, Kentucky. Unto him and his wife were born five sons and all are still living.

R. L. Casteel spent his early boyhood days in his father's home and received his early education in the public schools of the district in which he lived. At the early age of fifteen years he emigrated to Oregon, coming direct to Pilot Rock, where he established his residence. His first year in the new state was spent on a near-by ranch, at work as one of the employes, where he was engaged in farming and caring for stock. At the end of one year he obtained a clerkship in a store in Pilot Rock, where he remained for the following twelve months. At the end of this time he removed to Corvallis, at which place he remained for two years and then returned to Pilot Rock, where he established himself in the general merchandising business and continued to look after the interests of this new business for a period of three years. At the end of three years' experience in successful business he sold out his merchandising establishment and established a furniture, carpet and rug store, and in this business he is now successfully engaged.

On the 1st of February, 1911, Mr. Casteel was married to Miss Helen Gilbert, who was born in Panora, Iowa, her parents being H. H. and Etta Gilbert. Mr. and Mrs. Gilbert are now residents of Oregon, having come to this state in 1903. One girl has been born to Mr. and Mrs. Casteel on March 30, 1912. Mr. Casteel has implicit faith in the future development and growth of Umatilla county. His store and its equipment, consisting of a large assortment of fine furniture, carpets and rugs, high grade in quality, is an evidence of his belief that the people of his city and the surrounding country require household supplies of the very best pattern and material, and to meet the growing demands of his customers he has provided for them an up-to-date, high-class furniture and carpet house. Mr. Casteel is a republican and is interested in all civic matters of importance to the betterment of his community.

JAMES H. SHORTRIDGE, who is living retired in Cottage Grove, has resided near that city since 1851 until his retirement in 1906, owning a three hundred and twenty-acre farm which he filed upon as a donation claim in the year of his arrival in Oregon. He is now residing in a comfortable home in Cottage Grove. He was born in Tippecanoe county, Indiana, a son of Samuel Boone Shortridge, whose grand-uncle was Daniel Boone, the noted Indian scout. The parents were both natives of Bourbon county, Kentucky, and they were also married in that state, where they resided for a time, later removing to Indiana. Still later Samuel Shortridge removed to Iowa, settling in Muscatine county, where he bought land and occupied it for some time. It was in that county that his wife passed away, shortly after which Mr. Shortridge removed to Mercer county, Illinois, where he made his home until 1852. He then crossed the plains to Oregon, settling about six miles south of Cottage Grove, where he took up a donation claim of one hundred and sixty acres upon which he lived for several years, and then, disposing of that land, removed to Salt Lake City, where he resided for a few years. On leaving that state he returned to Lane county, Oregon, where he lived until his death, which occurred in July, 1876. In his family were seven children, four of whom died in infancy, the others being: James H., of this review; Caroline D., the widow of Hiram Stewart, residing in Eugene; and William Wallis, making his home near London, Oregon.

James H. Shortridge received a common-school education in Illinois and one year in advance of his parents crossed the plains to Oregon in 1851 and settled six miles south of Cottage Grove, on a donation claim which his father's farm later joined, residing upon that farm until in 1906, when he disposed of it and retired. During the long period of his occupancy of his donation claim he labored untiringly to get it under a thorough state of cultivation, building suitable improvements, and at the time he disposed of it it was one of the finest farming properties of the community. With his family he now resides in a fine home in Cottage Grove, where he is taking a well deserved rest and spending his declining years surrounded by his family and friends.

Mr. Shortridge was married, March 13, 1853, to Amelia S. Adams, who was born in Vermilion county, Indiana, in 1835, a daughter of John F. and Rebecca (Hinkle) Adams. Her father and mother were both natives of Kentucky, their wedding, however, being celebrated in Indiana, where they lived for twenty years. After leaving that state they settled in Louisa county, Iowa, and resided there for fifteen years, then crossed the plains by ox teams to Oregon in 1852. The eldest son died of cholera on the trip but none of the other members of the family were afflicted with it. Their first settlement in Oregon was made in Salem Hills, eight miles south of Salem, where the father took up a donation claim of three hundred and twenty acres upon which he resided until within a short time of his death, which occurred in October, 1876. The mother passed away in July, 1876. To them were born ten children, of whom Mrs. Shortridge, who was the seventh in order of birth, and S. Rebecca Rogers, of Turner, Oregon, are the only surviving members. Unto Mr. and Mrs. Shortridge were born seven children, as follows: Emily R., who was born in 1854 and passed away in 1858; Franklin Boone, who was born in 1856 and is a miner at Estacada, Oregon; Mary Rosetta, born in 1857, who married Dr. J. W. Harris, of Eugene; William Johnson, who was born in 1858 and died in infancy; Alice A., who was born in September, 1862, and is the wife of J. J. Weeden, of Lane county, Oregon; Lillie Jane, born in 1865, who passed away in infancy; and Sarah O. C., who married Sam Lacy, of Portland, her birth occurring in 1866.

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Mr. Shortridge in his political allegiance is a republican. He has taken considerable interest in politics, has served as deputy sheriff of his county and also for many years filled the office of supervisor. In his fraternal relations he belongs to the Cottage Grove Grange while his religious faith is that of the Christian church of which his family are also members. He is among the earlier settlers of Cottage Grove and has always been a leading and greatly respected citizen of the community. He is a man of sterling integrity, strong personality and possesses a strength of character which makes him greatly esteemed by all who know him. In his official positions he distinguished himself by the efficient service which he rendered to the community and both as a public servant and a private citizen he has always been popular.

LOUIE OTHELLO COLVER is a grandson of that historic pioneer character, Samuel Colver, extended mention of whom is made elsewhere in this work under the biographical sketch introduced by the name of his brother, Frank L. Colver. He resides on a portion of the original homestead, the only home he has ever known, owning seventy-five acres upon which he has built one of the prettiest bungalows on the Pacific highway. He was born near Phoenix, Jackson county, November 27, 1883, a son of Llewelyn and Jemima (Dollarhide) Colver. He was reared on the old homestead and educated in the district schools of his community. Upon reaching manhood he continued living and working on the old place and since 1905 he and his brother Frank have had full charge of that property. In 1910 the estate was settled and Mr. Colver obtained seventy-five acres thereof, upon which he has built a handsome bungalow, one of the most delightful homes in the community. He pursues a general farming and stockraising business and is regarded as one of the progressive young farmers of the county.

Mr. Colver was married June 18, 1908, to Miss Minnie Robison, a daughter of one of the early settlers of the Wagner creek district in Jackson county. In his political faith Mr. Colver adheres to the practices and principles of the republican party. He belongs to Phoenix Camp, No. 438, W. O. W., being one of the active, aggressive members of that organization. He has an extensive acquaintance throughout the county where he is recognized by all who know him as being one of the influential, progressive and estimable citizens of his county. He is a worthy descendant of his illustrious progenitor, Samuel Colver, the sturdy pioneer, possessing much of his spirit, enterprise and unusual business ability.

JOHN W. WEAVER, in the eighty-first year of his age, an active and successful farmer of Douglas county, is engaged in the cultivation of a two hundred acre farm, part of a donation claim of six hundred and forty acres which his father acquired in the early period of the settlement of this state. Mr. Weaver was born in Tennessee on February 28, 1832, and is a son of William and Annie (Adams) Weaver, the former a native of Virginia and the latter of South Carolina.

John Weaver received his early education in the schools of his native section and came to Oregon with his parents in 1850. The journey overland was made with ox teams and took just six months to a day to accomplish. The family settled in Benton county and remained there for six months before they removed to Douglas county where the father took up a claim of six hundred and forty acres which he improved and cultivated until the time of his death. The mother of our subject is also deceased.

John W. Weaver is now living upon two hundred acres which are a part of his father's original claim. He has been an active and progressive farmer all his life and has improved his land to a remarkable extent. It is his ambition to keep abreast of the times and to be well acquainted with every new discovery in the agricultural field. He has a model farm, well equipped with efficient and time-saving machinery and has improved his land along scientific lines.

Mr. Weaver has been twice married. His first union occurred in 1858 when he wedded Miss Harriet Wright, a native of Missouri, who died sixteen months after their marriage. On the 29th of January, 1879, Mr. Weaver married Miss Clara Summer, a native of Illinois, and they became the parents of nine children: Walter, deceased; Lula; Frank, also deceased; Fred; Bertha, John and Annie, all of whom have passed away; Hallie; and Fay.

Politically Mr. Weaver gives his allegiance to the democratic party and has served as postmaster of Myrtle Creek. He otherwise has taken no active part in public affairs, preferring to devote his time and attention to the cultivation of his land. He is a member of the Order of Elks and is well known in fraternal circles of Douglas county. Although he is now in the eighty-first year of his age Mr. Weaver has never lessened his efforts to make his farm one of the most efficiently equipped and modern agricultural holdings in his section of the country. He is an active and progressive man and is well known throughout Douglas county for his scientific agricultural knowledge and his broad and liberal qualities of mind.

SHERMAN S. MORSS, one of the estimable and widely known retired agriculturists of Creswell, is the proprietor of a fine two hundred acre farm in the vicinity and owns a beautiful residence and other property in the city of his adoption. He was born at Cottage Grove, Lane county, July 21, 1869, a son of John M. and Caroline M. (Knox) Morss. The father was a native of Indiana, while the mother was born in Missouri. He crossed the plains with his parents to Oregon in 1853, the mother coming to this state in the same year with her parents. The grandfathers of Mr. Morss took up land in Lane county ten miles distant from Cottage Grove, where the maternal grandfather ac-

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cumulated two hundred acres of land and Grandfather Morss owned three hundred and twenty acres. Both died in Lane county, aged eighty-two and eighty-four years respectively. John M. Morss was married in 1859 and immediately began farming his donation claim of one hundred and sixty acres, which he operated for nine years. He then traded it for a three hundred and twenty acre tract to which he later added until at the time of his death his holdings amounted to five hundred acres of land located a half mile from Creswell. He divided his farm among his children and is at present living in Creswell at the age of seventy-eight years, while his wife is seventy-two years. Two children were born to them, namely: Samuel B., a nurseryman of Cottage Grove; and Sherman S.

The last named lives on his portion of the homestead, which amounts to two hundred acres. He owns a fine home in Creswell as well as other properties there including a good business building. He was reared on the farm of his father near Creswell and was educated in the public schools of that city. He showed a natural aptitude for agricultural pursuits and took great delight in the beauties of nature, inheriting marked talents as an artist, to the development of which he has given considerable attention. During the time when he was a student in school he assisted his father with the farm work and, on laying aside his text-books, he became actively engaged in the business which he followed until the time of his retirement. As a farmer he was successful from the beginning and, being industrious and frugal, he acquired comparatively early in life in addition to the farm which he owns a considerable amount of income-bearing property which enables him to live in comparative ease, giving his attention principally to looking after his invested interests.

Mr. Morss was married three times, his first union being to Miss Laura E. Sears in 1895. She was a native of Lane county, where she resided all her life, passing away in May, 1898. In December, 1900, he wedded Miss Hattie Miller, who was also born in Oregon. Her death occurred in 1902 and she is survived by one daughter, Beulah K., who was born July 16, 1902, and is now attending school and studying music. The third union of Mr. Morss was to Miss Blanche Gregory, the wedding being celebrated on September 13, 1905. Mrs. Morss was born in Bismarck, North Dakota, February 13, 1887, a daughter of William H. and Mary E. (Patterson) Gregory. Her father was born in Michigan and her mother in Iowa, their marriage, however, being celebrated in North Dakota, in which state they lived for several years, after which they came to Oregon and later removed to British Columbia. Still later they went to Idaho, where the mother's death occurred in 1900. The father still survives and makes his home at Walla Walla, Washington. In their family were three children: Ernest P., born in 1883 and now residing in Minnesota; Carl S., who was born in 1885 and is connected with the fire department of Walla Walla; and Mrs. Morss, who is the third member of the family. By her marriage to Mr. Morss she became the mother of one son, Leon S., whose birth occurred July 16, 1906. Politically Mr. Morss is a prohibitionist and his wife is of the same party. The family are members of the Presbyterian church, being active in their association therewith. Mr. Morss is one of the substantial farmers and business men of Creswell and is popular among his many acquaintances, being a man of excellent social attainments as well as of marked business ability.

T. E. LOBAN is the postmaster at Leland, Josephine county, having been appointed to that position in March, 1910. He has been a resident of Oregon since 1880 and for many years conducted a harness shop in Yamhill county. Mr. Loban is a veteran of the Civil war, having enlisted for service at the early age of seventeen years, and is a member of the Grand Army post at McMinnville. He was born in McHenry county, Illinois, November 5, 1848, a son of Thomas and Saloma (Stowell) Loban, the father a native of Scotland and the mother of Vermont. The wedding of the parents was celebrated in McHenry county, Illinois. In 1849, while they were crossing the plains en route to California, the father died of cholera, and the mother later passed away in Duluth, Minnesota. In their family were two children, the sister of our subject, who is the elder, being Armaina, the wife of M. Stewart, of California.

T. E. Loban after his ninth year began earning his own living and at the age of seventeen enlisted in Company G, of the Ninth Illinois Cavalry for service in the Civil war, and after nine months of service was honorably discharged. Meanwhile he had acquired a common-school education, and after the war he returned to Illinois, where he remained for a short time, after which he went to Iowa, where he spent ten years. The two succeeding years were passed in Nebraska and in 1880 he came to Oregon, locating in Yamhill county, where until 1902 he operated a harness shop in McMinnville. He then removed to Josephine county and settled on a ranch near Wolf creek. In March, 1910, he was appointed postmaster at Leland and has made his home at that place since.

Mr. Loban was married in 1870 to Miss Annetta Manger, a native of Illinois, and unto them were born ten children, as follows: E. M., M. T. and L. L., all residents of Yamhill county; W. N., of Josephine county; Andrew, residing in Portland; E. E., also of Josephine county; Theodore, living at Merlin; Ernest, deceased; Pearl G., the wife of E. A. Perkins, of Merlin; and Agnes, who married G. H. Miller, of Leland.

In his political views Mr. Loban is a socialist and is now serving as school clerk at Leland. He is a member of the Masonic lodge, No. 199, at Glendale, and takes an active interest in that body. He is one of the well known and popular citizens of

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Leland, enjoying an excellent reputation among his wide circle of acquaintances. He is a valuable member of the community, taking an active interest in political and public affairs, and contributing by his influence and experience to the common good of his town.

JOHN HAMILTON ELLERSON, who owns and operates a ranch of one hundred acres, two and a half miles west of Beaverton, has been living in Oregon for over sixty years; his residence covering the great formative period in the history of the state's development. His birth occurred in Wisconsin on the 29th of July, 1849, and he is a son of David and Annie E. (Lord) Ellerson. His father was a native of the state of New York and his mother of Wisconsin, and they were married in the latter state and for seven years thereafter made it their home. In 1850 together with his wife and family David Ellerson made the overland journey to Oregon, locating in Multnomah county. During the first three years of his residence he operated a ferry for "Uncle Jimmie" Stephens on the Willamette river, but at the expiration of that time he took up a donation claim, giving his undivided attention to the cultivation of his land until 1870. He then withdrew from the work of the fields and removed to Portland, where for a time he operated a wood yard, but subsequently engaged in the street-paving business. After following this occupation for eight years he retired, but continued to make his home in Portland, where he passed away in 1884. He was long survived by his widow, whose death occurred in 1909. Unto Mr. and Mrs. Ellerson there were born nine children: Elizabeth, the eldest, who became the wife of Dr. C. E. Hunt, of Wisconsin; Catherine A., the deceased wife of Cornelius Morrison, of Oregon; James H., of Portland, now deceased; John Hamilton, our subject; Harry J., who is a resident of Multnomah county, Oregon; Alice M., who is living in Multnomah county, Oregon; Emma Florence and William, both of whom are deceased; and Ida, the wife of J. H. Shelton, of St. Helens, Columbia county, Oregon.

As he was only a child of nine months when his parents removed from Wisconsin, the educational advantages of John Hamilton Ellerson were very limited, being confined to the district schools of Washington county. Owing to the sparsely populated country and remoteness of the settlements very little provision was made at that period for educational facilities. Thus the youth of the pioneer families were denied the advantages and opportunities to provide the mental equipment deemed so essential in the attainment of success. When he was twenty-two years of age John Hamilton Ellerson began to work for himself, and for nine years thereafter teamed with his father. At the expiration of that period he bought a tract of land in Washington county that he operated for a few years, and disposing of it invested the proceeds in his present ranch but always having resided in the country, he naturally felt a longing to try city life and removed to Portland. For seven years thereafter he applied his energies to work on the streets of that city and also on the street cars, but recognizing the utter futility of ever hoping to attain financial independence as an employe, returned to his ranch at the end of that time. When he purchased his land it was covered with a dense growth of timber, and thirty acres of this Mr. Ellerson cleared himself and has brought under a high state of cultivation. In addition to his fine homestead he has an interest in three hundred and twenty acres of land belonging to his father's estate, a portion of this being property in the city of Portland. Mr. Ellerson has made extensive improvements on his place and now owns one of the valuable properties of this section. His fields are given his personal supervision and annually yield abundant returns for his labor.

In 1877 John Hamilton Ellerson was united in marriage to Miss Rebecca Hunter, a native of Iowa, and a daughter of Henry C. and Ruannah B. Hunter. It was in the year 1847 that Mr. Hunter decided upon a westward move and started for the great northwest, accompanied by a number of others, all of whom crossed with ox teams to California and thence to Oregon. During the journey overland the party endured many hardships and had many hairbreadth escapes from death by the Indians. The trials of the trip proved too much for Mr. Hunter's health and he had to be taken back to his home in Marion. Linn county, Iowa. He there recuperated, remaining with his family until the spring of 1865, when he returned to Oregon alone, for he still had a strong longing for the west and its opportunities. Arriving at his destination, he prepared a comfortable home and then sent for his wife and children. Mr. and Mrs. Hunter always showed a preference for the open country, and soon became fond of their new home, which consisted of valuable land in Beaverton, Washington county, and here they lived until the time of their death. Mr. Hunter, whose death occurred August 16, 1908, reached the age of eighty-three years, while his wife passed away at the age of eighty. For sixty-two years they had traveled life's path together, bearing its sorrows and sharing its joys.

In their family were nine children, which in order of birth were as follows: John, now deceased; Alonzo, who is a farmer and lives in Clackamas county; Julia, who married W. B. Baker, an agriculturist of Clackamas county, and is now deceased; Alexander, a farmer who makes his home in the same county; Elizabeth, the wife of F. C. Hausfus, of Arlington, Washington; Rebecca, who is Mrs. John Hamilton Ellerson; Mary, who is united in marriage to H. G. Poitras, of Portland; William H., who still makes his residence on the old home place in Beaverton; and James F., who has for the past twelve years been employed by the Southern Pacific Railroad Company, and lives in Portland.

Mr. and Mrs. John H. Ellerson became the parents of a son, David Edwin, whose birth

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MR. AND MRS. HENRY HUNTER

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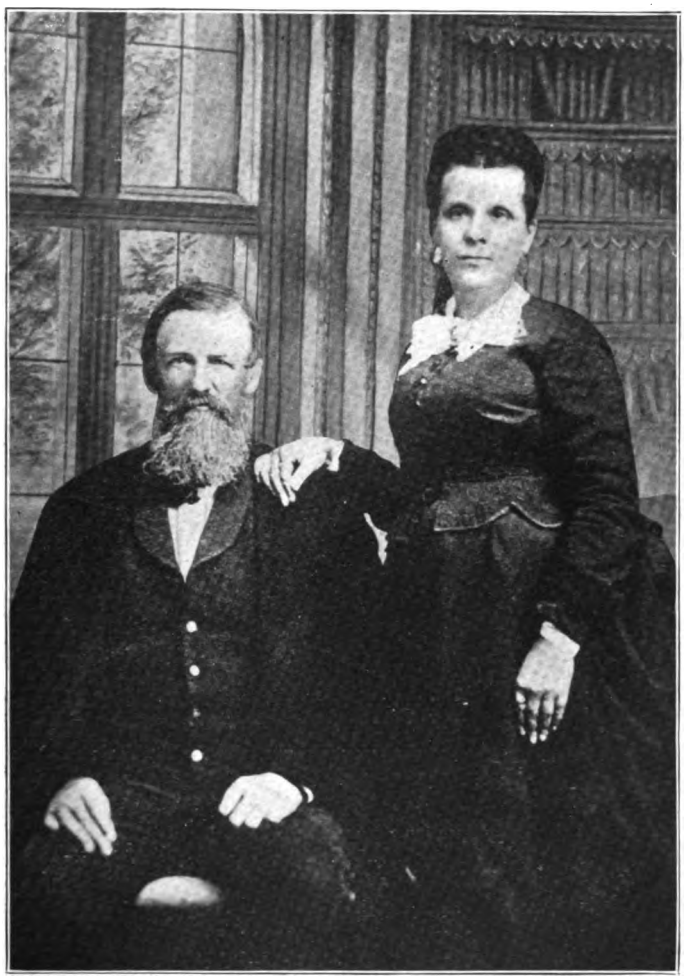

MR. AND MRS. DAVID ELLERSON

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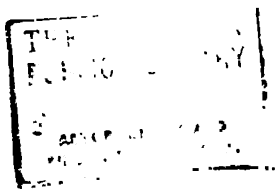

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occurred in Portland in May, 1889. He is married and makes his home in Forest Grove, Oregon, where he holds a position as dairy inspector.

The political views of Mr. Ellerson conform to the principles of the republican party, but he is not strictly partisan and often times casts an independent ballot in local elections. When he first came to Oregon as a child, there were great forests and vast stretches of prairie that have since been converted into bearing orchards and extensive grain fields, the Indian villages having been succeeded by flourishing towns and cities. He has been an interested observer of this phenomenal development, which is a fulfilment of the prophecy of those brave men and women who formed the advance guard in the westward trend of civilization, their implicit faith in the country's future giving them the courage and fortitude to endure the hardships and privations of the pioneer period.

ALFRED COBB HOWLETT. One of the best informed men in Jackson county on pioneer conditions in this section of Oregon is Alfred Cobb Howlett, proprietor and manager of the Sunnyside Hotel at Eagle Point. His residence in this county covers a period of forty-five years, and during that time he has been identified with various activities and has engaged in different occupations and many are the interesting reminiscences he can relate of his early days in Oregon. He was born in Augusta, Maine, on the 16th of March, 1832, and is a son of James and Mary (Cobb) Howlett. The father was born in Boston, Massachusetts, his natal day being the 4th of March, 1801, while the mother's birth occurred in Lynn, Massachusetts, on the 3d of April, 1803. Soon after their marriage they went to Maine, residing in that state until 1838, when they removed to Missouri, settling in Boone county. In 1849 the father and his two eldest sons, James Henry and our subject, went to California. They made the journey with an ox team, going by way of New Mexico to Los Angeles, and spent the winter just outside of that city at San Gabriel Mission. That spring they engaged in mining and subsequently went to Amador county, California, and there continued their prospecting for a time, and then engaged in the mercantile business. They continued to be identified with this until 1852, when they went to the Suisun valley and engaged in ranching. In 1856 they were joined by the mother and the remainder of the family, who came around the Horn. They made their home in the Suisun valley until the father's death in January, 1875, after which the mother returned to the east and lived with her daughter at Evanston, Illinois, until she passed away in 1886. During his early life James Howlett engaged in the manufacture of tobacco for the European trade on what was an extensive scale for that time. He was a very religious man, however, and feeling that he could no longer conscientiously deal in this commodity he withdrew from the business entirely. Later he turned his attention to agricultural pursuits and the latter years of his life were devoted to farming and church work. He was a local Methodist preacher and supplied many pulpits in California during the pioneer period. Both the father and mother were people of rare culture and education, and Mrs. Howlett, who was reared in the Quaker faith, was for many years a regular contributor to the Ladies' Repository of New York city, a very popular household periodical of that period. The family of Mr. and Mrs. Howlett numbered ten, six of whom, four sons and two daughters, lived to attain maturity, our subject being the second son.

Alfred Cobb Howlett was a youth of seventeen years when he came to California with his father and brother, and had already assumed the duties of manhood. His early education was acquired in the common schools of Missouri, but this was later supplemented by a year's study in the academy at Vacaville, California. During the first four years of his residence here, from 1850 to 1854, he worked in the mines, and later he assisted with the operation of the home ranch in the Suisun valley, remaining there until 1857. He subsequently decided to enter the service of the church and in 1858 he was licensed to preach, and the following year he was admitted to membership in the conference of the Methodist Episcopal church, South. In October, 1861, he began his duties as circuit preacher in Oregon with headquarters at Eugene. His circuit embraced sixteen appointments covering a territory of one hundred and seventy-five miles, and he visited each place of appointment once a month. In the fall of 1862 he was transferred to the Oregon city circuit and the next year he was given charge of the field at Yreka, California. After a year's service in this circuit he was located at Williamsburg, Josephine county, and there terminated his work as a circuit rider. In 1867 he came to Jackson county, settling at Eagle Point, where he taught school during the week and preached on Sunday. He was later forced to abandon this, as the exposure and hard work while on the circuit was beginning to tell on his health, so he went up into the mountains to live until he should be well and strong again. In 1868 he withdrew from the Methodist conference and located on a ranch adjacent to Eagle Point, where he turned his attention to agricultural pursuits and stock-raising, but his Sundays were still devoted to religious work, and he held church services every week at various places in the community, and performed such other duties as usually devolve upon a home missionary. Subsequently he removed to Eagle Point and went into the hotel business and in 1901 he erected the present Sunnyside Hotel. It is most delightfully located, fronting on Little Butte creek, and commands a beautiful view of the surrounding valley. In connection with the management of his hotel, Mr. Howlett is still operating his ranch of one hundred and forty-seven acres, which is one of

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the well improved and valuable properties of the community. Ever since September, 1856, he has also been a contributor to the press, many of his articles appearing in the Pacific Methodist of San Francisco. For more than forty years he has been a newspaper correspondent and for the past twenty-seven years has written from one to three letters each week for publication. He possesses a marvelous capacity for work and is most versatile and so intelligently commands his forces that anything he undertakes is performed most capably and efficiently. Mr. Howlett has rendered notable service to the community where he has resided for so many years in various capacities and has the distinction of having organized the first Sunday school in this part of the county, which was convened on Bear creek.

In July, 1863, in the vicinity of Oregon City, Mr. Howlett was united in marriage to Miss Sarah Elizabeth Cooke, who was born in Lafayette county, Missouri, on the 31st of December, 1847. In 1852, at the age of five years, she crossed the plains to Oregon with her parents, William Willis and Martha Jane (Young) Cooke, who located at Oregon City. The father was a native of North Carolina and the mother of Missouri but they both passed away in Clackamas county, this state. To Mr. and Mrs. Howlett there were born thirteen children, six of whom died in infancy, the others being as follows: Walter Henry, who is living in Muskogee, Oklahoma; Alfred Willis, who died at the age of fourteen years; Sarah, the wife of James M. Lewis, of Meadow Lake, Washington; Mildred Maria, who married C. E. Hoyt, of Fort Klamath, Oregon; Octavia Grace, the wife of Grant Shaw, of Fairview, Oregon; Lucy Hattie, who is at home; and Agnes Love, also at home.

The family affiliate with the Congregational church, Mr. Howlett having joined the East Willamette Association of Congregational churches in 1907, since which he has been engaged in home and missionary work for this organization. He is one of the highly esteemed and widely known residents of the county, and has hosts of friends as he is a man who strives to put into practice in his everyday life those principles which he advocates others adopting. He has always been a hard worker and as he is a capable business man he has succeeded in his undertakings, thus acquiring a comfortable competence and some valuable property. Despite the fact that he has attained the venerable age of eighty years he is still leading an active life and gives his personal supervision to his various interests, his energy and enterprise putting to shame many a man years his junior.

RANSOM CARTER, who is a well known farmer, resides near Rogue River on forty acres of well improved and fertile land of which he is the proprietor. He was born in Ohio, November 25, 1856, the son of French and Elizabeth Carter, both natives of Virginia. The parents removed to Ohio early in life and in 1856 went to Kansas, where the mother passed away in 1864. There the family remained until 1874, when they migrated to California, where they resided until 1875, when they came to Oregon and settled on Pleasant creek, in Jackson county. There were three children in the family, all of whom are now deceased except the subject of this review.

Ransom Carter received a good common-school education and remained at home until he was eighteen years of age, assisting his father with the work of the farm. He then became a farm laborer and by carefully saving his earnings was enabled in 1892 to purchase the farm upon which he now resides. He has given to his property the strictest attention and by his well directed efforts has made it very productive.

In 1888 Mr. Carter married Mrs. Ellen (Ammons) Brayton, the widow of D. Brayton and a daughter of D. R. and Nancy Ammons. Her father is now deceased but the mother is living. In their family were five children, three of whom survive. Mr. and Mrs. Carter have become the parents of eleven children: Ida May, the wife of G. F. Howell; Bessie Lee, who married Arthur Werner; Susan E., now Mrs. Harvey Smith; Billie R.; Wilmer E.; Evalena; Robert A.; Olive J.; Roy R.; Grace A.; and Opal G., deceased. By her former marriage Mrs. Carter became the mother of two children: Mertie N., the wife of Finis Mayfield; and Pluma Z., who is Mrs. Fred Yocum. Mr. Carter, who has long been a resident of the community where he now lives, is regarded with great respect by all who know him and held in high esteem by his many friends.

WILLIAM L. NICHOLS is one of the well known and highly esteemed farmers of Douglas county where he is active in the cultivation of six hundred acres of improved ranch land. He makes a specialty of stock-raising and has also in the last ten years built up a flourishing butcher business in Riddles, which is an outgrowth in his activities in the buying and selling of cattle. He was born in Douglas county, November 26, 1856, and is the son of Israel B. and Isabella (Riddle) Nichols, the former a native of Ohio and the latter of Illinois. The father left his native state in 1847 and came overland to California with ox teams. He remained in that state until 1850 when he traveled north to Oregon and settled in Douglas county. He and his wife were pioneer settlers of this district and both died in Oregon.

William L. Nichols is one of a family of twelve children. He received a common-school education in Douglas county and remained at home until he was twenty-one years of age. When he had attained his majority he went into the stock-raising business for himself and was extremely successful along this line. In 1890 he married Miss Ada Fullerton and he and his wife removed to Washington where they remained for four years. At the end of that time he returned to Douglas county and bought the ranch of six hundred acres upon which he is

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now living, two hundred acres of which belonged to the family estate. He has improved and developed his large holdings, has added many new barns and outbuildings and has operated his farm along modern and scientific lines. He makes a specialty of cattle-raising and is the owner of many head of fine-grade stock. About ten years ago he opened a small butcher shop in the town of Riddles and has built up a flourishing business along this line. He buys and sells cattle of all kinds and is known throughout Douglas county as an expert judge of stock.

In his political affiliations Mr. Nichols is a stanch republican and has always taken an active part in local affairs. He is now serving as chairman of the election board at Riddles and has made an efficient and honorable record in this office. He is a prominent Mason and has served as junior warden in that organization. All during his life Mr. Nichols has been prominent in the agricultural development of Douglas county and has done much toward the progress and development of this section of the country. He is one of the many active, intelligent and broad-minded men who bring to the cultivation of the soil a degree of efficiency along modern and active lines which is rapidly making modern agriculture a progressive science.

ROBERT B. PURVES is residing on the old donation claim taken up by his maternal grandfather, David E. Stearns, in Jackson county, near the present town of Talent. He was born on that farm November 29, 1871, the son of James and Arminda (Stearns) Purves. The grandfather crossed the plains with ox teams from Illinois to Oregon in 1853, settling on Wagner creek, Jackson county, where he took up a donation claim of three hundred and twenty acres on which he and his wife, Fidelia Stearns, spent the remainder of their lives. The father and mother are now residing in Ashland, having removed to that place from the farm in 1910.

Robert B. Purves obtained a common-school education in the district school near the old homestead, his education being somewhat limited, however, as he was the second in order of birth in a family of ten children and his services on the farm were needed to help support the family. As soon as he was large enough to hold the plow he was put to work and thus continued to assist his father with the farm work until he reached maturity, when he also engaged in mining during the winter months. In 1898 and 1899 he conducted a dairy business in Klamath county in partnership with an uncle, O. A. Stearns. During the time he was thus employed he purchased from one of his cousins the northwest forty acres of the home farm, which had been acquired by his brother as an inheritance. He made his home upon that place until 1910, when he sold the farm and bought sixty-seven acres of land, upon which he now resides. He follows general farming, making a specialty of raising alfalfa.

Mr. Purves was married in 1901 to Miss Charlotte Whittington, of Jackson county, but a native of Missouri. She removed to Oregon with her father, William Whittington, in 1888. Mr. and Mrs. Purves are the parents of four children, Floyd B., Clyde Deward, Margaret Isabelle and Robert William.

Politically Mr. Purves is an adherent of the principles and policies of the republican party but has never been an office seeker, although he is at present a member of the school board. He belongs to Talent Lodge, No. 211, I. O. O. F., and also is a member of Oregon Lodge, No. 348, W. O. W., of Phoenix. He is one of the progressive, highly respected and public-spirited citizens of the Wagner creek district and is a successful agriculturist and valued citizen.

JAMES CENTERS CATCHING. The late James Centers Catching was one of the early pioneers of Oregon and a man who during his active life performed his full share in the development of that part of the state in which he established his home. He was born April 4, 1827, and was the son of John and Jane (Warren) Catching, both of whom were natives of Tennessee. In their family were twelve children, all of whom are now deceased.

James C. Catching in company with his brother Ephraim crossed the plains to Oregon in 1847, settling in Douglas county. He took up a donation claim located near Canyonville and there established his early home. In the fall of 1847 he enlisted in the Indian Cayuse war and continued to be identified with his command during the period of that Indian uprising. He later was engaged in prospecting and mining in California and was one of the men who reached the Salmon river district during the time of the gold excitement on that stream, but, however, did not succeed at that place. Later he was very successful in mining in another part of the Golden state. He afterward purchased a homestead known as the Stickner place, located at Sumner, at the head of navigation on Catching Inlet, the place having been named in his brother's honor, and that property together with other interests was a portion of the estate at the time of his death, which occurred January 21, 1905.

In 1854 Mr. Catching was united in marriage to Miss Patsy Ellen Russell, a daughter of Joseph and Mary (Hysmith) Russell. Mr. and Mrs. Russell were the parents of ten children, all of whom are deceased except Mrs. Catching and one son, Cyrus, now a retired farmer residing at Canyonville. To Mr. and Mrs. Catching four children were born. John, the eldest, who is engaged in farming in Coos county, is married and has six children, George, Bertha, Effie, James, Evelyn and Jennie. Bertha is the wife of Paul Crooks. Effiie is the wife of Tom Goodale and they have one child, Vernon. Arthur, who completes the family, passed away at the age of four years.

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Mr. Catching was a loyal republican during all his life but at no time did he seek political preferment. He was one of the useful and respected citizens of Douglas county, in which he passed the major portion of his active career, and his death lost to that part of the state one of its most esteemed and enterprising citizens.

C. A. BARRETT is the owner of a hardware store in Athena and is also engaged very extensively in stock-raising in Umatilla county. The breadth and importance of his business interests place him in a foremost position among the citizens of his part of the state and in the political field he has also labored earnestly and effectively in support of measures and movements which he deems of value to the public good. The entire width of the continent separates him from his birthplace, for he is a native of Sumner, Oxford county, Maine, his birth having there occurred June 21, 1852. His parents were James S. and Elizabeth M. (Barrows) Barrett, who were likewise natives of Maine, in which state they spent their entire lives, the father following the occupation of farming.

C. A. Barrett was the second son in a family of six sons and four daughters. In his home district he acquired a common-school education and resided with his parents upon the farm until seventeen years of age. He afterward spent two years in Massachusetts and there learned the boot and shoe trade, working in a large factory. The opportunities of the far west, however, attracted him and in 1872, when a young man of twenty years, he made his way alone to Oregon by way of San Francisco. At the Golden Gate he took passage on a steamer bound for Portland and thence by Columbia river boat and stage went to Weston, Umatilla county. He spent the first winter in the northwest in the vicinity of that place and in the spring of 1873 secured a position on a stock ranch owned by J. F. and H. C. Adams, near where the town of Adams now stands. For six years he continued with those employers and, saving his earnings, at length made investment in sheep and other live stock. For seven years he continuously engaged in the live-stock business and as he prospered in his undertakings he made larger and still larger investments in land. In 1883 he turned his attention to commercial pursuits, establishing a hardware business at Centerville, now the city of Athena. Here he has since conducted his trade and has a well appointed store, which has brought to him a gratifying annual income. He has also continued his live-stock interests save that at the present time he raises no sheep. However, he keeps on hand many head of cattle and horses and his property includes a very large stock ranch ten miles north of Athena on Pine creek. He has altogether thirty-five hundred acres of land, of which he devotes two thousand acres to stock-raising, while twelve or fifteen hundred acres are utilized for general farming purposes. His holdings include not a little land in close proximity to Athena, for he has eight hundred and forty acres near the city devoted to wheat-raising. He likewise has extensive real-estate holdings in Athena, where he owns two brick business blocks and other buildings. He erected brick buildings with a seventy-five foot frontage, a part of which were the first brick structures in the city, and otherwise he has taken active and helpful interest in making improvements in the town.

In fact, in all that he does Mr. Barrett is actuated by a spirit of progress which is manifest in his political as well as in his commercial and agricultural connections. He has always affiliated with the republican party and is connected with its progressive branch. For a number of terms he has served as city councilman and has also filled the office of mayor of Athena. He has likewise been chairman of the water commission for several years and the city water works were established largely through his practical and intelligently directed efforts. He has been a member of the school board for a number of years and the cause of education finds in him a stalwart champion. Still higher official honors, howeved, have been conferred upon him, for in 1906 he was elected to the lower house of the state legislature and received endorsement of his first term in reelection in 1908, so that he served altogether for four years in the house. In 1910 he was elected senator from the district embracing Umatilla, Union and Morrow counties, his incumbency to continue through 1914. He stands for advancement in political as well as business lines and believes that party politics should further the interests of the community at large rather than those of the individual. Indeed, he is opposed to anything like misrule in municipal or governmental affairs and over his official record there falls no shadow of wrong or suspicion of evil. He is recognized as one of the political leaders of the county, having for the past twenty years been an active factor in republican circles.

In 1877 occurred the marriage of C. A. Barrett and Miss Jennie E. Mays, of Weston, Oregon, who came to this county in 1868 with her parents, John C. and Martha J. (Nye) Mays, who had arrived in Oregon in 1852, settling first at McMinnville after they had crossed the plains with ox teams. Unto Mr. and Mrs. Barrett have been born two children: Areta, the wife of Dr. J. D. Plamondon, who is mentioned elsewhere in this work; and Henry A., who is his father's partner in the hardware business and superintends his farming.

Mr. Barrett is identified with the Elks, the Knights of Pythias and the Woodmen of the World and is loyal to the teachings of these different organizations. The record which he has made as a merchant, as a ranchman and a public official has at all times been most creditable. In his business affairs he has displayed notable enterprise and sound judgment and in all his dealings has been known for his prompt and honorable methods, which have won him the deserved and unbounded confidence of his fellowmen. He commanded

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the respect of members of the state legislature and all who know him have the highest admiration for his good qualities of heart and mind.

W. M. COBURN, who is an enterprising farmer of Marion county, residing three and one half miles southeast of Salem, was born in Madison county, New York, July 23, 1855, a son of Silas and Ellen (Baker) Coburn. The father was also a native of Madison county, born September 15, 1832, but his parents came from Connecticut and were of English descent. He resided in New York until shortly before the beginning of the Civil war, when he moved to Wisconsin, and later to Minnesota, where he remained a short time. Subsequently entering the war, he died in the service while in the south. The mother was born in Jefferson county, New York, February 22, 1836, and having reached the advanced age of seventy-six years, is now residing in Salem, where she is greatly loved by all her acquaintances.

W. M. Coburn, an only child, was educated in the common schools of New York and left that state in 1869, going to Minnesota, where he lived until 1874. At that date he came to Oregon and resided in Salem for three years, at the end of which time he went to Idaho and later to Washington, where he spent sixteen years as a ranchman. In 1891 he returned to Oregon and settled on his present farm. He owns twenty acres of good ranch land and also operates one hundred and forty-nine acres for his mother, on which he is successfully engaged in general farming.

In 1881, Mr. Coburn was united in marriage to Miss Susie E. Quimby, and they have become the parents of five children. They are: J. M., who wedded Miss Evelyn McAllister and resides at home; Hester, now Mrs. Rue Drager, of Stayton, Oregon; Caroline, the wife of G. H. Grabenhorst, of Salem; Lena D. and Harriet, both of whom are at home.

Mr. Coburn's political allegiance is given to the republican party and fraternally he is identified with the Ancient Order of United Workmen. Both he and his wife are members of the Methodist Episcopal church. He has since the beginning of his career shown those traits of energy, industry and perseverance which mark him as a strong factor in the development of the welfare of the community in which he resides.

HON. CARLTON E. HARMON. Among the pioneers of Oregon who have devoted a large share of their time and energy to public service, Hon. Carlton E. Harmon is worthy of special mention. He served for four years as a state senator, many years as a county official and was for a long time a teacher in the public schools of this state. He is now residing on his forty-acre ranch where he conducts a hotel and keeps a stage station. He was born in Iowa, November 2, 1[illegible] ydia (Hatha- a native of born in Indiana, and in their family were seven children of whom our subject was the eldest. The parents removed to California in 1873 and after spending some time in that state removed overland with their family to Oregon, settling in Albany and there remaining for three years. They then came to Josephine county, where the family located permanently.

Carlton E. Harmon was given a good common-school education and at the age of eighteen years began teaching in the rural schools of Josephine county and thus continued from 1885 until 1891. He was married, August 18, 1892, to Miss Effie Green, a native of Oregon, and to their union six children have been born, all of whom survive with the exception of one. They are as follows: Louis, Lois, Gladys, Ruth, Elsie and Donald, and all five of those who are living reside with their parents.

Politically Mr. Harmon is a republican and he was first elected to public office in 1890, being chosen as county assessor, serving in that capacity for two years. He was elected to the county clerkship in 1892, a position which he held for four years, then in 1896 was elected to represent his district in the state senate, an office which he held with distinction to himself and satisfaction to his constituents for four years. In 1899 he was appointed postmaster of Grants Pass and for nine years acceptably fulfilled the duties devolving upon him in connection with that office. He then removed to his ranch of forty acres near Wonder, in Josephine county, where he conducts a hotel and stage station and also farms. Fraternally he belongs to the Elks lodge, his membership being at Roseburg. He is one of the extremely well known citizens of Josephine county where his long and honorable career has made him a conspicuous figure. He is universally respected, has an unusually large number of intimate personal friends and is greatly esteemed by all who know him.

PROFESSOR H. C. BAUGHMAN, superintendent of schools of Lane county and one of the progressive young educators in this part of the state, was born at Pleasant Hill, Oregon, September 4, 1880, and is a son of William Howard and Lucetta (Callison) Baughman. His paternal grandfather, Samuel Baughman, came from Illinois across the plains to the northwest in the early '50s and settled at Pleasant Hill in Lane county. He was a farmer and became closely identified with the agricultural development of Oregon. His first wife was Sarah McCall, from whom Professor Baughman is descended. Samuel Baughman and Sarah McCall were married in the east and Mrs. Baughman died in the '70s. In their family were five sons and three daughters, of whom William H. Baughman was the third in order of birth. He was reared at Pleasant Hill and devoted his life to general farming, being recognized as one of the representative agriculturists of his community, whose labors proved an effective element in advancing public progress. He

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died in 1902, at the age of fifty-five years. His wife was a daughter of Robert Callison, a pioneer of Lane county who was a native of Kentucky. The family were all members of the first Christian church organized in the county and took an active interest in the agricultural development and the material progress of the community.

H. C. Baughman was educated in the public schools and at Ashland, Oregon, but before even completing his own education had already begun teaching. He has taught for twelve years in Lane county and during that period was for two years at the head of the Coburg schools and for one year was principal of the Geary school in Eugene. He was also superintendent of the schools of Springfield, Oregon, for four years and entered upon his fifth year's work there when he was appointed by the county court to fill the vacancy in the office of county superintendent of schools caused by the resignation of W. B. Dillard. He holds to high ideals in his professional service, is constantly studying the most advanced methods of the profession and has greatly raised the standard of the schools both as a teacher and as superintendent. He belongs to the National Educational Association.

Professor Baughman was married in 1901 to Rosa Lee Rees, a daughter of M. V. and Martha Rees, of Thurston. They have three children, Howard R., Max K. and Dorothy. The parents are members of the Christian church at Springfield and their influence is always on the side of righteousness, justice and truth. Professor Baughman is a descendant of some of the earliest pioneers of the county but it is not this which entitles him to representation among the leading citizens of Lane county but rather his excellent work as an educator and his attractive social qualities, which render him popular wherever he is known.

CHARLES E. TERRILL is the owner of a fine ranch of ninety-four acres in the vicinity of Brownsboro, where he successfully engages in breeding and raising thoroughbred horses. He has been identified with agricultural pursuits and stock-raising in Jackson county since his boyhood, having been reared in this county, although he is a native of Linn county. His birth occurred on the 29th of September, 1867, and he is a son of H. J. and Lucy A. Terrill, who were born, reared and married in Ohio. They subsequently removed to Iowa, residing there until 1867 when they came to Oregon, making the journey with a mule team and wagon. Upon their arrival here they located in Linn county, but the next year they came to Jackson county and bought three hundred and twenty acres of land for which they paid two hundred and fifty dollars, and upon this place they resided until 1889. The father passed away in 1910, at Talent, and the mother who has attained the age of seventy-seven, still makes her home in Talent. The family of Mr. and Mrs. Terrill numbered eleven and the six who are living all reside in this county.

Charles E. Terrill was reared amid the pioneer conditions that yet prevailed in this section of Oregon at that period, and while mastering the common branches of learning in the local schools assisted his father about the ranch. By the time he had attained his maturity he was thoroughly familiar with the practical methods of tilling the fields and caring for the crops and was well qualified to undertake the management of a place of his own. After attaining his majority he left home and bought five hundred and twenty acres of land and engaged in ranching for himself. He subsequently sold all of his place but ninety-four acres and is now devoting his attention to raising horses. He owns a fine breed of Belgian stock, having one stallion that cost him four thousand dollars. Mr. Terrill has prospered in his undertakings as is manifested by his highly improved ranch. His fields have been carefully tilled and brought into a high state of productivity and at various times he has installed on his ranch many modern conveniences, making it one of the best equipped places in this section of the county. He is practical and systematic in his methods and gives his personal supervision to every detail connected with the operation of his ranch, as a result it has an appearance of thrift and prosperity suggestive of capable management and intelligent direction.

In 1897 Mr. Terrill was united in marriage to Miss Effie Bradshaw, a native of Nebraska and a daughter of W. H. and Delilah Bradshaw. The parents came to Oregon about 1890 and purchased a thousand acres of land in Jackson county. The father passed away in Medford but the mother is still living and continues to make her home in the latter place. They were the parents of four children. Mr. and Mrs. Terrill have two sons: Glenn, who is twelve years of age; and Dalton, who is looking forward to his tenth birthday.

Fraternally Mr. Terrill is affiliated with Medford Lodge, No. 1168, B. P. O. E., while in politics he is a republican and is now school clerk. He has always been active and enterprising in his undertakings and is meeting with highly deserved success by reason of his unwearied diligence and perseverance.

W. H. BOSWELL, one of the enterprising business men of Newberg, Oregon, was born March 15, 1890, in Malheur county, Oregon. The first Boswell to come to America was a captain of one of the first three ships that sailed to St. Augustine, Florida. From this southern port the family drifted north into Pennsylvania and then crossed over to the central states, where they stopped for a time before coming west to the Pacific coast states. The great-grandfather was one of the pioneer medical missionaries among the white men of the west, having come to the station at Colfax, Washington, before the massacre. Mr. Boswell's maternal grandfather was a soldier in the Civil war, enlisting in an Indiana regiment.

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The father, Robert Boswell, a concrete contractor, is living at Medford in this state. In 1870 he crossed the plains to Grand Ronde valley and has always been actively associated with stock-raising in this part of the state, at one time being inspector for the territory including Malheur, Lake and Harney counties. In addition to this important position he has also held several minor offices. Mr. and Mrs. Boswell are the parents of three children: Cecile, the wife of R. O. Horning, who is now residing in Newberg; W. H., the subject of this sketch; and Robert, who is a resident of Medford.

W. H. Boswell received his education in the public and high schools of Medford and then took up a commercial course. When he left school thus equipped with business training he entered the general grocery store which his father was then conducting, but he remained here only one year. However, he again associated himself with the activities his father was carrying on, this time in the concrete business which has been purchased after the grocery store was sold. For a year and a half he helped conduct this growing enterprise. Then he began a business career for himself by purchasing Mr. Bradley's photograph gallery at Newberg and since May, 1911, he has been conducting this gallery in a highly satisfactory manner. He was well prepared to enter this line of work because he had been in photographic field work and had also received some training under his predecessor in the gallery he now owns.

On the 6th of June, 1911, Mr. Boswell was married to Stella Schuler, a native of North Dakota and a daughter of Richard Schuler, a retired farmer, who came to Oregon from North Dakota in 1907.

In politics Mr. Boswell is a republican and to that party he gives his support. He is a member of the Baptist church and of the Modern Woodmen of America. Although a young man, Mr. Boswell has already made a good start in life and with a continuance of the quick perceptive faculty he has shown he will meet with success in the business to which he has brought the modern ideas recently advanced in photographic art.

J. E. PARMLEY. For almost twenty-five years J. E. Parmley has been a resident of Oregon and he has no cause to regret establishing his home in this state, as he has prospered financially and is one of the well known and highly respected citizens of Washington county. A native of Wayne county, Kentucky, he was born in August, 1855, a son of J. E. and Lottie (Baker) Parmley. The parents were also natives of the Blue Grass state and spent their entire lives there. The father died in 1879 and the mother was called away in 1861, when the son J. E., was about six years of age. There were seven children in the family of Mr. and Mrs. Parmley, namely: Brack, who died in Iowa in 1910; Robert, of Missouri; Esther, who makes her home in Kentucky; William, of Kansas; Polly, of Oklahoma; Betty, deceased; and J. E.

At fourteen years of age J. E. Parmley left home and started out upon his own account to meet the world. He secured passage on a boat by holding a torch at night and landed at Cairo, Illinois. After crossing into Missouri he was obliged to walk for three days before he found employment and the first wages he earned were at the rate of ten dollars a month. He spent a year at Leadville, Missouri, and then went with his brother to Iowa and was engaged in farm work for two years. He herded cattle for two years and spent the next three years as a farm laborer, at the end of which time he returned to his old home in Kentucky and was married. He lived for a year in Kentucky upon a farm which he purchased, but having heard many interesting stories concerning the resources and possibilities of the northwest, he disposed of his place and emigrated to Washington territory. He secured employment in a flour mill for a year and then came to Cornelius, Washington county, Oregon. He was greatly pleased with this section of the state and located upon a claim near Banks, of which he acquired full ownership in 1888. Here he has since made his home. He has a well improved farm, forty acres of which are in a high state of cultivation. He also owns forty acres of farm land a half mile east of his homestead and is the owner of a number of buildings and vacant lots at Banks. Being a man of sound business judgment he has prospered in his affairs and is today one of the substantial citizens of the county.

In 1879 Mr. Parmley was married to Miss Alice Randall, of Kentucky, the youngest of a family of nine children. Their names are John, Sarah, William, Sherman, Susan, Roman, James, Nannie and Alice. These children are all living except Sarah. Mr. and Mrs. Parmley are the parents of four children. Fillmore H., the eldest, was born September 29, 1884, and was educated in the common schools and at a business college. He was married to Miss Viola Shipley, a native of Nebraska, who came to Oregon with her parents in 1898. Mr. and Mrs. Shipley reside in Washington county. Fillmore H. and Viola Parmley are the parents of two children: Cleo, who was born in 1909; and Christina B., born December 25, 1910. Lilly, the second of the children of J. E. and Alice Parmley, was born in Kentucky in September, 1886. She married Ole Hopkins, of Washington county, Oregon, and they have two children: Wilbur, who was born October 29, 1907; and Leona, born October 22, 1909. The two youngest children are Ray and Florida, the former of whom was born in 1894 and the latter in 1902.

Mr. Parmley has been a supporter of the democratic party ever since he reached maturity, but not through any desire to share in the honors or emoluments of office. His interest has been centered in his business and his family, but he has not been unmindful of his duties as a citizen and is a willing supporter of all movements that seek to promote the public welfare. He and his family are members of the Methodist Episcopal

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church. A patriotic and public-spirited citizen, he has gained and retained the confidence and respect of all with whom he has come into contact either in business or social relations.

ELDIN W. LAMB. Oak Hill farm, comprising one hundred and sixty acres two miles southwest of Forest Grove, is one of the attractive agricultural properties of Washington county and its owner, Eldin W. Lamb, is regarded as one of the progressive men of Oregon. He is a practical farmer of long experience and by intelligent supervision and the application of modern methods he secures from his place highly gratifying results. He was born in Jefferson county, Iowa, December 9, 1856, a son of Jacob and Selina (Byers) Lamb. The mother is of Scotch descent and is a daughter of Thomas and Mary Byers. The father was born in Ohio and in his boyhood learned the tailor's trade, which he followed for many years. In 1853 he removed to Iowa and engaged for a few years at his trade in that state, but finally applied himself to farming. In 1865 he located in Jasper county, Iowa, where he died nine years later. The mother is still living and makes her home at Spencer, Iowa, being now in her eighty-seventh year. Three children were born to Mr. and Mrs. Lamb, the youngest of whom is the subject of this review. The others are: John B., who lives at Spencer; and Mary M., who is the wife of G. R. Ward, also of Spencer.

Eldin W. Lamb removed with his parents to Jasper county, Iowa, at the age of nine years and in the district schools secured his preliminary education. In March, 1874, when he was sixteen years old, he went to Clay county, Iowa, and resided on his brother's farm until the spring of 1878. After arriving at maturity he purchased one hundred and sixty acres and engaged successfully in agriculture and stock-raising for twenty-two years. At the end of this time, however, he left Iowa and landed at Portland, July 20, 1900. He lived for nine months in the city and in March, 1901, purchased one hundred and sixty acres in Washington county, which is known as the Oak Hill farm. In April, 1901, he visited his old home in Iowa on business and pleasure, but returned in September of the same year and has ever since actively applied himself to the improvement of his place. He is diligent and persevering in all his undertakings and now enjoys the results of many years of wisely applied effort.

On July 27, 1892, in Clay county, Iowa, Mr. Lamb was married to Miss Minnie Shaffer, a daughter of William F. and Mary E. (Van Matre) Shaffer. Mrs. Lamb was born in Stephenson county, Illinois, April 20, 1869. At the age of three years she was taken to Clay county, Iowa, and there grew to womanhood, receiving advantages of a good education in the common schools. Her father was a native of Pennsylvania and removed to Illinois about the time he reached maturity and there engaged in farming. He passed the last years of his life in Clay county, Iowa. The mother of Mrs. Lamb was born at Whiteoak Springs, Illinois, and died in Clay county, Iowa, May 19, 1898. In the family of Mr. and Mrs. Shaffer were nine children, namely: John L., who makes his home at Minneapolis, Minnesota; Alice E., who is the wife of P. Roberts, of Royal, Iowa; Jennie, who married A. L. Adams, of St. Paul, Minnesota; Samantha S., now Mrs. S. Wetmore, of Redwood Falls, Minnesota; Susie I., the wife of N. W. Reese, of Stewartville, Minnesota; Minnie, now Mrs. Eldin W. Lamb; Flora E., who married L. R. Jones, of Hadley, Minnesota; and Charles W. and Jay Leroy, both of whom are living at Redwood Falls. Mr. and Mrs. Lamb are the parents of four children: Edith M., who was born on December 24, 1893; Donald E., born December 29, 1897; Wilbur W., born at Portland, November 18, 1900; and Florence E., born January 10, 1904. All of the children are at home. Mr. Lamb and his wife are members of the Christian church of Forest Grove and are prominent in religious and social circles of this region. He gave his support to the republican party as a young man and he has seen no reason to change his allegiance to any other political organization. Throughout life he has been observant and willing to learn and he has adopted many suggestions in his business which have proved of material benefit. He is loyal to his state and has gained a host of friends in Washington county, who have found him to be generous in his dealings and governed in all his acts by a high sense of justice and truth.

GEORGE T. ELLIS is interested in a large transfer business in Baker City, Oregon, but prior to entering into his present connection devoted thirty-five years of his life to the active work of the Baptist ministry. Failing health caused his retirement therefrom and he sought rest in a change of vocation, so that he now figures as one of the leading and enterprising business men of his adopted city. New England claims him as a native son, his birth having occurred in Caledonia county, Vermont, February 10, 1851. His father, T. A. Ellis, was born in New Hampshire, November 4, 1820, and was a farmer by occupation. After living on the Atlantic coast for many years he sought the far off Pacific slope, journeying westward to eastern Oregon in 1862. He soon afterward established his home at Grande Ronde, where he secured a homestead claim and developed a good farm property, upon which he spent his remaining days, his death occurring in 1896. His wife, who bore the maiden name of Jane Dow, and was a native of Vermont, died in 1887, at the age of sixty-four years. In their family were six children, of whom three are yet living, George T. Ellis being the youngest. His surviving sisters are: Mrs. Martha J. Crandall, who is living in Spokane, Washington; and Mrs. Mary A. Cummings, of Montpelier, Vermont.

In the public schools of the east George T. Ellis pursued his education until he entered Bucknell University, at Lewisburg, Pennsyl-

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MR. AND MRS. E. W. LAMB

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vania. His interest in the moral progress of the race led to his determination to devote his life to the ministry and he qualified for preaching the gospel in accordance with the teachings of the Baptist church. In 1874 he entered actively upon the work in Michigan and for almost thirty-five years thereafter continued in that field, serving in but five pastorates throughout the entire time—a fact indicative of his popularity with his parishioners and the efficacy of his labors in behalf of the church. He came to Oregon in 1884 and was pastor at La Grande for six years, at the end of which time he came to Baker City, filling the pulpit of the Baptist church at that place for fourteen years. Subsequently he spent four years in Athena and then failing health caused him to put aside the active work of the ministry. He returned to Baker in 1908 and became interested in the Ellis Transfer Company, with which he is still connected. In this enterprise he is associated with his son, who has the more active management of the business that is bringing substantial returns and is continually growing.

Mr. Ellis has never failed to manifest deep interest in the church and its work, although forced to retire from his place as teacher and preacher, because his denomination is very dear to him, as its teachings embody principles as he interprets them and yet even above doctrinal prejudice he holds to that Christianity that reaches out in sympathy and helpfulness to all mankind. His political allegiance has long been given to the prohibition party and thus he has manifested his attitude toward the temperance question. He stands for all that means the uplift of humanity, the progress of the individual and the advancement of the general community. His cooperation in many public movements has been a tangible element for good in the city in which he makes his home.

In 1872 Mr. Ellis was united in marriage to Miss Clara M. Britten, who was born in Pennsylvania. Mr. and Mrs. Ellis have become the parents of one son, William H., who is manager of the transfer business, in which both he and his father are interested financially. He, too, occupies a prominent and influential position in business circles here. He pursued his education in the schools of Baker City until graduated from the high school with the class of 1894. Immediately afterward he became connected with the draying business, starting in that line in August, 1894. He delivered for a man for a time in order to obtain the use of his wagon and horses and thus he made his start. Something of the growth of the business is indicated in the fact that he now utilizes eleven teams and wagons and employs a dozen or fourteen men in the conduct of a general transfer, storage and coal business. For seventeen years he has employed men and has never dismissed but two from his service, and then for cause, which shows the close relations existing between employer and employe. It indicates, too, that absolute justice is maintained and speaks as no other fact could of the equitable business methods of William H. Ellis. In the public life of the community, too, he has been an important factor. He was chief of the volunteer fire department and reorganized it into a partially paid department in 1898. He was one of the first councilmen who did duty in the new city hall, and for the past twelve years has been humane officer. He is a member of the city board of charities and is a member of the building committee of the Young Men's Christian Association. He served as captain of the winning team in the whirlwind campaign for raising funds for the erection of the new building, continuing to act in that capacity until the last day. His fraternal relations are with the Benevolent Protective Order of Elks, the Knights of Pythias and the Woodmen of the World. He also belongs to the Commercial Club and in that connection does everything in his power to promote the business activity and consequent prosperity of the city. His political faith is that of the republican party and his religious belief that of the Baptist church.

On the 22d of December, 1897, William H. Ellis was married to Miss Lizzie Woods, a native of Iowa, and a daughter of Richard and Margaret (Speers) Woods, the former a grocer. Unto Mr. and Mrs. W. H. Ellis have been born two children, Henry Claire and Clara.

No history of Baker City would be complete without extended reference to George T. and William H. Ellis, father and son. Both are allied with all that pertains to the welfare and best interests of the city. They stand prominent among the progressive, enterprising, industrious business men whose intelligently directed labors accomplish results and yet their industrial interests do not monopolize their time and attention to the exclusion of active participation in other affairs of equal importance to the individual and the city. In fact they stand for advancement along all lines and have contributed in large measure to the material, intellectual, social, political and moral progress of the community.

JOHN SCHOLL, senior partner of the hardware firm of J. Scholl & Son, of Hubbard, has been a resident of Marion county for over forty years. He was born in Shelby county, Missouri, on the 15th of February, 1847, and is a son of George F. and Dora (Blank) Scholl, both natives of Germany. The father, whose natal year was 1819, emigrated to the United States to seek his fortune in 1833 and being favorably impressed with conditions as he found them decided to remain. In 1835 he was married at Pittsburg, Pennsylvania, to Miss Blank, who was born in 1820 and emigrated to this country in the same year as her husband. As he had never learned a trade, when he first came to this country, Mr. Scholl worked as a day laborer or followed any other occupation that offered him living wages. Soon after his marriage, however, he and his wife went to Missouri, joining a German colony at Bethel, that state, where everything was

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held in common. They remained there until 1865 when together with some of the other members they crossed the prairies to Oregon, locating at Aurora, this county, where they established another community. After the death of the leader, some of the younger members became dissatisfied with conditions, so they disbanded by mutual consent in 1883, distributing the property equally among the different shareholders. The portion of Mr. Scholl and his heirs was one hundred and fifty-seven acres, which is now the property of our subject. This was the home of the parents until 1892, when the father passed away, following which the mother resided with her children, making her home with her daughter at Hubbard at the time of her death in 1897. The family of Mr. and Mrs. Scholl numbered six, as follows: Louisa, who is living in Hubbard; David, now deceased, whose widow is residing at Aurora; Mary, also deceased; Caroline, the wife of George M. Fry, a retired merchant of Hubbard, and the mother of two children; John, our subject; and Frederick, who makes his home in Hubbard.

John Scholl was a member of the Aurora community until it was disbanded, after which he began for himself as an agriculturist. He subsequently purchased the interest of the other heirs in the property they had drawn from the colony, engaging in its cultivation until 1897. In the latter year he withdrew from farming and turned his attention to contracting and building, following this for about six years. At the expiration of that time he decided to identify himself with commercial activities and established a hardware store in Hubbard which he has ever since been conducting. His second son, George F., is associated with him as an equal partner, the enterprise being operated under the firm name of J. Scholl & Son. They carry a very good assortment of shelf and heavy hardware and as they have an extensive acquaintance throughout the county enjoy a very good trade. Their methods of conducting the enterprise are above question, and as their wares are fully commensurate in quality with the prices asked, they have succeeded in building up a permanent following.

For his wife and helpmate, Mr. Scholl chose Miss Mary M. Warner, who was born in Ohio in 1846, her parents being Frederick and Gotleibie Warner. They were likewise members of the Aurora community, having crossed the plains with the colonists. Seven children were born to Mr. and Mrs. Warner, as follows: Catherine, who died and left two children; John, also deceased; Mary M., now Mrs. Scholl; Louisa, who is deceased; Susan, the wife of Arnold Zimmerman, of Chicago; and Frederick, who is deceased, as likewise is Josephine, the wife of Christ Crieger, by whom she had four children. Mr. and Mrs. Scholl are the parents of four sons. Henry F., who was born on the 2d of June, 1871, is a machinist and is following his trade in Hubbard. He married Clara Stahl and they have two children, Lucille and Carmen. George F., whose natal day was the 7th of December, 1873, chose for his wife Annie Will, a daughter of Leonard and Tryphena (Forsner) Will, members of the Aurora community as likewise were the grandparents, and they are the parents of two children: Lenore, who was born on the 1st of November, 1908; and Alveria, whose natal day was February 1, 1911. Lawrence M., whose birth occurred on the 30th of November, 1876, married Miss Sadie Christina Wolfer, a daughter of George and Octavia Wolfer, and they have two children, Velma and Vesta. David J., whose natal year was 1878, married Annie Gowdy.

Both Mr. and Mrs. Scholl are Lutherans and have reared their family in that faith, while fraternally he is an Odd Fellow. A stanch republican in politics he gives his unqualified support to the men and measures of that party, but he has never been an aspirant to official honors. A man of energy and keen business discernment, he has prospered in his undertakings and in addition to his store and the building in which it is located owns a fine residence property, and also his old ranch. Mr. Scholl enjoys the esteem of a large circle of acquaintances, whose respect he has won and retained by reason of his genuine worth and sound business principles.

CONRAD ALGESHEIMER, who devotes his time and energies to general agricultural pursuits, is the owner of a tract of two hundred and six acres of rich and productive land, lying seven miles southwest of Beaverton. His birth occurred near Milwaukee, Wisconsin, in 1864. His parents were George and Eva Algesheimer, who were born, reared and married in Germany. Crossing the Atlantic to the United States in 1858, his parents took up their abode near Milwaukee, Wisconsin, and there resided for nineteen years. On the expiration of that period, in 1877, they came to Washington county, Oregon, George Algesheimer purchasing three hundred and seventy-three acres of land and continuing to reside here until called to his final rest, in 1881. For four years he had survived his wife, who passed away in 1877. Unto them were born nine children, five of whom are still living, as follows: John, who is a resident of Washington county, Oregon; Mary Elerson, living in Portland; Christ, also of Portland; Conrad, of this review; and George, who makes his home in Portland.

Conrad Algesheimer attended the common schools in the acquirement of an education. He remained under the parental roof until twenty years of age, when he went to Portland and there worked for one year. On the expiration of that period, in association with his brother John, he purchased his father's estate of three hundred and seventy-three acres, and, at the present time, owns two hundred and six acres thereof. A tract of one hundred and forty acres has been brought under a high state of cultivation and improvement. The property was entirely covered with brush and timber when it first came into possession of the family.

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but has been developed into excellent farming land and is well drained. In the conduct of his agricultural interests, Mr. Algesheimer has won a gratifying measure of prosperity, annually gathering rich crops which find a ready sale on the market.

Since age conferred upon him the right of franchise, Mr. Algesheimer has supported the men and measures of the republican party, believing that its principles are most conducive to good government. The honors and emoluments of office, however, have never had any attraction for him. He is a man of strong character and sterling worth, and well merits the high regard in which he is uniformly held.

DR. JOHN WILLIAM HUFF, the present city physician, is one of the worthy representatives of the medical fraternity of Baker City, where he has built up a lucrative practice. He is a native of Harrison county, Iowa, his birth having occurred on the 14th of October, 1857, and a son of Hiram M. and Lucinda (McGahan) Huff. The father was born in Kentucky in 1832, but the mother was a native of Illinois, her birth occurring in 1830. In his early manhood, Hiram M. Huff went to western Iowa, where for many years he engaged in agricultural pursuits, but he subsequently withdrew from the active work of the fields and disposing of his interests there came to Oregon, and is now living retired in Baker City. The family of Mr. and Mrs. Huff numbered six, our subject being the eldest of the four who are living. In order of birth the others are as follows: Clara M., the wife of M. T. Weston, of Missouri Valley, Iowa; B. Frank, who is connected with the Baker Grocery Company of Baker and Thomas C., a ranchman living about six miles northeast of Baker.

The early years in the life of Dr. Huff were passed on the farm where he was born, his early education being obtained in the common schools of that vicinity. Later he supplemented this by a course at Magnolia Academy at Magnolia, Iowa, and afterward engaged in teaching. He followed this profession for three years, but having decided that he would become a physician, at the end of that time he matriculated in the Rush Medical College at Chicago. He was graduated from this institution in 1881 with the degree of M. D., and immediately returned to Iowa and established an office at Modale, that state. He engaged in general practice there for four years, and at the expiration of that period located in Missouri Valley, Harrison county. Six years later he again removed, this time locating in Onawa, Monona county, Iowa. His residence there covered a period of fifteen years, and during that time he was the local surgeon for three railroad companies and was also a member of the board of pension surgeons. These duties together with his large practice kept him very busy, but nevertheless, Dr. Huff found opportunity to serve the municipality in various ways, having at one time been a member of the school board, while for four years he discharged the duties of county coroner. He has always taken an active interest in all matters affecting the welfare of his profession and while living in Onawa was president of the Monona County Medical Society. In August, 1905, he removed to Baker City, where he bought the practice and office of a retiring physician. Dr. Huff has met with very good success in his work here and is enjoying a good practice. That he is a thoroughly qualified and capable practitioner he has oftentimes demonstrated during the period of his residence, and he has become recognized as one of the leading members of his profession in the town. In addition to his private practice he is discharging the duties of city physician, having been the incumbent of this office since 1911.

On the 17th of June, 1888, Dr. Huff was united in marriage to Miss Ella Davis, who was born in Little Valley, New York, and is a daughter of E. J. and Fannie (Shannon) Davis. The father has always followed the vocation of farming.

Fraternally Dr. Huff has passed the degrees of the blue lodge of the Masonic order, and he also belongs to the Order of the Eastern Star and the Modern Woodmen of America. He is one of the enterprising members of his profession who were actively engaged in the organization of the Baker County Medical Society in 1911, and is now president of the society, being the second to fill that office. He also belongs to the Oregon State Medical and the American Medical Associations, and his political support is given to the republican party. In matters of faith both Dr. and Mrs. Huff are Presbyterians and take an active interest in the work of their church and number many stanch friends among the members of its congregation.

ABRAHAM BLACKBURN, for many years actively connected with farming interests in Yamhill county, is now living retired about two miles northeast of Carlton. He is still the owner of eighty acres, having sold a considerable portion of his original farm in small tracts for the raising of fruit. His life, which spans a period of seventy-seven years, has been an active, busy and useful one.

He was born in England, January 5, 1834, and his parents, John and Frances (Moore) Blackburn, were also natives of that country, where they resided until 1841, when they crossed the Atlantic to America, first settling in Racine county, Wisconsin, where their remaining days were passed. The death of the father occurred when he was eighty-six years of age and the mother passed away at the age of sixty-five years. He was superintendent of a large stock farm in England but in Wisconsin purchased land and engaged in general farming on his own account until his death. Prosperity attended his efforts and he added to his original tract until he was the owner of four hundred acres, constituting a finely improved property lacking in none of the equipments and acces-

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sories of the model farm of the middle west. Unto him and his wife were born nine children, of whom five are still living: Hannah, the wife of Dr. Hankinson, a veterinary surgeon of Wisconsin; Abraham; Mrs. Ann Sollet, who is living in Chicago; Mrs. Frances Healey, of Racine, Wisconsin; and Mrs. Elizabeth Hulbert, also of that city. The others were Matthew, Amos, Jesse and James.

Abraham Blackburn spent the first seven years of his life in the land of his nativity and then came with his parents to the United States, continuing to assist his father in the development and cultivation of the home farm until twenty-four years of age. He was a fancier of fast horses, to which he devoted his time for several years, and also operated a threshing outfit in Wisconsin. In the year 1860 he made the long journey across the plains and over the mountain passes with horse teams, at length reaching Marion county, Oregon. In the vicinity of Gervais he worked at farm labor for a year and then went to the gold mines in Idaho, where he spent two summers, passing the winter seasons in his father's home. He next purchased one hundred acres of land in Marion county, near Woodburn, which he cultivated for a short time and then sold. Later he invested in two hundred and fifty acres in the same county but soon disposed of that property and bought one hundred and sixty acres near by. This he also sold three years later and on coming to Yamhill county he purchased four hundred and thirty-four acres near Carlton, in partnership with R. Hanna, and also bought a tract of one hundred and ten acres independently. He continuously followed farming in Yamhill county up to the time of his retirement and his labors were crowned with a substantial measure of success that brought to him the handsome competence that now enables him to live retired. With the rapid settlement of the county in recent years he has disposed of much of his farm in small tracts to be used for fruit raising, but still retains the ownership of eighty acres.

On the 24th of November, 1862, Mr. Blackburn was united in marriage to Miss Caroline Hall, a native of Missouri and a daughter of David and Lucy (Tolan) Hall, both of whom are now deceased. Their family included the following named: Thomas, now a resident of Marion county, Oregon; Mrs. Rebecca Johnson, of Centralia, Washington; Willard, whose home is in Sheridan, Oregon; Mrs. Blackburn; Mrs. Mary Cox, of Canby, Oregon; Alice, deceased; George, who is living in Woodburn, Oregon; Henry, whose home is in Falls City, Oregon; Mrs. Fannie Dimick, of Canby; Mrs. Nellie Engle, of Woodburn, Oregon; Bertha, the deceased wife of Robert Caples; and two who died in infancy.

Unto the marriage of Mr. and Mrs. Blackburn were born eleven children: Frances, the wife of Louis Hutt, of Yamhill county; Caroline, the wife of F. L. Sapington, of Tillamook, Oregon; Verna, Nellie G. and Daisy, all at home; Zella R., the wife of Fred Mauerman, of Centralia, Washington; Grace, Glennie and Sherman, all at home; James, who is married and lives in Yamhill county; and Jesse, who completes the family.

Mr. Blackburn votes with the republican party but has never aspired to office. He has lived in Oregon continuously since 1860 and has, therefore, been well acquainted with its history for more than a half-century. He has seen its villages grow to thriving towns and cities, its forests cut down, to be replaced by fields of waving grain or by productive orchards, and has seen its business interests extend not only to all parts of this country but also to the furthermost parts of the world. His own work has been an element in the agricultural progress and development of Yamhill county, and his labors have brought him the rest which he has so truly earned and richly deserves.

ROBERT NELSON STANFIELD, a well known citizen in Umatilla county, who passed away April 15, 1896, was born on his father's farm in Sangamon county, Illinois, December 3, 1832. There he spent the earlier years of his life, remaining in his native state until he was seventeen years of age. His early education, which he acquired in the common schools, was limited, consisting of only three months of actual attendance in the year, due to the primitive conditions of the school system of that day and the early death of his father, who passed away when our subject was a small child. But being of a progressive nature, as he grew older he read extensively and acquired a knowledge of many branches fully equivalent to a high-school course. Later he received commendation as one of the best bookkeepers and keenest business men of the county. When he was but seventeen years of age he crossed the plains to California, locating in Yreka, being there during the gold excitement of 1849. For several years he followed mining, accumulating sufficient money to purchase a fine herd of cattle. He then secured a farm near Yreka and engaged in stock-raising, achieving excellent success until an unusually hard winter, when he lost all of his stock. Being left without any means in 1860 he came to Umatilla county, where he began freighting, purchasing a mule train, and later freighted from Umatilla Landing to Boise and other points. During this time he made his home in Umatilla. In 1865 he sold his freighting train, and engaged in the livery and transfer business.

In 1883 Mr. Stanfield moved to Pendleton, where he opened up a warehouse and also engaged in general transfer business, which he was obliged to abandon after one and a half years, on account of his health. He then purchased a farm on Butter creek, where he raised alfalfa, and also engaged in the cattle business. He continued in this work with excellent success until the time of his death.

In January, 1865, Mr. Stanfield wedded Miss Phoebe Atwood, who was a native of Dubuque, Iowa. She passed away November 20, 1871, leaving three children: Jessie, who

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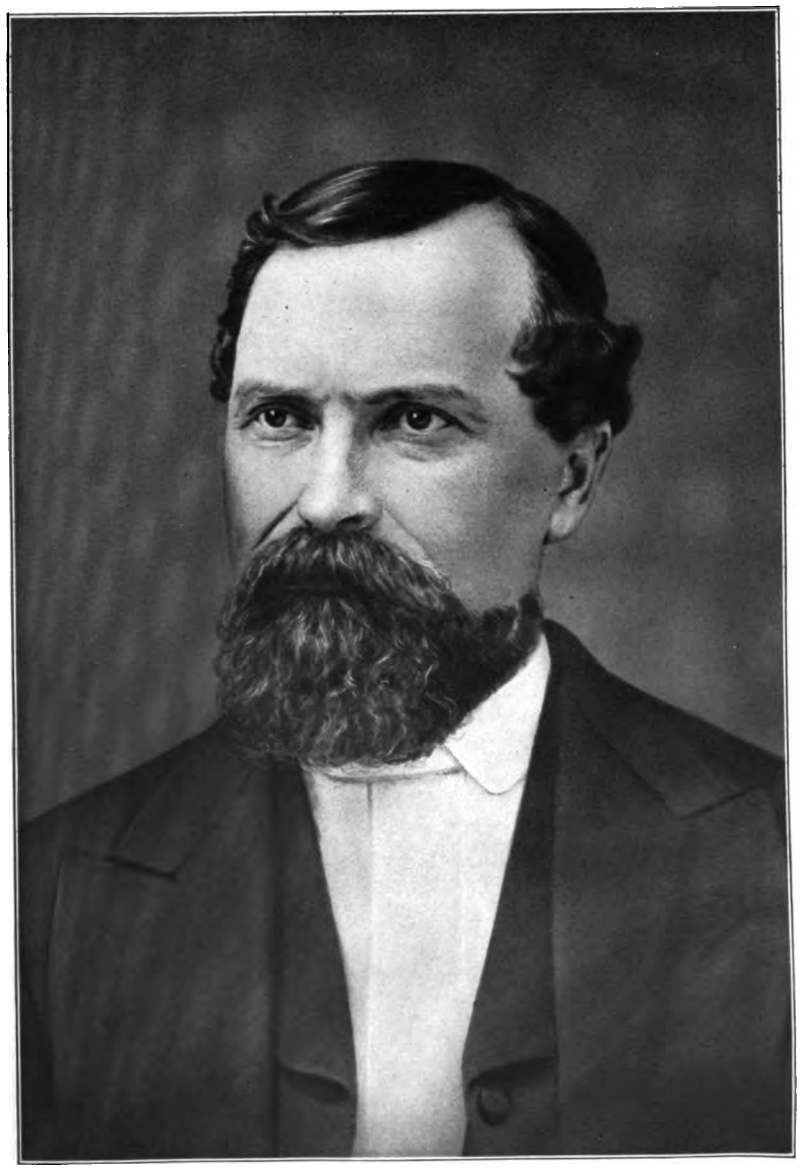

ROBERT N. STANFIELD

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is now Mrs. Perry, of Pendleton; Sidney, who is a farmer and stock-raiser of Washington; and Ralph B., who is a banker at Echo, in this county. On May 6, 1873, Mr. Stanfield was again united in marriage, his second union being with Miss Hattie Townsend, a native of Washington, and a daughter of Evander L. and Amanda E. Townsend, the father a native of Maine and the mother of Ohio. The father passed away in 1889, and the mother on March 5, 1901, at the age of seventy-one years. Of his second marriage eight children were born to Mr. Stanfield. They are: Carrie A., who is the wife of Asa Thomson; Robert N.; Daisy O.; Hugh L., who resides on the home farm near Butter creek; Chloe A.; Emery G.; Lucy J.; and Kate May.

Mr. Stanfield always took an active interest in the welfare of his community and served as deputy sheriff of Umatilla county. When the change of county seat was made from Umatilla to Pendleton Mr. Stanfield had charge of the removal of the county records to the latter place. In 1878 during the trouble with the Snake and Cayuse Indians, he rendered excellent aid as a member of the Guardsmen of this county, serving with the rank of captain of volunteers. He was a well known man and highly honored throughout the county, and his death was deeply regretted by a large circle of friends and acquaintances. His family are all members of the Episcopal church and are highly honored by all their acquaintances. Mrs. Stanfield now resides in Portland.

SILVESTER B. KENT, who owns and operates a ranch located on the Elliott Prairie road in the vicinity of Woodburn, has been identified with the agricultural development of Marion county for thirty-five years. He was born in Iowa in 1837 and is a son of Robert and Sarah (Collard) Kent. The parents were born and reared in Missouri, whence they removed to Iowa, making their home in that state until 1860, when they crossed the plains to California. They purchased land in Sacramento county, that state, in the cultivation of which the father energetically engaged for fifteen years. At the expiration of that time he disposed of his property and in 1875 removed to Oregon, settling in Douglas county. There they resided the remainder of their lives, the father's death occurring in Roseburg in 1885, while the mother passed away on the farm in 1901. The family of Mr. and Mrs. Kent numbered ten children, of whom our subject is the youngest. The others in order of birth are as follows: Isaac, who is living in Douglas county; Charles, a resident of California; Gideon, living in the state of Washington; Gus, who is a resident of Montana; William, who is deceased; Joseph, who lives in Washington; two, who died in infancy; and Elizabeth, who is also deceased.

Reared on an Iowa farm during the pioneer period, the boyhood and youth of Silvester B. Kent were very similar to those of other lads living in the more sparsely settled frontier districts at the period. His meager education was acquired in the little log schoolhouse with its slab benches and puncheon floor, while his amusements and recreations were such as are usually indulged in by country youths. In common with other lads of his acquaintance he early began assisting with the work of the farm, thus qualifying himself for an agricultural career. He assisted his father with the cultivation of the fields until he was nineteen, when he left the parental roof and started out to make his own way in the world. As he possessed sufficient money to enable him to begin farming on his own account he rented one hundred and sixty acres of land that he cultivated for six years. At the expiration of that period he decided to join his people in California, so with his wife and family he crossed the plains to the Pacific coast. He located in the Sacramento valley, where he purchased a ranch that he cultivated with varying degrees of success for fifteen years. Believing that Oregon afforded better opportunities, he then sold his place and came to Marion county and purchased a quarter section of land, all of which he has now sold with the exception of thirty acres. This is well improved and in a high state of productivity and annually yields him an income more than sufficient for the needs of himself and family. Mrs. Kent is the owner of a ranch of forty-three acres in her own right that she rents to her son-in-law, J. W. Fleegle. In the development of his land Mr. Kent has met with more than average success and he is now numbered among the substantial citizens of his community.

In 1857, at the age of twenty years, Mr. Kent was united in marriage to Miss Mary H. Price, who was seventeen years of age, the ceremony being celebrated in Iowa. Mrs. Kent was born in England on the 2d of February, 1840, and is a daughter of Edward and Charlotte (Reeves) Price, who were born, reared and married in England. When she was eight years of age she accompanied her parents on their removal to America. They first settled in Iowa, but later they went to Nebraska and there the mother passed away in 1890. The father subsequently returned to England, where he remained until the time of his death in 1905. Nine children have been born to Mr. and Mrs. Kent, as follows: John, residing in Oregon City, who has three children, Juanita, Lowell and Otto; Robert E. Lee, who is deceased; Budd, who is living at home; Albert, operating a farm near Woodburn, who married a widow, Mrs. Ina Owens, with one daughter, Ethel; Lottie, who first married Frank De Barco, by whom she had one child, Lula, and is now the wife of J. W. Fleegle; Elizabeth, the wife of John Rall, of Portland, who is engaged in the sawmill business; Alice, who married Thomas Dumphy, of Baker City, Oregon; and two who died in infancy. Mr. and Mrs. Kent gave their children the advantages of a good common-school education.

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The family have always affiliated with the Baptist church in which the parents hold membership, and in politics Mr. Kent is a democrat. He is not a man who has ever figured prominently in local political affairs, but he has always contributed his quota toward assisting to maintain high standards in the community by giving his support and cooperation to every movement which would tend to advance the financial, moral, educational or social welfare of its citizens.

W. F. BUTCHER. The late W. F. Butcher, colonel on the staff of Governor Sylvester Pennoyer and well known in the legal and political circles of Oregon, was one of Baker City's foremost citizens. He was born in Pocahontas county, Virginia, on the 12th of December, 1858, and was a son of Dr. Oscar and Jane Butcher, likewise natives of Virginia, where they both passed away. The father went to the front during the Civil war as a member of the Confederate army and died while in the service.

W. F. Butcher was reared on the plantation where he was born and was educated in the common schools. Having decided to become an attorney he subsequently entered the office of Governor Matthews, of Lewisburg, West Virginia, where he began his professional studies. Later he went to Saline county, Missouri, remaining there until 1882, when he went to Idaho. He taught school in the latter state for a year, then went to Walla Walla, Washington, engaging in the same profession. While residing there at such times as he was not occupied by his school duties he pursued his legal studies in the law office of Sharpstein & Sharpstein, until admitted to the bar on the 7th of May, 1885. Immediately following this he withdrew from teaching and went to Athena, Oregon, and there opened an office and engaged in general practice until he came to Baker county in July, 1900. Upon his arrival here he established an office in Baker City, which he maintained until forced to retire owing to the state of his health, two years prior to his death. He was well read and widely informed on legal principles and at the time of his death was the senior partner of the firm of Butcher, Clifford & Correll. His energies were not entirely confined to the development of his practice but were directed in other channels as well and he acquired extensive business and important mining interests here.

On the 4th of September, 1894, Mr. Butcher was united in marriage to Mrs. Helen Coe of Washington. Her maiden name was Helen W. Feamster, her parents being John and Virginia (Snyder) Feamster, natives of West Virginia, where the mother is still living, but the father passed away in 1906. In her early womanhood Helen W. Feamster was married to Dr. W. G. Coe, who was born in Baltimore, Maryland, on May 9, 1854, and passed away on the 4th of August, 1893. Four children were born of this marriage, as follows: W. G., a resident of Baker City; Mary, who became the wife of C. L. Godding, of Vancouver, B. C.; Emma, who married T. L. Delahanty, of Salt Lake City; and Blanche, a graduate of the Baker City High school, who is now living at home. Mr. and Mrs. Butcher had three children: Edna and Helen Fontaine, both of whom are deceased; and Thomas, now a student here.

Fraternally Mr. Butcher was a member of the Masons, Elks, Knights of Pythias, United Workmen and Red Men. He had attained high rank in the first named order, being past grand master and past junior warden of the Masonic Grand Lodge of Oregon. In politics he was a democrat and was one of the prominent members of that party in the state, and on three consecutive occasions he was a delegate to the national convention, having been sent to Chicago in 1896, to Kansas City in 1900 and St. Louis in 1904, while in 1892 he was a candidate for presidential elector, and in 1902 he ran for congress in the second Oregon district but was defeated. Mrs. Butcher is a member of the Order of the Eastern Star and she also belongs to the Presbyterian church, in which he likewise held membership. Mr. Butcher left his family well provided for and his widow is a stockholder in a very valuable gold mine and is the owner of a most attractive residence and several other pieces of property in Baker City.

Mr. Butcher passed away in Portland, this state, on the 18th of November, 1910, just a few weeks prior to the fifty-second anniversary of his birth. He was held in high esteem in professional and business as well as social circles in Baker City, where his high standards of citizenship, upright principles in business transactions and liberal, charitable views on all matters of vital interest to humanity, won him hosts of stanch friends.

S. H. HARNISH, who owns and conducts a livery stable in Eagle Point, is one of the successful and capable business men of the town. He takes an active and helpful interest in all local affairs, particularly those of a political nature, and is now serving as a member of the council. He is a native of Pennsylvania, his birth having occurred in Lancaster county on May 11, 1867. He is a son of Benjamin W. and Susanna A. Harnish, the parents both natives of the Keystone state, where the mother also passed away. In 1888 the father and remaining members of the family removed to Nebraska, and in March, 1900, Mr. Harnish again changed his place of residence, this time locating in North Dakota. He remained there only two years and at the expiration of that time settled in Jackson county, Oregon, where he still lives, now making his home with our subject. Six children were born to Mr. and Mrs. Benjamin W. Harnish, four of whom are living.

S. H. Harnish, who was a lad of only three years when his mother died, made his home with his grandparents until he was ten. Although he was still very young he commenced working out and was self-supporting from that time. He went to Nebraska with his father and there two years later he was

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married, this event occurring when he was twenty-three years of age. Immediately thereafter he and his bride settled on a claim and he devoted his entire attention to the further cultivation and improvement of his place for ten years. Believing that North Dakota afforded better opportunities, he disposed of his interests in Nebraska and removed to the former state, but he remained there for only two years, and then came to Jackson county. When he first located here Mr. Harnish engaged in ranching and teaming, but he subsequently came to Eagle Point and built a barn and went into the livery business. His establishment is well equipped for a town of this size and he is doing a good business. He has prospered in his undertakings as he is industrious and energetic in his methods and in addition to his stable owns three and a half acres of land within the city limits on which he has erected a fine residence.

In 1890 Mr. Harnish was united in marriage to Miss Susanna Moomaw, who is a native of Nebraska, and to them have been born three children: Ray, Dottie and Robert, all of whom are at home.

Fraternally Mr. Harnish is a member of the Independent Order of Odd Fellows, and his political support he gives to the republican party. After many years of hard work his perseverance is being rewarded and he is gradually advancing in the business world and is meeting with creditable success. At the same time he is gaining the esteem and regard of his fellow citizens both because of his business ability and by reason of his geniality and public-spiritedness.

JOHN HENDRICKSON is one of the successful farmers of Oregon and his beautiful ranch is located eleven miles up the north fork of the Coos river from Marshfield. He was born in Finland, May 28, 1870, and is the son of William and Christina Hendrickson, who spent their entire lives in that country. To them six children were born, the subject of this review being the only one of the number to emigrate to America. Two daughters of the family are still living in Finland.

John Hendrickson was reared in his parents' home and received his early education in the schools of his native land. He emigrated to America in 1888, settling first in California, where he was engaged for two years as a laborer in the lumber camps. He then removed to Coos county, Oregon, and there found employment in the lumber woods for some time. In 1893 he filed on a homestead claim in Coos county, where he established his home and continued to live for fourteen years. In 1907 he sold that property and purchased a farm of seventy-three acres located on the north fork of Coos river, eleven miles from Marshfield, where he is now located and successfully engaged in truck and dairy farming.

In 1897 Mr. Hendrickson was united in marriage to Miss Hilma Stora, who was born in Finland, June 25, 1870, and is the daughter of Mat and Johannah Stora. The father emigrated to America in 1882, settling at Coos Bay, Oregon, and later moved to Oakland, California, where he has since continued to live. After settling in California he was successfully engaged in the cultivation of a hop ranch and also was the proprietor of a profitable hotel property. He has been retired for many years past. The mother never emigrated to America and still resides in her native country, Finland, at the age of eighty-eight years. To Mr. and Mrs. Stora four children were born and of this number Hilma, now Mrs. Hendrickson, and her brother Andrew emigrated to America, while Herman and Hannah still reside in their native land. Mr. and Mrs. Hendrickson are the parents of two children: Ruben, born September 12, 1899, who is now attending school; and Agnes, born February 23, 1901, also at school.

Mr. Hendrickson is affiliated with the republican party, and fraternally is a member of Suomi Lodge, No. 1, of Marshfield. He is also a member of the Grange at Marshfield, and he and his wife are members of the Lutheran church. He is one of the successful truck and dairy farmers of Coos county and his beautiful place of seventy-three acres is one of the most perfectly equipped and best conducted farms of its kind in his part of the state.

HENRY BLACK is one of the respected and influential citizens of Marshfield where he now resides in retirement from active business life. He was born in Missouri in 1838, and is the son of Adam and Mary (Morgan) Black, the former a native of Virginia and the latter of Missouri. The father, during his life, was a planter and also engaged in the general practice of law. He served as county judge for the counties of Gentry and Livingston continuously for a period of fifty years. To Mr. and Mrs. Adam Black nine children were born, two of whom are still living: Henry, the subject of this review, and Charles, of Idaho.

Henry Black was reared in his parents' home and received his early education in the public schools of Missouri. He remained under the parental roof until twenty-one years of age, after which time he was engaged at labor until the opening of the Civil war when he enlisted in the Confederate army and served during that great national conflict. In 1864 he crossed the plains to Oregon, settling in Douglas county and there engaged in the cultivation of a rented farm for one year and then filed on a homestead of one hundred and sixty acres of government land in Douglas county upon which he continued to live until 1875 and then moved to Coos county where he settled on a preempted claim of forty acres located nine miles from Marshfield. He later bought forty acres adjoining his original preemption claim and upon this property of eighty acres he was successfully engaged in farming until 1907 when he retired from active business and took up his abode in

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Marshfield, where he now resides at No. 881 Fifth street, South.

Mr. Black was united in marriage in 1865, in Douglas county, to Miss Sarah McGee, a daughter of William D. and Jane (Nelson) McGee, both of whom were natives of North Carolina and who moved from their native state, settling in Missouri in 1833, where Mrs. Black was born. To Mr. and Mrs. William McGee ten children were born, three of whom are still living: Charles, who is engaged in farming in Douglas county; William, a resident of Seattle; and Sarah, the wife of the subject of this review. Unto Mr. and Mrs. Black five children have been born. John D. is a resident of California and the father of one child, Sarah. William F., of Marshfield, Oregon, has two children, Thelma and Lois. Lucy, who was educated for a teacher, married George Ross, a dairyman of Coos county, Oregon, and they are the parents of three children, George, Elizabeth and Robert. Mary also pursued a teacher's course in the University of Oregon, but later was engaged as a professional nurse. She is now the wife of Carl Medbery, of Coos county. George, who completes the family, is a resident of North Bend, Oregon, and the father of one child, Cecile.

Mr. Black is affiliated with the democratic party, but has never sought political preferment. He has, however, been a member of the school board for nine years and has also served as road supervisor for four years. He and his wife are members of the Baptist church of Marshfield. Mr. Black for many years has been one of the influential citizens of Coos county and a man who readily gives his assistance to the advancement of every enterprise seeking the further development and improvement of his county and state.

RALEIGH S. ROBINSON, who is a native of Washington county, now owns and operates a portion of the farm where he was born on the 2d of May, 1857. His parents were William J. and Emeline (Barnum) Robinson, the father's birth having occurred in Mercer county, Pennsylvania, on the 12th of October, 1827, and that of the mother in Jefferson county, Indiana, on September 16, 1829. They were married in the latter county on the 9th of January, 1848, but began their domestic life in Jennings county, Indiana, where they resided until April, 1851. The children of pioneers, naturally they felt that better opportunities were afforded all young people in a new country, so despite their very limited means and the many hardships and dangers they knew lay before them, they courageously started across the plains to Oregon. The journey was long and tiresome, occupying nearly six months, but in September they arrived in Clackamas county, where they spent six weeks. In the following March Mr. Robinson filed on a donation claim in Washington county, to which they removed and there spent the remainder of their lives, and it is a remarkable fact that there has never been placed a mortgage on this property either by William J. Robinson, who filed the homestead claim or any of his children up to this time. The father passed away on the 23d of May, 1898, and the mother on June 11, 1911. Of the marriage of Mr. and Mrs. Robinson there were born six children: Berrilla, who died at the age of sixteen years; Agnes, the wife of James Walker, of Washington county; Viola, who married J. J. Smith, of this county; Florence, who has always remained at home, taking care of her parents in their old age and is now residing on the old homestead in the dwelling which her father built in 1874; Raleigh S., our subject; and Luona, who died at the age of three years. The paternal grandparents were natives of Pennsylvania while the mother's parents were from the state of New York, the mother being of Scotch and the father of Irish extraction.

The entire life of Raleigh S. Robinson has been spent on the farm where he is now living, his education having been acquired in the common schools of the vicinity. He assisted his father in the operation of the home ranch until he had attained his majority, when he rented a portion of it that he operated until the latter's death, at which time he inherited eighty acres. In the cultivation of this land he has met with such success that he has been able to add to his holdings from time to time, until he now owns one hundred and thirty-five acres, all of which is under a high state of cultivation. His place is well improved and fully equipped with all implements and conveniences essential to the successful pursuit of agriculture. In addition to his fine home ranch, Mr. Robinson owns twenty acres of good land located elsewhere in this county and two residence properties in Portland. He is one of the progressive agriculturists and a capable business man of Washington county, whose prosperity is largely attributable to his practical methods, definite purpose and keen judgment in all business matters.

Mr. Robinson was united in marriage on the 12th of October, 1892, to Miss Emma Jarred, whose birth occurred in Kansas, in 1863. Mrs. Robinson is a daughter of James and Louisa Jarred, the mother a native of Kentucky and the father of Kansas. They were married in Kansas and continued to make their home in that state until 1871, when they removed to California. After a brief residence in the latter state they came to Oregon, locating on a ranch in Washington county, where the father died a year later. The mother, who has now attained the age of sixty-seven years, is a resident of Portland. Mr. and Mrs. Jarred were the parents of four children, of whom Mrs. Robinson is the eldest, the others being as follows: Ida, the wife of a Mr. Glenn, of Oakland, California; Ada, who is living in Portland; and one who died in infancy. The two last named were twins. The family of Mr. and Mrs. Robinson numbers three: Ora E., the wife of Fred Sylvester, of Washington county; Harry L., who is operating the homestead and has land interests in this

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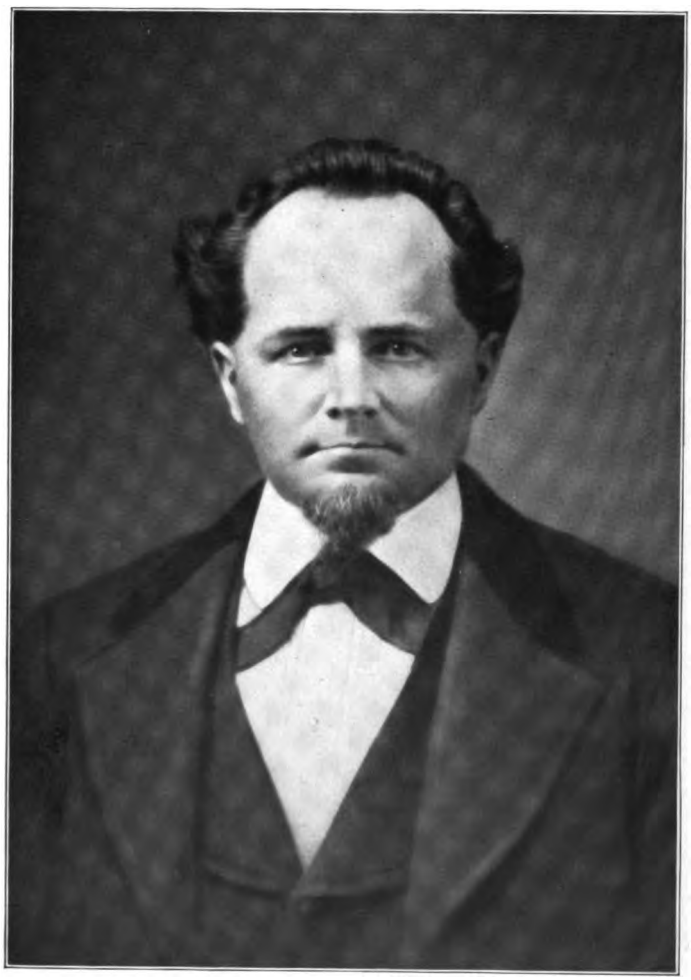

WILLIAM J. ROBINSON

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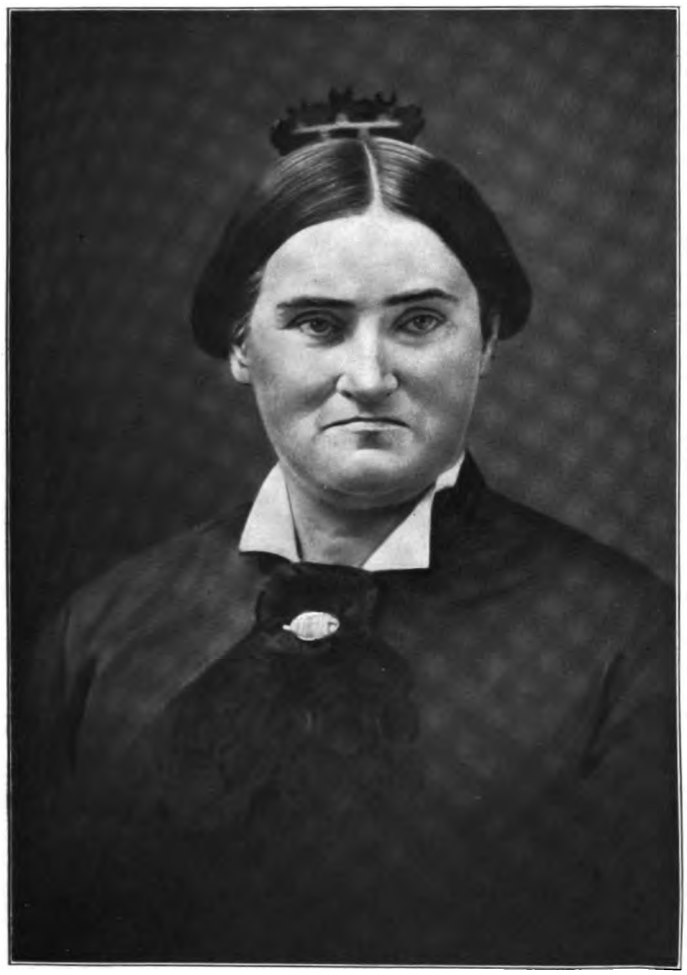

MRS. WILLIAM J. ROBINSON

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county, still at home; and Bessie, the wife of Carrol Behn, of Beaverton. The parents gave all of their children the advantages of a high-school education.

Fraternally Mr. Robinson is a member of the Independent Order of Odd Fellows, being affiliated with the lodge at Tigard. His political views accord with those of the republican party, for whose candidates he always casts his ballot, but he has never been an office seeker. Mr. Robinson is widely known in the county and has a large circle of friends, many of whom have known him from his boyhood, this in itself being a high tribute to his character and standards of life.

W. R. NEWMAN, JR., is one of the respected and highly esteemed citizens of Josephine county, where he is engaged in general farming. His ranch is well located on Wolf creek and is one of the most select pieces of agricultural land in that locality. He was born in England, December 9, 1841, and is the son of W. R. and Elizabeth Newman, both of whom were natives of that country. In 1862 the parents emigrated to America and settled in the state of New York, where they continued to live during their remaining days. In their family were twelve children, three of whom are now living.

W. R. Newman, Jr., was reared in his parents' home and educated in the public schools of his native land. He started in life for himself at the age of eighteen as a sailor and continued to follow that occupation for a period of sixteen years, after which he retired from the sea and settled in the state of New York. In 1877 he removed to California and there remained for the four years immediately following, after which he moved to Morrow county, Oregon, where he continued to reside for a period of thirteen successive years. He then removed to Josephine county, where he purchased forty acres of valuable agricultural land on Wolf creek, on which he has since continued to reside. A portion of his land is well planted to selected apple trees, which are now in bearing and his orchard is regarded as one of the best of its kind in that part of Josephine county.

Mr. Newman was twice married, his first wife being Miss Esther Swan, whom he married in 1867 and who died in 1870. He was united in wedlock in 1877 to Mrs. Charlotte Steward. He is affiliated with the republican party, and both he and his wife are members of the Methodist Episcopal church of Wolf creek. Mr. Newman is one of the enterprising and successful agriculturists and fruit-growers of Josephine county and is a very highly esteemed and respected citizen of his state.

J. B. McDILL, superintendent of the county hospital of Umatilla county, was born in Lyon county, Kansas, September 12, 1861. His parents were John M. and Elizabeth (Brown) McDill, the former a native of Scotland and the latter of Illinois. The father came to the United States when a boy in his teens in company with his brother Samuel, and they located in Nebraska. Subsequently John M. McDill removed to Illinois where he was married and not long afterward to Kansas where he worked as a millwright having learned this trade in early life. He continued as one of the busy and energetic men of his locality to the time of his death, which occurred in 1888, when he was seventy-two years of age. His wife long survived him, passing away in Kansas in 1910.

J. B. McDill was reared at home, acquiring his education in the public schools and in the Americus high school of Lyon county, Kansas. When he reached man's estate he started out in business life as an agriculturist on his own account, renting a tract of land. He was well qualified for the work, for, from his twelfth year he had been engaged in farm labor, not only providing for his own support but also contributing to the support of his parents who were in humble financial circumstances. He continued this contribution during his father's lifetime and supported his mother after the death of her husband, thus rewarding the parental care bestowed upon him in youth by filial love and devotion as manifest in many material ways.

In 1885 Mr. McDill came west to Oregon, believing that there were broader opportunities for a young man on the Pacific coast. He located about seven miles south of Pilot Rock in Umatilla county where he purchased land and engaged in ranching. His location, however, proved to be a poor one and four years later he removed to Camas Prairie, becoming one of the members of the Camas Land Company that founded the town of Ukiah. Mr. McDill erected the first house in that town and in partnership with Dr. Alexander opened a drug store there with which he was identified for two years, at the end of which time he sold his interest in the store to his partner. At the time of the establishment of the town the Camas Land Company built a sawmill and this Mr. McDill operated for a few years. In 1898 he became an employe of the county, being made superintendent of the county roads, in which capacity he served for about eighteen months. In July, 1900, he was made superintendent of the county hospital in connection with which he operates a farm of one hundred and sixty acres, having complete business management of both farm and hospital. He has served in this important capacity continuously since 1900 and has discharged his duties with the utmost capability and faithfulness. In the meantime he has carried on farming on his own account. For two years he cultivated a tract of reservation land but in 1908 he determined to no longer pay rent and made his way into the Alberta country of Canada, where he invested in nine hundred and sixty acres which has more than paid for itself in the intervening years. In fact the crop of 1911 brought him sufficient returns to cover the entire payment. Mr. McDill has brought this farm to a high state of cultivation and has made it one of the best improved prop-

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erties in the section in which it is located. His son, J. Harvey McDill, resides upon that place and is looking after its operation.

In 1882 Mr. McDill was married to Miss Anna Edmiston, of Americus, Kansas, and to them was born a daughter, Mabel, who is a graduate of Whitman College of Walla Walla, Washington, and is teaching school in Sitka, Alaska. The wife and mother died in 1888 and Mr. McDill has since married Miss Cora Patten, of Umatilla county. They have two children: J. Harvey, who was graduated from the Pendleton high school with the class of 1909; and Mollie, who completed a course in the Pendleton high school with the class of 1910.

Mr. McDill votes with the republican party and fraternally is well known, holding memberships in Pendleton Lodge, No. 52, F. & A. M., Integrity Lodge, No. 92, I. O. O. F. and Pendleton Encampment. He is one of the best known men and leading citizens of Umatilla county. His resourcefulness, his determination and his keen insight into business affairs have been strong features in his success and as superintendent of the county hospital he has made a creditable record, caring for its interests as he would those of an individual character. In his life he exemplifies the progressive spirit which is bringing about the wonderful development of the northwest and he ever indorses those movements and cooperates in those projects which are instituted for the benefit of his town and county.

GUSTAV A. REMBOLD. An indefatigable student of the law and one well versed in the detailed knowledge necessary for successful practice along this line is Gustav Rembold, who has been a prominent attorney of Burns since 1899. He is a native of Germany, having been born in Mannheim, Germany, October, 1866. His father was J. G. Rembold, a native of Germany, engaged in the mercantile business in Mannheim. Both of our subject's parents died when he was quite young, leaving four children, of whom Gustav A. is the eldest and is the only one now living. He received his early education in the German schools and finished in the Gymnasium. He left his native land in May, 1886, and came to America, going immediately to San Francisco, where he remained until February, 1890. He spent these three years as a bookkeeper in that city, resigning this position to come to Harney county. Here he remained two years entering the law department of Harvard University at Cambridge, Massachusetts, in 1892, from which he was graduated in 1895, receiving the degree LL. B. He spent three years after this in San Francisco. In 1898 the reports of the wonderful gold discoveries in the Klondike fields reached California and in February of that year Gustav Rembold started for Alaska. He was on the survey of the Dalton Trail where he remained for one year, returning to the United States in 1899 and locating in Burns, where he engaged in the general practice of law which profession he has followed in this city ever since.

Mr. Rembold was married in Burns, to Miss Eugenia Racine, a daughter of Louis and Matilda Racine. The former is now living in Rhode Island, but Mrs. Racine died in 1908. During the time of their residence in Burns they conducted the French hotel in this city with remarkable success.

Mr. Rembold is a blue lodge Mason and prominent in the affairs of that organization. He has never sought political preferment, but has devoted himself entirely to the practice of his profession and has built up a large and important practice in this city. He is a nephew of Henry Miller of the Miller & Lux Company, which is now doing business under the name of the Pacific Live Stock Company and has a capitalization of twenty million dollars. Mr. Rembold is an able lawyer and widely popular in this city. He is a splendid type of a western man, a devoted friend and a loyal citizen, and the success which he has obtained in this county is a direct result of his intelligence and hard work.

LEWIS SHATTUCK, who is successfully engaged in the general mercantile business, is one of the foremost citizens of Gresham. He has the distinction of having been the town's first mayor and has ever since held this office with the exception of two terms. He is a native of Oregon, having been born in the city of Portland on the 21st of December, 1868, and is a son of J. W. and Mary C. (Allen) Shattuck. The father was one of two children born to his parents and was a native of Illinois, to which state his people removed from Pennsylvania during the early years of their domestic life and there the paternal grandmother lived to attain the age of ninety-six years. Henry Shattuck, who was older than his brother J. W., left Illinois just before the opening of the Civil war and crossed the plains to Oregon. Here he acquired a small ranch of eighty-five acres and devoted his attention to its further improvement and cultivation until his death in 1881. He was the father of four children: William, who is deceased; John W., a resident of Damascus, Oregon; Gertrude, of Gresham; and Paul Edwin, an attorney of New York city. J. W. Shattuck also came to the northwest in his early manhood and here he met and subsequently married Miss Allen, the event being celebrated in Portland in 1867. She crossed the plains with her parents during the gold rush to California in 1849, and there her father engaged in prospecting with indifferent success for several years. In 1862, with his wife and family, he went to Portland, making the journey by water, and filed on a donation claim just outside the city limits. A portion of this is now known as Fener's addition to Portland, the entire holding having become very valuable with the development of this western city. It bears little resemblance now to the ranch on which the Allen family settled a half century ago, save that the old residence is still standing. Mr. and Mrs. Allen had a large family of children, the eldest of whom was Mrs. Shattuck, the others being: Matilda, who is the wife of W. J. Sally, of

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Portland, one of the oldest engineers on the Southern Pacific railroad, and is the mother of two children: Mildred, the widow of Gus Newell; Parmelia, the wife of O. Casper, secretary of the Commercial Club of Tacoma, Washington; Robert, now deceased, who had four children; George G., who is a resident of Los Angeles and has two children; William F., who is living at Monroe, Washington, and has four children; Archie F., of Alaska, who has one child; and Emma, the wife of Mr. Richie, who is with the International Correspondence Schools in Glasgow, Scotland, by whom she has had two children. To Mr. and Mrs. J. W. Shattuck there were born nine children, of whom our subject is the eldest. In order of birth the others are as follows: Henry, a prominent merchant of Juneau, Alaska, who has three children; Allen, who is a resident of Portland, also the father of three children; Carl C., who is engaged in the lumber business in Gresham; Matilda J., the wife of E. E. Sleret, the brother of Mrs. Lewis Shattuck, of Gresham; Dudley M., a resident of Marquam; Bates, who is also living in Marquam; Mary C., the wife of Dr. F. A. Short, of Portland; and John, who is attending the University of Oregon at Eugene.

Lewis Shattuck was reared at home and educated in the public schools. At the age of nineteen years he learned the tinner's trade, and for five years thereafter followed this occupation in the state of Washington. At the expiration of that period he came to Gresham and together with his brother engaged in establishing the business he is still conducting. They had not sufficient capital to finance this undertaking, so were compelled to depend upon borrowed capital to develop their enterprise. This naturally made the first years somewhat more difficult than they otherwise would have been, but they were both energetic young men of much determination of purpose, and despite the fact that they met with many discouragements and apparently insurmountable obstacles they eventually won. The brother sold his interest to Mr. Shattuck at the end of eight years and the latter continued alone until July, 1910, when his brother-in-law purchased a half interest in the business which is now operated as a partnership concern. They carry a large and carefully assorted stock of merchandise, that they offer at reasonable prices and they are meeting with very satisfactory results.

Mr. Shattuck married Miss Olive B. Sleret, who was born in 1879 and is a daughter of George W. and Barbara (Bumgardner) Sleret, who came to Oregon from Illinois in 1852. Upon their arrival in this state they located at Gresham and purchased what was known as the Webber donation land claim which was in the family until 1901. The father is now deceased but the mother is still living and continues to make her home in Gresham. Eight children were born to Mr. and Mrs. Sleret, as follows: George W., John G. and E. E., all of whom are residents of Gresham; June, the wife of E. F. Reugg, of Gresham; Carrie, who married J. W. Townsend of Troutdale, Oregon; Mrs. Shattuck; Nellie, the wife of A. E. Lindsey; and Mary, who is deceased. Mr. and Mrs. Shattuck have two children: Wesley A., born on the 19th of March, 1898; and Hazel M., born May 9, 1900, both still in school.

Mr. Shattuck is a member of the Independent Order of Odd Fellows. He votes the democratic ticket and although he has never been an office seeker has held the mayoralty chair practically ever since the town was incorporated. He is a very progressive and enterprising man whose powers of organization and executive ability well qualify him for the duties of his office, and during the period of his administration the main business and residence streets of the town have been paved and the water system has been installed. Mr. Shattuck is held in high esteem by his fellow townsmen, whose respect he has won by reason of his excellent service to the municipality not only as a public official but as a private citizen, his support and cooperation always being given to every progressive movement that he feels will assist in promoting the public welfare.

JOHN WILLIAM KRUSE during life was highly respected by his friends and associates and for many years was identified with the development of his adopted state, in which he resided at the time of his death, which occurred at Marshfield, May 1, 1903. He was born in San Francisco, California, in 1866, and was the son of John and Mary (Lyons) Kruse, the former a native of Germany and the latter of Virginia. The father was twice married and John W. Kruse, the subject of this review, was the child of his first marriage. The father chose as his second partner in life Miss Alice Pettice.

John W. Kruse was reared in his father's home and educated in the public schools. Having completed his elementary education in Marshfield he took a preparatory course at Eugene and later became a student of the University of California at Berkeley, after which he entered Hill's Business College at San Francisco and completed a full course in that institution. When his student days were over he was employed by the Simpson Lumber Company at North Bend, this state, as bookkeeper, in which position he continued to serve that company until the time of his father's death, after which he became the superintendent of the Simpson Lumber Company's interests at North Bend, a position which had formerly been held by his father and to which upon his death the son succeeded. He continued as superintendent of the Simpson Company for fourteen years, after which he removed to Marshfield and engaged in business for himself, to which he devoted his entire time until shortly before his death, which occurred on May 1, 1903. At the time of his death he had disposed of all of his real-estate holdings as well as his other business interests, leaving for the care and support of his family an estate of which a part consisted in shares of stock in several ship companies, which

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stock has since been transferred to his widow.

Mr. Kruse was united in marriage on September 17, 1892, in Marshfield, Oregon, to Miss Christine Rolandson, a native of Denmark, and to their union two children were born. Ralph, whose natal day was August 9, 1894, is now a pupil in the high school, where he is preparing himself for a business career. Margaret, born January 4, 1897, has completed her preparatory education and is now entering high school.

Mr. Kruse was a republican and a loyal member of that political organization but at no time permitted his name to be used as a candidate for any public office. He was liberal in his religious views, and fraternally associated in membership with the Woodmen of the World. His widow and family now reside at No. 107 Eighth street north, Marshfield. Mr. Kruse was a very highly respected man, devoted entirely to his business interests and the care of his growing family. The integrity of his character is evidenced by the responsible position with which he was entrusted by the Simpson Lumber Company as its superintendent for a long period of fourteen years. His death deprived Marshfield of one of its most respected and useful members of society.

HENRY MOSSIE, who together with his sons, owns forty-five hundred acres of land in one tract in Umatilla county, has been engaged in the stock business here for more than twenty-five years. He was born in Monroe county, Michigan, on the 14th of August, 1842, and is a son of Lewis and Euphrozine Mossie. His parents were born in Canada, the father's natal year being 1812 and that of the mother 1813, and there they were reared and married. In 1834 they crossed the border into the United States, being among the early pioneers to the state of Michigan, where they passed the remainder of their lives. They were the parents of fifteen children, all of whom are now deceased with the exception of four.

Reared at home, Henry Mossie was given the advantages of a common-school education and remained a member of the parental household until 1861. His patriotic fervor then compelled him to lay aside every other consideration but his country's need and, enlisting in Company B, Fifteenth Michigan Volunteer Infantry, he started south. He remained in the service until the close of hostilities, participating in all of the notable conflicts in the west and being with Sherman when he made his famous march. He received his discharge at Little Rock, Arkansas, and, returning to his native state, went to work in a sawmill, but he later found employment as a ship carpenter. In 1886 he decided to come to Oregon, and after disposing of his interests in Michigan he removed to the northwest with his wife and family. He came directly to Umatilla county, where he exhausted his claim rights by filing on six hundred and forty acres of land. This formed the nucleus of his holdings, to which he and his sons have since added until they now own forty-five hundred acres of land, all fenced and in one piece. It is well improved and fully equipped with all modern facilities and conveniences essential to the successful agriculturist or stockman. Here they engage in both farming and stock-raising, making a specialty of the latter. They now have a fine herd of five hundred head of cattle of good grade and own ninety head of horses. The prosperity of Mr. Mossie has not been an easy achievement by any means, but is the result of hard work, constant application and intelligent and capable supervision. He has used discretion and foresight in directing his activities, and his efforts have been correspondingly rewarded and he is now one of the substantial citizens of Umatilla county.

Michigan was the scene of Mr. Mossie's marriage in 1864 to Miss Mary C. Loranger, a native of that state and one of the twelve children born to Augustine and Lucy (Brancheau) Loranger, five of whom are still living. The parents were both born in Michigan and there they passed their entire lives. The family of Mr. and Mrs. Mossie numbered nine children, as follows: Mary E., who is deceased; Lewis H., who is at home; Charles A. and Charles A., both of whom are now deceased; James A., a stanch democrat in his politics, who received a common school education and is now engaging in the stock business with his father; Eber D., who is a resident of Portland; Edmond J., deceased; Lucy E., the wife of Charles Morris of Washington; and Rose C., who is living at Pendleton, Oregon.

The family are all communicants of the Roman Catholic church and in politics Mr. Mossie is loyal to the principles of the republican party. He is one of the well-to-do residents of the county and also one of the largest landholders, his long years of toil having brought him the well merited and highly deserved success that usually rewards honest and capably directed effort.

ARCHELAUS CORNUTT has devoted practically all of his active life to farming and operates part of a claim of five hundred acres which his father took up when he settled in southern Oregon. Mr. Cornutt is a native of Virginia where his birth occurred on May 8, 1837. His parents, Alfred and Mary (Delph) Cornutt were both natives of that state and moved to Missouri in 1839 and in 1853 came to Oregon and died in this state. Their son received his early education in the public schools of Missouri. The father farmed in that state for some time and then sold out his holdings and started overland with ox teams. There were six wagons in the caravan and seven months were spent upon the journey. The party landed at Stott's landing near Portland and here Archelaus Cornutt and his parents stayed for a time. They then removed to Washington county where the father took up a claim and remained there for about ten years and then returned to Portland and remained there for several years thence coming to Douglas county. Here he bought five hundred acres

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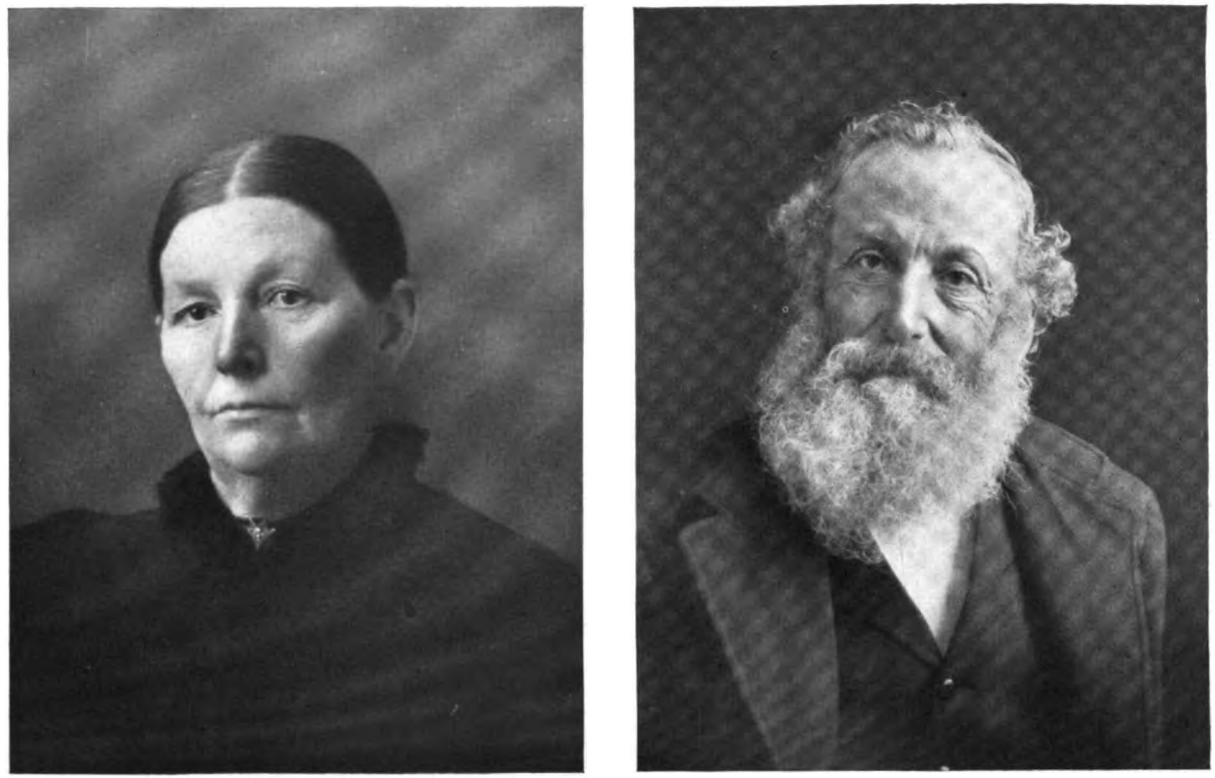

MR. AND MRS. HENRY MOSSIE

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of land which he improved and operated during his life.

Mr. Cornutt remained at home until he was twenty years of age and assisted his father in the work of the farm. He gained a practical knowledge of the cultivation and improvement of the soil and of the many details incident to agricultural life. When he started out for himself he removed to Washington county, Oregon, where he farmed for two or three years. At a later period he went to Portland and was employed in that city and in Douglas county for some time. He has given practically all his energies and activities to gaining a thorough knowledge of land cultivation and values. He has been extremely successful during his life and is now the owner of a part of his father's original farm. He has made many improvements, has erected new buildings upon his holdings and has installed modern equipment at various times.

On May 17, 1895, Mr. Cornutt was united in marriage to Miss Maggie Taylor, a native of Missouri and they became the parents of three children: John D. T., Thursey and Archie, all of whom are living with their parents on the home farm. Mr. Cornutt and his wife are devoted members of the Free Methodist church and take an active part in the affairs of that organization. In his political affiliations Mr. Cornutt is consistently democratic and always votes his party ticket on local and national issues. He takes an intelligent interest in public affairs but has never sought office for himself. He prefers to devote his time and attention to the improvement and cultivation of his land. His prosperity has been rapid and sure and well founded on an expert knowledge of the value of land and the methods of its scientific cultivation.

THEODORE F. HAUSCHILDT is one of the enterprising and successful farmers of Coos county, located upon a well improved ranch four miles up the Coos river from Marshfield. He was born in Germany, January 7, 1852, the son of Henry and Sophia Hauschildt, both of whom were natives of Germany, the mother having died in her native land many years ago. The father emigrated to America in 1869 and settled at San Francisco, where he remained for a short time and later removed to The Dalles and there continued to live with his daughter until the close of his life, which occurred in 1887. In his family were nine children, who are now widely scattered and settled in their homes in various parts of the United States.

Theodore F. Hauschildt was reared in his father's home and received his elementary education in Germany. In 1869 he emigrated to America, making his first settlement at San Francisco, California, where he remained for a period of ten years engaged in the general teaming business. Subsequently he removed to Oregon but soon after returned to California, where he continued to live for a few years. In 1892 he moved to Coos county, this state, where he was married, and has since been engaged in the cultivation of a highly improved farm of one hundred and thirty-five acres located four miles up the Coos river from Marshfield. He has made a specialty of dairy farming and in that branch of agricultural industry he has been highly successful. He and his wife are the owners of very valuable city property on the east side at Marshfield.

Mr. Hauschildt was united in marriage in 1894 to Mrs. McIntosh, the widow of James N. McIntosh, and a daughter of Bowman O. and Mercy J. (McIntosh) Hunt, both of whom were natives of the West Indies, where they celebrated their wedding and there passed away many years ago. Mrs. Hauschildt was born in the West Indies and received her education in the local schools there. She came to Coos county in 1883 with her first husband, James N. McIntosh, who died on March 27, 1893. To them five children were born, Millie May, James N., Ethel J., William T. and Edna L. Mr. and Mrs. Hauschildt are the parents of two children: Ferdinand T. F., who was born in November, 1895, and is still at home; and Henry E., who was born in 1897 and is now attending school.

Mr. Hauschildt is a loyal member of the republican party and also of the Lutheran church. Mrs. Hauschildt belongs to the Church of England. Mr. Hauschildt is one of the reliable and enterprising citizens of Coos county and in every way a worthy representative of the great agricultural industries of his adopted state.

JOHN KRUSE, deceased, was for many years one of the successful shipbuilders of Coos county, Oregon. He was a native of Germany and was first employed as a cabin boy on a small schooner plying the waters along the German coast. In 1854 he emigrated to America, settling in San Francisco, where he continued to live until 1865, at which time he removed to Oregon and there was engaged in shipbuilding and in this employment he continued until the time of his death, which occurred January 4, 1896. He left an estate consisting of seven hundred acres of land, located on the upper Isthmus Inlet at the head of navigation.

Mr. Kruse was twice married, his first wife being Miss Mary Lyons and to them one son, John William was born, of whom a more extended review is published in another part of this work. He was later married, January 30, 1875, to Miss Alice Pattee, the daughter of Orison and Mary Ellen (Houston) Pattee, the former a native of Canada and the latter of Ohio. To Mr. and Mrs. Orison Pattee eleven children were born: Sarah Ann, the wife of A. H. Moore, of California, a pioneer of Oregon who is now deceased; N. W., who resides in Leavenworth, Kansas; Constantine, a resident of Indiana; Louisa and Elizabeth, both deceased; A. R., who resides in Kansas; John, Theodore and Emma, all deceased; Alice, the widow of Mr. John Kruse, of this review; and

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Mary Ellen, the wife of Charles Rodgers, of Bandon, Oregon.

Unto Mr. and Mrs. Kruse seven children have been born. Virginia Alice is the wife of J. Albert Matson, a merchant of Marshfield, Oregon, and the father of one child, Julius Alford. Fred D. married Lorraine Escott, a native of Pennsylvania, and the daughter of William J. and Jeannette (Wilson) Escott, the former a native of Wales and the latter of Nova Scotia, who emigrated to Oregon many years ago and settled in Marshfield where they now reside. Mr. and Mrs. Fred D. Kruse are the parents of one child, Frederick Donald, born July 4, 1911. The family reside upon the old homestead with the mother of Mr. Kruse. He is a graduate of the Oregon Agricultural College where he completed a special course in electrical engineering. Archie E., who is engaged in the shingle mill business at Prosper, Oregon, is married and has one child, Eugene, born June 22, 1908. Julius, who lives at home, is engaged in company with his brother Fred D. in the care and operation of the home farm consisting of seven hundred acres. Sarah is the wife of B. T. Van De Car, of Medford, Oregon. George lives at home with his mother. Grace, who completes the family, is attending high school.

Mr. Kruse was affiliated with the republican party but was never at any time an office seeker. He was a member of the Independent Order of Odd Fellows and also of the Masonic lodge, that order officiating at the time of his burial. Mr. Kruse was one of the highly respected and enterprising citizens of Coos county, a man of great energy and rare business ability. He was well known for his integrity in all business transactions and his death removed from this portion of the state one of its most useful citizens.

A. H. DOERING, an honored veteran of the Civil war, who since 1908 has been engaged in the harness business in Helix, was born in Crawford county, Pennsylvania, September 10, 1840. His parents were Henry and Mary Ann (Higenell) Doering, the father a native of Pennsylvania and the mother of Germany. The parents came to Oregon in 1869, first locating in Portland, and later removing to Prineville. They afterward went to Iowa, where the mother died in 1884, and the father then returned to Pennsylvania, where he resided until his death. In their family were seven children, two of whom are yet living.

A. H. Doering received his education in the public schools and remained at home with his parents until he attained his majority. He then took up the harness-maker's trade, which he continued to follow until the outbreak of the Civil war, when, in 1861, in response to his country's call for troops, he enlisted as a member of Company H, Ninth Indiana Infantry. He served until the close of the war, participating in forty-six battles. He received two wounds but never was compelled to leave the field of action. At the close of the war he was discharged in Texas on the 25th of September, 1865, after which he returned to Indiana and resided in that state until 1866. He then went to Minnesota, locating in Douglas county, where he followed his trade for seven years. In 1873 he removed to Buffalo Grove, Iowa, where he resided until June, 1875, when he went to Kansas and lived there until 1886. He then repaired to Colorado, in which state he continued to make his home until 1907, when he came to Oregon, settling at Helix, and in 1908 established the harness shop which he is now conducting.

In February, 1863, while at home on a furlough, Mr. Doering wedded Miss Jennie E. Van Epps, who was a native of New York. She passed away in 1878, leaving four children, Everett, Fred, Guy and William, all of whom are now living in Colorado. In 1882 Mr. Doering was again married, his second union being with Miss Sue Wing, and to them were born two children: Stephen, a resident of Colorado; and Grace, the wife of Harry F. Terrell, also of Colorado. Mrs. Doering died November 21, 1911. Mr. Doering is a man of upright character, and his genial and kindly manner has won for him many friends during his residence in Helix. He is now serving as a member of the city council.

JOSEPH F. SHEPHERD is one of the successful agriculturists in Josephine county whose beautiful farm of one hundred and sixty-five acres, improved with excellent and suitable residence and necessary farm buildings, is a compliment to his industry and economy. He was born in the state of Iowa on January 11, 1847, and is the son of Joseph and Jeannette M. (Hendricks) Shepherd. His parents crossed the plains with ox teams, emigrating to California in the year 1861. The train of which their wagon formed a part consisted of seven prairie schooners at the time of its departure for California but at various times during the long journey across the plains the train frequently reached a length of four miles. During this particular journey the Indians, for some unknown cause, were unusually troublesome, and at one point a lone woman who had escaped from a band of marauding Indians who had taken her captive, joined them and reported that the train to which she had belonged had recently preceded their emigrant train and all of their company, except herself, had been massacred. The parents of our subject were exactly six months in making their journey—from the day they started until they reached their place of settlement in California. Mrs. Shepherd passed away many years ago in California and her surviving husband now makes his home with his son Joseph.

Joseph F. Shepherd was reared in his parents' home and received his early education in the public common schools. He remained in California twenty years and in 1881 he removed to Oregon and some time after reaching this state he purchased a ranch of one hundred and sixty-five acres, upon which he has since continued to reside and to the development and improvement of this prop-

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erty he has given his entire attention since he first established his home upon it. At the time of his settlement his land was little else than an unbroken wilderness and this forbidding piece of real estate at that time Mr. Shepherd, by his constant toil and the wise investment of his strength and time and means, has turned into a highly cultivated and improved agricultural property. His buildings are among the finest in this portion of the state. In addition to his home farm and its equipment he is also the owner of a mining claim, located near Kerby, which has a very promising future.

In 1890 Mr. Shepherd was united in marriage to Miss Colvin, a native of Wisconsin, by whom he has one child, Narcissa, who is at home. In his political affiliations Mr. Shepherd is a socialist in the broad sense and in his religious connection he is a devout adherent and member of the Seventh Day Adventists church. He is a man of great ambition and intensely devoted to his home and the interests of his family. Throughout his community he is recognized to be a man of sterling integrity and always interested in every public enterprise of a beneficial character to the people of his community.

G. W. OWINGS first came to Jackson county in 1877 and although he has lived in the county since that year never permanently located in Eagle Point until he went into business here two years ago. At that time he engaged in the hotel and mercantile business and continues to be successfully identified with these activities. His birth occurred in Morgan county, Illinois, on the 6th of January, 1853, and he is a son of Edward and Nancy (Allen) Owings. The father was a native of Kentucky and the mother was a descendant of Ethan Allen, of Illinois. They passed the early years of their domestic life in the latter state, going from there to Iowa in 1853. After a year's residence in the Hawkeye state they removed to Missouri, settling in Harrison county in 1854, where the father passed away in 1857. In 1884 the mother came to Oregon, locating in Jackson county, and later she went to Coos county where she subsequently died. The family of Mr. and Mrs. Edward Owings numbered five, three of whom are still living.

The early years of G. W. Owings were filled with hardships and privations. The son of a widow, he was early thrown on his own resources and at the age of eight years became self-supporting. Naturally under the circumstances his schooling was quite limited but he managed to acquire a good practical education. In 1877 he crossed the plains with a team and wagon to Oregon, locating in Jackson county. A year later he went to Portland, going from there to Grant county three years later. Here he filed on a homestead and turning his attention to agricultural pursuits, devoted his energies to the cultivation of his land for fourteen years. At the expiration of that time he disposed of his holdings and once more settled in this county, making his home here for ten years. His next removal was to Nevada but after a three years' residence there he decided he preferred Oregon so he returned to Jackson county, in 1910, this time settling in Eagle Point. Upon his return he engaged in the hotel and mercantile business and during the two years of his connection with these activities has met with a good measure of success, and has every reason to feel gratified with his achievements. Mr. Owings' business training has been a hard and bitter one, as is that of every man who is thrown out into the world to make his own way at such a tender age, but it has developed the sagacity and foresight that are never acquired in any other school. He is a man of practical ideas, determination of purpose and tireless energy and undoubtedly finds much satisfaction in the fact that such success as has come to him is the result of his own unaided effort.

In Jackson county on the 16th of March, 1884, Mr. Owings was united in marriage to Miss Hattie Ritter, who was born and reared in this county and is a daughter of the Rev. Joseph and Caroline (Morgan) Ritter. The father was a native of Indiana and the mother of Tennessee but they came to Oregon in 1865, crossing the plains with an ox team. They took up their residence in Jackson county and thereafter made this state their home. Five children were born to Mr. and Mrs. Ritter, of whom four are living. Mr. and Mrs. Owings have four children: Amie M., the wife of Fred Findley, of Eagle Point; Willard J., who is at home; Robert R.; and Carrie Ellen.

The political allegiance of Mr. Owings is given to the republican party and he and his wife are members of the Baptist church and are accorded the esteem and regard of its congregation.

JOHN W. BIGGS. Prominent among the many rising young attorneys of Harney county is John W. Biggs. He has been an important figure in the legal profession in this city since 1894, at which time he was admitted to the bar of Oregon and began general practice. Mr. Biggs is a native of Kentucky, having been born in Georgetown, that state, May 18, 1870. His parents were James D. and Lucy C. (Hatch) Biggs, the former a native of New London, Missouri, and the latter of Louisville, Kentucky. The Biggs family has been in America since colonial times. The great-grandfather was Davis Biggs, a native of North Carolina, who removed from that state to Kentucky and in 1821 to Missouri where he made his home, following his calling as a minister in the Baptist church and for a short time engaging in farming. John D. Biggs, the grandfather of the subject of this review, was the next representative of the line. He was born in Kentucky and was extensively engaged in the stock-raising business in Missouri. In this occupation he engaged actively for over thirty years, dying in Missouri at the venerable age of seventy-eight years.

His son, James D. Biggs, the father of the subject of this sketch, was educated in the

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Baptist College at Georgetown, Kentucky, and followed the ministry in Missouri until 1909. His son, John W. Biggs, the subject of this sketch, was the eldest of a family of seven children. His primary education was received at the Glendale Boys' School in Glendale, Missouri. He later went to McCune College at Louisiana, Missouri, finishing at William Jewell College located at Liberty in the same state. Upon his graduation he went to Bowling Green, Missouri, and taught mathematics in a small college in that city for a short time. He has the distinction of having read law under Champ Clark, now speaker of the national house of representatives. He came to Oregon and taught school for a short time in Canyon City, removing to Burns in 1893. The following year he was admitted to the bar and began a general practice of law in this city, where he has since remained. He practiced alone until 1900 when he was joined by his brother, Dalton Biggs, now circuit judge of Harney county and this partnership continued until 1906. Mr. Biggs has always been keenly interested in national and local politics, but has always avoided public office for himself.

John W. Biggs was married twice. His first wife was Miss Mabel Hazeltine, whom he married January 1, 1896. She was the daughter of G. I. Hazeltine of whom more extended mention is made on another page in this work. She died in 1904 leaving one daughter, Helen. On June 11, 1907, Mr. Biggs was again married. His second union being with Miss Mary E. Byram, a native of New York, by whom he has two children, John Byram and Edith Lucy.

John W. Biggs is a thorough lover of outdoor life. He owns a small ranch one mile north of Burns where he makes his home and gives much time and attention to the breeding of fine registered trotting stock. His activities along this line were at one time very extensive but he has now reduced his stock to six or eight horses. He has won many blue ribbons at state and county exhibitions. He has a prize mare named Judith which he raised himself. She has a record of 2:25 and is the dam of Harold Welcome, a horse which Mr. Biggs recently sold and which made a record of 2:11¼. Mr. Biggs last year sold his horse Sidney Wilkes with a record of 2:22¼.

Mr. Biggs is an able lawyer, actively interested in the details of his profession. He is a highly respected citizen and widely popular in Burns where he has been for several years a prominent member of the school board.

MRS. MAUD KUBLI is one of the large ranch owners in Jackson county. Her ranch, comprising two hundred and twenty acres of highly improved land, is located on Big Applegate creek in that county. This large body of land she is engaged in developing and cultivating and is in every way successful as an agriculturist. Her birth occurred in Oregon on the 24th of September, 1870, her parents being William and Emma (Sturgiss) Cameron, the father a native of Iowa and the mother of this state. There were five children in the family.

On the 25th of May, 1887, Maud Cameron was united in marriage to Henry Kubli, who was also a native of Oregon, his birth having occurred on the ranch, now owned and occupied by his widow, in 1860. Unto Mr. and Mrs. Kubli were born four children: Chester, Harold, Edith and Edward. The father of this family closed his earthly pilgrimage September 8, 1910, and his remains were interred in the Jacksonville cemetery. In his political affiliations he was a republican and in 1906 he was honored by election to the lower branch of the general assembly as state representative. He was a worthy exemplar of the Masonic fraternity and also belonged to the Benevolent Protective Order of Elks. His surviving widow, Mrs. Maud Kubli, is a woman universally esteemed throughout the entire circle of her acquaintances. Being a representative of one of the pioneer families of the state, in this section of which her birth has occurred, her education has been acquired and her married life has been passed, she has become one of the best known and influential among the women of her community. She is a capable business woman, a devoted mother and a loyal friend to every good cause seeking the betterment of her county and state.

LOUIS HANKS, JR., is now prominent in agricultural circles of Douglas county where he is engaged in the cultivation of one hundred and thirty-nine acres of land which he has planted in grain and prune orchards. He was born in Klamath county, March 30, 1880, and is a son of J. L. and Mary Jane (Perdue) Hanks. His father was a native of Springfield, Illinois, and his mother's birth occurred in Douglas county, Oregon. They were the parents of ten children: John, Marion, Ella, Lennie, Edward, Emma, Jessie, Affa, Louis, Jr., of this review, and William.

Louis Hanks, Jr., received his education in the public schools of Klamath county and remained at home with his parents, assisting with the work on the farm until he was twenty-nine years of age, when he started in life for himself and worked at various occupations for some time. He is now the owner of the homestead which his father operated and the acres surrounding it and he makes a specialty of his grain and his fruit orchards. He has a large number of acres planted to prune trees which he cultivates along modern, scientific lines. The quality and abundance of his harvest increases every year and his fruit always finds a ready sale on the market. Mr. Hanks also specializes in the breeeding of high-grade hogs and this branch of his business is constantly growing and is one of the most important departments of activity on Mr. Hanks' ranch.

On October 20, 1909, Louis Hanks was united in marriage to Miss Edith Montgomery of Canyonville, Oregon. She is a daughter of Thomas and Effie (Lowe) Montgom-

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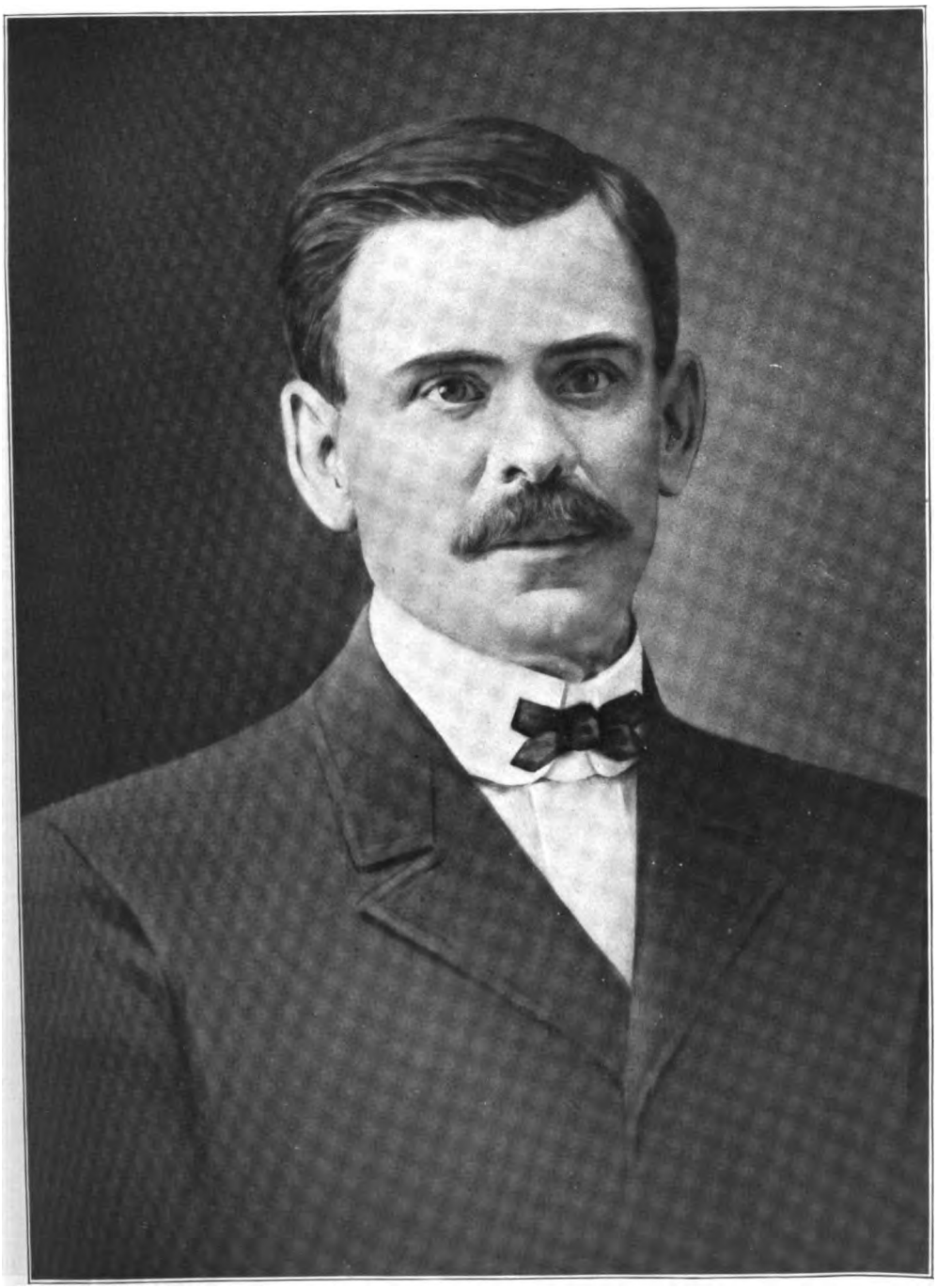

HENRY KUBLI

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ery, the father a native of Arkansas, and the mother of California. Thomas Montgomery came from his state when he was still a small child and the family settled in Redlands, California. His father was a member of the California Volunteer Regiment during the Civil war.

Mr. Hanks has been affiliated with the Democratic party since the time when he cast his first vote. His allegiance to this party's principles and policies is a tradition in his family and was handed down to our subject from his father, who was stanchly and consistently democratic all during his life. Louis Hanks takes an intelligent interest in business affairs but has never sought political preferment. He devotes his entire time and attention to improving the quality of the grain which he raises, to making his fruit harvests more abundant and to breeding his hogs along scientific lines. He is a fitting type of the young western ranchman, active, energetic and broadly intelligent,—a type which is the outgrowth of western conditions and which is doing so much to promote the progress and development of this section of the country.

JAMES T. HUSTON, who is one of the prominent residents of Ukiah, was born in Callaway county, Missouri, September 20, 1852. He is a son of John and Permelia (Branham) Huston, both of whom were natives of Kentucky and were reared and married in that state. The parents removed to Missouri in 1824, settling on a farm where the city of St. Louis now stands. Constructing the first house in that place, they resided there for some time but not liking the location, they removed to a farm in what is now known as Callaway county, where they remained until 1864. In that year they crossed the plains to California, locating in Lake county, about one hundred miles north of San Francisco, where the father engaged in the stock-raising business and resided until his death, January 22, 1891. The mother died there October 23, 1893. They were both members of the Baptist church. Four of their sons, William, John, Robert and Edwin, enlisted in the Confederate army, during the Civil war under General Price, and William was killed at the battle of Vicksburg.

James T. Huston was but twelve years of age when his parents removed to California, where he grew to manhood. He had little opportunity for an early education, there being no schools open in Missouri during the war, and on removing to California, he could only take advantage of three months' schooling during each winter. At about the age of twenty he started out in life for himself by renting a ranch, which he operated until 1876. At that time, his father having retired from active work, James T. Huston took charge of and operated the home place. In 1880 he came to Oregon, settling in Umatilla county, where he homesteaded one hundred and sixty acres of land in the Camas valley, a half mile west of where Ukiah now stands. He improved and cultivated this farm, residing thereon for ten years. In 1890 he removed to Ukiah, where in June, 1891, together with J. B. Despain, J. B. McDill, E. B. Ganbee, D. C. Whiting and John T. Dizney, he laid out the town. The tract of land which the partners purchased at that time was an old preemption claim. Mr. Huston later erected the Ukiah Hotel, which occupied one of the most imposing buildings at that time and is today one of the largest in Ukiah. He operated the same for seven years and conducted in connection a feed stable. For the first four years of this period he also managed the stage line between Ukiah and Pendleton, having two stages which made the trip of fifty-one miles daily, one leaving Pendleton and the other Ukiah, every morning. They covered this entire distance with but two changes of horses. In 1905 Mr. Huston sold the hotel and feed stable and removed to Malheur county, where he resided one year and then returned to Umatilla county, living two years in Pendleton. Subsequently he came back to Ukiah, where he has since resided. He owns three hundred and twenty acres of land, which is situated half a mile west of the town and is operated by his son, H. H. Huston.

In Lake county, California, on the 6th of January, 1878, Mr. Huston wedded Miss Belle Rippey, who is a daughter of Gibson and Elizabeth (Lake) Rippey. Her parents were both natives of Kentucky and were reared and married in that state, later removing to Missouri. About 1852 they crossed the plains with ox teams to California and located in Amador county, where the father engaged in freighting to Virginia City and Carson City, Nevada. Later they removed to Solano county and subsequently to Lake county, where they both died. To Mr. and Mrs. Huston have been born two sons: Harry H., who manages his father's ranch and engages in the dairying business; and Louis G., of Ukiah, who is also a dairyman. In politics, Mr. Huston is a democrat, and fraternally he is a member of Eureka Lodge, No. 32, I. O. O. F., and he is also a member of the United Artisans. He is a progressive man with many friends, a prominent citizen of Ukiah, and greatly interested in the welfare of that town, which he helped to establish.

JUDGE JOHN S. COKE for many years past has been known throughout this portion of Oregon as one of the most reliable jurists of this state. He was born near Morristown, Tennessee, August 21, 1867, and is a son of John S. and Mary E. (Moore) Coke, both of whom are natives of Tennessee. Mrs. Coke is a daughter of Dr. Isaac Moore, her birth having occurred in 1842 and that of her husband in the year 1828. Mr. and Mrs. Coke emigrated to Oregon in 1871 and settled in Coos county, where they have since continued to live. John S. Coke has served as collector of customs at Coos bay and has also filled the office of superintendent of public schools of Coos county. He now maintains his resi-

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dence at North Bend with one of his sons and is the owner of a tract of fine agricultural land in this state. To Mr. and Mrs. Coke eight children were born: Thomas, now of Marshfield, this state; Richard J., of North Bend, Oregon; P. S., a practicing physician of Oakland, California; John S., of this review; Hugh M., of Berkeley, California; James L., of Honolulu; Frances, now the wife of Judge Harlocker, of Coquille, Coos county; and Caroline, deceased.

Judge Coke received his early education in the public schools of this state and also under the private tutelage of his father, who is a highly educated and accomplished gentleman. After completing his early education he engaged in the study of law, taking his preliminary course in law offices in Portland and at Coos bay and later completing a thorough course at the University of Oregon. At present he is circuit judge of the second judicial district of Oregon, which includes in its boundaries six counties of this state: Coos, Douglas, Lane, Curry, Benton and Lincoln. He was first elevated to the bench by appointment in 1909 and later, in 1910, he was elected for the regular six-year term, receiving a very large and complimentary plurality vote.

In 1903 Judge Coke was united in marriage to Miss Annie Laurie Anderson, a native of Oregon and a daughter of Mr. and Mrs. E. A. Anderson, of Marshfield, who had six children, five of whom are still living. To Judge Coke and his wife two children have been born: Morton, whose birth occurred in 1904; and Virginia, whose natal year was 1907.

Judge Coke is a republican consistently giving the benefit of his suffrage to the party. He has served as mayor of the city of Marshfield and also as state senator for four years. He and his family are all members of the Episcopal church of Marshfield. Fraternally he is identified with the Masons and the Knights of Pythias.

Throughout the state of Oregon he is known as an able and honorable jurist and the district over which he has jurisdiction fully realizes that no mistake was made in his election to that high and honored position which he now holds in the interests of all the people. He is descended from the best blood of Tennessee and brings to his work the power and ability of a highly cultured man. He is ever to be found giving the weight and benefit of his influence to the advancement of every good measure seeking the enlightenment and advancement of the people of his state and county.

H. G. CASTEEL is a partner in the Monarch Hardware & Furniture Company of Pilot Rock, being associated in this enterprise with his brother R. L. Casteel and with J. M. Gilbert. He began his career as a farmer in Kentucky, his native state, but early in life recognized the advantages offered by the great northwest and in 1903 came to Oregon, settling in Pilot Rock. He was born in Laurel county, Kentucky, August 14, 1880, and is a son of Robert N. and Polly (Riggs) Casteel, who were natives of Kentucky and Virginia respectively.

H. G. Casteel spent his youthful days in his parents' home in Kentucky and is indebted to the public-school system of his native state for the educational opportunities accorded him. On attaining his majority he began farming on his own account, operating a part of the old homestead. In 1903, however, he severed home ties and, leaving the Blue Grass state, made his way to the northwest, settling at Pilot Rock, Oregon. Here he engaged in the confectionery, stationery and notion business and shortly afterward was appointed postmaster of the town. He resided here until October 1, 1910, when, in company with J. M. Gilbert, he purchased the mercantile business of I. R. Laurance in Ukiah. The store was conducted under the firm style of Gilbert & Casteel until March 1, 1911, when Mr. Casteel purchased Mr. Gilbert's interest in the business and the Ukiah Mercantile Company was formed. He remained a factor in the conduct of the store there until 1912, when he disposed of his interests at Ukiah and became a partner in the Monarch Hardware & Furniture Company at Pilot Rock, having returned to this city to make his home.

In 1903 Mr. Casteel wedded Miss Lilly Kinnison, of Pilot Rock, a daughter of Nathaniel Kinnison, a retired ranchman residing in this city. Mr. Casteel is a stanch republican, following in the political footsteps of the grandfather, Lemuel Casteel, who was one of only eleven voters in Laurel county, Kentucky, who cast their ballot in favor of Abraham Lincoln. H. G. Casteel has served as a member of the town council of Pilot Rock and is interested in all that pertains to public progress and improvement. Fraternally he is a member of Alta Lodge, No. 165, I. O. O. F., and he also holds membership in the encampment and with the Rebekahs. He is affiliated with the Improved Order of Red Men, with the United Artisans and with Pendleton Lodge, No. 288, B. P. O. E. His wife is a member of the Presbyterian church and the family give their support to that denomination. Mr. Casteel is a public-spirited citizen and an enterprising and diligent business man and during the years of his residence in the northwest he has won the warm regard and good-will of many with whom he has come in contact.

LOUIS C. SIVERS. The farming interests of Jackson county find a worthy representative in Louis C. Sivers, who is devoting his place to the production of alfalfa and to the raising of stock. In other connections he is also prominently known, being the leading grower of onions in this part of the state. In fact, he is a wide-awake and alert business man, who is making good use of his time and opportunities. He was born in Syracuse, New York, January 1, 1841, and is a son of Captain Henry Sivers, who commanded Admiral Sloat's flagship during the Mexican war. He had both legs shot off during the siege of Vera Cruz, after which he was sent home and there died from the re-

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sult of his injuries when his son Louis was but four years of age. His widow passed away almost immediately afterward and the little orphaned boy was reared by Walter Cole. He was one of six children, John, Jacob, Henry, Louis, Mary and Susan. His first work was on the Erie canal and at length he became a cabin boy under Captain Hunter on ocean vessels, being thus engaged until after the outbreak of the Civil war. He enlisted in 1861 as a seaman and continued to serve in the navy until 1876. His last cruise was on the Kearsarge and he became a quarter gunner. Because of the violent concussion in the discharge of the guns his hearing was destroyed and, this rendering him unfit for further military duty, he was honorably discharged on the 19th of April, 1876.

At that time Mr. Sivers went to California, where he engaged in driving a six horse team. In 1882 he took up a soldier's homestead near Bybee Springs on Evans creek, comprising two hundred acres of as fine ranch land as there is on the creek. His place is beautifully located and has been cleared and put under cultivation by Mr. Sivers, who is engaged largely in the raising of stock and in the production of alfalfa and of onions, being now known as "the king of the onion growers." The southern Oregon onion is a splendid vegetable, growing to large size, and he finds a cash market here for all he can raise. In 1904 he went to Washington, where he found Rear Admiral Manning, who used his influence in securing for Mr. Sivers a well deserved pension of forty-five dollars per quarter. Mr. Sivers is still carrying a minie ball in his right leg which was imbedded there at the siege of Vicksburg, when he was serving on board the gunboats Argosia and Clary Dolson. His back also shows seven scars received in the same campaign and he was struck by a minie ball in the right arm at the battle of Fort Henry. He knows all there is to be known about naval warfare and a life on the broad deep and he can relate many interesting incidents concerning his experiences while a seaman and naval officer.

In 1879 Mr. Sivers was married to Mrs. Nancy Jane Ammons, a widow, and they had one son, Isaac, who died in the mines when twenty-three years of age. In politics Mr. Sivers is a democrat and a believer in free trade. He is always fearless in defense of his honest convictions and loyal to his principles. In the management of his farming interests he shows good judgment and unfaltering enterprise and is winning well merited success.

L. C. CHARLEY is engaging in general dairying and farming as well as stock-raising in the vicinity of Brownsboro, where he owns three hundred acres of well cultivated and highly improved land. He was born in Nebraska on the 13th of July, 1856, and is a son of William and Meda (Hurst) Charley. The parents were natives of Indiana but in 1855 they went to Nebraska, returning to Indiana two years later. They remained in the latter state until 1867, when they went to Illinois, locating in Mason county. Four years later they continued their journey westward to Iowa, coming from there to Oregon in 1876. Soon after their arrival in Jackson county the father filed on a homestead which he cultivated during the remainder of his active life. He and the mother now reside in Medford where he is living retired. They are the parents of five children, four of whom are still living.

The education of L. C. Charley was acquired in the public schools of the various states in which the family resided during his boyhood and early youth, and during that time he was also assisting with the work of the farm. He remained at home with his parents until he attained his majority and then started out to make his own way in the world. During the intervening years, through his unceasing diligence, thrift and capable management he has acquired three hundred acres of fine land. It is all under cultivation and well improved and is a credit to his enterprise and activity. He has erected large, commodious barns and outbuildings and a comfortable residence on his place, which is thoroughly equipped with all machinery and implements needed in its operation. Here, in connection with his general agricultural pursuits, he is engaged in stock-raising and dairying and is finding each to be very remunerative.

In 1880 Mr. Charley was united in marriage to Miss Jennie Brown, a daughter of Henry R. and Martha Brown, who are mentioned at greater length elsewhere in this work. Seven children have been born to Mr. and Mrs. Charley: Nora, the wife of I. L. Bradshaw, of this county; Edna M., who was born on the 26th of September, 1886, and died on April 27, 1903; William H., who was born in September, 1887, and died July 7, 1889; Hazel M., the wife of George Nichols, Jr.; and Lemon R., Verna B. and one who died in infancy.

In his political views Mr. Charley is a republican, but he has never aspired to figure in public life, always having preferred to give his entire attention to the development of his agricultural interests in which he is meeting with very satisfactory results.

WILLIAM C. COFFMAN is one of the highly respected residents of Golden. He was born in Fulton county, Illinois, October 29, 1837, and is the son of Augustus and Margaret (Cozby) Coffman, the former a native of Virginia and the latter of Blunt county, Alabama. Augustus Coffman emigrated to Oregon in 1853, crossing the great American desert with ox teams and made his first settlement in Benton county, Oregon. He remained on the place of his first location for eighteen months and then removed to California where he resided for one year during which time occurred the death of Mrs. Coffman. He then returned to Benton county, Oregon, and there continued to live until 1859 and then removed to Douglas county, where he engaged in the cattle business and continued to live until the time of

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his death which occurred in 1875, at Eugene, Oregon.

William C. Coffman was reared in his father's home and received his early education in the public schools of the district in which he lived. In 1862 he moved to Idaho where he was engaged in mining for one year. In 1863 he settled in Boise, Idaho, where he remained until 1865 and then removed to Jackson county, Oregon, and after spending one winter there he moved to Deerlodge county, Montana, and later to Salt Lake City, in which place he remained for a short time. He then removed to California and shortly after returned to Jackson county where he continued to reside for a period of three years during which time he was engaged in the general teaming business. He afterward removed to Crescent City, California, at which place he was married and thereafter continued to be engaged in the teaming and sawmill business for eight consecutive years. While a resident of Crescent City his wife died and immediately following her death he removed to Lane county, Oregon, and after spending eighteen months in that county he returned to Crescent City, California, where he remained for a brief time and later removed to Colfax, Washington, and took up a government homestead upon which he continued to live for nine years. He later disposed of that property and moved to Coos county, Oregon, where he maintained his residence for three years and then returned to Washington and there continued to live until 1900. He then returned to Coos county, this state, and later settled in Golden, in Josephine county, where he has since continued to reside and where he is interested in mining.

To Mr. and Mrs. Coffman three children have been born: Mary, the wife of Louis Williams, of Washington; J. W., a resident of this county, and Sarah M., deceased. He has one grandson, Claude Wilkenson, who resides in Hood river valley. Mr. Coffman is a member of the A. F. & A. M. Lodge, No. 45, of California. He is one of the well known and respected citizens of Josephine county and is an enterprising and public-spirited member of the community in which he resides.

JUDGE RICE R. McHALEY, by virtue of his well known qualifications for the position and his acknowledged reputation for scrupulous integrity, is now occupying the bench as county judge of Grant county, Oregon, for a third term. His birth occurred in Aumsville, Marion county, this state, on the 25th of August, 1865, his parents being George W. and Mary (Jackson) McHaley, who were natives of Indiana and Missouri, respectively. His paternal grandfather was John McHaley, who emigrated from Missouri to Oregon in 1843, traveling in company with the now famous Whitman party. Reaching Oregon late in the season, they wintered in Oregon City, at which place they endured great hardships and where Mr. McHaley and his family would no doubt have perished had it not been for the generous and timely assistance given to them by Dr. McLoughlin, a name now almost sacred in the annals of the McHaley family and the people of Oregon. With the opening of the following spring John McHaley removed to Marion county, locating near Salem. Here he filed on government land and established his home. He was a man of pronounced convictions and strong will. At the time of the outbreak of the Civil war he declared himself a strong sympathizer with the southern cause, to which he proffered his services as a soldier in the field, but was rejected on account of his extreme age. Still hoping to be of service to the cause so dear to his heart, he started for Texas, no doubt with the evident purpose of finding some place where his enthusiasm and remaining strength could contribute to the success of the Confederacy. From the time he left his early pioneer home near Salem he was never heard of again. He sleeps in an unknown but the honored grave of a man who contributed the full measure of his strength to the cause which to him appeared to be righteous. He was the only member of the McHaley family to sympathize with the southern Confederacy. His wife died on the old home farm near Salem. The maternal grandfather of Judge McHaley was Thomas P. Jackson, who came to Oregon soon after the emigration of the McHaley family. He made his first location in Clackamas county and in 1869 removed to Grant county, locating near Monument on the north fork of the John Day river, at which place he entered government land, dividing his time in later years between his farm and interests he still retained in Clackamas county. His death occurred in Grant county in 1905.

George W. and Mary (Jackson) McHaley, the parents of Judge McHaley, were married in Molalla, Clackamas county, and located at Aumsville, Marion county, Oregon, where Mr. McHaley owned three hundred and twenty acres of his father's donation claim. In 1870 they came to Grant county, locating near Monument, where George W. McHaley continued to reside until 1881, at which time he removed to Prairie City, where he made his home until his death in July, 1906. At that time he owned some two thousand acres of land. He was elected to represent his county in the state legislature, serving during the session of 1882 and 1883 and also in the special session of 1883 and 1884. He was a republican in politics and was one of the most prominent and influential party leaders and representative citizens of his county.

Judge Rice R. McHaley was reared at home and educated in the public schools. Prior to his twenty-first year he had been somewhat busy in gathering cattle, sheep and horses, thus laying a foundation for his future business career. At the age of twenty-one he left the parental roof and located in what is now a part of Harney county, at that time Grant county. Here he remained but two and a half years, when he removed to Prairie City in Grant county and in 1889 received the appointment of postmaster, in which office he continued to serve for a period of five years, carrying over one year from the close

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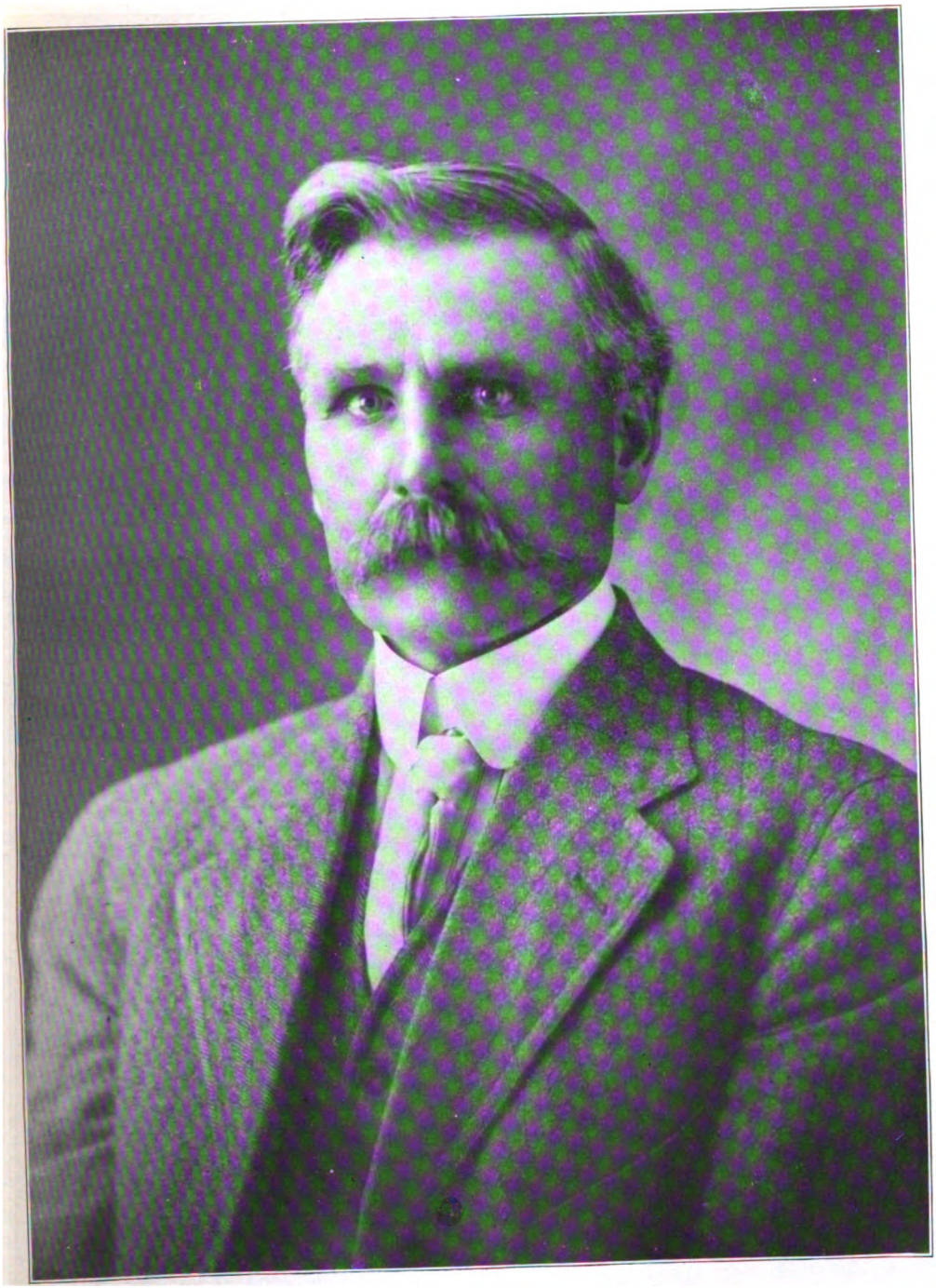

R. R. McHALEY

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of the republican administration, from which he had received his appointment. During his incumbency of the office he had continued in the stock business and also for a short time owned and operated a butcher shop in Prairie City. In 1898 he was elected to the office of county clerk for Grant county, serving two terms in that office. At the expiration of the second term he was elected county judge. In this official capacity he has since continuously remained and is now serving his third term. He owns three hundred acres of land adjoining Prairie City and four hundred and eighty acres of land in the Fox valley in Grant county. He still continues in his cattle business and is among the most successful ranchmen of his county.

On the 2d of March, 1887, Judge McHaley was married to Miss Lizzie Hubbard, a daughter of Nathan and Mattie (Carpenter) Hubbard, a very accomplished and refined lady who has aided materially in her husband's success. She came to Oregon from Wisconsin in 1877. Her father, Nathan Hubbard, was a veteran of the Mexican and Civil wars. To the union of Judge and Mrs. McHaley have been born nine children, six of whom still survive: Avis G., Kenneth G., Elizabeth M., Rice R., Jr., Eileen and James Jackson. All are still under the parental roof.

Judge McHaley is a worthy exemplar of the Masonic fraternity, being a member of Blue Mountain Lodge, No. 34, A. F. & A. M.; Blue Mountain Chapter, No. 7, R. A. M.; and Union Council, No. 5, R. & S. M., of Union, Oregon. Both he and his wife belong to Julia Chapter of the Eastern Star of Canyon City. Judge McHaley is a republican in politics. He has inherited the responsibilities of a highly distinguished and honored name and during the busy and varied business years of his life he has maintained the unsullied name of his father and added substantially by his own integrity and ability to the capital stock of the family history. Today he is one of the most influential, enterprising and useful citizens of his county and state.

GEORGE HERBERT WILCOX, serving for the second term as mayor of Newport, and occupying as well a prominent position in commercial circles as senior partner in the grocery firm of Wilcox & Hamer, was born November 13, 1853, in Erie county, Pennsylvania. His parents were Charles N. and Elizabeth (Pike) Wilcox, both of whom were natives of the state of New York. The father followed the milling trade during the greater part of his life, being engaged for many years in the manufacture of flour.

George Herbert Wilcox, one of a family of six children, was educated in the public schools of Canon Falls, Minnesota, to which place his parents removed when he was a young lad. He was about sixteen years of age when he took up the milling business, learning the trade under the direction of his father. He has been acquainted with the business from the days of the old mill stone system and through all the intermediate processes of development and improvement to the present methods, continuing actively in that field of labor until his removal to Oregon, with the exception of two years spent in Missouri and Colorado. On the 23d of March, 1889, he arrived in Hillsboro, Oregon, where he was engaged in the milling business for four years. Subsequently he was called to public office, being elected in June, 1900, to the position of assessor of Washington county, in which he served for four years. He was afterward for two years acting deputy assessor, after which he was reelected county assessor and served for eight years. Soon after the expiration of that period he was appointed deputy sheriff and continued in office until his removal to Newport, Oregon, in June, 1910. In the meantime he had been elected mayor of Hillsboro and remained chief executive of that city from December 5, 1899, until December 5, 1900. This followed his service as one of the trustees of Hillsboro from December, 1897, until he assumed the duties of the mayoralty. On his removal to Newport Mr. Wilcox entered the grocery business in partnership with W. R. Hamer, in which connection they have become established as leading grocery of the town. They have a large and well appointed store and are accorded a liberal patronage. Mr. Wilcox has not only become recognized as one of the leading merchants of the city but, as in Hillsboro, has also been accorded high political honors in his election to the mayoralty. He assumed the duties of that position on the 1st of January, 1911, and by reelection he is now serving for the second term.

While in Hillsboro Mr. Wilcox was married on the 11th of April, 1906, to Miss Lura Waggener, a daughter of Rufus and Annabell (Baile) Waggener, who are now residents of Newport, Oregon, and have a family of five living children, of whom Mrs. Wilcox is the eldest. Her father is a Civil war veteran, having served with the Third Iowa Regiment of Volunteers. For many years he was proprietor of the Tualatin Hotel, and on selling out removed to Newport, where he is now living retired. Mr. and Mrs. Wilcox have one child, Theodore Herbert, who was born December 21, 1907. The parents are members of the Newport Baptist church and fraternally Mr. Wilcox is a Mason, belonging to the lodge and also to the Eastern Star. He is a republican of broad and liberal views, being connected with the progressive wing of the party. In fact he stands for development and improvement along all lines which are of vital interest to the individual and the community, and his cooperation can ever be counted upon in support of projects and measures for the general good.

C. S. SANDERSON, the proprietor and manager of the Hotel Dunlap, has been identified with the business interests of Central Point for eight years, and during that time has won recognition as a man of more than average capability and efficiency. He was born in Vernon county, Wisconsin, on the 10th of August, 1856, and is a son of Bridane and Angeline M. Sander-

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son. The parents were born, reared and married in New Hampshire, whence they removed to Wisconsin in 1852, and there the father passed away in 1860. He was long survived by the mother who came to Jackson county in 1905 and here her death occurred in January, 1907. Three children were born of this union and of these two are still living.

C. S. Sanderson was reared at home and given the advantages of a common-school education. At the age of sixteen years he left the parental roof and started out to make his own way in the world. A year later, as a youth of seventeen he went on the road as a traveling salesman. He continued to follow this vocation for eighteen years, and in 1904 he came to Jackson county, becoming a resident of Central Point. During the early years of his residence here he engaged in contracting and building in which he met with very good success, but he withdrew from this on the 1st of January, 1912, to assume the management of the Hotel Dunlap. In connection with this he also handles real estate and is succeeding in building up a very good business. Mr. Sanderson's many years on the road and knowledge of hotels generally well qualify him for his duties as a landlord and that he is profiting by his observation and experience is manifested by the excellent establishment he maintains. The service and table are much superior to what is usually found in towns of this size and although he has been conducting the enterprise for only a brief period his success seems assured.

In 1885 Mr. Sanderson was united in marriage to Miss Anna Milkie, a native of Germany, who came to America with her parents when a child of four years, and to them have been born two children, B. L. and C. C.

The family affiliate with the Baptist church and the political support of Mr. Sanderson is accorded the democratic party. In addition to his other interests Mr. Sanderson is a stockholder in the Mutual Telephone Company and is secretary and treasurer of this organization. He is one of the intensely loyal and enterprising citizens of the town, whose energies are largely expended in the betterment of public conditions and in forwarding every movement that will redound to the benefit of the community generally.

FRED E. FURRY, one of the representative men of Phoenix, Jackson county, owns the original mill property in the town and has ten acres of alfalfa land adjoining the corporation limits, besides other interests. He was born in Henry county, Iowa, February 18, 1860, a son of Samuel and Amelia (Barnebery) Furry, natives of Pennsylvania and Germany respectively. The mother emigrated to the new world with her parents when a young girl. The father crossed the plains in 1860 with an ox team from Iowa, his destination being Oregon. He arrived in this state with his team and wagon, two and a half dollars in cash and a sack of flour and settled in Phoenix. He there opened a hotel and later was the first man to open a resort at Soda Springs. He was engaged in this undertaking for a considerable period but on account of failing health removed to a ranch he had previously acquired, two and a half miles northeast of Phoenix, where he purchased additional land, his holdings totaling about five hundred acres. He made the ranch his home for forty-five years, living there until his death. He was politically a stanch democrat, a power in his party and served as the representative of his district in the state legislature for two terms, and was also county commissioner for several terms.

Fred E. Furry was reared under the parental roof and acquired his education in the public schools of Jackson county. When he attained the age of sixteen years he apprenticed himself to the gunsmith's trade with John Miller, of Jacksonville, with whom he remained for nine years. He then resigned and returned home to take charge of the home ranch on account of his father's advanced age. After conducting the place for several years he purchased one hundred acres belonging to the J. W. Bishop ranch and removed to his new holdings but continued for a considerable time to operate the home ranch of his father at the same time. In 1908 he sold his ranch and removed to Phoenix, where he has since made his home. Adjoining that place he owns ten acres of fine alfalfa land and is also the proprietor of the old original mill property of that town.

Mr. Furry was married in 1886 to Miss Isabella Caton, a daughter of Captain Milo Caton, one of the pioneers of Jackson county who is still living at the age of eighty-six years. Unto Mr. and Mrs. Furry have been born six children, Milo F., Nina M., Robert S., Leo L., Raymond and Sybil. In his political faith Mr. Furry is a democrat and is now the town recorder of Phoenix. Fraternally he is a member of Tenant Lodge, No. 111, I. O. O. F., belongs to Oregon Camp, No. 438, W. O. W., and is a member of the Rogue River Tribe, No. 57, I. O. R. M. Mr. Furry is one of the prominent and progressive citizens of Phoenix, is widely known and universally respected.

S. T. HODGES. S. T. Hodges, the popular liveryman, is the owner of considerable property in Gold Hill where he has acquired the distinction of being one of its most valuable citizens. He was born in California, December 12, 1861, the son of Daniel and Elizabeth Hodges, the former a native of Missouri and the latter of Texas. In 1851 the parents journeyed to California, where they lived for several years, later removing to Jackson county, Oregon. In 1907 they came to Gold Hill, where the mother still resides, the father having passed away in July of that year. In their family were six children, of whom four still survive.

S. T. Hodges received a common-school education and started out in life for himself at the age of sixteen years. He worked at various occupations until he was twenty-

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one years of age, when he became a gold miner, engaging in that occupation for sixteen years with varying success. His next business venture was in the mercantile line, which he followed until 1908, when he engaged in the livery business at Gold Hill, where he is still thus engaged. In addition to his other interests he is also the owner of several pieces of property in the town where he resides.

On the 29th of November, 1887, Mr. Hodges was united in marriage to Miss Isora Gall, a native of Jackson county and a daughter of C. C. Gall. To Mr. and Mrs. Hodges four children have been born: Albert L., deceased; and Millie P., Hattie E. and Letsy, all of whom are at home.

Mr. Hodges is a democrat in his political faith, and fraternally is a member of Gold Hill Lodge, No. 129, I. O. O. F. Mrs. Hodges is a member of the Adventist church, being actively engaged in the affairs of that denomination. Mr. Hodges, being a man of much natural ability along business lines and also possessing a marked degree of industry, has made a success of his business life. His efforts have always been well directed as his judgment in business matters is good and he has always done his work in a conscientious manner. As he is just in the prime of life he looks forward expectantly to many good things along business lines in the future and in the activities of his business career he takes great pride and pleasure. He is a conspicuous figure in business circles of Gold Hill and has the respect and confidence of a very large number of people with whom he meets on the most familiar terms. He is one of the most valuable citizens of his town and in the performance of the duties of his calling most efficiently serves a large number of patrons who are pleased to give him their business.

GEORGE McGOWAN. To George McGowan's Scotch virtues of initiative and thrift the town of Burns, Oregon, owes its municipal life and to his love for the immortal Scotch poet, Robert Burns, it owes its name. George McGowan was one of the pioneer settlers of the great northwestern America, one of the sturdy, determined men to whom the country is indebted for the development of this great and prosperous region. He was born in Banffshire, Scotland, in 1845, the son of James McGowan, who died when his son was still an infant. George McGowan was the first of the name to come to America, crossing from Glasgow, Scotland, to Sydney, Australia, and thence to San Francisco, where he arrived in 1864. He immediately enlisted in the United States army service and was sent to San Diego and he and his company were appointed to guard the pack trains between Fort Yuma and Fort Whipple, Arizona. The Apache Indians were at that time in a state of insurrection and travel in that section of the country was extremely perilous. In the course of an engagement with the savages George McGowan was wounded in the hand by an arrow but continued in the service until the close of the war, when he was mustered out at Presidio, California, receiving his honorable discharge as a private. He went to, and remained in San Francisco for a short time and engaged in business there but later came to Oregon and located in Lane county, near Eugene. Here he remained until the spring of 1882, teaching school and later engaging in the mercantile business. He was one of the early pioneer settlers of Harney valley. He formed a partnership with an old and wealthy pioneer named Peter Stenger and under the firm name of McGowan & Stenger opened a small store near a place called Egan, one and a half miles from the present townsite of Burns. Their original building is still standing but the business was moved one year later to the location where this city now stands. George McGowan made application to the United States government for postoffice privileges and founded the town which he named in honor of his national poet, Robert Burns, for whose work he had always had the most profound admiration. The partnership of McGowan & Stenger continued until 1888, when George McGowan sold out his interest in the enterprise and went into the hardware business, in which he continued until 1890, and was extremely successful during that time. After he founded the town of Burns he directed his energies toward the formation of Harney county, which was then a part of Grant county, governed by a county commission. He was one of the leaders who induced the government to create what is now the Burns land district and was appointed under the Cleveland administration the first receiver of the office. He served in this capacity only a short time for when President Cleveland's term expired he resigned his office and devoted his entire attention to his hardware business until 1890, when he sold out to Mr. Calvin Geer. Mr. McGowan then removed to Portland, Oregon, where he engaged in the grocery business until his retirement from active life in 1910.

In 1873 George McGowan was married in Cottage Grove, Oregon, to Miss Mary Jane Martin, a native of that city and a daughter of Louis Martin. They became the parents of four children: Jessie, now the wife of J. J. Walker, of San Francisco; Archie; James Edmund, now in business in Spokane, Washington; and Grace, the wife of B. B. Fleckenstein, of Portland.

Mr. McGowan is possessed of rare energy and the power of concentration. He is well known for his initiative and ability to organize and to these virtues the city of Burns is indebted for much of its present prosperity as well as its past remarkable growth. He was the first postmaster of the city and was responsible for obtaining for the city postoffice privileges at an early day in its foundation. He was a charter member of Harney Lodge, No. 77, I. O. O. F., and was the first noble grand master of that order. He is now spending the evening of his honorable life in retirement at Portland, Oregon, where he is well known and greatly beloved.

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The second son, Archie McGowan, received his early education in the public schools of Burns and later attended Portland high school. From there he went to the University of Oregon at Eugene and after his graduation engaged in business with his father, continuing in that connection until 1899. His failing health compelled him to travel at this time and he went north to Alaska as far as Kotzebue sound, where he remained for six months. The healthful outdoor life soon caused him to recover his health and he returned to Burns where he engaged in general farming and stock-raising for five years. Then he sold his farm and stock and engaged in the real-estate business in Burns and has been remarkably successful in this line during the seven years in which he has been connected therewith. He does a large amount of business each year and has already sold over a half million dollars worth of land.

Archie McGowan has a firm faith in the future of his native section. He considers the farm lands of the great northwest the richest and the stock-raising business to be one of the most advantageous pursuits open to man along commercial lines. He is engaged in the developing of the agricultural districts surrounding Burns and owns and controls several hundred acres of choice farm land in Harney valley.

He was married in April, 1905, to Juanita Smith, of Kansas, a daughter of Harry C. and Mollie L. Smith, residents of Burns. They are the parents of one child, Burns McGowan. There is scarcely a line of activity in this city in which Archie McGowan is not an active and dominating force. He has filled all of the chairs of the Independent Order of Odd Fellows and has received all of the honors open to him in that organization. He is grand master of the district and has been delegate to the grand lodge several times. The qualities of concentrated industry, remarkable business instinct, the faculty for organizing and developing which have made his father one of the pioneer settlers of Burns and a prominent man in its commercial and social history, have been handed down to the son.

C. L. SMITH is one of the successful dairy farmers of Coos county located four miles up the Coos river from Marshfield. In that county he was born April 29, 1868, and is the son of Nathan and Emily (Hobson) Smith, a more extended review of whom is published elsewhere in this work.

C. L. Smith was reared in his parents' home and received his early education in the public schools of the district in which he lived. He remained under the parental roof until twenty years of age and at that time started in life for himself, following for a livelihood various occupations for a period of twelve consecutive years. He then purchased eight hundred and eighty-nine acres of land located four miles up the Coos river from Marshfield, upon which he established his home and has since continued to devote his attention to the development and operation of his large ranch. He has made a specialty of dairy farming and in that business he ranks as one of the foremost men of his portion of the state.

C. L. Smith was united in marriage in 1894, to Miss Calla Tennison, a native of Arkansas, her birth having occurred July 17, 1873. She is the daughter of Levi and Mildred (Brandon) Tennison, both of whom were natives of Tennessee. Her parents celebrated their wedding in Arkansas where they continued to live until 1874, at which time they removed to Oregon, settling first on the west coast and there remained until 1897 when they moved to Washington. The father is still living, but the mother closed her earthly life in 1905. They became the parents of five children, three of whom are still living: Calla, the wife of the subject of this review; Charles, a resident of Seattle, Washington; Lillie, who is the wife of John Clarkson, of Seattle, Washington; and Walter and Alonzo, both deceased.

To Mr. and Mrs. C. L. Smith seven children have been born: Dorothy, born July 17, 1895, who is attending school; Harry L., born in 1897, also attending school; Bonnie, who was born September 19, 1899; Harvey, whose birth occurred in 1902; Mildred, who was born in 1905; Gracie, born in 1908; and Lillie, whose birth occurred in 1911. Mr. Smith is a stanch member of the republican party and his fraternal association is with the Myrtle Lodge of the Knights of Pythias of Marshfield. He and his family are members of the United Brethren church.

Mr. Smith is one of the enterprising farmers of Coos county and one of the largest land proprietors of the state. He is a man who is always identified with all public measures intended to advance and improve the agricultural and civic interests of his county and state.

DAVID DERSHAM, who was called to his final rest on the 12th of August, 1888, was for a number of years actively identified with the agricultural interests of Washington county, owning and operating a farm of three hundred and sixty-five acres. He was a native of Pennsylvania and a son of Samuel and Sarah Dersham, who were likewise born in the Keystone state. Subsequently they took up their abode in Wisconsin, continuing to reside in that state throughout the remainder of their lives. Their children were eight in number, namely: Mrs. Savilla Strickler, who makes her home in Iowa; Mrs. Sophia Mills, of Warren, Illinois; Mrs. Mary Richmond, living in South Dakota; Mrs. Annie Matingly, of Iowa; Moses, of Warren, Illinois; David, of this review; Mrs. Sadie Gosmer, who is deceased; and Perry.

David Dersham came to Oregon in 1874, settling in Washington county, where he was employed as a farm hand by Ulysses Jackson. After working by the month for two years, he married the latter's daughter Lydia and took up his abode on the farm, renting the property, which is now in possession of his widow, for two years. On the ex-

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MR. AND MRS. DAVID DERSHAM

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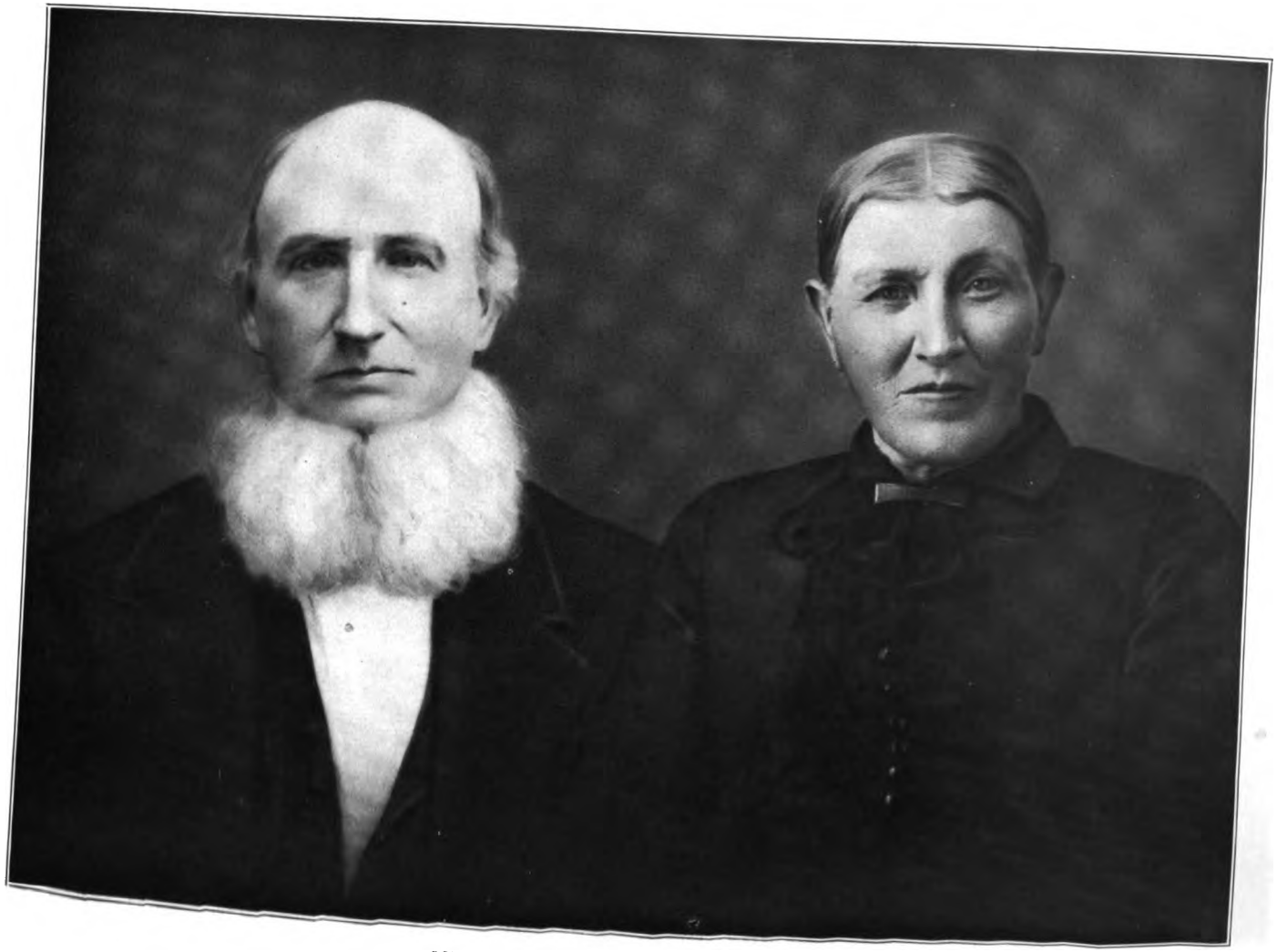

MR. AND MRS. ULYSSES JACKSON

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piration of that period his father-in-law died and the farm was inherited by Mrs. Dersham. It embraces three hundred and sixty-five acres of land, two hundred acres of which is under a high state of cultivation and improvement. Mr. Dersham devoted his attention to general agricultural pursuits throughout his active business career, and gained an enviable reputation as one of the substantial and representative citizens of his community.

On the 8th of November, 1876, Mr. Dersham was united in marriage to Miss Lydia O. Jackson, whose birth occurred in Washington county, Oregon, on the 14th of December, 1855, her parents being Ulysses and Lucinda (Dobbins) Jackson. The father was a native of West Virginia, his natal day being November 6, 1824, while the mother was born in Virginia on the 19th of July, 1829. Mr. Jackson crossed the plains to this state with an ox team and, clearing the timber from a densely wooded tract, began the development and improvement of a farm. He gave his attention to the work of the fields throughout his entire business career and at the time of his death was the heaviest landowner and taxpayer in Washington county. His demise occurred on the 22d of December, 1882, while his wife was called to her final rest on the 1st of February, 1911. Their marriage had been celebrated in Washington county, Oregon, on September 4, 1851. To them were born nine children, as follows: Mrs. Lovisa Crane, who is a resident of Milwaukee, Oregon; Mrs. Mary Carpenter, living in Spokane, Washington; Mrs. Dersham; John W., of Washington county, Oregon; Ulysses, who makes his home at Fossil, this state; Mrs. Henrietta Barrett, who is deceased; Henry, who has also passed away; William C., of Washington county; and George, who is deceased.

Mr. and Mrs. Dersham had five children, namely: Dolly C., who died at the age of four years; Sadie, who passed away when eleven months old; Eva L., whose natal day was November 13, 1882, and who is still at home; and Bertha and Francis, twins, born March 18, 1885, the former of whom is the wife of John Vanlom, of Portland, Oregon, while the latter is married and resides on the old homestead with his mother. Mr. Dersham gave his political allegiance to the republican party but neither sought nor desired office. His life was upright and honorable in all its relations and he well merited the regard and esteem which were uniformly tendered him. His widow has resided in Washington county from her birth to the present time and is widely and favorably known within its borders.

BERNHARD FRIEDRICH. Bernhard Friedrich, who resides on his farm situated two and one-half miles from Molalla, was born in Baden, Germany, August 19, 1854. He is a son of Antone and Ursula (Reineman) Friedrich, both of whom were natives of the grand duchy of Baden. The father was there engaged in agricultural pursuits and was a man prominent in public affairs, having served as mayor of his community and as a justice of the peace. In 1878 he came to America, following the subject of this sketch who had preceded him several years, and located in Salem, Oregon, where death overtook him the same year at the early age of forty-eight years. His wife, who is still surviving, makes her home with her daughter, Mrs. Ida Tuefer in Portland, Oregon. Mr. and Mrs. Friedrich were the parents of seven children: Kate, who was the wife of Andrew Grieshaber and is now deceased; Bernhard, the subject of this sketch; Julius, a retired farmer who now makes his home in Portland; Thomas, who was a barber in that city and is now deceased; Alois, who is a mechanic at Underwood, Washington; Ida, the wife of Joe Tuefer, who resides in Portland, Oregon; and Thusnelda, who passed away in Germany at the age of sixteen years before her parents came to this country. Mr. Freidrich was a faithful adherent of the Roman Catholic faith, of which church his wife is also a member.

Bernhard Friedrich received a fair education in Germany and in 1872, when eighteen years of age, set out for America alone, attracted by the opportunities offered in the unlimited resources of the new world. On arriving in this country he located in Rochester, New York, and there remained for three years, when he followed Greeley's sound advice and set out for the west, settling in San Jose, California, where he found employment in a brewery. In 1877 he left the sunny shores of the Golden state for the virgin territory of Oregon and came to Portland, where he worked for some time in Weinhard's brewery. In his various positions he had saved enough money from his earnings to purchase a sample room at Salem and this he operated for the next two years, when he sold out and purchased with the proceeds seventy acres of undeveloped land near New Era, Oregon. He grubbed and cleared this property and greatly improved the place and resided there until 1907. In 1902, however, he had already bought the farm near Molalla on which he now resides. It comprises one hundred and eighty-one acres of rich, fertile land, eighty acres of which is under cultivation, and he engages in general farming and specializes in the dairy business. In July, 1909, he built an ice plant and creamery in Molalla with a capacity of one and one-half tons of ice per day, and he can handle in this plant two hundred gallons of cream daily.

In 1884, at New Era, Oregon, Mr. Friedrich was married to Miss Mary E. Crader, of Calhoun county, Illinois, a daughter of Jacob and Eliza Crader. They came to Oregon in 1883 and settled near New Era, where they owned a farm and later on engaged in the hotel business. Both parents have now passed away. To Mr. and Mrs. Friedrich six children have been born: Olive, who is now Mrs. Meindl, residing at Clackamas Heights; Frank and Otto, who took a special dairy course in the State Agricultural College and now operate a creamery at Molalla; Kate, who married Royal

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Davidson, a farmer residing near Molalla; and Grover and Selma, who are yet at home. In his political faith Mr. Friedrich is in sympathy with the tendencies of the socialist party and, being deeply interested in the welfare of the community, he is widely and favorably known and has many warm friends. He may well be called a self-made man, for he started out in life empty handed and by his persistence and energy has won independence and financial success and today stands among his fellowmen honored for his sterling character, his pertinacity of purpose and his well merited attainments.

HON. D. H. MILLER. Gold Hill is fortunate in having among its citizens so eminent and valuable a man as Hon. D. H. Miller, a successful hardware merchant and an owner of city property. He is a man with a notable political record and is extremely active in matters which concern the public good. He was born in Jefferson county, Iowa, May 10, 1850, the son of Henry A. and Nancy Miller. In 1840 the parents took up their abode in Jefferson county upon a donation claim, where they resided until 1866, when they removed to Marion county, Iowa. In 1875 they came to Jackson county, Oregon, where the remainder of their lives were spent. In their family were ten children of whom only three survive.

D. H. Miller attended the common and high schools and remained at home until he attained his majority. He then embarked in agricultural pursuits, choosing Marion county, Iowa, for his field of operations. He farmed there until 1875, when, becoming convinced that the west offered advantages superior to those of the Hawkeye state, he emigrated to Oregon and engaged in farming for seven years. In 1883 he removed to Medford and entered the mercantile business, in which he continued for twenty-one years. He then disposed of his interests in Medford and settled in Gold Hill, where he engaged in the hardware business. In this line of trade he is meeting with much success and in addition to the business which he owns and operates he is the possessor of several pieces of real estate in Medford and Portland.

In 1871 Mr. Miller was married to Miss Elmira Brous, a native of Marion county, Iowa, and a daughter of James M. and Mary Brous, the former a native of Pennsylvania and the latter of Ohio. In 1842 the parents removed to Iowa, where the mother passed away. The father later emigrated to Jackson county, Oregon, and resided there until the time of his death.

In his political views Mr. Miller has always been a member of the democratic party and has risen high in its councils. In 1909 he was elected to the state legislature, serving for two years. He also served for two terms as county treasurer and was for five years postmaster of Medford, having been appointed by President Cleveland. He is a member of the Masonic fraternity of Medford and also belongs to the independent Order of Odd Fellows of that city, while his wife is a member of the Order of the Eastern Star. Both Mr. and Mrs. Miller are active and consistent members of the Christian church and to the extent of their ability labor to make that denomination effective in the community. The Hon. D. H. Miller stands very high in business, fraternal, political and social circles of Gold Hill, where he has long since been recognized as one of the leading citizens of the town. Having been extensively engaged in politics, he has a state-wide political acquaintance, many of his closest friends being prominent and honored state political figures. In his immediate community and county he is widely and favorably known and as he is active in his efforts to build up and promote the various interests of Gold Hill, he is regarded as one of its most prominent men.

DARWIN BRISTOW, assistant cashier of the First National Bank of Eugene, Oregon, was born in Pleasant Hill, Lane county, this state, December 21, 1862, a son of the Hon. William Wilshire and Elizabeth (Coffey) Bristow, both natives of Kentucky. The grandfather in the paternal line was Elijah Bristow, a biography of whom appears on another page of this work.

Mr. Bristow attended the public schools of Oregon and later was graduated from the University of Oregon, in the class of 1884, receiving therefrom the Bachelor of Arts degree. His first business undertaking was as a member of the firm of Eakin & Bristow, general merchants at Cottage Grove, Oregon, which he entered in 1884 and with which he was connected for twenty years. That company established the First National Bank of that town, of which Mr. Bristow became president, a position which he held until January 1, 1904, when he removed to Eugene and with F. L. Chambers opened the Chambers, Bristow Banking Company. In February, 1907, that institution was consolidated with the First National Bank of Eugene, at which time Mr. Bristow became assistant cashier of the new organization, in which capacity he is now serving, proving a most capable and popular official. In addition to his banking interests he is also a director of the Chambers Power Company, of this city, and is numbered among the well known and representative business men of the community.

Mr. and Mrs. Bristow became the parents of six children, two of whom, Dorothy and Darwin, are now deceased, Darwin Darrel, having died March 26, 1912. The others are Greta E., William Wilshire, M. Evelyn and Helen K. In his religious faith Mr. Bristow is a member of the Christian church while his wife is a communicant of the Roman Catholic church. Politically he is a republican and has taken an active interest in the affairs of the communities in which he has lived. His official service covers one term in the city council of Eugene. He served two terms as city treasurer and five terms as mayor of Cottage Grove, in all of which offices he proved himself most cap-

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able and efficient. Fraternally he is affiliated with Eugene Lodge, No. 11, F. & A. M., of which he is past master; Eugene Chapter, No. 10, R. A. M., of which he is past high priest; Hiram Council, No. 7, of which he is treasurer; and Ivanhoe Commandery, No. 2, K. T., of which he is past eminent commander; and he has also crossed the sands of the desert with the nobles of Al Kader Temple of the Mystic Shrine. He is likewise past grand patron of the Order of the Eastern Star, his membership being in Evangeline Chapter, No. 51.

Mr. Bristow's career in Oregon has been a most notable one, not only as a business man but as a citizen in the communities in which he has lived, and his life has ever been in harmony with that of an honored father who did so much to make the name of Bristow a prominent and influential one in the history of the state of Oregon.

HERBERT H. HAYNES is one of the enterprising and successful dairy farmers of Coos county. He is a native of Oregon, his birth having occurred at the old home farm which is the original donation claim of three hundred and twenty acres taken up by his father at the time when the family settled in this state. He is the son of Jerry C. and Lois A. (Hall) Haynes, the former a native of Ohio and the latter of New York state. Jerry C. Haynes emigrated to California in 1850 with the intention of interesting himself in the mining business. He, however, instead, engaged in the lumber business in the Golden State and continued to give his attention to that industry for a number of years. He later settled in Coos bay and took up a donation claim consisting of three hundred and twenty acres located in Coos county. He did not, however, devote much of his time to the development of that property, but at once engaged in the logging business after settling in this state, and continued to devote his attention to that industry for a period of twenty years. In 1887 he retired from the logging business and established his home in Bandon, where he engaged in the hotel business for one year and then returned to the old home farm on which he continued to live until 1892, thence removing to Myrtle Point where he purchased a dairy ranch which he operates under a lease and resides at the hotel in Myrtle Point. To Mr. and Mrs. Jerry C. Haynes ten children were born: Ida, deceased; Allie, the wife of James Arrington, of Myrtle Point, Oregon; Frank, a resident of Portland, Oregon; Charles, deceased; Lois, the wife of Edward Marcy, of Marshfield, Oregon, who is in the employ of the government; J. G., a resident of Eureka, California, who is also in the employ of the government; Katie, deceased; Minnie, the wife of R. H. Noble, of Marshfield, Oregon; Herbert H., the subject of this review, and Myrtle, the deceased wife of Fred Barnard, of Marshfield, Oregon. Mr. Haynes is affiliated with the republican party but has never at any time sought public office.

Herbert H. Haynes was reared in his father's home and received his early education in the public schools of Coos county. He started in life for himself at the age of eighteen years, at which time he obtained employment as a laborer and continued to work in various places for a number of years after which he rented a dairy ranch on the Coquille river and as a renter operated that property for one year and then returned to the old home farm, which he rented and where he engaged in dairy farming for four years. He later inherited a one-third interest in that property and he and his sister purchased the deceased sister's part. He now resides on this homestead of which he and his sister Minnie are the owners and there he is engaged in the dairy business. He uses in his business sixteen well selected dairy cows.

Mr. Haynes was united in marriage, in January, 1904, at Myrtle Point, to Miss Lillie Frances Arrington, the daughter of V. L. and Julia (McConnell) Arrington, the former of whom crossed the plains with his parents in 1852. The father of Mrs. Haynes is a native of Maysville, Missouri, and the mother of Portland, Oregon. To Mr. and Mrs. Arrington four children were born: Lillie Frances, the wife of the subject of this review; Violet, the wife of Richard Hancock, of Bandon, Oregon; Vincent and Gertrude, both of whom are still under the parental roof. To Mr. and Mrs. Haynes three children have been born: Wanda Pauline, born October 25, 1905; Raleigh J., whose birth occurred November 18, 1907; and Chester Herbert, born August 3, 1909. Mrs. Haynes is the niece by marriage of Aaron Rose, the founder of the city of Roseburg, Oregon.

Herbert H. Haynes is one of the well known citizens of Coos county and has been uniformly successful in all his business ventures. His highly cultivated farm of one hundred and two acres located seven miles up Isthmus Inlet is one of the interesting and well managed dairy farms of Oregon. He is a man who is always ready to lend his assistance to the advancement of any public enterprise seeking the improvement of the people in his county and state.

ELI ELLSWORTH WILSON has been a resident of the state of Oregon since 1894 and is actively interested in the occupations which are to a large extent peculiar to western America. He has a large ranch and is engaged in stock-raising and dairying and is also the proprietor of a sawmill. He was born in Washington county, Ohio, August 10, 1862, a son of William and Sarah (Warff) Wilson, both natives of Ohio, in which state they lived and died. They were the parents of seven children: Betty, now living in Columbus, Ohio; Jemima and Ephraim, both of whom are deceased; Charlotte, who is a resident of the state of Indiana; William, who lives in Pennsylvania; Margaret, who is also deceased, and Eli Ellsworth, of this review.

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The last named received his early education in the common schools of his native district but laid aside his books at the age of sixteen to take up work. In 1894 he came to Oregon and located at Ashland for one year. He then removed to Douglas county, where he bought a ranch on Cow creek which he has owned and operated since that time. He is also proprietor of a sawmill and has been remarkably successful along this line. His ranch is one hundred and twenty acres in extent and is operated under Mr. Wilson's personal supervision. He takes a keen delight in his herd of graded stock and his dairy is one of the cleanest and most modernly equipped in the county. He takes great pride in the quality of his butter and milk and they find a ready sale on the market.

In 1884 Mr. Wilson was united in marriage to Miss Emma Minch, a native of Ohio and a daughter of Adam and Margaret (Rice) Minch, both natives of Germany, who came to this country and settled in Ohio, where they died. Eli Ellsworth Wilson and his wife became the parents of twelve children: Harry W., who is deceased; C. L. and H. H., living at home; E. M., a resident of Central Point, Oregon; Doris M., who has passed away; Dolores V., living at home; Clarence A., deceased; Margaret, Rice H., Honor A., Roy L. and Josephine H., all of whom are living with their parents in Douglas county.

In his political views Mr. Wilson is consistently republican and takes an active interest in the public affairs of his district. He is a justice of the peace, in which capacity he has served for a number of years. He has held the position of school clerk for ten years and has made a remarkable record in this office. He is a true western rancher, interested in everything concerning the cultivation of the soil and the raising of high-grade cattle. His success is the result of hard work and personal experience and is due to the fact that he never let an opportunity pass unimproved.

H. E. BESSEY is the general manager of the Coos Bay Creamery, one of the best equipped enterprises of its kind in this portion of the state, the principal factory being located two and one-half miles up the river from Marshfield. He was born in Massachusetts, January 28, 1860, and is the son of Hansard and Lucy Bessey. The parents were both natives of Maine, where they spent their early years and later settled in Pennsylvania, in which state they continued to live until the time of their death.

H. E. Bessey moved to Pennsylvania with his parents when a child of nine years and four years later ran away from home and settled in the state of Maine, where he continued to live for eight years. From there he went to Eureka, California, and was employed in one of the sawmills in that state and in that occupation continued until 1885. He then removed to Oregon and settled in Coos county, where he purchased four hundred and twenty acres of agricultural land located twelve miles up the Coos river from Marshfield, upon which he established his home and continued to reside for thirteen consecutive years. Disposing of that property he shortly after organized the Coos Bay Creamery Company, of which he later was made the general manager, and has since given his entire attention to the development and operation of that business. He also owns in addition to his interest in the creamery very valuable property in Marshfield.

Mr. Bessey was united in marriage in 1894 to Miss Josephine McIntosh, a native of Coos county and a daughter of Donald and Nancy McIntosh, both of whom were natives of Nova Scotia. The parents emigrated to Oregon in 1869, settling in Coos county, where the father died in 1906. The mother is still living and maintains her residence at the old home in Coos county. Mr. and Mrs. Bessey are the parents of five children: Catherine, who was born in 1896, and who is now attending school; George, born in 1898; Lawrence, born in 1899; Lucy, born in 1902; and Frederick, born in 1906.

Mr. Bessey is affiliated with the republican party, and his fraternal relations are with the Masonic lodge of Marshfield, the Independent Order of Odd Fellows and the Woodmen of the World. He and his family are members of the Presbyterian church of Marshfield. He is one of the respected and enterprising citizens of his county. His success in the building up of a prosperous creamery business has confirmed in the public mind the standard of his business ability and has identified him as one of the enterprising leaders among the business men of his part of the state.

FRANK MENEFEE is the president of the United States Cashier Company which owns one of the rapidly developing industries of Portland. Their business as manufacturers and distributors of money-making, change-making, computing and adding machines, has been established but a comparatively brief period, but within that time has enjoyed rapid growth, for its output is one which appeals to all business men, its worth being of immediate recognition. Moreover, Mr. Menefee is a splendid type of the alert and energetic business man of the northwest whose labors are of effective and far-reaching force in the growth and progress of this part of the country. He was born at The Dalles, Oregon, January 31, 1866, and is a son of William R. and Nancy J. (Benefiel) Menefee. The father was born in Culpeper county, Virginia, but was only twelve years of age when his parents removed to Iowa, becoming pioneer settlers of Muscatine, where he was reared to manhood and was educated. The year 1852 witnessed his arrival in the Willamette valley, at which time he took up his abode in Oregon City, then a more populous and prosperous town than Portland. In 1855 he removed to The Dalles, then at the head of navigation on the Columbia river. He turned his attention to stock-raising about fifteen miles south of that place, at first handling horses

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FRANK MENEFEE

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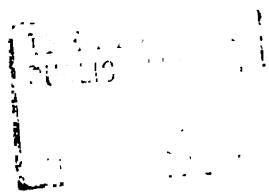

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and cattle and later sheep, becoming one of the first sheep men in that country. This was in 1873. He was prominently and widely known in his neighborhood and was one of its venerable citizens when he passed away June 19, 1906. He was born December 5, 1823, and was therefore eighty-two and one-half years of age at the time of his demise. His wife, who was a daughter of Robert Benefiel, had a family of eleven children, seven of whom reached adult age. Those who survive are: Henry, who is living in Durfur, Oregon; Mrs. Mary Gillian; Mrs. H. J. Emerson of The Dalles; Mrs. E. B. Durfur of Portland; Frank of this review; and William who is living at Heyburn, Idaho.

Frank Menefee was educated in the academy at The Dalles and read law with his brother-in-law, E. B. Dufur. In 1889 he was admitted to the bar and entered into partnership with his preceptor under the firm style of Dufur & Menefee, which connection was continued until June, 1900. At that time Mr. Menefee became district attorney of the seventh judicial district at The Dalles and was reelected in 1904, continuing in the office until June, 1908. His eight years' service in that position was most creditable, being characterized by capable and unfaltering loyalty to duty. He afterward engaged in private practice at The Dalles until September, 1910, when he came to Portland and assisted in organizing the United States Cashier Company, of which he has since been president and manager. This company was incorporated under the laws of Oregon, August 9, 1909, and was capitalized for two hundred thousand dollars. It purchased the Potter patent No. 886,307, for a change-making machine known as the Potter cashier, and while this machine was yet under construction the company consolidated by purchasing on the 10th of July, 1910, the business of the American Cash Record Company, which was incorporated under the laws of the state of Washington. This company owned the United States and Canadian rights of the Bilyen and Overlin patent for a coin delivery machine known as the Bilyen Automatic Cashier. This machine had previously been constructed and was demonstrated to perfection that it would do all the work for which it was designed. At this time the company increased its capitalization one million dollars, making its capital one million two hundred thousand dollars. It has more than one thousand shareholders. It occupies a splendid factory building, excellently equipped for the manufacture of the machines and the conduct of the business. The machine will fill a need in banks and all institutions having large pay rolls, including postoffices, department stores, restaurants, theatres, railroad ticket offices, etc. There is every reason to believe that the business will develop rapidly and that it will bring a large amount of money to Portland. The main building of reinforced concrete is forty-two by one hundred and sixty feet and two stories in height. In addition there is also a boiler house and blacksmithing and woodworking departments, and about fifty people are employed. Since the organization of the present company Mr. Menefee has been its president and general manager and his well formulated plans are being carried forward to a successful completion in the management and conduct of the business. Already its money-making, change-making, computing and adding machines are extensively used all over the Pacific coast and in many other sections of the country. The capacity is five hundred machines per month or six thousand annually. Their machines have the following technical points of superiority: flexible keyboard, light and uniform key action, repeat key, error key for clearing board, governor controlled adding mechanism, lever action of operating handle, sectional unit method of assembling. In addition to Mr. Menefee the other officers of the company are Robert J. Upton, secretary, F. H. Gloyd, treasurer, F. M. LeMonn, sales manager and O. E. Gernert, assistant sales manager. Besides their well appointed and equipped factory the company has general offices in the Lewis building in Portland.

In 1903 Mr. Menefee was married to Miss Mabel C. Cowles, a daughter of Clifford S. Cowles of St. Paul, Minnesota, and they have two children, Emily and Selden, aged respectively four and two years. Mrs. Menefee is a member of the Grace Memorial church and takes an active part in the work of the women's societies. On coming to Portland Mr. Menefee purchased a beautiful home at East Nineteenth street and Broadway. He is a member of the Ad Club and very active and helpful in his support and promotion of the city's best interests. Fraternally he was connected with Friendship Lodge, No. 9, K. P. at The Dalles, served as past chancellor and was past grand chancellor of the grand lodge of Oregon. He was also a past exalted ruler of the Elks Lodge at The Dalles, belonging to the Improved Order of Red Men there and was its treasurer from the founding of the organization until his removal to Portland. In politics he is a stalwart republican and served as city recorder of The Dalles and was also mayor for two years. He has rapidly made his way to a prominent position in industrial and commercial circles and is now at the head of a growing business, the value and importance of which as a factor in Portland's growth and commercial prosperity is being widely recognized.

T. H. B. TAYLOR, of Rogue River, is the proprietor of a popular hotel at that place. He is a veteran of the Civil war and is familiar with pioneer life in this state, having lived on a farm near his present home for twenty-eight years. He was born in Marion county, Illinois, May 18, 1842, the son of Eben and Mary (Collinsworth) Taylor, the former a native of Kentucky, and the latter of Tennessee. The parents removed to Illinois in 1846 and later settled in Missouri, where they resided during the remainder of their lives. They were the parents of seven children but the subject of this review is the only one now surviving.

T. H. B. Taylor remained at home with his parents until he attained the age of

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twenty years, receiving a good common-school education. Shortly before attaining his majority he enlisted for service in the Civil war, joining Company C of the Eleventh Indiana Infantry. He was seriously wounded in the battle of Pittsburg Landing, his injury being to the left shoulder. He was discharged from service on account of disability but in the spring of 1863 he reenlisted, becoming a member of Company A of the Third New York Cavalry. While participating in the engagement at Petersburg he received an injury to his left hand and shortly afterward he was transferred to the Volunteer Relief Corps, serving in that capacity until the close of the war. He received his honorable discharge in Rhode Island in 1865, after which he went to Newport, where he remained for a year and then removed to Maine. After a residence of two years in that state he settled in Iowa, where he remained for five years. In 1872 he went to California and in 1876 he came to Jackson county, Oregon, and bought a farm in Evans creek valley, six miles north of Rogue River. At the time he purchased it this farm was in a very primitive state but by hard labor and continuous effort during the period of his occupancy he succeeded in placing the greater part of it under a good state of cultivation and erecting suitable improvements. For twenty-eight years he resided on this place when he sold the property and removed to Rogue River, where he erected the Waldorf Hotel.

In 1869 Mr. Taylor married Miss Florence E. Booker, a native of Maine, and to this union was born one son, E. H. B., who died in 1908. In his political views Mr. Taylor is affiliated with the republican party and has served on the school board. He is active in his endeavors for the upbuilding of the community of which he has long been an honored and energetic citizen. As a surviving veteran of the Civil war he is entitled to and has the respect in more than an ordinary degree of his large circle of friends and associates, by whom he is held in high esteem. There are no citizens of the town or county who are more highly regarded or have a larger list of close personal friends.

JOHN THOMAS ODEN. Starting out in life on his own account at the age of seventeen years, John Thomas Oden is a self-made man and whatever success he has achieved is attritutable directly to his own labors. He is now the owner of a good tract of land of forty acres not far from Rogue River in Jackson county. He is one of the native sons of Oregon, his birth having occurred in Douglas county, December 19, 1861. His parents are both natives of Missouri but in pioneer times they became residents of Douglas county, Oregon, where they reared their family of fourteen children. The mother's maiden name was Cordelia Monroe.

At the usual age John Thomas Oden entered the public schools and acquainted himself with those branches of learning which are regarded as indispensable factors in the attainment of success in the business world. Neither was his training at farm labor meager. Almost as soon as old enough to handle the plow he began work in the fields and when seventeen years of age he started out in the world on his own account. He was employed at farm labor for some time and also engaged in mining. As he prospered in his undertakings he made investment in property and is now the owner of forty acres of land, which is naturally rich and arable and on which he raises hay, grain and fruit, producing good crops of these various products. He also raises cattle and he keeps everything about his place in a neat and orderly condition. He took up his land as a homestead and his labors have brought it to its present well developed condition.

In 1891 Mr. Oden was united in marriage to Miss Olive F. McAlister, who is a native of this state. They became the parents of seven children, Nelson, Earl, Ernest, Vira F., Floyd, Ralph and Lester, all of whom are yet at home. Both Mr. and Mrs. Oden are well known in this locality and the hospitality of its best homes is freely accorded them. His political allegiance is given to the democratic party but he has no time nor inclination to seek public office, preferring to concentrate his energies upon his business affairs, which are now being capably directed and are bringing to him gratifying success.

ZACHARIAH T. KINTZLEY, a veteran of the Civil war whose life has been full of activity, is now living retired at his home, Douglas Garden, one mile east of Springfield. He was born in Clay county, Indiana, September 16, 1847, a son of George and Sarah (Wheeler) Kintzley, natives of Virginia and North Carolina respectively. The parents were married in Louisville, Kentucky, where they resided for a short time, after which they removed to Clay county, Indiana, and later to Putnamville, Indiana, where the father built a large grist mill and sawmill which he operated for seven years. He then sold his mill property and moved to Story county, Iowa, where he bought land and began farming, but died one year later, in 1855. The mother remained on the farm until 1863, when she sold the property, and moved to the vicinity of Denver, Colorado. There she resided for a short time and then returned to Story county, Iowa, where she died in 1872. In their family were seven children, namely: Adolphus, who died during the Civil war in which he was participating, and whose widow passed away at Ames, Iowa; Mrs. Mary McHiron, of Decatur, Nebraska, who is now deceased; George B., of Jasper, Oregon; Barbara Jane, who died in Springfield, Oregon; James K. and Priscilla, both deceased; and Zachariah T., of this review.

The last named was reared in Indiana and Iowa and in the schools of those states received a good education. He helped his father with the work of the mill when not engaged with his text-books, but at the early age of sixteen years enlisted in the Ninth Iowa Volunteer Cavalry, on September 23,

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1863, and served until March 23, 1866, when he was discharged at Davenport, Iowa. After the close of the war he returned to Story county, Iowa, there residing for a short time, after which he removed to the vicinity of Sioux City, Iowa, where he entered upon farming pursuits and remained for five years on a farm which he had purchased. He then sold his farm and removed to Sloan, Iowa, where he was married and went into the sawmill business. He was thus engaged for ten years near that city and then moved to Sloan, where for two years he served as city marshal and for some time operated a restaurant. He was also elected sheriff, a position which he filled for two years and then, in 1890, came to Oregon, settling in Springfield after stopping for a short time in eastern Oregon, driving thence across the state to Lane county. Here he went into the furniture business, a vocation which he followed for seven years, after which he sold out and became a dealer in real estate for a time. He then retired from active life and built a home called Douglas Garden where he now lives, on a tract of ten acres one mile from Springfield. He is also the owner of two other fine residence properties in the town.

Mr. Kintzley was married, March 19, 1870, to Miss Mary C. Cain, who was born in Wisconsin, January 12, 1848, a daughter of Milton and Hannah Cain. The father was born in this country while the mother's birthplace was England. After his marriage the father worked in the lead mines of Wisconsin until 1869, when he migrated with his family to California and settled in Eldorado county. On reaching the Golden state he began gold mining, an occupation in which he continued. His wife died in 1871 but the father, who has not been heard from for some time, is supposed to be living. Mrs. Kintzley was the eldest of four children who were born unto her parents, the others being: John M., of Sioux City, Iowa; James B., residing in Seattle, Washington; and Charles, living in California. The family of Mr. and Mrs. Kintzley consisted of four children but two are now deceased: Ida F., who died at the age of four and a half years; and Edna V., who passed away at the age of seventeen months. The mother passed away on the 13th of January, 1900, leaving besides her husband two children to mourn her loss, namely: Mrs. Mary A. Doane, who resides with her father at Douglas Garden and has two children, Mary C. and Belvin B.; and George M., clerking in a hardware store in Springfield. Both were given a high-school education.

In his political views Mr. Kintzley is a republican and has been quite active in the party and a stanch adherent of its principles although he has not been an office seeker and never held any public office excepting that of sheriff and city marshal while living in Iowa. In his fraternal relations he is a member of the Odd Fellows Lodge, No. 70, of Springfield, in which he has filled all of the chairs. Mr. Kintzley has a genial disposition and by his warmheartedness and business and social activity has become well and favorably known to practically everybody in Springfield as well as to a large portion of the citizens of Lane county. He has a large number of close personal friends who hold him in high esteem, and although living a retired life he still remains a conspicuous figure in Springfield where he is recognized as one of the best citizens of the community.

CHARLES F. BAXTER, who came to Oregon with his parents when a child, has lived in this state since and has been here engaged in agricultural pursuits. He is greatly interested in educational matters and has been a member of the local school board for many years. He was born in Missouri, September 9, 1860, a son of Benjamin R. and Eleanor A. (Tate) Baxter. The father was born in Missouri while the mother is a native of Virginia, and their wedding was celebrated in Missouri where they lived until 1862. They then removed to Montana, afterward coming to Oregon and settling in Polk county in 1868. The father was a Methodist Episcopal minister and had charge of various churches in Montana and was actively engaged in the ministry in Oregon until his death. He was one of those ministers who, without remuneration of any sort, preached on Sunday and worked on the farm during the week. The journey to this state was made by ox team and on many occasions the road had to be cut through the timber to make way for the passage of the wagons. The father first located on a farm in Polk county, which he operated for seven years, then removed to Benton county, near Corvallis, and operated a sheep ranch for four years, after which he removed to a point ten miles south of Corvallis, where he purchased three hundred and twenty acres of land, but owing to bad conditions he was obliged to give it up. He next removed to Lane county and again rented a farm for three years, afterward going to the Mohawk valley and shortly thereafter went to Marcola, Lane county, where he resided until the time of his death, which occurred on January 17, 1894. His wife survived him until December 10, 1908. In their family were fifteen children, of whom the following are deceased: Henry B., Virginia T., Lydia A., Laura L., Perry F., Jane T., Edwin C., Kate T., Albert S. and Lizzie D. The surviving members are as follows: Rosanna, who owns a splendid farm of one hundred and ninety-four acres at Marcola, and is a stanch admirer of Theodore Roosevelt; Charles F., of this review; Alexander, residing in Corvallis; George; and Mollie, the wife of Frank M. Stafford, of Lane county.

Charles F. Baxter remained at home with his parents, acquiring a good common-school education and assisting his father with the farm work until he was twenty-one years of age. He then took charge of the homestead farm, operating it until the death of his father, since which time he has managed it for his sister Rosanna, to whom it now belongs.

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Mr. Baxter was married on the 20th of February, 1889, to Miss Catherine Root, who was born in California, April 26, 1872, a daughter of Austin and Ellen J. (Smith) Root. Her parents were born in Indiana but were married in California, and after living in that state for a time they removed to eastern Oregon, and afterward to western Oregon, where the father passed away in 1906. The mother survives at the age of sixty years and now makes her home in Marcola. In their family were nine children, namely: Mary, the wife of Emmett E. Boggs, of Lane county; Mrs. Baxter; Oliver, of Lane County; Alice Mathews, also of this county; Lena Anderson, a resident of Canada; Nettie Neal and Ettie Robley, twins, residing in Lane county; Frank, of this county; and Carrie Bell, deceased. Unto Mr. and Mrs. Baxter were born six children, as follows: Edwin, born July 10, 1890, who is still at home; Nellie M., born February 23, 1893, who is the wife of Riley L. Garrison, of Marcola; Elmer, born December 26, 1895, who died at the age of nine months; Lawrence E., born May 4, 1903; Kate E., born October 18, 1908; and Ella I., born December 24, 1911.

Mr. Baxter in his political views is a republican but has never paid a great deal of attention to politics. He is much interested in school affairs, however, and has been a member of the school board for many years. He belongs to the Woodmen of the World, his membership being at Springfield. Mr. Baxter ranks high as an estimable citizen, being well known in Marcola and vicinity, where he is held in high esteem by all who known him.

A. A. RUSSELL. Iowa has furnished a large percentage of worthy citizens to Oregon and among this number is A. A. Russell, who is now living in Yamhill county, his time and energies being devoted to the further development and improvement of a farm of one hundred acres, about a mile south of Gaston, where in addition to cultivating the cereals best adapted to soil and climate, he is also engaged in dairying. He was born in Iowa, February 4, 1845, his parents being C. R. and Charlotte (Robison) Russell, both of whom were natives of Ohio. They became residents of Iowa at an early period in the settlement of the state and in 1850 removed to Missouri, where they resided for four years. The tide of emigration was continually flowing westward and in the decade between 1850 and 1860 there was a great influx of settlers in the Pacific coast country. Men who came to take charge of the natural resources of the northwest determined to make permanent residence in this part of the country. Among the number was C. R. Russell, who in 1854 crossed the plains with ox teams. It required six months to make the long journey to California, where he resided until 1864 and then came to Yamhill county, Oregon, settling near Gaston. He purchased a farm and to its cultivation and improvement devoted his attention throughout his remaining days. Unto him and his wife were born six children: Mrs. J. J. Palmatier, of Hillsboro, Oregon; Mrs. M. A. Johnson, who resides in Ashland, Oregon; Mrs. L. A. Knoblock, of Heppner, this state; and A. A., of this review. Those deceased are: F. A., who was drowned in 1875; and Mrs. L. F. Neil, of Ashland, Oregon, who passed away in 1910.

No event of special importance occurred to vary the routine of farm life for A. A. Russell in his boyhood and youth. He attended the public schools and worked in the fields, and when his time was not thus employed he enjoyed the games in which youths of the period indulged. Having arrived at man's estate he made preparations for having a home of his own through his marriage to Miss F. A. Matteson, who was born in Elgin, Illinois, in 1852, and crossed the plains with her parents in 1854. She is a member of the well known Matteson family of Yamhill and Washington counties. The occupation to which Mr. Russell was reared he decided to make his life work and has always engaged in farming, with the result that he is now the owner of an excellent property of one hundred acres, pleasantly and conveniently situated about a mile south of Gaston. He raises good crops and also keeps a number of cows for dairy purposes and the products of his dairy, because of their excellence, find a ready sale on the market and add not a little to his annual income.

As the years passed six children were added to the household of Mr. and Mrs. Russell: Lillian M., the wife of C. W. Hudson, of Portland; Francis A., who follows farming in Yamhill county; Minnie C., the wife of E. F. Magoon, a resident of Ashland; G. W. H., at home; Charles A., of Washington county; and B. A., who makes his home in Yamhill county. The parents are members of the Congregational church and do all in their power to promote its growth and extend its influence. The cause of education finds in Mr. Russell a stalwart champion and for several years he served on the school board, while for two years he filled the office of supervisor. He belongs to the Independent Order of Odd Fellows, with which he has affiliated for thirty-eight years, during which period he has filled all of the chairs and acted as representative to the grand lodge. He is faithful and loyal to the teachings of this fraternity and many of his warmest friends are found in its membership. However, he is widely and favorably known throughout Yamhill and Washington counties, having made his home in this part of the state for forty-seven years. He has been an interested witness of the events which have marked its upbuilding and in as far as possible has given his cooperation to measures for the public good.

F. C. FREY is a leading representative of the commercial fraternity of Baker, where he owns and conducts one of the largest and best equipped exclusive sporting goods stores in the state of Oregon. He was born in Minnesota on the 9th of March, 1869,

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MR. AND MRS. A. A. RUSSELL

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and is a son of Charles and Henricha Frey, both natives of Germany. There they were likewise reared and married, immediately following which they emigrated to the United States. The father, who was a farmer, engaged in agricultural pursuits in Minnesota for some years, but about 1874, together with his wife and family he crossed the plains to Oregon. Upon his arrival in this state he filed on a homestead on the John Day river in Grant county, energetically applying himself to the cultivation and improvement of his land until his death. He met with success in his undertakings and left his widow a ranch containing about four hundred acres of finely improved and valuable land in the vicinity of Mount Vernon, this state. The family of Mr. and Mrs. Frey numbered nine, six daughters and three sons, but two of the daughters are now deceased. The members of the family who are still living are as follows: Louise, the wife of William Sproul, of Los Angeles, California; F. W., who is an agriculturist; F. C., our subject; Nettie, the wife of W. Wilson, of Canada; Ed, who is living in the Fox valley, Grant county, Oregon; Ella, who married Ira Sproul, of Fox valley, Oregon; and Dora, the wife of Charles McKroley, of Mount Vernon, this state. The mother is still living and continues to make her home on the old ranch in Grant county.

As he was a child of only five years when his parents came to Oregon, practically the entire life of F. C. Frey has been passed in the northwest. He remained on the ranch until he was fourteen, following which he attended school during the winter months and worked in the summers. When he was seventeen, he began to learn the carpenter's trade, but discovering that he possessed unusual mechanical ability he subsequently withdrew from this and went to work in the mines. He advanced rapidly and later engaged in amalgamating, continuing to follow this until his health began to fail, when he was compelled to take up another line of work. He then went to Seattle and took a position on the Seattle Telegraph, which is an evening paper, but was later employed on one of the morning journals, continuing to be identified with the newspaper business for three years. Withdrawing from this he went into the sewing machine and piano business, as representative of the Singer people and Pettis & Company. The climate of Seattle did not agree with him, and feeling the necessity of making another change he returned to Baker, where he owned some real estate. Upon his return here he built a residence on his lots and continued to engage in the sewing machine business as agent for the Singer people for about two years. Giving this up he opened a second-hand store. He began with a capital of twenty-five dollars, but owing to his knowledge of cabinet making and his mechanical skill he was able to invest this to excellent advantage and realize good returns therefrom. He bought up old, broken, discarded furniture for a very small amount and took it to his work room and repaired it and sold it for a good price, which was practically all profit. This proved to be a very profitable venture and he continued in it for about eight years. At the end of that time he had sufficient capital to engage in something else, so disposing of this in 1901 he went into the sporting goods business. Here he again manifested unusual sagacity and foresight in the selection of a business, as this enterprise has flourished from its incipiency, and is now one of the largest and best known of the kind in the state. Mr. Frey carries a very large and well selected stock of goods and is not only favored with a good local patronage but does an extensive mail order business. He has applied himself energetically and intelligently to the development of his establishment and now has a stock that invoices twenty-five thousand dollars, and it is entirely clear of all indebtedness. In addition to this he owns some quite valuable real estate, which is also unincumbered, and he has some mining interests in Grant county, being one of the stockholders in the Canyon Mountain Mining Company.

On the 31st of December, 1902, Mr. Frey was united in marriage to Miss Clyde Truscott, a native of Auburn, Baker county, and a daughter of Richard and Susanna (Baldock) Truscott. The parents were both natives of England, the father having been born in 1835 and the mother on the 29th of January, 1854. Mr. Truscott, who was a civil engineer, was one of the prominent and well known mining men of this section during the early days, and for more than ten years was superintendent of the Haskell placer mines. During his later years he gave this up and engaged in agricultural pursuits, and at the time of his death, which occurred in 1900, was living on the ranch where his widow still resides. The family of Mr. and Mrs. Truscott, numbered ten, eight daughters and two sons, all of whom are living. In order of birth they are as follows: Jennie, the wife of P. Miller, of Baker; May, who married Charles Grant, of Bacon; Charles, who is living on a ranch three miles from Baker; Mrs. Frey; Nile, the wife of Bert Butler; Mary, who married Frank Evans, a ranchman; William, who lives six miles from Baker; Ollie, the wife of Oscar Zimmerman, of Baker; Grace, who married Harry Spence, of Baker; and Nellie, a student in the Baker schools, who is living at home with her mother. The entire family are residents of this state and live within a radius of thirty miles from one another. In common with other pioneer families, the Truscotts had many unusual experiences. Mrs. Frey has a vivid recollection of their spending several months in a stockade, during an Indian outbreak, when she was a girl of thirteen years. In the maternal line she is descended from one of Baker county's earliest pioneers, her grandfather, William Baldock, having come to this county in 1862. He immediately acquired some government land, and was the first man in Baker county to engage in agricultural pursuits. During the early years he used to freight from Umatilla to Auburn, and he was a veteran of the Rogue River Indian war. One child has been born to Mr. and Mrs. Frey, F. C., Jr.

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Both Mr. and Mrs. Frey are members of the Methodist Episcopal church, and fraternally he is affiliated with the Knights of Pythias, while his political support he gives to the republican party. He is a strong champion of Baker county and is one of the active and enthusiastic members of the Baker Commercial Club, giving his unqualified indorsement to the various movements instituted by this organization. Mr. Frey has always been quite a sportsman and has mounted many of his hunting trophies, now having several deer, wild cats, wolves and coyotes in an excellent state of preservation, that he has used in window decorations. He deserves much commendation for the success he has achieved in the direction of his undertakings, as for many years he struggled against the adversities that seem to accompany poor health, meeting with conditions during that period that would have conquered a man of less energy and determination of purpose. Unceasing diligence, keen perception, honesty of purpose and a happy faculty of doing the right thing at the right time have been the salient factors in his success, and have been the means of placing him among the foremost business men in the county.

I. FRANK COFFMAN. The town of Lents owes its existence, development and improvement largely to the efforts of I. Frank Coffman, who is one of the most influential, active and respected citizens. He was born March 29, 1861, in Mahaska county, Iowa, and was one of a family of eleven children whose parents were John and Jane (Campbell) Coffman, who were natives of Pennsylvania and of Indiana respectively. They were married in the latter state and had a large family but only four are now living, namely: Van, who is a railroad engineer residing at Los Angeles, California; Peter L., of Iowa; Eliza Ann, the wife of John Farrell, of Clay Center, Kansas; and I. Frank.

The last named was a youth of eighteen years when he started out in the world on his own account. He had been reared to farm life and early became familiar with the practical methods of clearing and developing the fields. He rented a part of his father's farm for two years but afterward withdrew from agricultural pursuits and went into the coal mines of Iowa, after which his time was divided between mining and railroading until 1886. That year witnessed his arrival in Oregon and he settled in Lents, where he entered the employ of O. P. Lents. For some time he was employed in various ways but at length opened a small store and secured the establishment of a postoffice here. He was appointed the first postmaster by President Cleveland in his second administration, continuing in the position for three and a half years, when he retired from the office to make way for a republican successor. After a year's time, however, he was again appointed postmaster and so continued until about four years ago. In the management and control of the office he was assisted by his wife and while he was at the head of the postoffice two rural free delivery routes were established, one of these being the largest rural route in the United States. In the beginning of his business career Mr. Coffman purchased a steam wood saw and this proved to be a profitable investment. He sawed wood, gummed saws, ground plowshares and ground feed. In fact he did everything that would give him a start. In time he established the Lents water works which he operated with his wood saw engine but later put in a gas plant and still later put in electric motors. Mr. Coffman also was sole owner of the water works for eight years but has recently sold out to the city of Portland.

Mr. Coffman married Miss Clara Robinson, a native of Iowa and one of a family of six children, as follows: Theodore, a resident of Mississippi; John, of What Cheer, Iowa; Mary, the widow of Dr. Irwin, of Seaside, Oregon; Ida, who is the widow of Joe Oelmayer, of Iowa, and a resident of Portland, Oregon; Emma, who married S. S. Frisbie, of Mississippi; and Mrs. Coffman.

In his political views Mr. Coffman is a democrat but has never been an office seeker save for the fact that he served as postmaster. He is at the head of the community, however, inasmuch as his abiliy well fits him for leadership. His opinions carry weight in everything connected with public service and he is called "the mayor" of Lents although the town is not incorporated. He has given liberally of his time and money in support of interests for the improvement of the village, has proved himself a stanch friend of the public schools and in fact his cooperation is a strong element in progress along various lines. When an effort was made to change the name of the postoffice at Lents to Mount Scott he bitterly opposed this and caused the measure to be defeated, and he now has in his possession a letter from Harry Scott, late editor of the Oregonian, saying that he did not wish to deprive Mr. Lents of that honor. The spirit of advancement has characterized Mr. Coffman throughout his entire career and out of the struggle with small opportunities he has come finally into a field of broad and active influence and usefulness.

FRANCIS S. SLATER is one of the respected and influential citizens of Canyon City, Oregon, where he is engaged in the general banking business, being at present the first cashier of the First National Bank of Grant County. He was born in Baker county, Oregon, August 5, 1865, and is the son of Senator and Mrs. Slater, of whom a more complete review is published in the biography of ex-Judge W. T. Slater, of Salem, Oregon, in another part of this work.

Francis S. Slater was reared in his parents' home and received his early education in La Grande, being graduated from the high school. In 1886 and for the succeeding three years he engaged in the general land business in this portion of the state. He later accepted the position as bookkeeper in the La Grande National Bank, in

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Union county, and continued in that occupation for several years. He was afterward appointed deputy assessor of Union county, under John S. Clark, serving in that office for two consecutive years after which he spent one year as deputy county clerk. He then entered into the employ of the Farmers and Traders Bank at La Grande to which business he, however, only gave a portion of his time. In the fall of 1902 he accepted the position of cashier in the First National Bank, of Canyon City, Grant county, since which time he has continued to devote his entire attention to the banking business. The bank building is one of the most modern of its kind in this part of Oregon, being constructed of cut stone and furnished with modern and up-to-date deposit vaults, burglar proof safes and elegant and complete interior fittings required to accommodate the work of a complete and modern banking house.

Mr. Slater was united in marriage in 1903, to Miss Jeanette McGillis, a native of Oregon, and the daughter of Mr. and Mrs. D. McGillis. Her father was one of the pioneers of Oregon who settled at a very early date on Saurie Island, Multnomah county, Oregon, where he passed out of this life when Mrs. Slater was but a young girl. To Mr. and Mrs. Slater two children have been born, Francis Robert and James Gilbert, both of whom are pupils in the public school.

Mr. Slater is one of the highly esteemed citizens of Canyon City and is well known throughout his portion of the state. He is a man of strict integrity in his business transactions and has the unqualified confidence of all his business associates. He is a man thoroughly familiar with the banking business in which he has spent the largest portion of his active years and is always to be found identified with every enterprise intended to improve the business and social conditions of his county and state.

REV. PLYMPTON KELLY. Among the pioneers of Multnomah county was Rev. Plympton Kelly, who was born in 1828 in Pulaski county, Kentucky. His parents were Rev. Clinton and Mary (Bastian) Kelly, who were early settlers in Kentucky, where they were married in Pulaski county. There they resided until October, 1847, when with ox teams they started overland for Oregon. They made their way as far as Missouri, where they spent the winter of 1847-1848, and in the spring set out for Oregon with four yokes of oxen and three wagons. In due time they landed in Multnomah county, where they settled upon six hundred and forty acres of government land, erecting thereon a log cabin, and began to clear the land for farming. Clinton Kelly, who had been both a farmer and minister in Kentucky, continued both his business and professional career in Oregon, preaching whenever he had an opportunity and working hard to clear and cultivate his land. He met with success in his business and a few years after settling on the homestead built a commodious and comfortable house for his family, residing here for twenty-seven years, his death occurring on the 19th of June, 1875, in his sixty-seventh year. Mr. Kelly was married three times. His first wife was Mary Bastian, who died in Kentucky, having beeen the mother of five children. Jane Burns, his second wife, bore him one child and passed away in Kentucky. Mr. Kelly later married Maria M. Crane, by whom he had nine children. His third wife died in Oregon in 1863. Out of the section of public land which Mr. Kelly took up he donated two acres upon which the Kelly school was built, it being the second school district formed in Multnomah county, and at the time of his death owned the remainder of that large tract of land, upon which he spent twenty-seven years of his life in Oregon. This tract is all now included within the limits of the city of Portland. Dr. Kelly still owns twelve acres of the original Kelly section, it being within the corporation of Portland.

The youth of Rev. Plympton Kelly was passed in Pulaski county, Kentucky, where he received his education in the common schools. He lived with his parents until he had attained the age of twenty-two years, when in 1850 he settled on three hundred and twenty acres of government land, where he lived and which he tilled until his death, on the 15th of September, 1906. This land now adjoins the city limits of Portland. The surviving members of his family continued to live on this farm until 1911, when they sold it and since his widow has resided in Portland in a beautiful home. During his entire life Plympton Kelly followed the business of farming but was quite active in his ministerial work as well. He was one of the pillars of the Methodist church and it was he who conferred the name of Mount Tabor on that suburb of Portland.

In Multnomah county, on the 4th of July, 1864, Mr. Kelly was married to Miss Elizabeth Clark. She was born near Adrian, Michigan, December 26, 1843, and was a daughter of Alexander and Nancy (Hitchens) Clark. The father came from New York to Michigan in 1835, being one of the early pioneers of that state. There he took up government land and lived until his death, which occurred in 1845, the mother surviving until 1856. They were the parents of two children: Elizabeth, now the widow of Plympton Kelly; and Seth, who died at the age of five years. Elizabeth (Clark) Kelly came to Oregon in 1860 with her aunt, Mrs. Kingsley, with whom she lived in Portland until the time of her marriage to Mr. Kelly. She possesses a college education and taught school in a log schoolhouse in Multnomah county previous to her marriage. To Rev. and Mrs. Plympton Kelly six children were born: Eudoxia A., who is now the wife of Alfred Niblin and resides on forty-eight acres of her father's homestead; James G., of Portland; Augustus C., who passed away at the age of twenty-four; Clinton C., who died at the age of eighteen; Mary, who became the wife of Thomas Howitt, of Gresham, and

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died at the age of thirty-five years, leaving a daughter; and Harriet, who died at the age of nineteen.

Politically Mr. Kelly was a republican. He was for many years road supervisor in the Mount Tabor district and contributed greatly to the perfecting of the roads of the county and later to the street improvements of the city of Portland. His fraternal relations were limited to membership in the Evening Star Grange, of which he was a charter member. He was also an Indian war veteran. The life work of Rev. Plympton Kelly was of great importance in the early development of Multnomah county and has left its impress ineffaceably upon our public institutions and improvements. He was a good citizen, respected in his day and generation, and no history of Multnomah county would be complete without prominent mention of his career.

FRED S. AND RICHARD J. WILCOX. The name of Wilcox is well known in Washington county and Fred S. and Richard J., representatives of the second generation of the family in this county, are numbered among its most progressive citizens. They are twins and were born in Washoe county, Nevada, May 12, 1869, being sons of John W. and Susanna (Gill) Wilcox. The father was born in New York state and the mother at Fort Wayne, Indiana. They were married at Fort Wayne and a short time afterwards moved to Minnesota. Two years later they crossed the plains by ox team and Mr. Wilcox engaged in ranching in Washoe county, Nevada. In 1880 he came with his family to Oregon and first located near Forest Grove but after two years moved to Greenville, Washington county, and bought a small farm which he developed to a good state of productiveness. He died October 9, 1906, and his wife was called away August 9, 1888. At the time of his death he was the owner of forty-seven acres of well improved land in this county. In the family of Mr. and Mrs. Wilcox were seven children, namely: Martha A., a resident of Newport, Lincoln county; George J., record of whom appears elsewhere in this work; Ruth, who is the wife of Dr. Tamiesie, of Hillsboro; Fred S. and Richard J., of this review; and Bessie and Robert, both of whom died at the age of three years.

Fred S. and Richard J. Wilcox came to Oregon with their parents in 1880 and in the public schools gained their preliminary education. Fred S. continued at home with his father after the death of the mother but at the age of twenty-one, in 1890, took up a homestead near Banks. He has been continuously identified with agricultural and stock-raising interests since he entered upon his business career and is now one of the substantial men of the county, whose word is as good as his bond and who is ably performing his part in the development of this section.

Richard J. Wilcox began working in a sawmill in Washington county at the age of eighteen and continued in this employment for two years. In September, 1892, he went to Mexico and became a locomotive fireman on the Mexican Central Railway, continuing in that position for six years. He then took charge of the electric light plant in the city of Mexico, which position he held for three years. However, the railway business presented inducements which he could not resist and he gave up his position in the city to become locomotive engineer for the El Oro Mining and Railway Company. After two and one-half years he transferred his allegiance in the same capacity to the Ixtlahuaca Railroad and continued with that company until May, 1908, when he resigned from the railway service and has since made his home in Washington county.

The brothers Fred S. and Richard J. own the old family homestead, having acquired the interests of the other heirs, and are joint owners of one hundred and thirty acres of land in this county. Twenty-five acres of this land is highly developed and they have ten acres in productive orchards, also some valuable vacant property within the limits of Portland. They are unmarried and as their attention is closely concentrated on their business the results have proved highly gratifying. They are thoroughly energetic and efficient and are rapidly coming to the front as important factors in Washington county. Fred is a member of the Odd Fellows and Maccabees and Richard is also identified with the Odd Fellows, having recently transferred his membership from the City of Mexico to the lodge at Banks. The brothers are stanch advocates of the republican party but neither of them has ever sought public office. They have many warm friends who have at all times found than to be true to every obligation and fully worthy of the good fortune with which they are blessed.

AARON HARVEY, an honored pioneer resident of Oregon, is living retired at the home of his daughter on Deer creek road, about seven miles from Roseburg. He has reached the age of eighty-one years and six decades of this period have been passed in the northwest, so that he is familiar with the history of pioneer development as well as of later progress in Oregon. He was born in Staffordshire, England, October 6, 1831, and in 1837, when five years of age, was brought to the United States by his parents, Aaron and Elizabeth (Hall) Harvey, both of whom were natives of England. On arriving in the new world they established their home upon a farm in Illinois which was then one of the frontier states. The mother died there, after which the father came to Oregon in 1860 and lived with his son Aaron.

Aaron Harvey pursued his education in the public schools of Illinois, giving his attention to his text-books when his time was not demanded by farm work. He assisted his father in the cultivation of the fields until twenty-one years of age, at which time he started to Oregon with an ox train of twelve wagons. The long journey was a tedious and arduous one, involving many discom-

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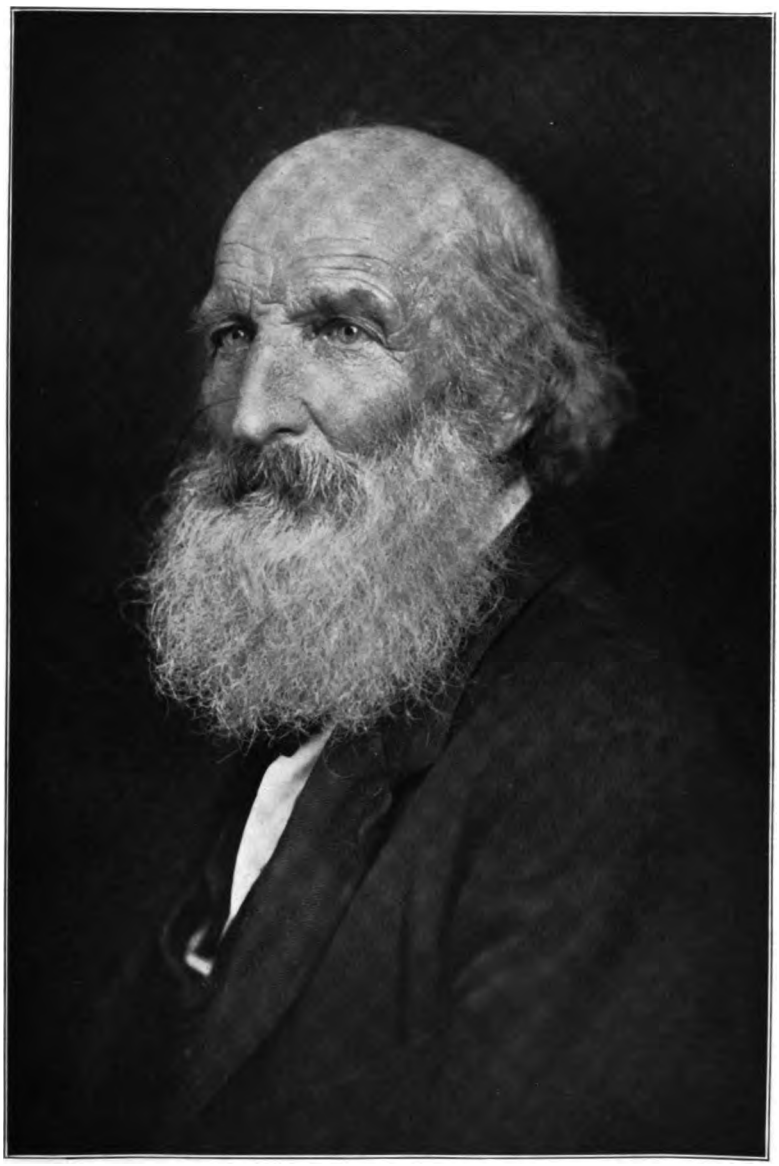

AARON HARVEY

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forts and hardships, but they had no trouble with the Indians save that the red men stole a few of their horses. Mr. Harvey arrived in Oregon on the 7th of November, 1853, and located in the Umpqua valley, where he took up a donation claim of one hundred and sixty acres, which he cultivated and improved, converting the wild and hitherto unproductive land into rich and fertile fields. Year by year he carried on the work of the farm with success and he made his home there until about three years ago. He worked at carpentering to some extent also during that period, displaying considerable skill and ingenuity with tools. He is now living retired, enjoying a well earned rest.

In 1858 Mr. Harvey was united in marriage to Mrs. Elizabeth (Harris) Coats, a daughter of David and Nancy (Stovehall) Harris. Mrs. Harvey came to Oregon in 1853 but her parents remained in Missouri until her father died in St. Joseph. Her mother came to Oregon in 1854. Mr. and Mrs. Harvey are the parents of the following named: Mary, Ellen, William, Thomas, Ann, Eliza, Robert, Edna, Bessie, and Aaron, of whom the latter is deceased.

Aaron Harvey holds membership with the Independent Order of Odd Fellows and gives his political support to the republican party. He was at one time elected constable but would not serve having never had aspirations nor desire for public office. However, he has always been loyal in his citizenship and in a private capacity has aided in promoting the progress, upbuilding and prosperity of the community in which he has long lived. Having made his home in this state for about sixty years he is familiar with its pioneer history, with the story of its reclamation from Indian rule and with the work of development as wilderness conditions have given way before an advancing civilization. He can remember the days when there were no railroads in the state and when the moving wagon was a feature of the old trails, but all this has long since changed and no one is more interested in modern progress than Aaron Harvey.

WILLIAM H. SCHROEDER is one of the enterprising and successful men of Canyon City, in which place he is engaged in general merchandising, being at present the general manager of the Canyon City Commercial Company, of which he is also one of the principal stockholders. He was born December 12, 1865, and is a son of Mr. and Mrs. Nicholas Schroeder, both of whom were natives of Germany, the father's birth having occurred near Hamburg, where he engaged in the manufacture of corks and continued to live during all the years of his life.

William H. Schroeder was reared in his parents' home and received his education in the schools of Germany. At the age of sixteen years he emigrated to America and established his first residence in the new world with his uncle who, at that time, was living near Dennison, Pottawattomie county, Iowa. He remained with his uncle from August, 1881, until January, 1884, at which time he removed to Walla Walla. Later he settled at The Dalles being there engaged in work on Muddy Creek for three months and then moved to Prairie City where he established his home and continued to reside until 1900. While a resident of Prairie City he was engaged in the stock business in which he was very successful, grazing his stock on the open range. He later removed to Canyon City and for the following four years served as deputy sheriff of Grant county. In 1906 he was elected county clerk in which office he served for two years and was then reelected in 1908 and served for the ensuing two and one half years. In January, 1911, he purchased a stock interest in the Canyon City Commercial Company, of which he at once became general manager in connection with L. Woldenberg. To that business Mr. Schroeder has since given his entire attention and has met with gratifying success. The principal office, warehouse and salesrooms of the Canyon City Commercial Company occupy a building fifty by seventy feet, located at a most advantageous point on Main street. The business of this establishment under the present efficient management is maintained at the very highest standard of commercial operations. It carries a large general stock of merchandise and is one of the most prominent and successful establishments of its kind in this portion of Oregon. In addition to his interests in the Canyon City Commercial Company, Mr. Schroeder is also a director in the First National Bank of Grant County, at Canyon City.

Mr. Schroeder was united in marriage, March 27, 1904, to Miss Charlotte Blake, a native of Susanville, Grant county, Oregon, and the daughter of Mr. and Mrs. John H. Blake. Her father emigrated to Oregon in the early '50s and settled in Grant county in 1865 where he was engaged in the stock-raising business and was identified with merchandising interests at Susanville. At the time of his settlement in Oregon he was successfully engaged in freighting supplies to the mines throughout this portion of the state. To Mr. and Mrs. Schroeder two children have been born, Frances and Elice.

Mr. Schroeder is a member of the Independent Order of Odd Fellows, also of the Masonic lodge, and a member of the Royal Arch Masons, and of the Woodmen of the World. He is one of the most prominent and progressive citizens of Grant county and a man highly respected for his integrity. He is always to be relied upon for support of every measure tending to improve the civic and moral conditions of the people of his county and state.

LORENZO DOW SMITH is one of the enterprising and successful farmers of Coos county. His ranch of one hundred and sixty acres is located on the south fork of the Coos river, ten miles up from Marshfield, where he is engaged in the real-estate business and also in dairy farming. He was born September 14, 1850, and is the son of

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Nathan and Emily (Hobson) Smith, the former a native of Tennessee and the latter of North Carolina. The parents emigrated to Oregon at a very early day, making their first settlement in Marion county, where they lived for one year and then went to Douglas county, settling at Oakland, where they resided until 1865, at which time they removed to the south fork of the Coos river and continued to reside there until the time of their death. The father was a loyal member of the republican party, and in early life was a member of the Quaker church, but on coming to Oregon both he and his wife became members of the United Brethren church. In their family were sixteen children: William, who died of cholera while crossing the plains with his parents in 1852; Enos and an infant, both of whom died while crossing the plains; Lydia C., now the wife of C. W. Dickman, of Portland; Levi, a resident of Marshfield; Lorenzo Dow, of this review; Mary E., the wife of Henry Flook, of Salem; Ellen M., who became the wife of John G. Flook, of Roseburg, and is now deceased; Harvey N., of Portland; Alvin, who is engaged in farming in Coos county; Henry C., a resident of San Francisco, California; John M., deceased; Robert M., also residing in San Francisco; Charles Lester, whose home is on the Coos river, in Coos county, Oregon; Jesse, also residing on the Coos river; and Annie Laura, the wife of S. B. Cutlip, residing on the Coos river.

Lorenzo D. Smith was reared in his father's home and received his elementary education in the public schools of Oregon. He remained under the parental roof until the time of his marriage and in 1889 he established his home on Daniel's creek, on a ranch which he had purchased some years before. During his residence at his father's home he was engaged frequently in the logging business throughout his portion of the state. On settling on his ranch he engaged in the cattle business, breeding and raising stock and also buying and selling stock of every description, raised in his immediate neighborhood. He also pays considerable attention to the dairy industry, in which he uses at present eighteen well selected cows. In addition to his dairy and cattle business he is also engaged in the real-estate business, to which he gives a considerable portion of his time. His present home ranch, which consists of one hundred and sixty acres located on the south fork of the Coos river, ten miles from Marshfield, he purchased in 1900 and has there since continued to reside.

Mr. Smith was united in marriage to Miss Rosa M. La Cross, a daughter of Henry and Roselia (Cutlip) La Cross, the former a native of Canada and the latter of Oregon. Mr. and Mrs. La Cross were the parents of one child, Rosa M., whose birth occurred in Coos county, this state. The mother closed her earthly pilgrimage many years ago and the father died in 1910. To Mr. and Mrs. Smith nine children were born: Thomas F., E. George and Annie Laura, all of whom are at home; James D., deceased; and John G., Samuel V., Henry H., Florence M. and Dow L., all of whom are at home.

Mr. Smith is a member of the republican party and was deputy sheriff of Coos county for one term. He has also served as school director and road supervisor. He holds membership in the Woodmen of the World, and is a man who has attained commendable success in all his business ventures. He is widely known throughout Coos county and highly respected for his integrity in all business matters, and is one of the thrifty and enterprising citizens of his part of the state.

CHARLES E. DAUGHERTY. The history of C. E. Daugherty's early settlement in Oregon goes back to the days when the stage coach was the only means of transportation between western towns, when the great Indian, Sitting Bull, was a power on the prairies and when the large herds of cattle had to be driven by land over the plains to market. He was born in Huron county, Ohio, December 12, 1858, the son of Richard and Annetta (Baker) Daugherty. The father was born in Pennsylvania and came to Ohio at an early date. He later removed to Marion county, Illinois, and thence to Kansas in 1870. His wife was a native of New York state and went to Ohio, Illinois and Kansas with her husband and in the latter state they both died, the mother in 1873 and the father, surviving his wife for many years, died in 1898. They were the parents of eight children, five of whom are still living.

C. E. Daugherty was educated in the common schools of Huron county and remained at home until he was eighteen years of age, when he went to the Black Hills, in South Dakota, and drove a stage from that section to Carney for some time. He spent the next four years herding cattle for D. C. Rankin and in 1883 drove a herd for Sitting Bull over the Green river trail from Grant county, Oregon, to Valentine, South Dakota, taking six months to make the trip. He then went to Oklahoma, where he purchased sixteen thousand head of cattle for Hunter & Newman and drove them to northwestern Nebraska, selling them at a good price in the markets of that state. In 1890 he came to Oregon, locating in Marion county, where he bought a ranch which he operated for some time, engaging at intervals in the mason's trade, which he had learned in his youth. He lived in Marion county for three years and then sold his holdings and bought a ranch in Linn county, where he remained for a similar length of time. Subsequently he sold out and bought a ranch in Douglas county, where he has since resided. He now owns an interest in seven hundred acres of improved land in the Cow Creek valley, known as the Daniel Levins ranch, situated on the site of the old Galesville stage station. He gives most of his time and attention to the dairy business and has been remarkably successful along this line. His dairy is one of the cleanest and most efficiently equipped in Douglas county and its products find a ready sale on the market.

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In 1886 Mr. Daugherty was united in marriage to Miss Effa Jane Fish and they became the parents of eight children: Archie C., deceased; William R.; Agra; Laura M.; Mabel C.; Elma; a child who died in infancy; and Mary A. Mr. Daugherty owns property in Portland and his family reside there to obtain the best educational facilities for the children. He claims Portland as his home but spends most of his time on the ranch. Mr. and Mrs. Daugherty are devoted members of the United Brethren church and have always been active in the affairs of that organization. Politically Mr. Daugherty gives his allegiance to the democratic party and is a firm believer in its principles and policies. Although he never seeks public office for himself he takes an intelligent interest in local public affairs, and is a prominent member of the local lodge of Odd Fellows. He is one of the intelligent farmers of the district, whose scientific knowledge of the details of the business is doing so much to raise the standard of agriculture and to place it upon a higher level.

CHARLES FRANKLIN McKINNEY. Controlled and owned by local interests and managed by local men, the Harney County National Bank of Burns, Oregon, stands for the development of the commercial interests of this section. To individuals, firms and corporations engaged in legitimate productive enterprises it assures all the accommodations and courtesies usually extended by conservative and progressive banking institutions. Its president and a dominating factor in its principles and policies is Charles Franklin McKinney, who has been connected with this institution since 1907. Mr. McKinney is a native of Ohio, his birth occurring in Washington, Fayette county, October 15, 1846. His parents were William S. and Sarah (Adams) McKinney. The mother was a daughter of Charles Adams, a prominent resident of Fayette county, and a grandson of John Quincy Adams, the great statesman and former president of the United States.

William S. McKinney, the father of our subject, settled in Iowa with his family in 1849. The trip from Ohio overland was made by team amid the hardships and dangers incident to travel at that time and in that section of the country. He took up a homestead in Marion county, where he resided until the outbreak of the Civil war when he immediately enlisted in the Fortieth Iowa Volunteer Infantry and served for one year, dying from sickness in 1864. The homestead which he took up in 1849 remained in the family until the death of his wife which occurred in 1898. His wife returned to Ohio when William McKinney went to war, getting money for her journey from the sale of her personal effects.

Charles Franklin McKinney served for three months in the Forty-Fifth Ohio Militia under Colonel Hinkle and Captain Marks. He was taken prisoner, paroled and returned to Ohio. Upon the death of William S. McKinney the family returned to the old homestead in Iowa in the fall of 1865 where Charles McKinney remained for five years, coming to Oregon in 1870. His life in this section of the country, then in the process of settlement, read like a story of western adventure. It was full of rugged hardships, the perils of war and the fear of Indian encroachments, and made a constant call upon the endurance and strength of the pioneer settlers.

Charles F. McKinney arrived in Jordan Valley, Baker county, Oregon, and spent some months in farming in that section. During the winter he removed to Silver City, Idaho, and in the spring of 1871 went to Boulder Creek, California, where he engaged in the lumber business. The country was wild and unsettled; night and day the lumber plant was guarded; the Indians were constantly on the warpath and the business was continued amid the dangers and hardships of the primitive settlement. During this time Mr. McKinney gave much of his attention to mining interests in California and had many rough experiences to mark this time. He never carried a gun, although he served two terms as sheriff of Mono county, but many times in the course of his work was compelled to look down the muzzle of a revolver drawn on him. The times were primitive and the customs rough and the man who did hold his own amid the dangers and hardships of life in the mining camps had necessarily to possess a rare degree of coolness and courage. Mr. McKinney remained in California until the fall of 1887 when he came to Harney county, Oregon, and engaged in the lumber business. He erected and operated a sawmill nine miles up a mountain side until 1907 when he sold out to his son-in-law, E. E. Purrington.

The year 1887 marked the beginning of Mr. McKinney's association with his present enterprise, the Harney County National Bank. At that time it was a private institution conducted by N. Brown & Son, but it was made a National bank when Mr. McKinney became connected with it and the name was changed to its present form. He was elected president, which office he has held since that time. The bank is one of the largest in the city of Burns. Its capital stock is twenty-six thousand dollars and the surplus on hand is thirty thousand dollars. Its deposits amount to three hundred seventy-two thousand seven hundred and eighty-two dollars and seventy-seven cents. It does an annual loan and discount business of two hundred eight thousand eight hundred and ninety-six dollars and ninety-four cents and its United States bonds and premiums amount each year to twenty-five thousand five hundred and sixty-three dollars and eighteen cents. These figures are a fair indication of the remarkable prosperity of the institution which in its present form is now only five years old. Much of the prominence which it has gained in this time is due to the business ability, discriminating judgment and power of rapid execution which its president, Mr. McKinney, possesses. In the spring of 1912 Mr.

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McKinney purchased for his bank and for the benefit of the community in general, one hundred Duroc Jersey and Poland China brood sows, to be distributed among the settlers on easy terms. The idea is to encourage the breeding and raising of hogs and to raise the standard of the breeds. This is a most commendable movement.

In February, 1868, Charles McKinney was united in marriage to Miss Emma Wilson, a native of Iowa and they became the parents of two children, Cora, now the wife of E. E. Purrington, of Burns, Oregon; and William, who is in charge of the foreign exchange department of the American National Bank of Pendleton, Oregon. Mr. McKinney is a prominent Mason, belonging to the chapter and the commandery. He is a member of Blue Lodge, No. 97, of Burns, Oregon, and is prominent in the Knights of Pythias. During his eventful career Charles McKinney has made judicious investments and has acquired by his own labor and efforts a comfortable fortune which he uses liberally to promote the happiness and prosperity of this section. He owns valuable timber land on the Columbia river which has added materially to his wealth. He is successful in business, prominent and public-spirited in public affairs and genial and hospitable in his private life.

JAMES F. HAUN is one of the large landed proprietors of Oregon, his entire holdings being in Wallowa county, this state. He is a native of Platte county, Missouri, where he was born September 25, 1858, his father being Wilson Haun. His mother, having died when he was but an infant, has left no memory whatever with him concerning her life. When he was a child eight years of age his father removed to Kansas and here the subject of this review continued to live until he was twenty years of age. In 1878 he left the parental home and, in company with his brother Jacob and his brother-in-law, William McGlenire, emigrated to Oregon, making the journey across the plains by wagon. On this long journey across the desert they were compelled to stop at two different points and devote their energies and time to whatever available labor presented itself to them in order to supply their company with funds and food with which to complete their journey. On arriving in this state they located in the Wallowa valley and were among the first of the pioneers to settle in this rich agricultural district. Here they filed upon adjoining homesteads two miles north of Lostine, on the west branch of the Wallowa river. Mr. Haun continued to reside upon his homestead for several years, after which he purchased a farm of three hundred and twenty acres in the Buttes of Wallowa county, to which he removed and on which he remained for three and a half years. He then returned to Lostine and bought his present property. Here his wife died April 27, 1900, and immediately following her death he spent two years in Lostine and one year in Ashland, after which he returned to Lostine, in which place he continued to reside until 1909. In that year he removed his buildings to Evans, which at that time was only a surveyed town site, in which he had become interested, having purchased the same in company with Messrs. Couch, McDonald and Miles. Here he operated a general store for one year. His landed holdings comprise twenty-six hundred acres, which he leases.

Mr. Haun has been twice married. He chose as his first companion in life Miss Ida M. Hayhurst, of Lostine, Oregon. Her father, William Hayhurst, passed away in Iowa, and it was in company with her mother that she made the journey to this state. By her marriage she became the mother of three children: Roy H., who is a resident of Evans, Oregon; James Ralph; and one who died in infancy. On the 12th of June, 1901, Mr. Haun was again married, his second union being with Miss Mellie Dodd, of Auburn, Illinois, by whom he had three children, two of whom are still living, Joy D. and M. Edith. Mrs. Mellie (Dodd) Haun is a daughter of James E. and Annis Dodd, the former a native of Tennessee and the latter of Kentucky. The parents were married in Illinois and are both living in that state, where the father is engaged in farming in Sangamon county. He has been prominently identified with the political life of his county, of which he has served for thirteen years as treasurer. He enjoyed the distinction of an intimate friendship with Abraham Lincoln. He is greatly interested in the Masonic craft and joined that order in 1862, assisting to organize several lodges in the state of Illinois.

Mr. Haun is affiliated with the republican party of his state but has never at any time been ambitious for political preferment. He is a member of the United Artisans. He belongs to the First Day Adventists church, and his wife is an adherent of the Presbyterian faith. James F. Haun, being one of the early pioneers of Wallowa county, had the wisdom in an early day to take advantage of the opportunity to obtain large land holdings in the very richest portion of the state of Oregon at a price easily within the reach of an enterprising man whose ambitions might lead him to wealth and independence, and this he has accomplished in a very high degree. He has given himself entirely to the care of his interests and has not failed to do his honest part as a citizen in the building up of all the necessary public institutions required by a well ordered community life. He is favorably known throughout the entire county and is recognized as an unfailing source of help in the advancement of any measure seeking the moral and social betterment of the people among whom he has for so many years maintained his home.

HARRY L. RUSSELL. Age has seemed no barrier to success in the case of Harry L. Russell, for although he has not yet reached the twenty-fifth milestone on life's journey he has nevertheless won a place for himself among the prosperous and progressive business men of his locality for whom the future holds rich promise. The width of the continent separates him from his birthplace, for

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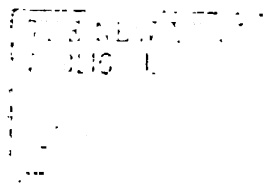

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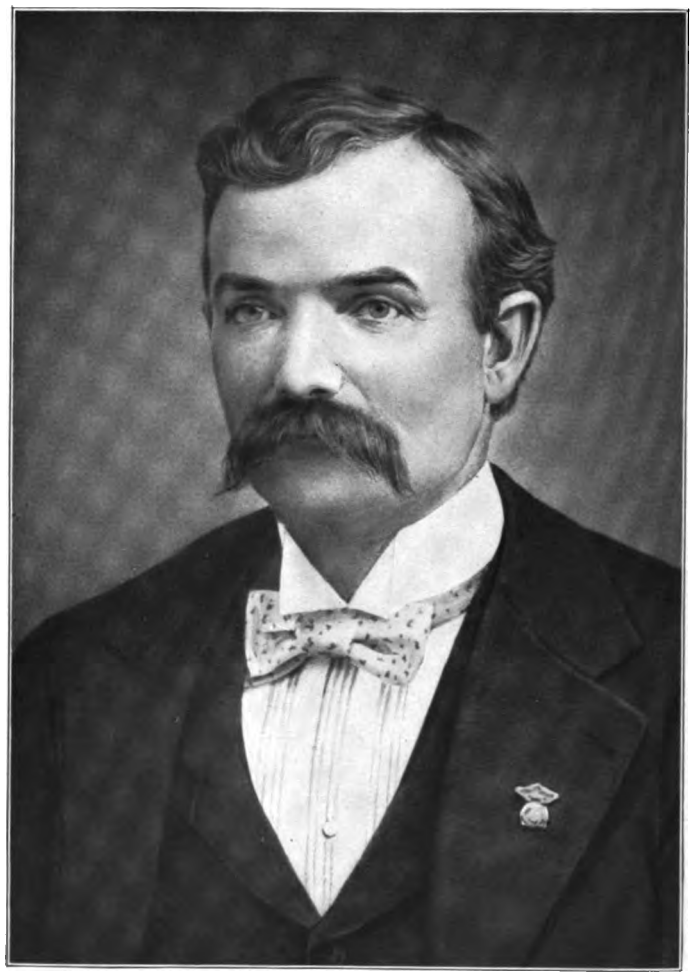

JAMES F. HAUN

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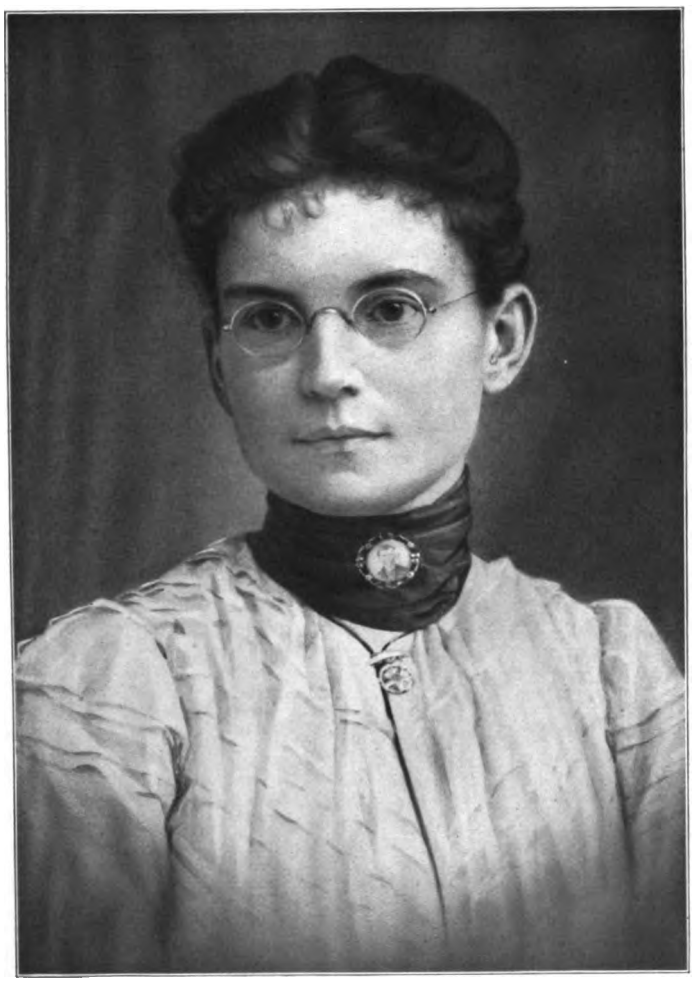

MRS. MELLIE HAUN

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he was born in Florida, on the 9th of April, 1888. His parents, John and Helen (Strengham) Russell, are natives of Philadelphia, Pennsylvania, and of Michigan, respectively, and were married in Kansas, in which state they made their home for five years. Later they removed to Florida where the father purchased land and planted an orange grove in the cultivation of which he engaged for twenty years. At the expiration of that period he sold his orchard and came to Oregon, arriving in this state in 1903. He located at North Bend and later entered the dairy business on Coos river, in which he continued for seven years, after which, in 1912, he removed to California, where he entered the same business, his time and attention now being thus employed. His wife also survives. They are the parents of nine children, all of whom are yet living, namely: Elmer, a resident of North Bend, Oregon; Lillie, of Oxford, Florida; Willard, of Tulare, California; Walter, of Marshfield, Oregon; Nellie, residing at Fort Meyers, Florida; Harvey, of North Bend, Oregon; Lawrence, of Tulare, California; Leonard, also of that city; and Harry L., of this review.

As a youth of fifteen years the last named came to Oregon with his parents, and his education, which had been begun in the public schools of his native state, was continued in the schools of Oregon. After graduating from the high school at North Bend he pursued a commercial course in the Modern School of Business at Eugene, and was thus well fitted by training to assume the duties and responsibilities of business life. He remained with his parents, assisting his father in his dairy, until his marriage, which occurred when he was twenty-three years of age, after which he embarked in the dairy business independently. He purchased forty-seven acres of land located on Catching creek about six miles from Marshfield, on the county road, and there he is busily engaged in the conduct of his agricultural and dairying interests. His attention is principally given to the latter branch and his place is well stocked with a good grade of cattle. His product finds ready sale on the market for its quality is well known, cleanliness and sanitation being the salient elements in the conduct of his dairy.

Mr. Russell was married, on the 26th of December, 1911, to Miss Winnefred Rood, who was born in Lockport, New York, December 25, 1890, a daughter of Alve and Katherine Rood. Mrs. Russell, who graduated from high school and also from Albany College, taught school for about a year and a half at North Bend, and also acted as instructor in a country school previous to her marriage. She and her husband are both affiliated with the United Brethren church, in the work of which they are deeply interested, and the political affiliations of Mr. Russell are with the republican party. The honors and emoluments of office have no attractions for him, for he prefers to give his undivided attention to his business interests, and although he is numbered among the younger generation of business men in Coos county, the prosperity which has already attended his efforts augurs well for continued success in the future. He is possessed of traits of manhood which win confidence and esteem, and his list of friends is gradually increasing as his circle of acquaintances expands.

FLECK WESLEY BEYER is the well known and popular cashier of the Riddle State Bank, of which he was the principal organizer and of which he has been the cashier since the establishment of that well known financial house. He was born in Edgewood, Clayton county, Iowa, on March 9, 1882, and is the son of Henry Fleck and Alma R. (Fenner) Beyer, both of whom are natives of Iowa. The paternal grandfather was one of the early pioneers of Iowa and in the midst of his active life was killed by accident, after which the paternal grandmother returned with her family to Pennsylvania, where her people lived. The maternal grandfather was Nelson Fenner and to him belongs the distinction of having built and operated the first creamery in Iowa. The father, Henry Fleck Beyer, was reared in Pennsylvania, having removed with his mother from Iowa to that state immediately following the death of his father.

He remained in Pennsylvania where he received his early education until the age of eighteen, at which time he and his brother Jabez returned to Iowa and there engaged in the development of a homestead which had been entered by their paternal grandfather. Henry F. Beyer, the father of our subject, remained for twelve years on that property and was engaged in teaching school and also in the improvement and cultivation of the old family homestead. During these years he had saved a thousand dollars with which he engaged in the mercantile business in Edgewood, and continued to devote his attention to that business for a period of thirty-three years, during which time he also became one of the largest owners and operators in the creamery business in his part of the state, owning at one time sixteen creameries located in various sections of the country in which he lived. He is still identified with the creamery business, being owner of three of the well known establishments of that kind in this county. His initial investment in the creamery business was the purchase from his father-in-law, Nelson Fenner, of the first creamery built in the state of Iowa. He has also been engaged in the real-estate and land business for many years past and is now the owner of twelve or fourteen farms located in South Dakota and Texas and is also the owner of properties in Des Moines and Kansas City. He is still actively engaged in business interests and maintains his residence in Edgewood, Iowa.

Fleck Wesley Beyer was reared in his parents' home and received his early education in the public schools of Edgewood dur-

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ing the winter terms and was engaged in work in Pennsylvania during the summer months. In 1898 he entered Cornell Academy at Mount Vernon, Iowa, and two years later became a student of Cornell College, entering that institution with advanced grades from the academy. He completed the required collegiate course at Cornell and was graduated from that institution with the degree of B. S. on June 18, 1903. During his student days at Cornell Academy and College he used his spare time in tutoring private students, one of whom was the son of Leslie M. Shaw, who at that time was secretary of the treasury. From the money received while engaged in private teaching he was able to save five hundred dollars with which he established the Cedar Rapids Cream & Butter Company at Cedar Rapids, Iowa, which he owned and operated until March, 1906. At the time of the opening of the business his father became an equal partner with him in so far as his name and bank account were necessary to carry on the business, but the father did not share in the profits of the concern. The first weeks' receipts did not cover the expenses of the company but within two and a half years from the time the business was started it had built up a trade whose volume of business was more than nine hundred thousand dollars annually. In 1906 Mr. Beyer disposed of the property and on account of failing health he spent the following summer in travel in Old Mexico, after which he returned and entered the law department of the Cornell University at Ithaca, New York, where he took a special course under Dean Huffcutt who at that time was special counsel to Governor Hughes of New York. The law studies of Mr. Beyer were cut short by the unfortunate occurrence of the Dean's suicide in June, 1907. Immediately after that Mr. Beyer went down to Old Point Comfort for rest and recuperation and while there became interested in the Jamestown Exposition and took a contract for the delivering of all building materials and all exhibits. He complied with all of the terms of his contract until the exposition opened and until the following June, at which time he had exhausted his financial resources, having been a loser on his contracts to the extent of more than one thousand dollars per week. In December he returned to his home in Iowa, where he spent the holidays, and in January, 1907, he started for Los Angeles, stopping off on his way at Cedar Rapids, where he attended the consistory of the Masonic lodge which at that time was being held in that city, and he there became a member of that body and took the degree, after which he continued on his way to Los Angeles. He remained in that city for six weeks and then went to Portland, Oregon, where he engaged in the real-estate and brokerage business. In September, 1908, he returned to Iowa to look after the business interests of his father, who at that time was temporarily incapacitated as a result of impaired health but at the end of the following year he had wholly recovered from his disability and Mr. Beyer entered the employ of the Peoples Savings Bank of Cedar Rapids, Iowa. He regards the entering as an employe of that bank as the real beginning of his business career, it having been his ambition from early manhood to be engaged in the banking business. In March, 1910, he left Cedar Rapids for Oregon and located at Riddle, where he at once established the Riddle State Bank, of which he has since been the cashier. The bank opened its doors for business on May 19, 1910, and has since met with remarkable success. Out of the profits of the first eleven months of business the bank paid all of its organizing expenses and created a surplus of thirteen per cent of its capital stock. This showing puts the stamp of prosperity on the business of the bank which is now placed by public opinion among the most successful institutions of its kind in that part of the state.

Mr. Beyer is a member of the Masonic lodge of Riddle, of which he is a charter member, and has helped to organize two other blue lodges. He is a member of Trowel Chapter, No. 49, R. A. M., of Cedar Rapids, and also of Apollo Commandery, No. 26, K. T., of that city; and El Kahir Temple, A. A. O. N. M. S., of Cedar Rapids. He belongs also to Cedar Rapids Lodge, No. 251, B. P. O. E. He affiliates with the republican party and has been city treasurer of Riddle since he first established his residence in that place. He is also the secretary of the Riddle Development League, an organization having for its object the promotion of the business and material welfare of the city. He is among the most enterprising and successful business men of Douglas county and a man who is devoting his time and attention to the upbuilding of the city in which he lives.

JOHN ENEGREN is one of the successful farmers and fishermen of Oregon. His home ranch and fishing grounds are located seven miles up the Coos river from Marshfield. He was born in Wasa, Finland, in 1860 and is the son of John and Marie (Sophia) Enegren, in whose family were seven children: John, of this review; Charles, who resides in Coos county; Edward, Ephraim and Julius, all of whom reside in Finland; Simon, who makes his home in Coos county, Oregon; and Adeline, the wife of Alfred Westerland, of Bonneville, Oregon.

John Enegren was reared in his father's home and received his elementary education in the schools of his native land. He remained under the parental roof until he emigrated to America, settling at Coos bay in 1892. The father ten years before had come to the new world and established his home at the place above mentioned. He met death by drowning at North Bend, in 1888. Mr. Enegren of this review before coming to America was engaged in the operation of a flour mill. On reaching the shores of the new world and after having effected his settlement at Coos bay he was there employed for one summer on the farm of Ansen Rogers. He later worked in sawmills at Coos bay for some time, after which he lived on

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MRS. IDA M. HAUN

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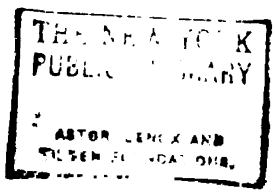

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rented farms for fourteen continuous years. He then purchased forty-eight acres located on the river, seven miles from Marshfield, near the north fork.

In 1883 Mr. Enegren was united in marriage to Miss Ulrika Sophia, a native of Finland, and to them two children were born. John was born October 16, 1884, and resides with his father on the home ranch. He received his elementary education in Finland, where he attended the public schools for some time, and after reaching Oregon he continued his studies for five months in the English schools of this country. Edla Sophia is the wife of Carl Silvesten, who is employed in a sawmill at East Side, Oregon, and they have one child, Signe Sophia. Mrs. John Enegren, the wife of the subject of this sketch, passed away in Finland in 1889. Mr. Enegren is a member of the republican party but has never allowed his name to be used as a candidate for any office of public trust. He is a member of the Lutheran church and has ever been a devout and consistent communicant of the faith and church of his early childhood. He is one of the thrifty and successful dairy farmers of Coos county and a man whose well known integrity admits him to the confidence of all his friends and associates.

JOHN JACKSON is one of the many pioneer settlers of Oregon who crossed the plains with ox teams in 1853, took up the donation claims in this state which were then offered by the government and operated, improved and developed them into the splendid ranches and stock farms which are the foundations of the greatness of the state of Oregon. He was born in Tennessee, January 25, 1833, the son of Abraham and Nancy (Hagerman) Jackson. The mother was a native of Germany, while the father's birth occurred in Tennessee. They removed to Illinois at an early date and spent the remainder of their lives in that state.

John Jackson was one of eight children. He received his early education in the public schools of his native state and when he was twenty years old crossed the plains to Oregon. The journey was made under the most primitive conditions and six months were spent in traveling from Illinois to Portland, where John Jackson first located. The city was then in its early stages of development. The inhabitants were few and the municipal advantages limited. Our subject soon removed to the town of Jackson, where he spent a short time before he came to Douglas county and located at Canyonville. He took up a donation claim of one hundred and sixty acres near this city, improved and developed it and made it his home for several years. Later he sold his holdings and went into the mercantile business, in which line of activity he has been prominent and active ever since. He keeps a full line of general merchandise and is well equipped to supply the needs of a growing community.

In 1864 Mr. Jackson was united in marriage to Miss Mary Rose, a native of Illinois, and they are the parents of five children: William, deceased; C. S., who is now living in Roseburg, Oregon; John, Jr., principal of the Indian schools, at Elbiwood, North Dakota; Della, who married Joe Boyle and has seven children, Grace, Clifford, Thurman, Ruth, Wayne, Lawrence and Conrad; and Libby, who married A. C. Goodrich and is now deceased. Politically Mr. Jackson affiliates with the republican party and has been active in its interests all during his career. He served for some time as county commissioner and was a member of the town council for several terms. He is interested in the educational affairs of his community and has served as a member of the school board. He is a devout adherent of the Methodist Episcopal church and prominent and active in its affairs. In his business life he has been successful in the building up of a large mercantile establishment, the operation of which makes constant calls upon his energy, ability and resourcefulness.

DR. MALCOLM BRONSON, physician and surgeon of Hood River, was born in Cincinnati, Ohio, November 4, 1882, a son of Edward M. and Alice (Riley) Bronson. The father is a native of Oswego, New York, and the mother's birth occurred in Lafayette, Indiana. The father has been prominently connected with the traffic department of the Pennsylvania Railroad system for the past twenty-eight years and at present has charge of the traffic department of the Norfolk & Western Railway, with headquarters at Roanoke, Virginia, and Cincinnati, Ohio. He is a Knights Templar Mason and a Shriner and is very prominent in the railroad circles of Cincinnati.

Dr. Bronson was reared at home, acquiring his education at Kenyon College, at Gambier, Ohio. In 1902 he took up the study of medicine, reading under Dr. George C. Skinner, of Hamilton, Ohio, and in the fall of the same year he entered the Miami Medical College, from which he was graduated with the class of 1906. Following his graduation he served as interne for seven months in Mercy Hospital at Hamilton. Subsequently he served in a similar position in the Miami Valley Hospital at Dayton, Ohio, after which he went to Chicago and took up post-graduate work for a short time. Before deciding definitely where he would locate he traveled through the northwest for eight months, going up as far as British Columbia. So strongly did this country appeal to him that in February, 1909, he came to Hood River, Oregon, and in August, after passing the examinations of the state board, began the active practice of medicine in this city, with offices in the Elliott building. About two months later he formed a partnership with Dr. M. F. Shaw, with whom he is now associated. They rank at present among the foremost practitioners in Hood River.

In January, 1910, Dr. Bronson was married to Miss Cornelia Skinner, a daughter of Dr. George C. Skinner, of Hamilton, Ohio. He holds membership in the Episcopal church and is a member of the Hood River

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Commercial Club, the University Club of Hood River, The Dalles Lodge, No. 303, B. P. O. E., the Eastern Oregon District Medical Society, the Oregon State Medical Society and the American Medical Association. For some time he has been health officer of the city. Through the various medical organizations of which he is a member he keeps in touch with the results being constantly reached in medical science and his familiarity with the various departments of materia medica has made him exceptionally successful in the diagnosis and treatment of disease. As a physician he possesses the necessary qualifications both as to character and learning to win him an extensive patronage and make him one of the most popular and practical of the medical fraternity.

ANDREW HONGELL is one of the well known and successful farmers of Coos county, his farm being located six miles from Marshfield on Catching Inlet. He was born in Finland in 1866, and is the son of John and Brita (Johanna) Hongell, both of whom were natives of Finland, and who died in their native land many years ago. They became the parents of five children, two of whom are still living in Finland. The others are: Andrew, the subject of this review; John, a resident of Salem, Oregon; and Alexander, who is a resident of Nevada City, Nevada.

Andrew Hongell emigrated to America in 1889 settling first in Coos county and was there engaged in the logging camps on Coos river for eight years. In 1896 he purchased fifty-five acres of land located on Catching Inlet in school district No. 12, six miles up the inlet from Marshfield. He there established his home and has since continued to give his attention to the development and improvement of his place. For many years past he has made a specialty of dairy farming and also of raising stock for his own use and for sale in the open market. Twenty acres of his farm he has brought to a high state of cultivation and his property is now one of the best improved and among the most valuable farms in the district in which he lives.

Mr. Hongell is a loyal member of the republican party and one of the reliable and respected citizens of the county in which he lives. He is also a member of the Lutheran church and is ready at all times to do his part to advance and improve the conditions of the people in his county and state.

C. B. MATTSON is the owner of a highly developed farm of forty-five acres located seven miles from Marshfield on Catching Inlet, Coos county, Oregon. He was born in Coos county, January 7, 1885, and is the son of John and Sophia (Stora) Mattson, of whom a more extended review appears in another part of this work.

C. B. Mattson was reared in his parents' home and received his early education in the public schools of Coos county. He remained under the parental roof until he was twenty-one years of age, at which time he started in life for himself as a farmer on his father's homestead. He purchased forty-five acres of the old home farm located seven miles up the river from Marshfield on Catching Inlet and since having established his residence there he has continued to be engaged in the cultivation of highly improved property.

Mr. Mattson was united in marriage in 1906, to Miss Rose E. Harris, a native of Humboldt county, California, her birth having occurred February 8, 1885. Mrs. Mattson is the daughter of Captain W. C. and Amelia H. (McCall) Harris, the former a native of Nevada and the latter of California. Her parents lived in California until 1889 after which time they settled in Coos county. The father for many years was captain of a boat plying the western California coast and after settling in Oregon he operated a boat and also engaged in the merchandising business. In addition to these properties he also owned a cheese factory which he has recently sold. To Mr. and Mrs. Harris eight children were born, five of whom are still living: Clarence, a resident of Sumner, Oregon; Rose E., the wife of the subject of this review; Myrtle, who is the wife of John Barker, of Sumner, Oregon; and Ruth and Wilda, both of whom are at home. Mrs. Mattson was reared in her parents' home and received her education in Humboldt county, California, and also in Coos county, Oregon. Unto Mr. and Mrs. Mattson two children have been born, Lorin and Jean.

Mr. Mattson is affiliated with the republican party but is liberal in his view regarding political matters. He is one of the well known citizens of Coos county and numbered among the most successful and enterprising farmers of the community in which he lives.

CHARLES P. BISHOP. Success has followed the enterprising efforts and determined purpose of Charles P. Bishop who is associated with the Pendleton Woolen Mills, and is closely connected with the commercial interests of Oregon. He was born in Contra Costa county, California, September 23, 1854, his parents being William R. and Elizabeth J. (Adams) Bishop. The father was born in Indiana, was educated for the ministry and became a preacher in the Presbyterian church. For a number of years he continued active in the pulpit, but for the past third of a century has lived retired. In 1850 he made his way westward to California, and six years later came to Oregon. He afterward engaged in farming in that state and for the past thirty-two years has resided in Portland where he still lives retired at the advanced age of eighty-six years, while his wife has reached the age of seventy-eight. His life has been a busy one and has constituted a forceful element for progress and improvement along material, political and moral lines. He has been a stalwart republican since the organization of the party and represented Multnomah county in the state legislature in 1893. He is also a member of

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the Masonic lodge, and in these different connections has become one of the well known men of Oregon.

Charles P. Bishop was reared at home, acquiring his education in the public schools, although his opportunities in that direction were somewhat limited. He was twenty years of age when, in 1874, he started out to earn his own living, becoming a clerk in a store at Brownsville, Oregon, where he was employed for two years. He then served as a salesman in the store of the Brownsville Woolen Mills Company for two years at Brownsville, and from each experience in life he learned the lessons it contained, and developed power and energy to take up the succeeding work that devolved upon him.

While thus engaged Mr. Bishop was united in marriage to Miss Fannie Kay, a daughter of the late Thomas Kay of Salem, Oregon. Through the succeeding six years Mr. Bishop was a junior member of the firm of Glass & Bishop of Crawfordsville, Oregon, dealers in general merchandise. Whatever he has undertaken he has carried forward to a successful completion, his determination and honorable purpose enabling him to overcome all difficulties and obstacles in his path. In 1884 he removed to McMinnville, and founded the firm of Bishop & Kay, proprietors of a clothing store. During five years he successfully conducted a good trade in that connection but in 1889 sold his interest in the business and joined Thomas Kay, Sr., in the building of the Thomas Kay Woolen Mills at Salem, Oregon. He became a dominant factor in the upbuilding of the industry, and in 1891 he purchased the Salem Woolen Mills store and developed a large mercantile establishment which is now the most extensive retail clothing store in Oregon outside of Portland. It is now managed by Mr. Bishop's eldest son, Robert C. Bishop, the father however, still owning the business.

In 1907 Charles P. Bishop crossed the ocean and spent two years traveling in Europe. On his return he and two sons, Clarence M. and Roy T. Bishop, purchased the old Pendleton Woolen Mills, erected the present substantial building, and with new machinery outfitted one of the most modern plants in the state, Mr. Bishop becoming president of the company. His position as a foremost business man has long been widely acknowledged.

Mr. Bishop gives his political allegiance to the republican party, and for five years —from 1899 until 1904—served as mayor of Salem, giving to the city a businesslike and progressive administration that brought about various needed reforms and improvements. He belongs to the Pendleton Commercial Club, the Commercial Club of Portland and the Commercial Club of Salem, thus taking an active interest in all that tends to advance business conditions and promote public progress in the state. He likewise holds membership in the Illihee, a social club of Salem, and is widely known in various relations, commanding in all the respect, confidence and good-will of those with whom he has been brought into contact. His business interests have been of the most important character, contributing to public progress as well as to individual success, and yet he has not limited his activities to commercial and industrial interests alone but has cooperated in those wide fields of labor which touch the general interests of society and promote the welfare of humanity at large.

HENRY KAINO is one of the successful dairy farmers of Coos county, located on his highly developed ranch of twenty acres off Catching Inlet, where he is engaged in the operation of a well known dairy farm. He was born in Finland in 1859 and is the son of Leander and Louise (Mattson) Kaino, both of whom were natives of that country.

Henry Kaino, an only child, was reared in his parents' home and received his elementary education in his native land. At the age of ten years he was employed on one of the farms in Finland and in that occupation continued until 1879, at which time he emigrated to America, settling first in Michigan, where he was engaged for one year in the lumber woods. Later he worked as a farm hand for one year, after which time he removed to California and there found employment in the lumber business for one and one-half years, when he removed to Astoria, Oregon, and there engaged in fishing for one season, after which he returned to California. He remained in the Golden state for one year and then removed to Oregon, settling in Marshfield, where he was engaged in business for two years. Becoming an employe in one of the lumber camps near Marshfield he continued to devote his attention to that occupation until 1895, at which time he purchased twenty acres of unimproved land located off Catching Inlet. The land at the time of his purchase was a wild swamp covered with brush and forbidding as a place upon which to establish a home and engage in agricultural pursuits. He, however, was not deterred by the appearance of the property and, having the will and ambition to make for himself a desirable home, he at once improved his property and has continued so to do until he is now the owner of one of the most productive and valuable farms in his section of the state. In the operation of his place he makes a specialty of dairying, having at present ten dairy cows.

On October 31, 1885, Mr. Kaino was united in marriage to Miss Mary Wiklund, who was born March 5, 1860, and is a daughter of Matt and Mary E. (Stora) Wiklund, in whose family were ten children, four of whom are living, namely: Alfred, who resides in Finland; Mary, now Mrs. Henry Kaino; Helen, who is the wife of John Weaver, of British Columbia, by whom she has two children, Carl and Leonard; and Tilda, who resides in Marshfield. To Mr. and Mrs. Kaino four children were born: Henry Albin, who was born March 1, 1887, and died December 19, 1887; Elna Julia Mary, born February 16, 1891, who is at home with her parents; Walter Henry, born February 14, 1893, who also resides at

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home; and Edith Helen Elizabeth, born March 30, 1895, who is a student in the high school at Marshfield.

Mr. Kaino is affiliated with the republican party and has served as school director for two terms. He belongs to the Independent Order of Odd Fellows, and he and his wife are members of the Lutheran church and the children have all been confirmed in that faith. Mr. Kaino is one of the enterprising and successful farmers of Coos county and a man whose success in life is due entirely to the faithful attention he has given to the conduct of his affairs.

BENJAMIN FRANKLIN NICHOLS is one of the many men actively engaged in the cultivation of the soil, the raising of high-grade stock and in the operation of a fruit ranch, which industry is doing so much to make southern Oregon a wealthy and prosperous section. He was born in Douglas county, January 11, 1872, the son of Israel B. and Isabel (Riddle) Nichols, the former a native of Ohio and the latter of Illinois. The father came to Oregon in 1853 and took up a donation claim in Douglas county, married in this section and died in 1893 upon his holdings. The mother died in 1892. In his family were twelve children, ten of whom are living.

Benjamin F. Nichols received his early education in the public schools of Douglas county and remained at home until he was twenty-one years of age. He then began farming and stock-raising and was so successful in this line that he is now the owner of two hundred and eighty acres of cultivated and improved farm land and a large herd of graded cattle in the Cow Creek valley, near Riddle. He is also the proprietor of large fruit orchards and in this branch of his activity he takes a keen and intelligent interest. He is well versed in the details of fruit cultivation and has a scientific knowledge of the care of apples, prunes and berries. His fruit is of fine quality and his harvests grow more abundant every year. He has recently added to his activities by the purchase of a livery barn in the village of Riddle. This he operates with great business ability and common sense and is rapidly making a success in this line proportionate to his prosperity in the purely agricultural field.

On January 9, 1896, Mr. Nichols was united in marriage to Miss Lenora Yarbrough, a daughter of George W. and Emma (Brown) Yarbrough, former residents of Josephine county, who are now living in Douglas county, Oregon. The father of Mrs. Nichols was born in Missouri and the mother in Washington county, Oregon. The former came to Oregon in 1844 with his parents when he was only four years of age. They settled in Linn county and afterwards moved to Josephine county. The mother's parents came to Oregon in 1843 from Missouri and settled in Washington county, being among the earliest settlers and pioneers in Oregon. Mr. and Mrs. Nichols are the parents of three children: Lenora Mildred, who was born June 15, 1898; Stilley R., born September 1, 1900; and Ruth Jane, born August 7, 1906.

Mr. Nichols has always been active in local political affairs. He is a consistent republican and a firm upholder of the principles and policies of that party. He has recently been nominated for representative from his district and has held the position of county stock inspector for six years. He is a member of Riddle Lodge, No. 136, I. O. O. F., and has filled all the chairs in that organization. He belongs to Roseburg Lodge, No. 47, K. P., and is a member of the Grange at Riddle. He is an intelligent, active and broadminded man, well versed in all matters pertaining to his life's occupation, able in politics, capable in business and well beloved by his many friends.

JUDGE THOMAS F. FLOYD for many years has been one of the active and highly respected citizens of Josephine county. He was born in New York, April 26, 1827, and is the son of Heathcoat and Lucy S. (Tozer) Floyd, both of whom were natives of New York. Judge Floyd was reared in his parents' home and received his elementary education in the public schools of the district in which he lived. He remained under the parental roof until he was twenty-eight years of age and at that time he emigrated to Oregon and in 1855 settled in Josephine county, where he filed upon a government homestead, which he improved and cultivated for a number of years, after which he disposed of that property and removed to Kerby, where he now lives a retired life.

In 1860 Judge Floyd was united in marriage to Miss Julia Briggs, a native of New York, and to that union four children were born: George and Lucy, both deceased, the former of whom passed away in 1904 and the latter in 1894; Harriet; and Thomas F. Judge Floyd is a member of the republican party and for many years was one of the influential men in the councils of that political organization. As a representative of that party he was elected to the office of county judge, in which he served the people of Josephine county for four years. He also served as school commissioner of that county for a period of four years. He is a member of the Masonic fraternity and also belongs to the Odd Fellows lodge. Judge Floyd is one of the highly respected citizens of his portion of the state of Oregon and has always contributed his influence and assistance to the advancement of every public measure having for its object the improvement of the people in his state and county.

CHARLES T. JOHNSON is widely known throughout his portion of the state as one of the successful fishermen of Coos bay. He was born in Coos county, Oregon, in 1876, and is the son of Stephen F. and Mary E. (Gibbs) Johnson, the former a native of Denmark and the latter of the Willamette valley, this state. The parents celebrated their wedding in Curry county and later the father with his family removed to Coos

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county, where he has since continued to be engaged in farming and also in the dairying business. He has been the owner of extensive real-estate holdings in his portion of the state, having recently sold two hundred and forty acres of choice agricultural land, and still owns one hundred and sixty acres upon which he now resides, which he has brought to a high state of cultivation. In his family were five children, of whom four are still living, namely: Charles T., of this review; Mrs. Laura G. Counts, of Grants Pass; and Emily E. and Rachel C., both of whom reside in Portland.

Charles T. Johnson was reared in his parents' home and received his early education from his mother, supplementing this by diligent study and reading. He was the first white child born within ten miles of his parents' home and his playmates were Indians. He remained with his parents until he was fifteen years of age, at which time he started in life for himself and was engaged for a brief period as a farm laborer. He afterward took up the occupation of a fisherman and to that business he has since devoted his entire attention, maintaining his home and the headquarters of his fishing operations at Empire, on Coos bay.

In January, 1911, Mr. Johnson was united in marriage to Mrs. Kittie Lanagon, a widow. By her first marriage Mrs. Johnson became the mother of five children, Elmer, Artie, Joseph, Mary and Seth. She was reared in her parents' home and received her early education in the public schools of Coos county. Charles T. Johnson is one of the successful men in his line of business and is well and favorably known among his associates for his habits of industry and the strict integrity of his business transactions.

HENRY ALBERT RASOR. The banking institutions of a city require as their officers and directors thoroughly honest men. They are institutions of so much weight in a community and of so much financial importance that the characters of the men who form their policy and direct their movements must be honorable and upright to a high degree. A bank official of this kind is Henry Albert Rasor, now vice president of the Riddle State Bank, to which position he was elected four months after its organization. He was born in Coffey county, Kansas, February 9, 1867, the son of David and Amanda (Chambers) Rasor, the former a native of Ohio and the latter of Indiana. His parents moved to Kansas in 1860 and lived there continuously until the time of the father's death with the exception of four years' residence in Roseburg, Oregon, where they resided on account of the failing health of David Rasor. When he returned to Kansas in 1900, for the purpose of closing out his affairs and removing permanently to this state, death overtook him. His wife survived him for three years, dying in Aberdeen, Washington, in 1903, where she had been living for some time with a son.

Henry Albert Rasor was reared at home and attended the public schools of Kansas. He remained in that state until he was twenty-one years old and came west to Washington in 1888. Here he spent six months in a logging camp at Grays Harbor, removing from there to Westport, Oregon, where he took up a preemption claim of one hundred and sixty acres. This he sold one year later and came to Roseburg, where he took up a timber claim and followed the occupation of timber cruising for three years. Upon the death of his father he returned to Kansas and settled up the estate. While he was in Kansas, Mr. Rasor was married to Miss Minnie O. Hefner on the 28th of December, 1892, and returned with his wife to Oregon, where he spent one year logging in Grays Harbor. The death of his mother obliged him to return again to Kansas, where he spent four years looking after the interest of the estate. Later he engaged in various lines of activity until 1902, when he came to Riddle, Oregon, and settled on a farm two and a half miles from town. He engaged in the occupation of general farming for eight years, making a remarkable success of this line of business and acquiring large tracts of land. He still owns three hundred and fifty acres, which he keeps under cultivation. In 1910 he moved into the town and was one of the leading factors in the organization of the Riddle State Bank, with which institution he is now connected. Four months after the foundation of the enterprise Henry A. Rasor succeeded B. F. Nichols as vice president and in this position he is now serving. He is active in other commercial lines in the city and is well and prominently known in various enterprises. He is owner of the Riddle opera house and he built the Pacific Highway Garage, which he now operates.

Politically Mr. Rasor gives his allegiance to the republican party. He takes an intelligent interest in local affairs and has served for one year as a member of the town council. He belongs to Riddle Lodge, A. F. & A. M., and is prominent in the Modern Woodmen of America. There is hardly any line of business or social activity in Riddle with which he is not prominently identified. He has a keen business instinct which makes his judgment of the value of an investment sound and discriminating and his advice is often sought and followed.

WILLIAM LACKSTROM is successfully engaged in farming on his highly improved ranch consisting of one hundred and five acres located off Catching Inlet near County Landing in Coos county. He was born in Finland, April 11, 1866, and is the son of Leander and Breta (Vitick) Lackstrom, both of whom were natives of Finland, and to them twelve children were born, four of whom died in early life, and one son Victor is also deceased. The others are: Hannah, who resides in Finland; William, the subject of this review; John, who is a resident of Seattle, Washington, and the father of three children; and Otto, Ina, Verner and Senne, all of whom are residents of Finland.

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William Lackstrom was reared in his parents' home and received his early education in the schools of Finland. At the age of nineteen years he emigrated to America, settling in Marshfield, where he learned the carpenter's trade and for some years was engaged at work in the shipyards at Marshfield. In 1911 he purchased one hundred and five acres of highly improved land located off Catching Inlet, in Coos county, and has since given his entire attention to mixed and dairy farming, having at present seven dairy cows.

Mr. Lackstrom was united in marriage to Miss Selma Stora, of Finland, on August 9, 1889. She is the daughter of Carl and Louisa (Stora) Stora. To the parents of Mrs. Lackstrom twelve children were born, of whom only six are still living. John is a resident of Marshfield, Oregon. Matt is a resident of North Bend, Oregon, and the father of three children. Sophie married John Mattson, of Coos county, Oregon, of whom a review is published in another part of this work and they are the parents of five children. Hannah is the widow of Victor Lackstrom by whom she has one child. Hilma, who completes the family, married Conrad Hajquist, of Marshfield, Oregon, and they have one child.

Mr. and Mrs. Lackstrom are the parents of five children, namely: Rudolph, who was born July 24, 1891, and resides in San Francisco, California; Arthur, deceased; Albin, born May 25, 1898, who is attending school; Elvira, born December 21, 1903, who is also attending school; and Ferdinand, born April 3, 1907, who completes the family.

Mr. Lackstrom is liberal in his political views, giving the benefit of his support to the party which in his estimation represents the best interests of the people. He is a member of the Fraternal Order of Eagles and he and his family are members of the Lutheran church. He is one of the successful dairy farmers of his portion of the state and a man held in high esteem by his friends and associates.

J. M. MITCHELL for many years has been one of the substantial citizens of Wallowa county, in this state, owning at present one of the most highly improved farms all under irrigation within one-half mile of the city of Joseph. He was born in Lafayette county, Missouri, November 18, 1848, and is a son of Frederick and Rebecca (Hill) Mitchell, both natives of Appomattox county, Virginia, where they were married. Shortly after this event the family removed to Missouri and in this state maintained their residence until 1852. In that year Frederick Mitchell, taking his family with him, crossed the plains to Oregon, making the journey with horses and oxen. The long trip consumed seven months of that memorable year. On reaching this state he made his first settlement in Milwaukie, Multnomah county, in November, 1852. He brought with him across the plains sixty-four head of cattle and on reaching his destination had the misfortune to encounter one of the most severe winters ever known in this part of the Pacific coast, the snow being two feet on the level all over the valley and ranch lands during the greater portion of the winter. His splendid herd of sixty-four head of cattle when spring dawned upon him had dwindled to a small bunch of eight half-starved animals with which to establish his intended stock industry. In 1853 he removed to Douglas county and there continued to reside for the succeeding ten years. Closing out his interests in this county at that time he removed in 1863 to the Grande Ronde valley, Union county, where he spent the remaining days of his life. His wife passed to her reward in the land beyond in the year 1886 and he passed away in 1887.

James M. Mitchell was reared at home and acquired his education in the public schools of this state. At the age of twenty-one he began life for himself, his first business venture consisting in the purchase of agricultural land at Cove, in Union county. Here he at once engaged in farming and the cattle business. In 1879 he filed upon a desert claim in Wallowa county and later, fearing the title was not perfect, he relinquished this claim and preempted open government land one-half of a mile east of Joseph, to which place he removed his family in 1880. He still owns this ranch together with fifty-five acres which he subsequently purchased and he is also the owner of a one hundred and sixty-acre timber claim. His home ranch, consisting of two hundred and fifteen acres is all under a complete and well established irrigation system, affording an ample supply of water for his stock, orchards and diversified farming. On this place he continued to live until 1894 and in that year he removed to Joseph, where Mrs. Mitchell purchased the hotel property and for the succeeding fifteen years conducted the well known Mitchell Hotel. This hostelry is one of the most famous institutions of its kind in the northeastern portion of this state. Mrs. Mitchell being a woman of rare business ability with special qualifications as a hostess succeeded in making this hotel an establishment little short of famous both for its equipment and management as well as the generous treatment accorded the traveling public. The Mitchell Hotel was known to be a place where the best was always to be obtained at a reasonable price and where the weary traveler could find lodging and rest "without money and without price, anchored under the lee of the generous friendship of its far-famed proprietress." Since 1894 Mr. Mitchell has been extensively engaged in contracting and construction work, giving special attention to ditching and grading. In 1910 he secured the contract for the construction of the city waterworks of Joseph and in that year installed the present water plant of this city.

J. M. Mitchell was united in marriage to Miss Mary A. Boothe, of Grande Ronde valley, in the year 1870, his bride being the daughter of Rev. L. J. Boothe, who crossed the plains and located in this state in 1865. To Mr. and Mrs. Mitchell have been born seven children, six of whom are living: Fred W., who resides near Midvale, Idaho; Anna,

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MR. AND MRS. J. M. MITCHELL

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the wife of L. E. Caviness, of Joseph; Herman, engaged in ranching near Joseph; Henry, living on the home ranch, who is engaged in farming and stock-raising; Welton, also at the home ranch; and Guy E. living with his parents at home.

Mr. Mitchell is a member of the democratic party, following the standard of that political organization in its national and state campaigns. He is a public-spirited citizen, well known throughout the county as one of its most enterprising men and at all times ready to give the benefit of his influence to any measure seeking the advancement of the best interests of his state and community.

SAMUEL T. MOTHERSHEAD. In the year 1849 when the famous California gold fields were discovered, when the country thrilled with stories of the sudden transformation of poor laborers into men of millions, when the air was filled with the clang of pick and shovel, Willis F. Mothershead set out from his home in Louisville, Kentucky, and traveled overland by team until he reached California. Here he remained five or six years, made his fortune and removed to Missouri where he engaged in farming a tract of land five miles from De Soto, in that state, and died in 1907, at the age of seventy-four years. Willis Mothershead was the father of Samuel T. Mothershead, the subject of this review, who is a prominent resident of Burns, Harney county, Oregon, where he is engaged in the real-estate and abstract business.

Samuel T. Mothershead was born in De Soto, Missouri, September 23, 1872. His father, at that time had returned from California and with his wife, Melissa (Wiley) Mothershead, was residing on the farm in Missouri. The father, a democrat, was prominent in this section and took an active part in political matters. He worked hard for the benefit of the party, was a delegate to many state conventions and a leader of the party in De Soto, although he never sought office for himself. Samuel T. Mothershead was the youngest of four children. He received his elementary education in De Soto and came west in January, 1892, locating immediately in Burns. He had learned the trade of printing and his first occupation in this city was in that line. He later founded the paper called the Burns Times, which he operated in partnership with M. Fitzgerald, one of the earliest white settlers of Harney valley. Mr. Fitzgerald's duties as a soldier had brought him west and as he liked the life there and was interested in the development of the new country he remained at Camp Harney. He was a man of more than ordinary ability and under his direction the paper which the two partners operated was remarkably successful. They sold out at a good profit, after two years and their periodical was combined with the Burns Herald and is now published under the title of the Times-Herald. A short time afterward, Samuel T. Mothershead accepted the position of deputy sheriff, serving under A. J. McKinnon for six years. Mr. McKinnon was later killed by an insane man whom he had assisted in taking to the asylum. This man followed Mr. McKinnon to California, upon his release from the asylum, and took his life in that state. After his experience as deputy sheriff Samuel Mothershead served two years as deputy assessor and in 1904 was elected county clerk. He was elected to this office three times and has the distinction of being the first office holder in Harney county to serve three consecutive terms. When he gave up his duties as county clerk he engaged in the real-estate and abstract business which is his present occupation. His business is extensive in both its branches. He is a keen judge of the value of land and his investments have always proved judicious. He takes a marked interest in his abstract department and has a complete set of abstracts of the county. He keeps these thoroughly up-to-date and his business along this line is increasing year by year. He is known as the pioneer in this line of activity in the county.

On September 21, 1898, Mr. Mothershead was united in marriage to Miss Ella R. Swain, a daughter of A. S. Swain, a pioneer of Harney county and a prominent resident of this city. Our subject and his wife became the parents of three children: Mildred, who died in 1908, at the age of eight years; John S., and Frank C.

Mr. Mothershead is a thirty-second degree Mason, a member of Blue Lodge, No. 97, and of the Nobles of the Mystic Shrine. He is a member of Oregon Consistory, No. 1, and the Portland and Al Kader Temple. He is secretary of the A. F. & A. M. lodge, is prominent in the Knights of Pythias, and is likewise, an active member of the Woodmen of the World. He is a worthy citizen of Burns, active in politics where his influence is always given to a worthy cause and he is well known and widely popular in its social life.

MONROE MULKEY. One of the pioneer agriculturists of Polk county, whose labor for many years contributed toward the development of this section of the state, was Monroe Mulkey. He was born on a farm in Cass county, Missouri, on the 11th of January, 1839, and is a son of Thomas and Sarah (Carpenter) Mulkey. The father was of German extraction but the mother was descended from a long line of New England ancestors. They were married in Missouri and there the father engaged in farming and also preached in the Christian church until the spring of 1847. On the 1st of April, of that year, with his wife and family, he started across the plains to Oregon. The journey was made with wagons and ox teams, and our subject assisted in driving a flock of sheep, which were the first brought into the state of Oregon. It was a long, hard trip and on Christmas day they camped at the foot of Mount Hood. They remained there for two weeks and then started across the mountains. This was considered to be practically impossible, no one ever having been known to attempt the trip in mid-winter with an ox team. It was a desperate undertaking, every step of

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the way being fraught with danger, but they were true pioneers and already worn with the long journey were anxious to reach their destination. They made the passage without any mishap of a serious nature, and located temporarily on the Clackamas river, nine miles from Oregon City. The hardships and exposure incident to the trip and their mode of living was not without its effect on their health and the following spring the father succumbed to mountain fever. Soon thereafter the mother with her family drove to Yamhill county, settling on the present site of McMinnville. Here two years later, in 1850, she was married to R. J. Lamsfield, who had crossed the plains in 1846. Eight children were born to Mr. and Mrs. Mulkey, as follows: Zerelda; Cyrenus; America; George, who died at Walla Walla in 1862; Monroe; Hamilton; Emily and William. All of the family accompanied the parents on their removal to Oregon with the exception of Zerelda, who was married and remained in Missouri until 1852. Mr. and Mrs. Lamsfield had two children, May Ellen and Robert W., who were still in their early youth when the mother passed away at the age of forty-five years.

There was no one upon whom the hardships of pioneer life inflicted greater self-denial than the ambitious young people who accompanied their parents to the northwest, realizing that thereby they cut themselves off from practically all educational advantages. Of such as these was Monroe Mulkey, who received very little schooling after leaving his native state at the age of eight years. In common with other youths on the frontier his services were required at home, especially as his mother was a widow and the family was practically dependent upon him and his brothers for support. He remained on the farm until he was eighteen at about which time he was married and began working for himself. His bride was yet younger than he was, but they were strong, healthy and energetic and had no fears for the future. They began their domestic life on a farm, their home being a log cabin fourteen feet square. After residing there for five years they removed to what is now known as one of the finest and most valuable ranches in the county. This contained five hundred acres of very fertile land, and here he engaged in general farming and stock-raising until 1877. In the latter year they came to a place near Monmouth that contained one hundred and thirty-three acres. Mr. Mulkey's undertakings thrived and he prospered, becoming known as one of the substantial ranchmen of this vicinity. In his later years he lived retired in Monmouth, having a competence that, together with the income from his property, provided him with all of the necessities of life and many of the luxuries.

In 1858 Mr. Mulkey was married to Miss Margaret Garrison, a native of Missouri and a daughter of Abraham H. and Margaret Garrison, who crossed the plains in 1846, passing their last years in Yamhill county. To Mr. and Mrs. Mulkey seven children were born: L. D., who is on the old homestead; Nora, who is living in Oregon; Samuel A., a dentist at Sheridan, this state; Wilbur, who is living in southern California; and Alice Amanda, Rosalie and Marion, all of whom are deceased. Mrs. Mulkey passed away in 1885 and Mr. Mulkey was later married to Mrs. Sarah Martin, who crossed the plains in 1875. He died May 11, 1912, after an illness of only a few days.

Mr. and Mrs. Mulkey reared their children in the faith of the Christian church, in which they held membership. In politics he was a republican, and although he was never an office seeker, during the greater part of his active life he was road supervisor in his district. Mr. Mulkey's residence in the state of Oregon covered a period of sixty-five years, during which he witnessed a wonderful transformation as pioneer conditions have been swept away by the introduction of modern comforts and conveniences, bringing the frontier of fifty years ago into connection with the world's great centers.

ROBERT E. SMITH is the well known and popular cashier of the First Trust and Savings Bank of Roseburg, Douglas county, Oregon, and is one of the leading and influential citizens of his part of the state. He was born in Minneapolis, Minnesota, February 11, 1876, and is the son of Emery T. and Anna J. (Demmon) Smith, the former a native of Kennebunk Port, Maine, and the latter of Montpelier, Vermont. The paternal grandfather, Robert S. Smith, was a well known lumberman and shipbuilder and the maternal grandfather was a lawyer and the first attorney of St. Anthony, Minnesota which later became the city of Minneapolis. The father celebrated his marriage in Minneapolis, at which place he settled with his parents when a young man and at the time of his marriage was engaged in importing silks. In 1907 Emery T. Smith, the father of the subject of this review, established his home in San Francisco and was there engaged in the silk importing business.

Robert E. Smith was reared in his parents' home and received his early education in the public schools of Minneapolis. After passing through the lower grades he was graduated from the high school in that city and afterward pursued a course of study in the State Agricultural School at Minneapolis. He then began work in the lumber woods of the northwest and was for some time the assistant manager for the Brooks Scanlon Lumber Company of Minneapolis. In 1907 he came to Roseburg intending to engage in the timber business but as conditions were not favorable at the time he changed his plans and bought out the Douglas Abstract and Trust Company of which corporation he has since been the president. In May, 1910, he organized the First Trust and Savings Bank of Roseburg of which he has since been the cashier and is devoting his attention largely to the banking business. Professionally he is a civil engineer, surveyor and attorney at law.

In addition to his abstract and banking interests he is also the owner of extensive

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tracts of timber land in Oregon and California.

Mr. Smith was united in marriage October 2, 1906, to Miss Sibyl E. Kuykendall, of Eugene, Oregon, a daughter of Dr. and Mrs. Kuykendall. Her father. is one of the prominent physicians of this part of the county. To Mr. and Mrs. Smith two children have been born: Dorothy A. and Robert W. K.

Mr. Smith is a member of Laurel Lodge, A. F. & A. M.; is a thirty-second degree Mason and a Shriner. He is the lecturing knight of Roseburg Lodge, No. 326, B. P. O. E., is past council commander of the Woodmen of the World, and a member of Rising Star Lodge, I. O. O. F. He is the president of the Oregon Title Men's Association and is also president of the Boy Scouts' Association. He is likewise a member of the Roseburg Commercial Club, of which he served as vice president in 1911, and is the secretary of the Roseburg Park Fair Association. He gives his political allegiance to the republican party and is a member of the Pilgrim Congregational church while Mrs. Smith is a member of the Methodist Episcopal church of Roseburg. Robert E. Smith is placed by public opinion among the influential and leading citizens of Douglas county and is a man whose character and business integrity entitle him to be numbered among the most desirable and useful citizens of the state.

JAMES J. DONEGAN. A native of Oregon and for many years prominently identified with its political and commercial life, is James J. Donegan, assessor of Harney county and active in real-estate circles of this city. He was born in Jacksonville, Jackson county, Oregon, August 29, 1872. His parents were Patrick and Margaret (Lynch) Donegan, both natives of Ireland. His father came to America about 1853 and went to San Francisco, California, by way of the Isthmus of Panama. From there he went to Crescent City, California, where he remained for some time. Later he came to Oregon by mule team and located in the mining camp at Sterling, where he engaged in his trade of blacksmithing until he removed to Jacksonville upon its founding, in 1855. He opened a little blacksmith shop and did an increasing business there, remaining in the camp until his retirement from active life in 1910, when he went to San Diego, California, where he now resides. Mr. Donegan, of this review, was one of a family of eight children, four of whom are still living. When he was twelve years of age his father married for the second time, his second wife being Mary Fleming, a native of Ireland, whither Patrick Donegan had returned in the late '70s for a visit.

James J. Donegan received his early education in the public schools of Jacksonville and is a graduate of the local high school. He settled in Harney county in 1889 and remained there for one year, after which he returned to his native city. His father at that time owned a large tract of land on the Rogue river and Mr. Donegan and his elder brother Hugh, now a civil engineer of San Francisco, traveled to their father's holdings and engaged in the occupation of sheep ranching until 1894, when he again went to Harney county and located in Burns. There he operated a saloon business until 1908, giving up that occupation upon his election to the office of county assessor, in which capacity he has served for four years. In 1911 he became associated with Samuel Mothershead, in the organization of a real-estate, insurance and abstract business and he has retained this connection ever since. The firm has offices in the Masonic Temple and are doing a satisfactory and constantly increasing business. They represent some of the best old line companies in the state and have gained a reputation for capable business methods.

Mr. Donegan was married on the 30th of August, 1896, to Miss Margaret Smith, a daughter of John Smith, who with his father was murdered by the Indians during the uprising of the Bannocks who were later joined by the Piutes. Mr. Donegan and his wife became the parents of five children, one of whom died in infancy, the others being: Carmen, who is now a student in the public school of Burns; Patrick Hugh; James D., deceased; and Frances Mary. Mr. Donegan is one of the most popular residents of the city of Burns. He is a member of Portland Lodge, No. 142, B. P. O. E. He helped to organize the Native Sons of Oregon and was the first president of the Harney county branch. As county assessor he has made a record for clean, upright and successful policies. He is a fluent speaker and this quality has aided him materially in his public life. He never allows personal prejudice to interfere with the conduct of the affairs of his office and no hint of anything unworthy or dishonorable has ever been attached to his name.

JOHN C. STRONG, who for the past four years has been engaged in dealing in farm implements and vehicles at Myrtle Point, has gained a creditable position among the enterprising young business men of Coos county. He was born in Josephine county, this state, November 14, 1884, and is a son of Lewis and Catherine (Wimer) Strong, in whose family were twelve children of whom the following nine are now living: James F., a farmer residing at Myrtle Point; Jacob W., also of the same place; Lucy, the wife of E. W. Jones, of Myrtle Point; Henry A., of Myrtle Point; Lewis M., who is engaged in the manufacture of cheese at Arago, Oregon; Viola, the wife of Seldon Warner, of Myrtle Point; Alberta, the wife of William J. Floyd, of Riverton, Oregon; Alice, the wife of C. L. Neil, of Ruckles, Oregon; and John C., of this review.

The last named started in the business world for himself at the age of eighteen years. His father was a dairyman and John C. Strong was reared upon the home farm and through the period of his teens worked for his father. When eighteen years of age he began working for his brother on a ranch and a year later he rented a tract of land of one hundred and eighty-seven acres, which he cultivated for a year. He then bought a forty acre farm, upon which he resided for two years, at the

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end of which time he sold out and joined his father in the implement and vehicle selling business in Myrtle Point. Four years have been devoted to this undertaking and his labors have been crowned with success, owing to his close application, his unfaltering energy and his wisely directed efforts. His political allegiance is given to the democratic party but he does not seek nor desire office, preferring to concentrate his energies upon his business affairs. He has always lived in Oregon, is imbued with the spirit of progress which has brought the state to its present condition and his interest in its welfare is manifest by active cooperation in movements for the development and advancement of the county in which he lives.

On the 11th of September, 1907, Mr. Strong was united in marriage to Miss Maud P. Clinton, a native of Oregon and a daughter of R. J. and Mary (Carter) Clinton. They became the parents of two children: Dorward E., who was born September 20, 1909; and Ernest E., whose birth occurred October 23, 1910. The family is well known at Myrtle Point and their circle of friends is a constantly increasing one.

JESSE MOORE, deceased, long occupied a prominent place among the honored residents of Umatilla county. For nearly sixty years he lived in this county, coming from Missouri when but eleven years of age. He is remembered as an upright and sincere man who knew no higher motive than duty and who did not hesitate to cast his lot on the side of right and justice. He was born near Jamestown, Missouri, February 16, 1840, and was left an orphan at an early age. He came to Oregon in 1851 with two uncles, crossing the plains to the Willamette valley with ox teams. They located near Sheridan but shortly afterward one uncle returned to Missouri and a few months later the other one died, thus leaving Mr. Moore a stranger in a strange country. He worked for his board until after he was sixteen years of age. Amid the environment of pioneer life he, when still a youth, became acquainted with the hard labor which the early settler endured. The opportunities for education were limited and in his case consisted principally of attendance at the country school for a few months under a teacher whose accomplishments were limited to reading and writing. After he was sixteen years of age he began to work and received as his first wage a horse and saddle. The following year he began freighting from The Dalles to Baker City and was thus engaged for two years. By careful saving and the exercise of much restraint in providing himself with the comforts of life he succeeded in accumulating sufficient capital at the end of that time to purchase a half interest in a pack train consisting of sixteen ox teams and a trail wagon. After making one trip he purchased the entire outfit and conducted it until he was twenty-two years of age. At that time, in 1862, he located on the present home ranch of one hundred and sixty acres at Butter creek. He secured this property in exchange for ten tons of hay, a saddle, a horse and one hundred dollars cash. At that time the nearest neighbor was over sixteen miles distant. Mr. Moore added to the tract until at the present time it comprises two hundred and forty acres. As he brought this property under a good state of cultivation he took up a homestead claim of one hundred and sixty acres and purchased sufficient adjacent territory to bring the property up to a tract of four hundred and eighty acres. He owned another ranch two and one-half miles further up the river. This property is well improved and adapted for both agricultural pursuits and horse raising. He kept only a very high grade of race horses and received for his running horse Leanington, the sum of three thousand dollars. He also raised cattle and draft horses but not so extensively. His was one of the first pieces of property to be irrigated, a fact which showed his belief in adapting his agricultural methods to the progress of the times. The first irrigated land there being one hundred and sixty-seven acres was put under to alfalfa. Mr. Moore's death occurred October 29, 1910. At that time few agriculturists of Umatilla county had met with a success equal to his, and the appearance of his property and the extent of its yields proved the wisdom of his judgment in adopting all practical and modern methods in his pursuits.

Mr. Moore was married on the 25th of October, 1882, to Miss Avarilla Mitchell, whose birth occurred near Gaston, Oregon, May 2, 1859, and who died on the 17th of October, 1895. She was a daughter of John A. Mitchell, a pioneer of Missouri. To their union five children were born: Jesse Franklin, whose birth occurred in September, 1883, and who died August 14, 1901; Celia I., who was born February 10, 1886; Kate Irene, born September 4, 1887; Mabel I., who was born July 20, 1890, and who is now the wife of T. W. Harris; and Hiestand Mitchell, whose birth occurred December 25, 1892.

In politics Mr. Moore gave his support to the republican party and in religious faith he was a member of the Methodist Episcopal church. He also held membership in the Ancient Order of United Workmen. Mr. and Mrs. Moore were willing and active supporters of all methods, social or otherwise, tending to promote the moral and intellectual interests of the community, and as their lives were thoroughly upright and honorable they were recognized as worthy and useful representatives of the best class of citizenship in this region.

ABNER RIDDLE, prominent in agricultural circles in Douglas county, where he owns and operates extensive ranches and prune orchards, is one of the earliest settlers in the state of Oregon, where he has been located since 1851. He was born in Illinois, October 29, 1841, a son of William H. and Maximilla Riddle, both natives of Ohio, who came to Illinois after their marriage and in 1851 crossed the plains to Oregon with ox teams. They came in the party of which Captain Hill had charge and spent six

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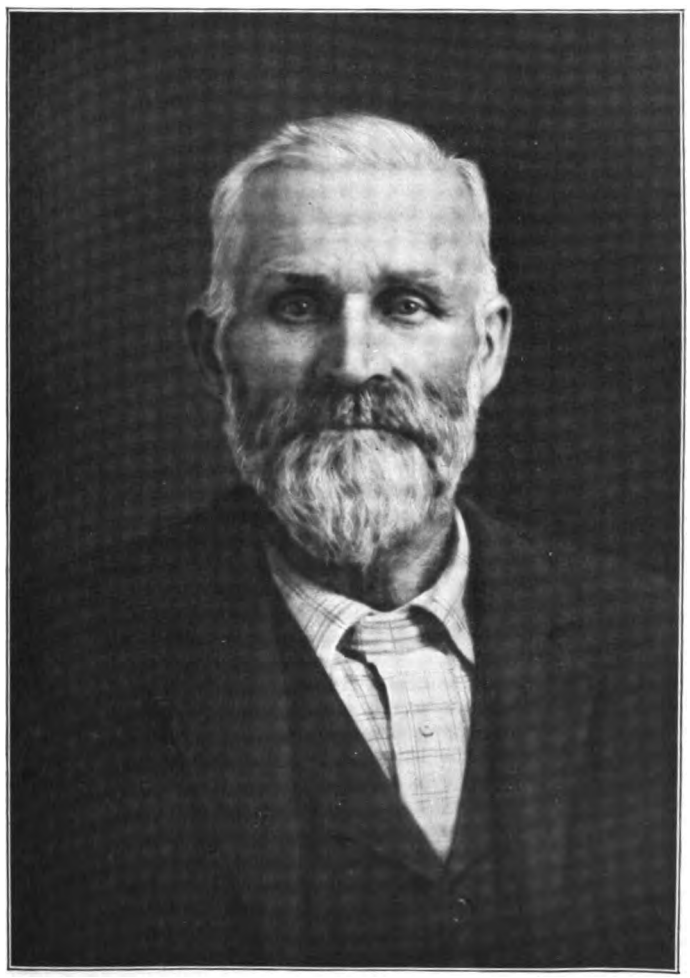

JESSE MOORE

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months upon the journey. They located in Cow Creek valley, where the father took up a donation claim of three hundred and twenty acres and lived upon his holdings until the time of his death. He was the father of ten children, six of whom are still living.

Abner Riddle came to Oregon with his parents in 1851. He was living in this state at the time of the outbreak of the Civil war and enlisted in Company C, First Oregon Cavalry, on January 10, 1861, and served four years, receiving his honorable discharge at Vancouver in January, 1865. He returned to Douglas county and settled on the farm where he now lives. He gradually added to his holdings until he had three hundred and seventy-five acres but has sold and given to his family all but one hundred and thirty-seven acres of land, mostly under cultivation as prune orchards. He has always been intensely interested in the scientific development of agriculture and never allows any new discovery along this line to escape his attention. His prune orchards are among the most valuable in Douglas county and his harvest increases every year.

In January, 1866, Abner Riddle was united in marriage to Miss Alice C. Rice, a daughter of Harrison Rice, who came to Oregon from Illinois at an early date and died in this state. To Mr. Riddle and his wife were born six children: Ernest D.; Maud A., who is the wife of Louis Grant, the postmaster of Riddle; Grace I., who married O. V. Logston; Blanche A., who is a school teacher; Claude A., at home; and Lena, a high-school graduate, who is yet under the parental roof. Mrs. Abner Riddle died in 1903.

Abner Riddle has always voted the republican ticket and has been actively interested in the political affairs of his district all during his life. He served two terms as county commissioner and was a member of the school board for many years. He is a devout adherent of the Baptist church and is one of the trustees of that institution. He has been prominently connected with the development of his section for many years and is the brother of John B. Riddle, from whom the town of Riddle received its name. The fruit ranches and stock farms of Douglas county are among the most important sources of its wealth and Abner Riddle has been a prominent figure in their development for many years.

CHARLES R. FRANKLIN is one of the respected and prominent citizens of Elkton, Douglas county. He has been identified with the expansion of the states of Oregon and Washington since his early youth and has been a contributing force in the growth of this section of the country. He was born in Walla Walla, Washington, September 10, 1859, and is the son of George B. and Olive (White) Franklin. His father was a native of New York, born April 22, 1819. The mother's birth occurred in Ohio on the 5th of August, in the same year. George B. Franklin made the journey from Ohio to the northwest three times, traveling with ox teams. His first trip was made in the early days and his last in 1859. In the interval between his second and third journeys he went east and returned to Washington by Panama and up the coast by train to Walla Walla. He was a millwright by trade and a skilled worker in wood, and many of the mills throughout the Pacific coast country are the products of his hands. He also did much work in the mines, building shafts, and installing equipment, gaining his reputation for mechanical skill in this direction. He traveled extensively over the country in this way and commanded a high salary. He is still living at the age of ninety-three years and resides in Dayton, Oregon, where he is numbered among the representative and prominent citizens. His wife passed away August 26, 1891.

Charles Franklin was reared at home and acquired his education in the common schools of his native state. When he was twenty years of age he went to Boise City, Idaho, where for some years he followed the occupation of sawmilling, which he had learned under the instruction of his father. At the end of that time he went to the Oregon coast and worked at logging in the lumber woods near the Coquille river. He was married in 1890 and remained in Coos county for six or seven years following. At the end of that time he was sent to Alaska as manager of a crew of men working for the Ford & Stoakes Salmon Canning Company of Astoria. He made a success in this line of work where his talent for organization and his power of controlling subordinates were valuable assets. He remained in Alaska for one season and then returned to Coos county, where he sold his property and removed to The Dalles. His parents were then living in that section, where his father was operating the Fifteen Mile House located twelve miles from the city. In 1892 Mr. Franklin established his residence in Douglas county, locating in Elkton where he has since resided and has been identified with some of the most important commercial enterprises here.

On November 29, 1890, Mr. Franklin was united in marriage to Miss Anna Halter, a native of Nebraska, who came with her parents, John and Elizabeth (Epp) Halter, to Oregon in 1880. To their union have been born three children: Ethel, who is now a teacher in the Douglas county district schools; Edith, who is following the same profession; and Gladys, who lives at home. Mr. Franklin is a republican. He belongs to Elkton Lodge, No. 63, A. F. & A. M., and Elkton Lodge, No. 192, I. O. O. F. His wife affiliates with the Methodist Episcopal church. He has sought success along the road of hard work and persistent labor. He has not found the path a royal highway but has achieved his end by worthy and honorable methods.

E. B. WATERS. The history of the settlement of any new section of a country is a record of hard work amid the hardships and dangers of primitive conditions. The pioneers of Oregon, men of sturdy and courageous

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spirit, capable of battling with elementary conditions, the qualities which made them successful and gave to this country the rich and prosperous state, are active in the second generation and are making the commercial industries in this state factors to be reckoned with in the development of American resources. Mr. E. B. Waters, county clerk of Burns, Oregon, is of the second generation. He is a native of the state, having been born in Harrisburg, Linn county, Oregon, November 8, 1862. His father was A. W. Waters, who came west from Iowa in 1852. He crossed the plains with ox teams this being the general method of travel in those days. He settled first in California, afterward came to Josephine county, Oregon, and later to Harrisburg, Linn county. In 1870 he moved to Umatilla county, then to La Grande, Union county, where he engaged in the stock-raising business for a short time. In 1875 he bought a newspaper in Salem, Oregon, The Statesman, which he conducted with great ability and enterprise for two years. In 1876 he was appointed United States marshal and moved to Portland, but retained his interest in The Salem Statesman. He held the office of marshal until 1880 and when his term expired was elected state senator from Multnomah county. In this office he remained until he came to Harney county in 1884, where he made his home for nineteen years. He was admitted to the bar there, and practiced law in Burns from 1884 until 1903 when failing health compelled him to retire from active life and thus he lived at Weiser, Idaho, until his death in 1906 at the age of seventy-three years. In 1862 he was made captain of a volunteer militia company. The troops were assigned to the duty of protecting the citizens of the community from Indian depredations. Mr. Waters served as captain until the close of the war when he received his honorable discharge.

E. B. Waters, the subject of this sketch, was one of five children. He received his primary education in the public schools of La Grande and was graduated from the high school at Portland, Oregon. He learned the printer's trade and followed it until 1884 when he came to Harney county. For some years he engaged in ranching and stock-raising here and had considerable success in this line of work, abandoning it in 1899 to accept the position of postmaster, in which capacity he served for six years. In 1910 he was elected to his present position of county clerk.

During his mature life Mr. Waters has been prominent in the Knights of Pythias, but beyond this has no fraternal affiliations. He is well known in this section of the country as an exemplary citizen and a capable official. His friends and admirers are numbered among the most prominent and important residents of Burns. His record in business life has been an excellent and worthy one and has been unmarred by any hint of dishonor or corruption.

S. W. NOAH. A native son of Oregon and one whose family history is intimately connected with the stirring events of pioneer settlement is S. W. Noah, now in active operation of one hundred and twenty-four acres of ranch land in Coos county. He was born in Olala, Oregon, when that state was still a territory in the section which is now known as Douglas county, on the 2nd of January, 1859. His parents were John and Mary M. (Jones) Noah, the former a native of Iowa and the latter of Indiana. His mother came to Oregon with her parents in 1852 in the caravan drawn by ox teams, of which Jacob Jones was the captain. The train started from Northfield, Indiana, on the 15th day of March, 1852, and reached The Dalles, Oregon, on the 19th of September, in the same year. Of the number of people who started on the journey forty-six reached The Dalles and four died on the plains, Lydia Jones, Mrs. Sarah Jones, Mrs. Lewis Jones, and Mark Dugan, succumbing to the hardships and perils of the pioneer journey. The caravan consisted in all of ten wagons. It was composed of the following people: Jacob Jones and his wife and five children: Harvey, George, Henry, Lydia, and Mark; Mr. and Mrs. George Jones and five children: Susan, Elizabeth, Mary, Nancy, and Joseph; John Jones, his wife and three children: Caroline, Emeline, and Margaret; Ike Jones, his wife and six children; Mr. and Mrs. Abraham Jones and their two daughters: Sarah Jane, and Mary Ann; Lewis Jones, his wife and child, David; D. Imbler, with his wife and three children: John, Sarah, and Emily; George Shirts, his wife and two children; Samuel Jones; Jesse Davenport; James Richardson; Mark Dugan; and Nelson Knight. The mother of our subject spent her first winter in Oregon at the home of Dr. John McLaughlin of Oregon City and in the following spring came to the present site of Roseburg where she joined her father and the remainder of the family. She lived at home with her parents until December 18, 1857. The father of our subject came to Oregon in 1853, making the journey by the southern route. He settled first in Douglas county and shortly afterward enlisted in the American army and served during the Indian war for six months and eight days. It was he who delivered the dispatch to the southern battalion at Whiskey Run containing the conditions of the battle and a few days later the war was ended as a result of his bravery and activity. He received his honorable discharge at the end of the war and in 1857 married and followed farming and freighting for a number of years thereafter. In 1872 he moved to Coos county and engaged in the logging business which he followed until his death, December 22, 1901, at the age of sixty-eight years. His wife survived him until September 21, 1907, dying at the age of sixty-five years, eight months and seventeen days. Mr. and Mrs. John Noah were the parents of fifteen children, thirteen of whom are still living: Joseph L., who is now deceased; S. W., the subject of this sketch; Alice, the widow of G. W. Yoakum, who is deceased; Viola, deceased; Marietta, who makes her home in Portland, Oregon; Story, of Butte City, Montana; Mrs. Hattie Musson of Marshfield, Oregon; Mrs.

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Elizabeth Condron of Marshfield; Edward and Fred, both of whom reside in Allegany, Oregon; Alonzo, who lives in Vancouver, Washington; Mrs. Kronholm of Marshfield, Oregon; Mrs. Louise Summers, who lives in Prescott, Arizona; George, who now makes his home in Allegany, Oregon; and Lorenzo of La Grande, Oregon.

Mr. Noah received his early education in Douglas county and pursued his studies until he was nineteen years of age. He then started active life for himself, working in a lumber mill and he has the distinction of having cut the first timber in Douglas county that was felled with a saw. He followed various lines of occupation until 1906, when he bought one hundred and twenty-four acres of farm land on Coos river in Coos county which he now operates as a dairy ranch. He gives his personal attention to the supervision of his holdings and his dairy is one of the finest and most efficiently equipped in this section of the country. Mr. Noah is at the present time state game warden of Oregon and has served in this capacity with great success for the last six years.

Mr. Noah was united in marriage to Miss Stacy Ellen Watson. Mrs. Noah's parents are both dead. Her father passed away in Missouri and her mother's death occurred in Douglas county, Oregon. Mrs. Noah died October 19, 1910, and is buried in the Coos River cemetery. She was the mother of two children: Wesley, born December 25, 1885, and who is now a licensed gasoline boat captain; and Ollie, born in 1884, who also received a high-school education and is now the wife of D. C. McKay, of Coos River.

Mr. Noah is a republican and a firm believer in the principles of that party and is an intelligent thinker on public issues although he has never sought public office. He holds membership in the Woodmen of the World and this is his only fraternal affiliation. His life reaches back into the early days of pioneer settlement and he can still remember many of the hardships and privations which the citizens of that early time were obliged to undergo. It is no longer an Oregon frontier. The next generation in that state will be as rich in the comforts of civilization as are the citizens of any other section of America; yet in their hearts and influence their lives will always be the memory of their forefathers. "the brave who pushed their way into the western wilds and molded out of the chaotic struggle of pioneer life, civilization, society and government."

I. R. LAURANCE of the Ukiah Mercantile Company, was born in Prairie City, Grant county, Oregon. He is a son of Isham and Anna (Whittier) Laurance, the father a native of North Carolina and the mother of Maine. Isham Laurance was one of the pioneers of Oregon. He crossed the plains in the early '50s and went north where he settled in the Willamette valley for a short time, but soon afterward removed to Grant county and there spent the remainder of his life. For a number of years he was engaged in ranching but later he became identified with the milling business, operating a grist mill for several years which was located four miles from Prairie City. Subsequently he entered the mercantile business and also became interested in extensive mining properties. At the time he located in Grant county he was a poor man, but through thrift and energy he rapidly gained financial resources which later helped make him successful. Politically he was a democrat but he never sought public office and fraternally he was affiliated with the Independent Order of Odd Fellows. He died in May, 1910, at the age of seventy-six, being survived a little more than a year by his wife, who passed away in June, 1911.

The mother, Anna V. (Whittier) Laurance, came to Oregon about the year 1875, going to the home of her sister in Grant county. She was a school teacher, having followed that profession in her native state and also later in Minnesota. Shortly after her arrival in Oregon she married Mr. Laurance who at that time was engaged in the mercantile business. She was a great help to him in his office work and also assisted him materially in his business.

I. R. Laurance was reared under the parental roof and received his education in the public schools of Oregon. While attending high school in Portland a large fire, in Prairie City, which destroyed half the town, burned down his father's mercantile store and he was forced to return home. The following year, however, he returned to Portland and completed a business course. He then assisted his father in the mercantile business for a year and a half, and in 1905 came to Ukiah where he purchased the mercantile business of C. A. Despain, which he operates under the firm name of the Ukiah Mercantile Company.

In 1908 Mr. Laurance married Miss Lola Sturdivant, who is a daughter of Joseph Sturdivant, a prominent ranchman residing three miles from Ukiah. To Mr. and Mrs. Laurance one child, Sheldon M., has been born.

In politics Mr. Laurance is a republican, and he has served as postmaster of Ukiah for five years. Fraternally he is identified with the Pendleton Lodge, No. 288, B. P. O. E. He is one of the progressive business men of Umatilla county, and is a popular and well liked merchant.

PETER ULAM. The large fruit orchards of southern Oregon are rapidly covering many thousands of acres. The amount of land under cultivation in apple, prune and pear ranches is increasing yearly and is becoming one of the chief sources of wealth in this section of the country. A man prominent in this line of activity and one who has been identified with it for a great many years is Peter Ulam, now the owner of extensive fruit orchards in Douglas county. He was born in Iowa, February 12, 1860, a son of J. C. and Sarah (Hires) Ulam, the former a native of Pennsylvania and the latter of

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Scott county, Iowa. In 1866 they went to South Dakota, where they remained for four years and in August of the year 1870 came to Oregon. They located first near Roseburg, where they remained for eight years and then moved near Canyonville, where the father died four years later. He was survived by his wife until July 28, 1903, in which year her death occurred. They were the parents of three children: Ada, the wife of John Thomas, of North Yakima, Washington; Peter, of this review; and Jennie, who married Peter Clemens, of Burns, Oregon.

Peter Ulam received his early education in the public schools of South Dakota and Oregon and remained with his parents until he was twenty-two years of age, when he went to Harney county and engaged in the horse business in that section for five years. At the expiration of this period he returned to Douglas county and bought the ranch of eighteen acres upon which he now lives. Besides this tract of land, which he has entirely under cultivation as a fruit ranch, he is also the owner of two hundred and forty acres of land in the same district. Mr. Ulam is a practical farmer and has improved and cultivated his holdings for many years. He is well versed in the science of fruit farming and the quality of his product and the abundance of his harvests increases every year.

Mr. Ulam has been twice married. In 1883 he wedded Miss Matilda Worley and they became the parents of two children: Georgia, the wife of Wendell Wright, of Roseburg; and one who died in infancy. Mr. Ulam's first wife died on November 28, 1886. Three years later he was again married, his second union being with Miss Etta Butler, a native of Illinois. They are the parents of four children: J. C., Clay, Peter, Jr., and Addie Clifford, all of whom are living at home.

Mr. Ulam gives his political allegiance to the democratic party. He takes an intelligent interest in local public affairs but has never sought office for himself. He is a member of Riddle Lodge, A. F. & A. M., and of Azalia Lodge, No. 136, I. O. O. F., and has filled all the chairs of the latter organization. He is well and prominently known in his district and has gained a reputation for the practical and scientific manner in which he operates his fruit farm.

PHILIPP MEIER. Among the worthy and representative citizens of Sublimity is numbered Philipp Meier, who is the proprietor of an excellent hardware and implement store and a blacksmith shop. He was born in Kunten, Switzerland, September 27, 1855, the son of Martin and Barbara (Westein) Meier, both of whom were natives of Kunten and spent all their lives there, the father being a farmer by occupation. They were the parents of three children: One who died in infancy; Bertha, of Switzerland; and Philipp, of this review.

The last named was educated in the common schools of Switzerland and learned the trade of blacksmith. In 1886 he came to the United States and located at Mount Angel, Oregon, where he worked at his trade for twelve years, after which he removed to Portland and was engaged in blacksmithing for eight years. Subsequently he came to Sublimity and started a blacksmith shop and two years later added an implement and hardware store. He now has an excellent store and blacksmith shop with eight lots in connection and a fine residence on the same.

In 1884 Mr. Meier wedded Miss Mary Waser, who died in 1899, leaving three children: Edward, who is in business with his father and is married to Mary Kentz; and Rosa and Mary, both of Portland. In 1901 Mr. Meier was again married, his second union being with Miss Rosa Buergi and they have become the parents of four daughters, Anna, Bertha, Theresa and Martha. In his political views Mr. Meier is independent and in casting his vote he always considers the man who is best qualified to fill the office. He and his family are members of the Catholic church, and fraternally he is identified with the Catholic Order of Foresters and with the Swiss Order in Portland. Energetic and honest in every connection and having the good will of all who know him, Mr. Meier is very successful in both lines of his business.

H. S. JORY, who passed away January 4, 1912, was for many years identified with the business interests of Salem, as a dealer in fruit driers. He built up an excellent trade in the face of difficulties and obstacles which would have utterly discouraged many a man of less resolute spirit, and he based his success upon the sure and stable foundation of honorable and persevering effort. He was born in St. John, New Brunswick, on the 28th of November, 1833, coming of a family of English origin, his parents being James and Mary (Stevens) Jory, who came to America from England in 1831 after their marriage. They located in New Brunswick, where they resided for six years before removing to St. Louis, Missouri. Subsequently they removed to Pike county, Illinois, and lived there ten years before settling in Brown county, Illinois. Having heard much of the possibilities which the far west offered, they set out in 1847 to cross the plains with ox teams. They came direct to Oregon and located near Salem upon a donation land claim of six hundred and forty acres. The log cabin which they erected for their home was covered with a clapboard roof and had puncheon floor and door. They resided here until their deaths. To them ten children were born, two of whom survive, Thomas and William.

After receiving his education in the common schools H. S. Jory assisted his father at home until he was twenty- one years of age. At that time he learned the carpenter's trade and later patented a fruit drier. He engaged in promoting the sale of his drier and was manager of the firm of H. S. Jory & Son, manufacturers of fruit driers and fixtures.

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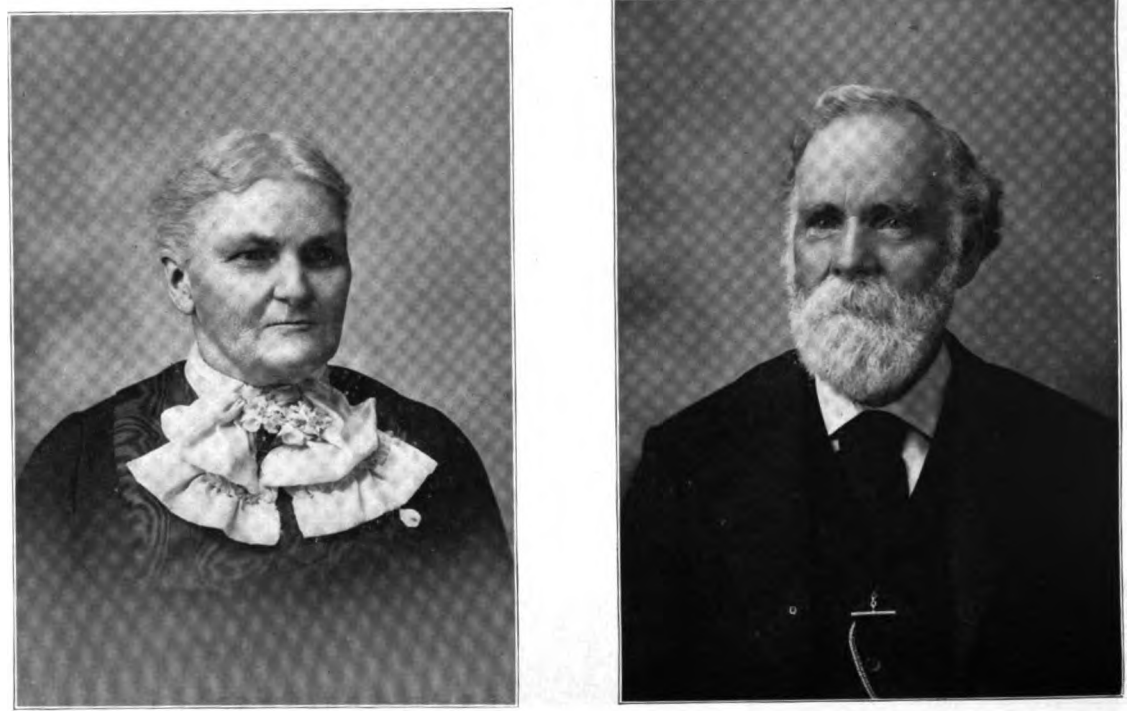

MR. AND MRS. H. S. JORY

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The business has constantly grown in importance and it is now one of the important industrial and commercial concerns of the town, while its owner became one of the substantial residents of Salem. He proved his worth in many public connections and his fellow townsmen, recognizing his ability and loyalty in citizenship, frequently called upon him for various public services.

On January 27, 1857, Mr. Jory was married to Miss Mary Budd, whose birth occurred in Pike county, Illinois, in January, 1837, and who is a daughter of Aaron and Phoebe Budd. Two of Mr. Jory's brothers married two sisters of his wife. To Mr. and Mrs. Jory five children have been born: Charles, who is a resident of Stockton, California; Oliver, who is in business with his father; Oscar, who died in infancy; and Alfred and Ralph, deceased. The two last named were drowned in the Willamette river.

In politics Mr. Jory gives his support to the prohibition party during his later years but in early life was a republican. He served as justice of the peace for four years. He was a member of the Good Templars and held membership in the Methodist church of Salem, to which his wife also belongs. Because of his long residence in Oregon he witnessed much of the growth and upbuilding of Salem and this part of the state. His close application in business and his excellent management brought him a good competence, and he was thus able to leave his family in comfortable circumstances.

MRS. ANNIE HONAN, who resides in La Grande, has lived in Oregon for many years and owns valuable property in the city and in the Grande Ronde valley. Her circle of friends is an extensive one and the hospitality of the best homes of this section is freely accorded her. Mrs. Honan was born in England, and when a young lady of nineteen years accompanied her father to the United States in 1866, settling in Portland. Her father remained in this country, however, but a short time and then returned to England. Mrs. Honan, however, continued to reside in the northwest and in 1869 became the wife of George Coggan, also a native of England, who in early manhood came to the new world. He crossed the plains and settled on land in the Willamette valley, where he farmed for a few years and then removed to the Grande Ronde valley. There he engaged in raising horses and for nine years operated a stage line between Monticello and Olympia, a distance of more than one hundred miles. He afterward leased portions of the line, while he turned his attention to business interests in Portland, for a time conducting the St. Charles Hotel.

In the year 1878 serious Indian troubles occurred and Mr. Coggan went to La Grande, whence he was summoned to Pendleton by General Howard, who wished to see him on business. Accordingly he set out for Pendleton in his buggy, and at Meacham overtook the stage. Owing to the alarming reports concerning the Indians, the driver refused to make the journey to Umatilla, stopping at Meacham. Mr. Coggan therefore with two companions, Messrs. Bunker and Foster, set out on horseback, proceeding safely on their way until within six miles of Pendleton, when they were attacked by the Indians with the result that Mr. Coggan and Mr. Bunker were both badly wounded, the former surviving his injuries for but a brief time. Mr. Foster, escaping, hurried on to Pendleton and the next morning started out with a rescue party to bring back Mr. Bunker and also the remains of Mr. Coggan. Upon reaching the place where the three men had encountered the Indians they found General Miles, who had come with troops from Walla Walla, fighting the Indians over the remains of Mr. Coggan. It was well he had come, as General Howard had taken his troops away that morning, not waiting for Mr. Coggan, and leaving the whole country and every one at the mercy of the Indians, who went on the war path as soon as he had gone. The red men were captured and White Owl, the Indian chief who had shot Mr. Coggan, was tried at Pendleton, convicted of murder and hung for his crime.

Three years later, or in 1881, Mrs. Coggan became the wife of Dr. Michael Honan, a native of Ottawa, Canada, who was graduated from the Bellevue Hospital Medical College of New York city. He was not only a physician of superior scientific attainments but also a gentleman of wide general culture and accomplishments, speaking fluently a number of languages. Following their marriage Dr. and Mrs. Honan spent several years in travel, visiting France, Italy and England. Dr. Honan passed away in 1890 and since his death Mrs. Honan has been successfully managing her extensive property interests. Having long resided in Oregon, she has a wide acquaintance in the state and is held in high regard by all who know her. She possesses excellent business ability and under her capable control her properties are continually increasing in value. Her social qualities are of a most attractive character and win for her a constantly increasing circle of friends.

ABRAHAM LINCOLN SWARTZ. The farming interests of Douglas county are well represented by A. L. Swartz, now engaged in general agriculture one and a half miles north of the town of Riddle. He was born in Marion county, Oregon, on February 25, 1863, and is one of the oldest native sons of this state. His parents were Alonzo and Julia (Matthews) Swartz. The father was born in Illinois but came to Oregon in 1853 with his parents. They crossed the plains with ox teams, coming in a wagon train with Colonel Nesbitt. Arriving in Marion county, Simon Swartz, grandfather of our subject, took up a donation claim three and a half miles east of Salem. Julia (Matthews) Swartz crossed the plains to Oregon from New York in 1852 with the ox team which brought the Buff family. Neither of her parents lived to complete their journey but died on the way of cholera, which was then raging along the trails. The parents of A.

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L. Swartz were married in the west and settled in Marion county, four miles east of Salem, where the father operated a sawmill for some years on the Little Pudding river. He retired from the sawmilling business and bought a farm in 1871, three miles east of Salem, where his death occurred at the age of sixty-eight years. He was a prominent man in the pioneer life of the west and was a veteran of an Indian war. At the time of the Whitman massacre and the Indian uprising in 1855, he served on the staff of Governor Grover. It was during this war that Captain Bennett was killed.

A. L. Swartz was reared at home, acquiring his education in the common schools of Marion county. From his early manhood he worked in a sawmill, spending thirteen years of his life in this occupation in the employ of his uncle, R. L. Swartz. After the expiration of that period he removed to Portland and spent three years there in the same line of activity, when he returned to Marion county. Here he engaged for some years in the operation of a bee ranch and in 1898 moved to his present farm in Douglas county, where he has since resided. During the last fourteen years of his life he has been intensely interested in mining and has been remarkably successful along this line.

In 1883 Mr. Swartz was united in marriage to Miss Ella Stotlar, of Marion county. Her father, O. D. Stotlar, was one of the pioneers in the early settlement of California, removing subsequently to Oregon, where he made his home until his death. A. L. Swartz and his wife are the parents of five children: Elba May, the wife of E. M. Neal, of Douglas county; Palmer S., Harry H., Jessie L. and Lila, all of whom are living at home.

Mr. Swartz gives his political allegiance to the democratic party but takes no very active part in local affairs and has never been an aspirant for public office. He holds membership in Riddle Lodge, A. F. & A. M., and in Alpine Lodge, No. 47, K. P., of Roseburg. He is one of the prominent citizens of Douglas county and has been actively identified during his career with the development of its natural resources. He has aided in the cultivation of its soil and in the development of its mineral products. His success has been gradual but continuous since the beginning of his active life and he is now recognized as among the foremost citizens of his native state.

ALFRED A. NICHOLLS is one of the respected citizens of Empire, where he now lives. He was born in County Cork, Ireland, in 1872, and is the son of Henry E. and Catherine (Dugan) Nicholls, the former a native of London, England, and the latter of Ireland. In their family were nine children: Thomas and Henry are both deceased. Caroline is a resident of Empire, Oregon. George is also deceased. Charlotte, who is the owner of a productive farm of one hundred and sixty acres, is the wife of William McCullen and they have one child named Charlotte. Charlie is a resident of Empire. Alfred A. is the subject of this review. Georgiana, the wife of Glen Rozell, of Empire, has the distinction of being accorded by public opinion a place as the best rifle shot in Oregon. Among her many accomplishments in the use of her rifle is the success she has attained as the "Mistress Nimrod" of the mountains. During her hunting adventures she has killed bear, deer and wild cat and specimens of all the other known wild animals of the Rocky mountain region. Constance, who completes the family, is the wife of Nick Basendorf, and they have three children, their residence being near the Cape Argo lighthouse. The father of this family was at one time one of the richest men of Coos bay, where he took up his residence in the early '70s. On reaching Oregon he at once chartered a vessel for the purpose of importing a large grist mill from London, which he intended to install at Coos bay and operate as a commercial custom mill, but his death, which took place at the time when he was engaged in the construction of the plant, resulted in the defeat of his plans and the mill was never completed as he had intended.

As a child Alfred A. Nicholls emigrated to America with his parents, settling in Coos bay. He was reared in his parents' home and received his early education in Empire City. Later he was engaged in work on a pile driver for a period of five months and then became an employe in a sawmill for one year, after which he learned the trade of marine engineering. He was then employed by the government on a jetty at the mouth of Coos bay and later was connected with the life-saving station for two years, during which time he took part in the rescue of fifty-six people, one man only being lost, at the time the steamer Emily was wrecked off the Oregon coast, July 17, 1893. At the close of his time of service at the life-saving station he was engaged in coal mining for four years and then spent four years at Grays Harbor. In 1899 he went to Libby and was there engaged in mining until 1901. On April 1, 1911, he entered the service of the United States government as engineer on a live-saving boat on the Coquille river, continuing in that occupation until he removed to Empire and was there engaged in the employ of the Simpson Lumber Company.

Mr. Nicholls was united in marriage to Miss Bertha Oldland, a native of Oregon and a daughter of Watts and Izora (Meyers) Oldland, the former of whom was born in the southern part of Wales and the latter in Pennsylvania. In the family of Mr. and Mrs. Oldland were eight children. James, who resides at Libby, is married and has two children. Stanley makes his home on Coos bay. Bertha is the wife of Alfred A. Nicholls, of this review. Walter and Edward are both residing in Coos county. Fannie married Morris McDonald, of Oswego, Oregon, and they have three children. Frances is the wife of Homer Mauzey, of Marshfield. Della, who completes the family, is attending the Marshfield high school.

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As a retired citizen of Coos county Mr. Nicholls is held in high esteem by his fellow citizens and is a man who has always so conducted his life as to win the respect and confidence of all the people with whom he has been associated.

C. W. WOMACK, who lives retired at Lostine, is one of the pioneer settlers of Wallowa valley. He was born in Shelby county, Illinois, on October 4, 1844, the son of William and Martha A. (Jordan) Womack, both of whom were natives of Tennessee. The parents were married in Illinois, where they had removed in youth with their parents. After their marriage they resided for a short time in Shelby county and then removed to Lee county, Iowa, and later to Putnam county, Missouri. In 1886 they came to Oregon, locating near Lostine in Wallowa county, where they purchased one hundred and sixty acres of land. Later they moved into the town of Lostine, where they both passed away, the father, October 15, 1901, at the age of eighty-four years, and the mother February 9, 1901, at the age of eighty-three. They were both members of the Methodist Episcopal church. The father belonged to the Masonic lodge, having joined that order in the early '60s.

C. W. Womack was reared under the parental roof and acquired his education in the common schools, attending an old time log schoolhouse, with its split logs for benches and its puncheon floor. In 1863, at the age of nineteen, he went with the gold seekers to Pike's Peak, in Colorado, where he spent the summer, returning that winter to his home in Missouri. In the spring of 1864 he started across the plains for Oregon, making his way with ox teams in a wagon train of about eighty-three wagons. He was six months on the road, between the Missouri river and Boise, Idaho. He stopped in Boise for one year and in 1865 came to Oregon, locating at Webb Foot, Marion county. There he resided only one year, when he went to Wasco county, locating thirty miles from The Dalles. He there took up land and for several years operated a sawmill. He was one of the pioneers in that section of the state and the town of Wamic which has been built there was named for him. In 1877 Mr. Womack removed to Wallowa valley, taking up a homestead on the south fork of the Wallowa river, one and a quarter miles west of where Lostine was later built. This land was then a part of Union county. Mr. Womack resided until 1907 on this farm, to which in the meantime he had added by purchase until he owned in all two hundred and eighty-two and a half acres. In that year he rented his farm and moved into Lostine, where he is now living retired.

On the 1st of November, 1877, Mr. Womack was married to Miss Melvine McCubbin, daughter of Abraham McCubbin, who came to Oregon from Missouri in 1852. Mr. McCubbin located in Clackamas county, but later removed to Jackson county, then to Washington county and subsequently to Wasco county, where he passed away in 1881 at the age of sixty-five years. His wife, whom he married in Missouri, was Miss Sarah Dean. She passed away in 1897 at the age of sixty-eight years. To Mr. and Mrs. Womack have been born six children, five of whom are living. They are: William, of Alberta, Canada; Fred, a ranchman near Lostine; Charles of Alberta, Canada; Sadie, who is the wife of Jene W. Hall, of Lostine; and Grover of Alberta, Canada. In his political views Mr. Womack is republican. His wife and daughter Sadie are members of the Christian church. Many years have passed since Mr. Womack arrived in Oregon, and he is justly numbered among her honored citizens. He has the remarkable record of one who has always by his upright life won the confidence of all with whom he has come in contact.

HARRY W. PRATT. One of the growing industries of Douglas county and one which is responsible in a large measure for its prosperity and rapid development is that of fruit farming. The prune and apple orchards of southern Oregon are increasing in size and in the quality of their harvests every year and their growth is contributing to the wealth of the section and to the individual prosperity of their owners. Prominently identified with this line of activity in Myrtle Creek is Harry W. Pratt. He was born in Greenup county, Kentucky, November 22, 1855. His parents were Jonathan H. and Sarah (Morton) Pratt, both natives of Kentucky, where they were reared and married. In 1860 they removed to Kansas, locating in Miami county, about twenty-five miles from Kansas City. The father held a degree in law and had been admitted to the bar and practiced his profession for some time but devoted his later years to farming in Miami county, where his death occurred in 1910. He had long survived his wife, who died in 1875.

Harry W. Pratt received his education in the common schools of Miami county, Kansas, and lived with his parents until 1878, when he crossed the plains to California with a mule team. He spent three years traveling in the state, becoming acquainted with its commercial opportunities. In 1881 he moved north to Oregon and spent fifteen years mining in the eastern part of this state and in Idaho. In 1895 he bought thirty acres of fine fruit land near Myrtle Creek, in Douglas county, which he is at present operating. He is principally interested in the cultivation of prunes. His harvest increases in volume every year and he is constantly adopting new methods and more scientific equipment for the cultivation of his trees.

In 1884 Mr. Pratt was united in marriage to Mrs. Rosa (McCarty) Adams, a daughter of Dr. A. G. McCarty, a practicing physician of Douglas county, who came to Oregon from Indiana in 1877 and located in Myrtle Creek, where he was extremely successful in his profession up to the time of his death, in 1895. Mr. and Mrs. Pratt are the parents of a son, Harry C., who lives at home.

Mr. Pratt is entirely nonpartisan in his political views. He takes an intelligent interest in current events but has never sought

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public office for himself. He is a member of Umpqua Camp, No. 444, W. O. W., while his son holds membership in Myrtle Creek Lodge, A. F. & A. M. Engaging as he does in a comparatively new industry Mr. Pratt has attained remarkable success during his period of activity. He keeps an open mind on all subjects and is actively interested in each new discovery which puts fruit farming on a more scientific basis. His orchard is run on modern lines. He pays great attention to the quality of the soil and the soundness of his young trees and is a practical workman along scientific lines.

GEORGE ELMER DAVIS is one of the leading and representative attorneys of Vale, Oregon, and has a large and still increasing practice, based upon efficiency, industry and ability. He has been admitted to the bar in Missouri and in Oregon, dating his residence in the latter state from the year 1890. His remarkable legal knowledge and attainments have been recognized in his election to the office of judge of the ninth judicial district, in which capacity he served with gratifying success for over six years. As a lawyer he is recognized as a strong and able practitioner, shrewd, calculating and thoroughly reliable, and during his twenty-two years' identification with the legal profession in this state he has been connected with some of the most important local litigation.

He was born in Bowling Green, Clay county, Indiana, on the 28th of March, 1862, and is a son of John H. and Amanda Ann Davis. He was educated in the public schools of his native section and later attended the Lancaster Academy at Lancaster, Missouri, completing his studies in the Missouri State Normal School at Kirksville. While pursuing his education he followed the various occupations familiar to the southwestern farmer's boy of fifty years ago and upon leaving school entered upon those two pursuits which have been followed by so many ambitious American youths—teaching school and studying law. He followed both of these lines for several years in Missouri and Kansas and was finally admitted to the bar of the former state in 1889. One year later he removed to Oregon and entered the law offices of H. B. Nicholas in Portland. He carried on his studies, making wise use of every favorable opportunity, and, having succeeded in greatly increasing his knowledge, he was admitted to the bar of Oregon in May, 1891. He immediately opened offices in Portland, where he practiced his profession with steadily increasing success until the winter of 1898, when he removed to La Grande. After a brief residence in that community he went to Canyon City, which is the county seat of Grant county, where he soon won a leading place in legal circles and where he continued a successful practice until June, 1904, when at the general election of that year he was elected judge of the ninth judicial district of Oregon, comprising the counties of Grant, Harney and Malheur. In this position he was signally successful and was recognized by the bench, bar and laity of eastern Oregon as an able and conscientious judge. Having served for over six years, he retired in January, 1910, and resumed the practice of his profession at Vale. A vast project for the irrigation of thousands of rich acres of land in this section had already been inaugurated and special inducements were held out to Judge Davis if he would remove to Vale and accept the presidency of the Vale-Oregon Irrigation Company and to act as its general counsel, both of which positions he now fills.

On July 3, 1898, Judge Davis was united in marriage, at Vancouver, Washington, to Miss Anna Harriet Johnson, a daughter of Jacob and Catherine Johnson, of Litchfield, Minnesota. They have become the parents of two children: Julia Lilian, aged eleven; and John Elmer, aged eight.

In politics Judge Davis is by nature a pronounced partisan and a republican. He has never been an office seeker but his great ability, his power of organization and his constructive skill have been rewarded at various times by his election to positions within the gift of the people. He began his public career at the age of twenty-two years, when he was elected county school superintendent of Schuyler county, Missouri. His next official position was that of judge of the circuit court of Oregon. In 1910 he was strongly urged by his many friends to become a candidate for congress, but despite their earnest solicitations and the high promise of success he refused to enter the contest. He is now serving as president of the Vale Chamber of Commerce and a director in the United States National Bank. He is a member of Canyon City Lodge, No. 34, A. F. & A. M.; of Blue Mountain Chapter, No. 7, R. A. M.; Blue Mountain Council, No. 6, R. & S. M.; and Baker Commandery, No. 9, K. T. He is also prominent in Hobah Lodge, No. 22, I. O. O. F., and in Excelsior Encampment, No. 3, of Canyon City. He is well known in Vernon Lodge, No. 43, K. P., at Canyon City; Vale Camp, No. 5496, M. W. A., at Vale; and Baker Lodge, No. 338, B. P. O. E. He has met with success in life, being a man of varied interests, with the capacity of making them separately effective. He is an able lawyer; a conscientious and high-minded public official; and a worthy, progressive and liberal man.

WILLIAM A. J. MAYES is one of the prosperous farmers of Douglas county. He was born in Crawford county, Arkansas, September 7, 1852. His parents were John and Pernetta Ann (White) Mayes, the former a native of Arkansas and the latter of English descent. The family moved to Texas when William Mayes was only one year old and remained in that state until the fall of 1861, at which time they returned to Arkansas and remained there until 1876, when they again returned to Texas and from there in the fall of 1892, they came to Douglas county, Oregon, and settled in the town of Riddle, where the father died in November, 1895, and the mother in January, 1909. They were the parents of five children: William A. J., of this review;

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Joseph M., now living in Oklahoma; J. T., who is a resident of California; and James W. and Mary Ann, both of whom are now deceased.

William A. J. Mayes received his education in the common schools of Texas. When he laid aside his books he worked upon his father's farm until he was thirty-five years of age, when he engaged in the occupation of agriculture on his own account in Texas and farmed in that state until he came to Oregon in November, 1902. He bought a ranch of sixty-nine acres in Douglas county which he now owns and operates and which he is gradually bringing to a high state of cultivation.

On August 1, 1886, Mr. Mayes was united in marriage to Miss Eliza B. Chandler, a native of Kentucky, and a daughter of R. M. and Susanna Chandler. Mr. and Mrs. Mayes are the parents of six children: Grace, the wife of Amos Blasing; Kittie, now a school teacher in Douglas county; Eva Belle, who married U. Y. Ash; Johnann, living at home: Marion, who is attending school; and Wiletta, wno is also yet under the parental roof.

Politically Mr. Mayes gives his allegiance to the republican party but beyond casting his vote at each election he takes no very active part in public affairs. He is a member of the Woodmen of the World and is also active in the affairs of the Grange. He has devoted most of his life to farming and his experience along this line has been a practical asset to him in the cultivation of the ranch of which he is now the owner.

A. L. BOONE owns and resides upon a beautiful farm of forty acres, located on Applegate creek, Jackson county, this state. He was born July 17, 1873, and is the son of J. C. and Mary (Davy) Boone. He continued to live in his father's home until he was twenty-five years of age and at that time he emigrated to California, where he became interested in mining. He has devoted nearly his entire time since leaving home to this line of work and is still interested in mines in various localities throughout the west. He removed to this state in the fall of 1903 and at that time purchased the farm upon which he now resides. He is engaged in diversified farming and gardening and in this business is very successful.

On February 6, 1896, he was united in marriage to Miss Gertrude Allen, a native of Virginia. To Mr. and Mrs. Boone five children have been born, Frank, Martha, Virginia, Goldie and Annie. Mr. Boone is a socialist in his political affiliations and is also a member of the W. O. W. He is at present giving his entire time to the development and cultivation of his farm and is known throughout his community as a reliable and desirable member of society.

JAMES M. BELCHER. One of the oldest surviving pioneers of Yamhill county is James M. Belcher, whose residence here covers a period of sixty-two years. The greater portion of this time has been passed on his fine ranch in the vicinity of Lafayette, where he located on his arrival here in 1851. He was born in Virginia on the 11th of July, 1823, and is a son of John and Sarah (Brown) Belcher. The father was a native of England, whence he emigrated to Virginia, residing there until 1830, when he removed to Missouri. There he was joined two years later by his wife and their two elder children. Agricultural pursuits always engaged the attention of John Belcher, who acquired the title to a fine tract of fertile land in Missouri that he cultivated until his death in 1843. He was survived by the mother, who subsequently went to Texas, where she passed away in 1863. The family of Mr. and Mrs. Belcher numbered seven, four of whom are now deceased. Those living are as follows: James M., our subject; T. J., who is a resident of Texas; and A. S., who lives in Salt Lake City.

James M. Belcher, who was a lad of nine years when he accompanied his mother to Missouri, was given the advantages of such an education as was afforded in the district schools of that period. In common with all youths of the pioneer period he matured early, and while still in his boyhood could do the work of a man in the fields. He assisted his father with the operation of the homestead until the latter's death, following which he engaged in agricultural pursuits for himself, cultivating that portion of the farm belonging to him. At the end of seven years he decided to go to the northwest, following a strong desire to try life in a new country, as had his father before him. so in 1850 together with his wife and family he joined an emigrant train and started across the prairies to Oregon. It is hardly possible for the present generation to appreciate the courage and fortitude it required for those brave men and women, who formed the advance guard of civilization, to undertake this journey. It took them five months to cross the plains and during that time they encountered the usual perils and hardships endured by practically all of the early settlers, and were compelled to leave some of their party in unmarked graves on the western prairies. Upon their arrival in Yamhill county, Mr. Belcher filed on a donation claim of six hundred and forty acres that he still owns. He erected thereon a crude cabin with a clapboard roof, while the hard, firmly packed soil of the prairies served for a floor and the door was provided with a string latch. During the succeeding fourteen years he applied himself energetically to bringing his land under cultivation and making further improvements upon his claim. The life was hard and oftentimes most discouraging, but he and his wife possessed the courage and determination of purpose that characterized the pioneers of this section and turned their defeats into opportunities, profiting by each experience. In 1864, Mr. Belcher removed to Lafayette and went into the mercantile business. continuing to be connected with the commercial activities of that town for twelve years.

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In Missouri on the 15th of February, 1844, Mr. Belcher was united in marriage to Miss Margaret Chrisman, who was born in Lee county, Virginia, on the 21st of October, 1826, and is a daughter of Walker and Ada Chrisman. The parents were likewise natives of Virginia, whence they removed to Missouri in 1835. They, too, started across the plains in 1850, being members of the same party as their daughter and son-in-law, but when they were crossing the plains the mother passed away. The father came on to Yamhill county, where he resided for some years and then went to California. After remaining there a short time he returned to this county, and here he died in 1877. Mr. and Mrs. Chrisman had eleven children, all of whom are now deceased with the exception of three. Seven children were born to Mr. and Mrs. Belcher, but only two are living: C. T., who is a resident of Portland; and Belle, who is living at home with her parents.

Mr. Belcher was formerly a member of the Odd Fellows fraternity and in politics he has always been a democrat, and during his early years he held various minor offices in his district. He is one of the widely known men of the county and can relate many interesting reminiscences of the pioneer period and of the old settlers who have long since passed away. During the long period of his residence here he has witnessed the marvelous development that has followed the advent of the railroad and the introduction of the conveniences of modern civilization. The forests and prairies have been transformed into beautiful farms and orchards, while Indian villages have given way to thriving towns and cities. Not only has he witnessed all of these changes, but it is men such as he who have made possible this development, their enterprise, fortitude and determination of spirit providing the sustaining force that carried forward the movement of progress.

MARION F. DAVIS, the present popular and efficient postmaster of Union, is one of the best known residents of that section of the Grande Ronde valley, having for many years been closely identified with business, political and fraternal interests in his locality. For more than thirty-six years he has made his home in Union county and during that period he has gained for himself a position of prominence among his fellow citizens.

He was born in Fond du Lac county, Wisconsin, on the 26th of September, 1864, a son of Wilber F. and Francelia L. (Bramon) Davis, natives of Ohio and New York respectively. His maternal grandfather was Albert H. Bramon, a native of Massachusetts, while his paternal grandfather was Gardner Davis.

The paternal grandmother, who in her maidenhood was Prudence Markham, was born in 1792 and passed away at Union, Oregon, after having reached the very old age of ninety-three years. Either her father or her uncle, William Markham, served in the Revolutionary war. At an early age Wilber F. Davis removed to Genesee county, New York, where he resided for several years, after which he went to Fond du Lac county, Wisconsin, there continuing until 1862, when he went to Colorado and a portion of that and the following year was spent in mining. The remainder of his time was devoted to hunting, disposing of his product at the Denver market. On this trip he was accompanied by William Frazier, also from Wisconsin, who later went to Iowa, remaining in that state for a couple of years and then crossing the plains to California, where he lived for about three years. At the end of that time he came to Oregon, locating in the Grande Ronde valley, where he continued until his death in 1900. It was through his influence that Wilber F. Davis was induced to come to Oregon, arriving in the Grande Ronde valley in 1874. He purchased property at Union, whereon he built a house, and then returned to Wisconsin for his family, which he brought to Oregon in 1876, being accompanied on his trips west by his brother Jarvis E. Davis. The family was established in the home at Union which had been prepared for them and in that city Wilber F. Davis followed his trade as a carpenter for a time, later purchasing a sawmill, and then removed it to the mining camp of Cornucopia, which he conducted until 1885. There he became interested in mining, and later was identified with the Last Chance mine, where he erected a mill, investing his entire capital in the enterprise. In the following spring, however, his mill was carried away by a great snowslide, and later he started another mill, but lack of funds compelled him to abandon that project and he returned to Union, where he was variously engaged until his death, which occurred on the 10th of August, 1910. He had become very well known during his residence in the Grande Ronde valley and was very popular among his fellow citizens. During the Indian troubles in the years 1877 and 1878, he was one of the volunteers under Captain Creighton, who, while performing patrol duty found the bodies of Coggan, Smith and several other freighters who had been killed by the red men. He also served as councilman and mayor of Union for several terms. He survived his wife, Francelia L. Davis, for two years, her death occurring on the 19th of June, 1908, when she was sixty-three years of age. In their family were three children, of whom the subject of this review is the eldest. The others were Emma May, who passed away in 1878 at the age of nine years; and Wilber B., now residing in Chicago, Illinois.

Marion F. Davis was a lad of twelve years when the family home was established in Oregon and his education, which had been begun in the schools of Wisconsin, was continued in Union, where he pursued a high-school course. After the completion of his public-school course he entered the University of Oregon, from which he was graduated in 1885, and with the broad general information thus acquired he returned to Union well equipped to enter upon an independent

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career. He was appointed deputy United States marshal and also served as city recorder for one year, after which he acted as deputy sheriff for some time. He then retired from public life for a time and in partnership with his cousin L. J. Davis took control of The Republican, which paper they continued to conduct for twelve years. At the expiration of that period the cousin took up the practice of law and Marion F. Davis assumed the duties of postmaster of Union, to which position he was appointed on the 14th of February, 1899. He has since continued the incumbent in that office, the duties of which he is performing in a manner that has brought satisfaction to his constituents and reflected credit upon himself.

Mr. Davis was married on the 11th of October, 1893, to Miss Cora M. Compton, a native of Michigan. She is a woman who takes a deep interest in the different organizations of women and in 1900 was elected to the position of presiding officer in the state organization of the Pythian Sisters. In 1906 she was chosen to represent that order in Oregon in the Supreme Temple and is at present one of its supreme officers. Her father was a soldier in the Civil war, having served in the Twelfth Indiana Volunteer Infantry. From that fact she became identified with the work of the woman's auxiliary to the Grand Army of the Republic. In 1907 she filled the position of department president of Oregon, and in August, 1911, in the city of Rochester, New York, at the national convention she was elected national president of the Woman's Relief Corps.

Mr. Davis is also prominently known in fraternal circles of Oregon, being a past master of the blue lodge of Masons. He is also identified with the Knights of Pythias, having served in all of the chairs of the home lodge and having passed through all of the chairs in the grand lodge of Oregon. He acted as grand chancellor of the state from October, 1905, until May, 1907, and at the session of the grand lodge held in June, 1911, was elected supreme representative to the Supreme Lodge for a term of four years. Thus in the various interests that go to make up community life in Union he has taken a prominent part, his identification with business, political and fraternal matters having brought him to a foremost place among the best known and most representative citizens of his section, no history of Union county being complete without reference to his record.

M. C. DAVIS is engaged in the real-estate business in Portland, dealing in timber and farm lands. He owns his own property and handles it exclusively, and in the conduct of the business his sound judgment and keen discrimination are manifest in the success which has crowned his labors. He came to the Pacific coast from the middle west, for he is a native of Iowa, born in 1865. His parents, Joseph and America (Hood) Davis, had a family of eleven children, of whom M. C. Davis is the youngest. Of this number three sons and four daughters are yet living as follows: Caroline, now the wife of F. M. Boxley, of Iowa; Arthur, who is living in Portland; Elias, of Iowa; Catherine, the wife of Edward Solomon, of North Dakota; Permelia, the wife of William Brassfield, of South Dakota; Emeline, the wife of William Hanson, of Iowa; and M. C., of this review.

In his native state M. C. Davis was reared and early became familiar with farm work through the assistance which he rendered his father in the cultivation of the fields. When nineteen years of age he rented the old homestead, for his father was then well advanced in years and desired to retire from active life. For two years thereafter M. C. Davis carried on the work of the farm and prospered in his efforts. He then started for the Pacific coast, having with him about six hundred dollars in money, which was the result of his two years' work as an agriculturist. He made his way to Seattle and there worked at the plasterer's trade for a time but afterward returned to Iowa and entered the high school, feeling the lack of education. He afterward pursued a three years' college course, and thus equipped by liberal intellectual training, again came to the northwest, feeling now that he was prepared to win success. Portland was his destination and here he set up a household of his own, being married in January, 1893, to Miss Frances H. Borders, of this city, a daughter of C. W. Borders, the founder of the Pacific Pottery, which was the first successful enterprise of this character established on the Pacific coast. In her father's family were seven children, of whom four are yet living, Mrs. Davis being the eldest. The others are: John W., a practicing dentist of Portland, Oregon; H. P., who is also a dentist of this city; and Charles W., who is a real-estate dealer and manager for the Empire Investment Company of Portland. The marriage of Mr. and Mrs. Davis has been blessed with six children: Ora May, who was born in 1895 and pursued her education in the schools of Salem and of Portland, Oregon, and is now preparing herself for the teaching of English literature; Elwood Percy, who was born in 1897; Margery Fern, born in 1900; Arthur Lloyd, born in 1902; Harold Webster, in 1905; and Donald Forest, in 1907. All of the children are yet pursuing their education.

Mr. and Mrs. Davis began their domestic life in a rented cottage, at which time sixty dollars constituted his capital. Moreover, the year was that of a widespread financial panic—1893. However, he was resolute in his efforts to obtain work and secured a position in a crockery store where he was paid a salary of two dollars per day. Later he was promoted to the position of foreman at two dollars and a quarter per day, and worked there for two years. He and his wife lived very economically, so that he saved his money and was enabled to make his first purchase of property, becoming owner of a lot in North Portland, on which he built a home in 1895. After occupying a

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position with the first firm in Portland for six years he began working in a planing mill at a salary of sixty-five dollars per month, which was the largest amount he had received up to that day. He was thus employed for some time. In addition to his business duties he took an active interest in public and political affairs and was nominated by his party for the office of state legislator but was defeated by a very small majority. He then went to Astoria, Oregon, where he became chief engineer for the Tong Point Lumber Company at a salary of one hundred and twenty dollars per month. There he continued until the spring of 1906, when he started for Alaska with one hundred cases of eggs and a complete outfit and equipment with which to engage in merchandising. His father-in-law was to have been associated with him in this venture but died in camp on the way and Mr. Davis had a very hard trip but finally landed at Fairbanks. However, his business ventures in the north were not successful and he returned to Portland, where he opened a real-estate office that he is still conducting. He platted and sold the Wiberg Heights addition to Portland and has handled other city property but now deals largely in timber and farm lands. He is practically dealing in none but his own property, which he handles exclusively. He also owns several farms in addition to timber land of considerable acreage. He has recently purchased an improved business lot, for which he paid forty thousand dollars. This indicates something of the extent and magnitude of his operations and establishes his place as one of the foremost real-estate dealers of the city.

Mr. Davis gives his political allegiance to the democratic party and his religious faith is that of the Methodist Episcopal church. He belongs to the Woodmen of the World and by reason of his activity along these lines and in business connections he has become widely known, while the sterling traits of his manhood and citizenship have gained for him the unqualified regard and confidence of those with whom he has come in contact.

JUDGE WILLIAM CANNON HUBBARD. For four years Judge William Cannon Hubbard served on the bench of the county court of Marion county, and prior to that time he had proven his worth as a citizen in other public offices. He had also given practical demonstration of his business ability along agricultural lines and is still the owner of valuable farming property although in recent years he has disposed of much of his land. He was born in Pike county, Illinois, November 8, 1836, his parents being Charles and Margaret (Cannon) Hubbard. The father was a native of Kentucky and the mother of Missouri, in which state they were married. Charles Hubbard had been previously married and by the first union there were two children. Soon after he wedded Margaret Cannon he removed to Illinois, where he resided until 1847, when he crossed the plains with ox teams to Oregon, making his first location on Clear creek, about seven miles from Oregon City. A year later, or in the fall of 1848, he took up his abode on French prairie, in Marion county, where he acquired a donation claim of six hundred and forty acres. Upon that property he resided to the time of his death, which occurred in 1884, when he was eighty-four years of age. He had placed many substantial improvements upon his land and had converted the wild prairie into rich and productive fields. Hubbard Place, on the Southern Pacific railroad, is built upon that claim and was named in his honor. He had for thirty-seven years been a resident of Oregon at the time of his demise, and had taken an active and helpful part in the work of pioneer development and improvement as well as in the labors that brought about the later day prosperity. His wife passed away in February, 1880, at the age of sixty-nine years.

Judge Hubbard spent his youthful days with his parents and acquired his education in the public schools. In the winter of 1854 he began earning his own living, becoming a partner in an enterprise to furnish saw logs for a mill near his home. His time was thus occupied from November until the following June. In 1855 he left home and went to the mines at Yreka, California, where he was engaged in mining until July, 1857, when he returned to Marion county. He then took up the occupation of farming, in which he continued until 1892, winning a substantial measure of success along that line. His methods were practical and progressive and his labors resulted in the development of productive fields and the harvesting of large crops. At one time he owned six hundred acres of land in the Mission bottoms, in Marion county, but since his removal to Salem has disposed of portions of this tract from time to time until his holdings now include about two hundred and forty-five acres. He was first called to office in 1882, when elected county commissioner of Marion county. His record in that position received public indorsement in a reelection in 1884, so that he remained in the office until 1886, or for two complete terms. In 1892 he was elected county judge and removed to Salem, where he has since resided. He served upon the bench for four years but since that time has lived retired.

In 1859, Judge Hubbard was married to Miss Helen M. Cooley, of Marion county, a daughter of Christopher Cooley, who came to Oregon from Clay county, Missouri, in 1845. Unto Judge and Mrs. Hubbard have been born seven children of whom four are yet living: Walter S., engaged in the drayage business at Seattle, Washington; Orville B., mining in Alaska; Ira W., a farmer of Idaho; and Dolly H., the wife of Joseph Graber, a plumber of Salem, Oregon.

Politically Judge Hubbard has ever been a stalwart republican since age conferred upon him the right of franchise and at all times is conversant with the vital questions and issues of the day. He is well known in the Independent Order of Odd Fellows, holding membership with Chemeketa Lodge, No. 1.

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MR. AND MRS. W. C. HUBBARD

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the first lodge organized in the state. He has passed through all the chairs in the local organization and enjoys the high regard of his brethren of the fraternity in an unusual degree. Few citizens of Oregon can boast of a longer residence in this state than Judge Hubbard, who for sixty-five years has lived within its borders. Oregon was then a territory and was indeed a frontier district, it requiring months to reach the older and more thickly settled portions of the country—months of travel across the plains or by the water route around Cape Horn or across the Isthmus of Panama. The early settlers endured many hardships and privations and they also faced the danger of Indian attack, but with courageous spirit they met the conditions that existed and in the course of years have gained the reward of their labors and their sacrifices, for the lands which they entered in early days have become valuable with the rapid settlement of the state and the improvements that have been introduced, Judge Hubbard has ever been an interested witness of the changes that have occurred since he first came to the northwest and has borne his part in the work of early progress in Marion county.

ALBERT J. GOODBROD is one of the best known among the early pioneers of this state, in which he has spent the major portion of his long and active life. He is indeed one of the battle-shattered veterans of the Civil war and notwithstanding the hardships of his early pioneer days and the all but death-dealing experiences through which he passed as a defender of the stars and stripes, he is still an active member of society and one of the successful agriculturists and fruit-growers of Union county.

He was born at Wittenberg, Germany, February 27, 1844, and is the son of Mr. and Mrs. Thomas Goodbrod, both of whom were natives of that country. Thomas Goodbrod with his wife and two children emigrated to America in 1852 and on reaching the new world he established his home at Newark, New Jersey, where he maintained his residence for many years and where five of the nine children born to himself and wife were called in one year from the fireside of their parents' home to the land beyond, the cause of their death having been the result of an acute and malignant attack of measles.

Albert J. Goodbrod was reared in his father's home and received his early education in the public schools. After coming to America he became an apprenticed baker and continued in that work until he had acquired a complete knowledge and understanding of the trade, and for some years gave his entire time to the pursuit of that vocation. At the age of sevénteen years he heard the cry of his adopted country calling for volunteers in defense of her flag and on the 3d day of January, 1862, he enlisted in Company B, Eleventh New York Volunteer Cavalry, which later in army parlance was nicknamed "Scott's Nine Hundred," with Colonel James P. Swine in command. He was mustered into the United States service in New York city and left at once with his regiment for Washington, D. C., where for a brief time only the personnel of the regiment was maintained. Some of its companies were commissioned to do duty in Maryland, others were distributed through various places where the army was in the field and some were retained in Washington. Company B, to which Mr. Goodbrod belonged, was first engaged at Muddy Branch and in various parts of Maryland, also doing patrol duty at Washington, D. C. It has the distinction of having at one time served as a bodyguard to President Lincoln. Later it was transferred to New Orleans and in June, 1863, Company B and Company L, of the old New York regiment, were sent to Virginia for the purpose of heading off a part of Lee's army. On that expedition they encountered the enemy at Fairfax Courthouse, June 27, 1863, and at once gave battle. Acting on the offensive, they assaulted by a desperate charge their well protected and half-hidden foes, who immediately responded with true southern valor and fury and in vast and overwhelming numbers. The repulse of the Federal troops in that engagement was complete and Mr. Goodbrod was numbered among the many wounded and dead left upon the battlefield. In retreating with his command he was shot in the back, the bullet piercing his left lung and passing out through his shoulder, leaving that part of his body broken and shattered. His wound was too severe for further attempt to escape and he fell, a helpless German-American soldier boy, among his dead and wounded companions on the battlefield. There he lay for several days, suffering and struggling against the violence of his wound for an added lease of life, as the Confederate troops passed over the ground so recently covered by the enthusiastically fighting Federal forces but now a plain of Confederate victory covered with the spoil of Union sacrifice. Mr. Goodbrod was only disturbed by having his weapons of warfare removed from his person and he was left as one dead among the many others of his silent comrades. In that condition he was later found by a squad detailed from his own command to bury their dead and by them rescued and later removed to a hospital in Washington, D. C., where he remained for several months. In the engagement above described those of his command who did not escape or die upon the field were taken prisoners by the Confederate troops. Mr. Goodbrod eventually recovered from his wounds and completed the term of his enlistment in doing duty in the ranks at Washington, D. C. On the 30th day of September, 1865, he was honorably discharged and mustered out of service at Memphis, Tennessee, but March 1, 1866, he reenlisted in Company D of the First United States Cavalry and with his command was sent to San Francisco, doing detached duty. His company was sent to Camp Lyons where its purpose was in part to release Company B of the First Oregon

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Volunteer Cavalry, and on the way to that camp they encountered a band of three wagons and sixty-seven Chinamen who were moving across the country to Silver City, Idaho. The Chinamen were allowed to travel and camp with the company until they reached Dry creek, on the Winnemucca stage route, and at that place Major Hunt, who was in command of Company D of the First United States Cavalry, ordered the Chinamen to separate from the shelter of his troops on account of insufficient water with which to supply so large a company moving in the same direction. He accordingly directed the Chinamen to move on to the Owyhee river by a new route, the distance to water for their party being only seven miles away, promising them at the same time to rejoin them on the day following. Company B started on its march early in the morning following the departure of the Chinamen and on entering the canyon they found a dead Chinamen who had been recently killed by Indians, having been shot to death with arrows from the red men's bows. Major Hunt immediately detailed a portion of his command to make a careful and vigorous search in and about the environs of the canyon and the scouting party very soon came upon the battlefield, where they found sixty-five dead Chinamen, only one among their original number having escaped with his life, the entire party having been attacked by the savage Piute Indians and in their defenseless condition had become the helpless victims of the native wild Indian of the west. Two of the bodies of the women had been horribly mutilated but the men had been spared the degredation of being scalped, which is the final tribute of the savage red man to his pale-faced brother. This refusal of the Indian to take the Chinamen's scalp was no doubt occasioned by the Chinaman's queue, which in some respects simulates the custom of the Indian's manner of wearing the hair. The massacre as above recited occurred on May 6, 1866. Mr. Goodbrod remained in the service under the command of the famous Indian fighter, General Crook, during nearly the entire time of his second enlistment and with his command took part in all the engagements under that famous general in suppressing the Indian at that time in the inter-mountain territory. On March 1, 1869, he was honorably discharged from duty and mustered out of service at Camp Lyons, after which he settled in eastern Oregon, spending, however, some time in Pendleton, Walla Walla and Baker City.

In 1876 Mr. Goodbrod located in Union, where he was engaged for five continuous years in the operation of the Centennial Hotel. He later sold this property and located his present home on a most picturesque spot at the south end of the Grande Ronde valley, where he is now engaged in the cultivation and growing of apples and small marketable fruit. In this business he has been very successful and in addition to the other improvements upon his place he has built a perfectly equipped cider mill and is engaged in the manufacture of cider, a portion of his product being converted into high grade vinegar.

Mr. Goodbrod was united in marriage December 10, 1890, to Louisa Shoemaker, of Oregon, and to them three children have been born: George A. and Adrian, who are students in the high school at Union; and Miriam E., who died in infancy.

Mr. Goodbrod has served for three terms as city marshal and as councilman for two terms. He has, however, avoided as far as is consistent with good citizenship political positions of any kind. He is a member of the Independent Order of Odd Fellows and in that fraternal society has maintained an uninterrupted membership for the past twenty-eight years. He is also a member of the Improved Order of Red Men and Preston Post, No. 18, G. A. R., and has passed through all of the chairs in the post and state, serving in 1900 as department commander of this state. He has been twice a member of the council of administration and is a member of the National Encampment.

Mr. Goodbrod as a pioneer of this state, a veteran of the Civil war and a private citizen of Union county, has so lived among his associates and friends as to be understood and recognized by them to be one of the most honored, respected and useful citizens of Oregon. By virtue of his loyalty to the flag of his adopted country and his consistent interest in the nation's welfare he has for many years past been known in this portion of the state as General Goodbrod, a title which he honorably bears as an evidence of the high respect in which he is held by his generous countrymen and comrades of the Grand Army of the Republic. Though his years are now leading him into the sunset days of his earthly pilgrimage he is nevertheless deeply interested in every matter of public interest that concerns the welfare of his country and his state and he is always enthusiastically identified with every measure of a public character that seeks to improve the condition of the people with whose business life and society he has for such a long period been closely identified.

GEORGE M. HAWLEY, of Cottage Grove, is a retired farmer and stock-dealer who has been active in political matters, in which he still takes an active interest. He was born in Lane county, Oregon, September 9, 1857, a son of Ira and Elvira (Riley) Hawley, the father a native of New York and the mother of Indiana. In their family were eight children, namely: Nirom, of Moscow, Idaho; Lyman, deceased; William, of Lorane, Oregon; Annie, the deceased wife of Frank Stockwell, of Idaho; George M., of this review; Robert D., of Creswell, Oregon; James H., of Divide, Oregon; and Alice, deceased. The youngest son is now making his home on the old donation land claim which was taken up by his father after he crossed the plains in 1852. The father had previously made the journey to California

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in 1849, remaining in that state until the following year, when he returned to Illinois by way of Cape Horn, and in 1852 again came west, taking up a claim at Divide, Oregon.

George M. Hawley remained under the parental roof until he attained his majority, and when he left home his father gave him three hundred and seventy-five acres of land near Creswell, Oregon. He lived on that land until in 1911, when he sold out and removed to Cottage Grove, retiring from business. For five years during his early career he followed the business of buying and selling stock, but he later disposed of that business and gave his entire attention to diversified farming, which he continued until the time of his retirement.

Mr. Hawley was married twice and by his first union has two children: Oscar, who is married and resides at The Dalles; and George Francis, also making his home at that place. Mr. Hawley's second union occurred March 31, 1894, when he wedded Miss Minnie Ozment, a daughter of J. S. and Elizabeth (Dilon) Ozment, both natives of North Carolina. The Ozment family crossed the plains in 1869 from the latter state and settled in Lane county, Oregon, where Mrs. Hawley was born and where her marriage took place. In his political faith Mr. Hawley is a republican and has held numerous local offices. He was justice of the peace at Creswell for two terms, was road supervisor for twelve years, has been school clerk and served on the school board for several years, and is now a candidate for county commissioner. In his fraternal relations he is a member of the Independent Order of Odd Fellows and the Woodmen of the World. In his religious views he is liberal and attends different churches. Mr. Hawley, who is one of the early sons of Lane county, has been an active and valuable man in the development of the resources of his community and in later years particularly has assisted in no small way in the public projects of the county. Following for many years agricultural pursuits on a large scale, he labored hard and faithfully and is well entitled to the rest from hard work which he is now enjoying. He is widely known throughout the entire community and is greatly respected by all who are acquainted with him.

JOSEPH W. HARMON, who has for several years past been engaged in the general mercantile business at Selma, Josephine county, is a pioneer of this state, having come here when a child with his parents in 1873. He was born in Missouri in 1869, a son of Tilmon G. and Lydia (Hathaway) Harmon. He removed with his parents across the plains to California in 1873, where they resided for a time, afterward removing to Oregon. He is a brother of the Hon. Carlton E. Harmon, who is mentioned on another page of this work. He received a good common-school education and afterward taught school for one term. He remained at home until he attained the age of twenty-three years and then engaged in agricultural pursuits in Josephine county, where he purchased a ranch of one hundred and sixty acres and made his home upon that place for many years, improving it and bringing it under a high state of cultivation. He afterward sold his homestead and removed to Selma where he purchased a general mercantile store which he has conducted for four years. He is doing a very satisfactory business and his dealings are all characterized by strict integrity and fair dealing.

Mr. Harmon was married in 1897 to Miss Eva Martin, a native of Iowa, and to their union have been born three children, all of whom are living at home, Celeste, Ray and Tilmon. The wife and mother died March 6, 1905, and was buried in the Deer Creek Valley cemetery. After her death the children made their home with Mr. Harmon's parents until the fall of 1911 and since that time have been living with him in Selma. Mr. Harmon is a well known and popular citizen of Selma, where he is regarded as an efficient business man and a valued member of society. He exerts himself to acceptably serve his customers and as he possesses wise discrimination in the solution of business problems and conducts his store on a Golden-Rule basis he is enjoying a very satisfactory trade. He is one of the valued citizens of the town and is popular in all circles in which he moves.

CHARLES S. FITZPATRICK, who passed away at his home in Lostine on March 11, 1905, was born at McMinnville, Oregon, February 13, 1854. His parents were James and Margaret (Veck) Fitzpatrick, who came to Oregon from Illinois in 1853, crossing the plains with ox teams. They located in McMinnville, Yamhill county, where they remained but a short time, when they removed to California, where they lived for eighteen years. They then returned to Oregon and located in Wasco county, residing there about eighteen years when the mother passed away. The father later came to Wallowa county and took up his home with his son, Charles S., of this review. He was the father of eight children and outlived them all, passing away in February, 1906, in his eighty-sixth year.

Charles S. Fitzpatrick was reared under the parental roof, acquiring his education in the public schools. After attaining manhood, he located on a ranch which he had taken up as a homestead in Wasco county, and here he engaged in raising horses, cattle and sheep, some of which he had acquired before he was twenty years of age, having started in the stock-raising business for himself when he was a mere boy, on his father's farm. He resided in Wasco county until 1891 when he sold his ranch and came to Wallowa county, where he purchased a farm three miles north of Lostine. He lived on that farm until 1903 when he moved into Lostine. Some years prior to that time he had established himself in the mercantile business in Lostine, taking in with him his son, Frederick W., as partner and manager, the firm being known as Fitz-

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patrick & Son. After his removal to Lostine he gave his entire attention to his business interests until the time of his death. At that time he owned about fifteen hundred acres of land on the east fork of the Wallowa river, about five miles east of Lostine. His wife and two sons, Frederick and James, now own this land.

In 1874, Charles S. Fitzpatrick was wedded to Miss Margaret McCubbin. Of this marriage five children were born: Grace, the wife of S. P. Crow; Alfred, of Salem, Oregon; William, who died in infancy; and James and Frederick W. Mr. Fitzpatrick was extremely successful in the financial world and his wife as a result thereof now has a goodly competence. He was a democrat in politics, but never sought nor desired public office, preferring to give all his time to his business interests. He was a member of the Christian church and his wife and children also adhere to that denomination. He was one of the most successful stockmen and farmers of Wallowa county and on entering the mercantile business was extremely prosperous in that line. He was one of the most esteemed men of this county and a highly honored citizen of Lostine. When he passed away his death was deeply deplored by a wide circle of friends and acquaintances, and his loss was most keenly felt in his home, for he was always devoted to the interests of his family.

ALLEN P. SNYDER has long been identified with the agricultural development of Grant county, where he owns a highly cultivated and valuable ranch of four hundred and forty acres. His birth occurred in Westmoreland county, Pennsylvania, on the 24th of January, 1844, his parents being John and Hannah (Storor) Snyder, the father a native of the Keystone state and the mother of Ohio. The first member of the American branch of the Snyder family was the great-grandfather of our subject, Nicholas Snyder, a native of Germany. He located in Pennsylvania, where he engaged in farming, and there his son Nicholas was born and reared and upon attaining manhood adopted the vocation of agriculture. He always made his home in the state of his birth, where he passed away at the venerable age of ninety-eight years. In 1852, John Snyder, a son of Nicholas Snyder, Jr., removed to Missouri with his wife and family, locating eighteen miles from Alexandria. He was also a farmer, and lived on his homestead in Missouri until 1865, when he removed to a farm seven miles north of Springfield, Missouri, and there passed away when he was sixty-five years of age. The family of Mr. and Mrs. Snyder numbered fourteen children, twelve of whom lived to attain maturity, our subject being the seventh in order of birth.

Allen P. Snyder, who was a lad of eight years when he accompanied his family on their removal from Pennsylvania, began his education in the schools of his native state and completed it in Missouri. He remained at home until he was nineteen years of age, and then in common with the majority of youths he was seized with a desire to try his fortune in a new country and determined to go to California. He made the journey from his home to Omaha in company with his brother Nicholas and on their arrival in that city joined an emigrant train consisting of about eighty wagons. They were provided with a military escort of eighty men, and one of the emigrants, who had served in the war under General Bragg, organized the men and boys of their party into a company to serve under his command in case they had trouble with the Indians. Fortunately, however, they were not molested, making the entire journey without experiencing any unusual hardships or difficulties. They arrived in the Round Valley, Plumas county, California, early in September, and later in the autumn Mr. Snyder went to Virginia City, Nevada, where he worked in the mines for about a year. From there he returned to California, and for a time continued mining and prospecting but later engaged in ranching in Sonoma county, that state. He subsequently went to Idaho, where he worked for three months in the Poorman mine, teaming in the fall from Boise to Silver City and spending the winter of 1866 on the Payette river. At the expiration of that time he went to freighting, coming to Oregon in the spring of 1867 and following that occupation until 1871, when he located on his present ranch, one-half mile below Dayville in Grant county, which he had purchased the year previously. It is comprised of four hundred and forty acres, more than a hundred of which is located in the river bottom, and all is under irrigation. Mr. Snyder has worked tirelessly in his efforts to develop his place, and has been well rewarded for his efforts, as it is one of the most attractive and valuable properties in that section of the county. He has a comfortable residence, ample barns and sheds for the protection of his stock and grain, and an equipment that is in every way fully adequate to his needs. In connection with diversified farming he engages in raising horses and cattle, in which he has met with good success. His early experiences were very similar to those of the other pioneers and he suffered the loss of some horses and cattle at the time of the Indian outbreak in 1878. His family were not exposed to any danger, however, as he had previously provided for their safety by removing them to the Willamette valley, where they remained until the uprising was quelled. The Snyder ranch is very pleasantly located on the John Day river a half mile below Dayville, and is a most desirable place of residence.

On the 6th of December, 1876, Mr. Snyder was married to Miss Missouri Officer, who was born while her parents were crossing the plains on the 13th of August, 1845, at a place known as Ash Hollow, Wyoming. She is a daughter of James and Eveline (Cooley) Officer, the father a native of Tennessee and the mother of Kentucky. The paternal grandfather, Thomas Officer, was also a native of Tennessee, whence he removed with his family to Missouri, and there passed the remainder of his life. In 1845 James Officer started

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A. P. SNYDER

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across the plains with his wife and family for Oregon. They made the journey with an ox team and were members of a party piloted by a Mr. Meek, a brother of Joseph Meek. He lost the trail, and the men deeply aroused by the possible dangers that confronted themselves and families threatened to mob him but he made his escape, leaving them to their fate. They passed through Harney county to The Dalles, and then went down the river, spending the winter in some cabins that had been used by former settlers. In the spring Mr. Officer continued his journey to Portland and purchased a donation claim twenty-five miles south of that city, where he passed the remainder of his life. It is interesting to know that their party was rescued and started on the right trail through Harney county under the guidance of a young girl, one of their members. Before starting west she had made a careful study of the geography of this section, paying particular attention to the streams and their source, and by means of this knowledge they finally reached The Dalles. The family of Mr. and Mrs. Officer numbered eleven children, Mrs. Snyder being the ninth in order of birth. The others are as follows: Martha A., deceased; Eli Casey, who is mentioned at greater length under the sketch of his son Floyd L.; Susan M., deceased; John E., also deceased; Robert V., whose history is also given elsewhere in this work; Francis M., Joseph Thomas, Nancy and Ellen, who are deceased; and David. To Mr. and Mrs. Snyder there have been born the following children: Jessie, the wife of E. A. Cummins, a farmer in John Day valley; Frankie, deceased; Della, the wife of Harlan Hayes of Canyon City, Oregon; Dora, the wife of Donald McClennan of the John Day valley; Ada, the wife of John Damon, a rancher of Grant county; and Alice May, the wife of Otis Mascall.

Mr. Snyder is one of the prosperous and highly esteemed ranchmen of the valley where he has resided for over forty years and has actively cooperated in promoting its progress and development. He is a man of well defined purposes, honorable motives and incorruptible integrity, as has been manifested in his business transactions, thus acquiring the enviable reputation of being thoroughly reliable and trustworthy in all of his dealings.

CHARLES SHERBONDY has for four years been engaged in the operation of a ranch of twenty-one acres located two miles north of Eugene on Irving road, and is now the owner of one of the most attractive places in that immediate vicinity. He was born in Ohio in 1843 and is a son of Levi and Elizabeth (Smith) Sherbondy, both natives of Pennsylvania, and the parents of five children, of whom our subject is the eldest. In order of birth the others are as follows: Homer and Esther, both of whom are deceased; Joseph and Thomas, who are living in Akron, Ohio.

The boyhood and youth of Charles Sherbondy were in every way similar to those of other youths of that period. He was reared at home and educated in the common schools, but in 1861, at the age of nineteen years, he left the parental roof and went to the front, serving through the entire period of the Civil war. He was under Generals Shields, McDowell, Logan, Sherman and Hooker, and participated in some of the notable and most closely contested battles of the Rebellion. When mustered out he located in Pennsylvania and prospected for oil and coal for a time, but subsequently returned to his native state, continuing to follow the same line of work. After his marriage he removed to Illinois and turned his attention to agricultural pursuits. Six years later he again started westward, Kansas being his destination on this occasion. He farmed there for eighteen months and in 1877 he and his wife decided to come to the northwest, so they joined an emigrant train containing forty-two wagons and started across the prairies on the long perilous journey. It was fraught with unusual danger at that time, as the Indians in eastern Oregon were on the warpath, but the emigrants made the trip without encountering any particular difficulty, other than was experienced by all who made the journey across the plains during the pioneer days. They first settled at Junction City, where they purchased eighty acres of land which they cultivated for two years. At the expiration of that time, Mr. Sherbondy disposed of his tract and together with his family removed to the coast, locating in the vicinity of Florence. There were very few white settlers in that portion of the state at that time, the country being almost entirely inhabited by Indians, nevertheless, he purchased a hundred and sixty acres of land with the expectation of permanently making it his home. He placed a portion of his land under cultivation and in connection with his farming engaged in stock-raising. During a large portion of the time while living on the coast, Mr. Sherbondy engaged in boat building, which trade he had previously learned. In 1900, he disposed of all of his interests there and removed to Lane county, buying forty acres of land near Eugene. He cultivated this with very good success for four years, but at the end of that time disposed of his holding and withdrawing from active work retired to Eugene. As he is an energetic, enterprising man and had always led an active life, this manner of living ultimately became unendurable and in 1908, he bought his present ranch and resumed his agricultural pursuits. During the period of his ownership he has wrought quite extensive improvements in his place, thus greatly enhancing the appearance and value of the property.

For his wife and helpmate, Mr. Sherbondy chose Miss Martha Forrer, a native of the state of Pennsylvania and the second in order of birth of the twelve children born to John and Mary (Meck) Forrer, likewise natives of the Keystone state. The other members of the family are as follows: Katherine, the widow of Jacob Kurtz, of Ohio; Mary, the wife of John Martin; Susan, who married Christian Orr; Chritiann,

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the widow of David Zook; Elizabeth, the wife of Daniel Burneman; Frances, who married David Bear; Arvilla and Fannie, both of whom are deceased; one who died in infancy; George; and Sadie, the wife of Mr. Demmick. All of the family with the exception of Mrs. Sherbondy reside in Ohio. The marriage of Mr. and Mrs. Sherbondy was celebrated on the 13th of August, 1868, and in the following September they moved to Illinois. They have no children of their own but adopted a son, William, at the age of fifteen months. He was born on the 17th of April, 1875, and came to Oregon with Mr. and Mrs. Sherbondy, who gave him the advantages of a good common-school education. He was reared on the farm and in April, 1900, established a home of his own by his marriage to Miss Laura McAfee, and they have become the parents of four children, Hazle, Oscar, Claude and Clarence. He is the owner of a ranch near Gardiner, this state, and is meeting with very good success in its cultivation.

Both Mr. and Mrs. Sherbondy are members of the Christian church, and he is an honored member of the Grand Army of the Republic. He votes the republican ticket and has held the office of school director but has never been prominently identified with local governmental affairs, although he is a very public-spirited man and takes an active and helpful interest in promoting the development of the community.

J. B. KOOCH, who for twenty-six years has resided four miles south of Enterprise, where he engages in general farming, is one of the foremost ranchmen of the Wallowa valley. He is a native of Tennessee, his birth having occurred in Wayne county that state on the 27th of January, 1857, and is a son of David and Fannie (Collier) Kooch. The parents were born, reared and married in Tennessee and there the mother passed away in 1863. Seven years later the father with his family moved to Kansas, remaining there until 1875, when the lure of the west again called him and he crossed the plains to Oregon. The journey was made with wagons and horse teams and occupied several months. On the 10th of September, 1875, he arrived in the Grande Ronde valley, Union county, and remained there until 1877. In April of that year he removed with his family to the Wallowa valley, settling on Aldee slope, where he had previously homesteaded the land now owned by his son, J. B. Kooch. The improvement and cultivation of this land engaged his entire attention during the succeeding ten years, at the end of which time he sold his property to his son and removed to Enterprise. While residing in Kansas, David Kooch married Mrs. Ross, who thus became his second wife and who passed away in Enterprise in 1896. He thereafter made his home with his son, our subject, until his death in 1898. From his earliest youth he had manifested much independence of thought and had pronounced views on right and wrong, so despite the fact that he was the son of a strong southern sympathizer and had two brothers in the Confederate army, he enlisted in the Union army as a member of a Tennessee regiment and went to the front, where he remained for four years. He was republican in his political views and always conversant with the principles of the party but never sought public office. In matters of faith he adhered to the teachings of the Baptist church. A man of much strength of character and determination of purpose he was one of the highly esteemed pioneers and assisted to the best of his ability in promoting the development of the country. In both the maternal and paternal lines our subject is descended from old Tennessee families.

J. B. Kooch was a lad of six years when his mother passed away and his father was still at the front fighting for his country. As the schools had been disrupted by the unsettled conditions then prevailing in the south, his education was not commenced until he had attained the age of nine years, and was then pursued irregularly and for only a brief period as he early left home and went out to make his own way in the world. He first worked as a farm hand, but subsequently engaged in teaming, while later he clerked in a general store for eighteen months. After his marriage, however, he again turned his attention to agricultural pursuits, settling on Trout creek where he had previously preempted a claim. He energetically applied himself to the operation of his ranch until 1885 when he disposed of it and purchased his father's homestead, and here he has ever since resided. Mr. Kooch is a very capable agriculturist, whose progressive ideas and practical methods have brought him prosperity. He has always given his personal supervision to the tilling of his fields on which he plants such cereals as are best adapted to the soil. In connection with general farming he raises hogs and has met with very gratifying returns from both. As the years have passed he has made extensive improvements on his ranch, which is now in a high state of cultivation and fully equipped with such modern conveniences and appliances as will expedite the work and minimize the labor of its operation.

In 1882, Mr. Kooch was united in marriage to Miss Dora Basim of this county, and a native of Missouri, and they have become the parents of seven children: Della, the wife of Everett Stubblefield, of this county; Elmer, a ranchman of Baker county; Etha, who married Grover McClain, of Roberts, Idaho; Burl, who is engaged in farming in this county; and Lora, Mamie and Mildred, all of whom are at home.

The family worship in the Baptist church in which the parents hold membership. Mr. Kooch is a republican, and although he takes an active interest in all public affairs he, like his father, has never sought public office. A man of positive aim and definite purpose, he has always directed his undertakings with foresight and clear judgment and is known as one of the most substantial agriculturists and stockmen of Wallowa county.

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The most salient factors in his prosperity have been his marked enterprise and integrity, which have won him the confidence and esteem of all with whom he has had dealings and the commendation of the community where he has resided for more than a quarter of a century and has many stanch and loyal friends.

FRANK KNOWLES is one of the successful and up-to-date merchants of the city of Florence. His birth occurred in New Hampshire in November, 1854, his parents being E. C. and Lucinda (Atwood) Knowles, who were born, reared and married in that state. In 1858 they removed to Minnesota and were residents of that state until 1881, when they removed to Oregon and settled at Mapleton in Lane county, where Mr. Knowles passed away in 1905. His widow is still living at the age of seventy-nine and maintains her residence at Florence. To Mr. and Mrs. E. C. Knowles were born five sons and three daughters, and of this family five are still living: John, now a resident of Jeffers, Minnesota; Albert, of Mapleton, Oregon; Frank, of this review; George O., of Cottage Grove, Oregon, and Mrs. Cora E. Witherson, the editor of The West. Jane, Ezekiel and Mary are deceased.

Frank Knowles was reared in his parents' home and educated in the common schools of the districts in which he lived. He remained under the parental roof until twenty-two years of age and at that time removed from Minnesota to California in the month of November, 1876, making the journey by rail, which at that time required the period of nine full days. The slow progress made by the train was occasioned by the imperfect construction of the railroad track, which at that early period was new and unsettled in its roadbed. On his arrival in the Golden state he settled first at Nord, and there spent one and a half years, after which he removed to Mapleton, Oregon, where he filed upon a homestead of one hundred and forty-two acres, upon which he established his home and continued to live for the following twenty-nine years. In 1907 he removed to Florence, where he engaged at once in the general mercantile business, to which he has since devoted his entire attention. He still owns his beautiful farm near Mapleton and is also the owner of the real estate and improvements connected with his mercantile establishment and in addition to these holdings he is the owner of several fine business lots in Florence and with his wife is joint owner of a valuable tract of commercial timber, consisting of two hundred and eighty acres near the city of Mapleton.

In 1877 Mr. Knowles was united in marriage to Miss Elizabeth Morton, who was born in Nova Scotia in 1856, her parents being Lemuel and Sarah (Foot) Morton, who were likewise natives of Nova Scotia and who spent the early years of their married life in their native land. In 1872 Mr. and Mrs. Morton removed to Minnesota, where they maintained their residence until Mrs. Morton's death, after which the father of Mrs. Knowles removed to Oregon, where he made his home with his son-in-law, Frank Knowles, until the time of his death, which occurred at sixty-seven years of age. To Mr. and Mrs. Morton six children were born, three of whom are still living: Charles, of Minnesota; Mrs. Elizabeth Knowles, and Mrs. Laura Workman, of Spokane, Washington. Caleb, Wilson and William are deceased. To Mr. and Mrs. Knowles five children have been born. Maud, the eldest, is deceased. Mabel is the wife of Joseph Slemmons, of Deadwood, Oregon, who is in the employ of the State Fish Hatchery. Previous to his present position he was engaged in educational work as a public-school teacher. Grace has passed away. Rosa is the wife of William E. Wells, of Mapleton, Oregon, who is now retired. Ruth is attending college at Albany, Oregon.

Mr. Knowles is affiliated with the republican party but very liberal in the use of his franchise, giving the benefit of his suffrage to the men whom he believes best represent the vital and most pressing interests of the people. During his residence in Florence he has served as a member of the city council. He served as master of the Grange, at Mapleton, for more than a year, during the years 1903 and 1904. Frank Knowles is in every way one of the representative citizens of Lane county. He is highly esteemed as a business and educational interests of the and associates as one of the enterprising and influential citizens whose help is always to be relied upon in the advancement of any measure calculated to further develop the business and educational interests of the community in which he lives.

JOHN C. BECK is justly entitled to recognition as one of the enterprising and public-spirited citizens of Lane county, this state. He is a native of Denmark, his birth having occurred in that country in 1861, and is a son of Chris Peterson Beck and Inger Marie Johannessen, both of whom were natives of Denmark. In their family were seven children: John Peter, of Minnesota; Ida and Margaret, deceased; John C., the subject of our sketch; Peter Christian, Jens and Johannah Marie, all of whom are now deceased.

Mr. Beck began to earn wages at the early age of six years. At that period in his life he worked as a sheep herder during the summer season and lived with his father's family during the winter. In this employment he continued to be engaged until he was ten years of age. His inclinations, however, led him in the pursuit of knowledge and such was his ambition from early boyhood that notwithstanding the fact that he was constantly employed he still found time to devote himself to educational pursuits and by the time he had attained his eighteenth year he had sufficiently educated himself to qualify as teacher in the public schools of his native land. Much of his early education was acquired in the open fields of Denmark and supplemented by the sacrifice necessary

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to be made in attendance upon the night schools. At the age of eighteen he entered educational work and continued to be engaged as a teacher in the public schools for three years thereafter. He was then required by government law to enter the service of the army of Denmark and as a soldier of his native land he served in the ranks of her army for six months, at the end of which time his wedding occurred and he was immediately thereafter recalled to the colors, to which call he was required to immediately respond. During the time he was engaged in the army he did not at any time see active service in the field. On retiring from military duty he was engaged in farming on twenty acres of land which he had previously acquired. That property he eventually disposed of and emigrated to America. On reaching the shores of the new world he continued his journey from the eastern seaport westward, making his first stay in Minnesota, and in that state for one year engaged in educational work, teaching in one of the Minnesota public schools and later renting a farm which he operated for two years. In 1883 he purchased eighty acres of farm land upon which he established his home and continued to reside until 1889, at which time he disposed of that property and removed to Oregon, settling at Point Terrace on the Siuslaw river, where he purchased seventy-six acres and has since been engaged in farming and fishing. In addition to his interest in farming and in the conduct of his fishing business he has also cut and sold at a handsome profit a large amount of timber. To him belongs the credit of having laid out the town of Rockport, the site of which by good fortune is located upon his own farm. The Southern Pacific Railway survey crosses his place, taking a strip of one hundred feet in width, exactly paralleling one of his boundary lines. He has already disposed of twenty acres to good advantage and expects to realize the building up of a new and thriving inland town, which he has named Rockport, located within the surveyed limits of his own home on the Siuslaw river. Here he follows mixed farming, giving particular attention to the growing of fruit, berries and garden truck, and in addition to the cultivation of his farm he engages in salmon fishing and also has a dairy, in the conduct of which he is very successful, as well as in the breeding and raising of fine hogs for the market.

Mr. Beck has been twice married, his first wife being Anna Magdalena Peterson, a daughter of Peter Troelsen, of Denmark, and to this union three children were born: Mattie Catherine, the wife of Bruce David, a sawmill operator of Point Terrace, by whom she has four children, Edwin, Leonard, Jennie and Myrtle; Chris, a farmer of Point Terrace, who is married to Irma Neely and they have one boy, Willie; and Mary, deceased. The mother of these children closed her earthly pilgrimage in Denmark, her native land, in 1888, and in the state of Minnesota, in 1889, Mr. Beck was united in wedlock to Miss Johanna Marie Johannasen, a daughter of Laust and Enger Marie Johannasen, in whose family were ten children: Jens and Jens Christian, both of Denmark; Johanna Marie, now Mrs. Beck; and Johannah Catherine, Maren, Lausine M., Hans, Christian, Ludvikka and Nels, all of Denmark. To Mr. and Mrs. Beck seven children have been born: Laust Christian, deceased; Anton Marius, an engineer of Point Terrace; Anton Marinus, deceased; Lausine Marie, who is a pupil in the public schools; Johannah Catherine, who is also attending the public schools; Johnnie, at home; and Merrill, deceased. In 1890 they also adopted a six-year-old nephew of Mr. Beck, M. C. Beck, who carries their name. He proved a great helper to his new parents during their hard struggles and remained with them until he was married to Miss Mary Fredericksen. They have two children, Clifton and Myrtle, and he has built his home on a piece of land acquired from Mr. Beck's home place.

Mr. Beck politically is affiliated with the socialist party, following the standard of that organization in its national and state campaigns. He has never been a candidate for public office, preferring to give his attention to his private interests. In his religious life he is associated with the Evangelical Lutheran church, of which he is a member. John C. Beck is regarded by his friends and associates as one of the enterprising and successful men of Lane county and is identified with every enterprise intended to advance the material, educational and religious welfare of the people among whom he has established his home, where he is now engaged in a successful effort to place a new town on the map of Oregon, which later should increase substantially the value of the real-estate holdings of all the people within its immediate vicinity.

ALMORAN HILL, now deceased, who was one of the early settlers of Oregon and gained recognition as a successful farmer and a man of unimpeachable character, was for sixty-six years a resident of Washington county. He was born in Sheridan county, Missouri, December 26, 1822, a son of Wright and Frances (Christian) Hill. The father was born in Tennessee and became a settler of Missouri, continuing there during the remainder of his life.

Mr. Hill of this sketch grew to manhood in his native state. At the age of nineteen he was married and in 1843 started with his wife across the plains with an ox team and wagon. They joined with others who collected on the Missouri river the same spring. The party was the largest that had undertaken the journey on the overland trail up to that time. There were six hundred wagons in the caravan and in accordance with the custom of those days, officers were chosen before leaving the river, Jesse Applegate being selected as captain. It required six months lacking two days to accomplish the journey, the start being made May 12 from St. Clair, Missouri. Fortunately the Indians

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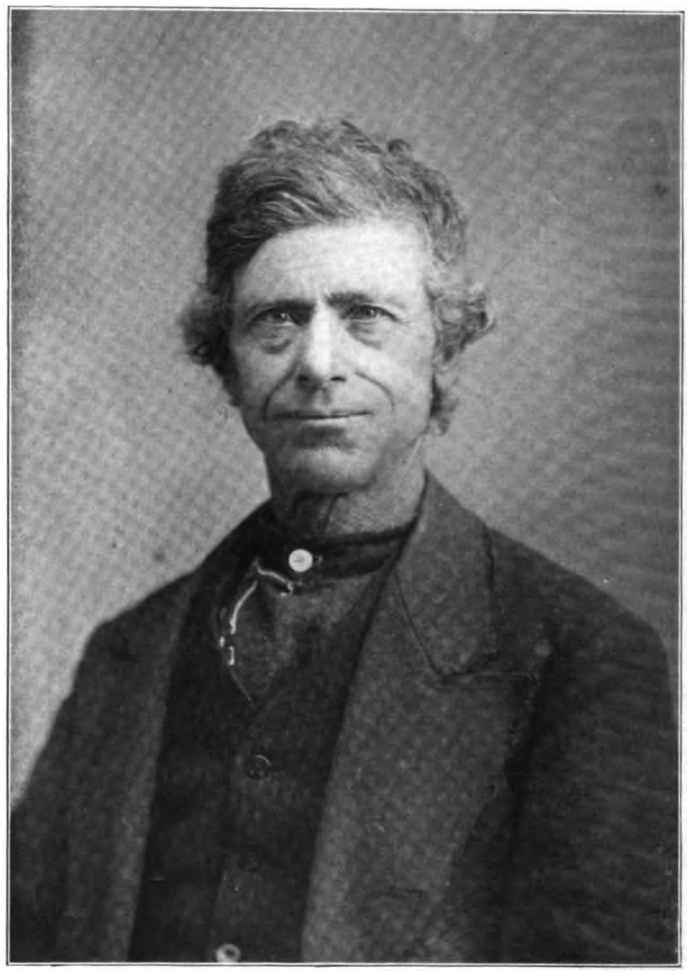

ALMORAN HILL

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MRS. SARAH J. HILL

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were not upon the war path at this time and they were free from many disasters which overcame other parties in the years following. A little boy was run over and killed on the route and several persons were drowned in the Columbia river near The Dalles, but with these exceptions no fatalities occurred. They left their wagons and oxen at Fort Walla Walla until the following spring and came down the Columbia river in a batteau and three skiffs. Peter H. Burnett, who subsequently was elected the first governor of California, was captain during this voyage. The travelers arrived at Fort Vancouver November 10 and were most hospitably received by Dr. McLoughlin, who extended to them every assistance within his power. Mr. Hill and his wife spent a week at Oregon City, where one of the brothers of Mrs. Hill had settled, and then came to Washington county. On February 20, 1845, Mr. Hill took up a donation land claim upon which he established his home. He built a little log cabin with a clapboard roof, in which he and his family lived for eighteen months. There was no floor to the cabin and the latchstring always hung on the outside of the door. The family then moved into another log house with one room and continued there until 1860 when a more commodious log residence was erected. This house still stands as it was originally built and is one of the interesting historic structures of this region. About sixty acres of land was cleared at the time the claim was taken up, the rest being thickly set in timber. Mr. Hill applied himself with great diligence in the establishment of a comfortable home and also cleared the land, finally developing the farm into one of the productive properties of the neighborhood.

On July 4, 1841, Mr. Hill was married on the Big Sock river, in Missouri, to Miss Sarah Jane Reed, who was born at Indianapolis, Indiana, July 26, 1823. She is a daughter of Joseph C. and Hannah Joan (Clemens) Reed. The father was born in Connecticut and became one of the pioneers of the middle west. In his family were twelve children, all of whom grew to maturity except one. Of the children of Mr. and Mrs. Hill ten attained maturity. The eldest child died in infancy in Missouri. Diantha was born when her mother was on her way to Oregon and became the wife of Thomas Jenkins. She died in February, 1911. A son William went to Alaska and has not been heard from for six years past. It is, therefore, believed that he is dead. The other children were born on the home place in Washington county. Francis Marion was married and is now a widower with four children who make their home with Mrs. Hill. Narcissa married James Allen and died leaving two children. Mary Ann was the wife of William Davis and is also deceased. She was the mother of one child. Margaret is the widow of William Campbell and has one child. Tryphena married Edward Money and they have four children. Hannah is the wife of Herbert Cowles and they are the parents of eight children. Sarah Jane, who married Edward Tate, is now a widow and has one daughter. Almoran Lincoln is married and has three children. Mrs. Hill has had thirty-seven grandchildren, ten great grandchildren and three great-great-grandchildren.

Mr. Hill died February 2, 1909, in the eighty-seventh year of his age. In politics he adhered to the republican party. He was for a number of years a member of the school board but held no other offices as he had no desire for political honors. He was a stanch friend of education and the Hill schoolhouse which stands on part of the original donation claim located by him was named in his honor. He was a member of the Christian church and he and his family attended the church many times at Hillsboro, fourteen miles from home. He enlisted in the Cayuse Indian war and went with other volunteers as far as The Dalles and there learned that the Indians had given up hostilities. He was a brave, straightforward, manly and generous-hearted man who nobly performed his part in opening the way for civilization. Mrs. Hill proved indeed a worthy helpmate to her husband and a kind and considerate mother to her children. She still resides in the old home which is endeared to her by countless associations. She is one of the esteemed pioneer women of Oregon. Her mind reverts to the time when there were no towns in Oregon apart from the fortified settlements on the large rivers and the country was occupied by Indians and wild animals. She was a witness of the great transformation represented by steamboats, railways and the automobile and in her declining years is receiving the loving care of her children and descendants even to the fourth generation. That she has earned the gratitude of those who appreciate the sacrifices of the pioneer women of the northwest is the opinion of all who know her.

ORLANDO THOMAS PROUT, who resides two and one-half miles northwest of Joseph, is one of the prominent ranchmen of Wallowa county. He was born in Branch county, Michigan, July 12, 1854, the son of Silas and Betsy (Prine) Prout, the father a native of the state of New York and the mother a native of Wales. The parents were married in Michigan and located in Branch county, that state, where the father followed the carpenter's trade in connection with his work as a farmer. At the opening of the Civil war he enlisted in the Fourth Michigan Cavalry and died in a hospital in Murfreesboro, Tennessee, in 1863. The mother passed away in Quincy, Michigan, in March, 1864.

Orlando T. Prout was reared at the home of his parents and acquired his education in the common schools of his native state. At the early age of sixteen he started out in life for himself and was engaged as a teamster in the lumber regions of Michigan. After working at teaming for a year he apprenticed himself to a stonecutter in Quincy, Michigan, but after one and one-half years he gave up this apprenticeship

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and went to Nebraska. Two years later he went to Colorado, locating in Golden, where he remained for about four years, being employed on a ranch and at railroad work. Subsequently he worked his way through to Oregon, consuming about a year or more on his journey westward. In 1882 he arrived in Wallowa county and located on his present ranch, which he took up as a homestead. Here he has since followed general farming and is now one of the good, substantial and well-to-do men of this county. He is president of the Joseph Warehouse Company and his interests have connected him with other prominent business relations.

In 1885 Mr. Prout was united in marriage with Miss Sarah C. Cole, a daughter of Wiley P. Cole, who came to Wallowa county from Nebraska in 1880. Mrs. Prout passed away in March, 1911, leaving eight children. They are: Jasper, who is a ranchman living on Pine creek, this county; Eva, who is the wife of Arthur Hewitt, of Joseph; and Roy, Earl, Clarence, Lawrence, and twins, named Aubrey and Audrey, all of whom are at home. Mr. Prout is a democrat and he has always been interested in everything that stood for public advancement. Throughout his entire residence on his ranch in this county, which covers a period of over thirty years, he has ever been actively identified with all measures of reform and progress.

WALTER ROSS McCORNACK, deceased, was born in Illinois on July 13, 1845, and was the son of Andrew A. and Maria McCornack. His father was a native of Scotland and his mother of Londenderry, Ireland. Andrew A. McCornack emigrated to America at an early date and settled in Illinois. His wife emigrated to this country with her parents in 1840, the family settling in Illinois. She remained under the parental roof until the time of her marriage, which was celebrated in the days of her early womanhood in the state of Illinois. Mr. and Mrs. McCornack removed to Washington in 1853 and from that state to Lane county, Oregon, in 1858. Twelve children were born to them, of whom all are still living except Walter R., of this review. The record of the surviving children is as follows: E. A., of Eugene; Dr. W. A., of Oakland, California; E. P., of Salem, this state; Dr. H. F., of Eugene; Mrs. J. G. Stevenson, of Eugene; Mrs. C. M. Collier, also of Eugene; Miss Mary, of Eugene; Mrs. Dr. E. P. Geary, of Portland, Oregon; J. K., of Palouse, Washington; Mrs. F. A. Wells, of San Francisco, California; and Frank H., of Klamath Falls, Oregon. The father of this family passed away in 1872 and the mother in July, 1901.

Walter R. McCornack established his permanent home in 1893 on a ranch located on the north fork of the Siuslaw river, four miles above Florence, and to the care and development of this beautiful farm he continued to give his attention until the time of his death. Some years prior to his locating his home he served as deputy sheriff for Lane county for some years and was also appointed to the office of deputy county clerk of that county for several succeeding terms.

In the year 1874 Mr. McCornack was united in marriage to Miss Elizabeth E. Hazleton, whose birth occurred in Canada, January 16, 1854, her parents being Louis and Rebecca (Beals) Hazleton, who were born, reared and married in Canada. Louis Hazleton was born July 10, 1830, and his wife exactly three years later. To them six children were born, four of whom are still living: Elizabeth E., the widow of Walter R. McCornack; John W., a resident of Manitoba, Canada; Sarah, who died in infancy; Peter, of Manitoba, Canada; Equilla, who likewise passed away in infancy, and Mrs. Mary C. Williams, of Manitoba, Canada. The father of this family passed away in July, 1865, and the mother is still living in Manitoba, Canada, at the age of seventy-nine. To Mr. and Mrs. McCornack two sons were born. Eugene R., born November 30, 1881, now resides on the old homestead, and is a half owner of seven hundred and sixty acres of agricultural land. He married Josephine Herring and two children have been born to them: Edna Elizabeth, born February 5, 1909; and Emily Lois, born January 23, 1911. Kenneth H., born October 10, 1887, is engaged in stock-raising and dealing in Florence and owns a half interest with his brother in the old homestead containing seven hundred and sixty acres. Both of the sons of Mr. and Mrs. McCornack received a good English education in the public schools. The father of this family passed away at his home in 1903. His widow continued to live upon the home ranch until 1911, when, during the month of September of that year, she removed to the city of Florence, where she built one of the finest among the many handsome residences of that city, in which she now resides.

Walter Ross McCornack was a member of the Presbyterian church, to which his widow and children still belong. During all his life he was recognized by his friends and associates as being a man of the highest type of Christian character, devoted to the best interests of the community in which he lived, and in his death the county of Lane suffered the loss of one of its best known and most useful citizens.

KARL A. MILLER is the well known cashier of the Glendale State Bank, which is one of the up-to-date and successful banking houses of Douglas county, Oregon. He was born in Portland, Oregon, December 8, 1874, and is the son of Arthur F. and Jennie R. (Stevenson) Miller, the former a native of Fort Wayne, Indiana, and the latter of Springfield, Illinois. The father was the son of Henry Miller who crossed the plains from Fort Wayne, Indiana, to Oregon in 1852. He traveled in company with the emigrant train until he reached Granger, Idaho, at which place the train continued on its way to California and the paternal grandfather

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of Karl A. Miller finished his journey to Oregon where he settled near Milwaukie, in Clackamas county, and there filed upon a homestead. Arthur F. Miller, the father of the subject of this review, located in Portland, Oregon, shortly after his marriage and has there since continued to reside. He has devoted the greater portion of his life to the grange work and is the president of the life insurance branch of that organization and is also secretary of the fire insurance branch and is superintendent and one of the directors of the Multnomah County Fire Association. He was associated for some time with the Northern Pacific railway in the collection of grasses and grains for exhibition purposes and during the Columbian Exposition in Chicago in 1893 he had charge of the Oregon department of forestry. The mother of the subject of this review was the daughter of J. W. Stevenson, who crossed the plains from Springfield, Illinois, with ox teams in 1853 and settled in Washington between the Cascades and Cape Horn. The family was living at that point when the massacre occurred at the Cascades and were near enough to the site of that tragedy to know much of the suffering endured by the victims.

Karl A. Miller was reared in his father's home and received his early education in the Sellwood grammar school and after passing through the lower grades was later graduated from the Portland high school, after which he completed a business course, in the College of Portland, graduating from that institution with the class of 1893. He then went to Chicago and was there assistant to his father in the forestry department of Oregon at the World's Fair exhibition. He later accepted a clerkship in the Citizens Bank, of Portland, and was identified with that institution for seven years.

While in the service of that institution he was advanced to the position of assistant cashier which position he resigned to accept the position as bookkeeper in the Wells Fargo Bank and during his three years' service in that financial house he was advanced to the position of receiving teller. When the Wells Fargo Bank was sold out he took up work as cashier in the Portland Trust Company, in which employment he continued until 1908. He then came to Glendale to accept the cashiership and business management of the Glendale State Bank since which time he has continued to give his undivided attention to the interests of that institution.

Mr. Miller was united in marriage December 21, 1900, to Miss Frances May Cline of Portland, Oregon. She is the daughter of Dr. and Mrs. C. E. Cline, of Portland, Oregon. To Mr. and Mrs. Miller two children have been born, Bayard A. and Alden E. In 1895 Mr. Miller received the appointment as notary public and has continued to serve in that office. His fraternal relations are with Azalia Lodge, No. 119, F. & A. M. He is the school clerk of Glendale and also the treasurer of that city. Mr. and Mrs. Miller are members of the Presbyterian church of which he is treasurer and one of the elders.

Karl A. Miller is one of the substantial and enterprising citizens of Glendale and a man who always is to be relied upon to give his support to the advancement of any worthy cause which will improve the civic and moral conditions of the community in which he lives.

MADS C. JENSEN is one of the enterprising agriculturists of Lane county, in which he lives, his farm being located at Point Terrace, six and one-half miles up the river from Florence. He was born January 5, 1876, and is the son of Lanst and Annie (Knudson) Jensen, both of whom were natives of Denmark. His mother's parents followed farming for a livelihood and his paternal grandfather was by trade and occupation a blacksmith. Lanst Jensen emigrated to America with his family in the year 1882, reaching the shores of the new world on the 29th day of October of that year. He made his first settlement in the state of Minnesota at the time when the subject of this review was seven years of age. On reaching Minnesota Mr. Jensen purchased a farm of one hundred and twenty acres in Polk county of that state and later added to his original purchase one hundred and sixty acres of good Minnesota land. Upon that land he established his home, where he continued to live until 1901, at which time he removed to Oregon and settled on the Siuslaw river, where he engaged in the business of farming. The first real estate he purchased in this state was located but a short distance east of Mapleton. That property he later disposed of and removed to a point farther down the river, near Acme. To Mr. and Mrs. Lanst Jensen five children were born: Stina, the wife of Peter Larson, of Minnesota, and the mother of ten children; Christina, the wife of James C. Johnson, residing on the Siuslaw river, their family consisting of five children; Jensina, who is the wife of Antone Knudson, of Minnesota, and the mother of five children; Mary, who is the wife of Omar Wisdom, of Glenada, and the mother of two children; and Mads C., of this review.

Mads C. Jensen was reared in his parents' home and educated in the common schools. He remained under the parental roof until twenty-two years of age and at that period in his life he became a joint partner with his father in all matters of business interests, a relationship which continued until 1909. At that time they purchased one hundred and sixty-three acres of land and later Mr. Jensen individually became the owner of one hundred and sixty acres of the above described property, which is still in his possession. His father later purchased thirty acres, upon which he now lives. Mads C. Jensen established his home upon his tract of one hundred and sixty acres, where he is now engaged to some extent in agricultural pursuits, giving the major portion of his time and attention to the business of fishing and dairying.

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Mr. Jensen was united in marriage to Miss Darthea Frederickson, a daughter of Nels and Enger (Jensen) Frederickson, in whose family were seven children: Jens, deceased; Metta, the wife of J. M. Gibson, of Point Terrace, and the mother of two children: Fred, of Point Terrace; Jens, of Acme; Mary, the wife of Mads C. Beck, of Point Terrace, and the mother of two children; Jensina, who resides with her sister, Mrs. Mads C. Jensen; and Darthea, the wife of our subject. Mr. and Mrs. Jensen are the parents of four children: Lawrence, born July 30, 1899; Edward, born December 14, 1900; Lillie, born May 17, 1904; and Melvin, born July 23, 1910.

Mr. Jensen is not affiliated with any particular political party. He is liberal in his political views and gives his support to the men whom he believes represent the best interests of his state and county. He has never sought political preferment of any kind. Fraternally he belongs to the Independent Order of Odd Fellows, and his religious association is with the Lutheran church. He is one of the representative men of the community in which he lives and is loyally devoted to the interests of his family and friends. He is regarded as a man of strict integrity in his business associations and at all times ready to lend his assistance to the advancement of any public interest tending to improve the condition of the people in his state and county.

JEREMIAH COBB BAISLEY. While all days have not been equally bright in the business career of Jeremiah Cobb Baisley, he has on the whole made steady progress in his mining, farming and stock-raising—the three interests which have claimed the greater part of his time and attention. He was born on the 7th of March, 1842, in Jefferson township, Luzerne county, Pennsylvania, and is now living upon a well improved farm near Durkee, Oregon, where he is carrying on agricultural pursuits along improved lines. His father, Amos Baisley, was born in New Jersey and is a son of a Revolutionary soldier. The mother, who bore the maiden name of Hulda Hazen, was also born in New Jersey and in that state was married. Amos S. Baisley, who was both a farmer and carpenter, removed from his native state to Pennsylvania and afterward to Missouri, whence, in 1863, he crossed the plains with ox teams to Oregon, accompanied by his family. He located land in the Powder river valley below Baker City and afterward discovered placer gold mines below the Virtue gold quartz mines. He worked his placer lands with considerable profit and at the same time improved his farm. After his death, which occurred December 8, 1871, his widow returned to Pennsylvania, where she passed away a few years later. The father left his family in comfortable financial circumstances. There were three sons and four daughters. Sarah, born in 1838, became the wife of Richard Williams, of Missouri, and they had three sons and two daughters. Barbara Ann became the wife of William Adams and is now a resident of the Powder river valley. They have four sons and two daughters. Jeremiah C. is the third of the family. Malinda is the wife of W. James, living about five miles west of Baker, and they have two daughters. Samuel B., living on a farm about six miles west of Baker, married a Miss Warfield and they had two sons and two daughters. Mary died when about seven years of age. James L., living in Baker, married Miss Bowman and had six daughters.

Jeremiah C. Baisley was educated in the public schools of Glasgow and of Mercer county, Missouri. His first work was in placer mining on his father's property near the Virtue gold quartz mine. While they had water to work with this paid them well, Mr. Baisley and his father clearing sixty-four dollars in a single day with a rocker. He afterward purchased land near Durkee, also homesteaded one hundred and sixty acres and preempted one hundred and sixty acres. He likewise bought other land adjoining until he now has in one body eight hundred and forty acres on Durkee creek suitable for grain and pasturage and nearly all enclosed and under cultivation. He has raised as high as fifty-five bushels of wheat to the acre and has an orchard of about eighteen acres bearing apples, pears, plums, apricots, peaches, etc. A large part of his land is excellent fruit land. He owns the waters of Durkee creek, having purchased the right from C. W. Durkee, whose location dates back to 1862. By means of ditches constructed for irrigation purposes he has been using this water for between twenty and thirty years and in order to add thereto he now has under construction a large ditch seven miles in length, intended to carry two thousand inches of water. He hopes with the use of reservoirs to irrigate all of the property and it is his plan to subdivide this into ten, twenty and thirty-acre tracts for truck and fruit farms, for which it is well adapted, while the railroad, three miles distant, will afford excellent shipping facilities. Mr. Baisley has dealt largely in cattle and horses, at times running on the land several hundred head of cattle and from one to three hundred head of horses annually. He now has a large number of cattle and horses, including some fine Percheron stock.

On the 24th of October, 1867, Mr. Baisley was married to Miss Mildred Peyton, of Monticello, Howard county, Missouri, a daughter of Andrew Jackson and Nancy Jane (Smith) Peyton. Her father was born in 1815 and was the son of a Mexican war soldier. Her parents went from Madison county, Kentucky, to Missouri, where they were farmers, stock-raisers and slaveowners, living near Glasgow. Her grandmother was a half-sister to the famous scout Kit Carson. Her father was married twice and by his first wife had a son and four daughters, while by his second wife, Mrs. Baisley's mother, he had two sons and two daughters. His eldest child, Sarah, became the wife of Addison Houston. Elzira Miller Peyton, the second of the family, born January 14, 1839, lives in Baker county. She took up a homestead claim of one hundred

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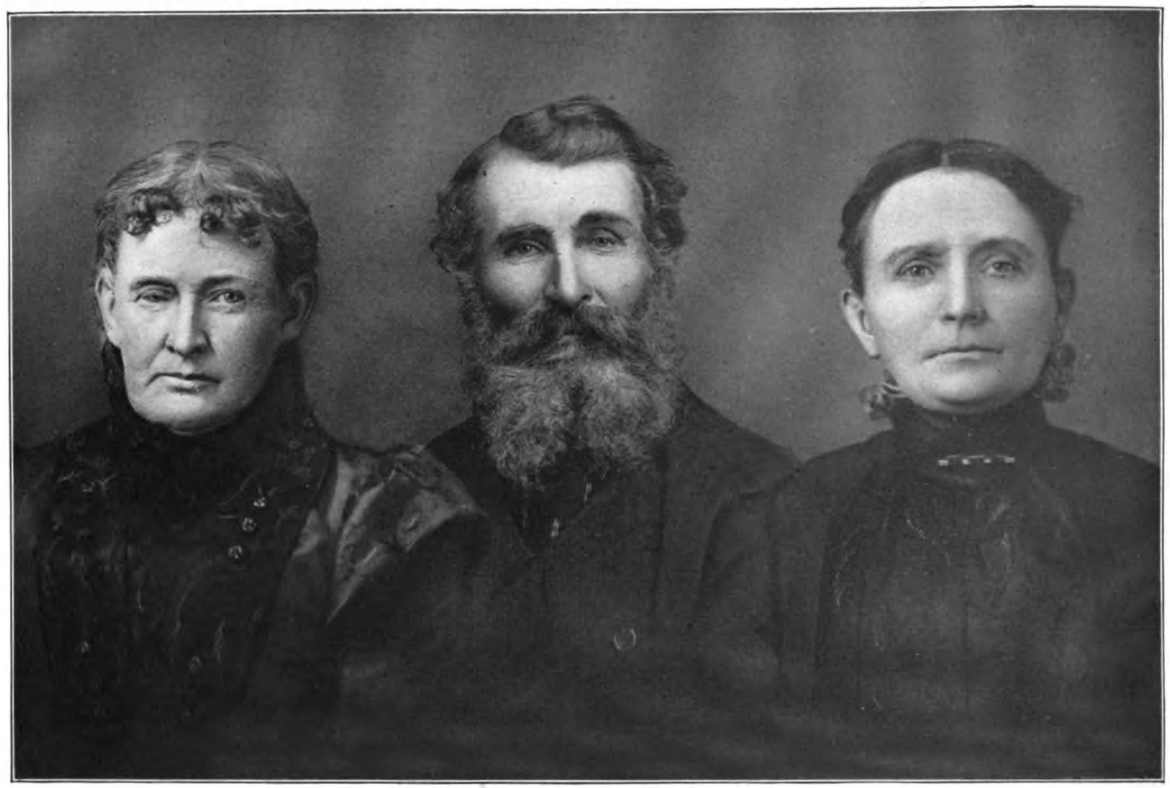

MISS ELZIRA M. PAYTON JERRY C. BAISLEY MRS. JERRY C. BAISLEY

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and sixty acres, a desert claim of forty acres and a timber culture claim of one hundred and twenty acres. She secured title to all these and eventually sold the land. She is now seventy-four years of age, a hale, hearty and cheerful old lady. She has been of much assistance to her sister in rearing the thirteen children of the Baisley family. The other children of the Peyton family by the first marriage were: John Benton, who wedded Euretta Hulsey; Eliza F., the wife of David Dunn; and Mary, the wife of William Boyd. All three are residents of Missouri. The children of the second marriage were as follows: Mildred Ann, now Mrs. Baisley, was born January 27, 1850. She had a first cousin, John A. Peyton, who was born on the same day and he became a noted educator, school superintendent and for several years was assessor of Baker county but is now deceased. Andrew Jackson, born December 21, 1852, married Jane Alice Maddox, and lives in Missouri. Semira Jane, born November 3, 1854, is the wife of James Fical, of California. James Oscar, born in 1856, died when he was eleven years of age.

Mr. and Mrs. Baisley became the parents of seven sons and six daughters: Edna, born March 22, 1869, is the wife of William Jackson Peyton, of Unity, Oregon, and has three sons and a daughter. Oliver Oscar, born November 25, 1871, was married October 11, 1888, to Drusilla Peyton, and they have two sons and two daughters: Maymie, born July 13, 1890; Arthur Calvin, who was born October 11, 1891, and is now a registered pharmacist; Wineda, born August 22, 1899; and Wilbur Bradley, born October 4, 1901. Minnie, born February 1, 1873, married Edward Henley and has one daughter. Jennie, born May 9, 1875, is the wife of Samuel Lycette. Clyde, born December 28, 1876, died at the age of eleven years. Tennessee, born December 12, 1877, is the wife of John Cannon and they have a son and two daughters. James Jackson, born February 1, 1879, married Lila Cunningham and died leaving a wife and one daughter. Frank S., born November 19, 1881, married Maggie Groesnickle. The ninth, a daughter, died in infancy. Cordell, born May 6, 1884, is at home. Roy N., born February 1, 1886, married Nellie Boyd and has a daughter. Howard, born June 19, 1888, is deceased. Beulah Blanch, born March 24, 1891, is the wife of Edward Gerber.

Mr. Baisley is a democrat in principle but at local elections votes for the candidate whom he regards as best qualified for office. He has served as school director in Baker county for four years and has also been a loyal and public-spirited citizen since his stalwart advocacy of the Union as a soldier in the Civil war. He enlisted with the volunteers at Chillicothe, Missouri, October 23, 1862, and after spending the winter at Cape Girardeau on the Mississippi was sent in 1863 to Vicksburg and joined General Burns' command. In an attack on the city he was wounded and taken prisoner but was afterward paroled and sent to Jefferson Barracks. Because of his wounds he was granted a furlough and was sent to his home in Mercer county, Missouri, after which he was never called into active service again. He has led a busy and useful life, has ever been generous and open-handed and it is truly said of him that he never turned any one from his door hungry. He has reached the Psalmist's allotted span of three score years and ten and is still an active and enterprising citizen and one who has gradually worked his way upward to success.

CHARLES EDWARD FOSTER, chief engineer of the paid fire department of Astoria, was born in Portland, Oregon, October 6, 1869, his parents being Isaac and Jane (Coyne) Foster. The father's birth occurred in Manchester, England, while the mother was born in County Galway, Ireland. Their marriage was celebrated in Portland, Oregon, in 1866. Isaac Foster followed the trades of a boilermaker and molder. He was disabled by an accident, however, which prevented his continuance in those lines, then he became proprietor of a cigar, tobacco and notion store in Portland, carrying on business there until December, 1876, when he came to Astoria and resumed business along the same lines. He was numbered among the progressive merchants of this town for about eight years, or until 1884. His death occurred in June of that year, at which time he was the owner of a fine business property in this city. His widow still occupies the old home in Astoria where she reared her family of four children, namely: Charles Edward; Thomas F., now living at Port Orchard, Washington; Mary A., the wife of R. A. Cearns, of Astoria; and Harry J., who is connected with the fire department of Astoria. One son, William, died at the age of two years in Portland, Oregon.

After his father's death, which occurred when he was fourteen years of age, Charles E. Foster worked with his mother in the store until twenty years of age. He then became engaged in the transfer business in Astoria and the succeeding eight years were thus passed. At the end of that time he turned his attention to bookkeeping and did business as collecting agent and accountant until November, 1904, when he was appointed the chief engineer of the paid fire department, which position he still fills. He had first become identified with the volunteer department in 1883, when with other lads he organized the Engine Tender Company of Rescue Engine Company, No. 2. He served as foreman of the junior company until 1888, when he was elected a member of Rescue Engine Company. He served as secretary of that company for two years and in September, 1892, was elected foreman, which office he filled until 1893, when he was chosen chief engineer of the department. In 1894 he was reelected and served until August, 1895, and he also acted as secretary of the department from 1890 until 1893. He was appointed to his present position by the fire and water committee in October, 1904, and his long training well qualifies him for the responsibilities and obligations which now devolve upon him.

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In January, 1903, Mr. Foster was married to Miss Margaret E. Gilmore, a native of Astoria and a daughter of Cornelius and Bertha (Ferry) Gilmore, natives of Ireland and Nebraska, respectively. The father died in 1898 but the mother is still living in Portland. Of their family of eight children six still survive, namely: Mrs. Foster; Charlotte, at home; Mary, the wife of T. A. Leahy, manager of the Ford & Stokes Hardware Company of Astoria; Catherine, the wife of F. Balmer, of Spokane, Washington; and Genevieve and Florence, both at home. Two children, Annie and Cornelius, died when young. Mr. and Mrs. Foster now have four children: Charles Coyne, who was born November 8, 1903; Thomas Henry, July 18, 1906; Francis Gilmore, January 3, 1909; and Genevieve Evelyn, March 23, 1911.

Mr. Foster and his family are members of the Roman Catholic church and he is a member of various fraternal organizations, including the Knights of Columbus, the Benevolent Protective Order of Elks, the Fraternal Order of Eagles, the Independent Order of Red Men, the Foresters of America, the Ancient Order of United Workmen, the Modern Woodmen of America, the Knights of the Maccabees, and the Woodmen of the World, his membership being with lodges in Astoria. In politics he is a republican and while he is not a politician in the commonly accepted sense of the term he has served as road supervisor for two terms. He has served as a member of the Oregon State Militia, being a member of Company H, from which he holds an honorable discharge. He is popular with the men who serve under him and who recognize that his promotion has been well merited. He never regards the duties of his office lightly but loyally and faithfully meets the tasks that devolve upon him and is calm and clear-headed in times of danger, using his men and apparatus to the best advantage.

THOMAS ROBERT MONK, who is engaged in the photograph business in Tillamook, was born in Crawford county, Indiana, on the 18th of January, 1862, and is a son of Robert S. and Rachel (Tucker) Monk. His parents were also natives of Crawford county, the father's birth having occurred in 1834 and that of the mother in 1835. Robert S. Monk, who was a farmer, responded to his country's call in 1861, enlisting and going to the front as a member of the Fifty-Eighth Indiana Regiment. The hardships and privations incident to camp life in the army undermined his constitution and he contracted a disease to which he succumbed in 1862, during the infancy of our subject. He left a widow and one other child, Simon, both of whom are now deceased.

Reared by his mother, Thomas Robert Monk acquired his education in the graded and high schools of Marengo, Indiana, then began his real life work as a wage earner. He early decided that he wished to become a physician and entered the medical college of Louisville, Kentucky, being graduated in 1896. During the first year of his professional career he engaged in practice in Indiana, but subsequently located in eastern Oregon and for twelve years thereafter was identified with the medical fraternity of Union county. At the expiration of that period he came to Tillamook, and finding here a good opening for a photograph gallery bought out J. A. Dahlgran, and has ever since been successfully engaged in conducting a studio here.

In 1885 Dr. Monk was married to Miss Ida Coppock, a daughter of Jesse Coppock, a farmer of Nebraska. Four children were born of this union: Robert S., who is a hospital steward in the United States navy, stationed on the torpedo boat, Smith; Nellie, who is the wife of Bliss McKennon, of Alicel, Oregon; Lloyd, who is also a resident of Oregon; and Lois, who lives in Salem. Mrs. Monk passed away in 1897 and on the 19th of October, 1902, Dr. Monk was again married, his choice being Miss May J. E. Conrad, who was born and reared in Logansport, Indiana. Mrs. Monk is a daughter of Edward J. Conrad, a farmer and stockman, who is also a native of Logansport, while her mother, whose maiden name was Elese Geisseler, was born in Geneva, Switzerland.

Dr. Monk is a republican in politics and in 1906, while living in Union county, was coroner. Fraternally he is a member of the Independent Order of Odd Fellows and the Benevolent Protective Order of Elks.

BUTLER DE LASHMUTT. For a quarter of a century Butler De Lashmutt has owned and occupied the farm on which he now resides—a good tract of land of one hundred and thirty-five acres, five miles south of McMinnville. This is a rich agricultural district and the soil responds readily to the care and labor which is bestowed upon it, so that Mr. De Lashmutt is meeting with success in his efforts to cultivate the fields and improve his property. He was born in Iowa, November 17, 1852, his parents being John K. and Amanda (Hodges) De Lashmutt, the former a native of Kentucky and the latter of France. The mother accompanied her parents to the new world and went with them to Iowa, in which state John K. De Lashmutt had located in early manhood. There they became acquainted and were married, and in 1852 they joined the vast throng of people who in that year crossed the plains to the Pacific coast. They made the journey with ox teams to Oregon and Mr. De Lashmutt took up a donation claim of six hundred and forty acres in Polk county. With characteristic energy he began the task of transforming the wild land into productive fields, working on year after year until about 1877, when he removed to Washington county, trading his homestead place in Polk county for a farm in Washington county, upon which he lived for ten years. He then traded that property for the old homestead and once more took up his abode upon the land which had come into his possession as a donation claim. For ten years he lived upon that place, after which he sold out and took up his abode upon a farm near Falls City, Oregon, where he spent one year. After disposing of that property he purchased a store in Sheridan,

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conducting the business for two years, at the end of which time he bought a farm near Willamina, upon which he spent the succeeding two years. Again he sold out and at that time took up his abode in Amity, where he lived retired in the enjoyment of a well earned rest until his death, which occurred when he was seventy-six years of age. His first wife had died soon after their arrival in Oregon. Later he married again and afterward lost his second wife. His third wife passed away soon after his demise. There were seven children born of the first marriage, of whom four are yet living: B. B., a prominent resident of Spokane, Washington, who at one time was mayor of the city of Portland, Oregon; P. L., a resident of Yamhill county; Isabelle, the wife of Ed Wicks, who resides at The Dalles, Oregon; and Butler, of this review. Of the four children born of the second marriage two are yet living but Fillmore and Catharine, the eldest and the youngest, are now deceased. The others are: Douglas, whose home is in Benton county, Oregon; and Elworth, a resident of Pendleton, Oregon. There were two children of the third marriage: Jennie, who has departed this life; and Mrs. Abbie Bently, who resides at The Dalles.

Butler De Lashmutt was only six months old when brought by his mother to Oregon and in the schools of Portland he pursued his education, completing the high-school course and afterward attending the Old Portland Academy. He also spent some time as a student in a business college and at the age of twenty-one years went to Albany, where he kept books for two years. He afterward removed to Ballston, where he engaged in farming, working in the fields during the day and teaching in the night schools. He also taught penmanship and thus his life passed for twenty years. Surely this is an indication that indolence and idleness are utterly foreign to his nature. After a time he took up his abode upon a farm at Falls City, where he carried on general agricultural pursuits for seven years and continued to teach in the night schools during the same period. Later he removed to The Dalles, Oregon, where he engaged in the real-estate business for a year and a half, at the end of which time he purchased one hundred and thirty-five acres of land situated about five miles south of McMinnville. This was in 1886 and during the intervening period, covering a quarter of a century, he has since lived upon this farm, which presents a neat and thrifty appearance, the spring time planting giving promise of rich harvests in the late autumn.

In 1875 Mr. De Lashmutt was married to Miss Ella Martin, a native of Polk county, Oregon, and a daughter of J. S. and Amanda (McKane) Martin. Mrs. De Lashmutt was educated in Salem, attending the university there, and made her home in Polk county up to the time of her marriage. She has become the mother of seven children and the family circle yet remains unbroken by the hand of death. These are: Warner, a railroad man, now living in Spokane, Washington; Albert, who is connected with newspaper interests in Spokane; John, at home; Le Roy, who is engaged in the telephone business in Idaho; Earl, who is interested in the hop industry at McMinnville; Victor, who is engaged in the same line of business in McMinnville; and Mildred, at home. John and Albert were both soldiers in Company K of the Oregon volunteers in the Philippine war.

Mr. De Lashmutt gives his political allegiance to the republican party and has held some local offices, serving as constable of Polk county, as road supervisor and school clerk, ever discharging the duties of those positions in a conscientious and capable manner. Both he and his wife hold membership in the Methodist church and their influence is always given on the side of right, justice and truth, of reform and progress. They are well known people of Yamhill county, where their many sterling traits of character have gained for them high regard. Mr. De Lashmutt is ever a champion of improvement and development, is exceptionally earnest in his advocacy of the public-school system, and does all he can to further material, intellectual and moral progress in this part of the state.

NORRIS G. RUSSELL. The operation of a finely improved ranch of fifty acres located three miles northwest of Yamhill engages the attention of Norris G. Russell, who represents the third generation of his family to be identified with the agricultural development of this state. His birth occurred in the vicinity of North Yamhill in 1863, and he is a son of William and Elvira (Perkins) Russell. The father was born in Ohio on the 3d of July, 1832, but at the age of two years removed to Indiana with his parents and there he was educated and reared to manhood. At the age of about twenty he joined a party of emigrants to the northwest, making the long journey across the plains from Indiana to Oregon with ox teams. When he first located here he worked for a time on the donation claim of John Perkins but subsequently acquired property of his own. The mother was born in Indiana in 1842, but spent practically her entire life in the immediate vicinity of North Yamhill, having accompanied her parents on their removal to the northwest when she was a child of one year. She was a daughter of John Perkins, who owned six hundred and twenty acres of land two miles northwest of North Yamhill, known as the John Perkins donation land claim. Her preliminary education was acquired in the crude and inefficient district schools of the period, after the completion of which she attended the only college in this section of the country at that time. She was graduated from this institution and at the age of about eighteen years was married to William Russell. They began their domestic life on a quarter section of land owned by the father and located in the vicinity of the Perkins claim. A few years later they sold this and bought a place containing nine hundred acres about four miles north of the Perkins homestead. Here they reared their children and spent the remainder of their lives. Of the marriage of Mr. and Mrs. Russell there were born four children, of whom our subject is the second in order of birth, the

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others being as follows: John H., who was born in 1860, living at North Yamhill; Elizabeth, now Mrs. Perrine, who was born in 1864 and is living near the old home place; and Clara, who is deceased.

The early years in the life of Norris G. Russell did not differ particularly from those of other lads reared in pioneer homes. In the acquirement of his education he attended the district schools, meanwhile assisting his father in the operation of the ranch. He was married upon attaining his majority and immediately following located near the old Perkins sawmill where he was employed for about eighteen months. He and his wife subsequently spent a year on the Perkins farm, then removed to Oak Point, Washington, on the Columbia river, where he engaged in the lumber business for three years. At the expiration of that time they returned to the old donation claim, which he operated for four years, during that time acquiring the capital to purchase the place they now occupy, and where they have ever since resided. Mr. Russell owns one of the best cultivated and most highly improved ranches in this section of the county. He has a very pleasant residence, large commodious barns and substantial outbuildings, while the grounds about his house and his fields are kept in the best condition. There is a general air of thrift and capable management about the place that invariably accompanies prosperity. He is meeting with more than the average degree of success in his undertakings and is recognized as one of the substantial ranchmen of the county. His personal attention has always been given to the tilling of his fields, that are almost entirely devoted to the raising of grain, and the harvesting of his crops. He makes a careful study of his soil, its needs and requirements, and under his capable and intelligent direction each acre produces its maximum yield annually, the quality in every way being proportionate to the quantity.

Mr. Russell was united in marriage on the 16th of May, 1884, to Miss Ella Simmons, who was born on her father's claim located three miles west of Carlton, this state, in 1867. She is a daughter of John A. and Julia Simmons, natives of Indiana, the father's birth having occurred in 1843 and that of the mother in 1845. In the early years of their married life they crossed the plains with an ox team, locating on a claim three miles west of Carlton, where they resided for a number of years. They later sold this place and went to North Yamhill, and there the mother passed away in 1888. The father is still living, however, and continues to make his home in Yamhill. Of the marriage of Mr. and Mrs. Simmons there were born six children, as follows: William, who is deceased; Ida May, who was born in 1863, the wife of Robert Petty, of Roseburg, Oregon; Benjamin F., who is engaged in farming near Yamhill; Mrs. Russell; Gertrude, the deceased wife of Ernest Farrow; and Dora, who is also deceased. The family of Mr. and Mrs. Russell numbers the following children: Mamie, who was born in 1886, now deceased; Nina, born on January 9, 1889, the wife of Florance McCarthy, who is operating the place adjoining the Russell homestead; Scena, who was born on May 22, 1891, now Mrs. Fred Reimers, of Portland; Leta, born on the 15th of March, 1893, the wife of Isham Johnston, who is living near Carlton; and Veral, born on October 7, 1902, attending school.

The political allegiance of Mr. Russell has always been given to the democratic party, and for the past nine years he has been serving as road supervisor, but he has never been an office seeker. His fraternal connections are confined to his membership in the Masonic order, and he has the distinction of being identified with the third oldest lodge in the state. He is a man of high principles and integrity, who is accorded the regard and esteem of all who know him in either a social or business way. Progressive in his ideas yet practical in his theories he is meeting with success in his agricultural pursuits by reason of his concentrated and intelligently directed efforts.

CHARLES H. BASYE, who is one of the well known and popular men in Jacksonville, is the proprietor and owner of a prosperous blacksmith shop in that city. He was born October 15, 1858, in this state, and is the son of William H. and Elizabeth (Streighthoof) Basye. William H. Basye emigrated to this state in the year 1846, making the journey overland with ox teams, six months and six days being required to reach the border of this far western and then undeveloped territory, his wife following him to his new home later on during the same year. On reaching this state his journeys led him directly through what is now the city of Portland. At that time it was a spot in the wilderness on which stood one lone settler's cabin, housing the entire population. Continuing his journey he filed upon a government claim of one hundred and sixty acres at Albany in Linn county, where he established his home and continued to reside for the succeeding twelve years, after which he removed to Del Morte county, California, and there continued to reside for a period of five years. The place has since been known as the Basye Place. On his removal from this location he settled in Applegate valley, this state, where he purchased of a Mr. Davison a ranch consisting of three hundred and twenty acres. He was one of the volunteers in the Cayuse Indian wars, remaining with his command until the Indians were subdued and peace was reestablished throughout this portion of the state. At the conclusion of the uprising he received his honorable discharge at The Dalles, Oregon.

Charles H. Basye remained in his father's home until twenty-seven years of age. In his nineteenth year he became an apprenticed blacksmith in Salem where he remained until perfecting himself, becoming a master in his craft, after which time he returned to the parental roof and on the home ranch opened a shop and general blacksmithing business. He removed to Jacksonville in the year 1886 and after purchasing a suit-

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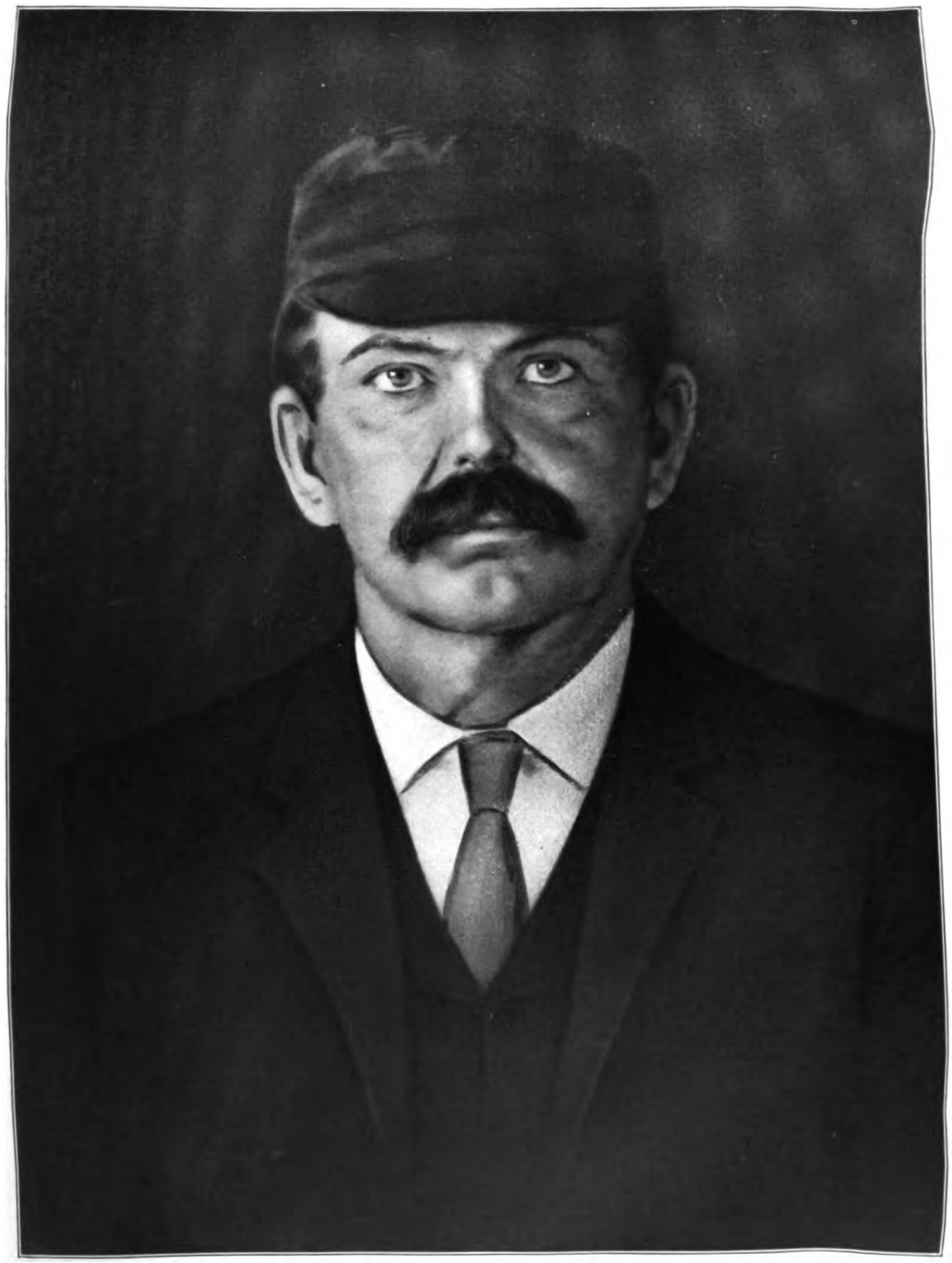

CHARLES H. BASYE

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able property in that place he opened a blacksmith shop and has since continued to engage in general blacksmithing and repair work.

In the year 1887 Mr. Basye was married to Miss Alice Bailey, a native of this state, and to this union three children were born: Zepha E; Cora L; and Charles L., deceased. The mother of this family reached the end of her earthly pilgrimage in 1899, her youngest child, Charles, dying at the same time, and both were interred in one grave in the city cemetery.

Mr. Basye is affiliated with the Independent Order of Odd Fellows and is a member of the Fraternal Order of Eagles of Jacksonville. He has been three times chosen a delegate to the State Grand Lodge of this order, being elected for his third term in 1912, and is also a district deputy. He is an industrious, respected and representative citizen of Jacksonville and a man well known throughout this portion of the county.

ARTHUR N. BUSICK, who has been a resident of the state of Oregon for exactly a half century and now resides on Catherine creek in Union county, has been actively identified with general agricultural pursuits throughout his entire business career, devoting his attention principally to the stock business, although recently he has been engaged in dairying. His birth occurred in Putnam county, Missouri, on the 5th of December, 1857, his parents being Andrew H. and Arminta (Fickle) Busick. The father, a native of North Carolina, started for Oregon in April, 1862, joining a party who had begun the westward journey with a few ox teams but whose number was continually increased en route until the emigrant train was quite a long one. One night, while the emigrants were camping on Green river, the Indians stampeded the cattle, some of which were lost. Some of the wagons were badly damaged by the stampeding cattle and some of the children were injured in the upsetting of the wagons. After arriving in the Soda Springs country in Wyoming the party was divided, some going on to California and others to the mines in Idaho. Andrew Busick, the father of our subject, was the only one to continue to the Grande Ronde valley, locating three-fourths of a mile east of Union on Catherine creek, where he established his home and where his wife passed away in 1867. In 1869 he leased his farm and worked in the valley and later engaged in the butchering business, while subsequently he went to the mines. At the present time he is living retired in California at the ripe old age of seventy-eight. He has the distinction of being the first grain grower in the Grande Ronde valley and is well entitled to mention in this work as one of the valued pioneers of Oregon. Unto him and his wife were born four children.

Arthur N. Busick, who was the eldest child in his father's family, spent the period of his boyhood in the Grande Ronde valley and most of the time lived with his uncle, Jackson Fickle, who is now eighty years of age and still resides in the valley. After reaching young manhood he ran stock together with his uncle until 1886, in which year he was married and located on his present property on Catherine creek. He has devoted his attention principally to live stock but recently has been engaged in dairying. His undertakings have been attended with a gratifying measure of success and he is widely recognized as one of the substantial and enterprising citizens of Union county.

In 1886 Mr. Busick was united in marriage to Miss Effie Cusick, of Linn county, Oregon. Her father, R. G. Cusick, who was a native of New York, came across the plains to California in 1849 and returned by way of Cape Horn. In 1853 he made his way to Oregon by ox team in company with his mother, a Conklin, who was one of the early Holland settlers of the Empire state. She was eighty-two years of age at the time of her removal to the northwest and was beyond doubt the oldest woman who had crossed the plains up to that time and probably for many years after. The chair in which she sat during the long journey is still in possession of the family. She was so feeble that it was necessary to help her in and out of the same. R. G. Cusick purchased a claim and took up his abode in Linn county, this state, where his demise occurred in 1884. He was twice married, his first union being with Miss Harriet Hollenbeak. After her demise he wedded Miss Evelyn Berry, who became the mother of Mrs. Effie Busick, the youngest of four children. Mr. and Mrs. Arthur N. Busick have four children: Eunice, Alpha, Robert and Dorothea, all of whom are attending school.

Mr. Busick is an independent democrat in politics and is a member of the Woodmen of the World. He has been a most enthusiastic champion of education and has spent a great deal of time and money in furthering this cause.

ANDREW STORGARD is one of the enterprising and successful business men of Marshfield and is numbered among the influential and highly respected residents of that place. He was born in Finland in 1866 and is a son of Eric and Annie Storgard, both natives of Finland in which country they passed away many years ago. They became the parents of a very large family, only two of whom are still living: Andrew, of this review; and John, who still resides in Finland.

Andrew Storgard emigrated to America in the year 1886 and upon reaching the shores of the new world he made his first settlement in California, where he remained for three years, and afterward removed to Coos Bay, this state, and settled in Marshfield. Upon establishing his residence in that city he was engaged in various occupations until 1891 when he established himself in business, in which he continued until 1894 and in that year he returned to Finland. He continued to reside there until 1902, in which

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year he returned to Marshfield and engaged in the boarding-house business, in which he continued until 1909, after which he became the owner and proprietor of a popular cigar and stationery business at Marshfield, to which he has since given his entire attention. In addition to his cigar and stationery business he is also engaged in the real-estate business. He is the owner of a considerable amount of property in and about the city of Marshfield and in addition he also owns valuable options on various lands and other properties throughout the city and county in which he lives.

Mr. Storgard was united in marriage to Miss Annie Styris, a native of Finland, in which country her parents are still living. To her father and mother were born nine children, three of whom are still living in Finland and six in the United States. To Mr. and Mrs. Storgard five children have been born: Eric A., born in 1897, who is attending the high school; Elsa, who died at the age of eleven years; Annie E., born in 1900; Estella A., born in 1904; and Mildred E., in 1910.

Mr. Storgard is a member of the socialist party. Both himself and wife were liberally educated in the schools of Finland and he and his family are all members of the Lutheran church. Mr. Storgard is known as one of the genial and progressive residents of Marshfield. He is a man of great energy and in every respect regarded as a competent and successful business man. He is at all times actuated by a public-spirited interest in the general good and enjoys the esteem and confidence of his fellow citizens.

KNUD AAGE BENDSTRUP, now general manager of the Booth Fisheries Company at Astoria, has made his home in this city since 1903, in which year he arrived in America. He was born in Denmark on the 30th of December, 1871, a son of Carl and Elizabeth Bendstrup, who spent their entire lives in their native country, the father passing away in 1899, while the mother's death occurred in 1911. Of their family of four children, Knud and Frederick are now in the United States, while Jens and Holger are still residents of Denmark.

In the schools of his native country Knud A. Bendstrup acquired his education and was employed in various ways there until he sought the opportunities of the new world, coming to America in 1903. He at once took up his abode in Astoria, and secured employment in connection with the cold storage plant, there remaining until January, 1910. At the latter date he accepted the position of general manager of the Booth Fisheries Company and has since served in this capacity, giving entire satisfaction to the corporation which he represents. The company finds him energetic, capable, reliable and progressive, and his labors are constituting an element in its success.

On the 1st of September, 1909, Mr. Bendstrup was married to Miss Magdalena Lauridsen, who was born in Denmark and was the daughter of Jens Lauridsen. Her mother died in Denmark, after which her father sailed for the new world in 1894, and has since lived at Bear River, Washington. Of the six children of the Lauridsen family four are still living in America, while one remains in Denmark and another is deceased. Those still living are: Marie, the wife of S. Jensen, of Astoria; Laurids, a resident of Portland, Oregon; Karen, also living in Astoria; Mrs. Bendstrup; and Sophia, the wife of Christian Krarup, of Denmark.

Mr. and Mrs. Bendstrup are members of the Lutheran church and he is well known in the Odd Fellows lodge of Astoria. Commendable ambition led him to seek a home in the new world and has prompted him to put forth earnest effort in the attainment of honorable success in a business way. Gradually he is progressing and his present position is one of large responsibility, bringing to him also a goodly remuneration.

FRANK D. BESTER. Although still a young man, Frank D. Bester has met with such lucrative returns in the direction of his agricultural pursuits that he is now in a position to retire from active work. He was born in Jones county, Iowa, on the 30th of July, 1872, and is a son of Stephen D. and Jane A. (Henry) Bester, natives of Ohio and Pennsylvania, respectively. His parents removed in 1876 to the Pacific coast, first locating in California, where they spent a year. In 1878 they came to Oregon, taking up a homestead of one hundred and sixty acres in Tillamook county. This is now the property of our subject and is known as the Bester Ford. The father devoted his energies toward the cultivation and improvement of this place until he died in 1892. The mother survived eighteen years thereafter, her demise occurring in 1910. Of the marriage of Mr. and Mrs. Bester there were born six children, four of whom are still living: Charles E., who is a resident of Coos county, Oregon; Frank D., our subject; Lola M., the wife of Charles Stokes, of Forest Grove, this state; and John, who is a resident of Coos county. Those deceased are Nellie M. and Estelle.

As he was a little lad of only six years when his parents removed to Tillamook county, Frank D. Bester has spent practically his entire life amid its scenes. It was but sparsely settled at that period, containing great stretches of uncultivated prairie and acres of timber. Here he was educated and reared to manhood, sharing with his parents the hardships incident to life in a new country. From his earliest boyhood he rendered assistance in the work of the ranch, assuming heavier tasks and greater responsibilities with the passing years. The limited social life of the country in addition to the privations incident to pioneering doubtless made the youth early feel that business afforded greater opportunities financially, while the advantages of enjoyment afforded in town were not to be scorned, so when he attained his majority he left the homestead and obtained employment as a clerk. Two years spent in the routine of commercial activities convinced him that he preferred the freedom

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to be enjoyed by a life in the open, so he returned to his father's ranch. He first operated this as a renter, meeting with such success in his undertakings that he was subsequently able to become its owner. Prosperity still followed him and later he increased his holdings by the addition of another eighty acres. His undivided attention was given to the development of his place, with constantly increasing returns, until he had acquired sufficient means to enable him to retire from the active cultivation of his fields. Mr. Bester then purchased fifteen acres known as the Roberts' corner, where he is now erecting a large modern residence, surrounded by beautiful grounds, and there he expects to live in retirement.

Christmas day, 1898, Mr. Bester was married to Miss Clara G. Turney, who was born in Goldendale, Washington, and is a daughter of Morton and Lydia (Skidmore) Turney. The father was a native of Indiana and the mother of Iowa, but they emigrated to Oregon in 1890, locating on a farm. They are now making their home in California. Twelve of the thirteen children born of the marriage of Mr. and Mrs. Turney are still living. Unto Mr. and Mrs. Bester there have been born a daughter and two sons, as follows: Edna M., who is deceased; Arthur F., who was born October 5, 1900; and John L., whose birth occurred on the 25th of May, 1902.

Both Mr. and Mrs. Bester are members of the Methodist Episcopal church, in the work of which they take an earnest and active interest. Politically he is a republican, but has never been an aspirant to official honors, always having preferred to give his undivided attention to the direction of his own affairs. He is affiliated with the Fairview Grange, through the medium of which he maintains relations with other members of the agricultural community. During the thirty-three years of his residence in the county Mr. Bester has seen many changes; the agricultural and commercial interests of the county have developed, the prairies and forests have been converted into productive ranches, while mere settlements and stations have grown into thriving towns of recognized importance.

HON. EDWARD H. HARTWIG is a representative of the Hood River bar and occupies a prominent position among western lawyers. He was born at Shawano, Wisconsin, November 8, 1874, a son of William and Marie (Neuman) Hartwig. The parents were both born in Germany, where they were reared and married. In 1868 they came to the United States and at once settled in Wisconsin, their emigation from their native country occurring immediately after the father's release from the army. The farm upon which he located on arriving in this country was the one upon which his death occurred in May, 1902. The mother still resides upon the home place, which is being managed and cultivated by her youngest son.

Edward H. Hartwig was reared on the home farm and acquired his early education in the public schools. After graduating from the Shawano high school in the class of 1896, he took up teaching as a profession and during the four years in which he was engaged in that occupation he pursued the study of law, reading privately during spare hours and also in various law offices during vacation months. He became accustomed to work hard for whatever education he desired to acquire, as he had supported himself while attending the high school. During that time he lived with a physician and did the general work around the house and stables. Thus, when he determined to make law his life work he was prepared to carry out his resolve even though it involved many hardships and privations. In the autumn of 1898 he entered the Northern Indiana Law School at Valparaiso, Indiana, from which institution he was graduated May 30, 1900. The course which he had successfully followed at the Indiana Law School entitled him to admission to the bar in Indiana and also to practice in the United States circuit courts. He resigned his position as teacher in the spring of 1900 and came west, arriving in Portland, Oregon, in April of that year. He spent the next summer in finding a location which he thought would afford good opportunities for an opening, his final selection being Hood River, where he began to practice law in the winter of 1901. On November 11, 1902, he was admitted to the bar of Oregon, on the 24th of May, 1906, to the Washington bar and on March 10, 1912, to the bar in California. His ability had already become recognized when in the winter of 1903-4 he went to Goldendale, the county seat of Klickitat county, Washington, where he assisted W. B. Presby, who was at that time a member of the state senate and was United States commissioner of that section. A railroad was being built from Lyle to Goldendale and prospective settlers were fast arriving. Judge Presby was called upon to handle much more business than his time allowed and Mr. Hartwig's services for six months were very valuable. After he had completed this work for Judge Presby he returned to Hood River, where he has since been active in the legal profession and where he has practiced longer than any of the other members of the bar. He has become one of the leading attorneys of the city and for the past eight years has served as deputy district attorney of this county, the district attorney residing in The Dalles. As a member of the Hood River county bar he has been identified with much important litigation in the western courts and has earned an enviable position as a counsellor and able advocate. In no profession does advancement depend more entirely upon individual merit than in the practice of law and, realizing this fact, Mr. Hartwig gives to his clients the benefit of his talents and untiring support and he has gained the respect of all lawyers, while the public accords him a distinctly representative clientage. Mr. Hartwig takes a great deal of interest in real estate in the Hood River country. He is the owner of twelve and one-half acres adjoining the town, eight acres, two and one-

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half miles west of Hood River and also one hundred and sixty acres near Lyle, Washington. His interest in the civic improvement and welfare of his town has always been very noticeable becoming more conspicuous since his election to the office of mayor in 1910. He has not only used his influence for good government but has also been an agitator for many improvements which will add to the attractiveness and appearance of Hood River. He advocated the building of sewers in the hill district and also cement walks, which are now being laid throughout the city limits. The latter are six feet wide in the residence district and ten feet in the business section. This adds greatly to the appearance of Hood River and is appreciated by all its citizens.

On the 12th of December, 1908, Mr. Hartwig was married to Miss Ethel Entrican, a daughter of Mrs. Annette M. Entrican. Mrs. Entrican spends her summers with Mr. and Mrs. Hartwig but during the winter is a resident of California. To Mr. and Mrs. Hartwig one child, Edetha Annette, has been born. Mr. Hartwig gives his allegiance to the republican party. Both he and his wife are members of the First Congregational church. He is a member of Idlewilde Lodge, No. 107, I. O. O. F., of Hood River; Arleta Assembly, No. 103, of the United Artisans; the Business Men's Association of Hood River, of which he has been secretary for three years; and the Hood River Commercial Club.

JOSEPH C. OLIVER, one of the popular citizens of the John Day valley and perhaps the heaviest tax payer in Grant county, was born in Portugal, March 16, 1850, a son of Anthony and Luvovina Oliver. The father dying before Joseph's birth, he was reared by his maternal grandmother, who took him when an infant and cared for him until he attained his seventeenth year. He received a good common-school education in his native land and early in youth became intensely interested in the business and social opportunities afforded by the new world. Accordingly as soon as he could arrange it or when he was seventeen years of age he crossed the Atlantic and then the great American continent to Oregon, making his first stop in Portland, where he remained for two and a half days. At that time where the heart of Portland now is large trees were being felled and split into rails for the use of the community. From that city he came up the Columbia river by steamer to The Dalles and there took a stage for Grant county, arriving in Canyon City, March 27, 1868. From there he went to the mining camp of Dixie, four miles from Prairie City, working in the mines for wages one year. He then bought a half interest in a mining claim on Dutch Flat, near Canyon City, and there was engaged in mining until 1870, when he sold his interests and for another year worked for wages in the mines. He then repurchased the interest in his former mining claim but in 1872 again sold and, tiring of mining, invested his money in a few head of cattle which he cared for on the open range near John Day. From that time until now he has been prominently identified with the cattle business in the state of Oregon. In 1877 he rented a ranch near John Day, on which he lived for three years, and in the spring of 1880 purchased the present ranch four miles east of John Day, where he has since resided. He now owns between fifteen and sixteen thousand acres of good land constituting one of the finest ranches in the John Day valley, and is said to be the wealthiest man in this district.

In 1879 Mr. Oliver married Mrs. Lizzie Gregg, who was formerly a Miss Miller and a native of Bavaria, Germany. On coming to the United States in 1871 she first located in San Francisco. She was subsequently married, in Canyon City, Oregon, to August Gregg, who died in 1878, leaving his wife with three children, namely: William Otto, whose death occurred in 1906; Henry J., now a resident of Portland; and Mary Elizabeth, the wife of H. F. Pound, of Canyon City. To Mr. and Mrs. Oliver have been born three children, two of whom are still living, Herman and Frank, who now carry on the ranch for their father. The former married Elizabeth Lawrence, of Prairie City, Oregon, and has one child, Anna Elizabeth. Frank married Margaret Gunther, of Prairie City, and also has one child, Clara Margaret.

Politically Mr. Oliver is a republican and though he has never been an office seeker he takes a lively interest in political as well as civic affairs. He took out his naturalization papers shortly after coming to the United States and has always taken a deep interest in the affairs of his community. Fraternally he is a member of Canyon City Lodge, A. F. & A. M.; Blue Mountain Chapter, No. 7, R. A. M.; and Baker Commandery, No. 9, K. T.; and he also belongs to Habah Lodge, No. 22, I. O. O. F., at Canyon City, which body he joined in 1872. He is one of those men in whom are found an unusual amount of courage and energy. He came to a country in which the language and customs of the people were all new to him, when only seventeen years of age but he has met with a success which has continued to grow throughout the years that he has been a citizen of the Pacific coast and particularly during more recent years while living in Oregon. He is one of the most respected and valuable citizens of Grant county and enjoys the highest reputation for integrity among all who know him.

FRANK KELLY is a native son of Oregon. He was born on the 20th day of March, 1877, and is the son of Henry and Mary (Parks) Kelly. His father and mother were among the early pioneers of this state and for many years were numbered among the prominent citizens of Josephine county. Henry Kelly closed his earthly pilgrimage in 1885 and was buried in Grants Pass. His wife passed away in 1890 and was buried in the cemetery at Kerby. Unto them were born two sons: Frank, of this review; and Alfred, now a resident of California.

Frank Kelly was reared in his father's home and received his early education in the public schools. At the age of twenty-one

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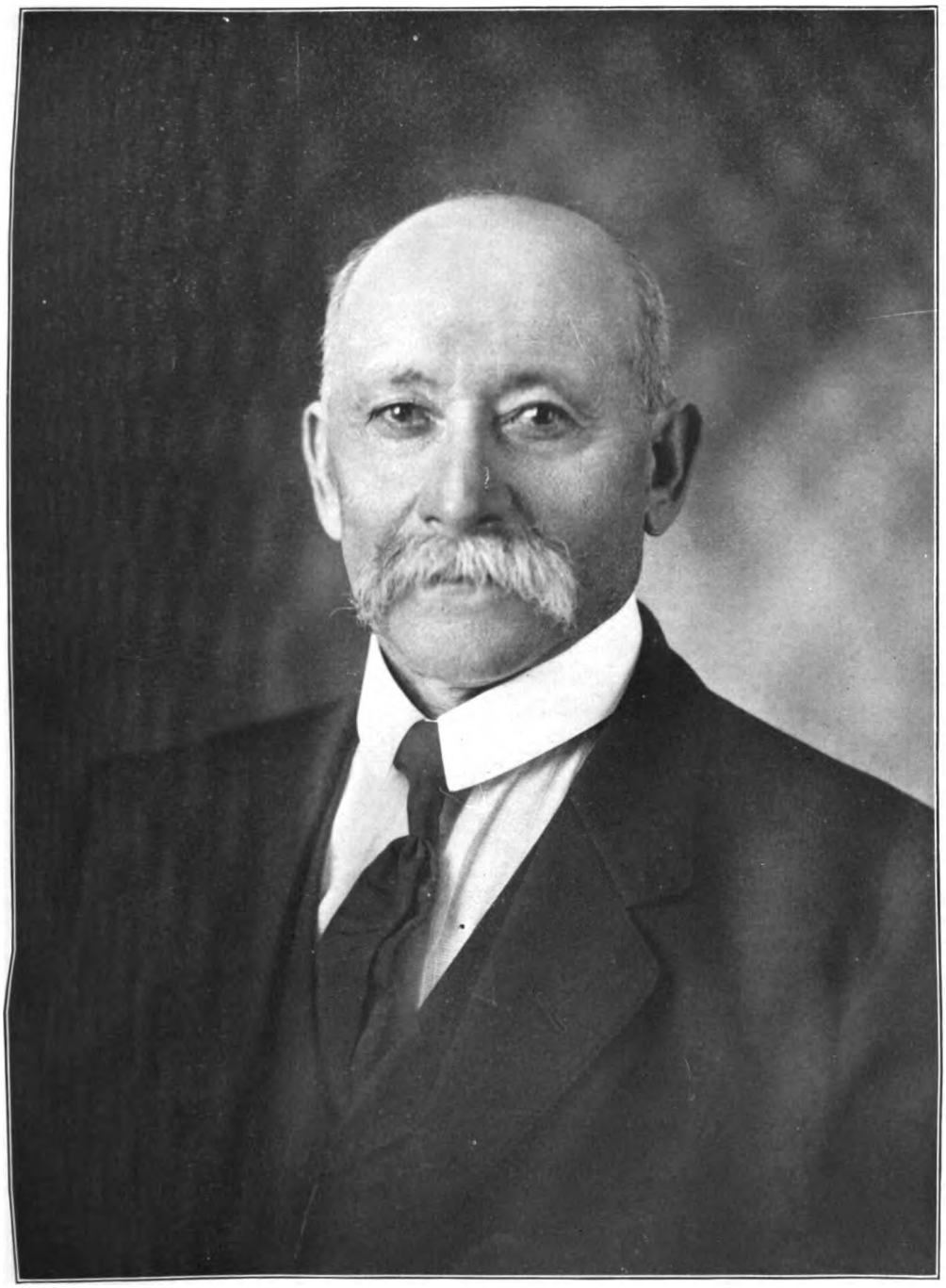

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he left the parental roof and began his independent business career in life. The first few years after starting for himself he was employed at various kinds of work in the vicinity of his boyhood home. He later purchased a farm near Kerby, consisting of ninety acres, and to the development and care of this splendid piece of agricultural land he has since devoted his entire attention, specializing in the raising of hay and grain.

Mr. Kelly is a republican in politics but has never at any time sought political preferment. He is one of the well known and highly esteemed men in this section of the state.

JOHN WILLIAM WALKER, a prominent business man of Lincoln county, whose home is at Waldport, has been a resident of this place since 1903. He was born at Cottage Grove, Oregon, December 14, 1865, a son of John Walker, who was born in Bedford county, Virginia, in 1827. The father continued to reside in his native state until 1845 and then removed to Missouri, where he was connected with the tanning business for five years. In 1850 he yielded to the gold excitement and crossed the plains to California, where he mined for two years. He then came to Jackson county, Oregon, and engaged in mining for a year, at the close of which time he took up a donation claim in Lane county. He subsequently engaged in farming in various parts of the state but finally located in Lane county and was one of the founders of the town of Walker, which was named in his honor. He is still living there and has now reached the advanced age of eighty-five years. The maiden name of the mother of our subject was Mary Jane Chrisman. She was born in Jefferson county, Missouri, and came to Oregon with her father in 1850. He engaged in farming at Muddy and in the hotel business at Canyonville, locating permanently near Walker.

In his infancy John William Walker removed with his parents to a farm near Creswell and shortly afterward to the present site of Walker. He received his preliminary education in the common schools and, desiring to secure instruction along practical lines, became a student of the Columbia Commercial College at Portland, from which he was graduated after taking the regular course. He applied himself successfully to farming in the region of Creswell with the exception of one year which he spent in a general store at Walker. On account of over application his health became impaired and in 1903 he took up his residence at Waldport. After resting for a year and becoming thoroughly recuperated he associated with his brother-in-law, Marian Lebow, and purchased of C. L. Deven the only general store then in the town. Under capable management the business prospered and Mr. Walker bought out his partner's interest in the spring of 1911 and in the July following purchased the store which had been operated by the Waldport Lumber Company, thus acquiring practically the entire mercantile business of this section. He carries a large and carefully selected stock of goods and has attracted a liberal and growing patronage.

In 1890 Mr. Walker was married, in Lane county, to Miss Rachel England, who was born in Lake county, California, a daughter of David and Eliza (Hopkins) England, the former of whom was born in Kentucky and the latter in Ohio. The father was taken to Iowa very early in life and was reared in that state. He emigrated to California in 1865 and was engaged in farming, coming to Lane county, Oregon, early in the '70s. He spent the remainder of his life as a farmer in this state. Six children have been born to Mr. and Mrs. Walker: Amy, Ira, John, Dora, Neva and Raymond.

Mr. Walker is identified with the Artisans and has served as master of the lodge. He is in sympathy with the principles of the republican party and thoroughly believes that the organization has within itself the ability and progressiveness to manage successfully the affairs of the state and nation whatever may be the issues. An evidence of the esteem in which he is held by the community was indicated by his election as mayor of the town in 1911, an office which he now holds. Being a man of sound business judgment, he has succeeded in his undertakings and each year adds to his prosperity. He has a wide acquaintance and is held in high esteem wherever he is known on account of his many admirable traits of character.

CHARLES V. KUYKENDALL. By perseverance and in spite of obstacles Charles V. Kuykendall has succeeded in turning an unused tract of land into a profitable one, and has used the natural resources of Oregon to their best advantage. His home is a mile west of Yamhill and he has been a resident of Yamhill county since 1875. He was born in 1851 in Hampshire county, West Virginia. His parents, Luke and Anna (Williams) Kuykendall, his grandparents and his great-grandparents were all born and reared in West Virginia, excepting his paternal great-grandfather, who came to America from Holland. His father was twice married. By his first marriage he had three children, all of whom have resided in Danville, Illinois, since 1850, namely: William; Jacob; and Mrs. Susan Smith, who is a widow and has now reached the age of seventy-five years. To the second union seven children were born: Joseph, Eliza and Luke, all deceased; Mrs. Switzler, of Portland, Oregon; Charles V., our subject; and Fannie and Sallie, deceased.

Having come from West Virginia in early life, Charles V. Kuykendall started out in life on his own account at the age of nineteen years. While a young man he married Eliza Davis, the daughter of Thomas C. and Nancy (Hines) Davis, of Yamhill county. Mr. and Mrs. Davis were both natives of Missouri but were married in Yamhill county in August, 1850, three years after they had come across the plains to settle on a donation claim. They were the parents of four children: Mrs. Sarah Hanning, deceased;

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Mrs. Mary Harris, of Portland; Mrs. Belle Beard, of Yamhill county; and Mrs. Charles V. Kuykendall.

Mr. Kuykendall began his property holding by taking up a homestead claim on the coast. In the early days these claims on the extreme western border of the country were the most difficult to cultivate and the great hardships to be endured could scarcely be borne by any but the strongest men. The wild state of the immediate country made access to it almost impossible and the limited number of comforts to be obtained by any means made the thought of living there almost prohibitive. Mr. Kuykendall did not feel that he could take his wife to undergo the hardships which were to be encountered in this unsettled district and so he gave up the claim and remained in the country farther east. He came to Yamhill county in the autumn of 1875, and rented his father-in-law's farm for ten years. Desiring to hold land rather than to rent it, he gave up that lease and purchased eighty-four acres. To this tract he later added one hundred and fifty acres One of the valuable resources of this land is the large clay pit from which clay is shipped to Portland. This is a good paying product and brings four cents per ton. His whole farm is under a good state of cultivation and is utilized to excellent advantage. His timber tracts, comprising two hundred acres, six miles north of Yamhill, are covered with virgin timber and this will in time prove a most valuable holding.

Mr. and Mrs. Kuykendall are the parents of twelve children: Mrs. Lena Walker and Mrs. Blanch Walker, both of Portland, Oregon; Mrs. Zella Wilson, residing in McMinnville, Oregon; Mrs. Kathleen Lampman, of Stayton, Oregon; Lawrence and Charles, who are still at home; Jennie and Hazel, both educated at college and both teaching; Mrs. Mary Hutchcroft, of Newberg, Oregon; Marvin, who is still attending school and lives at home; Opal, who died at the age of five years; and one who died in infancy.

Politically and socially Mr. Kuykendall is liberal in his views. He is a member of the socialist party and, although he does not desire to show his interest by seeking office, he is earnest in his efforts to spread a broad social doctrine. He, with his wife and children, are members of the Christian church, which again shows his liberal views. His life has been characterized by progress and by ability. In making the best use of his opportunities he has added to the development of his county and has made it possible for others to succeed as he himself has done.

WILLIAM M. RENSHAW is a cigar dealer of Eugene, who has made for himself a creditable position in the business circles of the city, where his trade has now reached large proportions. He came to Oregon in 1851, brought by his parents, for he was then less than a year old. He was born in Springfield, Missouri, November 7, 1850, a son of William D. and Mary J. (Walker) Renshaw. The father was a native of Tennessee, his birth having occurred near Nashville in 1823. The mother was of Scotch-Irish lineage, the family, however, being long represented in the south. William D. Renshaw was a farmer by occupation and in addition to cultivating the crops best adapted to soil and climate he also engaged in raising stock. In 1837 he left Tennessee for Missouri and became the owner of a large farm near Springfield, upon which he lived for about fourteen years, or until 1851, when, attracted by the development of the northwest, he made his way across the plains to Oregon, traveling with ox teams. It was a long, tedious and wearisome trip, and there were some dangers as well as difficulties to be encountered. However, they did not have much trouble with the Indians but some of their stock was stolen by the red men. After six months spent upon the way they reached Oregon and settled near Salem. He remained for a year at his original location and then established his home six miles south of Eugene, where he secured a donation claim of three hundred and twenty acres, whereon he engaged extensively in stock-raising, his sound judgment, judicious investment and unfaltering energy winning him success. He was also a very popular resident of the community, having the social qualities and manifesting the personal worth that gained him the confidence, high regard and friendship of all with whom he came in contact. He died in 1888, at the age of sixty-five years, and his death was deeply regretted by a large circle of friends. His political indorsement was ever given to the republican party but he was never ambitious for office. His religious faith was that of the Presbyterian church and to its teachings he was always loyal. In early manhood he wedded Miss Mary J. Walker, who was born in Georgia or in Tennessee and in her girlhood days went with her parents to Greene county, Missouri. She was born in 1828 and died in 1887. By her marriage she became the mother of the following named children: Theodore M., William M., Hugh A., Elmer L., Samuel O., Sarah L. and Hattie. The elder daughter is the wife of Charles Mayhew and the younger the wife of Jefferson Gwin.

William M. Renshaw was but an infant when brought to Oregon and was, therefore, reared amid the wild scenes and environment of frontier life. He was educated in the public schools and remained upon the home farm until he reached the age of nineteen years, during which period he was thoroughly trained in the work of the fields and the care of the stock. He afterward spent four summer seasons employed on the government survey in eastern Oregon and in 1873 he embarked in business on his own account, establishing a butcher shop, which he conducted until 1878. He then went to Grant county in eastern Oregon, where he engaged in stock-raising for two years, but in 1880 returned to Eugene, where he again conducted a butcher business for two years. On the expiration of that period he turned his attention to the liquor business, in which he continued for twenty years, and in September, 1902, he leased the Smeed Hotel,

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which he conducted for five years, making it the leading hotel of the city. In 1907, however, he retired from the hotel business and after a period of rest opened his present cigar store. He handles the best line of tobacco and cigars and has built up a trade which is most gratifying.

Mr. Renshaw was married in 1878 to Miss Eleanora Cochran, a daughter of James Cochran, who came to Oregon from Indiana in 1853. Mrs. Renshaw was born in the western part of this state, and has been a lifelong resident of Oregon. Mr. Renshaw is very widely known in fraternal circles, holding membership in Eugene Lodge, No. 11, F. & A. M.; Eugene Chapter No. 10, R. A. M.; Eugene Lodge, No. 357, B. P. O. E., of which he has been a trustee for ten years; and Eugene Lodge, No. 15, A. O. U. W. He is likewise an honorary member of the Improved Order of Red Men and of the Foresters. He has a wide acquaintance and is popular among all classes, having the business and social qualities which commend him to the good-will and confidence of all who know him.

NORRIS STAPLES is a retired lumberman of Astoria, and although now largely resting from strenuous business cares is the president and manager of a brick manufacturing company. Carefully directed industrial and commercial pursuits brought him in former years a substantial income that now enables him to rest in considerable measure from further labor and his prosperity is proof of what may be accomplished when one has determination, energy and sound judgment. He was born in Minnesota on the 30th of December, 1866, his parents being John and Mary (Garlinghous) Staples. The father was born in Maine and the mother in Ohio, but their marriage was celebrated at Minneapolis, Minnesota, where they resided for ten years. Subsequently they removed to Elk River, Minnesota, and lived there for twenty years or until the mother's death, when she was about fifty years of age. The father afterward came to the Pacific coast, settling at Spokane, Washington, where he passed away at the venerable age of eighty-four years. They had a family of seven sons and one daughter: Richard H., who died at the age of forty-five years; Clarence, who died when forty-two years of age; John, of Post Falls, Washington; Cyrus, who is living in the state of Washington; Norris, of this review; Herbert L., who passed away near Great Falls, Montana; Alice, the wife of Herbert Brickell, of Wardner, Idaho; and Eugene, who is living near Davenport, Washington.

Norris Staples spent his youthful days under the parental roof and has been a resident of the Pacific coast country a number of years. He acquired a common-school education to serve as a foundation for his later advancement in life, and after spending a considerable period in the employ of others he used the capital that he had saved from his earnings in establishing business on his own account when thirty-two years of age. At that time he opened a logging camp which he conducted with most gratifying success until 1904, when he sold out and has since practically lived retired in Astoria, where he owns an elegant home and various business properties. He has not altogether, however, put aside business interests, for he is now president and manager of a brick manufacturing company. Other than business affairs, however, make demand upon his time and attention and no duty or obligation of citizenship is ever neglected by him. His political allegiance is given to the republican party, and although he can in no sense be called an office seeker, he is now serving on the executive board of the centennial committee of the sanitary and reclamation committee.

On the 13th of November, 1894, was celebrated the marriage of Norris Staples to Miss Mattie S. Behnke, a native of Iowa and a daughter of Frank and Doretta Behnke, both of whom were natives of Germany. They were married, however, in Iowa, and at an early day came to the northwest, settling in Washington where they resided until the father's death in 1890. Later the mother removed with her family to Astoria where she is now living at the age of sixty years. Mr. Behnke was a soldier of the Civil war, earnestly supporting the Union cause during the sanguinary struggle which proved the supremacy of the national government. Unto him and his wife were born five children: Frank, now living in Astoria; Charlie, who died at the age of twenty-four years; Mrs. Staples; and Fred and Christopher, also residents of Astoria. Mr. and Mrs. Staples are the parents of two children: Elva D., who was born September 29, 1895, and is now attending the high school of Astoria, and also pursuing studies in music; and Harvey D., who was born April 8, 1897, and is yet in school.

Mr. Staples holds membership with the Elks lodge and also with the Concatenated Order of Hoo-Hoos, an organization of lumbermen. His manner, frank, genial and jovial, wins for him friends wherever he goes and the reliability and integrity which he displayed in the conduct of his business affairs gained for him the confidence and high regard of all with whom he was associated in commercial relations.

ROBERT TILDEN BOALS, M. D., one of the rising young physicians of Tillamook, was born in Parsons, Kansas, February 6, 1877. In the maternal line he is of Irish extraction, his mother, whose maiden name was Mary Kane, having been born in the Emerald isle. In April, 1881, his father, J. W. Boals, with his family migrated to Oregon, locating on a homestead on the Columbia river. His entire attention was thereafter devoted to the improvement of this place, which he brought to a high state of cultivation before his death in 1905. Of the five children born of the union of Mr. and Mrs. Boals, but two are now living: S. M., who is a lumberman of Mayger, Oregon; and our subject. Mr. Boals was a veteran of the Civil war, having been

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a member of the One Hundred and Seventh Pennsylvania Volunteers, and spent three years in service at the front.

As he was a child of only four years when brought to Oregon, Robert Tilden Boals has spent practically his entire life on the Pacific coast. In the acquirement of his early education he attended the public schools of Kalama, Washington, and those of California, later attending the Oregon State Normal School, while he spent two years in the University of California. Having decided to adopt the profession of medicine for his life vocation he then matriculated in the medical department of the Oregon State University, from which institution he was graduated with the degree of M. D. with the class of 1903. In order to acquire a more practical understanding of the science of healing he accepted an interneship in the Multnomah county hospital, where he spent a year. At the expiration of that period he went to Portland to take a similar position in St. Vincent's hospital. He subsequently spent six or seven months in the children's hospital at San Francisco, of which city he was a resident at the time of the earthquake. Feeling at the expiration of that period that he was fully qualified, both theoretically and practically, to assume the responsibilities of a private practice, he came to Tillamook, where, in September, 1906, he established an office for the general practice of medicine, for which he is ably qualified. He has met with very good success since locating here and is succeeding in building up a lucrative practice among a most desirable class of people.

In December, 1907, Dr. Boals was united in marriage to Miss Clara Tohl of Nehalem, Oregon, a daughter of William Tohl, one of the pioneer farmers of that vicinity. Unto Dr. and Mrs. Boals has been born one son, Robert.

His political support Dr. Boals gives to the republican party, but his interest in civic affairs is practically limited to the casting of a ballot on election day. Fraternally he holds membership in the Masonic order and the Independent Order of Odd Fellows, while Mrs. Boals belongs to the Shakespearean club of Tillamook. Dr. Boals is a conscientious practitioner, constantly studying and keeping in close touch with every progressive movement of the science, yet is not too keen to lay aside a well tried and thoroughly proven method for one more recently advanced, if he is not thoroughly convinced of the latter's efficacy. His spirit of good-cheer and helpfulness, as also his close attention to the needs of his patients and his unremitting efforts to relieve their suffering, have won him the high regard as well as loyalty of those who have employed his services.

OTIS I. CIRCLE, who since 1909 has been a prominent merchant of Marcola, became identified with the state of Oregon in 1902, when he became a clerk in a general merchandise store. He was born in Rice county, Kansas, May 30, 1875, a son of I. F. and Margaret J. (Martin) Circle. The father was born in Indiana and the mother in Iowa, their wedding being celebrated, however, in Missouri. Shortly after their marriage, in 1872, they removed to Rice county, Kansas, and settled on a homestead near Plum creek, where the family resided for fourteen years. In the early days in Kansas the father killed buffalo and other game for food for his family. Before leaving that state he was obliged to turn his farm over to his creditors in payment of bills accumulated during three successive dry years, which yielded him no crops. He removed to Missouri in 1888, settling in Carroll county, where he remained for two years, and then removed to Iowa and there purchased a farm of eighty acres upon which he resided for six years. At the end of that time he traded this farm for a hundred and sixty-acre tract of land which he operated for four years, and then, selling out, removed to Oklahoma, settling in Noble county, where he purchased one hundred and sixty acres, upon which he lived for five years. In 1903 he removed to Oregon and settled at Eugene, where he retired and now makes his home. Shortly after going to that city he purchased an eighty-acre tract which, however, he recently sold. He is living in a beautiful home in the city of Eugene. In his family were eleven children, seven of whom are still living, four having passed away in infancy, the surviving members being: O. I., of this review; E. M., of Florence, Oregon; S. W., of California; Lella May, at home; Lester, of California; Lewis, of Marcola; and Taylor, living with his parents in Eugene.

Otis I. Circle remained with his parents until twenty-one years of age and then for four years worked as a farm hand. After that he worked in a store for fifty cents a day for nine months, after which, his services proving satisfactory, his salary was raised to twenty dollars a month. He then spent five months in school, after which he returned to work in the store and was paid thirty-two dollars and fifty cents per month for three years. In 1902 he migrated to Oregon and settled in Eugene, where he began working in a store. He lived in that city for six years, being continuously employed in general mercantile stores there, and then, in 1909, he purchased a general store at Marcola and in its operation he is assisted by his father, who is a silent partner, the father having come to this state shortly after the son's arrival here. The store now owned by Otis I. Circle and his father is the leading one of Marcola and comprises a large stock of general merchandise. Mr. Circle also owns his own home in the town where he is engaged in business.

In 1905 Mr. Circle was married to Miss Nellie Leeper, a native of Douglas county, Oregon, where she was born December 31, 1879, a daughter of W. H. and Annie Leeper. Her father was a native of Iowa and the mother's birth occurred in Oregon. In the latter state they were married and here they have since maintained their home, now living retired in Philomath. The grandfather of Mrs. Circle crossed the plains to this state at a very early day. In the family

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of Mr. and Mrs. Leeper were three children, of whom one passed away in infancy. The surviving brother of Mrs. Circle is George, who makes his home in Eugene. Unto Mr. and Mrs. Circle were born two children: Neva, whose birth occurred December 16, 1906; and Nola May, who was born December 1, 1909. The family are adherents of the Methodist Episcopal church and contribute liberally to the support of the church work. Mr. Circle is one of the most prominent and successful business men in Marcola, his methods being modern and progressive, while at the same time he has earned a reputation for square dealing. He is a remarkably good buyer, using excellent judgment in the selection of stock, a fact which in a great measure explains the success which he has so largely attained in his mercantile career in Marcola. Having received a college education he is well equipped to successfully manage business affairs and is also valuable as a citizen of his community, being a useful member of society. Although his residence in Marcola has been comparatively brief, he enjoys a very wide acquaintance in the community in which he is well known and universally respected.

WILLIAM SWIGER, a farmer and dairyman of Union county, has been actively identified with agricultural interests in this state for almost a quarter of a century and has won a gratifying measure of success in this connection. His birth occurred in Sarpy county, Nebraska, on the 10th of October, 1860, his parents being Nathan and Polly (Wilkinson) Swiger. The father was born in Muskingum county, Ohio, on the 6th of January, 1830, while the mother was a native of Jackson county, that state. John Swiger, the paternal grandfather of our subject, removed from Pennsylvania to Ohio in early manhood, settling in Muskingum county of the latter state. Subsequently he took up his abode in Illinois, where he spent the remainder of his life, passing away in La Salle county about 1850. Nathan Swiger, the father of William Swiger, was married in Illinois and in 1858 or 1859 removed to Nebraska, locating in Richardson county, where he remained until 1864. In that year he joined a party journeying westward with ox teams, and all along the road others fell in with the train, some being bound for Montana. They experienced no trouble with the Indians, and Mr. Swiger eventually reached the Grande Ronde valley, where he remained until 1865. In that year he removed to the Willamette valley, where he continued to reside until the fall of 1869, when he returned to the Grande Ronde valley and located in High valley, Union county. There he made his home until the spring of 1889, when he sold out to his son, William, and purchased property from H. P. Stewart on Little creek, three miles east of Union, where he spent the remainder of his life, passing away in May, 1890. Throughout his active business career he had been successfully engaged in the pursuits of stock raising and farming. Unto him and his wife were born seven children, four of whom still survive.

William Swiger, who was the fourth in order of birth in his father's family, spent his boyhood days in the Willamette and Grande Ronde valleys. In 1889, when a young man of twenty-nine years, he started out as an agriculturist on his own account. At the time of the division of the home farm, comprising nearly six hundred acres, the homestead fell to his share. The creek and two small branches run through the property, so that the land is well supplied with water. Mr. Swiger gave his attention principally to stock-raising during his earlier business career but has recently taken up dairying, which is proving a profitable source of income to him.

Mr. Swiger has been twice married. On the 18th of October, 1882, he wedded Miss Laura M. Crosby, her father being James Crosby, who was a native of Ohio and came to Oregon in 1880. Unto them were born the following children: Willis V., who is now a student in a medical college at San Francisco; Ernest E., a resident of Oregon; and Lloyd M., who makes his home in West Berkeley, California. The wife and mother was called to her final rest in 1891 and in November of the following year Mr. Swiger was again married, his second union being with Mrs. Milda Snivley, who came to this state in 1882. Earl Vernon, the only child of this marriage, is still at home.

At the polls Mr. Swiger casts his ballot in support of the men and measures of the democratic party. The cause of education has ever found in him a stanch champion and for the past eighteen years he has served in the capacity of school clerk. Fraternally he is a member of the Woodmen of the World. Practically his entire life has been spent in the northwest and he is therefore thoroughly familiar with its history and growth, which has always been to him a source of justifiable pride.

WILLIAM F. KEADY. Some men possess several talents and have little difficulty in making a success of anything they undertake. To this class belongs William F. Keady, postmaster of Waldport, Lincoln county. He is a highly efficient public officer, a musician of acknowledged standing throughout the northwest, and a business man who has demonstrated his ability to compete successfully in an open field with those who make a specialty of their respective lines.

He was born at Salem, Oregon, October 14, 1874, being a son of William P. Keady. The father was born at Springfield, Illinois, in 1850, and received his education at Kankakee in the same state. He was employed by his father upon the Kankakee Times, a weekly newspaper, which was in a highly flourishing condition during the latter part of the '60s. In 1869 Mr. Keady emigrated to the Pacific coast and engaged in placer mining at French Camp, California, for a short time. After giving up this work he located at Salem, Oregon, where he became connected with the printing business, which he had

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learned in his earlier years. He gained an excellent reputation in his calling and was appointed state printer for the unexpired term of W. B. Carter, who was his partner in publishing the Corvallis Gazette. In 1882 he was elected upon the republican ticket from Benton county as representative to the state legislature and displayed an ability which gained for him the speakership of the lower house when he was returned for a second term. He removed to Multnomah county in 1887 and in 1892 was elected to the legislature from this county and again occupied the chair as speaker of the house. He was connected for a number of years with the Oregon Water Power & Railway Company and was also for ten years in the employ of the Oregon Railway & Navigation Company. Since 1905 he has been identified with the Chicago, Milwaukee & St. Paul Railway, with headquarters at Seattle, Washington. The maiden name of the mother of our subject was Julia G. Wilson. She was born in Indiana and crossed the plains as a child in 1851, the family locating in Tillamook county, Oregon.

William F. Keady possessed advantages of education at Salem, Portland and Corvallis, passing through the various grades of the public and high schools. He became a student of the Oregon Agricultural College at Corvallis and was graduated from this institution in 1896. After leaving college he took the civil service examination and passed so creditably that in 1897 he was appointed United States customs examiner at Portland. This office he filled for nine years and, for five years of this period was chairman of the board of examiners. He resigned on Christmas day, 1906, and came to Waldport, Oregon, where he assisted in organizing the Waldport Lumber Company. After serving as secretary of the company for nine months he disposed of his interest and engaged in the real-estate business. Since May, 1910, he has served as postmaster of the town and has discharged his duties in a way that meets the hearty approval of the patrons of the office and the officials at Washington.

In 1898 Mr. Keady was married to Miss Maud Cauthorn, who was born at Corvallis, a daughter of James A. and Martha M. Cauthorn, who were pioneers of Benton county, Oregon. Mr. and Mrs. Keady are the parents of four children: James C., who is now twelve years of age; Kenneth W., aged ten years; Martha M., six years of age; and Paul F., who is three years old.

Mr. Keady gives his political allegiance to the republican party, in which he was an active worker before appointment to the office of postmaster. He served most creditably as secretary of the republican county central committee in 1908. He and his wife are members of the Episcopal church at Corvallis. Fraternally he is identified with the Artisans and the Woodmen of the World, being a past master of the former organization. He possesses musical ability of a high order and for three years led a band of twenty-four pieces at Portland known as the Woodstock band. He has played in a number of bands and in 1907 organized and incorporated a band of eighteen pieces at Waldport, which under his efficient direction has become recognized as the best band in this part of the state.

GEORGE W. SHARP is one of the active and aggressive farmers of Yamhill county. Like his father, Elisha Sharp, he is a native of Illinois, having been born there in 1870. His mother, Ellen (Houston) Sharp was born in Texas but at the age of four she was sent to Illinois to one of her great-aunts to be reared, and the remainder of her life was spent in that state. At sixteen years of age she married Elisha Sharp, who was two years her senior. Her death occurred in 1881 and that of Mr. Sharp in 1885. To this union nine children were born, namely: Oliver, Walter, Oscar and Tempie, all deceased; Mrs. Flora Hubert, of Portland, Oregon; Dr. Florence Manion, also of Portland; Mrs. Mary Breeze, of Los Angeles, California; George W.; and Mrs. Catherine Miller, of Yamhill county.

George W. Sharp left school and started upon his independent career at the age of fifteen. For five years he was employed near his home by a railroad company and worked at grading and on the river levees. After this, realizing the opportunities the west offered to the beginner, he removed to Portland, Oregon. There he made his start by working in a sawmill for two years and in this way made it possible for him to purchase eighty acres of the farming land which has since proved so productive.

Shortly after his establishment upon his own farm he married Kate Miller, who was born in New York state in 1874. Her parents, Claus and Anna (Clintworth) Miller, both born in Germany in 1844, were married before leaving their native country to settle in New York state, where they lived until 1875. At that time they moved to Nebraska and later came on farther west to Oregon. In Nebraska Mr. Miller farmed and raised stock. When he came to Oregon he lived for a few years near where the town of Gaston now stands and later in 1890, removed to Yamhill county, settling six miles north of Yamhill. It was here that their daughter Kate was married to George W. Sharp in 1893. Mr. and Mrs. Miller were the parents of four children: John and William, both of Yamhill county; Mrs. Anna Jones, of Washington county; and Mrs. George W. Sharp. To Mr. and Mrs. Sharp six children have been born: Ann, born in 1894, who has finished high school and will soon complete her college course; Elisha, born in 1896; Merle, born in 1898; Paul, born in 1901; Lawrence, born in 1904; and Maurice, born in 1908. Elisha, Merle, Paul and Lawrence are all attending school.

Mr. Sharp's whole attention has been given to farming and agricultural pursuits, and since purchasing the original eighty acres he has added five hundred acres to his farm. All this land is in a rich agricultural country and has been cultivated by Mr. Sharp for fruit growing principally. In addition

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to this he has a hop yard and also raises thoroughbred cattle and other stock. Being a comparatively young man, his progress seems far above the average and gives promise for even greater achievements in the future.

He is a member of the Woodmen of the World. Finding that his agricultural pursuits must have his whole attention if he is to continue to progress in the future as he has done in the past, he has never sought election to any office and he does not engage in any political activity. This concentration of effort doubtless accounts for the success which he has experienced. At fifteen years of age he started upon his independent career and he has constantly advanced, so that today he stands high among the successful farmers of his county.

REV. FRANCIS E. SCOFIELD, who since September, 1909, has been preaching in the Methodist Episcopal church at Myrtle Point, was born in New York, a son of Wilson and Mary (Scofield) Scofield, in whose family were four children: Elizabeth, deceased; Ruth, the wife of Joe Baker, of Illinois; Loretta, the wife of Ira W. Russell, of Canada; and Francis E., of this review.

The last named spent the first eighteen years of his life in the Empire state and was reared upon a farm which his father owned and cultivated. The public schools afforded him his educational privileges and his experiences were those which usually fall to the lot of farm lads. On leaving New York he made his way to Illinois but remained only a brief period and then went to Iowa, where he engaged in teaching school. His father also went to that state and purchased a farm which he afterward sold to his son Francis, who lived thereon for several years. Our subject then went to Kansas, where he remained for four years, taking up a homestead and also purchasing land. He there engaged in raising sheep and cattle until he determined to locate in the far west and made his way to California. After spending the summer in that state, however, he came to Oregon in 1876 and settled at Dora, where he engaged in farming for twelve years. In 1888 he removed to Marshfield, where he began preaching regularly having previous to this time done some ministerial work in the communities in which he had lived. His parents were Methodists and he was reared in that faith. A church was organized in Coos county before he removed to Marshfield and Mr. Scofield joined that church, which was of the Baptist denomination. He was chosen its preacher and continued there to deliver the gospel message for nine years, after which he returned to his old home at Dora and engaged in preaching for the Congregational church there. In September, 1909, he came to Myrtle Point and accepted the pastorate of the Methodist Episcopal church here. He, however, also often preaches in the Presbyterian church. Rev. Scofield is an exponent of one of the signs of the times—that feeling which recognizes that Christianity in its broadest and best sense transcends denominationalism and though people may differ on minor points, in the essential points of Christian religion they are one. This has enabled him to work in harmony with various churches and at each point to do a notable work for the good of the community.

In Fort Dodge, Iowa, the Rev. Scofield was married to Miss Rosella Emmons, a native of New York and a daughter of Amasa Emmons, who removed to the west during her infancy. Her brother Avery and a sister, Emma, live in Iowa, and another sister, Roxanna, is a resident of Nebraska. The Rev. and Mrs. Scofield have become parents of four children: Ida R., the wife of Professor Fargo, of Salem, Oregon, who was at one time a teacher in the McMinnville (Oregon) College; Mrs. Edna Dailey, a widow who is a trained nurse living with her parents and has one son, Wilbur; Ivan, a practicing dentist of Grants Pass, Oregon, who is married and has six children; and Clara, who is the wife of Clark Bunch, of Myrtle Point, by whom she has two children, Andred and Rosella. In his business affairs Mr. Scofield has always been successful and at the present time is engaged in loaning money on property. He is a man liberal in his political views and yet never neglectful of the duties of citizenship. He is a member of the Independent Order of Odd Fellows. His honorable, upright life and his example and teachings all are potent elements for moral progress in his community.

J. H. McCUBBIN, who passed away at his home in Lostine on January 31, 1910, was well known in that town and throughout the surrounding county and his qualities were such as gained for him the respect and friendship of all with whom he came into contact. In his business career he won success and was honored by reason of the straightforward methods which he always followed. He was born in Miller county, Missouri, on October 25, 1845, the son of William R. and Nancy (Bilyen) McCubbin, who came from Miller county, Missouri, to Oregon, locating in Clackamas county, twelve miles east of Oregon city. There they took up a donation land claim of three hundred and twenty acres each and resided thereupon until their deaths.

J. H. McCubbin was reared on his father's farm and acquired his education in the common schools. When a young man he apprenticed himself in the blacksmith trade to his brother-in-law, J. H. Brown, with whom he later entered into partnership in that business. For about one year after his marriage in 1872 he resided in Clackamas county, but in 1873, removed to Wasco county where he engaged in farming and did such blacksmithing as his few neighbors wished done. In 1877 he came to Wallowa valley where he purchased two hundred acres of school land adjoining the town of Lostine and subsequently he added to this until his holdings comprised in all four hundred and eighty acres. He lived on that place until 1906 when he rented the same and moved to

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Lostine where he spent the remaining years of his life in retirement.

On the 4th of September, 1872, Mr. McCubbin was united in marriage to Miss Marietta Young, who is a native of Clakamas county and a daughter of Joseph and Emily (Barnes) Young. Her parents moved from Missouri to Oregon in 1847, locating in Clackamas county, where they took up a donation land claim and resided on the same until the mother's death, when the father went to Wasco county and there made his home with his son Jerry until his death. To Mr. and Mrs. McCubbin were born six children of whom four survive: Rebecca, the wife of James T. Johnson of Morrow county; Bertha J., who is Mrs. H. A. Kuhn of Wallowa county; Dolly E., who is Mrs. F. L. Pearce of Bellingham, Washington; and Violet W., the wife of W. W. Kuhn of Lostine. The deceased were: Andrew J., who died in infancy; and Mary A., who passed away when twenty-two years of age. The demise of Mr. McCubbin, the husband and father, was deeply deplored by a wide circle of friends and acquaintances.

In politics Mr. McCubbin was a Jackson democrat and took an active interest in local party work. He served as county assessor of Union county when Wallowa county was yet a part of the same, and in 1880 while in that office, was census taker of this county. After the division of Union and Wallowa counties, Mr. McCubbin was for two terms assessor of Wallowa county. Fraternally he was a member of the Lostine Lodge, A. F. & A. M., and of the Anthony Chapter No. 88, of the Order of the Eastern Star, of which chapter Mrs. McCubbin is also a member. Mr. McCubbin was one of the foremost citizens of Wallowa county and was highly esteemed by all who knew him. He was quick to recognize the rights of others and he looked at life from a rational standpoint that brought him a clear understanding of the conditions of the world, its possibilities, and the obligations that rested upon him in his relation to his fellowmen and in citizenship. Mrs. McCubbin resides in Lostine and has a wide circle of friends and acquaintances there who hold her in the highest esteem.

HEIKKI KOLJONEN. A successful representative of the medical profession in Astoria is Dr. Heikki Koljonen, whose name indicates his Scandinavian birth. He is a native of Jamsa, Finland, born May 11, 1874, his parents being Charlie and Serafia Koljonen, who were also natives of Finland, where the mother died in 1899 and the father in 1907.

Of a family of nine children Dr. Koljonen is the only one that ever came to America. He was a young man of thirty years when he crossed the Atlantic. In the meantime he had acquired a high-school education and had taken up the study of medicine when nineteen years of age. In time he was graduated from the Imperial Alexander University at Helsingfors, Finland, completing a course in medicine and surgery in 1903. The following year he crossed the Atlantic to the new world and first settled at Ashtabula, Ohio, where he entered upon active practice, remaining there until 1906. In that year he came to Astoria, where he opened an office and continued in practice until 1908. He then went abroad for further study and research, pursuing a medical course in Berlin, Germany, in 1909. Later in the year he went to Finland, where he practiced for a year and a half in a state surgical hospital at Helsingfors, but in the meantime he had come to appreciate greatly the wider opportunities offered in the new world, and returned to America, settling in Astoria, Oregon. In February, 1911, he opened an office in this city where he has since remained, having a well appointed suite of rooms in the Page building at the corner of Twelfth and Commercial streets. He not only has a good practice among his fellow countrymen but also other people as well and the prompt, capable and conscientious manner in which he performs his professional duties is winning him gratifying success.

In 1908 Dr. Koljonen was married to Miss Annie Schistad, who was born in Astoria in 1888, a daughter of Peter and Annie Schistad, the former a native of Norway and the latter of Finland. The parents were married in Astoria and are still living here. Mrs. Koljonen is their only child. Both the Doctor and his wife have many friends in this city, occupying an enviable position in the socal circles in which they move.

GEORGE W. MOODY was well known in the vicinity of Richland and through the Eagle valley where during an active life he carried on general agricultural pursuits. He died in 1910, being at that time in the seventy-fourth year of his age, his birth having occurred in Kentucky in November, 1836. His parents were Michael and Mary (Mercer) Moody, natives of North Carolina, who in 1842 removed from Kentucky to Missouri where they continued to live until called to the home beyond.

George W. Moody was hardly six years of age at the time of the removal to Missouri, and in that state his boyhood and youth were passed with the usual experiences that fall to the lot of the farm lad. He was about twenty-six years of age when in 1863 he started across the plains with ox teams, attracted by the interesting tales he had heard concerning the northwest and its opportunities. It was a long and tedious journey, for the slow moving animals covered only a few miles each day. The roads, too, were in poor condition and there were various difficulties and hardships to encounter, but at length Mr. Moody reached his destination and took up his abode in Burnt River valley where he remained for a year. He then went to Auburn and was engaged in mining for six years. In 1874 he removed to Eagle valley and secured a homestead upon which his widow now resides. He at first owned one hundred and sixty acres of land there but later gave forty acres of this to one of his sons. The remainder of the place is still in the possession

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MR. AND MRS. GEORGE W. MOODY

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of Mrs. Moody and is a finely improved farm, equipped with all the accessories and conveniences of a model place of the twentieth century.

Mr. Moody was twice married. His first wife, who died in 1880, was the mother of three sons and two daughters, as follows: Willard, who was murdered several years ago; Henry, who is married and resides in Eagle valley; George, also a resident of Eagle valley; Laura, the wife of Albert Young, a resident of Baker; and Fannie, the wife of William Cole, of Haines, Oregon. Mr. Moody was afterward wedded to Mrs. Polly (Young) Kaetcham, a daughter of Mitchell and Rosa (Daniels) Young, and a native of Mason county, Illinois. She came to Oregon in 1887 and since then has lived in Eagle valley. She had two children by her marriage to John Kaetcham: Elizabeth, the wife of F. F. Severs; and Charles, a resident of St. Louis, Missouri.

Mr. Moody was a republican in his political views, ever standing by the party which was the defense of the Union during the dark days of the Civil war and which has ever been recognized as the party of reform and progress. When hostilities broke out between the north and the south his patriotic spirit was aroused and he donned the soldier's uniform, doing active duty at the front in defense of the cause in which he firmly believed. He ever manifested a spirit of patriotism in his allegiance to his country and his loyalty constitutes an example that might well be followed by others. He also manifested various other sterling traits of character and enjoyed the high regard and good will of all with whom he came in contact.

GILES B. JOHNSON, general agent for the Spokane, Portland & Seattle Railroad at Astoria and also agent for the Great Northern Express Company at that place, was born in Watervliet, Michigan, on the 6th of October, 1872, his parents being J. T. and Elizabeth Johnson, the former a native of Michigan and the latter of Germany. The father was of English lineage and was married in his native state, where he continued to make his home until 1889, when he removed westward with his family and settled in Portland, Oregon. He there worked at the millwright's trade for a short time and later took up his abode at Clatskanie, where he conducted a hotel for several years. He next removed to Hoquiam, Washington, where his wife died. Shortly afterward the father returned to Michigan, and still makes his home upon a farm. In the family were four children: L. B., now a resident of Kalamazoo, Michigan, and proprietor of the business conducted under the name of the Kalamazoo Label Company; Giles B., of this review; H. M., who died at the age of nineteen years; and W. M., who is bookkeeper in a paper mill, and resides with his father.

Giles B. Johnson spent his youthful days under the parental roof until the age of sixteen years and then started out in business life on his own account. He was connected with farming interests in the middle west until 1890, when he came to the Pacific coast, settling in Portland, where he pursued a business course. He then purchased an interest in a mercantile store, which he conducted a short time. In May, 1892, he removed to Tillamook county, Oregon, where he aided in building the first telegraph line in the county, extending from Forest Grove in Washington county down the river to Tillamook City, Oregon. Subsequently this line was extended to Nehalem, at the mouth of the Nehalem river. When this was completed Mr. Johnson became superintendent and manager of twenty miles of the line, which he operated for a year and a half. On the expiration of that period he purchased a half interest in the Nehalem Times, a weekly paper, and soon afterward purchased the interest of his partner, Ira B. Malin, who had purchased the same from J. S. Dellinger, the pioneer newspaper publisher of Tillamook county, who at the present writing owns and publishes the Morning Astorian. Mr. Johnson continued as publisher of the Nehalem Times until the spring of 1898, when he removed the plant to Tillamook City, later selling out. In the same year he entered the employ of the Astoria & Columbia River Railroad as local agent at Seaside, where he remained a year, when he was transferred to Rainier, Oregon, where he stayed five years. In 1905 he came to Astoria as local agent for the railroad, which position he filled until 1908, when he was made general agent of the Astoria & Columbia River Railroad Company, which in March, 1911, changed its name to the Spokane, Portland & Seattle Railroad. He is also agent for the Great Northern Express Company at Astoria and his service in both connections is highly satisfactory to the public as well as to the corporations which he represents.

In his political views Mr. Johnson has always been a republican and upon the party ticket has been elected to several offices. He served as police judge and city auditor of Seaside for one term, resigning the office upon his removal from that city. He also occupied the same position at Rainier for four terms and at different times has been prominent in the councils of the party, aiding in shaping its course in an official capacity. He served as secretary of the Columbia County Central Committee for two years and was also chairman of that committee. From 1902 until 1904 he was a member of the second congressional district committee of Oregon and during the legislative session of 1905 was chief clerk of engrossed bills in the senate, and also served in a similar capacity in the senate during the session of 1907. He is not a sentimentalist but a worker and his efforts whether in political or business lines are always resultant and productive.

In January, 1893, Mr. Johnson was married to Miss Centennial Lovell, a native of Michigan and a daughter of John and Mary Lovell. Her father died in 1892 but her mother now resides in Seaside, Oregon. In their family were four children, of whom Mrs. Johnson is the youngest. By her mar-

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riage she has become the mother of a daughter, La Veta R., who was born April 21, 1895, and is now attending the high school in Kalamazoo, Michigan, and also pursuing a course in both instrumental and vocal music. Mr. Johnson is well known in fraternal and club circles, holding membership with the Woodmen of the World and with Astoria Lodge of Elks. He is likewise a member of the Irving Club of Astoria and the Astoria Motor Boat Club, and attractive social qualities render him popular among all with whom he comes in contact.

GELO FREEMAN PARKER, who is serving for the second term as county surveyor of Clatsop county, Oregon, and makes his home in Astoria, was born in Petaluma, California, January 17, 1854. His father, Freeman Parker, was a native of Washington, Vermont, born April 5, 1822, and married Laura Adaline Roberts, whose birth occurred in Barre, Vermont, June 1, 1821. Both were representatives of old New England families. Freeman Parker attended the Norwich University of Vermont and afterward engaged in teaching school, in surveying and in farming. He went to California by the Panama route during the great gold rush of 1849 and in 1852 he brought his wife and eldest son by the same route, proceeding by boat up the Chagres river, his wife being "packed" or carried on the backs of donkeys or men over the route where the canal is now building. All were sick with Panama fever and Mrs. Parker's brother, dying, was buried at sea when they were a few days out from San Francisco. Arrived in California it was a year before Mrs. Parker saw another white woman and such respect was entertained for her because of her character and because of the fact that she was the only white woman in that vicinity, that men spread their brocaded silk sashes upon the ground for her to walk upon. She died at the age of fifty-four years. Freeman Parker has remained through life a man of liberal education, because of his broad reading, and is still vigorous mentally and physically and is beloved by all. At the age of ninety years he still resides on the old farm at Petaluma, worn out by gratuitous attention to the sick.

G. F. Parker acquired a common-school education in his native town but ill health prevented his pursuing a college course during the years he would otherwise have given to further study. He worked upon the home farm until he had reached the age of twenty and then removed to Astoria, Oregon, in 1874. He there secured a clerkship in the general mercantile store of C. L. Parker with whom he continued until 1880. He afterward filled the positions of county and city surveyor until 1887 when, under the firm name of Parker & Hanson, he began merchandizing on his own account and continued in that business until 1897. At the time of the gold discoveries in Alaska he went to Skagway and was appointed by General Distin to the position of United States deputy surveyor for Alaska and also served as mineral surveyor. He was on the engineering corps of the White Pass & Yukon Railway during its construction and until his return to Astoria in 1902. Since the 6th of July, 1908, he has served as county surveyor of Clatsop county, Oregon.

On the 20th of August, 1885, in Astoria, Mr. Parker was married to Miss Lucy J. Powell, the fifth of the nine children of Henry and Martha Powell. Both of her parents were born in Aitringham, Cheshire, England, the former in 1824 and the latter in 1827. In 1849 they became residents of Illinois and in 1875 arrived in Astoria, Oregon. Her father died in 1892, followed three years later by his wife. He was a man of unusually estimable character, a prominent church worker and was an elder in the Presbyterian church at the time of his death. Unto Mr. and Mrs. Parker have been born three children: Lois L., Kenneth H. and Lenna G. The daughter Lois is the wife of Lincoln Beaumont Chambers, first lieutenant in the Coast Artillery, U. S. A.

Mr. Parker has always been a progressive republican but has never sought or desired office aside from the position of surveyor. He is a man of broad, liberal views, whose ideas of life are practical, being based upon thorough understanding and study of conditions. He has had many interesting experiences during his residence upon the coast and in his sojourn in Alaska, has firm faith in the future of the west and is thoroughly imbued with the spirit of enterprise which has been the dominant factor in the upbuilding of this section of the country.

ALBIN W. NORBLAD. It is always interesting to note the rise of one whose business prominence and success entitles him to more than passing mention, and in this connection it is pleasing to record the history of Albin W. Norblad, who at the age of seven years sold newspapers in Grand Rapids, Michigan, and is now a leading and growing lawyer of Astoria. He was born in Malmo, Sweden, on the 19th of March, 1881, a son of Peter and Bessie (Anderson) Norblad, who were also natives of that country. Coming to America during the early childhood of their son Albin they settled in Grand Rapids, Michigan, where they resided until the death of the father in 1910, since which time Mrs. Norblad has become a resident of Astoria. Their family numbered three children, of whom Albin W. is the eldest. The others, Clara and George, are still with their mother.

Following the arrival of the family in Grand Rapids Albin W. Norblad attended the public schools until twelve years of age, but for five years prior to that time also carried and sold newspapers, thus contributing to his support. He was a member of the Evening Press Newsboys Band, with which he made a trip through the southern states, the band winning a gold medal offered by John Philip Sousa to the boys' band making the greatest advancement in music in a year. Leaving school at the age

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of twelve, Mr. Norblad secured a position with the Grand Rapids Furniture Company of Chicago, with which he continued for a number of years. Later he obtained a position as a newspaper reporter and while acting in that capacity promoted his education by attending the Chicago Seminary of Science for four years. Thus laying a good foundation for further progress along educational lines, he entered upon a three years' course of law at the Chicago Law School and was graduated in June, 1905. In April of the same year he was admitted to the bar and at once began practice in Grand Rapids, where he remained for a few months. He then removed to Escanaba, Michigan, where he again followed his profession, forming a partnership with Judd Yelland, which continued until 1908. He was appointed acting prosecuting attorney of Delta county, Michigan, and filled that position until July, 1908. His partnership with Mr. Yelland was discontinued on the election of the latter to the office of probate judge and Mr. Norblad then practiced alone in Escanaba until 1909. The west, with its broader opportunities, however, attracted him and, conimg to the coast, he settled at Astoria, where he entered into partnership with G. A. Hemple for the practice of law, this relation continuing until June, 1910. He has since been alone, with offices at Nos. 3 and 4 Page building, Astoria. He has been admitted to practice in the Oregon and Michigan federal courts and also in the supreme court of the United States. At the present writing (1911) he is serving as city attorney, having been the nominee of both the republican and democratic parties at the primary, a fact which indicates his standing as a man and citizen and the confidence reposed in his professional ability. He is a lawyer of ability, his preparation of his cases is thorough and exhaustive, and his presentation of an issue clear and forcible. He is seldom, if ever, at fault in the application of a legal principle and his devotion to his clients' interests is proverbial. He is also attorney for the Port of Astoria and city of Warrenton.

On the 29th of September, 1906, Mr. Norblad was married to Miss Edna Lyle Cates, who was born in Wisconsin, and is a daughter of Lew and Liva Cates, both of whom were natives of Iowa. The mother died in 1890 and in 1909 the father removed to Cottage Grove, Oregon, where he is now publishing a paper known as the Cottage Grove Sentinel. In the Cates family were four children: Ina, now the wife of Asa Curtis, of Astoria; Mrs. Norblad; Harry, a resident of Michigan; and Grace, who is living with her sister Mrs. Norblad. A. W. Norblad, Jr., the only child of our subject and his wife, is an interesting little lad of four years, his birth having occurred September 12, 1908. The parents are both members of the Presbyterian church and are widely and favorably known socially in their adopted city. Mr. Norblad is now lecturing knight of the order of Elks, is a member of the Knights of Pythias lodge, the Modern Woodmen camp, the Odd Fellows society and the Masonic fraternity, in which he has attained high rank, being now a thirty-second degree Mason and a member of the Mystic Shrine. He also belongs to several Scandinavian lodges and the Phi Alpha Delta, a law fraternity. At one time he was secretary of the Business Men's Association of Escanaba, Michigan, and in 1910 president of Astoria Chamber of Commerce, and his military history covers service with the Second Michigan Infantry and the First Illinois Infantry, and with the Michigan Naval Brigade, having been commissioned a lieutenant of the latter. Each experience in his life he has regarded as a preparation for the duties and labors to follow, and he has made each day count for the utmost, actuated at all times by a laudable ambition that has prompted him to put forth earnest and effective effort in the attainment of the goal which lies before him.

ROLLIE W. WATSON, who for the past four years has been engaged in the real-estate and insurance business in Tillamook county, was born in Cottonwood Falls, Kansas, on the 9th of January, 1874. He is a son of Clarence C. and Ida Ella (Hinckley) Watson, the father a native of Lynchburg, Virginia, and the mother of Dublin, Ohio. His father, who was engaged in the railroad and mercantile business during the entire period of his active career, passed away in Pueblo, Colorado, in 1890, at the age of about fifty years. The mother is still living and makes her home in New Mexico. Of the union of Mr. and Mrs. Watson there were born three children: Ferry, the wife of Dr. C. B. Brown, of Roy, New Mexico; Rollie W., our subject; and Frances E., who is a resident of Tennessee.

The education of Rollie W. Watson was obtained in the public schools of Cottonwood Falls, Kansas, which he attended until he was thirteen years of age, when he went to sea. For seven years thereafter he was in the merchant marine service on the Pacific coast, then went into the navy. He entered the naval service of the United States in July, 1895, remaining therein until December, 1902. During this period he served on seventeen different vessels, among them being the following: Mohican, Marion, Independence, Olympia, Petrel, Machias, Monocacy, Princeton, Isla de Luzon, Calamianes, Vicksburg, Yorktown, Manila and General Alava. He served with two honorable discharges, in both of which he is credited with excellent personal qualifications. He was in the Spanish-American war from 1898 up to the time of his first discharge. Some of the engagements took in all of the ports of the Island of Mindanao, and during the Moro uprisings he assisted in establishing naval stations at Bassa Land, on the Island of Jolo, in the southernmost part of the Philippine archipelago. The lighthouses in the southern part of the islands were reestablished by the General Alava, during the period of Mr. Watson's service on that boat. They took many outposts and established garrisons, their duties being at times most arduous and difficult.

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He was on the islands from 1898 to 1902 and during his service was wounded in the wrist. He has since been awarded a pension by the government for injuries sustained.

After receiving his discharge in December, 1902, Mr. Watson came to Tillamook and engaged in newspaper work, becoming proprietor of the Herald, which journal he edited until 1907, when he disposed of it and entered the real-estate and fire insurance business. He has met with a goodly measure of success in this undertaking, having a well established business with a consfantly increasing patronage.

On the 13th of January, 1903, Mr. Watson was united in marriage to Miss Hope M. Nolan, who is a native daughter of Tillamook, and a representative of one of Oregon's pioneer families. Mrs. Watson is a daughter of M. E. and Margarete E. (Jenkins) Nolan. The father, who is deceased, was a packer and owned a donation claim of three hundred and twenty acres, while the mother, who is living in Portland, came to the state with her family in 1860. Mr. and Mrs. Nolan had the usual experiences that fell to the lot of the early settlers, and he was a veteran of the Cayuse and other Indian wars. Two children have been born of the marriage of Mr. and Mrs. Watson: James Clarence and Rolletta Jewel.

Mr. Watson is one of the public-spirited men of the county, who has the greatest confidence in the wonderful possibilities afforded by Oregon both commercially and agriculturally and is one of the enthusiastic members of the Tillamook Commercial Club. He is also one of the board of directors of the Oregon State Good Roads Association, being an ardent good roads booster. Fraternally he is a Mason and an Odd Fellow, and also belongs to the Knights of Pythias, the Order of the Eastern Star and the Rebekahs, being an earnest worker in all of these organizations. Mr. Watson's extensive travels and varied experiences have made him not only a very interesting man socially, but have been the means of his developing those qualities that give most promising assurance of his success.

JOHN MAKI, manager of the Western Workmen's Company, a publishing concern, to which position he was appointed on coming to Astoria in 1910, was born in Finland in 1880. His parents were Mathew and Elizabeth (Ollinn) Maki. The father died in Finland in 1896 and the mother still resides there. To them were born nine children of whom three are living in America, Matt. now a resident of Duluth, Minnesota; Jacob, also of that state; and John. The other six are still residents of Finland.

The boyhood and youth of John Maki passed uneventfully. A portion of his time was devoted to the acquirement of an education and later he utilized the means presented for earning a living, but, awakening to a realization of the fact that business opportunities in America were superior to those of his native country, he came to the new world in 1903, first settling at Ashtabula, Ohio. There he worked in the employ of a railroad for three months, after which he removed to Duluth, Minnesota, where he was employed in the Cutler Company warehouse for three years. Realizing that his advancement might be more rapid if he had better educational facilities, he resolved to overcome this lack of earlier years and attended business college near Duluth, pursuing a three-years course which he completed by graduation in 1908. He was then appointed manager of the college and occupied that position for two years, and in 1910 came to Astoria, where he accepted the position of manager of the Western Workmen's Company, a publishing company, which is his present business connection. He is well qualified for the work that is entrusted to him and is extending the scope of the business which is meeting with substantial success. His political views are in accord with advanced ideas of socialism. He has never had occasion to regret his determination to seek a home in the new world, for he not only found the opportunity he has sought but also pleasant social relations which have brought him many friends.

MRS. MAGGIE BUCKLEY is the widow of James D. Buckley, having her residence on the beautiful estate, comprising three hundred and fifty-one acres of highly improved land, located in Jackson county adjacent to Ruch postoffice, Oregon. This property consists of the entire real-estate holdings possessed by Mr. Buckley at the time of his death. Mrs. Buckley was born in Trenton, New Jersey. She is the daughter of James and Mary (McGovern) Riley, both of whom were natives of Ireland. She emigrated to Oregon with her grandparents in 1869, making the journey down the Atlantic seaboard and by way of Panama, landing safely in due time in the golden state of California. From this state the family moved to Oregon and made their first settlement on Bear creek. She made her home with an uncle until the time of her marriage which occurred June 13, 1870, on which date she was united in wedlock to James D. Buckley, who was a native of Ireland and who emigrated from his native land to Oregon in 1852 and in 1854 he preempted a government homestead of one hundred and sixty acres in Jackson county, settling in the Rogue river valley. Having duly made entry of his homestead he moved at once upon the land and there built his home and immediately occupied himself with the development and cultivation of his land.

As the years of sunshine and shower contributed their share to his ceaseless industry he reaped abundant harvests, the value of which far exceeded the expenses necessary for the family and the operation of the land, and he was enabled to add by purchase to his original homestead and continued so to do until he was the owner of three hundred and fifty-one acres of the very best agricultural land in the Rogue river valley. As a farmer he paid special attention to the breeding and raising of fine stock. While

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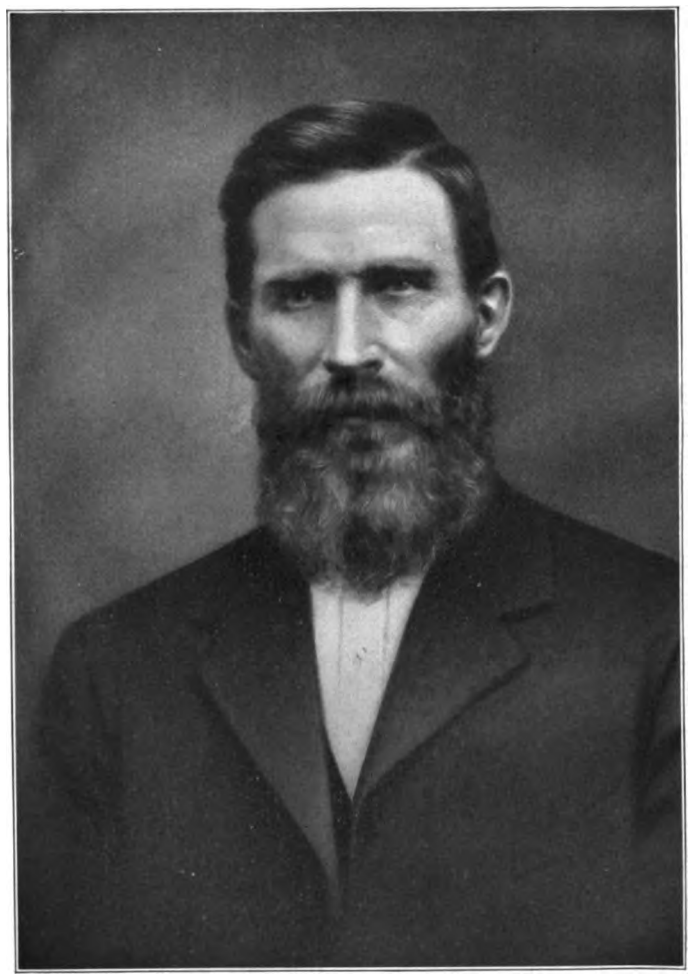

JAMES D. BUCKLEY

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thus engaged in the work of improving and enlarging his farm and home he was suddenly called to rest from his earthly labors and ended his pilgrimage at his home in the midst of his strength and active years.

He was a member of the Pioneer Society of Southern Oregon and also a member of the Masonic lodge. He died a member of the Catholic church, the faith in which he was born and reared. In the family of Mr. and Mrs. Buckley seven children were born: Rose; John D.; James T.; Mary Catherine; Frances, who died in 1884; David P.; and George. Mrs. Buckley, upon the death of her husband found herself confronted with the large task of caring for the interests of the family, and in the conduct of the estate of her husband she has proven herself to be a woman of unusual business ability and with the efficient assistance of her daughter Catherine has maintained the high reputation of the family as one of the most progressive and successful in agricultural pursuits in Jackson county. She is a woman highly respected by her friends and loved and revered by her children, in each of whom she takes a vital and sustained interest.

WILLIAM U. CROW, a retired agriculturist of Wallowa county, was born in Noble county, Ohio, April 30, 1844, a son of Peter and Sarah (Pryor) Crow, both of whom passed their entire lives in Noble county. The father was engaged in agricultural pursuits.

Reared in his native state, William U. Crow at the usual age attended school in an old pioneer log schoolhouse which was furnished with slab benches and puncheon floors. His education was naturally limited, as at that time the district schools taught only the most rudimentary branches of study. In 1863 Mr. Crow undertook the management of the home farm, which he operated in connection with other land until 1888. Disposing of this property in that year, he came to Oregon, where his son S. P., and daughter Sarah L., had preceded him. Upon arriving in this state he located in the Lost Prairie country of Wallowa county, where he remained for a short time. Subsequently he purchased a ranch of one hundred and sixty acres on Scotch creek, three miles west of Joseph, and took up his abode on that property. He resided there for sixteen years, disposing of the property in 1905 and removing to Marion county, where he purchased a farm of forty acres, three miles east of Salem. That was his home for three years, when he sold the land and returned to Wallowa county, locating in Lostine, where he has since resided. His agricultural pursuits taught him to be a man of unremitting energy and persistent purpose. Whatever property he undertook to farm he brought to a high state of cultivation, and this netted him substantial profits and made possible the fruits and luxuries of life which he is now enjoying.

On February 19, 1863, Mr. Crow was united in marriage to Miss Susan M. Cooley, of Noble county, Ohio. To them six children were born: Sarah L., the wife of Ben Worstel, a resident of Ohio; Simon Peter, a merchant of Lostine; Charles E., deputy sheriff of Wallowa county; Samuel M., also a merchant of Lostine; Mary M., the wife of Stewart Hambelton, of Newberg, Oregon; and Michael who is identified with the commercial circles of Lostine.

Mr. Crow has been a member of the Masonic fraternity since May, 1865. Mrs. Crow holds membership in the Baptist church, while her husband is identified with the Methodist Episcopal church. Wherever he is known he is held in high esteem. He is devoted to the welfare of his family, has always been faithful to every trust reposed in him and by reason of his upright life he enjoys the respect of the entire community.

BYRON BRANSON owns and operates one hundred and six and a half acres of land, two and a half miles northeast of Sheridan, where he has continuously resided for the past twelve years. He was born in Polk county, Oregon, on the 22d of June, 1864, and is a son of G. W. and Mary E. (Wood) Branson. The father was a native of Illinois and the mother of Missouri, and they were married in Yamhill county. Until he had attained the age of nineteen years, G. W. Branson made his home in his native state, but in 1849 he joined his parents, who were living in Oregon. After remaining with them for a short time he went to California, to prospect for gold but, this venture not proving equal to his dreams, he returned to Oregon a few months later, and bought his father's donation claim. This was located on the present site of the town of Willamina, its operation engaging the attention of Mr. Branson for some years. He subsequently went to Benton county, where he cultivated rented land, going from there to Polk county and then to Walla Walla, Washington. After a residence of a year in the latter city he returned to Yamhill county, where he resided until his death in January, 1898. The mother survived until July, 1908. Of the marriage of Mr. and Mrs. Branson there were born fifteen children, twelve of whom are living, as follows: H. C., who is a resident of Polk county; I. N., who is living in Yamhill county; George W., who makes his home in McMinnville; Byron, the subject of this sketch; Adaline, of Sacramento, California; Amos, who is living in Yamhill county; Troy, who is a guard in the state penitentiary at Salem; Dora, who married Neil Stottenberg, of Yamhill county; Helen, the wife of C. Moe, of California; and Harvey, William and Jesse, all of whom are residents of California.

Although he was born in Polk county, Byron Branson was reared in Yamhill county, his education being obtained in the common schools. He remained at home until he was twenty-four years of age, during that period becoming thoroughly familiar with the best methods of operating the fields and caring for the crops. When old enough to begin for himself he rented some land in this county which he operated for two years, and then

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removed to his present place, which he cultivated as a renter. He met with financial success and acquired the means to purchase a place of his own, buying one hundred and twenty acres which he operated for eight years. After settling upon this place misfortune followed misfortune in quick succession, and despite the most rigid economy practiced by himself and family he was compelled to dispose of his property, to meet his obligations. He again operated rented land for a time, saving his earnings and later bought two hundred acres on the hills three miles from Sheridan. His efforts here proved to be more successful, and at the end of three years he disposed of this place, having doubled his money during the period of his residence. He then purchased the place where he is now residing and which he had formerly cultivated as a renter, locating here in 1899. Mr. Branson has made quite extensive improvements on this property during the period of his ownership, and it is now clear of all incumbrance. Such prosperity as has rewarded his efforts is the result of his perseverance and determination of purpose, as despite the misfortunes and hardships he has encountered, he has never lost his courage, but has kept on steadily and persistently, feeling confident of ultimate success.

On July 2, 1888, was celebrated the marriage of Mr. Branson and Miss Rosa J. Tharp, also a native of Polk county and a playmate of his childhood. Mrs. Branson is a daughter of G. W. and Rosa Jane (Eaton) Tharp, who came to Oregon from Illinois, locating on a claim in Polk county where they continued to live during the remainder of their days. Of the twelve children born of their marriage, seven are living: Frank, who makes his home in Albany; Mary, the widow of George Leibold, of Sheridan; Martin, who is also living in Sheridan; Tilly, the wife of M. F. McMillan, of Eugene; Rosa J., now Mrs. Branson; Leonard, who is living in Willamina; and Lilly, the wife of Ernest Broders, of Eugene. Unto Mr. and Mrs. Branson there have been born three children: Delmer, whose birth occurred on September 5, 1890; Archie, who was born on the 27th of July, 1894; and Alta, who was born on the 3d of April, 1896. All are still at home with their parents.

In matters of faith both Mr. and Mrs. Branson are Methodists and hold membership in the church at Bellevue. Fraternally he is a member of the Woodmen of the World, and he is a republican, although not active in politics as his time and energy are largely demanded in the development of his own interests.

J. H. BENNETT. A successful representative of the commercial interests of Whiteson is J. H. Bennett, who is conducting a general mercantile business here. His birth occurred on a farm a half mile from Whiteson on March 26, 1853, his parents being Levi and Mary Matilda (Stephens) Bennett. The father, who was born in Peoria, Illinois, was left an orphan at the age of four years and from then until he was fourteen lived at various places in that vicinity. Soon after attaining the latter age he joined a party that was crossing the plains to Salem, driving an ox team all of the way. Upon his arrival at their destination he assisted the others of his party in hauling the lumber with which to construct the first residences in the town. Later he came to Dutchtown, where for a time he attended school, going from there to Moors Valley and then to Whiteson. Very little of the country in this vicinity was settled at that time, the conditions surrounding the inhabitants being primitive in the extreme. He acquired a claim a half mile from Whiteson, to the cultivation and improvement of which he immediately applied his energies. His experiences were not unlike those of the other pioneer settlers, upon whom were visited all of the hardships and privations that characterize life on the frontier. He has always been a public-spirited, enterprising man and readily assumed his share in promoting every movement that in any way tended to advance the development of the country. Having from his earliest childhood been more or less dependent upon his own resources he developed those qualities that made of him a very capable business man. It was after his arrival in Oregon that he met the lady who subsequently became his wife. She, too, was an orphan and a native of the state of Indiana, and came to this state about the same time as Mr. Bennett. They reside on their homestead a mile from Whiteson, the father continuing to take an active interest in the operation of his land, despite his eighty years. Of the marriage of Mr. and Mrs. Bennett there were born five children: C. N., who is living at home; J. H., our subject; Rosa, the wife of E. G. Murphy, a farmer of Yamhill county; Jemmina, who is at home; and Rosetta, who is deceased.

J. H. Bennett spent his boyhood and youth in a manner very similar to the sons of other frontiersmen, obtaining his early education in the crude log schoolhouses of the vicinity of his home, during their irregular sessions. The knowledge obtained thus was later supplemented by a winter's term in the school in Amity. He remained at home until he had attained his majority, assisting with the operation of the ranch, thus acquiring the knowledge which enabled him later to engage in truck gardening. This occupation he followed for a time near The Dalles, when he went into business for himself. During the succeeding seventeen years he remained in that section identifying himself with various occupations. Returning to Whiteson at the end of that period he established a general mercantile business, that he has ever since been conducting. He has applied himself intelligently to the operation of his enterprise, and consequently has met with a very gratifying degree of success. Mr. Bennett makes a careful study of the needs and requirements of his patrons, carrying a well selected and varied stock that meets the tastes and circumstances of his customers. Gracious and affable in his manner, he strives

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to please all, it being his policy never to permit a patron to leave dissatisfied. In addition to his large stock of goods he owns the building in which he is conducting his business and four blocks of town property, on a portion of which he has erected dwellings, and some other property. Prosperity has attended his efforts, but it has been earned by the exercise of tireless industry, judicious management and clear judgment in the direction of his affairs.

In his political views Mr. Bennett is somewhat independent, although he formerly gave his entire support to the republican party, but he now casts his ballot for the candidate he deems best adapted to meet the needs of the situation. Fraternally he is affiliated with the Masonic order and the Eastern Star at Amity, and formerly he held membership in the Knights of Pythias. Mr. Bennett is widely known in Yamhill county, where he has a large circle of friends, whose allegiance he holds by reason of his many fine personal qualities.

W. J. ODELL, who is successfully engaged in dairy farming in Yamhill county, was born in Tennessee on the 11th of December, 1862, and is a son of John V. and Margaret (Chatman) Odell, both of whom are also natives of Tennessee. The father, who was reared and educated in the state of his birth, after leaving school learned the blacksmith's trade. For a time he followed this in Tennessee but subsequently removed to North Carolina, continuing to engage in blacksmithing. He later returned to his native state, where he passed away at the age of seventy-five. The mother survived for ten years thereafter, her death occurring when she was seventy-two. Five children were born of the marriage of Mr. and Mrs. Odell, of whom our subject is the youngest, the others being as follows: Anna, the wife of Frank Spradling, of Yamhill county; John, who is deceased; Denitia, who married Joe Keaton and is living in Tennessee; and Samuel, who passed away in Tennessee.

The boyhood and youth of W. J. Odell were spent in his native village, whose schools he attended in the acquirement of an education. After the completion of the common branches he entered his father's shop where he learned the blacksmith's trade, continuing to follow this for twenty years. When he was twenty-five he left the parental roof and established a home of his own, continuing to be a resident of Tennessee until 1902, when together with his wife and family he removed to Oregon, settling in this county. Upon his arrival here, Mr. Odell located on a ranch and turned his attention to general farming, but is now making a specialty of dairying. Although this was a new undertaking for him he has met with a very gratifying degree of success, by reason of his practical and painstaking methods of directing his activities. He is a man of progressive ideas and carefully plans whatever he undertakes before attempting its execution, fully realizing that farming is a business and its success requires as careful and systematic management as is necessary in the development of any enterprise. As he is not afraid to experiment he has made many mistakes, but it is in this way that he has acquired the practical knowledge he now possesses regarding the various branches of agriculture.

In 1888 was celebrated the marriage of Mr. Odell and Mrs. Mary Stamfer, also a native of Tennessee and a daughter of Samuel and Mellie Seals. Unto Mr. and Mrs. Odell there have been born ten children: George I., who is married and living in Yamhill county; Charles H., who is a resident of California; Laura D., the wife of Elmer Cushman, also of Yamhill county; Hattie E., the wife of Frank Loop, of this county; and Hubert C., Hobart R., Carson, Amanda E., Arthur J., and Herman C., all of whom are living at home and attending school.

Both Mr. and Mrs. Odell hold membership in the Baptist church of McMinnville, in the faith of which denomination they have reared their family, and fraternally Mr. Odell is affiliated with the Independent Order of Odd Fellows, belonging to McMinnville Lodge, No. 30, I. O. O. F., and the Woodmen of the World, also of McMinnville. His political prerogatives Mr. Odell always exercises in support of the men and measures of the republican party, but he has never been an office holder. During the period of their residence in the county both Mr. Odell and his family have made many friends and they are held in high esteem.

PAUL CLARK, who is proprietor of the Albee Feed Barns & Livery Stables, was born in Pasco, Washington, on November 2, 1891. He is a son of Joshua and Addie V. (Woodruff) Clark, the father a native of Bloomfield, Iowa, and the mother of Watertown, Ohio. Joshua Clark crossed the plains with his parents in a wagon train in the early '60s when he was a youth of only eighteen years, and settled with them near Forest Grove, Oregon. In early manhood he went to Portland where he was employed in a wholesale meat house for several years, after which he went to Washington and engaged in the stock raising business, locating in Franklin county, where he became a very prominent and influential man. He served as sheriff of Franklin county for two terms and as county assessor for nine years. During his residence there he acquired some mining interests in Umatilla county, Oregon, and in 1895, he came here to look after the same. In the fall of 1896 he located at Albee where he resided until his death. For some years he was engaged in the shingle mill business and also operated a hotel at Albee. At the time of his death he owned one-half section of land near this town. He was twice married, his first union being with Miss Mary Tennyson, of Gold Beach, Oregon, who passed away in 1882, leaving three children: Fred, of Ellensburg, Washington; Jessie, who is the wife of James Pepper, of Phoenix, Arizona; and Edith, the wife of Gus Schubert of Athena, Oregon. In 1889 he married Miss Addie V. Woodruff, who as a young woman had removed to Nebraska

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and later to Kansas, where she engaged in teaching. Thence she went to Spokane, Washington, where she again engaged in the profession of teaching. Subsequently she taught in Pasco, Washington, where she met Mr. Clark. By Joshua Clark's second marriage eight children were born, six of whom survive. They are: Paul, of this review; and Grace, Hazel, Earl, Jean and Fay, all of whom with the exception of Grace who is a trained nurse in the St. Joseph's Hospital at Phoenix, Arizona, are living at home. The father was a democrat, and was a member of the Modern Woodmen of America. He was progressive, widely known and a prominent man in his community. He passed away, January 17, 1909.

Paul Clark was reared under the parental roof and acquired his education in the common schools. In the spring of 1911 he and his mother purchased the feed barn at Albee, of which he is now the efficient manager. The mother, Mrs. Clark, is a cultured, capable woman, and now has charge of her hotel, and through her excellent management meets with much success. She is greatly interested in education and uses every effort to give her children the best advantages possible. Paul Clark, brought up by his capable mother, has had excellent training in both business and social life, and is one of the promising young men of Camas valley. He is well liked and highly honored by all who know him.

C. H. VOEGTLY, one of Harney county's successful men, has been in Oregon since 1886 and has been actively identified with the hardware trade of that county for a little more than twenty years. He is a native of Allegheny, Pennsylvania, born on January 8, 1861, and is a son of Nicholas H. and Mary (Steiner) Voegtly, also natives of Pennsylvania. The family is of Swiss origin and was founded in America by Nicholas Voegtly, the great-grandfather of our subject, who left Switzerland for the United States in 1807 and in 1811 he returned with his family. His eldest son, Nicholas Voegtly, Jr., bought a tract of land then known as Dutchtown in Allegheny county, where he farmed and worked at his trade until his death at the age of eighty years. His son, the father of our subject, spent his school days in Allegheny, where he engaged in the flour and sawmill business for several years. His mills stood upon land a portion of which is now occupied by the great plant of the Heinz pickle works. He took an active part in local public affairs all during his life and was one of the most prominent residents of Allegheny. He served a number of terms in the Pennsylvania state legislature and was elected mayor of his city in 1888. His death occurred in 1893, when he was fifty-nine years of age. His wife survived him until 1911, when she died at the age of seventy-four years.

C. H. Voegtly was the second in a family of seventeen children. He was reared at home and educated in the public schools of Allegheny. He later attended the Western University at Pittsburg and after his graduation learned the machinist's trade, working for some time in the employ of the Westinghouse Electric Company. He has in his possession a number of old books and documents relating to his family history and dating back over two hundred years. He is the owner of a certificate of apprenticeship, dated December 19, 1883, and written with one of the first typewriters used in Pittsburg. The certificate is entirely in capital letters and is signed by the secretary of the Fort Pitt foundry and speaks in the highest terms of Mr. Voegtly's ability as a machinist. He also has a valuable document of a similar nature which belonged to his great-grandfather in 1764 and which states that the latter had served his full apprenticeship to the shoemaker's trade.

In 1886 Mr. Voegtly removed from Pennsylvania to Oregon and engaged in herding cattle and horses in Grant county for six years. The name of part of the county was later changed to Harney and Mr. Voegtly is still a resident of that section. He became interested in the hardware business in 1891, when he bought the stock of Calvin Geer. The store stood upon the lot adjoining his present location and Mr. Voegtly made important improvements and additions to the property and conducted business there until 1899. He still owns the original building and is now using it as a warehouse and machine shop. In 1899 he erected his present large and modern hardware store, which is a beautiful brick building with stone facings, two stories high and has a floor space of twenty-five by ninety feet. Mr. Voegtly utilizes the lower story for his business and carries a general stock of heavy and shelf hardware. He also carries an extensive line of farm implements and carriages and is well known in Harney county as a progressive and up-to-date merchant. He has the agency for the John Deere Plow Company and carries a full line of their implements. Beside his hardware business Mr. Voegtly is the owner of a large amount of farm land in Harney county. His residence is situated upon one hundred and sixty acres adjoining Burns. The city is built up to the farm on the north side and makes his property extremely valuable. It is in such a condition that it could easily be laid off into town lots and will in a few years be made into city property.

Mr. Voegtly has been twice married. In December, 1894, he wedded Miss Mary Tupker, a daughter of A. Tupker, of California, and they became the parents of two children: Nicholas H., now a student in the Burns public schools; and Mary Flora, now deceased. Mr. Voegtly's first wife died March 1, 1900, and one year later he was again married. His second wife was Luella Williams, a daughter of M. F. Williams, a former resident of Ohio, who is now living in Canyon City. Mr. Voegtly is the father of two children by his second marriage: Charles Raymond, now attending the public schools of Burns; and Frank L., deceased. The family residence is an elegantly equipped modern home which Mr. Voegtly erected in 1907. He has a private acetylene gas plant and a steel garage

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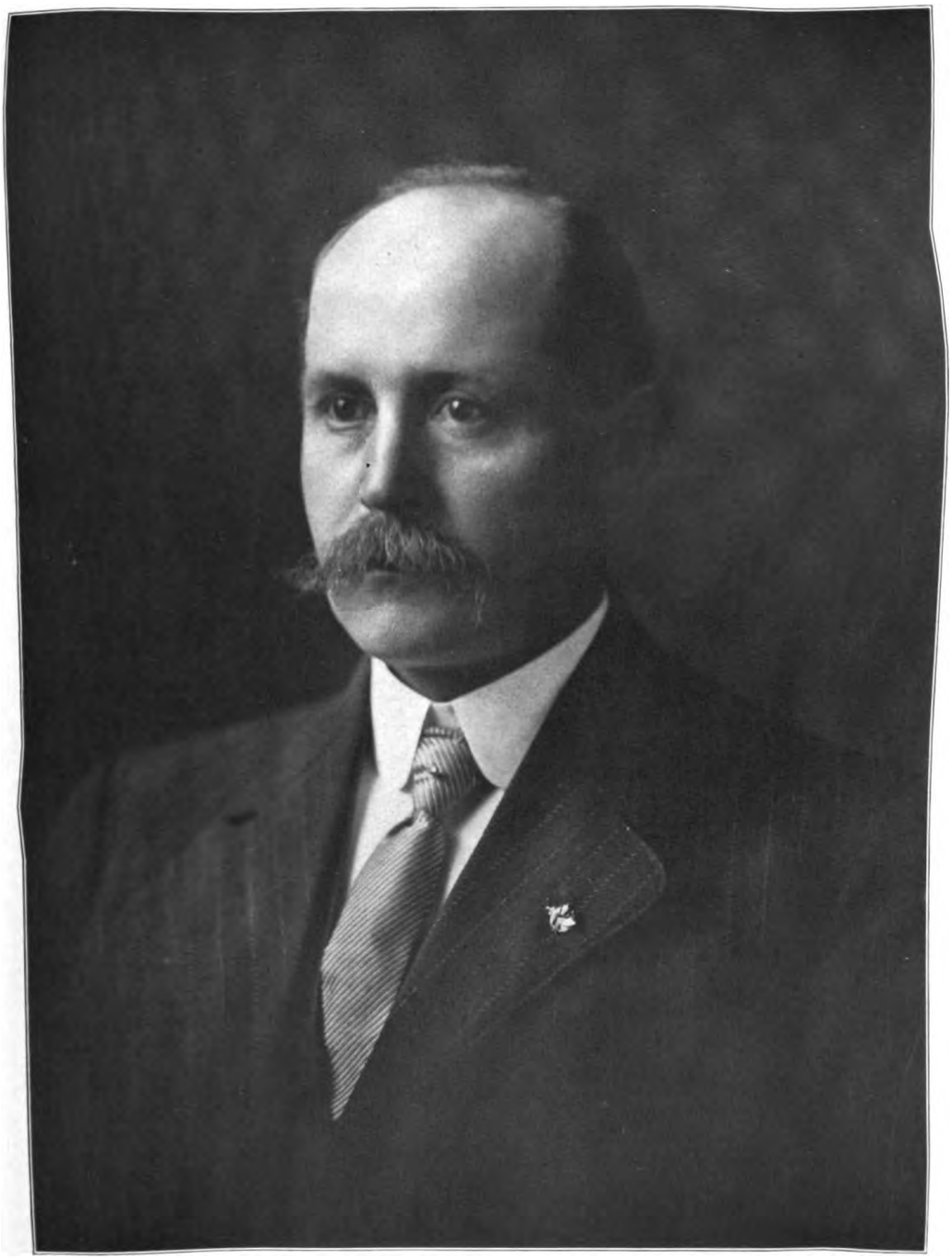

C. H. Voigtly.

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upon the place. The house stands in the midst of one hundred and sixty acres of improved farm land adjoining the city of Burns and is one of the most pleasant and beautiful homes in Harney county.

Politically Mr. Voegtly gives his allegiance to the republican party and has in the past served as a member of the city council. He is prominent in Masonry, belonging to the blue lodge, the chapter in Canyon City, the commandery in Baker, the consistory in Portland and is also a member of the Mystic Shrine. He is one of the most prosperous and successful business men in Harney county and by his power of organization and his discriminating judgment has built up one of the most flourishing mercantile establishments in this section of the country.

LEANDER LEBECK. A distinguished financier has said: "If you do not succeed do not place the blame on circumstances or environment but where it belongs—on yourself; success is won by the price of earnest, self-denying effort." This statement finds verification in the lives of those who have made failures and those who have attained prosperity. Mr. Lebeck is numbered with the leading business men of Astoria who have gained their advancement through energy and determination, guided by sound judgment. He is today one of the leading contractors of the northwest, his industrial interests making constant demand upon his time. He was born in Finland in 1863, a son of John and Annie Lebeck, who were residents of that country until called to their final home, the mother passing away in 1874, while the father's death occurred in 1909, when he was eighty-four years of age. He was married three times and of the five children born of the first union only one is still living, a daughter who yet resides in Finland. By the father's second marriage there were four children, two of whom are in America, Leander and Mary, the latter the widow of Leander Haggman and a resident of Astoria. By the father's third marriage there were two children, both of whom are now deceased. His third wife still survives her husband and is yet a resident of Finland.

The youthful days of Leander Lebeck were passed in his native country to the age of seventeen years and his educational advantages were only such as he could secure before he reached the age of nine years. Industry and energy, however, were early developed and awakened in him a realization of the fact that one of the most potent forces in life is diligence. He was seventeen years of age when he crossed the Atlantic, making his way at once to Astoria, where he worked in a lumber yard for a short time. He afterward secured employment on the construction of the city gas works and later engaged in the fishing business with a partner, the connection continuing for four years. On the expiration of that period he turned his attention to the construction business, with which he was connected until 1886, when he extended the scope of his labors to include contract carpentering and construction work. Gradually he has forced his way upward, enlarging the field of his labors until he has gained a place among the foremost contractors and builders of the northwest. He built the greater part of all the docks that front on the Columbia river at Astoria and also the docks on the Washington side of the river. He was the builder of a quarantine station, also of an addition to Napton Mills and the Elmore Cannery. He has likewise erected a great number of the buildings for the Taylor Land Company, also built the railway warehouse and tracks and roadway in Astoria, together with the Calendar dock and roadway. The excellence of his work has stood the test of time and, combined with his reliable business methods, has secured for him a growing patronage that is perhaps second to that of no other contractor operating in Astoria or this section of the state. Substantial evidence of his progress and prosperity is shown in the fact that he owns two of the finest residences of the city and also several other dwellings and additional properties in Astoria. He likewise has one hundred and sixty acres of land near Seaside, on which are six million feet of lumber; a ten acre tract of land near Astoria; and business property at Alderbrook, Oregon.

In 1888 Mr. Lebeck was married to Miss Millie Kaonkkonen, who was born in Gamly Carleby, Finland, a daughter of Wilhelm and Bridget Kaonkkonen, who are still residents of that land. In their family were three sons and three daughters, four of whom are now living in America. The record is as follows: Hilda, the wife of Andrew Omla, still in Finland; Fannie, who is yet living in that country; and Charles, Frank, Fritz and Mrs. Lebeck, all of Astoria. Mr. and Mrs. Lebeck have become the parents of four children but Hilfred, the eldest, died at the age of seven years. Arthur, born July 8, 1893, is attending the high school and is studying architecture. Einard W., born in 1895, is also a high-school student. Hilfred J., born in 1897, is attending a convent, making a special study of music.

Mr. Lebeck and his family are members of the Lutheran church, and his political faith is that of the democratic party.

He has held the office of city councilman of Astoria for six years and was also pilot clerk for three years, after which he resigned. He belongs to the Ancient Order of United Workmen of Astoria, the Knights of Pythias, Con Conley Tribe, No. 7, I. O. R. M., and the Finnish Brotherhood of the World. He is, indeed, a self-made man and as the architect of his own fortunes has builded wisely and well. His record may justly serve as a source of encouragement and inspiration to others, for it indicates clearly that the way is open to ambitious, energetic young men and that the rewards of labor when directed by sound judgment are sure.

CLEMMONS G. SCOTT. For over thirty-five years Clemmons G. Scott, a resident of Carlton, has been identified with the agricultural interests of Yamhill county, and during that time has helped to develop this rich

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farming district in a way which has aided the progress and general improvement of the county as well as given him encouraging and substantial rewards. He was born in Indiana, July 9, 1845, and is the son of William and Sarah (Ferrell) Scott. His grandparents were all natives of Kentucky, but his great-grandfather Scott was born in Ireland. Grandfather Ferrell passed away in Kentucky but the three other grandparents died in Indiana. William Scott was one of five children, three sons and two daughters, all of whom are deceased with the exception of Mrs. Martha Bartlett, of Bartlettsville, Indiana. Mrs. Scott was one of eight children, all of whom are now deceased. Mr. and Mrs. Scott were married in 1842 and in 1865 crossed the plains with ox teams, coming direct to Yamhill county and first locating near Dayton. Purchasing one hundred and sixty acres near Wheatland almost immediately, they removed there and made that farm their home until after Mrs. Scott's death, when they sold it. At the time of its purchase there was a house on it and they were able to take immediate possession and begin to clear land, a task which occupied Mr. Scott thereafter, and when he sold it shortly before his death, all except ten or fifteen acres had been brought under a state of cultivation. Mrs. Scott's death preceded that of her husband by about five years. They were the parents of five children, namely: Clemmons G., the subject of this review; Harmon, an agriculturist of Pullman, Washington, and the father of three children; Mrs. Martha Addison, the mother of four children, who is living on a farm at Dayton, Oregon; Mrs. Elizabeth Fishback, deceased, who was formerly of Monmouth, Oregon, and the mother of nine children; and Vardemon, who died at Salem, Oregon, in 1910.

Clemmons G. Scott started out for himself at the age of twenty-two years, having remained at home and assisted his father on the farm until his marriage. He began his independent career by renting a farm which he cultivated for eight years. He then purchased two hundred and eighteen acres near Carlton, in Yamhill county, and made that his home until 1905. Selling this property, he moved to what was known as the Hibbard place, having purchased it some time previous. Here he remained until the spring of 1910, when he sold the farm and bought thirty-eight acres within the city limits of Carlton, where he is now living a retired life. It is a valuable and attractive property and one of the finest in Carlton, being modern in all its appointments, and well suited for the home of one of the town's most prominent and respected citizens.

Mr. Scott has been twice married. His first union was with Miss Mahala A. McCutcheon, who was born in Iowa in 1847 and died in Yamhill county in 1904. By this marriage he had three children, namely: James W., who resides in Carlton and is the father of one son; William, who is principal of the Forest Grove public schools; Mrs. Sarah Tucker, who is a resident of Corvallis, where Mr. Tucker is a hardware merchant. Mr. Scott's second marriage, in September, 1906, was to Mrs. Mary A. Fouts, the daughter of W. T. Kutch, of Carlton, who was born in Iowa in 1859. By her former marriage she was the mother of the following six children, all living in Carlton: William, Mrs. Lydia Steward, Mrs. Sadie Armbrose, Roy, Braxton and Carl, the two latter residing with Mr. Scott and assisting him with his farm work. No children have been born to Mr. Scott by his second marriage.

Mr. Scott is a democrat and although he has not sought public office, he has served as road supervisor. He is a member of the Grange and of the Baptist church, although his parents belonged to the Christian church. For twenty-four years he has served as superintendent of a Sunday school in Carlton. His chief interest in social welfare has been in the schools and he has served in many positions relating to those in his district. His life activities have all been along the lines of progress and development and the energetic, persistent adherence to duty which he has manifested has been effective and is most praiseworthy. He has well earned the place he now occupies as one of Carlton's most successful and esteemed citizens.

KARL KNOBLOCH, who is conducting a blacksmith shop at the corner of Thirteenth and Duane streets, Astoria, was born in Torneo, Finland, on the 17th of March, 1868. His parents, Ludvig M. and Hannah M. (Berg) Knobloch, were natives of Germany and Sweden respectively. They were married in the latter country but soon thereafter crossed the border into Finland, where they resided for some years then returned to Sweden and there the father passed away in 1894, but the mother still survives at the venerable age of seventy-two years. Of this union there were born eighteen children, of whom our subject is the only one to have become a citizen of the United States.

Karl Knobloch was only a youth of eighteen years when he broke the home ties and crossed the Atlantic to the United States. He was already a graduate of the high school of his native land, where he had also learned the trade of blacksmithing. He first located in the vicinity of Tower, in St. Louis county, Minnesota, where he clerked for four years, after which he bought out a blacksmith shop. After operating his shop for about eighteen months, he decided to see more of the western portion of the United States and traveled from state to state unil 1893, when he came to Astoria. He remained here but a brief period, going away for six years, at the expiration of which time he returned. In 1903 he bought a blacksmith shop in West Astoria that he operated for three years then disposing of it, purchased his present stand. He is associated with J. H. Saarinen in this establishment, which they are conducting as a general repairing and horse-shoeing place. The undertaking is proving highly successful and very lucrative, being one of three similar places conducted in a town of thirteen thousand inhabitants.

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In Astoria, on the 30th of June, 1900, was solemnized the marriage of Mr. Knobloch and Miss Edla Rimpela, who was born in Kalvia, Finland, where she lost her parents during her infancy. Four children were born to Mr. and Mrs. Rimpela, two of whom are still living in Finland. Mrs. Knobloch came to America alone in 1891 settling in Astoria, where her sister Josie afterward passed away. Of the marriage of Mr. and Mrs. Knobloch there has been born one son, Ludvig Oliver, whose birth occurred on the 11th of January, 1905.

Mr. and Mrs. Knobloch affiliate with the Lutheran church and he is also a member of the Knights of Pythias fraternity, the Modern Woodmen of America, the Moose order and the Finnish Brotherhood, all of which organizations are located in Astoria. He casts his ballot in support of the republican party and is at present serving as a member of the city council. He has always been most loyal and patriotic in matters of citizenship, and served for three years in the United States cavalry before the Spanish war, and for five years he was a member of the Wyoming state militia, and is first lieutenant in the Oregon state militia. All community matters that are subject to improvement, particularly those affecting the temperance question enlist his indorsement and cooperation. Mr. Knobloch is quite a linguist, speaking Swedish, Finish, German and English and he is also a very good musician and has taught music. He has traveled extensively in this country and has also seen a good deal of Europe, and having been a close observer has benefited very much by what he has seen. Good success has attended his efforts since he has been in Astoria and in addition to his business property he owns a handsome residence and two hundred and forty acres of timberland in the state of Washington.

J. D. JONES, who for twenty-one years was successfully identified with the agricultural and stock-raising interests of Tillamook county, is now living practically retired in Tillamook, where he owns a beautiful residence and devotes his energies to transactions in real estate. He was born in Pennsylvania on the 4th of October, 1841, and is a son of Willard and Hannah (Donalson) Jones, the mother also a native of the Keystone state, while the father was born in the state of New York. The family were residing in Pennsylvania at the time of the father's death, but the mother passed away in Ohio. There were five children born unto Mr. and Mrs. Jones, as follows: Ephraim, who is a resident of New York state; Levi, who lives in Pennsylvania; J. D., our subject; and two daughters who are deceased.

Agricultural pursuits have engaged the attention of J. D. Jones during the greater part of his life, his boyhood and youth having been spent on a farm in his native state. His early years did not differ in particular from those of other lads of the same period and like circumstances, his time being quite equally divided between the work of the school room, the performance of such tasks as were assigned by parental authority and those pastimes that delight the heart of all country boys. He acquired a common-school education after which he gave his entire attention to the work of the home farm until he had attained his majority, when he set to work for himself. For four years thereafter he rented land in Pennsylvania that he cultivated, then laying aside agricultural pursuits he engaged in milling for about eight years. At the expiration of that time he went to Ohio, continuing milling operations there until his removal to Indiana, where he resided for six years. In 1877 he came west, locating in Polk county, Oregon, and there for five years he engaged in ranching, subsequently locating in Yamhill county where he followed the same pursuit for two years. From there he removed to Tillamook county, where he filed on one hundred and sixty acres of land on Big creek, Nestucca, in the vicinity of Tucker Falls. The cultivation and improvement of this engaged his attention for twenty-one years thereafter, his efforts being rewarded in a most gratifying manner. He made a specialty of stock-raising and dairying, realizing lucrative returns from both owing to the judicious management and capable direction of his interests. Believing implicitly in the wonderful possibilites this country afforded both agriculturally and commercially, Mr. Jones invested his capital in real estate, acquiring, together with his sons, eleven hundred and twenty acres of valuable land in Tillamook county. They have recently disposed of two hundred acres of this at a handsome profit, but still own nine hundred and twenty acres, in addition to some property in Tillamook. In 1906, Mr. Jones decided to withdraw from the exacting activities of ranching and coming to Tillamook erected a beautiful residence where he is now living practically retired. He gives his personal attention to the supervision of his property and also engages in some real-estate transactions, having lived too active a life to be contented to do nothing.

On the 18th of October, 1862, Mr. Jones was united in marriage to Miss Mary P. Lowell, who was born in the state of New York and is a daughter of Daniel and Mary A. (Wiseman) Lowell. Her parents were both natives of the state of Maine, but were living in Ohio at the time of their death and there they were both laid to rest. The family of Mr. and Mrs. Lowell numbered five, two of whom are now deceased. Unto Mr. and Mrs. Jones there have been born four children: Mattie, the wife of Charles Buell, of Vancouver, Washington; Clarence H., who is living in Portland; and Duett L. and R. A., both of whom make their home in Tillamook county.

In political matters Mr. Jones is a republican, but has never been an office seeker, while Mrs. Jones is a member of the Methodist Episcopal church. He is now one of the very prosperous residents of Tillamook, but in order to attain this position both he and his wife endured all of the hardships and pri-

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vations incident to pioneering, their determination of purpose and confidence in the ultimate successful outcome of their undertaking sustaining them despite many disappointments and misfortunes.

JOHN B. HERRIOTT is one of the progressive men of Jackson county, Oregon. He is the proprietor and owner of a fine sawmill property located on Big Applegate creek, in Jackson county, where he resides. He is a native son of Oregon, his birth having occurred November 29, 1885, his parents being William W. and Amanda E. (Knox) Herriott. The father was a native of Pittsburg, Pennsylvania, while the mother was born in Hancock county, Illinois. The parents of Mrs. Amanda E. Herriott emigrated to the Applegate valley from the Willamette valley in the year 1859, locating at Murphy in Josephine county, where they filed upon a donation claim still occupied by the maternal grandparent of our subject, Mrs. Sarah Knox, who is now eighty-one years of age. At fifteen years of age William W. Herriott, in company with another boy of the same age, crossed the plains, reaching Oregon some time in the early '50s. After his marriage he lived for some time at Steamboat, at which place he owned the famous Steamboat mine, at that time the richest mine in the state. This property he eventually sold to a Chinese company and later purchased a ranch on Thompson creek and some time afterward he bought the present home ranch one mile southeast of Applegate postoffice. Here he spent the remaining days of his life, reaching the end of his earthly pilgrimage in 1898. His wife was called to her final rest on the 27th of February, 1909.

John B. Herriott was reared in his father's home and educated in the common schools. At present he is associated with his brothers, Thomas and George, in the lumber business, the brothers owning their own mill on Big Applegate creek in Jackson county. He also owns a small ranch on which he has established a comfortable home.

On the 30th of March, 1911, Mr. Herriott was united in marriage to Miss Maud M. Pernoll, a daughter of William Pernoll, of whom more extended mention is made in connection with the sketch of John W. Pernoll on another page of this work. Mr. Herriott is affiliated with the republican party, following the standard of that dominant organization in its national and state campaigns. He is one of the progressive, live citizens of Jackson county and is always a ready supporter of every measure tending to the improvement of the community in which he lives.

THOMAS W. HERRIOTT is the owner of a ranch containing ninety-four acres, located on Big Applegate creek in Jackson county, and is also associated with his brothers, John B. and George, in the manufacture of lumber. He is a native of this state and was born on March 10, 1872, his parents being William W. and Amanda E. (Knox) Herriott, of whom more extended mention is made in the preceding sketch of John B. Herriott, a brother of our subject.

Thomas W. Herriott left his father's home at the age of sixteen and became an apprenticed blacksmith. Mastering the trade, he continued to follow this vocation for a period of sixteen years, during which time he conducted his own shop for a number of years in Central Point. He afterward purchased the home farm of ninety-four acres on Big Applegate creek, to which he removed and where he has maintained his residence for several years past. He is associated with his brothers, George and John B., in the manufacture of all grades of lumber, their mill being located on Big Applegate creek in Jackson county. In this business the brothers have been very successful. In addition to this manufacturing enterprise they have also constructed a large, serviceable dam and extensive water power plant on the Big Applegate river, which provides an abundance of water for the irrigation of all their farm lands.

In the year 1902 Mr. Herriott was married to Miss Helen Grieve, a sister of the present efficient county recorder of Jackson county. In politics he is a devoted and loyal member of the republican party, while fraternally he is identified with the Independent Order of Odd Fellows and the Modern Woodmen of America. Mr. Herriott is one of the progressive men of this section of the state. His integrity of character and warm-hearted friendship have been helpful in making personal friends of his acquaintances, and he is regarded throughout Jackson county as one of its reliable, progressive and substantial citizens.

THOMAS F. LATHROP, a resident of Wallowa, has since January, 1911, been employed in the government forestry service, having charge of district 7, Wallowa National Forest Reserve. He was born in Summerville, Union county, Oregon, August 27, 1877, a son of Thomas M. and Elizabeth (Fox) Lathrop, the father a native of Fort Wayne, Indiana, and the mother of Missouri. Thomas M. Lathrop was a volunteer at the outbreak of the Civil war and he served throughout the entire period of hostility. After the close of the war he enlisted in the regular army and spent four years on the plains, fighting the Indians, his regiment being stationed at Fort Leavenworth, Kansas. There he met and married Miss Elizabeth Fox and in 1870 they crossed the plains to Oregon. For the first three or four years of their residence here they lived in the western part of the state and then removed to eastern Oregon, locating in Union county, near Summerville. In the spring of 1882 they came to Wallowa county, where they homesteaded one hundred and sixty acres of land in the Leap country, nine miles east of Wallowa, and where they have resided for the past thirty years. Thomas M. Lathrop is a democrat in politics and for several years has served as road overseer in his district.

Thomas F. Lathrop grew to manhood on his father's farm and acquired his early edu-

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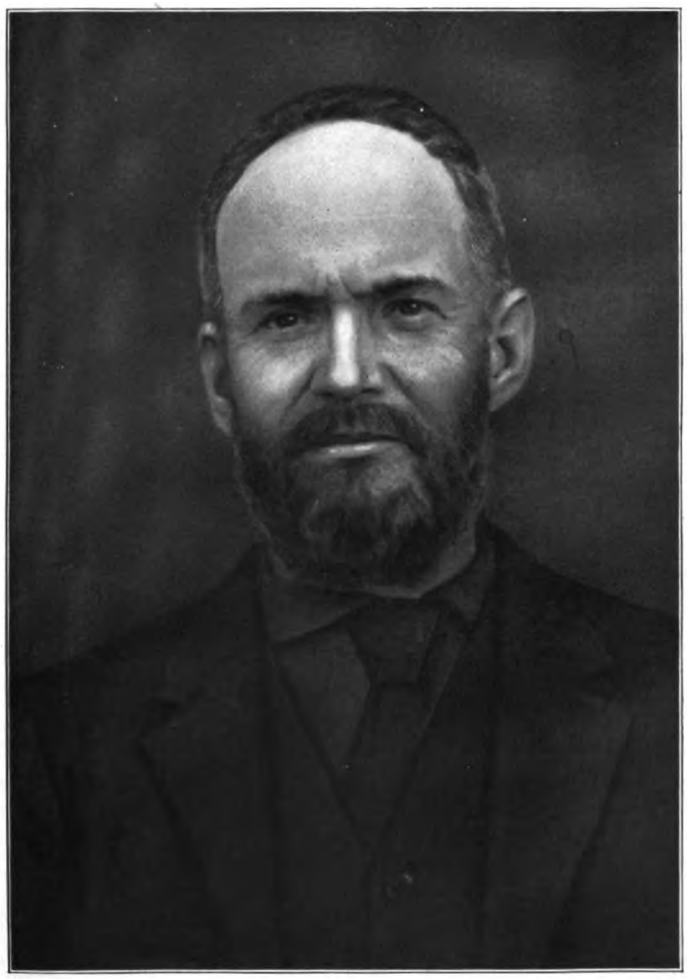

WILLIAM W. HERRIOTT

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cation in the public schools. When he was twenty years of age he started out in life for himself, going to Montana, where he engaged in the sawmill business for five years, during which time he saved one thousand dollars. He then intended to go to Alaska but met with a country minister, with whom he had worked in a sawmill and who persuaded him to use his money in the acquiring of an education. Therefore, he went to Wayne, Nebraska, where he entered the State Normal school. Enrolling as a student there, he completed the four years' course in three years, attending fifty weeks out of fifty-two weeks each year. During his last year at this institution he taught review arithmetic, for his board. He finished this course in the spring of 1905 and then returned to Oregon, where for one and one-half years he taught in the Wallowa county schools. Then, in company with his brother Duane, he engaged in the sawmill business, operating a mill eight miles east of Wallowa. He was identified with this work until in 1910, when he sold his interest in the mill and in January, 1911, was appointed to the forestry reserve, in which position he is now ably serving.

In 1906 Mr. Lathrop wedded Miss Zelnie Downing, of Wallowa, Oregon, and to this union have been born two children, Thelma and Thekla. In his political views Mr. Lathrop is republican and he cast his first vote for William McKinley. Fraternally he belongs to Wallowa Lodge, I. O. O. F. Mrs. Lathrop is a member of the Methodist Episcopal church. Mr. Lathrop is recognized as a prosperous young business man and his advancement in life is not the outcome of propitious circumstances but the honest reward of labor, ambition and energy.

MILTON METCALF GILMAN. The late Milton Metcalf Gilman was born in Holloway, Maine, November 8, 1810, where his parents, Moses and Mary Gilman, passed away. At the age of ten years Milton Metcalf Gilman broke home ties and started out in the world to seek his fortune. A few years later he became a sailor on a sailing vessel; a reliable man, ambitious and diligent, he was advanced in the service and ultimately was made captain, continuing to follow the sea during the remainder of his life. He removed to Oregon in 1850. For many years after he came to Astoria he was a sea pilot, bringing in vessels over the bar, also acting as river pilot between Astoria and Portland.

In 1875 Mr. Gilman was united in marriage to Miss Laura Hare, who was born in Ohio, and was of English extraction. Mrs. Gilman is a daughter of the late Joseph and Ellen Hare, the father a native of England and the mother of Virginia. They were married in the latter state, subsequently moving to Ohio where they resided for a time, proceeding to St. Paul, Minnesota. There the father died and a few years later the mother came to Astoria, to make her home with her daughter, Mrs. Gilman. Here she continues to reside and in February last celebrated the one hundredth anniversary of her birth. Of the union of Mr. and Mrs. Hare nine children were born, all of whom are deceased with the exception of two daughters.

Mr. and Mrs. Gilman always attended the services of the Episcopal church of which she is a communicant and Mr. Gilman was a member of the Masonic order for a great many years.

J. J. CARY. Among the successful agriculturists of Yamhill county is J. J. Cary, who resides four and one-half miles southeast of Carlton and who was born February 14, 1845, his parents being Miles and Cyrena B. (Taylor) Cary, the former a native of Kentucky and the latter of Virginia. They were married in Kentucky and lived there for two years before removing to Missouri, where they made their home for several years previous to crossing the plains and coming to Oregon in 1843. This trip across the plains was a very hard one for the parents. When they left Missouri they had their four children with them, but by the time they arrived at Oregon City, Oregon, where they lived for two years, they had lost two by death, one having died at Fort Bridges and the other at Linnton, Oregon. Leaving Oregon City, they came to Carlton and remained here until 1849, when they joined the great army going to California. It was during their residence in Carlton that their son, J. J. Cary, was born. Returning to Oregon in 1850, they took up a donation claim near St. Joseph and until the father's death, in 1858, this was their home. After this the family settled in La Fayette and while there six of the children died, three sons and three daughters. Mr. and Mrs. Cary were the parents of twelve children, all of whom except J. J. and Mariette have died. The eldest died in infancy, and the names of the others are as follows: Robert, Martha Ann, Catherine, William, Miles, J. J., Wesley, Cyrena, Mariette, Lucy and Nancy.

J. J. Cary made his independent start in life at the age of twenty-one years, when he purchased one hundred and thirty-seven acres of land, paying twenty-five dollars down and gaining a clear title to the remainder after paying twelve per cent on the balance. At different times he has bought three farms and now owns one hundred acres, all of which is cleared and in a state of high cultivation. His efforts to gain a home and a comfortable income shows persistency, energy and determination as strong traits in his character.

In 1868 he was married to Sarah Perkins a native of Iowa and the daughter of George W. and Harriette (Herndon) Perkins, who were the parents of eight children, namely: Mary Elizabeth and George M., deceased; Mrs. Cary; Edgar, who resides in La Fayette, Oregon; Mary J., a resident of Portland; Emeline, who is residing in La Fayette; Delmar, of Carlton; Jerry C., deceased, who was scalded to death upon the plains by having a large pot of water turned upon him. When Mr. and Mrs. Perkins crossed the plains in 1853, Mrs. Cary was a child of but

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five years, and since that time her entire life has been spent in the west. For the last ten years the Cary family home has been on the sixty-eight acres of an old donation land claim which she owns. To Mr. and Mrs. Cary three children have been born: Elma, deceased; Edwes, who resides in Yamhill county; and George, deceased. Edwes Cary received a business education and for a time taught school. He is now successfully engaged in the dairy business and keeps only registered Jersey cows. He is such an excellent judge of cattle that he is a director of registered stock at the state fair.

Mr. Cary accords his political support to the democratic party but has never sought office as a reward for his party loyalty. His has been a life devoted to the agricultural pursuits he began when a young man and the success due to a life's earnest endeavor has been his reward.

JOHN HJ. SAARINEN is a member of the firm of Saarinen & Knobloch, engaged in iron work and general blacksmithing at Astoria. Like many another worthy and representative resident of this city, he was born in Finland, his natal day being November 28, 1873. His parents were John and Erika Saarinen, both of whom were natives of Finland, where the mother died in the year 1911. The father is still residing there, as are five of their seven children, while two are residents of the new world.

In his youthful days John Hj. Saarinen devoted his time to the acquirement of an education and to such tasks as occupied his attention after he had put aside his textbooks and entered the business world. He made steady but slow advancement and, thinking that it would be too difficult to gain a comfortable fortune in that country where labor brought but comparatively slow returns, he resolved to come to the United States and in 1903 sailed for the new world, first settling in Astoria, where he engaged in fishing for nine months. He afterward spent two months in an iron and blacksmith shop but, desiring that his labors should more directly benefit himself, he formed a partnership with a Mr. Asp in 1904 and established a smithy, which they carried on for seven years. Mr. Saarinen then removed to his present location and formed a partnership with Karl Knobloch. They built a fine large plant and are still successfully carrying on business, doing iron work and general blacksmithing. They have secured liberal and gratifying patronage, owing to the excellence of their work and the straightforward business methods which they employ.

Mr. Saarinen's home life in Astoria had its beginning in 1909, when he wedded Miss Katie Hapaniemi, who was born in Finland and came to the United States in the year her marriage was celebrated. Her parents are Michael and Caroline Hapaniemi, who are still residents of Finland. Four of their children, however, are in America, namely: Evert, Verner, Fannie and Katie. Mr. and Mrs. Saarinen have but one son, Arthur J., who was born in 1910. The parents are both well educated, having been high-school students in their native land, and they have a warm circle of friends among people who regard intelligence and worth as the best passports to good society. They are members of the Lutheran church and Mr. Saarinen belongs to the Knights of Pythias lodge at Astoria. As the years pass by his love for his adopted country becomes deeper and deeper and no native son of America is a more stalwart champion of the institutions and interests of this country.

JOHN C. ARMSTRONG, who resides five and one-quarter miles northeast of Carlton, was born in Marion county, Oregon, near Silverton, in 1866. He is the son of Thaddeus and Maggie (Bentz) Armstrong, the former born in Iowa in 1839 and the latter in 1841 in Ohio. The parents were married in 1863 while living in Nebraska and the following year they crossed the plains with ox teams, remaining in Idaho for the first winter. On arriving in Oregon they settled at Silverton and engaged in the sawmill business, Thaddeus Armstrong associating himself with his father and brothers. The father was a skilled carpenter and worked at his trade for many years. Today John Armstrong has in his possession a broadax which was given to his grandfather by General Curtis, who had been a boyhood friend and with whom he had worked in later years. Mr. Armstrong continued in the sawmill business with his sons for many years. At one time his mill was washed away but he speedily rebuilt it and at different times he had mills advantageously situated in various places. At such times as he was not engaged in the operation of a mill, he farmed, built bridges, barns and houses.

John C. Armstrong was the second of three children, his two sisters being: Mary, the wife of Egbert Simons, an agriculturist residing in La Center, Washington; and Annie, the wife of Oliver S. Andrews, of Portland, Oregon.

Mr. Armstrong started in life for himself at the age of thirty years. Prior to this time he had stayed at home and farmed with his father. In 1882 they removed to eastern Oregon, taking up a land claim of twelve hundred acres and engaging in cattle and stock-raising and in farming, but as the crops were rather uncertain they went over into Washington. Here they remained for seven years, purchasing four hundred acres upon which to start farming and adding one hundred and sixty acres later on. All of this was good grain land and they devoted their time to raising wheat. The father spent his life in agricultural pursuits as long as he was actively engaged but now he is retired and is living in Salem.

John C. Armstrong was married to Weltha C. Todd, June 16, 1898. Mrs. Armstrong was born in 1879 in Iowa and was the daughter of Ozro J. and Rebecca (Hoff) Todd. Mr. and Mrs. Todd were the parents of seven children, namely: Emily, who was born January 20, 1863, and is the wife of Isaac

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Bunnell, of The Dalles, Oregon; Archibald, born January 29, 1872, and now residing in Adams county, Washington; Martha, who was born January 11, 1876, and is now deceased; Weltha, who was born September 29, 1879, and died March 3, 1911, and who was the wife of the subject of this sketch; Ina Bell, who was born March 29, 1882, and is the wife of J. C. Kaidra, a bank cashier in Centerville, Washington; Clara Louise, born January 11, 1885, and now deceased; and Esther, who was born December 4, 1886, and is the wife of W. J. Sullivan, of The Dalles, Oregon. In 1888 Mrs. Armstrong came to Oregon with her parents and later settled in Washington. Mr. and Mrs. Armstrong are the parents of the following children: Jo. Willis, born May 11, 1899; Hugh Todd, who was born May 7, 1900; Ella Maud, who was born September 28, 1901; George W., born February 22, 1904; Robert Spencer, who was born July 8, 1907; Maggie May, born October 19, 1908; and Weltha Marie, who was born July 13, 1910. They are all living at home and the four older ones are attending school.

After returning from Washington and at about the time of his marriage, Mr. Armstrong purchased one hundred and eighty-eight acres in the Chahalem valley and he is still residing on this farm, it being his desire to keep up a home for his children. One hundred and thirty acres of his home land which is in a high state of cultivation, is a part of the old Doris donation land claim. In the '50s this was bought for five dollars an acre and now is worth one hundred and forty dollars per acre. This fact alone shows what intelligent labor has done to develop this district. In addition to the interest Mr. Armstrong has shown in his agricultural pursuits, he has also given much attention to the schools in his district. Having received a high-school education himself and being a graduate of the Portland Business College, he can appreciate the value of an education, and besides his desire to give his children any college training they may care to take, he also tries to give some well directed attention to the schools which the youth of his community attend. Mr. Armstrong is a stanch republican and gives his support to that party, firmly believing that the republican policies are the best we have for aiding the material development of the west. He is a student of all that pertains to social welfare and relating to many vital issues of the day his judgment and advice are held to be highly valuable.

ADOLPH LEVY, who passed away at Union on the 5th of October, 1895, was long numbered among the town's most respected and substantial citizens and for a number of years was actively engaged in business there as the proprietor of a general mercantile store. His birth occurred in Wurtemberg, Germany, on the 4th of June, 1835. In early manhood he crossed the Atlantic to the United States, locating at Stockton, California, and applying for his first naturalization papers on the 13th of April, 1857. On the 22d of March, 1867, at Oregon City, he was admitted to full citizenship by Judge E. B. Shattuck. After some years' residence in California, during which he was engaged in business, he became a resident of Oregon and for a time conducted his interests in the city of John Day, now in Grant county. Subsequently he took up his abode in Oregon City and there continued in business until 1878, when he removed to Union, where the remainder of his life was spent. There he purchased an interest in the general store of Sommers and Baer and later bought out the partners, conducting the enterprise under his own name until within a short time of his demise, when his sons, Leon and Milton S., purchased the business. His undertakings were attended with a gratifying measure of prosperity, for he was a man of excellent executive ability, sound judgment and keen discrimination.

On the 5th of August, 1862, at San Francisco, Mr. Levy was united in marriage to Miss Babette Wertheimer, by whom he had the following children: Leon, a review of whose career follows; Julius A., who is engaged in the book and stationery business at Walla Walla, Washington; Minnie, now Mrs. J. Block, of Portland; Lily, whose demise occurred in 1894; Helen, the widow of Max Lewin; Milton S., a sketch of whom also follows; G. S., who is engaged in the drug business; and Stella and Edna, both at home.

Adolph Levy gave his political allegiance to the democratic party and took an active interest in local, state and national affairs but neither desired nor courted office. His fellow townsmen, however, frequently called him to serve as councilor or alderman and in this capacity he ably represented their interests. Fraternally he was identified with the Masons, belonging to Grande Ronde Valley Lodge, No. 56, in which he filled all of the chairs. In a biography written by a brother Mason and published in one of the local papers at the time of his demise, the loss of Mr. Levy is mourned as that of an honorable and respected citizen who was possessed of a warm, sympathetic and generous heart and who was both neighbor and brother to the destitute and unfortunate. His widow, who still survives him, is equally well known for her many excellent traits of heart and mind.

LEON LEVY, the eldest child in his father's family, acquired his education in Oregon City and removed with his parents to Union in 1878. As above stated, he and his brother, Milton S., purchased the general store of their father, and they conducted the same in partnership until Leon bought his brother's interest. At the present time he is carrying on the enterprise independently and the large patronage which he enjoys is a compliment to his ability and acumen as a merchant. He also owns a farm of three hundred and sixty acres within three miles of Union and is operating the same in connection with his mercantile interests, specializing in high grade stock. One of his horses

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is a grandson of Electioneer. He likewise raises heavy draft horses from registered stock and makes a specialty of registered Jersey cattle. As a raiser of hogs he favors Berkshires and in his breeding pen has a son of "Masterpiece," who was considered the finest hog in the world. Leon Levy is a Master Mason and a worthy exemplar of that fraternity. In the community where he has now resided for more than a third of a century he is well known and highly esteemed as a representative and prosperous citizen.

M. S. LEVY, a native of Oregon City, obtained his early education there and at Union, later continuing his studies in Leighton Academy. After putting aside his textbooks he entered his father's store and, as above stated, remained identified with mercantile interests until he sold out to his brother Leon. In 1901 he purchased the stallion "Teddy McDonald," a son of "Little Mack" (Shetland pony). Subsequently he bought several mares of high grade stock and engaged in breeding Shetland ponies, now having the largest band of ponies in the western country. He has exhibited at the district fairs in Union and La Grande and has always won the highest honors. His stock farm is at the edge of the city limits, his pasture land being a short distance from the home farm, which comprises two hundred and fifty acres. The climate is adapted for horse raising and disease is practically unknown. On the pasture are hot springs and experiments have shown that the temperature is sufficient to hatch chickens. Mr. Levy's ponies weigh from two hundred to six hundred pounds. The head of the herd at the present time is Kenilworth No. 6168, sired by the champion, Prince of Wales. Mr. Levy's large barns are modernly equipped for the purpose of breeding and raising ponies on an extensive scale and his reputation in this connection is a most enviable one. He belongs to the Knights of Pythias and has attained the thirty-second degree in the Masonic fraternity. His life has been upright and honorable in all its relations and the circle of his friends is an extensive one.

LYMAN M. CHAPMAN, who lives retired at Lostine, Wallowa county, is an honored veteran of the Civil war. He was born in Montgomery county, Indiana, December 18, 1836, the son of Simeon and Jane (Mitchell) Chapman, the former a native of Pennsylvania and the latter of Kentucky. The parents were married in Indiana, to which state they had removed in youth with their parents. After their marriage they resided for about five years in Montgomery county, Indiana, then went to Illinois, and about one year later removed to Crawford county, Missouri, where they resided four years. Subsequently they went to Monroe county, Iowa, while that state was yet a territory. There they took up government land, but later sold the same and took up another claim in Lucas county, Iowa, this being before that county was organized. They resided on this land until their deaths, the father passing away in 1896 at the age of eighty-five and the mother several years earlier.

Lyman M. Chapman grew to manhood on his father's farm in Lucas county and there his opportunities for a school education were very meager. He learned all he could in an old log schoolhouse, with its slab benches and puncheon floor. At the age of twenty-one years he began farming on his own account, living at that time under the parental roof and renting land in the vicinity. He continued farming in Lucas county until August 11, 1862, when he enlisted in the Union army during the Civil war, joining Company G, Thirty-fourth Iowa Infantry, his regiment being assigned to the Army of the Tennessee. He was with Sherman at the attack on Vicksburg and took part in the battle at Arkansas Post, following which he returned to Vicksburg and was there at the time of the surrender of that city. He was then transferred to the Trans-Mississippi Department and going to Texas was with the Banks Red river expedition to the Brandy Core fight. Thence he went up the Mississippi river to Baton Rogue, Louisiana, and subsequently was sent to Pensacola, and later went under the command of Steel around to the rear of Fort Blakely, being present at the surrender of Mobile. He was in Mobile at the time of the great explosion of the ammunition. Shortly afterward he went to Selma, Alabama, where his company was on guard duty for about six weeks. Afterward he was sent to Houston, Texas, where his regiment was stationed at the time of the surrender of Lee and he was mustered out of service at Houston, August 15, 1865. He had served three years. Subsequently he returned to his home farm in Iowa, but in 1870 removed to Nebraska, where he resided for three years and in 1873 came to Oregon, by train to Kelton, Utah, and from there by wagon, having shipped his team and wagon that far. On arriving in Oregon he located in the Grande Ronde valley in Union county, where he lived eight years. In 1881 he came to the Wallowa valley, reaching here March 17 and locating near the head of Parsnip creek, seven miles northeast of Lostine, where he took up a timber claim of one hundred and seventy acres and preempted another one hundred and sixty acres. He resided on this ranch, being engaged in farming and stock-raising until March, 1910, when he sold the same and removed to Lostine, where he has since lived retired.

In Lucas county, Iowa, on the 31st of October, 1861, Mr. Chapman was married to Miss Pleasant P. Wade, a daughter of Waitman T. Wade, who was a pioneer farmer of Lucas county, Iowa. Mr. Wade had removed to Iowa from Pennsylvania and later he went to Appanoose county, Iowa, where his death occurred. His wife was Miss Ruhama Eakins, who died in Lucas county. To Mr. and Mrs. Chapman have been born four children, only two of whom are now living: Jasper J., who is a ranchman residing eight miles east of Lostine; and Edward W., who is at home and is the owner of a ranch and also of town property.

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MR. AND MRS. L. M. CHAPMAN

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In his political views Mr. Chapman is a republican and socially he is a member of the John F. Reynolds Post, No. 15, G. A. R., at Joseph. Mrs. Chapman is a member of the Rebekah lodge and belongs to the Presbyterian church. All his life Mr. Chapman has been active and progressive, and has ever supported all measures of reform and progress. He has a large circle of friends and acquaintances throughout his county and especially deserves mention in this work for the faithful service which he rendered in the Civil war.

L. B. FETTER is a retired farmer, living in Myrtle Point. He has reached the age of eighty-three years, his birth having occurred May 24, 1829. His parents were Christian and Sarah (Lobinger) Fetter, natives of Maryland and Pennsylvania respectively. Removing westward in 1840, they settled in Putnam county, Illinois, where the father engaged in the practice of medicine, in which profession he continued to the time of his death. The mother afterward took up her abode in Evansville, Indiana, where she made her home until called to her final rest.

L. B. Fetter is the only survivor of seven children. He was a youth of eleven years when the family removed to the Mississippi valley and he remained a resident of Illinois until the 29th of February, 1852, when he went to California, attracted by the gold discoveries in that state. For two years he engaged in mining and in the fall of 1854 came to Oregon, and purchased one hundred acres of land near Roseburg, on Deer creek. He cultivated that land for a year and then removed to Coos county. In 1855 he was appointed United States district clerk by Judge M. P. Deady, serving for one year, during the time of the Indian war. Shortly after that he married and removed to his farm, which he afterward sold. He then established his home in the Camas valley, where he homesteaded one hundred and sixty acres, residing thereon for eleven years. Later he disposed of that property to General Holmes and secured another homestead of a quarter section, located on the Coquille river. For thirty-eight years he engaged in its cultivation and improvement and transformed the land into productive fields, from which he annually gathered good harvests. At the end of that time he retired from active life and has since lived at Myrtle Point, enjoying a well merited rest. He still owns this homestead, together with other land which he purchased, making in all two hundred and eighty acres. He is likewise the owner of a fine residence and eight lots in the town.

Mr. Fetter was united in marriage, June 15, 1857, to Miss Julia Day, who was born in Illinois, October 26, 1837, a daughter of Adam and Sarah Day, the former being a veteran of the War of 1812, who in 1853 came to Oregon and died at Roseburg. His wife had previously passed away at their home about twenty-five miles west of Roseburg. All of the children of the Day family are deceased with the exception of Mrs. Fetter, who by her marriage became the mother of eight children, four of whom are still living and are: Sarah Maud, who is the widow of Edward Jennings and resides at Remote, Oregon; Winnie K. Volkmar, of North Yakima, Washington; Hubert, of the Willamette valley; and Lillian Pearl, who is the wife of John P. Hayes, of Rural, Coos county. The deceased were: William, who died in Camas valley, Oregon; John L., who passed away in Alaska; Verner, who also died in Alaska; and Ella B., who died at Salem, Oregon.

Both Mr. and Mrs. Fetter were school teachers in early life. The former pursued his education in Pennsylvania and Illinois and afterward taught school. The latter was educated in Illinois and Oregon, and when but fourteen years of age taught school in a little log building in the former state. Mr. Fetter votes with the democratic party, yet is liberal in his views. Few men of his years keep more thoroughly in touch with the trend of modern thought, political and otherwise, than does he. Our subject is always greatly interested in questions and issues of the day, which he intelligently discusses with his neighbors and friends. He has long been a resident of the northwest and has been an interested witness of its growth and development, at all times bearing his part in the work of public progress.

H. H. WEATHERSPOON, manager of the Elgin Commission Company, which carries on a general warehouse business in this city, was born in Allen county, Kentucky, October 31, 1865, a son of William L. and Ada (Kirby) Weatherspoon, both of whom were natives of Kentucky, in which state they were reared and married. In 1884 they removed to Missouri, locating in Jasper county, where they both passed away, the mother in 1888 and the father in 1898. Both were earnest and devoted members of the Baptist church. The father was a successful farmer and horticulturist.

H. H. Weatherspoon was reared under the parental roof and his early education was very limited, most of it being acquired under his own direction. At the age of twenty-one he started out in life for himself, finding employment with the St. Louis & San Francisco Railroad Company and becoming a station agent at Webb City, Missouri. He later worked at other points in that state, remaining with this company for five years. He then went to Toledo, Ohio, and became a salesman for the Gendron Wheel Company, manufacturers of bicycles. He represented this firm, on the road, for two years and in 1894 went to Chicago, Illinois, where he found employment with the Postal Telegraph Company. He was made assistant to the city superintendent of this company, in which capacity he served for five years. In 1900 he came to Oregon and here he entered the employ of the Oregon Railroad & Navigation Company, serving as station agent at various points until 1905. The following two years he was engaged in business for himself, operating a sawmill and box factory at Harrison, Idaho. He then came

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to Elgin as station agent for the Oregon Railroad & Navigation Company, remaining in their employ for three years. Subsequently he engaged in agricultural and horticultural work in partnership with J. B. Thorson and they now own three hundred acres of land near Elgin, one hundred and fifty acres of which is planted in apple trees. In 1909 Mr. Weatherspoon was one of the organizers of the Elgin Commission Company, which carries on a general warehouse business, and he was also made manager of the same, in which capacity he is ably serving.

In 1901, H. H. Weatherspoon married Miss Frona B. Taylor, of Chicago, Illinois. In his political views he is independent. In the spring of 1910 he was elected mayor of Elgin and was reelected to that office in 1911. Fraternally, he is a member of Elgin Lodge, No. 98, A. F. & A. M., and of the Royal Arcanum, Chapter No. 72, of Fredonia, Kansas. He belongs to Al Kader Temple, No. 52, K. T., and both he and his wife are members of Blue Mountain Chapter, No. 52, O. E. S. Mr. Weatherspoon is extremely successful in his business relations and his popularity in the city of his residence is shown by the fact that his fellow townsmen have twice chosen him as their chief executive.

H. LEE FLETCHER. East of McMinnville, on the Dayton road, is the old Fletcher homestead, which H. Lee Fletcher is now engaged in cultivating, also making a specialty of raising hogs and hops. He is a young man but has already established himself in a position as one of the progressive agriculturists of this part of the state. Yamhill county claims him as a native son, his birth having here occurred on the 18th of June, 1888. His parents were J. B. and Etta E. (Martin) Fletcher, the latter a native of Oregon and the former of Missouri. The father came to this state in 1865 and settled in Yamhill county, where he has since made his home, being identified for many years with its agricultural development and progress. His wife passed away in 1907 and her death was the occasion of deep regret to many friends who held her in high esteem.

The only child of this marriage was H. Lee Fletcher, who enjoyed the benefits of a high-school education and of liberal and kindly home training. In his youthful days he assisted his father and about the time he attained his majority took charge of the old homestead, which comprises one hundred and fifty acres, situated a mile and a half east of McMinnville, on the Dayton road. The entire farm is under cultivation and presents a neat and attractive appearance, which indicates his careful supervision and practical methods. He makes a specialty of raising and breeding O. J. C. Chester hogs, keeping at all times some for sale. He also has a hop ranch of twenty acres and the cultivation of hops adds materially to his annual income, for it is a vine for which the soil of this district seems especially adapted.

On the 8th of June, 1910, Mr. Fletcher was united in marriage to Miss Nellie M. Gilson, a native of Missouri. He belongs to Occidental Lodge, No. 30, I. O. O. F., at McMinnville, but has comparatively little time for outside interests, for he is concentrating his energies upon his business affairs and, although a young man, is making substantial progress in agricultural circles by reason of his close application, keen discernment and sound judgment.

DR. LESLIE G. JOHNSON is a capable and successful physician of Coos county, practicing at Myrtle Point. His professional attainment and his fraternal relations have made him widely known. He is a member of various societies and lodges, which have for their basic principles a recognition of the brotherhood of mankind and whose members number among his host of friends. He was born in California in 1885, his parents being W. Wynn and Retta (Cougill) Johnson, both of whom are natives of Oregon. The father was born on the present site of the city of Portland. His parents were married before coming to the Pacific coast and on their arrival in this section of the country they settled upon what is now known as Johnson creek, near Lents, Oregon. W. Wynn Johnson was long a well known and prominent resident of Portland, where for many years he acted as business manager for the Oregon Daily Journal. Unto him and his wife were born two children, the youngest being Sidney L. Johnson, of Tacoma, Washington.

At an early age Dr. Johnson started out in life on his own account. His education was acquired in the public schools, which he attended until he had completed the high school course. He determined to make the practice of medicine his life work and with this end in view he entered the medical department of the University of Oregon in 1905 and was graduated from that institution in 1909. Immediately afterward he came to Myrtle Point and has since engaged in the practice of medicine in Coos county. He was not long in demonstrating the fact that his knowledge of scientific methods is comprehensive and exact and his judgment is sound in applying the principles of medicine and surgery to specific needs. He holds to high professional standards and keeps in touch with the advanced work of the profession through his membership in the American Medical Association and in lesser organizations.

Dr. Johnson was married to Miss Leta L. Drain, a daughter of John and Lucy (Cruzon) Drain. The town of Drain, Oregon, was named for her grandfather. Mrs. Johnson has the following sisters and brothers: Anna F., the wife of A. M. Smith, mayor of Astoria; Mrs. Nancy Singleton, a widow, who is a teacher in a public school of Portland; John, who is captain of the Fulton station of the Portland fire department; Otto D., a member of the fire department of that city; and Belva, the wife of W. P. Lillis, of Portland. Dr. and Mrs. Johnson were mar-

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ried in October, 1909, and during their residence here, brief as it has been, they have won many friends. They hold membership in the Methodist Episcopal church. Dr. Johnson gives his political allegiance to the republican party and is identified with various fraternal organizations, including the Masonic, the Woodmen of the World, Modern Woodmen of America, the Royal Neighbors, the Women of Woodcraft and the local Grange. Genial, courteous, cordial and capable, his salient qualities are such as have won for him both professional and social prominence.

AUGUST DANIELSON. For more than a third of a century August Danielson has lived in Astoria and throughout the entire period has been connected with the liquor trade as a jobber. He is also now identified with banking interests here and his prosperity is further indicated in the fact that he is the owner of good residence and business property in the city. A considerable number of the residents of Astoria are of Scandinavian birth or descent, which class includes Mr. Danielson, who was born in Sweden, on the 11th of August, 1855, a son of Lars P. and Christina C. (Anderson) Danielson, both of whom were natives of Sweden, where the father died in 1888, while the mother still resides there at the age of seventy-four years. Of their six children August is the eldest, the others being: Anders P., who died in Sweden; John O., who passed away in Alaska; Christina L., who also died in Alaska; Vendla C., the wife of Adolph Johnson, of Astoria; and Joel H., of Sweden.

When a young man of twenty years August Danielson arrived in America, reaching the new world in June. He had no capital save determination and a willingness to work, but these are valuable assets in business and so proved with him. He first settled in Astoria and soon afterward opened a jobber's liquor store, which he has since carried on, building up a substantial and growing business. Many of his patrons have remained with him through all the years and to the original number he has added many others. He has likewise extended his efforts to banking circles and is now a stockholder and director of the Scandinavian American Savings Bank of Astoria. He has made judicious investments in real estate and now owns two fine business properties, a splendid residence and other realty in this city.

On the 26th of October, 1880, Mr. Danielson was united in marriage to Mrs. Johanna C. Nelson, who was born in Sweden, a daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Nels Larson, who were also natives of Sweden, where they spent their entire lives. They had six children: John G., who is now deceased; Sophia, the widow of O. Henderson; Mrs. Danielson; August, who has departed this life; Amanda, the wife of Axel Larson, of Sweden; and Olaus, living in Portland, Oregon. Unto the marriage of Mr. and Mrs. Danielson were born three children. Laura Augusta, born in 1885, pursued a college course and was also educated in music and is now a stenographer and typewriter. Arthur Frederick, born in June, 1890, is a high-school graduate and now an electrical engineer. Frances Louise, born in October, 1900, is still attending school.

Mr. Danielson exercises his right of franchise in support of the men and measures of the republican party and, although he keeps well informed on the questions and issues of the day, is not an office seeker. He belongs to the Knights of Pythias lodge of Astoria, has filled most of the chairs and at present is master of finance, which position he has held for twenty-two years. He is likewise a popular member of the Fraternal Order of Eagles of Astoria and belongs to the Scandinavian Benevolent Society, of which he is treasurer, and to the Swedish Brotherhood. He and his family attend the Episcopal church and their many good qualities have gained them the warm regard of a large circle of friends and acquaintances.

SIMON L. McKENZIE, who is a druggist and postmaster of Lostine, was born in the province of Quebec, Canada, March 7, 1841. He is a son of Roderick and Anna (Kennedy) McKenzie, both of whom were natives of Scotland and were married in that country. In 1837 they removed to Canada, locating in Quebec, where the father engaged in farming. Both died there, the father in 1858 and the mother in 1854.

Simon L. McKenzie was educated in the common schools and at St. Francis' College in Richmond, Canada. On reaching manhood he began life for himself as a clerk in a general merchandise store at Granby, Canada. Subsequently he engaged in the insurance business and was also identified with mining interests. In 1870 he came to the United States, locating at Dardanelle, Arkansas, where he spent eight years as a clerk in a store. In 1878 he came to Oregon, locating in Summerville, Union county, and there established a drug store. In connection with his work as a druggist he also engaged in the insurance business. On the 1st of May, 1879, he was appointed postmaster of Summerville, which position he held for about seven years. He then resigned his office in favor of a friend and was prominently identified with the business interests of Summerville until 1900, when he came to Lostine, where he has since been engaged in the drug business. On the 14th of November, 1903, he was appointed postmaster of Lostine and has held that position continuously since.

In 1881 Mr. McKenzie was married to Miss Ella A. Williams, a daughter of James Williams, who came to Union county, Oregon, from California, and is deceased. To Mr. and Mrs. McKenzie have been born eight children, seven of whom are living. They are: Kenneth, who is a member of the drug firm of McKenzie & Allen, at Wallowa; John, who is employed in his father's drug store in this city; Grace, who is the wife of Archibald Willett, of Lostine; Bethel, a teacher in a Wallowa county district school; Frances and Thomas, at home; and Robert,

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who is attending the State Agricultural College at Corvallis.

In his political views Mr. McKenzie is republican. He is a member of the town council, and while a resident of Summerville was for many years a justice of the peace. He gives much time and attention to educational work and is chairman of the school board. Fraternally he belongs to Lostine Lodge, No. 123, A. F. & A. M., and both he and Mrs. McKenzie are members of Anthony Chapter, No. 88, O. E. S. His life has been one of continuous activity, in which has been accorded due recognition of labor, and today he is numbered among the substantial and foremost citizens of Lostine. Both he and his wife are members of the Presbyterian church.

JOHN S. CHURCHILL is a well known druggist and property owner in Marcola. He has had a broad experience, having been a rancher, business man and educator of prominence. He was born in Iowa, December 30, 1847, a son of William and Elizabeth (Lemon) Churchill, the father a native of Kentucky and the mother of Illinois. Both parents are still living. They were married in Illinois, where they resided until 1851, when they crossed the great American plains by ox teams and settled at Santiam. After remaining there for a short time they removed to Coles valley, in Douglas county, where the father took up a donation claim of three hundred and twenty acres of land and began to clear it and make improvements without delay. He remained on this farm until 1866, when he sold out and removed to Polk county. After arriving in that county he purchased various tracts of land at different times, residing there until in 1880, when he removed to Lane county and retired. He is at present residing in Eugene at the age of eighty-seven years, while his wife has reached the age of eighty-five years. To them were born the following children, of whom J. S. Churchill, of this review, is the eldest, the others being: Mrs. Sarah L. Knox, of Cottage Grove, Oregon; Henry, of Santa Rosa, California; Alva, a resident of Bohemia, Lane County, Oregon; Mary, the deceased wife of E. J. Fenton, of San Francisco, California; Corinne, the wife of Frank E. Alley, of Roseburg, Oregon; and two who passed away in infancy.

John S. Churchill received a common-school education and later attended college in Oregon, in which state he was reared. At the age of twenty-two years he began his business career when he purchased an interest in a general mercantile store at Independence, in Polk county. He retained his connection with that business for two years, when, selling his interests there, he purchased a stock ranch in Marion county, which he operated for two years and then sold in 1874, removing to California. In that state he again became engaged in ranching and other occupations for four years. At the end of that time he sold his interests in the Golden state and returned to Lane county, Oregon, where he taught school and conducted a nursery on a ranch which he purchased until 1902, when he became bookkeeper for the Fischer Lumber Company at Marcola, a position which he held for six years. In 1909 he purchased the drug store at Marcola which he still continues to operate, and in addition to the regular drug line he also handles many other articles. He owns a fine home in this city and also has various other properties including a livery barn.

Mr. Churchill was married in 1872 to Miss Ann E. Drinkwater, a native of Oregon, and unto this union were born seven children, as follows: Myrtle, the wife of E. B. Doane, of Springfield, Oregon; Karl, a resident of Pendleton; Ollie, who married William McDougal, of Washington; Earl, deceased; Howard, living in Springfield; Raymond, also of Springfield; and Zuleika, who has also passed away. From his first wife Mr. Churchill was legally separated in 1907 and later was again married, his second union being with Mrs. T. G. McMurry, the widow of Milton McMurry, and a daughter of Stephen Meriau. Mr. Churchill in his political views is an adherent of the republican party, having taken a commendable interest in politics as affecting the common good. He has been a justice of the peace, a notary public and a member of the school board for many years. Fraternally he belongs to the Masonic lodge, of which he has been secretary, and is also a member of the Independent Order of Odd Fellows, having filled all chairs in that order. Mr. Churchill, who is prominent in business and fraternal affairs of Marcola, is a well known business man and the success which he has achieved may be attributed to his own well directed efforts. Starting out in life with practically nothing, he has succeeded in building up a substantial competence and as he is still vigorous and ambitious he continues in a business which is very satisfactory. He has an extended acquaintance in business, fraternal and social circles throughout the community and in the business world he is regarded as being one of the most reliable and solid men in Marcola.

WALTER KALLUNKI, one of Astoria's successful business men, was born in this city on the 1st of December, 1880. He is a son of John Abraham and Christina (Pohjonen) Kallunki, the father a native of Finland, and the mother of Sweden. The father emigrated to the United States in 1875 and during the first three years of his residence in this country remained in the east. At the expiration of that period, however, he came west, locating in Astoria, where he met and subsequently married Miss Pohjonen. After settling here he turned his attention toward agricultural pursuits and fishing, in which occupations he continued to be engaged until his demise in 1902. He was quite successful in his enterprises and acquired a very pleasant homestead in Union township, adjoining Astoria on the west, where his widow continues to reside. Of this marriage there were born three children: Walter, the sub-

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ject of this sketch; Annie Evelyn, who is still at home; and Albert, at the present time a resident of the state of Georgia.

Walter Kallunki has spent his entire life in this city, where he is now engaged in business. He was reared at home and in the acquirement of his education attended the common schools. On the 1st of May, 1908, he started in the mercantile business at No. 221 West Bond street, where he is still located. He has met with most gratifying success in his endeavors and now has a large and well assorted stock of goods, while his patronage is constantly increasing. His is one of the largest establishments of the kind in Astoria.

On the 3d of April, 1909, Mr. Kallunki's plans for a home had their culmination in his marriage to Miss Rosa Peterson Jampsa, also a native of Astoria, and a daughter of Peter and Eva Jampsa. Her parents were both natives of Finland but were married in Norway whence they emigrated to the United States. Upon their arrival in this country they first located in Michigan, where for ten years the father engaged in operating a mine. After they settled in Astoria he devoted his energies to agricultural pursuits and fishing, until 1892 when together with his family he removed to the Nehalem valley, Oregon, where he is engaged in farming exclusively. To Mr. and Mrs. Jampsa eleven children have been born, six of whom are surviving: Ida, now the wife of Axel Carlson, of Astoria; Josie, who married Charles Anderson, of Milwaukie, Oregon; Henry, who is a resident of San Francisco, California; Anna, the wife of Emil Glutsch, of Portland; Rosa P., now Mrs. Kallunki; and Alice, who is still at home. Mr. and Mrs. Kallunki have one son, his birth having occurred on the 28th of March, 1910.

The religious views of both coincide with those of the Lutheran church, in the faith of which denomination they were reared. He also belongs to the Moose order and the Finnish Brotherhood. His political allegiance Mr. Kallunki gives to the republican party, but he has never been an office seeker or candidate for municipal honors. His undivided attention is given to his business in the development of which he is meeting with more than an average degree of success.

JOHN W. MINNICK, who settled in Union county when that section was still disturbed by Indians, has been the owner of six hundred and forty acres of land there and for many years operated a threshing machine, a business which he still follows. He has a fine home in Union, where he has resided since 1909. He was born in Highland county, Ohio, in September, 1849, a son of Samuel Minnick, who was born in Rockridge county, Virginia, January 11, 1812. The grandfather, Henry Minnick, was a native of Germany and emigrated to the new world at a comparatively early day, settling in Rockridge county, Virginia. In his family were four sons and two daughters. Three of the sons took part in the Civil war in the Confederate army, one of them being a colonel who was killed in battle. Another, Joshua, died in Des Moines, Iowa. Henry Minnick died in Virginia. As a young man his son Samuel, the father of John W. Minnick, removed to Ohio, settling in Highland county, where he engaged in agricultural pursuits. He remained there until in 1855, when he removed to Iowa, settling in Jasper county, where he resided until his death, which occurred in 1886. He had a family of twelve children, of whom John W. Minnick was the seventh in order of birth.

Mr. Minnick of this review spent his boyhood in the state of Iowa, where he was given a common-school education. In 1875 he removed to Wyoming, settling at Evanston, where he was married. He remained in that state for two years, when he returned to Iowa, engaging in the coal mining business for a year and a half. He then with his wife and baby drove to Oregon by mule team, the trip requiring three months and twenty days. On arriving at Rock Creek, Idaho, they joined a wagon train containing sixty freight teams and one hundred and fifty emigrant wagons which was accompanied by an escort of soldiers and citizens as far as Boise, where the train broke up, the various members starting out directly for their destinations. On leaving that city Mr. Minnick had a narrow escape from the Indians, who broke through their camp grounds of the previous night, about eight miles east of Glen's Ferry, when they were two days out from that city, being at that time, however, twelve miles ahead of the Indians' approach. At King Hill they found Barlow & Holladay's stage coach burned, the horses and two drivers having been killed. Shortly afterward they passed the remains of an emigrant wagon which had been burned, the driver killed and the horses stolen. They crossed the Snake River at Burnt River Ferry, reaching Oregon June 24, 1878. They bushed on to Union, where they arrived a week later, at about the time the settlers there were building forts to defend themselves against the Indians who, however, confined themselves to the hills surrounding the settlement. After four days Mr. Minnick located a homestead seven miles east of Union in High valley and there built a house, living alone with his family during the Indian excitement of that period. He made his home on that land, which comprised six hundred and forty acres, until 1909, at which time he sold out and removed to Union. He had been doing general farming, but made a specialty of raising cattle, owning as many as two hundred and fifty head at one time. He has followed the threshing business for twenty-three years and for three years has been vice president of the Oregon Threshers' Association. He has threshed about one million, one hundred and forty thousand bushels of grain since coming to Oregon and still follows that business, operating with up-to-date machinery. He was the first man to drive a steam thresher in the vicinity of Union, a type which has long since supplanted the old horse-power machines.

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Mr. Minnick was married June 5, 1876, to Miss Mary Davis, a native of Missouri, and to them were born five children, namely: Jessie May, who married Charles W. Woolever, residing near Union; Macy E., the wife of J. W. Evans; William A., who is married and resides at Twin Falls, Idaho; Mary C., now Mrs. V. W. Dodson; and Ivy V., the wife of E. F. Reuter. The wife and mother died in 1889 and Mr. Minnick was again married, in 1891, to Miss Mary J. Vass, a native of Marion county, Iowa. By this union were born two children, Milo Clifford and Kenneth Clayton.

Mr. Minnick is a member of the Independent Order of Odd Fellows, when he joined in 1886. He has been a very successful business man, being aggressive in all of his operations, yet always characterized by a reasonable degree of conservatism which has resulted in his acquiring a very comfortable competence. He has an extensive circle of acquaintances throughout Union county, having done business with a very large proportion of the farmers of that section.

WILLIAM SPREADBOROUGH, who devotes his time and energies to general agricultural pursuits, is the owner of a well improved farm of forty and a half acres situated four miles southeast of Banks. His birth occurred in County Surrey, England, on the 21st of November, 1856, his parents being Eli and Elizabeth (Elliott) Spreadborough, who were born, reared and married in that country. In 1888 they crossed the Atlantic to the United States, settling on a farm with two of their sons in Washington county, Oregon, where they have resided continuously since. Eli Spreadborough is now eighty-five years old, while his wife has attained the age of seventy-eight. Unto them were born twelve children, three of whom are still in England, namely: Harry, Fannie and Annie. The others are as follows: William, of this review; Elliott, who resides on the old homestead place; Turvill, Alfred, Frank and Walter, all living in Portland; Arthur, who makes his home in the state of Washington; Sidney, who died at the age of twenty-four years; and George, who passed away in England.

William Spreadborough obtained his education in the common schools of England and remained in his native land until twenty-seven years of age. In November, 1883, he crossed the Atlantic to the United States, settling in Ohio, where he worked on a farm for two years. Returning to England, he there remained for two years and then again set sail for American shores, once more going to Ohio, in which state he worked for a short time. Subsequently he came to Washington county, Oregon, here working on farms and also assisting his brother in the cultivation of the fields until the time of his marriage. Following that important event in his life he settled on his wife's farm of forty and a half acres, whereon he has resided continuously since, having brought the property under a high state of cultivation and improvement. The fields annually yield golden harvests as a reward for the care and labor which is bestowed upon them, and the neat and thrifty appearance of that place indicates the supervision of a practical and progressive owner.

In 1906 Mr. Spreadborough wedded Mrs. Margaret Gable, the widow of Henry Gable, who lived but three years after his marriage and who became the father of one son, William. Mrs Gable had previously been the wife of Rudolph Winterrer, who died one year after their marriage and by whom she had a daughter, Emma, whose birth occurred on the 18th of June, 1892, and who is now the wife of John Courss, of Centerville, Oregon. Mrs. Spreadborough was born in Germany on the 12th of February, 1858, her parents being Christian and Charlotte (Brown) Loch, both of whom passed away in that country, the father's demise occurring in 1879, while the mother was called to her final rest in 1882. Their children were seven in number, namely: Sophia, the wife of August Bronner, of Washington county, Oregon; George, Carl, Catherine, Magdalena and Mary, all of whom still reside in Germany; and Mrs. Spreadborough, the youngest of the family.

In politics Mr. Spreadborough is a stanch republican but the honors and emoluments of office have no attraction for him. In religious faith he is an Episcopalian, while his wife is a faithful communicant of the Catholic church. His life has been well spent. In all of its relations he has been true to high and honorable principles and has never faltered in a choice between right and wrong but has always endeavored to follow a course that his judgment and his conscience have sanctioned.

BENJAMIN A. RICKKOLA. The interest that centers in many countries in the old world clings around its past rather than its present greatness, but the history of America and especially that of the Pacific coast country is yet in the making. The progressive residents of this region are the builders of a new empire; theirs the task to reclaim and improve the land and to utilize its advantages for their own benefit and for the honor and welfare of the country. The bounteous opportunities of the west are attracting hundreds of young men to the Pacific coast and among those who have come from Finland is numbered Benjamin A. Rickkola, who was born in that country January 25, 1880. His parents were August and Emma (Waaranimi) Rickkola and the father is still a resident of Finland, their native land. They had a family of twelve children, of whom four have crossed the Atlantic, the eldest being Benjamin A., of this review. His sister Fannie and brother Adam are also residents of Astoria, while eight others are still living in Finland and one of the family has passed away.

Not content to find his labors hampered in a country where caste and class prevail and where effort is but poorly repaid with a limited wage, Mr. Rickkola resolved to cross the Atlantic and in 1899 arrived in the new

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world. From the eastern coast he made his way into the interior of the country, first settling in Michigan, where he remained for four years. He then went to Alaska, where he engaged in digging coal for four months. On the expiration of that period he came to Seattle, Washington, and remained a short time, after which he went to Butte, Montana, where he lived for four months. He next located at Red Lodge, where he was employed in a store for a year and a half, and afterward came to Astoria, and secured work at the carpenter's trade. He also followed fishing for one season and subsequently went to the state of Washington, conducting a hotel at Deep River. He was proprietor of that hostelry for two years, at the end of which time he sold out and returned to Astoria, where he opened a saloon, in which business he is still engaged. He also has an interest in the Finnish Mercantile Company of this city.

On the 20th of January, 1906, Mr. Rickkola was married to Miss Mary Pirila, who was born in Astoria and is a daughter of Andrew and Katie Pirila, who were natives of Finland but came to America prior to their marriage and settled in this city, where the mother now resides. The father, however, passed away here in 1904. Their family numbered four children, of whom Mrs. Rickkola is the eldest, the others being: Sophia, who is living in Nehalem, Oregon; Albert, a resident of the state of Washington; and Gustav, also of Washington. The marriage of Mr. and Mrs. Rickkola has been blessed with one son, Archie A., who was born in 1907.

Mr. Rickkola is a member of the order of Moose and he and his family are of the Lutheran faith. His diligence has been the source of whatever success he has achieved, his prosperity coming to him as the reward of his labor.

OLIVER CRESSIE SHELDON. The operation of one hundred and fifty-one acres of land situated in Yamhill county engages the attention of Oliver Cressie Sheldon, who is one of Oregon's native sons. His birth occurred in Polk county on the 13th of June, 1874, his parents being Albert and Lettie (Durbin) Sheldon. Their parents crossed the plains to Oregon during their youth with their parents, who located in Marion county, where Mr. and Mrs. Albert Sheldon were subsequently married. Farming always engaged the attention of Mr. Albert Sheldon during the entire period of his active career, and a few years after his marriage and after the death of his father he inherited one hundred and fifty-one acres of land in Yamhill county, upon which he and his wife settled. He met with such excellent financial returns in the operation of his land that he was able to withdraw from the active work of the fields in 1910, and he and his wife are now living retired in Portland. Of the marriage of Mr. and Mrs. Sheldon there were born three children, of whom our subject is the eldest. The other two sons, Hallie and Clifton, are both living in Marion county, this state.

Oliver Cressie Sheldon was educated in the common schools of Polk county, remaining at home with his grandparents until he attained his majority. He then started out for himself, and having been born and reared on a farm, naturally he turned his attention to agricultural pursuits. So he operated some rented land for a time, but later withdrew from this and followed various pursuits until 1910, when he bought the old home farm of his father. His entire attention is now given to the cultivation of his ranch and he is meeting with very good returns.

In 1906 Mr. Sheldon was united in marriage to Miss Minnie Koschmieder, and they have become the parents of one child, Mariann, whose birth occurred in August, 1907.

Mr. Sheldon is quite well known in this community, where his parents resided for many years and where he has a large circle of friends, many of whom have known him from boyhood.

JOHN LEA, conducting the Irving Hotel in Astoria, which under his management has become a popular and well appointed hostelry, was born in Stavanger, Norway, on the 28th of February, 1875, his parents being Ole E. and Kathinka S. (Johnson) Lea. The parents are still living in that land, where their entire lives have been passed, and the father has conducted a tannery since starting in business for himself. Of their family of four children John Lea is the second in order of birth. The eldest, Ole E. Lea, Jr., is the captain of the steamship Rask, which sails from Haugesund, Norway, and makes trips between England and Spain. Previously his run included ports in England, Russia and Spain, and over the Arctic route in the summer months. Kathinka S., the only daughter in the family, is still living with her parents in Norway and is employed in a general mercantile store. Alfred, the youngest of the family, is deceased.

John Lea supplemented his common-school education by a business course and had some business training ere he started for the new world, for he felt that his efforts were somewhat hampered in his native country. He, therefore, determined to seek the broader advantages of the new world and on the 11th of March, 1901, having bade adieu to friends and family, started for America. His destination was Brooklyn, New York. He was ambitious and energetic, and made a good start during his residence there. After remaining in this country for a year and a half he was joined by the lady whom he made his wife. They were married in Brooklyn on the 26th of September, 1904, at which time Miss Olga Nylund became Mrs. Lea. She was born in Stavanger, Norway, May 11, 1883, and was a daughter of Ole Johannesen and Anna (Kallan) Nylund, who were likewise natives of the same country. The father died there in 1884 but the mother is still living at the old home in Norway and has reached the age of seventy years. They had five children: Johannes, who is still

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living in Norway; Anna, the wife of Cristoffer Lindtner, of Norway; Hans W., who is conducting a hotel in Astoria; and Magna, the wife of Gudmund Urdal, of Norway. Mrs. Lea is the youngest of the family, and by her marriage has become the mother of one son, John N., who was born in Brooklyn, New York.

For three years after their marriage Mr. and Mrs. Lea remained residents of Brooklyn and then sought the far west, making their way to Wasco, California, where he operated a farm for three and a half years. He then sold his property in that state, and in July, 1910, came to Astoria, where he has since conducted the Irving Hotel, which is becoming for him a profitable investment. He keeps everything about the place in good condition, provides an excellent table, studies the comfort and convenience of his guests and, therefore, secures a liberal patronage.

Mr. Lea votes with the republican party and holds membership with the Fraternal Brotherhood at Los Angeles, California. He and his family attend the Lutheran church and he is in sympathy with all movements and projects for the benefit of the community and its upbuilding along substantial lines. What he has accomplished indicates what may be done by persistent energy and effort where men are rated at their true worth and labor finds its just reward.

H. O. WORTHINGTON, postmaster of Athena and one of the leading and most respected citizens of that place, was born in Tennessee, June 26, 1871, a son of William L. and Nancy E. (Kinser) Worthington, the former a native of Kentucky and the latter of Pennsylvania. The parents came to Oregon in 1881 and settled in Umatilla county, where the mother passed away in 1884. After her death the father returned to Tennessee, where his death occurred in 1893. They were the parents of six children, three of whom are still living.

H. O. Worthington was given a common-school education and at seventeen years of age started out in life on his own account, working at whatever opportunity offered. He later went into the butchering business in Weston, Umatilla county, in 1892, and still later engaged in the grocery business. In 1895 he removed to Pendleton, where for two years he clerked in a store, after which he engaged in the livery business, in which he continued until 1898, when he removed to Athena, where he was appointed postmaster in January, 1911.

In 1891 Mr. Worthington was married to Miss Mary McDonald, who was born in Canada, a daughter of Duncan McDonald. To Mr. and Mrs. Worthington has been born a son, John E., who is attending high school. In his political faith Mr. Worthington is a republican, having been reasonably active in the affairs of his party and community. Fraternally he is affiliated with the Woodmen of the World, having filled all of the chairs in that order, and he is also a member of the Odd Fellows lodge. Mr. Worthington and his wife are members of the Methodist Episcopal church and the family take much interest in the affairs of that church. Postmaster Worthington has by careful attention to the duties of his office gained high appreciation from the entire community. He is courteous and obliging in his business intercourse with the patrons of the office and in all his relations with the people of his city and community he is affable and obliging. He easily ranks among the best of Athena's citizens and the Worthington family is a popular one and has not only a wide acquaintance but also enjoys a most excellent reputation.

AMEDY LASHAPELLE. One of the well equipped and prosperous farms in Marion county, one and one-half miles west of Gervais, is managed by Amedy Lashapelle. Mr. Lashapelle has been a lifelong resident of Oregon and is a son of one of this state's pioneer settlers. He was born in St. Louis, Oregon, in 1858, his parents being Andrew and Adrian (Lucier) Lashapelle, the latter a daughter of Etienne Lucier. The father of Amedy Lashapelle came to Oregon in the employ of the Hudson's Bay Company and lived here until his death in the Portland hospital, in 1883, at the age of eighty-two years. His marriage had occurred when he was forty years of age, his wife being nineteen years of age, and to them twelve children were born, namely: Felicite, deceased; Mrs. Adelaide Lavier, of Woodburn, Oregon; Joseph, who resides in Hubbard; Victor, deceased; Mrs. Kate Chamberlain, who is a resident of Idaho; Prosper, who resides on a part of the old homestead in St. Louis, Oregon; Mrs. Clementine Vandile, who is a resident of Champoeg, Oregon; Amedy; Blandine and Odeal, both deceased; Mrs. Lena Cummings, of Portland, Oregon; and Mrs. Grenier, of Carlville, Washington.

At the age of twenty years Amedy Lashapelle started in life for himself and for nine years was employed in various lines of work. At the end of this time he rented three hundred and fifty acres of land and engaged in agricultural pursuits, an occupation which has since occupied his time and in which he has had more than ordinary success. He has always had about this same amount of land and today he owns horses and farming implements to do the work on a farm of this size.

Mr. Lashapelle has been twice married. His first marriage was to Phoebe Chamberlain and to them four children were born: Lois, who is a resident of St. Louis, Oregon; and Rosie, Jessie and Leo, all of whom are deceased. His second union, in 1894, was with Lena Vandile who was born in 1868 and was one of two children, the other having died in infancy. She was the daughter of John B. and Marceline Vandile, both natives and lifelong residents of Oregon. The father was born in Marion county and died in St. Louis, Oregon, in 1908, aged sixty-three years. Of this second union ten children have been born, namely: Ernest, in 1894; Jerome, in 1896; Amy, in 1898; Sadie, in 1899; Elsie, in 1900; Irvin, in 1902; Hazel, in 1904; Alice, in 1906; Archie, in 1908;

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and Marceline, deceased. Mr. Lashapelle's mother, who is now ninety-three years old, is also a member of her son's family and has been living with them for the past twenty-one years. All of her donation claim except three acres has been sold.

In politics Mr. Lashapelle gives his support to the republican party. He is a member of the Catholic church and has served as school director for several years. His interest in the development and progress of the community has been great, but the activities demanded in carrying on his agricultural pursuits occupy the greater part of his time and he has little time for politics. His neighbors find him a modern and successful agriculturist and a citizen worthy of their regard and esteem.

JOHN NEAL. One of the largest and most efficiently managed farms on the Coquille river is owned and operated by John Neal, a leading and representative agriculturist of that section. His place is run along modern and systematic lines and his success is the direct result of his energy and ability. He was born in 1851 and is a son of John O. and Roener (Pruett) Neal, the former a native of Missouri, and the latter of Indiana. His father was one of the early Oregon pioneers, coming across the plains with ox teams in 1844. His caravan was the first to come the entire way by wagon and the members of the party had several narrow escapes from death at the hands of the Indians. Upon one occasion they were without food for three days and endured all the hardships and privations incident to travel in the early days of the settlement of the northwest. The elder Mr. Neal settled first in Linn county in the forks of the Santiam river but later took up a donation claim of six hundred and forty acres. Previous to his proving his title he took part in the Cayuse Indian war, fighting in the Oregon State Militia under Captain Gillham. At one time he was pursued by seven Indians for fifteen miles and narrowly escaped with his life. He lived upon his donation claim for eight years and married during this time, his wife having come to Oregon in 1847. She crossed the plains with ox teams and the caravan with which she traveled had several narrow escapes from Indians. In 1858 the father sold his donation claim and removed to Jackson county, where he engaged successfully in stock-raising until 1861 or 1862. During a hard winter he lost his stock consisting of three hundred head of high-grade cattle, thirty horses and two hundred hogs. He removed to Linn county and farmed for several years, meeting with a good degree of success. In 1871 he came to Coos county and made his home with his son, the subject of this sketch, and died in the fifty-fifth year of his age. His wife survived him until 1899, and passed away at the age of seventy-eight. They became the parents of nine children, four of whom are still living: John, the subject of this sketch; William, of Myrtle Point, Oregon; Barbara, who first wedded William Phillips and is now the wife of W. S. Barnett of Coquille, Oregon; and Darius, a resident of Myrtle Point. The deceased members of this family are buried in Coos county with the exception of one sister, who was laid to rest in Wallowa valley.

Mr. Neal was reared at home and received his education in the public schools of Linn county. He remained with his parents until he was twenty-two years of age and then began general farming and stock-raising upon a homestead claim of one hundred and sixty acres, which he purchased in Coos county. Here he has since resided and made extensive improvements, adding to his property from time to time until he now owns three hundred and forty acres of the finest and most productive land in the district. He raises high-grade and registered stock for the market and this branch of his enterprise forms a splendid source of income to him. He is numbered among the men who have assisted in the development of Coos county. During the first years of his life as an independent agriculturist he had a difficult time to gain his livelihood. He ground his own flour in a small coffee mill and raised the potatoes which, with elk flesh fried in bear oil, formed the principle item of his diet. He, however, won success by reason of his industry and activity and now has one of the finest and most highly improved farms upon the Coquille river.

March 31, 1881, Mr. Neal was married to Miss Sarah Whobrey, who was born in Josephine county, Oregon, in December, 1861. She is a daughter of Matthew K. and Margaret J. (Groshong) Whobrey, both natives of Missouri. Mrs. Neal's parents crossed the plains with ox teams and were among the pioneer settlers of Oregon. Her father fought in the Indian war of 1856-57. He spent most of his active life farming and stock-raising in Coos county and died in this section in 1882. His wife is still living in Myrtle Point, Oregon, and is seventy-one years of age. To them were born eight children: Sarah, the wife of our subject; James, of Myrtle Point, Oregon; Willis, who also lives in Myrtle Point where he makes his home with his mother; Mrs. Jane Whetstone, of Coquille City; John, who resides in Marshfield; William, a resident of Oregon; Joseph, deceased; and Samantha, who married Mr. Elford of Myrtle Point. Mr. Whobrey had been married previous to his union with the mother of Mrs. Neal, and by his first wife had two children: Mrs. Margaret Noah, of Roseburg, Oregon; and Mrs. Mary Huntley, of Myrtle Point.

Unto Mr. and Mrs. Neal have been born nine children: Lillie C., the wife of Arthur Sigway, of Canada; William Frank, at home; O. K. and J. D., residents of Coos county; Letha, the wife of Arthur Herman, of Coos county; Mary, Clidie Waive and John M., all at home; and Jesse Ray, who died at the age of three years.

Mr. Neal is a democrat in his political belief but never seeks office and takes very little active part in local affairs. As a citizen of Oregon in the early days he has witnessed the development of the state and has labored for the advancement of his section. His boy-

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hood comrades are his friends today, and the respect and esteem in which they hold him has deepened and grown greater with the passing years.

OTTO SUND, a resident of Astoria since 1892, was born in Finland, September 16, 1871, a son of Jacob and Susanna Sund, who spent their entire lives in Finland. The mother died in 1887 and the father, surviving her for nine years, passed away in 1896. They had a family of twelve children, of whom five became residents of America, namely: Katrina, the deceased wife of William Sjoblum, of Astoria; Sophia, the wife of Judge Olaf Anderson, also of Astoria; Adolph, living in South Bend, Washington; Andrew, who is married and is living in Astoria; and Otto.

In the land of his nativity Otto Sund spent his youthful days to the age of nineteen years and the public schools afforded him his educational opportunities. Various tasks were also assigned him so that he came to correctly value industry and diligence. With the hope of bettering his financial condition, he came to America in July, 1891, and first settled in British Columbia, where he remained for eight months. He thence came to Astoria, and took up the business of salmon fishing in the Columbia river, which he continued for thirteen years. He then sold out and secured a position as bartender, working in that capacity for two years, after which he opened a saloon of his own at No. 509 Commercial street. This he has since conducted and in connection with his business he owns a fine home at No. 351 Eighth street.

In 1896 Mr. Sund was united in marriage to Miss Johannes Seepola, who was born in Finland and came to America alone in 1891, leaving her parents in their native land, where both passed away. Mrs. Sund was the eldest of their children, the others being: Feena, now the wife of Matt Kaski, of Oakland, California; and Helma, the wife of Matt Mattela, still a resident of Finland. Three children have come to brighten the home of Mr. and Mrs. Sund: Sigrede Myrtle, who was born January 18, 1898, and is now attending the public schools; Stanley E., who was born July 17, 1899, and is a pupil in the sixth grade, and Mildred Caroline, born July 18, 1911. The family are of the Lutheran faith and Mr. Sund is well known in fraternal circles, holding membership with the Red Men, Lodge No. 822 of the Order of Moose, the Fraternal Order of Eagles and the Order of Owls, all of Astoria.

CHARLES R. HIGGINS, the assistant cashier of The Astoria National Bank, is likewise connected with the Higgins & Warren Insurance Company at Astoria and is an extensive landowner. His birth occurred at Wolfville, Nova Scotia, on the 26th of October, 1866, his parents being W. J. and Rachel (Strong) Higgins, of whom more extended mention is made on another page of this work in connection with the sketch of James Edward Higgins, a brother of our subject. Charles R. Higgins supplemented his preliminary education, obtained in the common schools, by a course of study in the Horton Collegiate Academy of Wolfville, Nova Scotia, of which institution he is a graduate. In 1891 he won the degree of Bachelor of Arts from Acadia University at Wolfville. Subsequently he entered the service of the Peoples Bank of Halifax at Wolfville and was transferred successively to Halifax, Lunenburg, Mahone Bay and Riviere du Loup in Quebec, Canada. In 1893 he became identified with the Astoria National Bank at Astoria, Oregon, of which institution he is now serving as assistant cashier. He is likewise connected with insurance interests as a member of the firm of Higgins & Warren at Astoria. Mr. Higgins owns an interest in many tracts of land in the vicinity, and is a holder of timber land in southern Oregon. In association with his brother-in-law he owns what is known as the Page block in Astoria. He also has a handsome residence at Astoria and is widely recognized as one of the leading and prosperous citizens of the community. For four years he served as secretary of the Chamber of Commerce.

On the 18th of October, 1899, Mr. Higgins was joined in wedlock to Miss Maude M. Warren, who was born at Astoria, Oregon, on the 26th of October, 1872. Her father was Daniel K. Warren, of whom more extended mention is made on another page of this work in connection with the sketch of George Wright Warren, a brother of Mrs. Higgins. Our subject and his wife have one daughter, Maude Elizabeth, whose natal day was February 11, 1907. Mrs. Higgins acquired her education at Auburndale, Massachusetts, and also pursued a course of study in Snell Seminary of Oakland, California.

In politics Mr. Higgins is a republican, loyally supporting the men and measures of that party. At the present time he is serving as treasurer of the centennial committee at Astoria. He is a member of the National Union of the state of Ohio, an insurance organization. His religious faith is that of the Presbyterian church. The success which he now enjoys is well merited, for he has ever followed the most honorable business methods in his dealings with his fellowmen and therefore enjoys the high regard of all with whom he has been associated.

AUGUST SCHNEIDER. Six miles southwest of Gervais, on the Salem and Champoeg road, is situated the well cultivated farm of August Schneider. He has been engaged in agricultural pursuits since he started to earn his own livelihood in Germany, at the age of eighteen, with the exception of the time he served in the Franco-Prussian war, in 1870-71. He was born in Germany in 1847 and is the son of Ferdinand and Christina (Feit) Schneider. Ferdinand Schneider was married three times. Of the first union four children were born: Francisca, who is a resident of Buffalo, New York, and is now eighty-four years of age; Rosina, deceased; Guiercro, who resides in Germany; and Franz Joseph, deceased. Of the second marriage there were

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four children, namely: Tona, Eloise and Elizabeth, all deceased; and August, the subject of this sketch. Of the third union there are three children, namely: Francis; and Annie and Ferdinand, who reside in Germany.

After being employed by farmers in Germany for six years August Schneider came to America and for seven years was a resident of New York state, working by the day for two years and then renting and cultivating a farm for five years. After this he removed to South Dakota and took up a homestead upon which he built a home and which he developed until he brought it to a good state of productivity, raising cattle and engaging in general farming. For nineteen years he resided on this farm but sold it at the time he removed to Oregon, where he purchased one hundred and eighty-four acres of land at forty dollars per acre, which is now worth one hundred dollars an acre. Since acquiring this property Mr. Schneider has made many improvements upon the buildings, which are now commodious and modern, and has brought the entire property under a high state of cultivation. In carrying on his agricultural pursuits he has engaged in raising various products, including wheat, oats, hay, corn and clover. He also makes stock-raising a feature of his business, keeping hogs, cattle and horses. In all of these lines he has met with the success due to the persistent energy and diligent labor he has expended upon them, employing such scientific methods as assure the measure of success he has attained.

In 1876, in New York, occurred the marriage of Mr. Schneider to Eva Seigfried, who is the daughter of Adam and Elizabeth (Greenwald) Seigfried, and was born near Buffalo, New York, in 1855. To this union ten children were born, all of whom have been given a common-school education: George, who is residing in Oregon and is a railroad carpenter; Mrs. Annie Kersch, who is a resident of Marion county, Oregon; John, who has removed to Canada; Henry, who resides in Idaho where he is a railroad carpenter; Mrs. Mary Pitsel, who is the wife of Albert Pitsel and has two children; Fronie, Marguerite, John and Dora, all residing at home and the latter attending school; and Catherine, deceased.

In politics Mr. Schneider is a republican and has held the offices of road supervisor and township supervisor. In religious faith he is a Roman Catholic. In all the relations of life he has proven his worth: as an agriculturist he has labored for scientific development and practical and substantial results; in office he has demonstrated his loyalty to the public trust; and in matters of general citizenship he has ever stood for patriotism and progress.

LARS LARSEN, a well known and highly esteemed resident of Astoria, is now living retired save for the supervision which he gives his business interests. His birth occurred in Norway on the 6th of March, 1854, his parents being Lars Torsen and Larcena Larsen, who spent their entire lives in that country. The father followed general agricultural pursuits throughout his active business career. Our subject was one of a family of ten children and one of the two who came to the United States, his brother Henry Larsen now residing in the upper town of Astoria. The other surviving children of the family, Christina, Martha Elizabeth and Thore, still make their home in Norway.

Lars Larsen obtained his education in the common schools of his native land and in 1873 crossed the Atlantic to America, first locating in Philadelphia, Pennsylvania. In 1877 he removed to San Francisco, California, where he maintained his residence for two years, being a sailor during that period. In 1879 he came to Astoria, Oregon, and became identified with the fishing industry, owning his boat and net and hiring some help. After being thus engaged for twelve years he opened a saloon at Astoria and has conducted the same continuously since. His is one of the fine homes of the town and he likewise owns property at Seaside. He still supervises his business interests but is living practically retired in the enjoyment of well earned rest.

On the 17th of May, 1896, Mr. Larsen was united in marriage to Miss Amelia Ferry, who was born at Astoria in 1872, her parents being John and Kate (Miller) Ferry, the former a native of Guremeny-Italy and the latter of St. Louis, Missouri. Their marriage was celebrated at Oak Point, near Astoria. John Ferry has been engaged in salmon fishing throughout his entire business career and is now living at Aberdeen, Washington, at the age of seventy years. His wife passed away in March, 1895, when fifty-three years of age. Unto them were born three children, as follows: Mrs Larsen; Annie, the wife of Joseph Watson, of San Pedro, California; and George, who is connected with the cold storage plant at Astoria.

Mr. Larsen is a stanch democrat in politics but has never sought office as a reward for his party fealty. He was formerly connected with the Astoria fire department and for six years acted as foreman of Company No. 3. Fraternally he is identified with the Knights of Pythias, belonging to Lodge No. 6 at Astoria. In religious faith both he and his wife are Methodists. Their home is at No. 647 Eleventh street in Astoria.

CHARLES H. GLOVER, who upon the 1st of October, 1911, entered upon the duties of superintendent of the Yamhill county poor farm, has been a resident of the northwest off and on for over twenty-five years. He was born in Minnesota on the 2d of February, 1861, and is a son of Joshua T. and Mary (Sigby) Glover. The father was born and reared on Long Island, New York, but the mother was a native of Pennsylvania. After completing his education, Joshua T. Glover learned the carpenter's trade, which he followed in New York city until he attained his majority. He then took a posi-

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tion as ship carpenter, and during the succeeding years made voyages to many ports. About 1849 he sailed around the Horn to San Francisco, where for a time he followed his trade, receiving for his services eighteen dollars per day, and prospected along the Sacramento river. He remained in California for two years then returned to New York by way of the Isthmus. For a time thereafter he was engaged in the mercantile business in New York city, but in 1855 he left the east and went to Minnesota, locating in St. Paul. There he devoted his attention to contracting and building, becoming extensively interested in real estate in St. Peter, Minnesota. About this time a bill was introduced in the legislature to change the capital, but the bill was stolen just before it was to have been signed, and a heavy slump in property values resulted. Mr. Glover lost considerable money, but he continued to reside in St. Peter until 1878. His next removal was to Kansas, where he engaged in farming until 1888, when he came to Oregon. Upon his arrival here he first located in Lane county, but subsequently removed to Douglas, where he engaged in farming until 1900. In the latter year he withdrew from active work and made his home with his son, our subject, who was then living in Washington. There he passed away in 1901, at the age of seventy-seven years. The mother passed away the same year. Of the marriage of Mr. and Mrs. Glover there were born five children, our subject being the third in order of birth. The others are as follows: a daughter, who died in infancy; Sarah, the wife of Festus Cowger, of Oklahoma, who died on October 3, 1911; Harriet, the wife of Eugeno Harvey, who is a resident of Chelan county, Washington; and George A., who is living in The Dalles, Oregon.

Reared in Minnesota to the age of eighteen years, Charles H. Glover attended the common schools of that state in the acquirement of an education. In 1879 he started for himself, his first position being on the Burlington & Missouri Railroad. In 1882 he went to California, locating in Sacramento county, whence he later removed to Wyoming and for five years worked on a ranch where they kept seventy-five thousand cattle. At the expiration of that time he returned to Minnesota, where he farmed for two years, then went to California. After spending two months in the latter state he came to Oregon, locating in Lane county in 1889. There he bought and operated a ranch for a year, then selling it he once more located in Minnesota. Upon his return to his native state he bought two farms and for eight years thereafter he devoted his entire attention to their operation. Disposing of his land at the end of that time he came to Oregon, but purchased a fine ranch across the Columbia river in Washington. He remained there until 1902, when selling his land he came to Yamhill county and bought eighty acres of most excellent land nine miles west of McMinnville. He devoted his attention to the further improvement and cultivation of this place until July, 1911, when he sold it and on the first of the following October entered upon the duties of superintendent of the Yamhill county poor farm, containing one hundred and twenty-seven acres.

In 1884 Mr. Glover was united in marriage to Miss Edith Davis, who is a native of Minnesota and a daughter of Isaac and Catharine (Pettice) Davis. Of the marriage of Mr. and Mrs. Glover there have been born three children: Ina C., who was born on the 24th of October, 1888, now teaching school in Gopher valley, Yamhill county; Iva H., whose birth occurred on the 23d of December, 1890, a teacher in Wasco county, Oregon; and Irl I., born on May 15, 1903, who is still in school.

His political support Mr. Glover gives to the republican party, but gives his indorsement to the policy of the insurgent faction of that party. He has never sought official honors or political preferment but served as school clerk at one time. Fraternally he is affiliated with the Woodmen of the World of Minnesota. Mr. Glover has met with a goodly degree of success in his undertakings and in addition to his other interests has a nice residence property in Portland, that he rents. He is well qualified for the position he is now filling, and will undoubtedly discharge his duties with efficiency and in a manner entirely satisfactory to those responsible for his appointment.

FRANKLIN THATCHER, who is successfully engaged in the fruit and dairy business four miles northwest of Forest Grove, Washington county, is a native of this county and has spent most of his life amidst scenes with which he was familiar in his boyhood. He is remarkably well acquainted with the climate, soil and resources of western Oregon and by practical application of his knowledge has gained a gratifying measure of prosperity. Born on the 30th of January, 1854, he is a son of Harmon and Jemima (Parker) Thatcher. The parents were married in Indiana in 1847 and soon afterward started for the northwest. They left their oxen and wagons at The Dalles and were brought down the river in canoes by Indians. They spent a year in Yamhill county and then came to Washington county, where Mr. Thatcher took up a donation claim of five hundred and thirty-seven acres. Here they passed the remainder of their lives. In the family of Mr. and Mrs. Thatcher were eight children, namely: Isabelle, who is now the widow of G. W. Hadden; Warren, who lives in Tillamook, Oregon; Franklin, of this review; Lewis, who is deceased; Marcia, who makes her home at Forest Grove; Julia, who married William Barker and is now deceased; Martha, who is the wife of E. J. Bondshu, a record of whom appears elsewhere in this work; and Norman, who was last heard of in southeastern Oregon.

Mr. Thatcher, whose name stands at the head of this sketch, possessed good advantages of early training in the district schools. His education, however, did not end with his school days for he has traveled extensively and, being a man of fine powers of obser-

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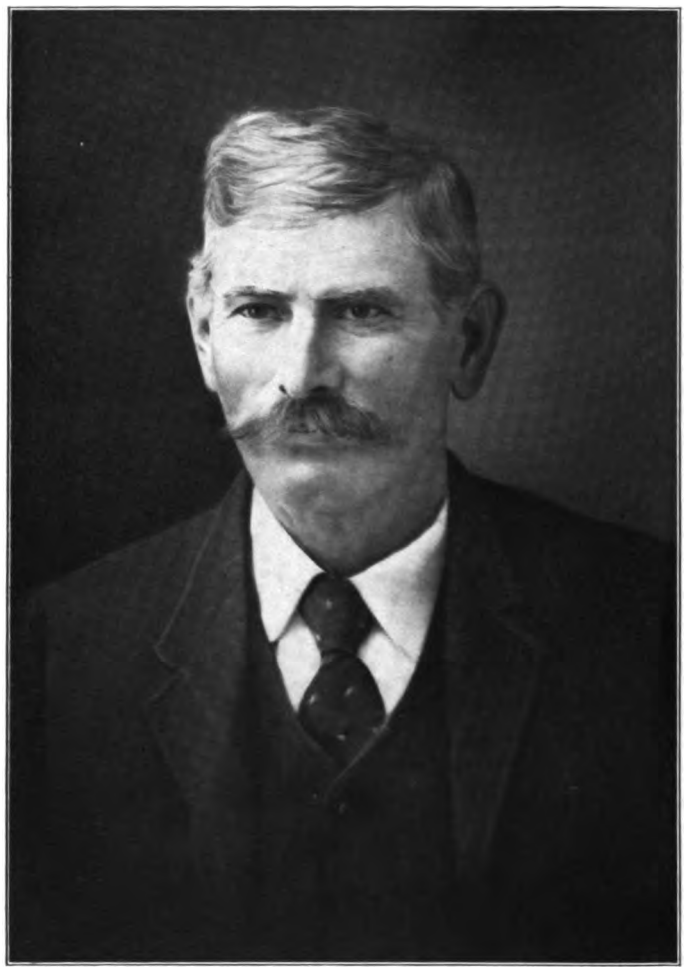

FRANKLIN THATCHER

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MRS. FRANKLIN THATCHER

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vation, he has gained much information which can be learned only by personal experience and direct contact with the world. He has devoted his attention to farming, making a specialty of fruits and dairying, and is the owner of forty-seven acres, all of which is under cultivation. His orchard is one of the most productive in this section and the cows on his place are all of good grade. As he understands both producing and marketing, his labors are rewarded with handsome annual returns.

In 1883 Mr. Thatcher was married to Miss Mary F. David, a daughter of William and Francisca (Buoymaster) David. The father was born in Germany and was taken by his parents to Australia, later coming to San Francisco, California. He finally located near Forest Grove, Oregon, where he spent the remainder of his life, which covered a period of thirty-five years. He was one of the leading grape growers of Oregon and gained a wide reputation in a business for which he was eminently adapted by natural inclination and experience. He had a large vineyard and always found a ready market at Portland for the products which he had to offer. David Hill, northwest of Forest Grove, was named in his honor. Two children have been born to Mr. and Mrs. Thatcher: Orminda, who is the wife of William Haney and lives on part of the Thatcher donation claim; and Josephine, the wife of Victor Griep, also living on the Thatcher claim.

Fraternally Mr. Thatcher is connected with the Grange. He has been an adherent of the democratic party ever since he arrived at manhood and has actively assisted in promoting the interests of the organization. He was nominated for county commissioner and at another time for representative to the state legislature but in each instance was defeated by a small number of votes. A postoffice was located at his place and was known as Thatcher postoffice but it was discontinued upon the introduction of the rural free delivery. As a friend of education Mr. Thatcher is an earnest advocate of the public-school system and has served very acceptably as member of the school board. He occupies a highly creditable place among the representative men of a community where he has been favorably known during his entire active business career.

H. D. SPENCER is one of the up-to-date, live, progressive business men of eastern Oregon. He is the owner of a large lumber business in the city of Elgin, at which place he maintains his residence. He was born in Utica, Licking county, Ohio, December 13, 1864, and is a son of William A. and Ann C. (Burroughs) Spencer, his father being of English extraction and his mother a native of Ohio. William A. Spencer, for many years, was a resident of Ontario, Canada, and from that place he removed to the United States, settling in Utica, Ohio. In early life he had mastered the cabinet-maker's trade, which he continued to follow after taking up his residence in this country. In 1865 he removed to Henry county, Missouri, where he was engaged in the furniture business and also pursued his trade as a cabinet-maker. In addition he operated a farm near Clinton, the work and care of which was looked after by his sons under his immediate supervision. In 1883 he removed to southern California, settling near the city of Los Angeles. There he lived until his death which occurred at Long Beach, in 1907. His widow still maintains her residence at Long Beach.

H. D. Spencer, the subject of this review, was reared at home, acquiring his early education in the common schools and later completed a course in a business college at Sedalia, Missouri, graduating from that institution with the class of 1883. In that year he removed to the western country with his father, settling in southern California, where he found employment on a ranch and also did bookkeeping. He continued to devote his attention to this diversified employment until an opportunity to better his condition was offered to him in the employ of the Southern Pacific Railroad Company, which at that time was building its main branch through that section of the state. He accepted the position as assistant station agent at Santa Paula, California, which at that time was the terminal of the Southern Pacific Railway. Afterward he removed to Seattle, Washington, and for some years in that city he served as ticket agent for different lines of railroads among which were the Oregon Railroad & Navigation, the C. & P. S., the P. S. S., the Northern Pacific Railway and the Pacific Coast Steamship Company. In 1890 he removed to Portland, where he accepted the position as chief clerk in the ticket department of the assistant general passenger agent's office of the Northern Pacific Railroad, continuing in the employ of this road until November, 1893. In that year he tendered his resignation and in 1894 he removed to Elgin, in which place he established a shingle and planing mill. Since the establishment of this business he has been very successful in its conduct, the business having grown from a small beginning until now it is numbered among the large and prominent manufacturies of lumber and timber products. In 1905, having secured the necessary franchise, he constructed the electric light plant at Elgin, which he has since operated in connection with his various other enterprises.

H. D. Spencer has been twice married. His first wife was Miss Hattie B. Curtis, with whom he was joined in wedlock, December 21, 1887, and to this union eight children were born, six of whom are still living: Bessie, the wife of Charles C. Bendshadler; Hetta, one of the teachers in the Island City schools; Roy, Frank, Harry D., Jr., and Elmer, all of whom are still at home and attending the public schools. The mother of this family passed away November 7, 1907. Later Mr. Spencer was again married and this time selected for his partner in life, Mrs. William Curtis Messick, she being a cousin of his first wife.

Mr. Spencer is in politics affiliated with the republican party, to which he gives the undivided support of his influence and suffrage.

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He is a member of La Grande Lodge, No. 433, Benevolent Protective Order of Elks; and a member of Elgin Aerie, No. 389, Fraternal Order of Eagles. He is a member of Rockwall Encampment, No. 700, Woodmen of the World and also of the Women's Woodcraft Circle, No. 533. Mrs. Spencer is a member of the Presbyterian church.

H. D. Spencer is a man of large diversified business interests and has by the judicious application of his talents and ability, arisen in the scale of citizenship, from a poor boy working as a common laborer to a man of public distinction in the large business affairs of the county and city in which he lives. His influence and unreserved assistance is always readily given to the advancement of all issues affecting the educational, political and business uplift of his state and the community in which he lives.

CAPTAIN OSCAR B. WICKLAND has for the past eleven years been in command of the Point Adams life-saving station and many timely rescues have been made under his wise and capable direction. His birth occurred in Sweden on the 4th of November, 1868, his parents being Captain Olaf Henry and Blanche Sophia (Anderson) Wickland, who were born, reared and married in that country. The father served as master of the Danish schooner Napoleon for seven years. On the expiration of that period he became a wholesale dealer in lobsters, herring, etc., conducting a business of that character until called to his final rest on the 7th of October, 1878. His wife passed away on the 6th of February, 1897. Unto them were born three children, as follows: Oscar B., of this review; Katherine, the deceased wife of Carl Jorling of Sweden; and Henry S., who is employed as head bookkeeper in a furniture store at Stockholm, Sweden.

Oscar B. Wickland was a pupil in the public schools of Sweden until fifteen years of age and then pursued a business course in school, attending night sessions for a year and a half. Subsequently he joined his stepfather on the ship Arizona, sailing along the coasts of Sweden, Norway and Denmark until a youth of eighteen. In his earlier years he had also made a number of voyages with his father on the ship Napoleon. At the age of eighteen he emigrated to America, first landing at Astoria, Oregon. During the following summer he sailed along the coast and also engaged in fishing on the Columbia river and Puget Sound, continuing thus until 1890. On the 3d of January of that year he engaged as surfman in the life-saving service at Point Adams station, while in January, 1896, he was promoted to the keepership of the Yaquina Bay station, remaining in charge thereof for three years. In 1900 he was transferred to the Point Adams station, of which he is still in command. During the period of his connection with the life-saving service he has rendered assistance to more than two hundred and fifty vessels of all descriptions and has been instrumental in saving hundreds of lives. On one occasion sixteen lives were saved from a watery grave from the wreck of the Italian bark Covour, which stranded on Peacock Spit, Washington, on the evening of December 9, 1904. The life-saving crew under Captain Wickland's command rescued the crew of the vessel at 11:30 that night, and an hour afterward the bark went to pieces, scattering its timbers on the beach of Sand Island. On October 26, 1906, the British bark, Peter Iredale, stranded on Clatsop beach in a terrible southwestern gale. The surfboat was taken overland to the scene of the wrecked vessel and the crew of twenty-seven men safely landed on the beach. Captain Wickland was selected to represent the life-saving service at the Alaska-Yukon-Pacific Exposition at Seattle in 1909 and was in command of the station at that exposition giving daily exhibitions from the beginning to the end of the fair.

On the 7th of October, 1897, Captain Wickland was joined in wedlock to Miss Marie Fanning, a native of Fort Canby, Washington, and a daughter of Thomas and Sophia (Pollont) Fanning, who were born in Ireland, and Vancouver, Washington, respectively. They were married in the state of Washington and subsequently came to Astoria, Oregon, where Thomas Fanning passed away. His widow still makes her home at that place. They had five children, namely: Mrs. Wickland; Thomas E., who is a resident of Astoria; and Delphine, Bertha and Evelyn, all of whom are deceased. Unto Captain and Mrs. Wickland have been born two sons and one daughter, as follows: Blanche S., whose natal day was September 26, 1898, and who is now attending school; Oscar F., who was born March 5, 1905, and died on the 19th of December, 1910; and William H. Robert, whose birth occurred on the 19th of December, 1909. Mrs. Wickland, who is a graduate of the Astoria high school, taught music prior to her marriage.

In politics Captain Wickland is a republican, while his religious faith is that of the Lutheran church. His wife is a devoted communicant of the Catholic church. Fraternally he is identified with Temple Lodge, A. F. & A. M., of Astoria; Bay Lodge, No. 180, I. O. O. F., of Yaquina Bay; and Astor Lodge, K. P., of Astoria. His genuine personal worth and sterling traits of character have won him the unbounded confidence and esteem of the entire community and the respect and admiration of all with whom he has come in contact.

SAMUEL JOHNSON, who is ranked among the valued and representative citizens of the section in which he resides, operates one hundred and sixty acres of well-improved land, located on the Coquille river, in Oregon. He was born in Missouri, November 16, 1833, and is a son of Samuel and Elvira Johnson, the latter a native of Missouri and the former of England. Their marriage occurred in the state where their son was born and there they resided for many years. They became the parents of six children, all of whom are now dead with the exception of the subject of this sketch. One of our subject's

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brothers came to Oregon in 1872 and died in this state in 1900. Two others served in the Civil war and died during the period of their enlistment. The other two members of the family passed away in Missouri.

Samuel Johnson, of this review, received his education in the public schools of his native state. His residence in Oregon dates from 1870, in which year he settled on the south fork of the Coquille river, in Coos county, and bought one hundred and sixty acres of land known as the Eliza Morris donation claim, located eight miles above Myrtle Point. He immediately began its cultivation and has kept up a continuous policy of improvement since that time. He is now the owner of one hundred and sixty acres of fertile and productive land, one hundred acres of which is kept constantly under cultivation. He has one of the model farms of Coos county and is an influential factor in agricultural circles in this section.

In 1856 Mr. Johnson was united in marriage to Miss Angeline P. Morris, who was born in Crawford county, Missouri. She is a daughter of Evans and Elizabeth (Hunt) Morris, both of whom were born in Tennessee and died in Missouri. Mrs. Johnson is one of a large family of children born to her parents, only two of whom are still living; her sister being Mrs. Sarah Barnes, of Kansas. Mr. and Mrs. Johnson have become the parents of nine children: Thomas W., who is now a resident of the state of Washington; Joseph E., who was accidentally drowned; James M. and Samuel E., of Washington; C. N., who lives at home; H. A., now operating his father's homestead, who married Miss Jessie Warner, by whom he has three children, Alma, Ruby and Warren; Arminta, the wife of Joseph Dean, of North Yakima, Washington; Milton H., who is also a resident of the same city; and Frank, who passed away when he was eighteen years of age.

Mr. Johnson and his family affiliate with the Seventh Day Adventist church. In all of his agricultural and business affairs Mr. Johnson is alert and enterprising and has met with the measure of success which always rewards earnest, persistent and well-directed labor. He is well known in this district where he has resided since 1870, and won uniform trust and good will by reason of a life which in all its phases is straightforward and honorable.

ALA O. MOSIER, of Canyon City, Oregon, county treasurer of Grant county, was born in John Day, this county, December 26, 1877, a son of Arthur I. and Lina (Harper) Mosier. His father is a native of Council Grove, Kansas, and the mother was born in eastern Missouri. They came to Oregon with their respective parents in the early '60s, crossing the plains with ox teams, subsequently settling at John Day, Grant county, where the father and mother were married. The father, who is still a resident of John Day, is now living a retired life. The grandfather, Emanuel Mosier, was a blacksmith by trade and worked for many years in the mines, while his wife conducted a hotel.

Ala O. Mosier was educated in the public schools of Oregon, finishing in the high school of Eugene. After his graduation therefrom he took special courses in chemistry and then began teaching, a vocation which he followed for ten years in different parts of Oregon. He always took a considerable interest in politics, being by political faith an adherent of the republican party, and in December, 1907, he was appointed to fill the unexpired term of county treasurer, a vacancy caused by the death of county treasurer N. H. Boley. He filled that position with distinction to himself and such satisfaction to his constituents that he has twice been elected to succeed himself as county treasurer and is again a candidate for reelection.

Mr. Mosier was married, September 1, 1909, to Miss Julia H. Round, of Jefferson, Oregon, a daughter of the Rev. George F. Round, a prominent Methodist Episcopal minister, now located at Coburg, Lane county, Oregon. Mr. Mosier is a member of Vernon Lodge, No. 43, K. P. and of Canyon Camp, No. 218, W. O. W., being secretary of both lodges. His wife is a member of the Methodist Episcopal church. He is numbered among the most popular young sons of Grant county, where his career as an instructor and official have been especially brilliant, his work in connection with these duties having been efficient and absolutely above criticism. Withal he has the distinction of being the only native son of Grant county ever elected to public office. He is a well educated man, congenial in his manner, optimistic by nature and a great favorite among a large circle of friends. He is without question one of the most valuable assets to the citizenship of Grant county and his future career will be one of which any man might well be proud.

AMOS L. NOSLER. The name of Amos L. Nosler is prominently connected with the agricultural development of many sections of the state of Oregon and stands in Coos county for all that is most progressive and up-to-date in the principles of farming. Mr. Nosler's residence in this state dates from 1870 and his career has been connected with early agricultural expansion. He now owns in conjunction with his son, six hundred acres of finely improved land in Coos county, one hundred and sixty acres of timber in the same section and large holdings in other parts of Oregon. He has besides conducted a general merchandise store and postoffice in Bridge and for ten years this has been a valuable source of income to him.

Mr. Nosler was born in Iowa on the 16th of April, 1852, and is a son of John H. and Matilda E. (Farmer) Nosler, both natives of Indiana. In that state their marriage occurred and here they lived for a few years before they moved to Iowa and settled in Polk county. At one time the father owned a large tract of land where the city of Des Moines now stands. He was active and successful in various parts of Iowa but moved to Missouri in 1859. Here he lived until 1870, in which year he came to Oregon and settled in Coos county, where he took

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up a homestead claim on Iowa Slough. He was successful as an agriculturist for six years but eventually retired and moved to Coquille city where he became identified with the public life of the community. He served for eight years as county judge and was the first mayor of the city. He was appointed postmaster and did able and efficient work in this line. He subsequently engaged in the drug business and was successful until his death in 1908. He passed away five years after his wife, who was accidently killed in 1897. He was the father of seven children, four of whom are still living: Amos, the subject of this review; James, who resides in Coquille, Oregon; J. W., who makes his home near Hubbard, Oregon; B. E., who was formerly postmaster of Coquille and who is now a resident of Enterprise, California; one daughter, who died in infancy; Emma, the deceased wife of Dyer Leneve of Port Orford, Oregon, who passed away at the age of twenty-three years; and William, who was crushed between two logs in an accident on his father's homestead camp in 1870.

Amos L. Nosler was educated in the public schools of his native state and came to Oregon with his parents in October, 1870, preempting a claim near Coquille City. He later moved to what is now known as Bridge and here he and his son own six hundred acres of highly productive and well improved land. Besides this tract of land Mr. Nosler owns one hundred and sixty acres of fine timber land and an interest in three hundred and twenty acres of fertile farm land in Harney county. He is interested in town property in Coquille and owns a four-acre tract within the city limits. For ten years he conducted a general merchandise store in Bridge, Oregon, which he brought to a flourishing and prosperous condition before he disposed of his interest in it. He is one of the enterprising and representative men in this section of the country, interested in the growth of the county along agricultural lines and always eager to promote in any way its progress and development.

Amos Nosler was united in marriage in 1874 to Miss Annie Hatcher, a native of Missouri and a daughter of William and Mahalah Hatcher, both of whom lived and died in Livingston county, in that state. There are four living children of this family: Annie, the wife of our subject; Hiram, of Bridge, Oregon; Nancy, the wife of J. P. Messer, of Coquille; and Sarah, who married Irvin Gibbs of Josephine county, this state. Mrs. Nosler was educated in the public schools of her native state and remained at home until her marriage. She and her husband are the parents of four children: Claude H., who resides in Bridge, Oregon; Fred N., who lives in the same city; Maud, who married Aaron Wilson of Coquille, Oregon; and one child who died in infancy.

In his political affiliations Mr. Nosler is a republican and takes an active interest in public affairs and he and his family belong to the Christian church. He is one of the representative citizens of Coos county, where his activities have been carried on along progressive lines. His farming is practical and productive, based as it is on scientifically efficient methods, and he is doing much to raise the standard of agriculture in the state of Oregon.

JOHN D. RICE, identified with farming interests in Umatilla county, was born in Benton county, near Belle Plaine, Iowa, September 18, 1867, his parents being Daniel and Amanda (Winslow) Rice. They were both natives of Indiana, where their youthful days were spent and where their marriage took place. Soon afterward they decided to try their fortune in another state and took up their residence in Iowa in 1867. Seven years later they removed to Denver, Colorado, where they are now residing. In that state Mr. Rice has been active in real-estate circles and has engaged in that business throughout the greater part of his career. He purchases and sells property, never making a sale on commission.

John D. Rice, the only child born to his parents, spent his youthful days in his father's home. His educational privileges were such as the public schools of Denver offered. He spent his summers in the mountains of Colorado, being at Leadville during the time that city was one of the booming mining centers. He was employed to carry meat from the slaughterhouse at Malta at a time when two stumps and slabs set up on ends served for a butcher shop at Leadville. In 1880 he left Colorado and set out for Boise, Idaho. He left the train at Ogden, Utah, and came across the country to Corinne, Utah, where he was engaged in loading freight for five years. At the end of that time he removed to Kelton when the Oregon Short Line was being built. He again accepted work on a freight train and during his service in that capacity traversed the greater part of the country. After giving up that position he removed to Lake county, Oregon, in 1887 and engaged in the stock business, which he disposed of about seven years later. He next removed to California, where he resided for three years before going to northern Idaho, where he engaged in ranching, lumbering and stock-raising. He did not locate in Hermiston, Oregon, until May, 1905. Since he has resided here, he has been one of the active stock-raisers and agriculturists and he at present owns one hundred and sixty acres of land, all of which is adequately irrigated. He also owns twenty acres in Umatilla and five acres where he is now residing. This is all irrigated and is, therefore, some of the most highly productive land in the district. About five years ago he erected a good substantial house and it is one of the attractive homes of Hermiston. When it was built irrigation had not yet been introduced and it stood in the midst of sagebrush and cactus. It is now within the city limits and is equipped with electric light and city water. On his farm Mr. Rice intends to make a specialty of fruit growing. In this he will probably win a good degree of success because during the

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JOHN D. RICE

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few years in which he has been connected with agricultural pursuits in Hermiston he has shown that he has the ability and the will to so study the climatic and soil conditions of the district as to be able to plant to the best possible advantage.

On the 9th of January, 1889, Mr. Rice was married to Miss Maggie E. Clark, whose birth occurred in Springtown, Parker county, Texas, February 17, 1872. She resided in that state until she was fifteen years of age, when she came to Harney county, Oregon, with her parents, Benjamin and Catura Clark. To Mr. and Mrs. Rice four children have been born: Deiz, whose birth occurred in Harney county, Oregon; Delta and Frank, who were born in Oakesdale, Washington; and Carroll, whose birth occurred in Elk Prairie, Idaho.

In his political views Mr. Rice is independent and as every American citizen should do keeps well informed on the questions and issues of the day. He has served for four years as a member of the city council and for several years filled the office of city treasurer. Subsequently he again served in the council for three terms. Fraternally he is a member of the Independent Order of Odd Fellows, the Masons, the Rebekahs, the Eastern Star and the Farmers Union. During their residence in this county both Mr. and Mrs. Rice have gained the warm regard of many friends.

WILLIAM J. GALBRAITH is one of the wealthy and successful ranchmen of Grant county, Oregon. His birth occurred in County Tyrone, Ireland, on the 12th of November, 1845, his parents being John W. and Margaret (McCullough) Galbraith, who were of Scotch-Irish ancestry and spent their entire lives on the Emerald isle. In 1865, when a young man of twenty years, William J. Galbraith crossed the Atlantic to the United States, reaching New York on the 8th of July. Continuing his journey westward, he settled in Delaware county, Indiana. He was successful in obtaining employment at once as clerk in a mercantile establishment in Muncie, that state, where he remained for the succeeding two years. In 1867 he emigrated to Oregon, making the long journey by way of the Isthmus of Panama. On reaching this state he located in Canyon City, Grant county, where he was employed as clerk in one of the mercantile houses for a period of nine years. In 1876 he removed to Prairie City and embarked in the mercantile business on his own account. This enterprise he conducted without interruption until 1888, at which time he disposed of his interests and turned his attention and resources to the business of stockraising and farming. In this line of activity he has been eminently successful. He now owns fourteen hundred acres of good Oregon farm and well-stocked range land. His home of modern construction, supplied with bath and running hot and cold water throughout to suit his convenience is located one and a quarter miles from Prairie City and is considered one of the handsomest in Grant county.

In 1878 Mr. Galbraith wedded Miss Mary E. Suttlemeir, of Grant county, and to this union four children have been born, two of whom are still living: John W., of Los Angeles, California; and Alice, the wife of Frank Howell, residing in John Day valley, Grant county. Mr. Galbraith is allied with the democratic party in politics, and is a member of the Presbyterian church. He is now in the enjoyment of a well earned competency. His successful business career has given him an enviable rating in the business world and is a high compliment to his industry and the wise management of his business affairs. He bears an honored name and enjoys the reputation of being one of the representative citizens of the John Day valley.

EDWARD E. HAINES is following the agricultural standards set him by his father, who was one of the pioneer settlers in Douglas county, and in the cultivation of six hundred acres of land has added to the growth and development of the rich and fertile Umpqua valley. He was born on the old Haines homestead, a portion of which he now owns, on September 16, 1862, and is a son of Alfred and Sarah (Nixon) Haines. His father was a native of New Jersey and was married in Indiana, where his wife was born, December 24, 1840. He lived in Albany, Illinois, until 1862, in which year he crossed the plains to Oregon, making the journey with mule teams and spending four months in traveling from the Missouri river at Omaha to Scottsburg, Oregon, where he joined his son, William Haines, who was then located in that city with his twin brother Joseph, they having come to Oregon in 1851. Alfred Haines, the father of our subject, was one of the pioneers of Oregon. Soon after his arrival here he bought one hundred and sixty acres of land two miles south of Elkton, for which he paid four hundred dollars and upon which he resided until his death, which occurred in 1888, when he was eighty-five years of age. He acquired extensive holdings during his life and was one of the largest landowners in this section. One tract of land comprising seventy-two acres he acquired at the small price of one dollar per acre and it now constitutes one of the most valuable pieces of land in Douglas county.

Edward E. Haines was reared at home and educated in the public schools of Douglas county, which were then extremely primitive. His active life began when he was eighteen years of age, at which time he purchased a stage line between Drain and Scottsburg and this he ran with success for four years. At the end of that time he sold out and went to California, spending one winter in Los Angeles county when he returned to Oregon, and settled upon a portion of the home farm, which he improved and operated for some time along the most progressive and modern lines of agriculture. He is now the owner of six hundred acres and is regarded as one of the most substantial and influential men in the county.

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In his political views he keeps himself independent of lines and parties, being influenced in his vote by individual worth of the candidates. He is a member of the Modern Woodmen of America and the Modern Brotherhood of America. He is the father of ten children: Maud, who is now Mrs. Alva Darby of Portland; Homer H., who resides in Elkton; Florence, the wife of Joseph Hudson, who is assisting Mr. Haines in the work of the farm; Walter B., who lives at home; Ruth, who married Victor Miller, of Kellogg; Harry, at home; Lawrence, Lydia and Opal, also at home; and Wilford, who is the youngest of the family.

Edward E. Haines is a man who was born and reared in the open west and who grew up imbued with its spirit. He studied agriculture as a modern science and understands the care of stock and the cultivation of the soil. He owns six hundred acres of land constituting one of the finest ranches in the Umpqua valley, and his success in the conduct of his farm and in the rapid expansion of his enterprise is due in a large degree to his personal supervision of its various details.

JOSEPH A. MANNING. Agricultural products constitute the chief source of wealth in Marion county for the rich and fertile soil offers excellent opportunities to the industrious and progressive farmer. To agricultural pursuits Joseph A. Manning gives his attention, having a half interest in an extensive farm situated five miles northwest of Gervais on the Salem and Champoeg road. He has always resided in Marion county, his birth having occurred here on the 30th of January, 1880. His grandparents crossed the plains with one of the many parties which left the east for Oregon in 1852. The journey was made with ox teams and took the usual time of six months and was fraught with all the dangers which the pioneers were wont to encounter in making the trip westward. They settled in St. Louis, Oregon, and for a number of years were successfully engaged in the hotel business. The parents, Vincent A. and Felicity (Viesman) Manning, were born in Missouri and Oregon respectively. The father's birth occurred in 1852 and he was the third of fourteen children, the others being: Mrs. Cecil Gleason, the wife of Morris Gleason, of Portland; Dennis, of Parkersville, Oregon; Mrs. Mary Moisan, who is the wife of F. X. Moisan of Brooks; Joseph and Kenrick, both residents of Portland; Mrs. Martina O'Brien, who is living at Salem, Oregon; Mrs. Blandina Kenney, a resident of Portland; and six who are deceased. Mrs. Vincent Manning was born in 1853, and was the youngest of three children, the others being: Mrs. Mary Nathman, who is the wife of B. A. Nathman of Gervais, Oregon; and Mrs. Teresa Mangold, who is married to F. A. Mangold of Gervais. Mr. and Mrs. Manning were married in 1874 and to them eleven children were born, namely: Mrs. Frances McClellan, who is the wife of G. B. McClellan of Portland; Ernest, deceased; Joseph A., who is the subject of this review; Augustine, who was married to Hannah Brassell on the 10th of November, 1910, and who is residing in Marion county; Albert, deceased; Fidelis, a resident of Stanwood, Washington; Cecilia, deceased; and Stephen, Clarence, Zita and Cyril, all living in Portland.

In the common schools of Marion county Joseph A. Manning acquired his education and remained at home engaging in farming duties until he was twenty-three years of age when he went to Portland and accepted employment in various lines of work. Leaving that city he worked in the fisheries on the Columbia river for a short time but soon returned to Portland where he remained until 1907 in which year he rented his father's farm in partnership with his brother Augustine. They have proven themselves successful farmers and at the present time have twenty-five acres planted to hops and fifty acres in grain and hay. They have also engaged in stock-raising and dairying to some extent and are planning to keep some twenty-five or thirty cows and engage in the dairying business more extensively. They are adding every improvement which will contribute to the neatness of their place and the systematic handling of their products and are also making such a study of the soil as will enable them to cultivate their crops so as to reap the maximum yields per acre.

On the 24th of November, 1909, Mr. Manning was married to Miss Anna Brassell, whose birth occurred in 1887 in Salem, South Dakota. She is a daughter of Ferdinand and Elizabeth (Munsky) Brassell, and was one of eight children, the others being: two who died in infancy; William, who is a resident of St. Louis, Oregon; Mrs. Joseph Manning; Mrs. Hannah Manning, who is the wife of Augustine Manning, of Marion county; Frances, who is living at home with her parents; and Frank and Peter who are residing in St. Louis, Oregon. To Mr. and Mrs. Manning one child has been born, Herbert, whose birth occurred on the 29th of January, 1911.

In politics Mr. Manning has usually favored the principles, measures and men of the democratic party, but because of his broad-minded political views has frequently cast his vote for man or measure rather than for party. He is a member of the Catholic church and fraternally is affiliated with the Yeomen. He is a progressive and wide-awake farmer, always on the alert and ready to incorporate in his business the most modern methods, and his industry and enterprise have enabled him not only to attain prosperity but have won him a high place in the respect and regard of his neighbors.

HIRAM NELSON WILLIAMS is one of the most successful agriculturists in the county of Wallowa, this state, in which he has lived for a third of a century. He has always been a public-spirited man, contributing his share of service both in private and public life in the interests of the development of his state and county. His birth occurred in McDonough county, Illinois, on the 20th of August, 1850, his parents being James and

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Mary J. (Millsap) Williams, who were natives of Kentucky and Indiana, respectively. They were united in wedlock in Illinois, to which state Mrs. Williams' parents had removed many years before. Immediately after their wedding they removed to McDonough county, where they established their residence and spent the remaining years of their lives, Mr. Williams passing away in 1895, in the eighty-fifth year of his age, while his wife was called to her final rest in 1897.

Hiram Nelson Williams was reared in his father's home in McDonough county and was there educated in the common schools. After completing his education he engaged in teaching, entering this vocation at the early age of nineteen years. He remained under the parental roof until he was twenty-one years of age and then removed to Missouri, locating in Bates county, where he became one of the resident farmers, continuing in this business for a period of nine years. In 1879 he emigrated to Oregon, crossing the plains with horse teams and arrived in Wallowa county on the 26th of July. In this county he homesteaded a claim near Lostine and here he has continued to live until the present time. He has been very successful in business as an agriculturist and now has joint title with his brother, George W., to twelve hundred acres of fine land, which is under cultivation, being managed entirely by Mr. Williams and his brother. In addition to his agricultural interests he is also engaged in the mining business, being the owner of some very promising mining properties in Wallowa county.

On the 11th of September, 1870, Mr. Williams was married to Miss Sarah E. Peck, of McDonough county, Illinois. To this union eight children have been born, four of whom survive, namely: James R., who is engaged in ranching near Lostine; Lulu Belle, the wife of James A. Read, who is engaged in farming on a portion of the twelve hundred acres owned by Mr. Williams and his brother; Cora E., who is the wife of Harley Fleener, a ranchman of Union county; and Stella I., who is at home with her parents.

Mr. Williams is affiliated with the democratic party and in 1898 was elected to the office of county commissioner, in which office he succeeded himself in the fall of 1902. His long residence in one locality in Wallowa county has sufficed to thoroughly establish his reputation as being one of the most up-to-date and enterprising citizens in his portion of the state. During his residence here he has been identified with the issues affecting the welfare of the business and political advancement of his county and his large real-estate holdings justly entitle him to rank among the most successful agriculturists of the state.

JOEL B. KINDRED, a carpenter and contractor of Warrenton, has been in the service of the government for a number of years. His birth occurred in Clatsop county, Oregon, on the 17th of March, 1866, his parents being J. F. and Elizabeth Kindred. A sketch of the father appears on another page of this work. Our subject lost his mother when a youth of sixteen and then began earning his own livelihood, learning the carpenter's trade. Subsequently he took up his abode on a ranch of one hundred and sixty acres in Pacific county, Washington, operating the same for ten years. He sold the property on the expiration of that period and has since been in the service of the government, being first connected with fortification work for four years. During the past several years, however, he has been engaged in carpentering and contracting. He has a fine home in Warrenton and also owns other property.

When a young man of twenty-four years Mr. Kindred was united in marriage to Miss Ida England, a native of Sweden, who emigrated to America in 1889. Her parents, who passed away in Sweden, had a family of sixteen children, two of whom are deceased. Mrs. Kindred is the only one who came to the United States. By her marriage she has become the mother of five children, namely: Minnie B., born on the Cedar river in Pacific county, Washington, and is still at home at the age of twenty years; Sadie, a native of Clatsop county and a young lady of nineteen, who is the wife of Neal Allen, of Tacoma, Washington; Elizabeth, who is seventeen years old; and Oscar and Estella, fourteen and twelve years of age respectively.

Mr. Kindred is a stanch republican in politics but has never sought the honors and emoluments of office. Fraternally he is identified with the Ancient Order of United Workmen at Astoria, the Independent Order of Odd Fellows at Hammond and the Degree of Honor at Astoria. In religious faith he is an Episcopalian. He is regarded as a representative and enterprising citizen and wherever known is held in the highest esteem.

FRANCIS RICHARD DU RETTE, who has been a life-long resident of Marion county, is living on a farm seven miles west of Gervais on the Salem, Fairfield and St. Paul road. His birth occurred on the 23d of December, 1860, his parents being B. G. and Louisa J. (Waddell) Du Rette, the former a native of South Carolina and the latter of Virginia. The father was born in 1808, his father having come to America with a party from France who settled in Louisiana. Subsequently, however, he moved east to South Carolina, where he brought up his family. The grandmother was of German lineage. Mr. B. G. Du Rette was one of seven children, all of whom are now deceased, and the mother, whose birth occurred in 1822, was the daughter of Richard Waddell, and was of Scotch-Irish descent. Mr. and Mrs. B. G. Du Rette were married in 1842 in Mississippi where they resided for a long period until Mr. Du Rette removed to Oregon. Two years later his wife followed him and they settled thirteen miles north of Salem, where they purchased six hundred and forty acres upon which they resided until 1861, the year of the flood. At that time their property was destroyed and all their buildings washed away, this necessitating a new start in life.

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Later they lived in various places in Marion county, but finally purchased three hundred and twenty acres of the William Millsop donation land claim, making this their home for the remainder of their lives. The father's death occurred in 1884, and his wife passed away eight years later. Before her death, however, she purchased another one hundred acres of this donation land claim which is now the property of her son Francis. Mr. and Mrs. B. G. Du Rette were the parents of six children, namely: two who died in infancy; Mrs. Mary J. Smith and John W., both deceased; George A., who is married and living in Portland, Oregon; and Francis R., who is the subject of this sketch.

When Francis Du Rette was but fourteen years of age he assumed entire management of his father's farm while the latter took a necessary trip to Mississippi to look after the business interests which he had there. His father was absent from home for several years. On his return trip he made the journey from New Orleans to San Francisco by the way of Panama. After arriving in California he worked in the mines for a year and then came to Champoeg. During the ten years Francis Du Rette managed the home property he brought the land under a high state of cultivation, and by untiring energy and constant application rendered the farm profitably productive. When the father returned to Champoeg he engaged in the mercantile business for four years but at the end of that time returned to his farm where he resided until his death. At present Francis Du Rette owns one hundred and thirty acres of fine land near Gervais and six hundred and forty acres in Polk county, eighty acres of the first named tract being in a state of cultivation. The Polk county property is leased, and because of its highly productive soil is proving very remunerative. Putting into practice what he learned by experience in early life he is one of the most successful grain and stock raisers in the vicinity, and in addition to this carries on dairying to some extent, having a large herd of Jersey cows.

On January 6, 1889, Mr. Du Rette was married to Miss Isabelle Imlah, whose birth occurred in Scotland in 1861, and who is the daughter of Alexander and Louisa (Mitchell) Imlah. She came to America with her parents who moved to Yamhill county, Oregon, from Baltimore, Maryland, in 1873. After residing in Yamhill county for eight years, they removed to Polk county where they remained for one year before coming to Marion county. In the latter county they purchased four hundred acres of land, which is still the family home. Mrs. DuRette was one of eight children, namely: one who died in infancy; Mrs. Du Rette; Alexander, of Tillamook county; Agnes, who is the wife of Harrison Jones, of Marion county, and has four children; Louisa, who is the wife of G. A. Miller, of Polk county, and has one child; James, who is married and living in Polk county and has two children; David, who resides in Tillamook county and has three children; and John, of Marion county, who is married and has three children. To Mr. and Mrs. Du Rette five children have been born: Donald B., whose birth occurred on the 7th of April, 1891; F. R., Jr., whose birth occurred March 27, 1893; Cecil Alexander, whose birth occurred on the 11th of March, 1895; Louisa Murle, who was born July 27, 1898; and Agnes, who was born on the 17th of January, 1901. The children are all residing at home and the younger ones are attending school.

In politics Mr. Du Rette maintains an independent attitude and casts his vote for the men and measures rather than for party favor. He has always, however, manifested a great interest in the political issues of the day and has accepted office when he thought he could render efficient and beneficial service to his community. He has served as clerk of the school board for thirteen years and has also been road supervisor. Although he was brought up in the Roman Catholic faith the family are regular attendants of the Presbyterian church, of which Mrs. Du Rette is a member. In Mr. and Mrs. Du Rette the community finds citizens to whom they may look for support along educational, social and moral lines, and who prove their worth to society by living according to the high ideals which they hold.

GEORGE W. KERR, a miner of considerable prominence and experience, resides in Cottage Grove, where he owns property and is interested in two mines in the Bohemia district. He was born in Pennsylvania in 1846, the son of M. N. S. and Mary J. (Luther) Kerr, both of whom were natives of the Keystone state. The father was a furnace-blower and a lumberman but devoted the latter part of his life principally to prospecting and mining in the Dakotas. In 1882 he emigrated to Oregon, where he continued mining in Douglas county. He died in Pennsylvania in 1905, at the age of one hundred and six years. When he was one hundred years old he timbered his mine in Douglas county, returning to Pennsylvania in 1901. He had a family of seven children: I. A., of Tennessee; J. L. B., of Roseburg, Oregon; R. L., of Warren, Pennsylvania; Mary C., deceased; Henrietta, the wife of Thaddeus Songer, of Pennsylvania; Clara, the wife of George Wolf, of Central Point, Oregon; and George W.

George W. Kerr began to make his own way in the world at the early age of twelve years, when he ran away from home and worked at various occupations in his native state until 1862. In that year he joined Company M of the Second Pennsylvania Cavalry, with which he served until the end of the war. After his discharge from the United States service he returned to Pennsylvania and worked at the lumber business until 1877, when he removed to Kansas, where he followed farming. In 1880 he went to Idaho, where he worked in a machine shop for three years and then came to Oregon, renting a farm upon which he

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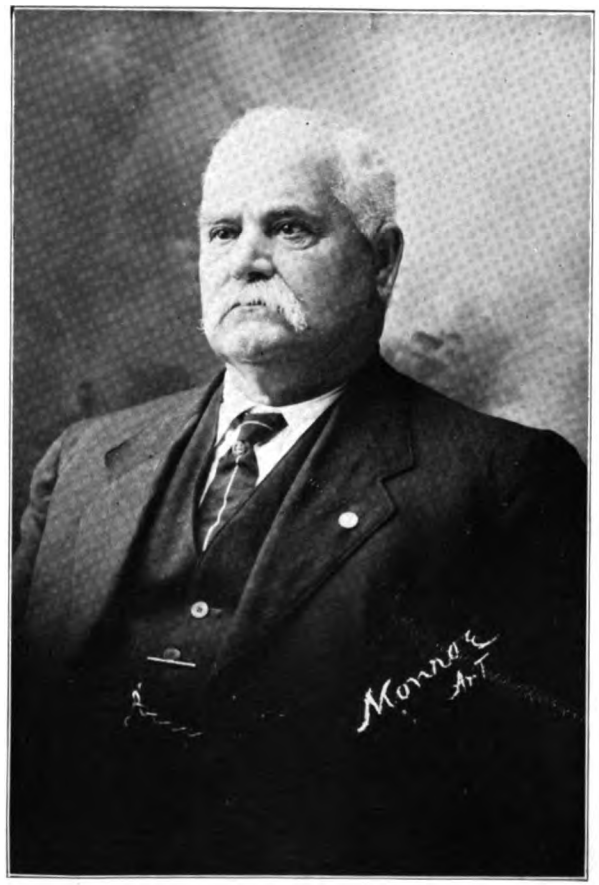

MR. AND MRS. GEORGE W. KERR

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lived for two years. At the end of that time he took up a government homestead at Wildwood, upon which he lived for several years. He then took up mining as a business and is one of the men who assisted in opening up the Bohemia mining district and also engaged in building the first wagon road into that section. During his experience as a miner he was for three years foreman of the Annie Consolidated Mining Company. After leaving the employ of that concern he began developing properties in his own behalf and was fairly successful in his work. He owns an interest in two mines in the district where he worked for so many years and also retains his original farm and owns residence property in Eugene.

Mr. Kerr was married in Pennsylvania in 1869 to Miss Sarah E. Johnson, a daughter of Jacob and Mary (Miller) Johnson, both of whom were natives of the Keystone state. Mr. and Mrs. Johnson were the parents of ten children: Jane, who is the widow of Ed Farrell and resides in Pennsylvania; Edward, deceased; Miles, who resides on the old homestead in Pennsylvania; Arnold, of Wisconsin; Marshall, of Pennsylvania; Sarah E., now Mrs. George W. Kerr; Mary, deceased; Malinda, the widow of Henry Sheldon, of Pennsylvania; Ella, the wife of John L. Blodgett, of Dallas, Oregon; and Alva, deceased. To Mr. and Mrs. Kerr ten children have been born, Mary, the wife of William McNeil, of California, and the mother of three children, Archie, Willis and Wayne; Clara, the wife of John H. Kirk, of Dorena, Oregon, and the mother of four children, Murle, Wayne, Emmett and Bertha; Ella, the wife of Ben Petcher, of Disston, Oregon, and the mother of two children, Wilber and Vita; Lena, the wife of Cary Pitcher, of California, and the mother of three children, Lola, Gladys and Georgia; Nellie, the wife of Green Pitcher, of Cottage Grove; Georgia, deceased; Clyde, of Cottage Grove, who is married and has one child, Pearl; Edna, the wife of Leon Sullivan, of Klamath Falls, Oregon; Raymond, who is attending school; and Charles, deceased.

In his political faith Mr. Kerr is an adherent of the democracy and although he has never been an office seeker or particularly interested in political matters he served as road supervisor for three years. He is a member of the local Grand Army Post, and also belongs to the Methodist Episcopal church. Mr. Kerr is a prominent man of Cottage Grove and has the respect of the entire community. He possesses more than average ability and exerts a material influence in municipal and social as well as in business affairs.

WILLIAM H. SKINNER. Drawing valuable lessons from the history of the past, William H. Skinner, as one of the founders and promoters of Hermiston, has established the town upon a safe foundation and with an absence of anything like "boom" methods has utilized every advantage and opportunity for the development of the place and for the furtherance of its interests and activities. His home at the present time is far separated from the place of his birth, which occurred in Cornwallis, Nova Scotia, July 24, 1851. His parents were Henry and Ruth A. (Illsley) Skinner, both of whom were natives of Nova Scotia. In 1869 they became residents of Iowa, settling in Chicksaw county, and subsequently they took up their abode in South Dakota, whither they went to join their son William in 1881. Both passed away in Brookings, that state, the death of the father, who was a lifelong farmer, occurring in 1902, when he had reached the advanced age of seventy-nine years. In their family were eight sons and two daughters, of whom two died in early childhood, while four are yet living.

William H. Skinner pursued his education in the schools of his native country and in Acadia College at Wolfville, Nova Scotia. He taught school for about ten years altogether in Nova Scotia and in Iowa. He resided with his parents until 1873, when, at the age of twenty-two years, he married and removed to Brookings county, South Dakota, where he secured a homestead, upon which he resided until the fall of 1880. He then took up his abode in the town of Brookings, which had been founded and developed while Mr. Skinner was living upon his claim. He was one of the promoters of the town site and engaged in the real-estate business there until 1900. He was also prominent in the public affairs of the community and served for about five years as clerk of the district court and one term as member of the board of regents of the South Dakota Agricultural College. He was also postmaster of Brookings for nearly five years and did much to further the interests and substantial activity of that place. While living in South Dakota he was admitted to practice law in the courts of the state but never followed the profession to any great extent. In 1900 he removed westward to Lewiston, Idaho, where he engaged in the real-estate business, and was also an active factor in the development and progress of the town, where he served as mayor for two years.

In 1903-4 Mr. Skinner secured a large tract of land in Umatilla county, comprising about eleven hundred acres. This he afterward sold and invested in about a thousand acres elsewhere. He and his family still own most of this land, which surrounds the town of Hermiston, and with the development and growth of this district Mr. Skinner has been closely associated. He was connected with Colonel H. G. Newport in platting the town of Hermiston on the 23d of November, 1904. In the fall of 1905 the government put through its irrigation project and in 1906 Mr. Skinner removed his family to this district, engaging in the real-estate business and aiding largely in the development and progress of the town. He was identified with Colonel Newport until about a year ago and they were associated in the erection of a number of good buildings, including seven business houses and several buildings. Mr. Skinner and two or three others were instrumental in laying out highways on all

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the section lines and in other connections he has done much to further the development and upbuilding of this part of the state. He was one of the first directors of the Umatilla River Water Users Association and assisted in making the contract with the secretary of the interior for the construction of the water ways that irrigate this part of the state. Whatever he undertakes he carries forward to successful completion, for he is determined and energetic and, moreover, he sees the possibilities for development in this region.

Mr. Skinner has been married twice. On the 13th of April, 1873, he wedded Elizabeth A. Laird, a native of Iowa, who died at Brookings, South Dakota, in July, 1886. They were the parents of five children: Ansel O., who is living at Rathdrum, Idaho; Agnes A., the wife of C. L. Wight, of Hermiston; Charles H., also of this place; Guy E., living in Spokane, Washington; and May E., the wife of J. M. Griffin, of Hermiston. On the 29th of February, 1888, Mr. Skinner wedded Georgia A. Laird, who was a cousin of his first wife. Their children are seven in number: Gladys, who died when but two and a half years of age; Catherine, who is now in college at McMinnville, Oregon; and Ruth A., Rae G., Grant, Helen and Georgia, all yet at home. When Mr. Skinner first came to Hermiston there were thirteen children in attendance at the first school and six of them were his own. His daughter May was the first public-school teacher here. Mr. Skinner aided in organizing the first Baptist church and erected its house of worship. He also became a charter member of Hermiston Lodge, No. 138, F. & A. M., was its first senior warden and served as master, being the first to fill that position after the charter was obtained. His has been a well spent life, fraught with successful accomplishment, and his labors have been an important source of public progress as well as of individual advancement. When he came to Hermiston there was practically nothing here but sage brush. He has not only seen the development of the town but has done much for its upbuilding and his work will ever be a creditable chapter in its history.

PERRY E. SWEARINGEN is cultivating two hundred and fourteen acres of land one mile west of Elkton in Douglas county, Oregon. He is a native son of Oregon and was born in Douglas county, August 4, 1871, a son of Andrew J. and Charlotte (Poland) Swearingen. He was reared at home and received his education in the public schools of his native district. He has been identified with agriculture since he was sixteen years of age, at which time he was given charge of his father's farm. He became acquainted with the rudiments of scientific farming when he was still a child and before he attained his majority he was an expert and scientific farmer and his personal experience has been a valuable aid to him throughout his life. He cultivated his father's land for several years and then purchased eighty acres in Tin Pot, which is now called Sunny Dale, Oregon. There he resided for eight years and still owns the property although he does not live upon it. In 1909 he removed to the old Hart homestead, one mile west of Elkton and is now developing this property as a renter. He is cultivating two hundred and fourteen acres of land and by his progressive and scientific methods has made every acre productive. He is accounted one of the most prosperous and successful farmers in Umpqua valley.

In 1890 Mr. Swearingen was married to Miss Janie Frieze, a daughter of Leander Frieze, who came to Oregon from Missouri and who now resides in Fossil. To Mr. and Mrs. Swearingen have been born nine children, Fred, Dale, Victor, Clyde, Alva, Jack, Chester, Adelia and Charlie, all of whom are living at home. Mr. Swearingen is a republican in his political views but has never been an office seeker. He is a member of Elkton Camp. No. 259 M. W. A., and Drain Camp, No. 5786 W. O. W. He is one of the few men who really make a study of agriculture. His methods are systematic and accurate, his equipment thoroughly modern and his knowledge of farm economics has brought his property to a high state of productive efficiency.

SAMUEL D. EVANS is one of the successful orchardists and farmers of Douglas county, farsighted and enterprising in business, and active in support of any progressive movement for the betterment of the community. He was born in Washoe county, Nevada, November 6, 1861, and is a son of Samuel D. and Louisa (Thompson) Evans, who were natives of Ohio and Tennessee, respectively, but were married in Illinois. In 1852 they crossed the plains to Oregon, settling in Coles Valley, Douglas county, where Mr. Evans secured a donation claim. A few years later, however, he sold that property and bought the farm in Coles Valley, upon which our subject now resides. In 1859 he removed to Nevada, where he engaged in the stock business, and on the 1st of August, 1861, in company with Joe Bailey of Eugene, he was driving eight hundred head of cattle to Virginia City, Nevada, when they were attacked by the Pitt River Indians in Hot Spring valley, Modoc county, California, and both were killed, the cattle being driven off by the red men. A year later the mother returned to Oregon and settled on the old home farm in Coles valley, where she passed away April 27, 1912, in the eighty-first year of her age.

Samuel D. Evans was reared at home and the public schools afforded him his educational opportunities. Upon reaching his majority he entered the railway mail service, in which he was engaged for six years. He then turned his attention to merchandising in Roseburg, where he conducted a store for six years. In 1892 he disposed of this business and returned to the home farm, which he has since cultivated. He now owns three hundred and thirty acres and the place is attractive by reason of its many excellent improvements, including modern, substantial

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buildings. He has about thirty acres planted to prunes and has set out twelve acres in walnuts. Few men are more thoroughly or accurately informed concerning the possibility of the county in the cultivation of those two products and he has won for himself a creditable and enviable position as an orchardist and farmer.

On the 22d of November, 1892, Mr. Evans was united in marriage to Miss Etta Willis, a daughter of Judge W. R. Willis, a pioneer, and one of Roseburg's most prominent citizens. Two children were born of this marriage, of whom one has passed away, the other being Dorothy, who is attending the State Agricultural College. Mrs. Evans is a member of the Episcopal church and Mr. Evans has membership relations in Laurel Lodge, No. 13, A. F. & A. M., of Roseburg, and in Oak Camp, W. O. W., of Roseburg. He votes with the republican party and is conversant with its attitude concerning vital questions of the day. He stands for all that is progressive and, while he has won individual success, he has never neglected public duties whereby county and state have been benefited.

H. F. FISHER, who has lived retired at Hammond since 1908, was for a number of years actively and successfully identified with general agricultural pursuits in Clatsop county and still owns a valuable farm of one hundred and sixty acres. His birth occurred in Germany on the 24th of August, 1840, his parents being Carl Albert and Crystal (Wittick) Fisher, who were born, reared and married in that country. They crossed the Atlantic to the United States in 1854, first settling in Connecticut, where they made their home until 1860. In that year they came to Oregon, locating near Astoria, where they continued to reside until called to their final rest, the father passing away at the age of seventy-two and the mother when fifty-eight years of age. Carl A. Fisher followed farming throughout his active business career. Unto him and his wife were born nine children, as follows: Henrietta, who is the widow of Peter Svensen and resides at Svensen Station, Oregon; Augusta, who is deceased, as is also her husband, Louis Wilson; Wilhelmina, who is the wife of John Nunbareg, and resides near Astoria, Oregon; H. F., of this review; August, living in Astoria; Anstine, who is the widow of William Cole, of Connecticut; Annie, whose demise occurred in Connecticut; Ferdinand, of Astoria; and Edward, who passed away in Germany.

H. F. Fisher was a youth of fourteen when he accompanied his parents on their emigration to the new world. Soon afterward he left the parental roof and began earning his own livelihood, working as a farm hand for about five years. On the expiration of that period he became connected with river work and followed it for ten years. He then homesteaded a tract of land comprising one hundred and sixty acres near Svensen, nine miles east of Astoria, and was busily engaged in the operation of that farm until 1908. In that year he put aside the active work of the fields and took up his abode at Hammond, where he has since lived in honorable retirement. He has a handsome home in the town and also owns three other residence properties.

On the 24th of August, 1868, Mr. Fisher was united in marriage to Miss Nancy Kindred, a native of Oregon. Her parents, B. C. and Rachel (Miler) Kindred, are mentioned at greater length on another page of this work in connection with the sketch of David C. Kindred, a brother of Mrs. Fisher. Unto our subject and his wife have been born five children. Crystal, who is a high-school graduate, pursued a course in bookkeeping, and gave her hand in marriage to J. T. Lee, with whom she lives on her father's homestead farm. Mr. Lee was awarded a state certificate and follows the profession of teaching. Amy is the deceased wife of Samuel McIntire, of Svensen, Oregon. Carl was drowned in the Columbia river on the 27th of February, 1910, when a young man of twenty-six. He had wedded Miss Grace Powers, a native of Oregon, by whom he had one son, Carl. George Fisher passed away at the age of two years. Estella, a high-school graduate has a teacher's certificate, and has also completed a course in music.

Mr. Fisher is a republican in politics and has held the office of county commissioner of Clatsop county, while for twelve or fifteen years he served as a member of the school board. He is a Congregationalist in religious faith, and fraternally identified with the Independent Order of Odd Fellows, belonging to Beaver Lodge at Astoria. He has now passed the seventy-first milestone on this earthly pilgrimage and is spending the evening of life in the enjoyment of well earned rest, happy in the regard and esteem of all with whom he has been associated.

OLIVER ARAL. In the death of Oliver Aral, on February 8, 1899, Marion county lost one of its most progressive and successful argriculturists. For twenty-five years he resided on his one hundred and sixty-four acre farm, four miles west of Gervais, on the Salem and Champoeg road, and during that time brought it to a high state of productivity.

Oliver Aral was born in St. Martins, Canada, on the 13th of March, 1838, and was the son of Louis and Pauline (View) Aral, who were the parents of ten children, all now deceased. When but eighteen years of age he left Canada to start upon his independent career, going first to Watertown, New York, where he learned the tanner's and harnessmaker's trades and then coming west to San Francisco via Panama. After three years' residence in San Francisco he removed to Oregon and settled in Salem for ten years, during which time he was employed in a woolen mill. He then purchased the farm which was his home during the remainder of his life.

On the 15th of September, 1864, in San Francisco, Mr. Aral was married to Miss Mary McManus, who was born in County Cavan, Ireland, on August 15, 1842, and came

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to the United States in 1848. Her parents died when she was five years of age and her older sister reared her. Following the two brothers who had preceded them and were working in the mines of Idaho, the three sisters came west to San Francisco via Panama. They were traveling on the same steamer with Mr. Aral but did not meet him until after reaching their destination, where they remained three years. Mrs. Aral was one of ten children, namely: Margaret, Francis, Michael, James, Patrick, Anna, Martha, Catherine, Nora and Mrs. Aral.

After their marriage Mr. and Mrs. Aral went directly to Salem where they joined one of her brothers and the three were employed in a woolen mill for the ten years previous to the removal of the Arals to their farm. To Mr. and Mrs. Aral five children were born, namely: Francis, who is a resident of California, and is the father of two children; Oliver, who resides at home; Augustine, who is residing in Marion county, Oregon, and is the father of one child; and Louis L. and Pauline, who are living at home. The three sons, Oliver, Augustine, and Louis, are engaged in hop raising and are the largest producers in this section. In addition to hops they raise oats, wheat, hay, loganberries, vegetables and other farm products, and carry on dairying to some extent.

In politics Mr. Aral was a democrat and gave his support to that party but never sought office as a reward for party fealty. He was a member of the Ancient Order of United Workmen and of the Catholic church. So successful and prominent did Mr. Aral become that his name was among the foremost in the county. By nature he was diligent, energetic and loyal and by the exercise of these characteristics he became a leader for good and progress in his community, and the large circle of devoted and admiring friends who mourned his death attest to his popularity.

WILLIAM M. BLAKLEY. A well known and highly respected resident of Pendleton is William M. Blakley, the owner of eight hundred acres of valuable land in Umatilla county, and his extensive interests place him among the leading agriculturists of this part of the state. He was born in Missouri, October 14, 1840, and is a son of James and Sarah (Dick) Blakley, both of whom were natives of Knox county, Tennessee. About 1836 they removed to Missouri and remained residents of that state for ten years. In 1846 they determined to establish their home on the Pacific coast and traveled to Oregon across the plains with ox teams. Only a few miles could be covered each day and the journey was a very long, tedious and difficult one, for six months passed ere they arrived at their destination. At length they located in Linn county, Oregon, where the father took up a donation land claim and began the development of a farm. The wild and unimproved land was converted into rich and productive fields from which he annually gathered good harvests. He is still living upon the old homestead at the remarkable age of ninety-nine years, but his wife passed away there on the 14th of June, 1888. In their family were twelve children, each of whom reached mature years.

William M. Blakley remained at home until he had attained his majority after which he engaged in mining in the Orofino mines in the Coeur d'Alene, spending one season in that way after which he returned to Linn county, Oregon, where he engaged in freighting, making trips from The Dalles to Boise, Idaho. On one of these trips Indians stole all of the freight horses, numbering four teams. Mr. Blakley then sold out his business and in the fall of 1863 came to Umatilla county where he purchased a herd of cattle. The following spring he sold his stock and again went to Linn county.

While residing there Mr. Blakley was married to Miss Margaret Baird, who was born in La Fayette, Indiana, and was a daughter of William C. and Margaret (McBride) Baird. After his marriage he still continued to engage in the live-stock business which he followed successfully for a long period. In 1868 he removed to Umatilla county and took up a homestead which he still owns. He also owns a wheat ranch of a hundred and sixty acres ten miles east of Pendleton. His land is very valuable and is highly cultivated according to the most modern and progressive methods. This part of the state is especially adapted for wheat raising and his success is well merited because of his unfaltering industry and perseverance. Mr. Blakley also owns a fine residence in the city of Pendleton where he makes his home.

As the years have passed Mr. and Mrs. Blakley have become parents of five children: Anna L., who became the wife of J. C. Losier and since his death has married G. M. Leser, of Los Angeles, California; Lilly M., born August 18, 1867, died August 5, 1875; Farrow, born February 14, 1870, died August 7, 1875; Lollie, born January 31, 1874, died August 8, 1875—these three children passing away within three days of each other; and Frances, who is the wife of S. R. Thompson, of Pendleton.

Politically Mr. Blakley is a democrat and for two terms he served as sheriff of the county, in which connection he made a most creditable official record, discharging his duties without fear or favor. Other political honors have been accorded him for he has twice represented his district in the state legislature where he gave earnest consideration to each question that came up for settlement. He was an active working member of the general assembly and his course commanded the commendation of his colleagues and the general public. He belongs to the Independent Order of Odd Fellows and his wife is a consistent member of the Presbyterian church. In every relation of life he has measured up to the full standard of honorable manhood and citizenship. He has a wide acquaintance throughout the state and wherever known he is held in high esteem. He certainly deserves much credit for what he has accomplished in a business way for he started out in life empty-handed and by persistent energy and straightforward dealing has won his success.

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WILLIAM M. BLAKLEY

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At the same time he has ever recognized his duties and obligations of citizenship and has been most loyal to the trust reposed in him as a public official.

MRS. KATIE N. BYRNE is the widow of Torrence P. Byrne, who passed away January 5, 1904, on the delightful homestead of one hundred and sixty acres near Watkins, where the family settled many years ago. Mrs. Byrne was born in California, March 22, 1854, a daughter of William C. and Ellen (Owens) Byrne, both of whom were natives of Iowa. There were two children in their family.

Katie N. Byrne was given a good common-school education and was carefully reared under the parental roof, where she remained until her marriage, in 1875, to Torrence P. Byrne, a native of Ireland. To their union six children were born, one of whom, Lillian, passed away in 1876 and her remains are interred in a cemetery at Eureka, Nevada. Those who survive are Mary, William C., Margaret E., John S. and Katherine.

At an early date Mr. Byrne took up a homestead of one hundred and sixty acres near Watkins and to the development of what was later a very fine agricultural property he devoted his time and attention, working early and late to get his land cleared and to erect the suitable and necessary improvements thereon. Fortune smiled upon him and he raised abundant crops as well as a good deal of stock, and from year to year the financial condition of the family improved. The old homestead is still in possession of the widow and is one of the fine farming properties in the community, being well improved, well stocked and under a high state of cultivation.

Mrs. Byrne was reared in the Catholic faith and is an earnest and consistent member of that church. The family has for many years been extremely well and favorably known in Watkins and the community, where during the lifetime of Mr. Byrne he was an active and useful member of society and a thoroughly representative and honorable citizen. Since his demise his widow has, owing to the excellent business training which she received, been able to manage her affairs in such a manner that her income provides her with all of the necessities and some of the luxuries of life and she maintains the excellent standing which the family has always enjoyed in the community.

JOSHUA W. MARSH. Among the respected pioneers of Washington county may be named Joshua W. Marsh. For over fifty-nine years he has been a resident of this county and no man has been more interested in its development or in the wonderful progress that has taken place throughout the Pacific coast region. During most of the time named he has been actively identified with farming. He is now living retired on the old homestead which is endeared to him by many associations. He is a native of Branch county, Michigan, and was born October 6, 1840, a son of John and Rebecca (Leverich) Marsh. The father was born in New York state and the mother in Ohio. They were married in Michigan and lived in that state until 1852. They then joined in the great movement across the plains and came overland to Washington county, Oregon, where Mr. Marsh took up a donation claim of three hundred and forty acres. He died at his home at the age of sixty-five and his widow was called away several years later. Of the ten children of Mr. and Mrs. Marsh two are now living: Joshua, the subject of this review; and Mrs. Sarah Ann Zimmerman, of Washington county. Those deceased are, John, Albert, Martha, Loretta, Sylvia, Mary, George William and Charity.

Joshua W. Marsh was twelve years of age when he undertook the long journey across the plains and mountains to Oregon. The stirring events of a trip by wagon through a strange country made a deep impression upon his mind and furnished material for many reminiscences of surpassing interest. After arriving in Washington county he assisted his father in clearing the land and erecting buildings, thus gaining practical experience which was highly useful after he began life on his own account. At the age of twenty-one he proved up on one hundred and sixty acres of land. He also engaged in contracting and logging, which he followed for two years in connection with farming. He then turned his attention to clearing and developing the place which was originally thickly covered with timber and brush. He prospered as the years passed and acquired more land, becoming the owner of three hundred and fifty acres, all of which he brought under cultivation. He also owned one hundred and sixty acres of heavy timber land which he recently sold. He has divided his farm among his children but he is still living at the old homestead.

Mr. Marsh was married in Washington county October 3, 1868, to Miss Angenette Deletts, who was born in Coos county, Oregon. Her parents were among the pioneers of this state. The father died in Washington county but the mother is still living. She makes her home at Salem and is now seventy-eight years of age. In the family of Mr. and Mrs. Deletts were five children, namely: Angenette, now Mrs. Joshua M. Marsh; Mollie, who is married and lives in the state of Washington; Allie, the wife of John Wegenson, of Washington county; and Mary and Grant, both of whom are deceased. Mr. and Mrs. Marsh were the parents of eight children: William W., who was born March 9, 1871, and died June 3, 1907; John, who was born February 18, 1873, and died November 27, 1910; Katie, who was born January 7, 1875, and died December 22, 1876; Bertha, who was born in April, 1877, and is the wife of Louis G. Widdowecht of Portland; Minnie, born September 27, 1879, who is now the wife of Theodore Green, of Washington county; Annie, who was born November 19, 1887, and was married to D. A. Cummins, also of Washington county; Benjamin Harrison, who was born November 10, 1888, and is living on the old homestead; and Edward, who was born May 29, 1896,

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and died June 9, 1896. The mother of these children died September 2, 1910. She was a woman of many noble qualities and was highly respected wherever she was known.

Mr. Marsh has passed the age of three score and ten and the responsibilities which for many years he faithfully discharged now devolve upon younger men. He has witnessed many great changes in his adopted state, which is now recognized as one of the important producing sections of the union, and, comparing the conditions of the present with those of half a century ago, he has just cause of gratification for having remained a citizen of Washington county. He is not identified with any religious denomination but his wife was a member of the Methodist Episcopal church as are also his children. In politics he adheres to the republican party. His life has been one of activity and enterprise and as he has ever been mindful of the interests and welfare of others, he can claim many friends in Oregon.

EZRA H. WOODWARD. One of Newberg's citizens who has been an active factor in promoting the town's development is Ezra H. Woodward, who through twenty-three of the thirty-two years of his residence in Yamhill county has been editor of the Newberg Graphic. He is a son of Benjamin and Lydia Woodward, and a native of Indiana, his birth having occurred on a farm in the vicinity of Mooresville, Morgan county, on the 29th of January, 1854.

There have never been any unusual or exciting occurrences in the life of Ezra H. Woodward, his youthful experiences having been very similar to those of other lads of the same period and like circumstances who were reared in the country. He belonged to a family whose members placed a high valuation upon education, so after completing the course in the common schools he was sent to the Bloomingdale Academy. From early boyhood, at such times as he was not engaged with his studies, he assisted his father in the work of the farm, thus by the time he had completed his education he was a good, practical agriculturist. When ready to assume responsibilities for himself naturally he continued to follow the vocation to which he had been trained from his early youth and for ten years his time and attention was entirely devoted to agricultural pursuits. The first twenty-six years of his life were spent in his native state, but the west had a very great attraction for him, therefore in 1880 he decided to become a citizen of Oregon, and in September of that year located in Newberg. Here he has continued to reside for thirty-two years, and during that time has contributed his full quota to the advancement of the interests of the town and county. Twenty-three years ago Mr. Woodward became the editor of the Newberg Graphic, one of the well-known publications of the county. He has made a success of this, being in every way a man well qualified to edit a local paper. He has high standards of the duties of citizenship, pronounced views on right and wrong and is absolutely fearless in his denunciation of whatever he deems unjust or harmful to the interests of the community. His is neither a scurrilous nor sensational sheet in any sense of the word, but thoroughly clean and wholesome and worthy of admission into the home. He is a man of progressive ideas and public spirit and it has always been his custom to use the columns of his paper in advancing every movement that he deemed likely to be of benefit to the community at large. Owing to his high ideals, sound principles and irreproachable reputation the indorsement or cooperation of his publication has much weight and influence, and when he champions any cause, his readers know that it has been given his careful consideration and that he is well qualified to pass judgment.

For his wife and helpmate Mr. Woodward chose Miss Amanda Maris, a daughter of Jonathan and Julia A. Maris, their marriage being celebrated at Bloomingdale, Indiana, on the 27th of December, 1877. Unto them have been born five children: Walter C.; Sibyl; Bernice, who married W. A. King; and two who are deceased.

Both Mr. and Mrs. Woodward are members of the Friends church and his political support is given to the republican party. He has always taken an active interest in all governmental matters and represented his district in the state legislature in 1885. Mr. Woodward is highly esteemed throughout the county, where he is widely known, and is accorded the respect of all who know him, as during the long period of his residence here he has ever manifested those qualities that are associated with the highest types of manhood.

JOHN OMAN. For the past twenty-five years John Oman has been engaged in salmon fishing in Oregon. He was born in Finland on the 11th of December, 1864, and is a son of John and Bertha Oman, also natives of Finland, where they spent their entire lives. The father passed away in May, 1867, and the mother two weeks later. Of this union there were born five children, none of whom came to America with the exception of our subject.

Left an orphan at the age of three years, John Oman was early dependent upon his own efforts for a livelihood. He obtained an education in the common schools of his native land, and began his career there as a wage earner. When he was seventeen years old he decided to emigrate to the United States and with this purpose in view took passage for America. Upon his arrival in this country he made his way westward to Minnesota, locating in Duluth, where for three years thereafter he worked on the railroad. At the expiration of that period he again started westward, arriving in Astoria in 1885, and remaining until 1897, engaging in salmon fishing. In the latter year he came to Hammond, continuing to fish until 1908, when he entered the government employ and has ever since been working on the jetty that is being constructed at the mouth of the Columbia river. Mr. Oman has always been diligent and

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thrifty and has succeeded in acquiring an ample competence and a comfortable residence in Hammond.

On the 6th of November, 1898, Mr. Oman was united in marriage to Miss Hilda Fredrickson, also a native of Finland, her natal day having been the 25th of November, 1875. Mrs. Oman is a daughter of Alexander and Catrina (Slotte) Fredrickson, both of whom were born in Finland. In 1880 the father emigrated to the United States, first locating in Minnesota, where he remained for a brief time before coming west. For several years thereafter he resided in California, whence he moved to Astoria. In 1885 he sent for his wife and family who joined him here and have ever since made Astoria their home. The father is a carpenter and contractor and is meeting with excellent success in the pursuit of these occupations. Mrs. Oman is the eldest of five children, the others, in order of birth being: Hugo, who died when he was eighteen months of age; William, who was one year of age when he died; Ellen, whose death occurred when she was eleven years old; and Hilfred, who is living in Astoria. To Mr. and Mrs. Oman there have been born three children: John Ture, whose birth occurred on the 1st of September, 1899; George Albin, born on the 4th of April, 1901; and Ellen Waldina, whose birth occurred on the 10th of September, 1903.

The family affiliate with the Lutheran church, and fraternally Mr. Oman is a member of the Maccabees, being identified with Stevens Hive, No. 64; and he also belongs to the Improved Order of Red Men, being a member of Nicarine Tribe, No. 12, Hammond. His political allegiance he gives to the republican party and always takes an active and helpful interest in all municipal affairs, now serving his third term as a member of the city council, the period of his service being proof of the satisfactory discharge of his responsibilities.

JOHN MARTHALER, who resides on his farm near Fairfield, on the Willamette river, is one of the prominent farmers of Marion county. He was born in Illinois on January 12, 1856, and is the son of Joseph and Annie (Kneter) Marthaler, both natives of Germany. The father was born in Bavaria, February 7, 1823, and, coming to the United States at the age of eighteen years, settled in New Orleans, Louisiana, for twelve years. At the end of this time he removed to Illinois and engaged in agricultural pursuits for three years and then went to Minnesota, being one of the pioneers of that state. He took up a homestead and is still residing in Minnesota. Mrs. Marthaler was born in Prussia, March 7, 1830, and came to the United States at an early age and in 1848 was married in New Orleans. To this union eleven children were born, namely: Joseph, deceased; Mrs. Mary Webber, a widow, who is a resident of St. Cloud, Minnesota; Mrs. Katherine Wilhelms, a resident of Albany, Minnesota, who is the wife of Jacob Wilhelms; John, the subject of this sketch; Mrs. Martha Schmidt, residing in St. Martin, Minnesota, who is the wife of Peter Schmidt; Alex, a resident of West Union, Minnesota; Mrs. Barbara Bromenschenkel, who is the wife of John Bromenschenkel, of Sauk Center, Minnesota; Antone, of West Union, Minnesota; Henry, also a resident of West Union; and Frank and Simon, both residents of Meyers Grove, Minnesota.

During his youth John Marthaler assisted his father on the home place but in 1877 he left home and came to Marion county, stopping en route for two months in California, and for eight in Corvallis, Oregon. He finally settled on the F. E. Eldredge farm on the French prairie and was employed there until the autumn of 1883, when he rented four hundred acres, which he cultivated for seven years, the first three years in partnership with J. R. Broyles, whose interest Mr. Marthaler purchased later assuming complete charge of the farm. In 1890 he removed to the Jackson farm and remained there for the two years following his marriage the next spring, before going to the Skaife farm of three hundred and sixty acres, which he has since purchased. Two hundred and forty acres of this is under a high state of cultivation and it is one of the most productive farms in the county. The farm produces wheat, oats and clover, and he also raises sheep, hogs and cattle of a very fine breed. He has won a substantial degree of success as the reward of able and well directed effort.

On April 8, 1891, Mr. Marthaler was married in Fairfield, Oregon, to Margaret A. Skaife, who was born on November 30, 1857, in Fairfield and is the daughter of John and Marietta (Hiles) Skaife. The father was a native of Yorkshire, England, and the mother was born February 4, 1832, near Hannibal, Missouri, of French and German descent, her father being a native of Kentucky. Mr. and Mrs. Skaife were married in 1849 in Iowa and in 1850 they set out for Oregon. Their first winter was spent in Oregon City. In 1852 Mr. Skaife came to Woodburn, where he lived for two years on a donation land claim on which he had purchased the equity, but later came to Fairfield and took up the donation land claim which John Marthaler now owns. To Mr. and Mrs. Skaife four children were born. The eldest, Jasper N., was born in the Cascade mountains while the family were crossing the plains. He now resides in Salem, Oregon. Mrs. Mary F. Phillips is the wife of Samuel Phillips, and they reside in Salem, Oregon. Mrs. Laura J. Broyles is also a resident of Salem and is the wife of James R. Broyles. Margaret A. is now Mrs. John Marthaler. To Mr. and Mrs. Marthaler five children have been born, namely: Edna and John Freeman, twins, born January 31, 1892, the former being in college at Mount Angel, Oregon, and the latter attending school; Nellie, who was born February 1, 1894; Rita, whose birth occurred June 12, 1896, and who is attending college at Mount Angel, Oregon; and Margaret, who was born February 11, 1900, and is attending public school. They are all residing at home except when away at college.

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The family attend the Presbyterian church at Fairfield, and in his political views Mr. Marthaler is a democrat, giving his support to the men and policies of that party.

EMIL BRITT. One of the best cultivated and most attractive ranches in Jackson county is that of Emil Britt, who holds the title to two thousand acres of valuable land in the vicinity of Jacksonville. He is not only one of the representative agriculturists and business men of the town but he has prominently figured in public affairs in Jacksonville from his early manhood, having been a member of the council for many years, while he held the office of mayor for several terms. He is a native of this county, his birth having occurred on the place where he is now residing on the 22d of March, 1862, and he is the eldest child and the only living son born of the marriage of Peter and Amelia Grob Britt. The paternal grandfather, Kasper Britt, was a soldier in the Napoleonic wars and participated in the battle of Waterloo under the command of the great emperor. The parents were both natives of Switzerland whence the father emigrated to the United States in his early youth. The father was a gifted artist and painted in oil, being proficient both in portrait and landscape work. He first located in Illinois and engaged in farming for several years, and also learned the art to make daguerreotypes. He followed this art in Illinois until 1852 when he crossed the plains to Oregon, locating in Jacksonville, where he continued to make daguerreotypes, having the distinction of being the first photographer in the state. He also engaged in packing from Crescent City to Jacksonville, owning his own pack train and selling his goods and wares to the miners in the latter place. He was a republican in politics and served as a member of the city council of Jacksonville. Here he wedded Mrs. Grob in 1861, but ten years later she passed away. Of this marriage there was born beside our subject a daughter, Amelia, who is living in the old home with her brother. Mr. Britt survived his wife for many years, his death occurring in October, 1905.

The boyhood and youth of Emil Britt were passed very similarly to those of other lads reared in this section of the state at that period. He was given the advantages of a public school education and helped his father when not engaged with his studies. After his graduation from the high school he turned his attention to agricultural pursuits and has met with excellent success in his undertakings. He now owns two thousand acres of land in this county, a large portion of which is improved while the remainder is in timber. His home place in Jacksonville is well kept up and equipped with everything essential to the modern agriculturist. The farm buildings are substantially constructed and provide ample shelter for his stock and grain, while the residence in Jacksonville is pleasantly situated amid attractive grounds and is fitted with all modern appointments. Mr. Britt is a man of keen discernment, clear judgment and systematic methods and directs his undertakings with sagacity and foresight. He gives his personal supervision to every detail connected with the operation of his business and the excellent condition of the property generally manifests competent oversight and intelligent direction. In addition to his highly cultivated fields Mr. Britt has some valuable timber holdings and other intereats.

The political prerogatives of Mr. Britt are exercised in support of the men and measures of the republican party and he takes an active and helpful interest in all local affairs. He served for fifteen years as a member of the council while for six he discharged the duties of mayor. That he was efficient in both capacities is evidenced by the length of his period of service, no less than by the esteem in which he is held throughout the community. Fraternally he is a member of the Masonic order, being affiliated with Warren Lodge, No. 10, A. F. & A. M.; Oregon Chapter, No. 4, R. A. M., in both of which he has held all of the chairs, while he and his sister belong to the Order of the Eastern Star. Miss Britt is also president of the Native Daughters of Jacksonville, Oregon. Mr. Britt is one of the enterprising men of the county whose efforts have always been largely directed toward the betterment of local conditions, and as he is upright and honorable in his transactions and loyal to his friends he is held in high esteem by all who know him.

JESSE H. LEWIS. Mr. and Mrs. Jesse H. Lewis are among those brave men and women who formed the advance guard of civilization and courageously faced the hardships and privations incident to the life on the frontier, leaving behind them all of the comforts to which they had been accustomed, to establish homes for themselves and families in western Oregon.

Jesse H. Lewis was born in Breathitt county, Kentucky, May 3, 1830. He migrated from Platte county, Missouri, May 5, 1851, to Oregon, crossing the plains at that early date, making his first location in Silverton. About the same time Mrs. Lewis, who was then Mahala J. Dickson, crossed the plains with her parents and a year later was united in marriage to Mr. Lewis.

Jesse H. Lewis is descended from colonial stock, and his father was James Lewis, a second cousin of Daniel Boone, Kentucky's frontier hero. The father was also a son-in-law of Jonathan Couch, famed in American history, as one who fought at the side of General Washington. His son, Daniel L. became one of the early settlers of Marion county, Oregon. James Lewis was born in North Carolina, January 23, 1807, the family removing from North Carolina to Kentucky in 1810. By trade and occupation he was a stone mason and he continued his residence in the Blue Grass state until 1840, at which time he moved with his family to Platte county, Missouri. Here he remained until 1851 and in that year emigrated to Oregon, crossing the plains with ox teams, the long journey

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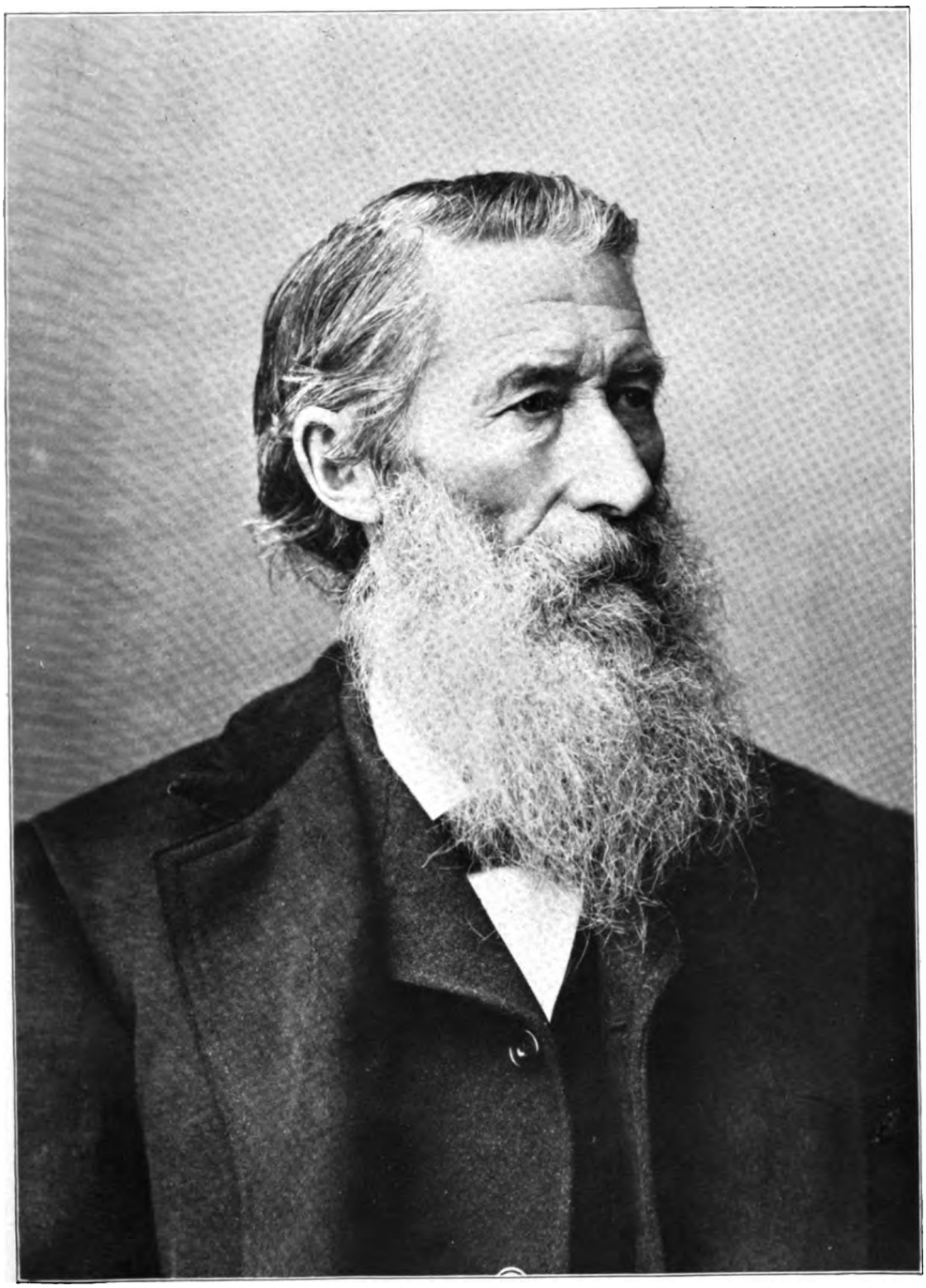

PETER BRITT

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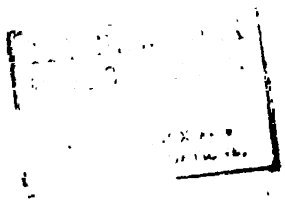

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requiring one hundred and thirty days to complete. Having arrived at his destination, he secured a donation claim of three hundred and twenty acres, eight miles southeast of Silverton, on Waldo hills. Here he established his western home, being occupied alternately at his trade and in the development of his farm, until the time of his death, which occurred in the eightieth year of his age. He was married when he was seventeen years of age on November 28, 1824, to Margaret Spurlock. His wife was a native of Virginia, her birth occurring January 9, 1808, and at the time of her marriage she was sixteen years of age. She passed out of this life at the exceptional age of ninety-one years. Ten children were born to this union, of which their son, Jesse H., crossed the plains with his parents at the time of their emigration to this state in 1851. Throughout his life Jesse H. Lewis has followed agricultural pursuits.

In Silverton, Oregon, January 21, 1853, was celebrated the marriage of Jesse H. Lewis and Mahala Jane Dickson and in 1903 their golden wedding was celebrated. Although they have now traveled nearly sixty years on life's journey together, both are hale and hearty and they look forward to a diamond wedding celebration fifteen years hence. They now reside in Johnson, Washington, respected and loved by all who know them.

JACOB WILLIAM MILNE, who is winning his way to prominence in Washington county as one of its enterprising farmers and stockraisers, is a native of Hillsboro, Oregon, born August 23, 1882. He is a young man who has from his boyhood been active and enterprising and has shown an ability in his business that gives bright promise for the future. He is of Scotch descent on both sides of the family and his parents, John and Maggie (Linklater) Milne, were both born in Scotland. They were married in the old country and emigrated to America, spending several years in Canada where Mr. Milne secured lucrative employment. Not being satisfied with conditions in the older settled part of the country, he came west to California with his family and operated a flour and oatmeal mill. Subsequently he removed to Portland and conducted a mill there until 1870, when he settled at Hillsboro. He is still living in this county but his wife died in 1900, leaving three children, the subject of this sketch being the youngest. John, the eldest of the children, is the owner of a farm of two hundred and fifty-four acres in this county. He married Eva Cawrse, of Washington county, who died in 1910. Elizabeth, the only daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Milne, is the wife of Willis Ireland, of Washington county.

In the common schools Jacob W. Milne acquired his early education, to which he has added by reading, observation and experience. He continued at home until twenty-five years of age and then began cultivating a portion of his father's land in this county. Four years later he came into possession of four hundred and one acres and is now the owner of one of the best improved properties in the neighborhood. It is provided with substantial buildings and all the accessories of an up-to-date farming establishment. Mr. Milne is fully awake to the advantages of improved ery, thus securing advantageous returns upon the time and labor expended. He keeps good grades of stock and as he understands farming he usually secures satisfactory prices for what he has to offer.

On October 16, 1907, Mr. Milne was married to Miss Maud Alice Cawrse, a native of this county and a daughter of Joseph and Sarah Cawrse, both of whom were born in England. The parents came to Washington county, Oregon, thirty-six years ago and Mr. Cawrse has ever since been successfully identified with the agricultural development of this section. He is now living on the old homestead but his wife was called away in 1903. In their family were ten children, namely: Adelaide, who is at home; Maud Alice and Mabel, twins; the former of whom is now Mrs. J. W. Milne, while the latter married H. O. Voss, of Spokane, Washington; Fannie, who married R. L. McPherson, of Portland, Oregon; Birdie, John and Joseph, all of whom are at home; and William, Florence Eva and Josie, all of whom are deceased.

Mr. Milne is identified with Lodge No. 22, K. P., of Glencoe, and he is a splendid representative of the beneficent teachings of that order. He and his wife are members of the Presbyterian church and in politics he supports the candidates and principles of the republican party. He has been a lifelong resident of Oregon and is a lover of his state and its institutions. Honorable and upright in all his dealings, he is the possessor of many attractive traits of character that have gained for him the respect of all with whom he has come in contact.

PETER G. HOFFMANN. Although he is a carpenter and continues to follow that trade, the greater part of his attention Peter G. Hoffmann devotes to the operation of his fine farm of one hundred and ten acres located five miles southeast of Dayton. He was born in Minneapolis, Minnesota, on the 30th of September, 1866, and is the eldest child of Lawrence and Elizabeth (Metter) Hoffmann. The father, who was born in Germany, emigrated to the United States in 1860, locating in Minneapolis where he continued to live until his death in the late '80s. When the call came for troops in 1861 he enlisted in Company G, Second Minnesota Volunteer Infantry, remaining at the front until he received his discharge in 1865. He saw some very hard service and was taken by the enemy at Chattanooga and consigned to a southern prison where he spent two months. He participated in some of the most severe battles that were waged, and had the misfortune to be wounded three times, twice at Gettysburg and once at Shiloh. His allegiance to the country of his adoption was ever most loyal and he was an honored mem-

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ber of the Grand Army of the Republic until his death. The mother although of German parentage was born and reared in McHenry county, Wisconsin, and is now residing in Fairfield, Minnesota, where all of her children with the exception of our subject live. Beside the subject of this sketch the family of Mr. and Mrs. Hoffmann numbered the following children: Mecheal; Josephine, the wife of Henry Ritter; Margarette, the wife of John Ritter; Tena, who is at home; Lawrence; and Edith, who is also at home.

In the acquirement of his education Peter G. Hoffmann attended the common schools of Minneapolis, remaining at home until he had attained the age of twenty-six years. He then turned his attention to the carpenter's trade, which he followed in Minneapolis until his removal to Oregon. Upon his arrival in this country he located on the ranch where he is now living, and has ever since engaged in its cultivation in connection with his carpentry work. He has wrought many and extensive improvements on this place during the period of his occupancy and it is now one of the very valuable properties in this section of the county. The land is devoted to general farming and is operated under his personal supervision, every detail connected with the cultivation of the ranch from the tilling of the fields to the harvesting of the crops being given the most careful attention. Mr. Hoffmann is in every sense of the word a self-made man, having begun for himself at a very early age and through his own unaided effort acquired all that he possesses. He is a most practical man who by intelligently concentrated effort, as well as through thrift and capable management, has attained his present state of prosperity.

Mr. Hoffmann completed his arrangements for a home of his own about eighteen years ago by marrying Miss Josephine Fassmann, a native of Minnesota, and unto them have been born eight children: Lawrence, Hilda, Elizabeth, Rosa, Carline, Henry, Peter and Lewis, all of whom are at home.

In matters of faith Mr. Hoffmann was reared a Roman Catholic and his wife a Lutheran, while his political support he gives to the democratic party. He is one of the progressive citizens of the county and takes an active and helpful interest in promoting its development along the various lines of activity.

H. E. PRANGER, who is in charge of his father's farm three and one-half miles northwest of Hillsboro, Washington county, is one of the bright young farmers of Oregon; and gives promise of becoming widely known in connection with his chosen calling. He is a native of Illinois, born at Carrollton, October 26, 1883, a son of Gerhard Henry and Mary (Meyer) Pranger. The parents were both born in Germany, and came to America early in their lives. They were married at Carrollton, and made their home in that city for a number of years. In 1903, Mr. Pranger arrived in Oregon with his family, and located on a farm in Washington county. Here he continued until October, 1909, when he retired from active labor. Since then, he and his wife have resided at Hillsboro. They are the parents of ten children: Bernhard J., a resident of Illinois; Frank, of Creswell, Oregon; H. E., of this review; Marie and Annie, twins, the former of whom is the wife of William Weible, of Hillsboro, while the latter married W. Sohlar, of Banks; Henry, Ella, William, and Margaret and Rosa, twins, all of whom are deceased.

Mr. Pranger received a good education in his boyhood and youth, in the public schools of Carrollton. He was reared under conditions favorable to the formation of habits of industry and self-reliance. He came with his parents to Oregon at the age of twenty, and assisted in the development of a farm on which was established the family home. At the age of twenty-five, he began farming on his own account, and is now in charge of his father's place, which comprises ninety-six acres. The farm is located three and one-half miles northwest of Hillsboro, in a productive district. It is one of the most desirable properties of its size in this part of the county.

In June, 1910, Mr. Pranger was married to Miss Rose Ostermann, of Forest Grove, Oregon, a daughter of Bernhard and Gezina (Siemer) Ostermann. The father is a native of Germany, and the mother of Illinois. They were married in Illinois and lived in that state until March, 1884, when they came to Portland, Oregon. Two months later, Mr. Ostermann purchased a farm in Washington county, upon which he established his residence. He has prospered as an agriculturist and stock-raiser, and he and his wife are now living, with several of their children, on the family homestead. To Mr. and Mrs. Ostermann seven children were born, the youngest of whom, Rose, is now Mrs. H. E. Pranger. The others are Herman, who is living with his parents; Mary, who married Remy Delplanche, of Washington county; John B., who died at the age of four years; Helen, the wife of John W. Bernards, of Washington county; and John and William, both of whom are at home.

Mr. Pranger and his wife were reared in the Catholic faith, and are consistent followers of the teachings of the church. He cast his first vote in support of the democratic party, and has seen no reason to change his political views. He is straightforward, prompt, energetic and efficient in whatever he undertakes; and, as he possesses a pleasing manner and gentlemanly address, he readily makes friends. Being guided by the laudable ambition to win an honored place in the estimation of his fellowmen, there is no doubt that Mr. Pranger will succeed; at the same time, his excellent business ability gives brilliant promise of financial success.

PHILIP KUNTZ, who resides in Woodburn, Oregon, was born in Bavaria, Germany, on the 27th of April, 1856, his parents being Henry and Barbara (Yilk) Kuntz, the former having been born in Germany in 1832. To them six children were

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born: Michael, deceased; Philip, the subject of this sketch; Katie, who is the wife of Henry Sump, of Williamsport, Pennsylvania, and has three children; John, deceased; George, deceased, who is survived by his widow and three children; and Henry, of Williamsport, who is married and has two children.

Philip Kuntz came to America in 1871 and after arriving in New York went directly to Williamsport, Pennsylvania, where he resided for five years and was employed as an engineer. But after his marriage, at the age of twenty years, he started for South Dakota, becoming one of the pioneers of that state. The journey westward was an exceedingly difficult one, as a rifle and very little money were his only possessions when he left Williamsport and it was necessary for him from time to time to engage in hard labor in order to earn the money necessary for the continuation of the trip. Going directly to the Black hills, he settled in Deadwood, South Dakota, where he worked for the Home Stake Mining Company on the first stamp mill they erected. Subsequently he was employed for twenty-six months as an engineer for Crane Brothers in Chicago previous to his return to South Dakota, where he took up a homestead of one hundred and sixty acres in the spring of 1881. For nearly thirty years excepting the four years he spent in the gold mines he was engaged in the cultivation of this farm, devoting his time and efforts principally to stock-raising, but in August, 1908, he retired from his ranch and came direct to Woodburn, where he purchased a home and where in partnership with his brother-in-law, George Frasier, he engaged in the bakery business. They conducted this in partnership for one year, after which Mr. Kuntz purchased Mr. Frasier's share and during the following year remained as sole owner and manager. At that time he purchased stock in the Peoples Stove Company, of which he is now president and which enjoys a large patronage in the surrounding country.

In 1876 Mr. Kuntz married Miss Emma Frasier, whose birth occurred in 1857 in Philadelphia, and who is a daughter of Charles and Amelia (Bisch) Frasier. Mrs. Kuntz was the eldest of six children, the others being: George, who is a resident of Newberg, Oregon, and has three children; Charles, who makes his home in Iowa and has two sons; Herman, who lives in South Dakota and has four children; William, of Chicago; and one who died in infancy. To Mr. and Mrs. Kuntz nine children have been born: Kate, who was born August 4, 1877, and married Fred Rano, by whom she has four children; Clara, who is the wife of John Gervis, of South Dakota, and has five children; Edward, who resides in Woodburn, Oregon, and has two children; Herman, who is also living in Woodburn; Emma, who is the wife of Carl Faust, of Minnesota, and the mother of one child; Harry of Umatilla, Oregon; and Charles, Philip and Albert, who are all living at home and attending school.

In politics Mr. Kuntz has always cast his vote for the men and measures of the republican party but has never sought any office, although he has efficiently served on the school board of his district. He has manifested a great interest in the educational and religious activities of his community, having donated land for both a schoolhouse and a church in South Dakota. In religious faith he affiliates with the Lutheran church although all of his family are Presbyterians. He holds membership with the Masons and the Ancient Order of United Workmen. Mr. Kuntz holds the confidence and respect of his fellow citizens and has won for himself an enviable place in the business, social and fraternal circles of Woodburn.

JOSEPH L. GROFF. There is no doubt as to the energy and ability of Joseph L. Groff who is now successfully engaged in farming in Washington county and has also been identified with irrigation. He possesses the laudable ambition to advance in the world and his friends do not hesitate to prophesy that he will win high standing as a farmer and stock-raiser. He was born in Stephenson county, Illinois, April 9, 1882, a son of John and Catherine Groff, the former of whom was born in Buffalo, New York, and the latter in Illinois. Mr. Groff continued in that state until his arrival in Hood River county, Oregon, where he engaged in farming. He died in 1907 and his wife was called away at the old home in Illinois in 1888. There were nine children in their family, one of whom died in infancy, the others being: Mrs. Mary Seals, a resident of Illinois; Mrs. Nettie Williams, also of Illinois; George, of Illinois; Mrs. Elizabeth Zephies, of Kenosha, Wisconsin; Henry, of Washington county, Oregon; Joseph L., the subject of this sketch; and Julia and Edward, both of whom are deceased.

Joseph L. Groff attended the common schools of his native state and as a boy showed an interest in his various duties at home or in school which gave bright promise as to his future. At the age of nineteen he accompanied his father across the plains to Oregon and four years later purchased one hundred and sixty acres of land in Hood River county, which he cultivated for two years. His attention was attracted to irrigation and for three years he was connected with the Mountain Valley Irrigating Company, in which he served with marked efficiency as director, secretary, treasurer and foreman. In 1910, having disposed of part of his interests in Hood River county, he came to Washington county and purchased sixty-seven acres one mile west of North Plains. This place is well improved and is under a good state of cultivation. He is the owner of one hundred and seven acres of land in Oregon and also of valuable town property in the state of Washington and, although a young man, is on the high road to prosperity.

On the 15th of June, 1907, Mr. Groff was married to Miss Edith Agnes Helme, and they have one son, John Vernon, who was born

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June 8, 1908. Mrs. Groff was born at Benton Harbor, Michigan, April 6, 1882, and is the only child of John Fowler and Rowena (Hudson) Helme. The father was born at Rockford, Illinois, and the mother in Oakland county, Michigan. They were married in Michigan and lived in that state for four years, at the end of which time they moved to Chicago, Illinois, and Mr. Helme was employed for eighteen years as salesman for Heath & Milligan wholesale dealers in paints, etc. In 1902 Mr. Helme removed with his family to Colorado Springs, Colorado, and a year later came west, finally locating at Hood River, Oregon. He died July 10, 1907, but the mother is still living and makes her home with Mr. and Mrs. Groff.

Mr. Groff and his wife attend the Presbyterian church and are active workers in the promotion of the best interests of this region. Although not an office seeker he is an earnest supporter of the republican party whose principles of protection and centralization of authority he heartily indorses Being a man of thorough honesty and genial spirit, he enjoys the respect and good-will of all who know him. Mrs. Groff secured fine advantages of education in the public schools and also received excellent training, in music, an art in which she is quite proficient. She has proved an inspiring helpmate to her husband and their home is a center where friends may always be assured a cordial greeting.

THOMAS A. BRASFIELD, who has been closely identified with the development and improvement of eastern Oregon for more than a half century, devoted his attention to the pursuits of farming and sheep-raising throughout his active business career with great success and is now living practically retired at Baker. He owns six hundred and forty acres of improved land in Gilliam county and a tract of one hundred and sixty acres about six miles from Durkee. His birth occurred in Randolph county, Missouri, on the 3d of April, 1831, his parents being Dennis M. T. and Clarica (Williams) Brasfield, who were born in Tennessee and came of German and Welsh ancestors. Dennis M. T. Brasfield followed the pursuits of farming and stock raising throughout his active business career. Mr. Brasfield of this review has one surviving sister, who is eighty-six years of age and makes her home in California.

Thomas A. Brasfield acquired a district-school education and remained with his parents in Missouri until nineteen years of age. In the spring of 1850 he traveled overland across the plains, spending about one month in Salt Lake City, Utah, and then journeying on to Eldorado county, California, where he arrived on the 14th of October, 1850. He took up his abode at what was then commonly known as Kelsey's dry diggings, and engaged in placer mining during the following winter. In the spring he made his way to Sacramento, California, and there spent seven months. In the spring of 1852 he began farming and gardening, following those pursuits with excellent success. On the 3d of March, 1853, he began his homeward journey, returning to Missouri by water via the Nicaragua route and the Mississippi river. On his trip to California and back he had been accompanied by his brother Alexander. His brother John became ill with typhoid fever the day following his return and died nineteen days later. His mother also fell a victim to that dread disease. In the spring of 1861 he again crossed the plains and, settling in Oregon, located on the present site of Echo, which was known in earlier days as old Fort Henrietta. There he engaged in farming and stock-raising. The winter of 1861-62 was a very severe one and from sixty-five to seventy-five per cent of the cattle perished during its course. Mr. Brasfield also conducted a roadhouse or station for the accommodation of the traveling public at what was called The Crossing, en route from Echo to Walla Walla. He took up his abode there in July, 1867, but a year later removed to Scio, Linn county, where he remained for five years. On the expiration of that period he went to Weston and was there engaged in sheep-raising for eighteen years. During the following fourteen years he made his home in Gilliam county, devoting his time and energies to the sheep business with excellent results. In the spring of 1900 he came to Baker county, where he has since been engaged in farming and sheep raising to some extent, though now living practically retired at Baker. During his forty years' experience as a sheep raiser he has enjoyed gratifying success and has found it most profitable to run about fifteen hundred head of ewes in one band, often having as many as seven thousand head of sheep at one time, while at present he runs about six thousand head. He has learned that a good sheep for mutton of coarse grade is the most profitable and has raised all kinds of coarse-grade sheep, making a specialty of Southdown, Shropshire and Lincoln. These grades of sheep are all excellent for mutton and also good wool producers. Mr. Brasfield has found the fine-wool sheep more delicate and more difficult to raise than mutton sheep. It is his conviction that when a sheep's mouth begins to break the animal should be disposed of, as it can no longer be kept with profit. He has always endeavored to winter his sheep with about three months' feed, preferably good alfalfa, for which he pays from five to six dollars a ton in the stack. He has generally purchased enough hay to supply the need of a long winter and has thus always had plenty of feed even when the cold season was unusually lengthy. He owns six hundred and forty acres of wheat land in Gilliam county and also has a tract of one hundred and sixty acres of good farming land about six miles from Durkee, in Baker county. Mr. Brasfield likewise owns his residence in Baker and has practically retired from active work, spending the evening of life in well earned rest, in the congenial companionship of his wife and younger grandchildren. His sons also reside in the same locality.

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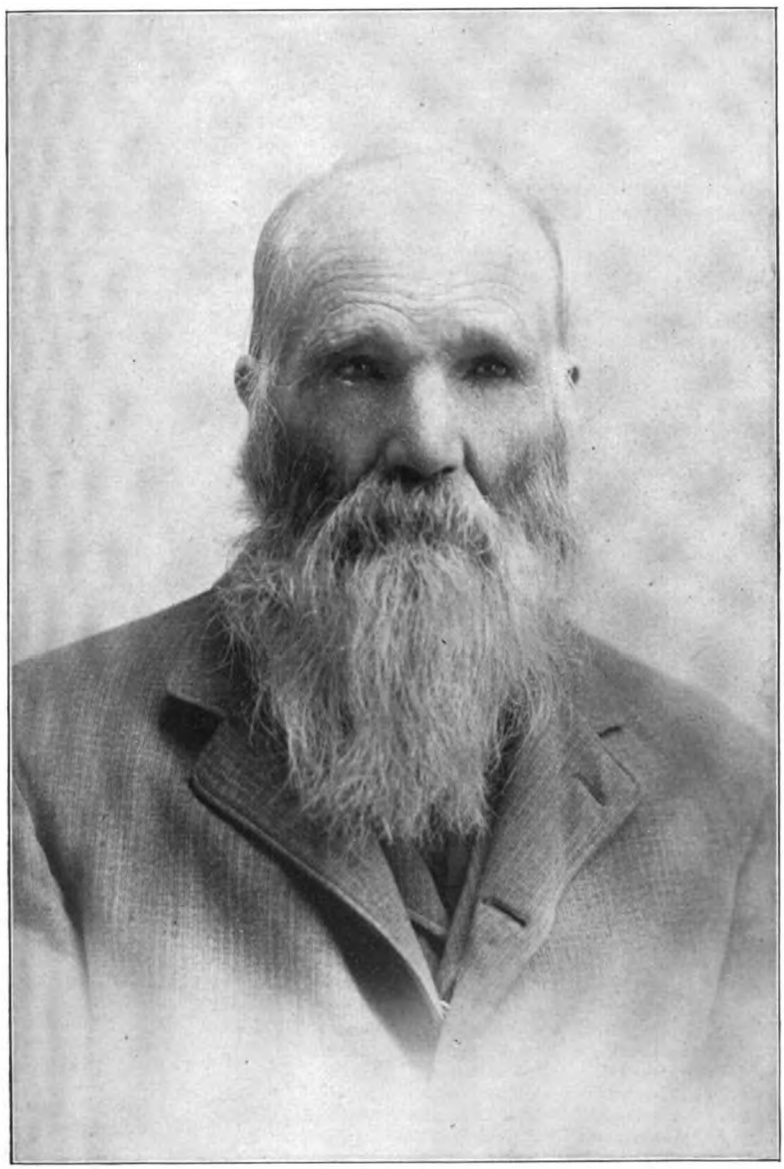

THOMAS A. BRASFIELD

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On the 16th of March, 1860, Mr. Brasfield was united in marriage to Miss Matilda C. Williams, her father being Aaron Williams of Schuyler county, Missouri, who was engaged in the hotel business at Kirksville, that state. Their wedding was celebrated in Schuyler county, Missouri, and seven children were born unto them. John Silas, who is now fifty-seven years of age, married Miss Sivila Hale, of Rye Valley, Oregon, by whom he has three children. Anna Isabel, fifty-four years of age, has been twice married, her first husband being Albert O'Hara. Following his demise she gave her hand in marriage to A. M. Tegarden, of Spokane, Washington. James McClellan, who is now fifty-one years old, is engaged in the sheep business in Baker county, Oregon. Aaron Brasfield and his wife are both deceased. Their three children have been reared by our subject and his wife. Mary, now forty-six years of age, is the wife of William A. Baker and resides in Baker, Oregon. William, who is living in Eugene at the age of forty-four years, married Miss Gussie Drake. George W., forty-one years of age, wedded Miss Frankie A. Puffer, who passed away leaving two small children who are also being reared by Mr. and Mrs. Thomas Brasfield. The three children of Aaron Brasfield, deceased, are as follows: Robert A., born in January, 1893, who attended school in Baker for about five years and is now in Idaho; Raymond, who was born in February, 1894, attended school for about six years and is now a resident of Idaho; and Edith M., who was born on the 23d of October, 1898, and is still attending school. The children of George W. Brasfield are as follows: George Wilbur, who was born on the 31st of March, 1905, and has attended school for one term; and Raymond Langdon, whose birth occurred on the 26th of March, 1907.

Thomas A. Brasfield gives his political allegiance to the socialist party. He served as sheriff of Wasco county, Oregon, for one term, during the years 1863 and 1864, at which time that county embraced all of eastern Oregon. Since 1856, or for a period of fifty-six years, he has been a member of the Methodist Episcopal church and has exemplified its teachings in his daily life. He has now passed the eighty-first milestone on life's journey and may well look back with satisfaction upon an active, useful and honorable career.

GEORGE VANDECOEVERING. The operation of fifty-one acres of fertile land a mile and a quarter southwest of Roy, Oregon, successfully engages the attention of George Vandecoevering, who has been a resident of Washington county for thirty-six years. He was born in Wisconsin, in 1858, and is a son of John and Mary Vandecoevering, who were born and reared in Holland. They emigrated to the United States in 1855, first locating in New York but subsequently became residents of Wisconsin. There the father engaged in farming until 1876 when with his wife and family he again started westward, Oregon being their destination. Upon their arrival here they settled in Washington county, where the father acquired a tract of government land that he operated until his death in July, 1911, at the venerable age of eighty-two years. He is survived by his wife, who has passed the eighty-fourth milestone on life's journey, but is still quite active. Unto Mr. and Mrs. Vandecoevering there were born twelve children, four of whom are living and reside in Washington county. In order of birth they are as follows: Josephine, the wife of Jacob Vanloo; Hannah, who married Antone Kierger; George, our subject; and Peter.

The first eighteen years of his life George Vandecoevering spent in his native state, to whose common schools he is indebted for such educational advantages as he was afforded. His early years were very similar in every respect to those of other lads who were reared in the rural districts at that period, his advantages and amusements being somewhat simpler in their nature than those afforded the youth of today, while his duties and responsibilities were greater. Reared on a farm naturally his energies from his earliest childhood were directed along agricultural lines, while lessons of the value of thrift and industry were inculcated in his youthful mind. He accompanied his parents on their removal across the plains, and most vividly impressed on his mind are the hardships and privations as well as dangers encountered on that long, tiresome journey to the new home. For three years after their arrival here his energies were devoted to assisting his family establish a home and wrest a living from the fields. They met practically the same conditions, encountering and conquering problems very similar to those that confronted all of the pioneers in this section during those early days. Discouragements and misfortunes innumerable were theirs but ultimately they won, the successes that followed so overshadowing the earlier troubles that they were almost forgotten. At the age of twenty-one George Vandecoevering left the parental roof to begin for himself. During the succeeding ten years he worked as a farm hand in this county, saving in that time sufficient money to enable him to engage in ranching for himself. He cultivated rented land until 1909, when he purchased his present place, which is located a mile and a quarter southwest of Roy. Since locating here two years ago he has succeeded in making quite extensive improvements in his ranch, which is under high cultivation. Mr. Vandecoevering is a very capable agriculturist, whose practical ideas, thrift and enterprise are manifested in the appearance of his homestead. He takes great pride in his property, keeping his buildings and fences in a good state of repair and giving the grounds about his residence and his fields careful attention and supervision. A great believer in intensive rather than extensive farming, in the tilling of his land and the care of his crops he uses the discretion and care that result in the maximum returns from each acre. His efforts are being rewarded in a most gratifying manner and everything about his

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homestead is suggestive of success and prosperity.

Mr. Vandecoevering's plans for a home of his own had their culmination in his marriage on the 8th of September, 1891, to Miss Nellie Smith, who was born in Wisconsin, on April 3, 1873. Mrs. Vandecoevering is a daughter of John and Henrietta (Vandolman) Smith, natives of Holland, who emigrated to the United States in 1851. They located in Wisconsin, continuing to reside there until 1875 when they removed to Nebraska. After spending eleven years in the latter state they again started westward, ultimately locating in Washington county, this state. Here they spent their latter years, the father passing away in 1900 and the mother in July, 1908. Their family numbered eleven, as follows: Jacob, who is living in Linn county; Hattie, who is a resident of Baker City, Oregon; Peter, who makes his home in Nebraska; Dinah, John, Mary and William, all of whom are living in Washington county; Nellie, now Mrs. Vandecoevering; and Annie, Henry and Minnie, also residents of this county. Mr. and Mrs. Vandecoevering are the parents of ten children, all of whom are still at home: Theodore, who was born on June 20, 1892; Martin, born on March 10, 1894; Henry, whose birth occurred on the 5th of June, 1896; Herman, whose natal day was August 10, 1898; Peter, born on August 15, 1900; Minnie, whose birth occurred on the 18th of December, 1903; Theresa, who died at the age of three years; Walter, born on December 22, 1907; Grace, born on the 26th of February, 1909; and Louisa, who was born on July 30, 1911.

The religious views of the family are manifested through their affiliation with the Roman Catholic church and in politics Mr. Vandecoevering is a democrat. He has never taken an active interest in local matters of a governmental nature, although he meets the requirements of good citizenship by casting a ballot on election day. Mr. Vandecoevering is one of the capable citizens of the county, whose efforts have been directed along lines in the promotion of his personal interests that have been identical with the development of the community at large.

A. D. MORRISON, M. D., is the only physician of Carlton and the worth of his professional service is widely acknowledged. He has been a close and discriminating student of his profession, keeping in touch with the progress and trend of the times and utilizing the latest improved methods for the benefit of his patients. He also established the Carlton Hospital which he is now conducting and it is a liberally patronized institution.

Dr. Morrison was born in New Jersey in 1872, a son of Hugh D. and Mary (Sample) Morrison, both of whom are of Scotch-Irish descent although born and reared in the north of Ireland and married in that country. They came to America in 1864, settling in New York, where they lived for nine years, after which they removed to New Jersey where they resided for two years. On the expiration of that period they went to Canada, spending four years in Toronto, and later were for two years residents of Michigan. At the opening of Dakota in 1882 Hugh D. Morrison took his family to that state where he engaged in farming on an extensive scale, having about six or seven hundred acres planted to wheat. In 1888 he arrived in Olympia, Washington, where he remained for a short time, removing to Linn county, Oregon, in 1889. There he engaged in farming until 1905, when he went to Sunnyside, Washington, where he still makes his home, now living retired at the age of seventy-seven years. In 1911 he was called upon to mourn the loss of his wife who passed away on the 1st of October. In their family were eight children of whom six still survive: Mrs. Bartlett, of Hill, New Hampshire; Mrs. Lena Anderson, now living in Vancouver, Washington; A. D.; Samuel, a resident of Sunnyside, Washington; Mrs. Sarah Matherson, of Sunnyside; and William, who is a druggist of Portland.

Dr. Morrison accompanied his parents on their various removals, coming with the family to the northwest in his youthful days. When sixteen years of age he entered the drug business at Corvallis, Oregon, devoting three years to that work. Believing that his opportunities would be better if he had a broader education as a foundation for success he became a student in the Agricultural College of Corvallis and graduated from that institution in 1895 with the degree of B. S. He then again became connected with the drug business of that city in which he continued until 1898. He was then married and took up the study of medicine, attending the College of Physicians and Surgeons in San Francisco, being graduated therefrom with the class of 1901. He then came to Oregon and began practice at Pineville, where he remained for a year, removing thence to Carlton where he has since been located. He is the only physician of the town and in 1905 he opened the first hospital in Yamhill county, known as the Carlton Hospital. At the present time he is attending physician thereto and is also physician to the Carlton Coast Railroad and the Carlton Lumber Company, Consolidated. He holds to high ideals in his practice, is most careful in diagnosis and conscientious in all of his work, and as the years have passed his increasing experience and study have splendidly qualified him for the onerous and responsible duties which devolve upon him in following his profession.

Dr. Morrison was married in 1898 to Miss Alberta Linnville, who was born in Polk county, Oregon, and is a daughter of Willard S. Linnville. Her father's birth occurred near Independence, Polk county, Oregon, May 19, 1849, his parents being Harrison and Nancy (Bounds) Linnville, the former a native of Campbell county, Tennessee, and the latter of Missouri. They were married in her native state and there resided until 1846, when they crossed the plains to Oregon, first settling at Parker, where Harrison Linnville took up a donation claim of six hundred and forty acres. Upon that place his wife died in 1855. He continued to occupy and culti-

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vate the farm until 1864, when he sold the property and turned his attention to the sawmill business. He afterward conducted a general mercantile store for a few years and also operated a hotel at Buena Vista, Oregon. In 1873 he was appointed United States Indian agent for the Snake and Piute tribes and after retiring from that position he made his home with his son Willard until his death in December, 1893. He had been married a second time in 1858, when Mrs. Clara L. Frederick, a native of Ohio, became his wife. Of the nine children of his first marriage three are yet living: Mrs. Mary E. Davidson, a resident of Parker, Oregon; Mrs. O. J. Richardson, of Buena Vista, Oregon; and Willard S. There were two children of the second marriage: Mrs. Viola Abel, now of Portland; and J. A. Linnville, who is in business at Colon, Panama. By her first marriage Mrs. Clara Linnville had five children of whom three survive: Mrs. M. J. Casper, of Dallas, Oregon; J. W., of Benson, Arizona; and Mrs. J. E. Connor, of Santa Rosa, California. In his political views Harrison Linnville was a stalwart republican and became prominently connected with public affairs in this state at an early day, serving as the first county judge of Polk county and also being elected to the provincial legislature in 1848. He likewise held a number of minor offices and exercised his official prerogatives in support of many progressive movements. His religious faith was that of the Christian church.

His son Willard S. Linnville, father of Mrs. Morrison, received an academic education and after completing his course at the age of nineteen years, engaged in teaching school for a short time. Later he followed bookkeeping until 1910, when he opened a real-estate office in Carlton and is still engaged in that business. He, too, is a republican and has been in the government employ in a clerical capacity for six years. He holds membership with the Maccabees at Corvallis and he and his family are members of the Christian church. He was married January 8, 1871, to Miss Hannah C. Nash, whose birth occurred in Putnam county, Missouri, in 1852, a daughter of Daniel S. and Susanna (Malone) Nash, who came to Oregon overland, crossing the plains with ox teams in 1864. They first settled in Yamhill county but afterward removed to Buena Vista, Oregon, taking up their abode on a farm where they lived until 1882. The father then retired and was a resident of McMinnville until his death in 1901. The mother passed away in 1882 and Mr. Nash was afterward married in 1885 and is yet survived by his second wife. They had no children but by his first marriage he had seven children of whom four are living: Mrs. Margaret McLean, of University, Oregon; Jacob, also of that place; Mrs. Mary Rathburn, of Portland; and Mrs. Eunice Bonine, of Woodburn, Oregon. The other member of the family to reach adult age was Mrs. Linnville, who died in 1884. She had become the mother of five children of whom three yet survive: Mildred, who is a graduate of the Agricultural College and is now the wife of W. L. Patterson, of Baker City, Oregon; Alberta, who was graduated from the Agricultural College of Corvallis and is the wife of Dr. Morrison; and Ethel, the wife of W. H. Week, a nurseryman of Salem, Ohio. She had the same educational privileges as her sisters.

Dr. and Mrs. Morrison have become the parents of a daughter, Catherine M., who was born November 6, 1905. Mrs. Morrison holds membership in the Christian church and Dr. Morrison belongs to the Odd Fellows lodge of Carlton, and La Fayette Lodge, No. 3, F. & A. M., of Yamhill, of which he has filled some of the chairs. His political allegiance is given to the republican party and he is recognized as one of its local leaders, doing all in his power to promote its growth and insure its success. His fellow townsmen, appreciative of his worth in this connection, elected him to the office of mayor for the term of 1904-05. He gave to the city a practical and businesslike administration, introducing many needed improvements and progressive measures. Both he and his wife are widely known socially and theirs is an attractive home whose hospitality is greatly enjoyed by their many friends.

REBER G. ALLEN, who has been discharging the duties of postmaster in Silverton for more than a year, is a native of this place and was born on the 28th of February, 1882. He is a son of T. D. and Geneva (Wolford) Allen, likewise natives of Silverton, where the father is now living retired. In the paternal line, Reber G. Allen, is of Scotch and English extraction, while his maternal great-grandparents were natives of Germany, although they lived in France. The parents of T. D. Allen migrated to Oregon from Illinois in 1848, settling in Silverton, where the father passed away but the mother is still living. Their family numbered five, as follows: T. D., the father of our subject; Rodrick D., who is county clerk of Marion county; Allie, the wife of L. F. Mascher, of Silverton; Adele, the wife of T. W. McGrath, of Silverton; and Harvey, who is deceased. The maternal grandparents removed from Ohio to Oregon in 1853.

Mr. and Mrs. T. D. Allen were married in 1880 and are the parents of six children, those beside our subject being as follows: L. Clay, who is living at home with his people; Floyd W., a machinist, also at home; Wynola, the wife of M. V. Ottaway, of Silverton; and Dewey and Fay, both of whom are still in school.

Reared at home, Reber G. Allen, who is the eldest of the six children born unto his parents, was educated in the public schools. At the age of nineteen years he started out to earn his own living as an employe of the government, and for eight years thereafter was a rural mail carrier out of Silverton. At the end of that time he resigned his position and engaged as a clerk in a local hardware store, serving in this capacity for a year. He withdrew from this position to assume the duties of postmaster, to which

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office he had been appointed in February, 1911, by President Taft. Although he has been discharging the duties of this office for only a little more than a year, he has proven highly efficient and entirely satisfactory and is held in high favor among the business men of the town.

Mr. Allen is not married and continues to make his home with his people. Fraternally he is connected with the Independent Order of Odd Fellows and the Woodmen of the World, while in politics he is a republican. He is a young man of pleasing personality, high principles and strict integrity and among those who know him are many friends from childhood days, which in itself is a telling tribute to his character.

CAPTAIN WILLIAM A. COX is one of the founders of Florence, having owned the property and platted the site upon which that town later has grown to be one of the thriving and important commercial cities in Lane county, this state. He was born in Nova Scotia in 1832 and is the son of Joseph and Mary (Bigelow) Cox. Both of his parents were natives of England but at an early day emigrated from that country to America, where they established their home in Boston, Massachusetts, and from that city later removed to Nova Scotia, settling in Kings county, where the father purchased the property said to have been the home of Evangeline, the heroine of Longfellow's famous poem. Longfellow's mother was a Bigelow and Captain Cox is therefore a kin of his on the maternal side. He was by trade and occupation a shipbuilder and in addition to his shipbuilding business was also the owner of farm property which he purchased upon his removal to Nova Scotia. Captain Cox is one of ten children born unto his parents, the others being: Ebenezer, who resides in Nova Scotia; Mary Eliza, deceased; Nancy, the wife of Joseph Woodworth, of New Brunswick; Abraham B. and Isaac, both residents of Nova Scotia; Rev. Jacob, a Congregational minister residing in New Brunswick; Joseph, of Winnipeg, Canada; Daniel, of Connecticut; and Samuel, deceased.

Captain William A. Cox was reared in his father's home and educated in the public schools of Nova Scotia, and during the early years of his life he was engaged in work upon his father's farm and in the shipyards. He remained under the parental roof until he was twenty-one years of age and at that time he became one of the paid employes of his father and was engaged in work in shipbuilding. He remained for one year in that occupation and then removed to Boston, where he spent one year in employment in the shipyards, after which he returned to Nova Scotia and engaged in the lumber business, where he established the first lumberyard at Cawning. Having been successful in his lumber venture he was enabled to establish himself in the shipbuilding business and for some time was engaged in building, buying and selling seafaring vessels and operating boats of his own in merchandise and passenger lines. To him belongs the distinction of having owned the first steamboat on the Bay of Fundy. He was also the owner of two large merchantmen and a large lumber and sawmill and shipyard, and in addition to the above described property he added and operated a large and successful merchandising house at Wolfville, Nova Scotia. Captain Cox was connected with the shipping commission business between Philadelphia and the West Indian islands from 1854 to 1861, with headquarters in Philadelphia, and during the time he was in the shipping business he had at one time as high as twelve cargoes afloat. In 1875 he removed to San Francisco where he remained for one year, and while there was identified with shipping interests. After spending one year in that city he removed to Smith river, California, and there purchased four hundred acres of land and at that time he brought the first ship up that river. After settling on Smith river he continued his residence there for two years and then removed to Coos county, where he settled on the Coquille river and for two years immediately following he was engaged in the salmon-fishing industry. He then started the first jetty in the mouth of that river. At the end of his two years' residence on the Coquille river he built a small craft for his personal use and moved to Florence, where he maintained his residence for a short time and later removed to Acme and there homesteaded one hundred and sixty acres of land upon which he lived for the twenty years following, during which time he was also the owner of a large stock ranch located on the coast of Lane county six miles north of the mouth of the Siuslaw river. After spending twenty years of his active and industrious life upon his one hundred and twenty acre ranch near Acme he removed to Florence and at that time laid the foundation for the building of the future city which has come to be one of the enterprising commercial centers of this part of the state of Oregon. In addition to his holdings of real estate in Florence he is also the half owner of the Chicago addition to Florence, a portion only of which has been disposed of since platting this addition to the town. He is the founder of Acme and Mrs. Cox named the town. He platted the town and still owns most of the land and also owns and operates a thirteen hundred acre stock ranch upon which he is specializing in the breeding of pure-blooded sheep and cattle. He has the distinction of having purchased for the use and pleasure of his family the first organ ever shipped into the town of Florence.

Captain Cox was twice married, his first marriage having occurred on December 21, 1855, when Miss Elmira S. Tolman, a daughter of William and Jane (Sale) Tolman, became his wife. She was a granddaughter of a colonel in the Revolutionary war and was one of four children born unto her parents, all natives of Boston and all now deceased. Unto this union were born several children. William and Frank, the eldest, were drowned at the mouth of the Siuslaw river in 1880, at the time when Captain Cox brought his

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ship into the port at Florence and delivered it to his sons who were to sail as super-cargo to San Francisco. In compliance with their father's request they manned the vessel and after reaching the open sea the ship was lost with all on board, the first night out on its way to San Francisco it is supposed as the ship was found water-logged outside the bay. Lily M., the eldest daughter, married O. W. Hurd, a well known and prominent sawmill man of Florence. They have three children: Marguerite, at home; Roscoe. attending the University at Eugene; and Hester, a high school student at Florence. Charles F. Cox who is a resident of Acme, Oregon. The mother of these children passed from this life in the year 1870 and in the following year Captain Cox chose as his second partner in life Miss Charlotte Jane Phipps, to whom he was united in wedlock in 1871. Mrs. Cox is a daughter of William F. and Hannah (Sanders) Phipps, both of whom were natives of New Brunswick and in whose family were seven children, namely: Persus A. and Azor J., both deceased; Mrs. Cox; and Mary M., William F., George E. and Sarah H., all of whom have passed away. Mrs. Cox is a lineal descendant of Sir William Phipps.

Captain Cox is a loyal member of the republican party but has not allowed his name to be used as a candidate for any political office. Fraternally he is associated in membership with the Masonic fraternity and his wife is a member of the Eastern Star, and matron of the Vesta Chapter, O. E. S., of Florence, and they belong to the Congregational and Episcopal church respectively. Captain Cox is one of the best known men in Lane county, where his extensive business operations have brought him into contact with the leading financial institutions of that part of the state. His holdings in real estate place him among the largest landed proprietors of Oregon and through all of the years of his business career he has been regarded as one of the most successful and enterprising citizens of the Pacific slope country. His well known integrity in all business matters has secured the unquestioned confidence of not only his intimate friends but the public at large and his name can always be counted upon in connection with the larger business enterprises of the rapidly developing commonwealth of Oregon.

JAMES EDWARD HIGGINS, a prominent and leading resident of Astoria, is a member of the firm conducting business under the name of Ross, Higgins & Company and is likewise identified with financial interests as the cashier of the Astoria National Bank, having held that position for a period of eighteen years. His birth occurred in Halifax, Nova Scotia, on the 29th of March, 1849, his parents being William J. and Rachel (Strong) Higgins, who were born, reared and married in Kings county, Nova Scotia. The father, who conducted a mercantile establishment during the greater part of his life, passed away about 1905, when eighty-three years of age. The demise of his wife occurred three years later, when she had attained the age of eighty-one. Unto them were born eight children, namely: James Edward, of this review; Susan, who passed away at the age of seven years; Jessie, the wife of Albert Coldwell, of Wolfville, Nova Scotia, who is an ex-college professor and is now serving in the capacity of town clerk; Thomas F., who is a resident of Portland; Minnie, the wife of George F. Baldwin, who is serving as comptroller at Vancouver, British Columbia; Linda, who resides with her sister at Vancouver; William J., a merchant of Vancouver, Washington; and Charles R., a sketch of whom appears on another page of this work.

James Edward Higgins entered the Wolfville Academy of Nova Scotia when a youth of eighteen and at the same time began working in his father's mercantile establishment, being employed therein until twenty-one years of age. At that time he went to Halifax and secured a position as clerk with a mercantile concern, acting in that capacity for three years. On the expiration of that period he went to Boston, Massachusetts, and was there employed as clerk for a similar period. Returning to Wolfville, Nova Scotia, he became associated in business with his father and remained with him for five years. Coming to Oregon he settled at Astoria, where he was employed as bookkeeper by the firm of Badollet & Company for five years. He was then appointed a special deputy in the custom service, under Cleveland's administration, holding that position four and a half years. Subsequently he embarked in business in partnership with J. T. Ross, E. Z. Ferguson and H. C. Thompson, under the firm style of Ross, Higgins & Company and has since remained an active factor in the control of that concern. In January, 1893, he became cashier of the Astoria National Bank and for the past eighteen years has ably discharged the duties devolving upon him in that connection.

On the 29th of November, 1878, Mr. Higgins was united in marriage to Miss Isabelle J. Fraser, a native of Halifax, Nova Scotia, and a daughter of James Fraser, who was born, reared and married in Scotland. He and his wife emigrated to America shortly after their marriage, settling at Halifax, Nova Scotia, where they spent the remainder of their lives. Mrs. Fraser died in middle age, leaving a family of five children, as follows: Margaret, who is a resident of Boston, Massachusetts; Mrs. Higgins; Jesse, living at Lunenburg, Nova Scotia; Minnie, of Portland, Oregon; and James William, of Nova Scotia. Unto Mr. and Mrs. Higgins were born five children. Margaret M., who is a high school graduate, completed a course in Stanford University of California, and also studied music. Herbert A., who was born in November, 1879, passed away at the age of fifteen years. Minnie died when a little maiden of seven years. Edward A., a graduate of Portland Academy, is now employed by the firm of Ross, Higgins & Company, of Astoria, in which he is a stock-

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holder. Winifred, whose natal year was 1885, is a high school graduate, pursued a course of study in the Annie Wright Seminary of Tacoma, Washington, and likewise attended Stanford University of California. She also has an excellent musical education. Her husband is Lieutenant Richard Pork, located at Washington, D. C.

Mr. Higgins gives his political allegiance to the Democratic party and has served on the school board of Astoria for a period of twelve years. He is now acting as treasurer of the city of Warrenton. Fraternally he is identified with Seaside Lodge, A. O. U. W., at Astoria, while his religious faith is that of the Baptist church. His interest in matters of public concern is deep and sincere and his influence is always found on the side of progress and improvement, while to many measures for the public good he has been a most generous contributor. Throughout his business career he has endeavored to make all his acts and commercial moves the result of definite consideration and sound judgment. There have never been any great ventures or risks in his business career, but by honest, slow-going, dependable methods he has made steady progress, his course at all times being characterized by energy and good system.

JOHN CALDWELL. A well improved farm of one hundred acres in Washington county, five miles north of Banks, pays tribute to the industry and good business judgment of John Caldwell. The success he has attained is due to his unremitting efforts to establish a home, backed by the worthy ambition to perform his part in the development of a section in which he is deeply interested. He was born at Battle Creek, Michigan, in August, 1866, a son of John and Bridget (Quinn) Caldwell, both of whom are natives of Ireland. The father emigrated to America in 1861 and the mother came to this country with her parents in her childhood. She was married to Mr. Caldwell in New York state and a short time afterwards they moved to Battle Creek, Michigan, where they lived for ten years. At the end of the time named they went to Eaton county, Michigan, and Mr. Caldwell is now the owner of a productive farm near Grand Ledge. In their family were the following children: John, of this review; James J., of Eaton county, Michigan; Fred, of Buxton, Oregon; Mary, who married William Dunn, of Woodhall, Michigan; George and Charles, both of whom reside at Lansing, Michigan; Peter who came to Oregon and died in this state at the age of twenty-two; Frank, Joseph, Emily and Jewel all of whom died in Michigan after arriving at maturity, and two others who died in infancy.

John Caldwell received his preliminary education in the public schools of his native state and continued with his parents until twenty-one years of age. He then entered upon his business experience by associating with a brother in the purchase of forty acres of timber land. They took up their residence on the place and cleared away the timber which was sawed for the market. At the close of six years Mr. Caldwell disposed of his interest in the property and came west, working for wages in Washington county, Oregon, for three years. Having acquired the necessary capital, he purchased fifty acres in a good locality and managed his affairs to such excellent advantage that he is now the owner of one hundred acres, most of which is under cultivation. He has made many improvements on his farm which add greatly to its appearance and value. Being a man of energy and perseverance, he has never yielded to discouragement and obstacles have only served to spur him to renewed activity.

In January, 1899, Mr. Caldwell was married to Miss Lena Thomas, who was born in Washington county, Oregon, a daughter of Riley Thomas. The father was born in Illinois and the mother in Washington county. They were married in Oregon and are now living in this state, being the parents of nine children, namely: Otis, deceased; Bertha; Lena, now Mrs. John Caldwell; Minnie; Claude, also deceased; Jessie; Ethel; Lloyd; and Lottie. Mr. and Mrs. Caldwell are the parents of four children: John, who was born June 20, 1900; Fred, born in 1903; Bessie, born in November, 1905; and Earl, born September 1, 1908.

Mr. Caldwell is not a member of any religious or fraternal organization but as a patriotic and public-spirited citizen he takes an active interest in politics and is a sincere advocate of the principles of the republican party. He has been very industrious ever since his boyhood and the neat appearance of his farm indicates that he is a man of good taste and one who takes true pride in his work. He feels the quickening influence of the twentieth century and responds by enhancing the beauty and value of his surroundings. It is men of this character who become the leaders and are largely responsible for the progress which may be witnessed in all parts of the country.

OLIN WAYNE LOVE, who for the past three years has been engaged in the real-estate business in Woodburn with his brother, Louis D. Love, was born in Burlington, Michigan, on March 16, 1886, and is a son of George W. and Hannah M. (Lewis) Love. The father was a native of Michigan, but his parents were born and reared in Bridgeport, New York, whence they removed to Michigan during the pioneer days. George W. Love was the youngest member of a family of four, the others being as follows: Homer and Albert, both of whom are deceased; and Hattie, who was the wife of Charles Frye, and passed away leaving two children, Louis and Lottie. The maternal grandparents of Olin Wayne Love were also natives of the Empire state and their family numbered six, as follows: Benjamin, who lives in Michigan; James, a resident of Burlington, Michigan, and the father of one child, Louise; Robert, of Athens, Michigan, who has two children, Harry and Flora; Villie, the deceased wife of Benjamin Hines, by whom she had three children, Frank, Hope

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and Winnie; Hannah M., the mother of our subject; and Leslie, who is deceased. Mr. and Mrs. George W. Love were married in Michigan in 1874, and to them were born five children. Charles G., who is living in Lansing, Michigan, was born in that state in April, 1876. He is married and has two children, Everette and George. Ralph, the next in order of birth, is also a native of Michigan, his birth having occurred on August 21, 1878, but he now lives in Woodburn. Ruth C., who was born in the 30th of January, 1880, became the wife of Millard A. Seitz, an attorney of Portland, Oregon, and they have one son, William L., whose natal day was the 8th of January, 1907. Louis D., who was born on the 13th of June, 1883, married Miss Molly E. White, of Grand Rapids, Michigan, and they have one child, Lazetta Ruth.

The youngest child, Olin Wayne Love, was reared in the state of his birth, and there he pursued his education in the common schools until he had attained the age of thirteen years. He then laid aside his textbooks and apprenticed himself to the cigar maker's trade, which he followed in twenty-six different states. He subsequently located in Elkhart, Indiana, engaging in business there until 1908. In February of that year he disposed of his establishment and joined his father, who had previously purchased a ranch of fifty acres near Woodburn. Soon thereafter he went to Spokane, Washington, where he followed the cigar business for a year, but at the end of that time he returned to Woodburn and together with his brother Louis D. opened a real-estate office. Although they have been engaged in this business for only a brief period, they have become very well established and have every reason to feel most sanguine regarding its future success.

For his wife and helpmate, Mr. Love chose Miss Mabel E. Gaulet of Woodburn, the only daughter and oldest child of Dr. W. H. Gaulet, who has two sons, W. H., Jr., and Glen. Mr. and Mrs. Love are the parents of a daughter, Alvis Ruth, whose natal day was the 14th of October, 1911.

Mr. and Mrs. Love attend the Methodist Episcopal church and in politics he is independent, casting his ballot for such men as he deems best qualified for the office. He is one of the highly esteemed and enterprising young business men of the town, who is meeting with success in the development of his interests because of his close application and energetic methods.

ALMUS M. ARNOLD owns a pleasant home just outside the limits of Myrtle Point, Oregon, set in the midst of thirty acres of well improved land, and is carrying on an extensive and carefully managed dairy business. He was born in Tennessee, August 4, 1844, and is a son of William A. and Annie (Alford) Arnold, both natives of that state. Mr. Arnold's parents died when he was three years of age and he was the only child born to their union. He is practically a self-made man. He went to school for a short time in Tennessee but was obliged to earn his own livelihood when he was fourteen years of age. He learned the carpenter's trade and worked at this until the Civil war broke out when he enlisted in the First Confederate Volunteer Cavalry and served for two years and nine months, being mustered out with honorable discharge, November 16, 1865. After the close of hostilities he returned home and went to school for one year, at the end of which time he worked in a general merchandise store for one year and then went to Missouri, where he followed farming as a monthly laborer. He next went to Texas and engaged in the cattle business for a short time. He went to Colorado and New Mexico and followed the same line of occupation in those states. He came to this state from Colorado in 1884 and resumed his stock business, carrying on an extensive enterprise along this line for two years. He then went to Washington and settled on the Columbia river, where he established himself in the same business, but was unsuccessful, owing to the cold winters. His stock was frozen and he was obliged to give up his enterprise. In 1889 he returned to Oregon, settling in Baker City, and for two years was prominent in the cattle-raising business. He sold out eventually and came to Coos county, settled near Rural and followed general farming upon one hundred and sixty acres of land which he had purchased. He brought this property to a high state of development and was active in the cultivation of the soil for fifteen years. He cleared his land, built suitable barns and outbuildings, fenced his property and also drained it and was the owner of one of the attractive farms in the county. He eventually sold out and came to Myrtle Point, where he bought twenty-two acres and farmed upon this property until 1910. In that year he moved to his present home just outside the town limits of Myrtle Point and is now engaged in carrying on a large and constantly increasing dairy business upon thirty acres of improved land. His enterprise is one of the largest of this kind in Coos county. The buildings are kept in a sanitary condition and are equipped with modern machinery. Its value has increased about twofold and it is now worth ten thousand dollars.

January 15, 1881, Mr. Arnold was united in marriage in Pueblo, Colorado, to Miss Catherine Dolan, a native of England but of Irish ancestry. She is a daughter of James and Annie (McDermott) Dolan, who were both born in Ireland. Mrs. Arnold is one of twelve children born to her parents, only three of whom are still living, the other two being: Michael, who lives in Pueblo, Colorado, and Thomas, also of Pueblo, Colorado. Mr. and Mrs. Arnold have ten children, namely: Annie, the wife of Reuben Heortly, of Washington, and the mother of four children; Eva, who married Albert Carver, of Coquille, by whom she has two sons; William P., a resident of Santa Ana, California; Mary E., who married Otto Prey, of Coquille, Oregon, and is the mother of one child; Elizabeth, making her home at Salt Lake City, Utah; Nellie, John T. and Richard A. Q., who re-

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side with their parents; and Daniel R. and Frances N., who are at home and pursuing their education. In his political affiliations Mr. Arnold is a consistent democrat and while he has never sought public office he has done effective work as road supervisor. He is one of the enterprising citizens of Coos county and is engaged in a representative industry. By intelligent labor and careful management he has brought his dairy to a point of success where it may be regarded as an influence upon the growth of the industry in this section of the state.

SOLOMON TAYLOR is a retired business man having his residence in Prairie City, Grant county, Oregon. His birth occurred in Logan county, Ohio, on the 12th of January, 1841, his parents being John and Margaret (McIlvain) Taylor, the former a native of Vermont and the latter of Logan county, Ohio. They were married in Logan county and there spent the remainder of their lives, the mother passing away in 1854. The father died one year later, passing away while absent from home attending to business interests of a personal nature in connection with property he owned in Greenbrier county, West Virginia.

Thus, at the early age of fourteen, Solomon Taylor found himself an orphan, compelled by dire necessity to make his own way in the world. He was fortunate enough to secure work as a farm laborer near his boyhood home and he thus spent the first year after his father's death on the farm of John May. During the next two years he was employed on the farm of a Mr. Stewart and for the succeeding three years he worked for the Miller brothers, all old neighbors of his father. On the 11th of August, 1862, he enlisted for service in the Civil war as a member of Company I, Ninety-sixth Ohio Volunteer Infantry. His regiment was at once sent to the front and Mr. Taylor was taken prisoner during the battle of Sabine Crossroads, April 8, 1863. He was taken to Tyler, Texas, where he remained for six months in the Confederate prison at Camp Ford. On October 23, 1863, he was exchanged and removed to New Orleans, reaching that city by transport down the Mississippi river. On arriving there he was granted a thirty days' furlough and improved the opportunity thus offered him in rest and recuperation from the hardships of prison life. During this period he returned to his home in Ohio, where he was married, and at the expiration of thirty days he was ordered to report to his regiment at the mouth of White river in Arkansas. Rejoining his regiment, he continued in the service until the close of the war, at which time he obtained an honorable discharge and at once returned to his wife and home in Logan county, Ohio. There he engaged in farming for a period of five years. He then removed to Toledo, Ohio, where he followed carpentering and building for ten consecutive years. In the spring of 1880 he removed to Denver, Colorado, where he obtained employment as carpenter in the service of the Denver & Rio Grande Railway Company. He remained at that place but one year and in the spring of 1881 removed to Oregon, locating in John Day valley, Grant county, where he was engaged in farming for several years. In 1893 he purchased a half interest in the Prairie City Mills and three years later purchased his partner's interest, thus acquiring title to the entire property. This he operated for ten years in connection with his home farm of two hundred and eighty acres and also one hundred and sixty acres which was part of the mill property. In 1903 he sold the mill property and returned to his home farm, where he remained for one year, after which he removed to Prairie City. In 1904 he took over the mercantile establishment of R. D. Williams, conducting the same until 1911, when he sold the business to Daly Brothers.

Mr. Taylor has been twice married. In October, 1864, he wedded Miss Jennie McPherson, by whom he had one child, Jennie B., who still lives at home. The wife and mother passed away in May, 1872, and in October, 1876, Mr. Taylor married Mrs. Margaret (Trask) Ryer.

In his political affiliation Mr. Taylor is a democrat and he has served as a member of the board of county commissioners for six years. He is a member of the board of trustees of the Methodist Episcopal church, to which his wife also belongs. Mr. Taylor is one of the well known and influential citizens of Grant county. Starting out in life in the midst of great hardships and suffering at an early age the loss of both his parents, he has nevertheless surmounted the difficulties which confronted him in youth and looks back upon a history of patriotic devotion to his country and a successful business career. He is now living a retired life in Prairie City, where he enjoys a merited and well earned rest.

WALTER W. RUSSELL is one of the energetic and successful young agriculturists of Yamhill county, where he has been residing for the past twelve years. He was born in South Dakota on the 3d of February 1881, and is a son of William S. and Sarah J. (Morket) Russell, the former a native of Pennsylvania and the latter of Iowa. In his early manhood William S. Russell left his native state and removed to Iowa, where for five years he engaged in farming. There he met the lady who subsequently became his wife and soon thereafter he and his bride removed to South Dakota, where the father filed on a homestead. To the further improvement and cultivation of his farm, Mr. Russell devoted his entire time and energies for twenty-seven years. At the expiration of that period he disposed of his property, and together with his wife and family came to Oregon, where they have ever since resided. At the present time they are living in McMinnville, the father having attained the age of sixty-six years and the mother sixty. The family of Mr. and Mrs. Russell numbers eleven, as follows: Melvin, who is living in Watertown, South Dakota; Jasper, whose home is in St. Paul, Minnesota; Charles, who lives in McMinnville; Fanny,

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SOLOMON TAYLOR

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the wife of J. Ottinger, of Sheridan, Oregon; Victor, who is also a resident of Sheridan; Walter W., who is our subject; Chester and Pearl, both of whom are at home; Bessie, who is a teacher in the schools of McMinnville; and Ethel and Millie, who are attending high school in McMinnville.

Walter W. Russell was a youth of eighteen years when he removed from his native state to Oregon. In the acquirement of his education he attended the common schools of South Dakota, during which time he also assisted his father with the work of the farm. When he attained his majority he left the parental roof and entered upon an independent career, his energies being devoted to agricultural pursuits, in accordance with his early training. He is an ambitious and energetic young man who always follows out a well conceived plan of action in whatever he undertakes, and concentrates upon it all his powers. His efforts are meeting with success, owing to his enterprise and the intelligent direction of his activities, and he is now engaged in the operation of a ranch of three hundred and fifty acres, located eight miles southwest of McMinnville.

In 1905 Mr. Russell was united in marriage to Miss Mary Duerst, a daughter of Balthasar and Anna Duerst, and they have become the parents of two children: Ruby, who was born on the 15th of November, 1906; and Raymond, whose birth occurred on August 31, 1910.

The fraternal connections of Mr. Russell are confined to his membership in the Independent Order of Odd Fellows, his local identification with the order being through the lodge at McMinnville. He is a republican, but never having sought political preferment does not actively participate in governmental affairs, preferring to concentrate his energies upon the development of his personal interests, in which he is meeting with a gratifying measure of success.

JAMES H. NICHOLS was born in Lima, LaGrange, county, Indiana, on the 12th day of July, 1883, his parents being Drusus B. and Jane Louise (Shipman) Nichols. Drusus B. Nichols was born in English Prairie, Indiana, in 1859, and the mother in Lima, in that state. Drusus B. Nichols, the father of the subject of this sketch, was the grandson of Samuel Burnell, one of the pioneer bankers of northern Indiana, and the organizer of the Indiana National Bank in 1859. Drusus B. Nichols was for a number of years the owner of a merchandising establishment in Lima, Indiana, and later engaged in the same business in Chicago, Illinois, where he died in 1890. Mrs. Nichols survives her husband and makes her home with our subject in Baker, Oregon. She is the mother of three children, as follows: James H., of this review; Drusus H., who lives in Chicago; and Marian Williams, the wife of Charles H. Evenson, of St. Paul, Minnesota.

James H. Nichols was educated in the public schools of Lima, Indiana, and also in the Howe Military School of the same place. After his graduation from high school he entered the University of Michigan at Ann Arbor, where he spent the first year in the academic department. The following year he entered the law department of the same institution from which he was graduated in the class of 1905. Upon his graduation Mr. Nichols came west in search of a location and selected Baker City, where he at once opened an office for the practice of law. In 1906 he entered the offices of Hart & Smith. Shortly after this, the senior member of the firm, Mr. Smith, was elected to the circuit bench, and the firm became Hart & Nichols. In 1911 the firm of Hart & Nichols dissolved and Mr. Nichols opened his present offices for the practice of law in the Citizens National Bank building. He was appointed city auditor of Baker City in 1908 and was elected for a two-year term to succeed himself in 1909.

In politics Mr. Nichols is a democrat and during his early years as a student he was elected president of the University of Michigan Democratic Club in the campaign of 1904. He is a member of the Masonic blue lodge, the Benevolent Protective Order of Elks and the Fraternal Order of Eagles. His religious faith is indicated by his membership in the Protestant Episcopal church. Mr. Nichols has already attained a place of high standing among the members of the bar, notwithstanding the fact that he is a comparatively young man and he enjoys an extensive and substantial clientage. He is interested in all of the social issues of his adopted city and can always be relied upon to bring his influence to bear toward the advancement of any enterprise favoring the improvement of his county and state.

ANDREW ANDERSON, a citizen of Hammond, has been a resident of the United States for over thirty years. He was born in Sweden, on the 30th of September, 1859, being a son of Andrew and Sophia Anderson. The parents are now both deceased the mother having passed away in the early '90s and the father some six months later. To them were born three sons: Alfred and Oscar, who have remained in the old country; and Andrew, our subject.

The first twenty-two years of his life Andrew Anderson spent in Sweden where he obtained a common-school education. Feeling much dissatisfied with conditions for advancement as he found them in his native land, in 1881 he determined to come to America. He first located in Michigan, where he remained for eighteen months, then moved to Portland. Upon his arrival there he obtained work in the government employ on the Cascade locks in the Columbia river, forty-five miles east of Portland. In 1885 he was transferred to Fort Stevens, where he has ever since been employed in government service. Thrifty and energetic Mr. Anderson has acquired a very nice residence in Hammond, besides which he owns some vacant lots there and also property in Portland.

Mr. Anderson completed his plans for a home by his marriage in 1895 to Miss Matilda Anderson, also a native of Sweden, whence

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she emigrated to the United States in 1891, first locating in Astoria, but later coming to Hammond, where she was residing at the time of her marriage. Mrs. Anderson is a daughter of Andrew and Christina (Matson) Jacobson, who were born in Sweden and there the mother passed away in 1891, but the father still survives at the age of about eighty-eight years. The family of Mr. and Mrs. Jacobson numbered nine, as follows: Emma, who passed away in the old country at the age of forty-seven; John, who died in America; Peter, who is a resident of Michigan; Edward, who was living in Astoria at the time of his death, at the age of thirty-seven years; Olaf, who is a resident of Sweden; Sophia, who died in her native land; Matilda, now Mrs. Anderson; Wilhelm, who is a resident of Astoria; and Charley, who is married and living in the old country.

Mr. and Mrs. Anderson are the parents of five children: Winnie, who was born on the 23d of January, 1896, now in high school; Ruth, whose birth occurred on the 13th of October, 1898; Edward, born on the 25th of July, 1900; Elsie, born on the 12th of June, 1903; and Wilhelm, whose birth occurred on the 5th of August, 1905.

Mr. and Mrs. Anderson and their family affiliate with the Lutheran church, and fraternally he is identified with the Improved Order of Red Men and the Maccabees, his membership in both of these organizations being held in Hammond. Ever since he was granted the right of suffrage through naturalization Mr. Anderson has cast his ballot in support of the republican party, and has served as a member of the city council of Hammond. In matters of citizenship he has ever been loyal in his allegiance to the country of his adoption, giving his support and indorsement to all progressive movements inaugurated in his community.

CHARLES E. FORD, who for twenty-one years has been a resident of Hammond, where he engages in contracting and building, was born in Washington county, Oregon, in 1866. His parents, Edward J. and Welthy A. (Pomeroy) Ford, were natives, the father of New York state and the mother of Washington county, Oregon. Mr. Ford, a carpenter by trade, emigrated to Oregon in the pioneer days, and here he met and subsequently married Miss Pomeroy. He devoted his entire attention to the carpenter's trade and contracting in Washington and Oregon until his retirement in 1910. He then removed to Astoria, Oregon, where he continues to live at the age of seventy-one years, while the mother is sixty-one years old. To them were born six children, of whom the son Charles E. is the eldest. The others in order of birth are as follows: Mary Olive, who died at the age of four years; William A., who is living at Chinook, Washington; Minnie, who married Leander Lebeck, also a resident of Chinook; Benjamin D., who is living at Beaverton, Oregon; and John E., of Chinook, Washington.

The early years in the life of Charles E. Ford were spent amid the hardships and privations generally incident to pioneer life. He acquired a common-school education, remaining a member of the home circle until he was seventeen years of age when he began to shift for himself. His first work was as a salmon fisher on the Columbia river. For fourteen years he followed this occupation during the summer season, devoting his winters to carpentry work. Since that time, however, he has given his undivided attention to contracting and building in which he has met with excellent success. He owns a very pleasant home in Hammond, besides three other residence properties which he rents.

In 1889 Mr. Ford was married to Miss Mabel N. Andrews, a native of California and a daughter of Samuel and Jane Andrews. Both of Mrs. Ford's parents are now deceased, the father having passed away in California and the mother in the state of Washington. Their family numbered eight: Marion; Thomas; Samuel; Martha, who married a Mr. Pate, of California; Mary, the wife of J. P. Paul, both now deceased; Henry Andrews, who is now deceased; Mabel N., the wife of Mr. Ford; and Olive, who is deceased. Of the marriage of Mr. and Mrs. Ford there has been born one son, Reuben P., whose birth occurred in 1890, in Pacific county, Washington. After graduating from the grammar school he began his business career and is now residing at Eugene, Oregon, where he is engaged in railroad work. Four years ago Mr. and Mrs. Ford adopted a little daughter, May Mildred, whose birth occurred on the 9th of December, 1906, in Multnomah county, Oregon.

In religious faith they are Episcopalians, and fraternally he is connected with the Independent Order of Odd Fellows, while they both hold membership in the Rebekahs and the Maccabees, all of these organizations being represented in Hammond. His political support Mr. Ford gives to the democratic party, and for ten years he has served as mayor of Hammond, while for two years he was a member of the town council. His long period of service as head of the municipality attests the regard in which Mr. Ford is held in Hammond, among whose citizens he numbers many stanch friends.

JAMES A. NEAL, who has been a resident of Warrenton, Oregon, for the past fifteen years, was born in Orono, Maine, on the 4th of July, 1844, being a son of James A. and Sarah H. (Knapp) McNeal. The father was also a native of Maine, but of Scotch extraction, his parents having emigrated to the United States from Scotland. The mother was born in Ireland, whence she emigrated to the United States when a child with her parents, who settled at Bucksport, Maine, in 1827. There she was reared to womanhood but she was married to Mr. McNeal at Orono.

After his marriage James A. McNeal established a blacksmith shop at Orono, which he operated until the Civil war broke out. He enlisted in the Eighteenth Maine Volunteer Infantry, and went to the front where he remained for three years. He was discharged on account of his wounds and be-

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cause of the fact that his constitution was entirely depleted by the hardships and privations of army life. He survived for a little more than a year, his demise occurring in 1866. The mother lived until the 16th of December, 1897. Of this union there were born thirteen children, of whom the son, James A., is the only one now surviving, the others are as follows: Daniel, who died when he was five years of age; Adeline, who passed away at the age of fifty-one; Abbie, who was nineteen years old when she died; Zephaniah, who was killed in the army in 1862; Angeline, whose death occurred when four years old; Elizabeth, who passed away at thirty-five; Mary, whose demise occurred when she was twenty-five years; Charles, who was fifty-seven years old at the time of his death; Daniel, who died at the age of sixty-three; Albridge, who attained an age of sixty-five years when he passed away; and two, who died in infancy.

The first seventeen years of his life James A. Neal spent under the parental roof, acquiring a knowledge of the common branches in the public schools of his native town. His career as a wage earner began in a lumber camp in the vicinity of Orono, where he spent one winter. On the 10th of November, 1862, he enlisted in Company C, First Maine Volunteer Cavalry, remaining at the front until the 9th of August, 1865, when he was mustered out at Augusta, Maine. During the period of his service he participated in many notable battles and skirmishes, among them being the following: Stony Creek, Ring Station, Sycamore Church, Rear of Petersburg, Cedar Creek, Hatch Run and Hanover Court House. He was shot in the left side at the battle of Ring Station and again wounded at the battle of Petersburg, where his horse was killed and fell on him, throwing his eyes out on his cheeks. After receiving his discharge, Mr. Neal returned to Orono residing there until 1868, when he came west, locating in Michigan where he engaged in the lumber business for three years. From there he went to Wisconsin, remaining until 1874, being employed as a foreman by his uncle, Daniel E. Hubbard. He then moved to Portland, devoting seven years to agricultural pursuits, following which he spent six years in the vicinity of Walla Walla engaging in various occupations. At the expiration of that period he went to Squaw Valley, California, and operated a hay ranch for seven years, then came to Ashland, Oregon, and bought a fruit ranch. Two years thereafter he disposed of this property and came to Warrenton, where he has ever since resided. Mr. Neal owns a fine residence here, which together with his other interests and the pension he receives from the government enables him to live comfortably.

Mr. Neal has married three times, his first union having been with Miss Elizabeth J. Good, in Portland, Maine, November, 1866. Mrs. Neal passed away in 1868, having been the mother of three children, twins, who died in infancy and a daughter, Abbie, the deceased wife of John Lerne, her demise occurring at the age of twenty-four years. In 1870 Mr. Neal was again married, his choice this time being Mrs. Sultana Woodard, a widow, and a daughter of William Cleveland of Fond du Lac, Wisconsin. This marriage took place at Stevens Point, Wisconsin, the union being terminated by the death of Mrs. Neal in 1879. She also left one daughter, Mittiebell, who married Elmer Benham of Beaverton, Oregon, and died in 1898, leaving one child, Zella May. Mr. Neal married his present wife, formerly Miss Mary Henrietta Stadaroth, on the 16th of May, 1883. Mrs. Neal was born in Hanover, Germany, emigrating from there to America when a child with her parents, who settled in Jacksonville, Jackson county, Oregon, in 1865. There the father passed away two years later, leaving a widow and two daughters: Mary Henrietta, now Mrs. Neal; and Matilda, the wife of C. W. Wentworth, of California. The mother was again married in 1868, taking for her second husband C. D. Reed, of Jacksonville, by whom she had four daughters: Charlotte, who is a teacher; Kate, a milliner; Emma, also a teacher; and Sarah, who died on the 15th of January, 1883. The daughters are all unmarried and make their home with their parents in Jacksonville. The father formerly engaged in placer mining, but is now living retired at the age of eighty-two years, while the mother is seventy-two. Mr. and Mrs. Neal have one son, Loris Dewey, who was born in Ashland, Oregon, on the 28th of August, 1897. He is now attending high school.

Mr. and Mrs. Neal affiliate with the Methodist Episcopal church, and fraternally he is a Mason, his membership being held in a lodge in Maine, and he also belongs to the Independent Order of Odd Fellows in Wisconsin, while he maintains relations with his comrades of '61 by means of his membership in the Grand Army of the Republic. In matters politic, Mr. Neal was formerly an ardent republican, but he now casts an independent ballot, giving his support to such men and measures as he deems best adapted to subserve the interests of the majority.

J. L. HOSKINS. One of the highly honored pioneers and substantial citizens of Yamhill county is J. L. Hoskins, who for the past three years has been president of the United States Bank of Newberg, the duties of which post he is discharging in connection with the operation of his ranch. His birth occurred in Clinton county, Ohio, on the 20th of March, 1846, his parents being Joseph and Sarah A. (Hodson) Hoskins. They were also natives of Clinton county, the father's natal day being in 1819 and that of the mother in 1822. The family of Mr. and Mrs. Hoskins numbered four: Cyrus E., who passed away leaving a wife but no children; J. L., our subject; A. M., who died in Portland; and Carrie M., who is also deceased.

J. L. Hoskins was given the advantages of a good common-school education in his native state, where he resided until he was seventeen. Upon attaining that age he responded to the call for volunteers and enlisted in the Thirteenth Ohio Volunteer Cavalry. He remained at the front for two and a half years,

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and during that period saw much active service but was never wounded. He was present at the siege of Petersburg and participated in the battle of the Wilderness, while he also witnessed Lee's surrender. Although he was one of the youngest men in his regiment, he displayed rare courage and presence of mind and was discharged with the rank of sergeant. When mustered out he joined his parents, who had removed to Indiana during his absence. There he engaged in farming during the summer months, while his winters for four years were devoted to teaching. At the end of that time he learned to mould brick, following this occupaton for four years in Indiana, whence he subsequently removed to Oregon. During the first six years of his residence in this state he continued to mould brick, but at the expiration of that period he turned his attention to agricultural pursuits, purchasing the ranch where he has ever since lived. The country in this vicinity was but sparsely settled when he located here, his arrival being prior to the founding of the town of Newberg. In the operation of his land Mr. Hoskins has met with success, as he is very practical in all that he undertakes and has made a careful study of his soil, devoting his fields to such crops as he considers they are best adapted for. His personal supervision has always been given to the work about his place, much of which he has performed himself, and the result has been all that could be desired. As his circumstances have warranted he has added such improvements and conveniences as were needed to operate his land in accordance with modern methods of agriculture, while he has also erected substantial barns and a comfortable residence. His ranch presents a most attractive appearance, everything about the place indicating careful supervision and capably and intelligently directed efforts. He takes great pride in his homestead, which has responded most gratifyingly to the labor he has expended in its cultivation and now nets him a handsome annual income. In 1900 Mr. Hoskins entered public life in the capacity of county recorder, and owing to the nature of his duties during the four years of his term he lived in McMinnville, but at the end of that time he returned to his ranch. He has always taken a deep interest in the development and upbuilding of Newberg and has been associated with its business life through his connection with the bank for more than six years. For three years he was a director and vice president of this institution, displaying during that period such fine powers of organization and executive ability that he was later elected president. He has discharged the responsible duties of this office in a manner highly acceptable to the stockholders, and the bank has become recognized as one of the stable and conservative financial institutions of the county.

In Indiana on the 10th of February, 1876, Mr. Hoskins was united in marriage to Mary L. Hadley, who was born in Monrovia, Morgan county, that state, on March 17, 1850. Her parents were T. M. and L. M. (Macy) Hadley, the father a native of North Carolina, his birth occurring December 10, 1810, while the mother was born in Tennessee, August 28, 1818. They were the parents of nine children. Unto Mr. and Mrs. Hoskins there have been born three children, as follows: Anna, the wife of F. K. Jones, principal of the high school at Santa Paula, California, by whom she has had two children, Bernice and Merle; Hervey M., who is married and living at McMinnville, where he is postmaster; and Cecil J., who is a lawyer by profession, also married and living in McMinnville, where he is connected with one of the banks.

Both Mr. and Mrs. Hoskins are members of the Friends church, and he is a charter member of the Woodmen of the World and for forty-three years he has been affiliated with the Independent Order of Odd Fellows and the Rebekahs. He maintains relations with his comrades of the war through his connection with Shiloh Post, G. A. R., and he also belongs to the Commercial Club of Newberg. His political support he gives to the republican party, and has always taken an active interest in all governmental affairs. Beside acting in the capacity of county recorder, as previously mentioned, he was deputy assessor for six years and represented Yamhill county in the state senate for four. A man of sound judgment and progressive views he is often called upon to serve in a public capacity and for twelve years he was one of the trustees of Pacific College, having entered upon his duties when the school was first founded. Mr. Hoskins is one of the pioneers, who in the development of his own interests has not forgotten his duties as a citizen in the community at large, and has always given much of his time and energy to promoting the various public utilities. A strong personality, his influence is ever exerted in advancing the best interests of the people by giving his unqualified support to every movement that will tend to uplift the standards of the community along moral, social or intellectual lines.

JACOB KAMM. It is frequently the case that men who are pioneers in an undeveloped region or in the establishment of a business, who bear the hardships and trials incident to settlement in a new community or meet the discouragements and difficulties attendant upon the establishment and development of a new industry or commercial enterprise, do not receive the financial returns which seem to be their due. Not so in the case of Jacob Kamm. He is now one of the wealthiest residents of Portland and in his success his fellow townsmen feel that he has fittingly come into his own. His prosperity has followed the closest application, the most unremitting industry and ready utilization of opportunities that others might have enjoyed had they possessed the ability and the courage to utilize them. No history of the development of the northwest would be complete without mention of Jacob Kamm, for as one of the promoters of navigation interests he has accomplished for this section of the country a work the value of which can

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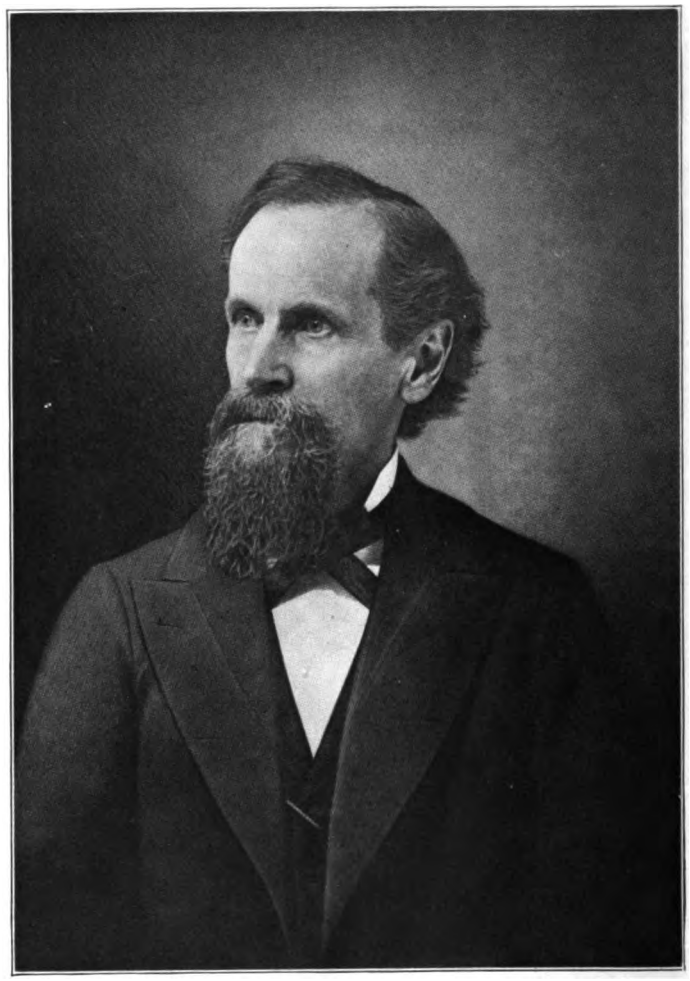

JACOB KAMM

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MRS. CAROLINE A. KAMM

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scarcely be overestimated. While he has prospered, the public at large has been a direct beneficiary of his labors in that his work has been a factor in opening up this great section of the country with all of its splendid natural resources. His history constitutes an interesting chapter in the life of the northwest.

Psychologists claim that ancestry, individuality and environment are the three-fold elements of success, representing material, ability and opportunity. The land of the Alps was the ancestral home of Jacob Kamm, who was born in Canton Glarus, Switzerland, December 12, 1823, and to the eighty-eighth milestone he has traveled life's journey, the evening of his days being spent in one of the beautiful homes of Portland in an honorable retirement from the labors that so many years engaged his attention. His father resigned his commission in the Swiss army to make a home for himself and his family among the broader opportunities offered in America, but four years later, in New Orleans, yellow fever claimed him as a victim and his son, then twelve years of age, was left to face the difficulties of life alone. A sturdy, self-reliant spirit came to him from his ancestry and with this there developed in him a determination to utilize to its full every advantage. Already prior to his father's death he had secured a position in the office of a prominent daily paper in New Orleans and after leaving that position, which he had obtained through the influence of the foreman, who was his friend, he performed any task which he could secure until November, 1837, when he changed the base of his business operations to St. Louis. On the trip up the river he was robbed by a smooth-talking stranger of all of his money save ten cents. The urge of necessity therefore forced him to obtain immediate employment, which he secured as cabin boy on the Ark, a small steamer on the Illinois river. During the winter months he attended a private school. Contact with the world served to show him his own limitations and at the same time awakened his ambition. He gave every leisure moment to mastering the details of marine engineering and, becoming an expert workman in that field, was offered paying positions which in time brought to him the capital that enabled him to become part owner of the steamer Belle of Hatchie, a steamboat which he ran until his health became impaired. He then sold out and for several years thereafter was chief engineer on packet boats plying between St. Louis, Keokuk and New Orleans. The requirement demanded of engineers before they were licensed was at that time very high. Mr. Kamm received his diploma from the Engineers Association of Missouri but again impaired health forced him to seek a change and, hoping that different climatic conditions would prove beneficial, he crossed the plains in 1849 to the mining regions around Sacramento. After a brief period he was installed as engineer on a steamboat running on the Sacramento and Feather rivers in California. The following year, in San Francisco, he became acquainted with Lot Whitcomb and it was this incident that eventually brought Mr. Kamm into such close connections with the development of navigation in the northwest. In order to install the machinery ordered for the steamer Lot Whitcomb, Mr. Kamm went to Milwaukie, a Portland suburb. While his knowledge of such work was of expert character, his sole equipment at that point was a bellows and anvil; but with the assistance of a blacksmith by the name of Blakesley, who was ingenious and painstaking, Mr. Kamm managed to shape the crude tools that enabled him to perform the work that he had undertaken. It was necessary also that he assemble the boilers, which had been shipped from New York in twenty-two sections, and at length the Lot Whitcomb steamed out of the harbor—the first craft of the kind ever equipped in this port, Mr. Kamm being behind the engines and operating the machinery until the vessel was sold and taken to California.

From that time forward Mr. Kamm was closely identified with navigation interests of the northwest. He built the first stern wheel steamer of Oregon, the Jennie Clark, of which he was half owner with Messrs. Abernethy, Clark and Ainsworth owning the other half. This enterprise was a stupendous one for that day, for all machinery had to be brought around Cape Horn, but the work was successfully executed and the craft launched. Later he was active in the construction of the Carrie Ladd, also one of the first steamers on the Columbia, this vessel becoming the nucleus of the property of what was later the Oregon Steam Navigation Company, which was organized in 1860 with Mr. Kamm as one of the large stockholders and as chief engineer. He sold his interest in the business in 1865 to a syndicate, which in turn transferred its stock to the Oregon Railroad & Navigation Company. Mr. Kamm also became one of the organizers, president and principal stockholder of the Willamette Steam Navigation Company, which operated extensively on the Willamette and eventually sold out to the Oregon Railroad & Navigation Company. He was likewise the owner of the George S. Wright, a steamer engaged in the coast trade, running from Portland to Victoria and Sitka. With the settlement of Oregon and the northwest he developed his business to meet the growing demands of the time. Although on one occasion he thought to withdraw from active connection with navigation, he was forced to take in payment the small steamer Carrie, which was made the nucleus of the fleet of the Vancouver Transportation Company that was organized in 1874 with Mr. Kamm as president. He has continued in that connection to the present time, although he has long since retired from the active management of the business. He was at one time owner of considerable stock in the Ilwaco Railway & Navigation Company and with others he was associated in building the Ocean Wave and the Norma, of the Snake River Transportation Company, which are

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the only boats that have passed through the famous Box canon on the Snake river without being wrecked. Long before the era of railroad transportation his labors had facilitated trade relations in providing means of transportation for the products of the northwest. The growth of a district must always depend upon this and the work of Mr. Kamm was therefore of incalculable benefit and value to Oregon and Washington. Moreover, he became a factor in banking circles in Portland, subscribing largely to the stock of various banks and at one time serving as vice president of the United States National Bank. His business operations at Astoria featured largely in the upbuilding of that city. He invested extensively in property and business enterprises there until he became one of the large tax-payers of that seaport and is now president of the First National Bank of Astoria. His realty holdings include valuable property in Portland and in San Francisco.

On the 13th of September, 1859, Mr. Kamm was married to Miss Caroline Augusta Gray, a daughter of William H. and Mary A. (Dix) Gray, missionaries of the northwest of 1836 and 1838 respectively. Both of her parents, of whom mention is made on another page of this work were prominent in the educational and religious development of the northwest. The missionary spirit brought them to this section of the country that they might spread the teachings of the gospel among the Indians and the early white settlers in this region. The father was also a practicing physician and a man of considerable literary ability. Unto Dr. and Mrs. Gray were born seven children, of whom Mrs. Kamm is the second in order of birth, and by her marriage she has become the mother of one son, Charles T. Kamm, now deceased, who became his father's associate in navigation interests. He left four children: Mrs. Caroline A. McKinnon; Jacob G., now in Europe; Willis W.; and Philip S.

While the extent of the business interests which Mr. Kamm has managed is such as would preclude for many a man the opportunity for engaging in other interests, Mr. Kamm was long known among the active workers of the First Presbyterian church and as president of its board of trustees. He contributed generously to the maintenance of the church, manifesting deep interest in the extension of the work. In Masonry he has attained high rank. His initiation into the order occurred in St. Louis, July 27, 1847, and following his arrival in this state he became one of the early members of the Multnomah Lodge, No. 1, A. F. & A. M., of Oregon City, but is now a member of Willamette Lodge, No. 2, of Portland. His name is also on the membership rolls of Portland Chapter, No. 3, R. A. M.; Oregon Commandery, No. 1, K. T.; Oregon Consistory, No. 1, A. & A. S. R.; and Al Kader Temple of the Mystic Shrine.

A review of his life seems to indicate that Mr. Kamm has lost no opportunity not only to further his own interests but also to contribute through his business activities to the growth and development of the northwest. The sterling characteristics of the Swiss people—industry, reliability and courage—are his and they enabled him to meet the demands of our splendid western citizenship. Rich in its natural resources, the country offered him opportunities of large value. He saw them and made them his own. His knowledge and his business training, both largely self-acquired, were of the most practical character and as the years passed he developed a marked genius for organization that carried him into important business relations. He spends his time today in superintending the details of his large business interests. Although he is unable to leave the house he daily receives reports from the First National Bank of Astoria, of which he is president, from the Vancouver Transportation Company and from his other extensive interests, and regularly gives advice with reference to their management. He occupies one of the most beautiful homes in Portland. In the period of his early residence here he purchased, in the early '60s, fourteen acres of land then outside of the city limits. Today this tract is in the center of the great and beautiful city that has grown about it and is in itself a center of beauty scarcely surpassed. Beautiful trees and shrubs indicate the art of the landscape gardener and, though in the very heart of the city, seem in a measure to shut out the cares and activities of the outside world that the owner may enjoy that peace and quiet which he has so worthily won and which are so rightfully his. The home with its magnificent surroundings is a most suitable environment for the honorable old age to which he has attained.

CHARLES A. PELLAND, a well known farmer of Marion county, was born in Champoeg, February 11, 1874. His parents were Charles O. and Mary E. (Coleman) Pelland, the father being a native of Canada, and the mother of Yamhill county, Oregon. The father came to Oregon in 1860, locating at Oregon City, where he was engaged for eight years in milling. Upon his removal to Champoeg he established a mercantile business but in 1880 he removed to a farm near McMinnville, in Yamhill county, and remained there two years. Subsequently for six years he was again in mercantile work at St. Paul, Oregon, and at the end of this period he purchased a farm of four hundred acres, where he lived until his death, May 31, 1904. He wedded Mary E. Coleman, at St. Paul, Oregon, on January 1, 1873. She was a daughter of James and Frances (Murrey) Coleman, who were married in Iowa in 1847, came directly to Oregon and settled in Yamhill county, near Bellevue, on a donation claim where they lived several years. They then removed to St. Paul, where they resided until the father's death, which occurred June 11, 1911. He was a very prominent farmer. In their family were eleven children, of whom Mary E. was the third in order of birth. The others were: Mrs. Ann Davidson,

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the deceased wife of W. F. Davidson, of St. Paul, Oregon; John, deceased; W. Thomas, of Champoeg, Oregon; James, of Turner; Mrs. Eliza Hammond, the wife of Frank C. Hammond, of Portland; Steve H. and Charles D., both of St. Paul; Mrs. Emma Murphy, the wife of W. M. Murphy, of St. Paul; Mrs. Louise Casey, the wife of J. J. Casey, of Portland; and Frank N., of St. Paul. Charles O. and Mary E. (Coleman) Pelland became the parents of eight children, of whom Charles A. was the eldest. The others are: Mrs. Florence G. Daly, the wife of Alfred J. Daly, of Seattle, Washington; George, deceased; Fred J., of Athena, Oregon; Mrs. Marie Newsom, the wife of G. S. Newsom, of Athena, Oregon; Philip O., of Lostine, Oregon; Helen L., of Corvallis; and Francis Gerald, who is a student in the electrical engineering department of the State College at Corvallis.

Charles A. Pelland received his education in the common schools and remained under the parental roof until he was twenty-five years of age, when he started out in life of his own accord by renting a farm of three hundred acres, on which he engaged in raising oats and live stock. After two years he took charge of his present farm, which consists of four hundred acres and is a part of his mother's home place, and he owns two-fifths of it. His principal crops are grain and hops, and he is also engaged in raising live stock.

In 1899 Mr. Pelland was united in marriage with Miss Mary A. Gratton, who was born October 4, 1876, in St. Louis, Oregon. She is a daughter of Felix and Sophia (Ouimette) Gratton, both of whom were natives of Canada, born in Quebec. In 1865, soon after their marriage, the parents came to Oregon, and settled in St. Louis, where they lived for twenty-seven years, during which time the father followed the trade of blacksmith. They then removed to a farm of seventy-five acres near St. Paul, where they lived until the father's death, September 17, 1889. In their family were ten children, of whom eight are deceased. The two surviving are: Edward F., of Portland; and Mary A., who is now Mrs. Pelland. Mr. and Mrs. Pelland have four children: Florence M., born August 19, 1900, who is attending an academy in St. Paul; Kathryn, born October 31, 1902, who is also attending an academy in St. Paul; Mary Octavia, born September 2, 1904, who attends the same school; and Charles Felix, born February 21, 1912.

In politics Mr. Pelland is a democrat, but has neither sought nor desired office. Fraternally he is identified with the Ancient Order of United Workmen, and both he and his family are zealous members of the Catholic church. For his advancement in life he depends entirely upon his own efforts and enterprise and he is steadily achieving success.

ROBERT A. ABBOTT. The life record of Robert A. Abbott, who for more than a quarter of a century has been a resident of Skipanon, Oregon, began at Binghamton, New York, on the 22d of May, 1845. His father, George W. Abbott, was a native of Connecticut of English parentage. In his early manhood he moved to New York state where he met and subsequently married Miss Angeline Carmon, who was of Dutch extraction and a native of Dutchess county, New York. Their marriage occurred at Binghamton, where he worked at shoemaking and also engaged in the tannery business with his brother until his retirement. He passed away in 1885, but the mother survived until 1892. By this union there were born the following children, the eldest of whom died in infancy; in order of birth, the others are as follows: Robert A., our subject; Betsy A., the wife of Samuel Bennett, of Binghamton, New York; James F., who is living in Oregon; Eunice W., a resident of Waterville, New York; Julia, the wife of Joel Van Newkirk, a hardware man of New York city; Carrie Belle, who passed away at the age of twenty-three; and George, who died at Brookline, New York.

Robert A. Abbott remained under the parental roof until he was seventeen years of age, when he left to join the Union forces in the Civil war. He enlisted on the 4th of March, 1862, in the Fifteenth United States Infantry, spending three years at the front, receiving his discharge on the 4th of March, 1865, on the top of Lookout mountain in Georgia. He actively participated in twenty-seven battles, among them being those of Pittsburg Landing and Stone River. After receiving his discharge he returned home, where he remained until September, 1867, when he again enlisted in the army. He joined Battery I, Fourth United States Artillery for three years, being discharged on the 4th of September, 1870, at Fort Maryland on the Potomac. Immediately thereafter he reenlisted in Battery E, of the same regiment, and has the distinction of assisting in the capture of Captain Jack of the Modocs, in the Modoc Indian war in 1873. He was honorably discharged at Fort Steven's, Oregon, on the 4th of September, 1875, withdrawing permanently from army life. He subsequently came to Skipanon and bought a homestead, that he improved and cultivated for twenty-five years. Disposing of his ranch in 1900 he has ever since followed the carpenter's trade. Mr. Abbott also draws a pension from the United States government.

Baltimore, Maryland, was the scene of the marriage of Mr. Abbott to Miss Maria Henderson, the event occurring on the 7th of June, 1870. Mrs. Abbott is the only daughter of William H. and Annie (Bowes) Henderson and was born at Acquia Creek, in the vicinity of Fort Washington, while her father was a native of London, England, and the mother of Florida. Her mother died during her early childhood, while the father passed away at the barracks at the Presidio, San Francisco, in 1881. He has been in the United States army for many years, always having been a soldier. Of the union of Mr. and Mrs. Abbott there were born the following children: Robert, who is deceased; Ruby, the wife of Carlos Dow, of Astoria, Oregon; Edwin V., who is a farmer at Auburn, Washington; Mary, the wife of C. H. Collins, who is in the service of the Great Northern Rail-

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way, also at Auburn, Washington; Blanche, who married S. T. Smith, who is engaged in the clam business at Skipanon, Oregon; Nellie, the wife of J. A. Collins, of Hammond, Oregon, who is a sergeant in the United States army and also a ticket agent; Lottie, who is still at home; William H., who is engaged in the lumber business, married and living in Warrenton; and Fred and Charles H., both of whom are unmarried and living at home. The two eldest were twins.

The family affiliate with the Episcopal church, and politically Mr. Abbott is a republican. He has held the position of police judge and justice of the peace, and he also served for many years as a member of the school board at Skipanon. He has been on the republican committee since locating here in 1875, and has repeatedly been chosen as a delegate to state conventions.

CHARLES F. TRUE. To men, who possess the initiative and determination of purpose to cope with conditions that confront the new settler, the northwest affords the opportunities to quickly attain the plane of prosperity. Of such as these is Charles F. True, one of the successful general farmers and extensive hop-raisers of Washington county.

His birth occurred in a little seafaring village in Cumberland county, Maine, on the 16th of January, 1845, his boyhood and youth being spent within sight and sound of the Atlantic. His earliest memories are of the water, during both calm and storm, and the various crafts that plied their trade. The son of a shipbuilder, he delighted to spend his time about his father's place of business, where he met many sailors with wonderful stories and experiences that fired his imagination and intensified his longing to adopt the same vocation when he had attained manhood. At the age of eleven years he lost his mother, and, as is often the case with a mother's passing, the home soon became but a memory and from then on the lad was practically dependent upon his own resources, so he laid away his school books and gratified the great longing of his life, to go to sea. For eleven years he served in different capacities on various sailing vessels, where his youthful knowledge and enthusiasm, and the natural understanding of the sea, as well as his love for the seafarer's life served to promote him, while yet in his early youth, to the position of an officer. During the time of the nation's great need for men of fortitude he withdrew from his work and offered his services to his country, going to the front on the 23d of December, 1863, with Company C, Thirty-second Maine Volunteer Infantry. He entered the ranks at Augusta, Maine, and was sent from there to Alexandria, Virginia, where his regiment joined the Ninth Corps. They participated in the battle of the Wilderness, Spottsylvania, North Anne, Bethany Church, Five Oaks and Cool Arbor, as well as the advance on Petersburg. Their regiment was composed of brave men, whose fearlessness made them almost reckless in the face of danger and as a result their showing at the end of the year revealed many empty places, both in the ranks and among the officers. Probably no other regiment had met with greater disaster in the same length of time or could produce a more remarkable record. Eighteen officers and one hundred and sixty-five men were killed on the field; thirty-four died in rebel prisons; one hundred and forty-two were in the hospitals, and four hundred and forty-five received non-mortal wounds. Thus there were about eight out of every nine killed or wounded and of this brave company of volunteers only sixty-four men were left at one time. Mr. True, himself, was twice wounded in the advance on Petersburg and in consequence spent four months in the hospital at Alexandria. At the expiration of that period he was mustered out and returned to his home in Maine, glad of the restoration of peace and proud of the part he had played in hastening the end. When his health was fully restored and he was able to once more resume the responsibilities of civil life, he decided to avail himself of the greater opportunities which he felt were afforded on the western coast, and it was in the summer of 1867, that he took passage on the Meldon for Portland, by way of the Horn. He reached his destination on the 17th of September and soon thereafter became identified with the lumber interests of the vicinity. Later he severed this connection with the lumber business to become manager of the Dave Logan ranch, continuing to discharge the duties of this position until his marriage in 1871. Very shortly after this event he and his bride located in McMinnville, where for a year Mr. True conducted a meat market. A man of much sagacity and foresight, he early recognized the wonderful possibilities Oregon afforded agriculturally and purchased the ranch where he now resides. After giving up the meat business he engaged in carpentry work until 1883, when he removed to his ranch. A dense growth of marketable timber covered his land and much time was consumed in clearing and grubbing preparatory to operation. Mr. True has spared neither expense nor labor to create out of a wilderness one of the most attractive and valuable properties of the county. He has erected a modern residence and durable outhouses and barns, many modern improvements are to be found on his place and the grounds are under intense cultivation. In connection with general farming, he has made a specialty of hop-raising and has met with lucrative returns from both. He is one of the best known and most influential ranchers in the vicinity of Middleton, and of great credit to the community, in the development of which he has prominently figured.

In 1871 Mr. True was united in marriage to Miss Lucetta Van Curen. Mrs. True is a native of the state of Iowa, whence she crossed the plains with an uncle in 1863 to Oregon. Four children were born of this marriage, as follows: William, who is engaged in agricultural pursuits in Washington county; Estella, who married C. L. Shat-

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MR. AND MRS. C. F. TRUE AND SON

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tuck, of Pineville, Oregon; and Blake and Albion, who are deceased.

His political allegiance Mr. True gives to the republican party, and fraternally he is identified with the Ancient Order of United Workmen, in which organization he has held all of the offices, and the Independent Order of Odd Fellows. He is also a member of the Grand Army of the Republic, thus maintaining his connection with his comrades of the field. Mr. True is held in the highest esteem in Washington county, where he has resided for over thirty years. During three decades he has always manifested substantial qualities and that stalworthiness of character that would make him an acquisition to be desired in any community, his efforts and influence ever being exerted on behalf of general progress.

J. W. JACOBS. Forty-seven years' residence in Oregon has made J. W. Jacobs largely familiar with the history of the state and he has witnessed many of the events which have been prominent features in the development and upbuilding of the state. He now resides at Central Point and at the present time is serving for the second term as city recorder. His birth occurred near McMinnville, in Yamhill county, December 15, 1865, his parents being A. S. and Rebecca E. (Matthews) Jacobs, the former a native of Jefferson county, Indiana, and the latter of Clark county, Missouri. They were reared and married in Keokuk, Iowa, and in 1865 they started across the plains with mule teams for Yamhill county, Oregon. The following year they removed to Ashland, where the father followed his trade of a bricklayer and stone mason. In 1882 he was elected sheriff of Jackson county and removed to Jacksonville, serving in that position for two terms, or four years. He bought a ranch two and one-half miles east of Central Point and resided thereon for about ten years after which he took up his abode in the town and lived retired throughout his remaining days. He died in 1907, at the age of seventy-five years and thus passed away one of the well known and worthy pioneer settlers of the state. Mrs. Rebecca E. Jacobs had died in Ashland in 1875 and Mr. Jacobs afterwards wedded May Smith, who now resides in Ashland. There were four children by the first marriage: N. A., of Riverside, California, who served for two terms as county superintendent of schools in Jackson county and as county clerk for a term of two years, ere his removal to the south; L. L., who for two years was county treasurer of Jackson county and is now cashier of the Fruit Growers Bank of Medford; J. W., of this review; and Mary F., who is the wife of A. E. La Ponta, of Central Point.

J. W. Jacobs resided with his parents until he had reached man's estate and learned the marble-cutter's trade in Jacksonville, after which he followed that pursuit in Jackson county for twenty years, being engaged in the business on his own account most of the time. He conducted the first marble shop in Medford and two years ago he returned to Central Point, where he now makes his home. He was elected city recorder in 1910 and is now serving in that position for the second term. He was also school clerk here for nine years. All of the family have been adherents of the democratic party and have held many offices, although living in a strong republican county, their election being proof of their personal popularity and the confidence reposed in them.

On the 16th of April, 1897, Mr. Jacobs was married to Miss Mary Morris, who was born six miles east of Central Point in 1872, and is a daughter of Archie Morris and a granddaughter of the Rev. Martin Peterson, a well known pioneer preacher and farmer of Oregon. Mr. and Mrs. Jacobs have one child, Edith, born November 12, 1908. Mr. Jacobs belongs to the Independent Order of Odd Fellows and the Ancient Order of United Workmen and in those organizations has many friends. He is proving an able official and one in whom the public has absolute confidence. He early recognized the fact that the only way to win regard and respect as well as success, is to be thoroughly reliable, to discharge his duties faithfully and to meet every obligation of life as it comes, and by following these principles he has become well established as a worthy citizen of Central Point.

WALTER S. CARSNER is the owner of a valuable ranch of four hundred and eighty acres located on the south side of the John Day river, four miles below Mount Vernon. He is one of Grant county's pioneers and was formerly extensively engaged in the stock business, but has greatly reduced his herds of recent years, giving more attention to the cultivation of his land. He was born in Polk county, Iowa, on the 11th of November, 1852, and is a son of Jonas and Sarah (Parkinson) Carsner. The father was a native of Ray county, Missouri, and the mother of Pennsylvania. The paternal grandfather, Henry Carsner, who was a farmer, located in Missouri during the pioneer days and there passed the remainder of his life. His son Jonas subsequently removed to Iowa, which was his place of residence until in the late '50s, when he went to Kansas, settling in the vicinity of Leavenworth. He and his family spent the winter of 1861 at Nebraska City, and there the following spring they joined an emigrant train of about sixty wagons coming to Oregon. They made the journey with six yoke of oxen, experiencing no unusual difficulties or hardships on the trip, their party not having been attacked by the Indians nor having suffered from the epidemics, with which some of the emigrants were afflicted. On the 20th of October, 1862, they arrived in the Willamette valley, and there for two years Mr. Carsner rented land. At the expiration of that time he came to the John Day valley, filing on a tract of land located on the river twelve miles below Mount Vernon. The family settled there in August, 1864 and on the 12th of the December following, the father passed away, leaving a

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widow and a family of seven small children practically penniless. Despite the many hardships and privations Mrs. Carsner experienced in supporting and rearing her family, she lived to attain the venerable age of eighty-two years, her death occurring in November, 1910.

Walter S. Carsner was a child of twelve years when his father died, but despite his youth he was compelled to assist in maintaining the family. They remained on their claim until the spring of 1865 when, owing to the danger from the Indians, they removed to the Willamette valley, making their home there for three years. In the spring of 1868, they returned to this section, settling six miles below Mount Vernon, which was their place of residence for many years. Mr. Carsner has passed the greater part of his life in this immediate vicinity, where of recent years he has prospered in his undertakings and is now numbered among the well-to-do citizens of his community. His first ranch was situated three miles below Mount Vernon, and there he engaged in stock-raising until he bought his present place, which is located on the south side of the river and four miles from Mount Vernon. He has a good location and a large portion of his holdings is bottom land and is very productive. Until the last three years he has been ranging a large herd of cattle, but he now keeps only about three hundred head. His place, which is crossed by the McLellan creek, is well improved and equipped and one of the attractive properties of the county. Although his early education was very limited, as he had but meager schooling, Mr. Carsner has overcome his deficiencies by close observation and careful reading, developing into a man of practical intelligence, sound judgment and liberal views, whose opinion is often sought in business affairs.

On the 27th of November, 1877, Mr. Carsner married Miss Tennessee Dunn, a native of Tennessee and a daughter of Robert and Ellen (Page) Dunn, the former of North Carolina and the latter of Virginia. They came to Oregon in 1876, locating on Long creek in Grant county. Both Mr. and Mrs. Dunn died in 1882. During the long period of their residence in this section Mr. and Mrs. Carsner have become widely acquainted and have a large circle of friends.

JESSE D. CLINTON is living five miles below Myrtle Point on the Coquille river in Coos county, Oregon, and is actively engaged in the cultivation of a fine tract of land. He was born in Crawford county, Missouri, April 27, 1872, and is a son of John W. and Eliza Ann Clinton. His parents were married in Missouri and they lived in that state until 1873, when they came to Oregon and settled on the north fork of the Coquille river where the father cultivated land for four years. At the end of that time they removed to the eastern part of the state, settling in Umatilla county, and there the father became a tie contractor for a local railroad company. In 1880 he returned to the Coquille river and settled three miles below Myrtle Point where he has since resided. He is known as a representative and prosperous agriculturist who has done much to promote the farming interests of his section. He and his wife became the parents of twelve children: James, Marion, Jesse D. and Mary, all of whom reside in Coos county; George, of California; A. R., Samuel, Dora, Edward, Clarence and Ray, of Coos county; and Annie who is deceased.

Jesse D. Clinton started life for himself when he was eighteen years of age. His education was acquired in the public schools of Coos county. When he laid aside his books he obtained work in the logging woods and was prosperous in this line of occupation in the employ of others for six years. At the end of that time he worked at the same business in the employ of his father and altogether spent eighteen years as a logger. For two years of this time he was foreman of a large camp and gained a valuable experience in all the details of lumbering. In 1904 he bought a small farm five miles below Myrtle Point on the Coquille river and began its cultivation. As he was able financially he added to his holdings and now has one hundred and seventy-six acres of land all improved to some extent and seventy-five acres under constant cultivation. He does general farming but makes a specialty of the breeding and raising of high-grade cattle, and keeps at the present time twenty-two cows for dairy purposes, besides the large number of horses and cattle which he raises for the market.

In 1896 Mr. Clinton was united in marriage to Miss Daisy Myers, and to their union four children were born: Lilas, born in 1899, and who is now attending school; Lillie A., who died in infancy in 1902; Lawrence W., who was born in 1904; and Ardis, born in 1909.

In his political views Mr. Clinton is a republican and is always ready to do his duty in the service of his fellow citizens. He was road supervisor for his district for a number of years and the county highways have been placed in their present splendid condition through his able and constructive work. For six years he has been a member of the school board and has always been interested in education. He belongs to the Independent Order of Odd Fellows and to the Modern Woodmen of America and is active and well known in both of these organizations. In all relations of life he shows a progressive spirit and a policy of gradual expansion. These qualities, directed toward agriculture, have made him prosperous as a western farmer and an important influence in the development of Coos county.

COLONEL H. G. NEWPORT. Hermiston largely stands as a monument to the enterprise and progressiveness of Colonel H. G. Newport, who was one of the founders and builders of the town and whose labors have been a factor in the upbuilding of this section of the state. He has for a long period conducted a general contracting business and at the same time he is identified with agricultural interests. Moreover, he has been

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a generous supporter of projects for the intellectual and moral advancement of the community and cooperates in every movement for the public good. The greater part of his life has been passed west of the Mississippi and the spirit of advancement characteristic of this section of the country finds exemplification in his life. He was born in Newport, Washington county, Ohio, October 8, 1850, his parents being Reese and Mary (Cole) Newport, who were natives of Pennsylvania and of Ohio respectively. The father, who was born in 1797, died in 1853, at the age of fifty-six years and the mother, whose birth occurred in 1814, passed away in 1852. Reese Newport was a very enterprising and industrious man. Before the Civil war he built the first swinging ferries and spent a number of years in installing these through the south. Witnessing conditions which existed in that section of the country, he became a strong abolitionist and because of his admiration for Horace Greeley, who advocated the same principles, he gave the name of the prominent New York journalist to his son, the subject of this review. Doing all in his power to further the cause of liberty, he made his home one of the stations on the famous underground railroad and thus assisted many a slave on his way to freedom in the north. By a former marriage he had five children and by his marriage to Mary Cole there were also born five children, of whom Colonel Newport is the youngest.

Colonel H. G. Newport has been engaged in railroad construction and general contract work for over thirty years. He is president of the Newport Land & Construction Company, of which his son Harry R. Newport is superintendent. Their company is the largest contracting concern in eastern Oregon, and has done a great deal of work in the irrigation line.

Colonel Newport is an optimist in reclaiming the desert and nothing pleases him so well as to give the desert drink. He and his son Harry R. have done more to develop the Umatilla project than any other two men in the community. They have both been live wires in building up the fine little city of Hermiston. They in fact both always stand for advancement and improvement and employ practical methods in their attainment.

Colonel Newport is a man of determined purpose in business affairs and in public life manifests the resolution and energy which enables him to carry forward to successful completion whatever he undertakes. He has been both the architect and the builder of his own fortune and at the same time his labors have been of a character which contribute to general prosperity as well as to individual success.

ANDREW SMALLEY owns a well improved farm of one hundred and sixty-seven acres, six miles below Myrtle Point, Oregon, and is well known as a general agriculturist and stock-raiser. He dates his residence in this section from 1888 and is widely and favorably known as one of its substantial residents. He is a native of Pennsylvania, born April 3, 1853. His parents were Benjamin L. and Hannah M. Smalley, the former a native of Germany and the latter of Pennsylvania. The father came to America when he was sixteen years of age and married in Pennsylvania, where he resided until the outbreak of the Civil war. He enlisted in the Federal army as one of the first volunteers from his state and was killed in the battle of Bull Run. He and his wife were the parents of three children: Mary J., who died in Virginia City, Nevada; Andrew, the subject of this sketch; and Edgar, who was killed in a mine accident in Nevada. Mrs. Smalley, the mother of our subject, died at the home of her daughter in Virginia City.

Andrew Smalley was educated in the public schools of Pennsylvania and remained at home until he was twenty years of age. He came west a few years later and mined for eight years in Virginia City, Nevada, and thence went to California, where he worked in the timber forests and at various other occupations for seven years. When he came to Coos county in 1888 he bought one hundred and sixty acres of land on Hall creek and began its improvement by building fences and erecting good barns and outbuildings. He has since added seven acres to his original purchase. He carried on the work of tilling and cultivating the soil, later adding stock-raising to his activities, until he is now one of the most substantial citizens of his district and his farm is numbered among the prosperous enterprises of this kind in the state.

In 1873 Mr. Smalley was united in marriage to Miss Emma Tillman, a native of Pennsylvania. In that state their marriage occurred and in 1888 they came west to Oregon. Mrs. Smalley is a daughter of David and Sarah Tillman, who lived in Pennsylvania for a number of years and both died in that state. She is one of five children born to her parents, the others being: Sarah, who died in Pennsylvania; Miranda, the wife of James Brewster, of Pennsylvania; Marcus, also a resident of Pennsylvania; and one child who died in infancy. To Mr. and Mrs. Smalley have been born fourteen children: David J., who is still at home; Charles E., also living at home; Andrew, who died at the age of nine years; Christopher, who passed away when ten months of age; Carl, who is now a resident of Cashmere, Washington; Callie, the wife of Charles McVey of Napa, California; Dolly V., who married Russell Hill of Coos county; Emma J., the wife of Bud King, of Coos county; Benjamin S., Marcella, Mary J., Mildred H. and Etta, all of whom are at home; and Eva, who died at the age of two years. All the children of Mr. and Mrs. Smalley received their education in the public schools of Coos county.

During the twenty-four years of his residence in this section Mr. Smalley has taken an active and helpful part in the work of improvement and progress which has been carried forward along various lines. He has directed and managed his business affairs

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so successfully that he is today placed among the prominent agriculturists of Coos county. In his political affiliations Mr. Smalley gives his allegiance to the republican party but takes no very active part in public affairs.

ORSON AVERY STEARNS is in every way entitled to be numbered among the pioneers of Oregon and is known throughout his portion of the state as a pioneer soldier, settler and in later life a successful agriculturist and stockman. He was born on his father's farm sixteen miles northwest of Rockford, Winnebago county, Illinois, January 9, 1843, and is a son of David Ebenezer and Fidelia S. (Cannon) Stearns, the former a native of Vermont, his birth having occurred at Monkton, February 11, 1808. The latter was a native of Ohio, her birth occurring at Twinsburg, September 30, 1820. The family of which the subject of this review is descended was founded in America in 1630, when Isaac Stearns and family, in company with Sir Richard Staltonstall and family and Rev. George Philip and Governor Winthrop, together with many others, sailed from Yarmouth, England, and landed at Salem, Massachusetts, June 12, of that year. The party upon investigation was not pleased with the location at Salem and at once proceeded to Charlestown, from which place they removed to Watertown, near Auburn, Massachusetts. The paternal grandparents were Rev. John and Asenath (Campbell) Stearns. David E. Stearns at the age of nine years left home and engaged in work as an apprenticed carpenter. At the age of fourteen as a master carpenter he engaged in the pursuit of his trade wherever an opening presented itself. While working as a carpenter he was for some time employed in the construction of a number of early buildings in Buffalo, New York. During the early '30s he removed to Winnebago county, Illinois, and there settled on government land and was engaged in farming until 1853. On April 5, of that year, with his family he began his journey across the plains with ox teams to Oregon and on October 9 camped near Wagner Springs, twelve miles south of Ashland, which was the point of his destination. Two days later he took up a donation claim of three hundred and twenty acres on Wagner creek, near Talent, Jackson county, and there remained until the time of his death, which occurred August 31, 1886. His wife died February 4, 1869. They were united in marriage in Illinois in 1840 and became the parents of six children: Oscar Leroy, deceased; Orson Avery, the subject of this sketch; Newell Dasky, also deceased; Arminda Melissa, the wife of James Purves, of Talent; George Arthur, who passed away in 1861; and Emily Maria, deceased.

Orson Avery Stearns was reared in his parents' home and received his early education in the public schools of the district in which he lived. He came to Oregon with his parents in 1853 and grew to manhood under the parental roof. On November 17, 1864, he enlisted in Company I, First Regiment of Oregon Volunteers, and was the first to enlist in that company, in which he served as first sergeant. His command remained in Jackson county until May 25, 1865, when with his company he went to Fort Klamath and there took part in locating and building the new road from that fort to the Rogue river and the road survey passed through the vicinity adjacent to Crater lake, which up to that time had remained undiscovered. The lake was discovered when two comrades, John M. Corbell and Francis M. Smith, were out on a hunting expedition and shortly thereafter Mr. Stearns in company with Captain Sprague and a party of gentlemen from Jacksonville when inspecting the construction of the road passed near the location of the lake. On seeing the same Sergeant Stearns and a Mr. Coates attempted a descent to the lake. Sergeant Stearns was the first to reach the water's edge and at once christened the lake as Lake Majesty. The name was later changed to that of Crater lake on account of the discovery of a crater on the island near the northwest bluff. Mr. Stearns served with his company in the Snake country and was there engaged in the building of Camp Alvord during the fall of 1865, in which year his company also made several campaigns in search of hostile Indians and later was engaged in one battle near Alvord lake in 1866. He was sergeant of his company during his period of service in the army with the exception of two months. On July 19, 1867, he was mustered out of service at Jacksonville. During the time he was engaged in the army he located his present farm and immediately after his discharge he settled on the place and has since continued to devote his entire time and attention to its cultivation. His farm is located six and three-fourths miles southwest of Klamath Falls on the Ashland road and includes four hundred and seventeen acres, of which three hundred has been brought to a high state of development. On that property Mr. Stearns lived until 1905 when he removed to Klamath Falls. During this time he has made a specialty of stock-raising and for many years past has been numbered among the most successful stock-raisers of his portion of the state. For twenty years he has successfully conducted a dairy and was one of the pioneers in this business in the county. He now owns five hundred and sixty-five acres of valuable land which he rents out.

Mr. Stearns was united in marriage at Sacramento, California, May 17, 1873, to Miss Margaret Jane Riggs, who was a native of Ray county, Missouri, her birth having occurred July 22, 1855. She died May 17, 1895. They were the parents of three children: Leslie O., who resides at Klamath Falls; Blanche Alice, the wife of George Ager, who owns a farm adjoining her father's place; and Eva May, who is the wife of W. E. Bowdine, of Klamath Falls. The father of this family was married on January 10, 1897, to Miss Luella M. Sherman, a native of Ohio, her birth having occurred in July,

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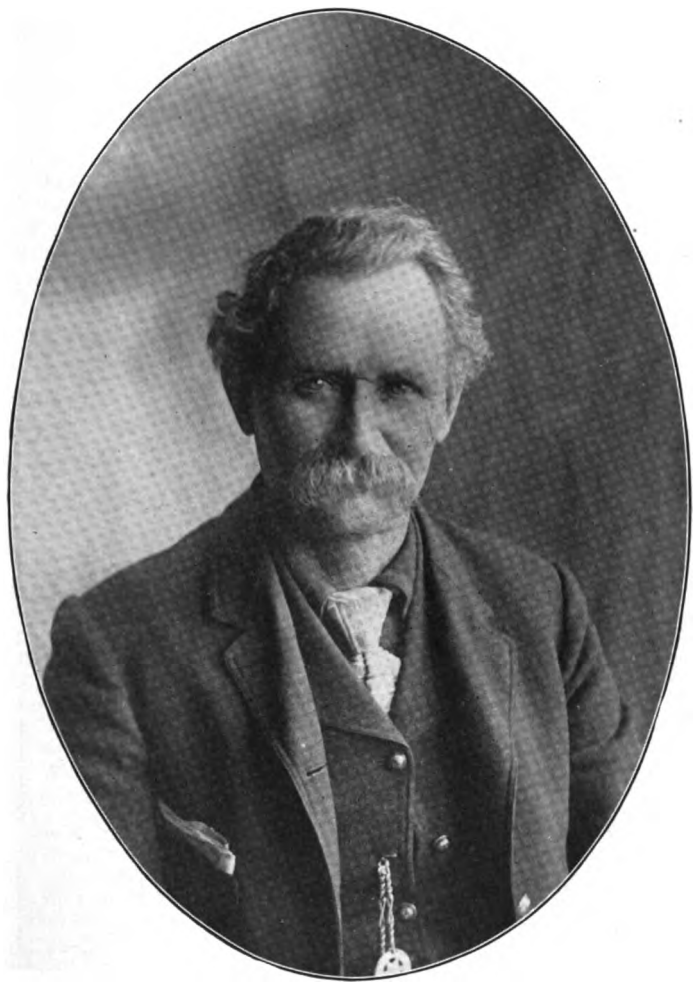

O. A. STEARNS

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1861. They are the parents of one child, Ernel Everett.

Mr. Stearns is affiliated with the republican party and has the distinction of having been the first delegate from his portion of the state to the republican county convention, which was held at Jacksonville, March 16, 1866. To that convention he was a representative of the republican soldier vote at Fort Klamath. At that time he was also serving as the first justice of the peace over a jurisdiction which then included all of Klamath and Lake counties. In 1880 he was elected by the republican party to the state legislature and at that time Klamath was still a part of Lake county. During that session of the legislature he served with credit to himself and with entire satisfaction to his constituents. Mr. Stearns was one of the prime movers in the establishment of a county historical society and served as president of the Klamath County Historical Society. During a long life of usefulness he has so lived as to maintain the respect of all people with whom he has come in contact and is in his advanced years numbered among the active, enterprising and progressive citizens of his county and state.

JOHN HENRY SCHROEDER. Although seven years have passed since John Henry Schroeder died in Coos county, the residents of that section still mourn his passing, which deprived the state of Oregon of an early pioneer, a man who aided in the slow work of development which has brought the wild sections of the country to a state of fertility and productiveness and who was a vital and efficient factor in agricultural, political and business life of his state. Mr. Schroeder was born in Baltimore, Maryland, May 7, 1840, and was a son of John Henry and Dorothy Schroeder, both natives of Germany. His parents came to America when they were still very young and settled in Baltimore, where their marriage occurred. They lived in that city until 1859, in which year they came by way of the Isthmus of Panama to Coos county. They settled on the south fork of the Coquille river, where the father bought land and was active in agricultural development until his retirement. His death occurred while he was living with his son. His wife survived him for some years and died in Coos county. They were the parents of six children: John Henry, of this review; August, of Coos county; Fred, who is residing in Coquille, Oregon; Louisa, the wife of Orville Dodge, of Myrtle Point; William, who met his death by drowning; and Charles, of Seattle, Washington.

John H. Schroeder received his education in the public schools of Baltimore, Maryland, and was a graduate of the high school there. He early in life learned the millwright's trade and followed this for a number of years. In 1870 he bought a farm on the Coquille river, comprising one hundred and sixty acres of unimproved land, and this he brought to a high state of development, adding to his property from time to time until he owned two hundred and sixty acres of the most fertile and productive property in Coos county. He was associated for a time with placer mining on the coast and assisted in the construction of the first commercial sawmill in Coos county. He became interested in this line of work and afterwards held the position of head sawyer in the mill which he constructed. He saw the development of the county in which he settled from an unorganized community into one of the wealthiest and most thriving districts of the state of Oregon. He was a force in its evolution and his commercial and agricultural skill added materially to the change. He erected the first creamery in Coos county and operated this upon his farm, supplying it from the products of his meat and sanitary dairy. This enterprise was afterward destroyed by fire. He made extensive improvements upon his farm from time to time and was always at the head of any movement looking towards agricultural development. He built the first silo ever erected in the county and introduced the first head of Jersey cattle into the state. He was an extensive and expert stock-raiser and breeder and owned the first head of Berkshire hogs in Coos county. His efforts were all along constructive and extensive lines and Coos county owes him a debt of gratitude for his aid in its development.

December 31, 1861, Mr. Schroeder was united in marriage in Coos county, Oregon, to Miss Emily Perry, who was born March 17, 1845, in Clatsop county, near Astoria. She is a daughter of William T. and Ann (Able) Perry, the former a native of Connecticut and the latter of Ohio. Mrs. Schroeder's parents were married in July, 1839, in South Bend, Indiana, and moved to Michigan and later to Muscatine, Iowa. The father was a carpenter and contractor by trade and worked at his occupation at irregular intervals until he came to Oregon in the early days of its pioneer settlement. He made the journey across the plains with ox teams, locating in Clatsop county, six miles from Astoria, in 1842. Here he took up a donation claim of six hundred and forty acres and was active in the management and development of this tract of land until 1851. He constructed, in 1843, the first grist mill ever built in this state, erecting it near Oregon City. In 1851 he moved to Douglas county, near Roseburg, where he erected a grist mill, which was the first enterprise of its kind in Roseburg and the second in Douglas county. He lived there until 1858, in which year he came to Coos county and bought a donation claim of one hundred and sixty acres on the Coquille river, where he was active and successful as a farmer until his death, on the 4th of November, 1882. He and his wife were the parents of five children: Vale N., who is now residing in the state of Washington; Mary, who was the first white child born in Oregon and who is now deceased; Emily, the wife of our subject; Dora C., who married August H. Schroeder, of Coos county; and Kate L., the wife of B. Hodson, a resident of Coos county, living on the Coos river.

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Mrs. Schroeder received her education in the public schools of Douglas county, Oregon, and remained with her parents until her marriage. She is now living on one hundred and seventy acres of her husband's farm which she owns in connection with her children. This property is now operated by her two sons. She and her husband became the parents of eleven children: Dora M., born in October, 1892, who is now the wife of T. P. Hanley, residing near Parkersburg, Oregon; Mary E., the wife of Harry S. Kribbs, of Myrtle Point, Oregon; W. H., of Coquille; Mrs. Ella J. Laingor, who lives upon her father's homestead; George, who is prominent in the hotel business in Florence, Oregon; Alice M., the wife of Allie Hite, of Coquille; Walter B., of Gravel Ford, Coos county; Clarence E., who in conjunction with his brother, John Henry, operates his father's homestead and who is the father of three children, Emily L., Lloyd and Irma; Ralph, who is a farmer of Coos county; Gustav, who resides near his father's farm; and John Henry, who is residing on the home farm.

John Henry and Clarence E. Schroeder are in partnership in the operation of the largest dairy farm on the Coquille river. They handle ninety cows and have a cheese factory on their farm which they supply with dairy products. This enterprise, however, is conducted by C. E. Broadbent.

In his political views Mr. Schroeder always affiliated with the democratic party and served his fellow citizens in many different capacities. He was elected county superintendent of schools and served with ability and efficiency in this office for two years. He was county representative at one time and in 1874 was elected county judge. For many years he was a member of the school board and took an intelligent and active interest in educational expansion. At the time of his death he was a member of the Pioneer Historical Society of Oregon and his early reminiscences were extremely valuable to this organization. His life was molded along honorable and upright lines and no suspicion of business corruption was ever connected with his name. In attracting to himself numerous friends among the most respected residents of his district, Mr. Schroeder won true success. His death, which occurred May 30, 1905, was regretted in many circles of Coos county where he was held in universal respect and esteem for his exemplary personal life, his high sense of honor and his rare qualities of citizenship.

WILLIAM CORVOSSO LEE is a prominent and well-known representative of the sheep industry near Baker. He was born in Paoli, Orange county, Indiana, May 31, 1863, a son of Hiram and Ruth Elizabeth Lee, who were also natives of that state. The father was born October 13, 1833, and he was married about 1860 in Orange county. He devoted his life to general farming until 1863, when he enlisted for service in the Civil war in the Thirteenth Indiana Cavalry, with which he served until the close of hostilities. He participated in the battle of Murfreesboro in which his brother, John Lee, was killed. Hiram Lee also took part in the battles of Memphis and Mobile and in a number of lesser engagements, but was never wounded. Unto him and his wife were born seven children, three sons and four daughters, but the first born, a son, died in infancy. The second, William C., is the subject of this review. Archie, the third, was born June 18, 1866; Cleopatra, born July 16, 1869, became the wife of John Payton, of Indiana, and after his death she married John Steiger, with whom she is now living in Baker county, Oregon. She has one son and one daughter by her first marriage. Junie Viola, born about 1872, died when twenty-two years of age. Alfaretta died in early girlhood. Ruth Elizabeth, born February 1, 1883, became the wife of Walter Steiger and lives in Baker. The mother of these children passed away in Indiana, February 5, 1883. The father married again and by the second union had two children, Charles Isaiah and Leslie H. His second wife also died in Indiana. About 1900 he came to Oregon by railroad and settled in Baker City, where he lived to the time of his death, six or seven years later.

William C. Lee was educated in the common schools of Paoli, Indiana, being a student in the old Atkinson school, in which his father had also pursued his education and which is still in use, being one of the oldest schoolhouses in that state. Mr. Lee was reared to farm life, remaining at home and assisting his father in the cultivation of the fields until about twenty-four years of age. He then went to southern Kansas and worked with a construction train for about four months. He afterward removed to Kansas City, Missouri, where he was employed in laying street car tracks until the snow and cold of winter terminated that work for the season. He then took up the trade of brickmaking, which he followed while he remained in Kansas City, covering a period of about fourteen months. By rail he then came to North Powder, Union county, Oregon, in August, 1888, and entered the employ of his uncle, David Lee, at hauling saw logs. After two months he began hauling lumber and was thus engaged until winter came on. During the cold season he fed his uncle's stock—horses and cattle—after which he again hauled logs until the 1st of September. At that time he began herding sheep for his uncle, Miles Lee, and was thus employed for two or three years, his uncle being then, as now, one of the wealthiest sheep growers of Oregon. William C. Lee afterward purchased an interest in the sheep business and for a number of years acted as camp tender. Subsequently he became associated with his uncle, David Lee, in the sheep industry, the partnership continuing for a number of years. About 1903 he began to raise sheep on his own account and is finding it a profitable business. He has about twelve hundred ewes and their lambs on the government reserve, paying six cents per head for the ewes while the lambs are pastured free. It is necessary to feed his flocks for about three months during the cold season.

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In Paoli, Indiana, Mr. Lee was married on the 2d of October, 1910, to Miss Minnie Adelphia Jones, a daughter of N. L. Jones, who was a carpenter and also operated a threshing machine. He married a Miss Hill and they became the parents of six children, three sons and three daughters. Edward married Laura Atkinson and they became parents of three daughters, one of whom is deceased. Later he married again and there was one daughter by that union. Adelphia, now Mrs. Lee, was born July 23, 1879. Ray is married and has one son. The fourth child was a daughter, who died in infancy. Alta and Charles are both at home with their parents in Paoli, Indiana.

Mr. Lee is a republican in politics, interested in the welfare and success of the party yet never seeking office. For about twenty-seven years he was a member of the Methodist Episcopal church but now has his membership in the Church of God.

JOHN W. KIRK, a progressive and enterprising farmer of Marion county, Oregon, was born in Minnesota, November 8, 1857, a son of Peter and Margaret (Lyon) Kirk, both natives of Ireland. The former came to America at the age of twenty and the latter, accompanied by her mother, at the age of sixteen. They were married in 1854, resided in Massachusetts for three years and then removed to Minnesota, where they obtained a farm of one hundred and sixty acres. The hardships he encountered there were very great, the nearest market for the grain which he raised being sixty miles distant, and after making the long trip with oxen he received only forty cents per bushel for the grain. Leaving his family in Minnesota, Peter Kirk, together with two hundred men made up a wagon train and went into Montana prospecting for mines. After investigating conditions there he decided to establish a shoemaking shop and with a crude beginning, being forced to depend upon a pack horse to carry the small purchases that he made, he gradually added to his stock until he had a mercantile business requiring his undivided attention. After three years of persistent effort he had accumulated a small fortune and in 1870 he came to Oregon, making his way direct to San Francisco and thence by water to St. Paul. There he purchased three hundred and forty-five acres due north of St. Paul, living there until his death. Mrs. Kirk died there in 1873. In their family were eleven children, two of whom died in infancy. The others are: Mrs. Elizabeth Murphy of St. Paul, who is the mother of seven children; Thomas F., also a resident of St. Paul; John W., of this review; Mary J., who died in Minnesota; Richard, of Portland, Oregon; Robert E., of St. Paul, who is married and has three children; and Peter P., James and Margaret, all now deceased.

John W. Kirk spent his early boyhood days in Minnesota, where he and his brothers attended to the farm of one hundred and sixty acres while the father was establishing his shoemaking business in Montana. Later he went with his family to Oregon, where he grew to manhood. At the age of twenty-two he and his brother began farming for themselves, purchasing of their father two hundred and fifty-seven acres of land which they continued to cultivate until 1890 when they added to this an adjoining one hundred and fifty acres, operating both farms together until 1906. They then divided the place, John W. Kirk taking possession of the larger farm and his brother, of the one hundred and fifty acres. Prior to his marriage he built his home and at present he holds two hundred acres of land under a high state of cultivation and carries on various lines of farming, and raises cattle, horses, sheep and hogs. Thirty acres of the farm are planted to hops and yield yearly a profitable crop.

Mr. Kirk was married to Miss Cecilia McKay, a native of St. Paul, born in 1862, the daughter of James and Cecilia (Lawson) McKay. The father was a native of Ireland and the mother of Scotland. Mr. and Mrs. McKay were married in Scotland, came to America and crossed the plains with ox teams, locating in Marion county, at Mission Mill, near St. Paul, where they both died. They were the parents of five children: William R., of St. Paul, who is married and has five children; Mary, now residing in Portland; John N., of St. Paul, who was born on the home place and who is married and has four children; Mrs. Kate McCormick, of Woodburn, Oregon, who has five children; and Cecilia, the youngest, who is now Mrs. Kirk. Mr. and Mrs. Kirk have become the parents of eight children: Ralph D., who after completing a college course returned to his father's farm which he helps to operate; Geraldine, a teacher in Portland who was graduated from St. Mary's College with the highest honors; James U., a graduate of Columbia College, who is now at home with his parents; Marie, Elinor, Louise and John L., all of whom are attending school and Lauretta, who passed away at the age of two years.

Mr. Kirk and his family are loyal members of the Catholic church and his fraternal relations are given to the Catholic Order of Foresters. In politics he is a democrat and is very much interested in local conditions but has neither sought nor desired office. In business Mr. Kirk has made continuous progress along the path leading to prosperity and he and his family stand high in the regard of all their friends in the county in which they are well known.

CHARLES L. CONYERS. Business enterprise and sagacity in the management of commercial interests have made Charles L. Conyers one of the foremost representatives of trade relations in Clatskanie, where he is now conducting a hardware, crockery and sporting goods establishment, which is the largest of the kind between Portland and Astoria. Into other fields of business activity he has also directed his efforts, and the success which is the reward of intelligently directed industry and unfaltering determination is his. Clatskanie numbers him among

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her native sons. He was born September 30, 1864, his parents being E. W. and Hannah C. (Bryant) Conyers. His youthful days were spent under the parental roof until he reached the age of seventeen years, when he began earning his own living by hunting and trapping in Columbia county, Oregon. He afterward went into the woods, where he worked in connection with his brother for three years in locating timber tracts. He then formed a partnership with his father and brother for the conduct of a general mercantile business, in which he continued until May, 1894, when, owing to a financial stringency, he retired and took up his abode upon the homestead claim in Columbia county which he had previously entered. There he resided until 1896, proving up the property, after which he removed to a farm near Clatskanie, upon which he lived for a year. In May, 1897, the first passenger train came to this point over the Astoria & Columbia Railroad and Mr. Conyers met the train with a hack. For two years he continued to follow that business and then again turned his attention to merchandising, opening a small store at Clatskanie in a rented building. In this field of labor he has since remained and growing success has attended his efforts. He now owns the building in which he carries on his business and he has one of the largest stocks of hardware, crockery and sporting goods between Portland and Astoria. His place is well supplied with an extensive and attractive line of goods and his straightforward business methods combine with reasonable prices to secure him a liberal patronage. From time to time he has made judicious investments in real estate and now owns a fine home and other properties in Clatskanie. He is also one of the stockholders in the Cooperative Creamery Company and in the Nehalem Mutual Telephone Company, with main office at Mist, Oregon. He likewise has stock in the Pacific Fire Insurance company of Portland and thus is extending his efforts to various lines which contribute to the business development and prosperity of the state as well as to individual success.

On the 21st of May, 1893, was celebrated the marriage of Mr. Conyers and Miss Lizzie Miller, a native of Ohio and a daughter of Mr. and Mrs. W. S. Miller, both of whom were natives of Ohio, where they were reared and married, removing thence to Illinois, where the mother died in 1884. Five years later the father came with his family to Clatskanie, where he made his home until his death in May, 1908. He is survived by three daughters and a son: Mrs. C. H. Owens, of Clatskanie; Mrs. Annie G. Murray, also of Clatskanie; Mrs. Conyers; and A. R. Miller.

In his political views Mr. Conyers has always been a republican since age conferred upon him the right of franchise. He has been recorder of the city and councilman for several years and has also served as mayor of Clatskanie, ever discharging his official duties with strict regard for the interests involved, giving to the city in his position of mayor a most businesslike and progressive administration. He was one of the organizers of the Commercial Club of Clatskanie, of which he has been president, and at this writing, in 1911, is president of the Lower Columbia County Good Roads Association. Fraternally he is connected with Clatskanie Lodge, No. 160, I. O. O. F., and is serving as deputy grand master; also is state master of arms of the state organization of the Maccabees and both he and his wife are connected with the Rebekah degree of Odd Fellows. His fraternal and political interests constitute an even balance to his business affairs and produce a well rounded character that invites the confidence and good-will of his fellowmen and proves himself worthy of the trust reposed in him.

WILLIAM H. GRAY. This pioneer of pioneers and historian of events in which he took so conspicuous a part was born in Fairfield, New York, on the 8th of September, 1810, and was a gentleman of Scotch descent. When but a lad of fourteen he lost his father and was apprenticed to the cabinet-maker's trade. At the age of seventeen, before the term of his apprenticeship was completed, he became foreman of the shop. After attaining his majority he studied medicine and, being a member of the Presbyterian church, he was solicited by the American board to accompany Dr. Whitman. He crossed the plains with Dr. Whitman and wife and Rev. Henry H. Spalding and wife, the party arriving at Fort Vancouver on the 12th of September, 1836. Having come with Whitman in 1836 across the plains in company with Sublette to the Greene river, having assisted the other missionaries in the journey to Vancouver and in establishing themselves at Waiilatpu, and having himself gone to Alpona among the Flatheads, he determined to return the next year for reinforcements. To defray the expenses of his journey he drove a band of twenty horses and also had as companions in his company three young Flathead Indians, one of whom was the son of a chief. All went well with the party until Ash Hollow on the Nebraska river was reached. There they were attacked by a war party of three hundred Sioux. The Flatheads, being desperate fighters, although vastly outnumbered, kept the enemy at bay for three hours, laying fifteen of them dead on the sand. Gray himself took a hand in the fight, having two horses shot under him and receiving two bullets through his hat. The Sioux, having lost a war chief among the slain and seeing no likelihood of overcoming the doughty little band, proposed a truce. But while the chiefs were parleying with Gray, others of the Sioux treacherously attacked his young men, shooting down one Iroquois, one Snake and three Flatheads, one of whom was the chief's son. The French interpreter then declared that the others were prisoners and must give up their guns. This Gray refused to do and told the rest of his squad to sell their lives as dearly as possible. At this show of determination the Sioux gave back

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MR. AND MRS. W. H. GRAY

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again and proposed a talk, and over the slain of both sides smoked the pipe of peace. It has been said variously that the death of this young chief alienated the Flatheads from Gray and that it was one of the causes of the Whitman massacre. Neither of these statements is correct or even reasonable. After his return to his mission, the Flatheads allowed Mr. Gray to live and teach among them until 1842; and his final withdrawal seems to have been due not to the disaffection of the Indians but to lack of agreement with his missionary companions. To suppose that the death of a Flathead in company with Gray in 1837 would cause another tribe, the Cayuses, two hundred miles off, to kill Whitman in 1847, is very peculiar.

Gray's services in establishing the provisional government were as that of originator of the scheme. His Americanism found no vent or scope in the Oregon of the old Hudson's Bay rule; and, shut off from the national life which had been a part of his own and learning to hate the plans and expectations of the British, he was no sooner in the Willamette valley than he conceived the idea of the American settlers establishing a government of their own. He took the responsibility of agitating the matter, of interesting Le Breton and Matthieu and others, of getting up the Wolf meetings and of pushing the scheme which seemed constantly on so slender a basis as to be ready to fall to the ground either on this side or that. With admirable tact, shrewdness and force, Gray and Le Breton led the column and carried the matter through to a most pronounced victory. The following is an account of the "Wolf meeting." An avowed attempt to form a government would have arrayed the Canadian-French in opposition, would have confirmed the doubting or conservative Americans into opponents. Hence the expedient was resorted to of bringing together all classes and uniting them in a movement in which all felt a common interest. A notice was issued for a meeting on the 2d of February, 1843, at the Oregon Institute, to consider the propriety of adopting measures for the protection of herds and for the destruction of animals which preyed upon cattle, stock, etc. The ulterior purpose was a combination of settlers—a cooperative association to concert measures for the formation of some kind of civil government. At this meeting William H. Gray was chosen a member of a committee of six to make arrangements for a general meeting and to report business to such meeting. This done, the "Wolf meeting," as it is known in history, adjourned to meet at the house of Joseph Gervais on the first Monday in March. After adopting resolutions looking to the defense and welfare of their live stock against predatory animals and organizing the "Wolf Association," the meeting did not adjourn but appointed a committee of twelve, of which Mr. Gray was a member, to take into consideration the propriety of taking measures for the civil and military protection of this colony. That the outcome of that meeting to form a "Wolf Association" would prove to be either the submission of a plan of government, or a proposition to initiate the preliminary steps to organize, had been public expectation. There was an eventful meeting at Champoeg. Mr. Gray was chosen a member of the first legislative committee. He was a member of the first territorial legislature and was one of a committee of five appointed to draft a memorial to the congress of the United States, setting forth the condition, situation, relation and wants of the country. In achieving the success of the "Wolf Association," the cunning of Le Breton would have had no effect without the moral earnestness and direct force of Gray, who did the talking, made the appeals, wrote the resolutions and closed the debates. This detracts nothing from the merits of Griffin, Meek, Smith and others, who were not simply followers but colaborers. It is to be regretted that no record remains of the secret sessions of these American agitators.

After the full establishment of the provisional government Gray went to Clatsop Plains and in 1852 went east once more for the purpose of getting sheep for the young settlement. The scheme had been original with him for some time; and it was a favorite theory with Whitman himself that sheep were of more value than soldiers to the early settlers and also to the Indians. Colonel James Taylor was interested in the same line and formed a partnership with Gray for the purpose. Gray made the arduous journey in safety, bringing his flock by boat down the Columbia, but at Tanzy Point a heavy south wind coming down Young's Bay prevented a landing. The scow was caught in a storm and blown out upon the sands and was wrecked on Chinook Spit, and the whole almost invaluable flock was drowned. He assumed the entire responsibility of the loss and gave up his farm and home to meet the obligation, yet was not disheartened by the reverse. He was engaged in many business operations, being in California in 1849 to dig gold. He went to the Fraser river mines at Fort Hope and Okanagan in 1858. In the winter of 1860-61 he built a boat at Asooya's lake on the British border. This was a craft with ninety-one-foot keel and a twelve-foot beam. It was constructed with no tools but a saw, hatchet and chisel and was caulked with wild flax mingled with pitch gathered from the pine trees. She was brought down the Okanagan and Columbia rivers to Celilo. Mr. Gray was also one of the earliest navigators of the violent Snake river.

For many years he lived at Astoria and during part of that time was a government inspector of the port. His later years were most enjoyably spent on the farm of his son-in-law, Jacob Kamm, on the Klaskanine. It is a matter of justice, which he was never forward to claim for himself, to say that his reason for not going to the Cayuse war was on account of the prevalence of a dangerous epidemic of measles on Clatsop Plains, to prevent the ravages of which he was par-

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ticularly desired to remain by those who were going to the scenes of war and who wanted some one upon whom they could rely to care for their families in this sickness. He was the only physician in that region. For a number of years he was thus practicing medicine on the plains and was ever successful. Dr. Gray performed the first operation of trephining of the skull on the Pacific coast, and the Indian boy who was thus benefited by his skill spread his good fortune up and down through the forests. He was ever the friend of churches and schools, ever bore his hand in politics and public affairs, served as representative, county judge and justice and found his chief interest in public improvements. He was exceedingly active in the promotion of temperance, holding the most advanced views upon that subject.

Mr. Gray's history of Oregon, the first history written in the state, is so well known and so important in its sphere that it is fitting to devote some space here to its special consideration. The history was published in 1870. It exhibits flashes of dramatic power throughout. To those who have no interest in the contests of old times and to whom it is somewhat offensive to read of plots, charges and countercharges, the book ceases to please. But while these elements awaken the opposition of the reader, . . . to the scientific or philosophical inquirer into the early conditions of our state, it is invaluable as presenting the feelings of all parties—not only of Gray himself, but of the Presbyterians, Methodists, the non-mission people and even of the English. This makes Gray's history a most useful work upon this subject. Gray discards nothing as unimportant and makes little use of the cloak of charity but tells everything with reckless truthfulness. He caters to no one, writes nothing for the sake of popularity and never changes a word for the sake of rhetoric.

In his political career, as well as in all his enterprises, Mr. Gray was ever inflexible, blunt and direct, hard to manage, a good hater, but keen and faithful to his cause. When he had some great object to accomplish, he showed address and appreciation of the circumstances, and in the early days was without doubt the Achilles of the American party. He was an honest friend, moreover, and his personal relations with Dr. McLoughlin were most kindly, although for many years they were firm political opponents. Mr. Gray died on the 14th of November, 1889, and his remains were taken to Astoria to rest beside those of his loved wife. Taken all in all, William H. Gray is one of the most remarkable characters of North Pacific history.

One of Mr. Gray's objects on his first return trip to the east, in 1837, was to claim his bride. The young lady to whom he was betrothed was appalled by the prospect of a life in the far western wilderness among savages and remote from civilization, so the match was broken off. After a brief but ardent and forceful wooing, he married Miss Mary A. Dix, who was born in Ballston Spa, New York, on the 2d of January, 1810. The marriage ceremony took place on the 25th of February, 1838, Mrs. Gray being the daughter of a Revolutionary soldier who had decided to devote her life to missionary work. In 1838 this courageous couple set forth upon their life mission in the west, taking with them three other missionaries and their wives and locating at Fort Lapwai, Idaho. The zeal of the missionaries is understood when it is known that two weeks after their arrival Mrs. Gray had started a school for Indians under a pine tree in the wilderness and had a membership of from fifty to one hundred. Nor were her efforts confined to teaching the children, for during leisure hours she instructed the mothers in keeping their homes clean, in the art of making bread, and also taught them to cut and make clothes for their families. In 1838 both Dr. Gray and his wife received certificates from Rev. Dr. Greene of New York as missionaries of the American Board of Foreign Missions, both of which now hang in the historical rooms together with their passports. In July, 1842, Mr. Gray resigned from the Board of Foreign Missions and made a trip to the Willamette valley, where he became trustee and contractor and built the old Oregon Institute, since known as Willamette University. From 1842 until 1844 he lived with his family in Salem and then until 1846 in Oregon City. He next removed to Clatsop Plains, where, aided by his wife and three others, he organized the first Presbyterian church in Oregon. During the latter years of their lives Mr. and Mrs. Gray lived principally at Astoria. Mrs. Gray died in 1881. They had the following children: Captain J. H. D. Gray, who died at Astoria on the 26th of October, 1902, and was ex-state senator and ex-county judge of Clatsop county; Mrs. Jacob Kamm; Mary S., deceased, who was the wife of Frank Tarbell of Tacoma, Washington; Sarah F., who became Mrs. Abernethy, of Oregon City and Portland; Captain William Polk; Captain Albert Williams; and Captain James T. Mrs. Gray was a lady of education and refinement and of unusually lovely person, manners and character. She was an humble, consecrated Christian. One especially interesting fact in connection with her labors at Lapwai has been handed down to us. She had a remarkably sweet, finely trained voice, and when upon the morning after her arrival she joined in the singing at family worship, Mr. Spalding felt that it would be a power in their Sabbath services and requested her to conduct that part of the worship. When the Indians heard her sing they were visibly impressed and afterward spoke of her as "Christ's sister." While visiting at her mother's a few months before her death, Mrs. Kamm said to her one day, "Mother, I have often wondered how you, with your education and surroundings, the refinements of life that you were accustomed to, and your own personal habits, could possibly have made up your mind to marry a man to whom you were a

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total stranger so short a time from your first meeting with him, and go with him on such a terrible journey, thousands of miles from civilization, into an unknown wilderness, across two chains of mountains and exposed to countless dangers. Mother, how did you ever do it?" Her mother sat with her eyes intently fixed upon the carpet and then, after a few moments' pause, replied with great earnestness and solemnity: "Carrie, I dared not refuse! Ever since the day when I gave myself up to Jesus, it had been my daily prayer, 'Lord, what wilt thou have me to do' And when the question, 'Will you go to Oregon as one of a little band of self-denying missionaries and teach these poor Indians of their Savior?' was suddenly proposed to me, I felt that it was the call of the Lord and I could not do otherwise."

MRS. W. H. GRAY. Side by side with the fathers, husbands and brothers who constituted the mighty army that conquered the west for civilization stood the women who in spirit were as heroic, whose endurance was as great and whose zeal as untiring as that displayed by the men of the pioneer households. Many of them were reared in eastern homes of culture and refinement, tenderly nurtured and carefully educated. It seems that it would have required sterner stuff to meet the conditions here to be found, but one of the elements in Oregon's splendid citizenship of today is found in the gentle influence and consecrated lives of those eastern bred women. History contains no more thrilling story than the records of the lives and military records present no account of greater fearlessness in the face of danger than is contained in the life story of Mrs. W. H. Gray, who in 1835 came as a missionary to the Oregon country. Her Christian work was among the Nez Perce Indians.

"A labor loved and followed to the goal. . .
A faith so sure of the divine intent
It dignifies the deeds of daily life."

In her maidenhood Mrs. Gray bore the name of Mary Augusta Dix. She was of English lineage and came of the same ancestry as Dorothy A. Dix, the philanthropist. She was born at Ballston Spa, New York, January 2, 1810, and was one of a family of seven daughters who were reared in a Christian home amid refined associations. Her parents took an active interest in church work and it was no unusual thing to see them with their seven daughters seated in the church choir, the mother and daughters dressed in white. The first break in the happy home circle came in February, 1838, when W. H. Gray of Utica, New York, sought the hand of Mary Dix in marriage. He had recently returned from the Oregon country, where he had gone in 1836 with Dr. Marcus Whitman and Rev. H. H. Spalding as secular agent of the missions they went to establish. She was to be not wife alone but colaborer in this mission field. Not long before the death of Mrs. Gray her daughter, Mrs. Kamm, said to her: "Mother, I have often wondered how, with your education and surroundings, the refinements of life you were accustomed to and your personal habits, you could possibly have made up your mind to marry a man to whom you were a total stranger so short a time before and go with him on such a terrible journey thousands of miles from civilization into an unknown wilderness, exposed to countless dangers. Mother, how did you do it?" After a few moments' pause her mother replied with earnestness and solemnity: "Carrie, I dared not refuse. Ever since the day I gave myself to Jesus, it has been my daily prayer, 'Lord, what will thou have me to do?' When this question, 'Will you go to Oregon as one of a little band of missionaries to teach the poor Indians of their Savior?' was so suddenly proposed to me, I felt that it was the call of the Lord and I could not do otherwise."

This was the motive that led Mrs. Gray to sever home ties and go with her husband in the work of consecrated Christian service to the far west. By steamer and stage coach they traveled westward until they reached Independence, Missouri, where they were joined by the Rev. Cushing Eells, and wife, Rev. Alkanah Walker, Mr. and Mrs. A. B. Smith and Mr. Rogers, who were also to become workers in the missionary field. They planned to make the journey on horseback—a difficult undertaking as well as arduous one in that day when the streams and rivers in the west were unbridged and when little more than an obscure trail marked the way to the coast. The Indians were a constant menace and often surrounded their camp, standing around like great dogs and sometimes even following the party all day. They carried with them tents which served as shelter at night while a buffalo robe and oil cloth blankets constituted their beds. At times their blankets would become heavy with rain and their clothing in the morning would be as damp as when they took it off the night before and when darkness came upon them they pitched their tents, spread the robes upon the ground within and then the piece of oilcloth. The saddles and loose baggage were arranged neatly about on the walls inside and rolled up blankets served for seats. In the center of the tent a table was spread for the evening meal. At night the cries and howling of wild animals could be heard. When day broke, about 3:30 in the morning, all were astir; the animals were turned out to feed, breakfast prepared and eaten, the dishes washed, the repacking done, morning prayers were said and they were ready for the journey of another day. They had traveled for one hundred and twenty-nine days after leaving Independence, Missouri, when on the 29th of August, 1838, they reached Whitman mission, where they were joyously greeted by Dr. and Mrs. Whitman and Rev. and Mrs. Spalding, who had been anxiously awaiting them. Mr. and Mrs. Gray became the assistants of Rev. and Mrs. Spalding, who were in charge of the mission at Lapwai. Mrs. Gray earnestly undertook the task of teaching the Indian women and children and soon was instructing a band of fifty or more natives whom she taught under a pine tree until a log schoolhouse could be

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built. It was a primitive structure with puncheon seats and earth floor. There Mrs. Gray continued her labors until November, 1842. Her well trained voice proved a potent factor in her work. When she first joined in the singing at family prayers Rev. Spalding realized what a power her voice would be in his Sunday worship and requested her to take charge of that part of the service. The Indians, too, were visibly impressed by her singing and spoke of her as "Christ's sister," and told the tale of her music long afterward. No doubt the awakening powers of her voice, coupled with her rare sweetness of character, had much to do with bringing about the great revival among the Nez Perce Indians. Several hundred made confessions of religion and the influence was at least in a degree lasting, for years after Mr. Spalding left that field the Indians in many of the lodges continued to read the Bible, to sing hymns, to pray and return thanks at their meals.

In November, 1840, the Gray family came to the Willamette valley, Mr. Gray having severed his connection with the missions to accept the appointment of secular agent for the Oregon Institute. The journey to the coast was one of untold hardships, the parents, their son and two daughters floating down the Columbia to Clilo in a bateau belonging to the Hudson Bay Company. Believing that the trail would be safer than the turbulent waters of the Columbia near the cascades, Mr. Gray arranged that he and his family should proceed on the backs of Indian ponies, but when they were deep in the mountains they encountered a severe snow storm which not only imperiled their lives but rendered further travel impossible. Some of their Indian guides were then sent to Fort Vancouver for help. At the Columbia the red men found a canoe in which they proceeded down the river and when Dr. McLaughlin heard that a woman and little children were snowbound in the mountains he at once sent a boat manned by Hudson Bay Company men to their relief. Mrs. Gray's calm faith and belief that all would yet be well served to keep up the courage of the others and as the relief party were making their way up the Columbia, there came to them upon the wings of the wind the strains of a song that she was singing. Thus they directed their course to where the little party were imprisoned. They returned with the family to the river bank where embarkation was made for Fort Vancouver.

From that time forward the work of Mr. and Mrs. Gray proved a strong force in advancing the religious development of Oregon and also the temperance and educational work. Their home was the center from which radiated social and reform movements. In 1848 they assisted in forming on Clatsop plains the first Presbyterian church in the northwest. The strongest influences in life are often the most intangible and who can measure the work of this noble couple who were never contented with second best but chose those things which are highest and holiest. Every movement or measure for the promotion of truth, justice and righteousness received their support and many such found their impetus in their home. In 1870 they returned on a visit to their old home in New York, going from Portland to San Francisco and thence across the continent by rail, accomplishing in a few days a journey to which they had devoted months when they made their way on horseback to the Pacific coast thirty-two years before. It has been said of Mrs. Gray that her presence was gentle and dignified. Many there are yet who bear testimony to the nobility of her character. She possessed a pure spirit and strong soul and was so pacific in her disposition that under the severest tests she remained calm and self-possessed. Her last words were a prayer that her husband, children and friends might join her in the Father's house not made with hands. She passed away at her country home, the Clalskanie farm, December 8, 1881, when nearly seventy-two years of age, survived by her husband and seven of the nine children born unto her. The high sensitiveness of her nature was tempered by a serenity that had its root in an unwavering faith. She never faltered when she believed that the work before her was that which her maker intended that she should do. Of a most quiet, refined nature, her life was a restraining power to the spirit of lawlessness which is too often an element in a new community where an organization of society and of government has not been effected. While her words carried weight and influence, the beauty of her own Christian life and spirit constituted a still stronger power for good.

DR. ERNEST A. WOODS is a medical practitioner of Rogue River, where he settled in September, 1910. He is a leading man of his town, being president of the council and secretary of the Commercial Club. He has a satisfactory and growing practice, many of the best families of the community having chosen him as their regular physician. Dr. Woods was born in Chicago, Illinois, July 26, 1876, a son of Josiah G. and Martha E. (Huggins) Woods, both of Boston, Massachusetts. The parents removed to Chicago in 1873, where the mother died in 1900. Later the father removed to the state of Washington where he died at Puyallup in 1910. In their family were four children, of whom three are still living, those besides our subject being: Clarence, of Chicago; and Jessie May, the wife of Edwin Draper, of Marshalltown, Iowa. The deceased member of the family was Alfred P. C. Woods.

Dr. Woods was educated in the public schools of Chicago, later attending the University of Chicago. He next entered the Chicago Athenaeum where he made drawings for the Chicago World's Fair. He was later employed by Fraiser & Chalmers, after which he entered the First National bank of Chicago, remaining for two years engaged in writing bills of exchange. In 1895 he entered the College of Medicine and Surgery of the University of Minnesota and was

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DR. ERNEST A. WOODS

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graduated in the year 1899. After hospital interneship in the Twin cities Dr. Woods settled in the city of Stillwater, where he practiced for six months. He then removed to Clear Lake, Minnesota, where he remained in general practice until September, 1910, when he migrated to Oregon and settled in Rogue River, Jackson county, where he has since been engaged in the practice of his profession.

Dr. Woods was married at Clear Lake, Minnesota, in 1901, to Miss Adel A. Anderson, of that place, a daughter of Mr. and Mrs. A. O. Anderson, both natives of Sweden. She received her education in the schools of Minnesota, being graduated from the St. Cloud Normal school, after which she taught for a considerable period in the Clear Lake district. The Doctor and Mrs. Woods have become the parents of four children: Chester Y., Harvey A., Marcus B. and Clarence A. In his political views Dr. Woods is a republican. He has attained to the second degree of the Masonic body, being an active member of that order. He belongs to the Stearns and Benton County Medical Society of Minnesota, the State Medical Society and the American Medical Association. Rogue River is extremely fortunate in having as a resident so estimable a representative of the medical profession as Dr. Woods, who has been thoroughly educated in medicine and has in addition received much experience in the practice of his profession before settling in Rogue River, being thus splendidly equipped to discharge the duties which fall upon him in the community of his adoption. He is uniformly successful in his practice and has formed an extensive acquaintance in Jackson county where he is greatly respected and held in high esteem by his close friends.

DAVID WINN HOLMAN owns and operates a ranch of one hundred and fifty-nine acres, located on Sutton creek, nine miles from Baker City. He is a native of Tennessee, his birth having occurred about eight miles from Sparta, the county seat of White county, that state, November 26, 1856. His father, A. J. Holman, was born in North Carolina in 1818, and there he was educated and reared to manhood. When he was about twenty-one years of age he removed with his parents to Tennessee, and there he met and subsequently married Miss Mary Jane Spiers, a native of White county, where their marriage occurred. Mr. Holman, who had been given the advantage of a good education, taught school until he was married, when he accepted the position of overseer on the plantation of William Glenn, one of the wealthy citizens of White county. Later he engaged in farming on his own account, continuing to follow this vocation during the remainder of his life. He removed to Arkansas in 1870, and there he and the mother passed the remainder of their lives, his death occurring in Johnson county in 1885, and hers in 1882. They were the parents of thirteen children, our subject being the eighth in order of birth. William Henry Harrison, a soldier in the Confederate army, died from the effects of a cold contracted soon after recovering from an attack of the measles. The father obtained permission to take him home, where he died nine days later. James S. was also a member of the Confederate army, where he served for three years. While at the breakfast table with an uncle one morning during the war, he was shot through the shoulder, by a minie rifle slug ball, which he picked up and kept. It was never known who shot him as there were no suspicious characters about, nor did any one hear the report of the rifle. He married Miss Hannah Welch, of Putnam county, Tennessee, which state continued to be their place of residence, and they became the parents of four sons and three daughters. Martha, who is the third in order of birth, died in infancy. Mary married Elijah De Rossett, and to them were born a son and a daughter. Amanda Elizabeth became the wife of W. L. Overbey, a master mason, of Johnson county, Arkansas, and became the mother of three sons and two daughters. Perry S., also a resident of Johnson county, married Miss Belle Stewart, and they have two sons and two daughters. Thomas G. married Miss Eliza Joiner and resides in Johnson county, Arkansas. Florence married Joseph Horn, also of Johnson county, and they have had two sons and two daughters. Charles S. married Emma Nelson and they have become the parents of several children. Frank Cheathem chose for his wife Martha Harmon, and to them were born thirteen children. Margaret J. married Robert Hardy and they have several children. Josie F. became the wife of Bud Harmon, by whom she has had four or five children.

The education of David Winn Holman was begun in his native state and completed in the schools of Arkansas. Having been reared on a farm he was early trained to the duties of the agriculturist. Upon leaving home he engaged in farming for himself in the vicinity of Lamar, Johnson county, until 1887. His principal crop was cotton, and in connection with this he also raised large quantities of corn, wheat and oats. For about two years prior to the date mentioned he had been keeping an account of the time, labor and expense entailed by each crop and found at the end of that time that he was only averaging about fifty cents a day from his cotton, and this did not include the taxes on his land and the expense involved in keeping up the property. After much deliberation he and his wife decided that this undertaking was not sufficiently profitable to warrant its continuance, so they disposed of their farm, and April 12, 1887, started for Oregon with their two eldest children. They arrived in Baker City six days later, and here for five or six years he worked for the Miller & Lux Cattle Company, one of the largest and wealthiest corporations of the kind in California and Oregon. He thus acquired sufficient capital to enable him to begin for himself, and in 1894 he leased a tract of land from this company, which he cultivated for two years. At the end of that time he removed to Durkee, Baker county, where he located in February, 1896. The first year of his residence here he

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leased land, but he later purchased the improvements on a tract which he subsequently homesteaded. He proved up on this place and about 1906 sold it, and purchased his present ranch, which is well improved and easily worth fifty dollars per acre. As he has made steady progress in the development of his interests and each year has proven more successful than the one preceding he has never had occasion to regret locating here, but on the contrary has ever been thankful he made the change when he did. His farm is splendidly adapted to dairying and stock-raising, of which he makes a specialty, and he is realizing good results therefrom.

In Johnson county, Arkansas, on the 8th of March, 1883, Mr. Holman was married to Miss Eliza Shackelford, a daughter of J. C. Shackelford. The father, who was a native of Tennessee, removed from there to Illinois, whence he crossed the plains with an ox team to California in 1849. He worked in the mines of the latter state until 1855, when he went back to Tennessee, making the return journey by way of the isthmus. He took with him some gold, which he had panned and had it manufactured into jewelry, which he presented to different members of his family. Mrs. Holman has one of the rings, inside of which is engraved the initials of her father, and her sister has some earrings and a brooch. The father is still living and continues to make his home in Arkansas, but the mother passed away in Illinois. They had three daughters, the second in order of birth being Mrs. Holman; Fanny, the eldest of the family, married Frank Richey, a prominent mason and farmer of Illinois, now deceased, by whom she had eight children; Fredonia, who was the youngest, died in early life.

Mr. and Mrs. Holman have had ten children, all but the two eldest of whom have been born in Oregon. James F., the eldest, who owns a homestead of one hundred and sixty acres adjoining his father's place on Sutton creek, is employed by the E. P. Vorez Furniture Company of Baker City. He was born March 12, 1884, and married Hattie Carter, and to them have been born two sons. Jennie May, born in 1886, has been teaching in the district and public schools of Baker county for the past five years and is preparing to continue her education in the college of Corvallis. Maud Elizabeth, born in 1888, has for two years engaged in teaching and is now occupying a position in Harrison's ice cream parlor in Baker. Margaret Alma, born in 1890, is at home. Ruth Belle, born in 1892, will graduate from the Baker High School with the class of 1913. Adeline Eliza, born in 1896, became a high-school pupil in Baker in September, 1912. William Jennings, born in 1898, Eugene David, in 1900, Cecil Gertrude, in 1902, and Edith Maria, are all in school.

The family attend the Presbyterian church, with which denomination Mr. Holman united in 1874 and his wife in 1883. He became a charter member of the Odd Fellows lodge at Durkee, Oregon, December 6, 1902, and is also a charter member of Triumph Lodge, No. 80, K. P., of Durkee, which was organized about 1900. In his political views Mr. Holman is a democrat, thus following in the footsteps of his forefathers who have for several generations been stanch advocates of the democratic party. He served both as road supervisor and constable while residing in Malheur county. That Mr. Holman is now the owner of an excellent tract of land comprising almost a quarter of a section is an indication that his has been an active and useful life. At all times he has commanded the respect and good-will of his fellow townsmen by reason of his enterprise, his determination and his capability.

HUGH COSGROVE. Among the natives of Marion county who still remain within its borders is Hugh Cosgrove, a prosperous farmer, residing two miles east of St. Paul. He was born January 9, 1849, on the tract of land where now St. Paul is situated and is a son of Hugh and Mary (Roseter) Cosgrove. The father was born in the northern part of Ireland in 1802 and was brought to America at the age of six years, the family locating in Canada, where he lived until he was twenty-seven years of age. He was married in Perth, Canada, at the age of twenty-three, and in 1830 he moved to Michigan and settled near Detroit, where he remained two years. At the end of that time he went to Illinois and in 1847 came to Oregon, crossing the plains with ox teams, and on reaching The Dalles he floated the wagons down the river on rafts and drove the oxen over the trail. At the Cascades he again took the baggage and hauled it to Vancouver. At first he left the family in Vancouver and went out prospecting on the French prairies, and, buying of a British subject three hundred and twenty acres near St. Paul, he moved his family there. The next year, or in 1848, the gold fever broke out in California near Scutters Point and together with James McKay and John Kennedy he went to that region. He mined gold that summer and, making quite a considerable sum of money, returned in the fall. After placing his six daughters in a convent in Oregon City he took his wife and two sons overland to California, where he was engaged in the mercantile business at Jacksonville until 1851. Selling his store on that date, he moved to Sacramento and bought property but soon sold it and purchased a stock of goods in San Francisco, which he brought to Oregon, opening a general merchandise store on his home place, two miles east of St. Paul. He continued in this business until 1856, when he took up farming, an occupation which he followed until his death, April 10, 1901, being laid to rest on his home place. Ten children were born to this union, of whom seven are deceased, namely: Margaret; Annie and Mary, twins; Elizabeth; Caroline; James; and one boy who died in infancy. Those who are living are: Susan G., a resident of Portland; Emeline, the wife of D. F. Wagoner, of Salem, Oregon; and Hugh, of this review.

Hugh Cosgrove started out in life for himself at the age of twenty-one, working

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on a farm for one year and then taking up mining in Idaho. He then engaged in cattle raising, and later in stage driving, after which he returned to his home place. He had prospected a good deal and several of his mining enterprises returned fair financial results. In all he spent four years away from his present farm. The homestead which he now owns consists of one hundred and sixty-nine acres and his wife also owns three lots in Woodburn, Oregon. Mr. Cosgrove has engaged in various branches of agriculture, including dairying and the cultivation of oats, wheat, potatoes and hops, to the latter of which he has planted fifteen acres yielding him a crop, the profit on which materially adds to his income. He has also engaged in raising live stock of a high grade, making a specialty of hogs and horses.

Mr. Cosgrove was married November 16, 1885, to Mrs. Emma Clifton, who was born in St. Joseph, Missouri, in 1851, a daughter of Thomas and Mary Anna (Morgan) Stanley, both of whom were born near St. Joseph, Missouri, of Kentucky parentage. The father took up a homestead near St. Joseph and lived there until 1860, when with his family he started to cross the plains, but died on the way of lung fever. The mother came on with her brother, James Morgan, and settled in Linn county, Oregon, seven miles south of Albany, where she lived until her death in 1884. In their family were four children: Martha, the wife of Lee Kendall, of Marion county; Emma, now Mrs. Hugh Cosgrove; Noah, of Eastern Oregon; and Isabella, deceased. Mrs. Cosgrove at the time of her marriage was the widow of Thomas Clifton, whom she wedded in 1876. The three children by her first marriage are: John, who was born in 1878 and is now a resident of Alaska; Lawrence, deceased; and Annie, born November 1, 1880, who married Frank Lurze, of Vancouver, Washington. Mr. and Mrs. Cosgrove were married in Albany, Oregon, and lived in Linn county one year. Then, on the death of Mr. Cosgrove's father, they moved to his farm, where they now reside. They are the parents of one child, Mary Ethel, who was born August 6, 1894, and is attending college at Mount Angel, Oregon, where she is fitting herself for the teaching of literature. In politics Mr. Cosgrove's allegiance is given to the republican party, and in religion he adheres to the Roman Catholic faith. He is widely known in his county and is highly respected by all his acquaintances.

EDWARD L. EDGERTON. The business interests of Clatskanie find a worthy representative in Edward L. Edgerton, a general merchant, who was born in Taylorville, Illinois, on the 21st of November, 1875, a son of William A. and Mary Edgerton, the former a native of Vermont and the latter of Illinois. They were married, however, at Chicago, Illinois, and for a number of years the father was upon the road as a traveling salesman. He afterward embarked in business on his own account, opening a general store in Taylorville, which he conducted for several years. The opportunities of the far west, however, attracted him and in 1884 he came to the Pacific coast country, settling in Portland, Oregon, where he lived retired. In 1885 he removed to Clatskanie, where he resided until 1900, when he went to Yamhill, where he opened a store. He is still an active factor in the business world, being now proprietor of a large mercantile establishment at Longbeach, California. In 1877 he lost his first wife and has since been married again. By his first union there were six children, of whom three are deceased, while those living are: Mrs. M. E. Page, a resident of Clatskanie; Mrs. Nellie McClure, of the state of Washington; and Edward L. The only child of the father's second marriage was Agnes Edgerton, now deceased. In 1895 the mother died and in 1902 William A. Edgerton was again married.

Edward L. Edgerton spent the first nine years of his life in the middle west and then came with his father to the Pacific coast, where he has since lived. His education was acquired in the public schools and his business training was received under his father's direction. In 1905, when thirty years of age, he started upon an independent business life and has since been proprietor of a general mercantile store in Clatskanie. He has here a well selected line of goods and makes every effort to meet the wishes of his patrons and to give to them full value received.

On the 4th of May, 1904, Mr. Edgerton was married to Miss Ethel Hill, who was born in Wisconsin and in 1891 came from that state to Portland with her parents, who are still living in the Rose city. They have but two children, their son, the younger, Leroy Hill, being still at home. The marriage of Mr. and Mrs. Edgerton has been blessed with one child, Leonard James, born September 7, 1907. Politically Mr. Edgerton is a republican but while he keeps well informed on the questions and issues of the day, he has never sought nor desired public office as a reward for party fealty. He and his wife hold membership in the Methodist Episcopal church and are people of sterling worth, being held in high regard wherever known and most of all where they are best known.

DR. LEROY ELSON DOOLITTLE, who has been engaged in the practice of medicine in Newberg for the past two years, is recognized as one of the very promising younger representatives of the profession in Yamhill county. He is a native of Illinois, his birth having occurred in Geneseo, on the 8th of March, 1883. His parents are E. B. and Julia E. (Kimberly) Doolittle, the father having been born in Vermont in 1854, while the mother is a native of New Haven, Connecticut, her birth occurring in 1852. The father is a traveling salesman and the family residence is now located at Sioux Falls, South Dakota. Of the marriage of Mr. and Mrs. E. B. Doolittle there were born two sons, the other being Herbert E., who is living in Sioux Falls.

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The boyhood of Dr. Doolittle was spent in his native town, in whose common schools he acquired his elementary education. The family subsequently removed to Luverne, Minnesota, where he pursued his high-school course, being graduated in 1901. He then enrolled in the academic department of the University of Minnesota, being graduated with the degree of B. A. in the class of 1905. Having decided to become a physician, after the completion of his collegiate course he matriculated in the medical department of the same university, being awarded the degree of M. D. in 1909. In order to better qualify himself for the practical duties of his profession, Dr. Doolittle spent a year as interne in St. Luke's Hospital at St. Paul, his experiences there having proven very helpful by giving him greater confidence in himself and his powers as a practitioner. At the expiration of his term of service he came to Newberg and entered into partnership with Dr. Rankin, with whom he has ever since been associated. Although he engages in general practice, Dr. Doolittle infinitely prefers the work in surgery, in which he specialized during the entire period of his preparation. Since locating here he has had ample opportunity to manifest his skill both in medicine and surgery, and that he is a capable representative of his profession is evidenced by the extent of his practice as well as the social class his patients represent. His preparation has been very thorough in every respect, in addition to which he has the strong personality and ready sympathy so essential to success in this profession. He is a progressive man and keeps in touch with the discoveries made through modern research and scientific investigation, readily adopting in his own practice every new theory, the practicability of which has been proven to his satisfaction. He is too conservative, however, to lay aside an old method, the efficacy of which has been well tried and proven, for a more recent discovery that is yet in an experimental stage.

On the 20th of March, 1911, at Spokane, Washington, Dr. Doolittle was united in marriage to Miss Bessie Kent, who was born and reared in Ely, Minnesota, and is a daughter of Captain Frank Kent, vice president and superintendent of the Chandler mine in the Vermilion range. Dr. Doolittle met his wife while an interne in St. Luke's hospital, where she was a trained nurse.

Both Dr. and Mrs. Doolittle are members of the Methodist Episcopal church, and fraternally he is affiliated with the Knights of Pythias and the Modern Woodmen of America, and also the Phi Beta Pi, with which he became identified during his university days. In his political views he is independent, giving his support to the men and measures he feels are best qualified to subserve the interests of the majority. In June, 1910, Dr. Doolittle passed the examination at Fort Snelling entitling him to the rank of first lieutenant in the medical corps of the United States army, and has five years in which to accept, but at the present time feels that he prefers a private practice. His decision in this respect would appear to be a wise one from a personal point of view, as judging from present indications his future gives every assurance of being a most promising one.

ALEXANDER MURRAY, who owns a ranch of eleven hundred acres two and a half miles below Dayville, is one of the well known pioneer stockmen of Grant county, of which he has been a resident for more than forty years. He was born in Lairg, Scotland, on the 24th of April, 1849, and is a son of Robert and Ellen (McDonald) Murray, natives of the same place. He is descended from a long line of sturdy Highland ancestors, whose energies were largely devoted to agricultural pursuits and stock-raising. His paternal grandfather lived to attain the venerable age of ninety-one years, while his father was seventy-seven at the time of his demise. The mother, who was the only daughter in a family of fifteen children, also lived to attain a ripe old age. Both parents passed their entire lives in the old country. The father had two brothers, William and Alexander Murray, who came to America in early life and established a business in Buffalo, New York, which is still conducted under their name, although they have long since passed away.

The first nineteen years in the life of Alexander Murray were passed in the land of his birth, where he received a practical education. His home was the typical Highland Scotch household, where respect and obedience is exacted of the younger members, into whose youthful minds are early instilled precepts of thrift, diligence and honesty. These qualities have become more marked with the passing of time and are the most noticeable characteristics of Mr. Murray, and without doubt have been the salient factors in promoting his success. In 1868 he left the parental home and emigrated to the United States, joining his uncles at Buffalo, with whom he remained for three years. At the expiration of that time, in 1871, he and his brother William came to Oregon by way of the isthmus, their destination being the John Day valley. They filed on land two and a half miles above Dayville, now known as the Glenshield ranch, where for ten years they engaged in stock-raising. Their place was within the district attacked by the Indians in the uprising of 1878, and they consequently suffered heavy losses at the hands of a marauding party, which raided a territory about twelve miles wide, taking from the Murray ranch alone about fourteen thousand dollars worth of stock, mostly horses. Although resistance was offered but two lives were sacrificed, two English lads, sheep-herders, being killed by the thieves just as they were crossing the John Day river. A long series of misfortunes resulted in the financial failure of the Murray Brothers in 1893, and William Murray removed to Malheur county, where two other brothers, Adam and Kenneth, are also residing. Alexander Murray subsequently came to his present ranch, where he continued his stock-raising, making a specialty of sheep.

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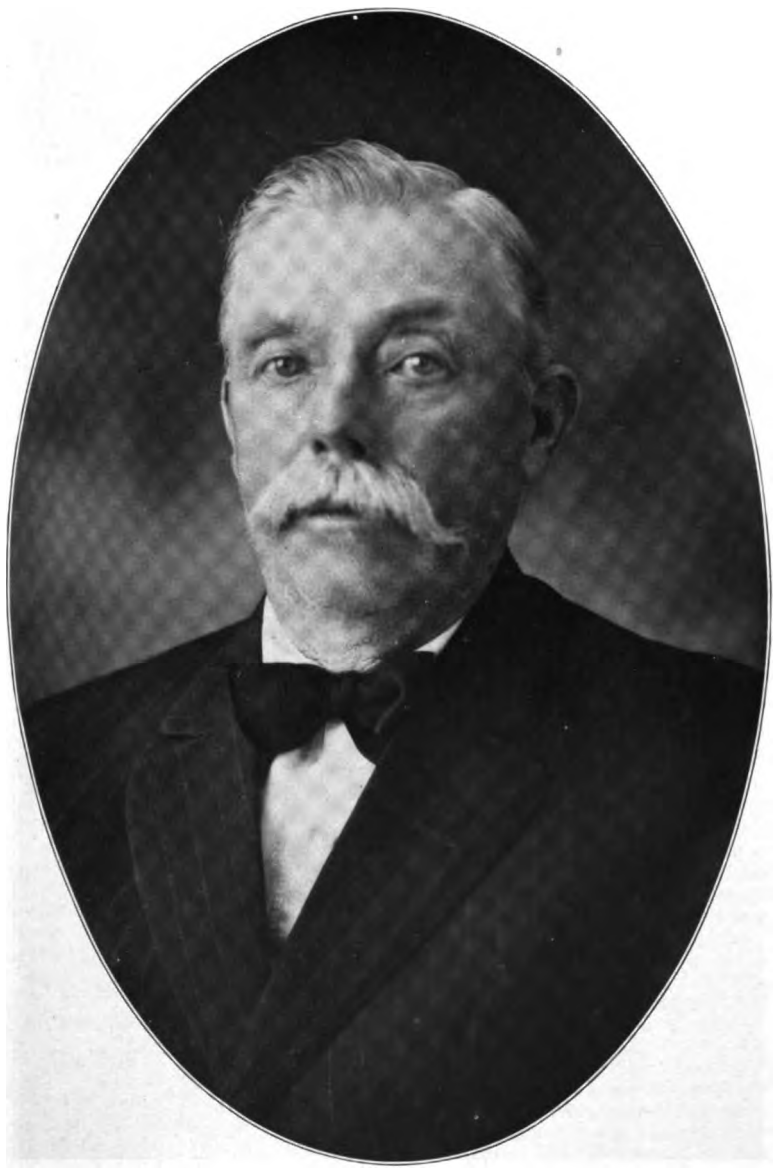

ALEXANDER MURRAY

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His sheep herd has numbered as high as twenty-nine thousand head, while he has had a thousand cattle and about four hundred horses. He is prospering in his business and is interested in Malheur county property with his brothers, while he formerly owned the section of land on which Dayville is now located, there erecting the first building, a frame store room.

On the 30th of June, 1886, Mr. Murray was married to Miss Jennie Mitchell, a native of Scotland, and to them have been born five sons: Robert, Adam, Kenneth, Alexander and John. The second named is a graduate of the Hill Military Academy, which institution two of the other boys attended for two years.

Mr. Murray is one of the substantial citizens of Grant county, where he is highly esteemed and has many friends. He is a man of high standards of conduct, upright principles and incorruptible integrity, as has been manifested times innumerable during the long period of his residence here and is accorded by all who know him the respect such qualities command.

HENRY A. DUGGAN is proprietor of the largest general mercantile store in Clatskanie, having developed his business along progressive lines that have secured to him an extensive patronage. Each year chronicles a growing success and the position that he has already won in commercial circles argues well for the future. His birth occurred in east Tennessee, March 25, 1863, his parents being H. D. and Susan (Ware) Duggan, both of whom were natives of the same state, where they were reared and married, there residing until 1877, when they removed to McDonald county, Missouri, where they resided for three years. The succeeding nine years were passed in Cass county, Missouri, after which they became residents of Allen county, Kansas, where they still reside, their home being in Iowa. The father is now sixty-eight years and the mother sixty-two years of age. To some extent ever since his marriage he has engaged in preaching the gospel as a minister of the Baptist church and has also followed farming but is now living retired from agricultural pursuits, spending his days in quiet at Iowa. Unto Mr. and Mrs. Duggan were born thirteen children of whom twelve are still living: Henry A.; J. R., of Allen county, Kansas; Sarah J., the wife of J. M. Rhodes, of Oklahoma City; Mrs. Elizabeth E. Thompson, of Moran, Kansas; W. J., also living in Moran; Emma, the wife of Ed Irving, of Iola, Kansas; Ellen, the wife of Ed Hart, of Bartlesville, Oklahoma; Birtie, the wife of Ira Downs, of Pawnee Rock, Kansas; Edward, of Lawrence, Kansas; Louis, of LaHarpe, Kansas; Everett and Russell, both of Clatskanie.

Henry A. Duggan spent his youthful days amid the pleasant environment of a cultured home, acquiring his education in the public schools and devoting much of his time to assisting his father in the operation of the home farm. When twenty-six years of age he started out in business life on his own account, taking up farm work in Kansas, where he followed agricultural pursuits until 1900. He then came to Oregon, settling in Columbia county, where he secured a homestead claim which he improved until after he had secured his title, and then sold. Turning his attention to commercial pursuits he formed a partnership with a Mr. Simmons for the establishment and conduct of a general mercantile store. Success attended the new venture and in 1911 Mr. Duggan purchased his partner's interest and is now sole proprietor of the largest store in the town, carrying an extensive and well selected line of goods. His business methods are strictly reliable and his enterprise and modern ideas constitute the basis on which his prosperity is founded. He has not confined his attention, however, entirely to one department of labor but is connected with various business concerns which are important elements in the upbuilding and progress of the community. He is a stockholder of the Creamery Company, also of the Telephone system and of the Gold Hill Mining Company of southern Oregon. He is the owner of one hundred and sixty acres of land in the state of Vera Cruz, Mexico; fifty acres in the state of Ohaca, Mexico; and has five acres planted to rubber-producing trees in the state of Chiapas, Mexico. He is likewise financially interested in the Consolidated Typewriter & Telegraph Company and in the British Columbia Coal Mining Company operating near Vancouver, and his property interests in Clatskanie include a commodious and beautiful residence.

Mr. Duggan was married, October 13, 1889, to Miss Eva M. Marvin, who was born in Neosha county, Kansas, a daughter of George and Rosa (Culbertson) Marvin, the former a native of Illinois and the latter of Des Moines, Iowa. They were married in Kansas and there resided until the father's death in 1887. The mother still survives and is now living in Adrian, Missouri. The Marvin family were among the prominent early settlers of that state and the grandparents of Mrs. Duggan there passed away after having made their home in the Sunflower state for many years. In the family of Mr. and Mrs. George Marvin were five children: Mrs. Duggan; Edward, of Portland, Oregon; Robert, living in Clatskanie; Grace, the wife of Claud Lewis; and Estella, of Clatskanie. After losing her first husband Mrs. Marvin was married to Mote Wright, and by that marriage had a son, Frank Wright, now of Adrian, Missouri. Her second husband died in 1900 and she has since become the wife of John Adams. Unto Mr. and Mrs. Duggan have been born seven children: Beulah E., who died at the age of two years; Lela V., born on the 10th of May, 1894, now attending high school and also studying music; H. Leslie, who was born in October, 1898, and is now attending school; Ethel M. and Robert E., both now deceased; Susan E. R., born in May, 1903; and Henry E., born in December, 1906.

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The Duggan family hold membership in the Baptist church in which Mr. Duggan is serving as deacon. In the work of the church he takes an active and helpful interest and is also in full sympathy with the beneficent and fraternal spirit of the different associations to which he belongs, holding membership in Clatskanie Lodge, F. & A. M., and also with the Modern Woodmen of America and the Foresters. Politically he is a republican but while he gives expression to his belief by his ballot he does not seek nor desire office, preferring to concentrate his energy upon his business interests, the capable direction of which has brought him substantial returns while the reliability of his methods has gained for him the confidence and good-will of all.

RICHARD PATTERSON, who is a native of Marion county, was born near Silverton, March 9, 1857, the son of John and Sarah Ann (Stout) Pickering Patterson. The maternal grandfather and grandmother were both natives of Tennessee, the grandfather being of German descent. The father, John Patterson, was born in Pennsylvania, of Irish parentage, and was one of a family of seven children, all of whom are deceased. He crossed the plains from Missouri in 1845 and came directly to Oregon, settling in Marion county near Abiqua, where for a number of years he kept a place for emigrants to stay until they should decide upon a location. Later he took up a donation land claim of six hundred and forty acres but being a bachelor at that time, was forced to give up three hundred and twenty acres. After his marriage he lived on this land until 1866 when, selling it, he moved across Abiqua creek and bought an old donation land claim of one hundred and sixty acres which belonged to a Mr. Beardslee. There he and his wife lived the remainder of their days, he dying in 1869 and she in 1868. During his early days in Oregon he volunteered his services to the government to fight the Indians, who at that time had captured a number of emigrants and had massacred Whitman. This uprising was known as the Cayuse war and lasted about six or eight months. Mr. Patterson, buying his own horse and equipment, joined a force of fifty volunteers which was later increased to five hundred. He served as a member of Companies A and C, under Captain Maxim, and no remuneration was ever received by him for his services or for the loss of his horse and equipment.

In 1853 John Patterson was united in marriage to Sarah Ann (Stout) Pickering, in Marion county, Oregon. She was one of a family of five children, all of whom are now deceased. At the time of her marriage to Mr. Patterson she was the widow of Mr. Pickering, whom she had wedded in Missouri. His death took place while he was on the plains en route to the far west and he was buried where he died in a very deep grave to prevent the wolves from digging up the body. By the mother's first marriage three children were born: William, of California; Cordelia, the wife of Daniel Markham, both of whom are now deceased; and Sereldia, who married a Mr. Wood, of California, and died one year after her marriage. John and Sarah (Stout) Pickering Patterson were the parents of four children: Elizabeth, of Portland, who is the widow of James Down; Richard, of this review; Samuel, who is a farmer in Ontario, Oregon; and Nancy, who died in 1878, and who was the wife of James Bowman, of Idaho.

Richard Patterson was twelve years of age at the time of his father's death, the mother having passed away the previous year. He stayed with a neighbor, Andrew Shepherd, for six months, or until the marriage of his older sister, after which he lived with his brother-in-law for three years. He did various kinds of work until he was twenty-seven years of age and then purchased his home place, where he lived until 1898, when he sold it and rented two farms, one of which was the property of Judge Hubbard. In 1904 he bought his present farm of one hundred acres.

On the 5th of November, 1883, at Silverton, Richard Patterson was united in marriage to Miss Lola Desart, who was a native of Idaho, born in 1864, while her parents were crossing the plains. She was the daughter of George and Melissa (Armstrong) Desart, both natives of Illinois. After crossing the plains the parents first located at Boise, Idaho, and a year and a half later, in 1866, came to Oregon and settled on Lower Abiqua creek, in Marion county. In 1899 they removed to Salem, where the father died in 1903 and where the mother now resides. To Mr. and Mrs. Patterson eight children have been born. Raymond, born December 30, 1884, resides with his parents and helps to operate the home place. He has a business-college education. Chester died at the age of six years. Mabel was born May 6, 1889. Rosie, born August 24, 1891, is at home with her parents and has a high-school education. Nellie was born July 27, 1894, and is now attending high school. Wilhelmina was born August 5, 1897, and died May 16, 1899. Pearl, born December 10, 1900, is now a student in the public schools. Ruth died in infancy.

Mr. Patterson is a republican and very strong in his convictions of the principles of the party. Although he has neither sought nor desired office, he was at one time road supervisor. He has always given much time to the interests of education and has advocated those principles which tend towards the good of the community, and as a result he is well known as one of the highly honored citizens of the county.

JULIAN E. JOHNSON, who is conducting a photograph studio at Hillsboro, to which endeavor he has devoted his attention for over twenty years, was born in Buffalo county, Wisconsin, in 1861, his parents being Mordecai and Lydia (Curtis) Johnson, both of whom were natives of the state of New York, where they were married and lived for more than four years.

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They then removed to Wisconsin where the father died at the age of eighty-three years, while the mother passed away soon afterward in Minnesota, at the same age. In their family were eleven children: Annette, who died at the age of sixty-five years; Decatur, who died of typhoid fever while serving in the United States army; Pulaski, living in Wisconsin; Elizabeth, who died in 1908 at the age of sixty years; Jane, the widow of Alonzo Lewis; Jasper, whose home is in McGregor, Minnesota; Adelaide, the wife of B. F. Holcomb, of Mondovi, Wisconsin; Hartwell, who passed away when twenty years of age; Romanus, living at Barnum, Minnesota; Julian E., and George A., of St. Paul.

The educational opportunities which Julian E. Johnson enjoyed were those offered by the public schools of his native state, and when nineteen years of age he started out in life for himself. For ten years he engaged in teaching school and then took up the study of photography, in which field of business he has since continued. He has followed that profession in Minnesota, being located successively at McGregor, Morgan and Little Falls. He next went to Oakes, North Dakota, and in the year 1907 arrived in Oregon, making his way to Portland, where he spent two years. In 1909 he came to Hillsboro, where he has since remained, and presides over a well appointed photographic studio, using the latest improved processes in his work. He gives close study to the effect of light and shade and has the happy faculty of so placing his patrons at their ease that he gets most natural pictures.

In 1882 Mr. Johnson was married to Miss Caroline Johnson, who was the first white child born in Brown county, Minnesota, her parents being Isaac and Almina (Hewett) Johnson. Her father was born in Canada and in his childhood days came with his parents to the United States. His mother was a native of New York and they were married in Michigan, after which they removed to Minnesota where they spent their remaining days, the father following the occupation of farming in that state. In their family are the following children who are still living: George, a resident of Sleepy Eye, Minnesota; Permelia, the wife of George Miller, of McGregor, Minnesota; Charlotte, the wife of Merrill Tolman, of Morgan, Minnesota; Lillie Porter and Mrs. Johnson. Two children, Permelia and Frances, have passed away. Unto the marriage of Mr. and Mrs. Johnson have been born five children: Cora, who was born in 1884 and is the wife of Fred Strom, of Ocean Falls, British Columbia; Florence, who was born in 1886 and is the wife of Lee Witheril, of Portland, Oregon; Viola, who was born in 1896, is attending high school; Dewey, born in 1899; and Rose Selma, in 1903.

Mr. Johnson and his family hold membership in the Presbyterian church and he belongs also to the Mutual Brotherhood of America and the Modern Woodmen of America. He votes with the republican party and is in hearty sympathy with its principles. He has never been an office-seeker yet has filled several county offices, the duties of which he has discharged with promptness and fidelity. His life has been a useful, active and busy one and whatever success he has achieved has come to him as the reward of ability and industry. Those who meet him find him a social, genial gentleman, and his good qualities win for him the warm regard of those with whom he comes in contact.

AARON W. NUSOM. Through improvement of the opportunities which Oregon offers in agricultural lines Aaron W. Nusom has become one of the substantial citizens of Marion county. He is now residing upon his farm six miles southwest of Gervais on the Fairfield and Salem road. His birth occurred in New York in 1859, and when he was but one year of age his father enlisted in the Federal army and served until the close of the war four years later. The father was a native of Ireland but came to the United States at the early age of thirteen years. For several years he was employed in various positions, until he had finally saved enough money to purchase property in New York state. He was married in that state to Tirza Jones, but shortly after their marriage they removed to Kansas and lived there for twenty years before coming west to Brooks. Here they resided until their deaths, the father's occurring in 1907 and the mother's in 1899. To them seven children were born: Mary and William, deceased; Aaron W., the subject of this sketch; Lucy, deceased; Sarah, who is the wife of John Ridinger who is living near Gervais, Oregon; Lola, who is the wife of William Hoover, of Tillamook, Oregon; and Robert, a resident of Brooks, Oregon.

Little occurred to vary the ordinary routine of school and farm life during the boyhood and youth of Aaron Nusom. He remained at home until he was twenty-two years of age at which time he took up a homestead. He immediately built a home for himself upon it, and after his marriage settled there for two years. During this time he made many improvements upon the property, and although he was winning a good measure of success in his pursuit he gave it up to enter the mercantile business. He engaged in this undertaking for five years but at the end of that time disposed of it and removed to Oregon where he now has forty-four acres of valuable land. When he first arrived in this state he rented thirty acres of hop land, and in 1905 purchased forty-four acres which were in an unimproved condition. He immediately set about clearing away the stumps and timber, and at the present time he has fifteen acres planted to hops and the remaining acreage set out in peaches and logan berries. His agricultural pursuits have been highly successful, and because of his perseverance and indefatigable energy he has already brought his land to such a state of productivity that it is not

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only remunerative but also affords its owner extreme gratification.

In 1885 Mr. Nusom was married to Miss Etta Brown, whose birth occurred in 1870 and who is a daughter of Mr. and Mrs. John Brown, the father a native of Indiana and the mother of Pennsylvania, of German descent. To Mr. and Mrs. Brown five children were born: Mrs. Nusom; Daisy, who is the wife of Edward Williams, of Carthage, Illinois; Helen, of Bowen, Illinois; George, who is living in Brooks, Oregon; and Cora, who is the wife of Marcus Dunn, of Albany, Oregon. To Mr. and Mrs. Nusom seven children have been born: Grace, who died at the age of six years; Ella, whose death occurred when she was but four years of age; Alberta, who was born in 1891 and who has been given the full advantages of a public-school education; Walter, who was born in 1894, and who is attending school; Lola, whose birth occurred in 1896 and who is a student in the Albany high school and has also received a musical education; and Frances and Allyn, whose births occurred in 1899 and 1902 respectively, and who are attending school.

In politics Mr. Nusom gives his support to the democratic party, and is one of the stanch and enthusiastic supporters of the democracy in his district. Although he has never desired the honors or emoluments of office he has accepted such positions as would give him opportunity to further the educational advantages in his community. He holds membership in the Modern Woodmen of America and is also a member of the Christian church. He is one of the sturdy and thrifty agriculturists of Marion county, and has shown remarkable foresight in cultivating his property and also in providing for the future welfare of his family in case of any misfortune occurring to him. At present he is heavily insured in the New York Life Insurance Company, and has so arranged his business interests and activities that his family will always be well provided for. The esteem and respect of his neighbors are accorded him because of his high regard for the rights and opinions of others, and because of the integrity which he displays in all business, social and political relations.

LOUIS M. HESSE. One of the finest farms of Washington county is the property of Louis M. Hesse, who in the cultivation of his place manifests a spirit of progressiveness that has led to the development of the property along the most practical and modern lines. He has been a lifelong resident of Oregon, representing one of the old pioneer families of the state. His birth occurred in Forest Grove, September 16, 1877. His father, Christopher F. Hesse, was born in Hesse, Germany, in 1849, a son of Jacob and Margaret Hesse, who came to America with their family in 1850, settling in Clinton county, Illinois, where they resided until March, 1876. They then removed to Oregon, renting land near Forest Grove for two years, after which Jacob Hesse purchased two hundred and forty-two acres of the Scholl donation claim, upon which he and his wife spent their remaining days, her death occurring in September, 1882, while Jacob Hesse passed away, January 27, 1893. Of their family of six children three are still living: Henry, now a resident of Hillsboro, Oregon; Christopher F.; and William J., of Pasco, Washington. Those deceased are Mary, Dorothy and one who died in infancy.

Christopher F. Hesse was only about a year old when the family emigrated to America and upon his father's farm in Illinois he was reared, continuing to assist in the cultivation of the home place there until the family came to Oregon. Following the arrival in Washington county, Jacob Hesse rented land and then purchased property, and Christopher Hesse remained with him until his death. He then came into possession of the old homestead, already having become interested in the same. He is today the owner of two hundred and forty-two acres of that property and has added thereto from time to time until his holdings now aggregate seven hundred and thirty-five acres, upon which are four different sets of farm buildings and improvements. Six hundred acres of the land was under a high state of cultivation and the place is pleasantly and conveniently located about fifteen miles southwest of Portland. The home of Christopher Hesse is located in township 2, south, range 2, west. He is accounted one of the prosperous farmers of this section of the state and his enterprise and capable management have constituted the source of his success. His political allegiance has always been given to the republican party and, while he has never been an office seeker, he has served as a member of the school board for fifteen years. He and his family are of the Lutheran faith. In 1872 he married Elizabeth Hesse, who was born in Germany and came to America in 1870, the only one of her family to cross the Atlantic, her father and mother having died in Germany during her early girlhood. Unto Mr. and Mrs. Christopher Hesse have been born four children: William G., who was born December 24, 1873, and is living on a part of the old homestead in Washington county; Louis M., our subject, who is the second of the family; Henry T., who was born September 13, 1879, and is married and also lives on his father's land; and Emma E., born April 30, 1884, who was married December 2, 1908, to Walter Heaton, who was born in Council Grove, Kansas, August 27, 1879, and is a son of John and Hortense (Robison) Heaton, who now reside upon a farm in Washington county. To Mr. and Mrs. Walter Heaton has been born a son, Clarence Elwood, on October 19, 1910.

The second son, Louis M. Hesse, whose name introduces this review, pursued his education in the common schools near his father's home and in the Portland Business College, from which he was graduated with the class of 1907, being thus well qualified for the practical duties of life and the conduct of his business interests. He was born

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MR. AND MRS. L. M. HESSE

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in Washington county and he has always been identified with agricultural interests, determining to make his life work the occupation to which he had been reared. He is now the owner of one hundred and fifty-three acres, constituting one of the finest farms of Washington county. Its proximity to Portland makes the advantages of the city easily accessible and the nearer towns afford him a market for his produce. His farm is cultivated according to the most progressive modern methods and annually large crops are gathered as the result of the care and labor which he bestows upon his fields.

On the 19th of May, 1904, Mr. Hesse was united in marriage to Miss Etta Christ, a daughter of Henry Christ, one of the pioneer settlers of Vancouver, arriving here in 1852. The home of Mr. and Mrs. Louis M. Hesse is a hospitable one and its good cheer is greatly enjoyed by their friends, who are many. In his political views Mr. Hesse is an earnest republican and has served as constable of his precinct. His wife is a member of the Episcopal church. Both are held in high esteem and justly merit the kindly regard and friendship entertained for them.

EDWIN BRUCE GAYLORD, residing at Carson, is a native of Oregon and a representative of one of the pioneer families, his parents, Sarah E. and Orange Gaylord, having made their way across the plains to Oregon City in 1852. It was seven years later that the birth of Edwin B. Gaylord occurred at The Dalles, in Wasco county. A decade before this, or in 1849, his father had left Illinois and by way of New York and the isthmus route had journeyed to California, arriving at San Francisco, then a city of tents, in February, 1850. After looking over the state somewhat he concluded to make his way to Oregon and took passage on a sailing vessel, which arrived at Astoria after a voyage of six weeks, the long delay being caused by adverse winds and storms. As carpenters were in demand he began work at his trade, remaining at Astoria through the winter, during which time he received eight dollars per day for his labor. The next season, with his pockets full of fifty dollar gold pieces, which the miners called slugs, he started for Illinois with the intention of bringing his little family to the northwest and establishing his home permanently in Oregon. The return trip was made by way of the water route as a passenger on the first steamer that the Vanderbilt line put on the route to New York. After reaching his Illinois home he at once began making preparations for the removal of the family to Oregon and, as previously stated, arrived in Oregon City in 1852, after a long, tedious and difficult journey across the plains. A settlement was later made at The Dalles, where the family remained until the fall of 1862, when they started thence for Idaho. The winter was spent a short distance below the present site of Boise City and in the spring the family continued on their way to Idaho City but in the succeeding fall returned to Boise. The father had driven a herd of milch cows from Oregon and engaged in dairying, receiving "mining prices" for everything in that line. Butter sold for a dollar per pound and other things in proportion. Everyone that transacted business to any extent at all had in his possession scales for weighing out the gold dust for change. Nothing sold for less than twenty-five cents, a common red apple readily bringing that price. In the work of development and improvement in pioneer days Mr. Gaylord, the father, took an active and helpful part. At one time he was a candidate for sheriff of Ada county on the republican ticket but his opponent, a man by the name of Updyke, stood in with the gang and was elected, but later he was hanged by the vigilanties on Squaw creek before his term of office had expired because he had given aid to certain members of the lawless element in the community. The Gaylord family, indeed, took a helpful and prominent part in the work of early development in the different localities in which they lived.

Edwin B. Gaylord early became familiar with the hardships and privations as well as the pleasures of pioneer life. The first school which he attended and the first held in Boise City was taught by Mrs. Savage, the wife of Austin Savage, who for a number of years was collector of internal revenue for Idaho. He did not attend school after he was thirteen years of age, however, and about that time accepted the position of "devil" in the printing house of the Albany Register, which was then edited by Colonel Van Cleve. At sixteen years of age he considered himself a journeyman printer and accepted a case on the Boise City Statesman. At that time, 1875, modes of travel in the northwest were somewhat primitive: passengers had to be transferred from a boat to the portage railroad at the Cascades, then back to a boat for The Dalles, thence by rail to Celilo and by boat again to Umatilla landing, from which point Mr. Gaylord, who had traveled in this manner, proceeded by stage to Boise. During the Nez Perces Indian war Mr. Gaylord volunteered under Rube Robins, who was made chief of scouts by General Howard during the campaign. When Colonel Bernard's command came upon the Indian camp just at daybreak at Silver Creek and made a charge through the camp and back again, Mr. Robins' horse was shot from under him and he had to make his way out as best he could, but of the forty Indians who were killed four had to be accredited to him. He was also a scout in the Bannock war and at the close of the Nez Perces war his general presented him with a beautifully engraved gold watch in recognition of meritorious conduct and valor.

In 1883 Mr. Gaylord married Miss Fannie Jacobs, the second daughter of Cyrus Jacobs, of Boise City, who was a pioneer of Oregon and Idaho. He helped to locate and lay out the town of Boise and for a long time was engaged in merchandising there. For fourteen years Mr. and Mrs. Gaylord traveled life's journey happily together and were then separated by the death of the wife in 1897.

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Mr. Gaylord has long been an exemplary representative of the Masonic fraternity, joining the lodge in Boise City in 1881. Since the early days when he started out in newspaper work he has engaged in various lines of business, including merchandising, mining, stock-raising and farming. He put the first saw shingle and planing mill in the Panhandle of Baker county, then Union county, the lumber taking the place of log cabins, dirt and puncheon floors. Through his business activity and in many other ways he has contributed to the development and improvement of the sections in which he has lived and he is now engaged in farming in the vicinity of Carson, where he is pleasantly situated. He relates various interesting incidents of the early days when not only Idaho but Oregon was largely an unsettled and unimproved district and for fifty years he has been a witness of the progress and improvement of this part of the country.

CHARLES W. BROWN is a representative of the lumber industry of Oregon, being superintendent of the Hillsboro Lumber Company Mill at Hillsboro. Since attaining his majority, he has been connected with the lumber trade and is thoroughly informed concerning the business in its various phases. While he has always lived on this side of the Mississippi and has therefore ever been termed a "western man," he was born in Johnson county, Missouri, November 30, 1863. His parents are William M. and Mary (Morrow) Brown; the former a native of Indiana and the latter of Johnson county, Missouri, where their marriage was celebrated in 1862. For twenty-two years, the father remained a resident of that county and then, in 1868, brought his family to Oregon. He settled first in Yamhill county, where he resided for five years, cultivating a farm during that period. He then removed to Washington county, Oregon, where he is still living. On the 15th of August, 1911, he reached the age of three score years and ten. His wife passed away October 20, 1906, and her death was deeply regretted by many friends. In their family were six children, of whom Charles W. Brown is the eldest. The others are: J. H., now a resident of Portland; B. A., who is living in Washington county, Oregon; J. M., who died in Laurel, Washington county, when twenty-two years of age; and F. R. and F. L., both living in Washington.

Charles W. Brown was a little lad of five years when the family left his native state and came to the northwest. His youthful days were spent in his father's home, and the public schools afforded him his opportunities for acquiring an education. He was twenty years of age when he started out in business on his own account, purchasing a half-interest in a sawmill in Washington county, which he operated for a short time and then sold. He was afterward employed as head sawyer in another mill for twelve years, and then engaged in logging for five years. On the expiration of that period, he became superintendent of the mill in which he is now employed. His long connection with the lumber business has thoroughly qualified him for the responsibilities that now devolve upon him in this connection and he has made an excellent record; proving his ability to promote the interests of the house which he represents by his careful superintendence of the plant and his direction of the labors of those who serve under him.

Mr. Brown was married, October 18, 1884, the lady of his choice being Miss Katie Baker, who was born in Jefferson county, Iowa, a daughter af Zachariah and Sarah (Ross) Baker, both of whom were natives of Ohio. Following their marriage, they left the Buckeye state for Iowa, and, for sixteen years, thereafter were residents of Jefferson county, whence they came to Washington county, Oregon. Here, the father lived until 1884, when his life's labors were terminated in death. His widow still survives him and resides in Washington county at the age of seventy-six years. Their family numbered twelve children of whom ten still survive: Mrs. Mary Clow, Mrs. Jane Hill and Mrs. Emma Pelton, all of Portland; Marshall, living in Laurel, Oregon; Charles W.: Mrs. Della Heton, of Hillsboro; Lee Nicodemus, also living in Hillsboro; W. D., whose home is in Timber, Oregon; Anna McCumposy, of Mountaindale, Oregon; and Mrs. Eva Taylor, of Laurel. The two who have passed away are Lloyd and Alonzo.

The marriage of Mr. and Mrs. Brown was blessed with a family of nine children: May, who was born March 25, 1887, and is the wife of Clyde Baker; Lloyd L., born in 1889; Grace, in 1895; Rubie, in 1897; Ray, in 1899; Roy, in 1900; Harold, who died at the age of six months; Walter, born in 1905; and Beatrice, in 1907.

Mr. and Mrs. Brown hold membership in the Christian church and his fraternal relations are with the Odd Fellows lodge of Hillsboro. Mr. Brown votes with the republican party, and is never neglectful of the duties of citizenship; yet he does not seek the rewards of office for party fealty. He has practically spent his entire life in the west; and the spirit of enterprise, which has been the dominant factor in the upbuilding of this section of the country, has been manifest in his life.

FRANK A. BIDWELL, a substantial and representative resident of Union, has been successfully identified with milling interests throughout his entire business career and is now the secretary of the Union Flouring Mill Company, proprietors of the Oregon Roller Mills. His birth occurred in Galesville, Wisconsin, on the 19th of October, 1860, his parents being Charles C. and Mary (Gilbert) Bidwell, the former a native of the state of New York. The Bidwells come of old colonial stock and their ancestors were the earliest millers and sawmill proprietors in Connecticut. The Gilberts were among the earliest pioneers of Fond du Lac, Wisconsin, settling on the present site of that city at a time when the nearest postoffice was sixty miles away—at Milwaukee. Owing to the sparsely

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settled and undeveloped condition of the country, they were obliged to live in their wagon until they had erected a house. Calvin Bidwell, the paternal grandfather of our subject, removed to New York and spent the remaining years of his life in that state. He was awarded a contract at the time of the construction of the original Erie canal and was assisted in the work by his son, C. C. Bidwell. The latter removed to Wisconsin and in 1886 came to Oregon to join his son Frank.

It was in the year 1885 that Frank A. Bidwell made his way to this state, locating in Union, where he secured employment in the plant of the Union Milling Company. The milling industry has claimed his attention throughout his entire business career. He was largely instrumental in bringing the three Kiddle brothers to Oregon and is now associated with them in business under the name of the Union Flouring Mill Company. The officers of the concern are as follows: Ed. Kiddle, president; F. H. Kiddle, vice president; and F. A. Bidwell, secretary. These gentlemen are proprietors of the Oregon Roller Mills, comprising five plants in different parts of the state, all of which are financed separately and in several of which Mr. Bidwell owns stock. A sketch of Ed Kiddle, together with a complete history of the Oregon Roller Mills, appears on another page of this work.

In May, 1886, in Missouri, Mr. Bidwell was united in marriage to Miss Fannie E. McCormick, a native of Ohio. Fraternally he is identified with the Masons, belonging to the blue lodge, the chapter, the commandery and the shrine. He has filled all of the chairs in the chapter. He is also a member of the local lodge of the Knights of Pythias. His political allegiance is given to the republican party and he has served as a member of the city council and also as a member of the school board. His has been an active and useful life, crowned with success and enriched by the kindly regard of many friends, who recognize and appreciate his worth.

CLAUDE H. NOSLER. The name of Claude H. Nosler is prominently connected with farming development in Coos county, where his energy and enterprise along progressive lines has resulted in the partial ownership of six hundred acres of fine farming land. He is operating his farm in conjunction with his father, Amos Nosler, and is interested in many different phases of activity in the town of Bridge and in the surrounding country. He is a native son of Oregon, born in Coquille, Coos county, June 21, 1875. He is a son of Amos L. and Annie R. (Hatcher) Nosler. His father is one of the prominent and representative farmers in this section of the state and a more extended sketch of him appears on another page of this work.

Claude H. Nosler received his education in the public schools of Coos county and supplemented his primary studies by a course in the Coquille Academy. He is a graduate of the Monmouth State Normal College and by wise use of every educational opportunity he fitted himself for teaching. He followed this profession for eleven years in Coquille and Myrtle Point and was prominent and successful as an educator. He was principal of the schools in Coquille for two years and held the same position in Myrtle Point for three years. When he was thirty years of age he abandoned the profession and in conjunction with his father bought three hundred and twenty acres of land located eleven miles up the river on the stage road to Roseburg from Myrtle Point. His original purchase constitutes a part of the town of Bridge and upon this Mr. Nosler and his father are now residing. They have brought the property to a high state of development and have operated it along progressive lines. At various periods they have added to their holdings and today their farm of six hundred acres constitutes one of the model properties on the Coquille river. They also own twenty acres of orchard land in the same vicinity. Mr. Nosler also owns an interest in a three hundred and twenty acre ranch valued at two thousand dollars and is active in its cultivation. He makes a specialty of horticulture and stock-raising and is interested in every phase of activity looking toward the future prosperity of his section. For many years he operated a general store and postoffice in association with his father and until July, 1912, they conducted a telephone station and were prominently connected with the building of various telephone lines throughout the county.

June 29, 1898, Mr. Nosler was united in marriage to Miss Emma A. Cole, a native of Waldo Hills, Marion county, Oregon, and a daughter of John and Mary (Reasoner) Cole, both natives of Illinois. The father lived in that state until he crossed the plains to Oregon, making the journey with ox teams in 1852. He settled in Marion county, where he later married Mrs. Mary A. (Reasoner) Condit, the widow of Alva Condit. To Mrs. Cole's first marriage was born one son, Alva Condit, Jr., who is now a resident of Clackamas county. Mrs. Cole came with her parents to Oregon in the early days of the settlement of the district and spent her childhood in this state. To her second marriage were born six children, all of whom are still living: Abner, who resides in Aurora, Marion county, Oregon; John, of Molalla, Oregon; Nathan, of Aurora, Marion county; Emma, the wife of our subject; Christopher, who maintains his home at Bellingham, Washington; and Gussie, the wife of Edward Miller of Walla Walla, Washington.

The wife of our subject received her education in the public schools of Marion and Clackamas counties. She is a graduate of the Monmouth State Normal School and taught for several years in her native section and for two years in Portland, Oregon. She and her husband are the parents of three children: C. Lyle, born April 23, 1899; John Bryce, whose birth occurred on the 11th of June, 1907; and Alice A., born May 4, 1909.

Mr. Nosler's religious belief is with the Christian church and with this church his wife and family also affiliate. In his political principles he is a stanch supporter of the

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republican party. His farm, highly developed and richly productive; his large herd of sheep scientifically cared for, his modern barns and outbuildings set in the midst of his large acres, pay tribute to his agricultural efficiency and skill and mark him as an individual force in the development of a great farming section.

FLOYD L. OFFICER owns a valuable ranch of three hundred and twenty acres, three-quarters of a mile below Dayville, where he is successfully engaged in agriculture. He represents the third generation of his family to have been identified with the progress and development of Oregon, his people having first come here in 1845. A native of Grant county, his birth occurred at Dayville, on the 24th of November, 1870, his parents being Eli Casey and Martha (Thorpe) Officer, the father from Missouri and the mother from Illinois. His paternal grand-parents were James and Eveline (Cooley) Officer, the former a native of Tennessee and the latter of Kentucky. They were married in Missouri and there passed the early period of their domestic life. In 1845 they crossed the plains to Oregon and the following spring the grandfather bought a donation claim twenty-five miles south of Portland and lived on it the remainder of his life. The family of Mr. and Mrs. James Officer numbered eleven children, as follows: Martha A., who is deceased; Eli Casey, the father of our subject; Susan M. and John E., both of whom are deceased; Robert V., Francis M., Joseph Thomas and Nancy, all of whom are deceased; Mrs. Snyder, who is more fully mentioned in the sketch of A. P. Snyder; Ellen, deceased; and David.

In 1861 Eli C. Officer, together with one of his brothers, came to the John Day valley, bringing with them the first flock of sheep ever brought into this section of the state. He located on a claim a half mile above the present site of Dayville, and there for twenty years he engaged in raising cattle and sheep. In 1881 he disposed of this property to the present owner, E. Stewart, and removed to he filed on a homestead. There he continued the Basin, ten miles below Dayville, where his stock-raising until 1898, when he passed away at the age of sixty-three years. In common with the majority of the pioneers of that period he endured many hardships and unusual experiences. In his youth he joined a party of government surveyors and with them went from The Dalles up the Columbia to the Snake river, covering a large portion of Washington and Oregon. On one occasion their camp was raided by the Indians, who relieved them of the greater portion of their supplies, and for thirty days they subsisted on "cricket" bread, which is made from a mixture of roots and dried crickets, and cayuse meat. Finally word was conveyed to The Dalles, and a relief train was sent to their rescue. Mr. Officer was very fond of reading and not only subscribed for many local publications but for a varied assortment of papers and periodicals published throughout the country. His children always being surrounded by good literature, thus acquired a taste for study and reading and are generally well informed and thoroughly conversant with the topics of the day. The family of Mr. and Mrs. James C. Officer numbered thirteen children, our subject being the ninth in order of birth.

Reared on a ranch at a time when his section of Oregon was but sparsely settled and little provision had been made for educational facilities, the schooling of Floyd L. Officer was confined to the three months' session held in his home district during the winter. During his boyhood he began to assist in the herding of sheep, and after attaining maturity he engaged in sheep shearing, following this business for sixteen years. He subsequently filed on a homestead in the Basin, which he developed together with a desert claim, his holdings aggregating six hundred acres. He there engaged in cattle and sheep raising with good success until 1910, when he disposed of his interests and bought the Highland and Robinson ranches, three-quarters of a mile below Dayville, where he is now residing. His present holding comprises three hundred and twenty acres, mostly bottom land and all under irrigation. It is rich, fertile soil, easily cultivated and highly productive, and in every way well adapted to the purpose for which Mr. Officer is using it. He is a man of progressive ideas, which he carries out in a practical and systematic manner, exercising good judgment and foresight in his undertakings.

In 1898, Mr. Officer was married to Miss Sylvia Fitzgerald, who is a native of Iowa, her people having been among the early settlers of Salem, and to them have been born four daughters: Flossie L., Vera R., Eva Alberta, and Ruby Ruth, who is deceased.

Mr. Officer has been recently made a member of Blue Mountain Lodge, No. 27, A. F. & A. M. He is one of the substantial and enterprising citizens of Grant county, in the progress and development of which he takes an active interest by co-operating in promoting its various public utilities and advancing the welfare of the community generally.

BERT LEVI JONES. To the vast majority of Americans good citizenship means industry and reliability with a more or less active interest in the measures which are calculated to promote general prosperity. Mr. Jones is endowed with the qualities which the term good citizenship implies, and his energies are engaged in the work of the farm, his property consisting of one hundred acres seven and one-half miles southwest of Gervais on the River and Waconda road. This is a well cultivated farm and gives every evidence of a life of industry and thrift on the part of its owner. Mr. Jones was born on the 21st of April, 1886, near Wheatland, Oregon, his parents being Thomas B. and Mary O. (Coonse) Jones. Thomas Jones purchased his father's donation land claim and cultivated it throughout his active career, and it is upon this property that Bert L. Jones is now residing.

The grandparents of Bert Levi Jones came to Oregon from Missouri where they were

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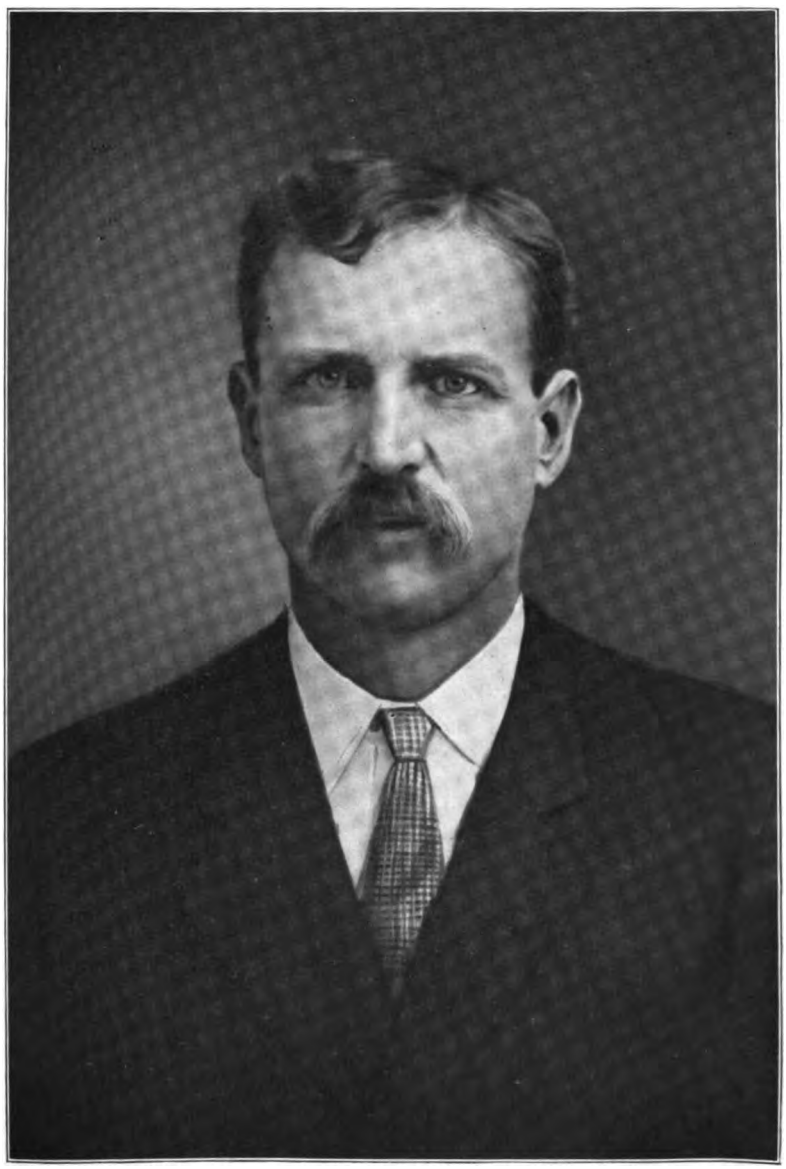

FLOYD L. OFFICER

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ASTOR, LENOX AND
DEN FOUNDATIONS

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married. They crossed the plains in 1849 as members of one of the parties of gold seekers going to California in that year. After remaining in that state for a year, however, they came to Marion county, Oregon, and took up a donation land claim of three hundred and twenty acres. This was one of the smallest claims given out that year, and because of its undesirable situation was the only property vacant at the time of their arrival. The grandparents lived upon this claim until their retirement, when they removed to Portland and made that city their home until they passed away. To them nine children were born: Paul, who is residing in Portland and has three children; Claude and Sam, both deceased; William, who is a resident of Salem, Oregon; Thomas B., who is the father of Bert L. Jones; Mary, who is making her home in Portland; Ida, who is the wife of William Bracket, of San Francisco, California; and two who died in infancy. Mary O. (Coonse) Jones was born in Marion county in 1857 and was one of six children. Her parents, Felix Lagrunda and Lucinda (Gibson) Coonse, were both natives of Missouri and were married in that state. They crossed the plains as members of a party of hardy pioneers and took up a homestead near Parkersville, Oregon. They had eleven children, two of whom survive: Mrs. Mary O. Jones; and Kily, of Lake View, Oregon. The father died in 1878, at the age of sixty-five, and the mother in 1895 when seventy-seven years of age. The marriage of Mr. and Mrs. Thomas B. Jones occurred in 1874, and to that union five children were born: Wiley Alva, whose birth occurred in 1878 and who is living in Joseph, Oregon, is married and has two children; Silas Ray, of Marion county, who was born in 1880, is married and has one child; Pearl, whose birth occurred in 1882 and who passed away in 1902; Bert L., the subject of this review; and Alta Lucinda, who was born on the 18th of November, 1893.

After Bert L. Jones finished his education in the common schools of Marion county he assisted his father in the daily duties on the home farm until he was twenty years of age. At that time he began to work independently, for the first four years accepting employment on various nearby farms, but after his marriage he removed to the farm upon which he is now residing. His property is highly cultivated and sowed to grain and he also engages in stock-raising. He has improved the farm considerably since he has been living upon it, and although it is not equipped with all the modern improvements it is well provided with the implements and buildings essential to highly profitable farming.

In 1909 Mr. Jones was married to Miss Wretha Whitmore, whose birth occurred on the 6th of December, 1892, a daughter of William H. and Angie Eva (Manning) Whitmore, the former a native of Ohio and the latter of West Virginia. The parents were married in Hillsboro, Oregon, in 1889, and immediately afterward settled permanently in Yamhill county. The father was a soldier in the Civil war, serving in Lee's army. To Mr. and Mrs. Whitmore four children were born: Mrs. Jones; Leona, whose birth occurred in 1894 and who is the wife of Giles A. Winchester, of California; Herbert M., who is residing with his mother in Anacortes, Washington, and whose birth occurred in 1898 in British Columbia; and Ervin, who is deceased. To Mr. and Mrs. Jones one child has been born, Herbert Benton, whose birth occurred on the 1st of May, 1911.

In politics Mr. Jones gives his support to the republican party because, after an intelligent study of the various platforms offered by the different political parties, he has become firmly convinced that the policies and measures of the republican party will be most conducive to good government. Both Mr. and Mrs. Jones are affiliated with the Presbyterian church. Because of their geniality and hospitality their home is one of the most prominent social centers in the neighborhood.

MARK BAILEY BUMP, a representative of the Oregon bar engaged in the active practice of law in Hillsboro, has always been a resident of this state and the western spirit of enterprise and progress find exemplification in his life. He was born in Kings Valley, Benton county, December 18, 1872. His father, Wilson Bump, was a native of the state of New York, and, in early manhood, in 1859, he crossed the plains with an ox team to California and on to Oregon, in 1861. Settling in Benton county, Oregon, he met and married Mrs. Emily C. Pitman, whose maiden name was Emily C. Allen, a native of Indiana, who had also come to the west in childhood days, locating in King's Valley in 1847. Following his marriage, Mr. Bump took up the occupation of farming in Kings valley, previous to which time he had engaged in carpentry. For a long period he continued to till the soil but has now retired from active business life and is living in Forest Grove, where he and his wife occupy a pleasant home.

Mrs. Bump had two daughters by her first husband: Emma Pittman, who is living with her mother; and Mrs. Nettie Hoffman, whose husband is a well known attorney of Forest Grove. Unto Mr. and Mrs. Bump three sons were born: Mark B.; Clarence L., and Daniel D., both of Forest Grove.

The work of the schoolroon, the pleasures of the playground and the duties assigned him by parental authority occupied the attention of Mark B. Bump in his youthful days. He finished his common school education when eighteen years of age, and was afterward graduated from the Oregon Agricultural College, at Corvallis. He likewise pursued a business course in Portland which included the study of shorthand, and he began to earn his own livelihood by teaching school, which profession he followed in the winter months. At the same time, he taught instrumental music, and, while thus engaged, he took up the study of law under the direction of Colonel John Kelsey, of Corvallis. He further pursued his reading under W. S. McFadden, of that place,

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and on the 7th of June, 1898, at Salem, Oregon, was admitted to the bar. In 1900, Mr. Bump opened an office in Hillsboro, where for eleven years he has now been engaged in active practice and has been accorded a large and distinctively representative clientage, connecting him with much of the important litigation tried in the courts of his district. In addition to his law practice, he has realty interests, owning a tract of timber land about twenty-five miles from Hillsboro. He practices in all the state courts and also in the United States district and circuit courts.

Mr. Bump is a republican in politics, with prohibition sympathies. He strongly advocates temperance principles and, in fact, is in favor of all the projects which are recognized forces for progress and morality. He belongs to Montezuma Lodge, I. O. O. F., of Hillsboro, and to the Rebekah degree; he is also connected with the Masonic lodge of Forest Grove and the Modern Woodmen camp of that place.

FESTUS BUTTS is a retired farmer living in Baker. He was born in Des Moines county, Iowa, April 17, 1838, a son of John and Catherine Butts. The former was a Virginian by birth and his father was a soldier in the Revolutionary war. John Butts was a planter and removed to Illinois and afterward to Iowa, making his way to the Platte purchase, where he bought land about 1836. He was married in Virginia about 1830 and to him and his wife were born seven children. Lewis, the eldest, born about 1832, married Elizabeth Constable in the Willamette valley of Oregon and they had two sons of whom Henry Butts married a Miss Davis in the Willamette valley, where his children, two sons and three daughters, are yet living. Mary Ann was the wife of Sanford Wilcox living near Forest Grove, Oregon, and they had three sons and three daughters. Festus Butts is the third of the family. Jacob married Miss Sarah Dixon and they have five sons and four daughters. Melva is the wife of Elijah McKinney of Newport, Oregon, and they have three daughters and a son. Annice is the wife of Newton McClanahan who came to Oregon in 1852 and was a large landowner and successful stock-raiser. They were married in the fall of 1859 and came to Baker county in 1862, residing on Burnt river where Mr. McClanahan engaged in farming and stock-raising until 1908. He then sold out, retired from business and removed to Ashland, Oregon, where he died March 5, 1910, at the age of eighty-four years and one day. Sarah became Mrs. Hall and had six sons and a daughter. The whole family reside near Gaston, Oregon. Lewis Butts and Mary Ann Wilcox, the two eldest of these children, are deceased. The father crossed the plains from Iowa to Oregon with ox teams in 1845, accompanied by his family. This was the largest train of emigrants that had started to Oregon up to that time, there being one hundred and forty-five wagons in the train. The federal government furnished a special escort of about one hundred and twenty-five United States dragoons that traveled with them as far as Boise, Idaho, where the American Fur Company had established a post. Noted members of that party of emigrants were Samuel Parker, David Tethrow, W. G. T. Vault, Herman Lewis, Captain Stewart and James Noble. After reaching Boise the train continued on for two or three days and then divided, about forty wagons going forward under James Meek on what he told them would be a cut-off, while the remainder journeyed by way of Burnt river and the Powder river valley, following the old route to The Dalles. The Butts family went with the Meek party and endured great hardships. The way was so difficult that many became dissatisfied and one night Meek left the camp, fearing personal violence. Only one man, however, died as a result of his hardships, his death being caused by overeating when he reached The Dalles, his weakened stomach being unable to stand a heavy meal. While on the Meek cut-off Mrs. James Noble found the gold that gave rise to the famous Blue Bucket diggings.

Mr. Butts, instead of taking up land, purchased six hundred and forty acres upon which some improvements had been made, paying seven hundred dollars. This place, located near Forest Grove, is said today to be worth from two to four hundred dollars per acre and was long known as the John Butts donation claim, the father residing thereon until 1867 when he retired and removed to Forest Grove. Afterward he lived among his children until his death in 1890, at the age of eighty years. At that time his son Festus Butts was in eastern Oregon and with a man named Whited was out riding after cattle in the deep snow to get them out of the mountains. That night he dreamed of listening to the finest singing he had ever heard. When he awoke next morning he had a presentiment that something unusual had happened in the family. Five days later he received a telegram to come home, that his father had died and that the burial would be postponed three days, but five days had passed so he did not return to the old home. Later he received a letter from his sister giving particulars of the father's death, stating he was not ill but went to bed as usual and sang one of his favorite songs in a good, strong voice. That was the same night Mr. Butts dreamed of hearing beautiful music four hundred miles away. His mother had died on the Meek cut-off and was buried in a little flat at the head-waters of the des Chutes river, leaving the father with seven small children. He afterward married a Mrs. Evans and they had three daughters. John Butts was a soldier in the Cayuse Indian war, serving under Colonel Tom Cornelius, at the time of the Whitman massacre.

Festus Butts was educated at Forest Grove Academy under Professor Marsh. This was a pay school and his educational opportunities were somewhat limited for his services were needed on the home farm. In March, 1862, he started for the Florence placer mines in Idaho and there purchased one-sixth interest

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in two claims of rocker diggings, each claim being one hundred and fifty feet long. He paid one hundred dollars for his interest and the six men working the claims stripped the dirt and wheeled it to two rockers where it averaged an ounce of gold a day, worth fourteen dollars, for each man. To make his purchase Mr. Butts had to borrow eleven dollars from his brother-in-law, Newton McClanahan, who was working at six dollars per day and advised him to work for wages. He did not take the advice, however. The camp in which he was located had some very rich districts, one man's claim paying him about three thousand dollars a day to the rocker while other claims were also equally rich. Mr. Butts worked in Florence until the 24th of August, when he sold out and went to the recently discovered Warrens diggings where were found good claims. He remained at Warrens until 1865, then again sold out and with a party of about thirty went to Montana. In the spring Mr. Butts' partner went to Lemhi, finding what are called the Leesburg diggings. Mr. Butts had ground on a small gulch there that would pay three hundred dollars a day to the man. One day as he was shoveling he saw a piece of gold about the size of a quarter on the dirt that he had thrown in the sluice boxes. He found it weighed fourteen dollars. He called his partner to take a pan of dirt and pan it out and when this was done it was found that the man had about one hundred and five dollars. Mr. Butts gave him another pan which yielded one hundred and seven dollars. They then turned the water off and went to panning, securing about seven hundred dollars in that way for their day's work, which, added to the two hundred dollars already taken from the sluice boxes, made nine hundred dollars for the two men for one day. That was Mr. Butts' best day in mining.

On leaving Leesburg Mr. Butts invested in a farm in the Willamette valley in 1870. At length he sold that property and removed to eastern Oregon, preempting a claim on Burnt river. When he disposed of that place he removed to West Camp creek and located a homestead of one hundred and sixty acres, also purchasing a preemption claim of one hundred and sixty acres adjoining. He also bought forty acres of school land and thus had three hundred and sixty acres in one body which he improved, cultivated and made his home until 1908. He then sold out and retired, purchasing property in Baker and in Ashland, dividing his time now between the two places. While on the farm he was largely engaged in raising cattle. He has three properties in Baker, a part of which he rents, and in Ashland his real estate consists of very valuable fruit land. He has had varied and interesting experiences in the mines and as a pioneer resident of Oregon but is now comfortably situated in life, having investments that yield to him a good income.

Mr. Butts was married March 30, 1892, in Baker county, to Miss Susie Dunn, who comes of southern ancestry. Her mother lived with them for a long period and died April 4, 1910, at the age of ninety-four years, seven months and fifteen days. She had never been ill in her life. A sister of Mrs. Butts became the wife of Thomas Boyer, living on Burnt river, and they had fourteen children. By his first marriage Mr. Butts had two children, Caleb Butts and Mary Ellen. The former, a farmer and stock-raiser on Burnt river, is married and has two sons and two daughters. Mary Ellen Butts became the wife of John Wins, a saddler and harness-maker of Shoshone, Idaho.

While mining and stock-raising interests have largely occupied the attention of Festus Butts he has not been neglectful of his duties of citizenship and has done important public service. He filled the office of school director in the Willamette valley and in Baker county has been school director and school clerk for a number of years. He served as road supervisor in the Willamette valley and in Baker county for several years, and while acting in that capacity on Scoggins creek he built a grade that saved a bad piece of the road over which water frequently flowed, making the highway almost impassable. He did away with this by a grade in which the county felt pride. He has always stood for practical improvement and his labors have been an element for progress along many lines. His religious faith is evidenced in his membership in the Second Baptist church of Baker City.

CHARLES M. HALL, who owns and cultivates three hundred and forty-three acres of very valuable land seven miles southwest of Gervais, on the old Earl D. Jones donation land, was born in Moulton, Texas, in 1871, his parents being Charles M. and Mary (Humphreys) Hall. The father, who was reared in Tennessee, spent fourteen years of his early life in Missouri, from which state he enlisted for four years' service in the Civil war, where he was under the command of General Price. Subsequently, in 1866, he removed to Texas. The mother was a native of Oxford, Mississippi, and removed to Texas in 1845, where she resided until the death of her parents, her mother passing away in 1875 and her father three years afterwards. Charles M. Hall, the father of the subject of this sketch, passed away in Arizona in 1898. Charles M. was the eldest of his three children, the others being William A., of New Mexico, and Julia who is the wife of E. M. Cole, of Tempe, Arizona.

At the early age of fourteen years Charles M. Hall started out to earn his own livelihood, his first employment being as a cowboy on the plains of Texas. For a number of years he was thus engaged, and during the entire time worked for wages. For one year he was on the old Chisholm outfit in New Mexico, and for three years was in the employ of the Cass Land and Cattle Company in New Mexico. For another year he was employed in a sawmill, having previously worked on a ranch in Arizona for eleven years. He came to Oregon in 1904 and purchased his present home of three hundred and forty-three acres which his industry and careful management have converted into one

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of the most profitable and highly productive farms near Gervais. One hundred and fifty acres have been sowed to grain and twenty acres are planted to hops. In addition to these crops he raises cattle and hogs for the markets.

On the 31st of December, 1901, Mr. Hall was wedded to Mrs. Anna (January) Felton, who was born near Fort Worth, Texas, in 1877, her parents being Marcus and Louisa (Cornet) January, both of whom were natives of Texas. The mother's parents, however, were born and reared in Arkansas, and in her grandmother's home Mrs. Hall was reared until ten years of age. At that time she went to Arizona where she was married and resided until 1904, when she and her husband removed to Oregon. She was the second of four children, the others being Mary Ellen, who is the wife of Benton Pyeatt, and is living in Marion county; Clyde DeW., deceased; and one who died in infancy. To Mr. and Mrs. Hall two children have been born: May, whose birth occurred on the 21st of January, 1903, and who is now attending school; and a son whose birth occurred on the 23d of March, 1907, but who has since passed away.

In politics Mr. Hall gives his support to the democratic party and is an ardent advocate of its principles and policies. He also holds membership in the Woodmen of the World, the United Artisans and the Independent Order of Odd Fellows. Being a public-spirited citizen and taking a great interest in all that pertains to the moral, educational and social welfare of his community, he has frequently been called upon to serve on boards and committees whose purpose it has been to promote such movements. His altruistic spirit as shown in his fraternal, social and business relations has made him one of the esteemed and popular men of his community where he holds the respect of all who know him.

ABSALOM C. WOODCOCK. Choosing a profession in which advancement does not depend upon outside aid or influence but entirely upon the capability of the individual, Absalom C. Woodcock has made continuous progress in the practice of law and his extensive clientage indicates how successful he is in the conduct of his cases which are presented in the strong, clear light of common sense and logical judicial reasoning. He has been dependent entirely upon his own resources from the age of thirteen years. His faithfulness and ability enabled him at that age to command twenty dollars a month and board for farm labor, when many others were being paid a much less wage. He was born on a Molalla farm in Oregon, July 22, 1859, and was the fourth in order of birth in a family of eleven children whose parents were W. D. and Alizina (Cornelius) Woodcock. The father died in 1870, leaving the family in limited financial circumstances as it was necessary for them to depend entirely upon what could be raised on the farm on the Molalla. W. D. Woodcock was a native son of Illinois but was reared and educated in Missouri. He possessed courage and determination, which qualities were displayed in his trip across the plains in 1845, an undertaking hazardous in the extreme for such a trip was beset not only with trials and hardships but with many dangers, owing to the hostility of the Indians. However, he made the effort with wagon, ox and horse teams, his companions being Absalom Cornelius and his family, including a daughter, Alizina. When the time came for them to separate Mr. Cornelius took up his abode on a claim near Turner, in Marion county, but the daughter soon afterward became the wife of W. D. Woodcock and thereafter resided on the farm on the Molalla. His death occurred when he was fifty-two years of age, while his wife survived him until 1889. In their family were eleven children, of whom eight are yet living: W. D., who is a blacksmith of Lane county; W. S., who is a stockman of Wasco county; T. P., who is carrying on an extensive business as a commission merchant at Weiser, Idaho; Newton and Jasper, twins, the former a resident of Weiser, Idaho, and the latter of Wasco county, Oregon; Keziah, who is the wife of E. B. Ramsby, of Lake county, Oregon; and Ada, the wife of Ed Harriman, of Wasco county.

Absalom C. Woodcock, the other member of the family, was only eleven years of age at the time of his father's death and two years later he secured employment on the farm of William Barlow, one of the best known of the earlier pioneer settlers in Clackamas county. He carefully saved his earnings and at the end of a year established a butchering and stock business at The Dalles in connection with his brother, T. P. Woodcock. As he started out in the world he recognized fully the need and value of an education and made up for his early deficiency in that direction by attending the public schools at The Dalles during the winter sessions. Later he entered the subfreshman class of the University of Oregon at Eugene and in due time was graduated from that institution in 1885 with the degree of B. S. He was afterward appointed a tutor in the university and at the same time took up the classical course which he completed by graduation in 1887, at which time the B. A. degree was conferred upon him. In the meantime his attention had been directed to the legal profession and he began reading, with the end in view of some day becoming a legal practitioner, in the office of Dolph, Mallory, Bellinger & Simon, of Portland. He was admitted to the bar in October, 1887, and in partnership with George S. Washburne began practicing in Eugene. He continued alone after the death of his old friend until May, 1903, when he was joined by L. T. Harris under the firm style of Woodcock & Harris. This relation was terminated when the latter was elected judge of the circuit court in 1905. The present firm of Woodcock & Smith was later formed and is today one of the strong combinations at the bar of Lane county. Mr. Woodcock prepares his cases with great thoroughness and care and seems to apply

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A. C. WOODCOCK

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almost intuitively the correct legal principle to the point in litigation. He holds membership with the Star Bar Association and has a wide acquaintance among the profession in Oregon.

In politics Mr. Woodcock is a stanch republican. He has served as chairman of the county central committee and has also been a member of the state committee. He belongs to the Eugene Commercial Club and the Native Sons. Fraternally he is connected with Eugene Lodge, No. 11, F. & A. M.; Eugene Chapter, No. 10, R. A. M.; Ivanhoe Commandery, No. 2. K. T.; Eugene Lodge, No. 357, B. P. O. E., and Helmet Lodge, No. 33, K. P. High regard is everywhere accorded Mr. Woodcock who is a man of marked courtesy and geniality. He has made steady progress since starting out in life on his own account and the steps in his orderly progression are easily discernible. His powers and ability have been developed through exercise and his record is indicative of what may be accomplished when determination and ambition lead the way.

GEORGE FRANCIS HALL is a prominent figure in the business circles of Union, where he has resided since 1882. He is a large landowner, and served as postmaster of his city and at the present time is conducting one of the largest mercantile enterprises in Union. He lives in a modern home in Union and is one of the city's most prominent business men. He was born in Eldorado county, California, November 23, 1855, the son of John F. and Sophia M. (Mitchell) Hall, the former a native of St. Louis, Missouri, while the latter was born in France. The paternal grandfather, who was born in England, emigrated to America when a small boy, coming on a war ship in 1812. He settled in New Orleans, where he spent several years, and then went to St. Louis, Missouri, where he married a Miss Hawks, whose parents were from Canada and among the first settlers of St. Louis. A grandaunt of Mr. Hall died in St. Louis in the early '80s and from the best records obtainable is known to have reached the age of one hundred and ten years. The grandfather continued to reside in St. Louis until his death, after which his widow married G. W. Ames, their son, George W. Ames, settled in Oregon in pioneer days. The father took part in the war with Mexico and was with the American armies which invaded Mexico City. At the termination of the war he returned home and shortly afterward started across the plains with California as his destination. He settled on Weber creek in 1850 and for a number of years was engaged in mining, residing in that state until the time of his death. In Weavertown, California, he wedded Miss Sophia M. Mitchell, the ceremony being performed by Squire Rossington. To their union ten children were born: Celia M., who now resides with her mother in Placerville, California; George Francis, of this review; W. A., of Lents, Oregon; M. M., of Portland; Mrs. S. I. Benson, of Union; Nina May, Ada Edna and John, all three of whom died in infancy; Georgie, who died June 1, 1890; and Maggie, now Mrs. Thomas Conger, of San Francisco, California. John F. Hall died in 1888, but the mother still survives at the age of seventy-six.

George F. Hall spent his boyhood in Placerville, California, where he received a good education, attending the public schools and an academy. His first steps in business were taken as a clerk in a grocery store and his next occupation was that of mining. In 1880 he went to Mississippi, being employed as a clerk by his uncle, who conducted a general mercantile store at Friars Point. At the end of two years he came to Oregon, settling at Union. The trip was made by rail as far as Kelton, Utah, and the remainder of the journey was accomplished by stage. In 1881 W. A. Hall, the brother of our subject, settled in Oregon and engaged in floating firewood down the river, establishing a wood yard. On coming to this state George F. Hall entered into partnership with his brother and they maintained the wood yard until 1883, after which they established a street sprinkling and draying business in Union and were the first to introduce modern trucks in this city. This was conducted mostly by the brother, while George F. Hall engaged as an agent for the Grande Rondo Post and also as solicitor for the Baker City Reveille, being successful in his work for both of those newspapers. He also worked for a time on the Walla Walla Democrat with equal success. When the brothers first engaged in business they had only a very limited capital, but their reputation and credit were good. In the fall of 1883 Mr. Hall was appointed postmaster, a position in which he acceptably served for nearly six years. In the meantime the brothers had established a mercantile business and the postoffice was conducted in a section of their store building. Their trade increased from year to year and after a time they were compelled to secure quarters in a larger building. This business was continued until 1905, when the brothers sold out to H. J. Lucas. Early in their business career they engaged in the stock business, conducting it in connection with the mercantile and other enterprises in which they were engaged, having at first rented land for that purpose. In February, 1897, they bought from the Ainsworth National Bank of Portland the Nodine Ranch, consisting of about thirteen hundred acres. After a time they began selling small tracts of their holdings at a handsome profit, finally disposing of the main body to the Amalgamated Sugar Company. During the time they owned and operated the land they raised a large number of horses, cattle and hogs, as well as grain, and also did a grain buying and shipping business under the name of Hall Brothers, another brother, M. M. Hall, having joined the original partner in 1883. When the railroad was completed it was the Hall Brothers who built the first warehouse at Union Junction and at that point they began shipping hay and grain, being pioneers in that line and without competitors for several years.

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They also conducted a sawmill and lumber-yard and continued in business until 1905, when they sold out. Among the holdings which the brothers still own in partnership may be mentioned sixteen hundred acres of particularly valuable timber land, which is located on Catherine creek, where an opportunity is afforded for a large reservoir. Mr. Hall personally owns some valuable property in Union, which includes a fine modern residence. He also owns in partnership with William Hutchinson about eight hundred acres of land in the Grande Ronde valley. In 1912 he again entered the mercantile business and is now conducting some of the largest stores in Union.

May 19, 1891, Mr. Hall was united in marriage to Miss Melissa May Miller, a daughter of Simon Miller, a successful stock-raiser and pioneer of the Grande Ronde valley. To them have been born five children: Herbert A., who attended the public schools; Ehrman and Eleanore G., who are students in the high school; and Harold and Alice May, both of whom are in school. In his political faith Mr. Hall is a democrat, and he has served as mayor and councilman of Union. Fraternally he is identified with the Woodmen of the World. Like his brothers, he is a very progressive man and is greatly esteemed in the community.

FRED NOSLER, in the operation of his fine farm comprising one hundred and eighty acres of fertile land in Coos county is carrying on the agricultural standards of his father, who is one of the representative citizens of the district and is bringing his land to a high state of productiveness. Mr. Nosler is a native son of Oregon, his birth having occurred in Coquille on the 8th of June, 1877. He is a son of Amos L. and Annie R. (Hatcher) Nosler, the former a native of Iowa and the latter of Missouri. His parents crossed the plains with ox teams and settled in Coos county at an early date. Their marriage occurred in this section and they lived in Coquille until 1901, when Amos Nosler bought a farm near Bridge on the middle fork of the road eleven miles above Myrtle Point and here he has since resided and cultivated the soil for eleven years. He has been engaged in mercantile pursuits at various times during his career, operating his store and postoffice near his present farm and also being identified with the hardware and butcher business when he was a resident of Coquille. He is at the present time retired, but in conjunction with his son Claude, is one of the most extensive owners of farm lands in Coos county. He is the proprietor of four hundred acres, highly improved, and is also interested in town property in Coquille. A large part of this city stands upon land which Amos Nosler originally owned. He was president and founder of the first creamery in Coos county and is today one of the enterprising and representative citizens of that section. To him and his wife four children were born, three of whom are still living: Claude H., who lives upon the old homestead; Fred, the subject of this review; Maude, the wife of A. Wilson of Coquille, Oregon; and John, who passed away when he was two years of age.

Fred Nosler was educated in the public schools of Coos county, and in the State Normal School for one year. His boyhood and youth were spent upon his father's farm. He early became acquainted with all the details relating to the tilling of the soil and the planting and harvesting, and was an expert agriculturist when he started out for himself at twenty-two years of age. He farmed in conjunction with his father and brother for four years and then bought land four miles north of Bridge and Big creek where he did general farming and conducted a model dairy for four and one half years. At the end of that time he disposed of this property and bought the farm of one hundred and eighty acres on the middle fork of the Coquille river nine miles from Myrtle Point, where he now resides. He has made a specialty of dairying. He has equipped his dairy with modern sanitary conveniences and is increasing its capacity every year. He is also interested in the raising of fancy Poland China hogs and owned the original herd in Coos county. He is enterprising, progressive and ambitious and these qualities have united to make him one of the prominent agriculturists in the state of Oregon.

In 1898 Mr. Nosler was united in marriage to Miss Oreta J. Skeels, who was born in Indiana in 1880. She is a daughter of Clay M. and Nellie (Henry) Skeels, both natives of Ohio, where they married and lived for some time. They later removed to Indiana and subsequently returned to Ohio where the father taught school for many years. In 1887 they removed to Missouri and here Clay Skeels operated a zinc mine for two years. Their residence in Oregon dates from 1889, in which year they settled in Portland and remained for a short time. Later they left this state for Washington, living in Olympia for a short time. They afterward spent four years in Salem, where the father operated a fruit and dairy farm with success for some years. In 1894 he removed to Cottage Grove, Oregon, where he conducted a general merchandise business for some time. He later disposed of his holdings in order to come to Coos county. He bought land where a portion of the town of Marshfield now stands and conducted a general merchandise store until his death in 1910. His wife is still living, and is a resident of Coquille, in the fifty-seventh year of her age. They became the parents of eight children: Charles T. of Coquille; Mary, the wife of L. Lorenz, of Bandon, Oregon; Oreta J., the wife of our subject; Grace E., who married George H. Baxter of Creswell, Oregon; Nellie and Porteus, twins, who died in infancy; Dollie May, who lives at home; and Paul, who also resides with his parents. All the children born to Mr. and Mrs. Skeels received business education. To Mr. and Mrs. Nosler have been born three children: Gladys R., whose birth occurred in March, 1899; James C., born in 1901; and Fred E., who is now six years of age.

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In his political affiliations Mr. Nosler is a stanch republican and always votes the party ticket. He and his family affiliate with the Christian church and are well known in its affairs. Mr. Nosler has sought his prosperity along agricultural lines and has been a force in the development of his section of the county.

JAMES D. SLATER, who has been successfully engaged in the practice of law since his admission to the Oregon bar more than a quarter of a century ago, is a leading and well-known attorney of La Grande. His birth occurred in Corvallis, Oregon, on the 18th of October, 1856, his father being James H. Slater, who figured prominently in public affairs and served as United States senator. A more extended review of him appears on another page of this work in connection with the sketch of Judge W. T. Slater, who served on the supreme bench.

James D. Slater obtained his early education in the public schools and subsequently attended the University of Oregon, at Eugene. Having determined upon the legal profession as a life work, he studied law in the offices of L. B. Cox and J. H. Turner at Pendleton, this state, and in 1883 entered Washington and Lee University of Lexington, Virginia, there completing a two years' course in one year. In June, 1884, he was graduated at the head of his class with the degree of Bachelor of Laws. Returning to Oregon, he was admitted to the bar in October, 1884, and has since remained in the active practice of law at La Grande. His practice is extensive and of an important character. He is remarkable among lawyers for the wide research and provident care with which he prepares his cases. At no time has his reading ever been confined to the limitations of the question at issue. It has gone beyond and compassed every contingency and provided not alone for the expected but for the unexpected, which happens in the courts quite as frequently as out of them. Since his father's demise Mr. Slater has managed the family estate in connection with his law practice.

In November, 1888, Mr. Slater was united in marriage to Miss Fannie B. Hayes, of Macon, Missouri, her parents being Isaac and Margaret Hayes, who, after spending some time in New York state, came to Oregon in 1885. Here Mr. Hayes devoted his attention to mercantile pursuits.

Mr. Slater gives his political allegiance to the democratic party and has served as mayor of La Grande for two terms. Fraternally he is identified with the Woodmen of the World, while in religious faith he is an Episcopalian. His personal characteristics and social qualities are pronounced and he is an acceptable companion in any society in which intelligence is a necessary attribute to agreeableness.

JOHN GERBER is engaged quite extensively in farming in Washington county. He cultivates a forty-acre tract of land which he owns, also two hundred and forty acres which he rents. He has lived a life of diligence and determination, and whatever success he has achieved is attributable to these qualities. He was born in Switzerland, April 12, 1874. He is a son of Ulrich and Annie Gerber, who left the land of the Alps in 1876, when their son John was a little lad of two years, and made their way to the new world, settling upon a farm in Washington county, Oregon. This farm the father continued to till and improve until his death in 1910. For a decade, he had survived his wife, who passed away in 1900, and was laid to rest in Union cemetery in Washington county. Following her demise, he wedded Mrs. Wyman, the widow of Peter Wyman. The children of the first marriage were four in number: Alice, now deceased; John; Minnie, the wife of Adolph Badger, of North Plains, Oregon; and Samuel, still living in Washington county. By the second marriage there was one daughter, Clara, now nine years of age.

No event of special importance occurred to vary the routine of farm life for John Gerber, during his boyhood and youth. He was reared in the old homestead in Washington county, early becoming familar with the duties and labors that fall to the lot of the agriculturist, his time being divided between the work of the fields and the attainment of a common-school education. He assisted his father until he reached the age of twenty-five years, and then, desirous that his labors should more directly benefit himself, he purchased a small tract of land in Washington county which he has since cultivated, owning at the present time forty acres of highly improved land. In addition, he leases a tract of two hundred and forty acres. He has the entire amount under a splendid state of cultivation so that the fields annually return to him a gratifying income. His methods of farming are most progressive; the results achieved indicate how practical is the course he pursues.

On the 28th of December, 1905, Mr. Gerber was married to Miss Mary Wyman, who was born in Washington county, Oregon, and is of Swiss lineage, her parents, who were natives of Switzerland, having come to the United States in 1878. They cast in their lot with the farming people of Washington county, and the father engaged actively in cultivating his fields up to the time of his death in 1895. His widow still resides upon the old homestead, which he had developed from a wild and unimproved tract of land into a state of rich fertility. The children in their family were: Arnold, who is living on the old home place; Mrs. Gerber; Emma, the wife of Jacob Stoller, of Washington county; Paulina, Lillie and Louisa, all at home. Mr. and Mrs. Gerber are the parents of a son and daughter: Louis William, born November 1, 1907; and Adaline P., born November 22, 1908. Mr. and Mrs. Gerber are members of the Baptist church; and he is a republican in politics, but with somewhat liberal views. He has never actively participated in public affairs, beyond performing his duties of citizenship; for it has ever been his chief ambition to acquire a

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good home and comfortable competence for himself and family. To this end, he prefers to give his undivided attention to the occupation which he has chosen as his life work. Mr. Gerber's fields present a neat and attractive appearance, and his diligence has constituted the key which has unlocked for him the portals of success.

JAMES P. ATWOOD, M. D., is a prominent and capable physician of Baker, residing at No. 2302 Main street in the large, fine old home which he erected in 1883. It stands in the midst of a splendid lawn adorned with lambert, silver poplar and box elder trees, all of which were set out by him. The appearance of the home at once bespeaks comfort and convenience and it is a fitting place in which to spend the hours of leisure when professional duties are not making strenuous demand upon his time and efforts.

Dr. Atwood was born in Green county, Wisconsin, March 19, 1846. His father, Aurelius Fielden Atwood, was born in Clark county, Indiana, January 1, 1817, and in that state and in Illinois he was reared. In the latter he wedded Rosannah B. Hays, whose birth occurred in Ohio in 1827. Her girlhood, however, was largely passed in Illinois and both were pioneer settlers of Sangamon county, that state, where A. F. Atwood formed the acquaintance of Abraham Lincoln, then a young man. In 1845 they removed to the territory of Wisconsin and Mr. Atwood secured a claim from the United States government. He at once began its development and continued to make his home thereon until March, 1853, when, as yet undeterred by the experiences and hardships of frontier life, he started across the plains with his family to establish a home and aid in the upbuilding of the northwest.

A year before Dr. Atwood's birth Pervine Atwood, an uncle of the Doctor, started from Illinois to the Pacific coast as a member of a train that crossed the plains. At length he reached the Willamette valley and secured lots now included within the city limits of Portland and later located squatter's claims in the Willamette valley. He went to California when gold was discovered there and engaged in mining. He also established a store at Sacramento but the high water came and flooded the store, but he managed to escape with his life. He made considerable money at mining and through investment in town property in both Sacramento and San Francisco. In 1850 he returned to Wisconsin, where he purchased land and carried on farming and stock-raising, his well directed labors bringing him wealth as the years passed. He had a large family and died at Brodhead, Wisconsin, in 1911, when eighty-eight years of age. He was the first of the family to come to the coast, but, as previously stated, in March, 1853, A. F. Atwood started with his family, driving across the country with four mules hitched to a freight wagon and two horses to draw the lighter wagon in which rode the family. They arrived at Corvallis, Oregon, in September and Mr. Atwood secured a donation claim of three hundred and twenty acres four miles south of the town. This he developed and improved and also bought adjoining land until he was the owner of six hundred and forty acres, which he continued to cultivate until 1868. He then sold out and went to Washington territory, taking up a claim about eighteen miles from Walla Walla, where Bolles Junction now stands. He died there in March, 1889, having for about eight years survived his wife, who passed away in January, 1881. He did little farming but devoted his attention to the raising of stock. In early days he had engaged in school-teaching. He had been educated for surveying and civil engineering but entered the schoolroom as an instructor and to that profession devoted his energies until he took up farming and stock-raising as a life work. His early political support was given to the democratic party but he afterward became a stanch republican. He was also a member of the United Brethren church in early life. His family numbered five sons and five daughters, of whom three survive: James P.; Willie, a resident of California; and Eslie.

Dr. Atwood remained at home with his parents until twenty-one years of age. He supplemented his public-school course by a year's study in the Corvallis College and about two years in Sublimity College of Oregon. On attaining his majority he took up the study of medicine after having previously engaged in teaching in Washington. It was in 1867 that he began preparation for the profession in the medical department of the Willamette University at Salem, from which he was graduated on the 3d of March, 1870. Not yet content with the preparation he had already made, he went to New York and was graduated from the medical department of Columbia University with the class of 1874. During the interval between his two college courses, however, he practiced at La Grande, Oregon, for a year and since 1871 he has practiced continuously in Baker save for the period which he spent in the east in post-graduate work. He has pursued two post-graduate courses in the Polyclinic in New York, one in 1897 and the other in 1901. He engages in the general practice of medicine and his post-graduate work and his private study have kept him in close touch with the advancement made by the medical fraternity as investigation and research have broadened their knowledge and promoted their efficiency. Dr. Atwood also gives his supervision to two ranches which he owns, together comprising over five hundred acres, forty acres of one lying within the corporation limits of Baker.

In 1882 Dr. Atwood was married to Miss Florence Thompson, who was born in Philadelphia, Pennsylvania, in 1861. She was an adopted daughter of John Thompson, with whom she came to Oregon in 1881. The only child of this marriage is James Pervine, who is a ranchman of Baker county. The wife and mother died in September, 1902.

In politics Dr. Atwood is a republican and is conversant with the leading questions and issues of the day, which enables him to support his position by intelligent argument, yet

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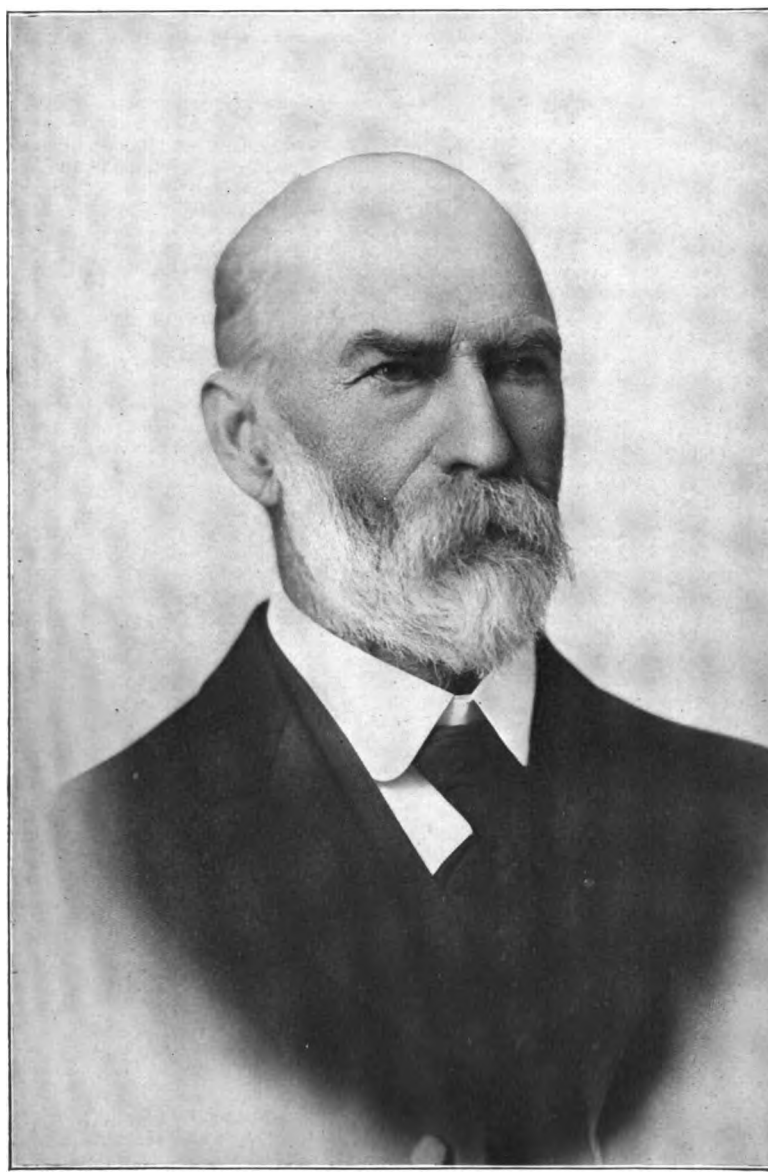

DR. J. P. ATWOOD

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he does not seek nor desire public office. He is an exemplary representative of the Masonic fraternity and in his practice finds ample opportunity to embody the teachings of the craft. His has been a well spent life, his labors, indeed, proving a serviceable element in the community where he has now long lived and labored.

JAKE BETTIS. The name of Bettis is closely associated with the agricultural interests of Washington county where the family has been represented since 1907. Jake Bettis was born in Tennessee on the 3d of April, 1883, and his parents John C. and Alice (Huffaker) Bettis, were also natives of that state. The father was born January 27, 1856, a son of Allen and Elizabeth (Phillips) Bettis, both of whom were natives of Tennessee and were there married. Allen Bettis passed away in that state in 1910 at the advanced age of eighty-five years, and his wife, now eighty-five years of age, is still living on the old homestead where she has remained since her marriage. In their family were seven children: P. C., George and James, all of Tennessee; Thomas of Anthony, Kansas; John C.; and Eliza and Sarah Jane, who died in Tennessee.

Spending his youthful days in his native state, John C. Bettis started out in life on his own account when twenty-five years of age, carrying on agricultural pursuits in Tennessee until 1907, when, thinking to find better opportunities in the northwest, he came to Oregon, settling in Washington county. There he purchased a farm of one hundred and fifty-seven acres which he has since cultivated, making many excellent improvements upon it.

While in Tennessee John C. Bettis was married to Miss Alice Huffaker, who was born in Knox county, that state, as were her parents, Marshall and Mary Jane (Campbell) Huffaker, who spent their entire lives in their native county, the father passing away in 1897 and the mother in 1907. Of their seven children Mrs. Bettis is the eldest, the others being: Josie, now deceased; William, living in the state of Washington; Annie, the wife of Dr. King, of Jefferson City, Tennessee; Bettie, who is living with Mrs. Bettis; Florence, of Knox county, Tennessee; and Dr. Floyd Huffaker, of Knox county, Tennessee. Unto Mr. and Mrs. John C. Bettis have been born seven children: Jake and Charles, who are partners in business; William, Elizabeth, Clarence, Pearl and Vada, who are still at home. The parents hold membership in the Baptist church and in that faith they reared their family. They are well known in the community where they reside and during the period of their residence here have gained many friends. Mr. Bettis gives his political support to the republican party and fraternally is connected with the Independent Order of Odd Fellows at Piedmont, Jefferson county.

Jake Bettis attended the public schools of Tennessee in the acquirement of his education and afterward became a college student. He was a young man of twenty-four years at the time of the migration to the northwest. He has since been associated with his brother Charles in business. The latter, too, is a college man and their liberal education constitutes the foundation upon which they have builded their advancement. The farm which they are now operating together is pleasantly located a mile and a half northeast of Hillsboro, and comprises two hundred and twenty acres of cultivable land and one hundred and eighty acres of timber. Jake Bettis first started out for himself on attaining his majority and for a short time engaged in clerking in Hillsboro, after which he and his brother took charge of the farm which now claims their time and energies. It is one of the best farms in the neighborhood and in its excellent appearance gives evidence of their careful supervision and practical, progressive methods. They utilize the latest improved machinery to facilitate the work of the fields and as the years pass on they are meeting with excellent success.

Both of the brothers are supporters of the republican party and Mr. Bettis became a member of the Odd Fellows society when in Tennessee. Their interests, however, center upon their business which, capably directed, is proving profitable, their work placing them among the foremost agriculturists of their district.

GEORGE BAIRD is one of the industrious and highly respected citizens of Union. He was born in Putnam county, Missouri, January 27, 1862, and is the son of Thomas P. and Lydia B. (Ledford) Baird. His father was a native of Tennessee and his mother of Kentucky.

Thomas P. Baird in early life removed from his native state to Kentucky, where he remained for some time and later he established his home in Missouri. In 1849 he emigrated to California, crossing the great American desert with ox teams and remaining on the Pacific coast for four years, after which he returned to Missouri, where he continued to reside until 1863. In the early part of that year in company with sixty other emigrants to the far west, he again crossed the plains with ox teams and horses and in addition to their draft stock they also drove with them a band of mixed stock, including horses, oxen and cows. On reaching the Burnt river they encountered hostile marauding Indians who drove away the best stock, including many of their oxen and draft horses, Mr. Baird himself suffering the loss of all of his stock except one ox and one cow, which he yoked into a team and with them completed the journey from the Burnt river to Union. Their long trip from Missouri to the point of their destination required a period of six months, during which time many of the party halted by the wayside. Others, becoming discouraged, turned back and returned to their former homes and in their places other wandering emigrants were occasionally picked up and added to their train. On reaching the Grande Ronde valley Mr. Baird filed upon a homestead one and one-half miles from Union and very shortly thereafter purchased an additional one hundred and sixty acres adjoin-

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ing his preemption claim, thus giving him a total of three hundred and twenty acres of valuable ranch and agricultural land in this state. Upon that property he built a comfortable log cabin in which to house his family and began at once to improve and cultivate his farm. At the time he entered the Grande Ronde valley only a very few homes had been established in the vicinity of what is now the site of Union and they had only preceded him in their settlement during the previous year. He is justly entitled to have his name written on the honored roll among the early pioneers of Union county. Upon his original homestead he remained with his family until 1874 and in that year he disposed of his ranch at a fair profit, selling to Taylor B. Green, who was one of the party composing the emigration train of which Mr. Baird was also a member in 1863. The property is now owned by A. E. Eaton but is still known throughout the county as the Green ranch. After disposing of his land to Mr. Green, our subject purchased a homestead in the Thief valley, Union county, where he engaged in farming and stock-raising. The valley in which he located obtained its forbidding name because it included a territory in that part of the state which for many years had been the rendezvous of a band of horse and stock thieves from the early days. After moving upon his newly acquired property he engaged at once in general farming and stock-raising and continued to give his attention to the interests of that business until 1880, at which time he sold his ranch and at once purchased two ranches in the Antelope valley, one of which is known as the Brennan place and the other as the Baird place. He removed his family to his new home in the Antelope valley, where he continued to reside until 1897, at which time he sold at a fair profit that property to Smith & Hale and afterward purchased eighty acres, known as the George Watt place, of which he later sold all but four acres to A. E. Eaton and the four remaining acres became afterward the property upon which was located the county poor farm. Previous to this last sale of his real-estate holdings Mr. Baird had accumulated an amount of property sufficient to enable him to live in retirement but had the misfortune later in the panic of 1893 to lose nearly all of his hard-earned, accumulated resources. During the immediate years following the panic he maintained his residence in Union until the time of his death, which occurred in 1907, at the advanced age of eighty-six years. He was a man of an enduring constitution and despite the hardships of pioneer life retained the use of all his natural powers until the last few years of his life. Mr. and Mrs. Baird were united in marriage in the state of Missouri and they were the parents of eight children, five sons and three daughters. One of the sons resides in California, two in Idaho, two in Oregon and one in Seattle, Washington. One daughter is a resident of Nevada and the youngest daughter is deceased.

George Baird is the youngest member of his father's family and remained under the parental roof until he was eighteen years of age. During the early period of his boyhood life he made seven trips across the trail with stock, going into Idaho, Wyoming and Montana. On one of these trips, which occurred during the Bannock Indian war, they were hemmed in by the Indians at Dry Creek for two weeks. There were about one hundred in their party and during the time they were surrounded by hostile Indians they endured much physical suffering in addition to constant anxiety concerning their probable fate. They were, however, fortunately rescued by United States troops from Boise and every member of their party was brought out alive from what had proven to be a mountain prison in which they had served a guiltless but enforced term for a period of two anxious weeks. On reaching Boise they learned that another party of white people had been corralled by the Indians at Willow creek and Mr. Baird promptly tendered his volunteer services to go with the government troops to their rescue, but owing to his extreme youth he was refused service as an enlisted volunteer. Notwithstanding this disappointment he joined the party of soldiers and went with them to assist in saving the lives of the imperilled white people. Just before reaching the location of their imprisoned friends they learned that three white men had recently been killed just ahead of them. They encountered no additional alarms or trouble after that and were successful in their mission of taking relief to the people of Willow creek. At the age of eighteen Mr. Baird engaged in the barber business, in which he continued for four years, after which he gave his attention to various matters of interest for some time and then reestablished himself in the barber business in Union, continuing in the pursuit of his trade for a period of six years. In 1891 he opened a merchandising establishment to which he gave his attention until 1907. During that period he was also in the employ of the Pacific States Telephone Company, with which he continued until May, 1910. As a representative of the telephone company his headquarters were at Union but his duties necessitated his spending much of his time on the road, looking after the affairs connected with the interests of the company. After closing his relations with the Pacific States Telephone Company he entered into a copartnership with Thomas Brasher under the firm name of Brasher & Baird and engaged in the real-estate business, and in the month of December, 1910, he took charge of the Home Independent Telephone Company with headquarters at Union. This, however, was not included as a part of his real-estate business but wholly an independent interest of his own.

December 25, 1885, Mr. Baird was united in marriage to Miss Minnie Seamans, she having removed from her native state, Arkansas, to this state with her father's family in the late '70s. Mr. Baird is the owner of a very beautiful ranch property in this county and other property in and about Union. Fraternally he is associated with the Independent Order of Odd Fellows. He is one of the

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accredited and highly respected citizens of Union and is much esteemed for his known loyalty to his friends and associates, and is always interested in the advancement and welfare of the people of his state and county.

C. C. FERGUSON, a well known and highly successful real-estate and insurance agent in Newberg, is the son of one of Yamhill county's honored pioneer citizens. His birth occurred in the vicinity of La Fayette on December 17, 1863, his parents being J. L. and Parmelia Jane (Bird) Ferguson. The father was born and reared in Kentucky, whence he came to Oregon in 1852, locating in La Fayette, where he engaged in business. He became one of the influential and affluent citizens of the county, and at one time owned about two thousand acres of land in this vicinity. His political support was accorded to the democratic party, and he always took an active interest in all governmental affairs, and for two years represented this county in the state legislature. As he was a man of forceful character, possessing strong powers of organization and good executive ability he was called upon to serve the public in innumerable ways during the early days. He was always ready and willing to do anything in his power to promote the interests of the community or to advance the development of the country. Realizing the need of higher institutions of learning in this section he was one of those who founded the agricultural college at Corvallis, which at that time was a denominational school, being under the control of the Methodist Episcopal (South) church. To him is also due considerable credit for developing the industrial interests of this part of the state, as he was one of the active promoters of the first woolen mills established at Oregon City. He was highly esteemed throughout the county, not only for the enterprise he had manifested in promoting various public utilities, but because of his many fine personal traits, that made him a friend much to be desired. There was deep and sincere regret throughout the community when he passed away in August, 1903, as, although he had attained the venerable age of seventy-two, he was still recognized as one of the strong personalities of the county. The mother of our subject was a daughter of John Bird, one of the well known pioneer settlers of the county. Her death occurred at the age of forty-six years. Of the marriage of Mr. and Mrs. Ferguson there were born four sons and three daughters, as follows: Ella, the deceased wife of Clarence Baker, who has a son and a daughter living in this county; C. C., our subject; Nettie, who is deceased; Ray, who is a resident of La Fayette, Oregon; James L., who is living in Newberg; Maggie Jane, the wife of ex-Senator Caldwell, now living at Ontario, this state; and Lynn, who is engaged in the drug business in Newberg.

Reared in this county, at the usual age C. C. Ferguson entered the local common schools, where he pursued his preliminary education. He subsequently supplemented this by a course in the agricultural college at Corvallis, after which he returned home and for two years thereafter engaged in farming. At the expiration of that time he took up his residence in La Fayette, entering the employ of the Southern Pacific Railway Company, whom he served for several years in the capacity of freight and passenger agent at that point. He next went to Oregon City, where for two years he was engaged in mercantile pursuits, subsequently returning to his ranch upon which he resided until he disposed of it. Immediately following this he located in Newberg, engaging in the real-estate and insurance business in which he has ever since continued. This has proven to be very successful and he now has a fine line of both city and country property, while he is the local representative of the Norwich Insurance Company of London, England, and the Pacific Home Mutual Fire Insurance Company. He is an enterprising, capable business man, who conducts his transactions in an upright, straightforward manner, always retaining the respect and confidence of those with whom he has dealings.

On the 27th of September, 1885, Mr. Ferguson was united in marriage to Miss Katie G. Olds, who was born and reared in Yamhill county and is a daughter of James and Nancy (Parker) Olds, both of whom are now deceased. Of the marriage of Mr. and Mrs. Ferguson there have been born two daughters: Helena, who is a teacher in the Newberg High school; and Mildred, who is still attending school.

Mr. Ferguson's fraternal connections are confined to his membership in the Woodmen of the World. His political allegiance he has always accorded to the democratic party, and he is now and has been for the past two years a member of the town council. He was a delegate to the state convention held at Pendleton at the time of Cleveland's first nomination, and has always taken an earnest interest in all political activities. Although the duties of his own business make great demands upon his time and energy, Mr. Ferguson is too public-spirited a man to neglect his responsibilities as a citizen of the community, and he gives much of his attention to furthering the development of the town along the various lines of general interest. At the present he is a member of the building committee of the Carnegie Library, which is now in course of construction, and he has often served in similar capacities during the period of his residence here. He is widely known throughout the county where he has spent hs entire life, and is held in favorable regard by a large circle of acquaintances, many of whom have known him from early childhood.

EDWARD CRANSTON BOWEN is engaged in farming near Baker and is a western man by birth, training and preference. He was born in Idaho City, February 11, 1864, one of a family of thirteen children, seven sons and six daughters, whose parents were I. B. and Ann (Dooley) Bowen. The father, who was born on the Mohawk river in Michigan,

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was a locomotive engineer and machinist. In Illinois he wedded Ann Dooley, a native of New York, and after living in Illinois several years they removed westward to Oregon in 1862, crossing the plains with ox teams. In September they arrived at Auburn, Oregon, and the father, in company with Mr. Leverage, owned and operated the first sawmill in eastern Oregon. They afterward removed their mill to Idaho City, Idaho, in the spring of 1863, having the first plant of that kind there. In 1864 Mr. Bowen became interested in the mercantile firm of Brooks & Cranston, the name being then changed to Bowen & Cranston. He followed merchandising afterward in various places, including Auburn, Clark's Creek, Salem and Baker City, until 1870, when he and his partner became interested in building the Eagle canal then being constructed to furnish water to the Koosta mines. He then engaged in merchandising and in managing the ditch until about 1876, when he came to Baker City and purchased and conducted the Cosmopolitan Hotel, remaining its proprietor until his death in May, 1881. His wife died April 25, 1902, in Baker.

Edward C. Bowen attended pay schools and the public schools of Baker county and entered business life as a dealer in cattle on the Powder river. Later he was in Malheur county near Castle Rock, and in January, 1904, removed to the farm which he now owns, comprising about five hundred acres on Powder river nearly four miles south of Baker. Thereon he is largely engaged in stock-raising and also in the production of hay, cutting from four to five hundred tons each year. He also has over one hundred acres of grain land and his property is valued at one hundred dollars per acre. He also runs cattle and horses upon his place. His land is well improved according to modern methods, good buildings are upon his farm, and he has the best water right on Powder river for irrigation.

Mr. Bowen was married in Baker City, June 12, 1894, to Miss Euphrosyne Relling, who was born in Portland, Oregon, July 10, 1874, a daughter of John Michael Relling, who was a native of Holland.

Mr. and Mrs. Edward C. Bowen have four sons and two daughters: Dudley E., whose birth occurred May 25, 1895, now attending the high school; Francis A., born July 29, 1897; Mary Kathleen, born February 8, 1900; Edward Clifford, born March 18, 1902; Robert R., born January 9, 1905; and Marcella Grace, born December 9, 1906. All are now in school and it is the purpose of their parents to give them the best educational opportunities possible and so train them that they may become upright and useful men and women. Mrs. Bowen was educated in Peoria, Illinois, and in St. Louis, Missouri. She attended the Academy of the Lady of the Sacred Heart conducted by the Sisters of St. Joseph, and later the St. Joseph Academy at Carondelet, St. Louis, Missouri. She had instructions in oil, crayon and pastel painting and has received a number of prizes for her work. She still continues to paint and her artistic nature has found expression in many beautiful pictures. Mr. and Mrs. Bowen have an attractive home and are held in high esteem by all who know them. He is a democrat of the Cleveland school and the religious faith of himself and family is that of the Roman Catholic church. He deserves much credit for what he has accomplished for he has worked hard, and a busy and useful life has brought him his success.

W. B. PIPER is a respected and very successful dairy farmer, whose home is located fourteen miles up the north fork of the Coos river, in Coos county. He was born in Guelph, Canada, July 18, 1849, and is the son of Stephen and Frances (Frederick) Piper, the former a native of England and the latter of Pennsylvania. The parents were married in Canada, where the father died in 1900. The mother is still living and continues to maintain her residence in that country. To Mr. and Mrs. Piper ten children were born, the subject of this review being the eldest member of the family. A brother, James Piper, is a resident of southern California and the remaining members of the family reside in Canada.

W. B. Piper received his early education in the Dominion of Canada and remained under the parental roof until he was twenty-one years of age. At that time he moved to Oregon, where he first was employed in sawmills in various sections of the state. In 1883 he moved to the Coos river district and there purchased one hundred and seventy acres of land which he improved and upon which he has since continued to reside. He is engaged in dairy farming and in that business he has been very successful, his farm being one of the most perfectly equipped and highly improved of its kind in his part of the state.

On July 7, 1872, Mr. Piper was united in marriage to Miss Ada Clinkenbeard, a native of Douglas county, Oregon, and a daughter of James L. and Mary A. (Holman) Clinkenbeard, the former of whom was born in Kentucky and the latter in Missouri. The father emigrated to Oregon in 1847, when a young man, and settled upon a donation claim located on Tualitin plains. He, however, maintained his residence in Portland for a number of years, after which he moved to Wilbur, in Douglas county, and there purchased a large ranch, upon which he lived for many years and then removed to Coos Bay and retired from active business. The mother as a young girl emigrated with her parents to Oregon in 1845 and celebrated her marriage some years later in Portland. Mr. and Mrs. Clinkenbeard after a residence of a few years in Portland removed to Wilbur, Douglas county, where they purchased a large ranch, upon which they resided for many years and then removed to Coos Bay, where their remaining days were passed. To them nine children were born, all of whom reside in Oregon except one sister, who makes her home in Washington, and a brother and two sisters, who are residents of California. Mrs. Piper received her early

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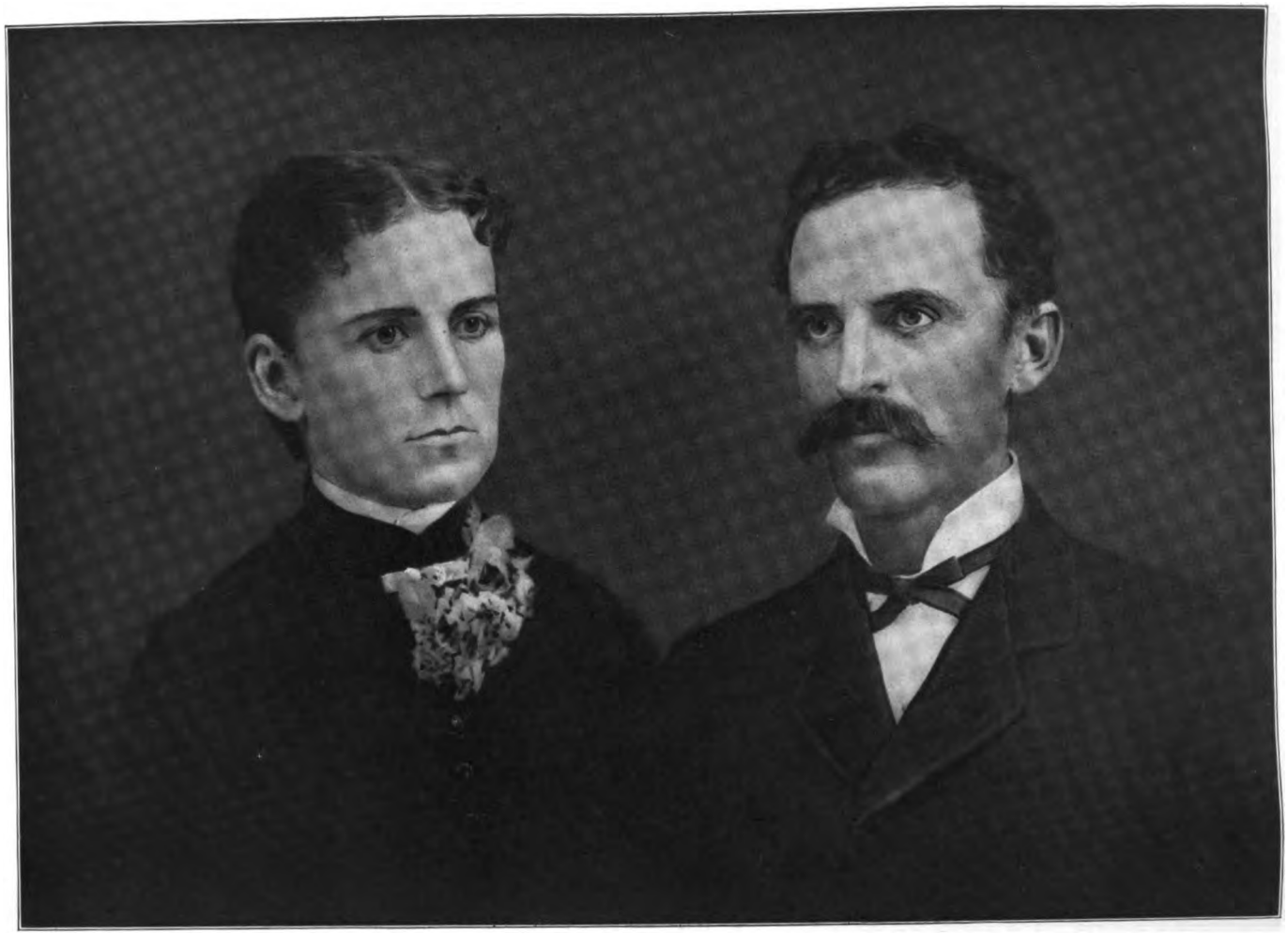

MR. AND MRS. W. B. PIPER

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education in the public schools of Oregon and later was graduated from Wilbur Academy, and for some time previous to her marriage was engaged in teaching school. Mr. and Mrs. Piper are the parents of four children. William F., born in 1873, attended the Oregon State Agricultural College and is now employed in dredging in the service of the government. Mrs. Harry B. Webster, the second child, was born in 1874 and now resides in Los Angeles, California. Claude B., born in 1877, is married and lives on the old homestead. Mrs. Florence Nowlin, who completes the family, is also married and resides on the home farm.

Mr. Piper is a member of the republican party but is very liberal in his political views, and fraternally is a member of the Masonic lodge of Marshfield. He is one of the well known and highly respected citizens of Coos county. As a farmer specializing in the dairy business he is known to be one of the most scientific and up-to-date men of his class engaged in that special feature of farming. He has taken great pride in the development and improvement of his property, which is now one of the finest places of its kind in his part of the state.

STEPHEN A. LOWELL. The list of the leading citizens of Oregon contains the name of Stephen Arthur Lowell, who is one of the representative residents of Umatilla county. His record as a lawyer, as a public official and as a publicist, has gained for him the confidence and good-will of all with whom he has been brought in contact. As judge of the circuit court of the state he won high encomiums from his fellowmen by reason of the fidelity with which he discharged his official duties. Moreover, he has done much to mold public sentiment in support of material, moral and civic ideals, and progressive political policies. As a lecturer and writer for the press his eloquence and clear thinking have made a lasting impress upon the state.

The subject of this sketch was born in West Minot, Androscoggin county, Maine, January 1, 1859. His parents were William and Hannah (Attwood) Lowell, the latter a descendant of the Pilgrims. She was born in 1824, and lived to an advanced age, passing away in Oregon in 1911. The father, William Lowell, a member of the famous New England family of that name, was a country merchant, and in his time a distinguished political leader in the Pine Tree state. In early life he was an old line whig, and when new issues arose he became one of the founders of the republican party. He represented his district in both branches of the Maine legislature, and participated in the enactment of the historic legislation of that state, including the first prohibition law, of which he was an ardent supporter. He was born in 1803 and died in 1889.

Stephen A. Lowell was educated in the public schools of Maine, at Hebron Academy and Bates College, from which latter institution he was graduated in 1882. receiving the Bachellor of Arts degree, later followed by that of Master of Arts in course. In early manhood he engaged in teaching, beginning that work at seventeen years of age. For a year he was principal of Foxcroft Academy in Piscataquis county, Maine, but in 1883 he began the study of law in the office of Judge George C. Wing of Auburn, Maine, who directed his legal studies until his admission to the bar of his native state in 1885. Mr. Lowell was appointed by Governor Marble a member of the state board of normal school trustees, and served thereon until he came to Oregon in 1891.

Upon his arrival in this state he located in Pendleton, where he has since resided. For a time he was engaged in the newspaper business, as editor of the Pendleton Tribune, but in the fall of 1892 he became associated with the late Thomas Griffin Hailey in the practice of law, under the firm name of Hailey & Lowell. He has served as city attorney of Pendleton and also as clerk of the supreme court for its eastern Oregon district. In 1895 Governor Lord appointed him judge of the circuit court of the state, vice James A. Fee, resigned, and in 1896 he was elected by the people to the same office, and continued upon the bench until 1900, when he declined renomination and resumed the active practice of his profession, forming a partnership with Henry J. Bean, now a member of the Oregon supreme court. In 1902 the old firm of Hailey & Lowell was revived, and continued until Mr. Hailey was appointed associate justice of the state supreme court in 1905. Judge Lowell then practiced alone until he organized the partnership of Lowell & Winter in 1907, the junior member being John P. Winter, one of the ablest of Oregon's lawyers, which partnership continued until May, 1912. Judge Lowell is regarded as one of the leading lawyers of the state, and has a clientage of distinctively representative character, which connects him with important litigation in the courts of the eastern counties, and the federal courts. He is a brilliant advocate, remarkably successful before juries, impressive in equity cases, and a safe counsellor. Systematic and methodical in habit, sober and discreet in judgment, anxious that justice shall be done, conscientious in the discharge of every duty, he easily takes rank among the leaders upon the bench and at the bar. Had his lot been cast in a great city, no fame would have risen higher in Oregon.

Judge Lowell is pleasantly situated in his home life, having been married in West Minot, Maine, June 4, 1884, to Miss Ella Purington, daughter of Elisha and Sarah (Williamson) Purington, of North Anson, Maine. They have two children: William E. Lowell, born June 29, 1888, who is a graduate of the University of Oregon, and engaged in the newspaper business; and Margaret, born July 6, 1892, now a student in music at Pacific University. The family attend the Congregational church, and Judge Lowell is prominent in fraternal relations. He belongs to the Masonic fraternity, and served as master of Pendleton lodge in 1909, and as grand orator of the grand lodge of the state

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in 1912. He is a member of the State Historical Society, and of the Oregon Society, Sons of the American Revolution.

Always a republican in politics, although never an extreme partisan, he has been a most vigorous and consistent advocate of political decency, and a tireless opponent of machine domination. He has fearlessly arrayed himself in opposition to all special privileges and espoused the cause of the average man. His writings which have appeared in the leading journals of the state, have awakened wide-spread interest, and called forth strong commendation from the patriotic element in all parties. For thirty years Mr. Lowell has been a popular and efficient public speaker, his services being in demand upon all occasions. He has delivered addresses upon almost every subject demanding attention in his time. Perhaps no other citizen of Oregon has addressed so many audiences upon so wide a variety of topics.

His platform work in attracting attention to Oregon's undeveloped resources, the opening of the Columbia river to commerce, the adoption of a comprehensive water code, and the establishment of national irrigation enterprises, constitutes an important chapter in the history of the commonwealth. As president of the State Bar Association he supported the movement, then in its infancy, for the initiative and referendum, giving it its first substantial impetus toward adoption by the people. In advocacy of the Australian ballot and the direct primary he was a pioneer, and has always been a vigorous advocate of equal suffrage. He is recognized as a man of unquestioned integrity of character, fearless in the discharge of his duties, and in the expression of his honest convictions. He possesses the force of a statesman, but has never been willing to practice the arts of the politician. He has labored earnestly for public welfare, and his efforts have redounded to the credit of his city, county and state.

CHARLES A. BURDEN, the senior member of the Burden & Graham Shoe Company, of Eugene, was born in Bowmanville, near Toronto, Canada, July 1, 1870, a son of Samuel and Isabella (Younie) Burden, natives of Devonshire, England, and Canada, respectively. The father emigrated from the mother country to Canada with his parents at the age of eight years. He received a good education in the schools of Canada and became a teacher, a profession which he followed for many years. Later in life, however, he embarked in the wholesale and retail produce business, in which connection, he remained until his death in 1898, when he had reached the age of sixty-eight years. In his fraternal connections he was a Knight Templar Mason. The mother, who was of Scotch extraction, was a cousin of Lord Mount Stevens.

Charles A. Burden was educated in the common and high schools of Canada, after which he took a two years' course in Yale College. During the last five years of the time in which he was obtaining his education he worked at cabinet-making, thus earning money to support himself while gaining his education. He settled in Oregon in the fall of 1897, where his previous training and experience secured him a position of physical director in the University of Oregon, a position which he held with distinction to himself and credit to that institution for nine years. At the close of that period, desiring to enter commercial pursuits, he formed a partnership with David M. Graham and they bought the retail shoe business of Frank Hampton. Entering upon this business with a broad knowledge of men, a reasonable amount of capital and the ability to look after details to which he had trained himself in his educational career, he was able to be of great service to the firm and this concern is now one of the well known retail shoe stores in Eugene.

Mr. Burden was married June 23, 1903, to Miss Carrie May Hovey, a daughter of the Hon. A. G. Hovey, of whom mention is made on another page of this volume. Mrs. Burden is a member of the Christian Science church of Eugene.

Any city is fortunate in having among its citizens and business men so capable and well educated a man as Charles A. Burden, who possesses those qualities of education, energy, industry and ambition which make for good citizenship. Aside from the business which requires most of his time and which he helps so ably in managing, he takes time to assist in the civic and social duties of Eugene and vicinity and is an extremely popular man in the wide circle in which he moves.

ARTHUR B. FLINT, a progressive and enterprising agriculturist residing at Scholls, eight miles southwest of Beaverton, devotes his time and energies to the operation of a farm of two hundred and thirty-five acres. He is numbered among the worthy native sons of this state, his birth having occurred in Washington county, on the 8th of March, 1870. His parents, Benjamin T. and Julia E. Flint, are mentioned at greater length on another page of this work. Our subject supplemented his early education by a course of study in the University of Oregon, attending that institution during the years 1898 and 1899. When a young man of twenty-four years he started out as an agriculturist on his own account, taking charge of his father's farm of five hundred acres and operating the same until 1908. In that year the property was divided between himself and his brother, two hundred and thirty-five acres thereof being his share. Under his care the tract has become one of the best improved farms of the locality, two hundred acres thereof being under a high state of cultivation. He raises the cereals best adapted to soil and climate, each year harvesting good crops as a reward for the care and labor which he bestows upon the fields.

On the 9th of November, 1898, Mr. Flint was united in marriage to Miss Cornelia A. York, a native of Arkansas and a daughter of John W. and Margaret York, who were born in North Carolina. They resided in

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that state until the early '70s and then removed to Arkansas, while the year 1876 witnessed their arrival in Washington county, Oregon. There Mr. York operated a farm until 1910, when he took up his abode in Hillsboro and has since enjoyed the fruits of his former toil in well earned ease. He and his wife have five living children and one daughter, Martha L., who was the wife of W. H. French and passed away, April 25, 1909; the others are: Charity, the wife of W. R. Baldra, of Portland; Joel T., living at Reedville, Oregon; Mrs. Flint; John A., who is a resident of Douglas, Arizona, and Alice, the wife of Thomas Hughes, of Portland. Mr. and Mrs. Flint have three children, namely: Julia E., whose natal day was December 26, 1901; Leland A., whose birth occurred on the 2d of March, 1903; and Waldo B., who was born on the 27th of June, 1907.

Mr. Flint gives his political allegiance to the republican party and for one term, from 1904 until 1906, ably represented his county in the state legislature. He likewise assisted in organizing the Grange and became one of its charter members. His life has been one of continuous activity and today he is numbered among the substantial and esteemed citizens of his native county.

ROBERT S. FRENCH, a retired resident of Cove, is one of the extensive landowners and substantial citizens of the town, owning five hundred and thirty acres of farm and timber land in association with his brother Harris and also considerable town property. He studied pharmacy and was engaged in business as a pharmacist at La Grande for a couple of years but owing to ill health has since been obliged to lead an outdoor life. His birth occurred in Cove, Oregon, on the 21st of May, 1885, his father being H. H. French, who passed away in 1901. The son obtained his early education in the schools of Cove and in 1901 entered the Bishop Scott Military Academy of Portland, in which he spent one year. Subsequently he became enrolled as a student in the Hill Military Academy of Portland, from which institution he was graduated with honors in June, 1905. He served as captain of Company A in the college military organization and was also editor of the alumni notes in the college paper. In the fall of 1905 he entered the Philadelphia College of Pharmacy, at Philadelphia, Pennsylvania. In the summer of 1906 he returned to Cove and was here married, on the 27th of July, to Miss Era L. Trippeer, a daughter of Joseph E. Trippeer, a sketch of whom appears on another page of this work. In the fall Mr. French returned with his bride to Philadelphia and resumed his studies in the College of Pharmacy, from which, at the end of two years, he graduated with a class of one hundred and fifty, winning several honorable mentions. The date of his graduation was May 21, 1908. During his student days he took up research work in bacteriology. His son, Stewart Gautier, was born on the 29th of March, 1908.

After his graduation Mr. French was engaged in business as a pharmacist of La Grande for two years, but ill health made close confinement inadvisable and he has since led an outdoor life. In association with his brother Harris he owns five hundred and thirty acres of farm and timber land and also considerable town property in Cove. He likewise owns property in La Grande, is a stockholder in the Cove Bank and has other investments. He gives his political allegiance to the democratic party and is a member of the city council. His fraternal relations are with the Masons. He has won a creditable degree of prosperity for one of his years and is well deserving of mention in this volume as a representative and worthy citizen of his native state and county.

J. P. EASTER, M. D. One of the most public-spirited, charitable, efficient and broad-minded men in Coos county at the present time is Dr. J. P. Easter, who formerly practiced medicine but is now giving his attention to a small farm of eleven acres. He practiced medicine for forty years in Ohio, Kansas, Oregon, and California, and his efficiency in his profession combined with his kindly and generous heart has made his career useful and his life beneficent. He was born in Highland county, Ohio, September 12, 1842, and is a son of John and Mary Ann (Miller) Easter, the former a native of Pennsylvania and the latter of Virginia. Dr. Easter's grandfather was born in North Carolina, and his grandmother came from Pennsylvania. His parents were among the pioneer settlers of Ohio and the father followed farming in that state until his death. His wife afterward removed to Kansas and passed away at Burlingame. They were the parents of nine children, four of whom are still living as follows: Samuel R. of Montezuma, Iowa; Alexander C., of Burlingame, Kansas; Mrs. Angeline Geesling of Oklahoma; and J. P., the subject of this sketch. Those deceased are John B., Benjamin W., Jeptha H., and Enoch. The latter died at the age of eighty years.

Dr. Easter received his early education in the public schools of Highland, Ohio. In 1863 he enlisted in the Twenty-Fourth Ohio Independent Battery and served for two years and thirteen days, receiving an honorable discharge at the close of hostilities. He immediately continued his education, entering Franklin College in Clinton, Ohio, later pursuing a medical course in Cincinnati, where he graduated in 1869. He practiced medicine for more than forty years, locating in various parts of the United States. He was well known as an efficient physician in Ohio, Kansas, and California, and his career in Oregon has been marked with success. His residence in this state dates from 1883, in which year he settled in Coos county, where he practiced for many years. He has now retired from the active work of his profession and is living on a small farm eleven miles up the Coquille river from Myrtle Point. His property is known as the Maplehurst farm and here Dr. Easter gives his attention to the cultivation of small fruits. He is interested in dairying and has recently

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purchased a flock of milk goats for this purpose. His farm, although small, is highly developed and well improved and forms one of the model properties in Coos county.

For twenty-nine years Dr. Easter has preached the gospel in this section of the country, actuated only by the desire to promote the spirit of Christianity among his fellow citizens. He received no pay for his services during this long period of time, with the exception of the last two years. He is one of the most public-spirited men of his town. In his capacity as physician he persuaded county Judge Dyer to purchase property with which to establish a poorhouse in Coos county and gave his personal labor and attainments to its management as house physician for two years and six months. The institution was established in 1886 and during the short period of Dr. Easter's connection with it, he put it upon a financially firm basis and made it a paying institution. The poor farm is located four miles beyond Coquille City on Cunningham creek in Coos county and in its improvement and efficient state is a monument to the broad charity which has always actuated Dr. Easter in all the phases of his life.

Dr. Easter has been twice married. In June, 1867, he wedded Miss Nancy Jane Frump, a native of Highland county, Ohio. To this union were born three children: William Carey and Benjamin E., both of whom are deceased; and Belle, the wife of M. O. Hooton of Coquille City. The mother of these children died in 1873, and in the following year Dr. Easter was again married, his second union being with Miss Martha A. Musgrove, who was born in Jackson county, Ohio, and who received her education in her native state. She and her husband are the parents of three children: Wyckliffe, born February 28, 1875, who is married and lives in Modoc county, California, with his wife and two children, Kenneth and Dorsey Dale; Chester L., born May 20, 1878, who is married and lives in Boise, Idaho, where he is acting as secretary of the Young Men's Christian Association; and Annie, the deceased wife of Arthur E. Follett of Dallas, Polk county, Oregon.

Dr. Easter affiliates with the church of Christ and his career has been a valuable asset in religious expansion in Coos county. He preached the gospel without pay for twenty-nine years working for the promotion of the Christian religion in that section. He has won success in the various walks of life with which he has affiliated during the course of his long career and there is no more widely loved person in Coos county today than this genial and kindly old man who in the seventy years of his life has done nothing that was not useful, honorable, and worthy.

JOHN W. GEARY, M. D. An honorable ancestry is a thing to be proud of even in this democratic age and in this republican country. A long line of brilliant and distinguished forefathers gives to a man a valuable asset of knowledge that his family has been worthy and distinguished through long generations. Just as we like our fathers to be honest and responsible men so we like to feel that our father's father and his ancestors back through the ages were honorable, too. John W. Geary has behind him a long line of distinguished ancestors. The family is an old one and was originally of Scotch origin. A representative moved to Ireland and afterwards to England. The first of the name in that country was Sir Francis Geary, 1710-1796. At the outbreak of the war with Spain he was a lieutenant and served in the navy for many years. He was later promoted and made commander of the Squirrel, of twenty guns. He made a rich capture and was put in command of the Chester, of fifty guns. In 1745 he was ordered against the French and joined Captain Warren at the siege of Lewisburg, Nova Scotia. When the enemy surrendered he was sent to carry the news to England and so did not share in the rich prize money. He commanded the Prince Frederick in the channel in 1747 and was in charge of the Cullodon, of seventy-four guns, of which Admiral Summerset was senior officer, in 1755. His coat of arms consisted of a red shield, crossed by two golden bars bearing two mascles on the upper and one on the lower, and on a canton of silver a black anchor. His crest was a naval crown out of which came a left hand and arm in naval uniform, supporting a silver flag with a red cross. Sir Francis Geary was the great-grand-uncle of the subject of this sketch. The Geary of the next generation, the grandfather of Dr. Geary, was the first of the name in America and was for many years the employe of the father of James Buchanan and later held public office in Maryland. He accumulated a considerable fortune and removed to Pennsylvania, where he opened one of the first iron foundries in that state. After the war of 1812 when the tariff was taken off iron he with all of the other foundrymen in that section was completely ruined and he engaged in school-teaching from that time until his death, at the age of forty-five years.

The father of our subject, Edward R. Geary, D. D., was also a teacher, occupying the position of principal of an academy in New Alexandria, Alabama. He was a graduate of Jefferson College in western Pennsylvania, studying for the ministry and preaching in Ohio for fourteen years. He was the first Geary to come to Oregon. He started from Ohio in 1850, coming to this state by way of the isthmus and arriving in Lafayette, Yamhill county, in 1851, where he remained for some years. He was superintendent of Indian affairs of the original Oregon territory at the outbreak of the Civil war, at which time he went to Linn county, Oregon, where he remained many years and assisted in founding Albany College. He later removed to Eugene, where he held the position of regent of the State University until his death, in 1886, at the age of seventy-five years. He had been married twice, having by his first wife two daughters, while by his second wife, who bore the maiden name of Nancy Merrick Woodbridge, he had three sons, of whom John W., of this review, is the

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eldest. She was a native of New York and was educated at Mount Holyoke Seminary in Massachusetts. Later she became an instructor in a young ladies' seminary at Wooster, Ohio, and it was there that she met and married Dr. Edward R. Geary, the father of our subject. She died in 1889. She was of Revolutionary stock, her paternal grandfather being Colonel Woodbridge. Her second son was Captain Woodbridge Geary, of the Thirteenth Infantry, United States Army, who was a graduate of the West Point Military Academy and was killed at the battle of San Francisco De Malabon, in the war in the Philippines. The other brother is Dr. E. Payson Geary, now a practicing physician at Portland, Oregon.

Dr. John W. Geary was born February 16, 1850, at Fredricksburg, Wayne county, Ohio, and received his early education at Forest Grove, Oregon, whence he went to Homer New York, graduating in 1869. He later attended Hamilton College at Clifton, New York, and then entered Lafayette College, at Easton, Pennsylvania. He came west in 1872 and entered the employ of the Northern Pacific railroad, which connection he retained for one year, after which he came to Oregon and taught school for some time. He next entered the Willamette University of Portland and was graduated from the medical department of that institution in 1883. Dr. Geary is essentially a progressive man and keeps his medical knowledge abreast of every new modern discovery. He took a postgraduate course in the New York Polyclinic and later studied in Chicago. He began practice at Halsey, Linn county, Oregon, in 1883 and continued in active practice at that point until 1894. Later he removed to Junction City, Lane county, and in 1899 to Burns, Harney county, where he continues to carry on a geenral practice. He is a member of the District Medical Society of Eastern Oregon, of the Oregon State Medical Society and of the American Medical Association. He has built up a prosperous practice during his years of activity and is well known throughout the county as a capable and able physician.

He was married September 3, 1903, to Miss Phoebe L. Kelley, a daughter of Captain Kelley, the first receiver of the district land office. By this union was born one son, Woodbridge Kelley. Dr. Geary is named for an uncle, John W. Geary who was a prominent figure in San Francisco politics for some time and took an active part in the Mexican war. He was first United States postal agent in San Francisco in 1849 and first mayor of that city. He was later appointed governor of Kansas by President Pierce at a time when that state was in a very disordered condition. He performed a remarkable work in restoring tranquility and when he had accomplished what he set out to do he resigned his office. Later he removed to Pennsylvania and when the Civil war broke out raised the Twenty-eighth Volunteer Infantry from that state, serving as its colonel. He continued his connection therewith throughout the period of hostilities and was retired with the rank of major general. The Grand Army post at Eugene, Oregon, is named in his honor.

Dr. Geary is a splendid type of western citizenship. He is prominent in many different lines of activity in his native state and his talents are not confined entirely to his profession. He is prominent in the Masonic order and is a past master of that organization. He has gone through the various chairs of the Independent Order of Odd Fellows and is now chairman of the board of school trustees of Burns, taking an active part in the building of the new thirty thousand dollar public school which the city is now erecting. This structure upon its completion will be one of the most modern and thoroughly equipped buildings of its size and character in the country. The plans call for a beautiful brick building, whose first story and trimmings are to be made of native stone. Dr. Geary is an active force in the building committee, where his energies and talent have aided greatly in the development of the original plan.

JOHN BERGER, Jr., the owner of a well improved farm of one hundred and forty acres in Washington county, is meeting with a gratifying measure of success in his undertakings as an agriculturist. His birth occurred in Switzerland on the 19th of September, 1862, his parents being John and Mary (Kuntz) Berger. In 1878 they crossed the Atlantic to the United States and took up their abode on a farm in Ohio, where the mother passed away in 1881. The father is still living at the age of seventy-eight years and makes his home with our subject. Their children were three in number, namely: Mary, the deceased wife of Fred Stuckey, of Washington county; John, of this review; and Fred, also living in Washington county, Oregon.

John Berger, Jr., began his education in the schools of his native land and continued his studies in the state of Ohio. He early became familiar with the duties and labors that fall to the lot of the agriculturist and was identified with farming interests in the Buckeye state unil 1884, when he made his way to Washington county, Oregon, being here joined by his father two years later. For more than two years Mr. Berger of this review worked as a farm hand in the employ of Jacob Brugger. He subsequently purchased three hundred and twenty-eight acres of land in association with his father, the property being located about ten miles southwest of Portland. In 1888, the estate was divided and his share thereof was a tract of ninety-eight acres. Since that time, he has extended the boundaries of his farm by an additional purchase of forty acres. The property is well improved in every particular, and eighty acres thereof are under a high state of cultivation.

In 1891, Mr. Berger was united in marriage to Miss Alice Yungen, a native of Switzerland, who, in 1889, emigrated to America with her parents, who still reside on a farm in Washington county, Oregon. She was one of a family of seven children, six of whom are still living, namely: Rosa, Alice, Sophia,

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Emma, Alfred and Robert. All make their home in this state. Mr. and Mrs. Berger have a family of twelve children, as follows: Alice Lena, whose birth occurred in 1893; Flora, born in 1894; Ella Louisa, whose natal year was 1895; John Ernest, who was born in 1895; Henry born in 1896, was one of a pair of twins, the other dying in infancy; Simon Robert, whose birth occurred in 1897; Mary, whose natal year was 1898; and Carl, Freda, Clara, Lillian and Margaret, who were born in the years 1899, 1900, 1901, 1902 and 1903, respectively.

Mr. Berger is a stanch republican in politics, but has never sought nor desired office as a reward for his party fealty. His religious faith is indicated by his membership in the German Reformed church, to which his wife and children also belong. He is likewise identified with a German order called the Shrine of Portland. Alert and energetic, he is in close touch with all the interests which are factors in the life of a progressive citizen and of the community at large. He is recognized as a forceful factor for development and improvement in the locality where he now makes his home.

STEVEN A. D. MEEK, an agriculturist whose landed holdings aggregate two hundred and three acres, is numbered among the worthy native sons of Washington county, Oregon, his birth having there occurred on the 20th of October, 1857. His parents, Joseph L. and Virginia Meek, celebrated their marriage in Idaho and a short time afterward came to Washington county, Oregon, settling on a farm in 1840. To the operation of that place Joseph L. Meek devoted his time and energies throughout the remainder of his life, passing away on the 20th of June, 1875. His wife was called to her final rest on the 5th of March, 1900. At the time of his demise Mr. Meek was the owner of four hundred acres of valuable land, all of which was covered with a heavy growth of timber when it came into his possession and was brought under a high state of cultivation through the efforts of himself and his sons. Unto him and his wife were born twelve children, four of whom are still living, namely: Mrs. Riley, of Portland, Oregon; Mrs. Newhard, living in Vollmer, Idaho; Joseph L., Jr., who resides on a farm at Vollmer, Idaho; and Steven A. D., of this review.

When a young man of twenty-six Steven A. D. Meek started out in business life for himself, going to the Coeur d'Alene mines of Idaho, where he spent less than a year. Returning to Washington county, Oregon, he turned his attention to general agricultural pursuits and has since been actively identified with farming interests save for a period of one year spent in the logging business. In 1890 he purchased the farm whereon he now resides and at the present time his possessions embrace two hundred and three acres of well improved land. Three-fifths of the property has been thoroughly tilled and the remainder is fine pasture and timber land. Mr. Meek also owns property in North Plains and has long been numbered among the substantial and leading citizens of his community.

On the 26th of February, 1896, Mr. Meek was united in marriage to Miss Gertrude A. Pasley, who was born in Illinois on the 22d of June, 1879, her parents being George and Martha (Sewell) Pasley, natives of Illinois and Indiana, respectively. They were married in the Prairie state and a short time afterward removed to Kansas, where they continued to reside for eight years. In 1888 they came to Washington county, Oregon, where George Pasley passed away on the 21st of October, 1904. His widow, who is now the wife of M. M. Harvey, has since made her home at Hillsboro. Mrs. Meek was the eldest of three children, the others being Mrs. Lennie Billion and Wallace, both of Portland, Oregon. Our subject and his wife have eight children, as follows: Robert M., who was born on the 1st of March, 1897; Clarence D., whose natal day was November 11, 1898; Steven A. D., Jr., whose birth occurred on the 3d of October, 1900; Alice M., born July 2, 1902; Ruth V., born February 14, 1904; Gertrude A., March 17, 1906; Pasley N., whose natal year was 1908; and Joseph Lafayette, who was born on the 6th of January, 1910.

Mr. Meek is a stanch republican in politics and has served as a member of the school board twenty years, while for four years he held the office of constable. In 1908 he was honored by election to the legislature and his record in that connection fully justified the expectations of his constituents. Fraternally he has been identified with the Woodmen of the World for twelve years, during ten years of which period he has held the position of clerk. Both he and his wife belong to the ladies' auxiliary of that order. Mr. Meek has spent practically his entire life within the borders of Washington county and no history of the state would be complete without extended mention of his career.

ROBERT LEE ROBINSON, who has devoted his attention to general agricultural pursuits throughout his entire business career, is now the owner of a well improved farm of one hundred acres, eleven miles southwest of Beaverton, near Farmington. His birth occurred in Lee county, Iowa, on the 7th of March, 1847, his parents being George and Martha (Akins) Robinson. In 1859 the family crossed the plains with an ox team, settling in California, where they remained until 1869, which year witnessed their arrival in Washington county, Oregon. George Robinson purchased from Felix Landers a donation claim of six hundred and thirty-one acres and continued to reside thereon throughout the remainder of his life. His wife was called to her final rest, on the 30th of March, 1863. Unto them had been born seven children, as follows: Robert Lee, of this review; Joseph, who is a resident of Washington county, Oregon; Permelia Jane, the wife of Joseph J. Jack, of Washington county; and Leah T., Jacob,

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Annie and George, all of whom are deceased. George Robinson later married Miss Mary J. Bailey, a native of Ireland, by whom he had two children: George S., living in Washington county, this state; and Mary E., the wife of Josiah Miller, also of this county. When George Robinson passed away on the 13th of January, 1888, the community lost one of its honored pioneer residents.

Robert Lee Robinson attended the common schools in the acquirement of an education and started out as an agriculturist on his own account at the age of twenty. He devoted his attention to the cultivation of rented land for four years and on the expiration of that period came into possession of his share of his father's estate—one hundred acres. He has since been engaged in its further cultivation and improvement and now owns a model farming property, forty acres being under a high state of cultivation. In the work of the fields he has won a well merited measure of success and has long been numbered among the substantial and representative citizens of the community.

Mr. Robinson has been married twice. In 1873 he wedded Miss Barbara E. Ferguson, a native of Iowa, who passed away on the 24th of July, 1898. On the 9th of October of that year Mr. Robinson was again married, his second union being with Miss Mary Jane Patterson, who was born at Roseburg, Oregon, on the 16th of December, 1878. Her parents, James and Kate (McCollum) Patterson, are residents of Washington county, Oregon. They had six children, namely: Kate; Charles, who is deceased; Mrs. Robinson; Maggie May; Hattie; and Wilhelmina, who died in infancy. Our subject and his wife have eight children, two sons and six daughters, as follows: Ida Jane, Clarence Lee, George Washington, Clara May, Rachel Ann, Ruth Irene, Fannie Lucile and Annie Bell.

Since age conferred upon him the right of franchise Mr. Robinson has supported the men and measures of the republican party, but the honors and emoluments of office have never had any attraction for him. His religious faith is that of the Baptist church, to which his wife also belongs. The period of his residence in this state covers more than four decades and the circle of his friends has steadily grown as the circle of his acquaintance has widened.

JOHN DOBBIN. On the list of Union county's honored dead appears the name of John Dobbin, who during his lifetime was one of the extensive landowners of the Grande Ronde valley. He was born in Richland county, Ohio, in 1840, and was of Irish descene, his father, William Dobbin, having been born on the Emerald isle. He emigrated to the United States when but seventeen years of age and on reaching this country settled first in New York. There he was married and later he removed to Ohio, from which state he subsequently went to Galesburg, Illinois, where his remaining days were passed.

In the schools of Ohio and Illinois John Dobbin acquired a good education and the period of his boyhood and youth was divided between the duties of the schoolroom, the pleasures of the playground and the tasks assigned by parental authority. He remained at home until 1860, when he went to Pikes Peak, Colorado, where he spent the summer, after which he returned to Illinois, having been accompanied on the trip by his brother William. Three years later, in 1863, he joined a party of five young men who were starting for the far west with horses and wagons, and ere they reached their destination the company were compelled to suffer many hardships. It was necessary at last for them to desert their wagons and on one occasion they went for three days with only prairie dogs for food. Before Walla Walla, Washington, was reached their shoes were either worn out or gone entirely, and only two of the party arrived at that point, the others stopping at different points, discouraged by the trouble which they had encountered with the Indians. Mr. Dobbin continued his journey as far as the Grande Ronde, where he remained for only a short time, however, going thence to Idaho. Soon afterward he returned to the Grande Ronde valley, locating about one mile from the city of Union, where he engaged in farming for two years. At the end of that time he sold his interests there and went to the Willamette valley and there purchased cattle, after which he returned to the Grande Ronde valley, locating on land which has since been incorporated within the city limits of Union. He engaged in agricultural pursuits for a number of years, his efforts winning him most gratifying success, and as he prospered from time to time he purchased other land in various parts of the valley until he had in his possession nearly four thousand acres at the time of his death. For many years he also engaged in sheep-raising, and this branch of his business proved a gratifying source of income.

Mr. Dobbin was married, on the 15th of December, 1872, to Miss Florence Johnson, a native of Indiana and a daughter of David Johnson. In 1856 her father took up his residence in Missouri, where he remained for eight years, after which he started for Oregon in 1864, leaving Missouri on the 13th of April. They journeyed by ox teams and the party with which they traveled, consisting of sixty men, suffered serious interference from the Indians. At one time they were openly attacked and their cattle stampeded and it was necessary for them to be escorted for a part of the journey by a company of cavalry. Five of the party remained to await another outfit but before it arrived two had been killed. After reaching Oregon Mr. Johnson and his family stopped for a couple of weeks at La Grande, after which they proceeded to the Willamette valley, where they maintained their residence for only one year, however. Returning again to the Grande Ronde valley he located on land which is now the site of the Centennial Hotel, and there he remained until 1870, when

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he took up agricultural pursuits on a large scale. He passed away in 1910 at the age of eighty-six years.

Unto Mr. and Mrs. Dobbin were born five children, as follows: Hettie, who married Dr. W. H. Ewin of Sunnyside, East Portland; Margaret, at home; John F., engaged in farming; William M., a resident of Sherman county, Oregon; and James D., at home. In 1889 occurred the death of John Dobbin and with his passing Union county lost one of its substantial and representative citizens. The term progress had been the keynote to his successful career, and his well-directed efforts were potent forces in the accumulation of a fortune which at the time of his death left his family in most comfortable circumstances. They own considerable valuable land and their beautiful home in Union is well known and popular because of its warm hospitality.

R. M. ROBINSON owns and successfully operates two hundred and seventy acres of choice agricultural land in Josephine county, on a portion of which he has in bearing one of the finest among the far-famed apple orchards of Oregon. His birth occurred in Tennessee on the 17th of July, 1857, his parents being James J. C. and Susan (Jackson) Robinson, who spent their entire lives in that state.

R. M. Robinson was reared in his father's home and received his early education in the public schools of the district in which he lived. During the early years of his life he was engaged in farming and in addition he gave some attention to his trade—that of a carpenter. In 1878 he removed from his native state to Denton county, Texas, where he spent three years and in 1881 he moved to Oregon and located at Salem, where he continued to reside for a period of three years, after which he removed to Josephine county, spending his first night as a camper on the eighty acres which he afterward preempted and on which he later established his home and built his residence. Since the night of his first camp in Josephine county he has continued to reside here and from time to time has added by purchase to his original preemption claim of eighty acres until he now owns a farm comprising two hundred and seventy acres of fine agricultural land. The original eighty upon which he built his home is now one of the finest Spitzenburg apple orchards in this portion of the state. In the fall of 1910 he had the good fortune to receive five thousand dollars in cash for his apple crop, the most of which was grown upon eight acres of his orchard plantings. In addition to his apple industry he harvests an average of one hundred tons or more of alfalfa per annum and is able from other portions of his farm to make a considerable harvest of various other forage plants..

On the 3d of August, 1875, at the early age of eighteen years, Mr. Robinson was united in marriage to Miss Isadora McCann, a native of Tennessee, by whom he had nine children, eight of whom are still living. Shubael E. follows farming in Josephine county. John B. also devotes his attention to general agricultural pursuits in Josephine county. Kirkman K. has a fellowship in the Worcester University at Worcester, Massachusetts. As a student in the University of Oregon he specialized in psychology and philosophy and he was graduated with the master's degree in the class of 1909. Addie E. is a teacher in the district schools. She has been a pupil for two years of the State University and intends later to complete her studies at that institution. Chloe A. is the wife of Paul Ruttencutter, a ranchman of Josephine county. Lucius, a high-school graduate, is associated with his father in farming. Radburn R. is now in attendance at the high school at Grants Pass. Ennis is also a pupil of the high school at Grants Pass.

Mr. Robinson is in his political affiliations associated with the republican party but has always refused political preferment. Fraternally he is identified with the Woodmen of the World, belonging to Rogue River Camp, No. 55, of Grants Pass. His religious faith is indicated by his membership in the Methodist Episcopal church, to which his wife and children also belong. R. M. Robinson is one of the most enterprising and successful agriculturists of this portion of the state of Oregon. By careful attention to his business as an orchardist he has successfully demonstrated that Josephine county is adapted in soil and climate to the successful and profitable growing of high grade apples. It is largely due to him that the town of Wilderville in Josephine county has been put on the map of the state as one of the choice locations for the growing of apples. He is widely known as a man of truthfulness and integrity in his business transactions and is always found associated with every movement of public interest seeking the improvement of the county in which he lives.

ALBERT HINDMAN, a wealthy and prominent farmer and stockman of Baker county, is the owner of twenty-two hundred acres of land, all of which is improved with the exception of a forty-acre tract of timber land. He was born in Ohio on the 14th of May, 1855, his parents being McClure J. and Elizabeth (Cyle) Hindman, who were married in the Buckeye state in November, 1853. They first made their home near Lake Erie but subsequently removed to Pottawattamie county, Iowa, where Mr. Hindman was busily engaged in general agricultural pursuits, purchasing large tracts of both timber and farming land. In 1864 they crossed the plains from Iowa to Oregon, making the journey with ox and horse teams. On the Platte river they experienced some trouble with Indians, who stole about thirty head of horses which were never recovered. Arriving in this state about September, 1864, they preempted land in the Powder river valley but later disposed of the same and removed to California in 1863. In July, 1870, they returned to Oregon and the Powder river valley and homesteaded one hundred and sixty acres of land near Baker City. After

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improving the property Mr. Hindman sold out and purchased what is known as the New York Ranch on Alder creek, a tributary of Burnt river, there following farming and stock-raising for a number of years with great success. At times he had as high as one thousand head of cattle and two or more hundred head of horses on the range. After disposing of that ranch he removed to Baker and now lives on a farm which he owns in Pleasant valley, about twelve miles from that city. He is now about eighty-eight years of age and has long survived his wife, who passed away on the 26th of January, 1893. The period of his residence in this state covers more than four decades and he is well known and highly esteemed as a pioneer whose labors have contributed in substantial measure to the work of development and improvement here. Unto him and his wife were born seven children, three sons and four daughters. Albert, of this review, is the first in order of birth. Florence, living in Baker, is the wife of J. E. Dorsett and the mother of one daughter. Oscar, who makes his home about four miles east of Durkee, has been twice married, his first union being with Miss Julia Hudspeth, by whom he had seven children, five of whom, two sons and two daughters, are still living. For his second wife he chose Miss Alice Stevenson, and by this union there is one son. Lilly passed away in Baker in the year 1864. Mildred also died in Baker, her demise occurring in 1877. Mark, who resides on a farm about seven miles northwest of Weiser, Idaho, married Miss Eva Griffith, by whom he had three daughters, two of whom still survive. Fannie, living near Caldwell, Idaho, is the wife of C. L. Kirtz and the mother of two sons.

Albert Hindman was educated in Baker City, Oregon, his principal instructors being Professors Grubbs and Barrett, noted educators, who are now deceased. After putting aside his text-books he engaged in stock-raising in association with his father and this branch of activity, together with real-estate dealing, has claimed his attention to the present time. Among the noted places he has owned was that known as the old Kitchen Ranch on Alder creek, comprising a quarter section of land which he homesteaded in 1883 and adjoining Straw Ranch on the west. The latter ranch was noted as the point from which the old emigrant road left the creek to the north to cross over the dividing mountain to the Powder river valley. Mr. Hindman now owns two of the most noted places on the line of travel from Umatilla Landing on the Columbia river to the mines of Idaho basin—the Express Ranch and the J. J. Jarvis Ranch, which were known as stage stations from 1862 until 1884. Express Ranch, a stage station and roadhouse, came into possession of C. W. Durkee in 1862 and comprises one hundred and sixty acres. The Jarvis Ranch, also a famous roadhouse on the old emigrant road, adjoins Express Ranch on the west and comprises three hundred and twenty acres. Mr. Hindman here owns five hundred and twenty acres of land in one body, which includes the town site of Durkee, a station on the line of the Oregon-Washington Railroad & Navigation Company and a thriving and prosperous village. It boasts two good stores, a hotel, livery stable, blacksmith shop, etc. The land outside of the town site is all enclosed and well improved and is worth one hundred dollars an acre. Mr. Hindman also owns other property, including a tract of eighty acres of hay land about two miles east of Durkee, one hundred and sixty acres of farming land about a half mile north of Durkee, three hundred and twenty acres of farming and grazing land three miles northwest of Durkee, six hundred acres of grazing land about six miles northeast of that town and forty acres of timber land. He likewise owns three hundred and twenty acres of farming land about forty-five miles from Canyon City, in Grant county, so that altogether he has twenty-two hundred acres of land, all of which is fenced and improved with the exception of a timber tract of forty acres. He now owns about fifteen hundred head of cattle and about two hundred and fifty head of horses and mules and in times past has had double this number. Throughout his entire business career he has been engaged principally in stock-raising and land-dealing and he has been uniformly successful in his undertakings.

On the 10th of December, 1882, Mr. Hindman was united in marriage to Miss Addie Powers, her parents being E. R. and Annie (Wright) Powers, who were married in Sedalia, Missouri, about 1854. During the Civil war the father served in the Confederate army for about three years. He then went to California but subsequently returned to his family in Missouri and about 1876 removed to Montana, where he was engaged in mining and farming until about 1892. At that time he came to Oregon, spending the remainder of his life with his son-in-law, Albert Hindman, in whose home he passed away about 1904. The demise of his wife had occurred in Missouri in 1875. They were the parents of six children, three sons and three daughters. The two surviving members of the family are Edward Powers and Dora Foster. Unto Albert and Addie (Powers) Hindman were born five children, three sons and two daughters, as follows: Claude, whose birth occurred on the 22d of May, 1884, and who is still at home with his father; Elmer, who was born on the 1st of March, 1886, and is now deceased; Edith, whose natal day was October 31, 1888; Edgar, whose birth occurred on the 19th of January, 1892; and Edna, who was born on the 6th of June, 1895. The three last named are also yet at home. The wife and mother passed away on the 18th of July, 1903, and on the 24th of April, 1906, at Baker, Oregon, Mr. Hindman was again married, his second union being with Eva Meyers. Her father came to this state from Kansas about 1871 and resides in Baker county. The mother, however, was called to her final rest about eighteen or nineteen years ago. By his second wife Mr. Hindman has two sons and one daughter, as follows: Lowell, who was born on the 13th

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of November, 1907; Louise, whose birth occurred on the 24th of May, 1909; and Charles, whose natal day was September 20, 1910. About eight years ago Mr. Hindman became identified with the Masons lodge at Baker, and has since been a worthy exemplar of the fraternity. He has never refused assistance to the needy nor turned away the hungry from his door and, living at noted places on the highway, has fed thousands. Everywhere he is held in high regard and his friends are legion.

IRVIN E. CUTSFORTH, who for ten years has been engaged in the cultivation of his home farm, one-half mile north of Gervais, was born in Michigan, February 6, 1862, his parents being Thomas and Sarah (Harrison) Cutsforth, both of whom were natives of England, the former having been born in Yorkshire in 1823 and the latter in Lincolnshire in 1833. The father came to the United States at the age of twenty-five years and went directly to Michigan, where some of his family had preceded him and where he at once rented land for cultivation. In addition to this he engaged in landscape gardening and accepted employment by the day until he purchased a farm and entered upon agricultural pursuits independently. in 1851 he was married to Sarah Harrison, the daughter of John Harrison. Mrs. Thomas Cutsforth had come to America at the age of fifteen years and had also gone directly to Michigan. For the first fifteen years after their marriage they resided upon the farm which Mr. Cutsforth had previously purchased, but at the end of that time they sold their property and removed to Wisconsin, settling near Poynette. For the ensuing twenty-five years the father engaged in buying farms for speculative purposes, selling them immediately after he had improved them. He carried this on until his retirement and removal to Poynette in 1890, where he resided for five years, and then after a three years' residence in New Auburn he came to Oregon to live retired on a small place he had purchased near Gervais. This was his home until a year before his death, on March 6, 1907. Mr. Cutsforth was a man whom any community would value because he was always interested in everything which pertained to the public good and was active in enforcing any measures which would tend to bring about an improved condition. Throughout his life he was engaged in speculating in land and so successful was he in this that he was financially able to give each of his children a good start in life. To Mr. and Mrs. Cutsforth nine children were born. Joseph, the eldest, who is a resident of Gervais, married Elizabeth McDonald and to them five children have been born. Thomas, who lives at Riddle, Oregon, married Gertrude Gevans and to them four children have been born. Frederick, the third son, is deceased. John H., who resides in Gervais, married Eva Warren and they are the parents of five children. Irvin E. Cutsforth is the subject of this sketch. Ellen, who is the wife of William McDonald, resides in Poynette, Wisconsin, and is the mother of three children. George H., resides in Riddle, Oregon. He married Nora Rodgers and to them three children have been born. Frank H., who is a resident of Gervais, married Eunice Hovey and has two children. Jarvis E. married Catherine Bohem and they are the parents of one child. They reside in Gervais.

Irvin E. Cutsforth started to earn his own livelihood in Wisconsin at the age of twenty-one years, being employed by the month for the first two years and then purchasing a farm upon which he began working at once. About this time he was married and in 1901 removed to Oregon where the climatic conditions were more pleasing. In Wisconsin he had found the severe weather very trying and, furthermore, his barn had recently been destroyed by lightning, all this influencing him to remove to Oregon. Upon his arrival in this state he purchased one hundred and eight-six acres of what is known as the E. Brown and T. L. Baker donation land claim. This land has all been brought under a high state of cultivation and is proving very profitable for grain and cattle-raising, besides being one of the most improved and best equipped farms in the district, among the recent improvements being the substantial and comfortable two-story house and two large, modern barns. Special attention has been given to the raising of thoroughbred Percheron horses, as well as to other fine breeds, and sheep.

In 1883 occurred the marriage of Mr. Cutsforth to Miss Irene Black, who was born in Poynette, Wisconsin, December 20, 1866. She is the daughter of James and Harriette (Lewsley) Black, both of whom were natives of England but took up their residence near Poynette, Wisconsin, their present home, after they had spent their first years in America on Long Island. The father was a mason by trade, but led the life of an agriculturist whenever circumstances permitted. To Mr. and Mrs. Black four children were born, namely: Emma, the wife of Lester Luther, who is a resident of Poynette, Wisconsin, and has four children; Amelia, who is the wife of Joel F. Keebough, of Poynette, Wisconsin, and has four children; Mary, the wife of C. A. Sawyer, who resides in Gervais, Oregon, and has seven children; and Irene, now Mrs. Irvin E. Cutsforth.

After his marriage Mr. Cutsforth engaged in farming on his property of eighty acres near Poynette, which he devoted to corn and hog-raising, along which lines he has since met with marked success. To Mr. and Mrs. Cutsforth two children have been born. Reuben Jesse, the elder, was born January 15, 1890. He is residing at home and although he has shown some aptitude for machinery, he still assists his father with the management of the farm. He is the owner of a house and lot in Woodburn, Oregon. J. Ross, the younger, whose birth occurred on November 16, 1893, resides at home and takes a great interest in the farm

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work which he desires to make his life's occupation.

Mr. Cutsforth is a republican but casts his vote for the man and principle concerned rather than for the party. He has never been an office seeker but has served as school director because of his great interest in furthering the welfare of his community, and fraternally he is a member of the Modern Woodmen of America. In religious faith the family are Presbyterians and are close adherents to the faith of that denomination. By his own efforts and because of his great determination to act for the best interests of others as well as himself Mr. Cutsforth has become a strong and important citizen in the community of which he is a member.

EDWARD CARPENTER, who passed away at his home in La Grande at the age of eighty-two years, was born near Buena Vista, December 12, 1828. He was a man who attained the extreme fullness of years and in whom were embodied the virtues of the early pioneers—steadfast purpose, strict integrity and religious zeal—virtues to which the civilization of America is indebted for its splendid development and wonderful progress. He was the son of Daniel Carpenter, who was one of five brothers of English birth, who came to America and settled in Pennsylvania. Later Daniel Carpenter removed to New York and thence to Indiana, where he died. He joined the Mormons at an early day but did not go west with them.

Edward Carpenter in his youthful days had little chance for an education. When only a small lad he drove a team on the Erie canal, between Buffalo and Chillicothe, Ohio. Later he went to northern Indiana and afterward became a sailor on Lake Erie. Finally he went to Wisconsin and in 1861 enlisted in the army in Company I, Thirteenth Wisconsin Volunteer Infantry, and served for three years and twenty-one days, being with the Third Army Corps, under Captain Kingman. His company was assigned to scout duty in Missouri, Kansas, Kentucky and Tennessee. He was within hearing of the battles of Fort Donald and Fort Henry. After the war he returned to the southern part of Wisconsin and in 1868, in Monroe county, took up a claim on which he erected a cabin and cleared and improved the land. In 1891 he came to La Grande, Oregon, where he resided until his death.

On the 20th of January, 1852, Mr. Carpenter was united in marriage at Concord, Wisconsin, with Miss Almira Stevens, who was born in Brutus, New York, April 10, 1833. She died at the age of seventy-two and was the mother of eight children. Daniel E. was born May 29, 1854, in Concord, Wisconsin. In 1878 he went to the Black Hills, where he was employed for two years in driving a mule team for the government. In 1881 he went to Seward county, Nebraska, where he was employed as a fireman for the Burlington & Missouri River Railroad, and in 1884 was promoted to engineer. He was with this company at the time of the two strikes in 1888. Later he came to La Grande as an engineer on the Union Pacific railroad and in 1896 went to Grand Junction, Colorado, where he has since been employed on a passenger train between that city and Helper, Utah, and is one of the best and oldest men on the road. Victoria was born August 15, 1856, in Jefferson county, Wisconsin, and is now the wife of John Dunaway, of Hot Springs, South Dakota. She is the mother of four children, Ethel, Leafy, Daniel and Zerna. Amanda was born October 25, 1859, in Jefferson county, Wisconsin, and is now the wife of Charles Broughton, of Lagrange, and the mother of three children, Raymond, Ruby and Eula. Royal B. was born July 15, 1866, in Walworth county, Wisconsin. He was a fireman for the Oregon Railroad & Navigation Company and was killed on this road, October 27, 1896. He married Miss Augusta Roloft and they became the parents of three children, Earl, Gertrude and Glenn. U. S. was born November 5, 1868, at Lagrange, in Walworth county, Wisconsin. In 1888 he went to Nebraska, where he was employed as helper in the roundhouse of the Burlington & Missouri River Railroad for two and one-half years. Subsequently he came to Oregon and was on the helpers of the Union Pacific railroad at Durkee for two and one-half years as a fireman. Later he was an engineer at Baker City, Oregon, for the Sumpter Valley railroad for four years and eight months, after which he went to Grand Junction, Colorado, and for three years was an engineer on the Denver & Rio Grande railroad. Subsequently he returned to Baker City, where he has since been located as an engineer on the Sumpter Valley railroad. He is identified with Blue Lodge, No. 47, A. F. & A. M., at Baker City, Oregon. On the 10th of December, 1895, he married Miss Patience Landreth, of Baker City, and they have become the parents of five children, Sibyl, Floyd, Lyle, Olive and Lola. Edward E. was born July 27, 1871, at Glendale, Wisconsin, and removed with his parents to Oregon. He began life for himself by driving a freight team of eight horses for William Hunter, at which he was employed for three years, and was then engaged in logging for seven years. Subsequently he worked in roundhouses at La Grande, Huntington, Umatilla and The Dalles for five years. He now resides in La Grande, Oregon, where he manages several teams on contracting work. On April 1, 1897, he wedded Miss Emma Good, of La Grande, Oregon, who is a daughter of Albert Good, a pioneer of this section. They have become the parents of four children, Edna A., Albert, Ezra and an infant son. Frank H. was born April 1, 1873, in Wisconsin. He is now a section foreman on the railroad at La Grande and is married to Nora Good. They have one child, Goldie. Raymond C. was born May 24, 1875, in Wisconsin, and came to Oregon with his parents. He was fireman on a railroad for four years and in 1890 he was promoted to the position of engineer. He worked for the Denver & Rio Grande Railroad Company until 1892, then for the Union Pacific at Rawlins, Wyoming, and later for the Oregon Railroad & Naviga-

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tion Company for six years as engineer. Later he was appointed chief assistant superintendent for the motor cars of the Harriman lines. On the 23d of November, 1911, at Dayton, Washington, he was overcome by gas while on a motor and died from the effects and was buried November 28, 1911, at La Grande, beside his parents. He was a member of the Brotherhood of Locomotive Engineers. He was married to Miss Della Eads, of Colorado, and they had four children, Waneta, Della, Alfred and Raymond.

In politics Mr. Carpenter of this review was a stanch republican, and in religion he adhered to the faith of the Christian church. Socially he was a member of the Grand Army of the Republic. His whole life was an active, useful and honorable one and throughout the entire community no man was ever more respected or more fully deserved the esteem in which he was held.

CARL E. FISCHER. Although still a young man and not yet having reached the zenith of his business career, Carl E. Fischer, of Springfield, has become one of the prominent lumbermen of the northwest, being the president and manager of the Fischer & Bally Company and secretary of the Fischer Lumber Company located at Marcola, and identified with numerous other similar concerns of the state of Oregon. He was born in Bayfield, Wisconsin, in 1878, his parents being Frederick and Alvina (Toepel) Fischer. The father, who emigrated to the new world in 1868, is a native of Germany and the mother was born in Wisconsin. On reaching the United States Frederick Fischer worked at various occupations until he removed to Wisconsin and in the early '80s engaged in the lumber business. He was an early comer to the community in which he settled and by industry and economy, together with well directed efforts he succeeded in business. In his family were five children: Henry and Frederick, Jr., both of Marcola, Oregon; Carl E., of this review; Adella, the wife of Arthur Brown, of Elgin, Oregon; and Walter, also a resident of Marcola.

Carl E. Fischer was given good educational advantages in his native city, being graduated from its high school and later from the University of Wisconsin. After his graduation in 1900 he came directly to Oregon and began working for the Booth-Kelly Lumber Company as a laborer at a dollar and seventy-five cents a day. He saved his earnings and soon after coming to Oregon took up a timber claim and a little later opened a store in partnership with his brother Henry in Springfield, Oregon. He remained in that connection for only a short time, however, after which he came to Marcola where he embarked in the sawmill business with a combined capital of eighteen hundred dollars belonging to himself and his brother Henry. Business started auspiciously and the two brothers were soon able to induce the father and other brothers to remove to Oregon, which they did in 1903, when they together entered into the lumber business. They continued to operate the mill continuously enlarging the business, until in 1909, when the present concern, known as the Fischer & Bally Company, was incorporated. The business continued growing and Mr. Fischer soon afterward became interested in the Springfield Timber Company, the Fischer-Parks Lumber Company of Eugene and the Fischer Lumber Company of Junction City and Halsey, Oregon. Mr. Fischer's management of business and his handling of details are masterful and his holdings have increased rapidly under his industrious and well directed efforts. He now owns the finest residence property in Springfield which he occupies and it is only just to him to emphasize the fact that he began his business career earning a day wage of one dollar and seventy-five cents.

Mr. Fischer was married in November, 1900, to Miss Emlyn Boutin, of Bayfield, Wisconsin, a daughter of Joseph and Charlotte (Leihy) Boutin, both of whom are natives of Wisconsin. Mrs. Fischer is one of three children born to her parents, her sisters being: Ethel, the wife of Milton Bally, of Springfield, Oregon; and Elsie, who married Harry Stewart, also of that city. Unto Mr. and Mrs. Fischer have been born three children, Jean, Dutee and Angeline. In his political affiliations Mr. Fischer is a republican and although not an office seeker and having little time to devote to politics he takes a commendable interest in the political affairs of his state and nation. He is a member of the Masonic fraternity and of the Odd Fellows lodge, being as active as is consistent with his limited time for fraternal matters. The phenomenally successful career of Mr. Fischer is an object lesson illustrating conclusively what energy, industry and ability can accomplish in this great western state. He is known either personally or by reputation to the entire lumber trade of the Pacific coast and in his business dealings he has long since acquired a reputation for the strictest integrity, and makes it his special business to see that every customer is given entire satisfaction. Through the activities of Mr. Fischer in the lumber trade he has been of great service in the development of the resources of Oregon and wherever known he is held in high esteem and accorded the greatest respect.

SIMON E. MILLER. General farming and stock-raising on a large scale are now occupying the time and attention of Simon E. Miller, and his efforts in those directions are being attended with most gratifying and substantial results. He has always made his home in Union county, his birth having occurred on a farm in the Grande Ronde valley about two and a half miles northwest of the city of Union, September 26, 1876. His father, Simon Miller, was born in Switzerland and when but fourteen years of age came to America with his brother Conrad, who was seventeen years of age at that time, their first settlement being in Indiana. Later they both came to Oregon, originally locating in the Willamette valley, but shortly thereafter they came to the Grande Ronde valley.

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CARL E. FISCHER

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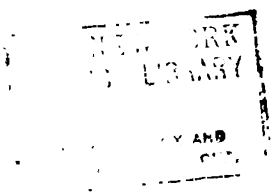

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Simon Miller, Sr., taking up the farm on which his son was born and now resides, while Conrad Miller located near Union. The father continued on the homestead until his death, in 1887, his time being given to agricultural pursuits and stock-raising. In early life he had married Anna Galloway, whose death occurred in 1885, and in their family were eleven children, eight of whom now survive.

Simon E. Miller spent the period of his boyhood and youth on the home farm and attended the schools near his father's home in the acquirement of an education. Upon attaining his majority he wisely chose as his life work the occupation to which he had been reared, and he has since been engaged in agricultural pursuits, being now the owner of six hundred acres of finely cultivated land, and seven hundred and sixty acres of pasture land. He makes a specialty of raising oats, wheat and barley, and his soil, naturally very rich and fertile, annually yields abundant harvests which are a source of gratifying income. He gives considerable time and attention to his stock interests, also running about five thousand sheep on his ranch and from one hundred to one hundred and fifty horses and cattle.

In February, 1905, Mr. Miller was united in marriage to Miss Elida Stackland, of Cove, and unto them have been born two children, Elida and Bethene. Mr. Miller has never found time to engage in public affairs, although he takes a public-spirited interest in all matters relating to the general welfare and upbuilding of the great commonwealth in which he lives. He is, rather, preeminently a business man, with keen perception and unusual sagacity, and few men deserve more credit for the success which they have attained, for to his own well directed labors alone is due the creditable degree of prosperity which he today enjoys.

WILLIAM FRANKLIN DAVIDSON, who is residing on his farm nine miles northwest of Gervais on the Salem and Champoeg road, was born in Stark county, Illinois, on the 28th of March, 1843, his parents being G. C. and Nancy (Million) Davidson. The father was born near Belleville, Illinois, and the paternal grandfather, who was a native of England, was a captain in the war of 1812, serving on the United States side. The mother was born in Kentucky in 1821, a descendant of a Virginia family. Her parents removed from Virginia to Kentucky where they were extensive slave owners and cotton planters. G. L. Davidson was a juggler in his early days and was employed by Sands and Lee's circus, and it was while on one of these tours in Kentucky that he met Mrs. Davidson. Their marriage occurred while he was still in the employ of Sands & Lee, and because of a contract which bound him to remain with them until a successor could be found, he continued his service until his understudy was able to perform his act. Before he was released from the employ of Sands and Lee he was injured by a serious accident while performing a hangman's act, and for the next three months was obliged to use a silver breathing tube. As soon as he was able to start out for himself in some other line he moved to Stark county, Illinois, where he took up a homestead of one hundred and sixty acres. Mr. and Mrs. Davidson resided upon this property for four years, during which time two of their children were born. The house in which they lived was built entirely by Mr. Davidson, and it had been necessary to haul the timber eight miles. After their four years' residence they disposed of the property and moved to Peoria where he purchased a hotel and livery barn. Subsequently, on the 28th of March, 1852, he set out for Oregon with his family, crossing the plains with horse teams, their party numbering about two hundred and fifty. The journey was not marred by any untoward happenings barring the death of Mrs. William Green, whom they buried on the plains. The first stop which the party made upon their arrival in Oregon was near Forest Grove, but after a short stay there the Davidsons removed to Dayton and purchased a hotel and livery stable. So successful did this undertaking prove that in the second year Mr. Davidson was able to purchase a half interest in the mercantile store, and for five years he devoted his whole time and attention to these two enterprises which netted him considerable money. After disposing of these interests in 1857, he removed to St. Paul, where he operated a ferry, a store and a warehouse, and also purchased six hundred and forty acres of land known as the DeGere donation land claim. During the next three years he met with many reverses, the first being a big flood when the store house containing twenty thousand bushels of grain worth two dollars a bushel was carried away. This meant a very heavy loss to him as he was depending upon it to fulfill his obligations for shipping flour to the mines of Idaho and eastern Oregon. Again, when he had a large shipment on the dock in Portland ready to be taken up, the river rose to such heights that the flour was ruined. So great was this loss that Mr. Davidson was for the time financially embarassed to such an extent that it was necessary for him to sell practically all his cattle, horses and hogs. At the time of this misfortune he was the owner of seven hundred and fifty acres of land, but turned all of it over to his creditors. With a very small amount of money but the energy, persistency and daring which was characteristic to his nature, he removed to Fairfield, and there opened up a store which he operated for three years before disposing of it and removing to Salem. In this latter city he remained until his death which occurred when he was sixty years of age. His wife had passed away three years previously. They were the parents of six children: Gideon, deceased, formerly a resident of Independence, Oregon; William Franklin, the subject of this review; Amelia, the wife of Porter Magness, of Wheatland, Oregon; Bird, of Spokane; G. C., a resident of Marion county;

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and May, who is wedded to John Ross, of Salem, Oregon. Mr. Davidson was married a second time, and by this union had two children: John, a resident of San Francisco, California; and Minnie, the wife of a Mr. Haden of Walla Walla, Washington. After the death of her husband Mrs. Davidson was married to Ples. Nolan, now deceased. She is living in Walla Walla, Washington, and by her second union had one child, Neva, who is deceased.

At the age of twenty-one years William Franklin Davidson started upon his independent career. He first rented land from his father-in-law, which for one year he cultivated, but at the end of that time he removed to St. Paul where he again remained for but one year. He spent another year at Fairfield where he was interested in a sawmill and then purchased three hundred and thirty acres of land, but because of his desire to give his sons a good start in life he has now only retained one hundred and forty-six acres of the home place. Throughout his agricultural career he has given much of his time to the careful study of the needs and possibilities of the soil and has made for himself as an agriculturist a name which is synonymous with success.

On the 24th of May, 1864, Mr. Davidson was wedded to Miss Anna Coleman of St. Paul, Oregon. Her birth occurred in 1840 and she was the daughter of James and Fanny (Murray) Coleman. It was in the year 1847 that her parents crossed the plains from Iowa and took up a land claim of six hundred and forty acres in Yamhill county where they settled and met with the success they expected to find in this rich western country. Mr. and Mrs. Davidson were the parents of twelve children: Fred, of St. Paul, Oregon; Mary, who is the wife of Hugh Kirkpatrick of Idaho; Eugene, also a resident of St. Paul, and who has two children; Laura, who is the wife of Jerome Jackson of Hubbard, Oregon, and who has three children; John, a resident of St. Paul; Blanche, who is the wife of Charles Gooding; Jane, who is the wife of James Smith of Champoeg, and has five children; Hilda, who is the wife of Fred Gearin, of St. Paul; Ralph, who has assumed charge of his father's place and married Hazel Littlefield, born in 1891, a daughter of Dr. H. J. and Maggie (Nelson) Littlefield, who belonged to one of the pioneer families, and they have one child, Margaret, born in 1910; Chester, who is residing in St. Paul and engaged in contracting and decorating; Edna, deceased; and Arzelia, who is the wife of Paul Reedie, of Salem, Oregon, and has two children. On the 24th of April, 1907, Mrs. Davidson passed away at the age of sixty-two years.

In politics Mr. Davidson is a firm believer in the principles and measures of the democratic party but has never sought public office, although the interest he takes in the welfare of the community has led him to serve as road supervisor for the last ten years and, in fact, he has been connected with this public department from time to time for the last twenty-five or thirty years. Fraternally he is connected with the Ancient Order of United Workmen. In religious faith he is a Roman Catholic. His life record shows what can be accomplished when industry, perseverance and progressiveness are adhered to by a young man when carving out his destiny. By all in his community Mr. Davidson is accounted one of the most respected, most honorable and most faithful citizens.

WILLIAM O. GALAWAY. Wherever men are gathered in the conduct of business interests there is a demand for a bank that will provide a medium of exchange in the transaction of business affairs, and there is no one element which has greater effect in upholding financial stability in a community than has a carefully organized and conservatively conducted bank. Of such an institution William O. Galaway is now cashier and one of the chief stockholders, having aided in the organization of the Washington County Bank, which is situated in the town of Banks, Oregon. He is yet a young man but has already made for himself a name in business circles that is most creditable and promises well for the future. He was born in McCool Junction, Nebraska, March 13, 1884. His father, John J. Galaway, was a native of Illinois but in early life removed westward to Nebraska, where he followed farming for many years. It was there that he met and married Miss Mattie Wolsenholm, also a native of Illinois. Her death occurred in 1886, the father surviving for fourteen years or until 1900.

William O. Galaway, their only child, pursued his education in the public schools to the age of nineteen years, and afterward attended the York Business College, from which he was graduated the following year. Later he pursued a special course of study in the same institution, thus becoming well qualified for the onerous and responsible duties of business life. Looking over the field in search of a favorable location, he decided that the far west had better opportunities than could be secured elsewhere, and accordingly made his way to the Pacific coast, settling at Banks, where he worked at various occupations for a year and a half. He next bought an interest in a general store in Banks which he conducted for two years, but at the end of that time sold out and became one of the organizers of the Washington County Bank, of which he was made cashier. He is also secretary at the present time and one of the leading stockholders of the institution. His fellow officers are: N. I. Burnett, president; and William L. Moore, vice president. Mr. Galaway gives personal attention to the business which is conducted along safe lines, a wise conservatism tempering a progressive force. The patronage of the bank has steadily increased and the institution is now regarded as one of the substantial financial interests of the county.

In 1907 was celebrated the marriage of Mr. Galaway to Miss Dette Friday, who was born in Washington county, Oregon, September 24, 1886, a daughter of Nicholas and

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Fannie Friday, who were natives of Switzerland and were married in Wisconsin, where they resided for some time before coming west to Washington county, Oregon, where the mother has since lived. The father, however, passed away in 1899. In their family were nine children of whom seven yet survive, namely: Mrs. A. C. Carstens, of Banks, Oregon; Mrs. O. H. Drorbaugh, of Portland; Mrs. Galaway; John, Albert and Bert, all of Banks; and Edward, who is living at Galice, Oregon. The two who have passed away are Eugene and Henry. Mr. and Mrs. Galaway have an interesting little daughter, Melva, born October 4, 1910. Mr. Galaway exercises his right of franchise in support of the men and measures of the republican party. He is a prominent member of the Odd Fellows lodge at Banks, in which he is serving as vice grand. His loyalty to the order is unquestioned and it is characteristic of Mr. Galaway that he is ever faithful to any cause which he espouses and to any trust reposed in him.

W. R. HOLMES, who is the conscientious and efficient cashier of the Wallowa National Bank of Enterprise, was born in Cincinnati, Ohio, July 2, 1853. He is a son of L. R. and Jane (Gabriel) Holmes, both natives of Ireland, having been reared in that country. As a young man the father came to America, locating in New York, and two years later his betrothed bride, Jane Gabriel, joined him, and they were married in New York. Soon after their marriage they removed to Cincinnati, Ohio, where Mr. Holmes accepted a position as bookkeeper for the furniture manufacturing house of L. M. Duncan. Later he was sent to Memphis, Tennessee, where he became superintendent of a branch furniture store for a Cincinnati firm and also had an interest in the company. In 1861 he returned to Cincinnati and for a short time was engaged in the grocery business. In 1863 he crossed the plains with mule and ox teams, intending to come to Oregon, but the mining excitement drew him into Montana, where he spent one year freighting from Salt Lake City to the mining towns. Subsequently he went to Walla Walla, Washington, and lived there four and one-half years, during which time he continued in the freighting business, hauling supplies from Umatilla county, Oregon, to the Idaho mining points. In November, 1868, he removed with his family to Grande Ronde valley, Union county, Oregon, where he engaged in farming and stock-raising, with which he was prominently identified until his death in 1892. The father was a member of the Masonic lodge, a democrat in politics, served as a member of the board of county commissioners of Union county, and was a very influential man.

W. R. Holmes was reared under the parental roof and acquired his early education in the public schools, having spent some four years in the Walla Walla city schools. When he was about sixteen years of age, putting aside his text-books, he became apprenticed as a miller in the Cove Mills, in the employ of S. G. French, one of the pioneers of Grande Ronde valley. Upon finishing his apprenticeship he remained with Mr. French and subsequently became manager of his business which comprised besides the mill a ranch of four thousand acres, stocked with many hundred head of horses and cattle. So well did Mr. Holmes perform the duties of this position that upon the death of Mr. French in 1882, he was chosen administrator of his estate, to which he gave that rare and careful attention which characterizes all his business enterprises. In 1884 he came to Wallowa where he engaged in the cattle business, and four years later was one of the dominating factors in the organization of the Wallowa National Bank of Enterprise, which on September 29, 1888, opened its doors to the public, with Mr. Holmes as its cashier and business manager, in which capacity he has since so ably served.

On the 29th of September, 1890, Mr. Holmes wedded Miss Mattie Aram, a daughter of William and Mary (Eaton) Aram. Mr. and Mrs. Aram in 1852 removed from Ohio to California by way of the Isthmus of Panama, locating in San Jose. In 1876 they removed to Portland, where they resided until a short time before their deaths when they came to make their home with their daughter. To Mr. and Mrs. Holmes have been born three children, two of whom survive. They are: Frederick Aram, who is in his sophomore year in the State Agricultural College at Corvallis; and Elise Gabriel, who is a student at St. Helen's Hall in Portland. The other member of the family, Gerald Eaton, passed away September 14, 1909.

In politics Mr. Holmes is a stanch republican and at different times has served as mayor. Both he and Mrs. Holmes are greatly interested in the cause of education, he having been a member of the school board for many years, while Mrs. Holmes is now serving her sixth year as a member of the same. Mr. Holmes is identified with Wallowa Lodge, No. 82, A. F. & A. M. of Enterprise, and is a member of Enterprise Chapter, No. 30, R. A. M. Both he and his wife are affiliated with Wallowa Valley Chapter, No. 50 of the Order of Eastern Star. Mr. Holmes has always carefully planned his business and has ability and executive force to carry it forward. He is a most successful banker, and is numbered among the prominent men in the business world of Enterprise.

LYNN B. FERGUSON, a well known druggist of Newberg, who for some years has been successfully identified with the commercial interests of the town, was born in Yamhill county, on August 24, 1877. His father was the late J. L. Ferguson, a native of Kentucky where he resided until 1852, when he came to Yamhill county. He located in La Fayette, and there engaged in business in which he met with excellent success, becoming one of the largest property owners of the county. A capable business man, he became a prominent factor in the development of this section of the state, both commercially and in-

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dustrially. He was one of the promoters of the first woolen mills established at Oregon City, thus furnishing an excellent local market for one of the state's leading products, and he also assisted in developing various other public utilities. He possessed the faculty of recognizing opportunities that were not noticeable to the average business man, utilizing them to forward his personal interests. His methods, however, were always above reproach, and although the less sagacious might sometimes envy his success, his gain was never accomplished by deliberately sacrificing another. Much of his prosperity was due to his intelligent and judicious investments in real estate, as he at one time held the titles to nearly two thousand acres of land in Yamhill county, that was later sold at a good advance over the first cost. Mr. Ferguson always took much interest in all educational matters and was one of those who founded the agricultural college at Corvallis, at that time a Methodist Episcopal (South) school. He took an active and helpful interest in political affairs, giving his support to the democratic party, and for two years was a member of the state legislature. His high standard of citizenship, integrity and trustworthiness won him the respect of all with whom he had transactions, and his death was occasion for widespread regret in the community where he had lived for the greater part of his life. He passed away in August, 1903, at the age of seventy-two years. For his wife and helpmate Mr. Ferguson chose Miss Parmelia Jane Bird, a daughter of John Bird, one of Yamhill county's honored pioneers, whose death occurred at the age of forty-six years. Of their marriage there were born seven children: Ella, the deceased wife of Clarence Baker, who has a son and a daughter living in this county; C. C., a real-estate and insurance agent of Newberg; Nettie, who is also deceased; Ray, who is residing in La Fayette; James L., of Newberg; Maggie Jane, the wife of ex-Senator Caldwell, of Ontario, this state; and Lynn B., our subject.

Reared at La Fayette, Lynn B. Ferguson is indebted to the common schools of that town for his early education. He was graduated from the high school with the class of 1895, following which he studied for a year in the Evangelical seminary of La Fayette. Having decided that he would adopt the drug business for his life vocation, after leaving the seminary he entered a drug store in North Yamhill, where he remained for three years. During that period he not only became thoroughly familiar with the business and the various lines of goods handled in an establishment of this kind, but he also qualified for his examination in pharmacy, and is now registered in both Oregon and Idaho. After resigning his position in North Yamhill he went to Albany, where he followed the same occupation for a year. At the end of that time he felt he was fully qualified to engage in business for himself and coming to Newberg he purchased the store of T. H. Whitten, that he has ever since conducted. He has a very attractive place of business and carries a full line of drugs, proprietary and patent medicines, as well as toilet articles and such sundries as are usually kept in a store of this kind. A gracious manner, thorough knowledge of the business, and strict attention to the needs of his patrons, particularly in his prescription department, have enabled Mr. Ferguson to build up an excellent trade among a desirable class of people.

On November 26, 1907, was celebrated the marriage of Mr. Ferguson to Mrs. Lura Bogart, who was born in Sheridan, this county, and is a daughter of Daniel R. Ralston. The father was one of the well known stockmen and agriculturists of this section for many years, but he and the mother are now deceased.

Mr. Ferguson is a Mason, being affiliated with the blue lodge and chapter and the Order of the Eastern Star. He also belongs to the Benevolent Protective Order of Elks, Woodmen of the World, Circle and the Independent Order of Odd Fellows. In politics he is a democrat and has served on the local school board. He is one of the enterprising business men of the town, who takes an active interest in all public affairs and champions every progressive movement, which he recognizes as one of the first duties of citizenship.

SAMUEL M. ROBISON. The history of the development of the great northwest is indissolubly connected with the history of the lives of such men as Samuel M. Robison, who during his lifetime was one of the foremost men of Jackson county and one of the early pioneers to whom much credit is due for the present advanced development of the section. The record of his father's exertions and of his own early boyhood reads like a western tale of adventure, abounding in hard struggles against primitive conditions, filled with the glamour of excitement and the thrills of Indian warfare. And yet the real living of this adventure was a stern thing, a life filled with hardship, adverse conditions, the terrors of war and the fear of death, and the lives of the men who endured it will ever be held in grateful remembrance by the succeeding generations.

The parents of the subject of this sketch were John and Susan (Milligan) Robison, who left Ohio in 1837 for the frontier country of Iowa, and it was on this journey that their son, Samuel M. Robison was born, March 16, 1837. The parents reached Linn county, Iowa, and located on a farm in that section where they remained for eight years, later removing to another farm in the same county where they resided up to the spring of 1853, when they set out across the plains for Oregon. The father had made ample provisions for the trip, providing three wagons with three yoke of oxen to each wagon, and had laid in supplies sufficient to keep his family in comparative comfort for a year. The thoroughly efficient manner in

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which he provided for every imaginable detail of the journey is remarkable in a man who had never seen the section of the country to which he was going, and who could have but a comparatively vague idea of the exigencies of the life. He even added to his supplies peach and garden seeds of every variety, thus anticipating the barrenness of the frontier country. Few men had the foresight so thoroughly to equip themselves for the hardships of the journey and of the life in the Oregon country. His supplies even included fifteen mares and twelve blooded cows, which constituted comparative wealth, when the new land was reached. The family arrived in Jackson county August 30, 1853. and the elder Robison immediately located a donation claim of three hundred and twenty acres on Wagner creek, two miles south of the present site of the town of Talent. Here he erected a small cabin, but soon found that life and property were not safe from the depredations of Indians without more adequate protection. He immediately erected a heavy stockade of hewed timbers, completely encircling his cabin. This stockade remained for many months until the Indian depredations ceased, when he tore it down and planted a garden around his cabin, using the seeds with which his own foresight had provided him before he set out on the journey. His peach seeds were planted in the winter of 1853 and produced the first peach crop ever harvested in Oregon. The vegetable garden, an untold luxury heretofore in the wilderness of the west, he shared with his neighbors. He advocated and insisted on the necessity of good roads, and assisted materially in gaining them for the little community. In every phase of his career he showed that progressive spirit which is so necessary in the frontiersman in the development of a country from its primitive state. He was a leader among men, always foremost in every movement for the development of his locality and his death in 1870 was a distinct loss to the community in which he lived. His wife survived him until 1889.

The qualities of initiative, originality, foresight and intelligence which the elder Robison possessed in so eminent a degree, he transmitted to his son. Samuel M. Robison was sixteen years of age upon his arrival in Jackson county. He was physically strong and on his shoulders fell a good share of the burden of clearing the land. In 1857, he left the parental roof, and apprenticed himself to the blacksmith's trade, but after eighteen months, he put aside this work and returned to farming. In 1864, Mr. Robison located on the present Robison homestead, a magnificent property of two hundred acres, two miles southwest of Talent, Oregon, and engaged in the business of dairying. The products of his dairy were known far and wide as being absolutely clean and wholesome. His business increased yearly, based as it was upon the solid foundation of strict integrity and upright business principles. His hard work and honorable methods were rewarded by financial success, and upon his death on the 16th of September, 1911, he left his family a large fortune.

On April 13, 1864, Samuel Robison was married to Miss Hannah E. Barneburg, a daughter of John and Mary A. (Wagoner) Barneburg. Her father was a native of Germany and her mother of Switzerland. They came to Oregon in 1860 from Henry county, Iowa, locating in Phoenix, Jackson county, where their deaths occurred in 1862. To Mr. and Mrs. Samuel Robison were born six children, the five now living being: John, a prominent farmer of Jackson county; Anna, the wife of Nicholas Brophy; George, who resides on a farm in this county; Eva, who married George Dewey; and Della, the wife of Ford Roper. William died at the age of nine years.

The history of the opening up of the great northwest contains no record of any man who has been more influential in its development than Samuel Robison. His life and exertions were prominent factors in its growth, and he leaves to his sons and daughters the record of a high and honorable life, by the example of which they may carve out their futures.

WILLIAM R. MASCALL has long been successfully engaged in the sheep business in the John Day valley, where he owns a ranch of three hundred and twenty acres. He was born at Petaluma, Sonoma county, California, on the 21st of April, 1862, and is the only son of Richard and Sophie Jane (Oxford) Mascall. The father, who was a native of London, England, came to the Pacific coast in the '50s, locating in California. He subsequently returned to London where he was married, and then returned to California with his bride, making the journey around the Horn. After several years residence in the latter state they came to Oregon, first settling in Canyon City in 1864. They remained there until 1872, when they removed to Mount Vernon, coming from there to the John Day valley and settling on a ranch five miles below Dayville, where the father engaged in sheep-raising until his death in 1881. The mother died about 1883. The family of Mr. and Mrs. Mascall numbered three children, one of whom died in infancy. The surviving members are: William R.; and Annie, the widow of John Jackson, now residing in Dayville.

Practically the entire life of William R. Mascall has been passed in Grant county, his education being obtained in the common schools. He was associated with his father until the latter's death, when he took possession of the home ranch, which he has since operated. His herds used to contain from ten to twelve thousand head of sheep, but this was prior to the passing of the law limiting the number the ranchers could run. Mr. Mascall is both progressive and enterprising in his business and his ranch is equipped with everything essential to its successful operation. He has made ample provision for the care and protection of his sheep, which are kept in good condition and all of his shearing is done by machinery. The

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greater portion of his land is under irrigation and readily responds to cultivation, and he has a fine orchard and large, attractive grounds about his residence, which is thoroughly modern. The John Day river crosses his ranch, which is conveniently located and well adapted to the purpose for which it is used.

On the 5th of October, 1887, Mr. Mascall was united in marriage to Miss Mary Valade, of Portland, Oregon, and they have become the parents of nine children: Otis, who is a member and manager of the Dayville Mercantile Company; and Erma, Vivian, Walter, Norbet, Madge, Annie, Cedric and Lawrence, all of whom are at home. Mr. Mascall is a member of the Woodmen of the World at Canyon City, and is also a member of the A. O. U. W. at Dayville. He is numbered among the substantial citizens and efficient and capable business men of his community, where he is held in high regard and has many friends.

MONTGOMERY TURNER. With the development and upbuilding of the town of Banks, Montgomery Turner has been closely associated and in the conduct of his business affairs has displayed that enterprise which works for individual success and also constitutes a factor in public prosperity. His energy and determination enable him to carry forward to successful completion whatever he undertakes, and aside from his mercantile interests in Banks he has other business interests which are proving profitable sources of income. A native of Kentucky, he was born in 1866, a son of H. V. and Nancy J. (Butler) Turner, who were also natives of Kentucky, in which state the father still resides, having attained the age of seventy-seven years on the 3d of March, 1911. His wife passed away August 26, 1900, and her death was the occasion of deep regret to many friends. In their family were seven children: John, still a resident of Kentucky; Creed, living at Oroville, California; Susan, at home; Montgomery and Monroe, twins, the latter a resident of Chattanooga, Tennessee; E. T., livng in Laurel, Oregon; and Lloyd E., of California.

A quiet and uneventful boyhood brought Montgomery Turner to the outset of his business career with a fair knowledge of the branches of learning taught in the public schools and with the practical experience of home training, so that he realized the value of industry and determination as factors in the attainment of success. When twenty-two years of age he became a locomotive fireman on the Queen & Crescent railroad, running from Cincinnati to Chattanooga. He spent four and a half years at that work and was then promoted to the position of engineer, in which capacity he capably served for twelve years, his fidelity being indicated by his long connection with the road. In 1904 he came to Oregon and settled in Washington county, having previously established a mercantile business at Banks which was operated by his brother during the last four years of Montgomery Turner's connection with railroad work. He then took charge of the store, which he has since continually conducted and his earnest effort to please patrons combined with unfaltering diligence in the management of his business and with unassailable integrity in all transactions, have gained for him a satisfactory and growing trade. He owns the business block in which he is located, together with other property in the town, and also has an eighty-acre farm near Banks, of which one-half is under a high state of cultivation. He is likewise a stockholder in the Washington County Bank and also in the Pacific Coast Fire Insurance Company of Portland and in his investments has displayed sound business judgment that has found its proof in his success.

On the 22d of June, 1893, Mr. Turner was married to Miss Vessie Parmley, who was born in Kentucky, February 15, 1872, a daughter of James and Harriet (Dunegon) Parmley, who were also natives of the Blue Grass state, where they reared a family of thirteen children, eleven of whom are still living. The mother yet resides in Kentucky but the father passed away in 1886. Mr. and Mrs. Turner have a family of two sons and two daughters: Flonnie, who was born September 15, 1895, now attending high school and studying music; Herman, born May 17, 1897; James Carl, June 17, 1900; and Nellie May, October 10, 1903. Mr. Turner holds membership with the Masonic fraternity, the Independent Order of Odd Fellows, the Modern Woodmen of America and the Locomotive Engineers and in politics is a republican, but while he keeps thoroughly informed on the questions and issues of the day, he never seeks office as a reward for party fealty. Having the prescience to discern what the future had in store for this great and growing western country, he resolved to identify his interests therewith and as the years pass by he is winning the success which is the merited reward of earnest, persistent labor.

ADOLPHE JETTE. Among the prominent and successful agriculturists whom Canada has contributed to the ranks of those active in the development of the rich resources of the state of Oregon few are more favorably known to their community than Adolphe Jette.

He was born in Repentigny, Canada, on the 10th of June, 1825, his parents being Francois and Marian (Payette) Jette. The Jette family has always been recognized as one of the prominent Canadian families, Louis Amable Jette, a first cousin of the subject of this sketch being a governor of Quebec. He was also one of the committee of five appointed by the British government to decide the Alaskan boundary question and upon him was conferred the dignity of knight bachelor by the king. When Adolphe Jette left his native country he came to New York, but almost immediately afterward sailed for

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New Orleans, Louisiana, where he remained for six months being employed in a sawmill near Plaquemine. At the end of this time he left New Orleans going by boat to St. Louis, the trip taking twelve days. Subsequently after two months' employment in a sawmill near St. Louis he removed to Fort Leavenworth, Kansas, where he was engaged by the government to drive an ox team to Fort Laramie, Wyoming. At that place he and several of his fellow countrymen purchased pack horses and came direct to Oregon stopping in Canyon City where they mined until 1856. That year they encountered some serious difficulties with the Indians. At one time they were surrounded by the savages for thirty days at the mouth of Rogue river, but Mr. Jette became acquainted with the chief of the tribe and although the lives of some of his friends were taken he was saved through the entreaties of Chetsey, the daughter of the chief. This was only one of the many trying experiences which these early settlers encountered. Mr. Jette afterwards proceeded to Crescent City and remained for one winter, but, as his business operations there were not very successful, netting him only a few hundred dollars, he settled in the neighborhood of St. Paul. He purchased a lot and built himself a home and spent the greater part of his time travelling to and from the mines in Idaho, in which he was employed.

In 1871 Mr. Jette was married to Marguerite Lierd, the daughter of Tanis and Ciles (Lirock) Lierd. Her birth occurred on January 2, 1851, near St. Paul, her father being French Canadian and her mother a part descendant from the Walla Walla tribe of Indians. Adolph Jette came to his present home in 1873 and was engaged in various clerical positions for six years. At the end of that time he purchased seven thousand dollars worth of stock on credit and paid for it within a year, which speaks highly for the success of this undertaking. But he has also suffered losses and setbacks which have been almost as remarkable, one being the loss of two thousand bushels of wheat in the flood of 1890.

To Mr. and Mrs. Jette nine children have been born. Charles W. A., the eldest, is engaged in business with his father and also is the owner of two farms of one hundred and fifty acres each, near Champoeg and of a house and lot in Champoeg. He has been twice married. His first union was to Miss Elizabeth Thedededaux, a native of Minnesota, and the daughter of Napoleon Thededeaux who settled in Newberg, Oregon, after their removal from Minnesota. To this union two children were born: C. Herbert A., whose birth occurred on the 29th of September, 1899; and Margaret, who was born on December 23, 1901. He married Mrs. Maybelle Stratton Chickering on November 16, 1908, who had been previously married to George L. Chickering. Her birth occurred near Drummond, Wisconsin, and she is the daughter of John and Martha (Wilson) Stratton. She was one of three children, the others being Harriet, deceased, and David, a resident of Hibbing, Minnesota. By her first union she had two children: Esther who was born June 30, 1906; and Martha, whose birth occurred on the 28th of June, 1907. Both daughters are residing with their mother. Mr. and Mrs. Charles W. A. Jette have become the parents of one child, Louis Amable, whose birth occurred November 22, 1909. Albert J., the second son of Adolph Jette, is a resident of Seaside, Oregon. Frank A., is living in Champoeg, Oregon. Arthur F. is residing near St. Paul, Oregon. Lillia, who is the wife of John Bungoyne, is a resident of Castle Rock. Alvina is the wife of Albert Smitson, of Portland, Oregon. Azilda, Edna M., and Elsie are all residing with their parents in Linton, Oregon.

Mr. Jette was postmaster for twenty-four years at Champoeg until the rural delivery system was inaugurated. He had a well stocked store, the management of which he turned over to his son, C. W. Jette; and he now lives retired from active duties with his wife and daughters in Linton. In politics he has ever cast his vote with the democracy and has been a firm advocate of the principles of that party which he believes most conducive for good government. Although he has been offered many county offices because of his unusual executive abilty he has declined them, feeling that all of his time and attention were needed in his business operations. Well known in this county where he has resided from pioneer times, he deserves public recognition in this volume for social qualities which have made him many friends, while his business record is most creditable and enviable. He manifests a great interest in promoting all measures that pertain to the welfare of his community and the general development of its resources.

CHARLES MELVIN CRANDALL, who since 1894 has engaged in the active practice of law and is now located at Vale, the county seat of Malheur county, was born March 18, 1861, at Morton, Tazewell county, Illinois, his parents being George Fitch and Mary Ann Crandall. In both the paternal and maternal lines he is descended from old New England families, the Crandall ancestry being traced back to the Rev. John Crandall, who was a co-worker with Roger Williams of Rhode Island. The father was born September 17, 1820, in Sheldon, Genesee county, New York, and was a son of John R. and Mary (Crowell) Crandall, the former born in Connecticut in 1779, and the latter in Massachusetts in 1787. Mary Ann Crandall was the elder daughter of Horatio N. and Catherine (Castle) Crosby and was born at Canandaigua, New York, January 7, 1830. Her father's birth occurred in Herkimer county, New York, in 1808, and his parents were both natives of Massachusetts. Catherine (Castle) Crosby was born in New York, of New England parentage. In the year 1836 George Fitch Crandall went to Tazewell county, Illinois, with his parents, arriving three years after Mary Ann Crosby had settled in the same county with her parents.

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In Tazewell county Charles M. Crandall was born and reared and after completing a course in the high school of Chenoa, Illinois, he entered the law department of the Union University of New York and was graduated with the Bachelor of Laws degree in 1894. On starting out in life for himself he first engaged in teaching school for two years, after which he did clerical work until he entered upon the active practice of law, following his graduation, at Worthington, Nobles county, Minnesota. There he remained until 1909, when he removed to Boise, Idaho, where he engaged in law practice until July, 1911, when he came to Vale. Here he has since continued. For eight years he served as prosecuting attorney of Nobles county, Minnesota, but otherwise has never sought or held office, preferring to concentrate his energies upon his professional duties, and his devotion to his clients' interests has become proverbial.

On the 6th of November, 1889, at Belmond, Wright county, Iowa, Mr. Crandall was married to Miss Clara M. Kern, a daughter of Jacob B. and Melina Kern, who were natives of France. Mr. and Mrs. Crandall have a son, Charles Kern, who was born at Worthington, Minnesota, November 5, 1896. Mr. Crandall is a Royal Arch and Knight Templar Mason and is a past master of his lodge. He also holds membership with the Ancient Arabic Order of the Nobles of the Mystic Shrine at St. Paul, Minnesota. He is a past chancellor of the Knights of Pythias, has held the highest office in the Fraternal Order of Eagles, belongs to the Ancient Order of United Workmen, the Degree of Honor and the Knights of the Maccabees. He votes with the republican party and, as previously stated, has no political aspirations. He has come to be regarded as one of the strong and able lawyers of his part of the state, carefully preparing and presenting his cases, his strong and incontrovertible logic winning him many favorable verdicts.

DAVID M. GRAHAM, the junior member of the well known retail shoe firm of Burden & Graham, of Eugene, was born in Washington county, Oregon, May 27, 1880. His parents were John and Katherine (McLindan) Graham, who came to Yamhill county, Oregon, in 1875 or 1876, and later removed to Washington county. The father was of Scotch-Irish ancestry, his birth having occurred in the north of Ireland. He was twice married and by his second union became the father of seven children, five of whom grew to maturity.

Of this number David M. Graham was the youngest. He was educated in the public schools of Oregon and later attended the West Side high school of Portland, while he completed his education by a course of study in the University of Oregon, graduating from that institution with the class of 1905, at which time he was awarded the A. B. degree. After his graduation he taught economics for one year at his alma mater. However, he displayed a taste for commerce and, withdrawing from the educational field, entered the retail shoe business in partnership with Charles A. Burden in September, 1906. The business of this firm has had a steady growth, constantly expanding until it has become one of the well known shoe stores of this city.

Fraternally Mr. Graham is a member of the Benevolent Protective Order of Elks, of which he was most exalted ruler, and is also a charter member of the Kappa Sigma fraternity. Eugene has among its citizens many excellent young business men as well as men of a profession, but there are few, if any, who surpass in all those traits of character which make for good citizenship David M. Graham. Being still a young man and active not only in business circles but also in social and fraternal life he is of particular value to the city of his adoption where he is held in high esteem by a large number who know him intimately.

FRED FREY has been farming in Grant county for a number of years and is well known as an enterprising and representative citizen. He was born in Minnesota, October 19, 1864, and is a son of Charles and Augusta (Perru) Frey, both natives of Germany. His maternal grandfather, Christian Perru, was of old Prussian stock and lived and died in his native land. The family was founded in America by Franz Frey, the grandfather of our subject on the paternal side, who was born in Switzerland and spent his early life in that country. He came to America and located in Ohio, where he followed his trade of wagonmaker and was engaged in general farming until his death when he was fifty-three years of age.

His son, Charles Frey, the father of our subject, removed from Ohio to Minnesota and located twenty miles west of Red Wing in Goodhue county, that state. He was married in Ohio in 1860 and his removal to Minnesota took place in the same year. In 1869 he came to Oregon and located in the John Day valley, seven miles below the town. He served during the Civil war as a member of a Minnesota regiment of volunteer infantry for six months and was mustered out and honorably discharged in 1865. For many years he operated a ranch in the John Day valley, farming and keeping a large herd of graded stock. To these activities he later added truck gardening and was successful in this branch of his work. He was the father of nine children: Louisa, who married William Sproul, of California; Fred, the subject of this review; Frank; Minnie, the deceased wife of Ira Sproul; Ella, now Mrs. Ira Sproul, of Bear Valley, Oregon; Edward, of Fox, Grant county; Nettie, who became the wife of Lewis Wilson, and now resides in Washington; Carrie, the deceased wife of Henry Workins of Mount Vernon; and Dora, the wife of Charles McKrola, of Mount Vernon.

The public schools of Oregon afforded Fred Frey his early educational opportunities. He later came to Oregon with his parents and pursued his studies in that state. In 1886 he purchased an interest in the Humboldt mine on the hillside west of Canyon City

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and worked at mining for twelve years. His holdings were productive and he was extremely successful. At the end of twelve years he abandoned mining and took up a homestead claim in Grant county. The circumstances which led to his gaining title to this estate were peculiar. A local company engaged in the building of a military road through the district had received in exchange for their services a large grant of land. Charles Frey, the father of our subject, purchased this property from the company. In the making out of the papers ceding the land to the construction company it was found that through some legal negligence the deed was void and the land still remained in possession of the government. Upon this Mr. Frey filed his homestead claim and is now in active operation of one of the finest ranches in Grant county. He is an expert and efficient farmer and conducts his enterprise along scientific and progressive lines. He has developed his place to a remarkable extent and is known in Grant county as a man who has done much to promote the growth and development of his native state. In April, 1896, Mr. Frey was united in marriage to Miss Lou McMillan of California. Mrs. Frey is a charming and hospitable woman, and has been a great aid to her husband in his career.

GEORGE W. McGRAW is a self-made man whom Banks regards as a valuable addition to her citizenship, for he has made good use of his time and opportunities and has always been an advocate of progressive development. His financial resources were extremely limited when he arrived in Greenville in 1890 but his stock of determination and diligence was large and with that as an asset he has "made good" in business circles. He was born in Howard county, Indiana, February 23, 1863, a son of John and Nancy E. (Jones) McGraw, both of whom were natives of Indiana, where they were reared and married. There they established their home and were still living when the father died in 1863, while serving his country as a soldier of the Civil war. The mother afterward removed to eastern Indiana, where she has since resided.

George W. McGraw, their only son and child, was only a few months old when his father died and when fifteen years of age he started out to make his own way in the world. It was a heavy burden for young shoulders but the necessity of the case forced him to take up responsibilities which are usually supposed to be those of manhood. He sought employment at farm labor and thus spent his time until twenty-one years of age, when he made his way westward to Decatur county, Kansas, where he secured a claim and developed a homestead. He only gave a part of his time to his own farm, however, and the remainder of the time worked in the employ of others until twenty-six years of age. He then sold his Kansas property and a year later came to the Pacific coast, settling in Washington county, Oregon, where he worked by the month for three years. He then purchased a twenty-five-acre timber tract, which he cleared and developed, holding the property until 1907. He then disposed of that land but in the meantime had purchased other tracts and is now the owner of thirty-two acres under a very high state of cultivation. Upon this he makes his home and the well kept appearance of the place and the highly improved fields indicate his careful supervision and practical methods. He also owns a residence property and business block in Banks. When he first came to Washington county on the 7th of January, 1890, the family had their complete possession in a box which weighed about three hundred pounds and their cash capital was two dollars and a half. The snow lay on the ground to the depth of eighteen inches. It was a severe struggle to obtain a start but persistent labor overcame the difficulties and obstacles in the way and Mr. McGraw is now comfortably situated in life, having a good property from which he derives a substantial income.

While still living in the middle west Mr. McGraw was married July 1, 1888, to Miss Nettie M. Lee, who was born in Washington county, Ohio, July 1, 1866, a daughter of Edwin and Martha Lee, who were natives of the Buckeye state and there remained until 1886, when they removed westward to Sheridan county, Kansas. After an interval of six years there passed they came to Washington county, Oregon, where they spent their remaining days, the mother dying in 1901 and the father in 1908. Mrs. McGraw was the eldest of their three children, her brothers being: John F., now a resident of Washington county; and William H., who is living in Portland. By her marriage she has become the mother of six children: Oscar, who died in infancy; Mildred G., who was born December 11, 1893, and is now ready to enter the normal school; Henry E., born October 4, 1895; Roxanna, born August 5, 1904; Alva, who was born in September, 1906, and died at the age of four years and nine months; and one who died in infancy.

In his political views Mr. McGraw has always been a republican since age gave him the right of franchise and his fellow townsmen, appreciative of his worth and loyalty in citizenship, have called him to some local offices. He filled the position of township supervisor four years, was deputy game warden one year and at the present writing is serving as deputy sheriff. He belongs to the Independent Order of Odd Fellows and to the Rebekah degree, with which his wife is also connected, and the family attend the Methodist Episcopal church. Their influence is always on the side of progress and improvement and Mr. McGraw advocates all those forces which tend to promote material, intellectual, social and moral advancement.

LEONARD COLE is a native of Indiana but has spent practically all his life in the northwest. He is one of the extensive landowners and dealers in real estate in Vale, Oregon, and is identified with many representative industries, his prominence reaching

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into business, political and fraternal circles. At the present time he is engaged in an important land reclamation project and this like his others is primarily an enterprise for the general welfare. Mr. Cole's birth occurred in Ripley county, Indiana, February 11, 1858, and he was only seven years of age when he crossed the plains with his parents. His father was Joshua L. Cole, also a native of Ripley county, born in 1832. His mother was in her maidenhood Miss Melinda Wise. Their marriage occurred in Indiana and in 1860 the family moved to Scott county, Minnesota.

Joshua Cole was a farmer and land dealer and he followed these occupations in that state for four years, crossing the plains in 1864. He made the journey with ox teams and located in Boise City, Idaho, in the fall of the same year. He remained there all winter and in the following spring took up a land claim of one hundred and sixty acres in the lower Boise river which he improved and cultivated for some time. In the meantime he engaged extensively in the freighting business, operating between Umatilla Landing on the Columbia river and Boise and Idaho cities. He gave his personal attention to this line of activity and at one time drove seven yoke of oxen. In 1868 he abandoned the freighting business, trading his teams for cows and horses. In the same year he established his residence in Oregon where he farmed at the mouth of the Shasta creek. Here he carried on general agricultural pursuits and was extensively engaged in the breeding and raising of high-grade cattle and in the operation of a model dairy. In 1872 he moved to Lower Willow creek, taking up a homestead claim in this section near the present site of the town of Brogan. He planted many of his acres in orchards, raising pears, apples, prunes, peaches and cherries. His fruit was of a high quality and obtained a ready sale upon the market. He later added the cultivation of berries to his activities and was successful in this line also. He added to his holdings from time to time until he was the proprietor of one thousand acres of the finest Oregon farm land. He secured good water rights and continued his stock-breeding, enlarging this branch of his activities year by year until he ran on the range from nine hundred to one thousand head of cattle and almost two hundred high-grade horses. He remained upon this property on Willow creek until about the year 1898 when he moved to Vale, Oregon, and engaged in the banking and real-estate business. He is still thus identified although he has moved his home to Long Beach, California. He has long survived his wife who passed away in 1896. To their union were born four children: Calvin died in infancy. Leonard is the subject of this review. Emory was born on the 2d of December, 1862, in Scott county, Minnesota. He was twice married. His first wife was in her maidenhood Miss Lizzie Kendall. After her death Emory Cole wedded Miss Barbara Kennedy and they became the parents of five children: Ray, born in September, 1897; Clifford, whose birth occurred in 1899; Leonard, born in 1902; Clyde, born in 1905; and Dorothy, whose birth occurred in October, 1909. Emory Cole has lived in Baker and Malheur counties for many years, coming to Oregon in 1868. He is a farmer, land-dealer and stock-raiser and is also interested in the banking business. The youngest child born to Mr. and Mrs. Joshua Cole is Eldora, who married J. O. Moudy, by whom she has seven sons and one daughter. Three of these children have passed away, the surviving members of the family make their home at Vale, Oregon. After the death of his first wife the father of our subject was again married. His second wife was Miss Emily I. Blackwell.

Leonard Cole was educated in the public schools of Boise City, Baker, Oregon, and Walla Walla, Washington. After he laid aside his books he immediately began dealing in high-grade cattle and horses, carrying on in connection with this a large butchering business in Middleton, Idaho, and also in Payette. He later conducted an establishment of the same kind in Huntington, Oregon. He came to Baker county with his father and for some time carried on placer mining in that section and in Malheur county. He has had an extended experience in this branch of activity, having worked in the quartz mines in Idaho and Oregon for a number of years. He is still interested in this business at the present time, but he is now giving his attention largely to real estate and to two large irrigation projects which he has on in Harney county. These enterprises have for their object the reclamation of desert land amounting to almost one hundred and ninety thousand acres lying on the Silvies river and on Silvies creek. The engineer's report on the Silvies river project covers one hundred and fifty thousand acres and the other enterprise will if successful reclaim forty thousand acres. Mr. Cole is associated with his brother Emory and with C. B. McConnell in this work. They are promoting one of the largest enterprises of this kind ever attempted in Oregon. They mean to erect and develop an immense tract of desert which is now being surveyed for a railroad, which, when completed will be called the Oregon & Eastern. With transportation and water upon this land it will become very valuable and not only gain for the promoters of the project success and prosperity but will also add to the resources and advantages of the state of Oregon. Large sums of money are required to bring this work to completion but most able business sagacity and keen discrimination have insured the success of the enterprise. He now has it on a solid financial basis and has been instrumental in opening up a section of the country which will afford homes for many thousands of people.

On the 17th of February, 1886, Mr. Cole was united in marriage to Miss Hattie C. Bond, by whom he had one daughter, Nellie L., born in January, 1900. November 11, 1906, Mr. Cole was again married. His second wife was Miss Ella Shoup of Payette, Idaho. Her father was a farmer and followed general agricultural pursuits in Michigan, until his death. Her mother is still living and

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makes her home in Spokane, Washington. To this marriage has been born one daughter, Bernice Lorena, whose natal day was the 31st of August, 1907.

In his political affiliations Mr. Cole is a consistent republican and has been deputy sheriff in Baker and Malheur counties for four years. He has also acted as road supervisor, constable and stock inspector in these districts. He has always tried to do his duty in every phase of life, promoting his own prosperity and aiding his community to the best of his ability. He was a scout in the Bannock Indian war of 1877 to 1878, serving under Colonel Greene and General O. O. Howard. He is well known in fraternal circles, holding membership in the Woodmen of the World and in lodge No. 22, Independent Order of Odd Fellows of Payette, Idaho. Of this last organization he has been a member for twenty-six years and is well known in the affairs of the organization. He has filled all the chairs and has taken all the degrees, has been a delegate to the grand lodge and has served as noble grand for two terms. He also belongs to the Rebekah Lodge, No. 40, of Huntington, Oregon. He is a devout adherent of the Methodist church. Mr. Cole is recognized as one of the substantial, enterprising and progressive citizens of the section in which he resides. All the enterprises with which he is connected are important, public spirited and of general advantage. In his business relations he is essentially broad-minded, upright and straightforward. His political views are intelligent and independent and the private phase of his career unquestioned. His life is altogether useful and valuable and a credit to the community in which he has resided since childhood.

FRANK VAN WASSENHOVE. Belgium has contributed many men who have been active and prominent in the development of the northwest, among them being Frank Van Wassenhove, whose birth occurred in Belgium, March 8, 1842, his parents being Charles and Dorothy (Stark) Van Wassenhove. They were both natives of Belgium but left their native land for America when their son Frank was but three years of age. Almost immediately after their arrival in New York they went to Monroe, Michigan, where the father purchased a farm of one hundred and twelve acres, which he cultivated until his death, which occurred in 1866. They became the parents of six children: Dominick; Frank, the subject of this sketch; Dorothy, who is the wife of Charles Rolland; Joseph; Samuel; and Mary, who wedded Moses Strombly. They are all residing in Newport, Michigan, excepting Frank.

In 1859 Frank Van Wassenhove crossed the plains from Monroe, Michigan, accompanied by a man named Gooby. The journey took six months and was made by way of Omaha, Nebraska, and Council Bluffs, Iowa, where they remained for nine days before starting across the Missouri river. Mr. Gooby had previously gone to California in 1852 but returned to Michigan in 1857 to bring his family to the west. During his first winter in the west Mr. Van Wassenhove was engaged near Portland in cutting wood and clearing land, but afterward he came to the Willamette valley, where he was employed by Mr. Gooby before going to the Orofino mine in 1861. But this did not prove profitable employment and after a summer's stay he returned to Marion county, where he has since resided. Shortly after his return he was married and removed to the property which had been presented to his wife by her uncle, Michael Coyle. Mr. Van Wassenhove took complete charge of the place while it was still entirely covered with timber, clearing altogether two hundred and twenty-five acres. Since the division of the property among the heirs the tract contains one hundred acres, fifty acres of which Mr. Van Wassenhove has brought under a high state of cultivation and has devoted principally to raising wheat, oats and hay. In his various undertakings he has shown a willingness and capacity for diligent and persistent labor and has met with the success which is the reward of conscientious and progressive agriculturists of the northwest.

Mr. Van Wassenhove has been twice married. His first union was to Ellen Coyle, a daughter of James and Charlotte (Scott) Coyle, of St. Paul. To this union four children were born: Mary, who is the wife of Charles McCormick, of Woodburn, Oregon; Josephine, who married Thomas Kerr, of St. Paul; Alexander J., who is a resident of Portland; and Eliza, who is the wife of John Kerr, a resident of Aurora. The mother's death occurred in 1898. Mr. Van Wassenhove was again married on the 2d of February, 1901, his second union being with Mrs. Ellen Ramsey, of The Dalles, Oregon. She had been married twice previously. She was first wedded to Patrick Ferguson, of Massachusetts, and to them five children were born: John and Frank, both deceased; one who died in infancy; George, whose birth occurred in 1881 in Colorado; and Agnes, who was born August 23, 1885, and is the wife of Charles Yegen, of Hillsboro, Oregon. Her second marriage was in 1888 to Edward Ramsey, who was a native of Scotland, and to them one child, Etta, was born. Her birth occurred October 12, 1890, and in her youth she received a musical education. She is the wife of John Vincent, by whom she has had three children.

In politics Mr. Van Wassenhove is a stanch republican and always gives his support to the men and measures of that party although he has never sought office for himself. He is a member of the Roman Catholic church, of the Independent Order of Odd Fellows and of the Ancient Order of United Workmen. In his social and fraternal relations he has won the regard and respect of all with whom he came in contact.

ARMIN R. BODMER is the general manager of the McCully Mercantile Company located at Joseph, in Wallowa county. He was born in La Crosse, Wisconsin, July 26, 1878, and is the son of Otto and Anna (Ochsner) Bodmer, who were natives of Switzerland,

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and emigrated when young people with their parents to America. They were married in Buffalo county, Wisconsin, where the father was engaged in farming and later became interested in the woolen mills of Bangor, in that state. Otto Bodmer removed to Oregon in 1890, locating in Grande Ronde valley, Union county, and later removed to Wallowa county, where his death occurred in the year 1897. His wife survived him but a few years, passing away in 1909.

Armin R. Bodmer is a member of Baker City Lodge, No. 27, A. F. & A. M., also a member of Baker City Lodge, No. 338, Benevolent Protective Order of Elks. The responsible position occupied by Mr. Bodmer and his company is in itself a guarantee of his business ability. He is recognized throughout this portion of the state as being one of the most up-to-date, enterprising and conservative business men identified with all social enterprises affecting the welfare of the community in which he lives.

ROBERT ALEXANDER. It has often been pointed out that the faculty for persistent application is one of the most important gifts any man can possess. The truth of this statement is illustrated by contact with men who have risen through their own exertions to places of responsibility. Ambition, pluck and perseverance have carried many a boy to financial success, and it is to the operation of these important qualities that Robert Alexander became the owner of a valuable farm in Washington county, and also gained recognition as one of the substantial men of his region. He is a native of Scotland, born on the 10th of December, 1860, a son of George and Mary (Cassey) Alexander. Mr. Alexander was reared as a farmer and, believing that America presented inducements superior to those of his native land, he emigrated to this country with his family in 1871, landing at Quebec. From that point the travelers came direct to Portland, Oregon, and proceeded to Cornelius Plains, where they remained for three months. They then came to Forest Grove, Washington county, and Mr. Alexander purchased six hundred and fifty acres of land two miles southwest of town, upon which he established his homestead. Here he resided until his death, in 1902. He possessed many admirable qualities, and was a true type of the brave men who do not hesitate to leave their old associations in order to establish their children under more favorable conditions. In the family of Mr. and Mrs. Alexander were ten children, namely: John, who now lives at Forest Grove; Elizabeth Jessie, who died in 1882, at the age of thirty years; Peter, who died in Oregon at the age of thirty-two, leaving two children; George, who died at the age of two years in the old country; William, who died in the old country at the age of five years; James, who died at Portland, Oregon, in 1898; Robert, of this review; George G., who died at the age of thirty-three in Oregon; A. C., who is now engaged in the real-estate business at Portland; and A. E., who is one of the successful farmers of Washington county.

At the age of ten years Robert Alexander came with his parents to Oregon. He attended the district and grammar schools, and later was a student of the Tualitin Academy. He thus possessed good advantages of education for an active and useful life. In 1882 he went to Idaho and engaged, for nine months, in the dray and transfer business. After returning home on a visit, he took up his residence at Dayton, Oregon, where he was identified with farming for three years, and with the lumber business for two years. He then returned to Forest Grove but went to Athena, Oregon, in 1901, and spent two years at that place. After the death of the father, Mr. Alexander of this sketch and his brothers, A. C. and A. E., purchased the interests of the other heirs in the estate. He now owns one hundred acres of good land, all of which is under cultivation. He applies himself to the fruit and dairy business, and manages his affairs along practical lines that yield a substantial competence.

On June 16, 1897, Mr. Alexander was married to Miss Emma Sheldon, a native of New York state, whose father died when she was an infant. Mr. and Mrs. Alexander became the parents of four children: Peter Grant, who was born in 1898; Roland Edward, born in 1900; Lewis Clarke, born in 1904; and Charles M., born in 1907. Mr. Alexander and his children were called upon to mourn the death of the wife and mother from the effect of a surgical operation May 16, 1909. She was a woman of many attractive personal qualities; one who considered no sacrifice too great if it added to the comfort or happiness of those with whom she was associated. Mr. Alexander is a member of the Knights of Pythias of Forest Grove, the Artisans of Dilley and also of the Grange. Politically he adheres to the republican party. He is a consistent member of the Congregational church at Forest Grove. Being blessed with good business ability and a spirit of progressiveness in everything he undertakes, he is highly respected as one of the useful men of the county.

ELIAS KUHN. One of the grand old men of Union county is Elias Kuhn, a highly respected farmer living in a fine modern home near Summerville. His holdings consist of about three hundred and sixty acres of land and he is engaged principally in raising grain. He was born in Cambria county, Pennsylvania, April 14, 1829, a son of David and Elizabeth (Good) Kuhn. The father was born in March, 1804, and died in May, 1884, while the mother's birth occurred in 1808 and her death on the 19th of March, 1887, both having been natives of Pennsylvania. The grandfather, Frederick Kuhn, was a native of Germany and emigrated to the new world while a young man. He became a pioneer in Ohio, removing to that state in 1834, settling in McConnellsville, where he lived for sixteen years, or until his death. He was engaged in the sawmill business, a vocation which

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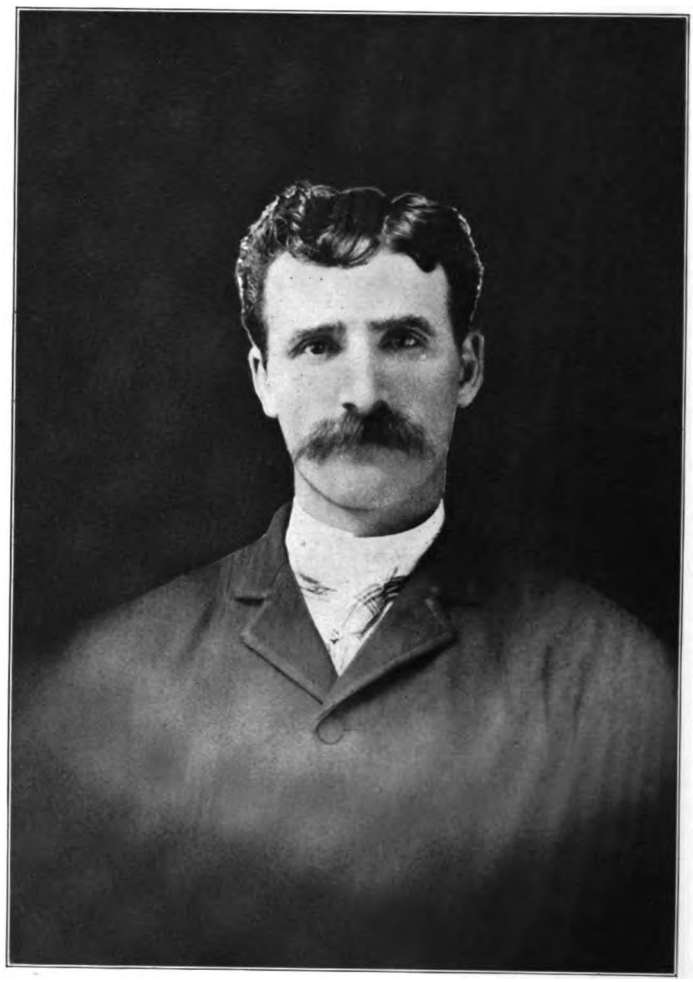

ROBERT ALEXANDER

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MRS. ROBERT ALEXANDER

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he followed throughout his life. In 1851 his son David, the father of our subject, removed to Iowa and lived in Davis, Jefferson and Van Buren counties until 1862, when he came to Oregon.

Elias Kuhn received a common-school education in Ohio where his boyhood days were spent, and in 1856 settled in the Three Rivers country, in Marion county, where he remained until 1862, when he joined a party going with ox teams to the Salmon river gold fields. He settled, however, in the Grande Ronde valley and his first camping place was within a half mile of his present residence two miles west of Summerville. He there took up a homestead which he still owns, his farm consisting of two hundred acres. He owns another tract of one hundred and sixty acres on Sand ridge and is engaged principally in grain raising.

Mr. Kuhn was married March 6, 1854, to Esther Cassidy, a daughter of Samuel and Elizabeth Cassidy, who were residents of Ohio. To them were born eight children, four of whom lived to maturity, namely: Ellen, the wife of S. D. Ficklin; Mary Ann, who married F. S. Johnson, and is the second white girl born in the valley; David, a resident of Wallowa; and Samuel, born in 1871, who was a resident of Wallowa county, and whose death occurred in 1901. The wife and mother passed away in 1871 and in 1874 Mr. Kuhn married Sarah J. McElderry. She is a daughter of James and Barbara (Toot) McElderry, natives of Pennsylvania and Ohio respectively, and by her marriage to Mr. Kuhn became the mother of six children, namely: Viola, the wife of W. W. Wade, of Island City; Peter C., deceased; Charles Emery, a resident of Paradise, Wallowa county; Irvin, making his home in the valley; Willard, a resident of Wallowa; and Bert, who married Eliza Cantwell, a daughter of William Cantwell, a pioneer of the Grande Ronde valley. Mr. and Mrs. Bert Kuhn have one daughter, Vivian. Mr. Kuhn has been identified with public life in his community, holding at various times the position of school director, road supervisor and constable. Being one of the early pioneers of Oregon he witnessed many of the changes with which the present generation is entirely unfamiliar and endured many of the hardships of the early days. He is a greatly respected citizen, beloved by a large circle of friends and still active in business.

W. W. HOLLINGSWORTH, who is the tablishment in Newberg, that he has been successfully conducting for the past thirteen years, was born in Indiana on August 8, 1857. His parents were Moses and Sarah (Russell) Hollingsworth, also natives of Indiana, where they resided until 1859. In the latter year they removed to Iowa, settling on a farm in Lucas county, that the father operated until 1893, when they again started westward. They settled in Oregon, this time becoming residents of Newberg, where Moses Hollingsworth passed away in February, 1898, but the mother survived until the 28th of February, 1911. Unto this worthy couple there were born nine children, five of whom are still living, as follows: Phoebe, the wife of A. R. Cumpston, of Sellwood; Eva L., who married C. J. McClain, also a resident of Sellwood; W. W., our subject; Mary J., the wife of J. J. Nickel, of Osborne, Kansas; and Jesse J., who is living in Nebraska.

As W. W. Hollingsworth was a child of only two years when he removed with his parents to Iowa, he received his education in the common schools and in one of the local colleges of that state. Being reared on a farm he early began assisting in the lighter duties about the fields and barns, his responsibilities increasing as his strength developed. He remained with his parents until he had attained his majority, by which time he had become a capable agriculturist and fully qualified to engage independently in farming. As he had always been energetic and thrifty from earliest boyhood he had sufficient capital to buy a farm, which he cultivated until 1881, when he removed to Gage county, Nebraska. There he engaged in the meat business, opening a butcher shop which he conducted with a reasonable degree of success for four years. In 1885 he traded his business for a farm and during the succeeding six years again turned his attention to agricultural pursuits. At the expiration of that period he disposed of his property and returned to Iowa, investing in a farm in Lucas county. He cultivated this until 1895, when he decided to come to the northwest, so selling his homestead he came to Yamhill county, purchasing a ranch in the vicinity of Newberg. He devoted his entire time and attention to the further improvement of this place with constantly increasing success until 1898. In that year Mr. Hollingsworth, who is a man of much foresight and sagacity, recognized that there was an opening in Newberg for a furniture and undertaking establishment. He had brought his land under high cultivation, making his place one of the attractive properties in this section, so met with no difficulty in disposing of it, realizing a good profit on his investment. Immediately thereafter he came to Newberg and opened the store he is now conducting. He carries an excellent assortment of furniture, which he offers at reasonable prices, and he is enjoying a good patronage that is increasing noticeably from year to year.

In 1878 Mr. Hollingsworth completed his arrangements for a home of his own by his marriage to Miss Mary J. Moon, who was born and reared in Warren county, Iowa. She is a daughter of Jacob and Lydia (Wright) Moon, natives of Ohio, from which state they removed to Iowa in 1849. There the father passed away in 1892 and the mother in 1910, at the venerable age of eighty years. Their family numbered ten children, four of whom are still living. Unto Mr. and Mrs. Hollingsworth there have been born seven children: Elmer J., who is living in Newberg; Elzie M., who is working for the Burlington & Missouri Railroad Company in Gage county, Nebraska; Frankie L., the wife of Calvia Martin, a missionary

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of the Friends' church of Kake, Alaska; Orville R., who is engaged in business with his father; Joseph B., who is also in the store; Gertrude, who is in high school; and Esther.

The family attend the Friends church, in which the parents hold membership, and Mr. Hollingsworth is affiliated with Newberg Lodge, No. 96, I. O. O. F. In his political views he is a republican, but he has never been an office seeker, preferring to concentrate his energies upon the development of his personal interests. Mr. Hollingsworth is a man of high honor, and during the period of his connection with the commercial activities of Yamhill county he has at all times conducted his transactions in such a manner so to maintain a reputation for integrity and fair dealing that has proven a valuable factor in promoting the development of his business.

H. G. F. EGGERS, who is living retired in Pendleton was for many years one of the prominent agriculturists of Umatilla county. His birth occurred in Holstein, Germany, July 23, 1860, his parents being Henry and Catherine (Carsons) Eggers. The family left their native land in 1864 and after arriving in the United States settled in McLean county, Illinois. They resided there until 1893 when they came to Umatilla county, Oregon, and located upon a farm twelve miles northeast of Pendleton. The father owned one half section there and resided upon it until he retired and took up his residence in Portland. Later he removed to Orange, California, where he is now living. To their union six children were born: Maggie, who is the wife of J. Hudermann, of Pendleton; Ella, who is married to Chris Breding, also a resident of Pendleton; Mary, who is the wife of P. W. Ahlen, of Orange, California; H. G. F., the subject of this review; Fred, who is living north of Pendleton; and J. H., who is residing in Orange, California.

In Illinois H. G. F. Eggers acquired such education as was afforded by the public schools near his father's farm. Little occurred to vary for him the ordinary routine of farm life, and such time as he did not spend in the schoolroom was given to agricultural pursuits. After he laid aside his text-books he gave his entire attention and efforts to cultivating his father's farm. He was thus engaged for two years before he came to Umatilla county two years after his parents had removed here. Desiring to start out independently he rented land for a number of years and later purchased his father's property. His agricultural undertakings have always netted him substantial results and he has from time to time been able to increase his holdings until at present he owns fourteen hundred and twenty acres near Myrick station, this county. His life's record shows what can be accomplished when unremitting energy, perseverance and hard labor are used for the means of accomplishing an end. The highly cultivated state and well equipped appearance of his property at the time of his retirement showed Mr. Eggers had striven not only to make a living but also to meet with the success which is due every earnest farmer in this county. He resided upon his farm until about 1908 when he removed to Pendleton where he is now living retired in the comfortable home which he owns at 400 Jackson street. He has rented his farm property to his son and son-in-law.

On the 12th of February, 1884, Mr. Eggers was married to Miss Anna Mary Witt, also a native of Holstein, Germany. When she was but seventeen years of age she came to America alone, going directly to Illinois. Her birth occurred on the 12th of April, 1865. To their union five children have been born: Bertha, who is the wife of B. E. Anderson of Umatilla county; John, who is living on his father's farm; Dora, who is residing at home; Theresa, who is married to W. L. Boynton of Pendleton; and Malinda, who is also living at home. The family holds membership in the German Lutheran church of Pendleton. In addition to rearing his own children and giving them such educational and social advantages as Pendleton afforded he also adopted William Breding when the boy was but one and one half years of age. He at once made him a regular member of the family and extended to him the same treatment which was afforded the children of his own family.

DELOS P. HOPKINS, the owner of a large livery barn in Banks, was born in Wisconsin, October 25, 1860. His father, Nathaniel Hopkins, was a native of Vermont and in early manhood went to the Badger state, where he met and married Miss Lucinda Eaton, who was a native of Ohio. They began their domestic life in Wisconsin where they lived until 1871 and then removed to Hamilton county, Nebraska, where the father carried on farming up to the time of his death in 1908. The mother has since become a resident of Modesto, California, and is now seventy-eight years of age.

Delos P. Hopkins spent the first eleven years of his life in his native state and then accompanied his parents on their removal to Nebraska, where he became more and more largely experienced in farm work as he assisted his father in the development and cultivation of the fields. On attaining his majority he made his initial step in the business world, preempting a homestead claim in Custer county, Nebraska, which he improved until he had a clear title to the property. He operated the farm altogether for five years and then sold out but still continued to engage in farming in Nebraska until 1894. The succeeding three years were spent at various places in the west but in 1897 he returned to Nebraska, where he was again identified with general agricultural pursuits until 1901. That year witnessed his arrival in Oregon, at which time he took up his abode in Washington county, purchasing a tract of land on which he made his home until 1909. He then sold his farm and purchased a livery business in Banks,

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which he has since conducted, having now a large stable, a number of good horses and well kept vehicles. This is the only livery barn in Banks. In addition to its conduct he operates a farm near the town and is the owner of a fine residence property.

The lady who presides with gracious hospitality over their home was prior to her marriage, in February, 1883, Miss Luella Shipley, who was born in Illinois, January 8, 1866, a daughter of Jefferson and Lavina (Shom) Shipley, who were natives of Pennsylvania. The mother died in Nebraska and the father's death occurred in Washington county, Oregon. Of their eleven children eight are still living: Henry and William, who are residents of Nebraska; James T., of California; N. C., Charles and Grant, all of Washington county, Oregon; Joseph, of Portland; and Mrs. Hopkins, who is the only daughter.

Mr. and Mrs. Hopkins are parents of twelve children but their first born, David A., died in infancy and Henry D., died at the age of ten years. Those still living are: Clarence O., twenty-six years of age, who is married and resides in Banks; Elmer L., twenty-three years of age, who is married and is associated in the livery business with his father and brother Clarence; Herman N., twenty-one years of age; Marion L., seventeen years of age; Lloyd A., a lad of thirteen years; Willie L. and Lillie D., twins, born March 28, 1901; Charles V., born February 14, 1903; Chester I., September 23, 1905; and Inez Luella, February 3, 1908. Realizing the value of education, the parents have provided their children with good school advantages. Mr. and Mrs. Hopkins hold membership in the Methodist Episcopal church and in politics he is a republican. Throughout his life he has been identified with farming interests, which still claim a portion of his time and attention, although he is now rapidly developing a livery business at Banks. He has made good use of his time and opportunities and while there have been no exciting chapters in his life record, he has proved himself a worthy and reliable citizen of the community in which he lives.

CHARLES JOSEPH GOODING, who operates over three hundred acres of land, seventy-five of which he and his brother own, in Marion county, was born in Indiana in 1869, his parents being Nicholas and Mary (Erbsland) Gooding. The father was born in Alsace-Lorraine, Germany, and came to this country when he was but eleven years of age. His family settled in Indiana, where he resided until after his marriage on the 28th of August, 1860. To this union nine children were born: George, of Butteville, Oregon; Elizabeth, who is married to John Glatt, of Woodburn, Oregon; Theresa, deceased; John, who is residing with his brother Charles; Charles J., the subject of this sketch; Lawrence, of St. Paul, Oregon; Joseph, who is married and is living in St. Paul; Annie, also a resident of St. Paul, and the wife of Fred Davidson; and William, who is living in St. Paul. The sons are all engaged in agricultural pursuits excepting Joseph, who is a retired merchant.

In 1889 Charles J. Gooding left his native state with his father and went to Butteville, Oregon, where they were joined by the other members of the family one year later, at which time they all removed to St. Paul. At the age of twenty-two Charles J. Gooding entered upon an independent career, at first as engineer in a sawmill at Butteville, but after two years he purchased and rented land near St. Paul. His brother John was in partnership with him and together they purchased the place upon which the subject of this sketch is now residing. He has fourteen acres planted to hops, the growing of which constitutes his principal industry. In addition he raises oats, sufficient to supply the needs of his own stock.

On the 28th of May, 1901, Mr. Gooding was married to Miss Blanch G. Davidson, a daughter of W. F. and Anna Catherine (Coleman) Davidson. Her birth occurred on the 5th of June, 1882, and she was one of twelve children, as follows: Mary, who is the wife of H. G. Kirkpatrick, of Sanders, Idaho; Eliza Jane, who is married to James Smith, of Champoeg, Oregon; Laura A., who is the wife of Jerome Jackson, of Hubbard, Oregon; Arzelia, who is married to Paul Reedy, of Salem, Oregon; J. Frederick, of St. Paul, Oregon; John F., who is married and is also a resident of St. Paul; Eugene C., who is also living in St. Paul; Edna A., deceased; Ralph S., of St. Paul; Mrs. Gooding; Hilda Margaret, who became the wife of Fred Gearin, of St. Paul; and Chester A., of St. Paul. To Mr. and Mrs. Gooding four children have been born: Bertrand S., born June 15, 1902; Charles J., Jr., whose birth occurred October 11, 1903; John Russell, born April 21, 1905; and Richard Andrew, who was born June 30, 1909. They are all residing at home and with the exception of Richard are attending school.

In politics Mr. Gooding gives his support to the democratic party, believing that its policies will be most efficient in producing good government, but when he casts his vote he is influenced more by the man than by the dictates of the party. He has always taken unusual interest in the schools of his district and has served as a school director for several terms. His public spirit is further seen in the support which he gives to any measure instituted for the public good. He holds membership in the Roman Catholic church and in the Catholic Order of Foresters.

WILLIAM S. ATLEE. The success which has come to William S. Atlee is the visible evidence of his life of well directed energy and thrift. As the architect of his own fortunes he has builded wisely and well. He started out for himself when a youth of fourteen years and has since depended entirely upon his own labors for all the material interests which are considered

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worth while. His birth occurred in England on the 4th of October, 1851, his parents being Thomas and Jane (Slater) Atlee, who in the year 1855 left their native country of England and sailed for America, settling first at Rochester, New York, where they remained for a time. Subsequently they became residents of Springfield, Massachusetts, where the father operated a flour mill for six years. He was engaged in similar business undertakings at different times in Rhode Island, Michigan, Indiana, Illinois, in Canada East and Canada West, and his last days were spent in Berrien county, Michigan, where he died in 1898. His wife survived him about eight years, passing away in 1906. In their family were twelve children: William S.; Sarah, who died in England; Jennie, the wife of John Baker, of McMinnville, Oregon; Elizabeth, who is the widow of Charles Evans and lives in Berrien county, Michigan; Josephine, who died in Massachusetts; a daughter who died in the state of New York; Caroline, who passed away in Michigan; Joseph and Alvin, who are living in the state of Washington; and three who died in infancy.

William S. Atlee was a little lad of four years when brought by his parents to the new world and with them he remained until fourteen years of age, during which time he not only attended the public schools but also spent considerable time in the flour mills which his father was operating. Thus knowledge was gained of the business of a practical character and at the age of fourteen he took charge of a four-run flouring mill at Lagrange, Cass county, Michigan. Although so young, he proved his ability and for nine years remained in that position, never losing a single day. His employer was H. F. Colby, who is still operating the mill. On the expiration of that period he removed to Vermontville, Eaton county, Michigan, where he again took charge of a mill, never losing a day in all the eight years in which he carried on the business. In this extreme faithfulness as well as in his mechanical efficiency and executive ability is found the secret of his success. Going to Wexford county, Michigan, he took charge of a new process roller mill, purchasing and installing the machinery and conducting the mill for nine years. His wages were increased from time to time as his responsibilities grew heavier and at length from his earnings he was able to save a sufficient amount to purchase a farm near Sherman, which he operated for three years. He did not find this pursuit congenial, however, and sold his property. He then purchased a flour mill at Dailey, Michigan, which he conducted until 1906, when, feeling that still better business opportunities might be secured in the west, he made his way to Oregon, settling in Banks, Washington county, where he has since conducted a general mercantile store. He owns a fine business block, carries a large and well selected line of goods and has a gratifying patronage.

Mr. Atlee was married in 1873 to Miss Mary F. Jarvis, who was born in Cass county, Michigan, a daughter of Zed and Rebecca (Simpson) Jarvis, who were natives of Indiana but were married in Michigan, where they lived until called to the home beyond. They were parents of six children, of whom four survive: Henry, a resident of Idaho; Mrs. Atlee; Almanson and Almira, twins, the former living in Nebraska and the latter in Chicago. The two now deceased are Helen and Sarah. The home of Mr. and Mrs. Atlee has been blessed with three children. Guy D., born in Cass county, Michigan, in June, 1874, has a college education, has taught school for several years and is now living in Arizona. Henry, born in Easton county, Michigan, July 12, 1880, acquired a high school education and afterward married Miss Elsie Higgins, who was born in Cass county Michigan, and by whom he has one son, Zed J., born May 10, 1907. Mabel, born in Eaton county, Michigan, is the wife of Lloyd Bunn, of Portland, Oregon. She is a high-school graduate and prior to her marriage engaged in teaching school.

Mr. Atlee is somewhat independent in his political views, supporting men and measures rather than party. He has held the office of supervisor of his township and has served on the school board for many years, the cause of education finding in him a stalwart champion. Since twenty-two years of age he has been a member of the Masonic fraternity, his identification being with Forest Grove. His has indeed been an active life and its usefulness is evidenced in the fact that he has been enabled to provide a comfortable living for his family and establish a good business, which places him among the substantial citizens of his adopted city. His record proves that success is ambition's answer.

MRS. ELIZABETH WATTS, who resides at Murphy, Josephine county, is the owner of a fine one hundred and sixty acre farm in that section, which is in a good state of cultivation and well improved. She was born in Allen county, Ohio, April 2, 1852, a daughter of Sam and Rebecca (Jennings) Daniels, both natives of Ohio. She removed with her parents to Oregon in 1864, the family going by the old-fashioned ox team method before the railroads were built. While en route the cattle belonging to the family all died and it became necessary to supply their places with horses. The parents settled in Linn county and there passed the remainder of their lives.

Elizabeth Daniels spent her early childhood in Missouri and took her first steps toward gaining an education in that state. The remainder of her girlhood was spent in Oregon, where she rounded out her common-school education.

She has been twice married. She first wedded John Elliott and to their union four children were born. In 1871 Mr. Elliott died and in 1872 his widow married Alexander I. Watts. They became the parents of seven children, Laura E., Mary E., Alec, Benjamin, Cora A., Edna and Charles H., all of whom

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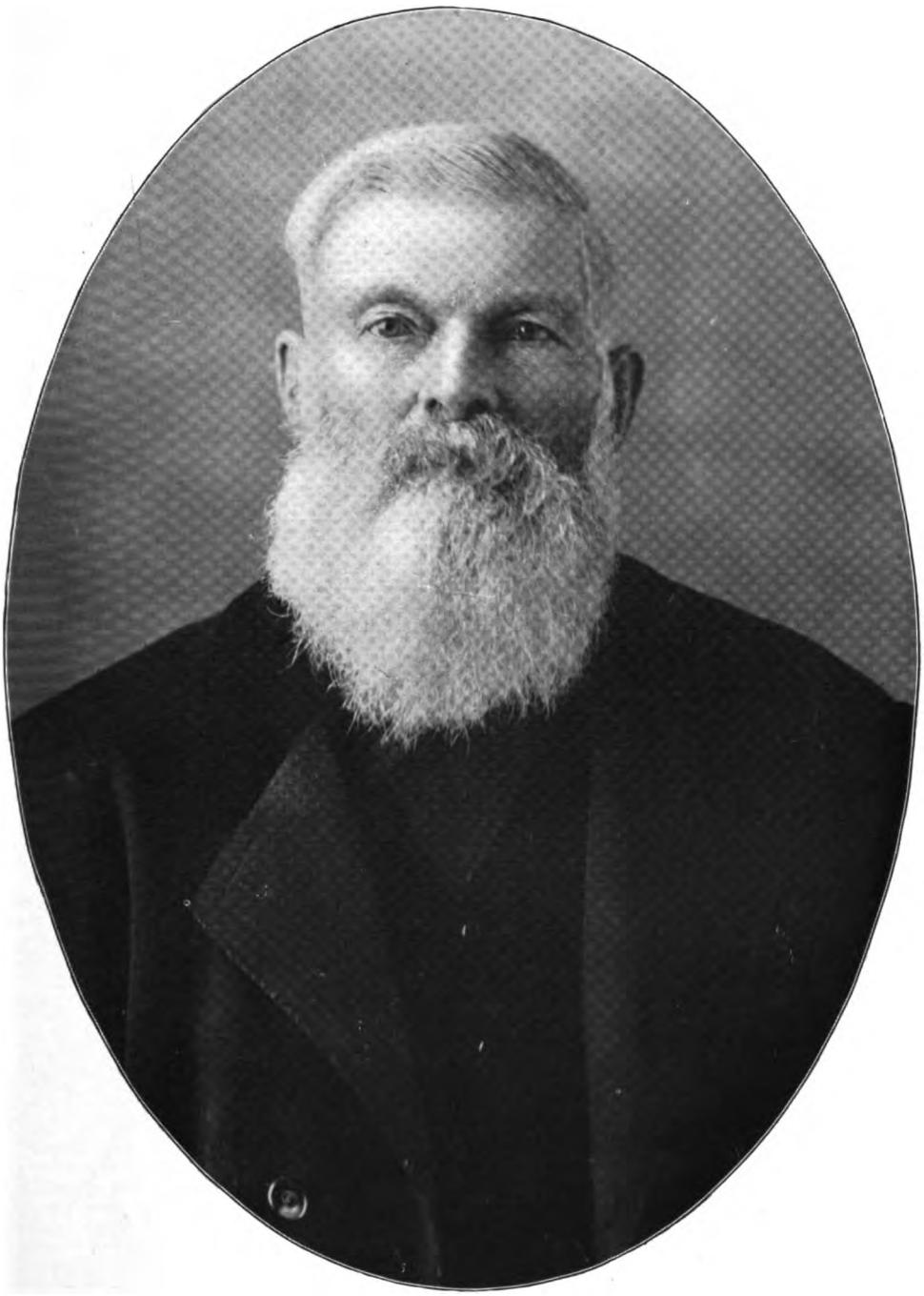

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are living. Mr. Watts passed away February 26, 1912, and his remains were interred in the Williams Creek cemetery. The farm of one hundred and sixty acres upon which the widow and her family are now living, was purchased by Mr. Watts, and he placed on it suitable improvements and brought it under a good condition of fertility. He was an excellent business man and a highly respected citizen of the community. Fraternally he was a member of the Masonic order, practicing in his life the beneficent teachings of the craft. He took part in the Indian war of 1865 and 1866, rendering valuable service to the state and its settlers. He was a man of education, standing very high in the community, and held the offices of county surveyor and county clerk. In his death his family suffered an incalculable loss and his departure was very generally mourned. Mrs. Watts is a member of the Methodist Episcopal church and is an active worker in its behalf.

PHILIP HENRY VAN ORSDALL. The steps of progress are noticed quite as much in agricultural lines today as in other fields of business activity. Prominent among those farmers of Umatilla county who are carrying on their agricultural pursuits according to modern and up-to-date methods is Philip Henry Van Orsdall. For six years he has been farming independently, his property being located at the head of Seven Mile creek. Born near Upper Sandusky, Ohio, his birth occurred August 28, 1867, his parents being Elijah and Eliza (Hardie) Van Orsdall, the former of whom was a native of New York state and the latter of Scotland. The mother was reared in Scotland but at the age of twenty-one years came to America. She is now residing in Pendleton at the age of seventy-five years. After being reared in Ohio the father removed to Kansas and entered land in Cherokee county. His death occurred there in 1879, when he was sixty-five years of age. In addition to carrying on agricultural pursuits he also engaged in the cooper's trade. After his death his widow removed to Oregon and has since made Pendleton her home. To their union six children were born: Perry, of Pendleton; John, of Portland; George, who is also residing in Pendleton; Philip Henry, who is the subject of this sketch; Ella, who died at the age of eleven years; and Charles, who passed away at the age of seven years.

Philip H. Van Orsdall was educated in the district schools and reared upon his father's farm, where he continued until 1899, when he came to Oregon with his mother. For seven years he had been employed by Henry Kapetke in the general transfer business and for four or five years he was engaged in business for himself. Six years ago he took up agricultural pursuits and he now owns two hundred acres of land, which is located at the head of Seven Mile creek. He rents five sections of land, which he devotes to wheat growing, southeast of Pendleton. He has raised as high as five thousand sacks from a one-half section and in one year he raised forty thousand bushels. During 1911 he had sixteen hundred acres seeded. Aside from wheat growing he has engaged in horse-raising to some extent and has at present about eighty head. He has devoted almost his entire time and attention to the development and improvement of his farm and that his efforts have been effective forces in the acquirement of substantial results is indicated by the fact that his place is one of the well improved and valuable properties in the locality. He has conducted his affairs according to modern and up-to-date methods, has been careful and systematic in the management of his interests and today is numbered among the successful and progressive farmers of Pendleton.

In July, 1898, Mr. Van Orsdall was married to Louise Parrazo, whose birth occurred in Vermont, May 23, 1873. She is a daughter of Joseph and Mary Parrazo. Before coming to Oregon in 1883 her parents resided in Nebraska for three years and in Boise, Idaho, five years. Upon arriving in this state they settled at once in Umatilla county, where the father is still residing, making his home with his daughter, Mrs. Van Orsdall. The mother's death occurred in 1909. By a former marriage Mrs. Van Orsdall has one son, Richard Devine, who is now a student at the University of Washington.

Mr. Van Orsdall holds membership in the Woodmen of the World. With him perseverance, diligence and integrity have constituted the salient characteristics of his life, bringing him to the honorable position which he now occupies in the opinion of his fellowmen among whom he is living and laboring.

JOHN M. MILLER. No special advantages or fortunate circumstances assisted John M. Miller as he started out in life for himself but rather the stern necessity of providing for his own support, and whatever success he has achieved is due to his business ability and determination. He is now proprietor of a hotel in Banks, where he also owns a good residence property. He was born in St. Paul, Minnesota, June 14, 1862, his parents being Martin and Martha Miller, both of whom were natives of Germany. The father came to the United States in his childhood days, the family first settling in Canada, where they resided for a time and then went to Minnesota. In that state both the grandfather and father of John M. Miller entered homestead claims and the grandparents died upon their farm there. It was while living in Minnesota that Martin Miller was married and for many years thereafter he was identified with agricultural interests in that state but a few years prior to his death removed to Milwaukee, Wisconsin, where he passed away at the age of sixty years. His wife's death had previously occurred in St. Paul, Minnesota, when she was forty years of age. They had four children: Mary, the wife of John Casper, of St. Paul; John M.; Paulina, the deceased wife of F. Wevering, of Washington, D. C.; and a sister living near St. Paul.

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When a little lad of nine years John M. Miller began earning his own living by selling papers and blacking shoes. He worked thus for five years and the advantages of his youth were extremely meager. At the end of that time he secured a position in connection with the railroad, calling the crews for two years, after which he became fireman, working thus on a locomotive for three years. That he was reliable and capable is indicated in the fact that he was then promoted to the position of engineer on a freight train and later became engineer on a passenger train on the Great Northern railroad, acting as engineer for that line and also on the Northern Pacific for twenty-two years. He resided during that period in Minnesota and in the state of Washington and in 1907 removed to Oregon, where he operated the Shea engine, which was purchased by the Doty Lumber Company and was exhibited at the World's Fair in Portland in 1905. He was with the lumber company for fourteen years and then established his home in Washington county, Oregon, since which time he has conducted a hotel in Banks, his business interests being maintained in a building which he owns. He also has several lots in the state of Washington and his property holdings are the visible evidence of his success.

On the 22d of May, 1888, occurred the marriage of Mr. Miller and Miss Martha Pawlesek, who was born in Germany, January 23, 1871, a daughter of Jacob and Mary (Wloka) Pawlesek, also natives of Germany and came to America in 1886. For four years thereafter they resided in Minneapolis, Minnesota, and then removed to Tacoma, Washington. The father died August 8, 1907, and the mother is yet living in Tacoma. In their family were thirteen children, of whom six still survive: Millie, the wife of Joseph Buhr, of Tacoma; Mrs. Miller; Joseph L., a resident of Spokane, Washington; Peter, whose home is in Oakland, California; Annie, living in Seattle; and Andrew, of Tacoma. Those who have passed away are Antone, Lena, two of the name of Mary, two of the name of Rosa and another who died in infancy.

The children of Mr. and Mrs. Miller are three in number: Agnes Mary, who was born November 8, 1890, and is the wife of Henry Olson, of Banks; Clara Rose, who was born August 4, 1893, and is the wife of Milford C. Biddington; and John M., born December 25, 1908. Mr. Miller and his family are of the Catholic faith and in politics he is independent. He has never held office nor cared for political preferment, save that he served as mail carrier for six years. Neither is he connected with a large number of fraternal organizations, although he belongs to the Brotherhood of Firemen and Trainmen.

ED KIDDLE. Among the prominent millers of Oregon and the successful and capable business men of Union county Ed Kiddle has attained wide renown. He is the president of five flour mill companies and has given practically all of his time and attention since boyhood to that line of business. He was born in Illinois, July 15, 1862, a son of Fred and Mary E. (Noyes) Kiddle, both natives of England. He comes of a family of millers, both of his grandfathers, Mr. Kiddle and Robert Noyes, having been engaged in that business. His father emigrated to the new world at the age of fifteen years and settled in Illinois, near Chicago, later residing in northern Illinois and southern Wisconsin. His death occurred at sea, the ship on which he journeyed being lost on a trip to Australia. He was a miller and followed that business during the time of his residence in this country. In his family were three children: Ida, who married W. O. Head, of Jefferson, Iowa; Ed, of this review; and Fred.

Ed Kiddle spent his early boyhood days in the state of Illinois, where he received a common-school education, residing in that state until 1871, when the family removed to Carthage, Missouri. They later removed to Peoria, Kansas, where they resided for about four years, after which they lived in and around Kansas City, Missouri, for a time. Mr. Kiddle grew up in the milling business and at the age of fifteen years started out in life for himself. In 1886 he came to Union, Oregon, where the original mill of the valley was located. That mill was destroyed by fire shortly after he became connected with it and then for a period of two or three years he was engaged in the live-stock business. He afterward rented the Union mill, conducting his live-stock interests in connection therewith. He also became president of the mill at Island City which has since remained the home office. It was burned in 1876 but was replaced by a modern plant with two hundred barrels capacity per day. In 1902 he organized a company and bought the Union flour mill, a plant with one hundred and twenty-five-barrel capacity. Since purchasing that mill Mr. Kiddle has remodeled it and modernized it in every particular. In the same year he and his associates purchased the Alliance mill at La Grande, which is an up-to-date plant with a capacity of one hundred and fifty barrels and is now conducted under the name of the La Grande Milling Company. On July 31, 1908, the mill at Island City was destroyed by fire and in September Mr. Kiddle purchased the Imbler Milling Company's plant having an equipment to turn out two hundred barrels per day, which is also modern in construction. At the same time he purchased the property of the Elgin Milling Company at Elgin and after remodeling it the mill has a daily capacity of one hundred barrels. The mill at La Grande is driven by electricity while the mills at Imbler and Elgin are run by steam. Those at Union and Island City are operated by water power and that at Island City has an auxiliary electric plant which is used when the water runs short. Mr. Kiddle is the president of the five milling companies mentioned but each is separately organized and incorporated, the brother of Mr. Kiddle being vice president and the two brothers owning a controlling interest in each plant. They have a combined capac-

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ity of eight hundred barrels daily and fifty per cent of the product is shipped to foreign countries, various amounts going to the South American republics and to China and Japan.

Mr. Kiddle was married in 1884 to Miss Emma L. Malling, a native of Illinois and a daughter of Myron and Maria Walling, who had removed to Hamilton, Missouri. To Mr. and Mrs. Kiddle have been born seven children, namely: Merton W., who was educated in the public schools of La Grande and who is in charge of the books of the home office; Netha M., a graduate of Washington University; Fred E., attending high school; Leta, who is also pursuing her education; and Greta, Fred and Earl, all deceased. Fraternally Mr. Kiddle is a Royal Arch Mason, being past grand high priest of the chapter and also past grand master of the lodge for Oregon. He is also grand prelate of the grand commandery, Knights Templar, and his son Merton is also a Knight Templar. Mr. Kiddle is extensively known as one of the most successful milling men in eastern Oregon. He possesses unusual business ability, having the rare faculty of handling details, and as he was practically raised in the milling business is thoroughly familiar with its every detail. He has long been recognized as one of the leading business men and most prominent citizens of Union county and is greatly esteemed by a large number of close business and personal friends.

JOHN FRANKLIN WEHRUM, who is engaged in farming seven and a half miles northwest of Gervais, has been a lifelong resident of Oregon and is today one of the most prosperous agriculturists of Marion county. He was born in Fairfield, Oregon, on the 2d of October, 1877, and his life displays many of the sterling characteristics which have been so prominent in many of the men who have developed the west. He is a son of John Henry and Helena Florence Wehrum. The father, who was an only child, was born at St. Paul, Oregon, in 1853, his parents being natives of Germany who after their arrival in New York again took passage on a steamer and went to San Francisco by way of Cape Horn. Almost immediately they came to Portland by water and settled on French Prairie, near St. Paul, where the father purchased three hundred acres of land and for several years was engaged in its cultivation. At the end of this time the family went to Germany for a short visit but upon their return to Oregon purchased five hundred and fifty acres of land near Fairfield, upon which they resided until the father's death in 1881. The mother was a native of Virginia, being one of nine children. The others are: John, of Washington; Albert, who is a resident of Heppner, Oregon; Erastus, who resides in Washington; Sterling P., also living in Heppner; Cecelia, of Junction City; Alice, who makes her home in Oregon; Martha, deceased; and Ann, of Spokane, Washington. Mrs. Wehrum came to Oregon from Missouri with her parents when she was four years of age. Her parents undertook the trip across the plains in 1852 with a large party, there being forty ox teams in the train. At the end of six months they arrived in Oregon and settled in Lane county, where they resided for a number of years before coming to Marion county and locating at Fairfield. Mr. and Mrs. John Henry Wehrum became the parents of five children: John Franklin, who is the subject of this review; Buddy, deceased; Albert E., of Orchards, Washington; one who died in infancy; and Clark E., who is residing in Washington with his mother.

John F. Wehrum began his active career at the age of twenty-one years. He at once assumed charge of the home place of four hundred and forty acres and has carried on its cultivation up to the present time and in addition is improving seven hundred and fifty acres which he has rented on what is known as the Harding place. By able management and close application, together with a good understanding of scientific farming principles, he has brought his land under a high state of productivity. His energy is devoted to the raising of grain and hay and also to breeding and feeding sheep and hogs for the market.

On the 13th of December, 1901, Mr. Wehrum was married to Miss Nellie May Wompole, whose birth occurred on the 13th of September, 1879, a daughter of Martin and Matilda (Lindsay) Wompole. The father was one of six children and the mother, who came with her family from New York state in 1890, was one of seven children. To Mr. and Mrs. Wehrum three children have been born: Mildred, who is now attending school; and Margaret and Helen, twins, born April 11, 1908.

In politics Mr. Wehrum is nonpartisan, casting his vote at each election for the man or measure which in his judgment will be most effective in securing good government. He affiliates with the Presbyterian church and is a member of the Woodmen of the World. His life has been an intensely busy one and its use and worth none of his fellow citizens question. Wherever he is known he is held in high esteem alike for his industrial achievements and his personal integrity.

WILLIAM L. BROWN, who is numbered among the native residents of Umatilla county, is engaged in agricultural pursuits on his farm, which is situated near Helix. He was born September 28, 1876, the son of J. L. and Nancy E. (Kutch) Brown. The parents were natives of Indiana and Missouri, respectively, and in 1860 came to Oregon, now living in Milton. In their family were ten children, five of whom are living.

William L. Brown received a common-school education and remained at home until fifteen years of age, when he started out in life for himself and worked on a farm until twenty-five years of age. He then engaged in farming on his own account and now owns a tract of one hundred and sixty acres and is operating besides, three hundred and twenty acres.

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On September 18, 1901, Mr. Brown wedded Miss Clara J. Zenske, who is a native of Umatilla county and a daughter of A. and Williemina Zenske. The parents are both natives of Wisconsin but are now living in Pendleton. Mr. and Mrs. Brown became the parents of one son, Edward D., who was born in November, 1904, and died three years later. Mr. Brown casts his vote with the democratic party, and fraternally he is affiliated with Helix Lodge, No. 80, I. O. O. F., and with Pendleton Camp, No. 41, W. O. W. He is energetic and persevering and is rapidly becoming one of the successful farmers of the community. Always active in whatever enterprise seems worth while, he is today a man on whom all can depend for furthering the movements which contribute to the growth of the county.

SYLVESTER E. VEATCH. For more than half a century Sylvester E. Veatch has been an interested observer of the marvelous growth and development of Oregon, and during the fifty-nine years of his residence in the state has substantially contributed toward its progress both as a private citizen and public official. Since 1866 he has been living on a ranch two miles west of Cottage Grove on the Lorane road, and that his life has been one of enterprise and great activity is manifested by the appearance of this property.

Mr. Veatch is a native of White county, Illinois, his birth occurring in 1831, and a son of Isaac and Ollie (Miller) Veatch. His father was born in Kentucky and was a son of Elias and Jennie (Brown) Veatch, who were married in Tennessee. Isaac Veatch was a veteran of the War of 1812, having gone to the front during the first year of this conflict, but he had the misfortune to be wounded during an early engagement and was subsequently discharged because of physical disability. After his marriage he settled in Illinois, acquiring some land on the Wabash river. He resided there until 1844, then removed to Iowa, but ten or twelve years later he returned to Illinois, continuing to make his home in the latter state until about 1876, when he came to Oregon and thereafter lived with his sons. He lived to attain the venerable age of ninety-five years, his death occurring in 1880. Mr. Veatch was twice married, and to him and his first wife, who passed away in 1845, there were born sixteen children, all natives of Illinois. In order of birth they are as follows: William G.; James; Rebecca; John; Anderson; Lowrey; Posey; Isaac M.; Harvey C.; Sylvester E., our subject; Nicie Jane; Elizabeth Ann; and Harriet Lucretia; Lafayette; Robert; and Leander, who died at the age of four years. To Mr. Veatch and his second wife, whose maiden name was Miss Nicie Gibbs, there were born two children, Adaline and Mandana. The Veatch family originally came from Scotland, but they have long been residents of the United States.

Reared amid the pioneer conditions that prevailed in Illinois and Iowa during his boyhood and youth Sylvester E. Veatch received only the limited education then provided by the district schools. He early began to assist with the cultivation of the home farm and at the age of fourteen years practically took over the management of the homestead in Iowa, thus relieving his aged father of all heavy responsibilities. In 1853, he left Iowa and came to Oregon, first settling in Linn county, where for a year he worked out by the day. Having been trained to habits of thrift and industry from early childhood he carefully saved as much as possible of his meager wages, thus acquiring sufficient capital to enable him to begin the cultivation of a claim of his own. At the end of a year he came to Cottage Grove and filed on three hundred and twenty acres of land, but he subsequently sold this and went to Cloverdale. There for four and a half years he cultivated his father-in-law's place, but at the end of that time he rented a ranch at Creswell. He there continued his agricultural pursuits for three and a half years, then on the 6th of October, 1866, returned to Cottage Grove and bought a little more than a half section of land. At the same time he filed on thirty acres adjoining this tract and here he has ever since resided. His ranch now embraces three hundred acres, seventy of which have been brought under high cultivation while the remainder is in timber and pasture. Mr. Veatch is now and has been for some years past practically living retired, having deeded his ranch to his youngest son, Sylvester Curtis.

On the 21st of January, 1855, Mr. Veatch married Miss Maria Elizabeth Knox, who was born in Hancock county, Illinois, on the 29th of April, 1834, and was one of two children born of the marriage of S. B. and Elizabeth (Mathers) Knox. The mother passed away in Hancock county on the 13th of May, 1835, and on February 4, 1838, the father married Mrs. Cynthia Stockton, the widow of Amos Stockton, and to them were born ten children, as follows: Marian Ann, who was born December 7, 1838, and died on the 5th of February, 1864; Caroline M., who was born on the 1st of March, 1840; Roscoe, whose natal day was November 1, 1841; Harriet, whose birth occurred October 27, 1843; Oscar F., born on the 22d of June, 1845; Sophronia, born on September 23, 1847; Laura, born on the 1st of April, 1850; Horace, a lawyer, who was born on March 23, 1852, and died on the 18th of October, 1888; Jerome, whose birth occurred on December 5, 1854; and Emeline, who was born on the 12th of July, 1857, and died in 1862, at the age of four years. To Mr. and Mrs. Veatch there were born seven children, as follows: Matilda Ann, who died at the age of four; Isaac H.; Margaret Jane, the widow of Theodore Martin, of Albany, Oregon; Robert Wesley, who lives in Cottage Grove; Harriet Lucetta, the widow of Isaac Thomas, of Portland; Sylvester Curtis, who is living on the old home ranch; and Dora Belle, the wife of J. H. Martin, of Creswell. Mrs. Veatch passed away October 28, 1902.

Sylvester Curtis Veatch, the youngest son of Sylvester E. and Maria Elizabeth (Knox)

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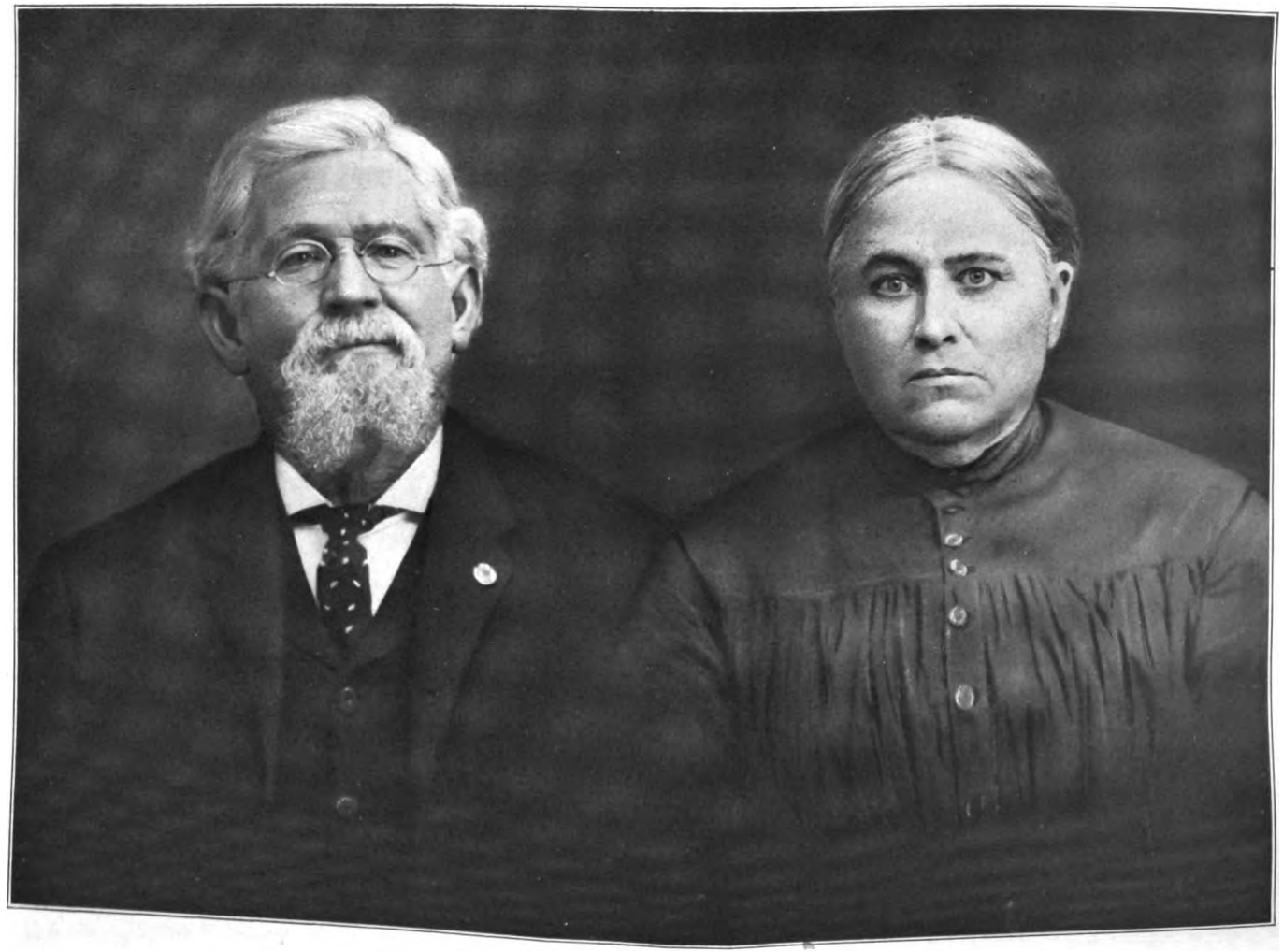

MR. AND MRS. SYLVESTER E. VEATCH

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Veatch, has succeeded his father in the operation of the ranch and is meeting with a goodly measure of success in his undertakings. He was married on the 17th of April, 1901, to Miss Lena Stockwell, the second in order of birth and oldest living child of Frank H. and Madora Ann (Hawley) Stockwell. The other members of their family are as follows: Mary D., who is deceased; Raymond E.; Frank, who is also deceased; and Eugene Lafayette, who is practicing law in San Francisco. Mr. and Mrs. Veatch have a daughter and a son: Mary Enid, who was born on the 24th of November, 1902; and Wayne Otis, whose birth occurred on the 2d of March, 1905.

Sylvester E. Veatch is a member of the Presbyterian church, and for eleven years was an active worker in the Order of Good Templars, having been a charter member of this organization. In politics he is a republican and for many years represented his district in the county conventions and on several occasions refused nominations for state representative. During his earlier years he always took an active interest in all public movements, particularly those affecting the interests of agriculturists, and was an enthusiastic member of the state Grange. The greater part of his life has been spent on the frontier and many are the interesting narratives he relates of the pioneer days. His trip across the plains was rather an exciting one, as his party had the misfortune to have some of their oxen stolen by the Indians. This made the remainder of the journey quite difficult, and they found it particularly hard to ford the mountain streams, which were very high at that season. Mr. Veatch has now attained the venerable age of eighty-one years, but he is still quite active and rugged and finds great pleasure in reviewing the experiences of the early days with his many old pioneer friends.

FRANK PEDRO, who with his brother owns over thirteen thousand acres of land in Oregon and who resides at Pendleton, was born on May 10, 1866, in Portugal, his parents being Joseph and Mary (Lee) Pedro. His maternal grandmother died in Portugal at the advanced age of one hundred and three years. The father's death occurred in Portugal, where the mother is still residing. He was a sea captain throughout his active career. To their union ten children were born, one of whom resides in Portugal. The others came to the United States and with the exception of two who subsequently returned to Portugal they have made Oregon their home, where the death of Leonard occurred at Flora and he was buried in Pendleton. Manuel is the eldest and Frank, the second in order of birth of the seven which are now living.

Frank Pedro was but sixteen years of age when he came to the United States and began following the seafaring life. His first voyage was on the whaling vessel Lottie Cook and he was on this trip for eighteen months. Subsequently he sailed on the fishing schooners Mary Nesson and Frank Butler, of New London, Massachusetts. Shortly afterward he discontinued his occupation as seaman and went to California. In 1883 he came to Pendleton, Oregon, and this city has since been his place of residence. At present he is in the sheep business and is also engaged in raising other stock. When he entered upon agricultural pursuits he was employed as a laborer for three years and in that way had ample opportunity to watch and learn the methods employed by the farmer of the northwest. He and his brother at present own over thirteen thousand acres of land, over half of which is well cultivated for barley and wheat growing. He has about ten thousand head of sheep and about one hundred head of horses. Few of his countrymen have met with equal success in agricultural lines in Oregon and his remarkable progress has been due to his careful study of farming as a science and his unremitting energy and close application to his work.

In 1894 Mr. Pedro was married to Miss Flora Waugh, whose birth occurred in Umatilla county, on the 16th of September, 1873. Her grandfather Alexander Waugh crossed the plains from Indiana to Oregon at an early day. Her parents are at present residing in Umatilla county. To Mr. and Mrs. Pedro three children have been born, Josephine, Agnes and Margaret. He is a member of the Catholic church and his fraternal relations are confined to the Woodmen of the World. His life has been one of continuous activity, in which has been accorded due recognition of labor, for today he is numbered among the substantial agriculturists of Umatilla county and his record may well serve as a source of inspiration and encouragement to others, showing what may be accomplished in this country when one has the will to dare and to do. However, Mr. Pedro has not so narrowed his activities that he is interested only in agricultural lines. He has taken a great deal of pleasure in collecting and keeping various sea relics. At present he has the largest sperm whale tooth in existence. It was taken from a whale by his father and weighs over five pounds. His collection also includes many other interesting relics of the sea.

LEWIS E. BAUGHMAN. Although Lewis E. Baughman has been a resident of Newberg for less than a year, he has, nevertheless, during that period firmly established himself in commercial circles here as the proprietor of an automobile business which is already bringing to him substantial returns. He came to Oregon from the middle west, his birth having occurred in Woodford county, Illinois, April 13, 1882. His parents, John and Catherine (Naffziger) Baughman, are natives of Germany and Pennsylvania, respectively, and at one time were residents of Ohio. Later they removed to Illinois and in 1894 took up their abode in Iowa, in which state they now make their home. Of their family of twelve children eleven are still living.

Lewis E. Baughman spent the first twelve years of his life in his native state, after

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which he accompanied his parents on their removal to Iowa, where he completed his education, which had been begun in the public schools, by graduation from the high school. Thus he received a good general training for responsibilities to come, and upon attaining his majority entered the business world, accepting employment with the Western Elevator Company, with whom he remained eight years. At the end of that period he came to Oregon, for the advantages offered in the far west had proved attractive to him, and he arrived in Yamhill county in the summer of 1911. He located in Newberg and here established an automobile business, in the conduct of which he has since continued. He is a man of good business ability, his enterprising spirit and practical methods having already safely established him in trade circles in this town, the growth of his business auguring well for future success. In addition to his automobile business he also owns an orchard of ten acres located about one mile north of Newberg.

It was in Iowa, on the 22d of February, 1904, that Mr. Baughman was united in marriage to Miss Nellie Moore, who was born in Waterloo, that state, a daughter of Rynaldo and Elizabeth (Holtz) Moore. The father was born in Germany and is now deceased but the mother is living in Newberg with her son Lewis. Unto Mr. and Mrs. Baughman has been born one daughter, Rachel Louise, whose birth occurred on the 18th of August, 1909, and who is the life and light of the household. Prior to her marriage Mrs. Baughman had been a successful school teacher in her native state.

Mr. and Mrs. Baughman hold membership in the Order of the Eastern Star and the former also belongs to Symbol Lodge, No. 432, A. F. & A. M., of Iowa. In politics he is a stanch democrat although he has never sought nor desired public office, preferring to concentrate his entire time and attention upon his business affairs. He has so far found no cause to regret his determination to seek his fortune in the northwest, for he has become cognizant of the fact that in this great and growing country opportunities for business advancement are constantly being afforded the individual who has but to recognize them and avail himself of them in time. He is industrious and enterprising and has already won for himself a creditable place among the progressive business men of Newberg.

CARL G. PATTERSON, M. D., has been successfully engaged in the practice of medicine and surgery at Baker for the past decade and well merits recognition among the able representatives of the profession in this state. His birth occurred in Danville, Indiana, on the 20th of November, 1877, his parents being William W. and Joan F. (Worrell) Patterson. The family comes of Irish stock. William W. Patterson, a native of Rockbridge county, Virginia, died at Indianapolis, Indiana, on the 14th of October, 1906, when seventy-five years of age. His wife, who was born in Carroll county, Virginia, resides at Indianapolis, Indiana, and is seventy-nine years of age.

Carl G. Patterson supplemented his early education by a high-school course in Danville, Indiana, and later attended the Central Normal College in that city. Having determined to prepare himself for the practice of medicine, he entered the Eclectic Medical College of Cincinnati, Ohio, and was graduated from that institution on the 15th of April, 1902. In that year he began practice at Baker, Oregon, and this city as been the scene of his professional labors continuously since. His practice has steadily grown in volume and importance as he has demonstrated his skill and ability in coping with the problems that always confront the physician and surgeon, and his reputation is an enviable one. He has served as city physician of Baker and at the present time acts as county health officer. He holds the rank of first lieutenant of the Medical Reserve Corps of the Oregon National Guard.

On the 19th of October, 1904, at Portland, Oregon, Dr. Patterson was united in marriage to Miss Charlotta A. Roberts, a daughter of Charles G. and Margaret (Aitken) Roberts, who were natives of Glasgow and Edinburgh, Scotland, respectively. Charles G. Roberts resides at Hood River, Oregon, and his wife is deceased. Dr. and Mrs. Patterson have two children: Joan, whose natal day was April 25, 1907; and Franklin Worrell, born on the 19th of September, 1908.

Since age conferred upon him the right of franchise Dr. Patterson has supported the men and measures of the republican party. Fraternally he is identified with the Masons, belonging to Baker Lodge, No. 47, A. F. & A. M. and Keystone Chapter, No. 15, R. A. M. He is a member of Lodge No. 338 of the Benevolent Protective Order of Elks, at Baker. Dr. Patterson maintains the strictest conformity to the highest professional ethics and enjoys in full measure the confidence and respect of his professional brethren as well as of the general public.

J. H. KILBURG is one of the partners in a large general store at Buxton, being associated in the ownership and conduct of the business with his brother Anthony and H. Gregerson. He was born at Wilsonville, Oregon, August 22, 1882, and is of German lineage, his parents, Peter and Kathryn (Rhodes) Kilburg, being natives of Germany and Iowa, respectively. They were married in Iowa, where they began their domestic life, but after a short time came to Oregon and have since resided either in this state or in Washington. The father settled in Woodburn, Oregon, in 1890, and is there living at the age of sixty-six years, but in 1904 he was called upon to mourn the loss of his wife. For many years he followed farming but at the present writing lives retired. Unto him and his wife were born eleven children, of whom four died in infancy, the others being: Mrs. Annie McFarland, a resident of Walla Walla, Washington; J. H.; Anthony, who is living in Washington county; Mrs. Margaret Phillips, a resident of Wood-

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burn; Kathryn, who is also living in Woodburn; and Emma and Raymond, both at home.

J. H. Kilburg attended the public schools and worked upon the home farm, early becoming familiar with the duties and labors incident to the development of the fields. He continued to assist his father until twenty-eight years of age, when, in association with his brother Anthony and H. Gregerson, he purchased a general mercantile store in Buxton, which he has since conducted. It is the only store of consequence in the town and enjoys a fine business. Mr. Kilburg also owns property in the residence district of Portland and is meeting with substantial success that comes as the legitimate reward of his perseverance, industry and capable management. He was reared in the Catholic faith and votes with the republican party but is not an office seeker, preferring to concentrate his energies upon his business affairs, which he capably manages, making a close study of the conditions of trade and of the wants of his patrons.

ARCHIE LINCOLN BLACK is a man who in a quiet way is doing much to contribute to the growth of Grant county in its commercial aspects. He is now conducting a general store in Mount Vernon and has gained success. He is a native son of the west, having been born in The Dalles, Oregon, December 14, 1869, and is a son of Charles and Mary (Rodgers) Black, both natives of Maine. The family is of English origin and the paternal grandfather of our subject, Edward Black, was born in Great Britain. Charles Black was married in his native state, Maine, and came to Oregon in 1868. He was a carpenter by trade and followed that occupation for many years. When the government was about to build a mint at The Dalles he received an appointment to work upon the building. He came to the eastern part of the state and settled in the John Day valley in 1870, locating just below Mount Vernon, where he died at the age of twenty-seven, in 1874. After his death his wife returned to Maine where she remained but a short time. She came back to Oregon after a few months and resided here until 1893, when she made her second journey to her native district, where she is now living.

A. L. Black is the eldest of a family of three children. He remained in Oregon until he was ten years of age when he went east with his mother and remained in Maine for about four years. In 1883 he returned to Oregon where he took up various activities connected with the general life of the country. He was successful in the teaming business and in various other capacities. He worked during most of his time in the employ of E. Stewart, of Dayville, Oregon, but in 1890 started in business for himself, operating a sawmill on Flat creek, eighteen miles below Mount Vernon. He added to his activities the conduct of a large stock ranch and was successful in both branches. His sawmill was finally destroyed by fire and never rebuilt. In 1905 he sold his ranch and his large herd of stock to E. Stewart, his former employer and bought the holdings of H. H. Cummings, who was conducting a general store at Mount Vernon. Mr. Black has been active in the conduct of his enterprise since that time and has built up a flourishing and prosperous business. His store is one of the largest in this section of the county and has a frontage of seventy feet and a depth of ninety feet. During the term of his ownership Mr. Black has increased the capacity of his building, has installed modern and improved equipment and has greatly extended his line of stock. He is the agent for the Oliver Plow Works and the Studebaker Wagon Company and has constantly on hand a thorough line of farm implements. He does not make a specialty of any one branch of his business but gives his time and attention to general merchandise. His stock is attractively arranged and his enterprise is run along progressive and metropolitan lines.

June 17, 1890, Mr. Black was united in marriage to Miss Sophronia Wright, a daughter of Stephen Wright, who came to Oregon in the early days of its settlement and died in Kelso, Washington, in 1905. To Mr. and Mrs. Black have been born six children: Ethel, who is living at home; Etta; Vinnie; Grace; Charles; and Howard. Mr. Black is a popular and well known citizen. His cooperation can always be counted upon in any movement looking toward the progress of the town of Mount Vernon in a commercial, political, or social way. He seeks no success beyond a purely business walk of life. He has made his commercial career honorable and upright and in doing this he has achieved prosperity.

ALBERT LOVERIDGE, who is now living in Woodburn, Oregon, was born in Ohio, on the 22d of July, 1842, his parents being Michael and Hannah (Lyddon) Loveridge. The father was born and reared in Somersetshire, England, his birth having occurred April 17, 1803, and he was married in October, 1826, in St. Gregory, England, where he resided until 1837. During early life he was educated for the ministry and was engaged in preaching in the Baptist church for many years. When he left his native land he came to America and almost immediately after his arrival in New York started west, settling in Ohio, where he remained for a short time before locating in Galesburg, Knox county, Illinois. Subsequently in 1865 he crossed the plains and settled in Molalla valley, near Oregon City, and resided there until his death, which occurred on the 27th of December, 1880. Mrs. Loveridge passed away on the 4th of September, 1883. To this union eight children were born. Elizabeth, the eldest, died October 13, 1849. Levena was married in Illinois to John Awtell, a native of England. Mary died at the age of five months and one day. Mary, who was born March 17, 1834, is the widow of Moses Hahn and resides at Maryville, Missouri. William, whose birth occurred September 16, 1836, died March 12, 1908. Lucina was married in Illinois to William Adams, now of Molalla, Oregon, and they came to this state with their parents in 1865. Albert, who is

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the subject of this sketch, is the next in order of birth. Newton is a resident of Weston, Oregon.

Albert Loveridge began his independent career at the age of twenty years. He crossed the plains in 1863, going directly to Austin, Nevada, where he was engaged in silver mining for a period of five years. At the end of this time he removed to the northern part of the state and mined for eight years, previous to going to Idaho in 1876 and settling in Bruneau valley, where he engaged in stock-raising and farming until his retirement twenty-seven years later. Although Mr. Loveridge retained the four hundred and eighteen acres near Mountain Home, Idaho, which he owned at that time, he came to Woodburn, Oregon, where he has since resided in a large and commodious house which he purchased upon his arrival. His farm in Idaho is well stocked and although he has engaged a capable manager to relieve him of all active duties he still takes an owner's interest in its success. He is also the owner of a ferry, which he has operated for twenty-three years, and from the income received from this ferry in addition to that derived from his successful stock-raising Mr. Loveridge has accumulated a fortune, which is commensurate with his energy, persistency and diligent labor.

On the 13th of September, 1871, Mr. Loveridge was married to Miss Mary Coats, a daughter of Thomas and Nancy (Owerton) Coats, the former a native of Kentucky and the latter of Virginia, which state had long been the home of her ancestors. The parents were married in Missouri in 1843, and eleven years later removed to California, where they remained for a number of years before going to Jackson county, Oregon, where they resided for some time. Mr. Coats was wounded in the arm while on active duty in the Rogue River war. Mrs. Loveridge is one of six children, the others being: Benton, William and Maggie, all deceased; John, who is a resident of Mountain Home, Idaho, and David, deceased. To Mr. and Mrs. Loveridge five children have been born: Gertrude, who was born June 9, 1872, and is the wife of John S. Black, of Mountain Home, by whom she has the following children, Errol, Ralph, Guy, George, Amy and David; Ray, deceased, whose birth occurred May 20, 1875, and who was married to Miss Phoebe Simmons, of Parnell, Missouri, to whom one child, Mary, has been born; George, who was born August 10, 1882, and married Polly Owens, of Bruneau, Idaho; Vida, who was born April 23, 1889, and has received a musical education at the University of Idaho at Moscow; and Gladys, born November 28, 1891, who became the wife of Percy Beckley, of Idaho.

In politics Mr. Loveridge is an enthusiastic democrat, firmly believing that the policies of that party will be most effective for good government. His political affiliations are the same as those of his family, his father having been a strong democrat who was so loyal to his party and principles that upon one occasion, while living in Illinois, he was threatened by mob violence at a time when the democratic party was the object of attack and contumely. Mr. Loveridge has never sought office as a reward for party fealty but has ever taken an active interest in all measures which have been undertaken for the public good. His interest for the future welfare of his family is attested by the fact that he is at present holding a policy in the New York Life Insurance Company. By strict attention to the undertaking at hand and by fair dealings with all with whom he comes in contact, Mr. Loveridge has won an enviable position among those who stand for the practical development of the northwest.

HARMON L. ALEXANDER is a well known and successful blacksmith of Imbler, who has been a resident of the state since 1876. He is one of the valued men of his town and a highly respected citizen. He was born in Farmington, Ontario county, New York, April 25, 1840, a son of William H. and Nancy (Phillips) Alexander, the latter a daughter of John Phillips. The grandfather, Andrew Alexander, was a native of Scotland and emigrated to the new world when he was eighteen years of age, settling in New York. During his early manhood the father was employed as foreman in a woolen factory, holding that position for fourteen years. He removed in 1847 to Morenci, Lenawee county, Michigan, where he engaged in the flouring mill business, afterward building a woolen and carding mill, which he operated for several years. Later in life he purchased a farm near New Boston, Michigan, where his last days were spent.

The eldest in a family of nine children, Harmon L. Alexander received as good a common-school education as was obtainable in those days, his studies being pursued in a log schoolhouse. When eighteen years of age he was apprenticed by his father to a blacksmith and remained in Michigan, working at his trade, until 1876. He then removed to Oregon but owing to the Indian troubles he resided in this state but a short time when he took up his residence in Olympia, Washington. In 1879 he came to Island City, Union county, where he opened a shop and did a large business with the freighters, frequently employing as many as seven men. He remained in that city until 1888, when the railroad was built, and then settled in La Grande, where he continued running a blacksmith shop, employing three or four men. At the end of twelve years he came to Imbler, and opened his present shop, now doing a very satisfactory business.

Mr. Alexander was married in 1865 to Sarah Dean Rockwell, a native of Crawford county, Pennsylvania. She is a daughter of Orrin Rockwell and comes of good Quaker stock. Mrs. Alexander received a good education, completing her studies at Hillsdale College, of Hillsdale, Michigan. By her marriage she became the mother of two children, Fred Rockwell and Frank Dwight. The former received his elementary education in Island City and afterward took a course in Alma College at Alma, Michigan. He became an electrician and is now employed by

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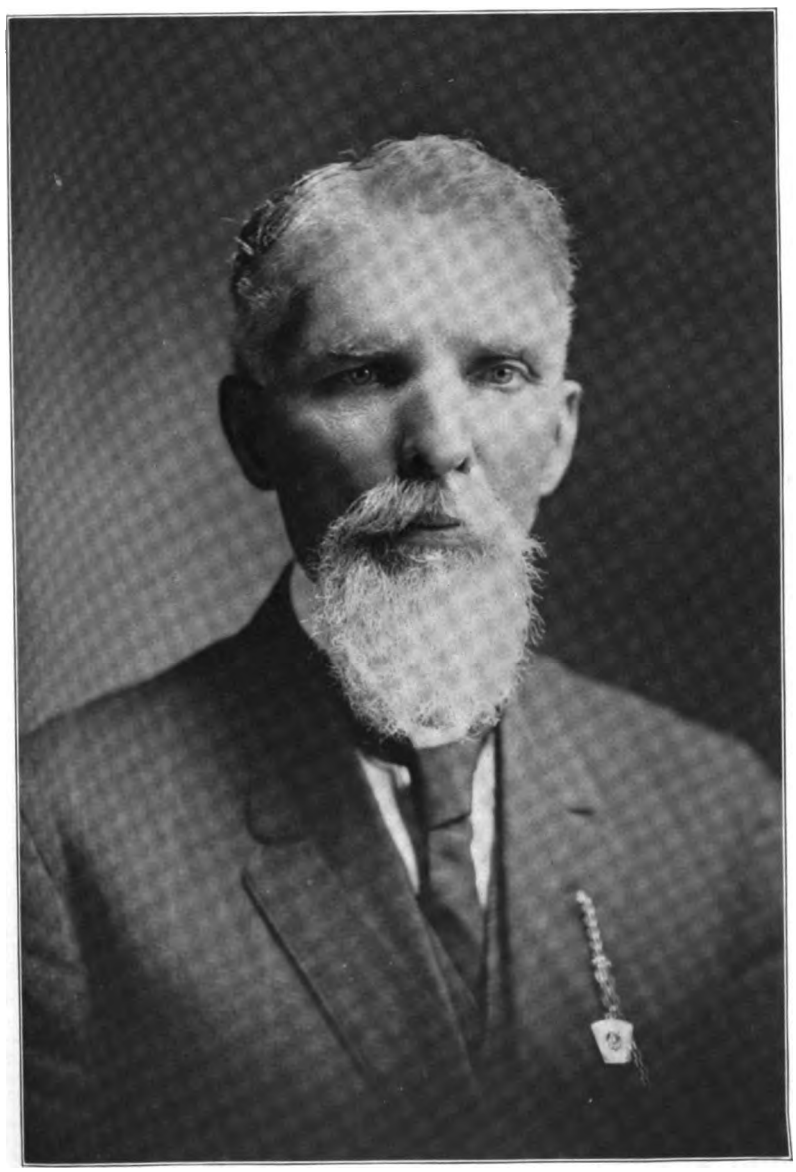

H. L. ALEXANDER

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the Portland Street Railway Company at a very satisfactory salary. The latter, Frank Dwight Alexander, received his preliminary education in La Grande, and afterward pursued his studies in the Michigan State Normal College at Ypsilanti, Michigan, and now occupies a very responsible position with the Oregon-Washington Railroad & Navigation Company at Portland, Oregon, as collector in the general freight department. The mother of these children passed away November 17, 1888, at the age of forty-nine years.

Mr. Alexander is a Royal Arch Mason and stands high in fraternal circles. He is a greatly respected citizen, has been reasonably successful in business, possesses sound judgment and is not afraid to express his opinions. He is progressive, well educated and a student of human nature, and is one of the most valuable citizens of Imbler.

ROBERT T. SIMPSON, conducting a hotel at Buxton, was born in Ontario, Canada, July 22, 1866, his parents being Adam and Luthera (Cerns) Simpson, who were likewise natives of Ontario. The mother was of Irish and Scotch descent while the mingled strains of German, English and Scotch blood flowed in the veins of the father. The parents were married in Canada and there reared their family. The father was a sailor on the lakes, becoming a captain and commanding vessels until he came to Oregon in the spring of 1893, at which time he settled in Portland. In that city his wife passed away in 1893 and Adam Simpson afterward came to Buxton where he has since lived, being now sixty-six years of age. In the family were seven children: Robert T.; Angeline, who is the wife of L. C. Chapman and resides in O'Neill, Nebraska; William F., a resident of Portland; Margaret, who is the wife of Fred Burns, of Minnesota; Benjamin J., living in Buxton; and Samuel and Adam J., both of whom are now deceased.

Robert T. Simpson was only fifteen years of age when he began earning his own living and early learned that industry, determination and perseverance are the basis of all success. He was first employed at herding cattle in the state of Iowa and later worked on a farm for a time. Subsequently he went to Nebraska where he engaged in carrying the mail over a stage route for two years. He afterward worked on cattle ranches for two years, at the end of which time he was married and began farming on his own account.

It was on the 3d of April, 1889, that Mr. Simpson wedded Miss Esther J. Kuhn, who was born in Kansas in 1873, a daughter of Robert and Maria Kuhn. Her father was born in Pennsylvania and her mother in Tennessee, and their marriage was celebrated in Nebraska City, Nebraska, where they lived for a short time, and then removed to Kansas, where they made their home until the mother's death in 1878. In that year the father went to Holt county, Nebraska, where he resided until 1891, when he came to Washington county, Oregon. For eighteen years he remained a resident of this state but in 1909 removed to the state of Washington, where he is now living. Unto Mr. and Mrs. Kuhn were born four children: David F., a resident of Raymond, Washington; Mrs. Simpson; Robert R., also living in Raymond; and Sarah Elizabeth, who died at the age of two years.

Following their marriage Mr. and Mrs. Simpson began their domestic life upon a farm in Nebraska, where they remained for two years, but thinking that better business opportunities could be secured on the Pacific coast they came in 1891 to Washington county, Oregon, where they have since made their home. Mr. Simpson first proved up a homestead on which he lived for ten years, and then came to the town of Buxton, where he devoted a few years to locating people on claims. He next entered the hotel business in which he is still engaged, owning the hotel property and also an attractive residence in the town. His realty possessions likewise include an interest in three hundred and twenty acres of timber land together with property in Portland and at Turner Rocks, at Turner Rocks Beach.

Mr. and Mrs. Simpson have become the parents of six children. David B., who was born in 1891, married Miss Bessie Howard, a native of Michigan, and they have one child, Adelle Esther, born July 30, 1911. Thomas W., the second child, died in infancy. Ralph E., born in 1893, Robert R., in 1896, Hazel M., in 1898 and Elsie R., in 1904, are all attending school.

Mr. Simpson is an advocate of republican principles and is interested in the welfare and the upbuilding of the community in which he lives to the extent of giving his cooperation to all movements for the general good. At the present time he is serving as supervising fire warden and for several terms he has been a member of the school board, the cause of education finding in him a warm friend. Starting out in life empty-handed, he has steadily worked his way upward to the creditable business position which he now occupies, which is an indication of his dominant qualities—diligence and perseverance.

WILLIAM PHILLIP CLAFLIN was a well known and successful business man of Grant county. He was born in Illinois, February 5, 1829, and died in the month of April, 1879, when fifty years of age. His father was Robert Claflin, who came of Welsh, English and Scotch ancestry, representatives of the name early coming from England to America. Edward Claflin, a brother of William P. Claflin, lost his life while serving in the Union army.

William Phillip Claflin made his way westward to California with an ox team, paying one hundred dollars for the privilege of joining a party and driving a team. He was one of the pioneer settlers of this state and shared in the usual experiences and hardships of that period. He first engaged in freighting with pack mules at Jacksonville, Jackson county, and subsequently went to the Cariboo country, where he engaged in mining, meeting with success. He acquired twenty thousand dollars in gold as a result

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of his labors and located in Canyon City, establishing a store which he conducted until 1868. He then preempted the property which is now in possession of his family, and is situated about three and a half miles above Prairie City. He spent the remainder of his life upon that place engaged in stock-raising, and sound judgment and enterprise brought him a comfortable competence.

On the 20th of March, 1872, William P. Claflin was united in marriage to Mrs. Mary M. (Houseman) Riggs, a native of Michigan, who came to Oregon to join a sister, Mrs. Holcomb, who had been living in this state for four years. The children of that marriage are: Maud, now Mrs. Eugene Brown, of Eagle Valley; Amelia and Edward, deceased; and William P., Jr., living on the old home place. Following the death of William P. Claflin, Mrs. Claflin became the wife of George Wood, who came from England to the new world and died in this district in 1896. One child was born of that marriage, Scott H. Wood who is living in the John Day valley. The family have three hundred acres of land, over half of which is bottom land and under irrigation. During the Indian scare of 1876 and 1878 most of the people of this district went into the town and used the grist-mill for a fort. Mr. Claflin, however, with his family and four men for four nights slept in a stone cellar on his farm to watch over and protect his property if necessary.

William Phillip Claflin, the son, received his early education in the public schools and graduated from the high school in Baker in 1900, while later he pursued a business course in Portland. He was then employed as a salesman by a dental supply house until he returned to the ranch which he has since conducted. They have a pleasant home, a fine garden and orchard, and the location and surroundings are most desirable. The farm is devoted largely to stock-raising, Mr. Claflin breeding registered stock, constantly improving the strain with the intention of devoting much of his time to the raising of high-grade cattle. What energy and determination can accomplish will be his, for he is a man of strong purpose and carries forward to successful completion whatever he undertakes.

GILBERT H. BENJAMIN, who resides two miles north of Gervais, ranks among those who have won success by hard labor, earnest endeavor and constant application to duty. He was born in Jackson, Amador county, California, and is a son of Magloire Pierre and Dorilla Zoe (Thomas) Benjamin. The father was born December 19, 1839, in St. Marie De Monoire, Quebec, Canada, and the mother on December 23, 1846, in the same county. The maternal grandmother was Marie Fugere, who was the wife of Xavier Thomas, both of whom were born in Canada. The paternal grandfather, John Baptiste Benjamin, was also a native of Canada. Magloire Pierre Benjamin was the eldest of four children, the others being: Edouard, who is a resident of Watervliet, New York; Rosalie, residing in New Bedford, Massachusetts; and Julia Lemaire, deceased. The mother, Dorilla Zoe (Thomas) Benjamin, was one of nine children: Jean Baptiste, deceased; Louis, of Chambly Basin, Canada; Ami, who was killed in the battle of Pittsburg Landing in the Civil war; Honore, deceased; Felicite, deceased, who was the wife of Ferdinand Sicotte, who has also passed away; Selena, deceased; Allida, the wife of Charles Brazeault, of Providence, Rhode Island; and Nathalie, deceased. Mr. and Mrs. Magloire Pierre Benjamin were married July 25, 1866, and became the parents of four children: Dorilla Felicite, who is the wife of William Dale Laughary, of Oregon City; Gilbert H., the subject of this review; William M., a resident of Sacramento, California; and Alice, deceased.

Gilbert H. Benjamin enlisted in Company M, Second Oregon Volunteer Infantry, May 15, 1898, for service in the Spanish-American war. He was in the first expedition to leave the United States for battle on a foreign shore. After coaling at Honolulu June 3, 1898, the vessel proceeded to the island of Guam, from which place they took the first Spanish prisoners to Manila bay, arriving June 20. On the 2d of July they disembarked and on the 13th of August they did effective duty for their country. Mr. Benjamin was in Wheaton's flying column which went up the Pasig river and engaged in the battles of Guadelupe Church and Pasig. Subsequently he returned to Manila and then proceeded to Caloocan, where he participated in the battle of Malabon on the 25th of March, 1899, and in the battle of Pola the following day. Following this he was in the battle of Marilo on the 11th of April and embarked for home on the 12th of of June. He sailed on the 14th via Japan and arrived at San Francisco on the 12th of July, disembarking on the 14th. After he was mustered out on the 7th of August he returned home and took up farming. Mr. Benjamin has since resided upon his father's farm and has devoted his entire time to hard work. He rents six hundred and forty acres of land, which he devotes to grain and stock-raising. At the present time he is raising sheep and hogs for the western markets and is also breeding thoroughbred sheep and fine horses. Besides giving his attention to these agricultural pursuits he has at various times been engaged in other undertakings, having for four years run a hay bailer with cook wagon and at the present time doing a general warehouse business. In addition to this warehouse he also owns two acres of land situated along the railroad in Woodburn.

On the 26th of July, 1909, Mr. Benjamin was married to Mrs. Mabel Gordon Jukes, who was born on the 3d of February, 1882, at Eagle Creek, Oregon, and is a daughter of J. L. and Adelaide (Jones) Gordon. Mrs. Gordon was one of eight children: Albert, who is a resident of Corvallis; Lydia, who is the wife of Douglas Parker, of Clackamas; Freeman, a resident of North Yakima, Washington; Mrs. Gordon; Leonard, of Clackamas; William, of Seattle, Washington; Ernest, de-

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ceased; and Dena, who died in infancy. Mr. Gordon was the second of four children, the others being Samuel, Mary and Anna, all deceased. Mr. and Mrs. Gordon, who were married in 1879, became the parents of four children: Rex, who is living at Colton, Oregon; Mrs. Benjamin; Harold L., a stationary engineer; and Neil L., deceased. Mrs. Benjamin had been previously married, her first union being to Edward J. Jukes, whom she married on the 19th of October, 1900. To this union one child was born, Eva D., whose birth occurred June 7, 1904, at Clackamas. To Mr. and Mrs. Benjamin one child has been born, Adelaide Zoe, born on the 13th of September, 1910.

In politics Mr. Benjamin is a democrat but he has never sought office as a reward for party fealty. He is a member of Salem Lodge, No. 336, B. P. O. E., and holds membership in the Catholic church. Earnest, persistent work has been the source of his success, enabling him to surpass many who started out in life earlier or more advantageously. He is one of the substantial agriculturists of Gervais and his record may well serve as a source of encouragement to others, showing what may be accomplished by one who has the will to dare and to do.

JOHN HENRY WAGNER is one of the highly successful sheep men of Wallowa county, where he has been engaged in this business for about seven years. He is a native of Oregon, being born on a ranch in the Grande Ronde valley on the 4th of December, 1877. He is a son of George and Sarah (Standage) Wagner, who came to the northwest during the pioneer days, locating on a ranch in the Grande Ronde valley. There the father continues to reside but the mother passed away several years ago.

There were no momentous events or unusual occurrences in the boyhood of John Henry Wagner to distinguish it from those of other lads who were reared on an Oregon ranch during the pioneer period. He pursued his education in the district schools in the vicinity of his home until he had attained the age of fourteen years. He then laid aside his text-books and assumed the duties of manhood, and for fourteen years thereafter herded sheep in the Grande Ronde and Wallowa valleys. His wages were not large, but being thrifty and temperate in his habits he managed to accumulate a sum of money which permitted him in 1905 to withdraw from the service of others and engage in business for himself. He now owns a fine herd of sheep and has acquired quite extensive property interests in the vicinity of Joseph. He is numbered among the highly efficient and prosperous ranchers of this section and such success as has come to him is the result of his unceasing diligence and perseverance, as he has made his way practically unaided from early youth, and is well deserving of the title of self-made man.

Since attaining his majority, Mr. Wagner has voted the republican ticket, considering the principles of that party best adapted to protect the interests of the majority. He has led a quiet, unobtrusive life, yet his qualities of heart and mind have won him many friends who hold him in the highest esteem, recognizing and appreciating in him a man of worth to the community.

GUY FORREST VIA, M. D., is one of the younger practicing physicians of Washington county but his years seem no bar to his ability and progress. He carefully prepared for the profession and his duties are discharged with a sense of conscientious obligation that makes his work of much worth to his patrons. He was born in Columbia, Missouri, October 8, 1880. His father, W. P. Via, was also a physician who, born in Virginia, removed to the middle west and in Missouri was married to Miss Emma Esther Ravenscraft, who was a native of Callaway county, Missouri. They began their domestic life in that state but after six years removed to eastern Kansas, in 1886, where they remained for a year, during which period Dr. Via continued in the practice of medicine. He then returned with his family to Missouri, settling in Columbia county, where he remained until 1888, when he came to Oregon and for eight years practiced at Forest Grove. On the expiration of that period he returned to Columbia county, where he resided until 1897, in which year he went to Oklahoma. Six months later, in 1898, he returned to Oregon where he continued in active practice until his death, which occurred April 17, 1909. His widow is now living at Forest Grove, at the age of fifty-two years. In the family were four sons and a daughter, of whom Hugh B., the eldest, died at Los Angeles, California, and William P., the youngest, passed away at the age of five years. The others are: Guy F. and Robert Lee, residing in Silverton, Oregon, and Estella, who is with her mother.

Dr. Guy F. Via pursued his early education in the common schools of Missouri and afterward attended the Tualitin Academy of Forest Grove, from which he was graduated with the class of 1901. He then pursued a course in the medical department of the state university at Portland and was graduated in 1909. In May of that year he located for practice at Forest Grove but soon afterward came to Buxton where he is still living. He is the only physician of the town and his practice covers a large part of the surrounding territory. His professional training was thorough and systematic and he has continued a close student of the science of medicine, his individual reading and research giving him knowledge that keeps him in close touch with the advanced thought of the profession and the work that is being done by its prominent members.

On the 13th of September, 1904, Dr. Via was married to Miss Mae Fredericka Heywood, who was born September 18, 1885, in Washington county, Oregon, and is a daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Alfred Heywood, the former a native of England and the latter of the Sunset state. They were married in Oregon where the mother passed away in

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1890, but the father is still living in Hillsboro. In their family were a son and four daughters; Alfred, deceased; Winifred, the wife of Frank Reeves, of Salem, Oregon; Josephine, who became the wife of Milo Mac, of Portland; Rose, a graduate of the Portland high school; and Mrs. Via, who completed her education by graduation from the high school of Hillsboro. By her marriage she has become the mother of two children, but the first-born, Gerald Forrest, whose birth occurred November 11, 1905, passed away in September, 1906. The little daughter, Bernice, was born on the 10th of November, 1906. Dr. Via is a democrat in his political views and fraternally is connected with the Maccabees of Buxton. He and his wife hold membership in the Methodist Episcopal church and are prominent in social circles, the hospitality of the best homes being cordially extended them while their own doors are ever open for the reception of their many friends.

IRA BRAY. One of the successful men of Oregon is Ira Bray, now in business at Waldport, whose stories of hunting and trapping would make a volume of great interest. He has killed over fifteen hundred deer, three hundred elk, four hundred bear and numerous wild-cats and cougars, not to speak of many smaller animals. Having laid aside his gun and traps, he is now successfully conducting an agate factory. He was born at Bloomington, Indiana, on the 4th of April, 1859. His father, Nathan Bray, was born in North Carolina, in 1796, and in his boyhood became a resident of Kentucky. Later he settled in Monroe county, Indiana, and engaged in farming during the remainder of his life. He was a prominent man in his section and loaned money extensively. He lived to the advanced age of ninety-five years, passing away in 1891. The maiden name of the mother of our subject was Nancy Cannon and she was also a native of North Carolina, but moved to Indiana with her parents in her girlhood.

The youngest of a family of eight children, Ira Bray was reared on his father's farm and availed himself of good advantages of education in the public and high schools of Bloomington. He was also a student for two years at Bloomington College. He received his introduction to business as clerk in his brother's store at Bloomington but, being ambitious to see the world and carve out a fortune on his own account, came to the Pacific coast at the age of twenty-one and herded sheep for a year in Humboldt county, California. He then started northward on horseback and arrived at Florence, Oregon, soon afterward securing employment in the gold mines of Ziegler & Hinch near the Heceta lighthouse. He continued in the mines for two and one-half years and then engaged on his own account in stock-raising, hunting and trapping, his experiences in those lines extending through a period of thirty years. In the spring of 1911 he located at Waldport and his agate factory is one of the flourishing concerns of this region. He has collected some of the finest specimens of agate ever found in America, and his name is well known throughout the country among lovers of those beautiful stones. During the years he was actively engaged in hunting and trapping he never wantonly killed any animal but hunted only for food or with commercial purposes in view. He ranks among the most successful hunters Oregon has known.

In 1880 Mr. Bray was married to Miss Georgie Anna Starr, who was born at Monroe, Benton county, Oregon, a daughter of George C. and Elizabeth Starr. She was the third in a family of six children. The father was born in Missouri and served in the Mexican war under General Price. He came to Oregon in the early '50s and engaged for many years in the mercantile business in Monroe. Mr. and Mrs. Bray are the parents of six children: Addie Irene, who is the wife of Samuel Levens, of Yachats; Rosie Alice, who married Rufus Stonefield and lives near Heceta; John B., of Waldport; Catherine Myrtle, who is deceased; an infant, also deceased; and Joseph T., who resides at Waldport.

Politically Mr. Bray supports the republican party. He has taken the interest of a patriotic citizen in politics but has never sought public office, although he served for eight years as postmaster at Minnie, Oregon. He is a member of the Church of Christ. Actuated by a worthy ambition, he has made himself useful to his fellowmen and has ever aimed to keep in touch with the spirit of progress which is the distinguishing mark of the twentieth century.

CHARLES H. HORNER is the competent and highly respected county clerk of Gilliam county, Oregon. His birth occurred in West Virginia on the 14th of March, 1876, his parents being John D. and Anna G. (Hammond) Horner, both of whom were natives of Pennsylvania. They were reared and married in the Keystone state, where John D. Horner engaged in farming, following the occupation of his forebears. Subsequently he removed to West Virginia, in which state he lived but a short time and then took up his abode in Kansas, where he remained for fourteen years. In 1892 he emigrated to Oregon, locating in Marion county, purchasing land four and a half miles northeast of Salem, upon which he moved and lived until the time of his death, which occurred in May, 1905. He is survived by his widow, who still lives on the old home farm.

Charles H. Horner was reared at home and educated in the public schools of Kansas. He afterward entered the Friends Polytechnic Institute of Salem, Oregon, where he studied for one year and he then became a student at the State Agricultural College, from which he was graduated in the class of 1901. After his graduation he taught school for one year only. In February, 1902, he moved to Condon, Oregon, where he secured the position of assistant postmaster, remaining in that office until July, 1908. In the spring election of that year he was chosen county clerk of Gilliam county. Upon his election to this office

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he resigned his position as assistant postmaster and entered at once upon his duties as county clerk. In 1910 he was reelected to this office, receiving the compliment of being the joint candidate of both parties for the position. He is widely and favorably known throughout the county and is serving the interests of his county in the most satisfactory and efficient manner. He is also a member of the bar, having been admitted on the 10th of November, 1910. He was one of the organizers of the hardware concern known as Horner, Moore & Company, being the senior member of this firm.

On the 18th of November, 1906, Mr. Horner was married to Miss Cressie Hunsaker, a daughter of G. W. Hunsaker, who is a native of Oregon and a prominent ranchman living on the donation claim taken by his father near Turner, Marion county, this state. Mr. Horner's fraternal relations are with the following organizations: Mount Moriah Lodge, No. 95, A. F. & A. M.; Summit Lodge, No. 130, I. O. O. F.; and Endymion Lodge, No. 66, K. P. He is a veteran of the Spanish-American war, having enlisted in Company I, Second Oregon Volunteer Infantry. His regiment was assigned to the Philippines, where he saw service for a little less than one year. In politics Mr. Horner has always been a stanch republican. He is a man of extensive influence in his county as a result of his long residence and faithful application to personal improvement in various lines of business and study all of which have contributed to his usefulness as a worthy and desirable member of his community.

JOHN PRESTON IRELAND, the owner of two hundred acres of good farming land in Washington county, about two miles south of Banks, has brought one hundred and fifty acres of this tract under a high state of cultivation and is devoting his time and energies to its further improvement. He has always lived west of the Mississippi, his birth having occurred in Muscatine, Iowa, on the 16th of May, 1860. His parents were Robert and Susanna (Benefiel) Ireland, both of whom were natives of Indiana. They were married in Iowa in 1859 but never resided there, for Mr. Ireland had previously come to Oregon and later returned to Iowa for his bride whom, following their marriage, he at once brought to the northwest. He devoted his life to general agricultural pursuits in this state and was the owner of a fine farm at the time of his death, which occurred in 1887. His wife survived him for about nine years passing away in 1906. In their family were three children: John Preston; Annie, who died in 1878, at the age of fifteen years; and Willis, of Hillsboro, Oregon.

John P. Ireland has spent his entire life in Oregon and was reared upon the home farm, early becoming familiar with the duties and labors that fall to the lot of the agriculturist. He assisted his father in the farm work until twenty-one years of age, when he was married and started in life on his own account, cultivating his father's homestead, of which he has since had charge. At the present time he is the owner of an excellent farm of two hundred acres, of which one hundred and fifty acres have been converted into rich and productive fields that annually return substantial harvests. Splendid improvements have been put upon the place and the farm is pleasantly and conveniently located about two miles from Banks. The buildings are substantial, fences kept in good repair, the machinery is modern and everything about the place indicates the practical and progressive spirit of the owner. In addition to this property Mr. Ireland also has a residence in Forest Grove, which he rents.

On the 19th of October, 1884, occurred the marriage of John P. Ireland and Miss Clarissa Pierce, who was born in Oregon and is a daughter of John F. and Elizabeth (McNamer) Pierce, the former a native of Peoria, Illinois, and the latter of Iowa. They were married, however, in Oregon, and have since resided in Washington county. Five children were born unto them: Mary, the wife of George Vollum, of Portland; Charles, also living in Portland; Mrs. Ireland; Alice, the wife of Albert Thomas, of Portland; and Elsie, who is likewise living in the Rose City. The marriage of Mr. and Mrs. Ireland has been blessed with five children. Robert Franklin passed away in infancy. Lester C., who was born in 1886, pursued a business college course and also took a special course of study at Forest Grove. He married Miss Bessie Harrington, who was born in the east and had recently come to Oregon with her parents. Beulah B., born May 5, 1889, and now at home with her parents, is a graduate of the Forest Grove Academy and also spent one year as a student in the Pacific University of Forest Grove. Arthur, born April 3, 1893, is now attending high school at Forest Grove. John, born August 4, 1894, is likewise a high school student. Mr. and Mrs. Ireland have given their children excellent educational advantages, thus qualifying them for life's responsible duties. The family are members of the Congregational church and Mr. Ireland belongs also to the Maccabees tent at Greenville, Oregon, and to Gale's Grange at Forest Grove. His political views accord with the principles of the republican party, and while not an office seeker he is in all matters of citizenship public spirited and patriotic.

EDMUND DOERING, who is a prominent agriculturist of Riverside, near Pendleton, was born near Crown Point, Indiana, on the 14th of January, 1849, a son of Henry and Mary Ann (Higenell) Doering. The parents were natives of Pennsylvania where they were married, and all their children with the exception of Edmund, were born in that state. After residing in Indiana for a short time they came to the Willamette valley but returned to Indiana two years later. The mother's death occurred in Iowa and the father died in Pennsylvania. Of the six children born to their union Edmund is the youngest.

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Edmund Doering resided with his parents until the fall of 1870. In his boyhood and youth he acquired such education as the common schools afforded and also had some experience in the working world. Upon leaving home he came to Oregon where he engaged in agricultural pursuits for fifteen years. In 1885 he removed to the Palouse country and resided in Whitman county for ten years, but in November, 1895, went to California. He was a resident of that state for six years before coming to Pendleton eleven years ago. Since his arrival here he has been engaged in agricultural pursuits. A short time ago he disposed of his ranch and secured his present home which comprises ten acres on Riverside drive near Pendleton. The greater part of his active career has been devoted to agricultural pursuits, and his success in this line has been due to his careful and scientific management and his constant study of the soil, thus enabling him to make the best use of his land thereby receiving greatest possible yield per acre.

On the 7th of December, 1872, Mr. Doering was married to Miss Clarinda Julia Baughman, whose birth occurred in Oregon, on the 5th of January, 1853. She is a daughter of Samuel and Betsy (McCall) Baughman. The father was a native of Illinois and the mother of Tennessee. They crossed the plains with the great throngs which came to Oregon in 1852, and located upon Pleasant Hill, where their deaths occurred. To their union eight children were born. Mr. and Mrs. Doering have become the parents of three children: J. C., who is a resident of this county and is married and has six children; Grace L. who is the widow of James S. Kelley and the mother of one daughter, Marjory; and Maude M., who is the wife of G. M. Lewis of Adams, and the mother of three children, Dorothy, Blanche and Charles.

To such a man as Edmund Doering Oregon owes its development. Their untiring labors have turned its arid soil into highly productive and profitable tracts of land and given such impetus to its natural resources as to make it one of the most desirable locations for that portion of the population of the east which is steadily moving westward. Its advance to agricultural lines has been made on a well outlined and scientific basis, and the cooperation of its agriculturists in these plans has brought it to the highly desirable position which it today enjoys. Because of their diligence and their industry the men who have brought this about have won the respect and regard of all.

EDWARD GETTY EMMETT, a resident of Woodburn, who conducts one of the best known hardware and farm implement stores in Marion county, was born on the 24th of January, 1872, in Salem, this county, his parents being James H. and Alice (Harrett) Emmett. The father was a son of Daniel and Elizabeth Emmett, the former of whom was born in Tennessee in 1819 and lived there until he removed to Missouri in 1841. After remaining there for three years he started for Oregon. He was a slave owner and in Tennessee had been engaged in farming. Upon his arrival in Missouri he continued farming but, realizing that the west was offering great opportunities, he joined a large train, which included the Irvins of Corvallis, and made the trip across the plains, leaving Missouri in the spring and arriving in Oregon in the autumn of the same year. In 1848 he settled in Fox Valley, taking up a donation land claim of six hundred and forty acres. After cultivating this for a few years he disposed of it and purchased six hundred and forty acres in Polk county, where he resided until his death, which occurred in 1881. This property is still in possession of the family. Mr. and Mrs. Emmett were the parents of seven children: Aaron, John and James H., all deceased; Daniel E., who is residing in Polk county; Louis, of Roseburg, Oregon; Mary, the widow of E. F. Hosford, of Portland; and Elizabeth, deceased. The maternal grandfather was born in Ohio and Mrs. Harrett was a native of Indiana. They made the trip across the plains with Joseph Meek and were among those of the party who were lost on the famous Meek cut-off. They came near starving before they finally found the river. Securing a boat, they floated down the river and obtained teams later. At The Dalles they made a portage and continued the trip to Vancouver. Almost immediately they went to Oregon City, where they remained during the winter, the following spring settling in Mission Bottom. Mr. Harrett was the first synodical missionary in Oregon. At that time all of the missionaries arriving in a certain territory worked together until a church was established. The family settled on a donation land claim in Polk county, which is still in possession of the descendants. A part of the city of West Salem was subsequently built on this property. Mr. Harrett's death occurred in 1890. To Mr. and Mrs. Harrett four children were born: John, of Salem; Byron, of Polk county, who is residing on the homestead; Alice, the mother of our subject; and Elmer, deceased. Mr. and Mrs. James Emmett were married in 1870 in Polk county and to them four children have been born: Edward Getty, who is the subject of this sketch; Arthur, of Salem; Bertha, who is married to J. G. Garrow, assistant city engineer of Portland; and Jessie, of Portland, the widow of G. E. Glover.

Edward G. Emmett started in for himself at the age of nineteen years, when he entered the Oregon Agricultural College at Corvallis. Upon the completion of his course there in 1894 he accepted a position in the mechanical department of his alma mater and remained there as assistant mechanical engineer for four years. Subsequently he went to Berkeley, California, and for two years attended the University of California. During this time he became most proficient as a mechanical engineer and after leaving the university accepted employment in the drafting departments of several railroads. These positions took him eastward and at one time he was employed by the Atchison, Topeka & Santa Fe and the Pere Marquette railroads, but subsequently he returned to Oregon,

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where he opened a pump, windmill and plumbing business in Salem. He successfully conducted this for some time but in 1907 removed to Woodburn and engaged in the implement business, the firm name being Emmett & Cornell. This is the largest store of its kind in Oregon outside of Salem and Portland and enjoys not only the patronage of Woodburn but also the surrounding country, covering a radius of twelve to fifteen miles. The rapid development of the agricultural resources of this section during the last few years has brought about a demand for a business enterprise of this sort and the practical manner in which Mr. Emmett has conducted his store commends itself to the judgment of all and has secured to the company a patronage which makes the volume of trade transacted over its counters of great importance and magnitude.

On the 12th of March, 1903, Mr. Emmett was married to Miss Florence Cornell, a daughter of H. A. and Lillian (Stanley) Cornell. Her birth occurred on the 21st of April, 1873, and she was the second of four children; the others being Stanley, of Corvallis; Fred, who is residing in Woodburn and is interested with Mr. Emmett in business; and Lillian, who is residing in Woodburn, where she is in the employ of the Bank of Woodburn as bookkeeper.

In politics Mr. Emmett gives his allegiance to the republican party but has never sought office as a reward for party fealty. At one time he was chief of the fire department at Woodburn. He holds membership in the Masonic order and in the Presbyterian church. The prosperity of the company in which he is interested is due in a large measure to Mr. Emmett's management. He is social and public-spirited and gives his cooperation to every movement which tends to promote the moral, intellectual and material welfare of the community.

CHRISTIAN WILDFANG LASSEN, D. V. M., who is well known as a veterinary surgeon, was born in Highland Park, Illinois, on the 21st of November, 1883, his parents being H. P. C. and Anna (Wildfang) Lassen. The father was a native of Denmark and the mother's birth occurred in Iowa. Their marriage occurred in Milwaukee but almost immediately afterward they settled in Highland Park, Illinois, and later in Winnetka, that state, where they resided for many years. Mr. Lassen was a bookkeeper throughout his active career. To their union four sons and one daughter were born, Dr. C. W. Lassen being the eldest. One boy, Axel, has passed away and the others are Valdemar, Knud, and Helene, a nurse residing in Glengary, Idaho.

Dr. C. W. Lassen resided at home until after he had received his grammar-school education. Subsequently he entered school at Madison, Wisconsin, where he took a short course in agriculture. Later he matriculated in the McKillip Veterinary College of Chicago, from which institution he was graduated as a member of the class of 1906. Almost immediately after completing his course he began practicing at Lake Forest, Illinois, and in May, 1910, located at Pendleton. He now enjoys a large practice and has a well established name as a successful veterinarian. He has received an appointment of jack and stallion inspector for Oregon.

On June 21, 1910, Dr. Lassen was married to Miss Margaret M. Voorhees, whose birth occurred in Michigan, and who is a daughter of Jackson Voorhees. To their union one child, Christian Earl, has been born. In politics Dr. Lassen is affiliated with the republican party and is one of the active and enthusiastic advocates of the measures adopted by the progressive wing of that party. He holds membership in the Methodist Episcopal church and fraternally he is a member of the Masons, the Royal Arcanum and the Odd Fellows. During his short residence in Pendleton he has become very popular, being recognized as a man of pleasant disposition and courteous manner, his personality being such as to win him friends in any walk of life.

WALTER E. HANNAN, a contractor in railroad grading who also has agricultural interests in northern Oregon, is one of the native sons of this state, born on the 26th of April, 1880. He is the eldest of the seven children of Henry and Ella (Dunbar) Hannan, who were married in Oregon. The father, however, was born in Missouri but much of his life was passed in this state, where his death occurred in 1910. His widow still survives him and makes her home in Buxton. The six children of the family beside our subject are: Edgar, who is married and lives in Buxton; Herbert, who died at the age of six years; Ralph, Elizabeth, Mattie and Amie, all at home.

The boyhood days of Walter E. Hannan were spent in a manner similar to most healthy lads, his time being divided between the work of the schoolroom, the pleasures of the playground and such tasks as his parents assigned him. When twenty-three years of age he started out in the business world alone and sought employment in various ways, remaining in the service of others until 1905, when the capital he had saved from his earnings enabled him to purchase property and he became the owner of a ranch of one hundred and seventy-nine acres in Washington county, adjoining the town site of Buxton. This he continued to cultivate until 1909, carrying on general agricultural pursuits, but during the past two years or more he has given his attention to railroad grading, which work he does under contract. This business makes full demand upon his time and energies and is bringing to him a good financial return. He owns a fine home in Buxton and also one hundred and twenty acres of timber land in Washington county, together with some land in Buxton. All of this indicates the diligence with which he has performed his duties and made good use of his opportunities, and now he is numbered among the substantial citizens of Buxton whose prosperity is increasing as the years go by.

In 1905 occurred the marriage of Mr. Hannan and Miss May Scofield, a native of

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Texas, who when two years of age was brought to Washington county, Oregon, by her parents, who are still living here. They had a family of eight children: Clara, who died at the age of three years; Almira, who is married and resides in Texas; Cash, residing in Washington county; Cora, who is married and lives in the same county; Fred, a resident of Yamhill county; Walter, of Washington county; Mrs. Hannan; and Edward, who is still with his parents. Mr. and Mrs. Hannan have an interesting family of four children; Alva E., born July 23, 1906; Alta A., September 9, 1907; Orville H., August 21, 1909; and Eva M., January 26, 1911. Mr. Hannan belongs to the Maccabees, holding membership in the lodge at Buxton. He is a man of liberal views, looking at life from no narrow nor contracted standpoint, and at the same time he realizes that upon individual effort and character depends advancement and success. He has not only won for himself a creditable position in industrial circles but also in the regard to those with whom he is brought in contact.

LUKE D. McKERN. Probably no man is better acquainted with the details of breeding, handling and raising stock than L. D. McKern, one of the most prominent and successful ranchers in Grant county. He has spent practically all his life in the west and has the expert knowledge of his business which can only come through long and personal experience. He was born twelve miles south of Portland, Oregon, October 9, 1860. His parents, Isaac and Mary (Barton) McKern, the former a native of Indiana, and the latter of Iowa, were married in the latter state, and in 1852 started westward across the plains with ox teams. L. D. McKern's parents died when he was still a child and left him, with his seven brothers and sisters, in charge of an uncle, Luke McKern, who had lost his wife some time before and readily took charge of the rearing and educating of his nieces and nephews in conjunction with the up-bringing of his own six children.

L. D. McKern was educated in the public schools of his native section and spent his early life in the western part of Oregon. At the age of nineteen he removed to the eastern part of the state and engaged in the handling of stock to which he had been accustomed practically all his life. He worked in the eastern part of the state in the employ of others until 1883. He was constantly adding to his knowledge of ranching and stock-raising and soon became an expert workman in these two lines. In 1883 he came to Grant county where he was active along similar lines until 1890. In that year he purchased his present ranch and started in the stock-raising business for himself. His land when he first acquired it was undeveloped. Mr. McKern has made all the improvements upon his holdings and has carried on an extremely successful business in general ranching and stock-raising since that time. He is now in active operation of over five hundred acres on the home ranch and has one hundred acres under irrigation. He raises large quantities of alfalfa and other feed and makes a specialty of this branch of his activities. At one time Mr. McKern sold off his stock but is at the present time getting back into the business and is one of the enterprising and representative men of Grant county. During one period he ran several thousand sheep but has now entirely abandoned his connection with sheep-raising. He has a thorough sense of agricultural economics and never allows a foot of land to be unproductive. He applies to his farming modern and scientific methods and has never spared any expense in making his ranch a thoroughly equipped and efficient property. He has a fine orchard and his fruit harvests are growing more abundant every year. He lives in a beautiful and ideally located home a half mile from Mount Vernon and his residence, set in the midst of many large shade trees, is one of the pleasant sights in Grant county.

In September, 1888, Mr. McKern was united in marriage to Miss Leora E. Stone, the daughter of W. W. and Eva (Allen) Stone of Grant county, Oregon. Mr. Stone crossed the plains with ox teams in 1853 and in the early days of his western career ran a pack train to the mines of Canyon City. He finally located in the John Day valley, where he was extensively engaged in stock-raising until his death. Mr. and Mrs. McKern are the parents of six children: Gertrude, now Mrs. W. E. Damon; Harry L., Mabel, and Myrtle, all of whom are living at home; and Veda and Verda, twins.

Politically Mr. McKern gives his allegiance to the Socialist party and although intelligently interested in the affairs of his community has never sought public office for himself. He has served for some time with great ability and efficiency as a member of the school board of Grant county and has been actively interested in the educational development of that region for some time. He is one of the prominent and successful stockholders of his district and brings to his activities expert and scientific knowledge. Grant county is a fertile and productive region with wealth and prosperity hidden in its acres. No man has done more toward its development and improvement than has L. D. McKern and his success is the just reward of his intelligent labor.

CHARLES C. ECKHOFF, who was one of the active and enterprising men of North Bend, at one time was the owner of eight hundred acres of valuable timber land and for many years before his death was successfully engaged in the lumber business. He was born in Germany, July 21, 1832, and was a son of Jordan and Margaret Eckhoff, both of whom were natives of Germany and died in that country. They were the parents of seven children, all of whom are deceased.

Charles C. Eckhoff was reared in his parents' home and received his early education in the schools of Germany. In 1858 he emigrated to America and settled on Coos bay, where he was employed at various kinds of work for a number of years. He later en-

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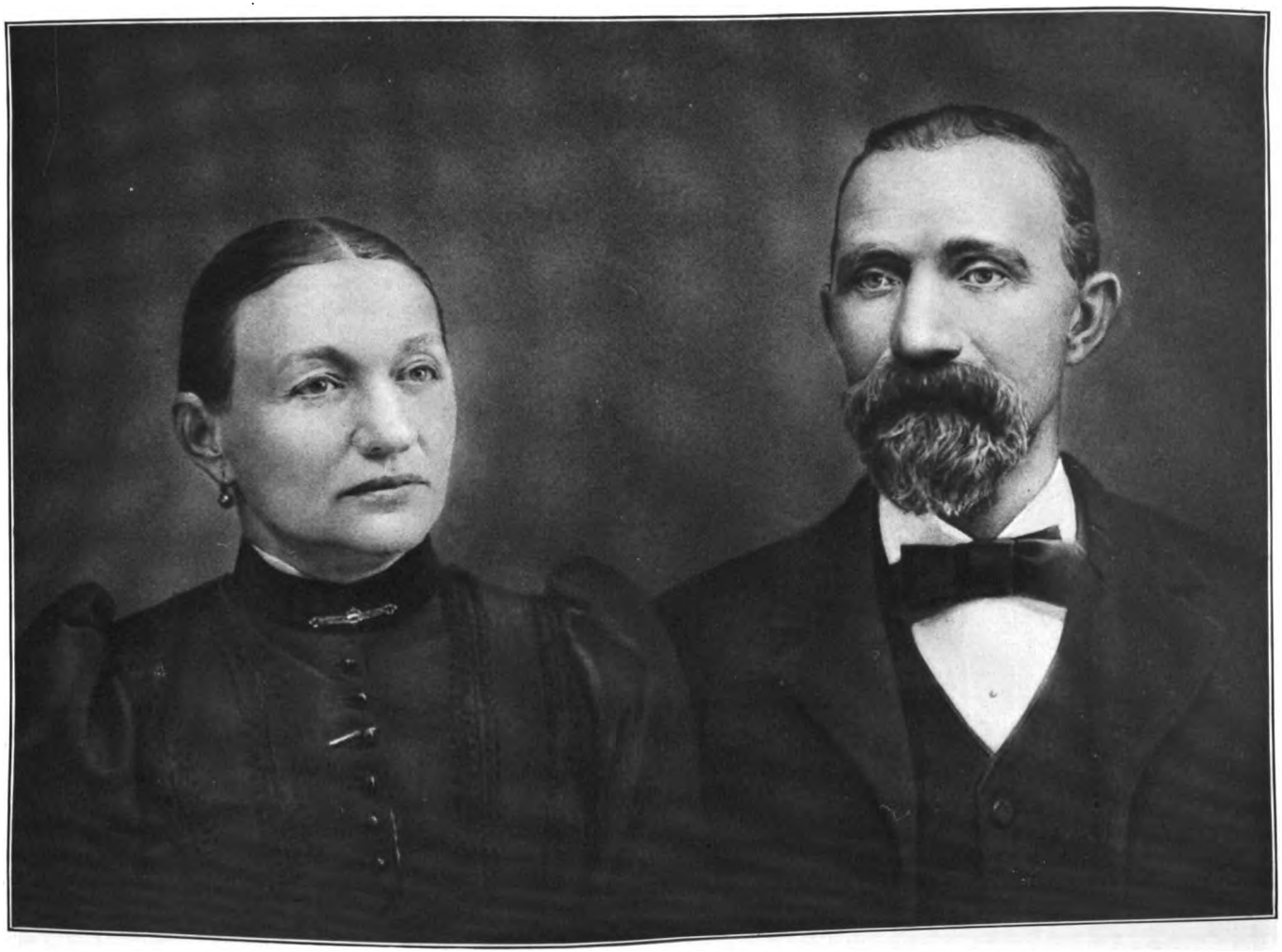

MR. AND MRS. CHARLES C. ECKHOFF

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gaged in the rafting business for the sawmills at Coos bay. He purchased eight hundred acres of land which was heavily covered with merchantable timber and for a number of years he was engaged in cutting the timber on that land and delivering it to the mills at Coos bay. Some time before his death he disposed of all of that property except one hundred and sixty acres which became a part of his estate at his death. At one time he owned all the land on which the city of North Bend is now built. He was also the owner of residence and business property at North Bend and owned property at Bandon, Oregon, all of which since his death has become the property of his widow.

Mr. Eckhoff was united in marriage August 11, 1864, to Miss Charlotte Rhoda, a native of Baltimore, Maryland, her birth having occurred March 8 1842. She is a daughter of John A. and Mary (Rhoda) Rhoda, both of whom were natives of Germany in which country they celebrated their wedding. Shortly after their marriage they emigrated to America and settled in Baltimore, Maryland, where the mother died, and the daughter received her early education in the public schools. The father removed to Oregon in 1858, settling in Coos county, and was there engaged in farming until his death. Mr. and Mrs. Rhoda were the parents of seven children, two of whom are yet living: Charlotte, the widow of the subject of this review; and George, a resident of Marshfield, Oregon. To Mr. and Mrs. Eckhoff thirteen children were born as follows: Mrs. Maggie Messearle and Mrs. Lottie Baker, both of whom are residents of Coos county, Oregon; Mrs. Emma Rooke and Mrs. Fredia Bentley, both of North Bend, this state; Lillie, who resides at home; John H., a resident of Bangor, Oregon; Charles F. of North Bend; Mrs. Ida Nagle, who resides in Astoria, Oregon; Mrs. Marietta Painter and Mrs. Carrie Forrest, both residents of Coos County; Mrs. Annie Cronkhite, who maintains her home in North Bend; Isabelle, deceased; and Mrs. Elsie Forrest also a resident of North Bend, Oregon.

Mr. Eckhoff belonged to the Republican party and at one time was mayor of North Bend. He was a member of the Lutheran church and his wife and children are Catholic. Charles C. Eckhoff was one of the honored pioneers of Coos county and during his active business career he was highly esteemed for his enterprising and industrious life. He was a man whose strict integrity in business affairs placed him among the trustworthy and valued citizens of Coos county.

ISAAC ABRAHAM FULLBRIGHT. Varied and interesting are the experiences which have fallen to the lot of Isaac A. Fullbright, long connected with mining in the northwest. At times he has followed what has proven to be an inducive promise; again he has obtained the substantial rewards of earnest labor. On the whole however, he has enjoyed a fair measure of success and is now the owner of good mining and farming property in the vicinity of Durkee. He was born September 9, 1856, in Knox county, Ohio, a son of Henry Lewis and Mary Louisa (Bierwait) Fullbright, who were natives of Hamburg, Germany, and were married in that country. They became parents of fourteen children beside our subject. Charles, the eldest, died when the family were crossing the Atlantic in 1834, being then a year and a half old, and was buried at sea. After landing on American shores Henry L. Fullbright made his way to Knox county, Ohio, settling near Danville where he purchased land with money saved in Germany. He was not familiar with the country or people however, and found that some unscrupulous person had defrauded him in this land deal. While living on that farm two children were born and died in infancy, their graves being made upon the farm. Later the father purchased other property and upon that place two children were born, died and were buried. William Fullbright, the next of the family, was born in Knox county, Ohio, became a mining man and died October 23, 1904. Eliza became the wife of George Heffilfinger, a farmer of Coshocton county Ohio. John, born in Knox county, enlisted from Ohio in the Union army and now lives in Medford, Nebraska. Lewis, born in Knox county, went to Mexico to look after his brothers' interests, and when on his way back to Oregon to join I. A. Fullbright, he was found dead in his bed at Leadville, Colorado, November 19, 1904. It is believed he met with foul play for his watch and chain, his money and his pension papers were missing. George and Rebecca Fullbright were twins. The former married Caroline Heffilfinger who died leaving a son and two daughters. George afterward married again and there was one son by that union. He now lives at Severance, Kansas. Rebecca, now Mrs. Reeder, has been married three times, and with Mr. Reeder, a Civil war veteran, now lives in St. Edwards, Nebraska. Samuel, who lived on a fruit farm about eight miles above Durkee, died May 16, 1904. He was a member of the Ancient Order of the United Workmen of Baker City, and was a man of good standing in his community, having not a single enemy in the world. Lorinda, now Mrs. Garrisson, has been married twice and lives upon a farm near Lincoln, Nebraska. Margaret became the wife of Henry Maston and they removed from Ohio to Indiana where her death occurred. Isaac A. Fullbright was the youngest of the family and was born at the identical moment at which his father died. His mother passed away in November, 1876, and was laid to rest in the family burying ground at Danville, Ohio.

Isaac A. Fullbright pursued his education in the public schools of his native state and in the spring of 1877, following the mother's death, he and his brothers, Lewis and Samuel, went west to the Colorado mines with their brother William who had returned to Ohio for a visit for the first time in nineteen years, having in the interim resided in Kansas and Missouri as well as Colorado. He had married, and during the Civil war period he and his wife were sur-

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rounded by Jay Hawkers or Guerillas but his wife stood with a revolver in her hand and prevented the approach of the desperadoes who would have killed her husband had they captured him. At the time of going west Isaac A. Fullbright was about twenty years of age. He worked in a minor capacity at a hotel at Snowy Range in Rosita Gap, Colorado, and gave such satisfaction to the landlady that she offered to raise his wages ten dollars a month to induce him to stay! About that time however, E. C. Basic discovered what became known as the Basic mine, a very rich property, and Mr. Fullbright and his three brothers began a search for the extension of this mine. They did not meet with the success hoped for and the brothers then went to Mount Blanco to prospect, leaving I. A. Fullbright at the Basic mine. While there a man by the name of Edward Eckleson came to his camp asking to stay there a while and prospect. Without Mr. Fullbright's knowledge Edward Eckleson obtained some of the Basic ore and left it at McBrown's assay office in Rosita as ore coming from the Fullbright prospect hole with instructions that if he did not call for the returns by 6 P. M. to give the same to Dr. Sperry, one of the most prominent physicians of the town. The returns were given to Dr. Sperry who, finding them very rich, walked over the mountains to the Fullbright cabin where he arrived about half past nine at night. The occupants of the cabin were in bed, but in response to a query from Mr. Eckleson Dr. Sperry announced his presence. He immediately called for coffee and after drinking two or three cups told of the result of the assay, showing there were thirty-three and six tenths ounces of gold and three hundred, ten and one half ounces of silver to the ton. Mr. Fullbright, believing the ore to have come from his claim at once began calculating how wealthy he would be and what he would do with the money, but as it has happened to many another, all this was but "a miner's dream." His brothers soon returned from Mount Blanco, and after a short time all started for Mexico, accompanied by Captain Sherser and Captain Hoxey. At length they reached their destination and all became ill there with smallpox but all recovered. The brothers prospected for about seven months and then returned to the Raccoon mountains in Colorado. Subsequently they went to the Boggs ranch in New Mexico later known as Willow Springs, and still later as Raton. They erected for business purposes and also as a place of residence the third house in that town which now has a population of more than seven thousand.

In the summer of 1878 Samuel and Lewis Fullbright went to Leadville, Colorado, where, in the fall of 1879, they were joined by Isaac A. Fullbright, and all engaged in mining. They had a standing offer of thirty thousand dollars for their claim from the fall of 1879 until the spring of 1880 when the first miners' strike occurred—entirely uncalled for. The result was that the claim could not be sold and after spending several hundred dollars on their property the Fullbright brothers, in the winter of 1881, took a contract for furnishing ties and worked in that way until the following spring. One brother then remained at Leadville while the other brother, together with I. A. Fullbright, proceeded into the Ten Mile and Blue river country. The last named continued in the tie business but aided in furnishing funds to a man to go into the Montezuma country, losing all he put in that venture. Later he and his brother concentrated their attention upon making ties and went to Tennessee Pass. In the spring of 1882 Samuel Fullbright removed westward to Oregon and for a year or more prospected with a Mr. McMahon in the Burnt river country, during which time he selected and located a homestead of one hundred and sixty acres on Burnt river about eight miles from Durkee. This he improved, setting out a thousand or more fruit trees of nine or ten varieties. It was after the death of his brother that I. A. Fullbright purchased the interest of the other heirs in the place which he now owns and which is today valued at eight to ten thousand dollars. It is a ranch on which the fruit crop practically never fails.

I. A. Fullbright remained in the vicinity of Tennessee Pass until 1889 when he went to Aspen, Colorado, where he followed mining and prospecting until 1895. He and his partners had a property on which they gave a lease and bond for fifteen thousand dollars. The parties found twenty-three ounces of silver ore to the ton and did about fourteen hundred feet of tunneling and drifting, but when silver was demonetized in 1893 they threw up their bonds. About that time Senator B. Clark Wheeler employed Mr. Fullbright as superintendent to take charge of a timber crew at a salary of five dollars per day and board, and he acted in that capacity for two years. He then went to Summit county, Colorado, where he again started in the timber business, John W. Gates making him superintendent on the Mountain Pride mine to look after the timber crew. Mr. Fullbright acted in that capacity for nine months. He grub-staked two men and they found a prospect for which the three were offered twenty thousand dollars but one of the number insisted upon having sixty-five thousand dollars and as a result of not selling for the original sum offered Mr. Fullbright was forced to lose all the money he had put in. He next returned to Aspen where he followed contracting, mining and timbering until he received a letter telling him of the death of his brother Samuel. He then returned to Oregon to look after matters here but when ten weeks had passed again returned to Aspen, spending three months or more in that place, in Leadville and in Danville. He then came to Oregon where he has since made his home, and his time and energies are now devoted to farming and mining interests. He has a tunnel of one hundred and seventy five feet in the mountain, with prospect of striking a rich vein of ore.

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On the 11th of November, 1910, Mr. Fullbright left Durkee to pay a visit to his brothers and sisters whom he had not seen for about thirty-four years. On the trip he traveled through twelve different states, covering over thirteen thousand miles. All the experiences of life in a mining camp are familiar to him. He has intimate knowledge of all that it means to search for precious metal, to find that a hope is banished or that a dream has been realized for both failure and success have fallen to his lot. On the whole however, he has won a substantial measure of prosperity and he is today well known as one of the typical mining men of the northwest.

AL MISHLER, who is residing in Woodburn, is the energetic and successful manager of the People's Store Company in Woodburn, and was born on the 23d of August, 1880, in LaGrange county, Indiana, his parents being James J. and Lidia (Yoder) Mishler, both of whom were natives of Pennsylvania. The father is still residing in the old home in LaGrange county, but the mother passed away in 1896. Their marriage occurred in 1878 in the Hoosier state and they were the parents of eight children: Al, the subject of this sketch; Mabel, who died at the age of eleven years; Oliver, who is residing near the home place in Indiana; William J., who is employed by his brother Al at Woodburn, and who was the principal in the high school at Woodburn for one term after he had taught school for several terms; Elizabeth, who is the wife of J. T. Toyer, postmaster of Shiphewana for several years and who is married and has one child, Inez; Amanda and James, Jr., residing at home with their father; and Viola, who is at present living with her uncle, George Mishler.

James J. Mishler was one of nine children: George, Jake, John, Moses, Elizabeth, the widow of M. Miller, Lucy, the wife of Jonathan Plank, and Susan, the wife of Josiah Hushbered, all residing in Elkhart, Indiana; and Sarah of LaGrange county, Indiana. Mrs. Mishler was also one of nine children, the others being: George A., of Portland, Oregon; Jacob, William and Samuel, of LaGrange; Andrew, deceased; Fanny, the wife of J. Miller of Indiana; Elizabeth, the wife of S. H. Hostetter, of Indiana; and Susan, who is married to M. J. Lambright.

After finishing his education in the near-by school and assisting his father in the work upon the home place, Al Mishler entered upon his career at the age of eighteen years. For four years he was employed in a general merchandise store at Shiphewana, Indiana, before going to Chicago where he was shipping clerk in a large furniture factory for a short time. After giving up this position he came to Oregon in 1902 and went immediately to Hubbard, where he took up a position in a general merchandise store remaining for three years. Subsequently, after removing to Woodburn, he engaged in the grocery business for himself, but disposed of this to go into the real-estate business in which he remained for three years. During his residence here he had won the confidence and respect of many business men and found himself in a position to organize the People's Store Company, of which he is at president secretary and manager. He has worked up a large patronage, and the store is both commodious and well equipped, keeping abreast with the needs of his patrons. The company was organized on the 15th of June, 1910, and today enjoys the patronage of not only the home town but also a large country trade. Part of the success of the establishment is due to the courtesy of its manager and his ability in pleasing customers. Mr. Mishler also owns about forty acres of land about four miles from town.

On the 17th of May, 1905, in Woodburn, Oregon, Mr. Mishler was married to Miss Inez Wampole, whose birth occurred February 10, 1886, and who is the daughter of Martin and Matilda (Lindsay) Wampole of New York state. Mr. and Mrs. Mishler are the parents of one child, Eldon A., whose birth occurred July 3, 1907.

In politics Mr. Mishler has ever given his support to the republican party, believing its policies most conducive to good government. He takes a citizen's interest in the progress and success of his party, but has never sought office as a reward for his fealty. Because of his great interest in the educational and social welfare of his community he has served for seven years as school clerk, an office which has given him an opportunity to advance many of the ideas and ideals in which he firmly believes. In religious faith the family is Presbyterian, and here again Mr. Mishler shows his altruistic spirit by the great interest he takes in the various departments of the church. Although one of the younger business men he has succeeded far better than many a young man of his age and even many an older merchant, and because of his steady application to duty at hand, a prosperous future may be predicted for him.

LUCIUS A. WRIGHT, well known as a druggist of Union, is a representative of one of the old pioneer families of Oregon, his father being John T. Wright while his grandparents were George and Naomi (Ulm) Wright, the former a native of Scarborough, Yorkshire, England, and the latter of Pennsylvania. Extended mention of the family history is made in connection with the sketch of William Thomas Wright on another page of this work. George Wright, the grandfather of our subject, came with his family to Oregon in 1852 and John T. Wright spent a portion of his youth in Portland. He came to Union in 1864 and was identified with the business interests of this place as a member of the firm of George Wright & Sons. They conducted mercantile and milling interests, John T. Wright remaining an active factor in the business until 1883, when the firm was dissolved and he became connected with the drug trade of the city. Four years were devoted to that business and in 1887 his store was destroyed by fire. At that time he turned his attention to farming, which he carried on

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until 1892, when he removed to LaGrande where he was again proprietor of a drug store which he conducted successfully until 1899. In that year he sold out and returned to Union, where he lived retired in the enjoyment of well earned rest to the time of his death in 1905. He married Della Mallory, a native of the state of New York, and they became the parents of four children: Lucius A.; Georgia, now principal of the South Union school of Union, Oregon; Ed, who is serving as county clerk and makes his home at LaGrande; and Claude C., who is engaged in the tile business in Portland.

Lucius A. Wright spent his boyhood days in Union and acquired his elementary education in the public schools. He afterward pursued a business course in LaGrande and there learned the drug business in connection with his father with whom he was associated for a few years. In 1897 he bought out the drug store of R. H. Brown at Union and has since conducted it, having a large and constantly growing patronage. He also owned an interest in the Wright Drug Company of LaGrande but recently disposed of this. His store at Union is well appointed and attractive in its arrangement, while his business methods commend him to the further confidence and support of the public.

Mr. Wright holds membership with the Masonic fraternity, in which he has attained high rank, belonging to the Knight Templar commandery and to the Mystic Shrine. He is also connected with the Knights of Pythias and the Woodmen of the World. His political allegiance is given to the republican party and he is now serving for the second term as mayor of Union, having been first elected in 1910. To the city he has given a practical, businesslike and public-spirited administration, seeking the best interests of the community and exercising his official prerogative in support of many movements for the general good.

MRS. MARTHA MESSINGER is the widow of Simon Messinger and resides upon a good farm property in Josephine county. She is a native of Missouri, her birth having occurred in that state on the 3d of September, 1854. There she remained until she crossed the plains with her parents, David Lindsay and Judith Anne Mullens, who were three months upon the way, making the entire journey with ox teams.

Their daughter Martha spent her girlhood days under the parental roof and was well trained in the duties of the household so that she was thoroughly qualified to take charge of a home of her own at the time of her marriage to Mr. Messinger, which occurred in 1870, when she was but sixteen years of age. Unto this marriage there were born eight children, Clarence, Herman, William, George, Mary, Rose, Dora and Nellie. The family circle was broken by the hand of death in 1902, when the husband and father was called from this life, his remains being interred on Williams creek. He had homesteaded the farm place of one hundred and sixty acres upon which his widow now resides and later he added to that property by additional purchase until he was the owner of three hundred and fifty acres of land at the time of his death. His son George now operates the farm for his mother and devotes the acreage largely to the raising of hay. Mrs. Messinger owns a half interest in the place and is conducting it along the same progressive lines followed by his father. In addition to his farming interests Mr. Messinger owned and operated a sawmill. He was also somewhat prominent in public affairs, served as sheriff of the county for two years and was also county school commissioner for four years, in which connection he proved himself a loyal friend to the cause of education. His was an upright, honorable and well spent life and gained for him the high regard and confidence of all who knew him. Mrs. Messinger is a member of the Methodist church and possesses many attractive qualities and characteristics that have gained for her warm regard. Her home is a hospitable one, always open for the reception of her friends, who are many.

POLK MAYS. One of the most widely known and highly successful ranchmen of the Wallowa valley is Polk Mays, the most extensive cattle raiser in this section of the state. He has played as important a part in the political and public life of the county as in its business affairs and was representative in the state legislature for one term. He is a native of Oregon, his birth having occurred in Benton county on November 22, 1852, and a son of Robert and Lodema (Fowler) Mays. His parents crossed the plains in an emigrant train in 1852, locating in Wasco county, where they passed the remainder of their lives.

The boyhood and youth of Polk Mays were passed in a manner very similar to those of other lads who were reared on a ranch in Oregon during the pioneer days. He attended the common schools of Wasco county in the acquirement of an education until he was seventeen years of age. He then laid aside his text-books and went to Crook county, this state, where he engaged in the cattle business for nineteen years. In 1888, he disposed of his interests there, and came to Wallowa county engaging in the same line of business, in which he has ever since been successfully engaged. During the intervening years he has extended his property holdings until he now owns fourteen hundred acres of land that he uses principally for grazing purposes and is said to be the leading cattle man in this valley. In addition to his valuable ranch and large herds, Mr. Mays is interested in four mining claims in Union county, which he has every reason to feel assured will yield good dividends. He possesses much foresight and sagacity and owing to his enterprising spirit and determination of purpose makes a success of anything he undertakes.

At Kent, Wasco county, this state, on the 1st of November, 1884, Mr. Mays was united in marriage to Miss Mary Kelsay, a daughter of Burton and Euphrasia Kelsay, who were

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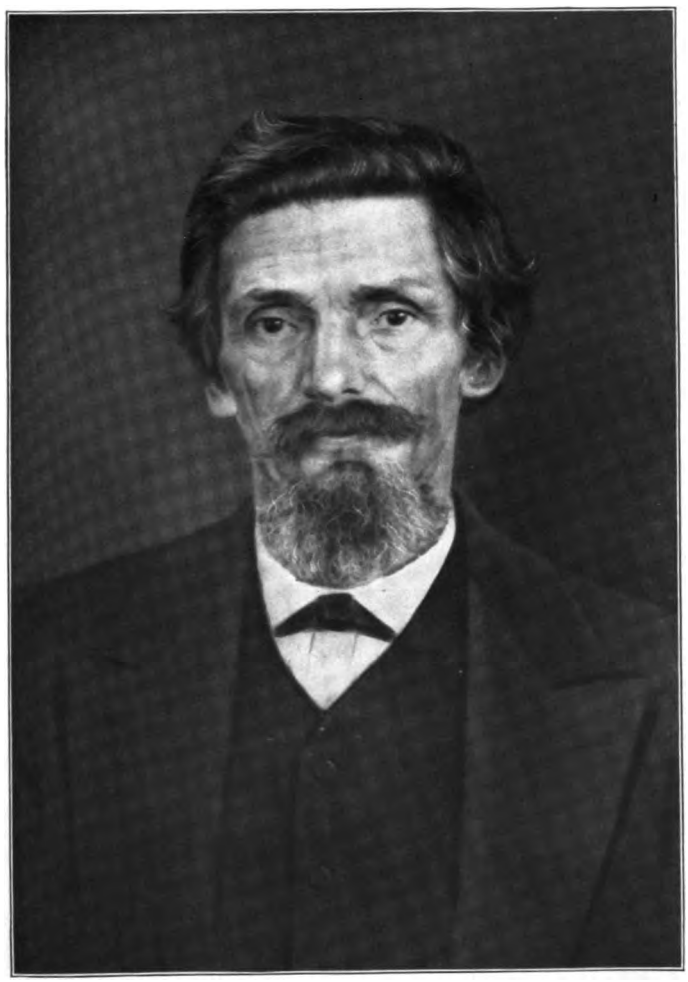

SIMON MESSINGER

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among the early settlers of Oregon. Three children have been born to Mr. and Mrs. Mays as follows: Harry and Dallas, who are assisting their father with the operation of the ranch; and Ted, who is still in school.

Formerly Mr. Mays gave his political support unconditionally to the republican party, and was elected on that ticket to the state legislature in 1892, but he now gives his indorsement to such men and measures as he feels are best adapted to meet the exigencies of the situation, although he favors the republican organization. He is as enterprising and progressive in matters of citizenship as in business affairs and never lets an opportunity pass for championing Oregon and the Wallowa valley, toward the development of which he has substantially contributed. He enjoys a wide acquaintance throughout this section of the state and is held in high esteem by all who know him, as he is a man of upright principles and conducts all of his transactions in an open and honorable manner, his integrity being above question.

TREPHON DIERICKX, the owner of a fine farm of one hundred and seventy-two acres, is well known as one of the enterprising agriculturists and representative citizens of Washington county. His birth occurred in Belgium in the year 1868, his parents being Peter and Monica Dierickx, who were likewise natives of that country. The father passed away in Belgium in 1891 but the mother is still living and yet makes her home in her native land. To them were born nine children, eight of whom still survive—four in America and four in Belgium. Those who crossed the Atlantic to the United States are: August, who is a resident of Washington county, Oregon; Trephon, of this review; Agnes, the wife of Charles Loseveet, of Rushville, Nebraska; and another brother making his home at the same place.

Trephon Dierickx obtained his education in the schools of his native country and when a young man of twenty-three years emigrated to the United States, settling at Rushville, Nebraska, where he remained for ten years. Subsequently he spent five years in various parts of the United States in search of a favorable location. His choice finally fell upon Washington county, Oregon, where in 1906 he purchased a farm of one hundred acres, ninety-five acres of which he has brought under a high state of cultivation. By additional purchase he has extended the boundaries of his place until it now embraces one hundred and seventy-two acres. As an agriculturist he has been quite successful and, taking pride in the appearance of his farm, he has added every improvement which might contribute to its neatness and fertility. He has also made such study of the soil as to enable him to so adapt his crops as to reap the maximum yield per acre.

In politics Mr. Dierickx is a democrat, believing firmly in the principles of that party. He has held the position of road supervisor for six years and has proven a most faithful and capable public official. In religious faith he is a Catholic. Coming to the new world in early manhood, he has utilized his opportunities to the best of his ability and has gained a place among the prosperous and esteemed citizens of his community.

LEWIS C. ROTHROCK, who since 1899, has resided in Pendleton, was for many years a well known stockman of Umatilla county. He was born in Sangamon county, Illinois, five miles north of Springfield, on June 1, 1850, his parents being A. B. and Elizabeth (Whitlock) Rothrock, both of whom were natives of North Carolina and were married in that state. They removed to Illinois about 1844 and the mother died there when the subject of this sketch was only two years of age. In 1857 the father removed to Putnam county, Missouri, and in the spring of 1864 went to Iowa, and in 1865 crossed the plains with mule teams to Oregon, locating in Marion county on the French prairie. In 1868 he came to Umatilla county where he died in Weston in 1890, at the age of seventy years. He became a very noted and successful stockman of this county. In his family were three children: Jesse, who was killed on the railroad in 1899; Mrs. Sarah E., who is the widow of J. W. Thornbury, residing in Marion county; and Lewis C. After the mother's death the father was married again. To his second union were born six children, two of whom are living, John and Adam, both of this county.

Lewis C. Rothrock remained under the parental roof until 1868, when he went to Montana and engaged in packing from Montana to Walla Walla and in 1869 he teamed from Umatilla to Boise. In 1870 he settled on Wild Horse creek where he took up a preemption claim of one hundred and sixty acres and he now owns one thousand acres in one body of highly improved land in the same locality. This ranch is one of the finest tracts of land in Umatilla county. It is located ten miles east of Pendleton, adjoining the Umatilla Indian reservation. It raises from fifty to sixty bushels of wheat to the acre and from eighty to one hundred bushels of barley. Mr. Rothrock resided on this homestead until 1899 when he came to Pendleton where he has since made his home. Two of his sons are now operating the home ranch, which is principally devoted to the raising of wheat. The first few years of his residence on this claim Mr. Rothrock engaged in stock-raising but in 1882 he began general farming. He built in 1906 a home which is located at 1115 East Court street, this city.

In 1869 Mr. Rothrock was united in marriage with Miss Ruth Masterson, who was a native of Illinois. She died in Wild Horse Creek, this county, December 31, 1879, at the age of twenty-eight years; leaving five children: Andrew of Pendleton; Samuel, who helps to operate his father's ranch; Sarah, who is the wife of Arthur Gibson of Pendleton; Lucinda, who is Mrs. Peter Rambo of Boise, Idaho; and Franklin, who died at the age of twelve years. In December, 1881, Mr. Rothrock was again married, his second union being with Miss Ida Bolin, who was born at

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Silverton, Marion county, on February 11, 1864, a daughter of Daniel and Lucinda (Moses) Bolin, the father a native of Kentucky and the mother of Indiana. They crossed the plains from Missouri in 1852 and settled near Silverton, where the father took up a donation land claim. In 1873 they came to this county, where they both passed away. Of his second marriage two children were born to Mr. Rothrock: Harley Coleman, who helps to operate his father's ranch; and Maude, who is the wife of William Rush, of Pendleton.

Coming to Oregon at an early date, Mr. Rothrock has passed through all the hardships of pioneer life here. During the trouble with the Indians in 1878, he and his father and Mr. William Parker were the only white people who remained on White Horse creek, all the others having left the country, or having taken part in the fight. Mr. Rothrock his father and Mr. Parker made a fort of their house and prepared to fight the Indians, should they make an attack on them. Having resided in this county now almost forty-four years Mr. Rothrock is well acquainted with its early development and has ever been a cooperative factor in the general advancement. He has an extensive circle of friends throughout the country and has ever been held in the highest regard by all who know him. Fraternally he is a member of the Independent Order of Odd Fellows.

ADELBERT OSBORN, who owns a farm of forty acres in Josephine county, not far from Murphy, has passed the seventy-fifth milestone on life's journey, yet is still personally supervising his agricultural interests. He was born in New York, May 5, 1837, and is a son of Isaac and Nancy (Wilson) Osborn, in whose family there were two children. The father was a native of New Jersey and the mother of New York and it was in the Empire state that Adelbert Osborn was reared to the age of fourteen years, when he began driving a team with a grading gang. He was employed in that way until the outbreak of the Civil war when his patriotic spirit was aroused by the attempt of the south to overthrow the Union and he enlisted for service as a member of Company E, of the Twenty-Sixth Illinois Infantry, under General Polk. His command was attached to the Fifteenth Army Corps and he participated in a number of important engagements during the three years which he spent at the front in defense of the stars and stripes. He was finally mustered out at Atlanta, Georgia, and upon his return to the north accepted a position as foreman and later as engineer on the Michigan Central Railroad between Detroit and Chicago. Eight years passed in that way and for several years he was also employed on the Chicago and Northwestern railroad. He afterward worked at similar employment in California and then made his way to Texas where he engaged in herding cattle for a number of years. In 1879 he came to Oregon and for a year made his home in Portland, during which time he was working on the line of the Oregon Railway and Navigation Company. Once more, however, he turned his attention to stock-raising interests, purchasing a large number of cattle which he took to Montana and there sold. He afterward reentered railroad service in connection with the Northern Pacific but finally returned to Oregon and is now making his home in Josephine county. Here he purchased and has improved forty acres. This constitutes one of the good farms in the vicinity of Murphy and the care and labor bestowed upon the place are bringing to him a substantial financial return.

In 1887 Mr. Osborn was united in marriage to Miss Hays, a native of Oregon and unto them were born four children: Wheeler R., Winifred H., Dan M. and Josephine.

Mr. Osborn's study of the political questions and issues of the day and of the situation which affects the general interests of society has led him to give his support to the socialist party. He is a member of the Masonic fraternity, loyal to the teachings of the lodge and willing at all times to aid his brethren of the order. His business life in connection with railroad construction and grading has taken him into various sections of the country so that he knows the east, the west, the north and the south. He is much pleased with the attractive climate of Oregon and the opportunities, and natural advantages of the state, and has made permanent location here, deciding to spend his remaining days in this district. Whatever success he has enjoyed is due to his own labor and perseverance and he has many substantial qualities which have gained for him the warm regard and kindly consideration of those who know him.

EDWARD EVERETT LUCE. In these days of corruption in high places it is pleasant to record the public service of Edward Everett Luce, now mayor of the city of John Day, Grant county Oregon. His record up to the present time has been unmarred by any suspicion of evil and his energies and activities have always been directed to the service of the people without regard to personal ends. Aside from his political activities Mr. Luce is also prominent in commercial and agricultural circles of the county and in these directions is distinguished by the same honorable and upright qualities which mark his public life. He was born in Siskiyou county, California. November 22, 1860, and is a son of William and Maria D. (Fisher) Luce. His father was born in Kentucky, February 29, 1828, and his mother's birth occurred in Ohio on the 8th of February, 1836. William Luce joined the California gold seekers in 1849, making the journey by water around the horn. He returned by way of the Isthmus of Panama to Ohio and in 1853 he started on his wedding tour across the plains and mountains with ox teams. Mr. Luce and his wife located in Eugene, Oregon, where they remained but a short time. He removed his family, consisting of his wife and one child, to California, where he was active in various capacities until 1861. In the winter of

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that year they returned to Oregon and eventually located in Grant county. The trip from California to Oregon was made overland with wagons. In conjunction with his brother David Luce, and James Cozort, William Luce loaded a pack train with a large and varied line of goods and with sixty-two mules brought it to Canyon City. His original intention had been to locate on the Salmon river but when they reached The Dalles a rumor reached them of the failure of that camp and of labor disturbances in the mines of Canyon City. They immediately determined to abandon their intention and employed the messenger who had brought the news from Canyon City to act as their pilot on the return journey. In the spring of 1862 the three partners established the first general store in Canyon City. Their operations were carried on under a large tent and the store remained in this condition for some months. Eventually they erected a wooden building and engaged in the general merchandise business until the spring of 1864, when they sold their interests to Captain Ferrin. William Luce then took up a preemption claim and engaged in farming and in the stock business, running sometimes as high as three hundred and fifty head of cattle at one time. For fourteen years he supplied Fort Harney with vegetables under contract. He was among the earliest of the pioneer settlers of Grant county and his wife was prominently identified with the development of the section. When he brought his wife and family from The Dalles in 1863 there was no wagon road in the section and in order to make the journey as comfortable as possible Mr. Luce packed one hundred pounds of flour on each side of a mule and placed across its back a large dry-goods box, in which he put his four children. From this primitive state of development William Luce saw the state of Oregon developed into a cultivated and civilized country. He was always active in its affairs and eager to promote its welfare. He was a man who could never turn a deaf ear to those in need and his hand was always outstretched to help a fellow traveler on life's journey. He was a liberal, broad-minded and thoroughly generous man and his abounding and open handed charity prevented his amassing the large fortune which his opportunities warranted. He was never an office seeker but served with much ability as county commissioner. He died upon his holdings in Grant county. He and his wife were the parents of seven children: Isabel, born March 6, 1854; Charles F., born January 25, 1856; Henry C., whose birth occurred September 24, 1857; Marion, who was born April 17, 1859; Edward E.. the subject of this review, who was born November 22, 1860; Carrie, born October 20, 1862; and Alma, whose birth occurred August 2, 1864.

Edward E. Luce spent his early boyhood days in Grant county and was educated in the public schools of John Day. He later spent some time pursuing his studies in Canyon City. When he laid aside his books he entered immediately into the stock business. After his father's death he remained upon the homestead for about five years and has since been extensively engaged in the freighting business in this section of the country. He is one of the most prominent men in Grant county at the present time. He is actively interested in various movements and his influence is always given to good and worthy causes, having for their object the welfare of John Day and of Grant county. He owns four acres of town property on which is located his pleasant, comfortable and hospitable home. He has two acres set out in apple and cherry trees and other varieties of fruit, which yield abundantly each year. He makes a specialty of his vegetable and truck garden and has been extremely successful along this line. Most of his personal attention is given to his freighting business, as its rapid growth and extension requires constant and energetic management.

Besides his activities in these various lines Mr. Luce has had a distinguished career as a politician. He has served as a member of the city council of John Day, has done efficient work as marshal of this city and has made a record for ability and honesty during his term as deputy sheriff. In 1911 he was elected mayor of the city of John Day by a large majority and served for one term with conspicuous success. In 1912 he was reelected. He brings to his public life an intelligent grasp of current questions, of broad-minded tolerance and an incorruptible moral character. He regards his office merely as an opportunity to carry out the wishes of his constituents and has never used it to further his personal ambition.

November 18, 1886, Mr. Luce was united in marriage in Grant county, Oregon, to Miss Julia J. Officer, of Clackamas county, this state, a daughter of Robert Officer, a native of Missouri. Mrs. Luce's grandfather was James Officer who left his native state of Tennessee for Oregon in 1845 and was among the early pioneer settlers of that state. The journey was made with ox teams across a wild and uncultivated country. The Indians, however, were peaceable in that year and made no disturbance. James Officer spent his first winter on the Columbia river twelve miles above Vancouver. He later located in Clackamas county, twelve miles from Oregon City, where he continued to reside until his death. In 1884, his son, Robert Officer, came to Grant county, where he is now living, engaged in the stock business, at the age of seventy-five years. Mr. Luce is one of the representative men of the state of Oregon. In his business life he is honorable and fair minded with a shrewd discrimination and a broad knowledge of men. In his political career he is a true public servant and regards personal honesty in office as no more than his duty to the commonwealth.

WILLIS I. COTTEL, M. D., has been a resident of Oregon for a quarter of a century and has not only done important work along professional lines in the practice of medicine and surgery, but has also been ac-

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tive in the improvement of public health conditions. It has been said that no line of business is as little commercialized as is the practice of medicine, which statement finds support in the labors of Dr. Cottel, who has put forth every effort in his power to do away with conditions detrimental to public health. He was born in Calais, Maine, October 22, 1852, and is a son of Charles and Phoebe (Hanscom) Cottel. He traces his ancestry back to an early period in American history and in the maternal lines is descended from Hannah Dustin, a heroine of colonial days. On the paternal side he is descended from early Dutch settlers on Manhattan Island. He was but six years of age when his parents left New England and removed westward to Illinois. He was reared upon a farm near Wilmington, in Will county, Illinois, and in early manhood took up school-teaching which he followed in that county for four years. He began reading medicine under the direction of his brother, Dr. H. A. Cottel, and was graduated with honors from the medical department of the University of Louisville, Kentucky, with the class of 1877. He then practiced for four years in Braidwood, Illinois, and for six years in Peoria, Illinois. In 1887 he arrived in Portland where he opened a drug store in the section of the city in which he still resides and practiced medicine also, meeting with success in both activities. He is still interested in the drug trade, being secretary and manager of the Cottel Drug Company. His labors for the benefit of the public have been far reaching and beneficial. About 1906 he was elected a member of the Portland city council in which he served for two years and during that period secured the passage of the first milk ordinance that Portland ever had. He also served for a term in the Oregon state legislature during the session of 1911 and 1912, and in that period was chairman of the committee on health and public morals and was also a member of the committee on medicine and pharmacy. His long experience as a physician and druggist well qualified him to do excellent service along those lines. He is a member of the Portland City Medical Society, the Multnomah Medical Association, the State Medical Society and the American Medical Association.

In 1892 Dr. Willis I. Cottel was married to Miss Lulu M. Campbell, a daughter of Eugene Campbell, of Portland, and they have one son, Charles C. Dr. Cottel belongs to Columbia Lodge A. F. & A. M., to the Woodmen of the World, to the Fraternal Union and to the Knights and Ladies of Security. He has made many friends in these different organizations and in every relation of life his fidelity to duty and his capability have established him in a most creditable position in public regard.

JAMES M. SMITH was born in Gilliam county, Oregon, on the 12th of October, 1889, his parents being W. J. and Delia (Summers) Smith, who are natives of Illinois and Missouri respectively. The father came to Oregon in 1884, settling in Gilliam county, where he has since been engaged in farming and stock-raising. To Mr. and Mrs. W. J. Smith six children have been born as follows: James M., of this review; William and George, both of whom follow the occupation of farming; Mary, the wife of A. J. Bosquet; Rose; and Alice.

James M. Smith was reared at home and obtained his early education in the common schools of the district in which he lived, subsequently spending four years as a student in St. James College of Vancouver, Washington. On the completion of his college course he was employed as a traveling salesman for six months. Retiring from this position, he secured employment as buyer in the dry-goods department of Barker's store and held this position for five years. He now is in the federal service, filling the office of assistant postmaster.

In politics Mr. Smith is a republican and fraternally he is identified with the Benevolent Protective Order of Elks, belonging to Lodge No. 358, at Heppner, Oregon. He is likewise connected with the Knights of Columbus, being a member of Lodge No. 678 at Portland. He is a devoted communicant of the Catholic church and resides at Condon.

CARL A. L. SMEDBERG is one of the enterprising farmers of Coos county, located seven miles up Catching Inlet from Marshfield, where he is engaged in the cultivation of his farm. He was born in Sweden in 1880 and is the son of Peter Victor and Matilda (Nelson) Smedberg, both of whom were natives of that country. In their family were seven children: Victoria, deceased; Carl A. L., of this review; and Beda, Tyra, Helge, Victor and Emily, all of whom reside in Sweden.

Carl A. L. Smedberg was reared in his father's home and received his early education in the schools of his native country. At the age of twelve he engaged in work in the lumberyards in the district in which he lived and continued in that employment for two years. He then shipped as a sailor and for three years devoted his attention to that occupation, after which he became an apprenticed bookbinder, continuing in that industry until he had thoroughly mastered the trade. He has, however, never worked at the business since having acquired a competent knowledge of the art of bookbinding. He was for some time subsequent to his apprenticeship employed in a cooper shop in Sweden and on retiring from that business he emigrated to America, settling first in Chicago, where he remained for one year and then took up his abode in Kansas and there continued for three years, after which he went to Washington and in the logging camps of that state he worked for one year. He then removed to Coos county and for some time was engaged at work on his brother's farm. He later was employed as one of a surveying and prospecting crew but was unsuccessful in this undertaking. He then engaged in work as a fisherman, in which he continued for some time. Immediately

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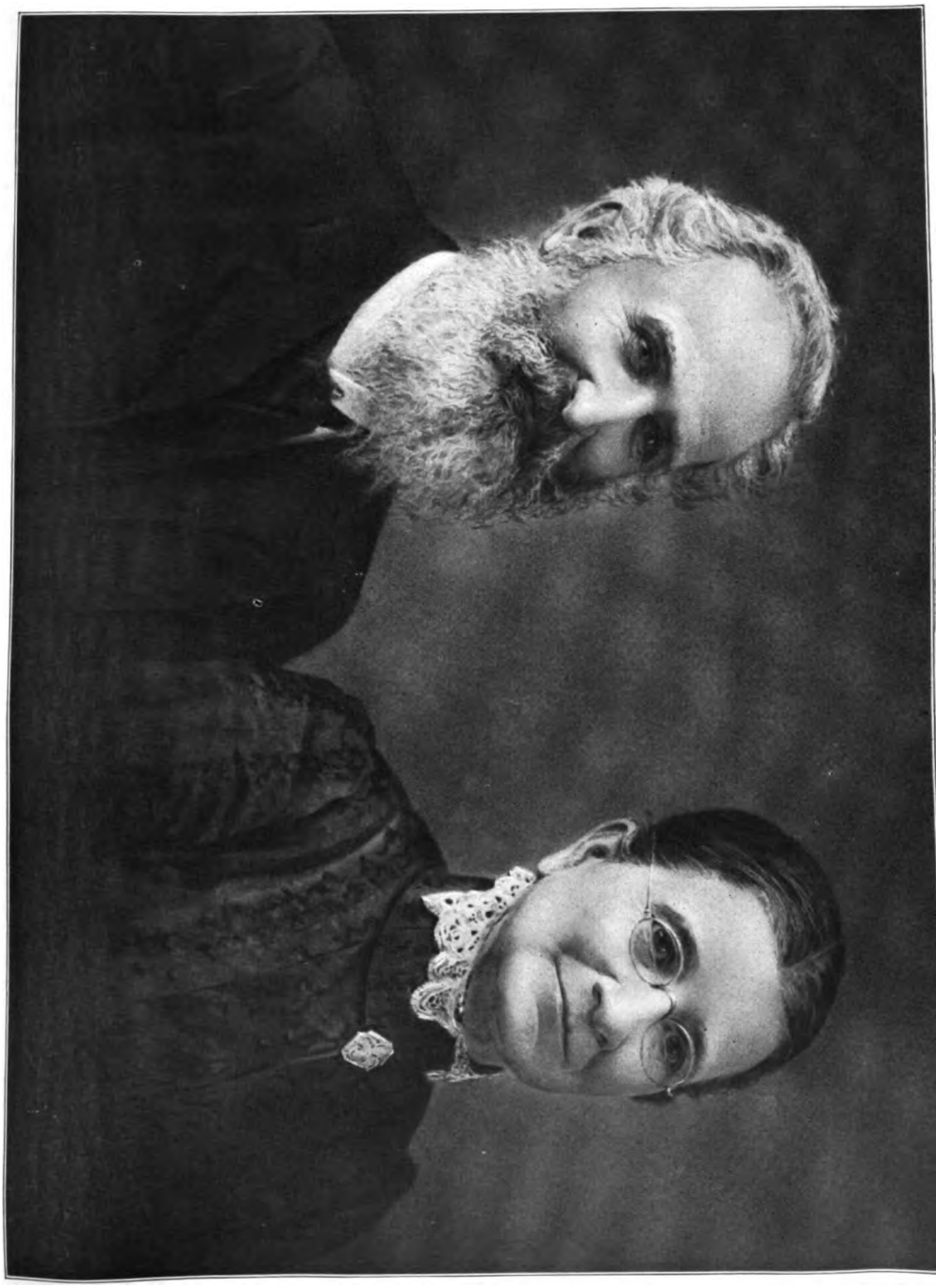

MR. AND MRS. HENRY N. BLACK

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following his marriage he established his permanent residence on the old homestead of his wife's father and has since continued to give his attention to the cultivation and operation of that place. He is also the owner of eighty acres of choice Oregon farm lands.

On June 20, 1910, Mr. Smedberg was united in marriage to Miss Mary Black, a daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Henry N. Black, and to them has been born a son, John Henry, whose natal day was March 20, 1911. Mr. Smedberg is liberal in the use of his franchise, giving his support to the party which in his judgment represents the best interests of the people. He is a member of the Knights of Pythias, and he and his wife are members of the Lutheran church. Mr. Smedberg is one of the well known and respected citizens of the county in which he resides and is in every way entitled to be enrolled among the successful agriculturists of his state.

CHARLES C. REINHARDT, a successful ranchman of Umatilla county, was born in Wurttemberg, Germany, October 6, 1867. His parents were Gottlieb and Lizzie (Frederick) Reinhardt, both of whom were natives of the same country. They came to the United States in 1873, locating in Blue Earth county, Minnesota, but after three or four years removed to Harlan county, Nebraska. Later they went to Marysville, Marshall county, Kansas, where the mother now resides. The father passed away there in May, 1911, at the age of seventy-two. In his native country he had learned and followed the trades of miller, butcher and locksmith but after coming to America he was engaged entirely in farming. In his family were nine children, of whom the subject of this sketch was the second in order of birth.

Charles C. Reinhardt, being only six years of age when his parents brought him to this country, received his education here and remained under the parental roof until he was sixteen years of age. He then started out in life for himself and for some time was employed in farm work. Afterward he went to Nebraska, where he remained one year. In 1886 he came to Umatilla county and ever since has made his home here. For the first ten years after his arrival in this county he was employed on a sheep ranch. Afterward he went to the mountain districts and engaged in sheep ranching on his own account, being there for two or three years. Subsequently he bought a half-interest in some stock and in a ranch and began farming. He is now operating fifteen hundred acres of wheat land, which is situated four miles southeast of Pendleton, some of which belongs to the Umatilla Indian Reservation. He also owns three hundred and sixty acres of pasture land in the mountains, and he raises yearly about eighty head of horses, eighteen head of milch cows and fifty head of hogs.

On the 26th of December, 1903, Mr. Reinhardt was married to Miss Agnes Kinney, who was born in Umatilla county in December, 1885, a daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Dan Kinney, who reside at Walla Walla, Washington. Mr. and Mrs. Reinhardt have become the parents of four children, Louis, Edwin, Lillian and Catherine. Mr. Reinhardt is a highly honored citizen of Umatilla county and is very successful in both wheat growing and stock-raising. He manifests a public-spirited interest in everything relating to the general welfare and has gained the trust and respect of all with whom he has come in contact.

JULIUS MEYER. Few of the foreign-born residents of Washington county have put to better advantage the opportunities for advancement along business lines which they found in the rich agricultural regions of this portion of the state than has Julius Meyer, a well known farmer of this district whose residence in the county covers a quarter of a century. He is one of Switzerland's contributions to the citizenship of Oregon, his birth occurring in that country on the 7th of November, 1850. His parents, Henry and Anna Meyer, were also natives of Switzerland and there passed their entire lives, the father's death occurring in 1866 and the mother's in 1876. Of their family of ten children all yet reside in their native land with the exception of Julius, of this review, and another son who passed away in this country.

A good education formed one of the principal assets in the successful career of Julius Meyer, for after passing through successive grades in the public schools of his native country he was there given the benefit of a college course, and thus a broad general mental training well equipped him for the duties of business life. For nine years he served as cashier in a bank in Switzerland, but believing that the opportunities for advancement in the United States exceeded those to be found in his native land, he came to America in 1884, locating first in St. Lawrence county, New York. After six months spent in that place he went to Ohio, where he remained for a similar period, after which he made his way to Kansas City, Missouri, where he was employed for two years. The year 1886 witnessed his arrival in Oregon, at which time he preempted eighty acres of land in Washington county which, however, he later sold. He then purchased another tract of eighty acres in this county, paying a purchase price of five dollars per acre, and on this farm he has since made his home. Something of the earnestness and perseverance which have characterized his efforts since taking up agricultural pursuits here is indicated by the fact that during the intervening years he has so developed and improved his farm that today he is the owner of a fine estate valued at four thousand dollars. Persistency of purpose has ever been one of his salient qualities and one of the secrets of his success is found in the fact that he has never been afraid of work but has labored earnestly and untiringly and the position which he occupies today among the substantial and prosperous farmers of his section of the county is therefore well merited.

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While still a resident of Switzerland Mr. Meyer served for a time as county clerk but since taking up his abode in this country he has never sought nor desired to figure prominently in public life, preferring to devote his attention to the conduct of his business interests. He is, however, a stalwart believer in republican principles and never fails to support that party at the polls, while to all matters of citizenship he gives careful consideration, casting the weight of his influence upon the side of progress and advancement.

A. P. FRENCH is living upon a part of the old French homestead near Prairie City in Grant county, where he owns and cultivates nearly three hundred acres of land. He was born in the John Day valley, in December, 1873, a son of Samuel and Ann (Hyde) French, and a grandson of Joseph French. The father and the grandfather were both natives of Maine and representatives of old New England families, while on the maternal side the ancestry is traced back to Germany. The father went to California by way of the ocean route, around Cape Horn, in 1851, and there engaged in mining and later in the operation of a sawmill. He came to Oregon with a large number of settlers that included the Fisk family, and after following mining for a time opened a blacksmith's shop in Canyon City. Subsequently he removed to Dixie, now Prairie City, where he remained for several years, and later bought property about five miles above Prairie City, on the John Day river. From time to time he added to his holdings, until he had over two thousand acres of which about a half was bottom land. He was a very energetic, industrious and successful business man. He devoted considerable time to the raising of horses and cattle and at one time ran as high as five hundred head of cattle and a large number of horses. For six years he served as assessor and was the first man to assess the Harney country. He died in 1889. The six children of the family are: A. P.; J. B., living in California; Emma, now the wife of M. J. Puett; Mrs. Susie Daugherty; Frank B.; and R. S., living near Mount Vernon. Of this family Frank B. French is quite prominent as a ranchman of Grant county. He was born in the John Day valley in January, 1881, acquired his education there and remained on the home place until 1904, when the property was divided and he obtained one hundred acres of bottom land and two hundred acres of bench land. He runs range stock, as high as one hundred and fifty head, and makes a specialty of Hereford cattle. In 1905 he married Nellie McLean, a daughter of Charles McLean, who was of Scotch descent, and of Flora (Marrs) McLean, her parents being among the early settlers of Harney valley. Frank B. French is now serving as clerk of the school board.

A. P. French acquired his education in the public schools near his father's home and remained upon the farm until twenty-one years of age. He was a lad of eleven years when he accompanied his father on a trip to Maine, and later he was his companion on other trips. On attaining his majority he removed to a part of his father's property whereon he now resides. He has nearly three hundred acres, a large part being bottom land and under irrigation. He has a large ditch, irrigating extensive tracts, and the John Day river also runs through his place. He raises horses, mules and cattle, breeding from registered sires, and raises fine draft stock. His location is an excellent one and upon his place he has a good residence and substantial barns and outbuildings. He also has an excellent orchard and the appearance of the place as a whole is most attractive.

On the 4th of December, 1894, Mr. French was united in marriage to Miss Eva Axe, a daughter of William and Adelia Axe, who were among the earliest settlers of the John Day valley. Mrs. French died October 27, 1911, leaving two sons, Samuel and Harold H., both of whom are at home.

Mr. French has served on the school board for a number of terms and is an intelligent and progressive citizen, interested in the welfare and progress of the community. Mr. French is a member of Mountain View Lodge No. 33, I. O. O. F., of which he has been through all of the chairs, and is also a member of the encampment.

JOHN N. EDLEFSEN is the cashier of the Peninsular National Bank and secretary-treasurer of the Edlefsen Fuel Company, Inc., of Portland. He is a self-made man and his history indicates what can be accomplished by young men of foreign birth who make their start in the new world unacquainted with the language and the customs of the people. The difficulties which confronted him, were soon overcome, and his persistent energy and determination enabled him to surmount all obstacles which barred his path to success. He was born in Pellworm, an island north of Hamburg, Germany, September 1, 1882, and is a son of Matthias P. and Dorothea M. (Jacobsen) Edlefsen. The father died in Germany in June, 1911, at the age of seventy-six years. Throughout his life he had engaged in cabinet-making and furniture manufacturing and in his trade he had worked on the famous cathedral at Cologne. He and his father, Peter Edlefsen, grandfather of our subject, were at one time the original owners of the island of Pellworm. His widow survives him and is living in Germany at the age of sixty-eight years.

In the public schools and under private tutors John N. Edlefsen acquired his early education and afterward attended a business college at Husum. He entered the business field of endeavor as an apprentice in the wholsale dry-goods trade, spending four years in that way, after which he became a clerk for a dry-goods exporting firm at Elberfeld. He saw two years' service as a member of the Imperial Guards at Berlin, and in 1905 he came to the United States, spending a year in New York with a wholesale furniture business. In 1906 he arrived in Portland and soon afterward ac-

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cepted a position in the Peninsular National Bank, which at that time had been in existence for a year. He was at first employed as teller and bookkeeper but on the 26th of June, 1911, was promoted to the position of cashier, in which capacity he is now serving. He is well known as a representative of financial interests. He is treasurer and secretary of the Edlefsen Fuel Company. Since coming to the new world he has acquired an excellent command of English, has thoroughly acquainted himself with modern business methods and has become imbued with the spirit of enterprise and ambition which is dominant in the northwest, and is leading to the rapid and substantial development of this country.

John N. Edlefsen was married in 1909 to Miss Maude E. Whelan, a daughter of W. E. Whelan and a native of Saginaw, Michigan. Mr. and Mrs. Edlefsen have one son, John N. Jr., and one daughter, Dorothy Eleanore. Mr. Edlefsen holds membership in Doric Lodge, A. F. & A. M., and also in Holmes Lodge, K. P. He is loyal to the teachings of both organizations, which are based upon a recognition of the obligations of man to his fellowmen, and his brethren of these fraternities entertain for him high regard while the general public accords him commendation and admiration for what he has accomplished since a courageous and ambitious spirit led him to leave the fatherland and establish a home in the new world.

LEVI ELDRIDGE, who is a well known farmer and stockman of Umatilla county, was born in Linn county, Kansas, April 18, 1867. His parents were Levi and Elizabeth (Storms) Eldridge, the father a native of Kentucky and the mother of Indiana. In early life they removed to Missouri, where they were married, and afterward, before the war, they located in Kansas, where the father died in 1869, at the age of thirty-two years. All his life he followed the occupation of farming. After the father's death the mother was again married, her second union being with Harrison Ragins, and in 1887 they came to this county, locating near Pilot Rock, where Mr. Ragins died and where the mother now lives. Of her first marriage were born three children: Anna, deceased; James, of this county; and Levi. Of her second marriage were born five children.

Levi Eldridge came to Oregon in 1887 with his mother and has since made his home in this county. All his life he has been engaged in farming and stock-raising and has met with excellent success. He now owns seven hundred and ninety-two acres at his home place, near Pilot Rock, and has a reservation of six hundred and twenty-seven acres of timber and pasture land. He engages principally in raising horses and mules and usually keeps between fifty and sixty head.

In 1888 Mr. Eldridge was united in marriage with Miss Cornelia Thorne, who was born in Iowa in November, 1867, and came to Oregon with her parents in 1887. She is a daughter of Jonathan and Margaretta Thorne, both of whom died in this county. To Mr. and Mrs. Eldridge have been born seven children: Grace, who is the wife of Lewis W. Keller, who resides near Pendleton, this county; Bertha, who is the wife of Peter J. Ulmen, of Montana; Zelma, who is the wife of Grover Pound, residing on McKay Creek; Ida and Levi, at home; Forrest, deceased; and Cornelia, also at home.

Mr. Eldridge is identified with the Fraternal Order of Eagles and with the Farmers Union. In his political views he is a republican, and he has ever been greatly interested in educational work and has served as school director. He is fond of outdoor life and is much interested in hunting, being considered one of the best hunters of this county and has killed specimens of most of the different kinds of game in this section. Mr. Eldridge is prosperous in his business relations and throughout the many years of his residence in Umatilla county has been an active and helpful factor in the development of the same.

HENRY F. HEBARD. The enterprising spirit which is manifest in the substantial upbuilding of the towns of western and southern Oregon finds exemplification in the life of Henry F. Hebard, who is a general merchant and the postmaster of Umpqua, Douglas county. He was born in Millwood, in this county, on the 15th of February, 1880, and is a son of Samuel and Lydia E. (Black) Hebard. The mother was a native Oregonian, having been born at Elkhead, Douglas county, her father, F. M. Black, having been among the first settlers of this part of the state. Samuel Hebard was a native of either Wisconsin or Iowa and was born in the year 1848. Early in the '50s his parents made the long journey across the stretches of hot sand and over the mountain passes to California, settling in the Sacramento valley, where they lived until Samuel Hebard had reached young manhood. The family then came north into Oregon, first settling on Cow creek, in Douglas county, but subsequently removing to eastern Oregon, locating near Baker City, where both the grandparents of our subject passed away. After attaining his majority Samuel Hebard came into the Umpqua valley of Douglas county, where he was married and began farming on his own account. In 1878 he removed to Millwood, where he was engaged in the sawmill business for a number of years, later taking up a homestead, on which he located and which he still occupies.

Henry F. Hebard was reared at home, acquiring his education in the public schools and at the Central Oregon Normal School at Drain, supplemented by commercial training in the Portland Business College. Following the completion of his business course he was for a time employed at office work in the mines at Placer, Oregon, and later became bookkeeper in the construction camps of the Western Pacific railroad in California. In the spring of 1906 he came to Umpqua and purchased the mercantile business of J. R. Wilson. This he has since conducted,

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having a well appointed general store, which serves the needs of the surrounding country and is accorded a liberal share of the town trade.

On the 7th of June, 1906, Mr. Hebard was married to Miss Zada Viola Whiteside, a daughter of John L. Whiteside, now residing near Stockton, California. Unto Mr. and Mrs. Hebard have been born three children, Ermil E., Alton B. and Harold F. Mr. Hebard votes with the democratic party and has fraternal relations with Oak Camp, No. 252, W. O. W., of Oakland. He is one of the progressive young business men of Douglas county, well trained, capable, thorough and wide-awake to the possibilities of a situation.

FRED WALTERS, who is the sole proprietor of The Walters Flouring Mills of Pendleton, was born in Switzerland, March 14, 1853. His parents were Samuel and Mary (Rose) Walters, who spent all their lives in Switzerland. In their family were six children, of whom the subject of this sketch was the youngest and the only one who ever came to America. The father was also engaged in the flouring mill business, an occupation which he followed all his life.

Fred Walters received his early education in Switzerland and early learned the miller's trade. In 1878 he came to America, locating in New York city, where he was employed for one and one-half years in making millstones. Subsequently he went to St. Louis, Missouri, and was employed in the same line of work in that city for three years. Afterward he went to Nemaha, Nebraska, and operated a flouring mill for about three years. He then came to Oregon and for one and one-half years farmed near Weston, in this county. Then for two and one-half years he operated a mill in the city of Weston. In 1893 he purchased his present flouring mill, which was known at that time as the Farmers' Custom Mill. He rebuilt the same, it having at that time a capacity of one hundred barrels per day, which he increased to five hundred barrels, and he also changed the name to that of The Walters Flouring Mills. He carries on an extensive business and the mill is running at its full capacity. Most of the flour goes to San Francisco and the surrounding country and the mill is supplied entirely with wheat that is grown in Umatilla county. This wheat does not contain as much gluten as the average kind of wheat and therefore makes a white flour. Mr. Walters considers this to be the best wheat belt in the world. The mill employs on an average ten men and it is operated by water from the Umatilla river. Mr. Walters has been very successful in the milling business and in other commercial enterprises and owns a beautiful residence here and also five other dwelling houses in the city, which he has rented.

In 1879, in New York city, Mr. Walters married Miss Julia Hofer, who was born in Switzerland in 1856 and came as a young woman to America. Mr. and Mrs. Walters have become the parents of four children: Fred, Jr., who was born in Missouri and for the past twelve years has been head miller in his father's flouring mill; H. E., who was born in Nebraska and has charge of the San Francisco office and market there for the flour; W. J., who is employed in the mill here; and Ida, who is secretary for her father. The two last named are natives of Oregon.

In his political views Mr. Walters is a republican, and he and his family are members of the Catholic church. Fraternally he is identified with the Independent Order of Odd Fellows and with the Woodmen of the World. All his life Mr. Walters has devoted his time and attention to the milling business, as did his father and his grandfather before him, and as a result of his undivided interest he has met with excellent success. He may truly be called a self-made man, for when he reached New York he was empty-handed and through his thrift, energy, perseverance and splendid business ability he is now numbered among the substantial residents of Pendleton. His upright life and honest business methods have made him popular with all his associates and he is highly honored and respected by all who know him.

JAMES P. DUNCAN, proprietor of the Grave Creek Ranch of four hundred and eighteen acres near Leland, Josephine county, though reared on a farm has spent a large portion of his time at railroad work. He was born in Marion county, Iowa, August 21, 1856, a son of M. L. and Mary J. (Morrow) Duncan, the father a native of Missouri and the mother of Indiana. The parents migrated to Oregon in 1859 and settled in Lane county, where they remained for ten years. They then removed to Douglas county and there the father died in 1887, the mother's death occurring two years later. In their family were eight children, six of whom are still living.

James P. Duncan remained at home until he attained the age of nineteen years, meanwhile receiving a good common-school education. He then embarked in business on his own account, renting a stock ranch which he conducted successfully for five years. He then sold his agricultural interests and engaged in railroading, a vocation which for twenty years he continued to follow. While thus employed he saved a large portion of his earnings and at the conclusion of his employment by the railroad he purchased the ranch of four hundred and eighteen acres in Josephine county, near Leland, upon which he has since made his home. His property is known as the Grave Creek Ranch and he makes a specialty of stock-raising, although he conducts general farming as well.

Mr. Duncan has been married twice, his first union being with Miss Lucy A. Hillbrant, and unto them four children were born, namely: Anna, the wife of L. Chrisman, of Washington; Elmer, residing at Glendale; Edgar; and Lydie, who married C. F. Johns, of Douglas county. The mother of these children died December 17, 1886, and in 1894 Mr. Duncan wedded Miss Martha J. Beasley, a native of Colorado. Unto this

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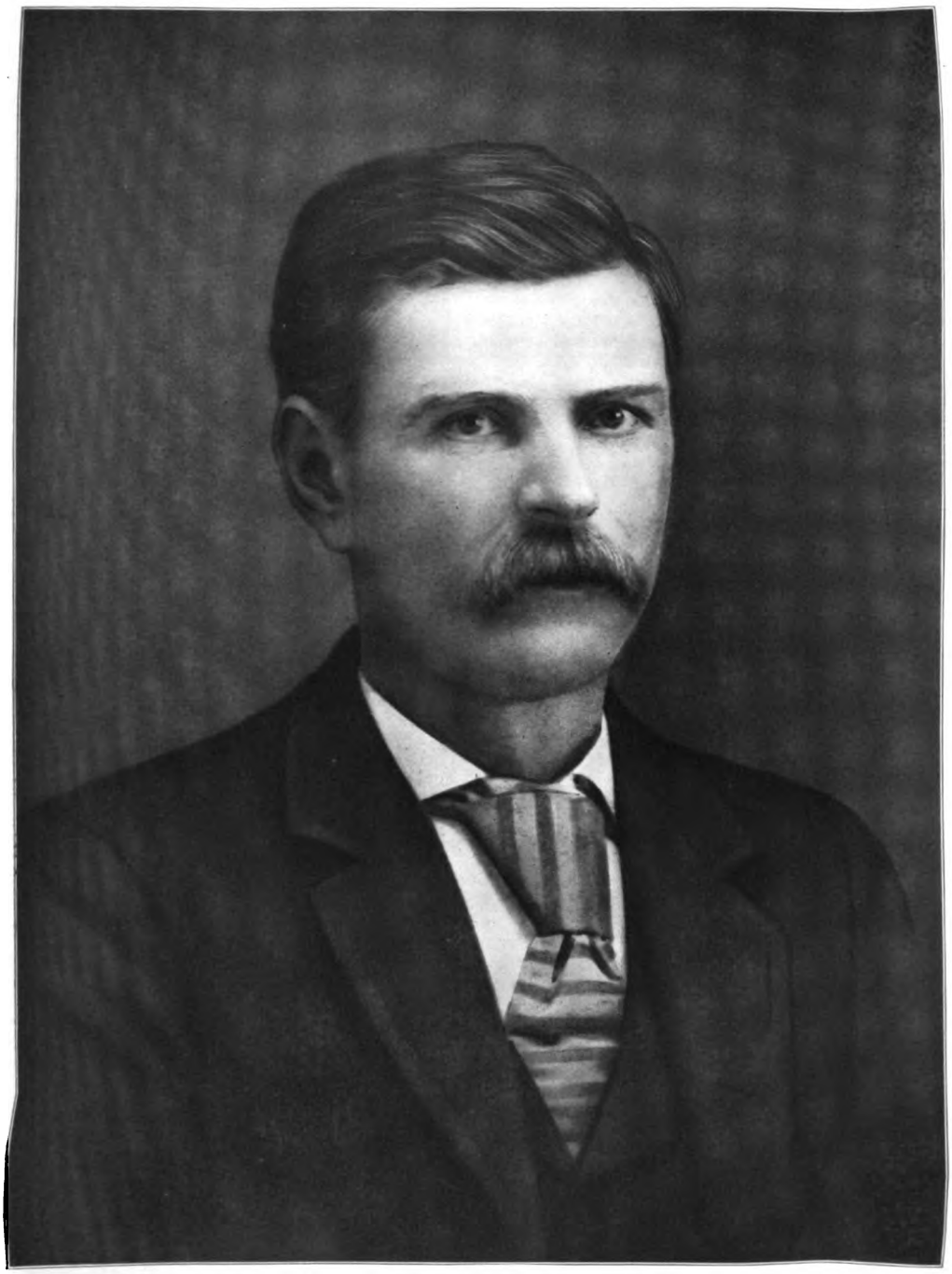

JAMES P. DUNCAN

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union four children were born, Golda, Silva, Dewey and Leona.

In his political views Mr. Duncan is an adherent of the republican party. He takes an active interest in public matters and especially in educational affairs, now serving as school director on the local school board. He is a Royal Arch Mason, belonging to the chapter at Woodward, and is also a member of the Woodmen of the World camp. Both he and his wife affiliate with the Christian church, giving that organization their active support. Mr. Duncan is one of the influential, active and honored citizens of his community. He is a good business man, looking after all of the details of his affairs with care and discrimination and has achieved a very large success in life.

SHERMAN G. REES is well known in business circles of Union county as the proprietor of the Mount Fanny Mills at Cove, which are up-to-date and modern in every particular and which he has successfully conducted for the past twelve years. His birth occurred near Salem, Oregon, on the 8th of July, 1864, his parents being McDonough B. and America F. (Hall) Rees. The father was born in Butler county, Ohio, on the 10th of February, 1831, a son of Thomas and Elizabeth (Griffin) Rees, both of whom were natives of Delaware. The paternal great-grandfather of our subject was a native of Wales and the Griffin family also comes of Welsh stock. The maternal great-grandfather of Sherman G. Rees took up his abode among the pioneer settlers of Ohio, as did also the paternal grandfather of our subject. Thomas Rees devoted his attention to general agricultural pursuits throughout his active business career and passed away in the Buckeye state at the age of seventy-two years. His wife lived to attain the age of eighty-two. Unto them were born twelve children.

M. B. Rees, the father of Mr. Rees of this review, was the seventh child born to his parents and spent his early boyhood days in Ohio. In 1854 he came to Oregon by way of the Isthmus of Panama, joining an older brother who had preceded him to this state and located in French Prairie. This brother passed away in Portland when eighty years of age. M. B. Rees resided in French Prairie until 1864 and in the meantime had worked at mining in British Columbia and in Idaho where he spent the winter of 1855-56. In 1864 he came to the Grande Ronde valley and located on the property now owned by George Holmes. As the years have passed he has bought and sold land to good advantage and his home ranch now comprises about one thousand acres. The period of his residence in this state covers almost six decades and he enjoys an enviable reputation as one of its prosperous and well known citizens. Though now eighty-one years of age, he still enjoys excellent health and is as active as if he were yet in the prime of life. It was in November, 1856, that he wedded Miss America F. Hall, a native of Missouri and a daughter of David Hall, who was a pioneer of Oregon. Unto them were born the following children: Zella, who is deceased; Sherman G., of this review; Edward, at home; Harry, who is a resident of Cove, this state; and Walter, who follows farming in the Grande Ronde valley. The wife and mother was called to her final rest in 1902.

Sherman G. Rees spent his boyhood and youth at Cove, Union county, where the family home had been established when he was but four months old. In 1900, in association with his father, he purchased the Mount Fanny Mills at that place, which were originally built by S. G. French in 1867. For the past twelve years he has successfully managed the mills, which have a capacity of seventy barrels and which are run by water power supplied by Mill creek, which has a fall of sixty feet. During the dry season electric power is utilized. All the machinery of the mills is of the most modern and best pattern and is kept scrupulously clean. Mr. Rees has prospered in his business undertakings and owns a handsome residence near the mills.

On the 22d of November, 1893, Mr. Rees was united in marriage to Miss Caddie B. McDaniel of Cove, her parents being E. P. and Frances (Jay) McDaniel. The latter, a native of Nashville, Tennessee, made the journey to this state by team in company with S. D. Cowles and settled in Cove, Union county, where in 1864 she gave her hand in marriage to E. P. McDaniel. The mill now owned and operated by Sherman G. Rees was purchased from S. G. French by E. P. McDaniel, who subsequently sold it to our subject. Mr. McDaniel and S. D. Cowles owned the property on which the town of Cove has been built and the former donated the site now occupied by the Episcopal church. Mrs. Frances (Jay) McDaniel was the first white woman who climbed to the top of the mountain east of Cove and it was named Mount Fanny in her honor. Unto Mr. and Mrs. E. P. McDaniel were born the following children: Samuel, who is deceased; Bruce, a resident of Portland; Mrs. Caddie B. Rees; Grace, who makes her home in Portland; and Roy and Bertie, who also reside in that city. Mr. and Mrs. Rees have one son, Sherman G., Jr., who is now attending school.

Mr. Rees gives his political allegiance to the republican party and has ably served as a member of the school board. His fraternal relations are with the Masons, the Knights of Pythias and the Benevolent Protective Order of Elks. His entire life has been spent in Oregon and his career has been in keeping with the spirit of progress and enterprise which has ever characterized the sons of the northwest and has made possible the rapid development and growth of this section of the country.

THOMAS H. MEADOR, whose well merited reputation as a self-made man and reliable citizen entitles him to representation among the leading men of Oregon, makes his home near Prairie City and is the owner of extensive land properties in that district. He

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was born in Campbell county, Tennessee, in December, 1835, a son of John M. Meador, whose birth occurred either in Tennessee or Kentucky. Mrs. John M. Meador bore the maiden name of Mary Mefford, and was a native of Tennessee. The family were planters and the father died when Thomas H. Meador was about eight years of age. Shortly before the father's death the family removed to Davis county, Missouri, where the widowed mother and children remained for some years. Thomas H. Meador continued a resident of that state until 1859, when he crossed the plains with ox teams to California, traveling in a large train. A guard was always stationed on the entire trip and the party manifested constant watchfulness because of the danger of Indian attack, but at length the journey was completed in safety, and after arriving in California Mr. Meador engaged in farming at Clear Lake for two years. He then started for Oregon, arriving here in January, 1862, after which he spent a few months in the Willamette valley. He next went to the diggings in Idaho but after a short time returned to the Willamette valley where he lived until 1864. He then came to the John Day valley and for one summer engaged in mining. On the 12th of August, 1864, he located at his present place of residence. He has one hundred and sixty acres in the home ranch, which is mostly bottom land under irrigation, and in addition owns altogether twelve hundred acres, which is mostly in pasture land. He has turned his attention to the live-stock business and is running cattle upon his range. His home is pleasantly located about three miles above Prairie City and one mile from the railroad, so that the advantages of town life, with its shipping facilities, are easily secured.

On the 22d of February, 1870, Thomas H. Meador was united in marriage to Mrs. Sarah A. Manwaring, nee Hunt, of Brooklyn, New York. The Hunts were among the early settlers of Long Island. Mrs. Meador died in 1898. By her first marriage she had three children who were adopted by Mr. Meador: John J., living in Eugene, Oregon; Amy Elizabeth, deceased; and Lincoln F., of Idaho. To Mr. and Mrs. Meador were born the following: Oscar and Oliver, twins, the former living at Monmouth and the latter in the John Day valley of Oregon; George T., whose farm adjoins the home ranch; Mrs. Mary E. Blinn; Edwin H.; and Emma L., at home.

Thomas H. Meador has always been interested in whatever pertains to the welfare and progress of the community and is recognized as a valued citizen. He served on the school board for many years and was at one time county commissioner. In every relation of life he has made a clean record and is a successful ranchman whose prosperity is well merited for it is the legitimate outcome and reward of his earnest, persistent and honorable labor.

WILLIAM H. WISE is cultivating two hundred and eighteen acres of land on the Coquille river, Coos county, Oregon, and his work is carried on along lines of efficiency and of systematic methods which have already won their natural success. Mr. Wise was born in Grundy county, Missouri, on March 3, 1867, and is a son of Peter and Martha (McMichael) Wise, the former a native of Ohio and the latter of Iowa. In the latter state they were married and shortly afterward moved to Missouri, settling in Grundy county about 1864. The father was a blacksmith by trade and followed this occupation in connection with general farming until 1873, when he came to Coos county and settled two miles north of Myrtle Point, Oregon, on a homestead claim of one hundred and sixty acres. This he began developing and for eight years carried on the work of improvement. At the end of that time he sold his property and in 1881 moved to Myrtle Point, where he gave his entire attention to the other branch of his activities, in the conduct of a modern blacksmith shop. This he conducted until 1907, when he retired from active life and moved to California, where he now resides with his son Marion, his wife having died in 1903. To their union were born eight children, five of whom are still living: William, the subject of this sketch; Laura, who married Charles Taylor, and resides on the McKenzie river; Marion, who lives in California; Adaline, the wife of Harry Hayes, of Portland; Wanetta, who married Robert Muir, of California; Anna and Delia, both of whom are now deceased; and one child who died in infancy.

William H. Wise was educated in the public schools of his native state and came to Oregon with his parents. He started in life for himself when he was seventeen years of age, working as a general laborer until 1894. In that year he rented a farm and carried on agricultural pursuits along the most modern and progressive lines and met with a gratifying degree of success for four years. He spent two years working at farming in the employ of others, and then came into possession of his wife's portion of her parents' estate, constituting two hundred and eighteen acres of land on the Coquille river. On this he now resides and is giving his entire time and attention to its improvement.

In 1892 Mr. Wise was united in marriage to Miss Mary C. Warner, who was born on the south fork of the Coquille river, January 29, 1873. She is a daughter of William and Laura (Phillips) Warner, the former a native of Indiana and the latter of Missouri. Their marriage occurred on the sea between San Francisco, California, and Empire, Oregon. They settled in Coos county, Oregon, on a donation claim known as the Roland claim on the south fork of the river and here they lived until the father's death in 1898. Mrs. Warner is still living at Marshfield, Oregon, and is fifty-nine years of age. She and her husband were the parents of four children: Mary C., the wife of our subject; John, who is now residing on the south fork of the Coquille river; Willie, of Coos county; and Fannie, the wife of Carl Albrecht, of Marshfield, Oregon. Mrs. Wise received her education in the country schools of Coos county and is a cultured and charming woman. She

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and her husband are the parents of eight children: Harry A., who was born in January, 1894, and who is still at home; Ruby, whose birth occurred in 1895; Lloyd H., born in 1897; Robin H., born in 1898; Grace E., whose birth occurred in 1901; Walter L., born in 1903; Laura H., in 1904; and William T., in 1908. All of the children born to Mr. and Mrs. Wise who are old enough to attend school have received their education in the public schools of Coos county. Mr. Wise has done useful work in the world by improving the efficiency of the enterprise with which he is connected and by making it through his labors and energies a better and more valuable farm than it was when it came into his possession.

JOEL C. STURGILL is the popular and efficient county superintendent of public schools in Gilliam county. His birth occurred in Baker county, Oregon, on the 13th of February, 1874, his parents being George B. and Lydia (White) Sturgill, both natives of Missouri. They were married in that state and there continued to reside until 1865, at which date they emigrated to Oregon, making the long journey across the plains with an ox team. They settled on a farm in Baker county, where they established their home and where Mrs. Sturgill now resides, her husband having died in 1905.

Joel C. Sturgill, the fifth of a family of eight, attended the district schools of Baker county in the acquirement of an education. On the completion of his common-school course he became a teacher and continued in that vocation in Baker county for a period of five years, after which he entered the State Normal School at Monmouth, Oregon, graduating from that institution in 1906. Immediately afterward he secured the position of principal of the high school at Condon, continuing in that capacity for the following three years. On the expiration of that period he was elected to the office of county superintendent of schools, which position he now holds.

On the 29th of May, 1901, Mr. Sturgill was united in marriage to Miss Mintie Case, a daughter of Albert and Alice Case, of Baker county. One child has been born to this union, Marguerite, who is in her first year. Mr. Sturgill gives his political allegiance to the republican party. His fraternal relations are with Bristow Lodge, No. 130, I. O. O. F., and Mount Moriah Lodge, No. 95, A. F. & A. M. He is a man who from his early boyhood days is able to count the years by constant advancement in his chosen field of labor. He is discharging the duties required by his office to the satisfaction of the people in Gilliam county and the city of Condon, in which he resides.

HENRY GRANT GUILD is well known in Vale, Oregon, where he has acted as receiver of the United States land office since June, 1910. For many years he was identified with progressive journalism in various sections of the state and was an individual force in political circles by reason of the undoubted influence which he exerted in this field of activity. He has been a resident of Oregon since his boyhood but was born in Geneseo, Henry county, Illinois, August 18, 1855. He is a descendant of an old American family, the Guilds of the United States being descendants of two brothers, John and Jacob Guild, Scotch weavers, who came from their native country and settled near Dedham, Massachusetts, long before the American Revolution. They fought during that war, Jacob Guild as a captain in the Continental army and John as a fifer. The present ambassador to Russia, Curtis Guild, Jr., is a descendant of the John Guild branch of the family. The grandmother of our subject was a member of the Grant family of Massachusetts and was born at Attleboro, in that state. The father of our subject, Henry Augustus Guild, was born in Saratoga county, New York, in 1824. His father, Henry Guild, moved from Troy, New York, to Henry county, Illinois, and was among the pioneers in the Rock River section. Henry Augustus Guild moved to Poweshiek county, Iowa, in 1856, and became identified with the political life of that section. He was twice elected county clerk, serving during the war of the rebellion. After the close of hostilities he went to San Francisco and sailed from there on the steamer Oriflamme to Portland, arriving in that city with his family in November, 1873. He later settled near Cornelius and was afterward a pioneer in the Nehalem valley. He died in Portland, October 24, 1897. His wife was in her maidenhood Miss Cordelia Dutton Cook and was born in Warren, Ashtabula county, Ohio, February 20, 1829. She came to Oregon with her husband in 1873 and died in Portland on the 8th of January, 1912. She and her husband had four children: George Augustus, who was born in Rock Island, Illinois, and is now a resident of Merlin, Oregon; John Edward, whose birth occurred in Brooklyn, Iowa, and who now makes his home in St. Helen, Oregon; Carrie C., whose birthplace was Montezuma, Iowa, and who married James D. Wharton, of 121 East Eleventh street, Portland; and Henry Grant. The latter attended the public schools of Grinnell, Iowa, and completed his education in the Cornelius Academy at Cornelius, Oregon. He is largely self-educated, having broadened his knowledge by constant and well selected reading. He began his journalistic career as a typesetter in the Grinnell (Iowa) Herald office and later became connected with the Washington (Oregon) Independent. He worked on this paper in the early '70s and met with such success in journalism that he was able to purchase the entire plant and edited the paper for one year. In 1880 he established the Silverton Appeal and conducted this until 1892, when he bought the Sheridan Sun. He later published the Oregon Independent at Salem. He also was editor and publisher of the Signal at Newport, and was for some time proprietor of the Bulletin at Prosser, Washington, his identification with this newspaper beginning in 1903. He has now abandoned journalism and gives his attention to his duties as re-

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ceiver of the United States land office at Vale, Oregon.

May 19, 1880, Mr. Guild was married, in Astoria, to Miss Martha Rebecca Parrish, a daughter of James Patterson Parrish, of Sullivan, Ashland county, Ohio. Her father was born in Steubenville, Ohio, in 1824, and died near Sullivan, Ohio, in 1876. His wife came to Oregon in the fall of 1882 or 1883 and died in Astoria in 1885. Her maiden name was Miss Mary Fairfax Hickman and her birth occurred in Barnesville, Ohio, in 1834. She was a blood relation of the prominent Hickman family in Virginia. Her grandfather, Major William Hickman, surveyed the town site of Cincinnati, Ohio. He was granted by congress a tract of land in Kentucky as a reward for his services. Mr. and Mrs. James P. Parrish had the following children: F. M., of Roseburg, Oregon; Homer C., a practicing physician of Iola, Idaho; Mrs. W. N. Barrett, residing in Hillsboro, Oregon; Mrs. F. Foster, who makes her home in Creston, Washington; Mrs. May Graves, of Elk City, Oregon; and Mrs. Guild. Mr. and Mrs. Henry G. Guild became the parents of two children: Henry Hickman, born March 21, 1881, at Silverton, Oregon, who was united in marriage to Florence De Weese at Portland, Oregon, on the 20th of July, 1912, and now resides in that city; and Donald Grant, whose birth occurred February 14, 1883, at Silverton, and who makes his home at Woodland, Washington.

Mr. Guild has always given his allegiance to the republican party but reserves his independence of conviction. He was a representative in the Oregon legislature from 1905 to 1907 and held the position of United States commissioner at Prosser, Washington, from 1903 to 1904. While editor of the Oregon Independent at Salem he advocated the adoption of the initiative and referendum by the republican party. He is well known in fraternal circles of Vale, holding membership in the Independent Order of Odd Fellows for more than twenty years. He belonged to Salem Lodge, No. 4, F. & A. M., joining this organization in 1902. He has transferred his membership to Vale Lodge, No. 142, of which he is a member at the present time.

JULIUS LARSON has for many years been known throughout Coos county as one of the most enterprising and successful residents of that portion of the state. His beautiful home is located ten miles north of Marshfield on a picturesque body of land overlooking the bay, where he is engaged in the operation of one of the best equipped and most extensive dairy farms on the Pacific coast. He was born in Norway, October 24, 1842, and is the son of John and Mary (Hansen) Larson, both of whom were natives of Norway. In their family were three children: Julius, of this review; Christian, who is the chief engineer of the California Transportation Company and resides in San Francisco; and Lena, the wife of Peter Hall, of San Francisco.

Julius Larson at the early age of five years had the great misfortune to lose his father by death and he, being the eldest of the family, when a mere child was compelled on account of the necessities of the home to assume the grave responsibilities of the care and support of the family. He remained at home until he was thirteen years of age and at that time he started in life for himself, shipping as a cabin boy on a vessel bound from Norway to Newcastle, England. From the latter port the ship on which he sailed made an extensive world voyage, touching at all of the principal commercial ports and extending its journey over a period of thirteen months, during which time Mr. Larson received as compensation for his services his board and lodging and one dollar per month, his first year's salary amounting in round numbers to the sum of thirteen dollars. After completing that trip he became a regular seaman and received for his services seven dollars per month. At the age of eighteen he shipped as an able seaman and was then placed upon the salaried list at eleven dollars per month. In 1860 he shipped from Liverpool, England, on an American vessel bound for the East Indies. In 1861, on account of the outbreak of the Civil war, he was unable to return to England and his ship put into port at San Francisco and from that city he sailed on various merchandising ocean trips until 1863, at which time his vessel was wrecked on Coos bay bar. Mr. Larson came up the bay and obtained employment with the Simpson Lumber Company, and was engaged in one of their sawmills and also in their shipyard. He continued to work at North Bend until 1865 and in that year he returned to his old home in Norway via Panama and was absent on this trip from the American western coast for one year. Returning, he reached San Francisco in May, 1866, and remained in that city until the next year, when he returned to Coos bay and settled upon a farm on which he filed a preemption homestead claim at Larson's inlet. This inlet takes its name from the fact that Mr. Larson settled there and made extensive improvements in its vicinity. Upon that original homestead he has continued to remain and there his children have been born and educated in the schools of Coos county. Mr. Larson is engaged in the operation of one of the largest and most thoroughly equipped dairy farms of this state, keeping fifty high grade cows. In addition to his agricultural and dairy interests he in copartnership with his sons, Herman and Fred Larson, has organized a dredging company and since 1905 his sons have successfully directed the interests of that enterprise, operating at the present time three large dredges in work on the river and smaller inland streams. The company takes contracts for the building of levees and the cutting of channels in the work of developing the territory into a commercial and agricultural district. Mr. Larson was among the very first to recognize the inexhaustible richness of these fertile bottom lands and to build a suitable levee to protect them from the overflow waters and thus render them valuable for agricul-

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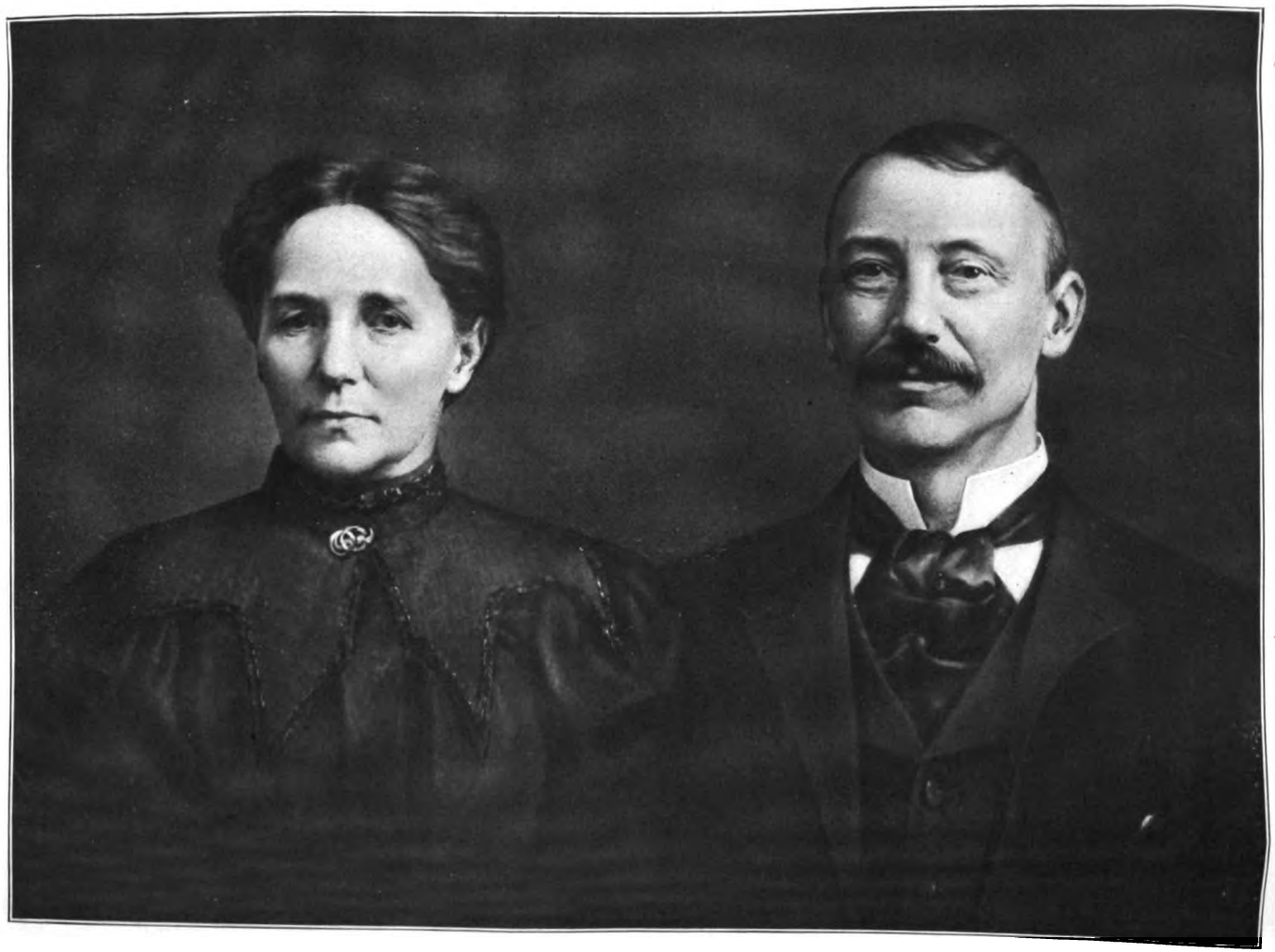

MR. AND MRS. JULIUS LARSON

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tural uses. That he was wise in making the necessary outlay is evidenced by the magnificent dairy farm which he now owns and upon which he has constructed a handsome residence and commodious farm buildings, and the continued success which he enjoys in improving year after year the fertility of the silt soils of Oregon.

Mr. Larson was united in marriage to Miss Marie Olsen, a native of Norway, in 1866, and to them eleven children have been born: Jennie, now the wife of Nels Rasmussen, of Marshfield; Herman, who is engaged in business with his father in the Larson Dredging Company of Marshfield; Elizabeth, who is married to C. C. Lightner and lives in San Francisco; Mary Ann, deceased; Phoebe, who resides at home with her parents; Julia, the wife of Henry Hunter, of Portland; Edward and Rueben, deceased; Fred, who is engaged in the dredging business with his father; Lena, the wife of A. Rogers, of Marshfield; and Lettie, the wife of William Kennedy, of Marshfield. All of the children received a public-school education and Lena took a business course.

Mr. Larson is affiliated with the democratic party but has never allowed himself to become a candidate for political office. He is a member of the Ancient Order of United Workmen and himself and family are affiliated with the Lutheran church. The early years of his childhood were clouded by the loss of his father and when a mere boy he ventured out in an unknown world, making his living as a sailor, journeying far from his home and the scenes and associations of his childhood days. In spite of the adverse circumstances with which he came in contact he created favorable conditions for himself and at the time he settled in this state he counted as his capital stock the experience which he had gained in his world-wide associations, to which he added his strong will and skilled hand. Now, as his reward he is the owner of one of the finest and most highly improved farms in his section of this state. He is among the widely known and highly respected citizens of Oregon and the integrity and uprightness of his character have caused him to be respected wherever known, and most of all where he was best known.

JOSEPH TRUESDALL, a representative and respected resident of Baker, is well known as the proprietor of sale and feed stables and a horse and automobile livery. His birth occurred in Winchester, Scott county, Illinois, on the 29th of January, 1850, his parents being Samuel and Vodisa (Bell) Truesdall, of whom he was the only child. Vodisa Bell was born in Ireland and was married to Samuel Truesdall in Illinois in 1848 or 1849. In 1852 they crossed the plains to California with ox teams, and the same year Mrs. Truesdall passed away in Sacramento. Mr. Truesdall then went into what was known as the Hangtown placer mining district, where he was engaged in mining until 1855. In that year he returned to Illinois via the Nicaragua route and in the Prairie state was married a second time, there devoting his attention to farming and to the buying of all kinds of farm live stock for trade in St. Louis, Missouri. In 1859 he removed to Kansas, being a resident of that state at the time of the drought. He next removed to Iowa and there engaged in general agricultural pursuits until 1862. In that year he again crossed the plains with ox teams as captain of the Truesdall train, which comprised about forty wagons. In going through the Landers cut-off they were accompanied by the Manville and Teabeau trains, being joined by them as a matter of protection against the Indians. The Truesdall train included the following persons: B. F. Morgan, who settled on Snake river and lived there until his death in 1910; Joseph and James Koontz, well known in Grande Ronde; and the Paul, Reynolds, Buzzard and Wickersham families, all Iowa emigrants. Samuel Truesdall settled near Island City, Union county, Oregon, where he preempted and improved a tract of land but subsequently disposed of the property and removed to what was called the Iowa Fort, purchasing the land on which the fort stood. Iowa Fort was so named for the reason that a number of Iowa emigrants had settled near this point, including Cage Baker and his family, Wilson Deal and the Woodells. Mr. Truesdall successfully followed farming at the place called Iowa Fort until within a few years of his death, passing away in 1905 at the age of about eighty-two. He gave his political allegiance to the democratic organization and served as school clerk in Union for a great many years. His religious faith was that of the Universalist church, while fraternally he was identified with the Independent Order of Odd Fellows, belonging to Lodge No. 49 at Summerville, Oregon. Throughout the entire period of his residence in this state, covering more than four decades, he was actively identified with the work of development and improvement in various ways. In 1855 or 1856, in the state of Illinois, he wedded Miss Sarah Hootz, by whom he had one son and seven daughters. Estella, the first born, died when young. Dolores, who is deceased, was the wife of Duncan McClain and the mother of one daughter and one son, who reside in Wallowa county, Oregon. Irene became the wife of Burt Courtwright and the mother of one son and one daughter. The latter married a son of Bede McAllister—a representative of one of the oldest families of Union county. Oris B., whose birth occurred in October, 1862, and who was one of the first children born in the Grande Ronde valley, now makes his home at Boise, Idaho. Ida, the widow of Wait Wade, also resides at Boise, Idaho. Her daughter, who is married, lives with her in Boise. Ofena gave her hand in marriage to John Walker and is the mother of two sons, Ray and Leo. The family reside near the mouth of the Columbia river. Lavona, living near Spokane, Washington, is the wife of S. Aiken and the mother of two sons and two daughters. Nora passed away in early life.

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Joseph Truesdall acquired his education in Scio, Linn county, Oregon, under the direction of John C. Arnold, who later founded a school at Pendleton and became noted as an educator. Mr. Arnold is now deceased, his demise occurring at Pendleton. Our subject was first employed at freighting to the Idaho mining camps with the Wilson Deal train of ox teams, acting in the capacity of foreman for about two years. He then began freighting on his own account, being thus engaged until the time of the Indian war with Chief Joseph of the Wallowa country, which broke out in 1877. Mr. Truesdall was detailed as wagon master for the United States infantry from Atlanta, Georgia. It was while he was in this service that the meeting of General O. O. Howard and Chief Moses occurred at Spokane, Washington, where it was claimed that two thousand Indians gathered to attend the council. Subsequently he embarked in the livery and hotel business and in this field of endeavor has remained continuously since. His first location was in Walla Walla, whence he removed to Weston and thence to La Grande, where he met with gratifying success as the proprietor of the Golden Rule Hotel, the only first-class hostelry in La Grande. He likewise owned and conducted the St. Louis livery stables and also enjoyed an extensive patronage in this connection. Later he removed to Medical Springs in Union county and there conducted a mercantile establishment until about 1902, when he came to Baker, which city has since remained his place of residence. As above stated, he is the proprietor of a horse and auto livery and sale and feed stables. He has real-estate and other property interests and is widely recognized as one of the prosperous and leading residents of his community. At the present time he is the contractor for the Richland stage line, running from Baker daily and covering a distance of forty-five miles.

In 1873, at Summerville, Oregon, Mr. Truesdall was united in marriage to Miss Ella Shores, her father being Dr. T. W. Shores, a practicing physician and farm owner of Summerville. They had one son, Charles Edgar, who was born on the 3d of May, 1875, has been married twice and is a railroad man in Washington. Mrs. Ella Truesdall passed away about 1875 and on the 29th of March, 1876, Mr. Truesdall was again married, his second union being with Miss Eva Lewis. Her father was E. S. Lewis, a native of New York who married Miss Moore of Ohio. Coming west, they traveled via railroad to Kelton and thence by stage to Union, Oregon. Mr. Lewis, who was an agriculturist by occupation, first lived in Cove, Union county, and subsequently took up and improved a timber claim about two miles from Summerville, developing it into a productive farm. His wife passed away at what is called the Romig place near Summerville. His demise occurred about two years later at Walla Walla, Washington. Mr. and Mrs. Lewis were the parents of two sons and two daughters. Lillian, who gave her hand in marriage to Isaac Vandevanter, resides in Union, Oregon, and is the mother of three sons, namely: Don, who was born on the 21st of November, 1875, and wedded Miss Mary Tucker; Wayne, born April 3, 1882, who married Miss Lizzie Briggs; and Lovern, whose birth occurred on the 20th of December, 1890. The three sons are natives of Union county. Duane Lewis resides at Baker and is employed by his brother-in-law, Joseph Truesdall. Eva is the wife of our subject. Frederick C. Lewis is a miner residing in California.

Mr. and Mrs. Truesdall have become the parents of two children, one of whom, Myrtle, died when but fourteen months old. Etta, who was born on the 29th of June, 1877, resides in Spokane and is the wife of Alexander Rest. She has been thrice married and by her first husband, Asa Sams, has one child, Myrtle, who was born in Baker on the 2d of September, 1901. Her second marriage was to Sam Birch, of Baker.

In politics Mr. Truesdall is a stalwart democrat. He served as postmaster at Medical Springs, Union county, for four or five years and also acted in the capacity of justice of the peace at that place for a similar period. He was connected with the Independent Order of Odd Fellows for about a quarter of a century and at the present time belongs to the Automobile Club and the Commercial Club of Baker. The members of his family are all well and hearty and are comfortably situated in life in a pleasant country where peace and plenty abound.

JOHN F. REISACHER, one of the most widely known men among the eminently successful citizens of Gilliam county, is the vice president of the First National Bank of Condon, where he is also serving as postmaster and is engaged in the harness and saddlery business. His birth occurred in Portland, Oregon, on the 9th of June, 1870, his parents being John and Catherine (Porth) Reisacher, natives of Germany, who emigrated to America in young manhood and young womanhood. The father located in New Haven, Connecticut, where he was engaged in the saddlery business and where he first met and became acquainted with his future bride. Soon after the close of the Civil war he emigrated to California, where he worked in the gold fields, seeking his fortune. From the Golden state he made his way to Idaho and thence came to Oregon, locating at Portland, and for many years was identified in that city with the harness and saddlery business, from which he has since retired. However, he still maintains his residence in Portland.

John F. Reisacher was reared at home and acquired his education in the public schools of Portland. As a young man he learned the saddlery trade in that city and after completing his apprenticeship he followed the calling of his trade as a journeyman workman. He located in Condon in 1897 and in 1898 embarked in the harness and saddlery business at that place, having since continued to be prominently identified with this line of activity. He was one of the organizers of

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the Gilliam County Bank, which was later consolidated with the First National Bank of Condon. In January, 1911, Mr. Reisacher was elected to the office of vice president of that institution, in which capacity he continues to serve. In 1898 he received the appointment of postmaster of Condon and has served in this office continuously since.

In 1897 Mr. Reisacher wedded Miss Mary M. Hoover, of Fossil, Wheeler county, Oregon, and to this union have been born two children, John H. and Margaret R. In politics Mr. Reisacher is a stanch and enthusiastic republican and as such has been elected to the office of mayor and also to the town council of Condon. In Masonry he has attained high rank, being a member of the following organizations: Mount Moriah Lodge, No. 95, A. F. & A. M.; the Consistory, S. P. R. S., of Portland, and Al Kader Temple, A. A. O. N. M. S. He also belongs to Summit Lodge, No. 130, I. O. O. F., and Endymion Lodge, No. 66, K. P. Mr. and Mrs. Reisacher are members of the Order of the Eastern Star, the latter being grand officer of the state lodge of Oregon. She is also a devoted and consistent member of the Episcopal church of Condon. John F. Reisacher is indeed a man of affairs among the people of Condon and the county of Gilliam. He is closely associated with the social, political, benevolent and business interests of his county and is one of the representative and influential citizens of the state of Oregon.

C. J. LEAVITT. Among the more recently established business enterprises of Newberg but one which, however, is meeting with substantial success, is the C. J. Leavitt Realty Company, of which C. J. Leavitt was the organizer and is now serving as president. The width of the continent separates him from his birthplace, for he was born in Maine, the date of his nativity being the 8th of April, 1868. He is a son of Joseph T. and Amanda M. (Patten) Leavitt, who were also natives of the Pine Tree state, where the mother passed away in 1878. The father, however, still survives and continues to make his home in his native state. Of their family of eight children only five are now living.

C. J. Leavitt spent the period of his boyhood and youth in the east and in the public schools of Maine acquired his education. He was only eighteen years of age when he determined to try his fortune in the west, and for six months he made his home in Nebraska, after which he went to Washington. Five years were spent in the latter state and then, in 1891, he made his way to Oregon, locating in Newberg, Yamhill county. Here he was engaged for two years in the lumber business and then he took up agricultural pursuits in this county, following the same until 1909. He had been successful in this undertaking, but thinking to find more congenial occupation in the city he returned, in that year, to Newberg and here opened a real-estate office. He is now operating under the firm style of the C. J. Leavitt Realty Company, handling farms, timber and orchard tracts and city property, and also engaging to a considerable extent in insurance and loans. He has already built up a business of gratifying proportions for he has made a close study of realty values, understands the art of buying and selling and is therefore able to serve his clients to the best advantage. He has handled many important realty transfers during his identification with this line of activity and he is rapidly winning for himself a foremost place in the business ranks of Newberg.

In 1892 Mr. Leavitt was united in marriage to Miss Dollie Hardwick, who was born in Missouri, a daughter of George W. and Elizabeth (Majors) Hardwick. Her parents, who were born in Kentucky and Virginia respectively, came to Oregon in 1875, and here the father's death occurred in 1892. The mother, however, still survives and at the age of eighty years makes her home in Newberg. Mrs. Leavitt was one of two children born unto Mr. and Mrs. Hardwick, and by her marriage she has become the mother of three children, namely: T. W. and Linden G., both attending high school; and Maynard D., who is also pursuing his education.

The family hold membership in the Christian church and are held in high regard in the community in which they now reside. Mr. Leavitt is a republican in his political belief and takes that public-spirited interest in the questions and issues of the day which every loyal American citizen should feel. Aside from this, however, his attention has been given wholly to his personal affairs and in their conduct he is meeting with gratifying success for his fair dealing and honorable methods have won for him the confidence of all with whom he is associated in business relations. In private life, too, he has been accorded the respect and good will of his fellowmen and Yamhill county claims him as a valued adopted son.

JAMES E. ROBINETTE. The town of Robinette in Baker county was named in honor of him whose name introduces this review, and who for some time has been prominently connected with agricultural and mining interests in this part of the state. He was born in Cumberland, Maryland, October 5, 1852, and his parents, James J. and Maria (McElfish) Robinette, were also natives of that state. The father was of French descent and removed westward to Missouri with his family when his son James was but two years of age. Our subject therefore, was reared in that state and acquired his education in the district schools which he attended to the age of seventeen years when he left home and went to Eureka, Nevada, hoping to find good business opportunities in the northwest. He there engaged in mining for a period of nine years and afterward went to Cortez, Nevada, where he worked in a silver mine, securing the position of boss. After acting in that capacity for five years he went to Union, Oregon, in the fall of 1884 and a year later removed to Cornucopia, then in Union but now in Baker county. There he engaged in prospecting for gold for eighteen months

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after which he worked in the Whitney mine which was the first in that famous mining district. In October, 1887, he removed to a point on the Snake river, a mile below the mouth of the Powder river, and located where the town of Robinette now stands. It lies on the Huntington branch of the Oregon Short Line. Robinette is a thriving little town of only two years' growth. It was platted and founded by Mr. Robinette and is destined to become a place of importance for it is the distributing point for an extensive surrounding territory that includes Eagle valley, Pine valley and Cornucopia. Throughout the period of his residence in Oregon Mr. Robinette has been engaged in placer mining, spending fifteen years on the Idaho side of Snake river at Stergill Bar during which time he was very successful. He still maintains his interest in that property.

On the 16th of July, 1883, at Elko, Nevada, James E. Robinette was united in marriage to Miss Eoa Lincoln, a daughter of David Lincoln of Nevada City, Missouri. They are the parents of four children, three sons and a daughter, all of whom are living, namely: Ruby, who became the wife of C. S. Summers of Richland, Baker county, August 27, 1904, and has four children, three sons and a daughter; Earl, born in 1888; Elbert, born July 31, 1890; and Amos, born January 1, 1893. The last three mentioned are at home.

In his political views James E. Robinette is democratic, supporting the party because of a firm belief in its principles. Public office however, has had no attraction for him as he has always preferred to concentrate his energies upon his mining interests, and he is among those who, in taking advantage of the natural resources of the state in this direction, are not only winning profit for themselves but also contributing to the development and progress of the district at large.

GEORGE W. TETHEROW is one of the early pioneers of Oregon and to him belongs the distinction of being one of the men who opened the first wagon road between Wilkins prairie and Portland in 1847. He is now the only remaining member of that pioneer band which was engaged in building for public use a highway between the points above named. He was born in Iowa, April 2, 1834, and is the son of David and Ruth (Southwood) Tetherow, to whom nine children were born.

Mr. Tetherow was reared in his parents' home and received his early education in the public schools. In company with his parents he came to Oregon in 1845, crossing the great plains with ox teams, and after a period of six months of continuous travel the family finally reached Oregon and settled at Hillsboro. He remainded under the parental roof until he was twenty-eight years of age and on November 19, 1861, he removed to Josephine county, where he took up a homestead of one hundred and sixty acres, which he later improved and afterward sold, and removed to Williams creek and there purchased a farm of one hundred and sixty acres, on which he has since continued to reside.

Mr. Tetherow was united in marriage on November 11, 1857, to Miss Elizabeth Miller, a native of Illinois, and to them nine children were born, John M., Mary, Joseph, Cynthia Araminta, Samuel L., Nancy G., Sarah Jane, Minnie M. and George W. Mr. Tetherow is a member of the democratic party and has always followed the standard of that political organization in its national and state campaigns. He is one of the highly respected citizens of Josephine county and his farm of one hundred and sixty acres located on Williams creek, is among the most highly developed and picturesque places of this portion of the state. He is known throughout the county to be a man who is always ready to lend his assistance to the advancement of any public interest seeking the improvement of his state and county. He is reliable in all his business transactions and as a pioneer citizen of Oregon he is highly esteemed as one of the most useful men of his adopted state.

FRIDOLIN DUTLI is the proprietor of the finest bakery in La Grande, and is one of the leading citizens of this community. He was born in Switzerland, December 3, 1869, a son of Max and Mary (Neff) Dutli. The father passed away in 1891, the mother surviving him and now making her home in her native land.

Fridolin Dutli was educated in the public schools of Switzerland until he attained the age of fifteen years. He then began life as a farmer, pursuing that vocation at home and then, for two years, busied himself with learning the baker's trade. He followed that business in his native country until he attained the age of twenty-one years and then emigrated to the new world and settled in Kansas, where he became a farmer. He remained on the farm which he purchased in that state for six years, then sold his land and went to Pueblo, Colorado, where again he engaged in the bakery business for a period of three years. He next removed to Cripple Creek, Colorado, and engaged in the same occupation for two years more, after which he removed to Arizona temporarily where he spent four months prospecting for the precious metals. Not meeting with the success which seemed to justify his remaining there he pressed on to Oregon and settled on a tract of government land near La Grande. He lived upon that land for four years and then purchased a bakery in the town, which is the largest and best of La Grande. Immediately on taking up his residence in the town he began to demonstrate his ability as a baker, a trade which he had thoroughly learned and in which he had wide experience, with the result that he has built up a flourishing and constantly increasing trade. His business, which is a valuable one, is not his main asset, however, as he owns valuable town property and three hundred and twenty acres of timber and farm land in the vicinity.

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GEORGE W. TETHEROW

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On the 14th of February, 1905, in La Grande, Mr. Dutli was married to Miss Barbara Bucher, a daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Anton Bucher, and they have one child, Walter. Mr. Dutli has not forgotten his many old friends and his mother in Switzerland and since coming to the United States has twice returned to the land of his nativity, making his first visit in 1900 and the second in 1910. He is independent in politics, preferring to support, regardless of party lines, such candidates as he deems best fitted for the office to which they aspire. He is a member of the Knights of Columbus and the Elks lodge, and is affiliated with the Catholic church. He has long been regarded as one of the most desirable citizens of his community and his business experiences have demonstrated his natural ability and the skill which he has acquired in handling business details of various lines, particularly that of conducting an up-to-date bakery. He has large acquaintance throughout the community and is held in high esteem by all who know him.

THOMAS WHITING. Eastern Oregon was settled by sturdy pioneers who came from different sections of the United States and, braving the dangers of primitive travel and the perils of sickness, opened up and developed a new land in America. The qualities, which made their work lasting and their activities useful, they have passed on to their sons, who are now the citizens of Oregon and active in the promotion of its progress and prosperity. One of the earliest settlers in Harney county was Thomas Whiting, whose life was conspicuous for its activity and usefulness in the early development of this region. He was born in Somerset county, Maine, May 25, 1836, and was a son of Mr. and Mrs. Bryce Whiting of that state. He received his early education in the public schools of Somerset county. He moved to California with his father in 1850 and after spending a year in that section of the country returned to Maine. In 1859 he and his father again went to California, where they engaged in business until 1874. In that year they moved to Oregon, making the journey by wagon, and arrived in the Harney valley October 14 of that year. They located on Rock Point, on the site where the town of Burns now stands. For the first winter they lived in a rude dugout with no conveniences other than a roof and a fireplace. On the 23d of March, in the following year, they located on the homestead which is now occupied by Thomas Whiting's son Schuyler, and here our subject spent his life cultivating the land and raising high-grade horses and cattle. His death occurred October 17, 1891. His wife survives him and is the oldest resident of Harney valley.

Thomas Whiting was married December 23, 1865, to Miss Ione McClintock, a native of Van Buren county, Michigan, where she was born February 8, 1847. She is a daughter of Sarah and John McClintock. Her mother removed to California in 1861, where she was joined by two of her daughters in 1863. Mr. and Mrs. Whiting were the parents of five children, Elizabeth, Schuyler, Frank, George and Ellen.

Schuyler Whiting was born in Nevada county, California, on August 14, 1868. He came to Oregon with his parents when he was six years of age. They made the journey with six horse teams and came direct to Harney valley, where they located on Silvies river, two miles north of the town of Burns, where the mother still resides. Schuyler Whiting received his early education under very primitive conditions. He received instruction from Mrs. Sally (Bates) Latham, who was the first teacher in the district. The school was held in a small stone building located on what was then known as Jim Shepherd's Knoll. Later the classes were removed into the building erected by Joe and Jim Baird which was called the Stone Mansion. Schuyler Whiting was one of a very small number of pupils and received such education as possible in an undeveloped country. He remained upon the homestead with his father who was engaged in stock-raising until the year 1877, when he purchased a small herd of horses, which were put up for sale upon the death of their owner, Jesse Cook, who had been killed by a team. His father during his life had been an extensive owner of high-grade horses. In 1879 Thomas Whiting had made a trade by which he became possessed of a blooded mare, which had been ridden by Sally Winnemuck, an Indian squaw, who had been a guide for the soldiers in this district. The mare was of Morgan breed and was the beginning of Schuyler Whiting's interest in the horse-raising business. At the time of Thomas Whiting's death in 1891 he and his son Schuyler together were running nearly four hundred head of high-grade stock, and many of the descendants of the Indian mare are in Schuyler Whiting's herd today.

Schuyler Whiting now gives most of his attention to the breeding of draft horses and in the past few years has won many blue ribbons for this grade of stock. He owns a ranch twenty miles north of Burns on a tributary of Emigrant creek and here he runs about two hundred head of high-grade horses. He puts them out to pasture during the summer and brings them down to the old homestead in the winter time. He has planted the acres surrounding the house principally to barley, and has been very successful in the cultivation of this grain winning in the year 1911 a blue ribbon for his threshed and unthreshed barley.

On the 12th of April, 1911, Mr. Whiting was married in Burns, Oregon, to Miss Leota Rentfro, who was born in Champaign, Illinois, February 26, 1893. She is a daughter of M. F. Rentfro, a prominent citizen of Effingham, Illinois. Mr. and Mrs. Whiting are the parents of a daughter, Carrol Elaine, born May 22, 1912. Mr. Whiting is a prominent member of the Independent Order of Odd Fellows and is well known in fraternal circles of this city. He is one of the most extensive ranchers and stockraisers in Harney county. He threshed in 1911 six thousand

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bushels of a high quality of grain and is constantly adding to his blooded horses. He is a progressive, prominent and successful man and his prosperity is founded on his industry, integrity and broad intelligence.

WILLIAM V. HURST. Western America is known as a country of forceful, active and energetic men. The settlers of the district are now for the most part in the second generation and the rugged strength, indomitable determination and vital ambition which the fathers put into the opening up of the new country the sons are now exhibiting in promoting its industries and developing its natural resources. William V. Hurst, owner of all the telephone lines in the Myrtle creek district, and associated with others in the ownership of the Riddle and Canyonville lines and is also proprietor of a general hardware store in Douglas county, is a native son of Oregon. The history of the foundation of his family in western America by his father is connected with the adventurous time of the opening of the California gold fields; it contains chapters filled with primitive and dangerous travel with ox teams along trails infested with Indians and made terrible by the raging cholera, and it ends with the settlement in Douglas county and the opening up of the great American northwest.

William V. Hurst was born near Oakland, Douglas county, Oregon, February 11, 1858. His parents were David and Margaret (Whistler) Hurst, the former a native of Baltimore, Maryland, and the latter of Ohio. The father crossed the plains to Oregon in 1847, driving an ox team, and located as a squatter on Calapooia creek, seven miles below Oakland and was one of the first settlers in what is now Douglas county, there being a few at Scottsburg. He subsequently took up a donation claim which he improved until 1849, when he went to California, urged by extravagant rumors of the wealth of the great gold fields of that region. After the discovery of a rich placer field made by a Mr. Ford, he and his companion, a Mr. Cox, were the first men to reach Ford bar. He spent some two years in the California gold fields and then returned to Douglas county, Oregon, where he became one of the best known men in the southern part of the state. He operated a feed yard in conjunction with his farm, which was located on the main artery in the southern part of Oregon. He owned the first threshing machine ever operated in this section of the country and probably the first machine in the state. For years he threshed all the grain in southern Oregon until his removal in 1876 to McMinnville, in order to give his children the advantage of a college education in that city. He was essentially a progressive man with a wonderful power for organizing and developing. He took a keen interest in educational affairs, believing that liberal knowledge was the best heritage he could leave to his children. He served for years as a member of the executive board of McMinnville College and was a dominant factor in the erection of the new college building. He himself contributed to the fund five thousand dollars and was personally responsible for many other subscriptions. Two of his sons, W. V. and David E., were educated in the new college, toward the erection of which their father had contributed so largely. The father of our subject was a stanch democrat politically and his opinions had great weight in the party councils. He absolutely refused to allow his name to be mentioned for any official position, although he was constantly being urged to become a candidate for the state legislature and for the office of county clerk. He removed to Salem in 1881 and in that city his death occurred three years later. His wife is still living and resides in Myrtle Creek. In the eighty-seventh year of her age she is still an active and well preserved woman and attends to all her own financial affairs.

William V. Hurst was reared at home and acquired his early education in the public schools of Oakland, later attending McMinnville College, from which institution he was graduated in 1882, with the degree of B. S. He spent the next two years in teaching school, later taking up the occupation of stationary engineer, with which he was identified for more than a quarter of a century. For several years he ran a boat on the Columbia river and in 1892 came to Myrtle Creek, where he now resides. He spent some time as a mechanical engineer for a mining company in this district, resigning this position January 1, 1909, when he established his present hardware business, which is today one of the largest and most important enterprises of its kind, being located south of Roseburg in Douglas county. His keen business instinct and power of organization have led him to become prominent in other industrial branches in this city. He owns and operates all the Myrtle creek district telephone lines, is part owner in the Riddle and Canyonville lines, and now has under his control the largest independent system in the state.

In March, 1882, Mr. Hurst was united in marriage to Miss Eva Coggans a daughter of George and Anna (Stewart) Coggans, the former at one time the proprietor of the St. Charles Hotel of Portland. He later engaged in the horse business and was massacred by the Indians in the eastern part of the state. Two of his companions died with him. The murderers were captured and brought to Willow Springs, where they paid the penalty of their crime by death. To Mr. and Mrs. Hurst were born four children, three of whom are now living: Lulu, the wife of Isadore Selig, of St. Marys, Idaho; Ninia, who married George W. Burnett, of Roseburg; and Zether, at home.

Mr. Hurst is a consistent democrat in his political views and has always been prominently identified with the public life of his section. He served for eight years as justice of the peace, first in Marion county and then in Myrtle Creek. He was city recorder of the latter city for two years and a prominent figure in local politics. He is a member of the Woodmen of the World and is identified with the Fraternal Brotherhood. His

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dominating personality, his power of leadership and his discriminating grasp of the details of a business situation make him today one of the leading citizens of Douglas county. There is hardly any line of commercial activity in which he is not actively interested and it is a significant fact that all of his many investments are made in local enterprises. He loves the west and believes in its future and is doing his utmost to promote its development and secure its prosperity.

IRBIN FINLEY SMITH DIVEN is one of the prominent business men of Vale, Oregon, and during the ten years of his residence in this city has gained success by reason of the honorable and upright policy which he has always maintained. He was born on the 1st of September, 1855, in Washington county, Arkansas, and is a son of Robert Macklin and Mary Jane (Killan) Diven, the former of Irish ancestry and the latter of Scotch descent. Their marriage occurred in Arkansas, May 29, 1852, and in that state the father followed general agricultural pursuits and specialized in the breeding and raising of high-grade stock. He was one of the most extensive landowners in Washington county, near Fayetteville, where the family had resided for many years. The grandfather of our subject was a slave owner but was a believer in the principles of abolition and before the Civil war had freed all his negroes. In 1860 the father of our subject sold his large interests in his native state and moved to Wise county, Texas, which was then on the frontier. He purchased land, farmed and raised cattle and horses in that section of the country until 1865, when he returned to Washington county, Arkansas, and followed the same occupations. He remained in his native state until 1870, crossing the plains to Oregon in that year. He drove teams to Nebraska City, where he sold his outfit and went on to San Francisco by rail, thence by steamer to Portland, Oregon, where he landed on the 1st of July, 1870. He bought a tract of land on Horse Heaven Ridge in Clackamas county and upon this carried on general farming for three years, disposing of his holdings in 1873 in order to remove to Baker county, in the eastern part of the state, where he located a homestead claim on Willow Creek. His land comprised one hundred and sixty acres, which he immediately began to improve and develop. He built the first rail fence in what is now Malheur county to inclose his property and there followed stock-raising and general farming for many years, selling out finally in 1898. He moved to Vale and purchased city property, erected a home for himself and his wife and here he has since resided. He has passed his eightieth year and his wife is eighty-two years old. They are in the best of health, hale and hearty, and are highly respected and esteemed by all who know them. They became the parents of ten children: John Wesley, who was born in August, 1853, and died in 1855; Irbin F. S., the subject of this review; James Josephus, who was born in 1857 and died about 1868; Ambrose Preston, whose birth occurred in 1859; William Lafayette, who was born in 1862 and died in infancy; Martha Jane, born in 1864, who died at the age of thirteen years; Elizabeth, whose natal year was 1866 and who has also passed away; Ewen Wilson, who was born in 1869 and died at the age of five years; Thomas Alfred, whose birth occurred in 1872 and who has passed away; and Mary Macklin, who died in infancy. Of these Ambrose Preston is now residing in Chico, California, where he is engaged as a fruit-raiser. The father of our subject has been identified with much of the upbuilding and settlement of the western parts of America. During the Civil war he was for three years a Texas ranger, his duties being to protect the frontier against the depredations of the Comanche Indians. He is a democrat and still actively interested in public affairs. He is a member of the Cumberland Presbyterian church and is well known in the affairs of the Masonic order. He is altogether one of the representative and substantial citizens of Malheur county, well known as a pioneer and upbuilder.

Irbin F. S. Diven received his first education at home, studying with his mother during the time of the Civil war. When he reached the age of thirteen he attended the public schools in Washington county, Arkansas, and pursued his education after coming to Oregon in Clackamas and Malheur counties, the latter then a part of Baker county. When he laid aside his books he located a homestead claim of one hundred and sixty acres on Willow Creek, which he improved and developed along modern and progressive lines, specializing in the breeding and raising of high-grade cattle and horses. He later disposed of this property and bought a farm near Vale, which he also sold after a short time. He went to Dayton, Washington, and purchased farm land in that vicinity and also town property, which proved a profitable investment. When he returned to Vale he sold his farm and located in the village, where he erected a fine stone building and engaged in the general merchandise business, about the year 1902. He continued the conduct of this enterprise and met with well deserved success until July, 1906, when, in association with several of his friends, he formed a corporation called the Malheur Forwarding Company, of which he was made manager and this position he occupies at the present time. He has an enviable record as an enterprising, honorable and upright business man and is esteemed by a large and constantly growing circle of friends. He owns a comfortable and commodious residence in Vale and has invested extensively in town property.

On the 13th of February, 1879, on Willow creek, Mr. Diven was united in marriage to Miss Josephine Wisdom, a daughter of John L. Wisdom, farmer and stock-raiser of that section. Mrs. Diven is a second cousin to John W. and James T. Wisdom, representatives of one of the most prominent families in Baker county. She and her husband became the parents of eleven children, five of whom, four sons and one daughter, have passed away as follows: One who died in infancy;

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John Macklin, who was born August 24, 1881; Thomas, whose birth occurred October 30, 1890; a son, unnamed, whose natal day was February 9, 1895; and Wilmer, who was born February 4, 1904. The following named are those surviving. Hester, who was born August 4, 1883, married Patrick Johnson, who is engaged in agricultural pursuits near Vale. They have two daughters. James Irbin, whose birth occurred April 14, 1885, married Winnie Purcell, by whom he has one son. They reside in Vale. Lewis Vernon, whose natal day was January 18, 1887, is associated with his father in business in Vale. He was united in marriage to Jessie Blair and they have one son. Minnie, born January 3, 1889, is the wife of Frederick Ewart and they make their home in Lynn, Massachusetts. Harland is attending school and is also employed in his father's store. Ernest, who was born October 18, 1892, is employed as bookkeeper by the Malheur Forwarding Company.

In his political views Mr. Diven is a consistent democrat and served for two years as assessor of Baker county, holding the office before the time when Malheur county was formed. He is well known in the Independent Order of Odd Fellows, having held membership in Eliam Lodge, No. 31 until it surrendered its charter. He is also a member of the Chamber of Commerce of Vale and is interested in all phases of local growth and development. His success has been won by indefatigable and unwavering promotion of worthy principles in his business life and has been attained by hard work and industry. As a man of marked ability and shrewd discrimination, combined with high standards of conscientiousness, he is representative of the qualities which in every walk of life make a man respected and esteemed more for his character than for his financial success. He has attained the latter, however, and his prosperity is constantly increasing, guided as it is by business discrimination and judgment of a high order. All the relations of his life have been equally worthy and honorable and by reason of his conscientiousness in the performance of his duties and in the results he has effected he has attained a prosperity which is a public asset.

EPHRAIM OLIVER HALL is one of the successful and energetic real-estate men of Marshfield, in which city he maintains his residence and where he has established his prosperous business. He was born in Bradley, Penobscot county, Maine, November 22, 1835, and is a son of Oliver and Sallie (Oliver) Hall. His parents were both natives of the Pine Tree state, his father being of Scotch descent. To Mr. and Mrs. Oliver Hall eight children were born: Nancy, deceased, who was the widow of William J. Thompson, of Oakland, California; Sarah, Horace and Mary Jane, all deceased; Ephraim Oliver, who is the subject of this review; George, of Ceres, California; James, who lost his life in battle during the Civil war; and Mary Jane, the wife of Mr. Gloster, of Maine.

Ephraim O. Hall was reared in his father's home and received his early education in the public schools. He started in life for himself when but a boy of twelve years, at which time he was engaged in a sawmill plant in his native state but during that time he lived at home with his parents, who were in feeble health and whose circumstances were such that the earnings of their son were needed to assist in the support of their large family. He remained with his parents and continued to contribute to their support until he attained the age of twenty years, at which time he removed to California and in that state continued to reside for a period of twenty years, during which time he spent two years in mining, after which, in company with a partner in business, he was engaged in the sawmill industry for sixteen successive years. He and his partner owned at the same time a very large amount of live stock and, being unable to conduct their milling business during the winter season, they rented three and one-half sections of land, upon which they ranged their cattle and conducted agricultural interests on a large scale in the San Joaquin valley. Later Mr. Hall sold his interest in the milling business to his partner and confined himself entirely to the operations of ranching and farming for a period of nine years, after which he entered into the contract logging business for two years. He afterward removed to Idaho and in that state built a sawmill plant for a mining company and was connected with that concern for three seasons, after which he was sent by a lumber company to Coos bay to operate a small mill for them and continued in their employ at that work for a period of ten years. He became also one of the principal stockholders of that sawmill plant. The concern later closed out its affairs, since which time Mr. Hall has been engaged in the real-estate business in Marshfield, where he owns his beautiful home located just outside of the city limits. His residence is built upon a fine site overlooking the bay. All of his other property holdings he has now disposed of, retaining only his residence and real-estate business, and to the interests of his business and his home he is giving his entire attention.

Mr. Hall was united in marriage to Miss Mary E. Dayton, a daughter of Ransom and Priscilla Dayton. In her father's family were four children: Mary E., who became the wife of the subject of this review; Calvin, of California; Delia, now the wife of Dan McCoy, of Stockton, California; and one child who died in infancy. To Mr. and Mrs. Hall nine children were born: Clara Adelia, deceased; Oliver J., of Los Angeles, California; William E., who has passed away; Sadie May, now the wife of William Richard, of Marshfield; Ida Bell, who became the wife of Walter Spade, of Marshfield, and has two children, Bessie and Eugene; Charles H., living in California, who is married and has two children, Alton and Agnes; Ransom D., of Coos Bay, Oregon, who is married and has one child, May; George H., of Oakland, Cal-

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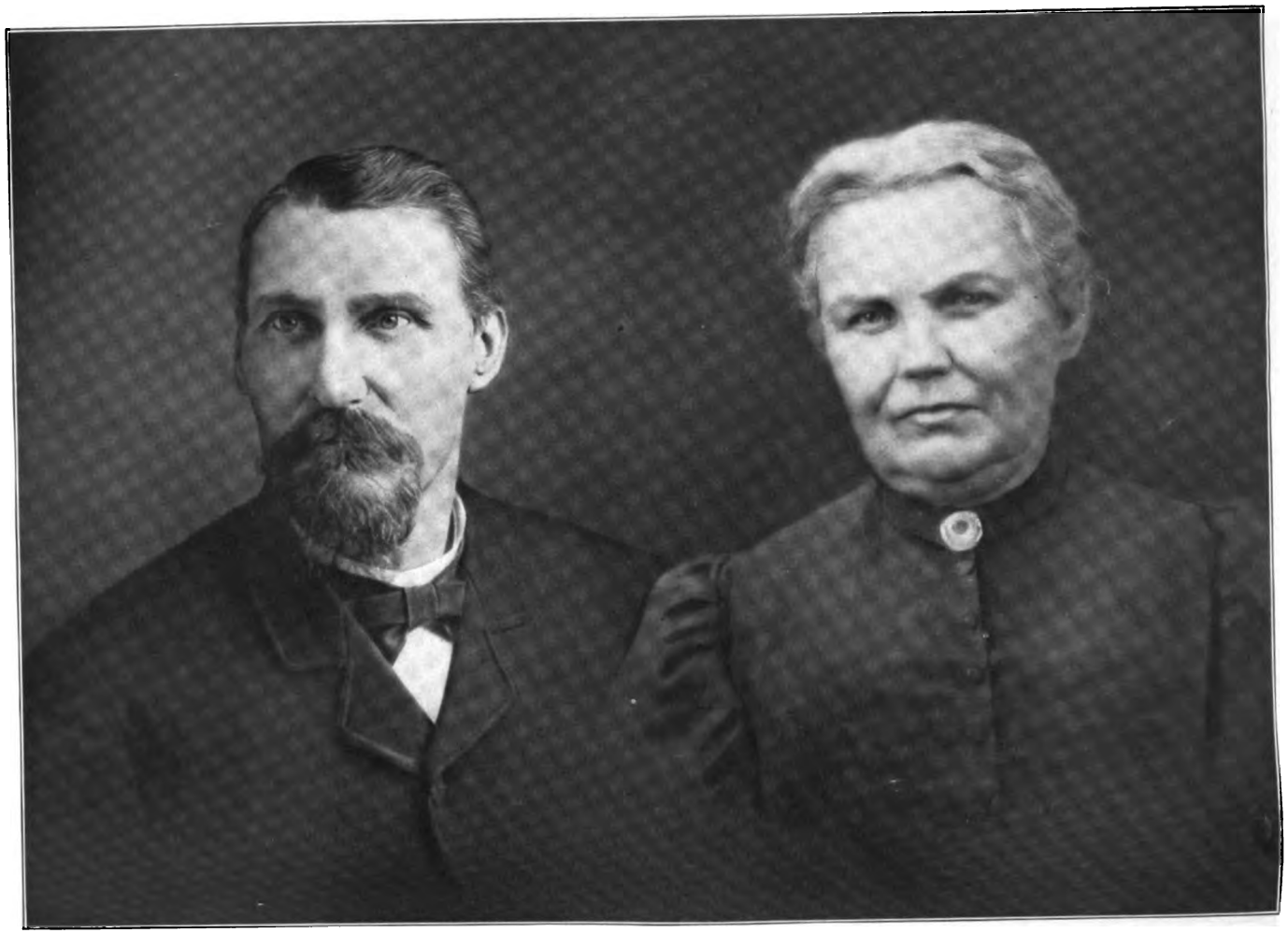

MR. AND MRS. E. O. HALL

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ifornia; and Newton B., also of California. The mother of this family passed away on the 1st of April, 1906.

Mr. Hall is a republican in politics but aside from whatever political activity is required in the building up of the interests of his immediate locality, he is not especially concerned in public affairs, and he has never been a seeker of public office. He is a member of the Independent Order of Odd Fellows, to which fraternal society he has belonged since 1863. Mr. Hall and his family are members of the Methodist Episcopal church of Marshfield. He is a highly respected and useful citizen of the community in which he lives and a man of industrious and frugal habits of life who is vitally interested in every public measure seeking the educational advancement and moral uplift of the people of his county and state. Among all his friends and acquaintances he is known to be a man of business integrity and in all transactions and intercourse he is reliable and just.

GEORGE W. PORTER resides upon and gives his personal supervision to an excellent farm property at John Day, in Grant county. He is a well known and highly respected resident of his community and since locating here has given much attention to stock-raising. He was born in Dixmont, Maine, December 31, 1832, a son of Benjamin and Lavina (Corthell) Porter, who were also natives of that place, as was the grandfather, Isaiah Porter. The father was a soldier in the War of 1812 and in days of peace devoted his attention to general farming.

George W. Porter was reared in the place of his nativity and is indebted to its public-school system for the educational privileges that he enjoyed. In early manhood—on April 17, 1856—he wedded Caroline A. Prentiss, of Troy, Maine, a daughter of Samuel and Deborah (Wing) Prentiss, natives of China, Maine. Following his marriage Mr. Porter engaged in farming, continuing his residence in the Pine Tree state until 1871, when he started for Oregon, crossing the continent to San Francisco and the next morning taking a boat at the Golden Gate for Portland. He thence proceeded to The Dalles by train and by stage to John Day, where lived Mrs. Porter's sister and her husband, Theodore Thompson. The last named was born in Maine in 1819 and in 1845 married Lucinda Prentiss. In 1849 he went to California and in 1850 returned by ship around Cape Horn with his wife. Following their arrival on the Pacific coast they conducted a boarding house at Marysville, California, Mrs. Thompson being one of the first women in the mines of that district. In 1853 or 1854 they returned to New England, remaining until 1864, when they again left Maine for Oregon. After a few months spent in Portland they came to John Day but remained only a short time and then went to Marysville, California. Mr. Thompson was seriously injured in a mining accident and in 1873 he bought back from H. S. Gilbert the property which he had previously owned and which is now the homestead of Mr. and Mrs. Porter. Upon this place Mr. Thompson died August 30, 1874. Mrs. Thompson remained thereon until her death January 18, 1890. She willed the estate to her sister, since which time Mr. and Mrs. Porter have lived thereon save for a brief period spent at Drewsey, Oregon. For a number of years Mr. Porter engaged in the sheep industry but has given the greater part of his time to raising cattle.

Unto Mr. and Mrs. Porter have been born four children: Frances H., the widow of William Geyger; Edith F., who is now Mrs. William Wiley, of Dayville, Oregon; Leslie A., residing on the home place; and Mrs. Mary A. Morgan. The parents are spoken of in terms of high regard wherever known. They have traveled life's journey together for fifty-six years. Mrs. Porter is still wonderfully preserved both physically and mentally but Mr. Porter's health is not as good as formerly. Both have gained many friends during their residence in Oregon and well merit the esteem which is uniformly tendered them.

Leslie A. Porter was born in Dixmont, Maine, June 1, 1866, but was educated in the John Day district, where he has practically spent his entire life on the old homestead. He was married December 25, 1894, to Mary Kelly, who was born in the house erected by Joaquin Miller in Canyon City in 1870, her parents being James and Catherine Kelly, who were pioneers of the Canyon City district and were natives of Ireland. Mr. and Mrs. Leslie Porter have had four children, Catherine Annie, Mollie Augusta, Doris Agnes, and one who died in infancy. Leslie Porter is serving on the school board and is a stalwart champion of the cause of education. He is engaged principally in stock-raising and gives his supervision to eight hundred acres of land. He has sixty acres of very fine land in the valley and his range affords good pasturage for his stock. His creditable record adds new lustre to the untarnished family name.

JOSEPH C. HAYES is the well known and universally trusted sheriff of Morrow county, this state. His birth occurred in Lane county, Oregon, on the 4th of July, 1857, his parents being William J. and Sarah (Kapheart) Hayes. The father crossed the plains to Oregon in 1852, and the mother with her parents in 1853. Both the Hayes and Kapheart families located in Lane county, where Mr. and Mrs. Hayes were united in marriage and continued to live during the remainder of their lives. Both are now deceased, having passed away many years ago.

Joseph C. Hayes was reared in his father's home; educated in the public schools of Lane county and remained under the parental roof until he was eighteen years of age. At that time he engaged in the sheep business in Douglas county, where he continued to give attention to that industry until 1877, and then removed to Heppner, Morrow county, where he purchased a suitable ranch property and established himself in the sheep business, in which he continued until 1910. He was

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elected sheriff of Morrow county that year and has since discharged the duties of that office.

On the 31st of January, 1884, Mr. Hayes was united in marriage to Miss Mary Hays, the daughter of R. B. and Lucy Hays. To Mr. and Mrs. Joseph C. Hayes three children have been born: Olin, who is engaged in caring for the interests of his father's ranch; and Elra and Neva, both students in the public school.

Mr. Hayes is affiliated with the democratic party and in fraternal circles is known as past grand of Willow Lodge, No. 166, I. O. O. F. He is in every way qualified to hold the responsible office to which he has been elected. He is one of the well known and highly respected citizens of his portion of the state and in his business ventures he has been successful and is recognized among his associates as a reliable and trustworthy citizen of his county. It is a notable fact that he was elected on the democratic ticket by a majority of two hundred though the county is two-thirds republican.

WILLIAM COLEGROVE SAUNDERS is secretary of the Title and Trust Company of Portland. The northwest with its pulsing industrial activities is continually drawing to it men who recognize in its conditions the opportunities for the successful conduct of various business interests. Of this class William C. Saunders is a representative and has made for himself a most creditable position in financial circles here. He was born in Tioga county, Pennsylvania, September 19, 1876, and is a son of Thomas and Harriett (Colegrove) Saunders. The father was an attorney at law and in 1883 removed westward to Ramsey county, North Dakota, being the third white man to locate within its borders. He lived there until his death and was somewhat prominent in public affairs, serving at one time as county clerk.

William C. Saunders supplemented his public-school education by a course in the Massachusetts Institute of Technology of Boston. He was twenty-four years of age, when in 1900 he came to the Pacific northwest, settling first at Seattle, while two years later he came to Portland. He determined he would engage in business on his own account rather than remain in the employ of others and earnestly watched for an opportunity that would enable him to make a start. Following his arrival in Portland he became connected with the Security Abstract & Trust Company, which was later consolidated with the Portland Abstract & Trust Company, retaining the name of the former. This was effected August 31, 1903, and Mr. Saunders remained its secretary from the 29th of July, 1905, until the organization of the Title and Trust Company which was formed in 1908 with a paid-up capital of two hundred and fifty thousand dollars. This company purchased the complete title plants of The Title Guarantee & Trust Company and of the Security Abstract & Trust Company. These plants, in addition to a complete systematized record of all public documents pertaining to real estate on file in Multnomah county, include a vast amount of data necessary to the proper examination of titles such as affidavits, maps, plats, surveys and other matter pertaining to titles not of public record but obtained through private sources, the accumulation of over thirty years of active business and research and comprising as thorough and complete a title plant as can be found in the United States. A certificate of title, as issued by the Title and Trust Company, is the opinion of a corps of experienced land lawyers, based on an abstract and supplementary search of the public and private records of the company and backed by ample financial strength to make good any loss in case of error. It is the simplest known form of stating the exact condition of a title and the best safeguard against loss by reason of defective titles that a buyer or mortgagee can secure. On the face of the certificate its accuracy is guaranteed to the full amount of the value of the property or mortgage it covers. Its guarantee is secured and protected by all the assets of the company, amounting to more than a quarter of a million dollars, including a special deposit of fifty thousand dollars in the hands of the treasurer of the state of Oregon which fund is held in trust by the state and is not subject to other liabilities of the company so long as there remains any outstanding liability by reason of its certificate of title.

The making of a certificate of title necessitates first a search of all public records which may have any possible bearing upon the title, as well as any and all sources of private information in the exclusive possession of the Title and Trust Company. All this information is submitted to the law department where a thorough and exhaustive examination is made. All maps, plats, indices, records, surveys, affidavits, opinions, in short any and all facts or records in the possession of the company being open to the inspection of the examiner. defects, errors or irregularities if any are discovered, are quickly analyzed. Thus the definite condition of the title is determined. A certificate of title is then issued, setting forth the amount of the guarantee the company assumes; second, a statement showing in whom title is vested as it appears from the records; and third, a summary of incumbrances, defects or irregularities, if there are any.

A certificate of title has many advantages over an abstract. Its simplicity enables anyone who can read the English language to tell at a glance exactly how the title stands. The time required to prepare and issue a certificate of title is usually much less than is taken in making an abstract and having it examined. This is especially true in cases where the attorney returns the abstract with a letter containing a list of objections and requirements, for in many cases these can be satisfied from information in the possession of this company. In making subsequent transfers no reference need ever again be made to the abstract, the examination

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for the extension of the certificate of title beginning where the former certificate terminated. This enables transfers to be made in a fraction of the time required by the old method. The holder of the certificate of title knows that aside from the guarantee feature he has received the benefit of an examination by capable attorneys, men upon whose final judgment the company relies, who have been especially trained by years of experience for this particular class of work. The convenience of having a certificate of title, which may be folded and put away in an envelope with other papers, is appreciated by those who have handled many of the cumbersome abstracts formerly in use. The guarantee feature gives protection to the buyer or mortgagee that he can obtain in no other way. The seller also may feel safe in executing a warranty deed when he knows the title has been examined and a guaranteed certificate of title issued by the Title and Trust Company. Economy is still another advantage, as certificates are vastly cheaper in the long run.

The handling of titles by certificates is not experimental but is a strictly modern method which has either already supplanted the abstract or is rapidly doing so in most of the large cities of the country.

It is to this business that Mr. Saunders is now devoting his energies as secretary of the company, and his efforts along these lines have established him in a foremost position among successful business men and financiers of the northwest.

In 1906 Mr. Saunders was united in marriage to Miss Elona Carner, a daughter of Alonzo Carner of Kentucky, who now resides at Castle Rock, Washington. Mr. and Mrs. Saunders have one daughter, Lucille. His fraternal relations are with Willamette Lodge, No. 2, A. F. & A. M. and with Portland Chapter, No. 3, R. A. M. He also holds membership with the Sons of the American Revolution, and is also a member of the Commercial Club. He is classed with the enterprising, progressive men who are making history in the northwest and who are building along substantial lines, both in the interest of individual success and of public prosperity.

KENNETH WILLIAM McKENZIE, one of the proprietors of the leading pharmacy of Wallowa, has been treasurer of his city and is a man of wide and popular acquaintance. He was born in Summerville, Oregon, April 16, 1873, a son of Simon and Ella A. (Williams) McKenzie. The father, who was educated in Canada and reared in the drug business, removed to Kansas in 1870 and later came to Oregon, locating in Summerville, where he established himself in the drug trade. More extended mention is made of him elsewhere in this work.

Kenneth William McKenzie was educated in the public schools of Summerville, where he also attended high school for two years. He then entered Ray's College of Pharmacy at Portland and, taking a great interest in his studies, pursued them most assiduously and was graduated with honors in the class of 1905. After his graduation he was employed as a clerk in his father's store at Lostine until 1907. He then worked for one year as drug clerk in La Grande and then began business on his own account in Wallowa, where he has since remained. His store is recognized as the most beautiful as well as the best equipped pharmacy in the town.

Mr. McKenzie was married at Ilo, Idaho, October 6, 1908, to Miss Carrie T. Jarnagin, a daughter of G. H. and Hattie Jarnagin. By this union one child has been born, now sixteen months old. In his political faith Mr. McKenzie is a republican and he was elected city treasurer of Wallowa in 1909. He is a member of the Masonic fraternity, his membership being in Stanley Lodge, No. 113, A. F. & A. M. He also belongs to the Knights of Pythias, Kinsman Lodge, No. 87, of which he is commander. He is a member of the Methodist Episcopal church, being among its most efficient workers. Among the business men of Wallowa there are few if any who have met with better success or who have established a more desirable reputation than has Mr. McKenzie. His trade, which is most satisfactory, is growing year by year as the population increases and as his pharmacy becomes better known throughout the surrounding country. He takes an active interest in civic, political and social affairs as well as conducts his business interests with great care, and his acquaintance, which is an extensive one, would be a compliment to any young business man.

HEMAN J. GEER. Conspicuous among the earlier pioneers of Oregon was Heman J. Geer, who with his father's family settled in this state in 1847. The father spent the remainder of his days here on a farm which he took up as government land at Butteville, near Champoeg. Heman J. Geer settled in Union county, and his last days were spent on a donation claim which he took up near Cove, passing away in 1904. He was the father of T. T. Geer, one of the governors of Oregon, also of Judd Geer, who for many years has been state fruit inspector. He was one of the first nurserymen in eastern Oregon and conducted a very successful business. Heman J. Geer was born in Zeno, Ohio, in 1828, and died in Oregon in 1904. He was a son of Joel Geer, a native of Connecticut, and of old colonial stock, representatives of the family still living in that state. The father removed to Ohio at an early day, being a pioneer of that state. Later he removed to Illinois in pioneer days and resided there for eight years, settling in Illinois at the time Harrison and Tyler were running for the office of president. In 1847 the family removed to Oregon, joining a wagon train composed of one hundred teams under Captain Palmer. The journey was made without any molestation by the Indians or any difficulty worthy of note, and the father settled at Butteville, near Champoeg, where he took up a donation claim upon which he remained during

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the rest of his life, pursuing the vocation of farming.

Heman J. Geer received a good education in the schools of Ohio and Illinois and remained under the parental roof until after he attained his majority. In 1864 he settled in Canyon City where for two years he followed the business of mining. Then, after spending two years there, he removed to Cove where he took up government land, and with the exception of two years spent in Walla Walla made his home near Cove, which remained his place of residence until his death.

Mr. Geer was married in young manhood to Miss Eliza Duncan, whose parents were among the earliest settlers of the state, coming here in 1864. She passed away February 5, 1901, aged sixty-two years. In the family of Mr. and Mrs. Geer were four children: T. T., the eldest, who was at one time governor of Oregon; Theodosia, now Mrs. Joseph Jaynes; Judd; and Blaine, who is now living in Walla Walla, Washington. Mr. Geer was always a stanch republican, and took an active interest in the political affairs of the day. He was appointed deputy sheriff in 1866 under his brother, Isaiah Geer, the first sheriff of Union county. The county at that time comprised a good deal more territory than it does at present and within its boundaries were many adventurers, miners of doubtful antecedents and desperadoes, making the sheriff's duties by no means a holiday affair. His tenure of office continued for more than a year and in the performance of his duties he was never found wanting.

JUDD GEER. The present efficient state fruit inspector for the fifth district, who has served in that capacity for thirteen years, his field covering thirty-five thousand square miles and comprising the counties of Umatilla, Union, Baker, Wallowa, Malheur, Grant and Harney, is Judd Geer, who has deputies in each of the counties in his district. He was born in February, 1868, on the homestead near Cove, a son of Heman J. and Eliza (Duncan) Geer. His boyhood days were there spent and he received a good education in the common schools of the neighborhood. Remaining under the parental roof until 1898, he then purchased a farm one mile north of Cove, and upon that has since made his home. He is there engaged in the nursery business, producing all sorts of fruit trees which find a ready market in eastern Oregon. He has long since been recognized as one of the authorities on nursery subjects and for the past thirteen years has been the state fruit inspector for the fifth district. He was brought up in the nursery business and, having given a great deal of time and attention to perfecting his knowledge of fruit tree propagation and fruit-growing, he has become extensively proficient in all branches of the nursery and fruit business. He reads a great deal and by visiting other nurseries and sections of the state keeps thoroughly abreast of the times. He considers the Cove district one of the finest fields for cherry-raising to be found in the west and such fruit is very conspicuous in all of the big fairs of the state.

Mr. Geer was married in December, 1888, to Miss Mary Holtby, a daughter of John and Henrietta (Conklin) Holtby, and a native of Rome, New York. Mrs. Geer was educated in the east, having been graduated from the Whitestown Seminary of Utica, New York, and after coming to Cove was for some time principal of its schools. Two children have been born unto Mr. and Mrs. Geer, Ada and Pauline, both of whom are yet at home. Mr. Geer fraternally is connected with the Elks, being a prominent member of that order. He stands very high in his community and on account of his conspicuous public connections is well known throughout eastern Oregon.

FOREST EDWARD LANG. For many years during the life of Mr. Lang he was associated with the development of the agricultural and business interests of Coos county. He was a highly respected and universally trusted man among the people with whom he came in business and social contact. Mr. Lang was born in Jones county, Iowa, in the year 1861, and was the son of Alexander and Eliza A. Lang, who were the parents of two children, the elder being Frank A. Lang, a resident of Monterey, California. He is married and has a family of six children, his business being that of a contractor.

Forest Edward Lang crossed the plains with his parents, who settled in this state in the early '60s. The family located in the Coos bay country and there he received his education in the public schools at Marshfield. Shortly after completing his common-school education he started for himself in the livery business and for a number of years afterward continued to give his attention to that enterprise. Later in life he was employed by the E. B. Dean Lumber Company, in which position he remained for eight or nine consecutive years. After retiring from his position in the office of the Dean Lumber Company he purchased the Coos Bay Steam Laundry, which he successfully operated for four years and then returned as an employe to the Dean Lumber Company and later, on account of failing health, went to California. Change of residence, however, did not bring the relief his family had hoped for and while in that state he passed away on November 9, 1899.

Mr. Lang was united in marriage to Miss Lydia Merchant, a native of Oregon and a daughter of C. H. and Mary L. (Gunn) Merchant. Her father was a native of New York and her mother of New Bedford, Connecticut, and they emigrated to this state in 1857. In their family were sixteen children: Mary A., the wife of Roland Desmond, of California; Sarah, deceased; Lydia, who married Forest E. Lang, of this review; W. A. T., of Marshfield; Robert H., of California; B. T., who resides in Oakland, California; Charles W., of Marshfield, Oregon; Francis, of Bandon, Oregon; Ella and Fannie J., deceased; John

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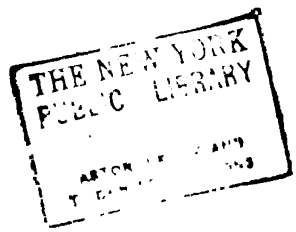

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FOREST E. LANG

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MRS. LYDIA G. LANG

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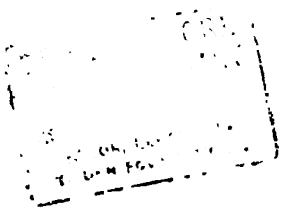

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E., of Marshfield; Etta May, deceased; March Lillie, the wife of Cramer Baltford, of Oakland, California; Albert F., a ranchman of Bandon, Oregon; James M., of Beaver Hill, Oregon; and Ruby, deceased. The father of this unusually large family died on July 28, 1907, but the mother is still living and resides with her son, B. T. Merchant, at Oakland, California. To Mr. and Mrs. Lang five children were born: Florence M., the wife of Harry Leslie, who is engaged in the grocery business in Portland; Maud, the wife of Leonard Mauzey, of Marshfield; Robert H. and Mabel A., both at home with their mother; and Frances I., who is attending school in Marshfield.

Mr Lang was a member of the republican party, loyally following the standards of that political organization in national and state campaigns but never desiring political preferment. In his religious views he was liberal, and fraternally was associated with the Fraternal Union of America. His widow and family now reside in Marshfield at No. 275 Seventh street, South. Mr. Lang during his life faithfully devoted his attention and gave freely his entire strength to the interests and comfort of his wife and children. He was a popular citizen of the community in which he lived and distinguished for his integrity of business life and upright moral character in his association with all classes of people with whom he came in contact.

WILSON J. WOODS is one of the leading and influential republicans in Baker county, Oregon, and has gained recognition in this section as a conscientious, high minded and able official. In these days of corruption it is pleasant to record his public service, which, during the seventeen years of its continuance, has been unmarred by any suspicion of evil, his energies and activities having been constantly directed to the service of the people without regard to personal ends. He is now serving his seventh term as justice of the peace and is also acting as recorder and police judge. Aside from his political activities he is also prominent in business circles of the county. He conducts a large ice and cold storage enterprise, is interested in a collection agency and deals extensively in real estate, specializing in mining and farming land, and in these directions is distinguished by the same honorable and upright qualities which mark his public life. Mr. Woods is a native of Ireland, but has been in America since he was fifteen years of age. He was born in the county of Londonderry on the 21st of June, 1856, and is a son of John and Elizabeth (Hayes) Woods, natives of the Emerald isle. Their marriage occurred in Ireland and they lived in that country until after the death of the mother of our subject. In 1871 John Woods came to the United States and located in Iowa where he dealt in stock, buying and selling high-grade horses and cattle. He was successful in this line of occupation and followed it until his death. He and his wife became the parents of nine children, three of whom are deceased. Francis is the oldest son and was born July 4, 1833, in Ireland. He is now living retired in Vail, Iowa, where for many years he followed general farming. William was born August 16, 1835, and grew to manhood and died in Ireland. Thomas was born September 28, 1837, grew to manhood and passed away in Iowa. John, whose birth occurred on December 26, 1839, lives in Clarence, Iowa. He is married and had two sons and three daughters, one of whom has passed away. For many years he engaged in general agricultural pursuits but is now living retired. Richard was born May 22, 1843, and makes his home in Baker, Oregon. He is a widower and has three children: Mrs. W. H. Ellis; Mrs. Charles Palmer and William J. who is a clerk in the employ of the American Brewing Company. Elizabeth Jane, whose birth occurred May 25, 1845, now makes her home with her brother Robert in Huntington. Robert was born June 19, 1849, and is now residing in Huntington. James was born on the 2d of October, 1851, and died in Baker, Oregon, in 1908, leaving a widow. His wife was in her maidenhood Miss Spillman. The youngest son born to this union is Wilson J. the subject of this review.

Wilson J. Woods was educated in the common schools of Ireland and pursued his studies in that country until he was fifteen years of age. After coming to the United States he entered the high school of Vail, Iowa, and followed the usual course. When he laid aside his books he engaged first in farming, operating a tract of land in Iowa in partnership with his brothers, for about five years. At the end of that time he became an independent agriculturist and specialized in the raising and breeding of high-grade stock. In 1883 accompanied by his brother Robert and his sister Elizabeth Jane, he started for Oregon, traveling to San Francisco by rail and thence to Portland by water. From Portland to Pendleton he again journeyed by rail and from Pendleton to Weatherby by stage. Fourteen days were spent upon the journey from Iowa to Oregon, which can now be accomplished in three days. Upon his arrival in Weatherby the two brothers engaged in the stock-raising business and carried on general farming upon Burnt river. There they remained until 1884, and were prosperous and successful in their various undertakings. In the meantime Mr. Woods had become interested in the general merchandise business, conducting a store of this character at Durkee, Oregon, in partnership with Joseph McKay. This enterprise was conducted until 1892, when our subject was appointed by President Harrison as postmaster of Durkee. He held this office for three or more years but was obliged to resign finally in order to give his entire attention to his rapidly growing stock-raising business on Snake river. His residence in Huntington dates from 1894, in which year he established himself in the general merchandise business in this city. He was successful for a short time but lost his entire fortune in a disastrous fire which occurred in 1895. In the fall of the same year Mr. Woods disposed of his stock and

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land and started in the ice and cold storage business with, which he has been identified, meeting with increasing success since that time. He is interested in other important commercial enterprises, conducting a collection agency and a large real-estate business in Huntington. Progressive ideas and an open and liberal mind combined with personal experience in business details are the basis of his success. He is a valuable addition to his community by reason of the standards of activity which he advocates and by high personal qualities of citizenship. His business affairs, however, form only one of his many interests. He is one of the most prominent and influential figures in local republican politics at the present time, having commenced his public career in 1898 when he was elected to the office of justice of the peace. He has now served for fourteen consecutive years and is in his seventh term. His field of activity is one of the most important precincts in Baker county and has a boundary of ten square miles. It includes the junction of the Oregon, Washington Railway & Navigation Railroad and the Oregon Short Line. It extends down the Snake river parallel with the Northwestern railroad. Owing to the number of transportation companies operating in this district many criminal cases have come before Mr. Woods for settlement and he has been connected with much litigation along this line. Only one of his cases has ever been appealed to the circuit court and in this instance his decision was sustained. He has been identified with many cases in which the parties to the dispute were bound over to appear before the grand jury and almost always that body has returned a true bill. While Mr. Woods was serving as justice of the peace he was appointed by the county court of Baker county during the administration of Judge Wallace Trevillion to the position of road supervisor for part of district 16 and all of districts 17 and 18, covering an entire tract of land about forty-two miles long. While Mr. Woods held this office Union and Baker counties were divided and the Panhandle of Union county was attached to Baker. He superintended and planned the construction of the portion of the bridge at the mouth of the Powder river for which the citizens of Baker county were responsible. He also did a large amount of work in road construction and improvement in the Snake river district changing an undeveloped pack trail into a modern thoroughfare. At many places it was necessary to blast the rocks in order to widen the road and the enterprise was altogether a remarkable feat in engineering. Mr. Woods is also serving at the present time as city recorder for Huntington and this office embodies the duties of city clerk and police judge.

Our subject has been twice married. On the 5th of December, 1878, he wedded Miss Esther Angeline Archard of Marshall county, Iowa, a daughter of Rufus Hayes Archard, a prominent farmer and general merchant in that city. For several years he served as county commissioner and was representative of the highest standards of political and commercial morality. His wife was in her maidenhood Miss Angeline Simmons. They became the parents of seven children. Three sons and one daughter are now teaching school and another son is a principal in the public schools at Sioux City. After the death of his first wife Rufus Archard married again and by his second wife had two children. His son is now residing in North Dakota and his daughter in Fremont, Nebraska.

Mr. Woods' first wife passed away in Huntington in August, 1895. She and her husband were the parents of five children. Bertie died in infancy. Walter Eward was born on the 15th of October, 1882, and was educated in the Baker county schools. He married when he was twenty-two years of age Miss Curue, who has passed away. He made his home for many years in Portland and is now engaged in the mercantile business in Huntington. Della was born December 6, 1884, and for the past four years has been a bookkeeper for the Portland Tool Works Company. Josephine May was born on the 10th of June, 1887. She married R. C. Mack, who was formerly engaged in the drug business but who is now in the employ of a local railroad. The youngest son born to Mr. Woods by his first wife is Wilson Archard, whose birth occurred December 31, 1892. He was educated in the public schools of Huntington and is now active in the mercantile business in that city. Mr. Woods second union was with Miss Libby Hope, a daughter of William and Elizabeth Hope of Minnesota. Mrs. Woods is the third in a family of six children. The second child born to Mr. and Mrs. William Hope is William, who lives in Washington where he carries on general farming. Harry is a member of the police force in La Grande. He has been twice married and had two children by his first wife. Margaret married William Huddleston, a retired farmer and stockman of Frontenac, Minnesota. Mary married M. H. Williams, a capitalist of North Yakima, Washington. Emma became the wife of Perry Owens, who carries on general farming in Wallowa county, Oregon. They have three sons and two daughters.

Fraternally Mr. Woods belonged to the Queen City Lodge, of Baker, Oregon, Woodmen of the World at Baker, Oregon, but later transferred his membership to Huntington Lodge, Camp No. 120, Circle No. 213. He has been identified with this organization for the past twenty-two years. He also holds membership in Baker City Lodge, No. 978, Loyal Order of Moose, of which body he is a charter member. He is today one of the most representative, enterprising and substantial business men and politicians in Baker county. He is interested in local growth and development and does his utmost to promote the progress, upbuilding and expansion of the community in which he resides. He was for a long time president of the Commercial League of Huntington and although he has resigned this position has virtually charge of its duties, since he attends to all the correspondence relating to business of this kind. His ice and cold stor-

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age enterprise is expanding rapidly, his business amounting to twenty-five or thirty thousand dollars annually. All his ice is cut and shipped from the North Powder river about ninety miles from Huntington and several hundred tons are disposed of each year. He is an able, consistent and thoroughly upright business man and upon these qualities, combined with his industry and discrimination, he has founded a gratifying commercial prosperity. He is also a true type of the modern public official, shrewd and keen, with a knowledge of values, and appreciation of changing conditions and an ability to cope with the difficulties of modern political life. He is liberal and broad minded, anxious for his own rights and careful of those of others but unquestioned in his integrity and honorable in all his methods which are the basis of a distinct and substantial prosperity.

JAMES DANIEL LAIRD. From the age of fourteen years, dependent upon his own resources and recognizing the fact that honorable success is the outcome of unfaltering industry and perseverance, James Daniel Laird, as the years have gone by, has gradually worked his way upward and is today the owner of a valuable farm property. He is also owner of stage lines and in short is one of the prominent and well known men of his community. He was born April 8, 1859, a son of James Laird, who was numbered among the early settlers of the Brewster valley. After the Coos Bay wagon road was washed out by a flood the father helped maintain the road and the mail service. Throughout his entire life he was actively interested in public welfare and devoted much energy to keeping Coos Bay in close connection with the outside world and the onward march of civilization.

James Daniel Laird, born in Utah, has ever been interested in the welfare and development of his community and has, like his father, taken an active part in its upbuilding. His early youth was spent upon the old home farm and when fourteen years of age he started out to earn his own living, being employed at farm labor until he was thirty years of age. He then purchased three hundred and seventy-nine acres of land, upon which he remained for two years. He later sold that property and for five years rented farms, after which he purchased his present place of one hundred and sixty acres, which was previously known as the William Fluke property and borders on the Coos Bay wagon road. He has practically made the place what it is today, adding thereto many improvements in the way of modern machinery and substantial buildings. He has an attractive home and ample barns and outbuildings for the shelter of grain and stock. In 1902 he purchased a stage line operating from his home to Marshfield, which he conducted for one year with the mail contract and which he then sold. In 1909, he again bought the line, took the mail contract and has operated it for the past three years. He has made his home a stage station, and there cares for the travelers on the line. He has in addition been employed by the Western Union Telegraph Company in keeping up the telegraph line between Roseburg and Marshfield for the past twenty-one years. A telegraph station is maintained in his home, his wife acting as operator.

On the 2d of June, 1881, James Daniel Laird was united in marriage to Miss Nancy Belle Harry, his stepsister, and to them have been born nine children. Binger Herman, born October 9, 1882, resides at Roseburg with his wife and daughter Gertrude. Ethel, born October 6, 1884, is at home. Eva, born July 3, 1886, is learning telegraphy and telephone operating. Mildred, born February 9, 1892, lives with her parents. Ivan C., born July 22, 1894, is the only boy in the state of Oregon who completed the eighth grade before reaching the age of sixteen years with the record of never missing school a day from the time when he started. Clifford, born July 14, 1901, and Otto Kenneth, born June 2, 1904, attend school. Carl Elsworth, born December 15, 1908, is at home, and Jesse is deceased.

James Daniel Laird is a socialist but takes comparatively little interest in politics aside from casting his vote for the candidates whom he deems best qualified for office. The cause of education, however, finds in him a champion and for several terms he has served as school director and school clerk. For sixteen years he has held membership with the Ancient Order of United Workmen. He has a wide acquaintance throughout this part of the state and his well spent life and sterling traits of character have gained for him the warm regard and confidence of the community, and placed him among those who have contributed much to the improvement of this district.

JAMES H. McHALEY, vice president of the First National Bank of Heppner, Morrow county, is also interested in the First National Bank of Canyon City and is vice president of the Morrow Milling Company. Moreover, he is one of the extensive landowners of Grant county, where for nearly a quarter of a century he conducted large stock-raising interests. The importance of his business connections places him among the leading and representative citizens of his part of the state. His activities are of a character that contribute to public prosperity and the upbuilding of the different towns in which his interests center as well as to his individual success.

James H. McHaley was born in Salem, Oregon, July 13, 1845, a son of John and Sarah (Russell) McHaley. The father crossed the plains in 1843 and settled near Salem, in which city he afterward made his home. Both the father and mother of our subject have passed away. James H. McHaley pursued his education in the district schools of Marion county until he attained the age of thirteen years, after which he followed various occupations at different points in Oregon until 1879. In that year he settled in Grant county and engaged in the stock-raising busi-

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ness, with which he was connected for nearly twenty-five years, directing his interests in a manner that resulted in winning for him substantial success. While Mr. McHaley engaged in business in Grant county his family were residents of Heppner a portion of each year for fifteen years, this affording his daughter opportunity to attend school there. He may thus be regarded as a pioneer of both Morrow and Grant counties. He owns twenty-five hundred acres of land in Grant county but has practically retired from active business, although he is still financially interested in various enterprises, with which he also has official connection. He is a stockholder in the First National Bank of Canyon City and vice president of the First National Bank of Heppner and is also vice president and one of the directors of the Morrow Milling Company. In these connections his sound judgment constitutes a valuable element in successful management.

James H. McHaley was married in Marion county, Oregon, May 24, 1868, to Miss Mary D. Gibson, a daughter of Guyan and Sarah (Taylor) Gibson, both deceased, who were pioneers of Marion county, Oregon, and crossed the plains in 1850. To Mr. and Mrs. McHaley two children were born, Acel Angus and Dudley Dean, but both have passed away. They have an adopted daughter, Amy, who resides with them.

James H. McHaley is a prosperous, honorable and influential citizen of Morrow county, actively interested in affairs pertaining to the welfare and progress of this portion of the state. He is possessed of keen business discrimination and unusual ability. At the age of thirteen years—the time of his mother's death—he was left without a home or financial resources. He has since made his own way in the world, and entirely unaided, without friends and without money, started out to earn a living. Each step in his career has been a forward one and from one year to another he has advanced until he is today one of the wealthy residents of Morrow county. Moreover, he justly merits the American title of a self-made man, with all that the term implies concerning indefatigable industry and unassailable business integrity.

CHARLES DORA is the owner of a fine two hundred acre farm in Josephine county, near Merlin, and has one of the best peach orchards in the Rogue river valley, his fruit taking the first prize in the state fair. He was born in Canada, March 4, 1850, a son of Louis and Mary (Lebell) Dora, both natives of Canada.

Charles Dora, who is one of twelve children in his parents' family, after receiving a common-school education started out in life on his own account at the age of eighteen years, migrating to Reno, Nevada, in the vicinity of which he worked as a timber cutter for two years. He then removed to California and after working there in the sawmills for two years removed to Oregon and took up a homestead which he later sold. He afterward acquired two hundred acres of land in Josephine county and property in Merlin. He is now one of the recognized peach growers of the Rogue river valley.

Mr. Dora was married to Rhoda Chanler, now deceased, by whom he had one son, George. On July 1, 1899, he married Mrs. Julia Ann Every, who had three children by a former marriage, Queen, Richard and Allison. Mr. Dora is a republican, being one of the representative members of his party. He has long been one of the highly esteemed citizens of Josephine county, where he is known as being a business man of ability and a fruit-grower of unusual skill. All of his dealings are characterized by industry and fairness and he has a large number of close business and personal friends who greatly value their acquaintance with him.

DR. JOHN B. GREGORY is numbered among the younger members of the professional circles of Wallowa, but by close application and unremitting energy he has already won considerable prominence. He is careful and conscientious, making best use of the talents nature has given him, and he now stands among the more capable physicians of the city. His birth occurred in Alabama, on the 1st of December, 1886, his parents being John B. and Susan K. (Cain) Gregory, both of whom were natives of Alabama. The Gregory and Cain families have long been prominent throughout the south. John B. Gregory, Sr., was a minister in the Methodist Episcopal church and has filled various pulpits in the south for twenty-five years. His death occurred in Birmingham, in February, 1900, he having been pastor of the Methodist church of that city. Mrs. Gregory is still living and resides in Birmingham.

Dr. John B. Gregory was educated in the public schools and at the North Alabama Conference College, which is now known as the Birmingham College. Afterward, in 1903, he entered the Birmingham Medical College, from which institution he was graduated in the class of 1907. For about a year and a half after graduating he practiced in Birmingham, but in February, 1909, came to Oregon, locating at Wallowa. At that time his uncle, Dr. V. B. Gregory, was located in this city, and he associated himself with his uncle. In November, 1910, they erected and established the Wallowa Hospital which is one of the most valuable institutions of the city. In April of the next year Dr. V. B. Gregory left Wallowa and removed to Roswell, New Mexico, where he is now located. Since his uncle's removal from this city Dr. John B. Gregory has had full charge of the hospital work and has met with a success which attests his ability and his worth to Wallowa. In the intervening three years since coming to this city he has built up an extensive practice, and because of the professional ability which he exhibits he is recognized as one of the most able and capable practitioners in Wallowa valley.

April 1, 1911, Dr. Gregory was married to Miss Margaret Boner, a daughter of G. W. Boner, then a resident of Wallowa, and a

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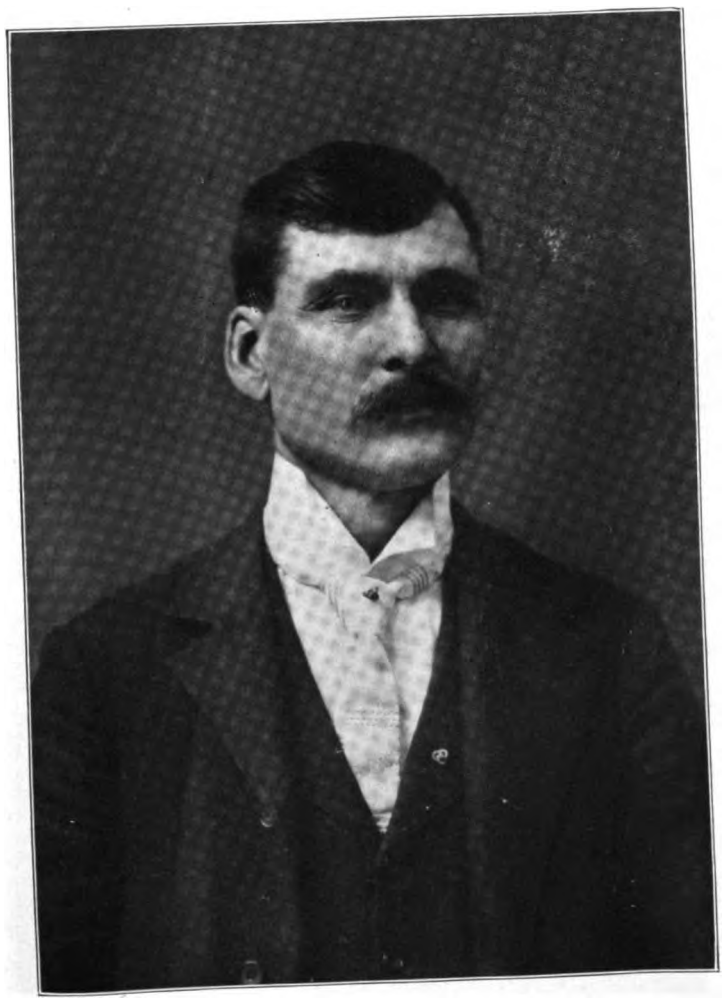

CHARLES DORA

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pioneer settler of the Wallowa valley. At present he is residing in Turlock, California.

In politics Dr. Gregory casts his vote with the democracy. He holds membership in Stanley Lodge, No. 113, of the Masonic order and both he and his wife are members of Jessica Chapter, Order of the Eastern Star. He is also a member of the Alabama State Medical Society, the Oregon State Medical Society, the Eastern Oregon District Medical Society and the American Medical Association. His work has already proven of vital importance to the profession and the honor and success he has won are well merited.

WILLIAM FARRE, who has the distinction of being the oldest land register in the employ of the United States government in the state of Oregon, was appointed to his present position in Burns, first in 1902, and was twice reappointed, in 1907 and 1911. He has proved himself capable and efficient in the handling of the many intricate affairs connected with his office and is well known throughout the state of Oregon as an honorable and upright man. He was born on the Isle of Lolland, Denmark, in December, 1863, and is a son of Valdemar and Cathrine (Joug) Farre, both natives of that country. His grandfather, Olavius Farre, served in the Danish army and witnessed the battle of Copenhagen, April 2, 1802. In his younger days he followed the sea and in this occupation his son, the father of our subject, also was engaged for some years of his life, and held the title of captain in his youth. He was later employed as a teacher in the service of the Danish government. His wife is still living in her native country.

William Farre was the second of a family of eight children and received his education in the public schools of Denmark. This he supplemented by a course in languages and mathematics under private tutors. He remained in his native land until he was twenty years of age and in 1883 crossed the Atlantic to America. He first settled in Providence, Rhode Island, where he remained for six months. In October, 1883, he settled in Oregon, locating in Wasco county, where he engaged in the cultivation of the soil and in various other occupations for some time. Subsequently he entered the mercantile business at Antelope and continued in this for several years. He interrupted his business at Antelope by a journey to South America but upon his return home again took up mercantile life and was employed as a bookkeeper. In this capacity he remained until 1891, when he removed to Grant county as assistant to M. A. Moody, who was the administrator of the Murray Brothers estate. Mr. Farre was active in this connection until the business relating to the administration was closed up. He continued his association with Mr. Moody for some time in the management of a tract of land which the latter had bought in this section. In 1897 Mr. Farre left the employ of Mr. Moody and went to Canyon City where he engaged in mining for several years. His next position was to become manager of the Hazeltine Company at Canyon City, where he remained until 1902, when he was appointed for the first time to his present position as register of the United States land office at Burns. He has continued in this position for ten years and his record as an able, systematic and skillful land register is without equal in this section of the country. He secured his reappointment in 1907 and continued the splendid work which he had begun. He was appointed again in 1911 and is now serving his third term. His work has been systematic and thorough and marked by a shrewd appreciation of western conditions.

October 24, 1895, Mr. Farre was united in marriage to Miss Sarah Cozad, a native of California. She is the daughter of T. J. Cozad, formerly a resident of Canyon City and one of the pioneer settlers of southern Oregon. Mr. and Mrs. Farre are the parents of one child, Sarah Kathrine.

William Farre is very prominent in the fraternal circles of Burns. He belongs to Burns Lodge, No. 97, A. F. & A. M., having been a Mason since 1889. He holds membership in the Royal Arch chapter at Canyon City and is a member of the A. O. U. W. in Burns, and also of the Knights of Pythias at Canyon City. He brings to the conduct of his affairs as a government official a highly trained and cultivated intellect, a mind capable of grasping details and of systematizing involved business. He has shown himself honorable and faithful in all the relations of his life.

RICHARD DANBY has been prominently engaged in the stock business in Grant county for many years and is now known as one of the representative and enterprising citizens of his section. He formerly engaged in general ranching and in the raising of all kinds of high-grade stock but is now specializing in the breeding of mules. He was born on the Isle of Corfu in the Mediterranean, in November, 1860, and is a son of Richard and Jane (Sweeney) Danby. His father was one of the prominent military men of his time. He was born in England in 1822 and began his army service at the age of twenty when he enlisted in the First East Norfolk Battalion of the Ninth Regiment and entered upon the term of service which lasted for twenty-four years. He served as a color sergeant during the Indian mutiny of 1845 to 1846 and was also conspicuous for his bravery in the Crimean war of 1854-56. The last five years of his service were spent on the staff of the Household Militia. He received a number of medals for personal courage as well as other decorations for the efficiency of his military service. He was shot many times but his last years, which he spent in California, were marred by his sufferings from his old Crimean wounds. In recognition of his brave and conspicuous service an exception was made in the English laws and he received his pension from the British government during his residence in the United States. He died in 1896 at the age of seventy-four years.

Richard Danby spent his boyhood days with the Ninth Regiment with which his

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father was identified and came to America with his parents. They located in Canada about 1869 but on account of the severe climate the father removed to California where Richard received his early education in the public schools. In 1888 he came to Oregon and located in the John Day valley where he engaged in stock-raising and general farming with much success. He is now located on the Luce homestead about two miles from John Day. His holdings are on the river and comprise five hundred acres of land which he uses principally as stock pastures and meadows. At one time during his career he engaged in general stock-raising and ran from three hundred to five hundred head of graded cattle and horses. He has, however, abandoned the general field of activity and is now specializing in the raising of mules. He has an expert knowledge of the details of his business and is constantly adding to it. He thoroughly understands everything connected with the breeding and care of stock and his success is founded upon thorough efficiency and intelligent and constant labor.

October 9, 1891, Mr. Danby was united in marriage to Miss Alma Luce, a daughter of William and Maria D. Luce. Mrs. Danby died May 10, 1910. Mr. Danby's ranch is now located on the old Luce homestead two miles from John Day and is one of the model stock farms of the district. Mr. Danby gives his political allegiance to the republican party but has never taken a very active part in public affairs. He belongs to the Independent Order of Odd Fellows but beyond this connection has no fraternal affiliations. His career has always been upright and honorable and in his business activities he has always been dominated by the memory of the true and courageous life of his father and by the constant endeavor to live up to the high standard set him in his youth.

JAMES GRANT is proprietor of a fine farm of two hundred acres located on the Coquille river in Coos county, Oregon, and also owns a quarter interest in another tract of three hundred acres. He is a native son of Oregon, born in Coos county, January 4, 1873. He is a son of O. J. and Roana Grant, the former a native of Michigan and the latter of Oregon. They were married in this state, whither the father had come in 1861, making the journey across the plains with ox teams. He settled in Coos county, where he later proved up a homestead claim of one hundred and sixty acres on the south fork of the Coquille river which was his home until his death in 1911. His wife died in 1879 and both are buried in Neal cemetery. They were the parents of three children: James, the subject of this sketch; and John and Zack, who are both residents of Coos county. After his first wife's death O. J. Grant was again married. His second wife was Miss Sarah C. Neal, a native of California, and to this union one son, Glenn, was born, who is now a resident of Coos county. The elder Mr. Grant's second wife died in 1897 and she also is buried in Neal cemetery. The father of our subject was during his life one of the prominent agriculturists of the settlement in which he resided and a well known figure in pioneer development. He was a democrat but paid very little attention to public affairs and never sought office. He was a prominent member of the Masonic fraternity, holding membership in the local lodge.

James Grant received his education in the public schools of Coos county and remained at home until he was nineteen years of age. During his childhood he assisted his father in the work of the farm and early gained a knowledge of general agriculture in all its aspects. When he was nineteen years of age he started working in the logging camps in the vicinity in which he lived and has followed this line of occupation at irregular intervals ever since. At the present time he owns two hundred acres of land on the Coquille river, to which he is giving his personal supervision. He also has a quarter interest in three hundred additional acres and this tract he is also cultivating. It is located on the south fork of the Coquille river, eleven miles above Myrtle Point, and is a fertile and productive tract.

In his political views James Grant is a republican and has served for some time as a member of the school board. He belongs to Myrtle Point Lodge, No. 150, I. O. O. F., and is well known in that organization. He brings to the public phases of his life the same energy and discriminating judgment which have made him a successful farmer, and he is well known in the county in which he resides as an enterprising, public-spirited and honorable man.

JOSEPH V. WILHELM, M. D., a member of the medical firm of Miller & Wilhelm, was born in Iowa, July 4, 1877, a son of J. L. and Mary (Crocker) Wilhelm, both of whom are now living at Mattoon, Illinois. The father was born in North Carolina, and the mother in Austria, their marriage occurring in Illinois. The father made a life business of agricultural pursuits but is now living retired. His family consisted of four children, the brother and sisters of our subject being as follows: Ora L., in the government service at Washington, D. C.; Daisy, who married G. W. Ellis; and Nannie, now Sister Mary Philippa, of Servite Order.

Dr. Joseph V. Wilhelm was educated in the public schools of Shelby county, Illinois, after which he took a commercial course at Austin College at Effingham, Illinois. After completing that course he took up educational work, teaching one year. He then became a stenographer in Chicago, where he worked for one year, and then followed the same vocation for one year in Mattoon, Illinois. He was next employed in the same capacity by the government in the navy department at Washington from 1903 until 1908. While in the government service he studied medicine at the George Washington University, at Washington, D. C., from which he was graduated in 1908. He then served as interne in the University Hospital of that city, coming from there in January, 1911, to Oregon, where he took the state medical examination at

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Portland on January 10. Passing a satisfactory examination he immediately settled in Condon and expects to make this his future field.

He was married at Washington, D. C., September 16, 1908, to Miss Florence Morrill, a daughter of Silas H. and Mary B. Morrill. The wife lived for only one year after her marriage, passing away October 9, 1909, at Seattle, Washington. Since Dr. Wilhelm settled in Condon he has by his skill in medical practice and by his ready faculty of forming and holding acquaintances built up a very satisfactory practice. He is popular in the professional circles of the community and enjoys a most enviable reputation in business and social circles.

WILLIAM J. MILLER, M. D., a member of the medical firm of Miller & Wilhelm, of Condon, Oregon, was born in Camden, Michigan, February 1, 1880, a son of Theodore and Louisa (Biery) Miller. The father was born in Ohio while the mother's native state is Michigan, where they were married. The father followed the drug business through the years of his business activity but is now living retired.

Dr. Miller was educated in the public and high schools of Angola, Indiana, to which place the family moved when he was four years of age. After finishing high school he entered the Tri State College at Angola, from which he was graduated in 1903 with the degree of B. S. He then took up the profession of school teaching and was engaged in that line in Indiana for three years. He next came to Oregon where he taught in Lane and Grant counties for two years, after which he entered the University of Oregon and was graduated from the medical department of that institution in 1910. He spent one year as interne in the Good Samaritan Hospital at Portland and then practiced at Seaside for several months. He then came to Condon where he entered into partnership with Dr. Joseph V. Wilhelm, under the firm name of Miller & Wilhelm. In his political views Dr. Miller is a republican and although he takes commendable interest in political matters as they effect the county, state and nation, he is not a politician in the ordinary sense of the term. Since coming to Condon he has become very popular as a medical practitioner and exhibits by the success which he has in his practice the thoroughness with which he studied medicine and the aptitude which he shows for his chosen life work. He is affable in his intercourse with those with whom he comes in contact, has made many close friends and has a large acquaintance. His standing in the community is second to none and he is universally respected both as a physician and citizen.

MRS. MARJORIE TROWBRIDGE, the wife of Bradford C. Trowbridge, of John Day, is a native of Banffshire, Scotland, where she was reared and educated. Early in life she decided to come to the United States and accordingly in 1868 crossed the Atlantic with the Hall brothers and continued her journey across the American continent to Oregon, where she settled in the John Day valley. She was possessed of the true western spirit and readily turned her attention to anything she could find to do, being capable to fit into any situation. One enterprise of which she made a particular success was the hotel business in Canyon City, with which she was prominently identified for many years. The hotel which she conducted was of such a character and was run on such hospitable lines that it became famous, and as its landlady she formed the acquaintance of most of the prominent men of the state of Oregon.

Mrs. Trowbridge was first married to John Herburger and by that union were born four children: Bradford C., of Bear Valley, who is a candidate for the office of sheriff; Margaret C., the wife of A. R. O'Brien, of Marshfield, Oregon, editor of the Evening Record; and John M. and Henry F., both ranchmen of Grant county. Her second marriage was with Bradford C. Trowbridge, of whom extended mention is made elsewhere in this work.

Mrs. Trowbridge is well known in Grant county, where she has a very large circle of close personal friends. She takes an active interest in social affairs of her community and is prominent among the pioneer residents of John Day valley. The executive ability which she has always possessed has served her in good stead not only when keeping a public house of entertainment but also in the conduct of her home. She is one of the remarkable women of the county and is held in high esteem by all who know her.

ULRIC S. DODGE. Prominent among the energetic, enterprising and successful business men of Portland is Ulric S. Dodge, secretary and manager of the Pacific Stove & Range Manufacturing Company. He was born at Shinglehouse, Pennsylvania, June 11, 1874, a son of George W. and Emma (Parmenter) Dodge. The father, who was born in the state of New York, is still living at Shinglehouse, where he has been engaged in merchandising for many years. He is well known in political circles there, is a stalwart advocate of republican principles and has been chosen by his fellow townsmen to represent his district in the Pennsylvania legislature. He is prominent in Masonry, having attained the Knight Templar degree of the York Rite, the thirty-second degree of the Scottish Rite and has also crossed the sands of the desert with the Nobles of the Mystic Shrine.

At the usual age Ulric S. Dodge began his education in the public schools and was also a high-school student at Olean, New York. Starting out in the business world on his own account, he was associated with his father in commercial undertakings for about twelve years but, believing that the far west offered better opportunities, he decided to come to Oregon in 1905 and soon after reaching the Pacific coast settled at Celilo, where he became superintendent of construction of the Celilo canal. He there remained for four years, at the end of which time he became identified with the movement that resulted in

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the organization of the Pacific Stove & Range Manufacturing Company of St. Johns, which was established and incorporated in February, 1909, with William G. Brown, president, J. H. Cook, vice president, and U. S. Dodge, secretary. These officers still continue in their respective positions and two years ago Mr. Dodge was made manager also. They erected their present plant at St. Johns, where they employ on an average of about twenty-five men. The output of their factory is sold to dealers in Oregon, Washington and Idaho. They were the first in the northwest to build steel ranges with the exception of the penitentiary at Salem. What the state needs is more manufactories and theirs is one of the active, aggressive business enterprises which is constituting a factor for prosperity of the community as well as a source of profit for the individual stockholders.

Ulric S. Dodge was married in 1897 to Miss Mary Neil, a daughter of M. Neil, of Dayton, Ohio. Fraternally he is connected with Sharon Lodge, No. 598, F. & A. M., of which he is a past master, and also with the Pennsylvania Consistory. He belongs to the Elks lodge at The Dalles. He is a self-made man, whose success is attributable entirely to his own labors, his keen perception, his business sagacity and his unfaltering industry. He is a splendid representative of that type of men who are the real builders of the state—men who are utilizing the natural advantages and the opportunities of the northwest in founding here a great commercial empire.

JOHN H. HALL has been mayor of Freewater since 1908. During his administration of this office his services and the measures he favored and enacted have been so vigorous and advantageous to the interests of the people as to give him the reputation of one of the most capable officials in this part of Oregon. He is a native of Tennessee, born February 26, 1876, and is a son of Samuel E. and Belle D. (Maden) Hall, natives of Washington county, Tennessee, where they still reside. The father is the owner of the old Hall homestead, an estate which has been in the Hall family continuously for three or four generations.

John H. Hall was reared at home and acquired his education in the public schools of Tennessee. In March, 1898, he removed to the state of Washington, locating in Walla Walla where he secured work for a short time on the ranch of Senator Cox. Subsequently he was made the agent of the Pacific Coast Elevator Company at Hadley and continued his relationship with that company for a period of two years. At the end of this time, having severed this connection, he removed to Freewater, accepting the position of manager of the Peacock Flouring Mills and continued to be so employed until the organization of the J. L. Elain bank of Freewater. He became general business manager of this financial institution which position he retained until failing health required a change of occupation and he accordingly resigned in the fall of 1907. After discontinuing his relation with the bank he became interested in the grocery business in this city and conducted a store for one year. He then exchanged this property for a body of desirable land near town and this transaction eventually led him to devote much of his time to buying, selling and exchanging real estate and dealing in farm lands and other real property in Umatilla and surrounding counties. He owns one hundred and sixty acres of highly improved fruit land, all of which is set out in select apple trees. It is one of the largest and most valuable apple orchards, individually owned, in the Walla Walla valley.

John H. Hall returned to Washington county, Tennessee, in May, 1902, where he married Miss Laura E. Hale, a native of that state. To Mr. and Mrs. Hall two children have been born, Herbert P. and Herald H.

John H. Hall is a republican and one of the leaders of his party in local affairs. In 1908 he was elected mayor of Freewater and in this capacity he has since served the public. His administrations have been distinguished for their aggressiveness and accomplishments in the material and moral interests of the people of Freewater. During his incumbency in this office an efficient system of public water works has been installed and an electric lighting plant established. He became the leader of a movement for the purification of public morals and proceeded in a way so vigorous and uncompromising as to result in the elimination of card and gaming tables and near-beer public drinking places. With their passing the undesirable element of the population disappeared and a new era of better and cleaner life dawned upon the city. Mayor Hall has received the unqualified approval and deep gratitude of the people interested in the betterment and uplift of moral standards.

John H. Hall is a member of the Methodist Episcopal church and Mrs. Hall adheres to the teachings of the Christian denomination. Both take a laudable interest in the religious life of the community. Mr. Hall manifests concern in the business development of Freewater by his membership in the Commercial Club of which he is treasurer. The beneficent principles of the Masonic craft have influenced his life's actions. He is a member of Milton Lodge, No. 84, A. F. & A. M.

John H. Hall's character and public work justly entitle him to rank high among the men of moral force of this state. In addition to services rendered the public in the conduct of city affairs, he can always be relied upon to follow or lead to successful issue any practical measure having for its object the moral uplift and betterment of the social life of his county.

JOHN J. CLINKINBEARD is one of the well known citizens of Coos River, Coos county, Oregon, where he is successfully engaged in the cultivation of a large farm of five hundred and fifty acres. He was born in Portland, Oregon, January 9, 1852, and is the son of James L. and Mary Ann (Holman) Clinkinbeard, the former a native of Kentucky and the latter of Missouri. The father emigrated to Oregon in 1846 and the mother

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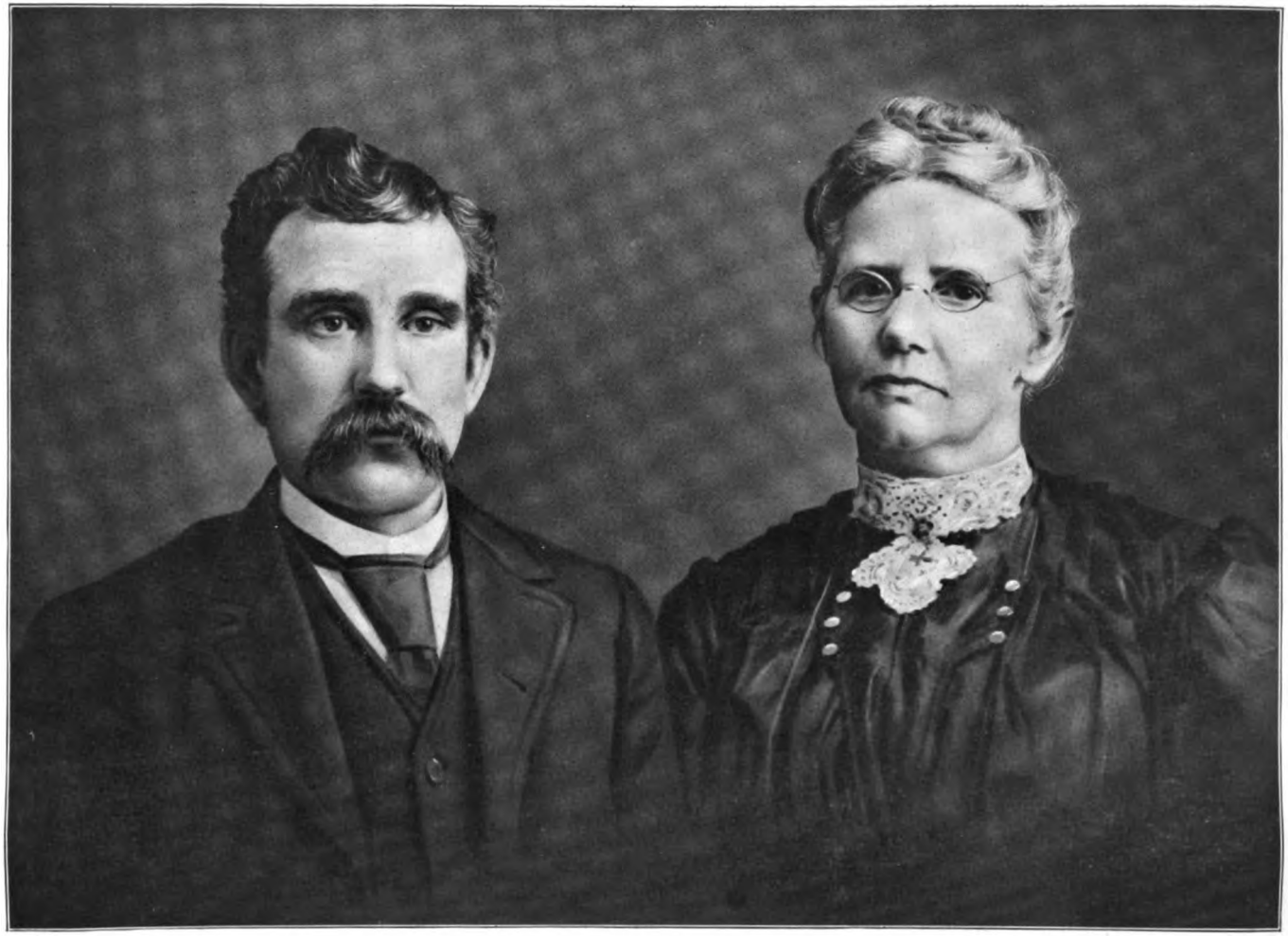

MR. AND MRS. J. J. CLINKINBEARD

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in 1845. Shortly after their marriage they removed to Portland and later in 1853 they established their home in Douglas county where the father was engaged in farming during all his life. The mother died February 4, 1879, and the father on the same day in 1897 at the age of seventy-six years. They were the parents of thirteen children, of whom ten are living: John J., of this review; Mrs. Sarah E. Piper of Coos county, Oregon; Viola E., the wife of W. S. Vanderburgh of San Francisco, California; Mary Ellen, who is the widow of E. W. Sprague, of San Francisco, California; Susan Warren, the widow of E. T. Woodruff of Douglas county, Oregon; Lavelle F., who married Clinton Newby, a resident of Roy, Washington; Perry Elsworth, a resident of Los Angeles, California; Alice O., who is engaged in school teaching in Roseburg, Oregon; James D., of Coos county, this state; and Lucy L., the wife of Morton Woodruff of Roseburg, Oregon.

John J. Clinkinbeard was reared in his parents' home and received his education at the Umpqua Academy at Wilbur, Oregon. He remained under the parental roof until he was twenty-one years of age and then took up work as a surveyor in the employ of the government. In 1880 he purchased eighty acres of land located on Daniel's creek in Coos county where he lived for fifteen years. In 1900 he purchased a farm of three hundred and twenty acres to which he has made additions until he and his wife are now joint owners of five hundred and fifty acres of highly developed land located on Daniel's creek.

Mr. Clinkinbeard was united in marriage August 29, 1875, to Miss Philura Vanderburgh, a native of Dubuque, Iowa, and a daughter of John K. and Emily (Collver) Vanderburgh. She completed her education in the Umpqua Academy and was engaged in teaching school for five years. Her parents came to Oregon in 1864, settling first on the Coos river in Coos county where they purchased land and there continued to live for many years. They later moved to Lane county where the father died in 1890, at the age of seventy-four years, and the mother died in 1896 at the age of eighty-two years. They were the parents of seven children, five of whom are yet living: W. S., of California; Philura, the wife of the subject of this review; Darius W., who resides in Florence, Lane county, Oregon; Charles, also a resident of Florence; Mrs. Charlotte Hawley, who resides in Post, Crook county, Oregon; Mrs. Carrie Linsley, who resided in Florence, Lane county, this state, and is now deceased; and Robert, who died at Forest Grove, Oregon.

To Mr. and Mrs. Clinkinbeard, six children have been born: George, born October 10, 1883, who has a high-school and business college education and resides at home; Anna D., born on May 15, 1885, who has a high-school education and is engaged in school teaching; Jay, born April 15, 1887, who is a graduate of the high school and resides at home; Karl S., who was born on February 17, 1889, and is a graduate of the high school; Ada, born January 3, 1891, who has a high-school education and resides at home; and Ralph, who was born February 18, 1893, and is a pupil in the high school.

Mr. Clinkinbeard is affiliated with the republican party and has been a member of the board of commissioners for Coos county. He has fraternal relations with the Masonic lodge and is a member of the Knight Templars. He is also a member of the Woodmen of the World. Mrs. Clinkinbeard and her family are members of the United Brethren church. John J. Clinkinbeard is one of the enterprising citizens of Coos county and a man who is held in high esteem by his friends and acquaintances throughout this portion of the state.

JACOB M. SCHMELTZER. Hood River is in many instances indebted to its more recently acquired citizens for a number of ably conducted business enterprises. Such a concern is the Hood River Abstract Company which was organized by Jacob M. Schmeltzer on the 1st of March, 1908, and which is located in the Heibronner building. Mr. Schmeltzer was born in Manteno, Illinois, on the 14th of August, 1878, his parents being J. Foster and Augusta (Elyea) Schmeltzer. The father's birth occurred in western Pennsylvania on the 11th of June, 1847, but at an early age he removed to Illinois where he has spent his active career largely in agricultural pursuits, and for the last twenty years followed the profession of civil engineer. The mother's death occurred when her son Jacob M. was but a child. To them four children were born: Louie, who died in infancy; Jonathan Lewis, who is residing in Manteno, Illinois; Jacob M., the subject of this sketch; and Mary Esther, who is the wife of Clayton Fletcher.

Jacob M. Schmeltzer received his education in the district school of Manteno and subsequently pursued a two years' course in the high school. After finishing his education he assisted his father on the home farm until he was about twenty-five years of age. Leaving home on the 19th of May, 1903, he set out for Oregon and arrived in Portland on the 21st of November, 1903. Instead of locating at once permanently he spent almost a year visiting various points of interest investigating the business opportunities of the state, but on the 4th of October, 1904, he took up his residence at Hood River. His first employment was with John Leland Henderson. After serving as assistant for a short time he purchased certain branches of the business and organized the Hood River Abstract Company. In addition to this business he also gives his personal supervision to a fruit ranch of which he is part owner, and which he has improved to a high degree, and is also considering the further development of another tract of almost wholly unimproved land of which he is the owner.

On the 21st of August, 1907, Mr. Schmeltzer was married to Miss Florence Lydia Sharpe, a native of London, England. Her parents never left their native land, and the father is still living there. To Mr. and

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Mrs. Schmeltzer one son, Jacob Stanley, has been born.

Mr. Schmeltzer casts his vote with the republican party, and in 1910 was elected to the office of county treasurer. He holds membership in the Independent Order of Odd Fellows and its various branches including the Rebekahs; in the Knights of Pythias, and in the Artisans. He also holds membership in the Presbyterian church. In the management of whatever he undertakes he is thorough and untiring in his efforts to forge to the front and win the success which is a certain reward of intelligent labor and untiring industry. His integrity and business ability are attested by the various positions of trust which he holds, and in social, fraternal and political circles he is highly esteemed.

HON. ABNER WEED. Few men of southern Oregon and northern California are more widely known than the Hon. Abner Weed because of his extensive land holdings, his important industrial interests and his prominence in political circles. He owns twenty-one thousand acres of land in one body in Klamath county, Oregon, devoted to the raising of hay and to grazing purposes. He has operated extensively along various lines in this section of the country and his value as a citizen is widely acknowledged. He was born in Dixmont, Penobscot county, Maine, September 18, 1842, the son of Abner and Sarah (Ryan) Weed, who were natives of the Pine Tree state and belonged to old families there. They spent their entire lives in Maine, the father following the occupation of farming.

Hon. Abner Weed, the youngest of a family of eight children, resided with his parents until 1863, when at the age of twenty-one years he enlisted for service in the Civil war. Up to that time he had lived the usual life of a farm boy, taking advantage of the educational opportunities offered by the common schools. Donning the nation's blue uniform he went to the front as a member of Company C, Eighth Maine Volunteer Infantry. He served with that command until the close of the war, two and one-half years later. He participated in the James river expedition under Butler and was serving under President Grant at the time of the surrender of Lee. He did provost guard duty in Virginia until 1866, mostly at Richmond, and was continuously in active service save for a period of three months spent at home on a furlough, following a sunstroke which incapacitated him for duty.

In 1866 Abner Weed returned home, remaining a resident of Maine until 1868. He then went to Iowa, where he lived for one year, and in 1869 made his way to California. He spent about twenty years in the Sierra Nevada country, mostly in the town of Truckee, logging and working in the winters during that period. He did some contract work and worked for wages also. In 1889 he removed to Siskiyou county, California, where he has since made his home. In that county he first operated a sawmill near Sisson. He made a steady advance in that business and became one of the most prominent lumbermen of the section. About seven years ago, however, he disposed of his interests there and has since engaged in dealing in land and cattle, owning now twenty-one thousand acres of land all in one body in Klamath county. He also has about eleven thousand acres in Siskiyou county, which is hay and grazing land and a part of which is mining property. Mr. Weed founded the town which bears his name—Weed, California—and there built a sawmill, a store, a box factory and a residence. He built twenty-three miles of the California & Northeastern Railroad, now owned by the Southern Pacific Company, and forming a part of the main line through Klamath Falls. In Contra Costa county, California, he owns a ranch of sixteen hundred acres. Thus he is one of the most extensive landholders in this section.

Abner Weed was married in Maine in 1865 to Miss Rachel C. Cunningham, a native of that state and a daughter of Chandler Cunningham. The children of this marriage are: Abbie C., the wife of Alexander Albee, who lives near Weed; E. C., who was born December 31, 1874, and died in February, 1911; Eleanor, who was born in 1878 and died at the age of three years; and Horace A., who resides upon his father's ranch, is married and has two children.

He is a republican and for your years filled the office of state senator in California, while for eight years he was supervisor at Siskiyou. His fellow townsmen recognize the fact that he is capable and public-spirited and desire his services in office, yet his ambition does not lead in that direction. Fraternally he is connected with the Independent Order of Odd Fellows, the Masons and the Elks. Whatever he undertakes he carries forward to successful completion and he is a man of sound judgment, progressive and determined, and possesses that rare perception which enables one to see the possibilities and opportunities of a situation.

JOHN B. NATTER, after many years of successful business life, is now living in his beautiful home in retirement at Heppner, this state. He was born in Austria, on the 27th of June, 1840, and is a son of Joseph Simon and Mary Marguerite Natter, both of whom passed away many years ago.

John B. Natter was educated in the public schools of Austria and at the age of fourteen he emigrated to the United States, making his first settlement in the new world at Galena, Illinois. In early life he acquired a thorough knowledge of the brewing business and while living in the state of Illinois was engaged in that industry for a period of five years. In the year 1859 he proceeded by way of the Isthmus of Panama to California, where he at once engaged in the pursuit of his vocation as a brewer and continued to be employed for five years in that occupation, after which he removed to the Boise Basin in Idaho, where he was engaged for some time in the mining industry. In 1868 he removed from that state to Portland, Oregon, where he remained for one year engaged at his trade and

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then removed to Albany, this state, where he continued to live for nine and a half years, during which time he was engaged in the brewing industry and later removed to Pendleton and at that place was in business for two successive years, after which he removed to California and was there engaged in the saloon business for one year. In 1882 he removed from California to Heppner in this state and established himself in the brewing business, in which he continued until 1902, when he retired permanently from business cares and is now enjoying a well earned rest after many years of successful business life. He is the vice president of the First National Bank of Heppner.

On the 22d of February, 1876, Mr. Natter was united in marriage to Miss Anna Matilda Minerd, at Seattle, Washington. To Mr. and Mrs. Natter two sons have been born, Joseph and Frank, both of whom are deceased. Our subject is affiliated with the republican party and for two years has served as councilman of Heppner. Fraternally he is identified with the Benevolent Protective Order of Elks, belonging to Lodge No. 358 of Heppner.

John B. Natter is one of the reliable and highly respected citizens of the county in which he lives and his business interests for many years having been so widely scattered along the Pacific coast, he was necessarily brought in contact in the ordinary course of his affairs with many of the representative business men of this state. He is known among his associates and acquaintances as a man of unquestionable integrity and unusual capabilities and as a safe and careful business man.

J. DILLON PLAMONDON, M. D. entered upon the active practice of medicine in Athena in 1900 and his success is based upon a thorough understanding of the scientific principles of his profession and varied experience in practice. He was born in Salem, Oregon, December 13, 1875, and is a son of Eugene and Mary A. (Scott) Plamondon. The father was born in the province of Quebec, Canada, and was of French ancestry. In the year 1849 he made his way westward to California by way of Cape Horn and subsequently came to Oregon. He acquired considerable property in Salem and there spent his last days, his death occurring when his son J. Dillon, of this review, was only three or four years of age. His wife, who was born in Ohio in 1850, accompanied her parents on the journey across the plains with ox teams in 1864. She is still living and makes her home in Portland. In her family were two children: Addie S., who is the wife of Henry Pape, of Salem; and J. Dillon.

J. Dillon Plamondon resided in Salem with his mother until 1898 and supplemented his public-school course by study in the academical department of the Willamette University, from which he was in due time graduated. Determining upon the practice of medicine as a life work, he matriculated in the medical department of Willamette University and there completed his course in 1898. He then spent one year as house surgeon in St. Vincent's Hospital at Portland and for another year was assistant surgeon for the Oregon Railway & Navigation Company in connection with the construction work which was then being carried on in eastern Washington. In 1900 he located in Athena for general practice and has here since been so engaged. His patronage has always been large and his work has been of an important character.

In 1901 Dr. Plamondon was united in marriage to Miss Areta Barrett, a native of Athena and a daughter of Senator C. A. Barrett. Their home is attractive by reason of its good cheer and its warm-hearted hospitality. Dr. Plamondon is republican in his political views and has served as mayor of Athena for three terms, his reelections coming to him in acknowledgment of his capable service and the confidence reposed in him by his fellow townsmen. He is strongly opposed to anything like misrule in political affairs and believes that public offices should be administered for the welfare of the great majority and not permeated by narrow partisanship. While he is active and loyal in all duties of citizenship, his attention is chiefly concentrated upon his professional work and he keeps in touch with advancement in this line through his membership in the Umatilla County and the Oregon State Medical Societies.

CLARENCE E. RUSSELL, one of the most prominent farmers, stock-raisers and dairymen in Coos county, Oregon, was born in Minnesota, February 27, 1872. He is a son of William and Lucinda Russell, the former a native of England and the latter of Kentucky. They were married in Illinois and lived in that state for some time before they moved to Minnesota, where they resided for twenty-one years. At the end of that time they moved to Iowa and after a short residence in that state went to Kansas, where the father followed farming with gratifying success until 1887. In that year he established his residence in Oregon, where he remained until 1907. He then moved to California, and is now living retired near Los Angeles. He fought through the Civil war and is now in the eighty-fifth year of his age. His wife passed away February 12, 1906.

Mr. Russell, of this review, is one of ten children born to his parents, eight of whom are still living. He received his education in the public schools of Minnesota and Kansas. He became acquainted in his early youth with the details of agriculture and has since followed this line of occupation. Since his marriage he has had charge of the estate of his deceased brother and has brought this property to a highly developed state. He owns a half interest in one hundred and thirty-seven acres of fertile and productive land located four miles from Myrtle Point on the south fork of the Coquille river. Mr. Russell does general farming and gives his personal attention to every department of his work. He specializes, however, in dairying and keeps a large herd of cows for this purpose. He raises his own stock and from

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his herd supplies his dairy and also breeds high-grade animals for the market.

In 1905 Mr. Russell was united in marriage to Miss Clara O'Brien, who was born in Indiana and came to Oregon with her parents in 1902. They settled in Myrtle Point and are still residing in that city. Mrs. Russell was the only child born to her parents and remained at home until her marriage. She and her husband are the parents of three children: Eugene, born in 1907; Lucinda, whose birth occurred in 1909; and William E., born in 1910.

Mr. Russell is a republican in his political belief but the attention which he gives to his farm prevents his taking an active part in public affairs. He and his family affiliate with the Presybterian church. He is reckoned among the prosperous and successful farmers in Coos county and is a respesentative of the modern school of agriculture. His labors have been continuously constructive and have had practical results. He understands the elements of farming and upon his detailed efficiency has built his success.

STURDIVANT BROTHERS. The stock-raising and dairying firm of Sturdivant Brothers is formed by the partnership of Malcolm E. and Charles B. Sturdivant, who own and operate eighteen hundred and forty acres of land about three miles northwest of Ukiah, Umatilla county, where they raise large numbers of cattle and horses and conduct a dairy of about twenty-five cows. Their parents, Robert and Rebecca Jane (Manlove) Sturdivant are given more extended mention elsewhere in this work in the biographical review introduced by the name of Joel W. Sturdivant.

Charles B. Sturdivant, the senior member of the firm of Sturdivant Brothers, was born in Dinwiddie county, Virginia, February 5, 1852, while Malcolm E. Sturdivant, the junior member of the firm, was born at the same place, April 5, 1859. The brothers received a meager education, as school facilities in Virginia during the Civil war were extremely limited if not practically abolished, and while in the frontier country to which the family removed later only a three months' term of school each year was held. In 1870 the brothers came with their parents to California, where the family located in Lake county. Charles B. Sturdivant, the elder brother, began farming on his own account at the age of eighteen years and about seven years later was joined by his brother, Malcolm E. Sturdivant, in a partnership relation and since that time the two brothers have conducted their business as the firm of Sturdivant Brothers. In 1880 they came to Oregon, spending the first winter after their arrival near Athena, in Umatilla county. In the spring of 1881 they went to the Camas valley, where each homesteaded a quarter section of land, three miles northwest of where Ukiah now stands. Upon this land and other tracts which they have acquired they have since made their home. Shortly after the brothers took up their homesteads the mother homesteaded one hundred and sixty acres and the brothers took up timber claims of one hundred and sixty acres each, and subsequently purchased one hundred and sixty acres from an aunt and eight hundred acres from others, making their total holdings in one body of land eighteen hundred acres. They also own a forty acre tract isolated from the main body and lying a short distance to the north. In their extensive horse and cattle raising they range their stock on the Umatilla national forest reserve as well as occupying the land which they own and their operations are so extensive that they are among the most important stockmen of the county. They are conducting a dairy in connection with their stock-raising, milking on an average about twenty-five cows. For four years, covering the period from 1898 to 1902, the brothers owned and operated a stage line from Ukiah to Pendleton for their own business accommodation.

Politically the Sturdivant Brothers are democrats and Charles B. Sturdivant served for about four years as justice of the peace and for about fifteen years as clerk of the school board, while his brother, Malcolm E. Sturdivant, served for about seven years as a member of the school board. Malcolm E. Sturdivant is a member of the United Artisans and the Woodmen of the World, while his brother is affiliated with the Mutual Artisans only. The Sturdivant brothers are among the most estimable business men of Umatilla county and have an extensive acquaintance in the community. They are energetic in the conduct of their business affairs, to which they pay the strictest attention, and their knowledge of stock handling has enabled them to achieve unusual success in a comparatively short time. Wherever known they are highly esteemed and are greatly respected by everyone in the community.

T. J. MACKIN. Associated with his brother, John R. Mackin, in business, T. J. Mackin owns a half interest in the fourteen hundred acre farm upon which the brothers reside, the old homestead of the father being included in the property which they now operate. He was born in Josephine county, July 29, 1860, a son of John and Margaret Mackin, both of whom were natives of Ireland and emigrated to the new world in 1854. They settled first in the state of New York, where they remained for four years, after which they crossed the continent and settled in Josephine county, Oregon. The father took up a homestead claim and added to it until he had four hundred and fifty acres upon which the family continued to reside until the parents' deaths, the father passing away December 6, 1879, and the mother in August, 1899. In their family were three children, of whom T. J., of this review, is the eldest. Agnes I., the only daughter, married Frank Oggier, who died in 1898, and her death occurred in 1909. They are survived by their one daughter, Margaret J. John R., who is engaged in ranching in connection with his brother, completes the family.

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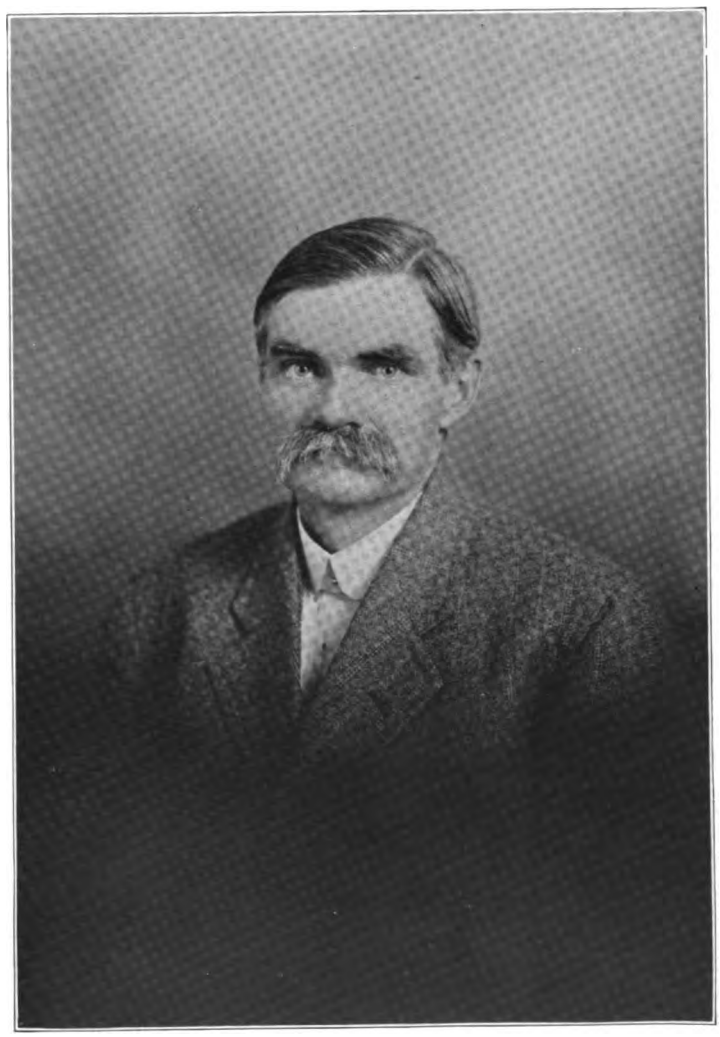

T. J. MACKIN.

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T. J. Mackin remained under the parental roof until he attained his majority, assisting in the farm work and in the meantime acquiring a common-school education. When he became of age with the assistance of his brother he took charge of the old homestead and later the brothers added to their holdings until their present ranch comprises fourteen hundred acres, all of which is situated in Josephine county. Upon that ranch Mr. Mackin has an orchard of twenty acres, the larger portion of which is set to Spitzenburgh apple trees. He is also interested in gold mines in Josephine county, one being a quartz mine and another a placer mine. His mining property is paying handsomely and he devotes a considerable share of his attention to that branch of his business.

Mr. Mackin is democratic in his political faith and for many years has served as director of the local school board and as road superintendent. In 1892 he was a candidate for representative to the state legislature but was defeated on account of the populist landslide which swept the country the year he was nominated. He has long been regarded as one of the prominent and successful business men of his community where he enjoys an enviable reputation for integrity and honest dealing. He has a wide acquaintance throughout the county and a large number of those with whom he is acquainted are numbered among his close business, political and social friends who hold him in high esteem.

MARVILLE L. WATTS, manager for the Preston-Shaffer Milling Company of Athena, director of the First National Bank and owner of valuable ranch property in Umatilla county, is a native of the city in which he still makes his home, his birth having here occurred January 31, 1874. His parents were T. J. and Elizabeth (Naylor) Watts and he was their second child. He has always resided in Athena and in his youthful days was accorded good educational opportunities, supplementing his public-school course by study in the Weston normal school, from which he was graduated with the class of 1894. He afterward devoted two years to the profession of teaching and then resumed his studies by entering the State University, from which he was graduated with the degree of Bachelor of Arts in 1899. He subsequently again followed the profession of teaching and became principal of the Athena high school, but he withdrew from that connection to enter commercial circles in 1904, and took the position of bookkeeper for the Preston-Shaffer Milling Company, in which capacity he served for two years. He was then made manager and has thus been connected with the business to the present time. In the year 1911 he became a director of the First National Bank of Athena. He is the owner of a ranch of five hundred acres located north of the town, to which he gives his personal supervision.

In 1899 Marville L. Watts married Miss Jennie Anderson, who was born in Virginia, March 2, 1874, and when eight years of age came to Umatilla county with her parents, Mr. and Mrs. E. Anderson, of Eugene. Mr. and Mrs. Watts have one child, Vernita, who was born April 8, 1901. They are widely and favorably known, having an extensive circle of friends in their city. Mr. Watts votes with the democratic party and takes only a citizen's interest in politics. Fraternally he is connected with the Independent Order of Odd Fellows, the Knights of Pythias and the Benevolent Protective Order of Elks. His influence is always found to be on the side of progress and improvement and he has ever labored earnestly and effectively to advance material, educational and moral welfare.

W. S. NICHOL, M. D., whose business enterprise and initiative spirit are manifest in the excellent results which he achieves, is now well known as a leading real-estate dealer of Hood River. He was born in Texas county, Missouri, on the 27th of January, 1874, his parents being Licidius A. and Ruah (Mitchell) Nichol, both natives of Kentucky. They both removed to Missouri at an early age with their parents and in that state their marriage occurred, after which they located in Texas county, where the father engaged in farming and also conducted a general merchandise store in Licking. His death occurred in that town in 1879 and the mother is still residing there.

W. S. Nichol was but five years of age when his father died. He was the ninth of ten children, whom the mother kept together until they reached maturity. He received his education in the common schools of Licking and at the age of sixteen years took up the study of medicine under Dr. S. L. Mitchell, of Licking, and in the autumn of 1891 entered Marion Sims Medical College at St. Louis, Missouri. After his graduation from that institution he practiced in Houstonia, Missouri, for two years previous to removing to Knobnoster, where he practiced for six years. Subsequently he went to Oklahoma for two years and in addition to his practice also conducted a drug store, having done so in each locality where he had previously practiced. He was a registered pharmacist in four states. In 1904 he gave up his practice to come to Oregon, where he located in Bend and engaged in ranching. Subsequently he conducted a general merchandise store, which he gave up, however, when he left Bend in 1907 to take up his residence in Hood River. In this town he invested all the money he had at his disposal and extended his credit as far as possible so as to be able to purchase land. To many of his friends this seemed a rash act and he was told many times that he would never realize profitable returns from his investments. Time has proven that his confidence in the soil of Hood River county was not misplaced and today he is one of the most active buyers and sellers of Hood River orchard lands. During the last two years he has sold more orchard land and located more settlers than any one man in the real-estate business there and he has established

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for himself an enviable reputation which has been gained by fair business deals and by as great a consideration for the party with whom he is transacting business as for himself. He is considered one of the best judges of the value of lands in this section and his judgment is highly esteemed and eagerly sought for by all those contemplating making real-estate investments.

In 1894 Dr. Nichol was married to Miss Dora Coons, a daughter of the Rev. C. E. Coons, pastor of the Methodist Episcopal church of Licking. To them five children have been born, three of whom survive, Walter, Ernest and Byron. Mr. Nichol's political allegiance is given in support of the democratic party and his loyalty thereto is never called into question, for he is a firm believer in the efficacy of the party principles as instruments in good government. He is recognized as a business man of marked energy and laudable ambition who seldom fails to carry to successful completion whatever he undertakes. He holds membership in the Modern Woodmen of America and in the Hood River Commercial Club, whose membership is composed of the foremost citizens of the town. Both he and his wife are members of the Methodist Episcopal church and he is at present serving as Sunday school superintendent and also on the board of stewards of the church. His advice has been of great value to the church in its recent business operations and he has been one of the most prominent members of the building committee.

EDWIN W. RING. Success has come as the direct and legitimate outcome of the intelligently directed efforts and labors of Edwin W. Ring, who through the greater part of his life has been connected with lumber interests but is now living retired in Portland, where he has made his home since 1903. His attention at the present writing is given only to the supervision of his invested interests which include valuable timber lands in this state, and stock in a number of important industrial enterprises. His judgment and even paced energy have carried him forward until at the goal of prosperity he has laid down the heavier burdens of business life to enjoy a rest which he has truly earned and richly merits.

Edwin W. Ring was born in Columbia county, Wisconsin, on the 9th of November, 1853, his parents being Reuben and Sophronia (Bunker) Ring, both of whom were natives of Maine, although their marriage was celebrated in Wisconsin. The father had removed to the latter state when a young man and there he wedded Miss Bunker, and they began their domestic life in the town of Lodi, Wisconsin, where Reuben Ring followed farming and blacksmithing. In 1860 he purchased land in Wisconsin, which he cultivated to the time of his death, adding many improvements to his farm, while his fields were made to bring forth rich harvests as a reward for the care and labor which he bestowed upon them. He died in the year 1885 and his wife, surviving him, passed away in 1896. They were the parents of four children, of whom two died in infancy, while a third, Susie, passed away in 1884, at the age of twenty-eight years, leaving Edwin W. Ring, the eldest, the only surviving member of the family.

Under the parental roof Edwin W. Ring spent the period of his minority and long before he reached the age at which the law declares that a man must be self supporting and assume the responsibilities of life, he had taken upon himself the care and labor of the home farm, owing to the invalid condition of his father. He was but sixteen years of age when he thus assumed burdens that were almost too heavy for young shoulders, but with resolute spirit and firm purpose he continued his labors, directed under the advice of his father, until by the death of his parents, he came into possession of the farm, comprising one hundred and sixty acres of land. His identification with the lumber trade dates from 1872, for in that year he began dealing in lumber in connection with his farming operations. He was thus closely associated with business activities in his native county until 1903, when he disposed of his interests in Wisconsin and came to Oregon, with Portland as his destination. Here he again entered into active relations with lumber interests and his careful management and progressive spirit constituted potent factors in bringing him success. He became interested in two sawmills, which he has since sold. At the present time he owns a large amount of marketable timber in this district and also has an interest in other tracts in different parts of the state. He was at one time director of the Oregon Lumber Company, of Portland, in which he is still a stockholder; vice president of the Lewis River Lumber Company; president and manager of the Tualitin Brick & Tile Company, of Tualitin, Oregon, in which he is also interested at the present time; and president and general manager of the Oregon Timber & Lumber Company. He owns a number of city properties in Portland, beside his home, and he has made investments in other business concerns here. His financial support has been an element in the success of a number of important business affairs and more than that, his sound judgment and keen discrimination have figured largely in the prosperity of the different companies with which he was identified.

In 1884 Edwin W. Ring was united in marriage to Miss Lucy A. Sexton, who was born in Wisconsin, and is a daughter of Joseph and Sylvia Sexton, both of whom were natives of the Empire state. They were married in Wisconsin, and Mrs. Sexton there passed away during the infancy of her daughter Mrs. Ring. The father died in 1876, while on a trip in the south. He was the owner of a fine farm and throughout his entire life had followed general agricultural pursuits. Of their four children Mrs. Ring is the youngest, the others being: Mrs. Blakely, of Harrington, North Dakota; Isabelle, who died at the age of nineteen years; and Mrs. Martin, who is living in Fairmont, Nebraska.

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To Mr. and Mrs. Edwin W. Ring have been born four children. Alta E., who was born March 22, 1889, is a graduate of St. Helen's Hall and has been liberally educated in music. Sidney H., born June 3, 1892, graduated from the Allen's Preparatory School of Portland in June, 1912. Gordon E., born April 6, 1894, is attending school; and Edna E., born January 30, 1896, is a pupil at St. Helen's Hall where she will graduate in 1913. All of these children are at home. Mrs. Ring was a successful schoolteacher for some years prior to her marriage and she is in sympathy with her husband's ambition to provide their children with every educational opportunity possible. Both Mr. and Mrs. Ring are faithful members of the Congregational church. The political allegiance of the former is with the republican party and although he has never been a politician in the office-seeking sense of the word, he has held several political positions, the duties of which he has discharged with promptness and fidelity. Fraternally he is connected with Washington Lodge, No. 46, A. F. & A. M., at Portland, and the Odd Fellows lodge, at Pittsville, Wisconsin. That he is popular in these organizations and loyal to their teachings is indicated in his being elected to all their different chairs. He has always stood for that which is progressive and honorable in business, for that which is loyal and patriotic in citizenship, and for that which is straightforward and right in man's relations with his fellowmen. In the lumber trade he made a creditable name and place for himself through the extent and importance of his business activities and the care and judgment which he displayed in their management. He started out in life without any vaulting ambition to accomplish something especially great or famous but he followed the lead of his opportunities, doing as best he could anything that came to hand and seized legitimate advantages as they arose. He never hesitated to take a forward step when the way was open and was fortunate in possessing ability and character that inspired confidence in him, the simple weight of which has carried him into important relations with large interests and enabled him at length to put aside all business cares, with sufficient property investments to supply him not only with the necessities but with the comforts and many of the luxuries of life.

KILLIS J. MARTIN is a veteran of the Civil war, being one of three brothers who served during the Rebellion. The father was also in the service for eighteen months and all survived those trying times, being honorably discharged when peace was restored. Killis J. Martin removed to Oregon in 1882, settling first in Wallowa county and later in Union county, purchasing his present property one mile from the center of Union. It is all set out in fruit trees and is producing readily under his careful management. He was born in Pulaski county, Kentucky, March 22, 1838, a son of John and Sicily Ann (Roberts) Martin, both natives of the Blue Grass state. The grandfather, John Martin, a native of North Carolina, took part in the war of the Revolution and at an early day removed to Kentucky, becoming a pioneer of that state, where he lived and died. Gideon Roberts, the maternal grandfather, also lived in Kentucky until he reached advanced age, when he removed to Indiana and spent his last years with his son. The father of our subject removed to Missouri in 1857, settling in Miller county, and there passed the remainder of his years, dying at the age of sixty-six. He and three sons served in the Union army during the Rebellion, the father joining the cavalry and the sons enlisting for service in the infantry. At the end of eighteen months of service the father's failing health compelled him to return home, after having taken part in many bloody engagements. Early in the war on one occasion the father surprised a Rebel captain, Richmond Ballou, who was one of his near neighbors, who with seven men were removing corn from a plantation. The Rebel party all escaped but Ballou's son, who failed to get on his horse in time to get away. Captain Martin ordered him to throw down his gun and surrender, but as the youth showed fight, saying that he would die first, as the captain put it, "he did."

Killis J. Martin, the eldest son in his father's family, received a common-school education in Missouri, remaining with his parents until in August, 1861, when he enlisted under Colonel McClurg, in the Home Guards, in which he served for one year. The other two brothers who were in the Federal service were George and John. During his service with the Home Guards skirmishes were frequent and severe, Mr. Martin often being detailed on strenuous police duty. On August 22, 1862, he enlisted in Company E of the Thirty-third Missouri Volunteer Infantry under Colonel Clifton B. Fish. The first hard fight his company was engaged in was at Helena, Arkansas, an engagement lasting seven hours. From that city they went up the Mississippi to Memphis and thence to Gun Town, Mississippi, where they destroyed General Forrest's army, and then followed General Price through his last raid into Missouri. They then went to Nashville to assist General Thomas in destroying General Hood's army, which they did after two days of fighting. Mobile was their next objective point and Mr. Martin in company with his brother soldiers was under fire for thirteen consecutive days and nights. That was the last engagement in which he participated, news reaching them there of the surrender of General Lee, and on the 10th of August, 1865, at Benton Barracks, Mr. Martin was honorably discharged with the rank of sergeant. Immediately thereafter he returned to the old homestead in Missouri, where he made his home, being there engaged in agricultural pursuits, until in 1882, when he came with his family to Oregon, settling first in Wallowa county where he remained for seven years, engaging in farming. He then removed to Eagle Creek, Union county, and made that his home for ten

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years, meeting with fair success in business. He next purchased his present property one mile from the center of Union, his residence being inside the city limits. He has fifteen acres of fine fruit land and lives in a commodious and modern two-story house.

Mr. Martin was married in February, 1859, to Margaret Henderson, a native of Tennessee and a daughter of James Henderson. Unto Mr. and Mrs. Martin were born seven children, namely: John, who passed away in January, 1882; William, engaged in mining in California; Annie, the wife of Charles Rich, of Rupert, Idaho; George Milton and Oliver, also residents of Rupert; Rachael, who married Connell Cox, of Ontario, Oregon; and Arthur, making his home in California. After the death of his first wife Mr. Martin was married in June, 1899, to Miss Mary L. Michelroy, a native of New York.

While a resident of Missouri Mr. Martin was elected and served for two terms as sheriff, filling that office acceptably for four years. When he was first elected in 1868 there were delivered to him seven murder indictments. He succeeded in arresting two of the murderers but the others, who knew him, left the country and were never apprehended. In recounting his experiences as sheriff in those early days when the country was full of undesirable characters Mr. Martin says that his experiences in the war were not to be compared with what he encountered as sheriff. He is a member of the Masonic fraternity and both he and Mrs. Martin are members of the Eastern Star. Mr. Martin also belongs to the post of the Grand Army of the Republic, of which he is an active member. He is one of the most excellent citizens of Union, is a man of intelligence and a great reader, keeping posted on the affairs of the times. He is respected by all who know him and much esteemed by his many friends.

PHILIP GLOVER. Among the early settlers and highly honored citizens of Marion county is Philip Glover, who resides on his farm, which is situated one mile north of Sublimity, on the Silverton road. His birth occurred in Warren county, Missouri, March 4, 1829, and he is the son of Philip and Sarah (Countz) Glover. The father, of English descent, was a native of Maryland and when a young man came to Missouri, where he followed the occupation of farming and was justice of the peace. He served in the War of 1812. In 1849, with a train of forty wagons, of which he was the captain, he crossed the plains, being en route six months and having some trouble with the Indians. He located in Marion county, Oregon, in the Waldo hills, where he took up a donation claim which he improved from the wild state and, putting up a double log house, he resided there until his death in 1874. The mother was a native of Missouri, of German descent. In their family were nine sons and three daughters, the order of their births being as follows: William, Rebecca and Maria, all of whom are deceased; Philip, of this review; Samuel and James of Spokane, Washington; Pate, of Portland, Oregon; John, a resident of Spokane, Washington; Louisa, an infant, George and Nick, all of whom are deceased.

Philip Glover was educated in the common schools in Missouri and remained at home until nineteen years of age. Subsequently he was employed as a farm hand for one year and then came to Oregon with his parents, where he worked on a farm for a while. In 1852 he decided to take up a donation claim and while looking for a site for the same he saw three deer on a rise of land under an oak tree about three-quarters of a mile north of Sublimity and, being a great hunter, he decided to locate there. Accordingly, he laid his claims and settled on this tract, where he later built the house in which he now lives and which is located about fifty feet from the tree under which he saw the deer. He has put up the best of improvements and now owns three hundred and fourteen acres of excellent land and is engaged in general farming. He is an excellent marksman and has killed many deer, elk, bear and other game.

On the 17th of November, 1853, Mr. Glover was united in marriage to Miss Delilah Edmunson, a native of Missouri, born in 1838, and a daughter of Rufus and Nancy (Patton) Edmunson, both of whom were natives of Missouri. The parents crossed the plains in 1849 and located in the Waldo hills on a claim which they improved but later sold, going to California, where they both died. In their family were eight children: Delilah, now Mrs. Glover; John and Thomas, deceased; Dick, of California; Hugh, deceased; William, of eastern Oregon; Emma, now Mrs. Fletcher, of California; and Albert, deceased. Mr. and Mrs. Glover have become the parents of fourteen children: Louisa, the deceased wife of L. A. Loomis, of Pacific county, Washington; Henry, of eastern Oregon; Amelia, the wife of Theodore Conick, who resides on the coast; John, of Stayton, Oregon; Arthur, of Salem; Frank, at home; George, who resides on the home farm; Margaret, Charles, Ollie, Jesse and Gracie, all deceased; one who died in infancy, and Ellen G., the wife of L. S. Lambert, of Stayton.

In politics Mr. Glover is a democrat and he has served as constable and as road supervisor. He was a candidate on that party's ticket to the state legislature but the democrats were in the minority. He and his wife are members of the Cumberland Presbyterian church, and fraternally he is identified with the Grange. Having now resided in Marion county for over sixty-one years and on his present farm over fifty-nine years, Mr. Glover has witnessed the change of the country from the primitive to the present state and has been a strong factor in the development of his own community.

ANSON F. POLEY, D. D. S. One of the prominent citizens and extensive landowners of Wallowa county is Dr. Anson F. Poley, who was formerly engaged in the practice of dentistry in Portland, but is now living retired in Enterprise, where he devotes his entire attention to looking after his prop-

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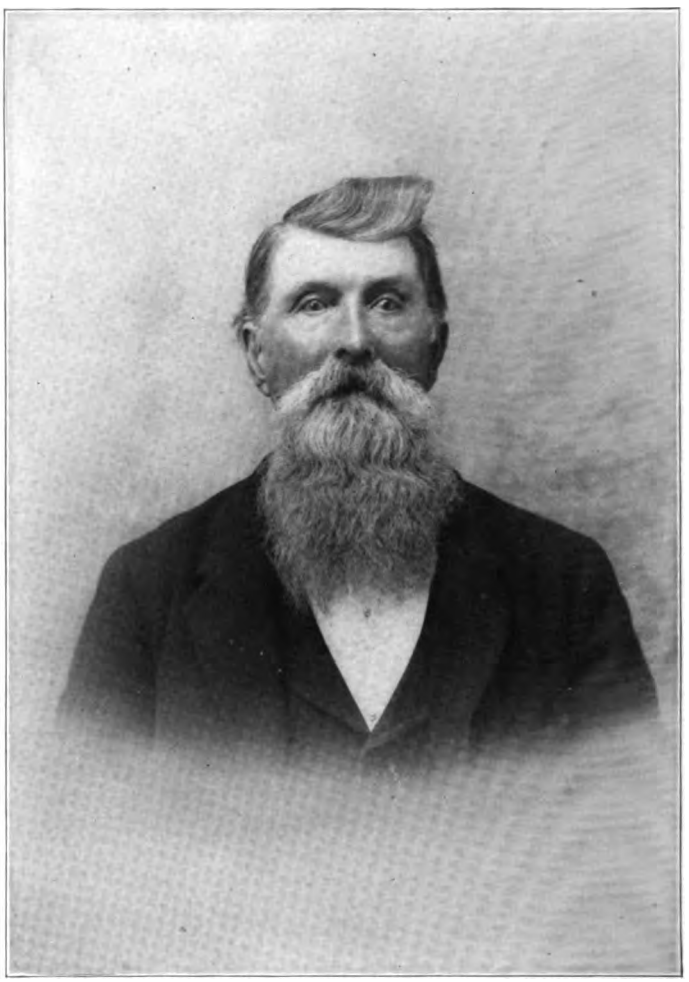

PHILIP GLOVER

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MRS. PHILIP GLOVER

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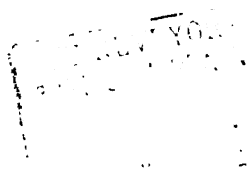

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erty interests. He possesses unusual foresight and sagacity and has dealt extensively in real estate in this section of the state, his judicious investments having numbered him among the substantial business men of the town. He was born in Virden, Illinois, on the 21st of February, 1869, and is a son of Benjamin F. and Nancy G. (Groves) Poley, the father a native of Sangamon county and the mother of Macoupin county, Illinois. Soon after their marriage, Mr. and Mrs. Poley located on a farm in Sangamon county, where they resided until 1884. In the latter year the father removed to Alabama, where for four years he was engaged in the lumber business. He then returned to Illinois, continuing to reside there until October, 1889, when he came to Oregon, settling in Lostine, Wallowa county. Here he engaged in ranching and milling until 1905, when he retired from active business and has ever since made his home with his children, the mother having passed away in March, 1899.

Dr. Poley passed the greater part of his boyhood and early youth on the home farm in Illinois, obtaining his education in the common schools of that state, his course being completed upon his graduation from the Virden high school in the class of 1889. He subsequently pursued a business course in the Bushnell Commercial College at Bushnell, Illinois. Following the completion of his work there he joined his people in Wallowa county and for three years thereafter was expert accountant for the M. & M. Company of Enterprise, having charge of their accounts at Wallowa. Evincing strong desires to take up a professional career, he then withdrew from their employment and returning to Illinois, matriculated in the dental department of the Northwestern University at Chicago, being awarded the degree of D. D. S. from that institution in 1896. For two years thereafter he followed his profession at various points through the east and west and in 1898 joined the tide of gold seekers going to Alaska. He remained in the north for a year, prospecting for the precious metal, but as his efforts were not rewarded by any unusual good fortune he returned at the end of that time to the States, locating at Portland, where he opened an office and engaged in the practice of his profession. He remained there for six years, and as his skill and ability became recognized succeeded in building up a gratifying practice. The long tedious struggle, however, to attain this practice which practically every professional man has to undergo before success gives fair return for long years of study and hard work proved very trying to Dr. Poley, stirring him to activity in another field of endeavor. Enterprising and possessed of excellent executive ability with strong powers of organization, he did not find the opportunity to exercise his best talents in his profession and while engaged in practice he made some very judicious investments in real estate throughout this state, and in 1905 he decided to retire from his profession and give his entire time and attention to the development of his realty interests. He owns some valuable city property in Portland and divides his time between that city and Enterprise. In addition to his holdings here he has twelve hundred acres of irrigated land on Prairie creek in Wallowa county and large tracts in Crook, Lake and Grant counties.

Dr. Poley was married in 1905 to Miss Edith Gilbert, a daughter of Samuel E. Gilbert, a prominent business man of Portland. Dr. Poley is a member of the Christian church, while his wife is affiliated with the Methodist Episcopal denomination. Fraternally he is affiliated with Wallowa Lodge, No. 82, A. F. & A. M., and he also belongs to Jessica Chapter, No. 68, O. E. S. of Wallowa. Dr. Poley is very fond of travel and spends a great deal of his time in that manner, having his affairs so arranged that it is possible for him to absent himself for long periods without affecting his interests. He has met with remarkable success, owing to the fact that he possesses the greatest gift that can be bestowed upon a man of enterprise and ambition: the faculty to recognize through his appreciation of past conditions and knowledge of present circumstances the opportunities of the future. He has exercised this gift to his own benefit, trusting implicitly to his intuition, as a man of sagacity and strong convictions always does.

WILLIAM GLASSON lives retired at Hermiston, where he has made his home since November, 1906. He was for some time connected with the confectionery business here and is still the owner of valuable property from which he derives a good annual income. His birth occurred in Cornwall, England, September 13, 1852, his parents being William and Emma (Roach) Glasson, residents of England, where the father spent most of his life as an engineer although in early manhood he followed farming.

William Glasson was third in order of birth in a family of eight children and had two sisters who came to America. His youthful days were spent at home and he acquired a fair English knowledge in the public schools. Shortly before he attained majority he crossed the Atlantic to the United States, landing at New York on the 7th of July, 1873. He then went to live in New Jersey with his sister Mrs. Emily George, who had preceded him to this country, and he remained with her until the following May. The reports which he heard concerning the western country pleased him and in May, 1874, he made his way to Colorado, where he worked in silver and gold mines until 1883. He then went to Florence, Colorado, where he was employed in a stone quarry for a time, and later he removed to San Juan county, Colorado, where he remained for a few months. Subsequently he returned to Florence, living there until 1900, and during the period of his residence there devoted his time and energies to ranching, merchandising and other business pursuits. On leaving that locality he took up his abode in Portland, Oregon, but in March, 1901, left the

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Rose City for Umatilla county. He established a confectionery business at Echo, where he remained until November, 1906, when he sold out and came to Hermiston where he erected the first business block of the town—a structure which occupies a plat of land twenty-five by sixty feet in area and is located on Main street. In that building he opened a confectionery establishment, which he conducted until June, 1909, and then purchased a lot and erected thereon a comfortable home in which he now lives. He was one of the first residents of the town, living here before the reservoir was started. He still owns the concrete building on Main street which bears his name but he is living practically retired, merely giving his time and attention to the supervision of his invested interests, which are bringing to him a good financial return.

In Colorado in 1876, William Glasson was married to Miss Maggie E. Belcher, who was born in South Wales in May, 1856, and went to Colorado with two brothers. Mr. and Mrs. Glasson have one son, Clifford R., who is an oil well driller and resides at Florence, Colorado. William Glasson is a self-made man and one who deserves much credit for what he has accomplished, as he came to the new world with little capital, possessing, however, resolution, determination and perseverance. These qualities have stood him in good stead as the years have gone by, bringing him at length to the goal of success so that his holdings are now sufficient to enable him to live retired. His business methods have ever been thoroughly reliable as well as progressive and he thus enjoys the high regard and confidence of all who know him.

W. J. STRONG is one of the foremost citizens of the town of Myrtle Point and has been engaged in the cultivation of a fine farm in this vicinity for many years. He has gained recognition among his associates as an able and public-spirited man and his life has been a distinct influence in the progress of this section of the state. He was born in Yamhill county, Oregon, December 17, 1866, and is a son of Lewis and Catherine (Wimer) Strong, the former a native of Missouri but who later removed to Iowa. Mr. Strong's parents married in the latter state and crossed the plains to Oregon in 1863. They were among the pioneer settlers in this state and lived for some time in Yamhill county where their son William was born. They moved to Josephine county and subsequently to Phoenix, Jackson county, where the father operated a flour mill for a number of years. He was well known in commercial and business circles of that district and was one of the foremost of the pioneer settlers of Oregon. When he left Phoenix he went to Ashland where he engaged in the same line of business, operating a flour mill, known as the Farnum Mill for a short time. He later returned to Josephine county, located on a ranch and later added to his activities by the purchase of a flour mill. In 1889 he sold his holdings in Josephine county and removed to Coos county, buying a farm on the south fork of the Coquille river which he operated until he came to Myrtle Point. He is now living in the latter city and is prominent in commercial circles, conducting an implement store, and is one of the prosperous merchants of Coos county. He owns a comfortable and commodious home in Myrtle Point and is also the owner of one hundred and eighty acres of land in this vicinity. He has acquired a comfortable fortune which he always invests judiciously in local enterprises and is extensively interested in Myrtle Point city property. He and his wife are the parents of nine living children: James F., now a resident of Coos county; W. J., the subject of this sketch; Mrs. Lucy Jones, Henry A., Mrs. Viola Warner, and Lewis, Jr., all of whom reside in Coos county; Mrs. Alberta Floyd of Douglas county, Oregon, and Mrs. Allison Neal, of Coos county, who are twins; and John C., who makes his home in Coos county.

W. J. Strong entered the public schools of his native state and pursued the usual course of study until he laid aside his books. He was associated with his father for some years until his marriage at the age of twenty-nine, at which time he began the operation of a farm and was identified with agricultural pursuits for a short time. He farmed long enough to become familiar with the most scientific and progressive methods of tilling the soil and familiarizing himself with all the intricate details connected with the farm. He later engaged in the milling business for eight years. At the end of that time he took up his residence in Coos county, bought ninety-four acres of fertile land near Myrtle Point and has been successful in this district since that time, his farm work being carried on along practical and scientific lines and has always been productive of good results, so that a fair degree of success has rewarded his labor. He has invested at various times in town property in Myrtle Point and maintains a beautiful and commodious home in that city.

In 1896 Mr. Strong was united in marriage to Mrs. Warner Brown, a daughter of Calvin Warner of Coos county, whose parents were among the pioneer settlers of this district and her father was one of the leading men in the section until his death. Her mother is still living and maintains her residence at Myrtle Point. Mrs. Strong received her education in her native section of Coos county and is the oldest of a large family, all of whom with one exception are living. She is a devout adherent of the Presbyterian faith and with her husband is a regular attendant of the church in Myrtle Point.

Politically Mr. Strong gives his allegiance to the democratic party and has always been greatly interested in the welfare of his native section. He has never sought public office but has never refused to do his duty in this line when his fellow citizens called upon him. He is serving at the present time as a member of the Myrtle Point city council and is influencing the deliberations of that body along progressive and worthy lines. He belongs to the Woodmen of the World and is a member of the Grange.

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Mr. Strong is one of the leading and foremost farmers in Coos county. He is a valuable and representative citizen and has gained prominence among his friends and neighbors.

EDWARD B. MORELOCK is one of the useful men of eastern Oregon, having maintained his residence for some years past at Elgin. His inherent characteristics, as well as his iron constitution, have qualified him to act as the guardian of peace between the lawless element, always present in a new community, and that other body of industrious, law-abiding citizens who become the real foundation and builders of well ordered civic society. His fame for many years, as a terror to evildoers, has been well established throughout Oregon. Having served in the official capacity of town marshal for a term of years at Summerville and at Elgin, sufficed to convince people of evil intent that any locality in which Mr. Morelock lived was a dangerous and unhealthy place in which to ply the arts of their trade. He was born in Sullivan county, Missouri, May 25, 1845, a son of Enoch B. and Susan (Limebaugh) Morelock, both of whom were natives of Tennessee. They were married in their native state and shortly afterward, in 1843, they removed to Sullivan county, Missouri, where Mr. Morelock established his home. Shortly after taking up their residence in that state, he was elected as the first sheriff of Sullivan county. He was a man of fearless courage in whose hands the safety of property and life throughout the county, could be entrusted with every assurance of diligent and efficient protection. He was killed while in discharge of his duties as sheriff, at a time when he was conducting the sale of some property given into his hands by the court, for that purpose. The owner of the property, being outraged over the due process of law, sought revenge by taking the life of Mr. Morelock, whose only offense was that he was one of the officers appointed by the court to conduct the sale. Mrs. Morelock, some years later, was again married, the name of her second husband being Mr. Stewart. To Mr. and Mrs. Morelock, five children were born, of which the subject of this review was the youngest.

Edward B. Morelock remained at the home of his parents, receiving his early education in the common schools of the district in which he lived. He remained at home during all the early years of his life, caring for the interests of his mother and the remaining members of the family and was so engaged at the time of the opening of the Civil war. In 1863, he enlisted in Company K, Thirty-ninth Missouri Regiment, Volunteer Infantry, and followed this command for a period of one year, at the expiration of which time, he received his honorable discharge and immediately thereafter reenlisted in Company K, of the Forty-second Volunteer Infantry, remaining with this regiment until peace was established between the north and the south. His history as a soldier is one of unusual interest, because of the constant active service of his command at the front, during the most destructive period of that conflict. He was engaged in nineteen pitched battles, one being the battle of Franklin, in which he had seven cousins shot down, on both sides of the fighting line. He followed the fortunes of his regiment in camp and march and field, through days of rest and battle strife, until the 27th of March, 1865. On that day, he received his honorable discharge at Nashville, Tennessee, and was mustered out of service. Upon his return from the war, he at once prepared to change his residence and for that purpose sought his home on the far Pacific coast. He crossed the plains with an ox team to Oregon in 1865, starting on that journey May 15 of that year, and reaching his destination on October 9, making his first location in the Grande Ronde valley, where he purchased three hundred and twenty acres of school land, and upon it built a log cabin for his home. In his removal to a new country for the purpose of bettering his conditions, he was not unmindful of his mother and she was a member of one of the little emigrant parties who formed the company that traveled across the plains with him and during the remainder of her life, she found a welcome home at his fireside. Here, on this original location, Mr. Morelock remained for a period of seventeen years. During that time, he continued to develop and improve his land and engaged in farming and stock-raising. In 1882, he removed to Summerville in this county, where he engaged in an independent business, with which he was connected for eleven years. During his residence in this place, he was elected to the office of town marshal. Such was the condition of community life at that time in Summerville that a man of Mr. Morelock's physique, experience, and courage, was required to establish recognition and supremacy of civil law in the common conduct and order of business and social affairs in a self-respecting community. At the time of his election, that part of Oregon was infested to a disturbing degree with irresponsible, lawless characters, who in pursuit of sensation and crime, were accustomed to ride into the villages and settlements and create havoc by their methods of "shooting up the town" and terrorizing the people. Mr. Morelock took charge of the situation in the interests of the people and common decency and in a short time, succeeded in breaking up these traveling bands and resident irresponsible marauders. Having established a condition of peace and safety for the people, he found it to his advantage to again change his residence, and removed to Elgin in this county, where he remained for a period of fourteen years. On reaching Elgin, he found that his reputation as town marshal had preceded him, and the conditions of society being practically the same in Elgin, he was called by the people to the office of town marshal of that place, and by pursuing the same fearless methods he soon accomplished for the people of Elgin a result as thorough and satisfactory as he had brought about in Summerville. After maintaining his residence for fourteen years continuously in this town, he, in 1907, removed

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to Portland, where he was engaged in business for the following four years, and returning to Elgin in 1911 he became one of its permanent citizens. Here he has continued to live and he has been engaged in the occupation of an auctioneer. This, together with the necessary attention required to be given to his various business interests, has commanded his entire time and attention. Mr. Morelock has a reputation as an auctioneer as far-reaching as that of his ability and fearless methods in handling renegades and criminals.

Edward B. Morelock was married to Miss Rebecca J. Harris, a native of Sullivan county, Missouri, on July 17, 1864. She is a daughter of Joseph and Mary Ann (Sturgill) Harris, both natives of North Carolina. Mrs. Harris died in 1899 and Mr. Harris June 4, 1912, at the age of ninety-one years, having crossed the plains with Mr. Morelock in 1865, settling in Union county, Oregon, where he passed the remainder of his days. The marriage of our subject occurred shortly after he had attained his nineteenth birthday, Mrs. Morelock being at the time sixteen years of age. To this union thirteen children have been born, eleven of whom are still living, and to this family circle have been added twenty-four grandchildren in direct line of descent. The surviving children of Mr. and Mrs. Morelock are: Martha C., wife of William Russell of Elgin; William M., with the Elgin Forwarding Company; Mary S., wife of Elliott Smith of Elgin; James K. P., mayor of Wallowa, Oregon; John W., on the Portland police force; Tilden H., with the Joseph Forwarding Company, of Joseph, Oregon; Albert Lee, chief of the fire department of Elgin, Oregon; Cora May, wife of William Childers, of Portland, Oregon; Emma C., wife of William Christensen, of Portland, Oregon; Roy L., member of the fire department, of Boise City, Idaho; and Leonard Ray, at home.

Mr. Morelock is affiliated with the democratic party, and is one of its progressive liberal adherents. Three of his six sons, however, cast their vote with the republican party. He is a member of the A. F. & A. M. lodge of Summerville. Edward B. Morelock is one of the men whose names will long be remembered in the history of eastern Oregon. He has lived a life of great usefulness and must always be counted one of the important factors in the enforcement of law and order, in this portion of the state. He has given liberally of his services to the public for this purpose, and at the same time provided a competence for his declining years. He bears an honored name wherever known and is always to be relied upon to give his support to the advancement of all measures looking to the improvement and continued peace among the people of his state and county.

JOHN MESSERLE is one of the well known and enterprising citizens of Catching's Inlet, where he owns a well located ranch upon which he maintains his home. He was born in Berne, Switzerland, December 1, 1856, and is the son of Gottlieb and Elizabeth (Yonker) Messerle, both of whom were natives of Switzerland. In 1860 the father emigrated with his family to America and settled in Iowa, where he continued to live for seven years, after which he crossed the plains to Oregon, settling first in Coos county, where he resided for four years. He then moved to California and in that state his death occurred when he was seventy-seven years of age. The mother is still living at the age of eighty years and maintains her residence in San Francisco with her daughter. To Mr. and Mrs. Messerle six children were born: G. L., who operates a wholesale and retail grocery establishment in Eurake, Oregon; John, of this review; Elizabeth, the wife of Frank Langley, of San Francisco, California; Rosa, the wife of George Mossler, of San Francisco; Nellie, the wife of Captain Oscar Anderson, also of San Francisco; and Fred, of Marshfield.

John Messerle was reared in his father's home and at the early age of twelve he started in life for himself, working at various occupations for many years. In 1882 he engaged as a marine engineer, an occupation to which he has since devoted his entire time, his work having been largely on ocean and bay steamers. He at one time owned two hundred and twenty acres of land at Catching's Inlet, six miles from Marshfield, but recently disposed of that property at the handsome figure of twenty-thousand dollars. Mrs. Messerle is at present the owner of a residence and thirty-six acres of land near the old family homestead. She also owns a valuable business lot at North Bend, Oregon.

On July 3, 1887, Mr. Messerle was united in marriage to Miss Margaret Eckhoff, who was born in North Bend, October 31, 1866, and is the daughter of Charles and Rhoda Eckhoff, the former a native of Holstein, Germany, and the latter of Baltimore, Maryland. The father was by occupation a sailor and as mate on board ship he reached the western coast at a very early date, settling in 1866 at Coos Bay, and he there purchased the land upon which now stands the city of new North Bend. On that land he established his home and continued to live there until his demise on May 11, 1911. The mother is still living, at the age of seventy years, and resides at North Bend. To Mr. and Mrs. Eckhoff twelve children were born: Margaret, now Mrs. John Messerle; Mrs. Edwin Baker, residing near Myrtle Point; Mrs. C. A. Painter and Mrs. Thomas Rooke, both of whom reside at North Bend; Mrs. William Forest, residing at Larson Inlet, Coos county; Mrs. Robert Nichols, of Hammond, Oregon; Mrs. Annie Cronkhite and Charles Eckhoff, both of whom reside at North Bend; Belle, deceased; Lillie, at home; and Mrs. Elsie Forest and Mrs. Freda Bentley, both residents of North Bend. To Mr. and Mrs. Messerle five children were born: Levi, who died in infancy; Fred G., born December 9, 1890, who married Miss Josephine Collver and resides at Catching's Inlet; Marrietta, born February 20, 1894; Rose M., born April 16, 1896; and George Washington.

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JOHN MESSERLE AND FAMILY

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born February 21, 1899. The three younger children reside at home with their parents.

Mr. Messerle and his family are all members of the Methodist Episcopal church of Catching's Inlet. He is a republican in politics. Mr. Messerle is one of the well known citizens of Coos county and a man whose integrity of character and industrious life have gained for him the consideration and respect of all his acquaintances and associates.

DANIEL SOMMER is among the very first of the early pioneers of Elgin, Union county, Oregon. In that city he built the first store, in which he opened the first merchandising business in the place, since which time he has been intimately associated with the civic growth and development of Elgin, having been a member of the first council upon the organization of the town. He is one of the large landed proprietors of eastern Oregon and, now living in practical retirement, maintains his residence in the city of Elgin. He was born in the province of Alsace, France, on the 1st of January, 1850, his parents being Joshua and Henrietta (Marks) Sommer, who were likewise natives of that province and country. Joshua Sommer was a prominent dry-goods merchant in the city of Schirhoffen, Alsace, where both he and his wife passed away.

Daniel Sommer was reared at home and received his elementary education in the common schools of his native land. Later he added to his educational store a thorough business course by attending the Portland Business College. At the age of eighteen he emigrated to the United States, reaching New York on the 22d day of July, 1868. In that city he spent but a brief three weeks, when he continued his journey westward, traveling by way of the Isthmus of Panama, and after spending three weeks in continuous travel by water and land he made his first stop in the far west in San Francisco, arriving in that city in time to be numbered among the sufferers from the earthquake which occurred in 1868. He remained in San Francisco but two weeks and then removed to Portland, Oregon, at which place he spent but a short time, removing from there to eastern Oregon. He went direct to La Grande, at which place his brother was engaged in business, being the junior partner in the mercantile firm of Boskowitz & Sommer. Here he obtained employment as clerk in his brother's establishment and continued with this firm for the next four years. In 1873 he engaded in business for himself, forming a copartnership with M. Bloch under the firm name of Bloch & Sommer. This firm opened a general merchandising business, which was successfully maintained until 1874, when it suffered destruction by fire, the event being known as the "big fire" in the history of La Grande. The fall following this unfortunate loss he entered into copartnership, in Summerville, with his brother Aaron and his brother-in-law, Leopold Baer, under the firm name of Sommer & Company, the business being that of a general merchandising establishment. Mr. Sommer was made the general manager of this business, continuing his partnership with the firm for a period of two years, at the expiration of which time the company was discontinued. Eight months later he reopened the business as sole owner of the establishment, the store being located at the original site occupied by the former company. Here he continued to do a successful general merchandising business for the following eighteen or twenty years. In the year 1885, being aware of the rapid development of this portion of Oregon, he built the first store building in Elgin and opened a merchandising house as a branch of his Summerville business. This store he subsequently sold to Fine & Patten, who on taking over the property built for their convenience a new building in which to conduct their business. This stock and building Mr. Sommer was later obliged to take over in order to liquidate the unpaid balance of the original purchase price agreed to be paid him by Fine & Patten. Early in the '90s, immediately after the railroad had reached Elgin, Mr. Sommer removed his Summerville stock to Elgin and discontinued his Summerville store. In 1895 he sold his Elgin business, including the real estate, to E. E. Crossen and removed to La Grande, where he resided for the following ten months only and then returned to Elgin, in which place he soon after established his two sons, J. D. and J. A., in the mercantile business, which they successfully conducted until 1910 when they closed out their entire stock. On retiring from the business J. D. Sommer engaged in life insurance and J. A. Sommer established himself as an agriculturist. Since 1895 Daniel Sommer has given his time and attention to his varied properties located in Elgin and throughout the county of Union. Among his many business enterprises he is the owner of a very fine ranch, on which he makes a specialty of raising high-grade general-purpose horses. He is one of the largest property owners in Elgin and his entire real-estate holdings approximate in round numbers between twenty-seven hundred and three thousand acres of very choice agricultural lands in Union county. Mr. Sommer was one of the dominant factors in the organization of the Elgin State Bank, which later was reorganized and is now doing business under the name of the First National Bank of Elgin. Of this institution he has been a member of the board of directors since its organization.

In 1875 Mr. Sommer was married to Miss Rachel Wertheimer, of La Grande, Oregon, by whom he had three children: Julius D., engaged in the life insurance business, with headquarters at La Grande; Joshua A., who is a farmer and stock-raiser of Union county and maintains his residence in Elgin; and Henry S., who makes his home in Elgin and is likewise engaged in farming and stock-raising in Union county. The mother died in 1905. In 1908 Mr. Sommer was again married, his second union being with Mrs. Amelia (Half) Risser.

Mr. Sommer is affiliated with the democratic party and is numbered among the

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liberal, progressive members of that organization. In local political matters he considers the character of the man and the principle involved and gives his support to the man of his choice regardless of party lines. He has served at different times as member of the town council of both Summerville and Elgin and has the distinction of being one of the members of the first town council upon the organization of both of these thriving cities. In March, 1912, Mr. Sommer was elected mayor of Elgin, the term of office to expire in March, 1913. His fraternal relations are with the following organizations: Elgin Lodge, No. 98. A. F. & A. M.; Portland Consistory, No. 1, A. & A. S. R.; and Orion Lodge of the Knights of Pythias at Elgin. Both he and his wife are members of the congregation Beth Israel of Portland. In all his business ventures Daniel Sommer has been uniformly successful. He has a thorough knowledge of the French, German and English languages, having perfected himself in a knowledge of the last named after coming to the United States. His name is associated with many of the most prominent and enduring business enterprises throughout Union county and he is known as one of the successful agriculturists and stockmen of eastern Oregon.

J. WICKHAM, who is the efficient assessor of Hood River county, Oregon, was born in Iowa on the 4th of January, 1855, his parents being S. J. and Hannah (Conner) Wickham. The father was born in Ohio on the 12th of June, 1825, and passed away in Iowa in June, 1904. The mother, whose birth occurred in 1831 in the Buckeye state, died in 1882. Throughout his life the father was engaged in agricultural pursuits in which he met with a good measure of success. His removal to Iowa occurred in 1847.

J. Wickham received his early education in the common schools of Iowa and subsequently attended Western College at Cedar Rapids, Iowa, for a short time. He removed to Oregon in 1883, settling in Umatilla county. Six years later, in the fall of 1889, he removed to Hood River county and purchased a farm. He resided there until 1910 when he was elected county assessor. At the present time he has about twelve acres planted as an apple orchard and eighteen acres prepared for general cultivation. He brings to his office unusual ability and quick appreciation of values and details.

On November 3, 1878, Mr. Wickham was married to Mary Windsor, whose birth occurred in Kansas, January 30, 1858, and who is a daughter of James and Catherine (Walker) Windsor, who are engaged in agricultural pursuits. To Mr. and Mrs. Wickham five children were born: Laura, who is the wife of H. A. Cummings of Hood River valley; Nellie, who is the wife of F. H. Taylor, an agriculturist of Hood River county; James L., who is living on the home ranch; Mary, who is married to F. Densmore of Hood River county; and Ray, who is still living at home.

In politics Mr. Wickham gives his support to the republican party in the local councils of which he is prominent. In 1905 he was elected to the office of county assessor and he has since held similar offices, being elected on his party's ticket. He is a member of the Methodist Episcopal church and also holds membership in the Knights of Pythias. Because of his interest in the welfare of his community and because of his ardent support of any measures tending to civic improvement or development, he is accounted one of the most valued citizens in his community, and holds the respect and regard of those who have placed their trust in him by electing him to various offices. In the discharge of the duties of his present office he is both conscientious and honorable, working for the good of his county rather than personal advancement.

W. C. BOATMAN, who is the capable and enterprising clerk of Wallowa county, is the first native son of the county to be elected to any of its public offices. He has also served in the combined office of county recorder, clerk of the county court and clerk of the circuit court. His birth occurred December 23, 1881, near Lostine, which was then a part of Union county. He was the son of Marshall K. and Irene E. (Wood) Boatman, the father a native of Missouri and the mother of Polk county, Oregon. Marshall K. Boatman crossed the plains to Oregon in 1859 with his mother and brother, John Boatman, the father having died in Missouri. They located in the Willamette valley, north of Salem, in Marion county, where they remained about one year, when the mother married William H. Wood, and shortly afterward they removed to the Alsea valley, in Benton county, where they resided until 1881. In the meantime Marshall K. Boatman had wedded Miss Irene E. Wood, who was a daughter of William H. Wood and, therefore, a stepsister to her husband. In 1881 both families removed to what is now Wallowa county, then a part of Union, locating near Lostine, where Mr. Boatman engaged in farming and stock-raising, with which he was prominently identified up to the spring of 1908. At that time disposing of his stock but retaining his land, which comprises about seven hundred and twenty acres, he retired from active life and has since been spending his time in Portland and Tulare county, California, his wife having passed away August 14, 1911.

W. C. Boatman was reared under the parental roof and acquired his education in the common schools, and then completed a course at the Portland Business College, from which institution he was graduated in the class of 1900. Soon after as a bookkeeper he entered the employment of F. D. McCully & Company, general merchants, who operated stores at Lostine, Joseph and Flora, Mr. Boatman being connected most of his time with the Lostine store. In July, 1904, he was appointed deputy county clerk of Wallowa county, in which capacity he served for four years, and in 1908 was elected

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county clerk and in 1910 was reelected to the same office.

On January 3, 1906, Mr. Boatman wedded Miss Helen Bell, the daughter of William T. Bell, who now lives retired in Enterprise. He was formerly identified with merchandising and for several years was county treasurer of Wallowa county, also serving as postmaster at Enterprise. Mr. Boatman is identified with Wallowa Lodge, No. 82, A. F. & A. M.; with Enterprise Chapter, No. 30, R. A. M.; and both he and his wife are members of Wallowa Chapter, No. 50, O. E. S. He also belongs to Lodge No. 94, K. P., and is a member of the Independent Order of Odd Fellows at Lostine. Mrs. Boatman is an active worker in the Presbyterian church. Mr. Boatman is a man of pleasing personality, genial in manner and obliging in disposition. His popularity as a public official is evidenced by the fact that both in his election in 1908 and in his reelection in 1910 to the office of county clerk, he was placed in his position without opposition, notwithstanding the fact that he is a democrat in politics and that the county nominally has a republican plurality of five hundred votes. Although a young man still, his sterling integrity, native ability and honorable business methods have won for him a leading place among the citizens of his county.

P. L. PHELAN. Lumbering with its affiliated industry of sawmilling is among the representative occupations of the northwest and the men who are developing and promoting large enterprises along these lines are progressive and influential forces. P. L. Phelan has given his energies and activities for many years to the operation of a large sawmill in Coos county near Myrtle Point and his yearly output is a valuable addition to the resources of his section. He was born in Nova Scotia, March 19, 1861, and is a son of William and Susan (Crouse) Phelan. His father was a native of Ireland and his mother's birth occurred in Nova Scotia where they were married and where they both passed away. They became the parents of ten children, seven of whom are still living: Alicia, the wife of Charles M. Firth of Liverpool, Nova Scotia; James W., a resident of Maldin, Massachusetts; John R., who makes his home in Liverpool, Nova Scotia; P. L., the subject of this review; George A. and Mrs. Judson Young, who also make their home in Liverpool, Nova Scotia; and Mrs. Charles Smith of Mahone Bay, Nova Scotia. The children of Mr. and Mrs. William Phelan, who have passed away are: Mrs. Charles Holden, the eldest daughter, who died at Shelburn, Nova Scotia; Margaret; and Elizabeth, who died in childhood in Nova Scotia.

P. L. Phelan attended the public schools of his native country and received a good business education. He pursued his studies until he was seventeen years of age and at that time engaged in the lumber business in Nova Scotia and later in the states of Washington and Oregon, continuing in that business for twenty years. His activities as a resident of Coos county have always been connected with the lumber industry. When he came to Oregon there was only one sawmill in Myrtle Point and this plant was the first of its kind erected in that vicinity. It had been in operation only a few years when Mr. Phelan purchased it and has since operated it with constantly increasing success. The enterprise is known as the Myrtle Point Mill Company and the output of the concern amounts to thirty-five thousand feet of lumber every ten hours. Mr. Phelan is also the owner of a block of land inside the city limits of Myrtle Point. He is an ambitious and energetic man with the power of organization and an ability to direct his subordinates, and his success has resulted from his constant application to business and his honorable commercial methods.

February 28, 1894, Mr. Phelan was united in marriage to Miss Rose Nasburg, a native of Empire city, Coos county, Oregon, and a daughter of John and Alice Nasburg, pioneer settlers of this state. Mr. and Mrs. John Nasburg settled in Coos county in 1852 and the former was one of its prominent and representative citizens during his life. He served his state in the Indian wars of Oregon and died in 1910 at the age of eighty years. His wife is still living and is in the sixty-third year of her age. Mr. and Mrs. Nasburg were the parents of four children, three of whom are still living: Sarah, the wife of Henry Reynolds of Portland, Oregon; John, who is in business in Florence, Oregon; Rose, the wife of our subject; and one child who died at the age of two years. To Mr. and Mrs. Phelan have been born two children: Preston, whose birth occurred in Marshfield, Oregon, July 21, 1902; and Rosemary, born in the same city, November 16, 1909.

In his political affiliations Mr. Phelan is a consistent republican. He holds membership in Myrtle Lodge No. 78 A. F. & A. M. and also belongs to the Knights of Pythias. He has filled all the chairs in the Independent Order of Odd Fellows and in the Woodmen of the World. He has been prominently identified with fraternal circles of Myrtle Point for many years and his affiliations along this line form one of the important interests of his life. Mr. Phelan is upright and honorable in his private life, wise, energetic, and alert in his business capacity and his sterling citizenship is of a brand which is rapidly becoming representative of western America.

THOMAS F. JOHNSON, who is serving as sheriff of Hood River county, is one of Hood River's prominent citizens. He was born in Boone county, Kentucky, eighteen miles south of Cincinnati, on the 8th of March, 1873, his parents being J. L. and Martha (Miller) Johnson, both of whom were also natives of Boone county, where their births occurred in 1843 and 1844 respectively. The father served in the Civil war with the Kentucky volunteers, as did the mother's brothers. The father was a manufacturer and dealer of tobacco. He spent his life in his native state

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until he removed to Oregon in 1905, three years after his son Thomas F. took up his residence in this state. To Mr. and Mrs. Johnson fourteen children were born, eight of whom survive: Fannie, the wife of G. D. Johnson, of Arizona; Ida, who is married to Douglas Moore, of Kentucky; Sallie, who is the wife of J. K. Carson, a resident of Hood River; Eleanor, who is married to Edward Creighton, also of Hood River; Thomas F., the subject of this sketch; Nora Belle, who is residing at home; Lucy Grant, who is living in Hood River; and Virginia, who also makes her home with her parents.

Thomas F. Johnson received his education in the common schools of Kentucky and upon his father's tobacco plantation acquired his first experience in active employment. Until the age of fifteen years he was employed in a tobacco warehouse but after that time took up farming and later owned and operated a sawmill in Kentucky. In 1902 he purchased a fruit farm of seven acres in Hood River county, which was wholly unimproved, but under his wise and efficient supervision it has been brought under a high state of cultivation and at the present time is set out to apples and pears. These trees are from one to six years old. He also built a modern and commodious home upon the property where he resides and he carries on his farming operations and also his business in the town. In 1908, 1909 and 1910 he served as warehouse fruit inspector of the Fruit Grower's Union in Hood River. Among fruit growers he is known as a man of scientific knowledge and ability and his sound judgment has been one of the strong factors in the development of the agricultural interests in Hood River.

On the 6th of December, 1897, Mr. Johnson was married to Miss Narcissus Reynolds, a daughter of William and Martha (Leach) Reynolds, of Kentucky. In their native state the parents carried on agricultural pursuits for many years. To Mr. and Mrs. Johnson four children were born: Charles and Julius, who are both attending school; James; and Thomas F.

Mr. Johnson gives his political support to the republican party because he believes its measures and policies are most conducive to good government. He holds membership in the Knights of Pythias and in the Baptist church. In 1910 he was elected to the office of sheriff of Hood River county and he is at present discharging the duties of that office. In his political duties he displays a conscientious regard for both party principles and public welfare and in his business activities he is one of the strong factors in the progress and development of the community.

CONRAD MINGUS. From 1868 to the time of his death, which occurred on the 25th of May, 1900, Conrad Mingus was a resident of Oregon. He had already had several years of experience as a western man, having previous to that period been a resident of California. He was imbued with that spirit of enterprise which is characteristic of this section of the country and he contributed in no small measure to the work of general progress and improvement, while his efforts as an agriculturist resulted in the conversion of an old donation claim into richly cultivated fields. He was born in North Carolina, on the 6th of May, 1822, and was a son of Jacob Mingus, who died in that state. Conrad Mingus spent his youth under the parental roof and when about twenty years of age started out in life on his own account. Leaving North Carolina, he went to Missouri where he lived for several years, and then removed to Kansas. He was a brick mason by trade, following that occupation in the two states, but in 1849 he joined the long procession that was slowly wending its way over the plains to the gold fields of California, and for some time thereafter he worked in the mines. He then turned his attention to teaming and freighting and still later engaged in farming in Solano county.

While residing in California, in 1862, Mr. Mingus was united in marriage to Miss Lavina Dollarhide, a daughter of Jesse Dollarhide, who crossed the plains from Iowa to California in 1861. The couple began their domestic life in that state but in 1868 removed northward to Oregon, settling in the Rogue river valley in Jackson county, two and a half miles north of Medford. The place was an old donation claim known as Heber Grove, having been entered by Mr. Heber. Mr. Mingus resided on this farm until 1888 and during that period a notable change occurred in its appearance. Wild land was converted into rich fields that annually yielded golden harvests; fences were built; modern machinery introduced; and the progressive methods of the present age were followed. The years brought Mr. Mingus success as the result of his sound judgment and well directed efforts and in 1888 he retired with a handsome competence saved from his earnings. Taking up his abode in Ashland, his remaining days were there passed and he ever enjoyed the respect and good will of those among whom he lived.

As the years passed by the home of Mr. and Mrs. Mingus was blessed with a family of four children, namely: Francis M., residing at Grangeville, Idaho; Dr. Everett Mingus, a physician and surgeon of Marshfield, Oregon; Clara, who married W. A. Aitkin, of Medford, Oregon; and Daisy, the wife of Fred Robley, of Clackamas county, this state. Since the death of her husband Mrs. Mingus has continued to make her home in Ashland, where she has many warm friends. She belongs to Alpha Chapter, No. 1, of the Order of the Eastern Star. Mr. Mingus was a valued and representative member of the Masonic fraternity, belonging to Jacksonville Lodge. He was always loyal to its teachings concerning mutual helpfulness and brotherly kindliness, being ever ready to extend the hand of assistance to one in need. His political allegiance was given to the democratic party and he kept well informed on questions of the day but did not seek nor desire office. He had traveled life's journey for seventy-eight years when called to the home beyond, and the record he made

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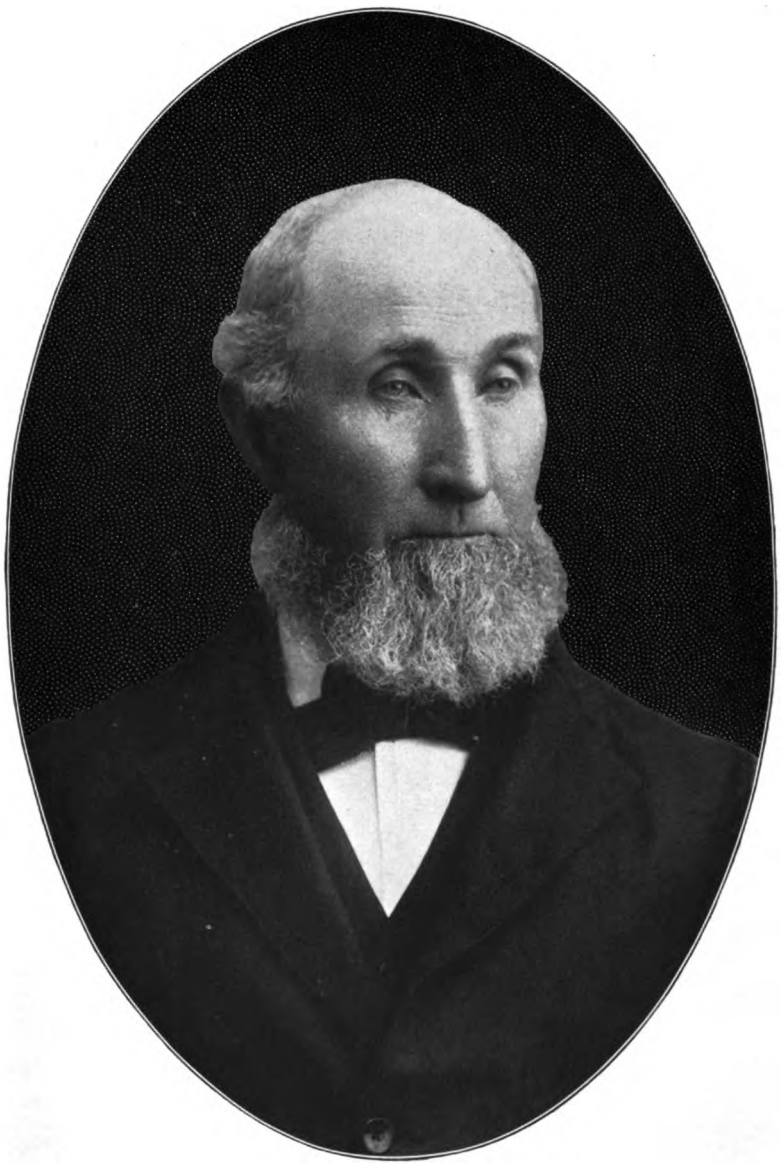

CONRAD MINGUS

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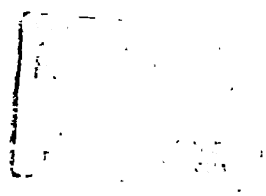

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through that entire period was one which commanded the confidence and high regard of all who knew him. There were no exciting chapters in his life record and no spectacular phases but he always did his duty faithfully, performing any task that devolved upon him in a public or private relation and it is such citizens who constitute the real strength of a community.

THOMAS CARRICK BURKE. The fifth son of Charlemagne had a great-grandson who, as governor of his father's towns, was called John DeBurgh. Thus the origin of the name Burke. One of John DeBurgh's offspring was Harlowen DeBurgh, who married Harlette, mother of William the Conqueror. Third in descent from this pair was Adelm who married Agnes, daughter of Louis the Seventh of France. Their son, William DeBurgh, entered Ireland with a commission from King Henry; and, during his lurid career there, the family was transplanted to Irish soil. William's wife, Isabella, was the daughter of Richard the Lion Hearted. They left a son Richard, who rivalled his father as a freebooter. He changed the name further to Bourke. His grandson, Richard, is known as the Red Earl. This warrior trampled under foot English and Irish alike, until his victorious banner waved from every castle in Ireland. His daughter married the King of Scotland—Robert Bruce. The life of the Red Earl ended in a monastery, in 1326, where he entered as an Augustinian friar. His youngest son, Edmund, was afterwards seized by his kinsmen, incased in a weighted sack and hurled from the cliffs of Partry into the lake. From the murdered Edmund, descended the Burkes of Munster, who, for generations, fought the Burkes of Connaught, when there was no other fighting to be had. The separation of the tribe into these two clans is marked, even to-day, by the spelling of the name in their original seats—in Mayo, Bourke; in Galway, Burke. Edmund's son, Thomas, was the father of Thomas the Red, who founded the monastery of Mayone in 1460. On the altar, in that ancient pile, his tomb, decorated with the Burke Arms, may still be seen. The early monasteries of Ireland were the seat of the world's learning; and students, including Alfred the Great, flocked to them from England and the continent. Generations of invasion followed, during which the monasteries were suppressed; and, through it all, where fighting was thickest, were the Burkes. In 1635 the Earl of Stafford, by intrigue, secured for Charles the First, all the lands and titles of the Bourkes of Connaught; and, a few years later, what remained to the Burkes of Munster, was confiscated by Cromwell. Space forbids, nor is it important, to follow this genealogy down to the present. It is marked by statesmen, scholars, prelates, buccaneers and long lines of Irish rebels. The family names of John, Richard, Thomas, William and Edmund follow the trail. During the barbarous centuries that succeeded the landing of William DeBurgh, in Wexford, whether as chieftains on land, or pirates on the sea, the Burkes played a man's part, as they understood it; and, when they went in for piety, there, too, they went with all their might. In crime and virtue, in song and story, in church and state, in peace and war, the name is written high in the annals of the British Isles.

John Burke and Mary Ryan were reared in that beautiful section of Ireland surrounding the old abbey of Holy Cross. They came to America about the middle of the last century, were married in New York and had three children, who were born and grew to manhood in Iowa—Richard, "Tom" and John. When these boys were, respectively, nine, seven and five years old, their mother died and their father entered the Union service. Soon after, the war closed; but three years elapsed before his return. He then rescued the lads from a hired parentage and provided them with a kind stepmother and with brothers and sisters of this second union. In 1907, at the age of eighty-four, he succumbed to a surgical operation at Rochester, Minnesota. His widow occupies the old home at Sigourney, Iowa. Her own son, Edmund, is in charge of the business of the International Harvester Company in the north country, with headquarters at Fargo, and all her other children are filling positions of responsibility.

Of the first three, Richard graduated from the Iowa State College with the class of 1878, served for a time in a county office at Sigourney and then embarked in journalism at What Cheer and Oskaloosa—Iowa towns. In 1883, he married Menza Rosecrans, niece of General Rosecrans, and is now living at Moscow, Idaho, where he represents an old line insurance company, as general agent for the state. He is the father of four sons and two daughters, Henry, "Tom," William, John, Mary and Ada.

John remained on the farm until his father retired from it. He then took a course in law at the University in Iowa City, after which he settled in North Dakota, where he rose to the head of the bar. He is now serving his third term as governor of that state. The delegates from North Dakota to the late national convention at Baltimore were pledged to him for president, but, on first roll call, he released them to Governor Wilson. He afterwards narrowly escaped the nomination for vice president. His wife and three children, Elizabeth, "Tom," and Marion, make his home life ideal.

Thomas Carrick, or "Tom," as he is familiarly called, was the second, or middle, one of the three. He was born in Marion, Iowa, December 15, 1856; graduated from the Iowa State College in the class of 1881, with the degree of B. S., and from the Iowa law school at Des Moines, with the class of 1884. He at once entered the practice of his profession at the Iowa capital and continued it for sixteen years, with a few broken intervals. In 1888 he was elected judge of the municipal court of Des Moines. In 1890, he was reelected to the same position. On retiring from office, he secured a passport from James G. Blaine then secretary of state, (anticipating possible trouble abroad) and

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went to Ireland, where, for six months, he roamed among the haunts of his ancestors. In the meantime, he attempted to portray in a series of letters to the Saturday Review of Des Moines, the effort, at that time, of Parnell, backed by John Redmond, to re-enter parliament against the opposition of Gladstone and the Irish clergy. But his heart was involved in the memories and traditions that still linger around the old home of the Burkes, where the murmuring waters of the Suir fill with fairy voices the ruins of Holy Cross Abbey. A branch of the Burke family still lives there. After his return to America, so strong was the ancestral call that, in 1893, he announced his desire to go, as consul, to Belfast; and, immediately, the democracy of Iowa united in a petition to President Cleveland, urging him for the place. Long after, it was learned that the Belfast consulate had been previously pledged.

On October 5, 1898, he married Frances Striegel, at Burlington, Iowa. She was the daughter of a Bohemian mother and German father. Her phenomenal record in the Chicago Musical College had been followed by study in Vienna with that maker of the world's great artists—Leschtizky, and a series of concerts after her return from Europe in 1896. She was a young woman of unusual charm and a pianist of the first rank. For more than a year after their marriage, they lived in Des Moines. In 1900 they came, temporarily, to Baker City, where they gradually anchored, and have since established a home. They have two children, Joselyn, aged eight and Thomas Carrick, Jr., aged four.

Since his removal to Oregon, although a member of the bar of the state, the subject of this sketch has followed the fortunes of mining—which first lured him west. He is interested also in lands and timber. He is president of the Oregon branch of the National Mining Congress; and, vice president for Oregon, of the national organization. By appointment of Governor West, he is a member of the state board of immigration; and, by election, president, also, of that body. He was the first to advocate and was active in helping to establish the Des Moines system of government by which the name of his adopted town was changed from Baker City, to Baker, when it led all the other cities of the state in taking on the commission plan. In politics, the democratic party, with which he has always affiliated, meets his views more nearly than any other. He is a democrat in the broadest sense, believing that, however, men may differ in attainments, mental or material, one man is as good as another if he is ethically as sound and has equal regard for the rights of others. He is a progressive in the current movement to bring the government, in all its branches, nearer the suffrage of the people; and, he insists, that women are included under that head. He was chairman of the Oregon delegation to the Baltimore convention; where, from first to last, he was one of the most intense fighters among the Wilson leaders.

All religions, he holds, are, and always have been, purely systems of belief; and that inasmuch as absolutely nothing is, or ever has been known of a future life, one man's opinion, in regard to it, is entitled to as much credit and respect as another's. That on a subject where all are, now, and always have been equally ignorant, the pity of it is, that, in contentions over it, millions of the human race should have perished and that the record of these tragedies should stand, in the name of the Almighty, on the darkest page in history. He believes that simple toleration and kindness toward our fellow mortals and a helping hand extended indiscriminately to them in the only life of which there is any earthly knowledge, has the advantage over all professional systems of belief, in bringing its reward without the intervention of death, or the possibility of doubt.

His social attachments are confined to his home and friends, outside of which, the big open lodge of humanity is, the only one to which he belongs. His indifference to small society customs and his general non-conformity mark him, perhaps, as strongly individual. An optimist always, his faith in men and in the ultimate triumph of right has survived many a shock—he remains an optimist.

B. B. RICHARDS is engaged in dealing in wheat in Athena where he also acts as an insurance agent. He was born in Polk county, Oregon, November 25, 1873, and is a son of James and Amanda (Simons) Richards, who were natives of Blue Springs, Missouri, where they were married in 1849. Their wedding journey was the long trip across the plains to Oregon behind a plodding ox team, which was at length completed and after which they settled in Polk county, twelve miles from Salem. James Richards secured an old donation claim of a half section of land and began the development of that property, upon which he and his wife resided until called to their final rest, his death occurring when he was sixty-three years of age, and that of his wife when she was fifty-three years of age. He had always followed farming and his life's experiences were such as usually fall to the lot of pioneers. He had nine children: James, living in Corvallis, Oregon; George, a resident of Portland: Ralph, whose home is in Granite Falls, Washington; Walter, who lives near Rock creek at Klondike; Ella, the wife of Henry Funk, of Salem; B. B., of this review; and three who are deceased, John, Harden, and David.

B. B. Richards was left an orphan by the death of his parents in his early childhood, after which he resided with his elder brother while acquiring his public-school education. He remained on the old homestead until about 1888 and the experiences of farm life gave him an excellent training for his duties of later years. He supplemented his public-school course by six years' study in the State University at Eugene, from which he was graduated with the degree of A. B. in the class of 1898. He afterward spent a year in the

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employ of a lumber firm in California and then came to Umatilla county, where he engaged in teaching school for two years. He next began buying and selling wheat and has since engaged in that business, which, owing to his capable management, has proved a profitable source of income to him. He is in addition agent for a number of old reliable insurance companies and this branch of his interests is proving remunerative to him. He has been justice of the peace and city recorder of the city of Athena for the past seven years and was the first city recorder of the town of Helix and drafted all of that city's ordinances when it was incorporated.

On the 16th of February, 1909, B. B. Richards was married to Miss Eva J. Rider, a native of Wallowa county, Oregon, and a daughter of William and M. Mattie Rider. Her father is deceased and her mother resides in Athena, Oregon. Mr. and Mrs. Richards have one daughter, Helen Elene, born April 14, 1912. They have a pleasant home in Athena and are prominent residents of the town. Mr. Richards is an exemplary representative of the Masonic lodge and is a member of the Independent Order of Odd Fellows and the Knights of Pythias. His political allegiance is with the republican party. As city recorder his work is carefully and systematically done and as justice of the peace he renders decisions which are strictly fair and impartial, winning him "golden opinions from all sorts of people."

P. S. ROBISON is farming two hundred and fifteen acres of land three miles below Myrtle Point, on the Coquille river, Coos county, and has attained a gratifying degree of success in his chosen occupation. He was born in Cole county, Missouri, April 10, 1858, and is a son of Samuel and Lucina (Lampson) Robison. The father was born in Pennsylvania, in 1805, and the mother in Ohio, in 1819. They were married in Missouri and were among the earliest settlers of that state. They remained there until 1871, in which year they came west to Oregon and settled in Josephine county. Two years later they moved to Coos county and in 1873 the father took up a homestead claim in the Fishtrap valley where he cultivated the soil until his death, in 1892, in the eighty-seventh year of his age. After his demise his wife made her home with her youngest daughter and died when she was eighty-six years old. Mr. and Mrs. Samuel Robison were the parents of eight children: Franklin B., who is now farming a part of his father's homestead; R. C., who makes his home near Portland, Oregon; C. T., of the Fishtrap valley; P. S., of this review; Mrs. Martha Able, who resides near Corvallis, Oregon; Orvilla and John R., both of whom are deceased; and George Texas, who died in February, 1912.

P. S. Robison is almost entirely self-educated. He attended school for less than a year but by intelligent reading has broadened his knowledge until he is now a well informed man. He remained with his parents until he was twenty-three years of age and then started in active life for himself. He followed logging for four years and then married, afterward farming his father's homestead, which he managed efficiently and brought to a high state of development. In 1896 he purchased fifty-five acres of land on the Coquille river which formed the basis of his present large agricultural enterprise. He has at various times in his career added to his holdings until he now owns two hundred and fifteen acres of land, well improved and highly developed.

He has been successful from the beginning. He learned the rudiments of agriculture by personal experience and hard work upon his father's farm and at an early day became acquainted with the most approved methods of soil cultivation and with the detailed information of the management of an up-to-date farm. He makes his dairy, which he has conducted since 1892, one of the important branches of his enterprise and at the present time is milking thirty-seven cows for dairy purposes. He devotes seventy acres of his land to pasturing forty-five head of high-grade cattle and is known as an expert judge of thoroughbred stock. He sold his dairy products to the first creamery ever built in Coos county.

In 1883 Mr. Robison was united in marriage to Miss Laura Hoover, a native of Minnesota, and a daughter of Aaron Hoover, who came to Oregon in 1875 and lived in this state, near Norway, until his death. Of the children born to Mrs. Robison's parents four are still living: Andrew, of Alameda county, California; Mrs. Susanna Myers, who lived in Norway, Oregon, and who passed away July 2, 1912; Willis A., of Bandon, this state; and Laura, the wife of our subject. Mrs. Robison's father died July 4, 1881, and was survived by his wife until November 14, 1906. Unto Mr. and Mrs. Robison have been born ten children: Caleb C., who is still at home; Beulah O., the wife of Clarence Schroeder; of Coos county; Walter S., who also lives with his parents; Leola, who married Ray Lewis, and is farming on the Coquille river; Franklin Roy and Lucina, both of whom are living at home; Beunice and Burnice, twins, who are now fourteen years of age; Florence, who is twelve years of age; and Glen L., who is eight years of age. Of these children all have attended the public schools of Coos county. In his political views Mr. Robison is a democrat but liberal in his interpretation of the party's doctrines. He is well known in public affairs in Coos county and is the nominee for the office of county representative which he secured without any effort upon his part. He has served for a number of years as a member of the local school board and is interested in educational expansion. Fraternally he belongs to the Grange and has been a member of the Masonic lodge for thirty-two years. The year he joined the Masonic order, he was made master of his lodge. In 1902 he was again elected to that office and served for two years, then served for a similar period as lecturer. Again he served two years as master but has since declined official honor. He has devoted the principal

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part of his life to agriculture and has attained a degree of success which is entirely the product of his own labor and which is inseparable from intelligent and specialized industry.

CHARLES H. BARTHOLOMEW, owner of a farm of four hundred and forty acres on Little Butter creek, is numbered among the most substantial agriculturists and esteemed citizens of Morrow county. He was born in Elmwood, Illinois, on the 13th of December, 1877, his parents being Alba and Mary (Coe) Bartholomew. The father's death occurred at Heppner in 1903 and the mother who survives him still resides in that town.

Charles H. Bartholomew was brought from Illinois to Oregon by his parents in February, 1884. He acquired his education in the common schools of this state, first at Milton, where he resided with his parents for three years, and subsequently at Sand Hollow. When he was twenty-seven years of age he removed to the farm on Little Butter creek where he is now residing and where he owns four hundred and forty acres, one hundred and fifty-two of which is under irrigation. He devotes its energies to alfalfa-growing and stock-raising and feeds a herd of two thousand sheep. The results of his energy and labor are shown in the highly improved condition of his property and the modern and substantial buildings with which it is equipped. His business ability and close application have gained for him rank among the progressive agriculturists of the county. His ranch is situated twenty miles from the railway station.

On the 27th of October, 1901, Charles H. Bartholomew was married to Miss Phebe Thomson, a native of Butter Creek and a daughter of O. F. Thomson, deceased. To Mr. and Mrs. Bartholomew three children, Mary, Fay and O. F., have been born. His many sterling traits have won Mr. Bartholomew high regard and he is numbered among the honored and representative citizens of Butter Creek.

CHARLES KING is the owner of a tract of one hundred and twenty-seven acres of land, constituting one of the best improved farms in Washington county. His birth occurred in Germany on the 23d of January, 1838, his parents being John A. and Margaret King, both of whom passed away in that country when forty-eight years of age. Unto them were born three sons and three daughters, of whom one son and two daughters are now in the United States.

In May, 1860, when a young man of twenty-two years, Charles King crossed the Atlantic to the United States, first locating in California. From St. Joseph, Missouri, with three companions from Europe, he had started across the plains on foot, carrying a blanket and a small amount of provisions but no money. He began the journey in June but did not arrive at his destination until October and was often on the point of starvation, hardly expecting to reach California alive. After working in a sawmill there for two years he came to Oregon, settling at Granite Creek or the north fork of the John Day river, where he operated a gold mine. In 1866 he removed to The Dalles, there remaining for two years. On the expiration of that period he came to Washington county, here taking charge of a timber tract which he had previously purchased. He developed the property into a splendid farm and cultivated the land for ten years before disposing of it. Subsequently he bought his present farm of one hundred and twenty-seven acres, which at the time it came into his possession was entirely unimproved and was covered with timber and brush. Since that time he has developed one hundred and ten acres thereof, now owning one of the most highly improved farms in the county. At present the land is worth three hundred dollars an acre. In its cultivation Mr. King has won a gratifying measure of success, being numbered among the prosperous and representative citizens of the community.

Mr. King has been married twice. In 1868 he wedded Miss Agnes Augusta Campbell, a native of Illinois and a daughter of John and Elizabeth Campbell, by whom she was brought to Oregon in 1852, when but three months old. Both Mr. and Mrs. Campbell died in Portland. Their children were twelve in number, namely: James, Thomas, Rachel, Charles, Mrs. Agnes A. King, Theodore, Elizabeth, Alice, Theodore, Wilbur, Ida and one who is deceased. By his first wife Mr. King had seven children, as follows: Thomas Herbert, who resides on the homestead place; Fred, living in Portland, Oregon; Annie Lulu and John B., both at home; George William, who is married and operates part of the homestead place; Margaret, who makes her home in Alaska; and Rosa, who is married and resides in Idaho. The mother was called to her final rest in 1897. Mr. King was again married, his second union being with Mary Osterhamer, by whom he has one daughter, Louisa.

In politics Mr. King is a stanch democrat but his aspirations are not in the line of office seeking. His religious faith is indicated by his membership in the Catholic church. He has now been a resident of Oregon for a half century and has participated in the wonderful work of development which has been undertaken and accomplished during that period. In an analyzation of the character and life work of Charles King we note many of the characteristics which have marked the German nation for many centuries—the perseverance, reliability, energy and unconquerable determination to pursue a course that has been marked out. It is these sterling qualities which have gained for our subject success in life and made him one of the substantial and valued citizens of Washington county.

WILLIAM E. HANSON, who is residing in Hood River, is efficiently discharging his duties as county clerk of Hood River county where he has resided since 1908. His birth occurred on the 12th of February, 1877, in Wisconsin, his parents being Fred and Martha (Nelson) Hanson, both of whom were natives of Den-

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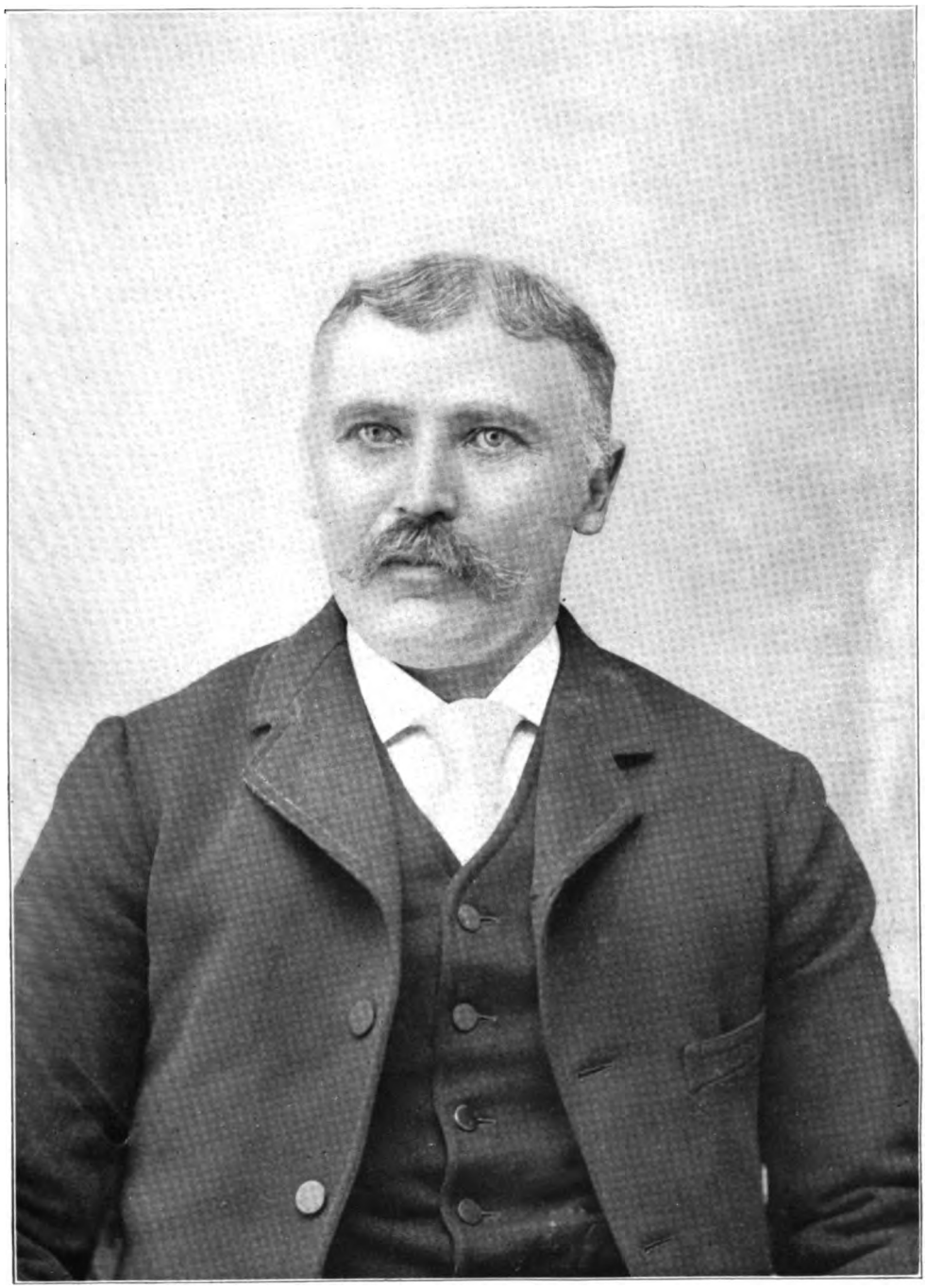

CHARLES KING

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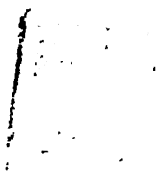

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mark. The father's birth occurred on the 28th of March, 1840, and in 1866 he came to America at which time he settled in Wisconsin where his death occurred in 1910. Throughout his life he followed agricultural pursuits, and at the present time his widow is residing on the Wisconsin farm. Her birth occurred in September, 1855. To them four children were born: James C., who is residing in Soo, Michigan; William E., the subject of this sketch; Mary A., a resident of Wisconsin; and Carrie, the wife of Fred Kardell, of Wisconsin.

William E. Hanson received his education in the common schools of Wisconsin and graduated from the New Lisbon high school in the class of 1896. Subsequently he took up a two years' course in the normal school at Stevens Point, Wisconsin, and later engaged in teaching for three years before coming to Oregon in 1902. After his arrival in this state he taught school for two years, and has also been employed in the county clerk's office in The Dalles for a year. In 1908 he returned from spending a year in eastern Oregon and took up a homestead in Hood River county. Before proving up the claim, however, he had an opportunity to sell to good advantage and he disposed of the property and settled in Hood River where he was engaged as deputy clerk from September, 1909, until January. 1911. In the autumn of 1910 he was elected county clerk, and he still holds this office.

In 1909 Mr. Hanson was married to Miss Harriet Marden, a daughter of John M. and Harriet (Reed) Marden, residents of this state. The father, who lived retired at The Dalles, until his death in March, 1912, came west with the gold seekers in 1849, and after residing in California for a short time removed to Oregon where he was one of the early settlers.

Mr. Hanson gives his political support to the republican party and is a firm believer in the policies and measures as set forth by the administrative and executive bodies of that organization. He holds membership in the Independent Order of Odd Fellows, an organization in which he is both active and influential. In his political, social, fraternal and business relations he has ever been found honorable and willing to give his best ability to any measures which may prove conducive to public welfare and development. Both he and his wife have won a circle of friends in Hood River which is almost as extensive as their acquaintances.

WILLIAM HARRISON REEDER, who was formerly an agriculturist of Umatilla county, Oregon, is now living retired in Tacoma, Washington. His birth occurred near Eureka, Illinois, on the 8th of August, 1854, his parents being Daniel A. and Eliza K. (Crossley) Reeder, who went to San Francisco in the early '70s and subsequently made the trip to the Willamette valley in Linn county by boat. They remained there for two or three years before settling in Umatilla county, where they resided after 1877. The father's death occurred in 1891, when he was sixty-one years of age. His active career had been given to agricultural pursuits and at the time of his death he was residing on the ranch near Helix. They were the parents of seven children: William H., of this review; L. B., who resides in Portland; W. C., who makes his home in Spokane; J. E., a resident of Tacoma; Allie Bostwick, deceased; Flora Elizabeth, who married C. M. Ely, of Tacoma; and Rhoda Bott, of Pendleton.

After the Reeder family took up their residence in Umatilla county William H. Reeder began to identify himself with the agricultural life of the district. At first he assisted his father upon the home farm and subsequently farmed the three sections of which he was the owner at the time of his retirement. Since that time this property has been managed and operated by his sons C. A. and O. H. His life has been one of intense activity and the success which he has won well shows his worth as an agriculturist. The farm is now being cultivated and improved as profitably and as ably as it was at any time during the father's ownership. The two ranches which were most recently acquired are planted almost entirely to wheat but ninety acres is given over to raising alfalfa. In 1904 Mr. Reeder removed to Tacoma, Washington, where he has since resided.

Mr. Reeder was married to Miss Alice A. Leedy, who is one of the pioneers of Linn county, and a daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Daniel Leedy. To Mr. and Mrs. Reeder three children have been born. C. A., the eldest, born August 2, 1880, is living on the home farm. He was married to Miss Myra Owens and to their union two children, Claude William and an infant have been born. O. H. is also engaged in agricultural pursuits, his birth having occurred on the 9th of May, 1882. To his union with Maude Gholson one child, Leonore, has been born. Avalena Laverne who concludes the family makes her home with her parents.

Mr. Reeder won the success which is his by hard, persistent work which will always tell in the development of the soil of this rich agricultural district. He was one of the early farmers in this state and as such deserves great credit for the opening up of the farming districts of Umatilla county. Few men have won greater success and none have more sincerely won the regard and respect of their fellowmen. He belongs to that class of representative citizens who came to the west with the determination to find in a new and growing country the success which perseverance, labor and energy merit. He became one of the substantial agriculturists and his life history may well serve as a source of encouragement and inspiration to others, showing what may be accomplished when one has the will to work.

FRANCIS C. McKENZIE, city recorder at Hermiston where he has filled other public offices including that of justice of peace, was born in Circleville, Pickaway county, Ohio, November 3, 1883. On account of his services in the latter capacity he is popularly known as "Judge McKenzie." His parents are Leo

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M. and Margaret E. (Ward) McKenzie, natives of the Buckeye state, who live in Pickaway county, where they have resided since their childhood. The father is a farmer and stock-raiser and his well directed labors have brought him substantial success.

Francis C. McKenzie is the fifth in order of birth in a family of ten children, four sons and six daughters. He is the youngest of the sons and was reared and primarily educated in the place of his nativity, supplementing his preliminary studies by a course in St. Gregory's Seminary at Cincinnati. He pursued a course in shorthand and bookkeeping at Circleville and afterward accepted a position as stenographer and bookkeeper in Columbus, Ohio, where he remained for a year. He afterward spent six months on a ranch in North Dakota and in 1905 arrived in Aberdeen, Washington, where he became connected with the Aberdeen Bulletin. He remained with that paper for a year and on the 7th of March, 1907, went to Pendleton, Oregon, where for two years he acted as manager of the Pendleton Tribune. He removed to Hermiston to accept the position of bookkeeper for the Newport Land & Construction Company and has since been actively and prominently identified with the business affairs and public interests of this city. In July, following his arrival here, he was appointed city recorder and on the 7th of December, 1909, was elected to that office. He was reelected on the 5th of December, 1911—a fact which indicates how capably he had discharged his duties during his first term. In November, 1910, he was elected justice of peace in which office he still renders decisions that are strictly fair and impartial. He acted as assistant postmaster in the year 1911 and has discharged the duties of the various public offices to which he has been called, with ability, promptness and fidelity.

On the 5th of November, 1908, Francis C. McKenzie was married in Umatilla county to Miss Georgia L. O'Daniel, a native of this county and a daughter of George R. and Alice O'Daniel, who are residents of Pendleton. Mr. and Mrs. McKenzie have two sons: George Francis and Raymond Gerald. The family occupies a pleasant and attractive home which Mr. McKenzie owns. He is a member of the Catholic church and fraternally is identified with the Woodmen of the World, while politically he is a republican. A young man, he has made a creditable record for one of his years and the sterling qualities he has already displayed argue well for success in the future.

THOMAS WILKINSON has been identified with stock-raising and has engaged in agricultural pursuits in Oregon since 1864. He has a fine farm and location and is marketing a large number of hogs annually. He was born in Peoria county, Illinois, January 24, 1837, a son of Jacob and Matilda (Cox) Wilkinson, the father having been born in Jackson county, Ohio, in 1807, and the mother in Ross county, that state, in 1808. The grandfather, Jacob Wilkinson, was a native of North Carolina and removed to Ohio at an early day, becoming a pioneer of that state, where he died while yet a young man. His son Jacob removed from his native state of Ohio to Illinois, where he settled in Peoria county, and later went to Missouri where he remained for six years, after which he returned to Illinois. He went to Nebraska in 1859, being a pioneer of that state, and after residing there until 1864 removed with his wife and eight children by ox team to Oregon. Emigrants at that time were having trouble with the Indians but Mr. Wilkinson and his family were not molested. He settled in High valley, a part of Grande Ronde valley, and lived there the remainder of his life, passing away in 1893 at the age of eighty-seven years. The mother died also in the same year, attaining the age of eighty-five years. While living in Oregon the father was engaged in the raising of cattle and horses, preferably the former. In his family were nine children, six sons and three daughters, four of whom survive: Thomas, of this review; Andrew, a resident of Union; Merritt, living in southern Oregon; and Elisa, the widow of Warden Hathaway.

Thomas Wilkinson spent his boyhood in Illinois, where he received a common-school education, and remained in that state until the removal of the family to Missouri. He has been engaged in breeding live stock and in general agricultural pursuits for many years, annually raising a large number of hogs from which he derives a profitable revenue. His farm is well improved with a comfortable residence, a spacious barn and other buildings, and is in a high state of cultivation.

Mr. Wilkinson was married November 27, 1879, to Miss Lydia Rundall, a native of Nebraska and a daughter of Henry and Hannah (Radley) Rundall, who removed to Oregon in 1876. To Mr. and Mrs. Wilkinson have been born four children: Matilda N., Mary Ettie, Jacob Henry and Phillip Edgar. Mr. Wilkinson is well preserved and for one of his years with intelligent understanding manages his enterprise in a modern and progressive way. He is a good citizen and greatly respected by all who know him and esteemed by a large number of friends and acquaintances.

HOMER ISHMAEL WATTS is one of the respected and influential citizens of Athena, Umatilla county, Oregon, where he is successfully engaged in the general practice of law. He was born at Athena, January 1, 1879, and is the son of Thomas J. and Elizabeth (Naylor) Watts. In 1851 the father crossed the plains with ox teams to California from Missouri and after spending a short time in the Golden state he returned to Missouri. In 1853 he again removed to California, where he was engaged in the gold-mining industry for a number of years. In 1870 he moved to Umatilla county, Oregon, and there established his home and has since continued to reside. Mr. Watts was united in marriage in Missouri in 1871 to Miss Elizabeth Naylor.

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Homer I. Watts was reared at home and received his elementary education in the public schools of Umatilla county. Later he was for some time a student at the Weston State Normal School, after which he completed his studies at the Monmouth State Normal School, from which institution he was graduated in 1897. He later completed a special course of study at the Throop Polytechnic Institute of Pasadena, California, being graduated in 1899 with the degree of C. E. He later entered the University of Oregon and after completing the required course of study was graduated from that institution with the degree of A. B. in the class of 1903. He then further pursued his university studies at Harvard, from which institution he was graduated in the class of 1907 with the degree of LL. B. He then engaged in farming and also in the general practice of law, in which he has since continued.

On October 7, 1905, at Portland, Oregon, Mr. Watts was united in marriage to Miss Jennie J. Gaines. Mr. Watts belongs to the Sigma Nu college fraternity and is a member of the Knights of Pythias and the Benevolent Protective Order of Elks. He is one of the useful and respected citizens of Umatilla county and a man whose abilities as a lawyer are recognized throughout his portion of the state. His unusual educational acquirements justly entitle him to a distinguished place among the capable and progressive men of Oregon. He is always ready to give his support to the encouragement and advancement of any measure of public interest intended to improve the educational and civic interests of the people of his county and state.

I. W. HOPE. Through successive stages of business development and progress I. W. Hope has worked his way upward to a prominent place in agricultural and financial circles and at the same time has been a potent force in the political life of the community. He was born in Viroqua, Vernon county, Wisconsin, on the 28th of September, 1861, a son of George W. and Emeline (Williams) Hope, natives of Virginia and Ohio respectively. He is descended from old southern families which were established in Virginia at an early day, his grandfathers, Peyton Hope and Richard Williams, having both been born in that state, while Benjamin Williams, the great-grandfather on the maternal side, was also a native of the Old Dominion. The grandfathers were early pioneers of Ohio, the Williams family going to that state previous to the removal of the Hope family, Richard Williams being but a lad at the time. In early manhood he took up his home in Wisconsin. George W. Hope, the father of our subject, died while serving as a soldier in the Civil war. He enlisted in Company A, Twenty-fifth Wisconsin Volunteer Infantry, under Colonel Jeremiah Rusk, and passed away in 1863, having become ill during the Vicksburg campaign. Later his widow took her family to Kansas, where she has since made her home, now residing at Norton, that state.

Of the four children born to his parents I. W. Hope is the youngest. It was during his early childhood that removal was made to Kansas, and in that state he acquired a good education, completing his training in a private school. When fourteen years of age he accepted employment in order to help pay the expenses of his education, and he remained a student until eighteen years of age, when he put aside his text-books and went to Colorado, joining his brother M. G. Hope, who had the year previous preceded him and with whom he has since been closely associated in business interests. They remained in Colorado for only a year and then spent a similar period in Idaho, after which, in 1883, they came to the Vale district in Malheur county, Oregon, and homesteaded a farm two miles south of Vale. That remained their home until 1887, in which year the county was formed and M. G. Hope, having been appointed postmaster of Vale, took up his residence in that town. In the following year I. W. Hope again joined his brother and they opened a small store which, however, they subsequently enlarged from time to time until it became one of the important and prosperous enterprises in the community. On January 1, 1902, they sold that business, having in the meantime acquired considerable property and other important business interests which demanded their attention. They were interested in the establishment of the First Bank of Vale, now known as the United States National Bank, of which M. G. Hope was practically the organizer and the first vice president. They held the stock of that institution for about a year, after which they sold out and gave their attention to their stock-raising and farming, in which they had always been interested to a more or less extent since coming to Oregon, engaging extensively in the raising of cattle. They erected the Hope building, the first modern stone structure in Vale, of which they are still the owners. In October, 1910, they purchased the controlling interest in the United States National Bank, which is the outgrowth of the First Bank of Vale and in which they had formerly been interested. M. G. Hope is the president of the bank, to the duties of which office he gives his entire time and attention, while I. W. Hope is serving as vice president. The latter, whose labors in connection with the administration of the bank's business are not so arduous, gives the greater portion of his time to the brothers' outside interests. They now own four fine ranches in various sections of Malheur county, having in all about three thousand acres, and of these two farms are leased to renters. I. W. Hope gives his personal attention to the operation of the other two and raises large quantities of grain and hay, also keeping a number of horses. He is one of the really big men of the district, the importance of his various interests placing him foremost among the most prosperous and substantial business men of the county.

I. W. Hope was married in March, 1890, to Miss Lilly Gellerman, a daughter of Fred

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Gellerman, who came to Malheur county in 1878. By this union were born five children, namely: Norma, a student of Pacific University, at Forest Grove; and Erma, Mazie, Bernice and Hazel, all attending school.

Not only in business but in those other interests which go to make up the life of a community Mr. Hope has been a potent factor. In his fraternal relations he is an Odd Fellow and a Royal Arch Mason, being first master of the latter lodge under dispensation. He gives his support to the republican party and few have attained greater prominence in the political circles of Malheur county than Mr. Hope. He served on the school board for many years, has been councilman for several terms and is the present mayor of Vale, while in 1895 he was elected representative from Malheur county to serve in the state legislature, to which position he was reelected in 1897, serving throughout two terms. As chief executive of the town he is giving his fellow citizens a businesslike administration, performing his duties with an efficiency which indicates that the choice for the position was well made. Progress has ever been the keynote to his career, being a stanch champion of advancement along material, intellectual and political lines, recognizing that each has its place in the scheme of the world.

M. G. HOPE, president of the United States National Bank of Vale, occupies a foremost place in financial circles of Malheur county, and his various other interests give him prominent rank among the well known and prosperous citizens of his district. He was born on the 31st of August, 1859, in Vernon county, Wisconsin, a son of George W. and Emeline (Williams) Hope. He was the third child in order of birth, and in the public schools of Kansas he acquired his preliminary education. Later he pursued a two years' course in a private school and then had the advantage of a year's study in Bryant & Stratton Commercial College of St. Joseph, Missouri. About 1880 he went to Colorado, where a year later he was joined by his brother, I. W. Hope, of whom extended mention is made above. From that time the brothers have been continuously associated in business and today are the owners of extensive and valuable property throughout Malheur county. In 1910, in connection with his brother, Mr. Hope purchased the controlling interest in the United States National Bank, formerly the First Bank of Vale. He had practically been the organizer of that institution and served as its first vice president, but disposed of his original interests therein after about a year. He is now the president of the bank and to its management and control gives his entire time and attention. The bank now occupies commodious quarters in the fine new Drexel Hotel building, are elegantly and substantially furnished and equipped with all of the latest banking facilities. It is capitalized for seventy-five thousand dollars with a surplus of twenty-five thousand dollars, and its other officers are: I. W. Hope, vice president; J. P. Dunaway, cashier; and B. W. Mulkey, assistant cashier.

Mr. Hope has been married twice. On the 13th of January, 1888, he wedded Miss Emma High, a daughter of Francis and Sarah J. High, and unto them were born three children: Leslie, a graduate of the Pacific University; and Bessie and George M., both attending school. The wife and mother passed away on the 22d of December, 1904, and for his second wife Mr. Hope chose Miss Ora Smith, of Portland, Oregon, whom he married on the 5th of February, 1907. They have become the parents of one son, Paul.

Fraternally Mr. Hope belongs to the Knights of Pythias and to the Independent Order of Odd Fellows, and in the latter order he has passed through the various chairs, and he is also a member of the encampment. He has never sought political preferment, his interests rather centering in his home and his business, although he takes a public-spirited interest in all those issues which affect the state and nation. As president of one of the well known and substantial moneyed institutions of Malheur county he has come to be widely known in financial circles and his outside interests place him among the representative and influential men of his district.

BENJAMIN FRANKLIN ROSS was one of the early pioneers of Oregon and during life he was identified with many of the business enterprises of Coos county which became the stepping stones marking the progress of that county from an uninhabited wilderness to a prosperous and well populated district in the state of Oregon. He was born November 27, 1827, in Spencer county, Indiana, and was the son of Evan and Catherine (Ashby) Ross, who later removed to Iowa, where the father died at the age of forty-five years. The mother afterward removed to Oregon, where she passed away in 1882, at the age of eighty-eight years, in Coos county. They were the parents of fourteen children, of whom only two are living: Mrs. Bonebrake, the widow of Josiah V. Bonebrake, of Coos county, Oregon; and Mrs. Louisa Hodson, the widow of Jonathan Hodson, of Coos river, Oregon.

Benjamin Franklin Ross was reared in his parents' home and received his early education in the public schools of Marion county, Iowa. He was by trade and occupation a mason and devoted his attention to the business of his craft until 1850. In that year he emigrated to Oregon, crossing the great American desert with ox teams, settling first in Jackson county and later in Coos county. He was one of the first twenty-five white settlers in that portion of the state and was one of the first to build a residence in this county. On reaching Oregon he took up a donation claim in Lane county and later removed to Coos county, where he settled in 1851. To him belongs the distinction of having built the first hotel in Empire, which he operated for several years and he was also the builder of the first house of that place. He later engaged in the butcher business at

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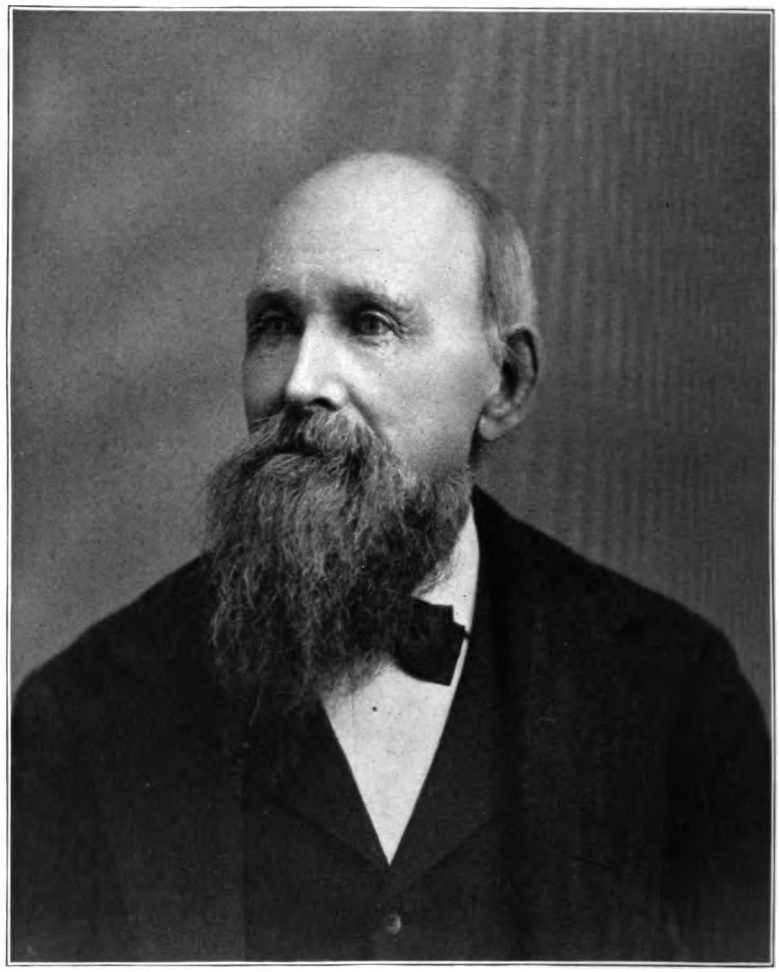

B. Frank. Ross

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R. Elisabeth Rojo

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Marshfield, and in 1864 settled upon his homestead on Ross Inlet where he continued to reside until the time of his death which occurred March 15, 1912. During the years of his life as a farmer he was also engaged in raising stock of which he made a specialty. At the time of his death he left a landed estate consisting of three hundred and twenty acres of highly improved agricultural land and was also interested in various gold mines in Coos county.

Mr. Ross was united in marriage September 10, 1864, to Miss Rhoda E. Bonebrake, a native of Iowa, her birth having occurred April 19, 1842. She is the daughter of Jacob and Lavina (Drollinger) Bonebrake, the former a native of Ohio and the latter of North Carolina. They celebrated their wedding in Indiana, where they lived for many years and then removed to Iowa, being among the first settlers of that state and there continued to reside until 1862. In that year they removed to Oregon where they established their home and continued to live during the remaining years of their lives, the mother having died in October, 1883, and the father in 1894. They were the parents of seven children, five of whom are still living: Cynthia A., of Stockton, Kansas; Rhoda E., the widow of the subject of this review; John W., a resident of Coos county Oregon; Mrs. Josephine Riggs, of Marshfield, Oregon; and H. S. Bonebrake, who resides on Ross Slough, Coos county, Oregon.

Mr. and Mrs. Benjamin F. Ross became the parents of one son, George F., who was born December 13, 1865, and who is engaged in farming on the old homestead. He was united in marriage to Miss Lucy Black, the daughter of Henry and Sarah (McGee) Black, both of whom were natives of Missouri and who emigrated to Oregon in 1864, and at present are living at Marshfield in Coos county. To Mr. and Mrs. George F. Ross three children have been born; George F., Jr., born on July 29, 1905; Mary E., who was born September 30, 1907; and Robert Everett, whose birth occurred February 25, 1912.

Mr. B. F. Ross gave his political support to the democratic party but was liberal in the exercise of his franchise. He was one of the veterans of the Rogue River Indian war of 1854, and a devout member of the United Brethren church. He was a man highly respected by all his friends and associates and for many years was a prominent citizen in the community in which he lived. Mrs. Ross now resides with her son George. The death of Mr. Ross brought loss not only to his family but removed from the state one of its early pioneers who had accomplished much for the business and agricultural development of what is now one of the richest sections of Oregon.

WILLIAM McQUOWEN, when a lad of five years made the long and arduous trip across the plains and yet has a vivid remembrance of various incidents of the journey. Throughout all the intervening years from 1862 to the present time he has been a resident of the northwest and since starting in life's work on his own account has engaged in farming and stock-raising, being today the owner of three hundred and twenty acres of valuable land in the vicinity of Baker, Oregon. He was born June 21, 1857, in Henry county, Iowa, his parents being Jacob and Mary (McMurran) McQuowen. The father was of Scotch descent and the mother was a representative of an old Pennsylvania family but was reared in Iowa, to which state she was taken by her parents when quite young. It was there that she gave her hand in marriage to Jacob McQuowen and unto them were born six children, three sons and three daughters, of whom William was the eldest. The others were: Lydia, now deceased; Martha, the wife of Frank Emery, a resident of Haines, Oregon; Thomas, who was born in 1865 and is living in Umatilla county; Alexander, who is married and owns a farm in the Powder river valley, near Baker; and Elva, the wife of John H. Hammond, of Haines, who is the owner of both town and farm property in that locality. The father of these children died ten or twelve years ago, at which time he was making his home about eight miles west of Baker in the Powder river valley. The mother still survives. They had crossed the plains to the northwest in 1862, making the long journey in a prairie schooner or covered wagon drawn by oxen and arriving in the Powder river valley in September. They lived at Auburn until 1863 and then went to the Idaho mines but returned to Baker county in 1864, the father securing a claim near Pocahontas. This he improved and thereon made his home to the time of his demise, and since his widow has lived with her children. She is now eighty-five years of age and is remarkably well preserved physically and mentally.

Becoming a resident of Baker county in early boyhood, William McQuowen pursued his education in the schools of Pocahontas and his business training was that of the fields. He early became familiar with the best methods of sowing and planting, of cultivating the soil and caring for the harvests, and he has always continued in farming and stock-raising. In this he has been very successful and is today the owner of a well improved farm of three hundred and twenty acres valued at not less than one hundred dollars per acre. He also has a tract of eighty acres of timber land and upon his place are commodious buildings for the shelter of grain, stock and farm machinery. His home, too, is pleasant and attractive and all of the equipments upon the farm are thoroughly modern. He raises good grades of cattle and horses and his stock constitutes an important feature of his annual income.

About 1905 Mr. McQuowen was married in Baker, Oregon, to Mrs. Annie (Elliott) Behm, the widow of John Behm. She was the only daughter of William Elliott, a prominent stock-raiser and farmer. Mr. and Mrs. McQuowen have one son, Orrel, born in October, 1908. Mrs. McQuowen was the mother of four daughters by her first marriage: Addie, who married William Thom-

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ason; Leliah, the wife of Robert Boyce; Ada, who married Edward Case; and Mary. Her sons-in-law are all farmers and stock-raisers and all live in Baker county.

Mr. McQuowen is republican in his political affiliation. He is fraternally connected with the Independent Order of Odd Fellows, holding membership in Baker Lodge, No. 25. Having practically spent his entire life in Baker county, he is well and favorably known here and his sterling traits of character and worthy accomplishments have given him a creditable position as a business man and citizen.

W. E. BROWNELL, M. D., a physician and surgeon of Elgin, was born in Corning, New York, June 27, 1843, the son of Seeley and Louisa (Cook) Brownell, both of whom were natives of the state of New York. The father was also a physician and surgeon, being a graduate of a medical college, and for ten years practiced in Bath, New York. In 1849 he removed to Chicago, Illinois, going by sleigh as far as Buffalo, New York, and thence by the lakes to Chicago. There he engaged in the practice of his profession until the outbreak of the Civil war, when he volunteered as a surgeon in the service and died while in the army, at Memphis, Tennessee, in 1864.

W. E. Brownell was reared under the parental roof and acquired his early education in the public schools of Chicago. At the outbreak of the Civil war he became a member of the Ellsworth Zouaves of the Illinois State Guards, which as a body were mustered in the Nineteenth Illinois Regiment. At the expiration of their three months' enlistment Mr. Brownell reenlisted in the First New York Light Artillery, Battery G, and served with that command until the close of the war. His first enlistment was April 12, 1861, and his final discharge was July 24, 1865. He took part in twenty-four engagements, among them being the battles of Gettysburg, Antietam, Malvern Hill, and the seven days' fight in the White Oak swamps. He was wounded in the battle of Gettysburg and at other times during his service he had two horses shot from under him. After his return from the war he engaged in the hotel business in Chicago for a short time but met with very severe financial loss. In the fall of 1872 he entered Bennett Medical College of Chicago, from which he was graduated in the class of 1875. Following his graduation he practiced in Chicago for a short time and was there also engaged in the drug business. Later he went to Wheaton, Illinois, where he remained until 1880. In that year he removed to Ketchum, Idaho, where he practiced for one summer and then came to Oregon, arriving here in the fall of 1880. He first located at Echo, in Umatilla county, where he followed his profession for ten years. At that time he also conducted a drug store and for eight years was postmaster of Echo. In the fall of 1890 Dr. Brownell came to Elgin, where he opened up a drug store and for fifteen years carried on an active and extensive practice. For the past six or seven years he has largely confined his interests to office practice and now only drives to some of his old patients. However, he is still conducting the drug store, which has a large and remunerative trade.

On the 21st of November, 1883, Dr. Brownell was married to Miss Sarah E. Garrett, a daughter of John D. and Eunice (Stark) Garrett, who came to Oregon from Illinois in 1847. They crossed the plains with ox teams, their wagon train being commanded by Joel Palmer. They located in Clackamas county, where they took up a donation land claim, near which Mrs. Brownell was born. Later the town of Milwaukie was located on a portion of this claim. Mr. Garrett died in Acton, Umatilla county, December 13, 1889, at the age of seventy-nine years, and Mrs. Garrett passed away in 1893, at the age of eighty-one, in Elgin, where she was making her home with her daughter, Mrs. Brownell.

Fraternally Dr. Brownell is a member of Elgin Lodge, No. 98, A. F. & A. M.; of Oregon Consistory, No. 1, A. & A. S. R.; and both he and Mrs. Brownell belong to Blue Mountain Chapter, No. 52, O. E. S. The Doctor also belongs to Nathan Baker Post, No. 44, G. A. R., and Mrs. Brownell is a member of the Pioneer Society of Oregon. Almost thirty-two years have come and gone since he arrived in Oregon and during that time he has been an interested witness of and a cooperant factor in the many changes that have here occurred. He has ever taken an active interest in the general advancement and the public welfare and both in the professional and the social world he is one of the well known men of Union county. He has ever been an extremely busy and successful practitioner and his upright life has made him highly honored by all who know him. Both he and Mrs. Brownell are active members of the Methodist Episcopal church and he is also a trustee of the same.

ROBERT A. MASTERSON, who has spent practically his entire life in the Sunset state, has for the past thirteen years resided on a farm of twenty-nine acres, within a half mile of Richland, where he raises fruit and alfalfa and engages in dairying. His birth occurred in Jackson county, Missouri, on the 20th of January, 1851, his parents being William and Eliza (Bradley) Masterson. The family is of English descent and the parents of our subject were married in Missouri, where they resided for many years. William Masterson was a millwright, contractor, farmer and slave owner. In 1851 he crossed the plains with ox teams in the Masterson train, of which he was captain and which included his brother, Robert Masterson, Walker Young and Robert Campbell, who settled near Eugene, Lane county, Oregon, which was the destination of the train. William Masterson first located near Springfield, Lane county, but later disposed of his property there and took up his abode near Eugene. Again selling out, he settled in the vicinity of Soda Springs, where his demise occurred about 1876, when he had at-

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tained the age of about seventy-six years. His widow spent the remainder of her life with her son James at Elgin, Union county, this state, passing away about 1886. Mr. and Mrs. William Masterson were the parents of seven sons and four daughters, including James, an agriculturist by occupation, who wedded Miss Blanchard in Union county and makes his home at Elgin, that county. He has one son and one daughter. Daniel, a blacksmith residing in Boise, Idaho, first married Miss Alice Minor, in Cove, Union county, Oregon, by whom he had one son and one daughter. Following her demise he was again married, in the Boise valley of Idaho, and by his second wife has four daughters. George Masterson is deceased. Robert A., is the subject of this review.

In the acquirement of an education Robert A. Masterson attended the public schools of Eugene, Oregon. When about twenty-two years of age he left the parental roof and engaged in the stock business, raising cattle and horses in Wallowa county, this state. He there took up a homestead of one hundred and sixty acres, which he improved and afterward sold, removing to the Eagle valley, Baker county, Oregon. He resided in the Wallowa country for about twenty-six years and was successful in all his undertakings there. In 1877 and 1878, he participated in the war against the Indians led by Chief Joseph, volunteering and serving as a member of Captain John Creighton's company. The settlers found it necessary at that time to build forts in order to protect themselves against the active hostility of the red men.

For the past thirteen years Robert A. Masterson has resided on a farm of twenty-nine acres within a half mile of Richland, which is finely improved and devoted to the raising of fruit and alfalfa. He gives much attention to dairying and finds this a profitable source of income, shipping his cream to Walla Walla, Washington, where there is a ready market. Careful management of his business affairs have won him a gratifying measure of success and he is recognized as one of the substantial citizens of his community.

On the 26th of June, 1876, in Cove, Union county, Oregon, Mr. Masterson was married to Miss Maria Reese, of English descent. Her father, George Reese, was at that time a stockman of Wallowa county. Both he and his wife are deceased, having passed away in Union county. They had three sons and eight daughters and of these two sons and four daughters still survive. The sons engage principally in farming and stock-raising. Robert and Jefferson Reese reside near Medical Springs in Baker county. The latter is married. Hannah, living at Walla Walla, is the wife of Frank Foley, by whom she has two sons and one daughter. Sarah, who lives near Joseph in Wallowa county, is the wife of James Wright and has six daughters. Martha, the wife of Hilery Mitchell, has one daughter and resides at St. Johns, Oregon. Maria married the subject of this sketch. To Mr. and Mrs. Masterson have been born six children, two sons and four daughters. Ifa, living in the Eagle valley, is the wife of John Chapman, an agriculturist by occupation, by whom she has one son. Edna, living in Baker City, is the wife of Thomas Rich, who is employed as clerk in a store. Lillie, who gave her hand in marriage to W. A. Gillette, resides on a fruit farm in the Eagle valley. Sadie, living on a farm in the Eagle valley, is the wife of George Gordon, by whom she has one son. Jesse, a fruit farmer of Wallowa county, married Miss Angie Owensby and has one daughter. Earl lives at home. Robert A. Masterson provided his children with excellent educational opportunities and they have become honored and esteemed residents of their respective communities.

Mr. Masterson is a democrat but does not consider himself bound by party ties at local elections, casting his ballot for the man or measure that he deems will best conserve the general welfare. In former years he was connected with the Maccabees. His religious faith is indicated by his membership in the Christian church. He has gained honor and respect through his upright and honorable business career and through his faithful discharge of his duties and has won the warm friendship of those whom he has met through his kindly spirit, his generous disposition and his many sterling traits of character.

GEORGE BENJAMIN WOODWARD, who is residing near Adams, Oregon, was born in Umatilla county, near his present home, on the 27th of February, 1887. He is a son of Moses and Laura (Fletcher) Woodward, whose births occurred in Ohio on the 23d of July, 1832, and in Illinois on the 13th of July, 1851, respectively. The father crossed the plains in 1851, when he was nineteen years of age, with his parents, Elijah and Aurelia (Adams) Woodward, settling in the Willamette valley, where they resided until their deaths. The donation claim upon which they located after their arrival in this state was their home throughout the remainder of their lives. The Adams family, from which the subject of this review is descended, has been of national prominence, two of its members being President Adams, and in more recent times, William Adams, a second cousin of G. B. Woodward, was president of the Union Theological Seminary.

Moses Woodward settled in Umatilla county in 1872; but previously passed through the country with sheep, en route to the mines. He resided with his parents in the Willamette valley until after his marriage in 1872, when he located near Adams and engaged in agricultural pursuits until 1901. In that year he removed to Walla Walla, Washington, where he resided until his death, which occurred on the 13th of October, 1910. At that time he was the owner of seventeen hundred acres of land, which is now being cultivated by his two sons. These two large farms are some of the most highly productive and valuable land in the section. His widow is still residing in Walla Walla. By their union three children were born: Casper, who is resid-

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ing on the home place; Eva A., who is living with her mother; and George B., the subject of this sketch. The father was an active member of the republican party and did much to further its interests throughout the state. He held membership in the Christian church and was one of its most benevolent and charitable members. During the early years of his life he encountered many of the hardships and difficulties which confronted every early settler in this region, but later he enjoyed the reward which these labors brought him, and the prosperity which he enjoyed at the time of his death was due entirely to his own efforts and conscientious labor. He was one of the wealthy men of Umatilla county and was very prominent.

George B. Woodward acquired his education in the common schools of Walla Walla, and later was a student in the Whitman College of Walla Walla, graduating from the same in the class of 1908 with the degree of B. S. He gained his first experience in agricultural pursuits on his father's farm, and it being one of the best developed places in the section was an admirable place to acquire experience in farm work. He is at present residing upon six hundred and forty acres of his father's estate which is located five miles northwest of Adams and is an able successor in its management. He resided in Walla Walla until his marriage, which occurred on the 18th of January, 1911, his union being with Miss Lula Isora Lienallen, whose birth occurred in Adams, Umatilla county, on the 12th of February, 1890, and who is a daughter of J. and Lucy I. (Adcock) Lienallen.

Mr. Woodward is a very active and progressive republican, and because of his keen appreciation of the advantages of a vote carefully cast he frequently votes for man and measures rather than according to the dictates of the republican party, which he realizes is, like the many other large political parties, frequently dominated by machine. He holds membership in the Christian church and also in the Farmers Union. He is one of the youngest agriculturists in Umatilla county, but he has so taken hold of his farm work that he has already given ample assurance that his property will not only continue in its present productive condition but will also advance as the science of agriculture advances.

SYLVESTER M. WERTZ, of Josephine county, Oregon, is a prosperous agriculturist residing near Williams on a one hundred and sixty acre farm which he purchased after obtaining title to a one hundred and fifty acre tract which he homesteaded. He makes a specialty of raising cattle and marketing hay, in which connection he has met with success. He was born in Pennsylvania, February 14, 1859, a son of Franklin and Martha E. V. (Bearley) Wertz, both of whom were natives of the Keystone state. They moved first to Illinois and at an early day came to Utah by horse team and later went to California, staying one year, and came to Oregon in 1869. They are both still living at Rogue River, Jackson, Oregon, being seventy-seven and seventy-three years of age, respectively.

Sylvester M. Wertz was reared in Pennsylvania and Oregon, receiving a common-school education in those states. He remained at home until he attained the age of eighteen years, when he began earning his own living by working at various occupations, including stage driving and cattle herding. He then took up a homestead of one hundred and fifty acres which he set about improving and cultivating and later purchased one hundred and sixty acres more, all of which he is operating. He has his land well improved and makes a specialty of raising cattle and hay.

Mr. Wertz was married, June 8, 1884, to Miss Lelia Carpenter, a native of Montana, and unto them have been born seven children: Sylvester, Lester, Virginia, Phillip, Ben, Isaac and Ralph. Mr. Wertz is a republican in his political faith and being a prominent man in his community, has served as school director. He belongs to the Dunkard church of which he is a consistent and active member. He is one of the substantial and respected men of his community and possesses a reputation for strictest integrity, being straightforward in all of his dealings. He is a business man of capability and one of the valuable citizens of the community in which he resides.

GEORGE H. UPTHEGROVE, United States commissioner and secretary of the Umatilla River Water Users' Association, makes his home in Hermiston and during the period of his residence in this part of the state has become well known as a progressive, enterprising citizen, whose practical efforts accomplish good results. He was born in Valparaiso, Indiana, June 21, 1880, a son of H. J. and Lucia (Hawkins) Upthegrove, who were natives of Pennsylvania and Indiana, respectively. The father died in Valparaiso in July, 1910, when sixty-four years of age. He had been reared in his native state and at the time of the great Chicago fire in 1871 was living in that city. He was there engaged in the hardware business, but lost all he had made through the conflagration. Later he became the founder of the Upthegrove Sporting Goods Company at Valparaiso, Indiana, which is still in existence. At the time of the Civil war he valiantly espoused the cause of the Union and served for three years as a member of the Seventy-third Indiana Volunteer Infantry. On one occasion he was taken prisoner, but after being incarcerated for a month at Andersonville was exchanged. He was twice wounded and suffered all of the hardships of war, but never faltered in patriotic devotion to his country. His widow still survives him and is now living in Valparaiso.

George H. Upthegrove is the only surviving member of a family of three children. He remained with his parents in the middle west until 1906 when he came to Hermiston, Oregon. He has held the position of secretary of the Umatilla River Water Users' Association for the past five years and for one year has been United States commissioner,

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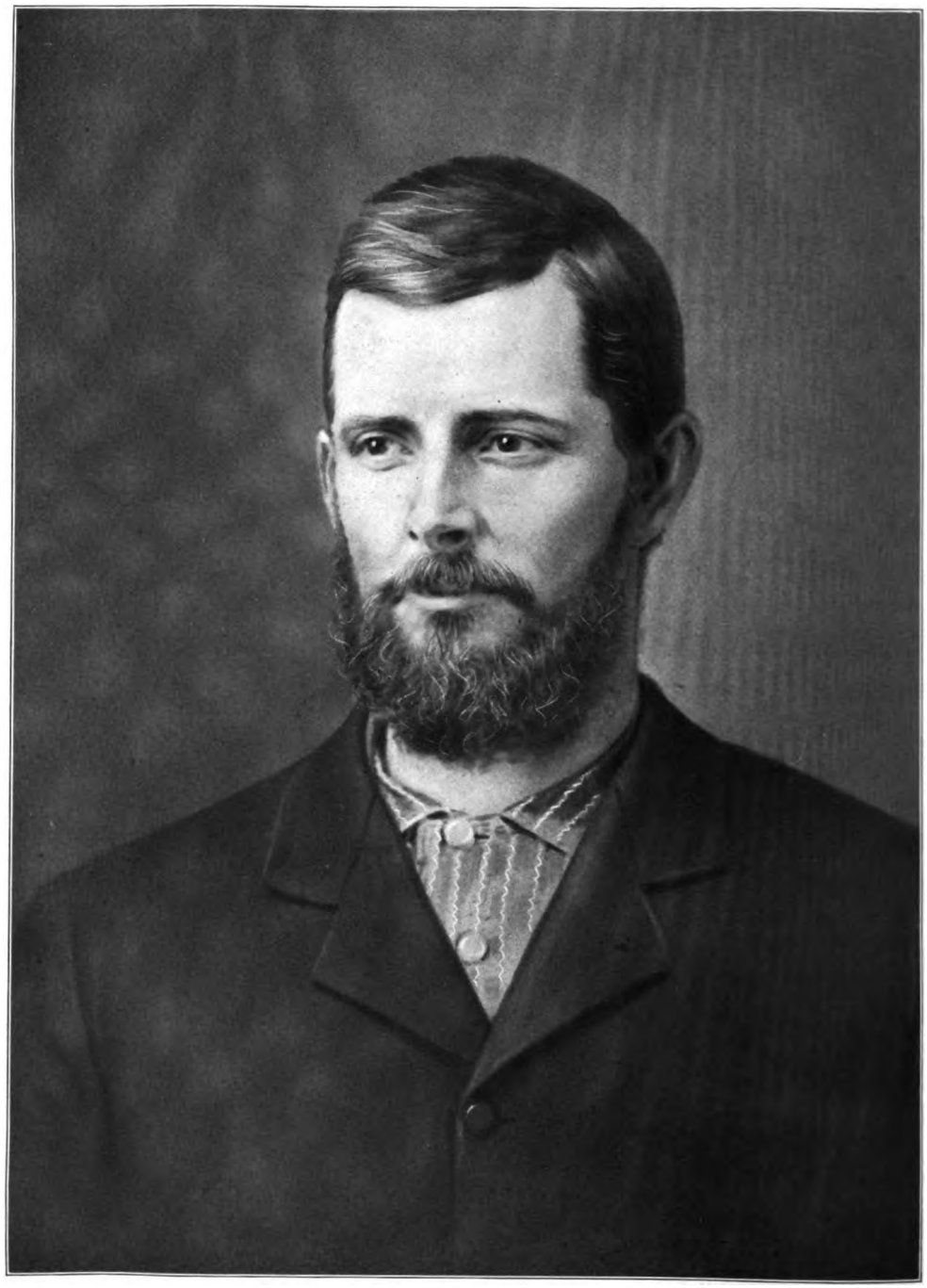

SYLVESTER M. WERTZ

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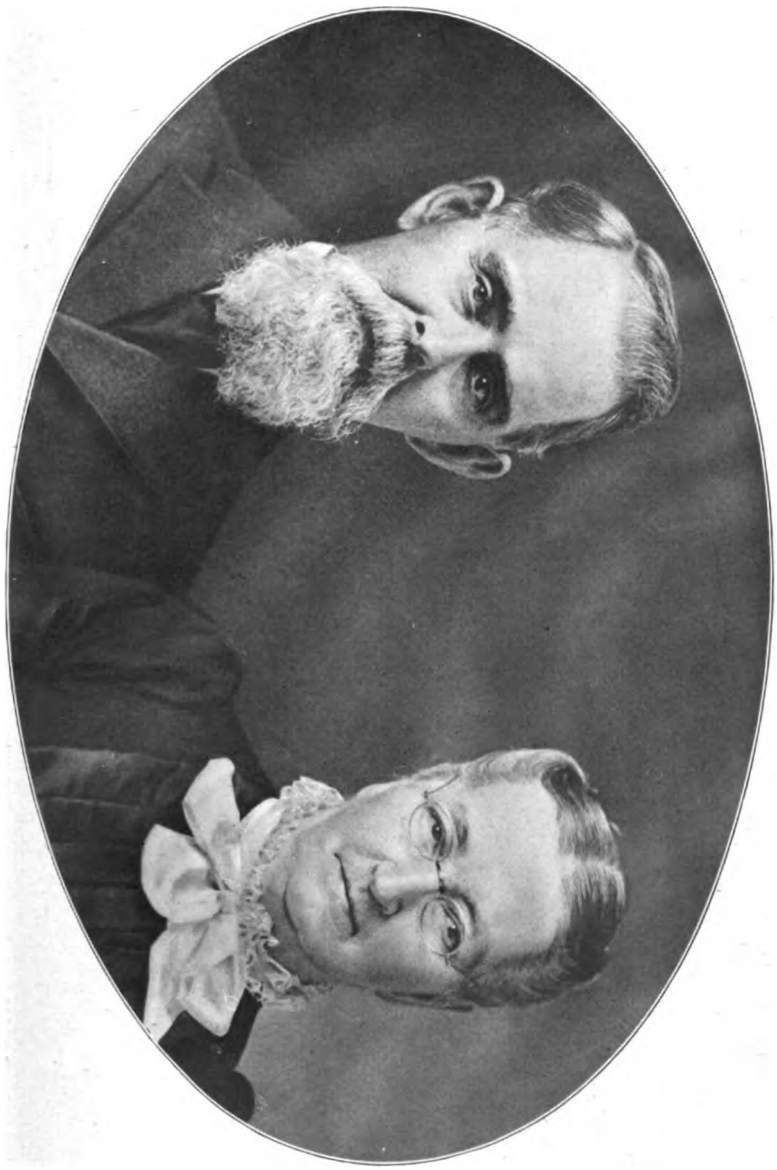

MR. AND MRS. FRANKLIN WERTZ

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to which office he was appointed for a seven years' term by Judge Charles E. Wolverton, United States district judge. The appointment came to him January 17, 1911. He is faithfully discharging the duties of his positions and in addition he gives his personal supervision to a tract of one hundred and twenty acres of land which he owns under the Umatilla project.

In 1901 occurred the marriage of George H. Upthegrove and Miss Estelle M. Croup, a native of Pennsylvania, who was reared in Walla Walla, Washington, where her parents, Dr. and Mrs. E. W. Croup now reside. Mr. and Mrs. Upthegrove have two children, James G. and Georgia M. In politics Mr. Upthegrove is a republican and keeps well informed on all questions and issues of the day. Fraternally he is well known as a member of the Benevolent Protective Order of Elks and also of the Knights of Pythias lorge in which he is a past chancellor. His religious faith is that of the Methodist Episcopal church and his entire life has been guided by its teachings. He stands for all that tends to promote the interests of the individual and the community at large and his influence is always given on the side of justice, progress and improvement.

HERMAN ROTHCHILD, one of the most prominent and influential citizens of North Powder, having served as the first mayor of that place, has an extensive acquaintance throughout Oregon, particularly in Union and Baker counties. He is successfully conducting a mercantile business in North Powder and enjoys an excellent trade. He was born in Wurtemberg, Germany, July 11, 1858, and is a son of Abraham and Hannah (Frank) Rothchild, both of whom are now deceased. His father was a merchant of Wurtemberg.

Herman Rothchild attended the public schools of his native land until he attained the age of ten years and then entered the high school, in which he was a student until he was fifteen years of age. He then began serving in the German army, with which he remained until honorably discharged. In early manhood he emigrated to the new world and for six months resided with an uncle in Shelby county, Kentucky. In March, 1883, he came to Oregon, going to Pendleton, where a cousin, Samuel Rothchild, now residing in San Francisco, California, then lived, being associated in business with John E. Bean. He entered the employ of his cousin, with whom he remained until May 7, 1885, when he removed to North Powder, where another cousin, Joseph Barrett, was conducting a business in partnership with H. O. Gorham, a pioneer of that section. The cousin was in poor health and it was Mr. Rothchild's intention to assist him in business but his condition was much worse than he had anticipated and the cousin died a week later in a hospital at Portland. He then planned to assist in closing up the business of the firm but was persuaded to remain in partnership with Mr. Gorham, the firm becoming Gorham & Rothchild in July, 1885. Mr. Rothchild assumed active management at once and under his able direction a very successful business has been carried on. The firm occupies a very substantial stone building, the upper story being devoted to the purposes of the Odd Fellows lodge. For many years they handled farming implements but now carry on general merchandising.

Mr. Rothchild has had a notable political career. He was elected in 1906 a member of the state legislature and in spite of the facts that he is a democrat and that the republicans usualy carry the county by a majority of about seven hundred, he was elected by a small plurality. He had opposing him for the election an independent democrat, a socialist and a republican nominee. He was the only democratic member of the house of representatives in 1906 and when that honorable body convened he, in a humorous speech, nominated himself as speaker of the house and stated that he had the support of every democratic member. Mr. Davey, of Salem, a republican, was elected speaker and voted by way of compliment for Mr. Rothchild for that position. During his term in the legislature Mr. Rothchild, being the only democrat in the house and also a Hebrew, was featured very extensively in many of the Oregon papers, especially in the Jewish journals, which resulted in his mails during that time being very heavy. He was the first mayor of North Powder and served for two terms. His tenure of office might have been longer but as he is opposed to three terms he declined further nomination. He is at present the city treasurer of North Powder, a position which he has held for four years. He has also served for two terms as school clerk. Fraternally he is a member of the Odd Fellows lodge, having occupied all of the official chairs in the local organization. He has also been the recipient of the veteran's badge in testimony of the fact that he has for twenty-five years been an Odd Fellow in good standing. He is also a member of Baker lodge of Elks. He is a progressive, up-to-date man, generous to a fault, genial, bright and intelligent, and greatly respected by all classes. He is a gentleman of the highest order and a business man of more than ordinary ability.

L. S. BENTLEY, who is residing upon the two thousand acre tract of land which he rents near Pendleton, was born at Modesto, Stanislaus county, California, on the 28th of August, 1882, a son of R. H. and Cordelia (Tedford) Bentley. The former was a native of Illinois and the latter of Missouri. They were married in Missouri before crossing the plains about 1860 and located in California, where they are now residing. Their home is in Stockton, where they have lived since they retired from their extensive ranch about seven years ago.

L. S. Bentley is the next to the youngest in a family of eight children. He received his education in the district schools of California and at the same time assisted his father with the duties on the ranch. He resided there until 1905, when he came to Umatilla county and engaged in ranching independently. At present he is renting two

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thousand acres of land, which he devotes to wheat growing, and so successful has his labor been that he usually harvests about forty bushels to the acre. Although he is one of the younger agriculturists in the locality, he is proving his worth as an extensive grain grower by the scientific methods and careful management which are seen in his undertakings.

On the 11th of February, 1906, Mr. Bentley was married to Miss Minnie Hanshaw, whose birth occurred in Modesto, California, on the 16th of October, 1882, being a daughter of Alexander Hanshaw. He has never sought to figure prominently in public life, preferring to concentrate his energies upon his agricultural pursuits, and he has won a creditable measure of success, his diligence constituting an important element in his prosperity.

CHARLES ELLIOTT DAVIS is a member of the well known firm of Davis Brothers, owners and proprietors of the Mountain View Stock Farm, located near North Powder, Oregon, on the North Powder river, where the firm is engaged in general farming and stock-raising. Mr. Davis was born in Fond du Lac, Wisconsin, September 18, 1855, and is the son of J. E. and Rachel A. (Romaine) Davis, the former a native of Ohio and the latter of New Jersey.

J. E. Davis came to Oregon in 1874, making the journey to the western coast by way of the Union Pacific Railroad in part, then up the river to Umatilla and thence by stage to what is now Union county. After spending some time in looking over the territory he decided that it was a suitable place to establish his home and with that end in view he returned to Wisconsin, and later in the year effected a permanent settlement in Union, Union county. On his second journey to Oregon he traveled by way of San Francisco and from there by stage to the Grande Ronde valley, where he purchased a suitable habitation for his family, who followed him in 1876, making the journey by rail to Kelton and thence by team to the Grande Ronde valley. He had been for many years an employe of the Northwestern Fur Company, his business being that of buyer of all kinds of merchantable furs, and on settling in Oregon he continued his relation with the company, devoting his time entirely to this special line of work. At the time he settled in Oregon the primeval forests were filled with a great variety of fur-bearing animals and Mr. Davis was frequently able to ship to his concern two ton and a quarter of fur pelts per annum. The skins, purchased from pioneer trappers and Indians, included mink, otter, muskrat, lynx, martin, black and gray fox, wolverines and bears, and of these varieties several hundred pelts were included in each shipment.

Charles E. Davis was associated with his father in business and gave his attention to the buying of furs outside of the locality in which the family lived. His dealings were largely with the Indians in the more remote portions of northwestern and central Oregon and during his business intercourse with the red men he had a very wide acquaintance and friendship among them. Many of them even to this day, in recognition of their old-time friendship and business dealings, pay Mr. Davis an annual summer visit. He was engaged in the fur business during the uprising of the Umatillas and Nez Perce Indians and during that time, which extended over a period of two years, he was necessarily unable to accomplish very much in the fur business among them. He did, however, in company with his partner, Erwin Fraser, make numerous trips into the mountains, regardless of the disturbed condition of the Indians. In making these expeditions he of necessity kept a very sharp outlook upon the movements of the savage, but returned in safety without having encountered any serious difficulty. A detailed history of his experience with the Indians during the two years of the Nez Perce war is one of the sealed chapters in the life of Mr. Davis and he seldom refers to those pioneer events. One occurrence, however, is here recorded in memory of his partner at the time, Jim Davis, who was killed by the Nez Perce Indians at Wallowa in the fall of 1878. In 1877 Mr. Davis purchased a farm in Union county, which is now within the city limits of Union. During the winter of each year he devoted himself to the buying of furs and in the summer time to the improvement and cultivation of his farm. He later sold that property to the state to be used as the site of an asylum for the insane. The state later changed its purpose and used the property as an agricultural experiment station, the soil being particularly rich and well adapted for such purposes. Some time later he and his two brothers, A. B. and E. W. Davis, in company with Joseph Wright, built a flour mill of one hundred barrel capacity and successfully operated it for a period of twelve years, during which time E. W. Davis was engaged as head bookkeeper of the concern. They also purchased a farm in 1883 on the North Powder river near North Powder, and continued to buy adjoining properties until they obtained title to one thousand acres of rich agricultural land, well suited in every way to general farming and stock-raising. In addition to their land they also own the water right on the North Powder river, where they have installed a suitable head gate and other necessary equipment used in the construction of a modern irrigating system, by which they are able to supply the necessary water required in the cultivation of a very large farm. They raise a large amount of wheat, oats, barley and alfalfa and all of the crops grown on their farm are used in feeding their own stock. As breeders and raisers of stock they make a specialty of registered stock only, keeping Durham cattle, Poland China hogs and Percheron draft horses, the present head of their Percheron stables being "Jene Bart," purchased by them at the handsome price of three thousand dollars. The three Davis brothers and Joseph Wright, in addition to their milling interests, also engaged in general merchandising under the firm name of Wright & Davis Brothers for six years, after which time the partnership

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was dissolved, Mr. Wright taking the mercantile business and the Davis brothers the mill.

On October 31, 1888, Mr. Davis was united in marriage to Miss Virginia Benson, a native of Oregon and a daughter of Mr. and Mrs. David Rounds Benson. She is a sister of George Wright Benson. Mr. and Mrs. Davis are the parents of three children, Kenneth, Charles Elwin and Richard Benson.

For the past thirty years Mr. Davis has been a member of the Masonic lodge. Mrs. Davis is a member of the Eastern Star and also belongs to the Carnation Club, the Ladies Aid Society and the Woman's Relief Corps. Mr. Davis as a joint owner of the Mountain View Stock Farm is widely known, the farm being one of the largest, best equipped and most scientifically conducted of its kind in the country. In 1911 it produced sixteen thousand bushels of grain upon the cultivated land in addition to a large amount of forage used in the feeding of their stock. All the food is weighed and after feeding the weight of stock is taken. This method enables them to determine as nearly as modern scientific methods can the actual cost of both food and stock and so obtain with the greatest possible accuracy the net annual profits in the operation of their business. The Davis Brothers rank among the most successful, reputable and enterprising citizens of Oregon.

A. B. Davis, one of the owners of the Mountain View Stock Farm, was born in Fond du Lac county, Wisconsin, October 2, 1865. He was united in marriage in 1893 to Miss Rhoda Riggs, a native of Baker county, Oregon, and a daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Walter L. Riggs. Reuben Riggs, her paternal grandfather, came to Oregon in 1851 and located in Powder valley, being one of the earliest settlers in that district. He built the first sawmill in northeastern Oregon, located on the North Powder river. Her father was born in 1850 and died in 1886. Mrs. Davis is a niece of C. W. Slocum, now living in Vancouver, British Columbia, to whom belongs the distinction of having built a number of military forts in Oregon during its territorial period. Mr. and Mrs. Davis are the parents of four children, Edna, Merton, Bruce and Walker. Mrs. Davis takes a lively interest in art and is herself an artist of great merit, her paintings having received favorable recognition by able connoisseurs at various times. Mr. and Mrs. Davis own and occupy a beautiful residence, located in the center of a block in the northwestern section of the city of Union. They are valued members of the community in which they live and are always identified with every measure of a public nature looking to the further educational and social advancement of their city.

MATTHEW W. MITCHELL. Among the prosperous farmers and fruit growers of Union county Matthew W. Mitchell occupies a prominent place. He is the owner of six hundred and forty-two acres of fine land, a large part of which is in a bearing orchard. He is a popular man of the community and in 1876 was elected to the Oregon state legislature, where he made an excellent record.

He was born in Jackson county, Missouri, November 13, 1843, a son of Frederick and Rebecca (Hill) Mitchell, the former a native of Richmond, Virginia, while the latter was born near Appomattox Courthouse, Virginia. The parents were married in their native state and in the '30s removed to Illinois. They later removed to Missouri, journeying thither from Illinois by team. In 1852, in company with a large party of emigrants, they drove across the plains to Oregon, settling near Milwaukie. The party had no trouble with the Indians during the trip and upon entering the state of Oregon, passed through the Grande Ronde valley and on to the place where they settled. They brought with them a herd of one hundred cattle, twenty-two horses and a Canadian pony. The first winter being a severe one, all of the cattle except eleven perished and of their eleven yoke of oxen only one ox survived. The horses all died, the Canadian pony alone surviving. In the spring following their settlement near Milwaukie they journeyed up the Lookingglass to a point ten miles west of Roseburg, where they settled and made their home for ten years. They then removed to Big Meadows, on the Rogue river, where the father lost all but thirty-two head of his stock. He then traded his land in the Lookingglass valley for cattle, bringing them to the Grande Ronde valley and settling at what was then known as the Toll bridge. He was keeper of that bridge for a number of years, and, being a man of energy and ambition, purchased land in various sections of the valley, which afterward increased materially in value. In his family were ten children, six sons and four daughters. He passed away in 1888, at the age of seventy-nine years and eleven months.

Matthew W. Mitchell, the third son in his father's family, spent his boyhood and young manhood under the parental roof. He was given a common-school education and after attaining his majority took a two years' course in the Roseburg Academy. He then engaged in teaching, continuing thus employed for about six years in Douglas and Union counties. Subsequently he entered the stock-raising business but later traded his stock for land and also purchased land from his younger brother, J. M. Mitchell, making that his home until 1909. Being interested in a cheese factory at Cove, he then removed to a thirty-one acre tract of land connected therewith, which he owned. This land is located within the northern limits of Cove and upon it Mr. Mitchell has since made his home. He also owns five hundred and eighty acres two miles north of Cove, one hundred and ninety-one acres of it containing a bearing orchard. Of the remainder about two hundred acres is suitable for fruit growing, the rest being farm land of value. He lives in a fine modern home, beautifully situated, the valley stretching out in front of it, presenting a magnificent prospect.

Mr. Mitchell has been married three times. His first wife passed away, leaving a daugh-

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ter four months old, who is now Mrs. Lilly Brown. In 1893 Mr. Mitchell married Mrs. M. J. Russell, a widow, whose maiden name was Matilda J. St. John, a second cousin of ex-Governor St. John, of Kansas. In 1876 Mr. Mitchell was elected to the Oregon state legislature and served with entire satisfaction. He has been for a number of years a member of the school board and a clerk of that body. He is a man of sterling integrity, unusual business ability, and possesses in a rare measure those traits of character which make for good citizenship.

SHERMAN B. CUTLIP is one of the well known farmers of Coos county, located one mile from the mouth of Daniels creek where he is engaged in the cultivation of a farm of one hundred and sixty acres. He was born in Coos county, July 29, 1870, and is the son of Abraham and Harriet (Cook) Cutlip, the former a native of Virginia and the latter of Iowa. They celebrated their wedding in Ohio and later moved to Iowa where they continued to live until 1852. In that year they crossed the plains to Oregon, settling in Willamette valley and there continued to reside until 1865, at which time they moved to Coos county where the father of the subject of this review took up a claim of one hundred and sixty acres, located on the south fork of Coos river. He with his family lived on that property for ten years, after which he sold out and settled on Daniels creek where he filed upon a homestead and there continued to live until he retired from active business life. Sometime after his retirement he lived in Douglas county and later removed to California, and died at the home of his son Sherman, in July, 1910, his wife having completed her earthly pilgrimage in 1895. Mr. and Mrs. Abraham Cutlip were the parents of seven children: Mark D., a resident of Coos county, Oregon; Almira, the wife of William Bonebrake, a resident of Coos county; Matilda, who is the wife of Alvin Smith, of Coos county, Oregon; Sherman B., the subject of this sketch; Roselie and Leonard, both deceased; and one who died in infancy.

Sherman B. Cutlip was reared in his parents' home and received his early education in the public schools of Coos county. At the age of twenty-one years he started in life for himself and worked at various tasks for a number of years. In 1894 he purchased his father's old homestead on which he has since continued to live and has been engaged in dairy farming and cheese making and also in the raising of stock. His farm is finely improved and is located one mile up from the mouth of Daniels creek in Coos county.

On July 4, 1891, Mr. Cutlip was united in marriage to Miss Annie Laura Smith, who is a native of Coos county and the daughter of Nathan and Emily (Hobson) Smith, of whom a more extended mention is made in another part of this work. To Mr. and Mrs. Cutlip seven children have been born; Nathan S., born April 12, 1892, who resides at home and is attending high school; Guy A., who was born December 13, 1893, and is a student in the high school; Lorenzo, who was born February 29, 1896; Blanch E., who was born April 19, 1898, and is pupil in the public schools; Louis J., born May 20, 1901; Mary M., whose birth occurred July 15, 1907; and Robert S., born October 22, 1908. Mr. Cutlip is affiliated with the republican party and has his fraternal relations with the W. O. W., of Marshfield and with the Knights of Pythias lodge. He and his family are members of the United Brethren church.

Sherman B. Cutlip is one of the successful agriculturists of his part of Coos county, and is a man esteemed for his enterprising and industrious life and is numbered among the desirable and useful citizens of his county and state.

FRANK GILLIAM, former mayor of Heppner, a director of the First National Bank and also of the Morrow Milling Company, and formerly for two terms treasurer of Morrow county, is a successful and honored son of Oregon. He is the senior member of the firm, Gilliam & Bisbee and with his partner, L. E. Bisbee, owns six hundred and forty acres of land. Mr. Gilliam was born in Clackamas county, Oregon, November 29, 1854, a son of Jasper J. and Rose Gilliam. The parents crossed the plains from Illinois in 1852 and settled in Clackamas county, Oregon, where the father was engaged in agricultural pursuits until the time of his death, which occurred in 1862, the mother passing away in 1869.

Frank Gilliam was educated in the district schools of the Willamette valley until 1870, when he removed to Umatilla county. After remaining there a short time he settled in Morrow county, being employed at various occupations until 1887, when he engaged in the hardware business with a Mr. Coffey. After a time the latter sold his interest in the business to T. H. Bisbee, Sr., the firm name becoming Gilliam & Bisbee. Mr. Bisbee died in 1902 and his son, L. E. Bisbee, then assumed his father's interest in the business and has since remained in partnership with Mr. Gilliam. In addition to their hardware interests they also own a section of land. Mr. Gilliam is a director in the First National Bank of Heppner and is serving in a like capacity in connection with the Morrow Milling Company.

At Heppner, November 1, 1882, Mr. Gilliam was united in marriage to Miss Effie Wright, a daughter of Albert and Julia Margaret Wright, pioneer settlers of this state. To Mr. and Mrs. Gilliam five children have been born: O. V., who is following the profession of nursing; Leonard; Clinton, who married Hazel Carr; Earle; and Hazel, the wife of Charles Vaughn.

Politically Mr. Gilliam belongs to the republican party, of which he is an active and prominent member. He was one of the first county commissioners of Morrow county, appointed by Governor Moody and was also one of three commissioners appointed by Governor Moody to build the state road from Heppner

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S. B. CUTLIP AND FAMILY

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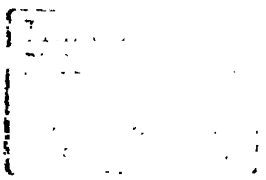

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to Monument, Oregon, a distance of fifty miles and on which ten thousand dollars was expended. He served as treasurer of his county for two terms and was formerly mayor of Heppner; an office which he has occupied eight or ten times. In November, 1910, he was elected county treasurer of Morrow county, his term of office expiring December 31, 1912. He is a candidate for reelection for the third time. He is a thirty-second degree Mason, belongs to the Shrine, and is also an Elk. Mr. Gilliam is one of the most prominent men of Morrow county, being known by practically all of its residents. He is greatly respected and has an unusually large number of close business, political and social friends by whom he is most highly esteemed.

JOSEPH E. TRIPPEER is the proprietor of a fine meat market in Cove and is doing an extensive business, purchasing all of his own butchering stock and curing all of the meat which he sells. He was born in Peru, Indiana, December 6, 1856, a son of John and Sarah Trippeer, the father being a native of Ohio while the mother was born in Indiana. The grandfather, John Trippeer, was born in Newark, Ohio, and removed to Indiana at a very early day when the Indians were plentiful along the Wabash river. He followed agricultural pursuits and owned a large farm, spending the remainder of his life in the Hoosier state. The father acquired the homestead and spent practically all of his life on the old farm. However, he removed to Missouri at one time and there purchased land upon which he lived for five years, after which he returned to the homestead. The farm is now owned by Benjamin Wallace, the circus manager and owner, who makes it his winter quarters. Near the Trippeer homestead in Indiana was an Indian settlement where the last chief of the tribe, Gabe Godfrey, recently died. The father of our subject was a prominent man in his community and for eight years was a school trustee. He also served as the sheriff of his county for a considerable period. In his family were five sons and four daughters, of whom our subject was the eldest, eight of the number still surviving.

The youth of Joseph E. Trippeer was spent on the old Indiana home farm and he received a common-school education in that state. When he was eighteen years of age he began to earn his own living, driving a team for his uncle who operated a large lime kiln and shipped his product to various points. He continued in his uncle's employ for two years. In 1876 he removed to Missouri, where he and his father purchased a farm on which they lived for five years, after which they returned to Indiana. In 1881 Mr. Trippeer migrated to Oregon and settled about forty-five miles south of The Dalles, where he engaged in farming. He continued in that occupation for five years, then spent a year in various sections of the state, after which he returned to Indiana. In 1887 he again came to Oregon and settled in Cove, which has since remained the place of his residence. After farming for one year he became engaged in the butchering business and has built up an excellent trade. He has a fine store with all of the latest equipment. Everything is conducted along modern lines and arranged in a tasteful way. He buys on the hoof and does all of his own killing, cures and smokes all of the hams and bacon which he handles and does a business of about twenty thousand dollars a year.

Joseph E. Trippeer was married, December 16, 1880, to Miss Alice Alexander, a native of Missouri and a daughter of William Alexander, who is now passing his declining years with Mr. Trippeer and his family. Unto Mr. and Mrs. Trippeer have been born two children: Herman, living at Walla Walla, Washington; and Eva, the wife of Robert French, of Cove. Mr. Trippeer is a democrat in politics and was elected mayor of Cove in 1904 and was reelected in 1906, 1908 and 1910. He is fraternally connected with the Maccabees, being a prominent member of that organization. He is one of the substantial business men of his town and community and bears an excellent reputation among his many acquaintances. He is an up-to-date citizen, always casting his influence on the side of those movements proposed for the benefit of the town.

RALPH A. HOLTE is one of the up-to-date, progressive young business men of the west. He is the cashier and general manager of the Bank of Stanfield, at which place he maintains his residence. His birth occurred in Ellendale, North Dakota, on the 23d of March, 1886, his parents being Nels T. and Rosa (Arneson) Holte, the former a native of Norway and the latter of Wisconsin. Nels T. Holte emigrated to this country when a young man of twenty-two years of age. He reached America a stranger in a strange land, without funds and with no knowledge of the English language. His sole purpose in leaving his native country was to better his condition materially, hoping that he might some day find himself possessed of an independency and a business of his own. With a strong determination to accomplish his purpose, he manfully braved the difficulties of the new country as they were presented to him each in their order and has striven to accept from each new trial some lesson which might serve as capital for his further advancement. He spent his first year as a common laborer in the city of Philadelphia, Pennsylvania. Subsequently he removed into the west and made his first permanent location at Ellendale, North Dakota. Of this place he was one of the early pioneers. Here he engaged in the undertaking and furniture business and, much to his gratification and to his credit as well, he has been unusually successful in his venture. During his residence in Ellendale he has been called to direct the funerals of more than eighteen hundred people. He is a trusted man throughout his entire community and for a period of five years has served in the office of town councilman in the village of Ellendale. In politics he is a republican, enthusiastic and loyal, always

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doing his duty as a citizen in the maintenance and advancement of the civil interests of his county and state. He is a member of the Commercial Club of Ellendale and in every respect one of the foremost, prosperous and representative business men of his locality.

Ralph A. Holte was reared at home and educated in the public schools and also at the State Industrial School at Ellendale, North Dakota, from which institution he was graduated in the class of 1904. Following his graduation he was employed in his father's store for a period of one year, after which time he was made the assistant cashier of the First National Bank of Ellendale. In this capacity he proved his adaptability to the business of banking and by devoting his entire time and energies to this work he became proficient in all the varied phases of the banking business. In 1910 he resigned his position in the bank at Ellendale to accept the cashiership and general management of the Bank of Stanfield and he is at present identified with this financial institution.

In 1908 Mr. Holte was married to Miss Georgia A. Ling, of Fargo, North Dakota, and to this union has been born one child, Helen Maurine. He is a republican in his political affiliations and at present is the custodian of the city funds of Stanfield. He has also served as a member of the town council of Ellendale, North Dakota. Fraternally he is identified with the Masons, belonging to Ellendale Lodge, No. 13. Mr. Holte fairly represents in his business and social standing the highest type of the progressive young men of his times. Before entering upon his business career he was highly favored with educational opportunities and after completing his school years he at once engaged in the battle of life with an earnest purpose to succeed in a way that would not only be an advantage to the community in which he might live but a credit to himself and an honor to his father. His responsible position in the bank at Stanfield is a guarantee of the confidence and esteem in which he is held by the business men of his county and a prophecy of his continued usefulness in his chosen field of service.

REV. A. MACKENZIE MELDRUM, pastor of the Christian church of Athena, was born in Ayreshire, Scotland, September 6, 1876, his parents being Andrew and Isabella (Smith) Meldrum. The father, who is a stonecutter by trade, is still living in the land of the hills and heather but the mother is deceased.

The Rev. A. Mackenzie Meldrum is one of a family of nine children and pursued his education in an academy and college of his native country. He was not the first of his family to cross the Atlantic, his sister, Mrs. Theresa Craig having come to the new world in 1888. Following the arrival of the subject of this review, his brother, John M. Meldrum, a ranchman of Union county, Oregon, sailed for the United States in 1895. A. Mackenzie Meldrum was a youth of about eighteen years when he left home and crossed the briny deep to the United States, after which he became a student in the University of Kentucky, entering that institution in 1897. He was graduated therefrom with the class of 1902 and soon afterward went to Melbourne, Australia, where he engaged in evangelistic work for three years. He traveled with an artist companion, Charles H. Gould, on the La Ventura, a yacht three hundred feet long with eleven feet beam and six and a half tons displacement. They explored twelve hundred miles of barrier reefs and hundreds of islands along the route to New Guinea. They spent over two years in making the trip, cruising southern waters until they encountered a cyclone, after which they traveled by other means. During this period Mr. Meldrum lectured and did evangelistic work in the principal cities of Australia. He has traveled extensively since reaching the age of fourteen years, visiting thirty-seven different countries. After passing through the cyclone previously mentioned he and his companion proceeded to the Philippines and afterward to China and Japan, Mr. Meldrum lecturing in the Japanese capital. Subsequently he went to Korea, traveling all over that country and also across Manchuria and the Chinese empire. He then went to Ceylon, visited South India, spent some time in Calcutta and afterward went to Thibet. Traveling through India, he stopped at all of the larger cities, made his way to Bombay, thence to Arabia and afterward to Egypt and other points in Africa. He visited the Holy Land and various parts of Europe, gaining an accurate and wide knowledge of many of the different countries on the face of the globe. He studied the characteristics and customs as well as the history of the people and, wherever he went utilized his opportunities for sowing the seeds of Christian faith.

In March, 1908, the Rev. Meldrum came to Oregon and accepted the pastorate of the First Christian church of Pendleton. Later he returned to Scotland for his bride and while absent the church was burned, together with Rev. Meldrum's library and a valuable collection of curios which he had picked up on his travels. It was on the 2d of September, 1908, in Scotland, that he wedded Miss Helen Scott Crockatt, a native of that country. He returned to Pendleton and was instrumental in bringing about the erection of a beautiful stone church of that city which was built at a cost of about forty thousand dollars. In March, 1910, he came to Athena as pastor of the Christian church, thinking that in this smaller field of labor he would find opportunity for a much needed rest. Each Wednesday evening he gives illustrated lectures concerning his travels. Mr. and Mrs. Meldrum are the parents of two children, Coralyn and Isobel Helen, both of whom were born in Umatilla county.

It would be almost tautological in this connection to enter into any series of statements as showing Rev. Meldrum to be a man of broad scholarly attainments and wide general information, for these have been shadowed forth between the lines of this review. He is moreover a man of deep sympathy, keenly

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appreciative of life's opportunities and of the difficulties and obstacles which confront the individual. He readily extends a helping hand, speaks an encouraging word and thus aids his fellow travelers upon the journey of life.

J. T. **WILLIAMSON** is one of the substantial and influential men of La Grande and his city, which has one of the finest water systems in the state, is in no small degree indebted to him for its installation, it having been conceived and built during the time he was a member of the city council. He was for many years an efficient county official, serving in different capacities, and is now a successful real-estate dealer and attorney, making a specialty of land law.

He was born in Philadelphia, Pennsylvania, March 17, 1851, a son of Thomas and Susan (Birkmire) Williamson, both natives of Belfast, Ireland. His grandfather, John Williamson, also a native of Belfast, lived and died in his native city. The marriage of the father and mother was celebrated in Ireland and in 1834 they emigrated to the new world, settling in Philadelphia. Later they removed to Iowa, where they resided until 1859, when they took up their abode in Missouri. In 1862 they started for Oregon, joining a wagon train composed of twenty-eight teams and vehicles. They had no serious trouble during the journey and arrived in the Grande Ronde valley September 7, 1862, the father settling upon a farm which is now included within the city limits of La Grande. He followed farming during his entire lifetime and passed away in 1884. In his family were six children, of whom one died in infancy, three sons and two daughters surviving.

J. T. Williamson, the youngest member of the family, spent his early childhood in Philadelphia and his early boyhood in Iowa and Missouri, where his primary education was gained. Later he accompanied his parents to the Grande Ronde valley, where he attended school, subsequently becoming a student in the old Christian College at Monmouth. After laying aside his text-books he engaged in mining in Sparta, Union county, and later in the Seven Devils and Cornucopia districts. He met with only ordinary success as a miner, which business he followed until 1880, with the exception of a few years spent as sheriff and as an employe in the land office. In 1880 he was appointed deputy sheriff, which office he acceptably filled until 1886. He was then connected with the United States land office as chief clerk from 1890 to 1895, after which he established his present business. He has made a specialty of land law and has been an extensive operator in real estate. In 1898 he went to Alaska, residing for a time in Cook's Inlet. He returned to Oregon in the fall but spent the following two summers in Alaska, following mining with only moderate success.

On December 8, 1887, Mr. Williamson was married to Miss Winnie Wilkinson, who was born in La Grande, a daughter of John Wilkinson, one of the early pioneers of the valley, who built the first flouring mill. To Mr. and Mrs. Williamson, ten children have been born, six of whom are living: Naomi, who is a graduate of the Oregon State University at Eugene and is now engaged in teaching, making a specialty of elocution; Joseph and Lowell, also graduates of the Oregon State University; and Ellis, Kenneth and Robert, all attending high school.

Mr. Williamson was for four years a member of the city council of La Grande and while a member of that body championed the installation of the magnificent water system of his city, which system is one of the finest of its kind in the state, and during the time of its construction he gave a great deal of his time and attention to looking after the details of its installation and is justly entitled to be called "the father of La Grande's waterworks." He is a member of the Presbyterian church, and is universally regarded as one of the most valuable and aggressive men of his town. He has an extensive acquaintance, is doing an excellent business and is greatly respected by the entire community.

MILES SHEEIRN, of Rainier, was born in Essex county, New York, January 1, 1837, a son of John and Anna (Cochran) Sheeirn, both of whom were natives of Belfast, Ireland, in which country they were reared and married. Coming to America in 1835, they settled in the Empire state and afterward became residents of Iowa, where the father entered a large tract of land and developed an extensive stock ranch, of which he was proprietor for several years. In 1849 he removed to Minnesota, where he conducted a large live-stock ranch, making his home there until his death. He was killed by a horse on the 1st of January, 1863, and his wife, surviving him for more than thirty-four years, passed away in March, 1897. In their family were ten children, of whom five are yet living: Miles, of this review; Mary, the wife of James Hendrin, now of Pipestone county, Minnesota; Matilda, the wife of John Soles, of St. Paul, Minnesota; Anna, the wife of James Low, of Slayton, Minnesota; and James, also living in Slayton.

Miles Sheeirn spent his youthful days under the parental roof, accompanying his parents on their removals to Iowa and to Minnesota. Following the outbreak of the Civil war, however, he enlisted, becoming a member of Company G, First Minnesota Cavalry, with which he served from 1862 until the close of the war in 1865, when he was honorably discharged at Fort Snelling, Minnesota. He then returned home and in order to promote his education again attended school for a year. In 1867 he removed to Chippewa Falls, Wisconsin, and went into the lumber camps, being thus engaged until 1887. That year witnessed his arrival in Rainier, Oregon, where he established a lumber business, continuing in that line until 1893. He next turned his attention to the real-estate business and is now the owner of a half block on which stands the Grand Hotel, the first floor of that building containing four store

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rooms. He also owns and conducts a fine saloon and his property includes one of the attractive residences of the city.

Mr. Sheeirn has been married twice. In 1875 he wedded Miss Mary Ragin and of the children of this marriage, John is living in Oregon and Ellen, the wife of D. J. Leary in Minnesota. The wife and mother died in Ashland, Wisconsin, in 1883, and on the 20th of June, 1890, Mr. Sheeirn was joined in wedlock to Miss Mary E. Gault of Spokane, Washington. They have become the parents of three daughters: Alice, the wife of Arthur Lupion of Rainier; Frances M., a graduate of the high school; and Mary E., at home. Mr. Sheeirn is a member of the Catholic church and also holds membership with the Knights of Pythias, the Independent Order of Odd Fellows and the Improved Order of Red Men. He has great appreciation for the social amenities of life and enjoys the comradeship of the members of those fraternities. By indefatigable labor and judicious investment he has won the creditable financial position which he now occupies.

ANDREW LUN is the owner of a fine farm of three hundred acres, located near North Powder, on which he grows principally hay and oats. He has on his farm an artificial lake of about twenty acres, from which he annually sells large quantities of ice. The lake is filled from North Powder river. He has also engaged quite extensively in the stock business. He was born in Wenersborg, Sweden, September 7, 1853, a son of Olaf Lun, who was also a native of that country and a farmer by occupation but also followed other lines of business.

Mr. Lun received his education in the country of his nativity, later attending a military academy. Previous to coming to the new world he was for some time in the employ of a railroad owned by the government of Norway, to which country the family had removed. In 1880 he emigrated to America, first settling in Canada, where he spent one summer east of Winnipeg. In the fall of the same year he removed to Minnesota, where he resided for two years. He then went to Beaver Canyon, Idaho, where he engaged in lumbering. He remained there for two and one-half years and then continued his journey westward to the Pacific coast, spending a year in Seattle, Portland, Montana and other sections of the west. In the summer of 1886 he settled in North Powder and was here engaged in the lumber business until 1892, when he purchased the fine farm of which he is now the owner. In the same year that he bought his farm he constructed an artificial lake, over about twenty acres of land, and engaged in the ice business, having since that time sold annually from eight thousand to fifteen thousand tons of ice. He furnished ice to the Oregon Railroad & Navigation Company and supplied numerous customers along the line of that road until 1911, when he sold his entire output to the Pacific Freight Express Company. He has engaged extensively in the raising of fine stock and was one of the first men in his district to import thoroughbred stallions, the first one, Hayward, being brought to this country in 1893. Ten years later he imported another, "Walleur," and has raised large numbers of Percheron horses, selling principally to buyers from the coast cities. He was very successful in capturing first prizes for his animals at the fairs at which he exhibited. He has also raised thoroughbred Hereford cattle quite extensively. His stock-raising enterprises have been somewhat intermittent, however, as he is now for the third time engaged in that business. He was the first man of his district to sink an artesian well, his house being supplied with water from the same. In 1907 Mr. Lun erected his present fine residence, a two and one-half story building of modern type, and his farm, which is finely improved and extremely fertile, is one of the notable agricultural properties of the community.

In 1880, in Norway, Mr. Lun wedded Miss Hedvig Anderson and to them four children were born: Agnes, Emma, Lillie and Arthur. The wife and mother died and Mr. Lun later married Mrs. Ada May Amison, of New Orleans, Louisiana. They are the parents of two children, Andrew Hibbard and Iris Hundern, twins.

Mr. Lun is greatly interested in educational matters and for many years has been a member of the school board of his district. He is a member of the Masonic order, belonging to the York and Scottish Rites and also to the Shrine. He has for twenty-five years been a member in good standing of the Odd Fellows, being the recipient of the pioneer's badge, indicative of his long membership in that order and as an appreciation of his loyalty to the principles of Odd Fellowship. He is one of the most respected farmers and business men of the community and is greatly esteemed by a large number of people with whom he is intimately acquainted.

JESSE K. LOWE is the proprietor of one of the most up-to-date and completely stocked furniture stores in Florence. He was born in Kansas, March 10, 1877, and is a son of Samuel E. and Harriet Lowe. His parents were both natives of Illinois and in that state they were united in marriage, established their first home and continued to live there until 1870, at which time they removed to Kansas and settled near Sterling. In 1886 the family removed to Oregon, and made its first settlement in this state at Yaquina bay, where they remained for three years and then removed to Independence, Polk county, where the father purchased a farm, upon which he moved and continued to reside until 1893, after which he removed to Lane county and filed upon a government homestead located on Fiddle creek, where he continued to live for a period of five years, after which he removed to Glenada. The mother died in 1903, and the father is still living at the age of sixty-six years. To Mr. and Mrs. Lowe were born thirteen children: Kittie, deceased; Bertha, the wife of J. H. Jones, of

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JESSE K. LOWE

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Bruneau, Idaho; Lucy, who is the wife of G. M. Howell, of Montana; Robert, of Glenada; Jesse K., Lida, who became the wife of F. C. Vader and resides in Lewisburg, Oregon; Nellie, the wife of William Plowman, of Adna, Washington; Leroy, who resides in Florence; Hattie, the wife of S. C. Morris, also of Florence; Elmer and Wilmer, twins, still at home; Bessie, now the wife of F. E. Monroe, of Florence; and George, at home.

Jesse K. Lowe was reared in the home of his parents and educated in the public schools of this state. He remained under the parental roof until thirty years of age, when he engaged in business for himself, his first venture being that of owner and proprietor of a meat market in Florence. This he operated for one year only, after which he disposed of his property and immediately thereafter engaged in the furniture business, to which he added a general real-estate business, and to these interests he has since given his undivided attention. He is the owner of valuable real estate in Portland and also in Waukesha City, Washington, and in Florence, Colorado. He is also heavily interested in various mining industries in the state of Idaho.

Mr. Lowe is affiliated with the republican party, but is in no sense seeking political preferment either in his county or state. He is a member of the Independent Order of Odd Fellows at Florence, having twice filled all of the chairs. He is still a single man, but nevertheless associates with all the social and benevolent institutions of his city and is a man of public spirit, ready at all times to give the benefit of his influence to the advancement of political or social measure designed to improve the conditions of the people in his county and state.

HENRY RINGSMEYER is the owner of a valuable ranch of two hundred and fifty acres located two miles from Dayville, where he is successfully engaged in the raising of high-grade stock. He is one of the capable citizens which Germany has provided Grant county, his birth having occurred in Prussia in 1863. His parents are Frederick and Mary (Mollen) Ringsmeyer, who are still residing in Germany, where the father has always followed the carpenter's trade. The family of Mr. and Mrs. Ringsmeyer numbered nine children, of whom our subject is the eldest.

Henry Ringsmeyer was reared at home and given the advantages of a common-school education, after which he learned the shoemaker's trade, but never followed it. He was a youth of only eighteen years when he took passage for the United States, arriving in Cleveland, Ohio, on the 23d of May, 1881. After a residence there of two years he continued his journey westward to Oregon, arriving in the John Day valley in May, 1885. For six years thereafter he devoted his energies to teaming, but at the expiration of that time he began raising stock, meeting with such excellent success that two years later he purchased his present ranch, then the property of James Brackett. It is splendidly located and well adapted to the purpose for which it is being used. The entire tract is under irrigation, the greater part of it being bottom land, which produces an excellent quality of hay, in abundant quantities. Mr. Ringsmeyer is raising a high grade of cattle, sheep and horses, the heads of his herds being registered, and he is meeting with prosperity. He is a very practical man, of enterprising and progressive ideas, and exercises good judgment and intelligence in the direction of his business, which is being developed in a systematic and capable manner.

At Canyon City, Oregon, on the 15th of October, 1891, Mr. Ringsmeyer was married to Miss Amelia Le Bret, a daughter of Jules Le Bret, one of the pioneer merchants of Prairie City, of which he was also postmaster for about twenty years. He figured prominently in the progress and development of Grant county until his death, which occurred in 1887, at the age of fifty-four years. Seven children have been born to Mr. and Mrs. Ringsmeyer, as follows: Mary; Millie, who is deceased; Frederick, also deceased; Jules; Ettie; and Leah and Henry, who have also passed away.

The life record of Mr. Ringsmeyer is another substantial proof of the fact that success comes from enterprise and diligence quite as often as from favorable circumstances, and the most commendable achievements are those which are won through individual effort.

MARK M. GILKISON is a son of Union county, where he has lived during the greater part of his life, although he followed ranging and logging for a time in other states. He is now conducting a successful business in North Powder and is a popular man in the community. He was born in North Powder, May 31, 1871, the son of James and Mary (McFadden) Gilkison, the former a native of Zanesville, Ohio, while the latter was born in Illinois. The father removed with his parents from Ohio to Illinois and in the latter state he married Mary McFadden. In 1864 they removed to Oregon, the journey being made in company with a large party of settlers bound for the west. The father first took up his abode on Wild Horse creek, near Pendleton. After remaining there for two years he removed to the vicinity of North Powder, where he took up a government section of land, four miles west of the town. He later acquired additional land, making his holdings aggregate some seven or eight hundred acres, one hundred and sixty acres of which comprised some of the finest bottom land in the valley, the rest of his farm being used mostly for pasture. He followed general farming pursuits, raising wheat, oats, barley, rye and hay. He was a substantial citizen and a successful farmer, and resided on the old homestead until his death, which occurred on the 5th of March, 1911, at the age of seventy-three years. Of his children eleven are living, the subject of this review being the fifth in order of birth.

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Mark M. Gilkison spent his boyhood on the homestead and received his education in the district schools. His first business was that of riding the range and logging, at which he spent about eight years, a part of that time residing in California and other states. During those days he had many thrilling experiences such as were incident to the range and logging business in the early days. In 1901 he began blacksmithing and about two years later purchased the shop of J. E. Carroll in North Powder, having since then successfully conducted that business.

Being an influential and able man, he served very efficiently as a member of the city council. Fraternally he is a member of the Independent Order of Odd Fellows, taking an active interest in the affairs of that order. Mr. Gilkison is a man of more than ordinary intelligence and ability and is physically a fine specimen of manhood. He is greatly respected by all who know him and is a leader in the community.

GEORGE ELMER MONTAGUE, who resides at Condon, Oregon, was elected to the office of sheriff of Gilliam county in the fall of 1910. He was born in Davis county, now Geary county, Kansas, on the 31st of March, 1875, his parents being George W. and Mary L. (Yates) Montague, who were natives of Kentucky and Missouri respectively. His paternal grandfather, George Montague, was born in New Jersey in 1810 and was a member of the city council of Maysville, Kentucky. In 1843 he removed to Van Buren county, Iowa, and shortly afterward was elected to the state legislature. For several years he acted as justice of the peace of Van Buren county, and in 1849 he joined the memorable procession of gold seekers and became a miner in the early days of mining in the Golden state. The parents of our subject were married in Kansas, where they had removed with their parents at an early date. On reaching his majority George W. Montague engaged in farming in the state of Kansas and was prominently identified with the agricultural interests of that part of the country until 1882. Early in the summer of that year, in company with his family, he crossed the plains by mule team and in the fall arrived at Baker City, Oregon, there spending the following winter. Immediately after reaching Baker City he secured the contract for building a log schoolhouse on Beaver creek. After the building was completed he was engaged as a school teacher of that district for a term of three months. In the spring of 1883 he removed to Walla Walla, Washington, at which place his brother was at that time living, having preceded him into the western country by twenty-nine years. He remained in Walla Walla until the fall of 1885, when he returned to Oregon and spent the winter in The Dalles. In the spring of 1886 he moved to Gilliam county, where he maintained his residence during the remainder of his life. On his arrival here he filed on a timber culture claim, and his oldest daughter entered a homestead claim on which the family settled and later made their home. He was for some years engaged in the sewing machine business, while his sons looked after the interests of the ranch, carrying on farming and the cattle business. He was four times a member of the government census commission for his county—in 1880, 1890, 1900 and 1910. He was a veteran of the Civil war, serving for three years as a member of Company F of the Sixth Kansas Cavalry. For twenty consecutive years he acted as commander of Arlington Post, Grand Army of the Republic. In politics he was a republican and during his active years he occupied a distinguished position as the leader of his party's interests in Gilliam county and was one of the representative men of his section of the state. His wife died January 15, 1899, and he closed a long and useful life on October 22, 1910, both passing away at their home in Gilliam county.

George E. Montague was reared at home, acquiring his education in the public schools of the district in which he lived. In early life he became one of the main factors in the conduct of his father's farm and in 1901 he filed on a homestead located on Eightmile creek, near the postoffice of Montague, which bears the family name. On securing his homestead he moved at once upon the place and engaged in farming and stock-raising which pursuits he has steadily followed ever since. In the fall of 1910 he was elected to the office of sheriff of Gilliam county and in the spring of 1911 removed from his farm to the city of Condon, the county seat of Gilliam county, where he assumed the duties of his office. Mr. Montague is still unmarried but is nevertheless an influential man in the business and social activities of the city and county in which he lives. He is a member of Morgan Lodge, No. 191, I. O. O. F., of Morrow county, and also belongs to Endymion Lodge, No. 66, K. P. He is a republican in politics, following in the footsteps of his father, and is known throughout Gilliam county as one of the reliable and efficient leaders of his party.

PLEASANT L. SMITH. Special mention is due Pleasant L. Smith, one of the successful farmers of Union county. He is the owner of five hundred acres of land one and one-half miles south of North Powder and by his well directed labors has attained influence and affluence. He was born in Lawrence county, Missouri, March 11, 1851, a son of Alexander and Elizabeth (Harper) Smith, the former a native of Tennessee and the latter of Illinois. The father removed from Tennessee to Missouri in early manhood, his wedding being celebrated in the state of his adoption, where he engaged in farming and spent the remainder of his life. Two of the father's brothers, W. H. and Josiah Smith, were soldiers in the Civil war, the former belonging to the Fourth Missouri Cavalry, while the latter was a member of the state militia. Alexander Smith was a strong Union man and the family were always loyal to the stars and stripes. In his

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family were nine children, of whom the subject of this review was the fourth in order of birth.

Pleasant L. Smith spent his boyhood days in Missouri, where he received a common-school education. At the age of nineteen years he and his brother Josiah removed to Boise City, Idaho, and engaged in mining, operating some claims which they located on the Snake river and meeting with a success which only about equalled ordinary miner's wages. They worked for other miners a part of the time they spent in Idaho, remaining in that business about seven or eight years, during which period they spent some time in the quartz mines of Utah. In 1878 Mr. Smith settled in the Powder river valley in Oregon, where he purchased state land three miles south of North Powder. After developing that land he sold it and settled about one and one-half miles southwest of North Powder, in Baker county, on a homestead of one hundred and sixty acres. He afterward bought four hundred acres of railroad land adjoining his homestead and sixty acres of timber land. He has developed his farm, it now being all under water right, drawing its supply from the North Powder river. He raises large quantities of hay and alfalfa, having produced on one hundred and sixty acres as many as seven hundred and four tons of hay or four and one-half tons per acre annually. The larger part of his holdings is devoted to pasturage. In 1902 Mr. Smith removed to North Powder and purchased a home there, where he has since resided with his family. They have an artesian well on their city property, which was drilled to a depth of three hundred and four feet.

Pleasant L. Smith was married on July 3, 1876, to Miss Mary A. Tanner, a native of Tooele county, Utah, and a daughter of Thomas and Susannah (Elsey) Tanner who were among the early pioneers of that state. To Mr. and Mrs. Smith two children have been born: Clara S., now Mrs. Randolph W. Parker, of Wolf Creek; and Pleasant Della, now Mrs. Sidney Gibbs, of North Powder. Mr. and Mrs. Gibbs are the parents of two children, Vesta Ione and Roscoe Lisle.

Mr. Smith, who is among the most successful farmers of his community, is indebted for his success only to his own industry, sound judgment and well directed efforts. He is republican in politics and has been for many years actively interested in educational matters and served for several years as school director. He is one of the substantial men of his county and enjoys an extensive acquaintance, being held in high esteem by a large number of friends.

P. A. McPHEE, who has been engaged in the hotel business at various times since 1867, was born in Lancaster, Ontario, Canada, on the 14th of August, 1850 his parents being Alexander and Hannah (Campbell) McPhee. They were both natives of Scotland but came to Canada shortly after their marriage. They spent the remaining years of their lives in Canada, where the father's death occurred when he had reached the venerable age of ninety-six years, and the mother's at the advanced age of eighty-four years. The father was a cabinet-maker by trade and was a mechanic of more than ordinary skill. He had five children: Mary, of Belleville, Ontario; Daniel, of St. Paul; Elizabeth, who is the wife of Robert Strahan, of Belleville, Ontario; Hugh, a resident of Belleville; and P. A., the subject of this review.

P. A. McPhee received his education in the country schools and until he was fourteen years of age remained at home upon the farm, where he proved a willing assistant in all farm operations. After leaving home he stopped for a short time at Leavenworth, Kansas, where he accepted employment as night clerk in the Brevort Hotel. About 1867 he removed to Wyoming and began railroading until the work on the Union Pacific railroad was completed. Subsequently he removed to Sweetwater and during the excitement in the spring of 1869 became sheriff of Sweetwater county. He served for four terms before becoming connected with a hotel in Ogden, Utah, which he conducted for two years, beginning in 1878. Later he went to Idaho and engaged in the hotel business, having been connected with the Hot Springs Hotel. He also served as deputy sheriff there, and afterward resided in Neihart, Montana, for about two years, at the end of which time he went to Coutley, British Columbia, during the excitement of 1892-3. Previously he had had some exciting experiences with Indians in Wyoming, such as were frequent in the pioneer life of that state. In 1898 he removed to Spokane, Washington, and conducted the River-view Dining Room, which is one of the most popular restaurants in the city. The following year he came to Oregon, locating in Grant county. He conducted a hotel which he built in that county, for four years, when it was destroyed by fire and Mr. McPhee turned his attention to mining projects. He had several prospects in view and he was employed in promoting them for some time. He was postmaster of Austin for one year before he removed to Portland, where he was employed in various ways. Finally he leased the Bingham Springs resort and conducted that place for two years. It now belongs to the city of Portland and twenty thousand dollars has been given for its improvement. Mr. McPhee is its manager and is an efficient promoter of the undertaking. Since 1867 he has been identified with the hotel interests of the northwest. During these years he has made the acquaintance of a large number of those people who travel through this part of the country and he has helped to bring the standard of hotels to the state of perfection which they have reached.

In 1873 P. A. McPhee was married to Miss Jennie L. Kidder, whose birth occurred in New Hampshire, and who is a daughter of A. N. Kidder. Mr. and Mrs. McPhee had two children, both of whom are deceased. Mr. McPhee is a democrat and he has frequently taken an active part in political circles of the communities in which he has

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resided. During the fourteen years he has lived in Oregon he has become one of its most enthusiastic admirers and most ardent supporters. Association with him means expansion and progress and he is prominent in those circles where ability and intelligence are regarded as essential attributes to success.

SHERWOOD WILLIAMS is cashier of the State Bank of Imbler and the originator and president of the Fruit Growers Mutual Association of La Grande and the Eastern Oregon Fruit Growers Association. He is a young man of unusual ability and popularity, having an extensive acquaintance. Like most of the Celtic race, being of Welsh descent, he is musically inclined, which adds to his value as a citizen. He was born in Chester Hill, Ohio, February 17, 1880, a son of Oliver W. and Sarah R. (Larkin) Williams, the father a native of Ohio and the mother of Pennsylvania. The grandfather, Caleb A. Williams, was the first member of the family to visit Oregon, migrating here in the '80s, settling in the old town of La Grande, where he engaged in farming. His wife, Rebecca (Terrell) Williams, was a leader in the Friends church. She was a native of Pennsylvania and belonged to one of the prominent families connected with the Friends Society in that state. Oliver W. Williams and his family became residents of Oregon in 1890, settling at La Grande, where the father engaged in farming and also conducted a mercantile business in that town for a number of years. He also handled real estate as an auxiliary to his other business endeavors, being successful in his various undertakings. He was a prominent citizen of the community and served as a member of the city council for a number of years, passing away in 1904 at the age of fifty-five years. His widow is still living in La Grande. In their family were four children, namely: Mabel O., the wife of P. A. Robbins, of Santa Barbara, California; Thomas L., an employe of Ladd & Bush, bankers, of Salem; Sherwood, of this review; and Raymond O., a student of the University of Oregon.

Sherwood Williams was educated in the schools of La Grande and was graduated from the high school of that place in May, 1898, standing high in his class. In August of the same year he entered the employ of the La Grande National Bank, an institution with which he remained until 1910, serving in the capacity of assistant cashier. He has for many years been interested in fruit lands and fruit-growing and owns a bearing orchard near La Grande, comprising fifteen acres. He is raising principally Roman Beauty, Jonathan, Yellow Newtown Pippin and Gano apples, these varieties being considered by him the best adapted to climate conditions in that section. After leaving the employ of the La Grande National Bank he organized the Fruit Growers Mutual Association of La Grande, its object being to conserve the interests of the orchardists by systematizing the business, keeping in touch with the markets and inducing the growers to work collectively instead of individually. The organization has proved very successful and has saved the fruit growers of the La Grande district a great deal of money and added materially to their profits. He next interested himself in a similar organization of more magnitude and in 1911 organized the Eastern Oregon Fruit Growers Association, which bids fair to be an equal success. Mr. Williams was elected president of both organizations and continues to hold this office. He has a controlling interest in one hundred and forty acres of orchard land, one hundred acres of which he has sold on easy terms in small tracts. These tracts he has been planting to fruit and is caring for them for the purchasers, the land being situated adjacent to Imbler. Recently he has in company with Mr. Cleaver organized the State Bank of Imbler, of which Mr. Cleaver is president and Mr. Williams cashier. The bank has a capital stock of twenty-five thousand dollars and is doing a very satisfactory business.

Sherwood Williams was married, February 10, 1904, to Miss Nellie F. Grandy, a native of La Grande and a daughter of Ben W. Grandy, a prominent pioneer of that city. Unto this union have been born two children, Helen Grace and Jean. Fraternally Mr. Williams is a charter member of the local lodge of the Modern Woodmen of America and has held all of the official chairs of that organization. He is among the most popular young business men of Union county and his ability is such as to give promise that he will become one of the most valuable citizens of that section. He has been successful in all of his business undertakings, makes many friends and holds them, and his standing in the community is of the highest order.

WILLIAM DE VENY, a chiropodist of Portland, was born in Henry county, Illinois, near Annawan, December 18, 1852, and comes of French descent. His ancestors came from France at the time of the religious persecution there. His parents were Timothy and Jane (Willett) De Veny, and his paternal grandparents were William and Anna De Veny. Both father and grandfather were born in Pennsylvania near Pittsburg, while the mother of William De Veny of this review, was a native of Indiana.

William De Veny was only nine years of age at the time of his mother's death. He acquired his education in the district schools but his opportunities were very limited, for at the time of his mother's death he went to live among strangers and was accorded few school privileges. At times, however, he did chores upon farms for his board and the opportunity of pursuing his studies in the district school through the winter months. From the time of his mother's death he never had a home of his own until he made one for himself. In his youth and early manhood he followed farming and later he took up the study of chiropody, being today manager of the Scientific Chiropodist School, which was incorporated in 1911 and which teaches a process that was developed by Mr. De Veny

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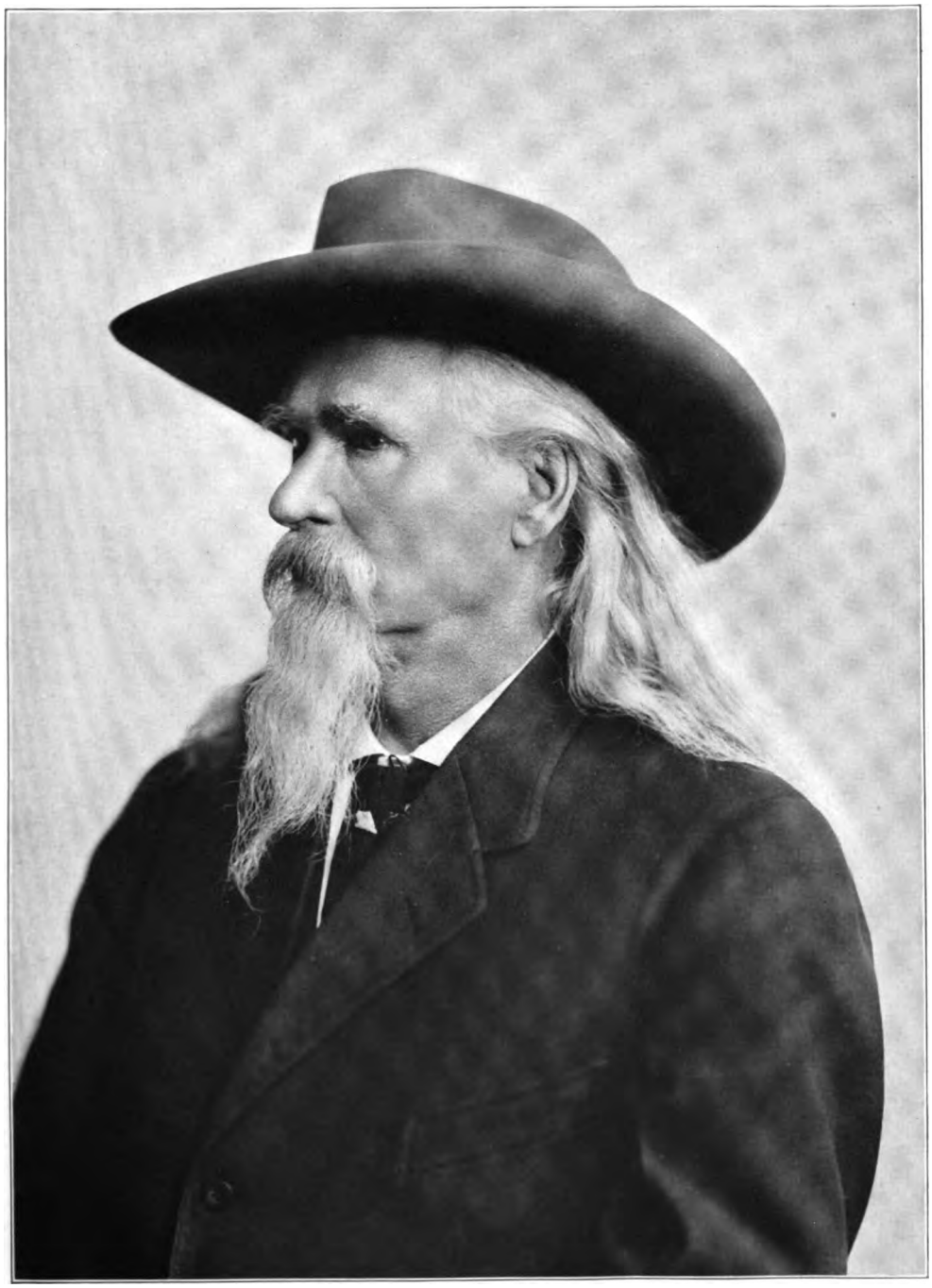

WILLIAM DE VENY

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about thirty years ago. He entered upon the practice of chiropody in the year 1873 in Nebraska, to which state he had removed in 1871, being connected with farming interests there for about two years. Nebraska was at that time a frontier district and in early days Mr. De Veny became acquainted with such men as Buffalo Bill, Wild Bill, Buckskin Sam, California Joe and other famous scouts of the time. That he greatly resembles the Nebraska rancher, scout and statesman is evidenced in the fact that almost every day strangers address him as Buffalo Bill, and Colonel Cody himself called Mr. De Veny "Buffalo Bill of Portland" when the Colonel was last a visitor to this state. During the period of his residence in Nebraska he was actively interested in contests over election of the county seats of Adams and Clay counties, and in 1886 was again a factor in the agitation which arose concerning the location of the county seat in Grant, Kansas, Haskell and Stevens counties. In the meantime he continued in the practice of his chosen profession until 1893, when he removed to Portland, Oregon, from Lincoln, Nebraska. In the present city of his residence he has continuously practiced chiropody, standing at the head of the profession here. He took up his abode at Montavilla, one of the attractive suburbs of the city. For five years the situation was often a difficult one but at the end of that time conditions took a turn for the better. Mr. De Veny became closely associated with the work of public progress and improvement, being especially active in all efforts to build a better Montavilla. He was instrumental in organizing the Montavilla Board of Trade, through which was secured a water supply from Bull Run. Later he was prominent in the movement to secure the annexation of Montavilla to the city of Portland and to his efforts is directly attributable the widening of East Galisson street to eighty feet. Again he became a leader in movements to secure better street car facilities, also railway siding on the O. R. & N. in Montavilla, extending fifteen hundred feet and improved an adequate water system, an electric light system supplying both arc and incandescent lights and fire department, with all modern equipments and greater school facilities. In much of this work Mr. De Veny has been a leader, standing at all times for progress and improvement. In much of this he has had strong opposition but he was reared upon the frontier, where he had learned to wage war with ungenerous nature for all that he had secured and the fact that he was early thrown upon his own resources had also developed an independent and self reliant spirit. All these things combined to make him rather enjoy the contest for Montavilla's improvement—contests that resulted eventually in victory. Throughout all this period he has either been president or secretary of the Montavilla Board of Trade, through which most of the improvements of the city have come.

On the 18th of December, 1879, Mr. De Veny was married at Cross Roads, in Adams county, Nebraska, to Miss Martha R. Ellis, who was born in La Salle county, Illinois, January 18, 1853, a daughter of Caleb and Emeline (Lamphere) Ellis, the former a farmer, who was a native of Jefferson county, New York, and the latter a native of Massachusetts. Mr. and Mrs. De Veny have become parents of three daughters and three sons: Maud Pearl, now the wife of Levi J. Goodenough, of Adams county, Washington; Estella May; Flossie Etta, the wife of Fred Hartley, of Portland, Oregon; William Hastings; Dwane, of Portland; and Florello Delevan.

In politics Mr. De Veny has always been a stanch republican, being today associated with that branch of the party known as "standpatters." For a long time he held membership with the Montavilla lodge of Odd Fellows. He now belongs to the Woodmen of the World, the Ancient Order of United Workmen, the United Artisans, the Fraternal Order of Eagles, the Knights of the Maccabees, the American Yeomen, the Improved Order of Red Men and the Degree of Honor, in nearly all of which he has held the highest offices. Mr. De Veny has ever been fearless and faithful in support of what he believes to be for the right and for the best interests of the community at large. He has never been content with what he has accomplished at any one point of his career but has regarded this rather as the starting point for still larger or higher attainments. The spirit of progress has been manifest as strongly in his relations with public affairs as with private interests and few men have done as active, effective and beneficial work for Montavilla as has Mr. De Veny.

GEORGE J. CURRIN is a prominent and prosperous citizen of Morrow county, residing at Heppner, in the vicinity of which he and his sons own a twenty thousand acre sheep ranch, being extensively engaged in sheep-raising. He served in the state legislature in 1893 and is now a member of the city council of Heppner. He was born in Clackamas county, Oregon, October 6, 1850, a son of Hugh and Diona (Young) Currin, the former a native of Virginia and the latter of Indiana. The father crossed the plains to Oregon in 1845, the mother arriving in the state two years later. Their marriage occurred in 1849 and both are now deceased.

In the district schools of Clackamas county George J. Currin pursued his early education and for two years, from 1871 to 1873, was a student in the State Agricultural College at Corvallis. He first engaged in conducting a ranch and a country store in Clackamas county, being in the store for fifteen years. In 1898 he came to Morrow county and settled near Ione, where he made a business of wheat growing. In 1902 he sold out and took up his residence in Heppner, later, in 1904, purchasing a ranch of twenty thousand acres near the town, and he has since been extensively engaged in sheep-raising with his two sons, Hugh C. and Edward R. Currin.

In Clackamas county, June 1, 1875, Mr. Currin was united in marriage to Miss Elizath J. Forbes, a daughter of Edward Forbes, and by this union nine children have been

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born: Agnes, now the wife of W. G. Wilcox; Jessie, the wife of W. Benefiel, of Sherman county; Hugh C., married Kate Brosman; Edward R., living on the ranch; Lilly, who is engaged in teaching school; Nettie E., who resides on the ranch; Mabry, who is a graduate of the State Agricultural College and is now engaged in teaching school; Mary and Virginia, who are still in the Heppner schools.

In earlier life Mr. Currin was a democrat and served in the state legislature, representing Clackamas county as an active member of that honorable body, and he is now serving as a member of the city council of Heppner. He belongs to the Masonic fraternity, in which he has attained the thirty-second degree, and also belongs to Lodge No. 358, B. P. O. E. Mr. Currin is extensively and favorably known throughout Morrow and Clackamas counties and also on account of his services in the state legislature has an extensive acquaintance in all parts of Oregon. He is one of the most substantial and honored citizens of his community, being regarded as a man of unusual business ability and one whose advice on almost any subject is worthy of credence.

E. D. GARN is one of the substantial farmers of Union county, owning and operating three hundred and twenty acres of fine level land near Imbler, on which he raises large quantities of wheat and from seventy-five to one hundred hogs each year. His farm requires no irrigation and is one of the fine agricultural properties of the community. He was born in Sandusky county, Ohio, in 1843, a son of Martin and Catherine (Croyle) Garn, the parents both being natives of Pennsylvania. The grandfather, John Garn, was born in Holland and upon emigrating to America at an early day he settled in Pennsylvania. The parents of our subject were married in the Keystone state and in the same year they settled in Ohio upon a farm which the father cleared and cultivated, making his home thereon until his death, which occurred when he was eighty-seven years of age. His son Chancy is now living upon the old homestead.

Of the seven children born unto his parents E. D. Garn, of this review, was the third in order of birth. He spent his boyhood days in Ohio, where he received a common-school education and remained upon the home farm until 1864. Then in company with his brother Ephraim he went to Atchison, Kansas, by rail, where each bought three yoke of cattle, and after equipping their wagons with necessary commodities, joined a party comprised of seventeen wagons bound for the far west. The party was composed almost entirely of young men going west to seek their fortunes, there being but one married couple in the company. They were detained at the Big Sandy creek, in Colorado, for two months, owing to trouble which the Indians were causing along the westward trail. After that long delay they continued their journey and although the Indians did not molest them the savages watched the emigrants for a distance of two hundred miles, being visible almost daily on the ridges surmounting the road which they traveled. The last seen of the Indians were signal fires supposed to have been a call for assistance from other tribes. At the Little Blue river Mr. Garn's party passed a government outfit of seventy-five wagons, the Indians having stolen the mules and set fire to most of the equipment, which was yet burning when the west-bound party passed. None of the party, however, had been killed. Upon reaching Green river in Utah a terrible snow storm, with exceptionally cold weather, overtook the party in November and there their stock was all frozen or starved to death. The members of the party, however, made their way to Salt Lake City where they passed the winter, then in the spring of 1865 started for Montana, first going to Virginia City, where Mr. Garn engaged in freighting. He continued in that business for seven years, operating between various mining camps. He had no trouble with outlaws but there were many such characters in the country and on one occasion a stage coach just ahead of him was held up and robbed by them. He afterward went to Wyoming and remained there for about eighteen years, being employed during most of that time as a carpenter and builder. After that he settled in Oregon in the Grande Ronde valley, where he lived for two years in Cove, after which he purchased half of his present farm three-quarters of a mile west of the depot at Imbler. In 1908 he purchased another quarter section adjoining his original purchase, making his present holdings three hundred and twenty acres of fine land. He devotes his attention principally to raising wheat, and feeds from seventy-five to one hundred hogs each year for the market.

E. D. Garn was married December 27, 1870, to Miss Nancy M. Eldridge, a native of Michigan, whose father died when she was an infant. Her mother who married again removed to the west when her daughter was two years of age, settling in Oregon. Unto Mr. and Mrs. Garn have been born four children, as follows: Catherine M., the wife of Edward Murcheson, residing in Walla Walla, Washington; J. M., living on the homestead; Bertha B., the wife of David Osborne, of Umatilla county; and Guy E., of Napa, California.

Mr. Garn has been much interested in educational matters and has been a member of the school board. He has also served as road commissioner for four years. He is a careful and conservative business man, owning a magnificent piece of agricultural property, which lies almost as level as a floor. The soil is of great fertility and the crops which it produces annually under his careful management are very satisfactory. He has an extended acquaintance in the county and has long been regarded as one of its successful citizens.

JAMES CLAUDE INGLE, engaged in the cultivation of alfalfa has a fine orchard and garden as attractive features of his place, and was born in the John Day valley of Oregon, May 17, 1880, a son of William and

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Julia (Bibler) Ingle, the former born in South Carolina, in 1837, and the latter in Ohio, in 1854. The parents were married in Illinois, whence William Ingle started with a pack train for California. At an early age the father was taken by his parents, Daniel and Annie (Sharp) Ingle, to Darke county, Ohio, and in the schools of that state pursued his education. He later went to Illinois and there engaged in farming and stock-raising for four years. In 1859 he crossed the plains with horse teams to California. On the trip the Indians stole about four hundred horses from the party, leaving them hardly a sufficient number to haul their wagons. After spending some years in California William Ingle came to Oregon, where he at first homesteaded land. He afterward sold that property and purchased school land a half mile west of Mount Vernon. Prior to his death he had acquired five hundred and sixty acres upon which he successfully engaged in the raising of horses and cattle. He was a man of remarkable energy and enterprise and was one of the earliest settlers of the John Day valley. To William Ingle were born the following named: Laura F., now Mrs. Lemon; Mrs. May Tracy; Mrs. Clara Aldrich; Mrs. Stella Camblin; George Benton; James Claude; and Mertise.

James Claude Ingle spent his school days in the John Day valley and lived on the old homestead to the time of his marriage, on the 4th of April, 1900, to Miss Annie McKenna. Following his marriage he purchased his present property a half mile below Mount Vernon, comprising one hundred and twenty acres, of which eighty acres are under cultivation and are irrigated. He raises large quantities of alfalfa, has a fine orchard and also produces a large amount of vegetables. He makes a specialty of Early Rose and Burbank potatoes and recently took from seven acres four hundred sacks of potatoes in a single season, all of the highest grade. He cultivates raspberries on an extensive scale and his alfalfa fields are unsurpassed. He is a member of the Mount Vernon Improvement Club. He belongs to a corporation, which has put in a ditch carrying one thousand inches of water. He has a fine modern residence and his farm is one of the splendidly improved properties of this section of the state. Its excellent appearance is due entirely to his energy, careful management and progressive spirit.

J. Claude Ingle married Miss Annie McKenna, of the John Day valley, a daughter of Alexander McKenna, and their children are Dollie Alice and Ethel Mae.

GEORGE BENTON INGLE. The name of Ingle in Grant county has come to be a synonym for progressive farming and all that this term implies finds exemplification in the work of George Benton Ingle, who was born in John Day valley, August 20, 1877, and like his brother, whose sketch appears above, fitly represents one of the old pioneer families of this section of the state. After he had mastered the branches of learning taught in the public schools near his father's home he attended the Binkey-Walker Business College and subsequently remained on the old homestead until the death of his parents. He recently sold two hundred and forty acres of his land but retained over two hundred acres for further use. He has a large amount of his land under irrigation and raises as fine crops as are produced in this part of the state. His farm has a beautiful and strictly modern residence upon it which would be a credit to the suburbs of any of the larger cities. It is commodious and of attractive style of architecture and is supplied with all modern conveniences. Upon his property is a cut stone over-ground cellar and everything about his farm indicates practical and progressive methods intelligently applied. He raises grain, timothy, wild hay and garden products, as well as many kinds of fruit, and each brings to him a substantial return for he gathers good harvests. Mr. Ingle is a member of the Mount Vernon Improvement Club, in keeping with his public-spirited interest in the welfare and upbuilding of this portion of the state.

GEORGE L. CLEAVER is one of the enterprising and successful citizens of Imbler, where he is engaged in the banking business, being at present the president of the State Bank of Imbler, and he is also one of the principal stockholders in the Thronson Fruit Company of Union county. He was born in Page county, Iowa, September 18, 1871, a son of Mr. and Mrs. John Cleaver, the former of whom was for many years successfully engaged in the practice of medicine in Iowa.

George L. Cleaver was reared at home and received his early education in the public schools of the district in which he lived. He later attended Simpson College of Iowa after which he engaged as an employe in a bank at Malvern, Iowa, and there continued until 1899. He then removed to Colorado Springs, where he accepted a position as trust officer for the Colorado Title & Trust Company, which position he continued to hold until 1904. In that year he removed to Oregon and accepted a position as assistant cashier for the La Grande National Bank, and as secretary of the George Palmer Lumber Company, with which he continued until 1907. He then organized the Eastern Oregon Trust & Savings Bank, of which he became the first cashier, holding that position until 1909, when the bank was sold to the United States National Bank of La Grande. During his time of service with the Trust & Savings Bank, as above described, he organized the Cove State Bank, of which he was the first president. In 1908 he became interested in orchard development and in company with his associates purchased the Thronson Fruit Company. The property owned by the company consists of two hundred and forty acres of land located on what is known as the Sand Ridge, between Alicel and Cove. He later sold his interest in this company and purchased two hundred and twenty acres of land located near Imbler, of which one hundred acres was planted to apple trees in full bearing and known as the

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Causey orchard. This orchard has been carefully investigated by Dean A. B. Cordley, who in a lecture before the Chautauqua assembly represented the property as the finest orchard in the northwest. Such an opinion from an authority so high as Dean Cordley has put the stamp of "par excellence" upon that particular orchard and has also given the Grande Ronde valley a place on the map of Oregon as being in every way suited to the successful growing of commercial orchards. In the spring of 1911 he planted one hundred and sixty acres of commercial orchard to winter apples and will subdivide that part of his holdings and sell orchards in small tracts to the investing public. These orchards are all being scientifically cared for and are under the most skilful and experienced management. The varieties planted in these orchards include Rome Beauty, York, Imperial, Yellow Newton and Wagner. The subdivision consists of fractional lots containing five acres each, having convenient roadways and abundantly supplied with irrigation service. Each separate tract thus constitutes in every respect an ideal commercial orchard. In 1912 Mr. Cleaver organized the State Bank at Imbler, of which he is the president, and that financial institution is meeting with deserved and gratifying success.

In August, 1898, Mr. Cleaver was united in marriage to Miss Helen H. Bykit, a native of Red Oak, Iowa, and a daughter of Mr. and Mrs. F. M. Bykit, the father being one of the successful and well known bankers of Iowa. Mr. and Mrs. Cleaver are the parents of two children, John Francis and Walter S., and they also have two adopted children, Marvel R. and Helen R. Mr. Cleaver is a member of the board of trustees of Willamette University at Salem, and he and his wife are members of the Methodist church of Imbler. He is numbered among the most enterprising and useful citizens of Union county. He is a man of wide experience in financial affairs and has demonstrated his ability as an organizer of successful business ventures, all of which are now substantial factors in the development of his portion of the state.

FRED TIMMERMANN is one of the highly respected and retired citizens of Marshfield, this county, in which he has spent the major portion of his active years. He is a native of Germany, his birth having occurred in that country, August 27, 1840, and is a son of John and Lena Timmermann, both of whom were natives of Germany. His father spent his active years as officer on a sloop and he and his wife passed away many years ago in their native country. They became the parents of three children: Hugh, who died in China; Fred, the subject of this sketch; and Gustave, who passed away in this country.

Fred Timmermann emigrated to America at a very early period in his life and while yet a young man established his home in Marshfield. this state. In 1873 he returned to his native country and in the spring of that year he celebrated his wedding and immediately thereafter returned to Marshfield and became engaged in the business of rafting saw logs to the lumber mills in that state. He continued in that business for a period of five years, after which he engaged in the butcher business in company with B. F. Ross at Marshfield, and continued in that connection for the five succeeding years, after which he purchased seven hundred acres of fine agricultural land, upon which he carried on diversified farming and stock-raising for seven years. In 1898 he disposed of that property and has since lived a retired life in Marshfield.

In the spring of 1873, Mr. Timmermann was united in marriage to Miss Louisa Schroeder, who was a native of Germany, and to them three children have been born: Albert and Mary, both of whom died in infancy; and Max A., born in 1881, who is married and engaged in the boatbuilding business at Marshfield. The last named received the benefit of a public-school education and is a graduate of the high school of Marshfield, and also a graduate of a business college. In his family are two children: Gale, now seven years of age; and Dolph, who is three years of age. Mrs. Fred Timmermann passed away on the 5th of December, 1904.

Mr. Timmermann and his family are members of the Episcopal church of Marshfield. Fraternally he is affiliated with the Independent Order of Odd Fellows. He is known among his associates as a man of absolute intergrity in all business transactions and during all the years of his residence in Coos county he has been recognized as one of the industrious and valuable members of the society in which he has established his home.

W. T. LESTER, now engaged in the real-estate business at Burns, Oregon, is well known in that city as a man with firm faith in the future greatness of the northwest, with a discriminating knowledge of the land values of this section and as a citizen whose activity and industry have done much to further the commercial and agricultural development of southern Oregon.

He was born in Sedalia, Missouri, March 7, 1879, and is a son of Thomas J. and Sally (Camp) Lester. The father was a native of Virginia, where his family has been prominent for three generations. It was originally of English and Welsh stock and was founded in America by the great-grandfather of our subject, who came from Wales and settled at Fredericksburg, Virginia. His son removed to Missouri at an early date. Joshua Lester, a great-uncle of our subject, went to San Antonio, Texas, where for many years he conducted a large hotel which bore his name. In the maternal line the family has also been prominent in the southern states for many years. Mr. Lester can recall his great-grandmother who bore the name of Camp. She was of Irish and English extraction and was eighty-five years of age when Mr. Lester was a small boy. Her son also removed to Missouri. Both the Lesters and the Camps were prominent planters in the south and took a large number of slaves

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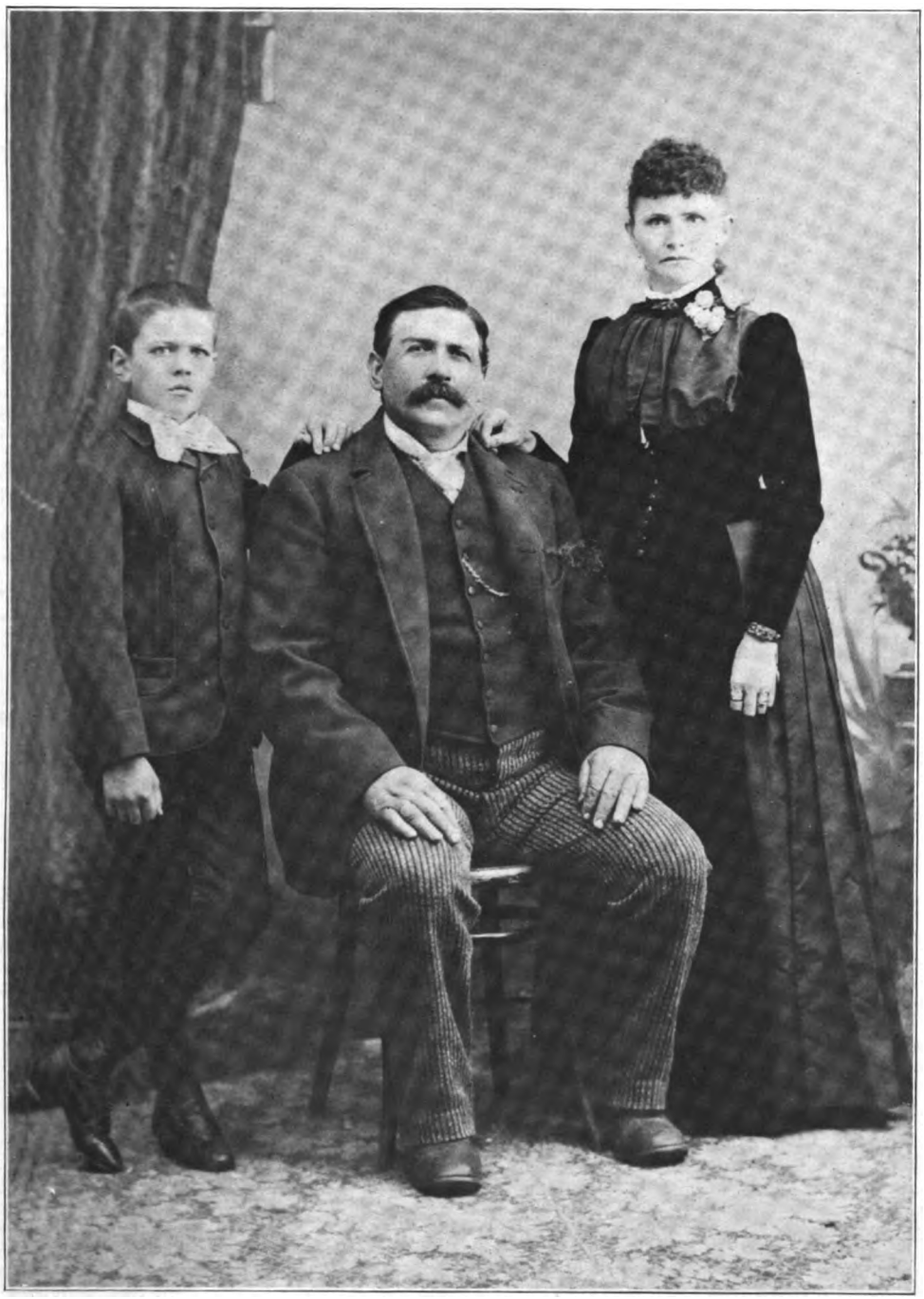

MR. AND MRS. FRED TIMMERMANN AND SON

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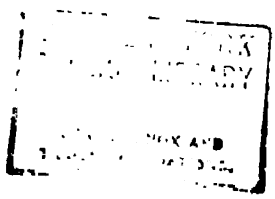

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to Missouri when they moved there in 1844. At that time Thomas J. Lester, the father of our subject, was only eight years of age. He spent his youth in his parents' home and remained in Missouri all his life, engaged in farming and stock-raising. When the Civil war broke out he liberated his slaves and served in the Federal army as a member of the Home Guard. The Camp family were represented in the Civil war by the grandfather of our subject, who served under General Price.

W. T. Lester is the eldest of four children. He spent his boyhood and youth in his parents' home and was educated in the public schools of Sedalia, from which he was graduated in the year 1897. When still a young boy he engaged in farming on shares for two years. At the expiration of that period he entered Scotten College at Greenridge, Missouri. His father died in 1889, at the age of fifty-three, and when his mother remarried Mr. Lester started out for himself. He remained in Missouri until the year 1900, when he removed to Washington and took up a homestead claim fourteen miles northwest of Lind, where he engaged in the cultivation of wheat on an extensive scale. At first he operated only his own homestead but gradually as he succeeded he added to his property and kept a large amount of land constantly under cultivation in wheat until 1907, when he sold out at a large profit. Subsequently he conducted a large freight livery and transfer business, which he eventually sold. He made a journey through southern Oregon for the purpose of finding a suitable location and later returned to Burns, where he established his present real-estate business. His energy, industry and appreciation of values gained him immediate success in this line. He now has charge of a large amount of property in Harney county and in the surrounding country and has gained a prominent place in business circles in Burns. He owns five hundred and sixty acres of land, which he is now improving and developing with a view to irrigation in the near future.

On the 18th of February, 1905, Mr. Lester wedded Miss Dora E. Webb, who had been his playmate in early days in the south. She is a daughter of John Webb, a prominent citizen of Kentucky. Mr. and Mrs. Lester are the parents of one child, William Milburn. Mr. Lester has been extremely successful in the real-estate business. His prosperity is founded upon his shrewd grasp of the opportunities offered by a new and developing country and his individual success in Harney county has been an important item in its progress.

JAMES I. JOY, who lives retired in Walla Walla, Washington, was born October 8, 1849, in Morgan county, Ohio. His parents were Samuel and Mary (Boggs) Joy, the father a native of Ohio, and the mother of Pennsylvania. The father passed away March 16, 1910, and the mother in 1895. In their family were ten children, seven of whom are now living. They are: Charles, Warren, Sarah, Emma, Rena, Juliet and James I., of this review.

The last named received his early education in Ohio, remaining in his native state until he was fifteen years of age, when he removed to Andrew county, Ohio, where he resided five years. Subsequently he went to Colorado and spent fourteen years in that state, working at general labor and farming. He then repaired to Oregon, settling in Umatilla county on a ranch of four hundred and eighty acres, six miles from Helix. He was there engaged extensively in wheat growing, meeting with much success. He resided on his ranch in Umatilla county until 1906, when he retired from active life and moved to Walla Walla, Washington, where he now resides in his beautiful home on Fern avenue.

On the 24th of October, 1873, Mr. Joy married Miss Ella Slane, who was born September 16, 1854, a daughter of Andrew and Lorena (Allander) Slane, the father a native of Ohio, and the mother of Pennsylvania. The parents removed to Colorado in 1859 where they continued to make their home. In their family were nine children, of whom two are deceased. Those living are: Samuel, James, Andrew, and Daniel, all of whom are now residing in Colorado; Jennie, of New Mexico; Rachel, of California; and Ella, who is now Mrs. Joy. To Mr. and Mrs. Joy have been born five children, all of whom are living. Frederick, the eldest, resides in Shoshone, Idaho. He married Miss Alma Files, and they have one son, Irvin. Lorena is now Mrs. Benjamin Stanton, of Shoshone, and she has three children, Lora, Cecil and Marion. Grace wedded Mr. William Nuckols, and resides near Helix. Ruby is at home with her parents. John, who completes the family, lives in Shoshone.

In his political views Mr. Joy is a republican. Fraternally he is identified with the Independent Order of Odd Fellows. Mr. Joy has ever been active and energetic, and is a man of high honor, having many friends and acquaintances. He was very successful in his farming interests, and is now able to live retired, enjoying the fruits of a well spent life.

OTIS CAMPBELL, now serving as county assessor of Gilliam county, was born in Arkansas on the 1st of May, 1874. He is a son of Henry H. and Elizabeth (Brown) Campbell, who were natives of Kentucky and Iowa respectively. They were married in Iowa, to which state the father removed at an early date. Henry H. Campbell was a carpenter and for many years gave a large part of his time to his trade. He, however, became identified with the educational interests of the state as a teacher in the public schools and for a long period continued in that vocation, filling up the interim between terms at his trade as a carpenter. As an educator he had a place among the foremost men of that class in the state of Iowa. Early in the '70s he removed to Arkansas, where he engaged in farming, and in 1889 he removed with his family to Washington,

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locating in Goldendale, where he remained but a short time, when he went to Blockhouse. There he now has his residence, living a retired life and enjoying a well earned rest after a long pilgrimage of ninety-two years. He is still a well preserved man and actively interested in community affairs. He has always been a democrat in politics but never an office seeker. He belongs to the Independent Order of Odd Fellows and is one of the influential men of this section of the state. His wife died in 1906 at the age of seventy-seven years.

Otis Campbell was reared at home, acquiring his education under the watchful tutelage of his father and in the public schools of the district in which the family lived. At eighteen years of age he started out in life for himself, securing a position as laborer in a sawmill in Klickitat county, Washington, where he remained for three years. The succeeding five years he spent as a farmer in Klickitat county and in 1901 he removed to Gilliam county, Oregon, where he became the driver of the stage from Arlington to Condon. This position he held until the railroad reached Condon in 1907. At the termination of his services as stage driver he was employed as deputy sheriff of Gilliam county, in which position he remained for a period of two and a half years. In 1908 he was elected county assessor and entered upon the duties of his office in January, 1909, in which position he is still retained as one of the county's most reliable and efficient officers.

On the 1st of January, 1909, Mr. Campbell was married to Miss Elfie Surte, of Arlington, Gilliam county. She is a member of the Baptist church. Mr. Campbell is in politics a democrat but enjoys the confidence and good will of the members of the other political organizations of his county. He was elected to his present office on the democratic ticket by a majority of one hundred and eighty-nine, which is a high compliment to Mr. Campbell as Gilliam county is known throughout the state as one of the banner republican counties of Oregon. He is a member of Mount Moriah Lodge, No. 95, F. & A. M., and also belongs to Mount Adams Lodge, No. 95, K. P., of Centerville, Washington. He is a highly respected and influential man, having the confidence and esteem of his acquaintances and exercising a wholesome and beneficial influence upon the social, business and political interests of his state.

C. M. COLLIER, sheriff of Grant county, who makes his home in Canyon City, was born in Auburn, Androscoggin county, Maine, June 29, 1859, his parents being Samuel and Nancy M. (Berry) Collier, who were also natives of the latter place. Grandfather Moses Collier was a native of Massachusetts and a representative of an old Colonial family. The great-grandfather, Samuel Berry, participated in the Revolutionary war and was with Arnold on his invasion into Canada, acting as guide or pilot for the expedition. He had trouble, however, with the man who afterward proved to be a traitor to his country and on one occasion threw him into the camp fire and stepped on him. The father of Mrs. Nancy M. Collier was a prominent citizen of the section in which he lived, owning a large farm, a grist mill, a sawmill and other property, which established him as one of the leading business men of his community. The paternal grandfather of C. M. Collier died of typhoid fever when thirty-seven years of age. His son, Samuel Collier, was engaged in farming and made his home in Maine throughout his entire life. He was reared in Auburn but in 1865 removed to Hartford, Oxford county, where he carried on general agricultural pursuits until his death in 1884, when he was fifty-seven years of age.

C. M. Collier is an only son and had but one sister. He spent his school days in Hartford, Maine, and in 1879 he started out in the business world as an employe in a sawmill and box factory in Turner, Maine, which was conducted by C. F. Willard. There he worked until January, 1884, when he secured a clerkship in a store in Livermore, Maine. On the 7th of April, 1884, however, he came to Oregon, making his way to Baker county. He worked in the Bonanza mine until the fall and then purchased an interest in the Picks mine, in the Green Horn district of Grant county. He was interested in that property until 1896, when he sold out to good advantage. He had an interest in the Phoenix mine of the same district, which he also sold at that time. He then went to Prairie City in the John Day valley, purchased a ranch and added to that property a tract of one hundred and sixty acres. He afterward purchased five hundred and sixty acres, and later eighty acres, all from Joseph Marshall. He also purchased an eighty-acre tract of timber land. He has one of the best properties in the valley. From the time when he located here to the present he has engaged in raising stock and now has over five hundred head of cattle. He at one time had eighty horses but is reducing the number. His stock-raising and ranching interests have ever been carefully, systematically and therefore successfully conducted and in addition to his ranch property he owns a two-thirds interest in the Bent creek placer, consisting of one hundred and sixty acres which he purchased in 1901. It carries gold and has been successfully worked.

On the 18th of September, 1895, Mr. Collier was married to Miss Ella Daley, of Canyon City, Oregon, who was born in 1864 and died in June, 1901. She was a daughter of Eugene Daley, a pioneer miner of this district. Their children are Calvin J., Mary J. and Charles D.

C. M. Collier is a member of the Benevolent Protective Order of Elks. He has many friends in that society and is known far and wide as a representative and worthy citizen. In June, 1908, he was elected sheriff of Grant county and in 1910 was reelected on the democratic ticket, receiving also the indorsement of the republicans. He has proved

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himself an efficient officer as well as a successful business man and he may well be classed among the leading citizens of eastern Oregon.

FRANK P. CHILDERS, the present sheriff of Union county was born in Scotland county, Missouri, August 15, 1858, the son of James P. and Mary (McDowell) Childers. The father was born in Richmond, Virginia, and was a son of Robert Childers, who left England and went to Kentucky, where he resided until his son James was two years of age, when he removed to Missouri. The mother, Mary McDowell, was the daughter of David McDowell, who moved from Kentucky to Missouri, where he was engaged in farming and horse raising. James P. and Mary (McDowell) Childers were married in Missouri and settled on a farm there. At the time of the gold excitement in California, James McDowell crossed the plains to that state and engaged in mining, in which he was very successful. He then returned to his family in Missouri and was engaged extensively in farming until the beginning of the Civil war. During the war he lost all of his property and in 1865 he crossed the plains with his family and settled in the Grande Ronde valley, in Oregon, where he resided on a rented farm for five years and then homesteaded a tract of one hundred and sixty acres on the northern end of Summerville prairie, where he resided the rest of his life. He was a great lover of fine horses and engaged extensively in raising them. In politics he was a strong democrat. Before coming west he and his wife were members of the Christian church but they later united with the Methodist church. They were very hospitable and their home was a common meeting place for all the residents of the community, the father being known as "Uncle Jim Childers." He died on his claim, at the age of seventy-three, and his wife also passed away a few years later, at the same age. In their family were the following sons: Thomas, who preceded his parents to Oregon; John; James; George; Cyrus; and Frank P., of this review, who were with their parents while crossing the plains; Charles, who died on the plains and is buried near the Platte river; and Henry, who was born in Oregon and died at the age of two years.

Frank P. Childers was seven years of age when his parents came to Oregon and he was reared and attended the district schools there. After his school days he engaged in stock-raising and farming, residing on one place five years, and then took up a homestead north of Summerville, where he lived until he left the farm and engaged in the livery business at Island City. Later he came to La Grande and established a livery barn and also engaged in the butchering business. In 1895 he was elected city marshal of La Grande, which position he held for five years. In 1905 he was made sheriff of Union county, in which capacity he is now serving.

In 1876 Mr. Childers was united in marriage with Miss Mary Adler Baker, a native of Iowa and a daughter of John and Margaret (Goodman) Baker, who crossed the plains from Iowa in 1862 and settled in Oregon. Mr. and Mrs. Childers have become the parents of six children: Della, who is the wife of Fred Wagner, a barber, of La Grande; Clive, who is captain in the Salvation Army; Wallace, of Portland; Jessie, who died at the age of sixteen; Myrtle, of La Grande; and Ruth, who died at the age of six years.

In politics Mr. Childers is a democrat, and fraternally he is identified with the Independent Order of Odd Fellows, belonging to La Grande Lodge, No. 16, in which he has filled all the chairs. In Union county he has organized two lodges, the Elgin and Cone. He also is a member of La Grande Lodge, No. 433, B. P. O. E.; Aerie No. 59, of the Eagles; and La Grande Lodge, W. O. W. His wife is a member of the Order of Rebekahs. While acting as city marshal Mr. Childers made a most commendable official record and won the good-will of all the residents of La Grande, and now in discharging the duties of sheriff of Union county he acts without fear or favor, always accomplishing whatever he undertakes, for he possesses resolution, perseverance and reliability, all of which make him a most excellent public official.

WILLIAM FIDELAS WATSON has since 1906 been engaged in agricultural and horticultural pursuits and in the promotion and development of irrigation projects, through which these arid lands are reclaimed and converted into productive tracts. Mr. Watson was born in Elmira, California, April 24, 1881, his parents being Samuel Robert and Christiana (Smith) Watson, who were married at Elmira in 1880. Two years later the mother died and in 1906 the father passed away, leaving William F. Watson the only survivor of the family for he was an only child. His father had been engaged principally in farming, and in 1862, in company with his brother Jonas Watson, had come to Oregon with a herd of cattle which they drove from Albany to Auburn, Oregon, where they sold them to Henry Fuller, one of the old cattle dealers of the state. They remained a short time in Auburn and then returned to California where Samuel R. Watson engaged in farming and stock-raising. Later he visited his son in Oregon and died in his home at Condon, Gilliam county, in the spring of 1906. The uncle of our subject, Jonas Watson, passed away in California several years ago. On the maternal side William F. Watson was connected with the Smith family which was founded in California in 1852, having gone there from Canada. They became pioneers of Solano county and there the grandmother of Mr. Watson passed away in 1885 while the grandfather, surviving her for about twenty years, died in Oakland, California, in 1905.

On starting out in life for himself William F. Watson engaged in farming in Sherman and Gilliam counties, giving his attention principaly to the raising of grain. Since 1906 he has been engaged in agricultural and

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horticultural pursuits and in irrigation work in connection with the reclaiming of a large body of land east of and adjoining Baker City, Oregon, known as the Sunny Slope benchland. By turning water on this tract it has been transposed into a fine agricultural and horticultural district in which are now to be seen many fine little homes, and on which the settlers raise an abundance of cereals, vegetables and fruits such as grow in this latitude. Before irrigation was introduced here all this district was considered a desert, practically worthless, but today it sells for from one hundred to two hundred dollars per acre. Mr. Watson is one of the directors of the Baker Irrigation Company of which he has been assistant manager, and also a director of the Sunny Slope Nursery Company, of which for several years he has been manager. His various business interests are carefully conducted, and well formulated and wisely executed plans are bringing him success.

In October, 1903, occurred the marriage of William Fidelas Watson and Miss Mary E. McDowell, a daughter of John C. McDowell, an Oregon pioneer who resided at St. Paul, Marion county, and removed to California where his death occurred. Her mother, who bore the maiden name of Margaret Connor, was born in Minnesota, and from that state came to St. Paul, Oregon, her parents being pioneers there. She has one sister who lives in Minnesota and another, Mrs. James B. Carr, who is a resident of Portland. Mrs. Watson has a brother, George McDowell, who lives in California, and two brothers, E. J. and Charles McDowell, who live in Portland. To Mr. and Mrs. Watson have been born three children: John George, whose birth occurred December 12, 1904; Mary, born November 18, 1906; and Francis, born in October, 1910. The family have a pleasant home in Baker, Oregon, and the parents are communicants of the Catholic church there. Mr. Watson belongs to the Knights of Columbus. He is a democrat although not a man of pronounced political views, preferring to vote as his judgment dictates without regard to party ties.

JOHN M. TETHEROW. Actively associated with business interests at Grants Pass is John M. Tetherow, whose activities are of a varied and important nature. In fact, many business enterprises profit by his business ability, his keen discernment and his unfaltering enterprise and he is prominent among those who are shaping the history of this city. He is today the vice president of the Josephine County Bank, is president of the Grants Pass Hardware Company, is the owner of an extensive machine shop and garage and has commercial, mining and financial interests in California. He was born in Douglas county, Oregon, about five miles north of Roseburg, September 30, 1858, and is a son of George W. and Elizabeth (Miller) Tetherow, the former a native of Burlington, Iowa, and the latter of St. Joseph, Missouri. Burlington, however, was but a tiny hamlet at the time of the father's birth, which occurred in a tent on the site of the present populous city. The father and mother of John M. Tetherow crossed the plains with their respective parents, the latter in 1844 and the former in 1849. Their destination was Douglas county and after living there for some years George W. Tetherow removed to Lane county. He assisted in cutting the first roads into Portland and was otherwise closely and actively associated with the pioneer development of his part of the state. He took up a claim on Jump Off Joe creek, of which he became owner about 1864. He then sold that property when about twenty-four years of age and went to his farm on Williams creek. Through the greater part of his life he has been identified with mining interests of the northwest but is now practically living retired. His wife passed away about sixteen years ago. In their family were nine children, of whom four are yet living: J. M.; Mrs. Jane McLaren, of Harney county, Oregon; Samuel, of Williams, Oregon; and George, living at Grants Pass.

The fact that his parents lived in mining districts made John M. Tetherow intimately acquainted with pioneer history in the northwest. He remained at home until 1884, living on Jump Off Joe creek, and in that year went to Siskiyou county, California, near Etna Mills. He engaged in farming for ten years and then went into the mines. He was interested in the famous Highland mine, the best property of that kind in the section in which he lived, and from its sale he cleared one hundred thousand dollars. In August, 1909, he came to Grants Pass and has since been closely and prominently associated with its business interests. He was one of the original directors of the Josephine County Bank and has continuously served as its vice president, doing much to establish its policy as a safe, conservative moneyed institution. He also purchased the present buildings and established the machine shop and Fashion garage on H street. This is a two-story brick structure, seventy by one hundred feet, and is occupied entirely by the garage and shop. In the conduct of this business Mr. Tetherow has a partner—his brother-in-law, William H. Taylor. He is likewise the president of the Grants Pass Hardware Company, in which he owns more than one-half of the stock. He also owns the building which that company occupies and he is still interested in a number of mining properties in California which promise good returns. He is likewise the owner of a grocery store at Redwood City, California, and he was one of the organizers of the Mount Shasta Bank at Fort Jones, California, in which he still holds stock.

In 1887 Mr. Tetherow was married to Miss Caroline Taylor, who was born in Siskiyou county, California, February 3, 1868, a daughter of George H. Taylor, now deceased. Two children have been born of this marriage: Effie, who is the wife of H. L. De Armon, an attorney of Medford, Oregon; and De Ett, who is the wife of J. L. Coburn, a grocer of Grants Pass. They also have an

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JOHN M. TETHEROW

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adopted daughter, Charilla, who is being educated in the convent at Medford, Oregon.

Mr. Tetherow belongs to the Knights of Pythias fraternity and to the Independent Order of Odd Fellows. He is a man of excellent business judgment and of unfaltering industry. He will allow no obstacles to brook his path if they can be overcome by persistent, earnest purpose and indefatigable labor. He knows that success is not to be had for the asking but that it may be attained through diligence and determination. He has, therefore, employed those qualities and is today well established among the most successful and representative citizens of Grants Pass.

ALLEN O. ADAMS, who since November, 1903, has served as postmaster of Cascade Locks, was born at Ashtabula county, Ohio, September 5, 1842, a son of Benjamin and Mary (Hall) Adams. The father was a native of Connecticut and removed to the Western Reserve in Ohio, when a young man and spent the remainder of his life there. He was a shoemaker by trade, which work he followed in the winter, and farmed during the summer. He died when his son, Allen O., was only five years of age. The mother, Mary (Hall) Adams, was born in St. Lawrence county, New York, in 1818. At the age of sixteen she removed with her widowed mother to the Western Reserve in Ohio. In the family were five sons and four daughters and they were all reared in Ohio. One of the sons later removed to Virginia and fought on the Union side of the Civil war. Another went to Missouri and was on the Confederate side in the same war. After her husband's death, Mrs. Mary Adams resided in Ohio until 1862, when she removed to Grant county, Wisconsin, remaining there until her death. There were four children in her family: Horace, who died in infancy; Mrs. Luthera A. Maynard, who died in 1909; Allen O., of this review; and Almond H., of Oaks Dale, Washington.

Allen O. Adams remained in his native state until he was sixteen years of age, when he went to Minnesota, and later to Grant county, Wisconsin. There in May, 1861, he joined the army, enlisting in Company G, Second Wisconsin Infantry. He served until November 1861, when he was honorably discharged on account of physical disability. He then went to St. Charles, Minnesota, and was there engaged in the mercantile business for thirty years. Subsequently he went to Elmira, New York, and was in the portrait business with his brother-in-law, H. M. Duggett for fifteen years. In September, 1903, he came to Cascade Locks, and on November 20th of that year he was made postmaster, which position he is now so ably filling. During the first year spent here he had charge of the Wind River Lumber Company store and since then he has been bookkeeper and cashier of the same.

In 1870 Mr. Adams wedded Miss Cornelia Z. Smith, who was born in St. Lawrence county, New York, in 1849. She was a daughter of A. S. and Zernah (Shephard) Smith, the father a native of Vermont, and the mother of Canada. Both parents were reared in St. Lawrence county, New York, and the father passed away there. The mother died in Elmira, New York, in 1911. For several years the father was a well known surveyor in the Adirondack regions of New York. In the family of Mr. and Mrs. Adams are four children: Myra L., now the wife of W. V. Hutchinson of Cascade Locks; Mary E., the wife of Charles L. Cook of the same place; Herbert S., railroad agent and postmaster at Underwood, Washington; and Allen O., Jr., who is also in Underwood.

Mr. Adams is a republican in politics, and he has ever taken an active interest in local party work. He was twice candidate for the state legislature in New York. Socially he is a Royal Arch Mason and a member of the Grand Army of the Republic, belonging to the Hood River Post. He is an active worker in the Methodist Episcopal church. In his varied business relations Mr. Adams has ever won the regard and admiration of his associates. He has always been deeply interested in the work of public progress and improvement, and he especially deserves mention as an honored soldier of the Civil war.

DE WITT C. BROWNELL, who has been interested in the agricultural development and political activities of Umatilla county for many years, was born in San Joaquin county, California, on the 11th of August, 1851, a son of Russell Gideon and Malissa Cynthia (Call) Brownell. The father's birth occurred in Dayton, Ohio, July 17, 1818, and the mother was born near Sandusky, in 1830. Russell Gideon Brownell was reared near Michigan City, Indiana, and served in the Mexican war. After the military chapter in his career he spent his life principally in California, where he was engaged in agricultural pursuits and also in the freighting business. His death occurred at California, April 6, 1895, when he was nearly seventy-seven years of age. The mother passed away in Stockton, California, in 1888, when she was fifty-eight years of age. To them five sons and five daughters were born, of whom De Witt C. is the third in order of birth. One daughter died three years ago. Duane R. Brownell, the eldest son, was born in Utah, on the 25th of December, 1849, while the parents were crossing the plains from Missouri to California. Throughout the greater part of his active career he has been engaged in mercantile enterprises. He came to Umatilla county shortly after the Lewis and Clark Exposition and at once opened the meat and grocery business which he is at present conducting. He has been three times married. In April, 1911, he was appointed postmaster.

De Witt C. Brownell was reared in the place of his birth and remained there until he became twenty years of age. The next three years he spent in Sacramento and San Joaquin counties, and in 1874 he went to northern California and engaged in the sheep business in Lassen county. Previously, in 1871, he had begun the study of law un-

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der Charles Poulk and Judge Buckley at Stockton, California. He continued studying law until financial difficulties forced him to forego his studies and he entered into partnership with his brother Duane R. in the sheep business, which occupied his time and attention from 1873 to 1878. Disposing of his sheep at the end of that time, he entered the mercantile business with his brother at Bieber, Lassen county, California, and was thus engaged for three years. In 1882 he was admitted to the bar, having again taken up the study of law for several months previously. He practiced for fourteen years in California and Klamath Falls, Oregon, having come to this state in 1888. After 1896 he gave his attention to real-estate transactions for some time. In 1897 he departed for Alaska but after arriving at Portland was induced by capitalists to engage in irrigation projects on the Deschutes river. Accordingly, he made plans for putting in the necessary filling and for making other preparations for the undertaking. He spent two years in furthering this project but before it was completed the company gave up the idea of finishing it. Mr. Brownell had made extensive surveys over about four hundred thousand acres which is now being irrigated. In 1900 he came to Umatilla county, where he has since made his home, at first residing on Butter creek for about three years but later removing to Umatilla. He came here in the interest of irrigation and has improved the land with an abundance of water. His attention has been almost wholly given to the development of the soil, which he has turned from arid land into highly productive and fertile fields. Pendleton capitalists assisted him in developing the irrigation resources of Umatilla county and organized what is known as the Columbia Valley Irrigation Association, formed for the purpose of securing the water rights of the Umatilla river. They believed that this would encourage the government reclamation development and one of the results of that undertaking was that the government sent engineers to the county. Mr. Brownell purchased the interests of the Minnehaha Irrigation Company, which owned ditches six miles long leading to where Hermiston now stands. This irrigation line affected about fourteen hundred acres of land. He also purchased fifteen hundred acres of arid land which was to be irrigated by the Three Mile Fall Ditch Company, who had an irrigation line three miles in length. Mr. Brownell carried on all the work according to his own ideas and reorganized the company under the name of Brownell Ditch Company. At present it has four miles of completed ditch with necessary collateral to reclaim all lands lying east of the city of Umatilla and extending four miles up the river and between the north ditch and the Columbia river. At the present time he is giving his whole attention and energy to the development of this country. He has also given some of his time for the past ten years to the government plans for developing this section.

On the 16th of February, 1879, Mr. Brownell was married to Miss Clara Alice Bassett, whose birth occurred in Illinois, on the 10th of November, 1858, and who was brought to California by her parents when she was very young. She is a daughter of Isaac Wilson and Sarah V. (Ormsbee) Bassett. To Mr. and Mrs. Brownell six children have been born: Don Carlos, who resides at Hermiston; Llewellyn, who is at home; Cyril G., who is residing on the ranch of our subject; Robert, who makes his home in Umatilla; Clara Beatrice; and Eva Malissa.

In politics Mr. Brownell gave his support to the republican party until 1896, when he became a firm and enthusiastic supporter of the principles and policies advocated by William Jennings Bryan. He is thoroughly progressive in all of his political views and has always taken an active interest in the issues of the day. In 1896, when he left the regular republican party, he was one of several men from southern Oregon who organized the silver republican party. He was associated in political affairs with William Renn, Frank Williams and Jonathan Bourne, and they brought about the fusion ticket of 1898. In local politics Mr. Brownell has been equally active. In 1889 he helped organize the city government of Linkville, now Klamath Falls. Subsequently he served as recorder of Klamath Falls for two years. He also aided in the organization of the Commercial Association, which suggested the change of the name to Klamath Falls. For over two years he served on the state republican committee from Klamath county. In 1892 he was forced to leave that county and take up his residence at Grants Pass, having been ordered to do this by his physicians so as to give himself the advantages of a more salubrious climate. In 1894 he was elected a delegate to the republican state convention with the Hon. Robert A. Booth, Harry Miller and F. A. Chaucer from Josephine county and served on the committee on platform. Its presentation was not favorably received and the republican state convention refused to give it consideration in 1894. In religious faith Mr. and Mrs. Brownell are members of the Presbyterian church and are very active workers in its circles. For the past five years he has served on the school board. Mr. Brownell is one of the influential men of his community and has a host of friends, whose confidence and respect are a tribute to his sterling worth. By a life of activity and usefulness he has fairly earned the honorable position accorded him.

S. F. SHARP, M. D., who has practiced his profession in Athena since 1879, is a physician of Umatilla county and one of the prominent practitioners of that section of the state. He was born April 4, 1847, in Holmes county, Ohio, the son of John and Catherine (Thompson) Sharp, both of whom were natives of Ohio, where they lived and died. In their family were nine children, four of whom are still living.

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Dr. Sharp received a good education in the schools of his native state, after which he entered Jefferson Medical College of Philadelphia, Pennsylvania, from which institution he was graduated in 1870. He began the practice of his profession in Shanesville, Ohio, where he continued until 1879, when he removed to Umatilla county, Oregon, settling in Athena and in that city he has succeeded in building up a very satisfactory practice.

In April, 1881, Dr. Sharp was united in marriage to Miss Mary E. Frazier, a native of California and a daughter of Wiley and Rebecca (Baird) Frazier. The father is deceased but the mother still survives and is residing in Pendleton. Dr. and Mrs. Sharp are the parents of four children: Alta W.; Katherine R. and Carrie B., both of whom are engaged in teaching school; and Lawrence G.

In his political views Dr. Sharp is a democrat but he has never been an office seeker. Fraternally he is affiliated with the Masonic order and the Odd Fellows, belonging to Lodge No. 73 of the latter organization. He is likewise a member of Lodge No. 29, K. P., and Lodge No. 171, W. O. W. He also has membership relations in the Tribe of Ben Hur, while Mrs. Sharp is a member of the Degree of Honor, the Woodcraft and the Rebekahs. The family reside in a pleasant home which they own in Athena, where the Doctor also has three other lots. Having long been a resident of that place, he has formed an extensive acquaintance throughout the county where his successful medical practice has won for him great popularity and a splendid standing in the community. He is one of the men of whom Umatilla county is proud and as he takes a lively interest in civic, political and social affairs of the community he is a particularly valuable citizen.

EUGENE G. NOBLE, who is engaged in the harness supply business at Heppner, Morrow county, is one of the prominent and valuable men of his township. He held the office of county treasurer for six and one-half years, is well educated and one of the substantial citizens of the community. He was born in Salem, Oregon, December 3, 1871, the son of George and Mildred (Gray) Noble. The parents, who were early pioneers of this state, are both living and since 1872 have resided in Heppner.

Engene G. Noble was educated in the public schools of Heppner and afterward spent two years as a student in Monmouth College. After finishing his course there he returned to Heppner and purchased the business which he is at present conducting with much success. He has a large local and also an extensive catalog business, being widely known in harness and saddlery circles.

Mr. Noble was married May 30, 1894, at Monmouth, Oregon, to Miss Myra I. Smith, a daughter of Rufus and Irene Smith. In his political faith Mr. Smith is affiliated with the democracy and as he has always been a prominent man of the community and regarded very highly by his political and other friends, he served as county treasurer of Morrow county for the unusually long period of six and one-half years. He is a member of the Odd Fellows lodge and also belongs to the Elks. There are few if any of the sons of Oregon residing in Morrow county who are more highly respected than Mr. Noble. Having for many years been connected with the business and political interests of his county, which he has thoroughly at heart, he has become popular among all classes and is universally regarded as one of the leading citizens of the community.

IBRA R. SNOOK. Among the men in public offices who deserve mention for their faithful and efficient work is Ibra R. Snook, who is now serving as recorder of Union county. He was born December 3, 1870, in Juniata county, Pennsylvania, the son of Wilson and Jane (Ebersole) Snook, natives of Pennsylvania. The family is of German descent, the great-grandfather, Solomon Snook, having been born in that country and came as a young man to America, settling in Pennsylvania. Isaac Snook, the grandfather, and his wife, Sophia (Swanger) Snook, were both natives of Pennsylvania and were the parents of six children: Wilson, who is the father of Ibra R. of this review; Henry, now residing in Pennsylvania; Holmes, of South Dakota; Amos, of Montana; Lizzie, deceased; and Calvin, of North Dakota. The mother, Jane (Ebersole) Snook, was the daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Ebersole, natives of Virginia. In their family were seven children: Randolph, of Missouri; Cecilia, of Indiana; William, of Missouri; Wilson, of North Carolina; Jane, now Mrs. Snook; Mary, deceased; and Luther, of Missouri. Wilson and Jane (Ebersole) Snook were married in Pennsylvania and remained in that state until 1884, when they removed to Missouri. They became the parents of eight children those besides our subject being: Emily, at home; Huldah, who is the wife of C. Humphries, city recorder of La Grande; Alice, a postoffice clerk; May, now Mrs. J. D. Smart, of Missouri; Grace, a teacher at Elgin, Oregon; Walter, of Missouri; and Irene, now Mrs. Leslie Fleming, of Missouri.

Ibra R. Snook attended the public schools in Pennsylvania until he was fourteen years of age, when his parents removed to Missouri and in that state he became a student of Westminster College. After his school days he followed the occupation of farming in Missouri until 1898, when he came to Oregon, settling at La Grande, where he engaged in the sawmill business. On January 26, 1905, he lost his right foot in a railroad accident. In the same year he was elected to the office of city recorder on the independent ticket, a position which he filled for three years. Subsequently he was elected on the republican ticket to the office of county recorder, in which capacity he is now so efficiently serving.

Before leaving Missouri, Mr. Snook was united in marriage with Miss Frances Herring, a daughter of G. C. and Lucy Her-

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ring, who came to Missouri from Virginia in 1837. Mr. and Mrs. Snook have become the parents of four children, Marjorie, Gideon, Marion and Ruth, all of whom are in school. Mr. Snook is connected with the Independent Order of Odd Fellows and the Modern Woodmen of America. In discharging the duties of his official position he has achieved success through honorable effort, untiring industry and capable management. He is recognized as an obliging public official who guards safely the trust imposed in him, his courtesy being unfailing and his integrity above question.

FRANK S. JOHNSON is extensively engaged in hop raising as a member of the J. W. Seavey Hop Company, of Portland, cultivating a number of farms in the production of that product. He is thus identified with an industry which has been a large source of revenue in the northwest and few are as thoroughly and accurately informed concerning hop growing as he. A native of Beloit, Wisconsin, he was born December 21, 1869, and is a son of P. K. and Sarah (Anderson) Johnson. The father was a native of Norway and grew to manhood there, during which period he learned the carpenters' trade. He came to America about 1861, attracted by the reports which he had heard concerning the business opportunities and advantages of the new world. He located first in Wisconsin, where he engaged in carpentering and about a third of a century ago he came to Portland, where his first work was on the postoffice. For about two years he was identified with building operations and then, with the capital which he had saved as a result of his industry and careful expenditure, he purchased a farm of one hundred and thirty acres near Silverton. To the development and improvement of that property he gave his attention until about five years ago, when he left the farm and returned to Portland. His death occurred a year later, while his wife died in 1910. P. K. Johnson was one of the first hop growers in Marion county, demonstrating the possibility of the production of that crop in this part of the country. He reaped from one hundred to two hundred bales of hops annually which was considered a very large yield for those days. In politics Mr. Johnson was a republican and was recognized as one of the active leaders of the party in this district. He was always interested in the vital political questions and issues of the day and served for one term as a member of the legislature, although he was not a politician in the usual sense of office seeking. Unto him and his wife were born eight children: John, who is now living in Portland; Andrew M., who died about twelve years ago; Frank S.; Edward S., who makes his home in Silverton; Anna, the wife of Dr. A. S. Esson, living at The Dalles; Albert O., a civil engineer, connected with the Oregon Electric Company; Ellen, the wife of J. J. Thurston, of Monmouth; and Dr. Sherman P. Johnson, whose home is in Tacoma, Washington. The parents were both members of the Methodist Episcopal church.

Frank S. Johnson was reared upon the old home farm near Silverton and the public schools afforded him his educational privileges, save for the course which he pursued in the Portland Business College. In his boyhood he became interested in the subject of hop-raising on his father's farm and throughout his entire life he has continued in that business, now producing about two thousand bales of hops each year on farms owned by the J. W. Seavey Hop Company. He has been engaged in dealing in hops for about fifteen years and about five years ago entered into his present partnership relations under the style of the J. W. Seavey Hop Company, of Portland. They are today the most extensive hop producers in Oregon, their business exceeding in volume and importance that of any other growers in the state. Mr. Johnson cultivates hops according to the most modern and scientific methods. He has made a close study of the soil best adapted thereto and has also studied the care of the vines and the handling of the product.

Mr. Johnson was married to Miss Mina A. Perry, a daughter of T. W. Perry, of North Yamhill. Both he and his wife were natives of England but were married in Oregon. Mr. and Mrs. Johnson now have an interesting little son, Max Robert, four years of age. Laudable ambition has actuated Mr. Johnson in all his business affairs and determined purpose has led him to accomplish what he has undertaken, until now he is well known as one of the more prosperous residents of his part of the state.

GAIL S. NEWSOM, M. D., is a physician with an extensive practice, residing in Athena, and with his brother is the owner of a five thousand acre stock ranch in the vicinity. The Doctor also owns several pieces of real estate in Portland. He was born in Prineville, Oregon, September 7, 1881, a son of S. J. and Sarah J. (Simpson) Newsom. The father was a native of Illinois while the mother was born in California. The family became early pioneers of Oregon, migrating to that state in the latter '40s, where the father took part in the Indian war in 1851. The parents are still living in Prineville. In their family were three children: John D., now of Denver, Colorado; Dr. Newsom, of this review; and S. J., Jr., who is residing at home with his parents.

Dr. Newsom received a good preliminary education in the schools of Oregon, after which he entered the State University and graduated from the medical department of that institution in 1904. Immediately after his graduation he began practicing at Arlington, where he remained one and a half years, and had charge as surgeon of the Oregon Central and Columbia River Railroad. He then removed to Portland where he remained until 1910, after which he settled in Athena, where he has since been successfully engaged in the practice of his profession.

Dr. Newsom was married in 1907 to Miss Marie Pelland, who was born in St. Paul, Minnesota. To them has been born a son, Charles Maxwell, whose birth occurred Sep-

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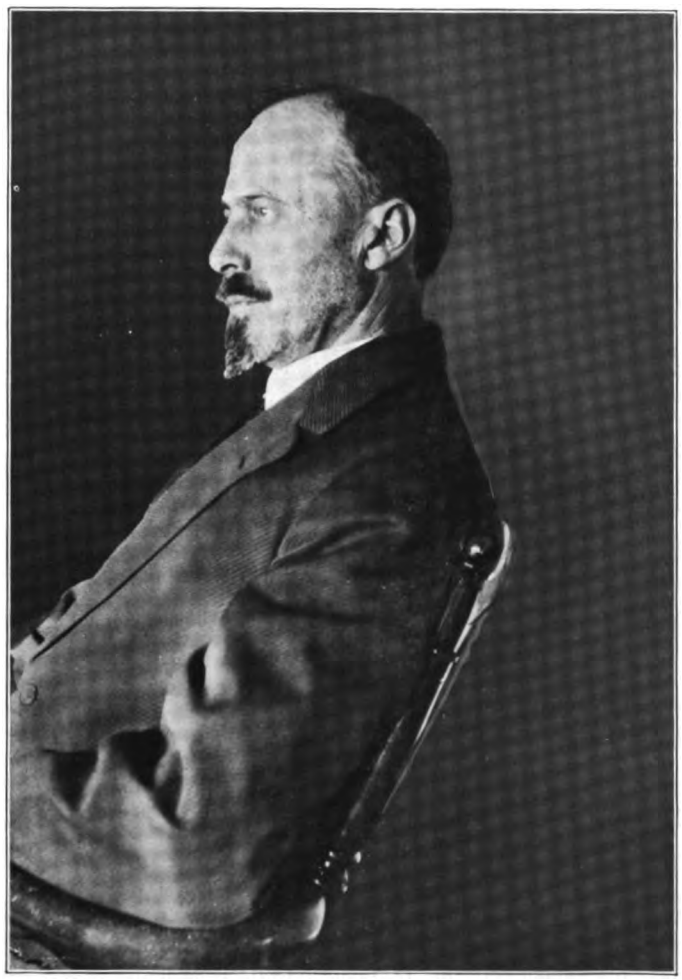

FRANK S. JOHNSON

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tember 12, 1908. The Doctor is a member of the Elks lodge and the Knights of Pythias. He is a successful practitioner, having a broad knowledge of materia medica and possessing a skill which has given him a high reputation in the community. He has built up a fine practice which is constantly growing with his increasing acquaintance, and he ranks with the most popular of professional and business men of the town.

B. D. CLEMONS. The first man who settled where Athena now stands and who built in that place the first blacksmith shop in 1878, is B. D. Clemons. He conducted his shop for fifteen years and then purchased a feed mill which he is still running. He was born in Massachusetts in 1842, was reared in the east, where he received a common-school education and later removed to Chicago, where he resided for several years. He then removed to Kansas, where he remained until 1876, when, crossing the plains with teams, he settled in Walla Walla, Washington, and two years later came to Umatilla county, where he has since resided. He was the pioneer resident of Athena and his first efforts at improvement are still visible in the town which he founded.

B. D. Clemons was married August 20, 1870, to Miss Emma Middleton, and to their union two children, Frank and Poka, both deceased, were born. The wife also passed away, November 10, 1876, and Mr. Clemons again married, his second union being with Miss Clara E. White, the wedding being celebrated December 5, 1888. His second wife is a native of Washington county, Iowa, and came with her parents to Oregon in 1875. Unto Mr. and Mrs. Clemons five children were born: Kezia F., the wife of Ed Kitter, of Umatilla county, Oregon; Joseph, who is married and lives in Athena; Eva R., the wife of W. L. Kidder, of Spokane, Washington; Howard, at home; and one who died in infancy.

Mr. Clemons is a member of the Masonic fraternity, belonging to Lodge No. 80, of Athena. In his political views he is a republican. The Clemons family are among the most estimable people of Athema where from the very inception of the town Mr. Clemons has been identified with its business interests. He is a patriotic and optimistic citizen, takes an active interest in everything which affects the public good, and owing to his genial disposition and companionable nature is very popular. Owing to his early settlement in the community he is acquainted with practically every man, woman and child in the place and his counsel is sought by many who have reason to thank him for his words of encouragement and advice.

I. M KEMP, of Weston, was born at Red Oak, Iowa, August 22, 1872, and is a son of W. H. and Rachel (Miller) Kemp, who were natives of Aurora, Illinois, where they were reared and married. About 1865 they removed westward to Iowa and from that state went to Boise, Idaho, and then a year later to Athena, Oregon. At the present time they reside near Portland. The father devoted most of his active life to farming and carpentering and is now living retired.

I. M. Kemp is one of a family of three sons and three daughters and his youthful days were spent under the parental roof, where he was early trained to recognize the value of industry and integrity as salient features in business success. He acquired his education in the country schools and afterward worked for two years in the First National Bank of Colton, Washington. He then took up the occupation of farming, which he followed near Pullman, Washington, for four years and in the fall of 1896 he returned to Athena, where he accepted the position of bookkeeper in a bank. He was also assistant cashier of the same institution and so continued until the fall of 1907. In June, 1908, he came to Weston to fill the office of cashier of the Farmers Bank and the success of this institution is attributable in no small measure to his efforts.

In 1893 occurred the marriage of I. M. Kemp and Miss Emma Mraz, a native of Salem, Oregon, and of Bohemian parentage. They have three daughters, Lucille, Iris and Dorothy. Mr. Kemp is a member of the Masonic fraternity and of the Independent Order of Odd Fellows and the Knights of Pythias. The greater part of his life has been spent in the northwest and he believes that this part of the country has before it a wonderful future.

WILLIAM H. SWITZLER, who is engaged in the lumber business and also conducts a ferry at Umatilla, has been a lifelong resident of this county, his birth having occurred in Pendleton, September 15, 1878. He is a son of John B. and Mary (Smoot) Switzler, both of whom were natives of Missouri. They crossed the plains at an early date, the mother locating in California. The father was but seven years of age when he came west with his father and settled at Switzler Sloughs, opposite Vancouver. Later he went to California, where he was married. He subsequently removed to Montana, and established a pack train service between Umatilla, the head of navigation, and various places in Montana and Idaho. He was thus engaged for several years before he went to Portland which he did previous to his removal to Umatilla county, where he went into the ranching business with two brothers, William and Jehu, under the style of The Switzler Company. He owns seven hundred head of horses, although at one time he had several thousand. In Oregon and Washington the Switzler brothers formerly owned about twenty thousand head of horses. At one time they sold eight thousand head to the Linton Cannery, for two dollars and fifty cents per head. They have always specialized in horses, although they handled some cattle. In 1900 John B. Switzler sold four thousand head of horses in Douglas county, Washington, and he has been disposing of his stock since that time as rapidly as possible. He has real-estate interests in Walla

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Walla, Umatilla, Portland and Canada. He resides at No. 337 East Ninth street north, in Portland but his business interest are largely in Umatilla and eastern Oregon. To Mr. and Mrs. John B. Switzler four children were born: Delia, who is the wife of C. R. Farrell, of Sunnyside; Minnie, the wife of Frank Sharpstein, of Walla Walla, Washington; William H., the subject of this review; and Evelina, the wife of H. N. Dryer, of Umatilla.

William H. Switzler passed his youth and boyhood in a manner similar to that of the average country boy of the west, attending school for a short time and assisting his father in whatever way he could. He is associated in business with his father and for the past year and one-half has owned and operated a ferry which plies the river between Umatilla and Plymouth, Washington. He has also been identified with the lumber business for the past four years. He owns a small ranch across the Columbia river in Washington but his residence is in this county, where he has lived all his life. He displays the same keen judgment in raising and dealing in horses which won his father such remarkable success and his ability is already well recognized. He maintains a careful oversight and general supervision of his lumber interests.

On the 15th of June, 1910, William H. Switzler was married to Miss Ellen O'Connell, a daughter of Joseph O'Connell, deceased. He is recognized as one of the substantial citizens of Umatilla county, and deserving of the high reputation which he has gained for himself there.

SAMUEL L. SPENCER, the owner and manager of the Athena Opera House and the proprietor of several pieces of property in the town, as well as an eighty-acre farm in Texas, was born in eastern Tennessee, May 20, 1845, the son of Samuel and Edith (Nelson) Spencer, both of whom were natives of North Carolina. The parents removed to Tennessee at an early date and in 1863 went to Texas, where both passed away. They had a family of thirteen children, of whom eleven are still living.

Samuel L. Spencer received a common-school education and at the early age of sixteen years enlisted in the Eleventh Georgia Infantry, Company D, serving three years in the Confederate army and participating in numerous engagements. At the expiration of his three years' service in the Confederate army Mr. Spencer crossed the line and enlisted under the stars and stripes, becoming a member of Company H, of the Twelfth Tennessee Cavalry and serving on that side until the close of the war. He continued to reside in Tennessee until 1870, when he removed to Texas and there lived until 1891, working at the blacksmith's trade. He then came to Oregon and settled in Athena, where he has since resided. He engaged in his trade and built the Athena Opera House but in 1905 retired from active labor. He is now the owner of an eighty-acre farm in Texas and has four houses and lots and a blacksmith shop in Athena.

In 1863 Mr. Spencer was married to Miss Mary Sinyard, a native of Tennessee and a daughter of Thomas and Catherine (Bearden) Sinyard, natives of North Carolina. Mr. and Mrs. Sinyard were the parents of fourteen children, three of whom are living. Mr. and Mrs. Spencer had a daughter, Mary L., who was born October 8, 1869, and died October 5, 1871.

Mr. Spencer is a member of the Masonic fraternity, belonging to Lodge No. 80, F. & A. M., and both he and his wife are members of the Methodist Episcopal church, being actively engaged in the work of that denomination. Mr. Spencer is and has long been prominent as a citizen and popular in the circles which he frequents. He is extensively known and universally respected and the standing of his family in the community is most excellent. He has been active in municipal and other affairs which affect the prosperity of his town and may always be counted upon to assist to the extent of his ability in the promotion of all enterprises for its upbuilding and advancement.

GEORGE W. GROSS, the popular and efficient mayor of Athena and one of its most valued and progressive men, has been a resident of that place since 1901. He was born in Dallas county, Iowa, March 10, 1857, a son of Andrew and Sarah (Shafer) Gross, the former a native of Baden, Germany, and the latter of Pennsylvania. The father emigrated to America with his parents in 1837 and the family settled in Ohio, where they resided until 1850, when they removed to Dallas county, Iowa. In that state the mother passed away in 1858 and in 1863 the father removed with his family to California, crossing the plains with horse teams. They resided in the Golden state, however, for only a year and then removed to Linn county, Oregon, where they resided until 1871, when they came to Umatilla county, there remaining until 1878. In that year the father returned to Linn county, where his death occurred January 28, 1910, at the age of eighty-three years. He was twice married. By his first union six children were born and by his second marriage he became the father of eight children.

George W. Gross remained at home until he attained his majority and then began farming in 1878, choosing Umatilla county as the field of his operations. He continued in that vocation until 1901, when he came to Athena and here he has since resided. He, however, retains his farm of six hundred and forty acres, which is an extremely valuable property.

In 1880 Mr. Gross was married to Miss Jennie Morgan, a native of Lane county, Oregon, and a daughter of John and Sarah (Stanley) Morgan, who emigrated to Oregon in 1852. Her parents are both deceased, the mother passing away in 1878 and the father's death occurring in 1882. They were the parents of nine children. Mr. and Mrs. Gross have become the parents of four chil-

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dren: James F., who is married and resides in Umatilla county; Eva M., the wife of Arthur Douglas, of the same county; Lulu B., who married L. H. Reed, of Umatilla county; and George W., who was born on December 14, 1892, and died February 12, 1893.

In his political views Mr. Gross is a democrat and is at present serving as mayor of Athena. Fraternally he holds membership in Lodge No. 73, I. O. O. F., at Athena, having filled all of the chairs in that order. He also belongs to the Woodmen of the World, while Mrs. Gross is a member of the Rebekahs. Since his identification with Athena he has been one of the progressive and optimistic citizens of that place. Possessing great faith in its future, he has always been prominently identified with and a supporter of all movements calculated to promote the interests of Athena and community. He has formed an extremely large circle of acquaintances whose respect and esteem for him are very marked. He is of a genial and companionable nature and in his social, fraternal and business relations instantly commands the respect and confidence of those with whom he comes in contact. Few men if any in the city are more popular and he is one of whom any community may be justly proud.

JOHN WESLEY WALDEN. In the list of the leading citizens of La Grande is John Wesley Walden, who is successfully serving in the official capacity of chief of police. He was born July 25, 1858, in La Salle county, Illinois, the son of John W. and Hannah (Elliott) Walden, the father a native of New York and the mother of Michigan. The parents were married in Michigan in 1854 and the father was engaged in farming in Lenawee county of that state until 1863, when he purchased horses and started overland for California but was killed on the way by Indians. The mother was left with two children: John, of this review; and one daughter, Phoebe, now deceased. In 1865 the mother was again married, her second union being with Eugene Knapp, and in 1872 they moved to Cloud county, Kansas.

John W. Walden received his early education in the district schools. He was fourteen years of age when he removed to Kansas and he resided in that state until 1883, when he came to Union county, Oregon. For one year thereafter he was engaged in the implement business and then for four years was employed in railroad work. Subsequently he was elected constable at Union and later deputy sheriff, under Sheriff Derring, which office he filled for four years. Thereupon he came to La Grande, entering the police department as patrolman, and one year later was elected night chief, in which capacity he served for two years. He was then made chief of police, which position he is now filling.

In Kansas, in 1882, Mr. Walden was united in marriage with Miss Florence Delp and they have become the parents of three children: Claud and Ralph, both of whom are engaged in railroad work; and Ernest, who is in school. Mr. Walden is a man of indomitable courage, sterling integrity and honesty of purpose, who has never spared himself in any way when the safety of the community was at stake. He has been in sheriff and police work for twenty-one years and has had many interesting experiences with cattle and horse thieves and lawbreakers in general and as a result of some of these he now carries four bullets in his body. He has ever discharged his duties with marked ability and fairness and is considered a most loyal and public-spirited citizen. In his political views Mr. Walden is a republican, and fraternally he is identified with the Independent Order of Odd Fellows and with the Knights of Pythias.

HARRY D. GRAY, a well known grocer of Pendleton, who is also interested in various other local enterprises, is descended from one of Oregon's earliest pioneers and represents the third generation of his family to have been identified with the development of the state. He was born in Astoria, Oregon, on the 11th of December, 1872, his parents being J. H. D. and Laura W. (Bell) Gray. His father was a native of Lapway, Idaho, his birth there occurring in 1839, and a son of William H. Gray, who first came to Oregon in 1836, having crossed the plains with Missionary Whitman and his party. Looking over the country, William H. Gray decided to locate here permanently. He returned to Utica, New York, for his bride and soon after his marriage they started west, arriving in Idaho, whence they subsequently removed to Clatsop county, Oregon. There for many years Mr. Gray engaged in agricultural pursuits, being one of the pioneer ranchers on the Clatsop plains. Later he became a resident of Astoria, where he passed his latter days, his time being largely engaged in writing a history of Oregon. J. H. D. Gray began his business career as a steamboat man and at one time was the owner of a large line of boats on the lower Columbia, but he subsequently withdrew from this and was appointed pilot commissioner, and very capably discharged the duties of this office for two years. He began his public career as state senator from Clatsop county, serving in this capacity for two terms, following which he was elected county judge. He passed away in 1902, at the age of sixty-three years, but the mother, Laura W. Gray, is still living and now makes her home in Portland. Nine children were born to Mr. and Mrs. Gray, six of whom lived to attain maturity. Mrs. Gray is a native of Missouri, but she has long resided in Oregon, having crossed the plains with her father, John C. Bell, in 1854.

At the usual age Harry D. Gray entered the public schools of Astoria, passing through the successive grades until he was graduated from the high school, completing his education by a year's study in the State University at Eugene. After leaving college he returned to Astoria and began earning his own living, his first year in the business world being spent in steamboating on the Columbia river. At the expiration of that time he decided to engage in sawmilling and in 1893

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acquired stock in the Clatsop Mill Company, continuing to be actively identified with this company, in which he is still financially interested, until 1907. Withdrawing from his position, in the latter year he came to Pendleton and together with two of his brothers, Charles E. of Portland and William of Spokane, bought the grocery store of F. S. Younger & Son. Mr. Gray immediately assumed the management of this enterprise, which has prospered from the very first and they are now doing an excellent business. Their receipts have shown a marked advance from year to year and their trade is constantly increasing, as they carry a full line of groceries of standard quality. The business is conducted in accordance with the methods followed in every progressive mercantile concern, it being the policy of this firm to treat their patrons with the utmost courtesy and consideration and as a result they number among their customers many of the leading families of the town.

The political allegiance of Mr. Gray is given to the republican party and he has always taken an active interest in all municipal affairs. While residing in Astoria he was vice president of the Young Men's Republican Club, and he is now a member of the board of directors of the Pendleton Commercial Club, in the work of which organization he takes an enthusiastic interest. He gives his support and cooperation to every progressive movement and was one of the organizers of the Round-up Association and served on the board of directors for two years. His fraternal connections are confined to his membership in the Benevolent Protective Order of Elks, while he maintains relations with the lumbermen through the medium of his membership in the Hoo-Hoo's. Although he has been a resident of Pendleton for less than five years, Mr. Gray has become recognized as a most worthy acquisition to its commercial fraternity, not only because of the capable manner in which he is directing his own interests but owing to the efficiency he has manifested in all of his public and business transactions.

JOHN F. CARSTENS. For years Oregon figured as one of the leading lumber states of the entire country and this position she rightfully maintains today, but as time passed on there has been given abundant proof of her possibilities in other directions. Farming and fruit-growing can be followed with equal profit and the soil seems adaptable to all of the usual products of the field and orchard. Acre after acre in Oregon is today being brought under the plow and the work is attended with excellent results. Among the good farming properties that are being developed in Washington county is that owned by John F. Carstens, who is the owner of one hundred and seventy acres of land of which seventy acres is under a high state of cultivation. Mr. Carstens was born in Indiana, February 5, 1865, a son of Fedda and Henrietta (Dealwater) Carstens, both of whom were natives of Germany. They were married in Indiana, coming to America about 1854, and settling in the Hoosier state, where Mr. Carstens followed the occupation of farming in the vicinity of Creston, Lake county. Here they lived until the spring of 1870. They then came to Oregon, establishing their home near Hillsboro, Washington county, where they remained for three years and then removed to Banks. Mr. Carstens continued to engage in tilling the soil until 1887, when with the comfortable competence which he had acquired from his previous labors he retired and removed to Hillsboro, where he remained until his death in 1904, having for three years survived his wife, who died in 1901. In their family were ten children of whom six are yet living, namely: A. C., residing in Banks, Oregon; H. C., of Roy, this state; Sophia, the wife of H. I. Smith, of Forest Grove; John F., of this review; Henrietta, the wife of Clayburn Williams, of Rainier, Oregon; and Emma, who became the wife of Walter McKinney, who passed away at Hillsboro, Oregon, leaving a widow and one child. Those who are deceased are: L. F., whose death occurred at Banks, this state, when he was forty-nine years of age; Pearl, the youngest of the family, who passed away in 1886 at the age of ten years; and two who died in infancy.

John F. Carstens, while born in the middle west, has spent the greater part of his life on the Pacific coast, having been brought to Oregon when a little lad of five summers. Here he was reared and early became familiar with the task of plowing, planting and harvesting. His education was acquired in the public schools and when not busy with his text-books he worked in the fields. On attaining his majority he began farming on his own account upon a part of his father's land, continuing its cultivation for six years, or until 1893. He then removed to Hillsboro, where he operated a planing mill and sawmill and also conducted a general lumber business for seven years. He then returned to the farm on which he spent the succeeding year, and next took up his abode on a farm which he had purchased in 1889. It is situated near Banks and to its development and improvement he is now devoting his time and energies with the result that he has placed seventy acres of the one hundred and seventy-acre tract under cultivation and is fast reclaiming and improving the other. The equipment on his property is good and includes substantial buildings and well improved machinery such as facilitates the work of the fields. His methods are at once practical and progressive and annually he harvests good crops as a reward for the care and labor which he bestows upon his land.

As a companion and helpmate for life's journey Mr. Carstens chose Miss Nettie Stephens, whom he wedded April 5, 1887. She was born in Washington county, Oregon, a daughter of William and Ann (Delashman) Stephens, who were natives of the east but became pioneer residents of Oregon and have been actively and helpfully interested in its upbuilding, spending much of their time in Washington county, their home being now at

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MRS. JOHN F. CARSTENS

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Forest Grove. In their family were seven children: Ida, the wife of William Allen, of Columbia county, Oregon; Clara, who passed away at the age of twenty-seven years; Mrs. Carstens; Edward, of Buxton, Oregon; and A. L., Charley and Fred, also residing in Buxton.

Mr. and Mrs. Carstens had two children, but the younger, Arley, who was born April 24, 1895, died August 31, 1896. The surviving son, Clell B., was born March 22, 1890, and was married to Miss Alta Inkley, a native of Nebraska, who in 1906 came to Oregon with her parents, who are residents of Washington county. They have one child, Burl, born April 1, 1911.

John F. Carstens is a republican in his political views but does not hesitate to uphold the principles in which he believes, his position never being an equivocal one. He does not seek office, however, for his time and attention are fully occupied with his business and other interests. His social nature finds expression in his membership in the Knights of Pythias lodge of Hillsboro and with the Maccabees at Greenville, Oregon. For more than forty years he has been a witness of the growth of the state and is proud of what has been accomplished here. At all times his influence has been on the side of improvement and Oregon has no more loyal representative and advocate than John F. Carstens.

WILLIAM THOMAS OSBURN. Several years before gold was discovered in California, when it was the hope of securing homes and utilizing the opportunities of the far west that brought the settler to the Pacific coast, William Thomas Osburn took up his abode in Oregon, having traveled across the plains with pack horses in 1845. He was born near Paoli, Indiana, January 18, 1823, and was only eight years of age at the time of the death of his father, Thomas F. Osburn. The mother passed away in 1851. In early life William T. Osburn went to Iowa and when he was twenty-two years of age he became imbued with the spirit of adventure and started for the northwest. Oregon City was then the only place where there was any development to speak of in the state. Mr. Osburn remained there until June, 1847, when he took the trail with pack horses for California, arriving in that state toward the end of July. On the discovery of gold in 1848 he turned his attention to mining on the middle fork of the Sacramento river and met with good success. In the fall of 1849 he again crossed the plains to Indiana, where he remained for two years, but in 1851 again came to the coast, traveling with pack horses to Portland, Oregon, which was rapidly coming to the front as the principal trading point of the Willamette river. In February, 1852, Mr. Osburn again went to Indiana and there invested his capital in quite a large bunch of cattle, with which he once more started out for Oregon. While on that trip he had several encounters with the Indians, who, however, ran away when he and his party showed fight. Mr. Osburn took his cattle to the head waters of the Siuslaw river where there was splendid pasture and plenty of range. In the spring of 1853 he sold his stock and again went to Indiana. While there he was married and with his bride came to the coast. On that trip he also brought a bunch of cattle, traveling over the Oregon trail and settling on Camas prairie in Lane county, where was to be found the best grass in the country. For five years he continued there and then purchased a farm on the river road about eight miles below Eugene. In 1861 he took up his abode in that city and became identified with its manufacturing and industrial interests as the owner of a flour mill and sawmill. Eventually he disposed of that business and purchased a stove and hardware store which he conducted until 1865, when he sold out and purchased the residence that he occupied from 1866 until the time of his death.

It was at Paoli, Indiana, that Mr. Osburn was married to Miss Sarah Sherod, a native of Virginia, and they became the parents of four children: Curran D., who was a physician but is now deceased; Owen, a resident of Roseburg, Oregon, where he is engaged in the drug business; Grant, who has also passed away; and William F., who is proprietor of the Hotel Osburn, at Eugene.

Mr. Obsurn was not only prominent as a business man of Lane county but was also widely known in other connections. He was a member of the first city council of Eugene and in his younger days was an active, energetic citizen, whose cooperation could always be counted upon to further progressive public movements. He was a charter member of the first Masonic lodge created in Oregon, this having been established in Oregon City, in 1845. He died at Eugene, January 21, 1905, and was buried under the auspices of the Masonic order, being the oldest Mason in the state at that time in years of continuous connection with the craft.

W. T. HILL, whose identification with the state of Oregon and its interests dates from 1878, was a citizen of Umatilla county, from that time until his death, June 7, 1903. He was a prominent and successful farmer and stock-raiser owning three hundred and twenty acres of land. He was born in Illinois in 1834 or 1835, and settled in Iowa at an early day. He resided in that state until 1878, when with his family he crossed the plains, coming to Umatilla county, where he took up a homestead and railroad land to the amount of three hundred and twenty acres, which by careful cultivation and thorough improvement he developed into valuable property. His father was a soldier of the Revolutionary war and also served in Indian wars.

Mr. Hill chose as his life companion and helpmate Miss Delilah Coleman, who was born in Illinois, a daughter of James and Sarah (Reed) Coleman, both natives of Ohio. Her parents went to Illinois shortly after their marriage and later removed to Iowa, settling in Wapello, where they lived for many years or until their deaths occurred. Unto them were born a family of ten chil-

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dren, whom they educated and gave good training. To Mr. and Mrs. Hill were born ten children: Heaton, deceased; Turpin, a resident of Grass Valley; Oscar, of Malhuer county, Oregon; Mary J., at home; Reed, of Athena; Ida M., the wife of C. H. Downing, also residing in this city; Perry S., of Yamhill county; Jerome, living at Alba, Washington; Carrie B., the wife of Frank Rodgers, of Pendleton; and one who died in infancy.

Mr. Hill was a progressive, successful farmer and stock-raiser and by his well ordered life and many good qualities formed a very large acquaintance among the better class of people of Umatilla county. His widow has recently sold the homestead for twenty-five thousand dollars and is now living in Athena, where she owns a beautiful home and four lots. Her eldest daughter is making her home with her and they are well and favorably known in the community. The exemplary life of W. T. Hill left an indelible impress upon the community and his passing was regretted and mourned by all who knew him. His was a life of industry, energy and integrity and his labors were fruitful of much good in the section where he resided and he left his widow and family well provided for.

HENRY CLAY ELMS has for almost a third of a century resided in Baker county and now makes his home in Unity. He was born in Washington county, Arkansas, on the 20th of April, 1859, and represents old southern families. His paternal grandparents were Jonathan and Cidy (Bradley) Elms, natives of North Carolina, the former born in 1809 and the latter in 1811. They were the parents of Edward O. Elms, whose birth occurred in North Carolina, in 1832. With their family they removed westward to White county, Tennessee, about the year 1834 and Edward O. Elms there remained until 1851, when he became a resident of Arkansas. There he met and married Rachel L. Newman, a daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Jonathan Newman, who had removed from Alabama to Arkansas at an early period in the settlement and development of the latter state. The death of Mrs. Rachel Elms occurred December 27, 1859, and her husband, long surviving her, passed away in February, 1892. They were the parents of two children, Mary Ann and Henry C. Elms.

The latter spent the period of his boyhood and youth at home and on the 11th of April, 1880, left the parental roof in company with Mr. and Mrs. W. S. Lawrence and their two children, James E. and Martha Lawrence, and a family by the name of Smith. They were en route for the far west and experienced many of the hardships and privations that came to the travelers across the plains, but though the journey was a long and difficult one they at length arrived safely in Baker City, Oregon, on the 1st of July. Here Mr. Elms began mining but followed that pursuit only a short time. In January, 1881, he entered the employ of J. K. Carlile and in 1882 taught school in Baker county. In 1894 Mr. Elms located on his present property near Unity, consisting of three hundred and twenty acres of fine ranch land.

On the 27th of December, 1881, he married Miss Fannie A. Carlile, the daughter of his employer. She was born in Lane county, Oregon, June 28, 1867, and was but four years of age when, in 1871, she accompanied her parents to Baker county, where she has since lived. Her father, James K. Carlile, was one of the prominent and influential pioneers of Baker county, closely associated with the development and progress of this region. He was born in Washington county, Arkansas, in 1829, and crossed the plains to California in 1853. He had for ten years resided on the Pacific coast when he came to Oregon in 1863. Here he married Angy Glachley, who belonged to one of the early families in the vicinity of Eugene, Oregon, her people having come from Ohio, among the first to settle in that part of the state. Mrs. Carlile died in the year 1876 and for three decades was survived by her husband, who departed this life on the 6th of March, 1906. To Mr. and Mrs. Elms have been born six children, of whom five are living: Charles E., who was born in what is now Malheur county, Oregon, February 26, 1886; Myrtle C., born at the same place on the 8th of March, 1888, who is a teacher in the public schools; Onie P., born in Malheur county, June 25, 1891; Bertha A., born in Baker county, July 25, 1895; and Henry Franklin, who was born in the same county, January 7, 1898. James Carlile, born November 10, 1893, died in March, 1894.

Mr. Elms is a democrat, has been prominent in the councils of his party and has been a member of the county central committee for many years. In 1886 he was nominated for state representative on the democratic ticket from what was then Baker county and in 1890 was nominated for the same office from Malheur county. He is a member of the Nonpareil Circle of the Woodmen of the World. For almost a third of a century he has followed ranching in this county, owning and cultivating a valuable tract of land, which by his labors has become a well developed property, equipped with modern improvements and conveniences such as are incident to a model farm of the twentieth century.

MARK MOORHOUSE is the sole owner of a general real-estate and insurance business operating under the name of The Mark Moorhouse Company, located at Pendleton, in Umatilla county. He was born on Prospect farm, Umatilla county, December 8, 1881, and is a son of Major Lee and Mrs. Moorhouse, of whom an extended review is published elsewhere in this work.

Mark Moorhouse was reared at home and received his education in the public schools of Umatilla county. After having passed through the lower grades he later was graduated from the high school at Pendleton with the class of 1898. Following his graduation he secured a position in the Pendleton Woolen Mills as shipping clerk and in that occupation he continued for two years. He then

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entered the employ of Frank B. Clopton, who was operating a general real-estate and insurance business in Umatilla county. In 1904 occurred the organization of the Commercial National Bank of Umatilla and Mr. Moorhouse obtained a position as bookkeeper in that institution at that time. In 1905 he associated himself in the real-estate business with Frank B. Clopton under the firm name of Frank B. Clopton & Company, dealers in real estate, insurance and lands, continuing to devote his attention to the business of the firm until 1909. In the month of July of that year he purchased Mr. Clopton's interest in the business, which he has since successfully operated under the firm name of The Mark Moorhouse Company.

In November, 1907, Mr. Moorhouse was united in marriage to Miss Blanche Horn, of Umatilla county, a daughter of Mr. and Mrs. David Horn. The father is one of the prominent farmers of Umatilla county and a pioneer stage man of eastern Oregon. Mr. Moorhouse is a member of the republican party, and fraternally is a member of Pendleton Lodge, No. 288, B. P. O. E., and Damon Lodge, No. 4, K. P. He also belongs to the Pendleton Commercial Club and is exhibition manager of the Pendleton Round-up Society. Mr. and Mrs. Moorhouse are members of the Episcopal church, and he is one of the vestrymen and also treasurer of the church in which he holds membership. Mark Moorhouse is one of the well known, enterprising and useful citizens of Umatilla county. His integrity in all matters of business has secured for him the confidence of the investing public and public opinion places him among the very desirable members of the community in which he lives.

WILLIAM A. BROWN, who has been proprietor and manager of the Hotel Pendleton for seven years, is one of the well known hotel men of the northwest. His birth occurred in Savanna, Illinois, on the 2d of February, 1872, his parents being John and Mary (Ross) Brown, the former a native of Ireland and the latter of England. The parents were brought as children to Illinois by their parents and were married in that state. The father's death occurred in Savanna about 1887. The mother is now residing in Lincoln, Nebraska. During his active career the father was an agriculturist until the last few years of his life when he was engaged in the hotel business in Savanna. In the family were ten children, two of whom are deceased. One son, John Brown, is a resident of Cheyenne, Wyoming, and is managing the Inter Ocean Hotel. He is also proprietor of the Normandie Hotel and is a retail cigar dealer.

Until he was eighteen years of age William A. Brown resided at home, attending public school during the winter and working during the summer. Later he became night clerk in a hotel at Savanna, and at the age of nineteen was conductor of a dining car running out of Minneapolis, Minnesota. Subsequently he returned to Savanna and became day clerk in a hotel. After remaining in that position for a short time he was employed as manager of the restaurant in the Union depot at Omaha, Nebraska, and later removed to Laramie, Wyoming, where he was steward of The Thornburg Hotel. He acted as cashier and manager of the hotel for a time. He was next transferred to Cheyenne, Wyoming, and was in charge of the hotel operated by the Union Pacific Railway Company. After his resignation he went to Alaska in 1898, but one year later returned and located in Ogden, Utah, where for six months he managed the hotel in the Union station. He was next employed by the Pullman Company to take charge of the dining car running out of Ogden. After several months he became manager of the hotel at Pocatello, Idaho, and subsequently was employed for about two years as dining car conductor by the Oregon Railroad & Navigation Company. Later he took a half interest in the Hotel Pendleton, and at the end of two years became sole proprietor and is now manager and proprietor. For the last seven years he has been thus engaged. During his entire career in the hotel business he has had ample opportunity to become acquainted with many of the restaurant and hotel managers and owners in the west. He has given the best satisfaction in his various positions because he seems to posess an innate ability of so catering to the trade which is accorded him that his services are invaluable in connection with the operation of any hotel or restaurant. Courteous and genial in manner and with a high regard for the rights of others, he has won for himself an immense popularity, which is one of the essentials to the successful hotel man. His various undertakings have netted him good profits, and he is the lessee of the Hotel Pendleton but also owns a section of land in Calgary, Alberta, Canada.

In 1902 Mr. Brown was married to Miss Lottie M. Smith, a native of Iowa and a daughter of Mrs. M. E. Smith, of Portland, Oregon. No children have been born of this union. Mr. Brown is a Mason, being a member of the Mystic Shrine of Portland. He also holds membership in the Knights of Pythias and the Benevolent Protective Order of Elks. A stranger's estimate of the progressive and enterprising spirit of a town is frequently based upon the hotels which it affords. Because of the up-to-date and popular hotels which Mr. Brown has managed it may be considered he has contributed in no small degree to the prestige enjoyed by the towns in which he has been in business.

FRED A. LIEUALLEN, M. D., is a physician residing in Pilot Rock, Umatilla county, Oregon. He is a native son of Oregon and of the county of Umatilla, his natal day being November 6, 1880. His parents are James Thomas and Lucy J. (Adcock) Lieuallen, the former a native of Missouri and the latter of Oregon. James T. Lieuallen, who came to this state in the year 1865, is now a resident of Adams, Umatilla county. Unto him and his wife were born nine children, all of whom survive.

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Fred A. Lieuallen was reared at home and educated in the academy and at the State University at Eugene. On the completion of his studies in the university at that place he became a student of medicine in the University of Oregon at Portland, from which department he was graduated with the degree of M. D. in the class of 1905. Immediately following the completion of his medical studies at the university he was associated in the practice of medicine with Dr. Cole at Pendleton. At this place he remained for one year. He afterward removed to Helix, where he was engaged in the practice of medicine for one year. He then changed his location, moving to Huntington, where he spent seven months as local physician for the railway. In 1908 he established his permanent residence at Pilot Rock and is now in the enjoyment of a large and lucrative practice.

In November, 1908, Dr. Lieuallen was united in marriage to Miss Myrtle B. Hawks, a native of Washington and a daughter of Robert O. and Mary (Duger) Hawks. The father still survives and makes his home at Pendleton, but the mother has passed away. Unto Dr. and Mrs. Lieuallen has been born one daughter, Barbara, whose natal day was May 5, 1910.

Dr. Lieuallen is affiliated with the democratic party, consistently voting with this great political organization in its national, state and county campaigns. His fraternal relations are with Lodge No. 93, F. & A. M.; Lodge, No. 288, B. P. O. E., of Pendleton; Lodge No. 22 of the Improved Order of Red Men; and the Knights of Pythias. Mrs. Lieuallen is a member of the Presbyterian church. Dr. Lieuallen's work as a physician in his chosen field absorbs all of his time and attention, and to this work he has consecrated his life and abilities. His practice has steadily increased since he became a resident of Pilot Rock and to it he is devoting his undivided attention.

JAMES MATHEW HINDMAN, chief operator, and manager of the telegraph office at Umatilla, was born in Stockton, Kansas, January 10, 1880, a son of S. A. W. and Loretta (Sleeth) Hindman. The father was born in Kentucky and the mother is a native of Indiana, where their marriage occurred. They removed to Iowa after their marriage, where they resided until 1878, when they took up their abode in Kansas. The father died in that state in 1888, when he was fifty-three years of age. The mother who survives him resides in Stockton. S. A. W. Hindman was an agriculturist throughout his active life and had nine children of whom James M. is the youngest.

James M. Hindman resided at home until he was eighteen years of age, attending the public schools and later pursuing the course offered by the high school at Stockton. After he completed his education in 1898 he went to Montana and worked as section hand until 1900. In that year he learned telegraphy, and has since followed that occupation, working throughout the northwest. He has now been at Umatilla for four years and is chief operator and manager of the telegraph office here. That his services have been entirely satisfactory is amply indicated by the fact that he has continued in his position for four years.

In 1906 James M. Hindman was married to Miss Estella Jobson, of Billings, Montana. He gives his political allegiance to the republican party and has served in the city council. He is a young man who has already gained an enviable position in telegraphic circles and his industry and determination—his dominant qualities—augur well for a successful future.

FELIX CURRIN. One of the few farmers in Oregon who have in the interest of agriculture conducted extensive experiments in growing grain, grasses and forage plants, is Felix Currin, a highly respected, successful and active farm operator living near Cottage Grove. He was born in Henry county, Missouri, July 14, 1847, a son of John and Margaret (Swift) Currin. The father was born in Grayson county, Virginia, March 2, 1816, and was descended from Irish ancestry. His father, the grandfather of Felix Currin, was active in politics and although busy with agricultural pursuits served as a member of the state legislature for eighteen years. In his official capacity he acquitted himself with distinction and was efficient and popular in his public service. In his family were eight children, and his death occurred when his son John was but three years of age. The latter remained on the old homestead until he attained the age of twenty years, receiving his education in the public schools of Virginia. Shortly after attaining his majority he was appointed sheriff of Carroll county, that state, an office which he filled with satisfaction to his constituents and distinction to himself. After leaving the sheriff's office he removed to Missouri, where he pursued farming as a vocation and where he was married. He resided in that state until 1853, when by ox team he came to Oregon and settled in Lane county, where he took up a donation land claim of three hundred and twenty acres about four miles east of Cottage Grove on the banks of the Row river. He became in Oregon, as he had been in Virginia, an extremely active farmer and added to his landed holdings until he owned eight hundred acres. Upon this farm he labored early and late, bringing it under a fine state of cultivation and erecting handsome buildings and other needed improvements until it became one of the fine farming properties of that section. He made a specialty of raising Durham cattle in addition to conducting a diversified system of farming. He belonged to the Independent Order of Odd Fellows and was for many years a prominent member of the Cumberland Presbyterian church. Politically he had always been an adherent of the principles and practices of the democratic party, having taken a lively interest in all public matters. His death occurred August 13, 1908, and his wife

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MRS. FELIX CURRIN

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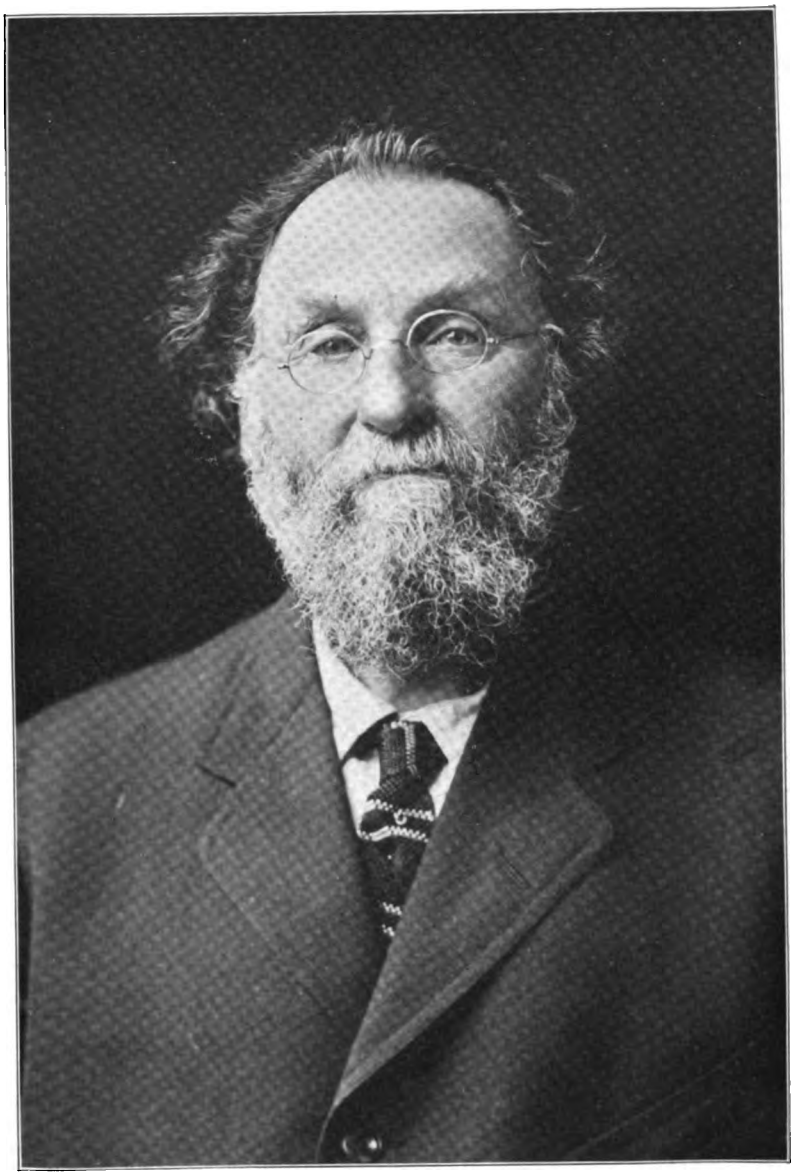

FELIX CURRIN

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ASTOR, LENOX AND
TILDEN FOUNDATIONS.

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survived until December 27, 1909, both at the time of their death having nearly reached the ninetieth milestone on life's journey. In their family were seven children, as follows: Serephina, deceased; Felix, of this review, and William, Ann, John, Lavenia and Martha, all of whom have passed away.

Felix Currin was but six years of age when he came to Oregon with his parents and remained with them throughout almost their entire lives. He received a good common-school education and assisted his father with the duties incidental to his extensive agricultural operations until he attained the age of thirty years, when he was married. Later he removed to eastern Oregon, where he lived for five years, after which he returned to the old homestead near Cottage Grove and made his home with his parents until they passed away. He has devoted his entire life to agricultural pursuits and is now the owner of a valuable farm of seven hundred and fifty acres on which he carries on general farming and stock-raising. The last named has proved a very important branch of his business activity and in that direction he has met with most gratifying success. He believes and has proven that hogs can be raised more cheaply in this territory than anywhere in the world and he has profitably handled the Duroc, Poland-China, Berkshire and Chester-White breeds. He also makes a specialty of Roan Durham cattle, of which he has a fine herd, and owns an excellent flock of Cotswold sheep which annually yield a fleece which brings most substantial returns. In the cultivation of his fields he is a true exponent of diversified farming and his ranch produces all varieties of farm and horticultural products. At his own expense he has for years conducted extensive experiments in the raising of various crops, hoping to be able to improve on the varieties commonly raised in this state. His experiments have been conducted on a large scale and under government supervision. He has planted and raised on his experimental farm fifteen hundred kinds of grasses, grains and forage plants and owns the most extensive exhibit in the state of Oregon. When the western governors' special train toured the eastern states recently Mr. Currin furnished the greater part of the exhibit on the Oregon car attached to that train. As an agriculturist he has greatly distinguished himself and his efforts for the betterment of farming conditions and crops have been productive of much good.

Mr. Currin laid the foundation for a happy home life of his own through his marriage to Miss Rosetta Craighead, who was born in Henry county, Missouri, a daughter of Robert and Stachy (Johnson) Craighead. Her parents came to Oregon in 1875 from Johnston county, and in their family were four children, of whom Mrs. Currin was the youngest in order of birth, the others being as follows: John, a resident of Springfield, Oregon; Matilda, the wife of Ed Jones, of Cottage Grove; and Manda, living in eastern Oregon. Mr. and Mrs. Currin have become the parents of six children, namely: John, deceased; Ida, the wife of William Chapman, of Union county, Oregon, by whom she has three children, George, Otto and Osie; George, a farmer of Cottage Grove, who is married and has two children, Ivan and Pearl; Lynch, living at home with his parents; Osie, who married Vernon Fields, a telegraph operator of Cottage Grove; and Homer, attending school at Cottage Grove.

Mr. Currin has an extensive acquaintance and he is highly esteemed by all the prominent farmers of Oregon as well as by the scientific and particularly the agricultural exhibitors of the state. In his political views he is a democrat, although he has not paid a great deal of attention to political matters, preferring to confine his efforts to his farming pursuits and to the betterment of the agricultural and allied interests of Oregon. He has never been an office seeker and has never held a public office. He is a member of the State Grange and Cottage Grove Commercial Club, in both of which he is prominent and popular.

J. W. ETTER is the general manager of the Pilot Rock Mercantile Company, which is the largest mercantile house in this portion of Umatilla county. Its business management is entirely under the supervision and direction of Mr. Etter and in addition to this he is the owner of four hundred and forty acres of land, to which he gives his attention. This is a beautiful body of land located adjacent to Pilot Rock. Mr. Etter was born in the state of Missouri on the 3d of April, 1861, his parents being G. W. and Mary Ann (Cotton) Etter, both of whom were natives of Tennessee and who moved to Missouri at a very early date. In that state they established their home and spent the remaining years of their lives. Eleven children were born to this union, nine of whom are still living.

J. W. Etter remained at home until he was twenty-four years of age. He was educated in the public schools of the district in which his parents lived. After attaining his twenty-fourth birthday he began his independent career and in starting for himself he engaged in agricultural pursuits, becoming one of the representative farmers of the state of Missouri. He remained in his native state until 1901, but during this year he moved to Umatilla county, Oregon, where he remained but a short time and then returned to Missouri. Taking up his residence again in his native state, he remained until 1906. In this year he changed his vocation, becoming interested in the farm implement business and having his headquarters at Versailles. He eventually sold out and returned to Umatilla county, Oregon, where he purchased a farm and established his home. He remained thereon but one year, as he had an opportunity to dispose of the same within a year's time after making the purchase at a figure representing twice his original investment. His faith and confidence in Oregon lands was greatly stimulated by the

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fortunate outcome of this transaction and he purchased four hundred and forty acres in Umatilla county, which are still in his possession. The farm is situated only eighty rods from the city limits of Pilot Rock. It is a highly improved piece of land and one of the most desirable farms in this section of Umatilla county. In addition to managing this magnificent farm, Mr. Etter is also the general manager of the Pilot Rock Mercantile Company. In this merchandising concern Mr. Etter is also one of the large stockholders. He is likewise a stockholder in the Pacific Coast Fire Insurance Company.

In 1884 Mr. Etter was united in marriage to Miss Amanda Kidwell, a native of Missouri and a daughter of William and Martha Kidwell, both of whom were born in Tennessee. The father passed away in Missouri while the mother survives and makes her home with her children. Mrs. Etter was one of a family of nine children, seven of whom are still living. Mr. and Mrs. Etter have two children: Bertie M., the wife of George F. Campbell, of Umatilla county; and Lonnie E., who is still at home.

Mr. Etter gives his political allegiance to the democracy but has never sought office as a reward for his party fealty. He is a member of the official board of the Presbyterian church of Pilot Rock, to which his wife also belongs. He is a man widely known throughout the northeastern portion of the state of Oregon. He has been uniformly successful in his business adventures and is a man of unusual business ability.

LOUIS SCHOLL, JR., city treasurer and justice of the peace of Echo, is also engaged in the real-estate business. He is a popular man in the community and has served his city for three years in the capacity of mayor. He was born in Wasco county, Oregon, March 24, 1867, a son of Louis and Elizabeth (Fulton) Scholl. The father, who was born in Germany emigrated with his parents to the new world when a boy, the family settling in Missouri, in which state the mother of our subject was born. In 1852 the father left Missouri and crossed the plains to Oregon, settling near The Dalles. He was a civil engineer and drew the plans for the old fort at The Dalles, near which he made his home for many years and where his death occurred. The mother crossed the plains with her parents in 1847 and also settled at The Dalles. She is still living and resides at Walla Walla, Washington. In the family were four children: Carl, a resident of Walla Walla, Washington; Louis, Jr.; Bismarck and Mary, who died in infancy.

Louis Scholl, Jr., attended the common schools and later took a course in a business college. He remained at home with his parents until he attained his majority and then engaged in farming and stock-raising for some time. He also followed surveying and for four years held the office of county surveyor of Adams county, Washington. He spent four years in the mines of British Columbia and in 1897, in company with his brothers and father, built a flouring mill at Walla Walla, Washington, with which business he remained connected for six years. In 1904 he came to Echo, where he has since resided, having been for many years justice of the peace and also serving as mayor for three years. He has also held the position of city treasurer and in all his official connections he has distinguished himself by efficient service. He is now successfully engaged in the real-estate business.

In 1909 Mr. Scholl was married to Mrs. M. S. Jones, of Echo. He has two stepdaughters, Eugenia C. and Esther M., both of whom are attending high school. Mr. Scholl was reared a democrat and has always remained loyal to that political faith. He is connected with the Masonic order, belonging to Umatilla Lodge, No. 40, of which he is the treasurer. He and his family have a wide circle of acquaintances in and around Echo, where they own considerable property, and are prominent in business, fraternal and social circles. Mr. Scholl is numbered among the leading citizens of his town and enjoys the confidence and esteem of all with whom he comes in contact.

HERMAN ROEHLK, who is the owner of one section of very valuable land, devoted to wheat growing, near Pendleton, was born in Germany, on the 19th of October, 1865, a son of Joachim and Wiebke Roehlk. The parents came to Oregon soon after their arrival in America and spent the remainder of their lives in Umatilla county. To them three children were born: Mrs. Anna Rosenberg, deceased; Herman, the subject of this sketch; and Mrs. Bertha Lorenzen, of Pendleton.

Herman Roehlk acquired his early education in the schools of his native land but in 1883 left Germany to locate in the United States. He lived for one year in Iowa, where he was engaged in agricultural pursuits before coming to Umatilla county, Oregon, where he rented land after having been employed as a farm hand. About 1899 he began farming independently and homesteaded one quarter of a section of land about five miles from his present place. He began work here with a determination to succeed and with that persistency of purpose and untiring industry which are salient characteristics of his race he soon had one of the most profitable farms in the county. As fast as he was financially able to do so he added to his property and at present he is the owner of one section, all the land being highly improved and being well equipped with a very modern and commodious home and substantial outbuildings. He engages principally in wheat raising and it is in this that he has won his remarkable success. He has never regretted his determination to leave his native land, for in America he has found the opportunity which he sought and has risen from an inferior position to one of prominence and independence.

In 1899 Mr. Roehlk was married to Miss Margaret Rohwer, whose birth occurred in Holstein, Germany, on the 2d of December, 1878, and who came to this country in 1893.

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By their union four children have been born, Alvina, Helen, Edward and Edith.

Mr. Roehlk gives his support to the republican party and in religious faith is a Lutheran, holding membership in the Lutheran church of Pendleton. He has never sought to figure prominently in politics or fraternal circles, preferring to give his undivided attention to his agricultural pursuits, and thus he has become one of the enterprising and substantial farmers of his adopted country.

FRED ARDELL PHELPS. The commercial history of Hermiston would be incomplete without reference being made therein to the mercantile interests of Fred Ardell Phelps, who is one of the active partners in the Umatilla Storage & Commission Company, Inc. He is a native of Tioga county Pennsylvania, where his birth occurred September 19, 1864, his parents being Charles Walter and Catherine (Whitaker) Phelps. The parents were born in Pennsylvania, January 3, 1843, and November 23, 1847, respectively. They resided in their native state until 1875, when they came to Oregon. They made their home in this state for about twenty-five years and subsequently removed to California, where the father's death occurred in 1900. Throughout the greater part of his life before coming west Charles Walter Phelps engaged in the lumber business near Mansfield, Tioga county, Pennsylvania. At the outbreak of the Civil war he enlisted for service from Tioga county. He fought in the battle of Gettysburg, this being the most important engagement in which he participated. After the war he brought his family west and as members of the Pacific colony they located at Hood River, where only seven families resided at the time of their arrival. He there took up a homestead and developed it until he became a railroad contractor. He also conducted a boarding car for over three years during the construction of the Oregon Railroad & Navigation Company's line. Later he engaged in the agricultural implement business at The Dalles. His industry, perseverance and integrity always gained him the regard and respect of those with whom he came in contact and he firmly established himself in the industrial circles of this section. In politics he was always republican. To Mr. and Mrs. Charles W. Phelps seven children were born: Melvin, who resides in Baker county, Oregon; Fred A., the subject of this sketch; Lida the wife of S. H. Frasier, of Glen Ellen, California; Gilbert W., a well known jurist; Thomas H., of Grant county; Kate May, who became the wife of Irwin Rule, of Berkeley, California; and Grace Myrtle, who is married to Frank Hudson, of Shasta county.

Fred A. Phelps grew up under the parental roof, attending the district schools during the usual term and assisting his father when not busy with his text-books. Later he became a student in the academy at The Dalles. He remained at home until he attained his majority, when he entered upon independent industrial pursuits. He first engaged in the stock-raising business and later conducted a large fruit farm in Wasco county. He was also for a time a general merchant at Granite and Sumpter in the mining district. He has been identified with mining interests for the past twelve years. He and his brother G. W. in partnership with E. W. McComas and W. J. Clark organized and incorporated the Umatilla Storage & Commission Company in 1909. Since its inception Mr. Phelps has been its general manager. He devotes that part of his time which this interest does not demand, to his fruit ranch, which he is operating according to modern and scientific methods.

On the 8th of November, 1890, Fred Ardell Phelps was married to Miss Leila Miller, whose birth occurred at Eagle Mountain, Idaho, October 10, 1874, and who is a daughter of Charles S. and Mary Elizabeth Miller. To Mr. and Mrs. Phelps two children have been born, Merle and Maude. In politics Mr. Phelps is a republican and in religious faith he is a Congregationalist. Fraternally he holds membership in the Knights of Pythias lodge. His manly qualities, earnest purpose and honorable conduct have given him an enviable place in public regard, and his enterprise in business is winning him substantial advancement in commercial circles.

RALPH WARREN HOYT. There is no greater stimulus to individual activity and enterprise than that which is found in the life history of such men as Ralph Warren Hoyt, who has worked his way upward from a humble position in the business world. Having a newspaper route in his boyhood days and thus supplementing the little salary which he received in minor positions, he gradually won promotion by his worth and ability until he was made cashier of the Merchants National Bank, from which position he resigned January 7, 1910, thus completing twenty-seven years with this bank. Born in Portland, July 9, 1864, he is a son of Henry Lafayette Hoyt, who went to California in 1849 and came to Portland in 1852. The Hoyts came of Puritan ancestry and settled in Massachusetts and Connecticut, being descended from Lieutenant Stephen Hoyt, who fought at the battle of Bunker Hill and also at Saratoga at the time Burgoyne surrendered his troops. To the same family belonged Richard Hoyt, who served in the Fortieth Infantry in the War of 1812 and died in Portland, Oregon, July 1, 1866. Hoyt street of this city was named in his honor. Coming to Portland in pioneer times, the Hoyts were closely identified with the river interests. All of them, with the exception of George W. Hoyt, who was clerk for the Oregon Steamship & Navigation Company for many years, were steamboat captains. Captain Henry Lafayette Hoyt, father of Ralph Warren Hoyt, formerly owned the steamer Multnomah, one of the first boats on the Willamette river. He was also United States shipping commissioner for many years and likewise filled the office of deputy collector of customs. He wedded Miss Mary

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Louise Abbott Millard, a daughter of Dr. Justin Millard, one of the early settlers of Oregon, who with his family crossed the plains in 1852.

In the public schools of Portland Ralph Warren Hoyt pursued his education until graduated from the high school with the class of 1882. In the morning and evening hours during a part of his school days he was employed by C. C. Morse, who was engaged in the picture and music business. Following his graduation he entered the employ of H. S. Rowe, agent for the Oregon River & Navigation Company at the Ainsworth dock and at the same time distributed the Morning Oregonian. On the 7th of January, 1883, he accepted the position of janitor and messenger in the Willamette Savings Bank, which in 1886 was converted into the Merchants National Bank. He still continued to carry papers until about 1890 and in the meantime was making steady progress in the bank, working his way upward through different positions to that of cashier and investing from time to time in bank stock until he is now largely interested. His fidelity to the interests of the bank, his capability in the discharge of specific duties and his enterprising spirit contributed in large measure to its success. Moreover, his record is a notable example of the fact that merit and ability will come to the front anywhere, for the newsboy with his paper route of a few years ago became an active factor in the conduct of the business and in the active management of one of Portland's strong moneyed institutions. As the years have passed he has become an investor in other corporations, in a number of which he also has voice in the management.

On the 21st of January, 1893, in this city, Mr. Hoyt was married to Miss Edith M. Neilson, the youngest daughter of Captain W. W. Neilson, who came across the plains in 1852. He was a steamboat man, owning several boats and barges on the Willamette river, and was a splendid representative of that class of worthy pioneers who became the builders and promoters of the great northwest, utilizing its natural resources in the development of trade and commerce. Unto Mr. and Mrs. Hoyt have been born two daughters, Kathryn and Louise, who are still living, while one child died in infancy.

Aside from his connection with banking Mr. Hoyt has taken active part in public affairs which have left and are leaving their impress upon the development of city and state. He served for six years as a member of the Oregon National Guard and for four years filled the office of county treasurer, to which position he was elected on the republican ticket. He is doing splendid work as president of the Portland Rose Festival. His humanitarian spirit is manifest in his cooperation with the Portland Newsboys Association, of which he is treasurer. He was also treasurer for several years of the Oregon Society of the Sons of the American Revolution. Fraternally he is connected with Willamette Lodge, No. 2, F. & A. M., and has attained the thirty-second degree in the Scottish Rite while in Al Kader Temple he has crossed the sands of the desert with the Nobles of the Mystic Shrine. He is also a member of the Court of Honor and holds membership in Portland Lodge, No. 142, B. P. O. E.; Chinook Tribe of the Improved Order of Red Men; and Portland Camp of the Woodmen of the World. He also belongs to the Commercial Club, the Arlington Club and the Apollo Club, which is a male chorus. His principal diversion has been music. He organized an amateur band of which he was leader for many years and has been organist in city churches for about twenty-five years. Music has always been a source of recreation to him and he has utilized his native talents in this direction to stimulate and promote musical interest in the city. The various practical elements of public progress receive his indorsement and he has labored earnestly and effectively toward the upbuilding of a greater and more beautiful city, cooperating in plans and projects for the commercial growth and for its achievement along aesthetic lines.

DANIEL JACKSON BOLLENBAUGH. The principal industries of southern Oregon are mining and farming. The mines of the section are rich in gold and other valuable minerals. The farms are fertile, well cultivated and afford prosperity, and the men who are operating and controlling the well cultivated fields and the rich ore deposits, are active factors in the development and progress of what is destined to be one of the greatest states in the Union. Daniel Jackson Bollenbaugh is prominent in both these lines of occupation. He was born in Ohio, April 9, 1831, the son of Moses and Sarah (Miller) Bollenbaugh, the former a native of Ohio and the latter of Pennsylvania. After their marriage they moved to Iowa and in that state passed the remainder of their lives.

Daniel Jackson Bollenbaugh was educated in the common schools of Iowa, and remained at home until he was twenty-one years old. In 1852 he crossed the plains with ox teams, spending six months on the journey, and located first in Salem, Oregon, where he stayed for one year. At the expiration of this period he came to Douglas county and has been active in the affairs of this district ever since. In June, 1854, he took up a donation claim near Canyonville, located upon his holdings, improved and cultivated the soil and also erected many new buildings and added to his equipment at different times during his career and bought adjoining fields until he now has under his control nine hundred acres of land. At the time Mr. Bollenbaugh secured possession of his holdings they were in an entirely unimproved and undeveloped condition and consisted mostly of timber lands. These he cleared and cultivated, made many changes along scientific lines until he is now the owner of one of the largest and most modernly equipped farms in Douglas county. He makes a specialty of stock-raising and keeps on hand a fine herd of graded cattle, to the care of which he gives his personal supervision. He also has

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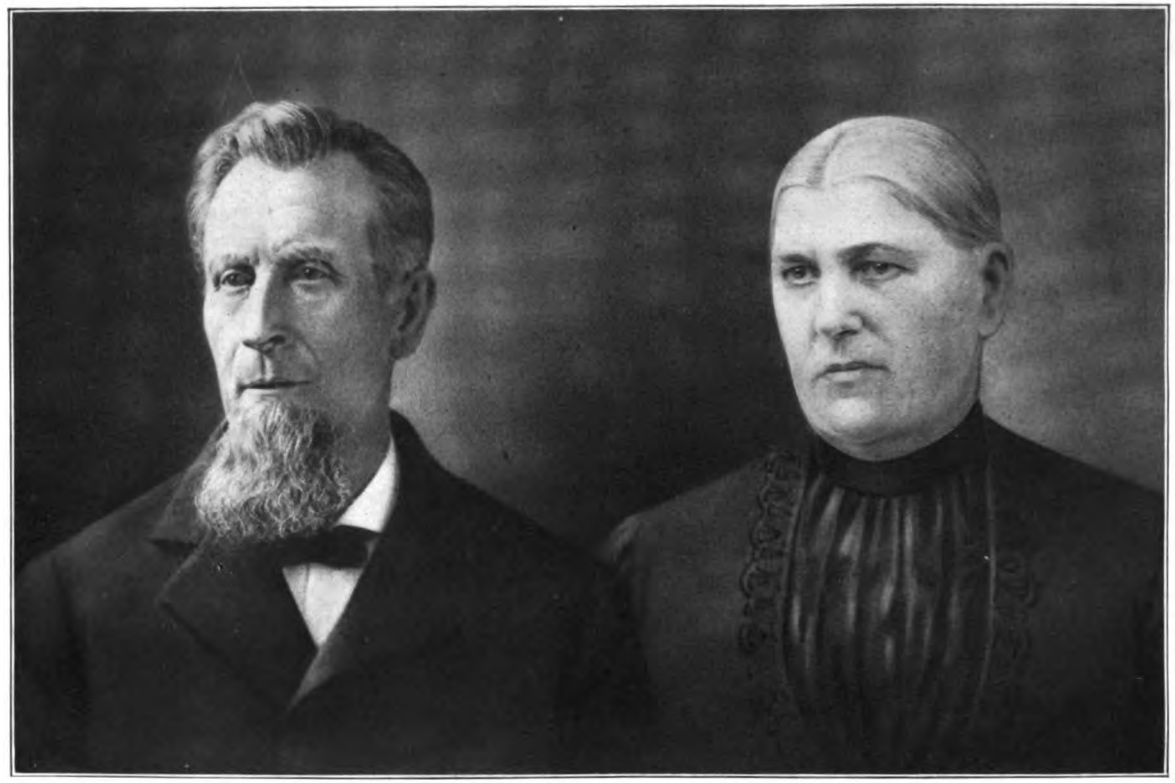

MR. AND MRS. D. J. BOLLENBAUGH

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important interests in the mines of Douglas county and is actively operating a placer gold mine upon one section of his farm.

In 1853 Mr. Bollenbaugh was united in marriage to Miss Kathryn Jane Swarts, a native of New York state, and a daughter of Simon Swarts, and they are the parents of nine children: Simon; George; Mary, the wife of Hymilas Wright; Albert; Sarah, the wife of Thomas Low; Hattie, who married John Catching; Henry; Lorenzo, who died at the age of nineteen years; and Printha, the wife of R. L. Blackburn. The mother of these children died November 16, 1897. She was an active member of the Methodist Episcopal church and to this faith her husband still adheres. Politically Mr. Bollenbaugh gives his allegiance to the republican party, and takes an intelligent interest in the affairs of his community. He has never sought public office, but is keenly interested in the cause of education and has served on the local school board for a number of years. Mr. Bollenbaugh worked in the commissary department during the Indian war in 1855 and 1856, but on account of his family could not enlist to go out with a regular military company. He is one of those active, prosperous and scientific farmers who are doing so much to make the harvests of this country better in quality and more abundant.

ALBERT C. HUNTINGTON, who since 1863 has resided in La Grande, was formerly closely identified with commercial interests here but is now living retired save for the supervision which he gives to his investments. His rest is well earned and is the fitting crown of a life of usefulness that has brought him to his eighty-first year. He was born near the Kennebec river, in Kennebec county, Maine, September 21, 1831, his parents being William and Mary (Cunningham) Huntington. He comes of a family whose lineage has been traced back through seven generations to Simon Huntington, who was born in Norwich, England, and was married there to Miss Margaret Baret. They sailed for America in 1633, but he died while on the voyage, leaving five children, William, Thomas, Christopher, Simon and Ann. The widow with her family settled at Roxbury, Massachusetts, where she was again married, her second union being with Thomas Stoughton. Later she removed to Windsor, Connecticut. Her son, William Huntington, married Joanna Bagley and in 1658 he received a grant of five hundred acres of land from the crown. He died in 1689. His three children were John, James and Mary. Of these John Huntington was born in Amesbury, Massachusetts, in August, 1643, was married in 1665 to Elizabeth Hunt and died in 1727. In his family were nine children, Hannah, Mary, Elizabeth, Hannah, Sarah, Susanna, William, Samuel and Deborah. William Huntington, the son of John and Elizabeth (Hunt) Huntington, was twice married, his first union being with Mary Goodwin, whom he wedded in 1708, and after her death he was married in 1725 to Mary Colby. Their children were John, Lydia, Mary, Sarah, Deborah, William, Timothy and Judith. Timothy Huntington was born August 3, 1721, and after the death of his first wife, Mrs. Sarah Huntington, he wedded Betsy Jewell. He died in 1811. His children were William, Timothy, Thomas, Mary, Benjamin and John. Benjamin Huntington, born in 1766, died in 1845, at the age of seventy-nine years. He had for many years been a resident of Kennebec, Maine. His family numbered the following named: Sarah, Timothy, Joseph, William, Ann, Elizabeth, Benjamin, Daniel and Judith.

William Huntington, the father of Albert C. Huntington, was born in Litchfield, Maine, August 23, 1792. He followed the occupation of farming and also engaged in milling. He wedded Mary Cunningham, who died April 13, 1870, while he passed away October 11, 1854. Their children were: William; Samuel; Ann; Josiah; Judith; Benjamin; Emma; Daniel, who died at the age of one year; Elizabeth; Albert C., of this review; Ellen; and Delia.

Reared in Maine, Albert C. Huntington acquired his education in the public schools of that state and remained at home until January 20, 1854, when, at the age of twenty-two years, he started for California. Leaving New York on board ship, he went by way of the Isthmus of Panama and thence to San Francisco. For seven years he engaged in prospecting and mining in the Golden state and in 1861 came to Oregon, settling in Portland. Soon afterward he went to Walla Walla, Washington, and thence to the mines of Idaho. In 1862 he returned to Oregon but again went to Walla Walla and later to Boise. In the fall of 1863 he came to the Grande Ronde valley, settling in La Grande, where he engaged in the furniture business until 1880, meeting with good success in that line. He then traveled over the country with teams, selling pianos and organs, and was thus connected with the music trade until 1894. As he has prospered in his undertakings he has invested in real estate and in 1886 he erected the Huntington block. He is the owner of several other buildings and valuable property in La Grande, where he still makes his home, having lived retired here since 1894.

In 1863 Mr. Huntington was united in marriage to Miss Elizabeth Helen Baker, a daughter of James and Elizabeth (Rowland) Baker and a sister of Macaga Baker. Mrs. Huntington died in 1905. By her marriage she became the mother of four children. Edith, the eldest, is the wife of George H. Currey, of La Grande, where he is engaged in the real-estate business but was formerly a well known newspaper man. Mr. and Mrs. Currey have three children: George Huntington, born 1892; Helen Clare, born 1894; and Albert R., born 1899. Walter, the second of Mr. Huntington's children, died at the age of eight years. Mary and Dora both died in infancy. Mrs. Huntington was a leader in church and social circles in La Grande and took an active and helpful interest in all that pertained to betterment along social and moral lines. She was a very talented woman and her influence was ever a potent

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element for good. She held membership in the Methodist church and cooperated heartily in various branches of the church work. Mr. Huntington also belongs to that church and he holds membership in La Grande Lodge, No. 16, I. O. O. F., in which he has passed all the chairs. He has ever manifested a citizen's interest in politics, keeping well informed on the questions and issues of the day since casting his first presidential vote for Abraham Lincoln. For many years he was a member of the city council of La Grande and exercised his official prerogatives in support of various works of public improvement. In all business, political and social relations he has been true to high and honorable principles and has never faltered in choosing between right and wrong, ever endeavoring to follow a course that his judgment and conscience have sanctioned.

CALVIN U. GANTENBEIN. Presiding as circuit court judge from the fourth judicial district and recognized as one of the eminent representatives of the legal profession in Portland, Calvin U. Gantenbein was born in Philadelphia, Pennsylvania, on the 22d of March, 1865, a son of John Gantenbein, D. D., M. D., and Mary Jane (Schwable) Gantenbein. He was a lad of nine years when in 1874 he accompanied his parents on their long journey to the northwest by way of the Panama route, becoming a resident of Oregon. He attended the public schools of Philadelphia and of Portland between the years 1871 and 1875, and then became a student in Bishop Scott Academy, which he attended until 1878. In the latter year he matriculated in the Royal Charles Gymnasium at Stuttgart, Germany, and was graduated therefrom in April, 1885, on the completion of a seven years' course. He afterward spent several months of the same year in the College de France, at Paris, and was graduated from the law department of the University of Oregon in June, 1891, at the head of his class after two years devoted to study in that institution. Immediately following his graduation, he was admitted to the bar at Salem, and in the practice of law has made continuous progress, his ability gaining him recognition as one of the foremost lawyers at the Portland bar. Preparing his cases with great precision and care, he has presented his cause in a cogent and logical manner that has held the attention of the courts and jurors and has won for his clients many favorable verdicts.

In the year of his admission to the bar, Judge Gantenbein enlisted as a private in Company G, First Regiment of the Oregon National Guard, thus serving from the 8th of July, 1891, to the 19th of May, 1892. He was then elected to the captaincy of Company H of the same regiment and so continued until August, 1894. On that date he was promoted to the rank of major and served until September 22, 1897, when he became lieutenant-colonel, holding that rank until honorably discharged on the 25th of May, 1898. He was appointed major of the second regiment of the Oregon United States Volunteer Infantry on the 7th of May of that year and so continued until the 7th of August, 1899, thus responding to the call for troops for the Spanish-American war. He was also made a member of the board of claims against the United States government. Resuming active connection with the National Guard, he was adjutant general for the state of Oregon from the 1st of November, 1899, to the 31st of August, 1903. On the 25th of July of the same year he was elected colonel of the Third Infantry of the Oregon National Guard and so continued until November 14, 1906. He served as vice president of the Interstate National Guard Association in 1902; was certified as eligible for colonelcy in the United States Volunteers under the "Dick Act," July 19, 1905, certificate valid until March 22, 1920. In 1899 he was tendered an appointment as justice of the supreme court of the Philippine Islands but declined. On the 2d of July, 1906, he became judge of the circuit court of the state of Oregon for the fourth judicial district and has since sat upon the bench, his decisions being characterized by a masterful grasp of every problem presented for solution.

That Judge Gantenbein is honored by the profession is indicated in the fact that he was chosen vice president of the Oregon State Bar Association. In his law practice he was associated with James N. Davis and Arthur L. Veazie from 1892 until 1901 and was afterward a partner of the latter until elected to the circuit bench. He has been dean of the law department of the University of Oregon since 1903 and is a capable instructor, having won a creditable reputation in educational lines in early manhood when he served as professor of Latin, Greek, German and French in the West Chester State Normal School of Pennsylvania from 1885 until 1888. In the latter year he became instructor in German and Latin in the Portland high school and so continued until 1892, when he entered upon the active practice of the law in this city.

Judge Gantenbein was married on the 18th of October, 1899, to Miss Winifred Watson, a daughter of Judge James Finley Watson. They are the parents of four children: James Watson, Mary Ellen, Calvin Edward and John Flint.

The judge is a member of several of the prominent social and club organizations of the city, including the Commercial Club and the Multnomah Amateur Athletic Club, of which he is a life member. He has attained to the thirty-second degree of the Scottish Rite in Masonry and is in hearty sympathy with the beneficent spirit of the craft. He renders assistance in benevolent movements through his membership in the German Aid Society and the Swiss Aid Society. His political allegiance is given to the republican party and in connection with the interesting military chapter in his life history it is worthy of note that he was presented a medal, authorized by act of congress and approved June 29, 1906, for military service in the Spanish war and Philippine insurrection. Judge Gantenbein is a man of strong

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individuality, at once forceful and resourceful, his ability calling him to leadership in the various lines into which he has directed his activities. He stands at all times for that which is progressive in community life and helpful to the individual and is accorded the honor to which his upright life and successful achievements justly entitle him.

C. L. NEWCOMB, conducting an up-to-date meat market in Pilot Rock, was born in Iowa on the 10th of October, 1860, his parents being John L. and Mary (Kelley) Newcomb, the former a native of New York state and the latter of Illinois. John L. Newcomb died in Nebraska many years ago but his widow still survives and now makes her residence in Idaho. They were the parents of seven children, all of whom are still living.

C. L. Newcomb was reared at home and received his early education in the public schools. He remained with his parents until twenty-two years of age. After leaving home he worked as a painter for some time. In 1883 he removed to Pendleton, Oregon, where he remained until 1891, during which year he went to Idaho, where he spent two years. At the expiration of that time he returned to Umatilla county and located at Pilot Rock. Here he built his residence and later engaged in the butchering business, to which he has since given his entire attention.

In 1889 Mr. Newcomb was married to Miss Mina Bissitt, a daughter of C. R. Bissitt. To them have been born three children, namely: Delbert L. and Hattie M., both of whom reside with their parents; and Lester, deceased.

In politics Mr. Newcomb is affiliated with the republican party, of which he is a loyal and enthusiastic supporter. Fraternally he is identified with the Improved Order of Red Men. He is one of the live business men of Pilot Rock, ready at all times to lend his influence and material assistance to the advancement of all measures affecting the material and moral welfare of his county and state.

GRANT BUCHANAN is a prosperous agriculturist of Umatilla county, owning a valuable farm of one hundred and sixty acres on Butter creek, sixty acres of which is under high cultivation and well irrigated. He is a native of Albia, Iowa, where his birth occurred on the 18th of July, 1862, his parents being Robert and Sarah (McBride) Buchanan. The father was a native of Lexington, Kentucky, and the mother of North Carolina. They removed to Iowa with their parents in pioneer days and located within a half mile of Albia. Their marriage occurred there before they went to Kansas in 1882. The father's death occurred in Garnett, Kansas, in February, 1885, when he was sixty-three years of age. The mother died while she was residing in Oregon with her daughter in 1889. Throughout his active life the father followed agricultural pursuits.

Grant Buchanan was the youngest in a family of nine children. He resided with his father until the latter removed to Kansas in 1882. His education had been acquired in the district schools and upon his father's farm he had gained his first experience in farming. While improving and cultivating that property he became interested in the occupation and determined to make it his life work. After the death of his father in 1885 he came to Oregon and after being employed for five years in Heppner on W. O. Miner's stock ranch he was married and located on his present farm of one hundred and sixty acres, sixty of which is irrigated. At the time he took up the property it was all sagebrush and wholly unimproved. Neither house nor outbuildings had been erected upon it. By perseverance and industry he improved the condition of the farm so that he now has one of the most valuable properties on Butter creek. He devotes his land to alfalfa growing and fruit raising and also feeds stock during the winter. A commodious residence and ample barns and outbuildings indicate that Mr. Buchanan has up-to-date ideas as to the comforts and conveniences which may be enjoyed by the farmer. To whatever department of agriculture he has given his attention he has shown a judgment and energy that have steadily increased the annual income from the place and added to its value.

On the 11th of October, 1891, Mr. Buchanan was united in marriage to Mrs. Mollie McBee, the widow of Charles McBee and a daughter of Simon Warren. To Mr. and Mrs. Buchanan one son, Fred, has been born. He is at present attending a business college in Pendleton.

Mr. Buchanan cooperates in all movements for the material, intellectual and moral progress of the community and is recognized as one of the foremost business men of the county, his agricultural interests placing him in a prominent position in industrial circles.

THOMAS JAQUES is a merchant of Pilot Rock, specializing in hardware, and is one of the representative and successful men in that line. He was born in Brown county, Illinois, on the 21st of November, 1854, his parents being W. H. and Mary (Chenoworth) Jaques, who were natives of New York and Kentucky respectively. They removed to Illinois at a very early date and in the year 1856 went to Missouri, where they spent their remaining days. Unto them were born twelve children, six of whom are still living.

Thomas Jaques was reared under the parental roof and received his early education in the public schools. After completing his elementary studies he took a collegiate course. At the age of twenty-two he started in life for himself and engaged in farming in the state of Missouri for a period of eleven years. On selling out his interests in Missouri he removed to Nebraska, where he engaged in contracting on the construction of the Burlington & Missouri River and Rock Island Railroads for two years. He then removed to Kansas, in which state he remained for one

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year, at the expiration of which time he went to Nevada, where he also spent one year. Subsequently he came to Oregon, making his first stop at Portland, in which city he lived for one year only. In 1892 he removed to Pendleton, Oregon, where he continued to live for five years, after which he was engaged in farming for six years in Umatilla county. At the end of that time he found himself possessed with sufficient means to make an investment and accordingly purchased a farm near Pilot Rock in Umatilla county. In 1907 he embarked in the hardware business in Pilot Rock, in which he is now engaged, giving to it his entire time and attention. He carries a large and complete stock of well selected hardware. His place of business has an extensive reputation throughout Umatilla county. He also owns three hundred and twenty acres of land within one mile of Pilot Rock.

In 1876, in Missouri, Mr. Jaques was united in marriage to Miss Maria Triplet, a native of that state and a daughter of Andrew J. and Sarah A. Triplet, both of whom are deceased. To Mr. and Mrs. Jaques have been born eight children: Mary I.; Winifred T.; Eva B.; Bessie; Vera; Georgie M.; Edna M., who is deceased; and George D.

Mr. Jaques is a republican in politics, following the party on all its national, state and county issues, and he is at present a member of the educational board of Pilot Rock. Fraternally he is identified with the Independent Order of Odd Fellows, belonging to lodge No. 165 at Pilot Rock, in which he has filled all of the chairs. He attends the Christian church. Mr. Jaques' business career is not only gratifying to himself from the standpoint of success but he is also one of the model and representative business men of the county, and his hearty cooperation is always relied upon and never found to be wanting in the advancement of all public interests looking to the betterment of the educational and moral well-being of his county and city.

MAJOR HUGH F. BARRON. In the varied relations of life Major Hugh F. Barron ever commanded and deserved the good-will of those with whom he came in contact and Jackson county knew him as one of her most valued and honored citizens. He belonged to that class of men who while promoting individual success contribute to public progress. His business interests were of an important character yet he never allowed them to monopolize his time to the exclusion of active participation in matters of progressive citizenship. In fact his life was well spent and the sterling traits of his character gained for him the high regard of those who knew him. Born in Lee county, Virginia, August 28, 1827, he was a son of Nathaniel G. and Anna (Collier) Barron, who spent their entire lives in Virginia and were members of early families of that state. Both the Barrons and Colliers were slave holders and were quite wealthy, but at the outbreak of the Civil war freed all of their slaves. Major Barron spent his youthful days on the old home plantation and the common schools afforded him his educational privileges. He was a young man of twenty-four years when in 1851 he went to California, crossing the plains with ox teams in company with his mother's brother. They remained in California, however, for but a brief period and then proceeded northward to Jackson county, Oregon, where they arrived in the fall of 1851. Here Major Barron, James Russell and James Gibbs took up three claims of one hundred and sixty acres each, cornering on each other, and they built a house where the properties joined. They there conducted a hostelry known as the Mountain House, and they conducted their business affairs, including the development of their land, in partnership for some time. In the fall of 1853, however, Mr. Gibbs was killed by an Indian. Subsequently Major Barron acquired the claims of both of his former associates and made extensive purchase of other lands until he owned four thousand acres, becoming the owner of one of the finest farms in all Jackson county. It is situated in a beautiful little valley at the head of Hill creek, and he also had access to the outside range for his cattle. He was for years extensively engaged in the cattle business but in later years sold his cattle and handled sheep and goats. That undertaking proved very profitable and he so prospered as the years went by that he was able to leave his family in very substantial circumstances. All this did not come, however, without earnest and discriminating effort, and in the early days he was forced to undergo many of the hardships, privations and trials of pioneer life. There was constant danger of Indian attack and he went through two of the Indian wars, that of 1851-53 and that of 1858. He persevered, however, in the face of difficulties that would have utterly discouraged and disheartened many a man of less resolute spirit and he again and again proved his worth in matters of citizenship as well as in business connections.

Major Barron was a stanch republican in politics but was never an aspirant for office. He took a great interest in educational matters and served for several terms as a member of the school board, ever proving a loyal friend to the cause of education. In fact he stood for all that meant progress and improvement in the community and cooperated heartily in every movement for the public good. He recognized, too, what might be accomplished and as the years passed his life constantly broadened in its usefulness and activity.

On the 18th of March, 1856, Major Barron was married to Miss Martha A. Walker, a daughter of Samuel and Elizabeth (Fruit) Walker, who were natives of Kentucky. The father died in Illinois and the mother with her family crossed the plains with ox teams from Lee county, Iowa, to Oregon in 1853. She made her home with her son Minus, until the marriage of her daughter Martha A., to Major Barron, when she took up her home with them and remained with them until the time of her death in 1872. Mrs. Barron still

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resides on the old home place. She is a lady of many excellent traits of character and accomplishments. Unto the Major and Mrs. Barron were born four children, as follows: Alice A., the wife of G. S. Butler, of Ashland, Oregon; and Edgar B., George W. and Homer W. The home farm has been divided between the children and the sons are now cultivating the land. In addition to her own children Mrs. Barron has reared two children of a niece, Genevieve and Edmund Roberts. The former is the wife of a Mr. Goodwin, of Medford, Oregon, and the latter also resides in that place. The death of Major Barron occurred December 4, 1904, resulting from an accident. The front wheel of the wagon in which he was riding came off and he was pitched forward, striking his head on a rock which killed him instantly. He was a man of sterling character, upright and honorable in every relation, and was one of the most influential residents of his part of the state. Jackson county numbered him among her best known citizens. He was seventy-seven years of age at the time of his demise and his death closed a life record that was characterized by many notable qualities. Justice, integrity, helpfulness were among his strong traits. While he prospered in business he was never one to take advantage of the necessities of another in any trade transactions and his persistency of purpose and unfaltering energy were the qualities that brought him success. He held friendship inviolable and was always loyal to those to whom he gave his personal regard.

GEORGE McGAUGHEY is the popular proprietor of an up-to-date livery and feed stable in Pilot Rock, Umatilla county. He was born in Kentucky on the 12th of October, 1850, his parents being William and Elizabeth (Cornwell) McGaughey, also natives of the Blue Grass state. They moved from Kentucky to Illinois in 1861 and spent the remaining years of their lives in the Prairie state. Unto them were born nine children, as follows: John, who is a resident of Illinois; George, of this review; Mattie, the wife of Judge Bean, of Salem, Oregon; and six who have passed away.

George McGaughey was reared at home and received his education in the common schools. He remained with his parents until fourteen years of age and on leaving home moved to Texas and was there employed for a period of five years on a stock ranch. He then removed to St. Louis and accepted the position of locomotive fireman in the employ of the Vandalia Railway Company. At this work he remained until he was promoted to the position of locomotive engineer in 1876. For the following twenty-two years Mr. McGaughey, as an engineer in the employ of this company, kept his hand upon the throttle and his eye upon the rail. In 1897 he retired from the railroad and removed to Umatilla county, Oregon. On making his settlement in Oregon he engaged in the live stock business and continued in this industry until the spring of 1911, at which time he purchased a suitable piece of ground in Pilot Rock on which he constructed a livery and feed barn. His stables have a wide reputation throughout Umatilla county as being in every particular up-to-date. In addition to his livery he is also the owner of eight hundred acres of land in Umatilla county.

In politics Mr. McGaughey is a democrat, proud of his party and loyal to her banner, consistently following the leaders of this political organization in national, state and county campaigns. He is an honorary member of the United Brotherhood of Locomotive Engineers—a membership to which he is entitled by reason of his long years of faithful service as well as his reputation for skill and ability exercised in the discharge of his duties in this responsible position. He is a communicant of the Catholic church of Pilot Rock. Mr. McGaughey is one of the well known citizens of his community and has gained an extensive popularity as a liveryman because of his cheerful and ready compliance to supply the wants of the traveling public.

JOHN FRAWLEY, who is serving as treasurer of Union county, has conscientiously and efficiently performed the duties of this office since 1898. He was born May 29, 1850, at Syracuse, New York, the son of Cornelius and Mary (Hallinan) Frawley. The father was a native of Ireland and on coming to America he located in Onondaga county, New York, where he farmed for some time but later engaged in railroad work. He died in Syracuse, at the age of sixty. The mother was also a native of Ireland and passed away at Syracuse in 1880, at the advanced age of eighty-four years. They were the parents of five children: Mary; Patrick; Susan, deceased; Margaret; and John, of this review.

John Frawley received his education in the district schools and after his school days he engaged in railroad work, first being in the employ of the New York Central, then in the Central Pacific, which is now the Southern Pacific, and later with the Hunt Line, which is now a part of the Northern Pacific. He came with the first train to La Grande, Oregon, in 1884 and also brought in the first passenger train to the same town. In 1889 he retired from railroad work, going into the grocery business in partnership with William Dial, and after one and one-half years he engaged in farming in the Grande Ronde valley, near Summerville, where he remained three years. In 1898 he was elected county treasurer on the republican ticket and has served continuously ever since.

In 1886 Mr. Frawley was united in marriage with Miss Millie Collins, a native of Iowa, and a daughter of Jacob Collins, who came to Union county, Oregon, where he engaged in farming and remained until his death. Mr. and Mrs. Frawley have become the parents of two children: Harry J., who is attending school; and Mary G., who is eight years of age. Fraternally Mr. Frawley is identified with the Knights of Pythias, and he is a man who devotes much time to social and public work. In politics he is a republican and besides his present official

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position, which he is now successfully filling, he has served as a member of the city council. He is a public-spirited man, who justly merits the full confidence of the people, which is awarded him unanimously.

DAVID H. NELSON, engaged in agricultural pursuits on his farm near Pendleton, was born in Finland, December 3, 1872. He is a son of Henry and Eva Nelson, both of whom were natives of Finland and came to America in the early '80s, settling at Duluth, Minnesota, where the father died and the mother yet lives. By their union were born four children, all of whom now survive.

David H. Nelson received a common-school education and remained at home with his parents until fourteen years of age. He then went to Washington and in the spring of 1889 removed to Clatsop county, Oregon, residing there until 1893, when he came to Umatilla county and was here employed as a farm hand for four years. Subsequently he rented a farm until 1901, when he purchased the place where he now resides. In this county he owns in all thirteen hundred and forty-seven acres of highly improved land and he makes a specialty of raising wheat.

In 1897 Mr. Nelson wedded Miss Maria Molstrom, a native of Washington and a daughter of Henry and Margaret Molstrom, both of whom were natives of Sweden and came to America in the early '70s. The father has now passed away but the mother is still residing in Umatilla county. Mr. and Mrs. Nelson have become the parents of five children: Harry, born April 26, 1900; Helen, born November 18, 1901; Carl, born December 15, 1904; Eva, born March 3, 1909; and Marie, born June 30, 1911.

Mr. Nelson is a republican in politics and has rendered efficient service as road superintendent. Fraternally he is a member of Lodge No. 32, I. O. O. F.; Lodge No. 41, W. O. W.; Lodge No. 4, K. P.; and also of the Finnish Brotherhood. Both he and his wife are active workers in the Lutheran church. He is a conscientious and progressive man, has a wide circle of friends and acquaintances in the community, and he has met with excellent success in his farming.

WILLIAM H. MALL is senior partner in one of the leading real-estate firms of Portland, that of Mall & Von Borstel. He was born in Memphis, Tennessee, May 6, 1864, and is a son of William H. and Elizabeth (Kerpen) Mall. His education was acquired in the public schools of Baileysville, Mississippi; of Denver, Colorado, and Santa Clara and San Francisco, California. His own father died when the son was very small and William H. Mall came to the Pacific coast with his mother and her second husband, Mr. Von Borstel. They removed to Portland when he was but fourteen years of age, at which time he started in the business world for himself by selling fruit on the streets of the city. He carefully saved his money and eventually established a fruit stand at the Stark street ferry, which he conducted until 1888. Gradually his trade increased until the volume of his business was most gratifying. With an understanding of conditions in Portland he believed that the real-estate field was a profitable one and began operations along that line in connection with Joseph Buchtel, under the firm style of Buchtel & Mall. That connection continued until 1893, when the widespread financial panic wiped out a comfortable fortune which Mr. Mall had then accumulated. Nothing daunted by his reverses, he summoned his courage and determination to meet existing conditions and has since continued in the same line of business in association with his half brother, operations now being conducted under the firm style of Mall & Von Borstel. Mr. Mall is thoroughly informed concerning realty values here, knows the property that is upon the market and has negotiated many important realty transfers. Success has been attending his efforts in recent years and he has become recognized as one of the leading real-estate men of the city.

In 1908, Mr. Mall was united in marriage to Miss Ada F. Mercer, a daughter of George Mercer, who came to the northwest in 1852. To this union has been born a daughter, whose birth occurred July 4, 1912. Mr. Mall holds membership with the Commercial Club and is in hearty sympathy with its purposes to upbuild and benefit Portland along lines of progress and improvement. He is a life member of the Multnomah Athletic Club, belongs also to the East Side Business Men's Club, to the Real Estate Exchange and to the Realty Board. For a third of a century Mr. Mall has been a resident of Portland and has witnessed its remarkable growth and development during this period. Moreover, he is of that type of enterprising progressive men who recognize the opportunities of the west and in their utilization win success.

JAMES R. PORTER, who resides on his farm near Pendleton, was born in Lee county, Illinois, February 26, 1850. His parents were James and Susan (Story) Porter, both of whom were natives of New York state and removed to Lee county, Illinois, in the early '40s. In 1850 the father, with a team and wagon, crossed the plains to California, where five years later his wife and family joined him. He was engaged in the mercantile and the butchering business in that state until 1857, when he began farming in the Sacramento valley and resided there until his death, in 1904, his wife having preceded him a number of years, dying in 1888. They were the parents of eight children, six of whom are yet living.

James R. Porter received a common-school education and remained at home until he was twenty-eight years of age, or until 1878, when he came to Oregon and settled on a homestead in Umatilla county, where he yet resides. He later added more land to his farm and he now owns in all thirteen hundred acres, which is under an excellent state of cultivation.

In 1883 Mr. Porter wedded Miss Nancy J. Jones, a daughter of James H. and Sarah A. (Sears) Jones. Her father is a native of

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Kentucky and her mother of Tennessee. They crossed the plains with ox teams at an early date and located in western Oregon, where they resided until 1871, when they removed to Umatilla county and are yet living in Pendleton, the father having reached the age of eighty-two and the mother being sixty-six years of age. Mrs. Porter is the eldest of nine children, of whom four are still living. To Mr. and Mrs. Porter have been born five children: Clara E., Frank E. and Ralph E., who are living; and Vida E. and Roy E., both of whom are deceased.

Mr. Porter is an advocate of the principles of the republican party, and fraternally he is a member of Pendleton Lodge, No. 32, I. O. O. F., and has filled all the chairs in the same. He also belongs to the Farmers Union, No. 31, and Mrs. Porter is a member of the Episcopal church. Mr. Porter is widely known as a progressive and enterprising man, and is highly esteemed by his associates. He is very successful in his farming and his business affairs.

ROBERT E. ALLEN, who is well known as the pioneer druggist of Hermiston, was born in Ridgeway, Iowa, September 8, 1871, and is a son of E. T. and Mary E. (Griffith) Allen. The father was born on March 23, 1832, in New York state, and was married in Wisconsin before going to Iowa in 1868. He resided at Ridgeway until his death, which occurred September 18, 1891. He was engaged in the lumber and mercantile business throughout the greater part of the time when he lived in Ridgeway, Iowa. He spent the years from 1857 to 1865 on the Pacific coast and ran a pack outfit in the mountains. Mr. and Mrs. E. T. Allen were the parents of four children: Nellie, who married A. W. Prann, who is interested in the drug business which his brother-in-law conducts; Robert E., the subject of this review; Cora A., who married Henry Butz; and Orville G., a resident of Ridgeway.

Robert E. Allen was educated in the common schools and lived at home until he was twenty years of age. While he was still attending school he also worked in a drug store and in 1887 accepted regular employment in a pharmacy in Ridgeway. He attended the Upper Iowa University at Fayette, Iowa, and later returned to his position in the drug store. Afterward he matriculated in the Northwestern University School of Pharmacy at Chicago, from which institution he was graduated with the class of 1896. He later opened a drug store at Clinton, Iowa, where he was engaged in business with A. W. Prann, and sold out in November, 1906. In the spring of 1907 he started a drug store at Ridgeway, Iowa, and conducted the same for three years. In Hermiston, Oregon, he opened his present drug store and operated it independently until the 1st of August, 1911, when he organized the R. E. Allen Drug Company with A. W. Prann as his partner. His was the first drug store to be opened in Hermiston.

On the 31st of August, 1904, Mr. Allen was married to Miss Mary B. McDonald, whose birth occurred on Prince Edward Island, from which place she came to America in March, 1903. Their marriage occurred in Helena. Mr. Allen is a republican and fraternally is connected with the Knights of Pythias and the Modern Woodmen of America. Any man who engages in a new line of business in a town shows his faith in the development and future growth of that locality. The encouragement which has been given Mr. Allen in his venture is well seen by the liberal patronage which is accorded him.

THADDEUS S. TILLSON, who is conducting a saloon in Umatilla, was born in Decatur county, Indiana, January 30, 1867, a son of William S. and Sarah (Warner) Tillson. The father was born in Ohio, and the mother's birth occurred in Pennsylvania. They were married in Columbus, Indiana, and in 1869 removed to Kansas, where their death occurred in Anderson county. During his active career the father was engaged in agricultural pursuits. Of the children born to their union seven now survive, of whom Thaddeus S. is the second.

Until he was twenty years of age Thaddeus S. Tillson remained under the parental roof attending public school and assisting in the agricultural pursuits in which his father was engaged. When he left home he went to Brookfield, Missouri, and accepted employment with the Chicago, Burlington & Quincy railroad, in whose employ he remained for eight years. He then removed to Uinta county, Wyoming, where he was employed by the Union Pacific railroad for two years. Subsequently he came to Oregon, locating in La Grande, in May, 1900. After being employed by the Oregon-Washington Railroad & Navigation Company for four years he engaged in the saloon business which he has conducted in Umatilla for the last five years. He is a good business man and gives his entire attention to the management of his undertakings. He has been engaged also in the coal business for the last two years and conducts the only ice plant in the city. He owns block 80 in Umatilla.

In 1904 Mr. Tillson was married to Miss Norma Whiteman, whose birth occurred in Kansas but who was reared in La Grande. She is a daughter of J. B. Whiteman. To their union three children were born, Grace C., Clyde W. and Dorothy. He casts his vote with the republican party and has served as deputy sheriff for two years and later was city marshal. He holds membership in the Benevolent Protective Order of Elks of La Grande and in the Foresters of America.

GEORGE H. SIEVERS, who is engaged in agricultural pursuits in Umatilla county, was born near Pendleton, on the farm where he now resides, March 12, 1887. He is a son of Joe and Anna (Lembeke) Sievers, both of whom were natives of Germany and came to America in 1881, locating in Umatilla county, where they took up a homestead. They later added to the property until they now own eleven hundred acres of excellent land, which is under a high state of cultivation. At the

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present time they are residing in California. In their family were two children: George H., of this review; and Anna, who is still at home.

George H. Sievers was reared under the parental roof, received a common-school education and on putting aside his text-books became associated with his father in work on the farm. He now operates the old homestead of eleven hundred acres and engages extensively in general farming.

In July, 1911, Mr. Sievers wedded Miss Grace Owen, a native of Missouri and a daughter of Mr. and Mrs. J. B. Owen, who reside on a farm in Umatilla county. Mr. Sievers exercises his right of franchise in support of the men and measures of the republican party, and socially he is a member of the Order of Eagles. Although still a young man he is well known as a progressive citizen and an enterprising farmer. His acquaintances respect him and his circle of friends in his native county is an extensive one.

N. I. BURNETT, who owns and operates a farm of two hundred and ninety-five acres five miles north of Forest Grove, is also a prominent factor in financial circles of Washington county, acting as president of the Washington County Bank at Banks, Oregon. His birth occurred in Maine on the 20th of December, 1848, his parents being Isaac and Sarah (George) Burnett, who were likewise natives of that state. In 1854 they took up their abode in Jackson county, Iowa, and there continued to reside throughout the remainder of their lives, the father passing away in 1874 and the mother in 1909 when eighty-one years of age. Their children were ten in number, namely: N. I., of this review; Elizabeth, the wife of Stewart Edgar, of Great Falls, Montana; Jane, who is the wife of John Woods and resides in Iowa; Susan, who is deceased; Alson, of Bellevue, Iowa, who resides on the old homestead where all the children were reared; Albert, of Maquoketa, Iowa; Almira, who is the wife of Louis Bolerdick and lives near Sheridan, Montana; Ella, the wife of Frank Schmidt, of Iowa; Isaac, who is a resident of Belle Plaine, Iowa; and Perry, of Savanna, Illinois.

When twenty-one years of age N. I. Burnett began earning his own livelihood, being employed by the month in a wood yard on the Mississippi river for three years. On the expiration of that period he was married and turned his attention to general agricultural pursuits, cultivating rented land in Iowa for five years. At the end of that time he removed to Clay county, Minnesota, and took up a homestead in the Red river valley, there following farming for twenty years and extending the boundaries of his place by an additional purchase of three hundred and twenty acres. In 1900 he sold the property and went to Canada but at the end of four months had become dissatisfied with the country and in October, 1900, transferred his possessions to Forest Grove, Oregon. The following spring he purchased what is known as the John Kirts farm of two hundred and ninety-five acres and has since been busily engaged in its further cultivation and improvement. It is situated five miles north of Forest Grove and in its operation Mr. Burnett has gained a gratifying measure of prosperity. In 1909 he was one of the organizers of the Washington County Bank at Banks, Oregon, and has since served as its president, the other officers being as follows: W. L. Moore, vice president; and W. O. Galaway, cashier. The institution has a capital stock of ten thousand dollars and its continued growth and success is attributable in no small degree to the capable management and sound business judgment of its chief executive officer.

In October, 1873, Mr. Burnett was joined in wedlock to Miss Mary L. Baker, a native of Carroll county, Illinois, and a daughter of Solomon and Margaret (Henry) Baker, who were born, reared and married in Pennsylvania. Some years after their marriage they removed to Chicago, Illinois, where Mr. Baker followed the carpenter's trade. Later going to Iowa, he there purchased a farm and devoted his attention to its operation throughout the remainder of his life. His widow afterward removed to Clay county, Minnesota, where she passed away in 1890, having spent her remaining days in the home of her daughter, Mrs. Burnett. Unto our subject and his wife have been born five children, namely: William L., whose birth occurred in May, 1874, and who is married and resides near Banks, Oregon; Millard, born in 1875, who is at home; Samuel, born in 1876, who is married and resides at Langdon, North Dakota; Sadie M., who is the wife of Nicholas Van Kammen and makes her home at San Mateo, California; and Elsie M., who died at the age of seventeen years. Mrs. Sadie M. Van Kammen is a graduate of the Minnesota normal school and taught school for a number of years prior to her marriage.

Mr. Burnett gives his political allegiance to the men and measures of the democracy but has no desire for the honors and emoluments of office. Fraternally he is identified with the Masons, belonging to Holbrook Lodge, No. 30, of Forest Grove, Oregon. His record is indeed a commendable one. In business his course has been characterized by the strictest fidelity to honorable principles and in social relations he displays an unfailing courtesy and a genial cordiality that have won for him many friends.

JONATHON PRESS HALLEY is a well known dairyman of Baker county who makes his home at Richland, in Eagle valley, where he owns eighty acres of irrigated land partly within the corporation limits of the town. He also has three hundred and twenty acres in Pine valley which is now utilized as a dairy farm. In the management of his business interests he displays keen discernment and unfaltering industry, and his success is attributable entirely to his own labors. He was born in Macon, Missouri, December 18, 1856, and is a son of B. S. and Mary E. (Halley) Halley. His parents, who were own cousins, were natives of Kentucky, but were

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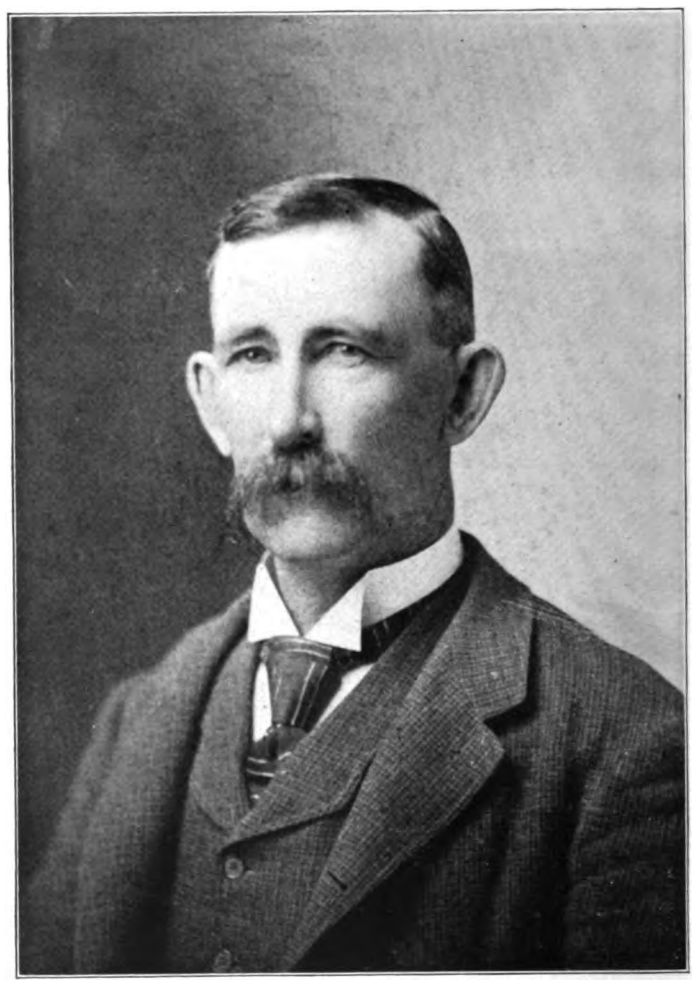

N. I. BURNETT

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MRS. N. I. BURNETT

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married in Missouri, where they resided until 1864 when they crossed the plains to Grande Ronde valley in Union county, Oregon. There the father secured a homestead upon which he and his wife spent their remaining days. In their family were six children: J. P.; Mrs. Belle McCollister of Sherlock, California; Ed, who resides on the old homestead in Grande Ronde valley; Robert, who died at Clinton Falls in 1911, leaving a widow; Nancy, who died at the age of fourteen years; and Page. By the second marriage there was one child, now Mrs. Norah Baker, of Sherlock, California.

J. P. Halley resided at home until he reached the age of twenty-three years, when he married and started out in life on his own account in Wallowa county. He secured a homestead and a preemption claim there and was one of the first settlers in the Middle valley. His life has indeed been an active and useful one. When only thirteen years of age he began running stock for his father and lived upon the ranch, keeping bachelor's hall to the time of his marriage. Since 1890 he has lived in Baker county, making his home now at Richland in Eagle valley, where he has eighty acres of irrigated land lying partially within the corporation limits of the town and all well improved. He also owns three hundred and twenty acres in Pine valley which he purchased three years ago. He continued to raise stock—sheep, horses and cattle—upon the ranch until about three years ago and since that time he has conducted a dairy business, keeping twenty cows and shipping the milk to La Grande. In the year 1885 Mr. Halley made a trip back to Nebraska and drove twenty-seven hundred steers to the northwest. This was not his first experience, however, in driving cattle across country for in 1880 he had made a trip with his father as far as Cheyenne, with fifteen hundred head of steers. All their lives he and his father were connected with the stock industry and became widely known as reliable stockmen of their districts, the father having one thousand acres of land in Grande Ronde valley, on which he ran sheep. J. P. Halley has never engaged in the cultivation of cereals but has always given his attention to stock and has realized a handsome competence from his efforts in this direction.

All the phases and experiences of frontier life are familiar to him. He served under Captain A. C. Smith in the Joseph Indian troubles and was scouting for five days. He almost lost his life at the time of the trouble with the Bannock Indians but was not enlisted for service during that war. He has always been on the frontier and he knew Chief Joseph well. He has slept and eaten with Indians many a time, never having any trouble with them except in days when they were upon the warpath. He believes that the trouble brought on between the white men and Chief Joseph was the fault of the United States government. As the years have passed he has witnessed great changes in this part of the country. No longer is the Indian wigwam a familiar sight, and the hunting grounds of the red men have been converted into fine farms or stock ranches. All the evidences of a modern and progressive civilization have been introduced, and with the work of improvement and upbuilding Mr. Halley has ever kept pace.

In 1881 occurred the marriage of Mr. Halley and Miss Mary E. Bowman, who was born in Missouri and crossed the plains with her parents, Mr. and Mrs. George J. Bowman of Baker. The children of this marriage are Maude, who is a school teacher and lives at home; Eleanor, the wife of Sol Mason, of Pine Valley, by whom she has three children; and Earl, also of Pine Valley, who married Miss Nova Lloyd. The two daughters are graduates of the Baker high school and the son of the State University, in which he completed a course two years ago. Mr. Halley has always been a stanch advocate of the cause of education and has given his support to further public instruction in many ways. Fraternally he is connected with the Knights of Pythias and in that organization has many warm friends. Wherever he is known he is held in high esteem, and his geniality and unfailing cordiality are qualities which have rendered him popular, while his entire business career has gained for him a reputation for enterprise and reliability.

WILLIAM C. WHITE. Spending the latter part of his life in his comfortable home in Hermiston, William C. White is now living in honorable retirement, enjoying in well earned rest the success that came to him as a logical result of well directed effort and earnest endeavor. His birth occurred in Gibson, Tennessee, February 16, 1832, and he is a son of Allen and Nancy (Cribbs) White, both of whom were natives of Tennessee. The father was a son of Montague White, who was born in Virginia, and who was a soldier in the Revolutionary war before removing to Gibson county, Tennessee, where he was one of the pioneer settlers. The maternal grandfather also served in the Revolutionary war. Mr. and Mrs. Allen White spent their entire lives upon a farm in Tennessee, where the father was a circuit rider. To them five children were born. John, the eldest, whose death occurred at Weston, Oregon, came to this state in 1844. He was an agriculturist and stock-raiser and was also prominent in political circles. He served as city treasurer of Portland and was three times a representative of Umatilla county. He was judge of the county and also served in the legislature, having been elected from Portland by the republican party. His death occurred about twenty-five years ago, when he was fifty-five years of age. William C., the second in order of birth, is the subject of this review. Mrs. Lucy Moore died in Tennessee. Mrs. Mary Cunningham and Nancy reside in Tennessee.

William C. White is indebted to the common schools of his native state for the educational advantages enjoyed by him and on the Tennessee homestead he spent the period of his boyhood and youth, assisting his father in the work of the farm when not busy with his text-books. At an early age he became

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familiar with the tasks that fall to the lot of the country lad and with the passing of years, as he increased in strength and experience, his duties became more and more important and his training in agricultural lines thorough and comprehensive. His parents died when he was very young, his mother passing away while he was but a child and his father's death occurring when he was twelve years of age. In 1852 he came to Multnomah county and resided with his brother for about two years before removing to Yamhill county, where he purchased a half interest in a herd of cattle of two hundred head. After about three years he purchased his partner's interest in the herd which then comprised about three hundred head and he took it to Umatilla county up the Walla Walla river. In the winter of 1861-2 he had the misfortune of losing all but about eighteen head. The severity of the weather made it impossible for the cattle to find grazing at the proper season of the year. In that year it began snowing on the 22d of December and continued steadily until April. In June there were still many drifts two feet in height throughout the country. After his heavy loss Mr. White went to Florence and worked in the Closser mines, returning in August, 1862, with two hundred and eighty-seven dollars. He then began farming in Umatilla county, six miles southwest of Walla Walla, and continued in that occupation there until about a year ago. He has thus been a resident agriculturist of Umatilla county for fifty years. He owns two hundred and thirty acres on the Umatilla river, one-half mile from Stanfield, all of which land is irrigated. He also owns a half section of wheat land two and one-half miles northeast of Echo and about two acres of land in Hermiston, where he has been residing for the past year. At present his property is all leased. During the years in which he devoted his time and attention to the development and improvement of his property and to general farming and stock-raising he showed that the thorough training which he received in the early days upon his father's and uncle's farms well fitted him for the successful conduct of an enterprise of this character and his keen business sagacity and wise management were resultant factors in the success which attended his efforts. His substantial and gratifying success has made it possible for him to retire from active business life and enjoy in well earned rest the fruits of his former toil. In 1856 he was a witness of some serious Indian troubles. In Yamhill county, the Indians were dying rapidly and, being able to assign no other cause for the deaths of their fellow members than the mistakes which the doctors were making in the treatment of their cases, they tried to kill these physicians. This would have occurred had not Phil Sheridan, who was there at the time, exerted his strength in his attempt to keep the Indians from killing one another. Mr. White was frequently brought into contact with such troubles and many of the trials of the pioneer are among his personal experiences.

In 1856 William C. White was married to Miss Susan Amanda Lenox, whose birth occurred in Missouri, in 1842, and who was brought to Oregon by her parents, David and Louisa Lenox, in 1843. They were residents of Multnomah county, Oregon. To Mr. and Mrs. White eleven children have been born. W. S., who died at the age of fifty-two years, was survived by three children: Elmer, of Spokane; W. H., of Astoria; and Fred, of Pullman. L. O. makes his home with his father. Elizabeth married W. B. Estes, who is engaged in farming, and they became the parents of six children. Thomas Harvey is deceased, and left four children, Grace, Laura, Lelis and Mary. Rosella became the wife of A. A. Hammer, of Spokane, who owns and operates gold and silver mines, and they have four children. Millard F., who is engaged as an architect in Portland, is married and has three children. Harriet Frances, the deceased wife of G. L. Ward, was the mother of two children, Gladys and Eva. Delia May, the deceased wife of Clarence Getchell, left two children, Clarence and Bonnetta, the latter residing with our subject. Nancy Catherine married J. R. Means, a contractor and builder of Hermiston, and is the mother of two children. Jessie, who married Val J. Gonzales, died at Reno, Nevada, in 1911. John Edward, the youngest member of the family, died at the age of nineteen years. The two eldest of the children were born in Yamhill county and the others were born in Umatilla county. Mr. White is now eighty years of age and enjoys the veneration and respect which should ever be accorded one who has traveled thus far on his earthly pilgrimage and whose career has at all times been upright and honorable.

H. C. MEANS, a self-made man who has won success in the various undertakings to which he has directed his energies, is now conducting the Cottage Hotel at Umatilla. He was born in Ray county, Missouri, April 12, 1858, a son of J. R. and Rebecca (Branstetter) Means. The father was a native of Missouri and the mother was born in Tennessee. In 1863 the former came to Oregon with his family, crossing the plains to Nolin, Umatilla county, with ox teams. After arriving here he took up a homestead, which he made his home until 1878. In that year he removed to Pendleton, where he resided for the remainder of his life. His death occurred in 1904, when he was seventy-nine years of age, and his wife passed away in 1900, at the age of seventy-three years. He was an agriculturist throughout his life, which was spent in hard labor such as most of the early settlers of this county were called upon to endure. By a previous marriage he had two children and Mrs. Means by a former marriage had three children. To Mr. and Mrs. J. R. Means seven children were born, of whom H. C. is the eldest.

H. C. Means remained under the parental roof until he was twenty-two years of age. In early life he attended the public schools and acquired such education as they afforded. On October 6, 1880, however, he came to

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Umatilla and took charge of the dray business of John R. Kunze & Company, extensive commisson merchants and freighters before the railroad was built. He was with them for nine years. At the end of that time he started a large store for himself, which he conducted until it was destroyed by fire in 1897. Desiring to give up the mercantile business, he built the Cottage Hotel, which he has since been conducting with the exception of the two years which he spent in a mining camp although his family remained in Pendleton at the Cottage Hotel.

In 1886 Mr. Means was married to Miss Anna Groser, whose birth occurred in Minnesota and who came to Oregon shortly before her marriage. To their union three children have been born: Lester A., who is a hardware clerk in Portland; Arthur G., a railroad cashier; and Hazel, who married Harvey McDill, a ranchman of Alta, Canada. Mr. Means casts his vote with the democracy and has been rather active in politics. He holds membership in the Masonic fraternity. In a review of his life it is seen that persistency of purpose, adaptability and energy have been the strong factors in his success and his cordiality of manner has been an essential element in winning him patronage.

EDWARD QUACKENBUSH. While the attainment of success in legitimate business is commendable, the man who places the correct valuation upon life must realize with Lincoln that "there is something better than making a living;" that to aid one's fellowmen by kindly encouragement and assistance, by the establishment of projects and influences that will work for betterment in his life and thus raise the standard of civilization, is a task infinitely higher and nobler than that which is represented solely by efforts for the attainment of prosperity. Mr. Quackenbush is numbered among those who have done important service in the development of Portland along business lines and still more important work through his advocacy of those purifying and wholesome reforms which are growing up in the social and political life of the community and by his cooperation with those projects which have their basis in the material development of mankind.

A native of New York, he was born in Knoxville, Schoharie county, on the 30th of July, 1839, a son of John I. and Margaret Quackenbush. The father was a merchant and farmer and one of the prominent leaders of the whig party in his community prior to the organization of the republican party when he joined its ranks. He was a stanch advocate of Henry Clay and a warm personal and political friend of William H. Seward, Thurlow Weed, of the Albany Journal, Governor Marcey and other distinguished New York whigs. In the maternal line Edward Quackenbush is of Dutch and German descent and is connected through direct lineage, traceable for two hundred and fifty years, with some old Holland families such as the Webbers, Browers, Bogardus's and Quackenbushes, descendants of whom settled in New York and came to be the legal owners of a large estate which the Holland government also claims and also the legal owners of fifty-seven acres of the celebrated Trinity property on lower Broadway in New York city.

Edward Quackenbush attended the common schools until fifteen years of age, subsequently studying general and political history, composition, philosophy, English grammar and higher mathematics. At sixteen years of age he was a clerk in a village store in West Union, Iowa, cheerfully giving his small earnings to his parents, who had taught him habits of industry, frugality, sobriety and honesty. He entered eagerly into all athletic sports and boyish politics and was an early opponent of slavery. It was his ambition to study law but he was unable to gratify his desire in that direction. Denied the privilege of enlisting in the Union army in 1861 because of ill health he went to California, where he served as cowboy and farm hand for a time. The secession spirit was so rampant that he joined the Summer Guard, a company of the Second Regiment of California Militia, and because of the intense loyalty of the members of the company was often called upon for police duty. He declined all official positions, devoting his spare time to acquiring a thorough knowledge of military tactics as then taught. The company was under secret orders for many months and the regiment assembled at a given signal the day following Lincoln's assassination and quelled the rioters who had already destroyed several newspaper plants, and undoubtedly saved property to the value of several hundred thousand dollars for many dwellings, business houses, saloons and churches had been listed for destruction because the owners were southern sympathizers.

While in California Mr. Quackenbush became porter and later bookkeeper in a wholesale fruit house in San Francisco, and subsequently was bookkeeper with A. Roman & Company, proprietors of a wholesale book store on Montgomery street. Because of a return of pulmonary trouble he went to Arizona in March, 1863, and was there cashier for a wealthy syndicate which was prospecting that country principally for mines. In December of the same year he returned to San Francisco and opened an office as an expert accountant but return of ill health caused him to go to Mexico in March, 1865, as secretary and accountant for the Trinnfo Gold & Silver Mining Company, owning a group of valuable and well developed mines. In December, 1865, Mr. Quackenbush arrived in Portland and became bookkeeper for Knapp, Burrell & Company, an agricultural implement and commission house. But ill health two years later forced his resignation, at which time he turned his attention to the hardwood lumber business, which would permit him to be out of doors. In 1869 he was offered and accepted the position of cashier with the pioneer banking house of Ladd & Tilton, there remaining for twelve and a half years, four years of which

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time he spent as manager. In 1882 he became a member of the firm of Sibson, Church & Company, grain and commission merchants, which for several years did an extensive business in shipping and milling wheat. The firm dissolving in 1887, Mr. Quackenbush turned his attention to the real-estate and investment business, developing and improving Piedmond and other city properties. Since 1885 he has largely engaged in clearing and peopling unimproved farm lands, being an early advocate of small farms and diversified crops. He is now president of the Investment Company, incorporated in 1887, and owns a large amount of city and country property. For several years he was a director of the Oregon Steam Navigation Company, the stock and property of which were purchased by Henry Villard, the business then being recognized under the name of the Oregon Railway & Navigation Company. With others Mr. Quackenbush established the first telephone company of Portland and upon its franchise and property the present Pacific Telephone & Telegraph Company of Portland was founded. Many other enterprises had felt the stimulus of his cooperation and sound judgment until his life history has become an integral chapter in the history of the city, the material upbuilding and development of which has been promoted in extensive measure through the business enterprises which he has instituted and conducted. He was one of the organizers of the Board of Trade, which in the '70s became the present Chamber of Commerce, of which he has been a continuous member.

The majority of mankind would feel that the extent and importance of business interests which have claimed the attention of Mr. Quackenbush would be enough to occupy the time and energies of any individual, and yet he has been a most active and helpful figure along other lines. From boyhood interested in political questions, he was a member of the Lincoln Wide-Awakes and Glee Club in 1860 and participated in the active campaign in northeastern Iowa. Since then he has been a member of various republican clubs and his attitude on vital questions might be expressed in the statement that he is a Lincoln-Roosevelt republican, thoroughly opposed to dishonesty and misrule in political affairs. When personal acquaintance makes it possible, he votes for men and not for machine politics, and at all times heartily favors genuine reform movements. He has never consented to accept political office but has been an official member of many organizations for the uplifting and betterment of mankind. He was one of the promoters of the organization of the present Young Men's Christian Association of Portland in 1868, was president during the first two terms and maintains active membership to this time. He is a charter member and was secretary of the Portland Seaman's Friend Society, organized in 1877, and later was for many years its president. He aided in organizing and became a charter member of the Oregon Anti-Saloon League in October, 1903, and in securing the adoption of the local option law for this state. He is now treasurer and a member of the headquarters committee of that organization. He likewise belongs to various other associations, religious, reform, social and athletic. Since 1867 he has been a member of the First Presbyterian church and an elder therein since 1876. He is sincerely interested in any Christian movement that deepens the conviction of man's need of a Savior and his sense of responsibility to God.

On the 5th of September, 1867, Mr. Quackenbush was married to Miss Anna Clarke Hastie, of English and Scotch ancestry, who came to America in colonial days. She was born near Portland, Maine, and was educated and taught in the public schools of San Francisco, residing there for nine years. She came to Oregon in 1865. From girlhood she has been an active worker in the Presbyterian church and Sunday school, and in various other church organizations and benevolent societies. The two children of the family, Edward H. and Fred, are both at home.

Such is the history of Edward Quackenbush, whose life has been largely one of service for the benefit of his family and the community. While deeply interested in all that pertains to Portland and Oregon, he has in public matters given aid and support especially to those things which have for their object the development of spiritual and moral character of the people, realizing that in any community where those characteristics predominate the safety and integrity of the political and commercial interests are assured.

ALOIS GASSNER, JR., who since June, 1909, has been successfully engaged in business as a merchant of Reedville, now conducts his establishment in partnership with a brother, X. A. Gassner. His birth occurred in Portland, on the 11th of January, 1877, his parents being Alois and Justina (Lampert) Gassner, both of whom are natives of Austria. In 1873 they crossed the Atlantic to the United States, settling in Illinois, where they remained for one year. On the expiration of that period they made their way to Portland, Oregon, there continuing to reside until 1885, which year witnessed their arrival in Washington county. From that time to the present, covering more than a quarter of a century, they have made their home near Beaverton, being numbered among the substantial and esteemed residents of the community. Their children are five in number, namely: X. A., who conducts a general mercantile establishment at Reedville in partnership with his brother Alois; Alois, Jr., of this review; Carolina, the wife of William Taylor, of Washington county, Oregon; Julius, who is still under the parental roof; and Justina, who is the wife of Ernest Livermore, and resides near Beaverton, Oregon.

Alois Gassner, Jr., was a young man of twenty-three years when he established a home of his own and embarked in business as a dairyman of Washington county, conducting an enterprise of that character for five years. At the end of that time he sold out

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ALOIS GASSNER

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and went to Seaside, Oregon, where he made his home for one year. Subsequently he returned to Washington county and in June, 1909, became associated with his brother-in-law in the conduct of a mercantile store at Reedville. Eight months later the latter disposed of his interest to X. A. Gassner, a brother of our subject, who has since remained an active partner in the business. The two brothers have built up an extensive trade, carrying a large and well selected stock of goods at reasonable prices and putting forth earnest effort to please their patrons. Alois Gassner owns an interest in the store property and also has a fine residence in Reedville. His property holdings likewise include a tract comprising three-fourths of an acre on East Fortieth street within the corporation limits of Portland, section 12, on the Clinton Kelly donation land claim. He carries a policy amounting to two thousand dollars in the Kansas City Life Insurance Company.

On the 17th of October, 1900, Mr. Gassner was united in marriage to Miss Dora Miller, who was born in Newton, North Carolina, in September, 1882, her parents being George W. and Alice (Smith) Miller, natives of that state. In 1892 they left North Carolina and came to Oregon, settling at Hillsboro, where they remained until 1898. In that year Mr. Miller purchased a farm on what is known as Cooper Mountain, whereon he has resided to the present time. To him and his wife have been born nine children, as follows: Mrs. Gassner; Mrs. Emma Taylor, of Lents, Oregon; Mrs. Laura Dye, whose husband is a printer of Portland; Mrs. Mary Ulrich, living in Hillsboro, Oregon; George E., who is a resident of Washington county; and Thomas, Edward, Wesley and Alice, all at home. Mr. and Mrs. Gassner have had three children, namely: Hilda M., whose natal day was December 28, 1901; Leola L., who died at the age of two years; and Ethel J., whose birth occurred on the 28th of February, 1907.

In his political views Mr. Gassner is a republican, but not strictly partisan, casting his ballot for the men and measures that he believes will best conserve the general welfare. Fraternally he is identified with the Catholic Order of Foresters and also the Modern Woodmen of America, belonging to Silverleaf Camp, No. 8193, at Reedville. His religious faith is indicated by his membership in the Roman Catholic church, of which his wife is also a communicant. He has always remained within the borders of his native state and in business circles has won a gratifying measure of prosperity.

WILLIAM T. McLEOD, who is engaged in farming near Adams in Umatilla county, was born in Canada, February 13, 1857. He is a son of Roderick and Annabel (McIntyre) McLeod, both of whom were natives of Scotland but removed in the early '30s to Canada, where they died. In their family were eight children, of whom four are yet living.

William T. McLeod received a common-school education and remained at home until sixteen years of age, when he started out in life for himself by working as a day laborer. After reaching his majority he followed farming in Canada for seven years. In 1893 he came to Oregon, locating in Umatilla county, and purchased the farm where he now resides. It consists of three hundred and twenty acres of finely improved land, all under an excellent state of cultivation.

In 1893 Mr. McLeod wedded Miss Mary McFadden, who was born in Canada, a daughter of Duncan and Janet McFadden, both of whom were natives of Scotland and came to America at an early date. Her mother died in April, 1912, at the home of Mr. McLeod, and her father is also deceased. To Mr. and Mrs. McLeod have been born two children, Gladys and Annabel, both at home.

Politically Mr. McLeod casts his vote with the democratic party and is interested in its success and welfare. He gives much attention to the cause of education and is now and has been for the past twelve years clerk of the school board. Fraternally he is identified with the Woodmen of the World, Lodge No. 46, and with the Independent Order of Foresters, Lodge No. 476. Both Mr. and Mrs. McLeod are affiliated with the Presbyterian church and have a wide circle of friends and acquaintances in the community where they now reside.

RICHARD ISAAC YERXA, mayor of Umatilla, was born in New Brunswick, three quarters of a mile from the border between that province and the state of Maine, on the 8th of August, 1850, his parents being Hamilton and Hannah (Green) Yerxa. The mother was born on the boundary line between Maine and New Brunswick, her father's property being located in both countries so that he farmed in Maine and New Brunswick. Mr. and Mrs. Yerxa reared their family in New Brunswick but later removed to Minnesota, where they spent the remainder of their lives. Mr. Yerxa was always engaged in agricultural pursuits and in the lumber business in the east and after taking up his residence in Minneapolis engaged in the wood and coal business for a number of years. Their deaths occurred in Minneapolis. To their union thirteen children were born, of whom Richard Isaac is the ninth in order of birth.

After acquiring his education in the district school and living upon the home farm until he was twenty-six years of age Richard I. Yerxa removed to Washington, locating first at Tacoma, Washington, where he was employed by the Northern Pacific railroad. He also held other positions and during the greater part of his active career filled positions as assistant foreman. In the summer of 1880 he came to Oregon and worked for the Oregon Railroad & Navigation Company at Blalock and for one season was engaged as foreman on rush work. For twenty-five years he was in the employ of the Oregon Railroad & Navigation Company, being engaged in construction work and maintenance of way until 1906, a portion of which time he was at Umatilla, six years at Baker City and seven years at Stanfield

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as track foreman. In 1906 he reentered railroad service in this city and took a position as night agent for fourteen months. Since that time he has worked on his ranch for two years, his property comprising eight acres, all of which is under irrigation. Last year he also engaged in the dray business and he has invested somewhat heavily in real estate in Umatilla. He owns his home and also five city lots.

On the 15th of April, 1891, Mr. Yerxa married Frances Elizabeth Markham, whose birth occurred on the 2d of May, 1864, near Umatilla, and who is a daughter of Samuel and Frances (Bleecher) Markham. Mrs. Markham was a twin, her sister having died in infancy, and Mr. Markham has a twin brother, Daniel. To Mr. and Mrs. Yerxa three children have been born: Frances Zella, the wife of Robert V. Brownell, of Umatilla; Richard Samuel, at home; and Roger Hamilton.

In politics Mr. Yerxa is a democrat and he is now serving for his fourth term as mayor of Umatilla. He has held this office since the incorporation of the city in 1906. He is a member of the Masons and the Red Men. Without any special advantages at the outset of his career he has steadily worked his way upward and has been both the architect and the builder of his own fortunes. He has made good use of his time and opportunities, and justly merits the prosperity which has come to him.

REV. CASIMIR BUTLER, who is a priest of the Franciscan Capuchin Order and who is now engaged in missionary work in Hermiston, Umatilla county, was born in Kilkenny, Ireland, October 12, 1876, a son of Tobias and Catharine (Murphy) Butler. The father's entire life was spent as an agriculturist in his native land and the mother is now residing there. To their union eleven children were born.

Father Butler received his education in the public schools of Ireland and afterward he completed a course at the University of Ireland from which institution he was graduated with the degree of B. A. in 1901. During the five years following he studied in the College of Science at Dublin and there completed the full course as set forth in the curriculum. He thus became qualified for a science teacher under the government. For eight years he was engaged in teaching in the Capuchin College of Ireland. He resigned from this position in 1910. The bishop of Baker City, Oregon, went to Ireland about that time and set forth the needs of the diocese of which he was the head. Father Butler became interested in the matter and came to America with him, arriving in New York on the 6th of October, 1910. He has since been working in connection with establishing missions at Stanfield, Pilot Rock, Echo, Umatilla and Hermiston. He has succeeded in stimulating the work of these parishes and during his charge, because of his unwearied effort and remarkable energy, he has succeeded in establishing congregations which will probably prove permanent. The work has grown so rapidly under his ministry that it has become evident that the means which he exercises for securing his ends are both practical and effective. He has gained the confidence of the local people and in a brief period of time has not only succeeded in organizing parishes but also in acquiring requisite means for building and furnishing churches. Already he has won the love and esteem of the members of his parishes and is also held in high repute throughout the community by Protestants and Catholics alike.

D. A. OSBORN, who is a representative agriculturist of Umatilla county, was born in that county, January 17, 1872, a son of A. R. and Satirah A. (McDowell) Osborn. The mother was born in Ohio but the father was born while his parents were crossing the plains in 1842. They are still living in this state. To them were born ten children, seven of whom yet survive.

D. A. Osborn received a common-school education and remained at home until he was twenty-seven years of age, when he began farming for himself, and has since continued in that occupation. He now operates a tract of eight hundred acres of land and is engaged in general farming.

In 1898 Mr. Osborn married Miss Bertha Garn, who was born in Union county and is a daughter of E. D. and M. M. (Eldredge) Garn. Her father is a native of Ohio and her mother of Wyoming. The parents came to Oregon in 1879 and located in Union county, where they are still residing. In their family were five children, four of whom are yet living. Mr. and Mrs. Osborn are the parents of three children: Irene L., born January 10, 1900; David C., born January 19, 1906; and Bonnie B., born September 29, 1910.

In politics Mr. Osborn is a republican and gives much attention to the interests of education, having served as a member of the school board. Mrs. Osborn was reared in the faith of the Methodist Episcopal church. Mr. Osborn is one of the representative citizens of his county, and all with whom he comes in contact accord him the highest respect and esteem.

HON. FRED W. MULKEY. The name of Mulkey has long figured prominently and honorably in connection with the legal profession in Portland and the political history of Oregon, and while the prosperity of the father has relieved the son of close application to business affairs, he is yet in the management of invested interests and his activity in political lines displaying ability and a spirit of enterprise that ranks him among Portland's forceful and prominent citizens.

The father, Marion Francis Mulkey, was a native of Johnson county, Missouri, born on the 14th of November, 1836, and was a son of Johnson Mulkey, who in 1846, accompanied by his family, started upon the long journey across the plains to the northwest. They proceeded by slow stages, their

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wagon being drawn by oxen, and when they had left the furthermost western settlements they had to depend upon the supplies which they carried with them. Thus day after day they continued on their way until they reached Benton county, Oregon, where Johnson Mulkey secured a donation claim. Marion Francis Mulkey was at that time a lad of ten years. Upon the home farm he spent his youth, sharing with the family in the hardships and experiences of pioneer life. His educational advantages were those which could be obtained in the little log schoolhouse in his home neighborhood until he had the opportunity to become a pupil in the college at Forest Grove, of which Dr. S. H. Marsh, one of the noted educators of the day was then principal. He was pursuing his studies there when the Indians went upon the war path in 1836. Realizing the necessity of at once organizing for the protection of the settlers, he joined the army and aided in subduing the wily foe. After the restoration of peace he resumed his studies and in 1858 entered Yale. Four years were devoted to the mastery of his university course and following his graduation in 1862 he returned to Portland, where he entered upon the study of law under the direction of Judge E. D. Shattuck. While thus engaged in preparation for the bar he filled the office of provost marshal in 1863, aiding in the enrollment of that year.

In 1864, Marion Francis Mulkey was admitted to practice in the Oregon courts and soon afterward became junior partner of the law firm of Hill & Mulkey, his associate being W. Lair Hill. His preparation for the bar had been very thorough and he seemed to possess a natural discrimination as to legal principles and ethics. A public recognition of his ability came to him in 1866 in his election as prosecuting attorney for the fourth judicial district. From that time forward he continued more or less prominently in public life aside from his profession. In 1867 he was chosen to represent the third ward in the city council and in 1872 was elected city attorney and reelected in 1873. On his retirement from office he became a partner of Hon. J. F. Caples, and during his partner's three successive terms of service as district attorney, Mr. Mulkey filled the position of deputy. In the practice of law his clientage constantly increased and his law business became of a most important character. He displayed keen discrimination in the solution of intricate problems of law and was seldom, if ever, in fault in the application of a legal principle. He prepared his cases with great thoroughness and his arguments were forceful and convincing, while his deductions were at all times logical.

In the meantime, as opportunity offered and his financial resources increased, M. F. Mulkey made investment in real estate and the growing value of his property came in time to win him rank with the most prosperous of Portland's citizens. He purchased vacant property from time to time and, improving it by the erection of substantial buildings, not only enhanced the value of his own realty but also contributed to the upbuilding of the city. There stands as a monument to his enterprising spirit and his faith in Portland the Mulkey block at the corner of Second and Morrison streets, which when erected was one of the leading architectural structures of Portland. The republican party found in him a stalwart supporter and he was an equally exemplary representative of the Masonic fraternity.

In 1862 occurred the marriage of M. F. Mulkey and Miss Mary E. Porter, of New Haven, Connecticut, a representative of one of the leading families there. The children of this marriage are Frank M. and Fred W. The death of Mr. Mulkey occurred February 25, 1889, thus removing one of Portland's most honored and useful citizens. His life was one of unswerving integrity and exalted honor, and the public press bide with the bar in expressing in feeling terms the deep sense of irretrievable loss suffered by the community in the passing of this high-minded and highly respected citizen.

Fred W. Mulkey was born in Portland, January 6, 1874. He was graduated from the University of Oregon in 1896 and also from the New York Law School, New York city, with the degree LL. B., in 1899. He is conceded to be one of the most talented and also one of the most highly esteemed members of the Portland bar and is widely and favorably known throughout the entire state of Oregon.

Senator Mulkey was a member of the Portland city council from 1900 to 1902, and was honored with the presidency of the board the last year of his term. The question of taxation is a subject of which he has made a specialty, and his faith in the cause he champions has always been as strong as his persistency. He was chairman of the Oregon tax commission, whose report received favorable comment from the best tax experts in the United States. He is also a member of the commission on public docks of the city of Portland and serves in the distinguished capacity of chairman of this commission, which has under its supervision one of the most important public projects ever undertaken by the city.

The senator was selected by the people of Oregon for the United States senate to fill the unexpired term of the late J. H. Mitchell in June, 1906, by a plurality of fifty thousand, and was the unanimous choice of the state legislature for the same position. His capacity for work, his forceful and excellent judgment secured special attention in the senate chamber, and his future is full of promise of a brilliant career in which he is yet to figure. Following in the footsteps of his distinguished father, Senator Mulkey's ability bids fair to gain for him large political prominence and much of future usefulness in national affairs

HERMANN SUHL is numbered among the successful agriculturists of Umatilla county, where he resides on his farm near Pendleton. He was born in Germany, October 29, 1871, a son of Paul and Mary Suhl, who were

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also natives of that country and came in 1890 to America, settling near Walnut, Iowa, where they both died. They were the parents of seven children, all of whom yet survive.

Hermann Suhl received a common-school education in Germany and remained at home until fifteen years of age, when he came to America, locating in Iowa, where for ten years he was employed as a farm hand. In 1897 he went to Colorado but after a short time went on to California and in 1898 he came to Pendleton, Oregon, where he purchased a farm of four hundred and eighty acres, on which he now resides. His land is well improved and is under a high state of cultivation. He also owns four hundred and eighty acres in Washington, which is also under cultivation.

In 1901 Mr. Suhl married Miss Anna Pahl, who was a native of Germany and died at their home near Pendleton, February 21, 1910, leaving three children, Alvina M., Alma A. and Walter H. Mrs. Suhl was a zealous believer in the faith of the Lutheran church and Mr. Suhl is also a member of that denomination. In politics he gives his support to the republican party. He takes a great interest in the cause of education and is now serving as school clerk. He is thrifty and enterprising and through his earnest and persistent labor he has come into possession of valuable property, which annually yields him a good income. Fraternally he is identified with Eureka Lodge, No. 32, I. O. O. F.; and also belongs to Lodge No. 52, A. F. & A. M.; and to the chapter.

GEORGE J. WILCOX may be regarded as one of the successful citizens of Washington county. He is the owner of a valuable farm three miles north of Banks, which he redeemed from the wilderness. This farm he has developed into one of the most productive properties of this section. He owes his success mainly to his own energy and ability, and to the good judgment which is one of his prominent characteristics. He is a native of Galena, Nevada, born August 7, 1863, a son of John W. and Susan (Gill) Wilcox, record of whom appears elsewhere in this work.

At the age of seventeen, George J. Wilcox came with his parents from Nevada to Washington county, Oregon. He possessed the advantages of education provided by the common schools of Nevada, and after arriving in this state, assisted his father for several years upon the home place. He took up a homestead after arriving at maturity. This tract he has developed from raw land into one of the attractive farms of the county. The tract was originally covered with timber and underbrush, and it required years of systematic labor to produce the results which are to be seen today. He has erected all of the buildings and fences, and has forty acres in an excellent state of cultivation. There are sixty acres in pasture land and sixty acres in commercial timber, which is each year increasing in value. Fifteen acres of the farm is under irrigation. Mr. Wilcox gives his attention especially to dairying and fruit-raising, and as he has a large orchard the returns are highly satisfactory.

On October 9, 1889, Mr. Wilcox was married to Miss Emma Rufli, a native of Illinois, and a daughter of Fred and Charlotte (Stecard) Rufli. The father was born in Switzerland and the mother in Missouri. They were married in Illinois; subsequently, they moved to Kansas where they lived for seven years. They came to Oregon in 1875, and settled in Washington county. The homestead comprises one hundred acres of well improved land, twenty acres of which is under a good state of cultivation. In the family of Mr. and Mrs. Rufli were six children: Charles, who resides on a part of the homestead; Louise, the wife of Albert Mills, of Forest Grove; Emma, now Mrs. George J. Wilcox; Robert, who is living at home; Sophia, who married Loren Creps, of Washington county; and Lottie, who is the wife of Frank Creps, also of this county. Mr. and Mrs. Wilcox are the parents of four children, namely: Cora, born in 1890, who is attending high school and is also studying music; Carl W., born in 1892, and Ralph A., born in 1896, who have received a good common-school education, and Dorothy I., who was born in 1901. These children are all highly promising, and are still living under the parental roof.

Mr. Wilcox is not affiliated with any fraternal organization but has been an adherent of the republican party ever since he arrived at maturity. He is an advocate of progress and is always willing to lend a hand in the promotion of movements seeking to enhance the comfort or happiness of the community. He early learned the great lesson of self-reliance and by depending implicitly upon his own judgment has overcome many difficulties that might have daunted a less resolute man. His opinion is regarded very highly by neighbors and friends as to all matters pertaining to the fruit business. That he has met with deserved success is the unanimous verdict of all who know him.

WILLIAM H. ALBEE, who operates a highly improved farm of eight hundred acres, situated near Helix, was born in Washington county, May 27, 1871. His father, Edwin Albee, is a native of St. Louis, Missouri, and on coming to Oregon located in Washington county, where he and his wife, Margaret Albee, yet reside. The mother was born in Virginia and came to Oregon in 1853. In their family were seven children, six of whom are yet living.

William H. Albee received a common-school education and started out in life for himself at the age of sixteen years, working at day labor until he reached his majority. He then opened a meat market in Helix, which he conducted for several years. Subsequently he took up farming and is now managing eight hundred acres of highly improved land, where he employs the latest methods of tilling the soil. He also owns five acres of excellent property in Helix, a half-interest in one hundred and sixty acres near the town, and ten acres of irrigated land near Prosser.

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GEORGE J. WILCOX AND FAMILY

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On the 22d of February, 1898, Mr. Albee wedded Miss Lydia Montgomery, who was born in Linn county, a daughter of Benjamin and Mary Montgomery, a sketch of whom appears elsewhere in this volume. Mrs. Albee is a well educated lady and engaged in school teaching before her marriage. To Mr. and Mrs. Albee have been born two children, Letha and William H., Jr.

Politically Mr. Albee is a republican and he has served as a member of the town council. He gives much attention to the interests of education and is now a member of and also clerk of the school board. Fraternally he is affiliated with Helix Lodge No. 93, A. F. & A. M., and Helix Lodge, No. 80, I. O. O. F. He also belongs to the Woodmen of the World and to Helix Lodge, No. 74, K. P. Mrs. Albee is identified with the Order of the Eastern Star and the Daughters of Rebekah. Both are faithful workers in the Baptist church and have many friends in the community. Mr. Albee is very successful in his farming and is gaining that prosperity which results from earnest and well directed effort.

JOHN MARION LEWIS for more than twenty-two years has been in the public service, receiving increasing majorities at the successive elections which have continued him in his present position for four consecutive terms. Spending his entire life in the northwest, he is a representative of one of the pioneer families of Oregon, his birth having occurred in Linn county, September 20, 1855. He traces his lineage back to old families of Virginia, North Carolina and Tennessee. His paternal great-grandfather Fielding Lewis, was born in the Old Dominion in 1767, but at an early age became a resident of North Carolina and afterward of eastern Tennessee. His son, Fielding Lewis, Jr., was born in 1811 and became a resident of Wabash county, Illinois, prior to 1830. Later he established his home in Missouri and was one of the great band of emigrants who in the year of 1852 branched off from the trodden paths that for three years previous had been conducting settlers to California, to settle homes in the northwest that they might take advantage of the opportunities offered by the rich agricultural lands and forests of this section of the country. It was in the spring of the year when Fielding Lewis, Jr., started across the plains in company with his family. Day after day they traveled on, camping along the roadside at night, and when six months had elapsed reached their destination—a point near Brownsville, in Linn county, Oregon. They crossed the Snake river opposite the site of Huntington, followed the general course of the river down to its junction with the Columbia, thence proceeded down the Columbia valley to the mouth of the Willamette and up the latter stream to Linn county. At all times such a journey was fraught with hardships and perils, but there were, moreover, peculiarly sad features in the history of this trip of the Lewis family for mountain fever and cholera broke out in that part and Lucinda Moore Lewis, the wife of Fielding Lewis, was laid to rest in a grave made on the banks of the Snake river near Birch creek. When they reached Burnt river Charles Wesley Lewis, a son, also passed away, and at the Upper Cascades a grave was made for Marion Lewis, while Mary Ellen Lewis died on the Oregon side of the river opposite Vancouver barracks.

James Preston Lewis, one of the family, who travelled with them on the long journey to the northwest, entered land in the forest subsequent to his arrival in Oregon, and at once began to clear and improve a farm that he might thus establish a home for his family. Subsequently he removed to Althouse, Josephine county, where he purchased a tract of land upon which he made his home until his death on the 18th of February, 1906. He was prominent in community affairs there and served for three terms as county assessor. It was on the 29th of November, 1853, that James Preston Lewis was united in marriage to Tennessee Teresa Tycer, the ceremony being performed by the Rev. H. H. Spalding, who came to Oregon with Marcus Whitman in 1836. Mrs. Lewis was born in Linn county, Missouri, a daughter of Lewis Tycer, a native of Nashville, Tennessee, and an early resident of Linn county, Missouri. His father came from France to aid the American colonists in their struggle for independence and participated in the battle of Guilford Courthouse and in other engagements which resulted in the establishment of American Independence. The year 1853 witnessed the arrival of Lewis Tycer and his family in Oregon. His original home was a pioneer cabin but later he purchased a farm and comfortable residence which he occupied to the time of his death, at the age of seventy-seven years, and which is still owned by a member of his family. James P. and Tennessee Lewis became the parents of three sons and three daughters who are yet living: George W., who was sheriff of Josephine county from 1902 until 1906 and is now in business at Grants Pass, Oregon; James E. and Mrs. O. J. Wetherbee are residents of Josephine county; Mrs. Joseph G. Hiatt is a resident of Santa Rosa, California; and Mrs. James E. Holland is also a resident of Josephine county.

John Marion Lewis spent the first seventeen years of his life in his native county and then accompanied his parents on their removal to Josephine county. His youthful days were devoted to the work of the fields and to the acquirement of an education in the public schools, and later he engaged in mining to some extent, during the winter months. In 1881 he became a resident of Portland and resumed his studies, for he was ambitious to secure a better education. After taking a course in the Portland Business College he obtained a position in the government employ in 1882, having charge of the mailing division of the Portland postoffice under Postmaster George A. Steel, for about three years. After C. W. Robey.

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a democratic postmaster, came to the office, Mr. Lewis continued to occupy the position for eighteen months, when impaired health caused by close confinement to the work, compelled him to resign.

For three years after relinquishing his position in the postal service Mr. Lewis was in the employ of the H. R. Duniway Lumber Company in East Portland as lumber inspector, and while there residing was again called to public office, representing his ward in a city council of East Portland from 1888 until 1890. In the latter year he was appointed by President Harrison to the position of postmaster and acted in that capacity until the consolidation of the cities of Portland and East Portland, when the office was discontinued. Later he was appointed superintendent of Station A, which superseded the old office in East Portland, and continued in that position under Postmaster Steel until the close of the latter's second term. In 1894 Mr. Lewis became deputy treasurer under A. W. Lambert, and two years later was reappointed to the same office by Ralph Warren Hoyt and continued in that position for four years more. He was then elected county treasurer and since the 7th of July, 1902, has remained the incumbent of that office, being reelected in 1904, 1906, 1908 and 1910 receiving at the last election a majority of eighteen thousand four hundred and eighty-one votes. He was again nominated in 1912 and has the unique distinction of being the only man to receive the sixth consecutive nomination for an office in Multnomah county. No better testimonial of his capability and fidelity could be given nor of the confidence reposed in him by his fellowmen. He regards a public office as a public trust—and no trust reposed in John M. Lewis has ever been betrayed.

On the first of May, 1883, in Portland, was celebrated the marriage of Mr. Lewis and Miss Ella M. McPherson, a native of Linn county, Oregon, and a daughter of W. A. McPherson, who came to this state about 1850. He was connected with the public service as state printer from 1866 until 1870, and his death occurred in 1891. Four children were born unto Mr. and Mrs. Lewis, one of whom, Herbert Wayne, died at the age of two years. Those living are: Edith and Ione, teachers in the city schools; and Wade Vernon, a graduate of Washington high school. The family attend the Presbyterian church, of which Mr. Lewis is a ruling elder, and in the work of which he has long taken active and helpful part. In his fraternal relations he is an Odd Fellow and is also connected with the Modern Woodmen of America and the Woodmen of the World. He is affiliated with Washington Lodge, No. 46, A. F. & A. M. and Washington Chapter, No. 18, R. A. M. He is a charter member of Abernethy's Cabin, No. 1, Native Sons of Oregon, and is a member of the Oregon Historical Society. His political allegiance has always been unswervingly given to the republican party for his study of the political conditions and questions of the day has led him to the belief that its platform contains the best elements of good government. His has been a well spent life, characterized by a progressive public spirit that has found tangible manifestation on many occasions. In public office his course has ever been above suspicion. The good of the community he places before partisanship, and the welfare of his constituents before personal aggrandizement. Wherever he is known he is highly esteemed, but in the city of his residence, where he is best known, he inspires personal friendships of unusual strength and all who know him have high admiration for his good qualities of heart and mind.

RUSSELL BROWNELL, one of the younger business men and one of the foremost meat dealers in Hermiston, was born in Modoc county, California, January 2, 1884, a son of Duane R. and Emma Belle (Perkiss) Brownell. The father was born in Utah, December 25, 1845. He lived in the northern part of California for over thirty years and it was six years ago when he came to Umatilla county. While in California he was supervisor of Lassen county for many years. He is one of the most active and prominent citizens in Umatilla county today and is the owner of several ranches in the northwest. The mother's birth occurred in Yuba county, California, and she is now residing at Bieber, California. The paternal grandfather was Gideon Brownell, who served in the Mexican war. To Mr. and Mrs. Duane R. Brownell four children were born: Minnie, who is the wife of P. J. Hopper, of Lassen county, California; Russell, the subject of this sketch; Earl; and Harold.

Russell Brownell resided at home with his parents at Bieber, California, while his father was a merchant in that town. There he attended the public schools and subsequently was a student at the San Francisco Business College. After completing his course in that institution he began earning his own livelihood, his first work being that of locating and selling timber lands in northern California and Washington. Subsequently for about three or four years he was engaged in the manufacture of irrigating pumps at Portland. He was in partnership with his father and they had purchased from the inventor the right to manufacture these pumps. In the spring of 1907 Mr. Brownell disposed of his interests in Portland and came to Hermiston. Since that time he has conducted a meat market in this city and also has been interested in the transfer business at Hermiston and Umatilla. He owns the building in which his shop is located and the home which he has built for himself is one of the most substantial and modern buildings in the town. He has been successful in all his business undertakings and in his particular lines has distanced all competitors.

In 1907 Russell Brownell was married, at Susanville, California, to Miss Lina Gournaz, whose birth occurred in Susanville in 1884. She is a daughter of P. J. Gournaz and a granddaughter of Captain Talbott. Mr. Brownell is a Mason and also holds membership in the Independent Order of Odd Fellows lodge. He served as the second treas-

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urer of Hermiston and was at one time appointed to the town council, after which he was duly elected a member of the same body. A good business man, he has given the best of his energies to building up his trade, and is widely and favorably known throughout the city.

LORENZO MONTERASTELLI. One of the enterprising and substantial citizens of Pendleton is Lorenzo Monterastelli, who is successfully conducting a monument business here and also at Heppner, this state. He was born in Italy on the 10th of August, 1872, and there he was likewise reared and educated. While still in his early boyhood he was apprenticed to a marble and stone cutter in his native city with the expectation of making this his life vocation. In his country this trade is looked upon as one of the lesser arts and is ranked accordingly, as much attention being bestowed upon form, unity, proportion and harmony from the artistic viewpoint as from the mechanical. He early evidenced more than average skill with the tools and also manifested unusual originality in designing, while his ideas were executed with true artistic appreciation. After completing his period of service, Mr. Monterastelli followed his trade in his native land until 1896, when he decided to come to the United States, believing that he would here find opportunities more commensurate with his ability. When he first came to this country he settled in Massachusetts, but seven months later he came to the Pacific coast, feeling that the less congested districts of the northwest afforded better advantages. He located in Portland, remaining there until 1901, when he came to Pendleton and engaged in business for himself. Here he not only engages in the manufacture of monuments and fine stone and marble cutting, but he also does contracting and building. His thorough understanding of his trade together with his originality and fine appreciation of artistic values readily won him recognition as a master in his line of work, and his business rapidly developed. Later he extended the scope of his activities by opening an establishment at Heppner, that has proven equally remunerative. In the direction of his enterprise, Mr. Monterastelli uses excellent judgment and good business sagacity, and although entirely unfamiliar with the customs and language of the country when he came here, he has readily acquired both and his establishments are conducted in strict accordance to the commercial methods observed by all progressive American business men. He keeps a full line of materials of every grade and quality to be found in the quarries of either the new or the old world, that he offers at very reasonable prices. He does his own designing and employs only the most skilled and capable workmen in their execution, while his shop is fully equipped with every tool or appliance essential in the production of the best effects and results. His personal supervision is given to every detail of the business and he closely examines the execution of every design, it being his policy never to turn out a piece of work that he feels is not a credit to him and his establishment.

This city was the scene of Mr. Monterastelli's marriage in 1910 to Miss Laura J. Latourelle, a native of Montreal, Canada, and they have become the parents of one child, Theresa M. A.

Both Mr. and Mrs. Monterastelli are communicants of the Roman Catholic church, and in politics he is a republican. During the ten years of his residence in Pendleton, he has won the reputation of being absolutely dependable and honorable in his transactions, which has been one of the dominant factors in his success. He gives his undivided attention to his business and is most conscientious in his efforts to faithfully fulfil his contracts. As a result he is prospering in a most gratifying degree and in addition to his fine business is the owner of a two-story brick building. Mr. Monterastelli came to this country with the expectation of making it his home and although he is deeply attached to the land of his birth, he is most loyal to America and its institutions. In matters of citizenship he is progressive, always giving his support to forwarding the welfare of the community or to advancing its utilities.

F. A. HARMON is secretary and general manager of the Eastern Oregon Light & Power Company, with headquarters at Baker. The substantial development and rapid advancement of western cities is a marvel to the more conservative east, but in each community are found men of enterprise who keep abreast of the times and who are eager and ready to introduce any improvement of real value. To this class belongs F. A. Harmon, who is meeting with success in his business connections and at the same time is making his labor of benefit to Baker and other cities of this part of the state. He was born on a farm in Racine county, Wisconsin, August 28, 1859, and is a son of Lyman A. and Jane (Box) Harmon, the former a native of Ohio and the latter of England. Mrs. Lyman Harmon came to the new world with her mother, her father having died when she was but a child. The family home was established in Wisconsin and there she married Lyman A. Harmon. In 1860 they removed to Dodge county, Nebraska, where Mr. Harmon entered land and began the development of a farm, upon which he resided to the time of his death, which occurred in November, 1910, when he was seventy-eight years of age. For about three years he had survived his wife, who passed away in 1907, at the age of seventy-four years. He was a contractor on construction work and also a dealer in live stock. For a long period he made his home in the town of Fremont.

It was in Fremont that F. A. Harmon was reared, remaining with his parents until twenty years of age and pursuing his education in the public schools. He then entered the service of the Chicago & Northwestern Railway Company, continuing in their employ for twenty-eight years, or until 1906. In

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that connection he gradually worked his way upward, to the position of division superintendent of the Black Hills and Wyoming district. He had supervision over the station service, and the traffic and other departments and was regarded as one of the reliable and capable representatives of the road.

He afterward spent two years in the banking business at Shoshoni, Wyoming, and in 1908 became associated with friends in Fremont who had built the Fremont & Olive Lake Electrical Plant. Within the next few years he combined this plant with the Baker and La Grande plants and has operated these as a unit to the present time. His position is that of secretary and general manager of the Eastern Oregon Light & Power Company. They own and control well equipped plants at different points and their business is one of growing importance, constituting today one of the leading industrial enterprises of Baker.

F. A. Harmon was united in marriage to Miss Carrie M. Moulton, and they have a pleasant home in Baker, where warm-hearted hospitality reigns supreme. Fraternally Mr. Harmon is connected with the Elks. He is an active and prominent member of the Commercial Club of Baker, having served as one of its directors since its organization, while in May, 1911, he was elected to its presidency. He takes a helpful interest in the affairs of the community, standing at all times for progress and improvement. He recognizes possibilities and utilizes them and embraces opportunities not only for individual advancement but for the public good.

HON. THEODORE W. JOHNSON. The quality which, more than any other, takes a man out of the walks of politicians into the ranks of statesmen is that of high personal service. To be successful in public office a man must appreciate his position as a servant of the people and must realize his duty to his fellow citizens without regard to his personal desires. A politician of this sort is Hon. Theodore W. Johnson, now mayor of the city of Riddle. Before his election to this office he had already gained for himself a prominent place in business circles of the city by his extensive and continually growing drug business. He is a native of Iowa, having been born in Montezuma, Poweshiek county, in that state, September 9, 1861. His parents were John I. and Julia A. (Bollenbaugh) Johnson, both natives of Ohio. They were married in Montezuma, Iowa, whither their parents had removed in pioneer times. The Bollenbaugh family was among the earliest settlers in the middle west, Moses Bollenbaugh, the maternal grandfather of our subject, often shooting deer from his dooryard in Jones county in early times. John I. Johnson, the father of Theodore W. Johnson, enlisted in Company E, Fourth Iowa Volunteer Cavalry, in the Civil war, and died in Missouri while in pursuit of Price's army. After his death the mother returned to her own people in western Linn county, Iowa, where she subsequently married Daniel Garnant, a pioneer of that state, by whom she had eight children.

Theodore W. Johnson was the only child born to her former marriage. He was reared in Linn county, Iowa, and his early education was received in the common schools of that district. He later attended Western College and subsequently took a course in the Littlebridge & Valentine Business College in Davenport, Iowa. When he had completed this he came west to California, where he engaged in the dairy business in the employ of J. R. Talcott for one year. At the expiration of that time he returned to Cedar Rapids, Iowa, and for twelve years was employed in the wholesale commission business operated by the J. R. Morin Company. The failure of this enterprise in February, 1894, threw Theodore Johnson out of employment. He had, however, been engaged for some time previous in the study of pharmacy and in the fall of 1893 had entered the pharmaceutical department of Highland Park College, Des Moines. When he had completed this course he returned to Cedar Rapids and secured a position in charge of the laboratory of the W. F. Severa Company, manufacturing pharmacists of that city. He remained with this firm for five years and did extraordinary work in his position and entirely revolutionized the manufacturing business. It had been the custom of the company, prior to the time when Mr. Johnson entered their employ, to buy all their drug supplies in prepared materials. When Theodore Johnson took charge of their laboratory his scientific knowledge of drugs and their ingredients led him to experiment in the preparation of his own materials, and in this he was remarkably successful. The company bought no more drugs in their prepared forms. Theodore Johnson made his own fluid extracts and placed upon the market some fifteen or twenty new mixtures. In 1899 he resigned his position to engage in the drug business for himself. In partnership with his half brother, Lou Garnant, he opened a store in Cedar Rapids but sold out after one year to go to Chicago, where he was employed by the packing house of Swift & Company in their commission department. Here he remained three months and then returned to Cedar Rapids and established himself in the drug business at the corner of Second street and Third avenue, where he remained until 1900.

Subsequent to this time Theodore Johnson had made two trips to the west. His first journey to the coast was taken at the time of the Lewis and Clark Exposition and three months after this he again went west to Seattle, where his half brother was located. It had been Mr. Johnson's intention to locate in that city but when he came to Riddle to visit his uncle, Daniel Bollenbaugh, he became greatly impressed with the opportunities in the growing young western city and determined to make it his future home. He sold out his business in Cedar Rapids and came to Riddle, where he opened a drug store and was immediately successful. He soon gained a reputation as an accurate and

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THEODORE W. JOHNSON

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scientific pharmacist. In 1909, when the Alaska-Yukon Pacific Exposition opened in Seattle, the Joseph Triner Company, manufacturing chemists of Chicago, put him in charge of their drug exhibit and through his careful handling and expert knowledge he secured for his employers the gold medal for the best exhibit in this line in the exposition. He has since been asked to assist the same company at the Panama-Pacific International Exposition to be held in San Francisco in 1915. Mr. Johnson is absorbed in his own special line of activity and does not often go beyond it. His only other business affiliation is with the Riddle State Bank, of which he is a stockholder and an active member of the board of directors.

On March 25, 1888, Mr. Johnson was united in marriage to Miss Rosaltha Brody, of Vinton, Iowa, and he and his wife have many friends in their adopted city. Politically he is a stanch republican and a firm believer in the policies of his party. He takes an active and intelligent interest in local public affairs and his public-spirited citizenship and his broad-minded views were recognized in his community when in February, 1911, he was elected mayor of Riddle, and in May of the following year his administration was overwhelmingly indorsed by the people and he was returned to the office. He has made a record in this capacity for his broad-minded and liberal handling of public affairs. Fraternally Mr. Johnson is a member of Riddle Lodge, F. & A. M., in which he holds the office of treasurer. He serves in the same capacity in Azalea Lodge, No. 136, I. O. O. F. He and his wife are active members of the Rebekahs and of the Order of the Eastern Star. He is prominent in the Modern Woodmen of America and belongs to Star of the West Lodge, No. 1, K. P., of Cedar Rapids. His wife holds membership in the Pythian Sisters, affiliated with this organization. Mr. and Mrs. Johnson also hold membership in St. Paul's Methodist Episcopal church of Cedar Rapids, Iowa. Theodore W. Johnson is a prominent man in Riddle today. He is active in its business circles. In his special line of activity he has an expert knowledge and a fair degree of scientific attainment, and in his public capacity he serves without fear and without reproach.

H. L. STANFIELD operates an excellent farm, which is well known as the Stanfield Ranch on Butter creek, and in its further cultivation and improvement is busily engaged, his labors bringing him substantial return in large and abundant harvests. He is yet a young man and if he continues in the course that he has already marked out he will undoubtedly win greater success later in life. He was born in Umatilla county on the 18th of March, 1883, and is a son of R. N. and Hattie T. (Townsend) Stanfield, well known and representative residents of that county. The mother is now residing in Portland. In the family were eight children, of whom H. L. is the fourth in order of birth.

Upon the homestead farm H. L. Stanfield was reared, having been brought there by his parents when he was but one year of age. He pursued his education in the district schools near by until he had mastered the branches of learning that constituted the curriculum. He worked upon the farm through the periods of vacation and early became familiar with the duties and labors that fall to the lot of the agriculturist. Therefore he was qualified by broad, practical experience to begin farming on his own account after his father gave up the management of the property. His work is conducted along practical and progressive lines and he is systematic in all that he does, so that there is no loss of labor or material. He recognizes the fact that unabating industry, intelligently directed, is the only sure foundation upon which to build success, and he is, therefore, diligently directing his labors in the cultivation of an excellent farm of a thousand acres, which is devoted to hay and stock-raising. The Stanfield brothers have at present about twenty thousand head of sheep and H. L. Stanfield is managing the ranch and attending to the sheep.

In 1907 Mr. Stanfield was married to Miss Juanita Robinson, whose birth occurred in Grand Rapids, Michigan, and who is a daughter of A. W. Robinson, a prominent lumberman, formerly of this county but now a resident of Spokane. To them two children have been born: Hugh, Jr., and Winnie May.

Having passed his entire life here, Mr. Stanfield's record is well known to the residents of his locality and the fact that many of his warmest friends are those who have known him from his boyhood indicates that his salient characteristics are such as awaken confidence, respect and good-will.

A. S. QUANT, postmaster of Albee, where for sixteen years he has been engaged in the mercantile business, was born in Saratoga county, New York, on the 13th of October, 1847. His parents were Jacob and Permelia G. (Wight) Quant, both natives of the Empire state and there they were also reared and married. In the early years of their domestic life they removed to Illinois, locating in Dupage county, where they made their home for five years. In 1861 they again changed their place of residence, this time settling on a farm in Michigan, on which they continued to live until their death. Of the five children born to Mr. and Mrs. Quant all are deceased with the exception of two sons: A. S., our subject; and Wallace, who resides in Michigan.

The school days of A. S. Quant were terminated at the age of sixteen years, when he enlisted in Company C., Eleventh Michigan Volunteer Cavalry and went to the defense of the Union. During the two years he was at the front he saw considerable active service, participating in some of the closely contested engagements of the war. He was mustered out at Nashville, Tennessee, in 1865, receiving his discharge at Jackson, Michigan. Upon his return home he resumed

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the duties of civil life as a wage earner and for five years thereafter was employed in the lumber camps of Michigan. At the expiration of that time he went back to Illinois, locating in La Salle county, but he only remained there for two years. His next removal was to Newton county, Indiana, but not finding there the opportunities he desired, five or six years later he decided to come to the northwest. He first came to Oregon in 1879, locating in Douglas county, where he lived for five years. In 1884, he became a resident of Umatilla county, and during the succeeding six years was engaged in the lumber business in the Camas valley. Withdrawing from this at the end of that time he took a clerkship in a general store, and for five years applied himself diligently to the mastery of the various details of this business. At the expiration of that period, feeling that he was fully qualified to conduct a similar establishment of his own he invested what capital he had in a store at Albee that he has ever since been conducting. As he carries a well assorted stock that he offers at reasonable prices and conducts his business in an honorable and straightforward manner he has met with a goodly measure of success. In addition to the management and direction of his personal interests for several years past Mr. Quant has also been postmaster. He is a capable man and has always applied himself energetically to anything he has undertaken, his success being entirely attributable to his close concentration and persistence.

Mr. Quant has been married twice. His first union was with Miss Mattie Monroe in 1882, but she died two years later and in 1899 he married Miss Jane Fudge. The present Mrs. Quant was born and reared in England and there made her home until 1890, when she emigrated to the United States. One child has been born to Mr. and Mrs. Quant, Myrtle J., whose birth occurred on the 31st of August, 1903.

Mr. Quant belongs to the Grand Army of the Republic and he is also a member of Pendleton Lodge, No. 32, I. O. O. F. In politics he is a stanch republican and since living here has served on the school board and he also acted as deputy sheriff for two years. He is one of the older citizens of the town in the development and upbuilding of which he has materially assisted, as he is a public-spirited, progressive man, who is always willing to cooperate in advancing the welfare of the community.

DALTON BIGGS, circuit judge for the district comprising Malheur, Harney and Grant counties, was elected to the bench in November, 1910, and his record as a judge has been in harmony with his record as a lawyer and citizen—distinguished by his fidelity and by a masterful grasp of every problem presented for solution. He was born in Louisiana, Pike county, Missouri, December 18, 1874. The family is of Welsh origin and their ancestry is traced down from Davis Biggs, of Kentucky, through William Biggs, of Pike county, Missouri, and John D. Biggs, of Ralls county, Missouri, to James D. Biggs, father of Dalton Biggs. James D. Biggs lived in Ralls county and wedded Lucy Cooper Hatch, a native of Georgetown, Kentucky. She was a daughter of Samuel Hatch. David Biggs, the first American ancestor of whom we have authentic record, was a clergyman and at an early date removed from Kentucky to Missouri, where he made his home. His son, William Biggs, became a farmer and one of the leading men in his district. He held various offices, serving at one time as a member of the state legislature and afterward as state senator. His agricultural interests were extensive and his business affairs as well as his political prominence made him a leading citizen of the community in which he lived. He met an accidental death when fifty-six years of age. John D. Biggs, the grandfather of Judge Biggs, also engaged in farming and took an active part in politics. He, too, was a member of the state legislature and likewise served as county judge. During the Civil war he served as a colonel in the home militia and he lived to a ripe old age. James D. Biggs, the father, was a graduate of Georgetown College of Kentucky and also of the Southern Baptist Theological Seminary, which was then located at Greenville, North Carolina, but is now at Louisville, Kentucky. He was pastor of several churches and occupied the pulpit at Springfield, Missouri, for some time. He was also pastor of the Kirkwood Missouri church and for fifteen years was in charge of the first church at Bowling Green, Missouri. He died at the age of sixty-five years, having been severely injured in a railroad wreck near Columbus, Ohio, when returning from the Centennial Exposition at Philadelphia. His wife was a daughter of Samuel Hatch, a banker of Georgetown, Kentucky. The Hatch family was very prominent in Kentucky and Missouri in anti-bellum days.

Judge Biggs, the third of seven children, acquired his education in private schools and in the college at Louisiana, Missouri, in which he remained until thirteen years of age, when he entered Pike College at Bowling Green, being graduated therefrom with the class of 1893. He afterward took up the study of law in the office and under the direction of George W. Emerson, of Bowling Green, who was then prosecuting attorney of the county and is now one of the leading attorneys of Arkansas. After completing his course and being admitted to the bar he became a partner of his former preceptor and acted as deputy prosecuting attorney until September, 1900, when he removed to Burns, Oregon. There he formed a partnership with his brother, J. W. Biggs, which association was maintained until June, 1906, when Judge Biggs established his home in Ontario, Oregon. In November, 1910, he was elected circuit judge of the district comprising Malheur, Harney and Grant counties. He has a clean record and stands high in public opinion because of his fidelity to duty and his superior qualifications for office. His decisions are strictly fair and impartial, being based upon the law in the points at issue.

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On the 28th of December, 1899, Judge Biggs was united in marriage to Miss Phoebe L. Lawry, a native of Bowling Green, Missouri, and a daughter of W. P. Lawry, who for forty years was principal of the public schools of that city. Judge and Mrs. Biggs are the parents of six children, namely: Lucille, James D., William M., Hugh L., Annabelle and Paul. The Judge is well known to the membership of the Masonic lodge and the Knights of Pythias, of both of which he is a worthy exemplar. He holds to high standards in his profession, recognizing the fact that it must ever be the safeguard of the rights and principles of the people. He is a constant student of the fundamental principles of the law and is daily becoming more and more familiar with precedent.

RAPHAEL RAYMOND, who is now living retired in Pendleton, was for many years identified with the agricultural development of Umatilla county, his efforts in this direction proving so lucrative that he succeeded in acquiring sixteen hundred acres of valuable land. This is all well improved and under high cultivation and annually yields an income that is more than sufficient for the needs of Mr. Raymond and his family. He is a native of Canada, his birth having occurred on the 16th of June, 1855, and is a son of Gabriel and Truda Raymond. The parents passed their entire lives in Canada, the father's death there occurring in 1895, and that of the mother in 1905. Their family numbered eleven children eight of whom are still living, three being residents of the Dakotas, while four have always made their home in Canada.

The school days of Raphael Raymond were terminated at the age of fourteen years, when he laid aside his text-books to become a wage earner. Not being qualified at that time to assume the duties of any particular occupation he worked as a day laborer in the vicinity of his home. A few months later he crossed the border into the United States, locating in the state of New York, but he only remained there a brief period, however, then went to Massachusetts. There for two years he was employed in a brick yard and at the expiration of that time he went back to his old home, but soon returned to Massachusetts, where he passed the summer. In 1873 he became a resident of Carson City, Nevada, being employed in the mines at that point during the succeeding four years. His next removal was to the Pacific coast, where he settled in the fall of 1877, his first place of residence being the city of Portland. He had come here with the expectation of acquiring land, however, and a few months later came to Umatilla county and filed on some government land. He placed some improvements upon this and subsequently sold it and during the Indian excitement in the spring of 1878 entered the employment of the government, continuing in their service during the summer. In the autumn following, he returned to Umatilla county and bought one hundred and sixty acres of railroad land northwest of Athena upon which he located. Later he extended the boundaries of his ranch by filing on a quarter section of land adjoining, devoting his entire time and attention to the further improvement of his holdings until the spring of 1880. He then invested in two teams of horses and went to work on the narrow gauge railroad, at that time in course of construction. By this means he acquired ready money to extend the improvements on his property, where he spent the winter and the next spring again resumed his work on the railroad. He continued to thus divide his time during the winter and summer months until the road was within fifteen miles of Spokane Falls, when he gave up his teaming and gave his entire attention to the operation of his ranch. The close application and unceasing energy of Mr. Raymond brought him corresponding returns and as the years passed he added to his possessions until he acquired sixteen hundred acres of good, tillable land. This he brought under high cultivation and made thereon extensive improvements, making it one of the most valuable properties in the community. A man of progressive and practical ideas, he installed on his ranch as his circumstances warranted such modern appliances and conveniences as are essential in attaining the best and quickest results at the minimum expenditure of time and labor. He was actively engaged in the operation of his ranch until 1905, when he came to Pendleton and purchased the fine residence property on Water street now occupied by himself and family, and has ever since been living retired.

In the achievement of his success Mr. Raymond has been materially aided by the capable supervision and administration of Mrs. Raymond in the household affairs. She was in her maidenhood Miss Adaline May Sutherland. She is a native of Kansas, born in 1869, a daughter of David and Louisa Adelia (Balcom) Sutherland. The father was a native of Canada, his birth occurring in November, 1817, while the mother was born in the state of New York, her natal day being in August, 1831. In his early manhood he came to the United States and when the Civil war broke out enlisted in Company K, First Illinois Volunteer Infantry and went to the front. The long marches and hardships incident to camp life told on his health, however, and he was subsequently discharged on account of disability and returned home. Together with his wife and family, in 1869 he went to Kansas, and there Mrs. Sutherland passed away in 1870, but he was living in Boise, Idaho, at the time of his death. Eight children were born to Mr. and Mrs. Sutherland, but three are deceased. When she was a child of eight years, Mrs. Raymond accompanied her father and the other members of the family across the plains to Oregon. She remembers the journey, which occupied four months. Upon their arrival in Oregon, her father settled in Umatilla county and here she has ever since lived. Five children have been born to Mr. and Mrs. Raymond, as follows: Bessie Nadine, who was born on the 18th of June, 1885, and is the wife

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of George E. Rees, now living on her father's ranch; Jessie L., who was born August 23, 1887, and is the wife of C. C. Conner, of this county; Bertha D., who was born on the 29th of August, 1890, and died October 21, 1892; Helen J., who was born September 17, 1896, and is now attending high school; and Raphael R., whose birth occurred on the 16th of October, 1906.

The family affiliate with the Presbyterian church, in which the parents hold membership. They likewise belong to the order of United Artisans and he is also a member of the Knights of Pythias and of the Farmers Educational Cooperative Union of America. In matters politic his views coincide with the principles of the republican party, to whose candidates he accords his support, but he has never held any public office save that of school director. Mr. Raymond is a representative of the type of men, who invariably win the respect of those with whom they come in contact owing to their unceasing energy and determination of purpose which gives them the power that commands recognition. He is in every sense of the word self-made, as he began for himself at an age when the average lad is little more than earning his own spending money, and has forged his way ahead until he is now numbered among the prosperous and substantial citizens of the county. During the long period of his residence here he has ever manifested the highest qualities of citizenship, while in business transactions he is found to be thoroughly reliable and trustworthy.

CASPER BECKER, who resides five miles west of Gervais, was born in Switzerland, November 26, 1843, his parents being Jacob and Barbara (Witenweiler) Becker, who came to the United States and settled in Green county, Wisconsin, when Casper Becker was a child of three years. This was their home until they came west in 1877, travelling by rail from Chicago to Sacramento in eleven days and by steamer from San Francisco to Portland in five days. Mr. Becker remained in Portland four years and then was employed in a warehouse in Fairfield for four years, leaving there to reside on the one hundred acre farm he had purchased five miles from the town. This was his home for the four years previous to his removal to the property upon which he has lived for the last sixteen years.

At the age of eighteen years Casper Becker entered upon his career as an agriculturist and four years later enlisted in the Forty-sixth Infantry of Wisconsin, in General Thomas' command of General Grant's army, but because of illness he was incapacitated for active duty and nine months after his enlistment he was discharged. Returning home, he again took up his agricultural pursuits, his wife having managed the farm during his absence, and at the present time the farm of three hundred acres upon which he resides is evidence of the diligent labor which has been expended upon it and of the ability of its manager. All of the stock upon the farm is owned by Mr. Becker. He also owns four lots and a house in Newberg.

In 1862 Mr. Becker was married to Anna Schindler, whose birth occurred in Switzerland, September 1, 1844, she being the youngest of ten children. David Schindler, the eldest brother, deceased, was county clerk in California for sixteen years and was the owner of a large farm. Gabriel Schindler, deceased, was in the furniture business in Portland and was Swiss consul for Oregon, Washington and Idaho for several years prior to his death, in 1908. William and Henry, both deceased, resided in New Orleans, Louisiana. Casper, Mary, Barbara and Elizabeth are deceased. Barbara, who is the wife of D. E. Durst, resides in California. At the age of four years Mrs. Becker came to America with her parents and settled in Green county, Wisconsin, this being her home until her marriage, fifteen years later. To Mr. and Mrs. Becker fifteen children were born, nine of whom are living and six deceased. Those living are J. J., Mary Keene, Charles, Lydia Keene, Anna, Edwin, Chester, Catherine and George. Those that passed away are Anna Mary, Anna Barbara, Edwin, Lydia and two who died in infancy.

In politics Mr. Becker is a democrat, and in religious faith, a Lutheran. He has not been an office seeker and held no offices except that of school director, having little time to spare from his regular duties, but he is interested in all that tends to improve the moral and social conditions of his community and is especially interested in schools. As an agriculturist Mr. Becker has been energetic and diligent and the property which he cultivates has been made highly productive, his principal crops being wheat, oats and general farm products, and in addition to this he raises horses, cattle, sheep and hogs. Mr. Becker has labored diligently for the home and comforts he now enjoys and his success shows that his methods have been well selected and carefully executed. In his community he is regarded not only as an able agriculturist but also as a citizen of the conscientious and broad-minded type.

JOSEPH PALMER, who is living retired in La Grande, was born October 5, 1837, in Delaware county, Pennsylvania, a son of Robert H. and Hannah (Palmer) Palmer, The father, Robert H. Palmer, who was a son of Joseph Palmer, was born in Delaware county in 1812, was reared in the faith of the Friends church and was a worthy representative of that society. In politics he was a republican and held many county offices in his native state. He died in 1901, at the age of eighty-nine, and his wife passed away May 11, 1910, at the advanced age of ninety-seven years.

Joseph Palmer received his education in the district schools of Pennsylvania and after putting aside his text-books began to learn the carpenter's trade, in which occupation he served as an apprentice for two years. In 1857 the family removed to Iowa, where he followed his trade until August, 1858. In that year, while the Mormon war was in

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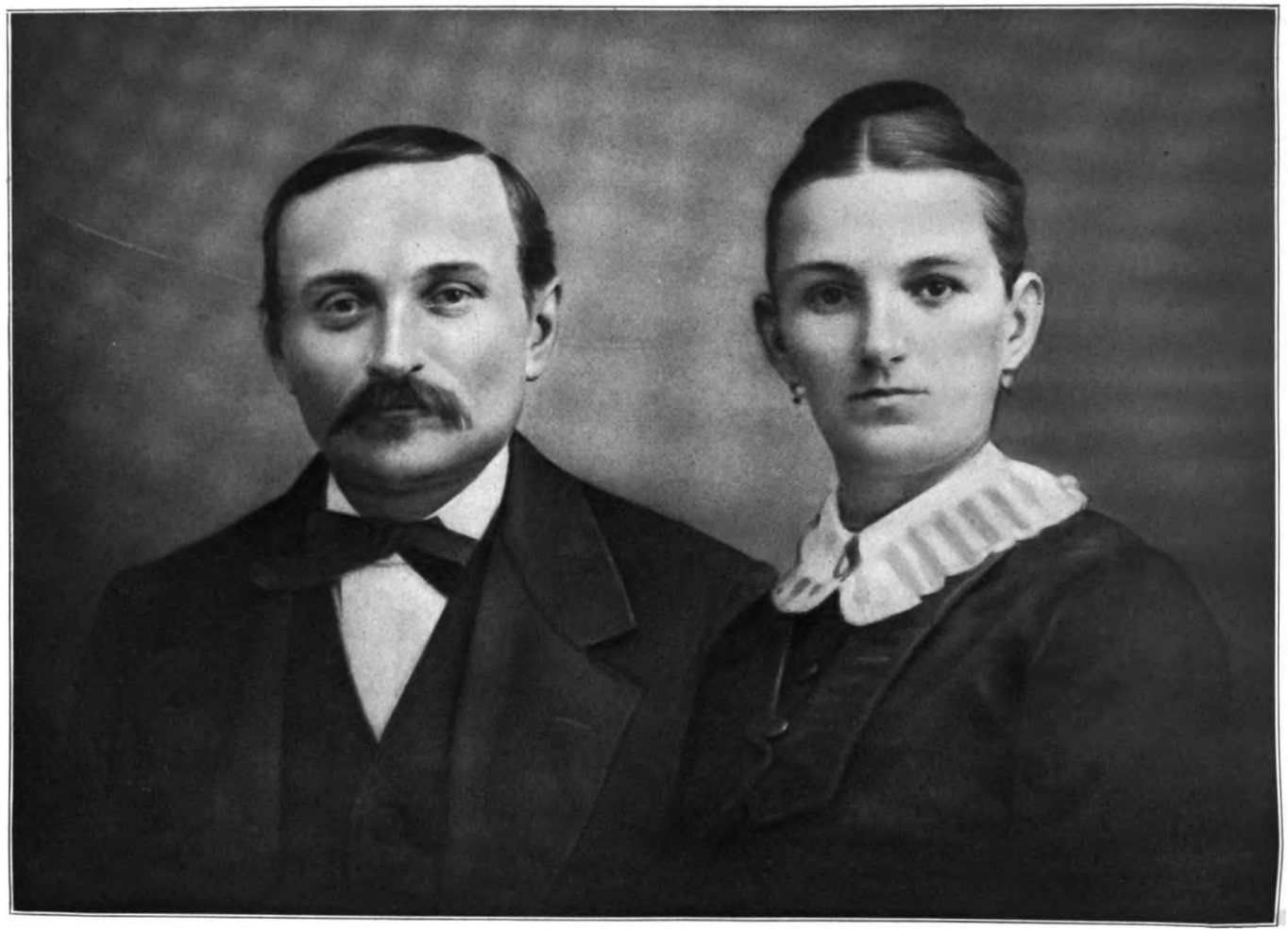

MR. AND MRS. CASPER BECKER

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progress, he drove a government team to Salt Lake City but returned the same winter. In the spring of 1859 he started for Denver, Colorado, but changed his plans and five months later arrived at Yreka, California, and engaged in quartz mining. In 1862 he set out for the Solomon River mines but reaching the placer mines, or the Granite Creek mines, at John Day, Oregon, remained there until 1863, and was very successful. In the fall of that year he returned to Iowa, going by steamer from Portland to the Isthmus of Panama, thence to Baltimore and Philadelphia and then on to Iowa. In the spring he started back to Oregon, arriving in the Grande Ronde valley on July 4, 1864. He preempted a quarter section of land, which is the present site of La Grande, and began farming. Later he sold his tract in portions to various people and took up the sawmill business. After two years he bought a meat market, which he managed for fifteen years and during the same time he engaged in feeding and shipping cattle. In 1906 he again took up mining, buying and operating a mine on Eagle mountain. He also owned and operated the electric light plant at La Grande for a few years but about 1904 he gave up active work and has since lived retired.

In 1874 Mr. Palmer was united in marriage with Miss Ellen D. Allen, who was born at Barnesville, Ohio, and died at La Grande in 1886, at the age of forty-two years. In 1889 he was again married, his second union being with Miss Fannie Smiley, of Maine, who died one year later, leaving one child, Joseph, who lived only nine months. In 1897 his third union took place with Miss Sally A. Thatcher, a native of Chester county, Pennsylvania. In politics Mr. Palmer is a republican and has served in former times as a member of the city council. Fraternally he has been connected with the Independent Order of Odd Fellows since 1867 and has filled all the chairs in the local lodge. He is also a member of La Grande Lodge, No. 433, B. P. O. E. Since his youthful days Mr. Palmer has had varied experiences which have well fitted him for the duties of life. In business he has always held to a high standard and as a citizen he has been progressive and loyal.

W. B. HINKLE, who has a responsible position as chief engineer of the Western Land & Irrigation Company, was born in Barren county, Kentucky, December 28, 1878, his parents being George W. and Iantha Frances (Phelps) Hinkle. To them five children were born: C. P., who is a resident of Lewiston, Idaho; M. G., deceased, who was a physician of Seattle; J. T., who is mentioned elsewhere in this work; W. B., the subject of this review; and A. C., who is residing in Portland.

At the age of four years W. B. Hinkle was brought to Oregon by his parents. They located at Pendleton and in the public schools of that town he acquired his elementary education. When he was fourteen years of age he removed to Grangeville, Idaho county, Idaho, where he attended the high school. Subsequently he accepted a position in the office of the county auditor and recorder. He was thus employed for three years before he entered St. Mary's College at Oakland, California, and completed the four years' course in civil engineering which that institution offers. He graduated in June, 1906, and at once accepted a position with the engineering force of the Southern Pacific Railway Company. He was in charge of one of the parties on the first survey of the Natron-Klamath Falls cut-off through southern Oregon. Subsequently he came to Umatilla county and was employed as engineer for the Hinkle Ditch Company. He laid out several lines which have since been constructed for the Hinkle Ditch Company before it was taken over by the Western Land & Irrigation Company. In the autumn of 1907 he entered the Nevada mines but the following year he removed to California, where he was employed as engineer for the E. Clemons Horst Company of San Francisco. He remained in that position for two years but at the end of that time returned to Oregon and accepted the position which he is now occupying with the Western Land & Irrigation Company. During the summer of 1911 he was appointed city engineer for Hermiston and he drew up the plans for the water system to be installed during the following year. Because of the possibilities which he considered it offered as an investment he purchased a tract of irrigated land on Butter creek.

W. B. Hinkle was married, August 23, 1911, to Miss Minnie Elizabeth Naylor, of Athena, Oregon. He gives his support to the republican party and fraternally is a member of the Masons and the Knights of Pythias. His position as engineer makes it imperative that he keep in touch not only with the advance made in the engineering profession but also with the trend of the agricultural development of the region. He has displayed the energy and resolute will which are indispensable factors of success and has made good use of every opportunity which presented itself along progressive lines to aid him in his business career.

DAVID LINN, one of Oregon's honored pioneers, was born October 28, 1826, near Cambridge, in Guernsey county, Ohio, and there acquired a common-school education. At the age of fourteen years he started to earn his own living, learning and following the carpenter's and cabinet-maker's trades. He was thus employed until 1851, when he crossed the plains to Oregon, arriving in Portland in September. He made his way up the Willamette river to Oregon City and was there employed at his trades for a short time. He afterward went to Jacksonville, in the Rogue river valley and later to Yreka, California, where he engaged in mining for a time. In making that trip he packed his provisions on a horse and walked across the Siskiyou. In 1852 he returned to Jacksonville and for a short time was engaged in the hay business. He was in the Big Bar encounter on Rogue river, the first fight of any

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consequence with the Indians in the Rogue river valley. He also participated in the fight with the Indians on Evans creek in 1852, being a member of an independent company under command of Captain Hardy Eliff. They were at Willow Springs, near Jacksonville, where the people had assembled during the Indian outbreak of that time and Mr. Linn thus became closely associated with the early military history of the state which had to do with the subjugation of the red race. He was, moreover, regarded as a prominent and influential citizen of his community in other connections. In 1854 he was appointed county treasurer to succeed Dr. Cleveland and was elected every term, thereafter, until 1862. He was then out of office for two years but in 1864 was again chosen to that position and served for another term of two years. He served in the council for a long period and was for many years president of that body. During that time he had to carry the funds of the territory and the state, following the admission of Oregon to the Union, to Salem on horseback. In the meantime Mr. Linn had become connected with commercial pursuits at Jacksonville, at first dealing in hay, as previously stated, and later turning his attention to carpentering. He also built fanning mills for cleaning grain and rockers for use by the miners. He likewise turned his attention to the manufacture of furniture and further extended the scope of his business to include general contracting and building. At first he did all the work of his furniture factory by hand but later operated machines by the use of horse power. He was closely associated with the early industrial development of his part of the state and in 1858 he returned to his Ohio home and purchased a steam sawmill which he brought to Jacksonville in 1860, shipping it first to New York, thence around Cape Horn to San Francisco, from which point it was transferred to Scottsburg near the mouth of the Umpqua river and on to Jacksonville by team. This was one of the first steam sawmills brought to Oregon and it was an important feature in the development of the community, drawing its patronage from a wide territory. Mr. Linn operated his sawmill and also manufactured furniture for a considerable period and also did contracting and building throughout the valley. He built all of the mills of this part of the state in his day. In later years he had a fruit dryer and evaporator and thus handled fruits, being the owner of a large farm which constituted one of the divers elements of his many sided business affairs. In 1863 he obtained the subcontract for building Fort Klamath and took a sawmill to that district in order to get out the lumber. In 1869 in company with a party of others from Jacksonville and Fort Klamath, he built a boat in sections which was to go on the shore of the lake and on this the party visited the island in Crater lake and were, undoubtedly, the first white men to explore that lake. Mr. Linn continued in the manufacture of lumber products until his plant was destroyed by fire in 1888. He afterward conducted a furniture business and cultivated his farm until about 1888 when he retired. No name is more closely identified with every movement in the industrial development of southern Oregon than that of David Linn, who was the pioneer of many enterprises that have been of essential value in the development and upbuilding of the state.

On the 31st of August, 1860, David Linn was united in marriage to Miss Ann Sophia Hoffman, a daughter of William and Caroline Barbara (Schafer) Hoffman. Mrs. Linn was born in Indiana in 1842 and died in August, 1907. By her marriage she had become the mother of seven children: Corinne, who is living in Jacksonville, Oregon; Margaret, whose home is in Los Angeles, California; William, deceased; Fletcher, a resident of Portland; G. D., living in Eugene; Mary, the wife of L. J. Gay, of Seattle; and James, deceased. Mr. Linn not only figured conspicuously and honorably as one of the builders and promoters of Oregon along industrial and commercial lines, but also took an active part in the work of the Masonic fraternity and was one of the organizers of both the lodge and Royal Arch Chapter of Masons at Jacksonville. His death occurred May 16, 1912.

FLETCHER LINN, whose name introduces this record, was born in Jacksonville, Oregon, November 10, 1866. He was provided with liberal educational advantages, supplementing a public-school course by study in the University of Oregon, from which he was graduated A. B., while later the degree of A. M. was conferred upon him. At the end of his college days he engaged in the furniture business at Eugene, succeeding Jeremiah Reams and conducting the business that is now owned by the firm of Bissell and Barker. After six years he sold out to J. W. Kays and in 1896 came to Portland, since which time he has been identified with the Oregon Furniture Manufacturing Company which was organized in 1867 and is now the oldest company in the field of furniture manufacturing on the Pacific coast. In 1900 Mr. Linn was elected secretary of the company which had been incorporated in 1874. In 1902 he was chosen to the presidency and is still acting in that capacity. At that time the wholesale and retail branches of the business, which had previously been conducted, were discontinued and the energies of the officers and men were concentrated upon the manufacture of furniture and its sale on the market. Today the company has its traveling men who cover the entire Pacific coast and the trade is very extensive. Their present factory was built in 1903 and at the present time a carload of furniture is turned out daily through the efforts of two hundred men who are in their employ. The business is one of the most important productive industries of Portland and Fletcher Linn now stands at the head of this enterprise. That he is regarded as one of the leading and prominent business men of the Rose City is indicated in the fact that for three years he was chosen president of the Manufacturers' Association.

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Mr. Linn was married in 1892 to Miss Louise M. Sawyers, a daughter of Colonel James A. Sawyers, who served with the rank of colonel in the Mexican war and also in frontier service. Mrs. Linn was born in Sioux City, Iowa, and like her husband, has gained a large circle of warm friends in Portland. In politics Mr. Linn is a republican and while living in Eugene served for two years as a member of the city council. For two years he was trustee of the Chamber of Commerce in Portland and is in hearty sympathy with its plans and purposes for the upbuilding of the city. He is a man of keen discrimination and sound judgment and his executive ability and excellent management have brought to the concern with which he has been connected during recent years, a large degree of success. The attainment of wealth, however, is not the ultimate end and aim of his life. He displays a laudable ambition to advance in the business way and desires that measure of prosperity which is the legitimate reward of all earnest and honorable endeavor and yet he does not allow business affairs to exclude his cooperation with public spirited activities or with movements for the moral progress of his city. His interest in the latter is tangibly manifested in his service as a director of the Young Men's Christian Association and as one of the elders of the First Presbyterian church. Since his father came to the state more than six decades ago the name of Linn has figured prominently and honorably on the pages of Oregon's history and the record of Fletcher Linn constitutes a creditable chapter in an untarnished family record.

FRANK T. BYRD, who for more than fifteen years has been engaged in general farming and the feeding and raising of stock in Umatilla county, is the owner of a highly improved ranch of thirteen hundred acres in the vicinity of Pilot Rock, where he and his family reside. He is a native of this county, his birth having occurred on the 9th of July, 1871. His parents, Daniel and Maria (Alexander) Byrd, were born, reared and married in Wisconsin. There they resided until 1852, when they crossed the plains with ox-teams to Oregon, settling in the vicinity of Corvallis, where the father filed on a donation claim. After engaging in the cultivation of his ranch for some years he disposed of it and removed to Steilacoom, Washington Territory, and engaged in the mercantile business. He continued in this for some time with very good success, but subsequently deciding that he preferred other lines of business activity, he sold his store and came to Umatilla county. As but a small portion of the timber had been cut in this vicinity at that time, Mr. Byrd quickly recognized the opportunities to be afforded in the lumber business and erected the first sawmill ever built in the county, which he operated until his death in 1875. He is still survived by the mother, however, who has attained the venerable age of seventy-eight years. The family of Mr. and Mrs. Byrd numbered eleven children, five of whom are still living.

Practically the entire life of Frank T. Byrd has been passed in this county, where he is widely known and is recognized as an unusually capable business man. He received his education in the common schools, remaining at home until he had attained his majority. In 1892, he started out to carve a career for himself and as he had never learned a trade and was entirely dependent upon his own resources he sought employment on a ranch, this being the only line of work with which he was at all familiar. He continued to follow this occupation for four years, and as he was thrifty and industrious he managed to accumulate enough money during that time to begin for himself on a small scale. Withdrawing from the service of others, in 1896 he came to the place where he is now living and began general farming and stock-raising. His four years' practical experience well qualified him for this undertaking and, meeting with success, he was later able to extend the boundaries of his ranch until he now owns thirteen hundred acres of land. This is almost entirely devoted to the raising of grain and pasturage, as Mr. Byrd is an extensive feeder of stock, annually shipping from three to four carloads of steers. He is a man of progressive ideas, and realizing that quality is a greater factor of success in any enterprise than quantity, he breeds a high class grade of stock and receives the highest prices in the market. His ranch is fully equipped with all modern facilities and is kept in excellent condition, Mr. Byrd giving his personal supervision to everything about the place.

On the 9th of October, 1909, Mr. Byrd completed his arrangements for a home by his marriage to Miss Carrie L. Heacock, of Multnomah county, a daughter of Daniel and Nettie (Davis) Heacock. Mrs. Byrd, as well as her parents, is a native of Ohio, where the father passed away. The family continued to reside in the Buckeye state until 1903, when the mother and children removed to Oregon. Mr. and Mrs. Byrd have two children: Lorena May, whose birth occurred on the 21st of October, 1910; and Arlene, born February 20, 1912.

Mr. Byrd is affiliated with Alta Lodge, No. 165, I. O. O. F. at Pilot Rock, and in matters politic he is a republican. He has never prominently participated in local political affairs, not being an aspirant to public office, but for some time he served as a member of the school board. For many years he has persistently and industriously applied himself to the achievement of success and he is now recognized as one of the representative stockmen and agriculturists of his community. His prosperity is entirely attributable to his individual efforts and therefore carries with it a greater degree of personal gratification as well as public commendation.

H. B. REES, who for the past five years has been discharging the duties of deputy postmaster in Pendleton, was born in Des Moines, Iowa, on the 1st of February, 1875. He is a son of Daniel and Ruth (Ward) Rees, both natives of Wales, whence they emigrated to

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the United States, locating in Iowa. There the father passed away in 1885 and the mother subsequently removed with her family to Salt Lake, where she continued to live until her death in 1906. Twelve children were born to Mr. and Mrs. Rees, nine of whom are still living.

As both the boyhood and youth of H. B. Rees were passed in a city, he was given the advantages of a good high-school education, after which he pursued a course in a business college, thus well qualifying himself for the practical duties of life. He remained at home with his mother until he had attained the age of twenty-three years, when he started out for himself. During the first six years he was engaged in the express business but withdrew from this at the end of that time to take a position in a grocery in Pendleton. He resigned this at the end of a year to assume the duties of assistant postmaster, with which position he has ever since been identified. As he is a man of gracious and accommodating manner who is universally courteous, he is well adapted for the office he is now holding.

In June, 1902, Mr. Rees was united in marriage to Miss Evelyn Starkweather. She is one of the five children born unto Robert and Theresa (Clark) Starkweather, both natives of Illinois, whence they removed during the pioneer days to Oregon, where the father passed away in 1883 but the mother is still living. Two sons have been born to Mr. and Mrs. Rees: William H., whose natal day was the 25th of April, 1904; and David E., whose birth occurred February 15, 1909.

The family affiliate with the Presbyterian church, in which Mrs. Rees holds membership and fraternally he is identified with Pendleton Lodge, No. 4, K. P. He votes the republican ticket. During the period of his residence in Pendleton, Mr. Rees has won the reputation of being thoroughly straight-forward and reliable in his business methods and he has also manifested most excellent traits of citizenship, as he is always interested in the general welfare of the community and renders such assistance as is in his power in forwarding every progressive movement.

GEORGE AYRE is one of the influential citizens of Marshfield, where he is now living a retired life, devoting his attention closely to the care of his real-estate holdings and other business enterprises in which he is interested in Marshfield. He was born in England in 1854 and is the son of George and Elizabeth (Allen) Ayre. The father was a native of England and the mother, who was of Scotch-Irish extraction, was a cousin of Allen Pinkerton, the noted founder of the Pinkerton Detective Agency. To Mr. and Mrs. Ayre sixteen children were born, only three of whom lived to attain mature years, namely: James, whose death occurred in Pennsylvania in 1910; John, who is the proprietor of the Metropolitan Hotel at Atlantic City; and George, of this review. The father was a member of a family of nineteen children. In 1869 he emigrated to the United States and settled in Pennsylvania and in that state followed the occupation of shipbuilding until the time of his death, which occurred in 1891, the mother having passed away in 1887.

George Ayre was reared in his parents' home and received his early education in the public schools. He started in life for himself at the age of eleven years, his first employment being that of cabin boy on an ocean vessel, and in that occupation he continued for a period of four years, during which time the ship on which he sailed made all of the principal ports of the occident and orient. He then returned to England, where he remained but a short time and again went to sea for one year and returned to England. In April, 1869, he emigrated to America and on reaching the shores of the new world he found employment with a shipbuilding company, with which he continued for a brief period and then engaged in the occupation of a coal miner and continued to follow that business for three years. In 1876 he returned to England, where he was engaged in shipbuilding as an employe of his wife's father. He remained in England for five months, after which he returned to America, arriving in this country at the time when the coal-mining industry was suffering from the prolonged strike of the operatives. He immediately returned to England, where he enlisted in the English army and was mustered into the North Yorkshire Artillery as musician. He continued with his command for four years, during which time he devoted himself largely to the study of music. Immediately following his discharge from the British army he returned to America and joined Battery A of the First United States Artillery Band and continued in that relation for five succeeding years. In March, 1889, he removed to Coos county, settling in Marshfield, and at once engaged as an employe in the Libby mills. He later retired from that employment and established himself in Marshfield as a teacher of instrumental and vocal music, to which he devoted his undivided attention until 1909, when he retired from active business life. For many years he was the owner of a valuable piece of property located at the corner of Commercial avenue and Third street, which he later sold at a figure much advanced above its original cost to him. He is the owner of three valuable residence properties located on Elrod avenue and two others which he rents.

In 1889 Mr. Ayre was united in marriage to Miss Charlotte Ayre, a native of England, and to them seven children were born, four of whom died in infancy. Those living are Elizabeth, Edith and Robert, all of whom reside at home with their parents. Mr. and Mrs. Ayre also have an adopted daughter, Eliza, who is now employed as Bookkeeper for the Home Telephone Company and resides at home.

Mr. Ayre is a member of the prohibition party but is very liberal in the use of his franchise. He has never sought political preferment of any kind, choosing rather to give his attention to his private business interests. He is a member of the Baptist

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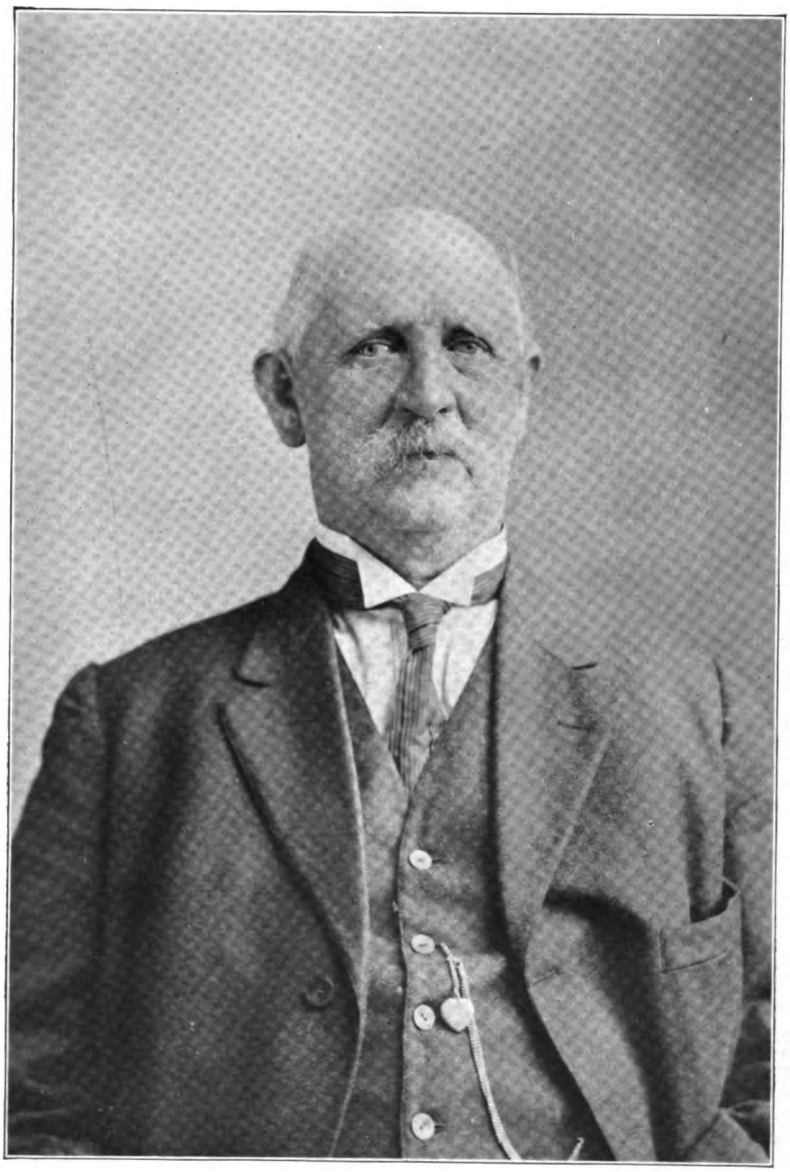

GEORGE AYRE

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church of Marshfield. He belongs to the Foresters of America and for twenty-five years was a member of the Independent Order of Odd Fellows. His home is located at No. 635 Ninth street, South. George Ayre is one of the valued and esteemed citizens of Coos county and he has been identified with the building up of various business enterprises of his portion of the state. As a teacher of instrumental and vocal music he has contributed very materially to the intellectual and social refinement of the people of his county and state.

GEORGE W. KENEDY is a farmer who is prominent not only in business life but also in fraternal, educational and church circles of Baker. He was born in Adams county, Illinois, on the 10th of December, 1844, his parents being William and Sarah (Richardson) Kenedy, the former a native of North Carolina and the latter of Philadelphia, Pennsylvania. At the early year of about 1824, Mr. and Mrs. Kenedy removed to Illinois, where they lived until 1852, when, becoming convinced that the far west held out to them advantages and opportunities not to be realized where they were then living, they crossed the plains with ox teams and settled in Polk county, Oregon, where they took up a government claim, upon which they lived until 1872. Both passed away near Spokane, Washington. They were the parents of eleven children, seven of whom survive.

George W. Kenedy received a common-school education and remained with his parents until twenty-five years of age, when he was married and established a home of his own. Having learned the blacksmith's and machinist's trades, he followed those occupations until 1893, when he came to Baker county, Oregon, and engaged in mining. He worked in this occupation for a number of years and then bought a ranch of thirty acres, which he cleared and brought under a high state of cultivation. His farm property is now worth about three hundred dollars an acre.

In 1869 Mr. Kenedy was married to Miss Malinda Johnson, a native of Yamhill county, Oregon, and a daughter of Melchior and Delilah (Ware) Johnson, natives of Missouri. They crossed the plains in 1847 and settled in Yamhill county, Oregon, where they took up six hundred and forty acres of government land near Amity. Subsequently they took up their abode in Douglas county, Oregon, there spending the remainder of their lives. Their family numbered eleven children. Unto our subject and his wife were born four daughters, as follows: Effie M., who is now the wife of Harry Mullen; Grace N., who is deceased; Bertha, the wife of James McKee, of Everett, Washington; and Mary Eva, who has passed away.

In his political affiliation Mr. Kenedy is a republican. He has been very much interested in educational matters and has served as school director in his district for nine years. He is a member of the Masonic fraternity, being affiliated with the lodge at Baker City, in which he has occupied all of the chairs. Both he and his wife belong to the Eastern Star. They are also devoted and consistent members of the Christian church, Mr. Kenedy serving as one of its elders and also as president of the church board. The active life which George W. Kenedy has lived in this community and the deep interest which he has shown in church and religious matters have served to make him well known to a very large proportion of the people of Baker City and county. Interested as he is, and has been, in the less material though perhaps really the more important things of life, he has been among the most valued citizens of the county. His business ability is also well recognized, as is shown in the highly improved and fertile condition of his farm, where he is practicing the most intensive methods of cultivation known to modern agriculture.

ASH PIERCE, who is engaged in agricultural pursuits at Hermiston, was born April 29, 1852, his parents being Ashman and Elizabeth (Mansfield) Pierce, both of whom are of English lineage. The grandparents came to New England at an early date and both Mr. and Mrs. Ashman Pierce were born in Maine. Ashman Pierce was a sea captain, thus following the activity in which many of his ancestors had engaged. He died when his son Ash was but a child and the mother's death occurred in 1900, when she was over seventy years of age. She had three children: Anna, who is the wife of W. G. Smith, of Portland, Maine; Ash, the subject of this review; and David, whose death occurred in Joplin, Missouri, in 1908.

Ash Pierce spent the early years of his life in Maine attending school and assisting his mother in the activities in which she engaged while supporting her family. At the age of fourteen years he removed to Buchanan, Michigan, with his mother and an uncle and they there resided until 1870. When Ash Pierce started to earn his own livelihood he determined upon the jeweler's trade as a life work. He was thus employed for about two years before removing to Laporte, Indiana, where he again worked at his trade for one year. In 1872 he went to Pennsylvania and subsequently to Connecticut, where he finished learning his trade. After returning to Pennsylvania for a short time he removed to Salt Lake City in 1882. Shortly afterward he went to Montana and thence to Washington, stopping en route at Seattle for a short time. In Everett he first entered business independently. After four years, however, he gave up the jewelry business and purchased a farm on Whilby Island, which he operated for three years. After going to La Grande, where he remained for a short time, he came to Hermiston in March, 1908, and opened a jewelry shop. He conducted this enterprise while he was preparing to move to his farm. He owns a forty-acre desert claim six miles north of Hermiston. This is situated in the belt which is under irrigation and consequently is valuable land. He purchased his home in Hermiston soon after his arrival here and his is one of the most attractive residences in the city.

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In 1900 Ash Pierce was married, in Everett, Washington, to Mrs. Etta Pulley, a native of Wisconsin and a daughter of John V. Woodhouse, the inventor of the Woodhouse Water Back, which is universally used in lead and zinc smelting plants. His death occurred about fifteen years ago at Anacortes, Washington. Mr. Pierce has served as city treasurer for two years, being the third man elected to that office in Hermiston. During his residence in the county he has ever been upright and honorable and the number of his friends is almost coextensive with the circle of his acquaintance. His sterling traits of character, as well as his business ability, have won high regard which is uniformly tendered him.

PAUL D. SHACKELFORD. One of the early settlers of Washington county, to whom belongs the distinction of being a veteran of the Yakima Indian war, is Paul D. Shackelford, who during the fifty-eight years of his residence in the state has endured practically all of the hardships and privations that devolve upon a pioneer settler. He was born in Casey county, Kentucky, on the 26th of March, 1826, and is a son of Nicholas H. and Nancy (Elder) Shackelford. The parents spent their entire lives in the Blue Grass state, the mother passing away when seventy-five years old and the father attaining the remarkable age of four score and ten. To Mr. and Mrs. Shackelford there were born nine children, as follows: Emily, James and William, who were both killed in the Civil war; Paul D., our subject; Frances, who is living in Kansas; Priscilla and Jewell, both of whom are deceased; Annie, who is living in Evansville, Indiana; and John, who died in infancy.

Reared at home Paul D. Shackelford acquired a common-school education and began to make his own way in the world upon attaining his majority. When little more than a boy he began operating a distillery, continuing in this occupation for fourteen years. In 1852 he removed to Missouri and the following spring he started across the plains to Oregon, arriving in Oregon City, on the 29th of September, 1853. He worked out until 1854, in which year he filed on a donation claim of one hundred and sixty acres in Washington county, that he operated until 1880, when he disposed of it. Soon thereafter he entered a homestead in Tillamook county, that he proved up on, but eight years later he sold it and returned to Washington county, locating in the vicinity of Beaverton, where he is now living retired. He still owns an eighty-acre tract of fine timber land in Tillamook county, that has not been cleared. When Mr. Shackelford first located in Oregon, the state was but sparsely settled and there were great stretches of unbroken prairie and extensive forests infested by the Indians, who constantly menaced the white settlers. It is hardly possible for the traveler of today to realize, that where there are now thriving towns provided with all of the comforts of modern civilization, less than fifty years ago the red men were hunting wild game. The prairies have been converted into fertile grain fields and bearing orchards, while the Indian's wigwam has given way to the modern residence of the white man. Mr. Shackelford has been an interested observer of this transformation and relates many thrilling experiences of those early days. On the 13th of October, 1855, he enlisted with many of the other settlers and spent two hundred and eight days in striving to suppress the uprising among the Yakimas, returning to his claim in the spring of 1856. They encountered many hardships at this time, often being without rations, their only food being horse-flesh and such wild roots and berries as they found in the woods. Although he was so fortunate as never to be wounded, he was permanently crippled by having his horse fall upon him, an affliction, which handicapped him during his entire active career.

On the 20th of November, 1856, Mr. Shackelford consummated his plans for a home by his marriage to Miss Elizabeth Barnes. She was born in Pennsylvania, on the 1st of April, 1839, and is a daughter of John C. and Amanda (Moore) Barnes. The parents were also natives of the Keystone state, the father's birth having occurred on May 20, 1808, and that of the mother on the 20th of February, 1815. They continued to make their home in Pennsylvania until 1849, when they removed to Iowa, where they lived for four years, before crossing the plains to Oregon. Upon their arrival in this state they first located in Yamhill county, but in 1854 they came to Washington county. Here the father filed on a donation claim of three hundred and twenty acres that he operated until his death in December, 1870. He was long survived by his widow, who passed away on the 18th of March, 1903. Five children were born to Mr. and Mrs. Barnes, of whom Mrs. Shackelford is the second in order of birth, the others being as follows: Sarah, who was born on the 14th of September, 1836; Jemima, whose birth occurred on Christmas day, 1842; Amanda J., who was born on April 14, 1845; and Flora, whose birth occurred on the 8th of September, 1848. All of the family with the exception of Mrs. Shackelford reside in Yamhill county. Mr. and Mrs. Shackelford were the parents of two sons and one daughter. William T., who was born on the 29th of December, 1858, has never married and is engaged in the operation of thirty acres of land, that formerly comprised a part of the donation claim of his maternal grandfather, twenty acres of which he has brought under high cultivation. Mary C., who was born on the 20th of November, 1860, engaged in teaching for a time, having been identified with both the public and mission schools, but she subsequently withdrew from this occupation and went into the millinery business in Portland, Oregon. She is now living in Lincoln county, Oregon. Herbert D., the youngest member of the family was born on the 5th of April, 1863, and is now residing in this county.

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The family all hold membership in the Methodist Episcopal church and Mr. Shackelford votes the republican ticket, but he has never prominently participated in political affairs. He is widely known in the county, being one of the very few survivors of the early pioneer period, both he and his wife belonging to that estimable band, who through their courage and fortitude made possible the advent of a newer civilization, thus promoting the development of the country and enabling Oregon to become recognized as one of the foremost states of the west.

JOHN J. PEEBLER, who formerly engaged extensively in farming and in the cattle business, is now living retired at La Grande. His birth occurred in Jefferson county, Iowa, July 25, 1836, and he is a son of Samuel C. and Dorothy (Fouch) Peebler. The father, a native of Illinois, was married in that state and later removed to Iowa, settling on a farm near Fairfield, where he died when his son John J. was only six years old. He and his wife were greatly attached to each other and her death occurred the day following her husband's. They were both buried in the same grave. In their family were seven children: Mrs. Eliza West, now deceased; William H., who died at Milo, Iowa, in 1912; John J., of this review; Mrs. Mary Lyonberger, of Phoenix, Arizona, who died in April, 1912; Michael, a resident of Fairfield, Iowa; Samuel C., of Batavia, Iowa; and Mrs. Syran Glenn, who died in Boise, Idaho, in 1910.

After the death of his parents John J. Peebler went to live with an uncle, David Peebler, and at the age of sixteen years crossed the plains with his uncle's family in a train of between forty and fifty wagons, being six months on the way and seeing no house from the time he left Council Bluffs, Iowa, until he arrived at The Dalles, Oregon, in 1853. He remained under his uncle's roof until he was nineteen years of age, when he went to Yreka, California, and engaged in mining with a fair degree of success. He then went to the Umpqua valley, where he remained until 1863, at which time he came to the Grande Ronde valley, locating on a farm of three hundred and twenty acres of state land in the Ladd canyon. He resided on this place for forty-five years, being engaged in farming and stock-raising. He still owns this homestead and it is now managed by his two sons, Henry and Adolph. In 1908 he removed to La Grande, where he now lives retired.

In 1859 Mr. Peebler was united in marriage with Miss Amelia Antoinette Grubb, who was born in Grundy county, Missouri, December 8, 1843, and was the youngest daughter of Thompson Grubb. Her father crossed the plains with his family in 1850, settling in the Willamette valley, where he remained until he passed away, at the age of seventy-four, his wife having died when the daughter, Mrs. Peebler, was only a little child. Mr. and Mrs. Peebler have become the parents of seven children: one who died in infancy; Olive, now Mrs. John Green, of Emmett, Idaho; Richard, of Grande Ronde valley; Mrs. Mary Allen, now deceased; Henry, living on his father's homestead; Clara, now Mrs. Allen, of La Grande; and Adolph, on the family homestead.

Mr. Peebler, having passed so many years in Oregon, has been a witness of the development of the country from the primitive to its present state. In 1863, when he first settled in the Grande Ronde valley, the nearest source of supplies was Walla Walla, Washington, and with a plow and a dozen chickens which he purchased from there, he started farming. He and his wife early learned the makeshifts of the pioneer and often used browned wheat as a substitute for coffee. An active and progressive man, Mr. Peebler steadily advanced and is now able to spend his last days in ease and plenty, surrounded by many friends and acquaintances. Fraternally he is a member of the Masonic order.

J. E. SCHROEDER is the popular and accomplished assistant cashier of the First National Bank of Condon, in which city he has his residence. His birth occurred in St. Louis county, Missouri, on the 13th of October, 1879, his parents being William and Anna (Schott) Schroeder, the former a native of Germany and the latter of St. Louis, Missouri. William Schroeder was reared in his native country, where he learned the trade of a cigarmaker, and while yet a young man he emigrated to the United States and located in the city of St. Louis, where he worked for some time as a journeyman cigarmaker. He was a young man of correct habits, frugal and ambitious, giving prompt attention to his business, and by the practice of rigid economy during three short years he saved sufficient means with which to establish himself in business. With this end in view he removed to Manchester, Missouri, where he at once engaged in the manufacture of cigars. He prospered in this venture from the first and became prominently identified with the industry. He remained in business in Manchester until his death, which occurred in 1904. At the time of his demise he was succeeded in business by his son, August. Mrs. Anna Schroeder, his widow, is still living, residing at the old home in Manchester, Missouri.

J. E. Schroeder was reared at home, acquiring an education in the public schools. In 1899, at the age of twenty, he emigrated to Oregon, locating in Gilliam county. He found employment at once on a stock ranch, where he remained for one year, after which he engaged in the stock business for himself, using the unoccupied near-by government lands as range for his cattle. While engaged in this enterprise he secured a position as manager for the Kerr Gifford Company's warehouses at Clem and Mikkalo in Gilliam county. While thus occupied he employed help to care for his cattle. Mr. Schroeder, by inheritance possessing a temperament distinguished for diligence in practical business matters, found time while attending to the interests of his employers

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and also to his own affairs, to attend Holmes Business College in Portland, from which institution he was graduated in 1906. In June, 1909, he resigned his position with the warehouse company to accept the proffered position of assistant cashier of the First National Bank of Condon—a position he still fills to the entire satisfaction of the institution and its patrons. He owns two hundred acres of land on Hay creek, to which he is giving his attention. His fraternal relations are with Mount Moriah Lodge, No. 95, F. & A. M., and Endymion Lodge, No. 66, K. P. In politics he is a republican. Mr. Schroeder is still an unmarried man. He is one of the representative citizens of Gilliam county, in which his name is a synonym for integrity and success in business.

WILLIAM I. BONEBRAKE is the owner of two hundred and fifteen acres constituting a fine dairy ranch about six miles from Marshfield, Oregon. He was born in Iowa, November 10, 1854, his parents being William F. and Fannie (Mellinger) Bonebrake, both of whom were natives of Indiana. They were married, however, in Ohio, where they resided for a few years and then removed to Iowa, where the father purchased land and engaged in farming until 1862, when he came to Oregon by ox teams and settled at Roseburg where he resided until 1867. He then returned by wagon to Iowa, but in 1869 again came to Oregon, driving a mule team across the plains and over the mountains to the northwest. Once more he took up his abode in Roseburg but soon afterward removed to Coos bay and settled on Catching's Inlet where he secured one hundred and sixty acres of land upon which he made his home for three years. He then again located in Roseburg where he lived until 1874, after which he spent the succeeding nine years in Coos bay. In 1883 he became a resident of the state of Washington, where he remained until his death in November, 1887. His wife surviving him, passed away on January 12, 1890, at Goldendale, Washington. Throughout his entire life the father was engaged in preaching as a minister of the United Brethren church. In the family were nine children of whom six are still living: Mrs. Hargan, who makes her home near Portland; Noah, who is living near Oregon City; Mrs. Elmore, of Colusa, California; Allen, a practicing physician of Goldendale, Washington; Mrs. Quinn, of Hoquiam, Washington; and William I.

The last named was but seven years of age when the father brought him to the northwest. He again crossed the plains on two other occasions when the family returned to Iowa, and again when they came to Oregon. They had the usual experiences that befell the travelers who made the long journey by wagon to the Pacific coast. They had some encounters with the Indians and met with many hardships while on the way, but at length the long distance was covered and the family was pleasantly established in a home on the Pacific coast.

William I. Bonebrake remained with his parents until his marriage in 1880, when he began farming in Coos county, since which time he has followed that occupation, making dairying a special feature of his business. At the present writing he is the owner of two hundred and fifteen acres of good land constituting one of the fine dairy ranches of this part of the state. It is conveniently located about six miles from Marshfield and there as well as in other districts he finds a ready sale for his dairy products.

Mr. Bonebrake wedded Miss Elma Cutlip, who was born in Oregon, and is a daughter of Abraham and Hariett (Cook) Cutlip, who were natives of Virginia and Ohio, respectively. They settled in Iowa for a time and crossed the plains to Oregon with ox teams in 1852. They settled in the Willamette valley where they resided until 1865, when they took up their abode on the Coos river in Coos county, where both passed away, the mother dying in 1895, while the father's death occurred in 1910. In their family were seven children, of whom one died in infancy, the others being: Mark, living in Coos county; Mrs. Bonebrake; Mrs. Matilda Smith, who resides on a farm on the Coos river; Sherman, whose home is on Daniel's creek in Coos county; Leonard, who died at the age of twenty years; and Roselia, who married Henry La Cross, and died at the age of eighteen years. Mr. and Mrs. Bonebrake have become the parents of four children: H. R., who was born October 24, 1881, and died on August 9, 1896; S. Maude, who was born February 14, 1883, and is the wife of William Conklin of Coos county; Elsie, who was born on September 25, 1885, and is the wife of E. R. Stevens, of Chippewa Lake, Michigan; and Mabel C., who was born September 11, 1888, and is the wife of C. S. Masters of Coos county.

Mr. Bonebrake votes with the republican party, but takes no active part in politics. He belongs to the Grange at Marshfield and he and his wife hold membership in the United Brethren church. They are interested in all that pertains to the moral progress of the community and Mr. Bonebrake has also contributed to its material development through the careful conduct of his business interests. He carries on dairying along modern and scientific lines and a ready sale of his products on the market has assured him of continuous success.

GEORGE JACOB BOWMAN. The city of Baker was organized in 1874 and George J. Bowman became one of its first councilmen, in which position he continued for four consecutive terms and was made president of the council. He thus did much in shaping the policy and molding the destiny of the city and he has ever been an advocate of all that pertains to its upbuilding and substantial improvement. He was born in Wilgartswiesen, Germany, January 1, 1829, and is therefore eighty-three years of age—one of the venerable and honored residents of Baker county. His parents, Michael and Elizabeth (Braun) Bowman were natives of Germany.

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WILLIAM I. BONEBRAKE AND FAMILY

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The father, born in 1787 died in 1838 when his son George was nine years of age, having been accidentally killed by a heavy timber falling upon him. His wife, who was born in 1788, died about 1862. In their family were five children, Phillip, Elizabeth, David, Margaret and George J., but the last named is the only one now living.

As passenger on a westward bound sailing vessel, the New Brunswick, George J. Bowman came to the United States, landing at New Orleans on the 7th of December, 1848. He worked through the succeeding winter at the wagon and carriage-making trade and then proceeded northward to Louisville, Kentucky, where he again engaged in a similar business. He afterward located in Woodford county, Kentucky, where he continued until 1852 when he went to Missouri, living in that state until 1873. About that time he heard and heeded the call of the west and came to the present site of Baker, although the city was not incorporated until the following year. Here he purchased the property where the Grand Hotel now stands and there engaged in the wagon-making business which he followed until 1878. He was thus associated with industrial interests from an early day in the city's history and has made for himself a creditable position in business circles and has also gained a gratifying return for his labor.

It has not been in business lines alone, however, that Mr. Bowman has left his impress for good upon the welfare of the city. His service as city councilman for four consecutive terms beginning in 1874, has been an element of value in establishing the city upon a foundation that has ever promoted its stability. He favored many movements for the general good and instituted plans and projects which have been beneficial elements as the years have gone by. He was one of the first school directors and organized the school of that day into three departments.

On the 9th of November, 1854. Mr. Bowman was married to Miss Elizabeth Tweedie, a daughter of David and Rachel (Bennett) Tweedie, who were natives of Scotland and England respectively. The mother was brought to America when she was two years of age. Her father introduced the first glass manufacturing into this country. Mrs. Tweedie was born February 6, 1817, and died February 11, 1894. Mr. Tweedie was born January 11, 1809, and passed away in Missouri January 15, 1894. In their family were eleven children of whom six are yet living: Mrs. Bowman; John, of Missouri; Esther, who is the widow of Joseph H. Wilson and lives in Missouri; Ella, the wife of John Long of the same state; Thomas of Missouri; and Lee, the wife of Oliver Long, also living in that state. The five who have passed away are William, Margaret, David Gordon, Jane and Mary. Mrs. Bowman was born August 13, 1835, and by her marriage has become the mother of nine children. Kate May, born November 28, 1855, was married in 1876 to Frank Palmer of Baker, and they have two children, Eula, the wife of John Warren of Baker and the mother of one son, Leland; and George, who married Miss Jean Scott and has two children, George and Chester Scott Palmer. George Joel Bowman, the second of the family, died in Missouri when but four months old. Mary E., born July 25, 1860, is the wife of J. P. Halley of Richland, Oregon, and they have three children, Maude; Eleanor, who married Sol Mason and has three children, Edna, Floyd and one still in infancy; and Earl, who married Miss Nova Lloyd. James Wiles Bowman, born February 28, 1863, died in Boise, Idaho. Frank Bowman of Baker, who was born January 17, 1866, married Miss Alice Shelton of Baker and has three children, Lloyd who married Miss Anna Westlake; Ross and Eva. John T. Bowman, born October 3, 1868, married Mollie Poe, who died leaving two children, Lester and Ethel, of Wallowa county. He chose for a second wife Miss Ella Bloom. Robert B. Bowman, born April 24, 1872, married Miss Belle Willett, Beulah Bowman, born April 12, 1876, is the wife of W. H. Stocker of Portland. Myrtle Bowman, born May 7, 1880, is the wife of J. W. Campbell of Richland, Oregon, and their three children are Dorothy, Elizabeth and George.

Mr. Bowman has long been a democrat in his political views, and the offices which he has held have found in him a faithful and worthy incumbent. Both he and his wife are devoted and loyal members of the Presbyterian church in which he has served as an elder for fifty-eight years. His life has indeed been an upright and honorable one, actuated by lofty principles, and now in the evening of his days he can look back over the past without regret and forward to the future without fear. He has not only done his duty but has extended a helping hand wherever aid was needed, being always ready to assist a fellow traveler upon life's journey.

MRS. ELIZA E. KELLY is a native of the state of Iowa and a daughter of James and Mary Hutton, both of whom were born in Illinois. In an early day they went to Iowa with some of the venturesome pioneers and after remaining there for some time, decided to remove to the far west, which held out to them superior advantages. In 1864 they crossed the plains with ox teams, locating in Baker county, Oregon, where the father engaged in agricultural pursuits. Here the parents resided during the remainder of their lives. In their family were ten children.

Eliza E. Hutton was married in 1870 to D. Kelly and to them five children were born: Agnes, who is the wife of William Douglas, of Portland; Anna, now Mrs. L. Hackett, of Baker county; W. C., also a resident of Baker county; James A.; and Eugene, at home. Mrs. Kelly is one of those women in whom was born the true spirit of courage and a generous amount of perseverance. She is living on her own farm, comprising twenty-five acres of fertile soil, well improved, which is devoted to dairying. She is one of the pioneer settlers of Baker county and by her labors and example has become a well known figure in the life of the community. Her religious affiliation is with the Second Baptist church of Baker, where she is a faithful mem-

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ber and a regular attendant. Mrs. Kelly was born and reared in an atmosphere of activity. Her parents, being among the early settlers of the middle west, were familiar with those hardships which were the rule and not the exception with the pioneers of that section. This spirit of the settlers of the middle west served the Hutton family well in their long, tedious passage across the plains with ox teams and in their earlier experiences in Baker county, the family having settled here at a very early date. Mrs. Kelly is known to a large number of people in Baker City and among them she is respected as well as admired for her business qualifications as well as for the excellent social qualities which she possesses.

COLONEL ALFRED COLLIS. Among the men now living in Cascade Locks who fought for the Union in the Civil war, Colonel Alfred Collis stands prominent. His birth occurred in Virginia on the 20th of May, 1840, his parents being H. and Margaret (Taylor) Collis, both natives and lifelong residents of Virginia. To them eleven children were born, two of whom survive: Alfred, who is the subject of this review; and Susan J., who is the widow of James Props of Virginia.

After spending some time in the district schools and also assisting his father in various ways Alfred Collis left home at the age of eighteen years to start upon an independent career. He was variously employed until 1864, when he enlisted in Company E of the Coles Cavalry and served until the close of the war when he was discharged in Baltimore, Maryland. At one time during his service he was shot through the right foot in an engagement at Charleston, but so great was his enthusiasm for the cause for which he was fighting that as soon as he was physically able to do so he reentered active service. His life as a soldier made a deep impression upon him and appealed to him so strongly that in 1879 he again enlisted in the army, this time joining the regular army at Omaha, Nebraska, and serving for nine years before his discharge on the 28th of June, 1888, in Arizona. He had given his best years to military service and when he came to Cascade Locks in 1890 he was given a position by the government as lock tender. For several years he continued this work, and since his retirement from active life has been residing in Cascade Locks.

In 1868 Colonel Collis was married to Miss Mary Dietz, whose birth occurred in Virginia and who passed away eighteen months after their marriage.

Colonel Collis has been for many years a stanch advocate of the republican party but he has never aspired to official honors. He is a worthy member of the Cascade Locks Post of the Grand Army of the Republic, and at the gatherings of his comrades he renews his associations of long years ago on the battle field, and recognizes that the greatest honor of his life was his service under the stars and stripes. Colonel Collis has ever been a respected and patriotic citizen and an energetic man who has contributed to the extent of his ability to any undertaking which might have benefited by his support.

JOHN P. MYERS, M. D. Among the prosperous men of Union may be mentioned Dr. John P. Myers, who since settling here in 1906 has built up a splendid practice. He was born in Mercer county, Missouri, February 9, 1874, a son of A. F. and Anna Elizabeth Myers, the father a native of Ohio and the mother of Illinois. The wedding of the parents was celebrated in the latter state and shortly afterward they removed to Missouri, where their children were born. In 1884 the family removed to Washington and settled in the town of Woodland, where they remained until 1889, when they came to Oregon, locating in Clatskanie, where the parents are still making their home. In their family were three sons and two daughters, of whom John P. Myers was the fourth in order of birth.

Dr. Myers was given a high-school education at Clatskanie, after which he took a one year's course at the State Normal School. He then entered the University of Michigan, where he spent two years, then, going to Chicago, became a student in the Northwestern University, from which he was graduated with the class of 1904, winning the degree of M. D. He immediately returned to his home town and began the practice of his profession, continuing there until 1906, and in March of that year he settled in Union, where he has since been engaged in the active work of his profession, having built up a large practice.

Dr. Myers was married, August 14, 1904, to Miss Dora Liggett, of Independence, Oregon. Her father passed away when she was an infant, and her mother died two years later. Dr. Myers is an active member of the Union Commercial Club and takes a deep interest in all of the affairs affecting the community. He is a good citizen and is also regarded as an able physician. He has an extensive acquaintance throughout the county and his popularity and practice are continuously growing.

C. J. GULLIFORD, who is interested in a hardware business in Echo, is also the owner of a livery barn there and sixty-five acres of alfalfa land, a portion of which is within the city limits. He is a prominent resident of the city and has been for about five years a member of the municipal council. He was born in Lane county, Oregon, August 28, 1863, the son of John and Julia Gulliford, the former a native of Illinois and the latter of Missouri. The parents emigrated to Oregon about 1855 and settled in Lane county, where they resided for about ten years. The father then removed to Umatilla county, taking up a government claim there, upon which he resided until his death, in 1899. In his earlier years in Oregon he had participated in the Indian war. The mother is still living and makes her home

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in Pendleton. They were the parents of nine children, three of whom are deceased. The six children who are now living are all residents of Umatilla county.

C. J. Gulliford was given a common-school education and remained at home with his parents until he attained the age of twenty-five years. At that age he engaged in the stock business in Umatilla county, an occupation which he followed for fifteen years. He then came to Echo, where he operated a farm adjoining the city limits. He is now engaged in the hardware business in partnership with Ed Hammer and also is the owner of a livery barn in Echo. He likewise owns sixty-five acres of alfalfa land, part of which adjoins the town, the remainder lying inside the corporation.

In 1896 Mr. Gulliford was married to Miss Kate McCullough, of Umatilla county, a daughter of J. M. and Lucinda (Johnson) McCullough. The parents came to this county at an early date and the father took part in the Indian war. His death occurred in 1908 but the mother is still living. Mr. and Mrs. Gulliford are the parents of three children, Clephane, Daphne and Myrtle, all at home.

In his fraternal connections Mr. Gulliford is a member of the Odd Fellows lodge at Echo and also belongs to the Woodmen and Maccabees lodges. His political allegiance is given to the republican party and he has been prominently connected with city politics for many years, having been a member of the city council for about five years. Both he and his wife are members of the Baptist church and are actively engaged in the work of that denomination. Mr. Gulliford is one of the popular business men of Echo, where he is widely known and universally respected. He is a progressive, enthusiastic citizen and readily lends his assistance to every good work calculated to advance the interests of his city and community. He is active in business affairs, giving the closest attention to all details and having long since won an enviable reputation for integrity and general efficiency.

JOHN PETERSON, who now lives retired in Helix, was born in Norway, October 15, 1840, a son of Peter and Andrea Benson, both of whom were also natives of Norway, the father born in 1799 and the mother in 1802. Both died in their native land, the mother having reached the advanced age of ninety-six years. In their family were two children.

John Peterson received a common-school education and remained in Norway until he was twenty-eight years of age. On coming to America, he settled at Omaha, Nebraska, where he resided five years. Subsequently he went to Rock Springs, Wyoming, but after five years removed to Walla Walla, Washington, residing there one year. In 1878 he came to Umatilla county, Oregon, where he purchased a farm, residing thereon for four years. He then sold that place and bought one hundred and sixty acres but after five years sold the second farm and purchased six hundred and forty acres, which he still owns and which is highly improved. In 1906 he retired from active work and purchased a residence in Helix, where he has since resided.

In Omaha, Nebraska, in 1872, Mr. Peterson wedded Miss Anna Ingerman, who is a native of Norway, and came to America on the same ship with her future husband. To them have been born eleven children: Paul J., now a resident of Wyoming; Emma, the wife of Ed Oliver, of Umatilla county; Henry, of the same county; Agnes, the wife of Ed Brotherton, of Walla Walla, Washington; Clara, the wife of Charles Young, of Wyoming; Anna, who married Addison Stockman, of Umatilla county; John L. and Jens C., both of that county; Fred, now in South America; Ellen, the wife of Frank Rame, of Umatilla county; and one deceased.

Mr. Peterson gives his allegiance to the republican party, and he has always been greatly interested in the cause of education, having now served for over twenty years as school director. Both he and Mrs. Peterson are faithful members of the Christian church and they are most highly honored and valued citizens in the county where they have chosen to make their home.

NELSON SCHOONOVER. Success — the thing for which all men strive—is not so difficult of attainment but means continuous effort day by day and a neglect of no opportunity. A life of continuous industry has brought to Nelson Schoonover his present position as a substantial citizen, whose well directed labors in former years now make it possible for him to live in comfortable retirement. One of Pennsylvania's native sons, he was born in Bushkill, Pike county, on the 24th of May, 1838, and was the third in order of birth in a family of nine children. His father, Samuel G. Schoonover, whose entire life was passed in Pennsylvania, came of sturdy Holland stock. The mother, whose maiden name was Mary Heller, was a native of Germany.

In the city of his nativity Nelson Schoonover spent the period of his boyhood and youth, and there acquired his education in the public schools. In 1858, when a youth of twenty years, he went to Fort Wayne, Indiana, and there remained for six years, during which time he was engaged at milling. When the Civil war broke out he decided to put aside personal interests and enlist for service in support of the Union, but his employers insisted on his remaining at his work and he continued with them until 1864, in which year he joined a number of others who were preparing to go to the mines of Idaho. They made the trip as far as Marshalltown, Iowa, by train, and there purchased mule teams with which they continued their journey. Although they were worried many times by the attitude of the Indians, they never suffered any actual attack, but a party who had camped on the banks of the Platte river directly opposite them were molested by the red men and two of their number killed. Without serious interruption Mr. Schoonover and his companions completed

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their journey, arriving at Idaho City late in the fall of the year, but he did not tarry long at that place, continuing his journey to Walla Walla, Washington, where in the spring of 1865 he took up the business of freighting. After being thus engaged for some time he came to Union county, Oregon, locating on property which is now incorporated within the city limits of Union. Shortly after his arrival here he entered the employ of Crawford, Slocum & Company, large freighting contractors, who made a specialty of government work, and he continued in their employ for a number of years, at the same time carrying on agricultural pursuits. After the railroad had been built through this district he gave his entire time to his farming and stock-raising interests and in that line he met with success. He manifested the same spirit of industry and enterprise which had characterized his labors while in the employ of others, with the result that his efforts were rewarded with a degree of prosperity that eventually made it possible for him to withdraw from active life, and he retired from business with a handsome competence. He now resides in Union in an attractive home which he owns and which is popular among his many friends for its hospitality.

On the 19th of March, 1876, Mr. Schoonover was married to Miss Anna Morrison, a native of Scotland, and both occupy a high place in the social circles in which they move. Mr. Schoonover is public-spirited to a high degree and is now serving as a member of the city council, in which capacity he does all in his power to further the interests of the community in which he resides. He has made a number of trips to various points in the United States, and is a man of genial disposition, whose companionship is enjoyed by a large number of warm personal friends.

WILLIAM BROWN, who was engaged in farming near Baker, was born March 1, 1841, in the northern part of Ireland, a son of James F. and Eliza Brown, who were farming people and immigrated to the United States when their son William was but three years of age. They first settled in Illinois and afterward removed to Wisconsin, spending their remaining days near Mineral Point. In their family were six sons and six daughters, the latter all yet living, while three of the sons also survive.

William Brown was educated in the common schools of Lost Grove, Wisconsin, and when twenty-one years of age made the long and arduous journey across the plains, arriving in Auburn, Oregon, in 1862. He there worked on the Auburn canal, which was then being constructed to furnish water to the mining camps of Auburn and vicinity. In 1863 he went to Idaho and engaged in mining until 1865, when he returned to Baker county. Here he took up the work of farming, which he followed until 1867, and during that period he purchased the John R. McLain claim, near Pocahontas, about eight miles northwest of Baker City. He afterward homesteaded the property, improved it and converted it into a valuable tract of land, on which he carried on farming and stock-raising, also hauling wood to Baker City. For six years during the summer months he supplied the Mormon basin and mining camps of that vicinity with wood, blocks for flumes and charcoal for blacksmith work. He was engaged in this work during the time of the Bannock Indian war of 1878. These mining camps were often largely occupied by Chinamen who were engaged in mining and no man ever stood higher in the estimation of these miners than Mr. Brown, because of his fair and honorable dealing. Whatever he said was with them "allrightee." If he gave his word that he was furnishing one or one hundred cords of wood, so many hundred blocks or so many bushels of charcoal, they knew that was the amount supplied. He was familiarly called Billie Brown through the mining camps and all knew that his word was to be relied upon under every condition. They recognized that he gave value received for the gold dust weighed out to pay the bills, amounting to thousands of dollars each year. He was very successful in his work and won a substantial profit on his business there. He continued to reside on the old homestead farm to the time of his death, which occurred on the 14th of March, 1902.

On the 30th of January, 1869, at Pocahontas, Oregon, Mr. Brown was married to Miss Julia A. Dean, a daughter of Owen R. Dean. Her father was a Kentuckian and her mother was from Indiana. After their marriage they removed to Missouri, where they lived for about fifteen years, and in 1865 they crossed the plains with teams to Oregon, settling near Pocahontas. There they followed mining and farming until 1869, at which time they removed to Texas, where they resided until called to their final rest. They were the parents of thirteen children, eight sons and five daughters, of whom four sons are yet living and one daughter, Mrs. Brown, who by her marriage became the mother of one son and three daughters. The eldest, Lillie M., born May 1, 1870, is the wife of W. B. Landreth, and they have one son and one daughter. Harvey K., born August 17, 1871, married Dorcas A. Montgomery and has a daughter, Ethel M. Abbey M., born September 30, 1876, is the wife of W. A. Payton, and they have two sons and two daughters. Ella M., the wife of M. S. Osborne has two sons and two daughters. All reside in Baker county. At his death Mr. Brown made no will, leaving all of his property to his family, feeling that they would do right by each other in the matter of disposition, and in this he was not mistaken. The land has since been divided among the children and Mrs. Brown received the old home place—an example of fair and just dealing that might well be followed by many.

At different times Mr. Brown was called to public office by his fellow townsmen who recognized his worth and ability. He served as county commissioner for nearly eight years and died on the 14th of March, 1902, just a few months before the expiration of his term of office. He was also school

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WILLIAM BROWN

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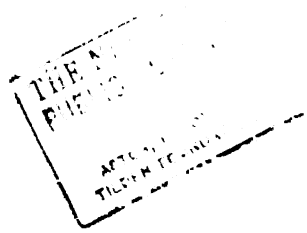

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director for a number of years, the cause of education finding in him a warm friend. In politics, he was a republican, interested in the work and success of the party, but he would not stoop to the practice of putting up money to buy or influence votes. He became his party's candidate for sheriff when the county was largely democratic. His popularity was so great that twenty dollars placed in a certain saloon would have turned votes enough to elect him. He said he did not approve of acquiring office by any such methods although the office at that time paid about ten thousand dollars a year. His only son, Harvey, although a republican, was elected sheriff in 1902 and again in 1904. He made an excellent record in office, cleared up outstanding delinquent taxes closer than any sheriff that had preceded him in Baker county, and he used every opportunity to enforce the law. He was a candidate for the nomination as governor in 1906 and received a very large vote. He was a popular and valued member of the Elks and Knights of Pythias lodges and the Ancient Order of United Workmen, all of Baker. He met death at the hands of an assassin, who placed a bomb at his gate which exploded as he passed through the gate about 10:30 p. m., on the night of September 30, 1907. He passed away on the 1st of October, and his was the largest funeral ever seen in Baker. At one time rewards amounting to fifteen thousand dollars were offered for the arrest and conviction of the assassin but so far no clew to the guilty party has been found. His death was a great loss to the community at large for he was a highly esteemed and valued citizen—a man whose worth was widely acknowledged.

The father, William Brown, held membership in the Masonic fraternity, becoming a member of Baker Lodge, No. 47, A. F. & A. M., on March 13, 1873. He was an active worker in the lodge throughout the remainder of his life and was also a great temperance worker, doing all in his power to check the liquor traffic. He was a consistent and faithful member of the Methodist Episcopal church for thirty-two years, was long one of its trustees, was superintendent of the Sunday school for a number of years and took an active and helpful part in all lines of church work. Baker county long numbered William Brown among her representative and honored residents.

W. T. EHLE is the genial and hospitable proprietor of the Sumpter Hotel under whose direction this popular hostelry has succeeded in gaining an enviable reputation. He was born in Missouri, November 27, 1873, the son of Robert H. and Mary E. (Lake) Ehle, the former a native of Wisconsin and the latter of Missouri. The father passed away in April, 1911, but the mother survives and is now residing in Oklahoma City. They were the parents of five children, three of whom are still living.

W. T. Ehle was educated in the common and high schools and remained at home with his parents until he attained his majority. Shortly afterward he obtained a civil service appointment in the State Reformatory, a position which he held for six years, and during the time he was thus employed satisfactorily discharged all of the duties devolving upon him. In 1898 he enlisted for military service in the Spanish-American war, joining Company I, of the Fifth Missouri Regiment of Volunteers. He was in this service throughout the war and at its close he returned to Missouri, where he remained for a short time and then set out for Alaska and there entered the employ of the Alaska Mercantile Company. Subsequently he removed to California and later came to Sumpter, where he became proprietor of the Sumpter Hotel.

Mr. Ehle's political allegiance is given to the democratic party. He has never been an office seeker, preferring to give his undivided attention to the hotel which he is so successfully conducting. He is affiliated with the Fraternal Order of Eagles, in which he is an active and valued member. As the manager of the Sumpter Hotel he is favorably known and his reputation as a landlord is justly merited. He takes an active interest in the civic, fraternal and social welfare of Sumpter and his first consideration is always for the interests and comfort of his guests.

WILLIAM H. BOYD has been a resident of Umatilla county since 1891 and a citizen of Echo since 1900. He is one of the leading merchants of Echo, giving strict attention to his business and universal satisfaction to his patrons. He was born in the state of New York on the 23d of November, 1853, his parents being John and Sarah (Hobbs) Boyd, the former a native of Canada and the latter of the Empire state. They were married in New York and there continued to reside until they passed away. They reared a family of seven children, six of whom are still living.

William H. Boyd was reared at home and educated in the public schools. He remained with his parents until he was fifteen years of age, at which time he engaged as a farm laborer and continued in this occupation until he attained his twenty-second year. On reaching his majority and having had some limited experience in self-support and personal business affairs, he concluded to go to the far west and at once decided to try his fortune in the Golden state. On reaching California he did not find conditions quite to his liking and after remaining for eight months he removed to Oregon in 1876, settling near Portland. He rented a farm in Yamhill county and engaged in farming for the following six years. He eventually disposed of his agricultural interests and removed to the state of Washington, whee he engaged in the stock business until 1891. In that year he sold out and decided to change his location and his business as well. Upon disposing of his property he immediately removed to Umatilla, where he was engaged in merchandising until 1900. He then removed to Echo, where he established himself in a

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general mercantile business and has met with gratifying success.

In the year 1877 Mr. Boyd was united in marriage to Miss Emma Wright, a native of Yamhill county, Oregon, and a daughter of Thomas and Elizabeth Wright, who were natives of Missouri and Tennessee respectively. They crossed the plains in 1847 and filed upon a donation claim in Yamhill county, where they established their home and spent their remaining days. Their children were ten in number. Mr. and Mrs. Boyd are the parents of three children, namely: Jessie P., who is the wife of A. C. Armstrong, of Portland, Oregon; Thomas M., who is in the service of the Oregon-Washington Railroad & Navigation Company; and Agnes M., the wife of A. L. Wigle, of Echo.

Since age conferred upon him the right of franchise Mr. Boyd has supported the men and measures of the democracy. Fraternally he is identified with the Masons, belonging to Lodge No. 40 at Umatilla, in which he has filled all of the chairs. His wife is a consistent and faithful member of the Presbyterian church. Mr. Boyd is one of the progressive and up-to-date business men of the thriving city of Echo. His store is known throughout the entire county and his patronage is widely distributed throughout that portion of the state. He is among the ready supporters of every measure seeking to advance the best interests of his county and the community in which he lives.

CARL KUPERS, the able and conscientious cashier of the Bank of Helix, was born in Germany, September 30, 1875, and is a son of Claus and Mary Kupers, both of whom were natives of Germany and came to America in 1898. The father was a railroad man and is now drawing a pension from the company by which he was employed. He resides with his son Carl, the mother having passed away in 1909. In their family were eight children, three of whom are yet living: Henry, who makes his home in Germany; Augusta, the wife of August Kupers, of Umatilla county; and Carl, of this review.

The last named received his education in his native country and when but seventeen years of age came to America, locating in Umatilla county, Oregon, where he was employed as a farm hand for three years. Subsequently he purchased a tract of land and began farming for himself. He now owns four hundred and eighty acres of excellent land in this county and nine hundred and sixty acres in Franklin county, all of which is under a high state of cultivation. In 1905 he was one of the organizers of the Bank of Helix and from the start was one of the directors. In 1908 he was elected assistant cashier and in March, 1909, was made cashier, in which capacity he is now so ably serving.

In July, 1908, Mr. Kupers wedded Miss Minnie Ruther, who was born in McLean county, Illinois. Her parents William and Annine Ruther, were natives of Germany and came to America in 1883. In 1907 they settled in Umatilla county, on the farm where the mother is yet living, the father having passed away in 1908. In their family were seven children. Mrs. Kupers died in April, 1909, and her early death was deeply regretted by all who knew her. She was a faithful member of the Lutheran church and her life was carefully guided by its teachings. Mr. Kupers is an earnest worker in the same church and has many friends and acquaintances in Helix. He has been extremely successful both in farming and banking, and he has found here in America the opportunities which are always open to the energetic and ambitious man and through these he has steadily worked his way upward.

EDWIN T. BEERS. Incontrovertible proof of Edwin T. Beers' commendable position in Grand Army circles is given by the fact that since January, 1895, he has served continuously as commander of Joe Hooker Post. He has since January, 1897, been secretary of the Fraternal Union of America. His popularity is based upon substantial qualities of manhood and citizenship, the latter finding expression in his service as a soldier in the Civil war and in his devotion to many elements of public progress since that day. Mr. Beers went to the front from Iowa, his native state. His birth occurred in Mount Pleasant on the 10th of May, 1846. His parents were Elijah and Mary Ann Beers, who afforded their son good educational opportunities so that he supplemented his public-school course in Mount Pleasant by study in the Iowa Wesleyan University. Ere the time for his graduation had arrived, however, hostilities between the north and south had been inaugurated and he laid aside his text-books in order to join the army and aid in defense of the stars and stripes. It was on the 2d of October, 1863, that he enlisted as a member of Company I, Ninth Iowa Volunteer Cavalry, remaining with that command until mustered out at Little Rock, Arkansas, March 15, 1866. Nine days later he was honorably discharged at Davenport, Iowa, and resumed the pursuits of civil life.

In early manhood Mr. Beers learned the brick mason's trade which he long followed, becoming an excellent workman. He eventually took up contract work on his own account. In June, 1876, he came to Oregon and made his way direct to Baker City, where he has since resided. As the years have passed he has prospered in his undertakings and he is now the owner of nine residence properties from which he derives a gratifying income. All through his residence here he has taken an active interest in everything pertaining to the development of the community and to its upbuilding along substantial lines. He served as city councilman from the second ward for six years, dating from November, 1904, to December 1, 1910, and exercised his official prerogatives in support of various progressive measures. He has always voted with the democratic party, his study of the questions and issues of the day leading him to give earnest sup-

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port to that organization. Appreciative of his worth and ability as commanding officer, his comrades have year by year elected him to the highest position in Joe Hooker Post, No. 20, G. A. R., his services as commander covering seventeen years. For fifteen years he has been at the head of the Fraternal Union of America. On the 12th of July, 1875, he joined the Independent Order of Odd Fellows and for twenty-two years he has been the financial secretary of Baker City Lodge, No. 25.

Edwin T. Beers was married at Mount Pleasant, Iowa, January 12, 1869, to Miss Elizabeth J. Casidy, a daughter of Shadrach and Susan (Scott) Casidy, the father an early settler of Henry county, Iowa. Mr. and Mrs. Beers have become the parents of three sons and three daughters: William E., forty-one years of age, who married Miss Lee, of Utah; C. R., thirty-nine years of age; Harry E., twenty-one years of age; Mrs. Anna Harthrong; Rose Elizabeth, the wife of Earl A. Wheeler of Caldwell, Idaho; and Margaret, a graduate of the Baker high school, who is at home. Few among the residents of Baker City are more widely known and none more favorably so than Edwin T. Beers, who in his business, social, political and fraternal relations has ever merited and enjoyed the confidence and good-will of the general public.

WILLIAM H. McKINNEY, M. D., who is successfully engaged in the practice of medicine and surgery at Helix, was born in Missouri, January 6, 1883. He is the son of Andrew J. and Mary (Griffin) McKinney, the father a native of Tennessee and the mother of Missouri. At an early date Andrew J. McKinney went to Missouri, where he met and married Mary Griffin. He died in that state in 1906 and his wife, having preceded him by twenty-one years, passed away in 1885. In their family were two children: Ollie, who is the wife of Richard R. Sherman, of Colorado; and William H., of this review.

William H. McKinney grew to manhood in Missouri and there acquired his early education in the public schools. Later he became a student at the University Medical College of Kansas City, from which institution he was graduated in the class of 1904. Subsequently he took up the practice of his profession in his native state, where he remained until 1909, when he came to Oregon, settling at Adams, in Umatilla county. One year later he came to Helix, where he is now located and where he has built up an extensive and remunerative practice. He has been successful in his investments and owns valuable real estate in Missouri.

In 1902 Dr. McKinney wedded Miss Wimpey, who was a daughter of Thomas H. and Zorna Wimpey, who are now residing on a farm near Condon, Oregon. Mrs. McKinney passed away in 1909, leaving a large circle of friends and acquaintances, who deeply mourned her loss. Dr. McKinney is an advocate of democratic principles, having supported the party since attaining his majority. He is affiliated with Helix Lodge, No. 92, A. F. & A. M.; belongs to Helix Lodge, No. 74, I. O. O. F., having filled all the chairs of the same; and is a member of Helix Lodge, No. 74, K. P. Although Dr. McKinney is yet a young man, he is rapidly demonstrating his ability to cope with the intricate problems that continually confront the physician. He is a conscientious practitioner who gives his patients due attention, and he keeps in close touch with the advancements and progress that are being made today in the medical world.

SAMUEL A. PURSEL, who has been identified with the industrial activities of Oregon since 1872, is now living comparatively retired in a comfortable home in Union. A great deal of his time has been spent in the sawmill business, although he has been interested in a livery barn and other enterprises. He is a veteran of the Civil war and a citizen of the highest standing. Mr. Pursel was born in West Brownsville, Pennsylvania, April 15, 1840, the son of Morris and Sarah (O'Donnell) Pursel, the former born in Maine, and the latter in Pennsylvania. The grandfather and his family removed to Ohio at a very early day, the father being only four years of age at that time. The family were among the pioneers of that state and the nearest neighbor at the time they settled there resided four miles distant. The people wore buckskin clothing and lived in an extremely primitive way during the early years of the family's residence in the Buckeye state. The father enlisted for service in the War of 1812 but before arriving at the front the war was over and his services were not needed. When a young man he removed to Pennsylvania, settling at Sewickley, and remained there until 1850, when with his family he removed to Iowa, going as far as Muscatine by boat and settling in Johnson county, twelve miles south of Iowa City. There the father engaged in farming and took an active part in the affairs of the locality. He was married twice and became the father of fifteen children, Samuel A. Pursel being the youngest of the first family, which contained eleven children.

The early boyhood of Mr. Pursel was spent in Pennsylvania, he being ten years of age when the family removed to Iowa. He pursued his education in the schools of Pennsylvania and Iowa and remained under the parental roof until October 17, 1862, when he enlisted in the First Iowa Cavalry but before the company joined the regiment the latter was completed and the company was disbanded. On October 17, 1864, he enlisted in Company K of the Fourth Iowa Volunteer Infantry, under Colonel S. D. Nichols. The company was mustered in at Davenport and after a short time was ordered to Atlanta, Georgia, where it joined Sherman on his march to the sea. The regiment took part in the battle of Mill Creek and was in innumerable skirmishes in various parts of the south. Mr. Pursel's regiment returned at the close of the war by way of Washington

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and took part in the grand review in that city, thence returning to Davenport, where its members were honorably discharged in August, 1865. Mr. Pursel returned to his Iowa home, where he remained until 1872, being engaged in agricultural pursuits. In that year he migrated to Oregon, going by rail to Kelton and by stage to La Grande. He bought an interest in a sawmill at Perry, then called Stumptown, and was engaged in its operation until the fall of 1877, when he sold his sawmill interests and purchased land ten miles north of Union. He resided in Union and was engaged in various lines of business, at one time being interested in The Sentinel. He engaged in the livery business in Union in partnership with J. T. McComas, under the firm name of McComas & Pursel and was also interested in the horse-breeding business. Later he again became connected with the sawmill business, being one of the members of the firm of Pursel, Welsh & Swackhamer. Mr. Welsh afterward sold his interest and the business was continued under the name of Pursel & Swackhamer. Mr. Pursel later bought Mr. Swackhamer's interest and continued on his own account for three years, when he disposed of the business.

On April 4, 1866, Mr. Pursel was united in marriage to Miss Esther McComas, a native of Tippecanoe county, Indiana, and a daughter of John and Jeannette (Carr) McComas, the former a native of Kentucky, while the latter was born in Adams county, Ohio. The grandfather, James McComas, was a native of Scotland. Mrs. Pursel, who is a woman of education and strong individuality, was engaged in teaching school in Iowa previous to her marriage and since that time has been actively identified with the social and literary activities of the communities in which the family have lived. She is president of the Woman's Club of Union, which is a literary organization, is a member of the Woman's Christian Temperance Union and takes an active part in these societies. Mr. Pursel is a member of the Grand Army of the Republic, while Mrs. Pursel is actively associated with its auxiliary, the Woman's Relief Corps. Mr. and Mrs. Pursel have attended several national encampments of the Grand Army of the Republic and are widely and favorably known. Mrs. Pursel possesses decided artistic ability, having executed a number of oil paintings which adorn the Pursel home.

ASVALDUR SIGURDSON, owning and operating a canning factory at Warrenton, is one of the prosperous, respected and representative residents of that town. His birth occurred in Iceland on the 22d of July, 1858, his parents being Sigurd and Gudrun Sigurdson, who were likewise natives of that country. Following the father's demise, the mother came to America with her five children. These are as follows: Asvaldur, of this review; Sigurd, who holds the office of county commissioner in a bailiwick of North Dakota; Anna, the wife of Sigfus Bergmann, who conducts a mercantile establishment in Canada; George B., who is extensively engaged in farming at Edinburg, North Dakota; and Gunnar, of Washburn, North Dakota, who is serving as county judge.

Asvaldur Sigurdson obtained his education in the common schools of his native land and after attaining his majority was connected with railroad work for two years. On the expiration of that period he took up a claim in North Dakota, being one of the pioneer settlers of that state and carrying on general agricultural pursuits there for twelve years. He likewise operated a thresher in North Dakota. Subsequently he removed to Sheridan, Oregon, where he made his home for six years, spending each fall, however, as a thresher in North Dakota. He next became identified with the fishing industry, fishing for salmon in the Columbia river for a year. In 1899 he came to Warrenton and here continued fishing and clam digging for a time. Then he opened the canning factory which he owns at the present time and in the operation of which he has won a gratifying measure of prosperity. He likewise has a commodious and attractive home and is the owner of the launch Eva, as well as another smaller one.

On the 22d of July, 1885, in North Dakota, Mr. Sigurdson was united in marriage to Miss Anna Bjornson, a native of Iceland and a daughter of Fredbjorn and Anna Bjornson, who were likewise born in that country. Coming to the United States, they located in North Dakota and there continued to reside throughout the remainder of their lives, Mr. Bjornson passing away in 1888, while his wife was called to her final rest in 1882. They were the parents of seven children, namely: Fredbjorn, who owns and operates a farm in North Dakota; Mrs. Sigurdson; Arni, living in North Dakota; Magnus, an implement dealer of North Dakota; Paul and Thorlakur, who are residents of Canada; and Margaret, the wife of Halldor Rykjalin, of North Dakota. Unto our subject and his wife were born thirteen children, as follows: Alexander, who pursued a course of study in a business college and is now captain of a launch on the Columbia river; Anna, a high-school graduate who has followed the profession of teaching for some time; Fredbjorn, whose birth occurred on the 19th of August, 1889, and who is captain of the launch Eva on the Columbia river; Sigurd, whose natal day was April 22, 1891, and who is still at home; Gudrun, twin of Sigurd, who died at the age of two years; Gunnar, born December 10, 1892, who has a common-school education; Frances G., born January 14, 1894, who is a grammar-school graduate; William F., whose birth occurred on the 26th of September, 1896, and who has likewise completed a course in the common schools; George Walter, whose natal day was May 22, 1900; Clarence Edwin, born September 14, 1901; Henry E., whose birth occurred on the 1st of May, 1903; Asvaldur, born December 4, 1904; and Robert, who was born on the 1st of \pril, 1910.

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ASVALDUR SIGURDSON AND FAMILY

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Mr. Sigurdson is a republican in politics and served as justice of the peace, town clerk and postmaster at Eyford, North Dakota, holding the last named office under Harrison's administration. He also served as justice of the peace at Warrenton and his decisions have ever been fair and impartial. Fraternally he is identified with the Benevolent Protective Order of Elks at Astoria, the Ancient Order of United Workmen of that place and also the Degree of Honor. His religious faith is that of the Lutheran church. In business life he has been well known for his alert and enterprising spirit and his salient qualities and characteristics are such as win an honorable success.

CHARLES HARRISON ERNST, the genial proprietor of the Ernst Restaurant on Main street, Baker City, was born in Portland, Oregon on the 7th of November, 1883. His father, Fred K. Ernst, was born in Hanover, Germany, February 1, 1849, and died May 31, 1910, in this city. He was for many years proprietor of a hotel in this city and his place was a rendezvous for the old pioneers with whom he had been associated for many years. Later he retired from that business and opened a fish and oyster market which he continued until the time of his death. He was a member of the Second Massachusetts Regiment of Infantry during the Civil war and after serving his first term reenlisted in the cavalry. He served one term as a member of the city council of Baker City. His wife, who in her maidenhood was Sarah Frances Stephman, was born in Baker City. In their family were two sons, Charles and Jesse, who at the time of the father's death took charge of the fish and oyster business which they conducted for some time, or until Charles H. Ernst withdrew to enter the restaurant business in which he has since engaged. The enterprise originally established by the father, however, is still conducted by the son Jesse.

Charles H. Ernst acquired his education in the common schools of Baker City, where his youth was spent. After his experience in the fish and oyster business he became, in 1911, the proprietor of a restaurant on Main street, which he conducts under the name of the Ernst Restaurant and which, through his careful management, his warm-heartedness and genial manner, together at all times with an earnest desire to please his patrons, has developed into a very satisfactory business.

Mr. Ernst was married, on the 15th of January, 1910, to Miss Ethel Moore, a daughter of Dean and Laura Moore. Her father is now deceased but the mother survives and makes her home in this city. Mr. Ernst became a member of the Oregon National Guard and served three years when he resigned, but has since reenlisted and is now identified with that body. Politically he is a republican. His religious faith is that of the Episcopal church and in his fraternal relations he is affiliated with the Modern Woodmen of America and Lodge No. 1, F. O. E., of Seattle, Washington. He is numbered among the well known business men of Baker City, where he is universally respected and popular. His connection with the state guard and fraternal circles has widened his acquaintance and popularity and in fact there are few men who are better or more favorably known in this locality than Charles H. Ernst.

CECIL THOMAS GODWIN, a member of the Oregon bar since 1904 and a representative of the legal profession in Baker since 1909, was born in Berlin, Green Lake county, Wisconsin, May 12, 1878, his parents being James E. and Mary Elizabeth Godwin. The former was a son of the Rev. Thomas and Isabella Godwin and was born near Toronto, Canada, in the year 1855, while the latter was a daughter of William and Mary Cheesman and was born near the same place in the year 1858. This parentage is of English and Scotch-Irish ancestry; that of the mother is traced directly back to the Mayflower.

Ere the birth of Cecil Thomas Godwin, his parents had removed to Wisconsin and he pursued his education in the public schools of Berlin until graduated from the high school there with the class of 1897. He afterward entered upon the study of law and was graduated from the University of Wisconsin in 1904 with the Bachelor of Laws degree. His early training had been that of the home farm upon which he remained with his father until twenty-two years of age, assisting through the spring, summer and fall months in the work of plowing, planting and harvesting. Following his admission to the bar he sought the opportunities of the far west and since 1904 has been a resident of Oregon. He settled first in Milton, where he remained for five years and in 1909 came to Baker where he has since engaged in the practice of law, securing a large and distinctively representative clientage here.

In Portland, Oregon, on the 4th of September, 1907, Mr. Godwin was married to Miss Mary Inez Phelps, a daughter of D. J. and Ellen Phelps, who were pioneers of this state. Her mother, who in her maidenhood was Miss Wilmot, was brought across the plains from Missouri in an emigrant train when but six weeks old.

Cecil Thomas Godwin is a republican, stanch in his advocacy of the principles of that party and is now its candidate for district attorney of the eighth judicial district. Since 1905 he has been a member of the Independent Order of Odd Fellows and he belongs also to the Country Club of Baker, the Woodmen of the World and to the Methodist Episcopal church, associations which indicate much of the nature of his interests and his activities aside from the work of his profession.

WILLIAM LYLE ROBERTS, a retired citizen of Haines, Baker county, who has had a successful and useful business career, was born near Kingston, Tennessee, October 15, 1851, a son of F. M. and Margaret (Lyle) Roberts. The parents were both natives of

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Tennessee but removed in 1856 to Missouri, where they resided for a considerable period. When the Civil war broke out the father enlisted in the Confederate army and in that service was killed in 1863. The mother continued to reside in Missouri until her death, which occurred in 1875. In their family were five children, one of whom is deceased. Those living are: J. F., of Van Buren, Arkansas; Samuel H., of Christian county, Missouri; Elizabeth, the wife of John Key, of Missouri; and William Lyle.

William Lyle Roberts secured such an education as was available in Missouri during his boyhood. On crossing the plains to Oregon he rented a ranch in Baker county for two years and then took up a government homestead of one hundred and sixty acres three miles east of Haines, where he lived for five years, securing in the meanwhile a government patent to this land, which he still owns.

In 1876 Mr. Roberts married Miss Sophronia Byrd, a native of eastern Tennessee. To them eight children were born: Vergil V. and Burns E., both of whom reside in Baker county; Otto O.; Alford M.; Gertrude, the wife of S. C. Barnes; Florence, the wife of Thomas Lefler; Eunice; and Cecil G., at home.

Politically Mr. Roberts gives his allegiance to the democracy and on account of the lively interest which he has shown in politics he has been called upon to serve as justice of the peace for eight years, a position which he still occupies. He has also served on the town board for one term. Fraternally he is a member of Haines Lodge, No. 112, I. O. O. F., having filled nearly all of the chairs in this order and has represented his lodge in the Grand Lodge. Mrs. Roberts is a faithful and consistent member of the Methodist Episcopal church.

SAMUEL O. SWACKHAMER. Among the well-to-do and respected citizens of Union who has well performed his part in developing this great state is S. O. Swackhamer, now living retired. He owns eight hundred acres of farming and pasture land and fifty or sixty acres inside the corporate limits of the city. He was born in Warren county, New Jersey, July 25, 1837, a son of Conrad Swackhamer, a native of the same state. The grandfather, Samuel Swackhamer, also of New Jersey, was of German birth. The father and his family removed to Pennsylvania when S. O. Swackhamer was about five years of age and they afterward took up their abode in Illinois. The mother passed away when the subject of this review was about six years old and his father was again married, his second wife dying in 1879.

S. O. Swackhamer pursued his education in the schools of Pennsylvania and Illinois and in 1860 migrated to Colorado, where he engaged in the freighting business, operating between Denver and the Missouri river. This he continued for about eighteen months and after his marriage he returned to Denver, where he spent the winter of 1862-63. On the 11th day of the following May he started for Oregon with ox teams, arriving in La Grande on the 5th of August. His was one of three wagons starting from Denver but the little train was joined at various points by other wagons journeying toward the far west. He was taken sick with the typhoid fever at Burnt river and was brought to La Grande, where he was attended by Dr. Peyton. After his recovery he began freighting from The Dalles to the Grande Ronde valley, residing in The Dalles during that winter, in which city his wife's people were also making their home. He then returned to the Grande Ronde valley, where he continued freighting and also acquired a homestead. He is now the owner of a farm of eight hundred acres on Catherine creek, five miles from Union and has fifty or sixty acres within the city limits, a considerable portion of which he cultivates. A race track and fair grounds were also located on a portion of his land and his home occupies an entire block in the residence section of the city, adjoining the business district.

October 9, 1862, Mr. Swackhamer was united in marriage in Omaha, Nebraska, to Miss Carrie E. Dodge, a native of Montpelier, Vermont, and a daughter of Hiram T. Dodge, who was at one time engaged in the sash and door business in Vermont. His plant was destroyed by fire and he then located in Omaha, continuing in the same business. In 1859 he joined a party going to Pikes Peak for the purpose of gold mining but on reaching that point Mr. Dodge concluded that the gold fields were not what they had been represented and he continued with his party to Oregon, settling in the vicinity of The Dalles, where with a partner he operated a sawmill on Fifteen-Mile creek. To Mr. and Mrs. Swackhamer have been born nine children: Mrs. Clara Nevada Mulholland; Mary Olive, Luther, Alta, Elizabeth and Maud, all of whom died of diphtheria in the spring of 1879; Walter; Arthur, who died of pneumonia in 1884; and Chester. Walter and Chester Swackhamer are both graduates of the high school at Union. The former attended a business college at Portland and later entered the College of Physicians and Surgeons at Chicago. He will graduate from this institution in 1914. He was married to Miss E. Odell, a granddaughter of Colonel A. G. D. Chapman, who donated a large tract of land to the city of Portland. Chester Swackhamer took a two years' course in the University of Illinois at Urbana and was later graduated from the University of Chicago. He is now a student at Rush Medical College, Chicago, and will graduate in the class of 1913. He is thoroughly conscientious in his work and stands high in all his classes. The mother of these children passed away in November, 1908, and Mr. Swackhamer later married Miss Ellen Finley, of San Diego, California, whose parents were old Illinois friends of the Swackhamer family.

Politically Mr. Swackhamer is a republican and has had a political career worthy of mention. In 1876 he was elected sheriff of Union county and served for two terms, being the first republican elected to the office in

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Union county. During his tenure of office occurred the Indian outbreak, when the settlers threw up rifle pits in various places and the courthouse in Union was barricaded. While in office he handled many desperate characters, always using the greatest caution, and fortunately he met with no serious mishap. In 1885 through the recommendation of Congressman George and Senator Dolph he was appointed register of the land office by President Arthur. This office he held only eight months, owing to the election of President Cleveland. In 1898 he was appointed receiver of the United States land office by President McKinley, through the influence of Senator George McBride and W. R. Ellis, of Pendleton, and served acceptably in that capacity for about five years. He has also served in the city council of Union and has been one of its leading citizens. He is a Mason of long standing, having served in all the chairs. He was the first high priest of Union Chapter and is a member of Al Kader Temple of the Mystic Shrine of Portland. He is also a member of the Eastern Oregon Commandery, No. 6, of La Grande. He is a member of the Methodist Episcopal church and was lay delegate to the general conference, which convened in New York city in 1888. Mr. Swackhamer is a splendid citizen and has an extremely large number of close personal friends who hold him in the highest esteem. He has a wide acquaintance throughout Union county, his activities having brought him in touch with a very large number of citizens, and he is highly respected by the people of the entire community.

FRANCIS M. HUNSAKER, who was born in Vancouver, Washington, September 15, 1855, is one of the well known farmers of Baker county. He is the son of Bradford and Hannah Maria (Stice) Hunsaker, the former a native of Illinois and the latter of Missouri. The parents crossed the plains with ox teams in 1852 and settled near Vancouver, Washington, where they resided until the spring of 1870, when they removed to Baker county, Oregon, where the mother died in August, 1906. The father, however, survives and at the ripe old age of eighty years is still living in this county. They were the parents of six children, four of whom are now living.

Francis M. Hunsaker remained at home with his parents until he attained his majority, having received a common-school education in the schools of Washington and Oregon. After he became of age he worked in a store as clerk for a year and then took up the business of freighting, which he followed for six years. He then became a carpenter and for eighteen years worked at that trade. when he bought a ranch of forty-four and one-half acres, upon which he now lives. This farm is now a well developed and finely improved property and he owns besides this forty acres, which is an additional source of income.

In 1880 Mr. Hunsaker was married to Miss Frances Sargent, a daughter of I. N. and Hannah Sargent, both of whom were natives of New York. The parents emigrated to Oregon in 1862 and later removed to The Dalles, where both passed away. Mr. and Mrs. Hunsaker are the parents of two sons: Clarence H., who was born September 1, 1881; and Archie E., born September 9, 1884. The mother of these children died in 1900 and on June 5, 1904, Mr. Hunsaker was again married, his second union being with Mrs. Estella (Reel) Boswell, a native of Wyoming and a daughter of Isaac W. and Ellen (Marrs) Reel. The father was a native of Kansas and the mother of Iowa and both are now deceased. By her first marriage Mrs. Hunsaker was the mother of a son, Chester A., and a daughter, Uma U. Boswell. Mr. and Mrs. Hunsaker are the parents of one child, Francis L.

In politics Mr. Hunsaker votes the republican ticket but has never been an office seeker or intensely interested in politics. He and his wife are members of the First Baptist church at Baker City, where they are faithful attendants, influential members and generous in their support. Mr. Hunsaker has long been numbered among the better class of farmers and citizens of Baker county, where he is known to a large circle of friends and neighbors. He is one of those men by the efforts of whom Baker county has been brought to its present state of agricultural development, and the Hunsaker family move in the best circles in the county.

JOHN LAPSLY YANTIS. An honorable, upright life has established John Lapsly Yantis in an enviable position in public regard in the Sumpter valley of Oregon, where he is following the occupation of farming. He was born in Trenton, Missouri, October 8, 1858, a son of Robert Piper and Elizabeth Jane (Rochester) Yantis, both of whom are natives of Kentucky. Tradition has it that the city of Rochester, New York, was named in honor of one of the mother's ancestors. Robert P. Yantis was born in 1821 and it was in 1847 that he wedded Elizabeth J. Rochester, whose birth occurred in 1822. He was a cabinet-maker by trade and followed that pursuit in early life. About 1850 he removed westward to Missouri, where he lived until 1864, and then went to Idaho, crossing the plains with ox teams. For about five years he lived in Boise, after which he purchased what was then known as Miller's ranch on Burnt river in Oregon, taking up his abode thereon in 1869. He conducted a stage station and road house at that point, this being one of the most noted stations on the line of travel from Umatilla, on the Columbia river, to Boise. That place is now the town site of Huntington, and the junction point of the Oregon Short Line Railroad and the line of the Oregon Railway & Navigation Company. After selling that place Mr. Yantis bought a tract of land on Willow creek in Malheur county, to which he removed about 1878. He then turned his attention to farming and stock-raising, in which business he remained to the time of his death, which occurred about 1896, when he was seventy-

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five years of age. He passed away in Baker, Oregon, as did his wife, who was eighty-five years of age at the time of her demise. In their family were five children, three sons and two daughters. Kate L., living at Long Beach, California, was married in Boise to Joe Misner, and they had two sons, Edward and Robert. Her second husband is Burton Yantis and they have one daughter, Fannie. Amos Rochester, married Sadie Howe and to them have been born a number of children of whom five are now living. Mary Elizabeth, is the wife of C. M. Kellogg and to them have been born four sons and two daughters. Mr. Kellogg has been well known as a stage and mail line contractor since about 1867. Charles Thomas, a farmer residing near Walla Walla, Washington, married Miss Ada Mallory and they have four children, a son and three daughters.

John Lapsly Yantis, the fifth of the family, attended school in Boise, Idaho, and in Baker, Oregon, having accompanied his parents to the northwest in early boyhood. When he started in the business world for himself he began learning the jeweler's trade in Baker and followed that line of business for about two years, when he went to Montana with a band of horses, remaining in that state for two years. He afterward returned to his father's farm on Willow creek and took up farming and stock-raising, to which business he has given practically his entire time since. In the fall of 1899 he removed to Sumpter valley, purchased a farm and now has four hundred and eighty acres there, which are planted principally in hay and grain. This land is worth about forty dollars per acre. In addition to the cultivation of cereals best adapted to the soil and climate he raises various kinds of stock but makes a specialty of horses. His place is located on the Sumpter Valley railroad and owing to his industry and careful management is being rapidly brought under a high state of cultivation.

On the 27th of March, 1890, at Dell, Malheur county, Oregon, Mr. Yantis was united in marriage to Miss Effa Levelle Lee, a daughter of George R. and Eva A. (Wilson) Lee, who were married in Oregon. Her father had crossed the plains with teams in 1852 and served in the Indian wars of Oregon and Washington in 1855 and 1856. In every way he was closely associated with pioneer development and in days of peace followed the carpenter's trade. He died about 1904 and is survived by his wife. In their family were three children, a son and two daughters. Mrs. Lee was born on the Sandwich Islands in 1845 and her parents came to Oregon, in 1848 settling in Oregon City and making their home from that time until called to their final rest in this state. Mr. and Mrs. Yantis have become the parents of four children, two sons and two daughters: Grover Lee, who was born January 30, 1893; Luther, born July 7, 1894; Mildred, born December 1, 1896; and Levelle, born October 21, 1898. The parents are providing their children with good educations and are putting forth every effort to prepare them for life's practical and responsible duties.

John L. Yantis at one time served as deputy sheriff of Malheur county for two years. His stanch temperance principles have led him to ally himself with the prohibition party. His life has been spent in harmony with the teachings of the Methodist Episcopal church, of which he is a devoted member, and his influence is always on the side of righteousness, justice, truth and progress.

CLAY C. CLARK is a well known and popular general merchant, extensive land owner and cattle man of Arlington. He was born in Chariton county, Missouri, June 24, 1861, a son of Ephraim and Mary (Van Tine) Clark. The father was born in Kentucky and the mother in New York, and they were married in Missouri, where they resided until the death of the father, which occurred December 24, 1864. The mother survived him until April 7, 1895.

Clay C. Clark was educated in the public schools of Missouri, in which he pursued his studies during the winter seasons of the year, while in the summers he earned his livelihood in farm work, being so employed in Kansas for about five and a half years. When eighteen or nineteen years of age he discontinued school attendance altogether and began to give his entire attention to farming and stock-raising, being employed by others until he removed to Oregon in 1885. On coming to this state he settled on a homestead near Blalock, upon which he remained for many years, farming in a diversified way and raising cattle. In 1905 he removed from that farm to Arlington, where he engaged in the meat business. He remained thus employed until in 1911, when he entered the general mercantile trade and now is conducting a good business, in connection with a meat market, under the firm name of C. C. Clark & Sons. He also owns about two thousand acres of land and does a big cattle business, raising and disposing of large numbers of animals each year.

Mr. Clark was married in Sheridan county, Missouri, March 9, 1883, to Miss Nancy A. Lambert, a daughter of Jacob and Sarah Lambert. To this union were born five children, namely: Lambert E., of the firm of C. C. Clark & Sons; Claude C., the secretary of C. C. Clark & Sons; Francis C., who has charge of the meat market of this firm: Lulu M., at home; and Edith M., attending school. In his political views Mr. Clark is a republican and is a prominent man in his community, having been county commissioner and taking an active interest in local affairs as well as in the policies of his party affecting the nation. In his fraternal relations he belongs to Lodge No. 88, A. F. & A. M. and is also a thirty-second degree Scottish Rite Mason of Portland Consistory. He is an earnest and consistent member of the Methodist Episcopal church, rendering to that religious denomination material assistance as well as helping by his influence and personal

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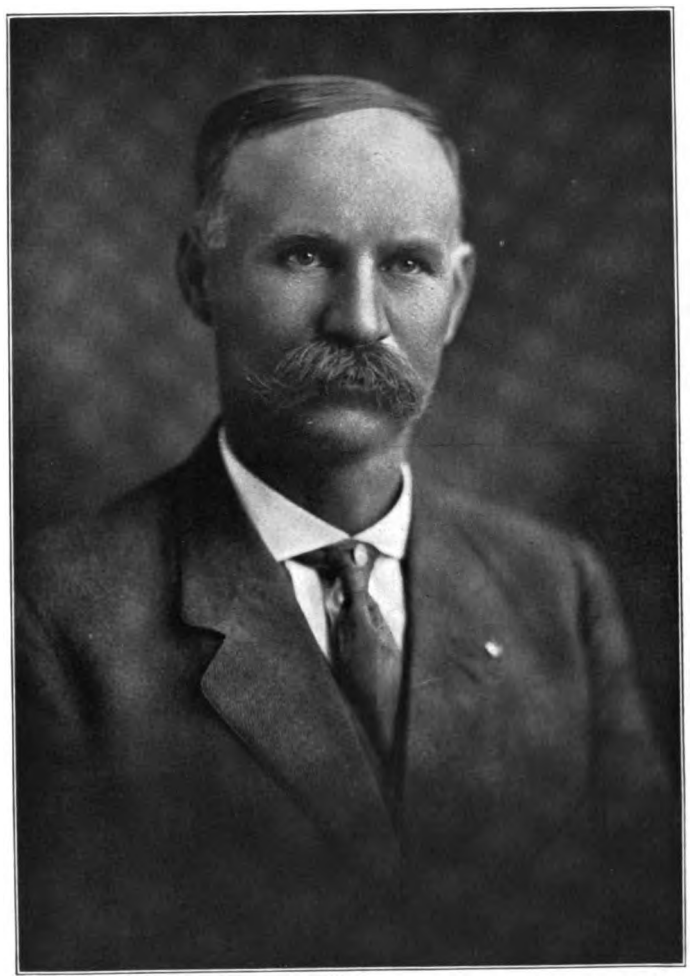

CLAY C. CLARK

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worth to make the church and its allied interests efficient for good in the community. Mr. Clark, who has lived for many years in Oregon, during all of which time he has been actively engaged in business, has been a remarkably successful man. He has not only given the strictest attention to his business, and labored early and late in building up a fortune but has by a peculiar fitness so well directed his efforts that he has achieved much larger success than is vouchsafed to the average business man. He enjoys a reputation for the strictest integrity and all of his transactions with his customers are characterized by that same sagacity which has distinguished all of his business dealings. Being of an affable disposition and an optimistic spirit, he displays a cordiality of manner which has won for him a most extensive list of acquaintances, all of whom hold him in the highest esteem. He is one of the most valuable and substantial men of his county, a man of large calibre, generous and broad minded.

EDWARD R. CARDWELL. A ranch of one hundred and forty acres three miles southeast of Merrill is the home place of Edward R. Cardwell and thereon are found exceptionally good improvements, making this one of the attractive properties in Klamath county. The owner is one of Oregon's native sons, his birth having occurred in Jackson county, April 1, 1868. His father, John Cardwell, was a native of England and went to the gold fields of California among the Forty-niners. He followed mining for many years and it was that which took him to Jackson county, Oregon, about 1857. There he spent his remaining days. In San Francisco he wedded Mrs. Ellen (O'Roke) Steedman, who was born in County Clare, Ireland, December 25, 1832, and came to the United States in 1849. In 1859 she became the wife of William Steedman and the same year removed to San Francisco. Three children were born of this union: Mrs. Anna Damon, of Mount Vernon, Oregon; Mrs. White, of Chico, California; and Katherine, now deceased. It was in California, that Mrs. Steedman became the wife of John Cardwell, after which they removed to the mines in the northern part of the state, her husband following placer mining there for a few years. They afterward took up their abode in Sams valley, where Mr. Cardwell died May 4, 1882, his son Edward R. being then about fourteen years of age. His widow survived him until 1901. They became the parents of thirteen children, of whom five are living: Jane, the wife of Will Nichols, living in Central Point, Oregon; Martha, the wife of J. Frank Adams; Edward R., of this review; Lawrence, of Gold Hill, Oregon, and David S., at Fresno.

Edward R. Cardwell was reared upon the old homestead farm and remained a resident of Jackson county until ten years ago, when he came to Klamath county. He remained for three years at Fort Klamath and since then has been upon his ranch, comprising one hundred and forty acres three miles southeast of Merrill. This is exceptionally well improved and upon it he has a good home. All is under government ditch and he makes a specialty of the cultivation of alfalfa. He also owns two hundred and seventy acres at Fort Klamath, which is irrigated. It is situated at the head of Wood river, on the military hay reserve, and embraces four claims, all used as meadow lands and rented out by Mr. Cardwell.

In 1895 Mr. Cardwell married Rose Griffiths, who was born at Stockton, in the San Joaquin valley of California, January 1, 1871. When eight years of age she was taken to Jackson county, Oregon, by her parents, John D. and Mary (Thomas) Griffiths, who were natives of Wales and were married in Salt Lake City, Utah. The father died in Jackson county, Oregon, in 1886, and the mother is now living in Gold Hill, Oregon. Mr. and Mrs. Cardwell have one child, Opal. The parents are well known and have many friends in this district. Mr. Cardwell is a faithful member of the Independent Order of Odd Fellows. He represents the progressive element in agriculture in this part of the state, following improved and advanced methods for the reclamation, development and cultivation of his land.

JAMES M. McCULLOUGH was one of the early pioneers of Oregon and in his adopted state he spent nearly all of his life. His birth occurred in Tennessee on the 8th of January, 1832, his parents being Washington and Eliza McCullough, who were natives of Kentucky and passed away in Tennessee. In 1847 James M. McCullough emigrated to Oregon. He crossed the plains with ox teams and located in Yamhill county. There he continued to live until 1863, when he disposed of his property in Yamhill county and moved to Umatilla county, where he filed upon a government homestead, and after establishing his family in their new home he at once engaged in stock-raising and with this business he continued to occupy himself until 1908, when he was called from an active and successful life to the land beyond.

In 1859 Mr. McCullough was united in marriage to Miss Lucinda Johnson, a daughter of James and Louisa (Crisp) Johnson, who were natives of Tennessee and Missouri respectively. They crossed the plains in 1847, locating in Yamhill county, where they spent their remaining days. Mrs. McCullough was one of six children, of whom three are still living. Unto Mr. and Mrs. McCullough were born eleven children, as follows: Isadora, who is the wife of Nelson Chapple and resides in the state of Washington; Louisa, the wife of William Owens, of Washington; Anna, the wife of Joe Foller; Kate, the wife of C. J. Gulliford, of Umatilla county; Emma, who gave her hand in marriage to Edward Hammer; James Lee and Benjamin, both of whom are residents of Umatilla county; and four who are deceased. Mr. McCullough was a devoted husband and a kind and indulgent father, giving his strength and all his attention to the interests of his family.

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He was a patriotic and public-spirited man as well as an ideal and desirable citizen. During the Indian wars of 1855 and 1856 he was one of the volunteers who enlisted in the defense of Oregon and the homes of her white people. He was a member of the Independent Order of Odd Fellows and in the cemetery belonging to this order he was buried at Echo, Oregon. His widow, Mrs. Lucinda McCullough, owns a comfortable residence in Echo, where she has established her home, and in addition to this property she owns and operates an alfalfa farm near by in this valley. Mr. McCullough died in the faith of the Christian church, of which his widow is also a devoted and consistent member.

RALPH FOLSOM is a representative of one of the old pioneer families of Oregon. He is engaged in the furniture and undertaking business in Pendleton and he is likewise connected with many fraternal organizations, so that he has a very wide acquaintance in this part of the state, while his sterling qualities have won him the favorable regard of many. He was born in Astoria, November 19, 1872, so that his entire life has been passed in this state, and of its development and progress he has been an interested witness. His father, Moses Folsom, was born in Maine in 1820 and came around the Horn to Oregon in 1846. He was a blacksmith by trade and opened one of the first shops of that kind in Oregon City, becoming identified with the business interests of that district ere the site of the city of Portland was marked by more than one or two houses. He died in 1898 but is still survived by his widow, Mrs. Elizabeth Folsom, who is now living in Los Angeles, California. One of his brothers, Orman Folsom, located the prison in California which bears his name and upon the pages of pioneer history in that state as well as in Oregon the Folsoms have left their impress.

Ralph Folsom is one of a family of ten children, all of whom are living, six being residents of Oregon and four of California. He was a young child when his parents removed from Astoria to Pendleton and pursued his education in the public schools here, passing through consecutive grades until he became a high-school student. On putting aside his text-books he entered the employ of Jesse Failing, who was engaged in the furniture and undertaking business. Mr. Folsom was then eighteen years of age but that he proved capable, faithful and diligent is indicated in the fact that he continued with his first employer for ten years, at the end of which time, desirous that his labors should more directly benefit himself, he began business on his own account and has since been proprietor of one of the leading commercial establishments of the city, carrying furniture, carpets and undertaking supplies. Three years later he purchased the business of his former employer, Mr. Failing. Mr. Folsom was in partnership with John S. Baker but in 1910 this relationship was discontinued and he has since been alone in the business. He is proprietor of one of the leading stores of the city, carrying a large and well selected line of furniture and carpets of all kinds and grades so as to meet the varied tastes and demands of the public. His goods are attractively displayed and he makes every effort to please his patrons, knowing that satisfied customers are the best advertisement. In addition to his commercial interests he is the owner of a farm of eighty-three acres in Polk county.

On the 1st of April, 1898, Mr. Folsom was united in marriage to Miss Elsie Allen, who was born in Marion county, Oregon, and is a daughter of John C. and Mary A. Allen. Her father was a prominent, influential and honored citizen of Polk county, where for an extended period he carried on agricultural pursuits and also took a very active part in public affairs. For a number of years he served as senator from Polk county and was regarded as one of the leading members of the upper house of the general assembly, giving careful and earnest consideration to all vital questions which came up for settlement. Over the record of his public career there falls no shadow of wrong or suspicion of evil. He is now deceased but his widow still survives. Mr. and Mrs. Folsom have become parents of two sons, John Allen and Harry Emerson. The parents are members of the Episcopal church and are interested in all the ennobling and uplifting influences which are proving forceful factors for good in the community.

Mr. Folsom is very prominent in fraternal circles, holding membership in both branches of the Knights of Pythias fraternity and also belonging to the Independent Order of Odd Fellows, the Woodmen of the World, the Benevolent Protective Order of Elks, the Eagles, the Red Men and the Artisans. He is a stalwart advocate of republican principles, being recognized as one of the local leaders of the party in Umatilla county. When associated with Mr. Failing he was elected to the position of county coroner, which he filled for three years. Later he was again chosen, so that he is now serving for the second term in that office. He is loyal to the best interests of Pendleton and his influence is always found on the side of justice, truth, progress and improvement. The consensus of opinion places him in a high position in public regard.

JOHN ALEXANDER DOUTHIT, well known in journalistic circles but at the present time engaged in the real-estate business at The Dalles, was born in Linn county, Oregon, April 26, 1858, his parents being James H. and Louisa Douthit, who were natives of South Carolina and in 1853 emigrated to Oregon, crossing the plains with horse and mule teams. The father secured a donation claim on Albany prairie, in Linn county, whereon J. A. Douthit was born. In 1870 they removed to eastern Oregon, settling in Ochoco county where the mother passed away the following year, while the father survived until 1876.

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J. A. Douthit pursued his education at home under the tutelage of his father, there being no schools within forty miles of the cattle ranch on which he resided as a boy in the Ochoco country. When sixteen years of age he entered the Albany (Oregon) College, in which he spent one year while the following year was devoted to study in the Oregon Agricultural College at Corvallis. He was left an orphan at the age of eighteen years and soon afterward took up the profession of school teaching while later he devoted a few years to mining in eastern Oregon and in Idaho. In 1880 he established his home at Prineville where in 1884, in company with G. W. Barns, he began the publication of the Ochoco Review. The following year he purchased the interest of his partner in the paper and continued its publication for nine years. He sold the Review in 1894 and in 1895 bought the Times-Mountaineer, a daily and weekly paper published at The Dalles. He continued to edit and publish both the daily and weekly editions until 1904, in which year he retired from the field of journalism. In newspaper circles he was well known as an aggressive and fearless writer, one who ably handled the subject under discussion. He read broadly and thought deeply, and was largely conversant with the vital and significant questions which have engaged public attention. Moreover, his papers ably conserved and promoted the local interests and were ever recognized for their championship of public progress and improvement. His work as a journalist ended, he turned his attention to the real-estate business in which he still continues with offices in the Odd Fellows building at The Dalles. He has thoroughly informed himself concerning realty values, knows the property that is upon the market and has been able to make advantageous purchases and sales for his clients.

On the 28th of October, 1888, Mr. Douthit was united in marriage to Miss Mary V. Dunham, a daughter of Amos and Eliza Dunham, who were Oregon pioneers. Their daughter was born in Linn county, a few miles from the birthplace of Mr. Douthit. She completed her education in the University of Oregon and engaged in teaching school for a few years prior to her marriage. She is a member of the Sorosis, a woman's club; also the Episcopal Guild and the United Artisans. Mr. and Mrs. Douthit have become parents of two children, John G., who was born in 1889, and Winnifred Lucile, born in 1894. The son is a graduate of The Dalles high school and the daughter is now a student there.

Mr. Douthit is a democrat and takes an active interest in the affairs and the success of his party. He holds membership with the Knights of Pythias, the United Artisans, the Workmen and the Brotherhood of America. He has held the office of keeper of the records and seal in the first named for a number of years. He has been master of the Artisans assembly, is master of the Workmen lodge and secretary of the Brotherhood of America. His religious faith is evidenced in his membership in St. Paul's Episcopal church, of which he has been vestryman for many years. He is a native Oregonian and is a typical westerner in every respect, progressive and hospitable, possessing many of the chivalric qualities of his southern parents. He is also a good entertainer, and the Douthit home is justly renowned for its hospitality.

J. H. **ENSMINGER** was born in Hancock county, Illinois, March 19, 1847. His parents were George and Esther A. (Wilson) Ensminger, the father a native of Maryland and the mother of Indiana. They settled in the state of Illinois at a very early period and there passed their remaining days. To them were born nine children, all of whom are still living.

J. H. Ensminger received a common-school education in Illinois and meanwhile was carefully trained by his father in the details of farm work. He was a venturesome, ambitious boy, and at the early age of fifteen years left home and made his way across the great American plains, settling in Baker county, Oregon, where for a number of years he was employed at farm work. In 1871 he settled on a farm near Baker City, a part of which he still owns, and there he successfully followed agricultural pursuits until 1909, when he sold all but forty acres of his farm and removed to Haines, where he is now living a retired life.

Mr. Ensminger was married in 1871 to Miss Johanna H. Loennig, a native of New Jersey. Her parents, Ernest and Mary (Diedle) Loennig, were natives of Germany and early in life emigrated to the United States. As early as 1863 they made their way across the plains to the Pacific coast, settling in Baker county, Oregon, where both passed away. Mrs. Ensminger was one of a family of seven children and by her marriage she became the mother of eleven children, as follows: Mary, the wife of Joe Henner, of Baker county; George, also of that county; Bertha, the wife of A. A. Fiddler, of Baker county; Frank, residing in the same county; Minnie M., who was born September 22, 1881, graduated from the Baker City high school, taught school for two years and passed away December 27, 1902; Pauline, who married N. E. Dodd; Blanch, the wife of Ed McCullough; Viola, Zella, Alice and Herbert, all yet at home.

In his political views Mr. Ensminger is a democrat and takes considerable interest in local affairs in which his party figures. He is a member of the Masonic Lodge, No. 47, at Baker City. The fact that a boy fifteen years of age should have the courage to leave the prairies of his native state of Illinois and journey alone across the plains in 1862 to seek his fortune in the great northwest is sufficient evidence of indomitable courage as well as of a great degree of ambition, both of which J. H. Ensminger is well known to possess. His life has been one of well directed effort in so much that the fruits of his labors have enabled him to retire from active business and pass his remain-

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ing years in comparative quiet in the seclusion of his own well appointed home in Haines. He has contributed not a little to the general welfare, resources and progress of his community and he numbers among his friends many of the best citizens of the district in which he has lived.

EDWARD PILLETT, who resides two and a half miles north of St. Paul on the Salem and Champoeg road, was born March 30, 1858, in St. Clair county, Illinois, his parents being Joseph and Elizabeth (Moussette) Pillett, both of whom were also natives of St. Clair county. His maternal grandmother was born in France and the maternal grandfather and his father's parents were natives of Canada. The maternal grandfather came directly to Illinois, where he accepted employment as pilot on a Mississippi river steamboat, and was married while occupying this position. His death occurred in 1850, when Elizabeth Moussette was twelve years of age. She was one of eight children, namely: John, Peter, Charles, Oscar, Louise, Sophie, Florence and Elizabeth. They are all deceased excepting Charles, who is a resident of Illinois, and Oscar who is residing in Missouri. Joseph Pillett was one of four children, all deceased: John, Joseph Mary and Ursula. Mr. and Mrs. Joseph Pillett were married in Illinois in 1857 and to them thirteen children were born, namely: Edward, the subject of this sketch; Charles, who is a resident of Salem; Fred and Oscar, both of whom died in infancy; Adolphus, a resident of Vida, Oregon; Henry, who lives in Alberta, Canada; Milton, who is married and lives in Madras, Oregon; Webster, who resides on part of the old home place; Mary, a resident of Kansas City, Missouri, who is the wife of John Lynch; Matilda, of Gervais, who is the wife of Frank Miller; and Elizabeth, Antoinette and Adelaide, all deceased.

Edward Pillett started in life on his own account at the age of twenty-six years, when he rented a farm of four hundred acres, two hundred of which were in a high state of cultivation. For nine years he engaged in the cultivation of this land, devoting his attention principally to raising grain. He then removed to a farm of three hundred acres near Gervais, which he cultivated for two years before purchasing one hundred and sixteen acres near St. Paul, where he has since been engaged in the dairy business and also in raising grain and hops, having fifteen acres planted to the latter. For nearly thirty years Mr. Pillett has been successfully engaged in agricultural pursuits and the energy and labor which he expended have been rewarded by crops which have annually attested his skill and ability.

On February 17, 1892, Mr. Pillett was married to Miss Dorothy Krechter, who was born February 6, 1874, and is a daughter of August and Annie (Krüep) Krechter. The former was a native of Germany and the latter, who was born in St. Louis, Missouri, in 1849, was of German descent. They were married in St. John, Illinois, while Mr. Krechter was engaged in teaching school, a profession which he followed for twenty years. To them seven children were born: Mary, who is the wife of Joseph Orth, of Mount Angel, Oregon; Edward, of Woodburn, Oregon; Mrs. Pillett; Bernard, who resides at St. Paul; Joseph, deceased; Lena, who is the wife of Thomas Hughes, of St. Paul; and Cecelia, deceased. Mr. and Mrs. Pillett were the parents of seven children: Rachel, deceased; Constance, born April 24, 1894, who received a college education and is the wife of Fred Manning, of Gervais, Oregon; Herman, born December 26, 1895, who is at home attending public school and has shown some natural musical ability; Edward, Jr., who was born February 5, 1898; Stanley, whose birth occurred February 25, 1900; Eva, who was born January 1, 1902; and Basil, whose birth occurred May 12, 1904. The latter four are attending school.

In politics Mr. Pillett gives his support to the democratic party and, although he has never sought office, he has always been actively interested in promoting any measures which the party might introduce for the public welfare. In religious faith he is a member of the Catholic church. He has shown in various relations, a loyal regard for principles involved and for the best interests of his fellow citizens.

PETER SHERIDAN, who has been successfully engaged in agricultural pursuits throughout his entire business career, is the owner of five hundred acres of land near Echo, Umatilla county. His birth occurred on the farm upon which he is now residing on the 6th of January, 1883, and he has always resided there. His parents were James and Ann (Kennedy) Sheridan, the former a native of Pennsylvania and the latter of Ireland. The mother settled in Pennsylvania after her arrival in this country and they were married in that state before coming to Oregon about thirty-five years ago. The father took up a homestead of eighty acres, which is the nucleus of the present Sheridan farm. His death occurred there on the 1st of May, 1898. The mother is at present residing there at the age of seventy years. To them were born three children: Barney, deceased; Peter, of this review; and Sarah C., also deceased. By a former marriage the father had two children: Mary, who became the wife of Charles Enzroph, of Walla Walla, Washington; and T. F.

Peter Sheridan pursued his education in the common schools and under the direction of his father gained an excellent knowledge of agricultural pursuits during his boyhood and youth. Of the five hundred acres which constitute his farm two hundred and forty are planted to hay and the average yield of alfalfa which he harvests is about six tons per acre. He is at present breeding Percheron horses and Poland China hogs. He has brought his place to a high state of cultivation and his neat premises, good buildings and well tilled fields testify to his executive ability and knowledge of farming.

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MR. AND MRS. EDWARD PILLETT

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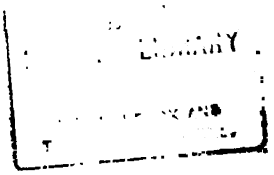

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Although he is one of the younger agriculturists of the state, he is carrying on his business on a large scale and has already shown that his capabilities are equal to those of many an older farmer. As he has been financially able to do so he has invested in real estate and at present owns a substantial dwelling in Pendleton.

On the 20th of June, 1906, Mr. Sheridan was married to Miss Lora Harrison, a daughter of Asbury and Eudoria (Hammer) Harrison, of Colfax, Washington. Both Mr. and Mrs. Sheridan are active in social circles in their community and exert a helpful influence in undertakings for public good. He is a member of the Benevolent Protective Order of Elks. Having spent his entire life in this part of the state, he is well known and his circle of friends is a wide one.

ERNEST WHITCOMB CRICHTON. Among those who have been most active in keeping navigation interests in the northwest up to the high standards maintained in other portions of the country is Ernest Whitcomb Crichton, secretary of the Columbia River & Puget Sound Navigation Company, who for more than a third of a century has made his home in this state, being identified throughout that period with business interests which have direct bearing upon the development and upbuilding of this section of the country. He was born at Buckhorn Furnace, Ohio, August 27, 1850. His father, James Crichton, a native of Scotland, was engaged in the manufacture of pig iron at that place until his death, which occurred in 1861. He had married Ruby Whitcomb, a lady of American and French descent, who died at Buckhorn Furnace, in 1859.

In the common schools of his native town Ernest W. Crichton began his education and later attended the high school at Wheelersburg, Ohio, from which he was graduated in 1868. The following year he started out in life for himself, first as storekeeper and later as bookkeeper for the Charcoal Iron Company at Buckhorn Furnace. He was thus employed until June, 1875, when thinking that the growing northwest held better advantages for him he left Ohio and came to Oregon. Locating at Oswego, he was employed by the Oregon Iron Company as bookkeeper until they closed down in October, 1876, after which he came to Portland, which then had but sixteen thousand inhabitants. During the year 1877 he was engaged in steamboat operation on the Willamette river, filling the position of purser on the steamers Ohio and City of Salem with Captain U. B. Scott and Captain E. W. Spencer. The following year he again became connected with the iron industry for in 1878 the Oswego Iron Company was organized by L. B. Seeley, S. H. Brown, C. R. Donohue and E. W. Crichton, who purchased the iron works at Oswego, Mr. Crichton becoming secretary and superintendent. In 1881 the business was reorganized and the plant enlarged under the name of Oregon Iron & Steel Company, Simeon G. Reed, Henry Villard and W. S. Ladd becoming interested in the establishment. From 1878 until 1886 this plant manufactured thirty-six thousand tons of pig iron with the old stone stack which is still standing. In 1888 they built a new iron stack at Oswego with modern Whitwell ovens and sixty large brick charcoal kilns, each holding fifty cords of wood. Mr. Crichton was superintendent of the wood department, having charge of the wood cutting and of supplying the kilns which was done at the rate of one hundred and fifty cords daily. In 1891 he severed his connection with that concern and came to Portland as secretary and treasurer of the Columbia River & Puget Sound Navigation Company, which position he still holds. This company owned and operated the steamers Telephone, Bailey Gatzert, Tahoma, Metlako and Astorian on the Willamette and Columbia rivers, and the steamer Flyer on Puget Sound, running between Seattle and Tacoma. They had established routes between Portland and Astoria and between Portland and The Dalles, and increased travel over the latter scenic route by world-wide advertising, making the beauties of the upper Columbia as famous to western as the Hudson river is to eastern tourists. In 1903 they sold their boats on the Columbia river and in 1911 the Flyer, which has a world-wide reputation. During twenty years, previous to the 7th of June, 1911, this boat traveled, between Seattle and Tacoma, one million five hundred thousand miles and carried four million passengers.

In his political views Ernest Whitcomb Crichton has always been an earnest republican and was somewhat active in political circles while a resident of Oswego, which at that time was in the district that included Clackamas county and controlled the state. He always refused office, never seeking political preferment as a reward for party fealty. Since coming to Portland he has become a member of the Commercial club and is much interested in its purposes and its work of promoting the business and public interests of the city.

Ernest W. Crichton was married in Oswego, December 25, 1879, to Miss Anna Wyland, a daughter of Amanda Wyland, and to them have been born five children: James, who is the Portland agent for Ford automobiles; William L., who resides at The Dalles, where he is agent for the Regulator Steamboat Line; Charles, of Madras, Oregon, who is with Porter & Connelly, contractors; and Ruby and Earnest at home. The family residence is at No. 280 East Seventeenth street. Whatever success Mr. Crichton has attained is attributable to his own effort. Progress has been the keynote of his fortunes and as the architect of his fortunes he has builded wisely and well.

HUGH G. WALKER. Among the men whose life's labors are ended, yet whose influence remains as a factor for good in the community, was Hugh G. Walker, who was closely identified with the agricultural development of Umatilla county and at all times commanded the confidence and respect of his fellowmen. He was a native of On-

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tario, Canada, his birth having occurred in Collingwood, on the 7th of October, 1860. His parents, Mr. and Mrs. John Walker, had a family of nine children and Hugh G. Walker was the first to pass away. Those still living are: Mrs. P. S. Walden, a resident of Milton, Oregon; Robert, who is living in Gresham, this state; Mrs. J. B. Thompson, of Walla Walla; Alex, whose home is in Weston; John, a resident of Athena; Mrs. Robert Jamieson, also of Walla Walla; Mrs. C. R. Duncan, who is living in the same place; and Horace, who makes his home in Pendleton.

Hugh G. Walker spent the first fifteen years of his life in the place of his nativity and there obtained a good education in the common schools. The year 1877 witnessed his arrival in Umatilla county, at which time he took up his abode in the vicinity of Weston and began farming. Later he purchased a right to a quarter section of land in Morrow county and homesteaded it. After proving up he sold that property and took up his abode two miles east of Helix in Umatilla county, where he owned four hundred and eighty acres of excellent wheat land, his intelligent cultivation resulting in the production of thirty bushels to the acre. For sixteen years he and his brother Horace were partners in wheat-raising and were among the first to successfully produce the crop in this district. At the end of that period Hugh Walker purchased his brother's interest in the business and thereafter conducted his affairs in the same progressive manner, so that year after year success crowned his labors. Moreover, he added many substantial and modern improvements to his farm, converting it into one of the most attractive places of his section of the county.

On the 18th of January, 1898, Mr. Walker was united in marriage to Miss Minnie F. Greer, a daughter of Joseph and Harriet (Courtney) Greer. Theirs was a most happy married life, terminated by the death of Mr. Walker on the 28th of July, 1908. Since her husband's death Mrs. Walker has taken up her abode in Weston, where she still makes her home. Mr. Walker was a member of the Masonic fraternity and was always most loyal to its teachings and its principles. He possessed many sterling traits of character and one of the local papers wrote of him: "He was a man of kindly and generous nature, the soul of honor in his business dealings, and the memory of his virtues will be cherished long in the hearts of his friends." He lived for more than thirty years in this part of the state and all who knew him entertained for him the warm regard which is always accorded in recognition of sterling qualities of manhood.

ANDREW J. RICHMOND was a lifelong farmer and a man whose sterling traits of character gained for him the respect and good will of all with whom business or social relations brought him in contact. He was born in Cleveland, Ohio, January 21, 1834, and was a son of Hiram Richmond. He continued upon a farm near Cleveland until he had attained his majority, when he removed to Montgomery county, Illinois, settling near Hillsboro. There he carried on general agricultural pursuits until he came to Oregon in 1878, traveling by rail to San Francisco and by boat from that city along the coast and up the Columbia river. He first located at Helix, where he remained for about eight years, devoting his time and energies to farming. On the expiration of that period he came to Weston, where he resided to the time of his death, which occurred in January, 1893. Throughout his entire life he followed the occupation of farming and that his methods were practical and progressive is indicated in the success which came to him.

On the 23d of September, 1858, Mr. Richmond was united in marriage to Miss Mary J. Lane, who was born in New Hampshire, December 15, 1837. Two years later she was taken by her parents to Montgomery county, Illinois, where she lived to the time of her marriage. She is a daughter of T. L. and Roxey (Harvey) Lane, who were natives of New Hampshire but died in Montgomery county, Illinois. Mr. and Mrs. Richmond became the parents of six children: O. M., who is living in Walla Walla, Washington, and has two children; Mrs. Cora Simpson, who is also of Walla Walla and has four children: Frank H., of the same place, who is married and has three children; Elmer, of Athena, who is married and has four children; Harlow B., who is living in Walla Walla and has three children; and Clara, the wife of J. H. Price, of Weston.

In his political views Mr. Richmond was a democrat, his study of the questions and issues of the day confirming him in his belief concerning the principles of the party. He served as justice of the peace for many years and in other local offices, the duties of which he discharged with promptness and fidelity. He was for fifteen years a resident of Oregon and during that period his sterling worth won for him the high regard of all with whom he came in contact.

DAVID BENJAMIN FISK, who is the owner of one hundred and sixty acres of Union county's fertile land, which he has brought under high cultivation, takes great pride in the fact that he is a native of Oregon, and has here passed the greater part of his life. His birth occurred in Jackson county, on the 24th of November, 1853, his parents being Nathan Willis and Esther (Tripp) Fisk. They were married in Carroll county, Illinois, and there passed the early period of their domestic life, crossing the plains to Oregon with their family in 1852. They settled in the vicinity of Ashland, Jackson county, where the father took up a donation claim which he cultivated for five years. At the end of that period, in 1857, he removed with his family to Yreka, California, where he continued his agricultural pursuits and also identified himself with the mining interests. They resided in California until 1864, when they returned to Oregon, locating on a claim in the vicinity of Canyon City.

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In connection with diversified farming, Nathan Willis Fisk devoted much of his time to fruit culture. He planted forty acres of his land to a varied assortment of fruit trees, and was the first settler in Grant county to set out a large orchard. His friends and neighbors were all very skeptical about the success of his undertaking, but he lived to see his trees bear and yield a good income. The children of Mr. and Mrs. N. W. Fisk numbered ten, but the four eldest are deceased. In the order of birth they are as follows: John Moffett, who was married in Canyon City, Oregon, to Miss Indiana Amney Wilson, and became the father of six children; Amanda Ann, who was married at Yreka, California, about 1864, to A. P. McCarton, by whom she had three sons and three daughters; Nathan Taylor, who was married at Prairie City, Oregon, about 1870, to Miss Mary C. Wilson, and to whom were born three sons and two daughters; Mary Jane, who was married in 1865 to A. E. Starr by whom she has one son and five daughters, one of whom died in childhood; William Ralph, who married Miss Melvina E. Hardman, and to whom were born five children, three sons and two daughters; David Benjamin, our subject; Laura Hanna, who married Antone Hacheney and became the mother of a son and daughter; Daniel Webster, who married twice and had two daughters by his first wife, who prior to her marriage was Miss Perkins; Francis Marshall, who married a Miss Gregory, and to whom were born a son and a daughter; and Eudora, who married John Wilson, by whom she has a son and three daughters. The parents have long been deceased, the father having passed away in 1879 and the mother some five or six years later.

David Benjamin Fisk was a child of four years when his parents removed to California and a youth of eleven when they returned to Oregon. He pursued his education in the common schools of these two states, and during that time he also assisted his father with the work of the farm. He subsequently learned the blacksmith's trade, and in 1877, at the age of twenty-four years, established a shop of his own at Lakeview, Oregon. The next year, he removed to John Day, Grant county, and later went from there to Prairie City, this state. In 1887, he went into the hardware business at Prairie City, remaining there until 1889, when he removed with his hardware stock to Baker City. About five years later he severed his connection with commercial activities and engaged in farming and stock-raising. He acquired extensive landed holdings, but recently sold several hundred acres of his property to The Powder Valley Land & Irrigation Company, for a reservoir site for what is known as the Thief valley irrigation scheme, the purpose of which is to reclaim seventy thousand acres of arid land. He still holds the title to his homestead, comprising one hundred and sixty acres of land, given over to the raising of fruits and vegetables. His place is well improved and is worth fifty dollars per acre.

On the 22d of February, 1878, at Lakeview, was celebrated the marriage of Mr. Fisk and Miss Lillie May Phetteplace, of Jackson county. She is a daughter of Benjamin and Harriet (Moon) Phetteplace, who crossed the plains from Iowa to Oregon with an ox team in 1859, and located in Jackson county, in the vicinity of Phoenix, where the father passed away and the mother subsequently married Abraham Tenbrook, a Jackson county ranchman. Mrs. Fisk's family all are deceased with the exception of a sister and brother and three half-brothers. Four children were born to Mr. and Mrs. Fisk, as follows: Bertha May, who married George W. Gilbert, of Baker, Oregon; Marion Benjamin, of North Powder, Union county, who married Miss Isabelle Gilderoy, and has become the father of two daughters; Willis Curran, who passed away in Baker, at the age of twenty-two years; and Hayden Wooster, a graduate of the Pacific Dental College of Portland, who married Miss Georgia Wise of that city, and who engages in the practice of his profession there.

In 1885, David Benjamin Fisk joined Mountain View Lodge, No. 33. I. O. O. F., in which he has passed through all of the chairs; and in 1891 or 1892 he affiliated with the Masonic order, and has ever since been identified with Prairie City Lodge, No. 60. He is a charter member of Queen City Camp, No. 48, W. O. W., at Baker, and has passed through all of its chairs, having served for several years as counsel commander. He votes the republican ticket, and while residing in Siskiyou county, California, in 1876 and 1877, served for six months as deputy sheriff under J. M. Jones. He also belonged to the state militia of California, being under the command of Captain J. V. Brown at Yreka. Mr. and Mrs. Fisk manifest their religious faith through their membership in the Methodist Episcopal church, in which belief they have reared their family. Mr. Fisk is loyal to the state of his nativity, in the wonderful progress and development of which he takes great delight.

JOHN GEISS. For more than a third of a century, or since 1878, John Geiss has been a resident of Umatilla county. He has practically lived retired for the past six years but for an extended period was identified with agricultural pursuits and is still the owner of an excellent farm near Adams, in which town he makes his home. He is a native of Prussia, Germany, born July 22, 1857, his parents being John and Christina (Shubrpest) Geiss. The mother died in Germany when but thirty-two years of age and the father afterward came to the new world with his son John in 1870. They made their way to Illinois, settling in Beardstown, and five years after the arrival of John Geiss in the northwest the father also came to Umatilla county and spent his last days here. He was a butcher by trade and followed that pursuit in order to provide for his family. He had three sons and four daughters and with the exception of one of the daughters, all came to the new world. The girls mar-

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ried in Illinois and reside there, and one son returned to that state but John and Peter are still residents of Umatilla county.

John Geiss was a young man of twenty-one years when in 1878 he came to Oregon, since which time he has resided in the county that is still his place of residence. He has always followed farming, working by the month at first until he had saved a sufficient sum to enable him to begin farming on his own account. He entered one hundred and sixty acres of land at Weston which he afterward sold, but he and his wife now own an entire section of land near Adams, which is being operated by their son-in-law. At an earlier period Mr. Geiss year after year cultivated his fields and harvested his crops and was numbered among the progressive and enterprising agriculturists of the community. At length his labors brought to him a substantial competence with which he retired to private life, turning over his farm to the management and development of his son-in-law.

In 1881 Mr. Geiss was united in marriage to Miss Sarah C. Lieuallen, who was born in Decatur county, Iowa, August 28, 1862, and in 1864 was brought to Weston, Oregon, by her parents, Noah F. and Margaret R. (Cox) Lieuallen. They were natives of Tennessee but were married in Missouri. The mother died in Morrow county, Oregon, while the father's death occurred in Moscow, Idaho. He was a stockman and farmer and secured a preemption right to a claim at Moscow and also owned a homestead at Athena. He was likewise a local minister of the Baptist church, being one of the first clergymen of this town. Mrs. Lieuallen taught the first school in Athena and afterward was teacher of the Rawhide school near the present site of the town. Mr. Lieuallen taught the first school near Moscow and both were pioneer teachers of the northwest. Mr. Lieuallen also engaged in teaching music. Unto him and his wife were born three sons and four daughters.

Mr. and Mrs. Geiss have become the parents of three children: Minnie G., who is the wife of John Winn, of Adams; Winifred, at home; and Almond Raymond, who died at the age of seven months. Politically Mr. Geiss is a democrat and has served as a member of the city council of Adams for four years. He belongs to the Baptist church and to the Independent Order of Odd Fellows—associations which indicate much of his interests and the principles which govern his conduct. Whatever success he has achieved in life is due entirely to his own efforts, for he has worked hard, never being afraid of earnest, persistent labor. His business affairs, too, have been honorably conducted and his prosperity is the fitting reward of his labors.

E. W. RHEA, a prominent representative of the agricultural interests of Echo, was born near Heppner, Oregon, on Rhea creek, which was named after the family. His birth occurred November 26, 1871, his parents being Columbus A. and Sophrona (Adkins) Rhea. The mother's death occurred some time ago but the father is still living upon the home farm, where he first located when coming to Oregon in 1862. Throughout his entire residence in this state he has been a ranchman and has been one of the progressive men of his community. In the family were eight children, of whom E. W. is the third in order of birth.

E. W. Rhea spent the days of his boyhood and youth upon his parents' farm, attending the district school nearby and assisting his father in the duties which came daily to hand upon the farm. After his marriage in 1895 he engaged in general mercantile business in Heppner for ten years. At the end of that time he purchased his present farm, which originally comprised two hundred and forty acres but which at present is only one hundred and sixty acres in area. He has devoted the greater part of this land, all of which is well irrigated, to alfalfa growing and cattle feeding. The home which he has built and the other equipments with which he has provided the farm show him to be a substantial, progressive, industrious and prosperous farmer.

On the 3d of January, 1895, Mr. Rhea was married to Miss Effie Fields, whose birth occurred on Birch creek in Umatilla county, December 16, 1874. Her father, Hugh Fields, is a native of Virginia and when he was seventeen years of age came to Oregon, where his marriage subsequently occurred. He passed away on the 3d of November, 1902. He resided on a ranch throughout his residence in Oregon, and at one time lived in a little loghouse which he built many years ago. To Mr. and Mrs. Rhea three children have been born, Hugh, Irene and Columbus A., Jr.

Fraternally Mr. Rhea is a member of the Masons and of the Elks. As a lifelong resident of Oregon he has not only been a witness of much of its development but has also been an able assistant in its improvement.

JOHN TRIMBLE, one of the prosperous ranchmen and esteemed citizens of Baker county, Oregon, is the owner of a hay and stock ranch of three hundred and twenty acres on Burnt river and also owns one hundred and twenty acres of timber land. His birth occurred in Noble county, Ohio, on the 7th of October, 1845, his parents being Jacob and Elizabeth (Stewart) Trimble, who spent their entire lives in the Buckeye state, the father cultivating a farm. They reared a family of three children, namely: John, of this review; Mrs. Eliza Jane Burlingame, who is deceased; and Charles, who is a resident of Noble county, Ohio.

John Trimble remained a resident of his native state until twenty-eight years of age, when he removed to Kansas where he remained for one and a half years and was engaged in hunting buffalo, killing in excess of five hundred during this time. He was always an enthusiastic hunter and many a deer and elk fell before his gun since coming to Oregon. He next made his way to California, spending one year in the Golden state. Going to Washington, he there remained for

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JOHN TRIMBLE

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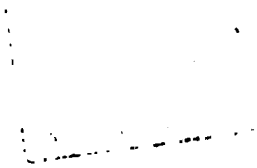

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five years and on the expiration of that period, in 1880, took up his abode on the Burnt river in Oregon, near Hereford, where he has resided continuously since. At the present time he owns three hundred and twenty acres of land on the river and also has a tract of one hundred and twenty acres of timber land. He devotes his ranch to running of stock and also markets hay and has brought the property under a high state of improvement, it being entirely covered with sagebrush at the time it came into his possession. The place yields about four hundred tons of hay annually. At one time Mr. Trimble owned three hundred head of horses and two hundred head of cattle. Throughout his entire business career he has devoted his attention to agricultural pursuits and his efforts have been attended with a splendid measure of success. At the time of his arrival in this state he had only six hundred dollars but by dint of unremitting industry and capable management has augmented his capital until he is now numbered among the wealthy citizens of his community.

In 1864 Mr. Trimble wedded Miss Kate Stevens, who was born in Ohio in 1844 and passed away in that state in 1896. By this marriage there was one son, James, whose birth occurred on the 5th of November, 1869, in Noble county, Ohio, where he resided until the spring of 1883. Since that time he has made his home on the Burnt river in Oregon and now owns two fine hay and stock ranches, comprising one hundred and sixty acres and two hundred and forty acres of land respectively. In 1902 James Trimble married Miss Lena Wonder, who was born in Baker county, Oregon, on the 3d of February, 1878, and is a daughter of Fred Wonder of Buffalo Gulch. Unto them have been born three children: Elsie, Alfred and Arthur.

In politics Mr. Trimble is independent, supporting men and measures rather than party. His fraternal relations are with the Masons and he is a worthy exemplar of the craft. Believing that the northwest offered opportunities unrivaled in any other part of the country, he took up his abode here in early manhood and has since worked his way steadily upward to a position of prominence and prosperity.

EDWARD KURTZ is one of the principal stockholders in The Dalles Fruit Company and gives his entire attention to the interests of that business. He was born in Morgantown, Berks county, Pennsylvania, March 31, 1864, and is a son of John and Elizabeth (Gabriel) Kurtz, both of whom were natives of Pennsylvania. The father passed away in 1882 and the mother in 1886. To Mr. and Mrs. John Kurtz ten children were born, of whom eight are living. Thomas, deceased, was the father of two children, both of whom are living in Maryland. He was a veteran of the Civil war. William is a resident of Portland, Oregon. Jacob is an employe of the Plow postoffice, Berks county, Pennsylvania. B. Frank is a resident of Joanna, Berks county, Pennsylvania. Mary is the wife of William Sheeler, a resident of Chester county, Pennsylvania. Tamson is the wife of Bankson Wells and resides at Joanna, Pennsylvania. Margaret is the wife of Frederick Albright, who resides in York, Pennsylvania. Clara is the wife of W. E. Given, of Honeybrook, Lancaster county, Pennsylvania. Ruth is deceased and Edward the subject of this review.

Edward Kurtz was reared at home and received his early education in the public schools of Berks county, Pennsylvania. After completing his common-school course he was for one year a pupil of the State Normal School in Chester county, Pennsylvania. He was obliged, on account of failing health, to discontinue the further pursuit of his normal course and removed to Haley, Idaho, where he obtained employment in 1883 as clerk in the postoffice and a stationery store, being also engaged in the stage and express business. In 1885 he entered the United States mail service, being routed on the Oregon Short Line and continued in that service for a period of three years, after which he was employed as traveling messenger for the Pacific Express Company for two years and as cashier for the same company at Walla Walla for one year and then was put in charge of the office of that company at The Dalles, in which capacity he continued to serve until September 19, 1907. At that time he invested in The Dalles Fruit Company and has since given his entire attention to the interests of that business. He is also a stockholder in The Dalles Box & Lumber Company, of which he is the manager. In addition to these interests he is also a stockholder in two profitable fruit ranches of Oregon.

Mr. Kurtz was united in marriage, February 23, 1887, to Miss Mary Elizabeth Bentley. Both of her parents are deceased, having passed from the life many years ago. To Mr. and Mrs. Kurtz five children have been born: Alice, who resides with her parents; Laura, who is a resident of Portland; and Doris, Marguerite and Ruth, under the parental roof. Mr. Kurtz is loyal to the democratic party and for the past six years has filled the office of city treasurer of The Dalles. He is also the president of the Business Men's Association. His fraternal relations are with the Benevolent Protective Order of Elks and also with the Independent Order of Odd Fellows, of which order he was treasurer for nine consecutive years.

Mr. Kurtz since 1907 has been recognized as one of the enterprising and representative business men of his part of the state of Oregon. He is a man whose integrity in all matters of business is never questioned and a citizen who interests himself vitally in every measure of public interest, seeking the improvement of the people in his state and county.

HON. SQUIRE FARRAR is postmaster at Salem, Oregon, to which position he was called in 1906, so that his incumbency in that office now covers six years. He previously served as state senator from his district and in both positions has made a

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creditable record. In addition to his public service he has proven himself a successful business man, his sound judgment being evidenced in the success which has attended his efforts in commercial lines. At the present writing he is vice president of the Thomas Kay Woolen Mills, thus retaining active connection with a line of business in which he embarked when he started out in the world on his own account. He is a native of Yorkshire, England, born September 8, 1840, and was a lad of eight years when his parents, John and Emma (Field) Farrar, came with their family to the United States, settling in Lawrence, Massachusetts. The father had been employed in the woolen factories of his native land and after crossing the Atlantic secured employment in the mills at Lawrence. About 1864 or 1865 he established his home on the Pacific coast, bringing his family to Salem, Oregon, where he secured a position with the Willamette Woolen Mills Company, thus being employed in the first mill built in this section of the country. That he was faithful, industrious and capable is indicated in the fact that he was retained in the employ of the Willamette Woolen Mills Company to the time of his retirement in old age. He died in the year 1902 and his wife, surviving him for about two years, passed away in 1904.

Squire Farrar following the arrival of the family in Lawrence, Massachusetts, became a public-school pupil there but in his thirteenth year began earning his own living and from that time to the present has depended for a livelihood entirely upon his own labors and resources. He, too, was employed in the woolen mills of New England until he sought a home on the Pacific coast, arriving in California in 1862, at which time he had passed the milestone on life's journey that indicates that one has attained his majority. He made his way westward with the intention of working in the mines of California but in the fall of the year of his arrival in that state he came northward to Oregon, settling in Salem. Here he at once found employment in the woolen mills, spending his time in that way until 1870, when, with the capital he had acquired through industry and frugality he purchased a stock of groceries and opened a store in Salem, where for twenty years he figured prominently as a leading grocer. As his trade increased—and it grew rapidly—he enlarged his stock to meet the growing demands of his business and throughout two decades remained as one of the foremost factors in the commercial circles of the city. Ere retiring from the grocery business he became interested in the organization of the Thomas Kay Woolen Mills Company, of which he was elected vice president and one of the directors, his official connection with the business so continuing to the present time. His long experience in this field of labor enables him to pass upon questions of vital interest to the business in a manner to contribute much to its success and development. His judgment is sound, his discrimination keen and his enterprise unfaltering. After discontinuing the grocery business in 1892, he engaged in the hop commission business and thus in various ways has proven himself a progressive and valuable factor in the commercial and financial development of his part of the state.

His fellow townsmen, appreciative of his worth and ability, asked that Mr. Farrar serve them in public office and in 1902 he was elected to the state senate, of which he remained a member for the full term of four years, giving careful consideration to the questions which came up for settlement throughout that entire period. In 1906 he was appointed postmaster of Salem, which office he now acceptably fills. He served as a member of the town council for one term. Whether in business or out of it he is always loyal to the best interests of the community and state and gives his aid and influence on the side of general progress and improvement.

Mr. Farrar has been married three times. In 1866 he wedded Miss Ellen Hatch, of Salem, who was a native of Oregon. The only child of this marriage died in infancy and the mother passed away at the same time. Mr. Farrar afterward wedded Miss Martha Watt, of Salem, and to their union was born a son, Joseph, who is living in eastern Oregon, but his birth cost his mother's life. Mr. Farrar's present wife bore the maiden name of Isabelle C. Atkinson. She, too, was a resident of Salem prior to her marriage and she has become the mother of two children: Gladys A., who was graduated from the University of Oregon with the class of 1909; and Russell J., who was graduated from the Colorado School of Mines at Golden, Colorado, in the class of 1910.

Mrs. Farrar is a member of the Episcopal church and Squire Farrar is connected fraternally with Salem Lodge, No. 4, F. & A. M., and also with Salem Lodge, No. 336, B. P. O. E. He is a member of the Salem board of trade and in strictly social lines is connected with the Illihu Club of the capital city. He ranks with the influential, prominent and representative men of Salem, whose intelligently directed efforts in business have brought them to a creditable position in trade circles, while in public life he has made an unassailable reputation, ever placing patriotism before partisanship and the general welfare before personal aggrandizement.

FRANK DAVEY. There is no more exhilarating activity and exciting profession in this country than that of journalism. The newspaper is vital and its pages appearing fresh from the press each day reflect the life of the world. Into the making of a newspaper go the brains and energies of brilliant men and its news columns give space to stories of the ambitions and sorrows, the joys and the hates of a lifetime. To be a successful publisher a man must be more than a mere business executive and he must have his hand upon the pulse of the community. He must possess a discriminating news sense, the knowledge of human nature and a power of vivid and dramatic writing.

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A journalist in this class is Frank Davey who has been active in the newspaper world since 1880. He is a native of Ireland, having been born in Sligo, that country, on the 18th of August, 1850. His parents were Michael and Mary (Finigan) Davey, the former a successful farmer in his native country. Frank Davey was the youngest of a family of twelve children, seven sons and five daughters. He received his education in the national schools of Ireland and came to America in 1867, where he joined his brother Patrick, who had crossed the Atlantic some years before. Patrick Davey is now a resident of California. Upon arriving in the United States Frank Davey settled first in Keokuk, Iowa, in which city his sister was then living. He made his home in Keokuk and also Carthage, Illinois, until the summer of 1871, when he went to Fort Dodge, Iowa. In the fall of the same year he removed to Emmet county, Iowa, where he remained until the fall of 1886. He spent some years in this county as a teacher and held the position of superintendent of schools for four years. He was county auditor there for four years and county surveyor for two years. It was during his residence in Iowa that he first took up newspaper work. He was editor and publisher of a newspaper in that state for six years. He was admitted to the bar in 1880 but never followed the legal profession, preferring to concentrate his energies on journalism in which activity he was intensely interested and for which he showed natural aptitude. He came to Oregon in 1886 and carried on newspaper work principally in Salem. In May, 1907, he removed to Burns, Oregon, to make his home here, having purchased the Harney County News which he still conducts. His position at the head of the most important periodical in his city makes him an influential factor in municipal life. The power of the press in America is never questioned. Newspapers have made and unmade more public men than any other one force in the country. They have made policies popular and have put many officials into office. Mr. Davey has never used the power which his paper gives him in any unworthy cause and his record as a journalist is unsullied by any hint of corruption. He has been a lifelong republican. He served for two terms as a member of the state legislature from Marion county, Oregon, being elected first in 1902 and reelected in 1906. He was speaker of the house in 1907. In December, 1907, he was appointed receiver for the United States Land Office at Burns and is the present incumbent of that office. He was an active factor in the passage of the bill favoring the direct election of senators in 1904. He is a member of the city council of Burns and is president of that body.

Mr. Davey was married on April 4, 1877, to Miss Villa A. Pike, a daughter of Stillman Pike of Wisconsin, and they have four children: Merle, the wife of J. C. Bowen of New Bridge, Baker county, Oregon; Vera, who is deceased; Robert Emmet, who received his education in the Salem schools and Columbia University, and who is engaged in newspaper work; and Alice Lou, a pupil in the Burns public schools. Frank Davey is a member of the Burns Commercial Club and in 1911 was its president. He has been an active member of the A. O. U. W. since 1889 and was state lecturer for that organization for two years and also conducted the A. O. U. W. Reporter, its official state organ for two years. He is an active member of the Maccabees.

Frank Davey is an efficient official, holding as he does the active management of a newspaper which is a vital force in his community. His position is a responsible one, yet he always uses this influence to favor movements which contribute to the progress and development of his city and lends his aid to no corrupt policy or no unworthy cause.

WILLIAM BRUCE HAMILTON, who owns one hundred and sixty acres of valuable land on Butter creek, which he devotes to alfalfa and stock-raising, was born in Ontario, Canada, June 11, 1850, his parents being John and Jane (Ketterson) Hamilton. They were both natives of Ireland, where they were married previous to going to Canada in 1838. They spent the remainder of their lives in Ontario, where Mr. Hamilton was engaged in agricultural pursuits. To them six sons and one daughter were born, of whom William B. is the sixth in order of birth.

Until he was eighteen years of age William B. Hamilton remained under the parental roof, attending the district schools and at the same time acquiring his first experience in agricultural pursuits under the able direction of his father. When he left home he took contracts for clearing land until he was over twenty-two years of age. At that time he purchased a ranch in Ontario and for six years was engaged in cultivating it. In 1882 he removed west and came to the United States, locating at Walla Walla, Washington. The following spring he returned to his former home and persuaded the family to make this section their future home. For nearly eleven years he was engaged in the livery business in Walla Walla and was superintendent for the Oregon Land & Construction Company in the Umatilla Meadow district for eleven years, at the end of which time he became manager of a summer resort at Bingham Springs. He purchased his present ranch on Butter creek in 1894 and there owns one hundred and sixty acres of irrigated land, which he devotes to alfalfa and stock-raising, feeding at the present writing four hundred and ninety-seven head of beef cattle. He also breeds horses and hogs. At Ranch Center he owns a one-quarter section of land and in Coos Bay owns twenty lots, which are situated along the water front. Recently he disposed of his property interests in Walla Walla.

On the 15th of July, 1872, Mr. Hamilton was married to Miss Cordelia Anna Goodall, who was born in Ontario. To them three children have been born: Rachel Elizabeth, who is a graduate of Whitman College and who has been a student at the University of Paris at Paris, France; John G., who is re-

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siding at home; and Mary Anna, who is the wife of Robert Stewart, of Seattle.

Fraternally Mr. Hamilton is a member of the Odd Fellows. The agricultural interests and the development of the natural resources of Oregon require the efforts and attention of such men as William B. Hamilton in order to be brought to the high state of productiveness which they are capable of. His efforts have always been along the lines of progress and improvement and the results which have been his prove their success.

JAMES B. BARNES, who resides on his farm one mile southwest of Gervais, was born in Perry county, Ohio, in 1846, his parents being Elisha and Beckie (Heinbau) Barnes, the former a native of Washington, D. C., and the latter of Pennsylvania. They were married in 1842 and resided in Ohio before going to Adair county, Missouri, in 1851, where they were engaged in agricultural pursuits for thirteen years. But the northwest seemed to offer greater opportunities for success, and on May 8, 1864, they set out for Oregon, arriving on November 24, on the French prairie, where he purchased one hundred acres of land. This is the property upon which James Barnes now resides. The father was twice married. His first marriage was to Beckie Heinbau and to them five children were born, namely: Mrs. Mary E. Lambright, who resides in Alberta, Canada; James Barnes, the subject of this sketch; Mrs. Margaret J. Markwood, who is a resident of Portland, Oregon; Mrs. Susan Groshong, who resides in St. Louis, Oregon; and Mrs. Angeline Miles, deceased. Mr. Barnes' second marriage was to Mary Middleton in 1857 and to this union seven children were born, namely: Zachariah, who is a resident of Linn county, Oregon; Caturia, deceased; George, who resides in Jefferson, Oregon; Mrs. Lurana Fitzgerald, of Aberdeen, Washington; and Mrs. Frances Bingham, Mrs. Ellen Johnston and Mrs. Anna Nys, all of whom are residents of Oregon.

James Barnes began his independent career at the age of twenty-one years and since then his time and energies have been given largely to agricultural pursuits, his labor having brought him success in more than an ordinary degree. After his father's death, in 1883, he purchased the home place which consists of the original one hundred acres. This he devotes principally to hop growing but also raises grain and hay.

In 1882, in St. Louis, Oregon, Mr. Barnes was married to Theresa Dotson, whose birth occurred in 1864 and who is the daughter of Frederick M. and Martha (Barnes) Dotson, the former being one of nine children and the latter, one of twelve. Mr. and Mrs. Dotson were married in 1855 in Missouri and they made this state their home for the ten years before they crossed the plains with ox teams and came to Oregon. After a year's residence in Grant county, spent in mining for gold, they settled on a forty acre homestead on the French prairie, where they remained for two years before removing to Grant county, and after a two years' residence there they went to Linn county for an equal length of time. Returning to Grant county, they resided there for one year and then took up a permanent residence in Linn county, on the McKenzie river. It was here that Mr. Dotson passed away in 1902. To Mr. and Mrs. Dotson the following children were born besides Mrs. James B. Barnes: Mrs. Mary Robinson, of Redding, California; Solomon C., a resident of Los Angeles, California; Mrs. Kate Barnes, who resides in Portland, Oregon; and Osborne M., also a resident of Portland. Mr. and Mrs. Barnes have been the parents of three children. The eldest, Simon A., was born in 1883 and resides at home. In addition to a common-school education he took a short college course. Ralph E., who also resides at home, was born in 1885 and received a district-school education. Mrs. Mary N. Schwab, who was born in 1891 and received a district-school education, is the wife of Arthur Schwab, an agriculturist of Gervais. To them one child, Henry A., has been born.

Mr. Barnes gives his support to the democratic party but has never sought office as a reward for party fealty. He has little time from his regular agricultural duties, in which he has displayed indefatigable labor and able management. He is a member of the Roman Catholic church and here again he has shown a consistent attitude and a loyal constancy.

T. J. CONRAD, who lives retired in Portland, was born in Indiana, March 25, 1843. He was a son of Simeon and Mary Esther (Flock) Conrad, the former a native of North Carolina and the latter of Germany. The latter was brought to America by her parents when she was a small child. She married Mr. Conrad in Indiana and they both resided there until their deaths, she passing away in 1881, while Mr. Conrad died two years later. He was a cooper by trade but in later life owned a farm which his sons operated. To Mr. and Mrs. Conrad were born seven children: Simeon, of Huntsville, Washington; Christena, who is the widow of Isaac Crabill and resides at Freewater, Oregon; Thomas J., of this review; Peter, of Washington; Joseph, of Arkansas; and America Kline and Hannah, both deceased. Mr. and Mrs. Conrad had both previously been married and by his first marriage Mr. Conrad was the father of five children, and by her first marriage Mrs. Conrad was the mother of seven children. Of the twelve children only one now survives, Mary Esther, of California.

T. J. Conrad received only a limited education on account of the lack of school facilities at that time. He started out in life for himself in 1865, at the age of twenty-one. In that year he left Indiana and crossed the plains by horse and mule teams, joining a train of ninety-three wagons, three hundred men, besides women and children, being in the party. They were four months and nine days in making the trip, their destination being Napa, California. There Mr. Conrad

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MR. AND MRS. J. B. BARNES

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was engaged in farming for six years. He then returned to Indiana, was married and farmed there for six years. At the end of that period he again went to California, where he spent six more years in farming. He then came to Portland and a short time afterward went to Pendleton, he and his three oldest children being obliged to walk part of the way, while his wife and their five youngest children rode on a freight wagon. There Mr. Conrad took up a tract of four hundred and eighty acres of railroad land which was located twenty-one miles north of Pendleton. He resided on this farm for nine years when he sold it and bought six hundred acres near Milton, on which he remained until 1911, when he retired from active life and moved to Portland. He still owns this farm of six hundred acres and he also has a fine home in Portland which is located at No. 238 East Fiftieth street.

In 1871 Mr. Conrad was married to Miss Louisa J. Brandenburg, who was born in Indiana, a daughter of David and Laura Brandenburg, both of whom were natives of that state but of German ancestry. They both passed away in Indiana. In their family were sixteen children, eleven of whom are now living. They are: Mrs. Martha Longbottom, of Indiana; Margaret, the wife of Louis Franks, of Indiana; Marion, also of that state; Mary C., residing in Indiana; John, of Indiana; Samuel, of New Mexico; Annie, the wife of Simeon Conrad, of Washington; Henry, of Indiana; Mrs. T. J. Conrad; Laura, the widow of James Parker; and Ada, the wife of Charles Crawford, of Indiana. Mr. and Mrs. Conrad have become the parents of fifteen children, as follows: Rovilla Jane, who was born in 1872 and became the wife of Albert Cull, of Okanogan, Washington; Amanda E., who was born in 1873, and married John Shaver, of Yakima, Washington; David Henry, who was born in 1874 and resides in Eagle valley, Oregon; Addie Dickinson, a resident of Milton, Oregon, who was born in 1876; Annie, born in 1877, who is now the wife of Gustavis Sprague, of Canyon, Washington; Charity E., who was born in 1878, and who married Albert Vincent, of Blackfoot, Idaho; Grace, who at the age of four years was burned to death when the house was destroyed by fire; Jessie T., who was born in 1882 and passed away at the age of thirty years; Mary M., who was born in 1885, and is the wife of Fred Johnson, of Milton, Oregon; Rhoda E. Bertha, who was born in 1886 and is the wife of Lester Hammer; Maggie Olive, who was born in 1888, and who wedded William Kinney, of Milton, Oregon; Lydia Edith whose birth occurred in 1891, and who is the wife of Orman J. Fox, of Milton; John, born in 1893, and now attending school; Dottie Dorcas, who was born in 1894 and is now attending business college in Portland; and F. Blossom, a student in the Washington high school. Mr. and Mrs. Conrad also have thirty-nine living grandchildren. Two granddaughters and a grandson, the children of Mrs. Hammer, now live with their grandparents. They are: Loa B., born in 1905; Bessie L., whose birth occurred on the 20th of October, 1907; and Carl L., born in May, 1911. The older members of Mr. Conrad's family were all given good educational advantages.

In politics Mr. Conrad is a democrat but is very liberal in his views. He has never cared to hold public office, preferring to give all of his time to his business interests. He and his family are members of the Christian church and they are well known and highly respected throughout their community. Mr. Conrad has been successful in his business interests and is now able to live retired, enjoying the fruits of a well spent life.

JOSEPH GREER was numbered among Oregon's pioneer settlers of 1852, coming to this state when a youth of seventeen years. He was born June 17, 1835, in Park county, Indiana, and was a son of Henry Greer. His mother died when he was a small boy and in 1852 he accompanied his father on the long journey westward to Oregon. They drove across the country, meeting the usual experiences and hardships of such a journey in pioneer days and took up their abode near Lebanon in Linn county, where they remained for several years. In the family were four children: William, who died at Oakesdale, Washington; Joseph, a twin brother of William; George, a resident of Texas; and Mrs. Jane Kees, deceased.

As previously stated, Joseph Greer was a youth of about seventeen years when the family came to Oregon and after living in Linn county for about six years he took up his abode on the Umatilla river in 1858. He lived in the vicinity of Walla Walla until he came to the farm upon which he died, a mile and a half south of Weston. His entire active life was devoted to general agricultural pursuits and stock-raising and his well directed labors brought him a goodly measure of success, so that he was enabled to leave his family in comfortable circumstances when death claimed him on the 28th of March, 1879.

About ten years before his demise, Joseph Greer had married, on the 9th of October, 1869, Mrs. Harriet (Courtney) Kees. She was the widow of William Kees, whom she had married on February 18, 1866, at Walla Walla, Washington, and who died February 1, 1868. Mrs. Greer was born in Linn county, Oregon, March 3, 1851, a daughter of John and Caroline (Buell) Courtney, who were natives of Illinois and Indiana respectively. They were reared in the east but were married in Linn county, Oregon, where Mr. Courtney had arrived as a young man in 1845. He remained at Whitman Fort for a few days and his sister and brother-in-law, Mr. and Mrs. Osborn, escaped the Indian massacre there. Mr. Courtney proceeded on his way into the Willamette valley but was one of the volunteers who returned and fought the Indians. He resided in the Willamette valley until 1859, when he removed to Walla Walla, Washington, and afterward established his home in Spokane. Subsequently he resided in Arizona for several years but spent

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his last days in the home of his daughter, Mrs. Greer. He devoted his life to farming and stock-raising. His wife also passed away at the home of her daughter. They reared a family of twelve children, seven sons and five daughters. Mr. and Mrs. Greer became parents of two children: Minnie, who is the widow of Hugh Walker and lives in Weston; and Frank, who married Jennie Waddingham and has three children, Vida, Fred and Cecil. By her first marriage Mrs. Greer had a daughter, Fannie Kees, who is the wife of William Barnes, of Weston.

Oregon will ever owe a debt of gratitude to her pioneer settlers—the men who with courageous spirit made their way into the northwest, facing hardships and privations and meeting also many dangers owing to the hostility of the red men. Mr. Greer was of the number who aided in sowing the seeds of civilization in this section of the country. He lived here during the Cayuse Indian war of 1856-57 and was in the regular service during a part of two years, seeing about six months of active military duty in the attempt to subdue the red race. Although a third of a century has passed away since he was called to his final rest, he lived to see many changes as the country became populated by an enterprising and progressive class of citizens. At all times he bore his part in the work of general improvement and progress. He is remembered by many of the older settlers of this part of the county, all of whom respected him for his sterling worth.

ALEXANDER McKENNA is one of the prominent and well known agriculturists in Grant county, Oregon, and the eight hundred acres which he is operating is a valuable addition to the development and expansion of this section of the country. He was born in Ireland, September 23, 1847, and is a son of William and Sarah McKenna. He came to America when he was very young and settled in Humboldt county, California, where he received his education in the public schools. He remained there until 1863, in which year he came to Oregon, locating in Canyon City, Grant county, where he prospered as a hotel keeper for many years. He later disposed of his hotel property and engaged in the sawmill business on Pine creek for eighteen years, first as an employe and for the last twelve years as owner of a mill. He met with a fair degree of success in this enterprise but eventually sold the mill in order to buy a farm eight miles from Canyon City, which he brought to a high state of cultivation during the years he was connected with it. In 1899 he sold his land and purchased a livery business in Canyon City which he carried on successfully for a number of years. He later located on his present property near Mount Vernon on the John Day river and has since given his time to progressive agriculture.

In 1881 Mr. McKenna was united in marriage to Miss Alice Jenkins, a daughter of David and Annie (Riley) Jenkins, the former a native of Scotland and the latter of New York. Mrs. McKenna's father came to America in 1833 and was employed for eleven years in the Brooklyn navy yard. In 1844 he went to Galveston, Texas, and after two year's residence in that city moved into Mexico, where he remained for two years. In 1848 he went to California, locating near the Golden Gate, one year before the famous discovery of gold in 1849. He built a vessel and followed the sea for a short time. He was one of the pioneer settlers in San Francisco and built some of the first houses ever erected on the site of the present city, being a resident of that locality when the famous gold strike was made. He spent five months in the mines and at the end of that time returned to San Francisco, where in partnership with two others he bought a vessel with the intention of going to sea. Every day, however, reports of new gold discoveries came from the mountains and the whaling project was eventually abandoned in favor of mining. Mr. Jenkins met with a fair degree of success in the California gold fields and in 1863 came to Oregon, where he followed mining for some time. Eventually he took up land in the John Day valley, six miles below the city of John Day, and here he engaged in stock-raising until his death. To Mr. and Mrs. McKenna have been born eight children: Anna, who is now Mrs. Claude Ingle, of whom further mention is made on another page in this work; David, who resides in Silver City, Idaho; Dora, now Mrs. Schuyler Walker; Amy, who married Burt Howard of Prairie City, Oregon; Velma, Charles, Edward and Hazel, all of whom reside at home.

The eight hundred acres of land which Mr. McKenna is now actively operating constitutes the old Jenkins homestead. Previous to the removal of the family to this property the land had been neglected for some years but Mr. McKenna is now giving his personal supervision and his undoubted agricultural talent to the building up and improvement of the place. A portion of the land is under irrigation and is being gradually improved along progressive and scientific lines. Mrs. McKenna is one of the remarkable women of Oregon, endowed with a high degree of refinement and much culture of an unusual sort. She is well known in social circles of Grant county as a charming and hospitable woman. Mr. McKenna gives his allegiance to the democratic party but has never sought public office. He is a member of Hobah Lodge, No. 22, I. O. O. F., having been a member since he was twenty-one years of age. He is one of the many farmers in his section of Oregon whose individual activities have been vital forces in agricultural upbuilding and have aided materially in raising the standards of modern farming.

W. J. TOWNLEY, a merchant of Union, owns a sixteen hundred acre farm near Hot Lake, and has an orchard of thirty-five acres lying within the city limits of the town of his adoption. He is doing a large stock-raising business on his farm and is meeting with success. He was born at Briggsville, Wisconsin, January 19, 1862, a son of Robert and Mary (Wilkinson) Townley, both of whom were natives of England. The father

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emigrated to the new world when a young man, settling first in Boston, where he remained for six or eight years, removing to Wisconsin in the late '50s.

W. J. Townley spent his boyhood days principally in Waukesha, Wisconsin, where he received a good high-school education. In 1887 he removed to Oregon and began work as a gold miner at Sanger, being thus employed for about eight years. There he represented a Milwaukee company and continued in that firm's employ until the panic of 1893, after which he went into business on his own account, purchasing the home farm lying on the north side of Union, within the city limits. In 1894 he planted on his land what became the first commercial orchard in the Grande Ronde valley, comprising about thirty-five acres of apple, peach, pear, and prune, as well as other varieties of trees. In 1897 Mr. Townley engaged in the general mercantile business in Union and has since added to his stock, which now occupies the entire first floor of the new Masonic Temple building. He also owns a farm of sixteen hundred acres at Hot Lake, surrounding the land upon which is located a sanitarium. He is there carrying on a large stock-raising and feeding business, usually feeding about seven hundred head of cattle annually for the market. He also raises registered shorthorn cattle and registered Percheron and Kentucky saddle horses and pure bred Poland China hogs. He occupies a residence in Union which is modern throughout.

Mr. Townley was married in June, 1884, to Miss Mary F. Gale, of Waukesha, Wisconsin, and to this union have been born two children, Wythel G. and Alice Dorothy. Mr. Townley has capably filled several local offices and always gives his influence and support to any enterprise that tends to develop the city and community. He belongs to the Masonic order, having attained the Knight Templar degree in the York Rite and the thirty-second degree in the Scottish Rite. He is one of the successful business men of eastern Oregon and is widely known as one of its leading citizens.

ERNEST E. EHELER, blacksmith and machinist of Helix, was born in Valley county, Nebraska, on the 22d of December, 1883, his parents being Edgar and Mary Jane (Nay) Eheler. The father was a native of Brookfield, Nova Scotia, where his birth occurred on the 15th of August, 1857, and the mother was born in Dundee, Scotland, on the 8th of June, 1865. Their marriage occurred in Bracebridge, Ontario, previous to their removal to Nebraska in the autumn of 1881. After residing in that state for nineteen years they went to California. The mother is making her home in Sonoma and the father, who was an agriculturist throughout his active career, is living with his son Ernest E.

Ernest E. Eheler is the eldest of nine children and at an early age it was necessary for him to take up some of the duties which fell upon his father in the management of the home farm. After acquiring a meager education in the public schools he learned the blacksmith's trade, which he has since followed. He made Stockton, California, his headquarters until July, 1910, when he removed to Helix, Oregon, where he has since resided. Since 1903 he has devoted a part of his time to mechanical work and acted as engineer in Stockton for a short time. For one winter he was employed by the Hall Manufacturing Company and while in that position he opened a shop for himself, where he has since been engaged as a blacksmith and automobile repairer. He seems to possess innate ability in mechanical lines and, although he has had little or no scientific training in this line, he is meeting with a good degree of success and is one of the most successful representatives of his trade in Helix.

On the 24th of December, 1908, Mr. Eheler was married to Miss Edith Leola Doidge, whose birth occurred in Silver City, Nevada, on the 20th of October, 1889. She is a daughter of William and Mary Doidge, the former now deceased and the latter a resident of Madera, California. To Mr. and Mrs. Eheler one child, Ernest, has been born.

In the west many of the men who are forging to the front in the various lines of industry and commerce are among the younger generation and among these Ernest E. Eheler stands out prominently as a skilled blacksmith and general machine repairer a reputation which has been won by hard and unremitting labor and by conscientious attention to his business undertakings. He holds the respect and regard not only of those who know him in a business way but also those whose acquaintance he has made socially because of his stability and integrity.

T. D. TAYLOR. Among the well known residents of Pendleton is T. D. Taylor, who for the past ten years has filled the office of county sheriff while for four years previous to that time he had served as deputy sheriff. His record in office has been a creditable one, characterized by faithfulness to duty in every relation. He has become widely known through his business connections and is now interested in farming and stock-raising in Grant county. He was born in Marion county, Oregon, but at an early age became a resident of eastern Oregon, settling in Umatilla county in September, 1870. His father, David Taylor, was born in Indiana and made the long journey across the plains to Oregon in 1852; here he at first became interested in farming but for the past twenty years has been engaged in the grain business at Athena. He married S. Ann Gerking, also a native of Indiana, and to them have been born three children of whom two are living, the younger being W. R. Taylor who makes his home at Athena.

T. D. Taylor acquired his education in the common schools of Oregon and was reared to farm life. He started out in the business world as an employe in a hardware store in Athena, and afterward came to Pendleton, securing a clerical position with a hardware company. He was called from commercial pursuits to enter public office and

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after serving for four years as deputy sheriff was called to the office of sheriff of Umatilla county, in which position he has continued for ten years. He discharges his duties without fear or favor and his promptness and reliability are qualities which have led to his reelection, so that his incumbency in office covers an entire decade. His political support has always been given to the Democratic party and in addition to his connection with the office of sheriff he has served as city treasurer of Athena. In business circles, too, he has been active for he and his brother are owners of land in Grant county, where they engage in stock-raising.

In November, 1889, Mr. Taylor was united in marriage to Miss Sadie A. Smith, who died leaving a son, Sheldon, who is attending the Portland business college. In August, 1909, Mr. Taylor was again married, his second union being with Miss Clara Nossu. He belongs to the Masonic fraternity in which he has attained the Knight Templar degree. He is a charter member of the Knights of Pythias lodge at Athena. He likewise holds membership with the Artisans and has the friendly regard and good will of his brethren of these fraternities. His record as a business man and citizen and also in his social connections places him with the foremost citizens of his county.

WILLIAM J. MARINER is one of the foremost of the active, progressive and influential business men of Oregon and to none other is greater credit due for the reclamation and development of the arid lands of the state. He has been an untiring worker along that line, spending time and money without hope of direct remuneration. He has given uncontrovertible evidence of his public spirit not only in this way but in innumerable other directions, particularly in his support of the interests of navigation on the Columbia river. That his efforts in that direction have been forceful, practical and of lasting benefit finds its proof in the activity of the United States government in its work along the Columbia, especially in building the Celilo canal near The Dalles. With notable prescience Mr. Mariner recognizes what the future has in store for this broad and growing western country and seeks in every possible manner to further the work of general improvement, development and progress.

A native of Lebanon, Tennessee, he was born September 25, 1853, a son of William and Nancy Agnes (McPherson) Mariner, who were natives of Maine and Tennessee respectively. The father was professor of languages and mathematics in the Cumberland University prior to the Civil war and after the close of hostilities entered upon a similar connection at Lincoln, Illinois. Later he continued his educational work at Mount Zion, Illinois, and next became connected with Whitman College, at Walla Walla, Washington, where he remained for a number of years. He then retired and moved to Spokane, where he passed away. His widow still survives, at the age of eighty-four years.

William J. Mariner acquired his early education in Lebanon, Tennessee, and in the public schools of Illinois, but ill health prevented him from utilizing to the full the opportunities that were afforded him in that direction. In 1873 he became a resident of Walla Walla, Washington, being much benefited by this change. He was connected with the cattle industry in the eastern part of the state and with farming until 1880. Since coming to the northwest he has realized much of the possibilities of the country and his labors and efforts have ever been directed in those channels through which flows the greatest good to the greatest number. His efforts have largely been of a character that has contributed to public progress as well as to individual success. He had charge of the building and operation of the flume for ties that were used in the construction of the line of the Oregon Railway & Navigation Company through Washington to Portland, Oregon. In 1880 he removed to Wasco county, now Gilliam county, Oregon, where he took up a claim, and has added to his holdings from time to time until he now has about three thousand acres. He has demonstrated clearly that this method of farming may be profitably followed and his practical labors have been attended with gratifying results. Mr. Mariner has taken an active part in opening up the Columbia river to navigation and for a time in connection with his partner, J. A. Smith, operated a line of boats on the upper Columbia river. His identification with river transportation has continued long and has been of immense value to the public. At one time he and his partner had a complete survey made at their own expense for a portage road on the Washington side of the river and he is now one of the three commissioners in charge of the Oregon State Portage Railway from Celilo to The Dalles. In 1905 they organized the Baker Irrigation Company, of which Mr. Mariner is the treasurer and manager. This company expect to handle fifteen thousand acres of land in their project which they are making a profitable proposition. Mr. Mariner is the second vice president of the Oregon Irrigation Congress which was recently organized and he has studied systematically and along scientific lines the subject of introducing water to the arid country and thereby promoting its fertility. He was active in advancing the Umatilla extension government reclamation project. He has always contended that the government should cooperate with the settlers and build the main canals and reservoirs whereby the responsibility would fall on the reclamation bureau. He believes that the government should not compete with private enterprises in the development of irrigation and reclamation projects. In all public improvements he has been active and his cooperation can ever be counted upon to advance the welfare of the community or the state at large.

Local interests have also profited by the cooperation and ability of Mr. Mariner who in 1887 was appointed postmaster at Blalock,

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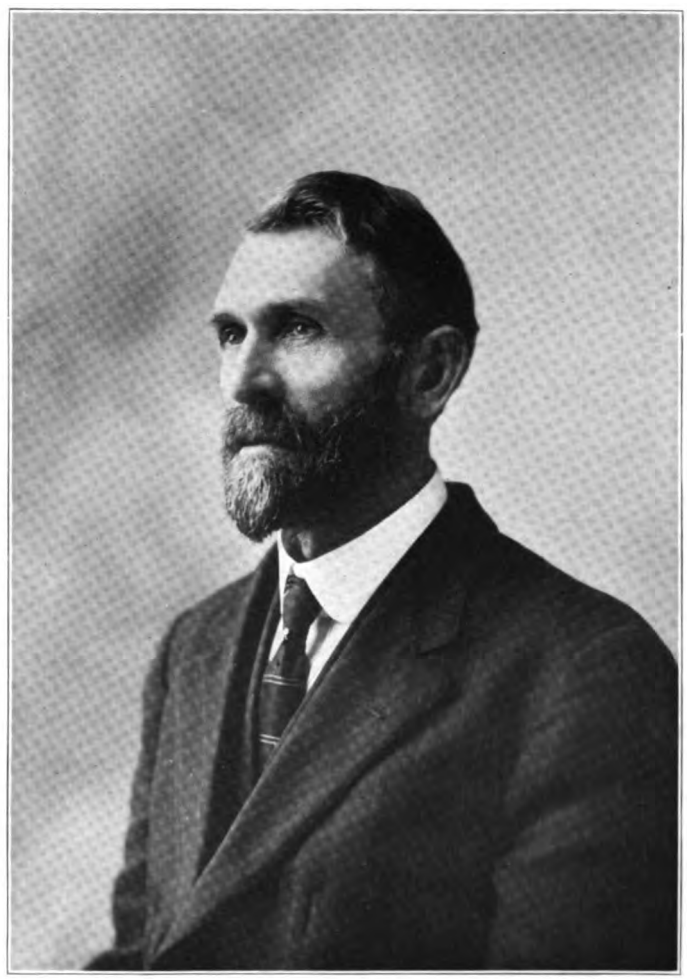

WILLIAM J. MARINER

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Gilliam county, and has since held that position continuously. In politics he has ever been a republican but never places partisanship before the general welfare. He was one of the commissioners appointed when Wheeler county was created to adjust the financial interests of the involved counties of Grant, Gilliam and Wheeler and in 1889 he was chosen county commissioner of Gilliam county for a term of two years. In 1891 he was elected county judge of Gilliam county and served continuously on the bench for twelve years, his decisions being strictly fair and impartial and causing his retention in office. In 1908 he was elected a representative to the state legislature from Wheeler, Gilliam and Sherman counties and such was the creditable record which he made in the general assembly that he was reelected in 1910. During his first term he assisted effectively in securing the passage of the bill extending the Oregon State Portage Road from the Big Eddy to The Dalles and he was also active in the good roads movement. By appointment of the governor he was made a member of the commission on the consolidation of the Oregon State University and the Oregon Agricultural College. In 1912 he was appointed a member of the state tax commission and all this makes his activities very wide and far-reaching. He is directly responsible for the present system of taxation, eliminating the state equalization board and cutting out additional classifications. His work on assessment taxation was the most important feature in his career as a member of the legislature.

Mr. Mariner is a remarkable example of the self-made man. Ill health retarded his progress in early life but he overcame all his early disadvantages and as the years have gone by has made wise use of time, talents and opportunities. He has firm faith in the future of Oregon, recognizes its possibilities and resources, has long been prominent in the public life of the state and has made a record which reflects credit and honor upon Oregon for all time. The west is making her history and Mr. Mariner is numbered among those who are writing some of its most important chapters.

FERDINAND H. HUDEMANN is the owner of three quarters of a section of wheat land northeast of Connell, and seven and one quarter sections of wheat land upon which he is now residing. His birth occurred near Gibson City, McLean county, Illinois, September 6, 1879, a son of Julius and Maggie Hudemann. When he was but five years of age he was brought by his parents to Adams, Umatilla county, where he has since resided continuously excepting during the three years he was farming in Franklin county, Washington. For the past five years he has been cultivating the home place which comprises seven and one quarter sections of land, all devoted to wheat growing. Its appearance and general development attest its good management and high cultivation.

On the 19th of May, 1909, Mr. Hudemann was married to Miss Minnie Kemper, whose birth occurred in Pendleton on the 26th of July, 1889, and who is a daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Fred Kemper. Politically Mr. Hudemann is an independent democrat, and also holds membership in the Lutheran church. Many of the most profitable and highly productive agricultural tracts in Umatilla county are at present being cultivated by young men. These men bring the same enthusiasm and enterprising spirit into their work which their fathers did, and where the latter found their greatest labor in clearing the land the sons now have the opportunity of proving the worth of the soil which had previously been prepared for them. Mr. Hudemann is no exception to the long list of progressive, industrious and energetic farmers who are making this district one of the best wheat-growing sections in the northwest.

HENRY YOUNG, a well known merchant at Rock Creek, Baker county, was born in Canada, June 1, 1876, a son of William C. and Isabella (Hatch) Young, both natives of England who emigrated to Canada at an early day. The father remained a resident of the Dominion until his death and the mother now makes her home in Quebec.

Henry Young was one of a family of fourteen children of whom nine are still living. His youth was spent in Canada where he received a good common-school and business college education. He remained with his parents until he attained his majority when he was married, in Montreal, to Miss Jessie Graham Stewart, a school teacher, who was also born in the Dominion. She is a daughter of James and Catherine Stewart, both of whom are still residents of Canada. After his marriage Mr. Young came to Oregon, settling at Rock Creek, Baker county, in 1907, and there engaged in mercantile business, a vocation which he has since followed. To Mr. and Mrs. Young were born two sons: Henry R. W., deceased; and Graham S.

Mr. Young is a member of the Odd Fellows lodge, in which he has occupied all of its official chairs, and also belongs to the Encampment and the Rebekahs. He is also a member of the Modern Woodmen of America Camp, No. 8816, at Rock Creek, and of the L. O. L. Politically he is a democrat and religiously both he and his wife are members of the Methodist Episcopal church, in the work of which they are actively interested and of which they are liberal supporters. Mr. Young is well known in business, fraternal and church circles in Baker county. Just in his business dealings with his fellowmen, affable in his relationship with all, he has built up a lucrative business and has a large acquaintance in his community and throughout Baker county. He is one of the substantial men of his section and among all classes he is universally respected.

VERNON V. KERLEY, a well known blacksmith of Helix, was born in Mexia, Texas, on the 21st of August, 1882, his parents being Thomas T. and Willie C. (Meaks) Kerley. The father was also a native of Mexia but the mother's birth occurred in Louisiana. They are now residing in Chillicothe, Texas, where Mr. Kerley is employed.

Vernon V. Kerley acquired his education in the public schools of Texas and remained

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with his parents until he was eighteen years of age. Two years previous he had learned the blacksmith's trade, which he has since followed. He resided in Texas until 1900, when he located in Helix, Oregon. For the last three years he has conducted an independent business and at present owns a shop, where he is doing a general blacksmith and machine business and repairing of all kinds. Because of his excellent work and the courteous treatment which his patrons receive his business is constantly growing and he is one of the foremost blacksmiths of Helix.

On the 21st of December, 1904, Mr. Kerley was married to Miss Grace Gladys Titsworth, of Athena, Umatilla county. Her birth occurred on the 15th of August, 1885, and she is a daughter of George and Amelia (Stone) Titsworth, who are residing near Midvale, Idaho. To Mr. and Mrs. Kerley three children have been born, Vernon Emmett, Robert Venson and Rova Maxine. Although he is still a young man, his record is one which contains valuable lessons concerning perseverance, energy, determination and fidelity, his success being attributable to these qualities.

GEORGE LOVECTOR HIBBARD, who has been a resident of Portland for more than fifty years, has the distinction of being the first manufacturer of boots and shoes in Oregon. His birth occurred on the 18th of July, 1835, in Troy, Vermont, his parents being Joel and Lucy E. (Cleveland) Hibbard. The father was a native of Canada, while the mother was born in Vermont, and it was in the latter place that they were married. To their union six children were born, all of whom are deceased with the exception of George L.

After attending the common schools for a few years, George L. Hibbard started at the early age of thirteen years to earn his own livelihood. He first accepted a position as day laborer and was thus employed until he was seventeen years of age, when he removed to Boston, where he served an apprenticeship as carpenter and joiner. He remained in that city for several years, and then made a trip to Minnesota but not caring to establish himself in that locality he returned to New York and built a tannery at Wellsville for A. S. French and A. L. Hibbard. In 1859 he went west and located in San Francisco, California. After living in that city for a few months he came to Portland arriving here on the 18th of June, of that year, and has since been connected with the business activities of the west. After coming west he was first employed at St. Helen at a dollar a day but remained only a short time. Subsequently he was employed for eight days for four dollars per day and was urged to remain with that concern, which manufactured wagons. He returned to Portland, however, but, being unsuccessful in securing employment, he went to Oregon City and while there erected a house for Colonel Jennings. Afterward he worked at Vancouver Barracks until the war broke out, and then opened a shop at Vancouver, making doors and windows. He was thus engaged for a short time but was again employed in the government service at Walla Walla, Washington, for two years before erecting the Umatilla landing. Until 1863 he was in the mercantile business in Idaho before locating permanently in Portland in 1865, where he has since resided. At first he engaged in the produce business, which he conducted until 1872. In that year he suffered heavy losses by fire. The following year he again engaged in business in the manufacture of boots and shoes. This was the first factory of its kind to be established in Oregon and he was associated with it until 1895. In 1905 he again suffered financial reverses and since that time he has lived in Montavilla. He is the owner of a large amount of real estate and was the promoter of what is known as the Montavilla Reality Company. He marked out the first plat and subsequently made the first addition to Montavilla. He has been active in building up this part of the country and is one of the most enthusiastic promoters and business men of the city.

Mr. Hibbard has been twice married. In 1867 he was married, in Portland, to Miss Josephine Jeffers, whose birth occurred in Oregon City and who was a daughter of Joseph and Sarah (Hurford) Jeffers, natives of West Virginia. Mrs. Jeffers died at the advanced age of ninety-four years and the father passed away when he was sixty-eight years of age. To Mr. and Mrs. Hibbard four children were born: Charles, of Portland; George L., Jr., deceased; Frank, who is also a resident of Portland; and Carrie, who is the wife of Fred Irwin, of this city. Mr. Hibbard was again married, his second union being with Mrs. Joseph Harned, a sister of his first wife. Her mother was born in Ohio, on the 21st of September, 1808, a daughter of Benjamin and Charity Hurford. In November, 1829, she was married to Joseph Jeffers and in 1847 came to Oregon. They left Burlington, Iowa, on the 26th of March, and arrived at Oregon City on the 12th of September. They finally located in Clatsop county on the Lewis and Clarke river, taking up a donation land claim, situated between Astoria and Portland, where they spent their remaining years. Mrs. Hibbard has two children by her first union: William J., of Seattle, Washington; and William M., of Kalama, Washington. To Mr. and Mrs. Hibbard four children were born: John Beacher, who is a resident of Portland; Guy Arthur, of Portland, who is married and has one child, Guy A., Jr., Ernest T. who is married and has one son G. L., and lives in Portland; and Victor C., also a resident of Portland.

In politics Mr. Hibbard is a republican and, although he is thoroughly alive to the issues of the day and takes a citizen's interest in exercising his right of franchise, he has never sought office as a reward for party fealty. His religious faith is indicated in his membership in the Presbyterian church. Fraternally he is a member of the Independent Or-

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der of Odd Fellows. Throughout his long residence in Oregon he has always proven himself a citizen of sterling worth, his enterprising spirit, his perseverance and his industry having won him the regard and esteem of his associates in business and social circles.

JAMES T. WISDOM, prominent in commercial and financial circles in Baker City was born in Randolph county, Missouri, November 22, 1841. His father, Thomas Barnes Wisdom, was born in Kentucky in 1814 and died in Oregon in 1893. The mother, Lucinda (Gess) Wisdom, was born in Kentucky in 1821 and died in 1866. The father was an agriculturist and followed the occupation of farming throughout his entire life. In 1863 he came to Oregon with his family, taking up a government claim near Wingville, Baker county. In his family were thirteen children, five of whom are still living.

James T. Wisdom was educated in the common schools of his native state, graduating from the high school of Trenton, Missouri. He assisted his father with the farm work and while thus engaged learned valuable lessons of industry and economy which have served him well in later years. After the removal of the family to Oregon James T. Wisdom added to his knowledge by pursuing a course in a commercial college at Portland. Shortly afterward he entered the drug business in Baker City in 1870 and continued in that line of trade for twelve years, during which time he succeeded in building up a fine business that in later years became a source of considerable profit. Being alive to the superior advantages which Baker City offered at that time to a man of experience, wide acquaintance and capital, he embarked in the real-estate business, buying, selling and renting properties and also loaning money for many years and, having keen business judgment, a knowledge of values and possessing the happy faculty of interesting people in what he had to offer, he soon built up a thriving and lucrative business. Some years since, he retired from active business, sold his farm properties and concentrated his investments in Baker City, where he now owns a number of good properties and where he is interested in some of the prominent financial institutions.

On the 28th of January, 1892, Mr. Wisdom was married to Mrs. Lavina (Toney) Shinn, a native of Illinois, and a daughter of Mr. and Mrs. John Toney. Her father was a successful farmer and both parents are now deceased. Mr. Wisdom has always given his political allegiance to the democratic party and has taken a commendable interest in civic affairs. In 1872 he was elected county superintendent of schools, a position in which his broad education and wide business experience served him in good stead. During the time in which he served in that office he was enabled by wise management as well as by business skill to place the school system upon a much better footing than it had hitherto been and his labors in that direction were of inestimable value. Important factors in the successful life work of Mr. Wisdom were his good parentage, the excellent training he received as a boy at home, the school advantages which he enjoyed even at an early day and the wise and careful management which he has always exercised in his business affairs. He has possessed the faculty of forming warm and lasting friendships and during his residence in Baker county has surrounded himself with a large number whom he holds in the closest intimacy. His arduous labors during his active business career now enable him to live retired and enjoy the fruits of his former years of toil. While engaged in farming and stock-raising he bred one of the finest herds of registered shorthorn cattle in Oregon and was the breeder of a prize steer weighing 2,584 pounds which, when dressed, was 76.32 per cent of his gross weight—a remarkable record in stock-raising.

A. B. COOLEY, a leading agriculturist of Pendleton, was born in Henderson county, New Jersey, forty miles from New York city, on the 29th of October, 1863, his parents being James and Margaret (Jones) Cooley, also natives of Henderson county. They resided in their native state until 1867, when they removed to McDonough county, Illinois, where they resided four or five years before going to Wilson county, Kansas, where they now reside. The father is a retired ranchman and is living in Neodesha, Kansas. To them ten children were born, six of whom survive, A. B. Cooley being the second child and the eldest living.

A. B. Cooley remained at home with his parents attending the district school and assisting his father upon the farm until he was twenty-one years of age. After having cast his first vote at the time James G. Blaine was a nominee for president he came to Oregon, and since April 5, 1884, has been a resident of Umatilla county. Upon his arrival here he secured one-half section of railroad land in Middle Cold Springs, and began growing wheat. So successful was he that he was able from time to time to add to his property until at one time he was the owner of eleven hundred and twenty acres, all of which was planted to wheat. After disposing of that property he removed to Pendleton and for the past five years has been residing there. He was engaged in farming on the Umatilla reservation, and with his son cultivates twelve hundred and eighty acres of land which he rents from the Indians. He has devoted his whole attention to grain growing, and during the year of 1901 raised sixty-three thousand bushels of wheat and barley. His work is carried on along the most modern and scientific lines, and his success proves the practicability of the various theories he has put into practice. For about eight years Mr. Cooley had as extensive a cattle ranch as was to be found in the county, owning from seven to nine hundred head. He at present raises horses and mules and has about ninety head. Whatever he has undertaken he has carried out on a very large scale, thus attesting his remarkable ability.

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On the 1st of October, 1887, Mr. Cooley was married to Miss Mary E. Gibson, whose birth occurred in Wilson, Kansas. She had been a schoolmate of Mr. Cooley and is a daughter of George Gibson, who resided in Oregon for some time before his death. By this union three children were born: George, who is engaged in agricultural pursuits in partnership with his father; Margaret, who is the wife of C. C. Rasor, of Medina county, Ohio; and Walter, who is residing at home.

In politics Mr. Cooley gives his support to the republican party. He holds membership in the Masonic order, belonging to the blue lodge and chapter. He is also affiliated with the Independent Order of Odd Fellows, the Benevolent Protective Order of Elks, and the Ancient Order of United Workmen.

NICHOLAS STEPHEN SCOLLARD, who is residing in Woodburn, Marion county, was born in Terre Haute, Indiana, December 26, 1852, his parents being Morris and Margaret (O'Conner) Scollard, both of whom were born in County Kerry, Ireland. After their marriage in their native land they immediately removed to Canada and resided first in Quebec and then in Montreal previous to going to Michigan in 1848. There they remained for one winter and subsequently removed to Indianapolis where they made their home for three years before taking up their residence in Terre Haute for two years. Mr. Scollard was employed by a railroad and Mrs. Scollard managed a hotel. They next removed to St. Louis, Missouri, and remained there for a short time before going to Omaha for a two years' stay, during which time he acquired one hundred and sixty acres of land one hundred miles up the Missouri river near Punka, Dixon county, Nebraska. Upon this property he began farming and remained there for nine years before going to Montana in 1864 and thence to the mines at Virginia City. Here Mr. Scollard was employed for from five to twenty dollars a day. At another time he was earning seven dollars a day when his eldest son was receiving twelve dollars per day, which attests their ability and their value to their employers. After a residence of two years in Virginia City they came to Oregon, locating upon rented land in St. Louis, Marion county. This tract consisted of two hundred acres, but after cultivating it for two years Mr. Scollard again took up railroad work, in the employ of the Oregon and California railroad at Turner for two years. At the expiration of this service he came to French Prairie and purchased a farm of one hundred and ninety-two acres, two and one-half miles north of Gervais, and this property was the home of Mr. and Mrs. Scollard until their deaths which occurred September 18, 1882, and April 22, 1892, respectively. They were the parents of six children: John, of Woodburn, Oregon, who is married and has seven children, Charles, Rose, Morris, Frank, Robert, Joseph and Edwin; Julia, the widow of John Kennedy of Woodburn, Oregon, who has four children, Anna, Margaret, Joseph and Thomas; Nicholas S., who is the subject of this sketch; Thomas, deceased; Mary, who is married to Albert Crosby of Woodburn and has three children, Cyrillus, Edgar and Walter, the latter two being twins; and William of Portland, who is married and has six children, Helen, Roy, Jacob C., Mona, Mabel and Alvoid.

At the age of twenty-five years Nicholas S. Scollard started upon his independent career by renting land from his father and running a threshing machine which he owned and operated for a number of years, but after his marriage he purchased three hundred and twenty acres near Woodburn, upon which they resided for twenty-seven years. So energetically and diligently did Mr. Scollard cultivate his land that he met with the gratifying results this rich agricultural district affords and, in consequence of his labor and efforts, he is now enjoying a comfortable, retired life at Woodburn. Their present comfortable circumstances have been made possible by the profits derived from their farm which consists of two hundred acres, and which Mr. Scollard is renting.

On the 17th of November, 1884, at Gervais, Oregon, Mr. Scollard was wedded to Miss Catherine I. Fitzgerald, the daughter of Thomas and Mary (O'Laughlin) Fitzgerald, both of whom are natives of Ireland, the former of the city of Cork and the latter of Tipperary. Mr. Fitzgerald came to America when he was fifteen years of age and made the trip alone. His father had died when he was very young and finding it necessary to earn his own livelihood and being ambitious Mr. Fitzgerald set out in 1832 for the new world where equal opportunities for success were offered to all. He first settled in Keokuk, Iowa, where he was married to Miss Permelia Eldridge. They crossed the plains with ox teams in 1847 and settled near where Woodburn now stands, on a donation land claim of six hundred and forty acres. This was his home for the remainder of his life. In the spring of 1853 he was again married, his second union being to Mary O'Laughlin. His death occurred on the 17th of May, 1860. By his first union he had three children: Hanora, who is the widow of John Murphy; Mary, deceased, who was the wife of James Murphy; and Julia Ann, deceased. By his second union he also had three children: J. Thomas Fitzgerald, of Pendleton; Dr. P. H. Fitzgerald, of Salem, Oregon; and Mrs. Scollard.

Mr. and Mrs. Scollard are the parents of five children. Mary, the eldest, was born on the 28th of August, 1885, and since her graduation from the public school and later from Mount Angel Academy, from which institution she holds a normal school diploma, she has been engaged in teaching in the public schools at Woodburn. Margaret was born July 30, 1888, and is living at home. She also was graduated from Mount Angel Academy, having taken the Latin scientific course. Stephen, who successfullly completed the high-school course is now taking a law course in Notre Dame, Indiana. His

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MR. AND MRS. N. S. SCOLLARD

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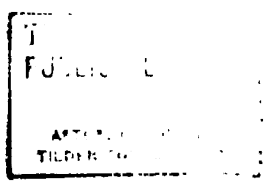

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birth occurred June 17, 1892. Edward B., who is residing at home, was born April 9, 1895. Cecil Joseph is attending public school, his birth having occurred February 13, 1900.

Mr. Scollard gives his political allegiance to the democratic party. Although he is not an office seeker he takes a citizen's interest in all which pertains to the social and moral welfare of his community, and does what he can to promote its progress. In religious faith he is a Roman Catholic, holding membership in the Roman Catholic church of Woodburn. In his agricultural pursuits he has been successful because of his diligence, his persistency and his thrift, and in his social relations he has won the esteem and the regard of those who know him, because of his integrity and his high sense of honor.

DANIEL WEBSTER BUTLER, who was a familiar figure in the political circles of Oregon, was born in Muscatine, Iowa, January 12, 1848, a son of William and Caroline (Limbocker) Butler. They had the following children: Cornelia married John Bredenstein, of Red Oak, Iowa, and they have six children, including Mary, John, Carrie, Sheridan and Ellen. John, who resides in Omaha, Nebraska, is married and has two children, Delia and John. Sarah Ann became the wife of S. E. Christolier of Mosier, Kansas. Daniel Webster Butler, the subject of our sketch, and Henry Clay Butler are twins. The latter died, leaving four children. Jeannette, the deceased wife of Lovesam Briggs, was survived by one child, Fred. Jennie became the wife of Frank Luckey, of Iowa, and has four children. William has also passed away. Hamlin, who is a railroad employe at Mexico, is married and has four children. George is deceased, and one died in infancy.

When he was but fifteen and a half years of age Daniel W. Butler laid aside his textbooks and enlisted in the Federal army in the Seventh Iowa Infantry, for service in the Civil war. He served under General Sherman for two years and was discharged at Davenport, Iowa. He saw active service throughout the time of his enlistment and was wounded at Resaca, Georgia. He was in the battle of Corinth and was also with Sherman on his march to the sea. After he was discharged from the army he returned to Iowa and engaged in agricultural pursuits, and in 1871 he removed to Kansas, where he took up a claim and made his home. About this time he became interested in the political issues of the day and in 1876 left the republican party and joined what was known as the greenback party. He participated in all the campaigns of this party and was active in the overthrow of the republican party in 1878 when W. E. Peffer was elected United States senator. In 1890 he came to Oregon, settling in Portland, where he immediately entered politics. He organized the Farmers Alliance and was appointed lecturer for that association. He made a strong fight for the initiative and referendum and measures of reform which the legislature had been dealing with. He was present when Judge Gaston joined the populist party. Few men have had more active political careers in this state. Whenever his influence is exerted for any man the latter's position is immediately strengthened.

Mr. Butler has been twice married. On the 10th of October, 1872, he was married to Mrs. Emma Henderson, of Kansas, whose birth occurred on the 20th of December, 1848, and who is a daughter of William Patterson. To this union two children were born: Richard, who is a railway conductor of Gooding, Idaho, and who is the father of one child, Arlene; and William, of Arlington, Oregon, who is superintendent of telephone construction and who is married and has three children, William, Cassidy and Daniel. On the 21st of July, 1909, Mr. Butler was married to Miss Carrie K. Bentley. Fraternally he is affiliated with the Grand Army of the Republic, the Independent Order of Odd Fellows and the Rebekahs. Many of the advanced measures which have found their way into the political organization of Multnomah county have been initiated by Mr. Butler. He is untiring in his efforts to further any cause from which he thinks benefit to the community may accrue, and he is one of the most genial, cordial and business-like men of Portland.

GEORGE EMMET REES, a resident of Pendleton, is engaged in growing wheat in Umatilla county. He was born in Lovelady, Houston county, Texas, April 8, 1880, his parents being William Henry and Dora Wilhelmina (Wolf) Rees, the father a native of Marion county, Ohio, and the mother of Wurtemberg, Germany. The mother came to America with her parents when she was twelve years of age, locating in Ohio, in which state she was married. In 1878 she removed with her husband to Texas, where she passed away in 1900 at the age of forty-seven years. The father now resides at Melrose, New Mexico. The greater part of his life he followed the occupation of farming, though in youth he was a wheel maker by trade. In his family were five children: Jacob Fred, who resides near Pendleton; George Emmet, of this review; Lewis Orville, of Umatilla county; Dora Minnie, who is married and resides in Chillicothe, Texas; and Cecil Culvert.

George Emmet Rees received a common-school education in Texas, and grew to manhood on his father's farm, where he remained until 1902. In that year he came to Oregon, locating in Helix, where he worked for about two years in the machine shops. He then went to Idaho and spent two years in the engineering department in the government Indian schools. Subsequently returning to Oregon he took up farming, operating his father-in-law's farm until the fall of 1911. He then rented a tract of one and a half acres of land near Helix, where he engages extensively in the growing of wheat. He is very prosperous, and is becoming a prominent man in this industry.

In 1902 Mr. Rees married Miss Bessie Nadene Raymond, who was born at Helix,

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June 18, 1885, the daughter of Raphael Raymond. She is a graduate of the Baker School in Walla Walla, Washington, has a business-college training, and has spent much time in the study of art. To Mr. and Mrs. Rees has been born one son, Raymond Emmet, on October 7, 1911. Fraternally Mr. Rees is a member of the Knights of Pythias, belonging to that lodge at Helix. He is active and energetic, has made a steady advancement in life, and has the unqualified respect and good-will of his fellowmen. He is progressive in his farming, and employs the latest scientific methods known today.

VIRGIL C. BELKNAP, M. D. "To build up a great and useful life is a better business than the mere gathering together of a great fortune." Such is the homely philosophy of Abraham Lincoln. A living example of this bit of practical wisdom is presented to us in the life and accomplishments of Dr. Virgil C. Belknap, of Prairie City, Oregon, who enjoys a reputation as the leading surgeon of the John Day country. His birth occurred in Benton county, this state, on the 7th of November, 1871, his parents being Harley A. and Thurza (Inman) Belknap, who were natives of Ohio and Kentucky respectively. His paternal grandparents emigrated to Oregon in 1848, crossing the plains with ox teams. The family home was established in Benton county, three miles northwest of Monroe, where the grandfather made an entry on a donation claim. The place was known for many years after as the Belknap Settlement. The maternal grandparents of our subject came to Oregon in 1852 and settled two miles south of Monroe, where Mr. Inman filed on a donation claim.

Harley A. and Thurza (Inman) Belknap, the parents of Dr. Belknap, came to Oregon with their respective parents. Their marriage was celebrated in Benton county, Oregon, in 1855. In 1874 Harley A. Belknap removed to Crook county and located near Prineville, where he engaged at once in the sheep business and later in contracting and building. Here he erected the Crook county courthouse and also the Prineville schoolhouse. He died in 1904 in San Jose, California, at which place he was seeking health at the time of his death. His wife, who survives him, is still living in their old home at Prineville.

Virgil C. Belknap was reared at home and received his education at Prineville, attending the high school at that place. Having determined to follow the practice of medicine as a life work, he pursued the necessary preliminary studies under the tutelage of his brother, Dr. H. P. Belknap, a resident physician of Prineville. In the fall of 1891 he entered the Jefferson Medical College of Philadelphia, Pennsylvania. There he took the required course and was graduated with the degree of M. D. in the class of 1894. In the fall of that year he opened his first office, settling at Prairie City, Grant county, Oregon, where he has since remained in the continuous practice of his profession. During the eighteen years in which he has devoted his attention to his chosen life work he has built up a most enviable practice, the results of which have placed him in the front rank among the members of his profession. His skill in the delicate and scientific field of surgery has brought relief not only to his suffering patrons but well merited renown as well to himself throughout the John Day valley.

In 1896 Dr. Belknap was united in marriage to Miss Clara McHaley, a daughter of George W. McHaley, one of the early pioneers of Oregon. To them three children have been born: Roderick R., Virgil V. and Janice.

In Masonry Dr. Belknap has attained high rank, belonging to the following organizations: Prairie City Lodge, No. 60, A. F. & A. M.; Blue Mountain Chapter, No. 7, R. A. M., of Canyon City; Union Council, No. 5, R. & S. M., of Union, Oregon; Oregon Consistory, No. 1, S. P. R. S., of Portland; Al Kader Temple, A. A. O. N. M. S., of Portland. Both he and his wife are members of Deborah Chapter, No. 43, O. E. S., of Prairie City. Dr. Belknap likewise belongs to Mountain View Lodge, No. 33, I. O. O. F., and to Blue Mountain Encampment. He is also identified with the Benevolent Protective Order of Elks, belonging to Baker City Lodge, No. 338. In the line of his profession he is connected with the American Medical Association. His religious faith is indicated by his membership in the Episcopal church, to which his wife also belongs. His political allegiance is given to the republican party. He has been several times honored by election to the office of mayor in Prairie City and is ably serving in that capacity at the present time.

Dr. Belknap represents in his chosen field, as well as in character and social affiliations, the highest type of citizenship. He possesses the iron moral and mental fiber inherited from his pioneer ancestors. These qualities have been largely the tools with which he has raised the superstructure of a life wisely consecrated to the relief of suffering humanity and the uplift of his fellowmen.

WILLIAM H. GULLIFORD, who resides in Pendleton, was for many years a prominent stock dealer in Umatilla county. He was born in Lane county, Oregon, July 10, 1861, the son of John L. and Julia A. (Hardesty) Gulliford, both of whom were natives of Illinois and crossed the plains in 1852 with their parents, being in the same wagon train. They located in Lane county, near Eugene. The paternal grandfather was William Gulliford and the maternal grandfather was Henderson Hardesty. The parents were married in Lane county and resided there until 1872, when they came to Umatilla county, locating on Butter creek. Later they removed to Pendleton, where the father passed away in 1903, at the age of sixty-one, and where the mother now resides. The father became a very prosperous man, owning in this county over four thousand, five hundred acres of land. He later sold the same to his two sons, the subject of this sketch and A. V., who managed it for several years. John L. Gulli-

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DR. V. C. BELKNAP

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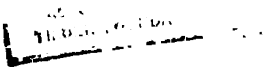

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ford was residing in this county at the time of the trouble with the Indians on Big Butter creek and he was near the scene of action and was shot at several times. One of the men from his ranch was killed by the Indians. In the family of John L. and Julia A. (Hardesty) Gulliford were six children: A. V., who now resides at Eugene; William H.; C. J., of Echo; James, of The Dalles; Lillian B., who is the wife of Dr. C. J. Smith, of Pendleton; and J. F., of Milton.

William H. Gulliford received his education in the public schools in Oregon and remained under the parental roof until 1890, when he and his brother purchased the father's farm and the parents removed to Pendleton. He and his brother operated this ranch until 1908, when they sold the same and the subject of this sketch removed to Pendleton, where he now lives. They engaged while on the farm principally in raising sheep and for over seventeen years had in their possession constantly between five thousand and ten thousand sheep. They became very prominent men of this county in that industry. William H. Gulliford now owns two hundred and thirteen acres of alfalfa land at Echo, which is under irrigation. He is also a stockholder and a director in the Nissen Implement Company of Pendleton and owns two dwellings here.

On the 10th of May, 1893, Mr. Gulliford was united in marriage with Miss Myrtle E. Montgomery, who was born in Illinois in 1876 and came to Oregon in 1887 with her parents, George and Laura (Corley) Montgomery. Later the father went to Texas, in which state he died. The mother now resides here. To Mr. and Mrs. Gulliford has been born a daughter, Lillian C., who is at home. Mr. Gulliford is a member of the Knights of Pythias and of the Farmers Union. He is a man of strict business integrity, of a genial disposition and pleasing manner and is held in the highest respect by all. A native resident of Oregon, he has long been an interested witness of the development of the state and has ever been an active helper in furthering all measures of reform and progress that have here been made.

MANUEL PEDRO, who is extensively engaged in sheep-raising in Umatilla county, was born in Portugal, April 4, 1864, a son of Joseph and Mary L. (Leo) Pedro. The father spent his entire life on the sea and for many years was captain of a ship that sailed from New Bedford, Massachusetts. He passed away in Portugal and the mother is now residing in that country. In their family were ten children, seven of whom are now living, the eldest being Manuel of this review. All except one daughter, who now resides with the mother, have come to America. Five are now living in Oregon and one in California.

Manuel Pedro remained in his native country until he was seventeen years of age and then in 1881 he came to America, landing at Boston, and in that same year he went to California joining an uncle, Manuel Leo. He was employed for three years in looking after thoroughbred sheep for J. H. Strawbridge, in California. During that time he made two trips to Oregon for the purpose of selling sheep. In 1885 he located at Pilot Rock, where he was employed until 1888 by William Ross, in the sheep business, Mr. Ross being killed in that year. Mr. Pedro then started in the sheep industry for himself. He now, together with his brother Frank, owns four large bands of sheep and they have over thirteen thousand acres of land in Umatilla and Union counties. They are giving their entire time to the sheep industry and are among the largest and most successful sheep-raisers in Umatilla county.

In his political views Mr. Pedro is a republican and he was reared in the faith of the Catholic church. Fraternally he is identified with the Knights of Pythias, with the Woodmen of the World and the Artisans. He is an extremely successful business man and has become a highly honored citizen of the country where he has chosen to make his home.

E. STEWART. The great state of Oregon has been wrested from a wilderness and made productive and prosperous by men who in the early days of its settlement carried on the cultivation of the soil, hampered not only by the crude conditions of civilization but by the constant depredations of the Indians. A man who has been an important factor in the evolution and advancement is E. Stewart, who has been identified with ranching and stock-raising in Grant county for more than forty years.

Mr. Stewart was born in Putnam, Ohio, in 1843, and is a son of Benjamin Elliott and Ann (Krumbacker) Stewart, the former a native of America and the latter of Germany. In 1847 Benjamin Stewart left Ohio and crossed the plains by ox teams to Oregon. The Indian depredations were almost constant at this period but the caravan with which Mr. Stewart was identified fortunately met with no attack. The first settlement was made in Yamhill county where Benjamin Stewart carried on farming and stock-raising with unusual success until his accidental death in 1883.

E. Stewart was educated in the public schools of Yamhill and spent his time until he was eighteen years of age in that district. He went to Portland and for three years attended school in that city, devoting a portion of his time to clerking. In 1864 he came to Canyon City, where he engaged in mining for one year, after which he bought land and operated a stock ranch with a remarkable degree of success. During the Indian troubles of 1878 he lost a large number of his horses and stock and spent many days and nights upon the range watching for the marauding savages. He was alone in his vigil while many of the brave men of the valley were protecting the improvised forts. Mr. Stewart is very modest about his conspicuous bravery and achievements during this time but his services are still remembered in Grant county. He is now the owner of a large amount of land in the vicinity of Dayville and is ac-

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counted one of the successful men of eastern Oregon. He has had as many as fifteen thousand sheep, twelve hundred head of cattle and five hundred horses on his range at one time, and his entire ranch is carried on along progressive and scientific lines. He has been connected with the development and upbuilding of a great agricultural section. The fertile lands of eastern Oregon afford pasture for large herds of his sheep, cattle and horses and his activities form an important source of the wealth of the district. Every day his methods of breeding and raising stock are becoming more systematic and scientific and he has become a factor in state expansion and development.

In 1888 Mr. Stewart was united in marriage to Miss Sarah Officer, a native of Oregon and a daughter of Casey Officer, one of the earliest settlers in this state, having come with his parents in 1845. A more extended mention of Mrs. Stewart's father is made on another page of this work. To Mr. and Mrs. Stewart have been born three children: Benjamin, Edna, and Wayne, all of whom are attending school. Mr. Stewart is a modest and unassuming man, taking no credit to himself for his long nights upon the range and his laborious days afield.

FRANK G. MICELLI. America numbers among her citizens many able, distinguished and worthy men of foreign birth who have come to this country and been amalgamated with the civic and industrial life of the great melting pot of nations. Frank G. Micelli, now a prominent lawyer in Roseburg, Oregon, is a man of this class. He was born in Resia, Italy, July 26, 1866. His father, Frank Micelli, was born in the same place and came to the United States in 1871. He is now engaged in ranching in Idaho, where he previously worked as a contractor. The mother of our subjct, Margaret (Biancolini) Micelli, is also a native of Italy and now a resident of Idaho, where her husband is in business. They are the parents of three children: Mary, the wife of Emanuel Inama, now a resident of Idaho; Joseph; and Frank G., of this review.

The last named was educated in the common schools of Italy and also in the public schools of Hailey, Idaho. He studied the English language in his native country and in 1887 came to America and settled in Hailey, Idaho, where he worked as a mason for six months. At the end of that period he removed to the Silver mountains in the same state and with his brother Joseph, started a brickyard, which he operated for six months. He then moved to Tacoma, Washington, where he engaged in the same business of brickmaking and after a few months sold out and came to Roseburg, in December, 1889. Here he entered into partnership with his brother Joseph in the operation of a large brickyard which he still owns and conducts.

In 1896 Frank G. Micelli determined to make law his life's profession and in that year entered the office of his brother-in-law, C. L. Hamilton, where he studied until 1899. He was admitted to the bar at that time and has followed the profession continuously ever since. In 1904 he was admitted to practice before the federal courts of the United States. He has become in the course of his career eminent and distinguished along the lines of his profession. He is well known in Roseburg as a thorough student of the law, well versed in its intricacies and delighting in its problems. He always keeps his legal knowledge fresh and up-to-date by much reading, and his depth of study and broad intelligence have gained him a distinguished place among his colleagues. He does a general law practice in Roseburg and has his offices in the Review building.

Mr. Micelli in the course of his career became connected with various commercial enterprises, and today is the vice president and a director of the Skelley Lumber Company, located at Skelley, Oregon, a one hundred and fifty thousand dollar corporation, with the stock all paid up. He also serves as the secretary of the Roseburg Building Homes Association of Roseburg, Oregon, and is attorney for this company. This organization has for its purpose the loaning of money to working people to aid them in building their own homes and paying for them on the installment plan. It is practically a building and loan association which is doing much toward promoting the welfare and the building up of the community and encouraging the wage earner to own his home. Furthermore he is a director and the secretary of the Roseburg Brewing & Ice Company.

On December 25, 1895, Mr. Micelli was united in marriage to Miss Inez Hamilton, a daughter of Dr. S. Hamilton, a pioneer physician of southern Oregon who came to this state in 1851 and is still living here.

Politically Mr. Micelli gives his allegiance to the democratic party and is a stanch upholder of its principles and policies. His ability as a lawyer has gained him recognition along public lines and he has served in various official capacities. He was president of the city council from 1904 to 1906 and was city attorney for four years. He prepared the charter under which the city of Roseburg is operated and twice codified the civic laws and ordinances. Mr. Micelli is prominent and active in the fraternal life of Roseburg. He has gone through all the branches of the Independent Order of Odd Fellows and is past grand representative of that organization. In 1906 he was elected by the grand lodge of the Odd Fellows to codify their laws. He is past chancellor of the Knights of Pythias and past president of the Fraternal Order of Eagles. He holds a life membership in the Benevolent Protective Order of Elks of Roseburg and is great senior sagamore of the Improved Order of Red Men. He is a devout member of the Roman Catholic church, adhering to the tenets and doctrines in which he was reared. He takes an intelligent interest in municipal affairs and his cooperation in any movement looking toward the progress and development of Roseburg is never asked in vain. He is a prominent member of the Commercial Club

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FRANK G. MICELLI

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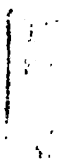

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of that city and is a dominant influence in its affairs. Mr. Micelli is now in the full tide of his career. An able politician, a brilliant lawyer and a worthy citizen, he can look back upon a period of life which has been successful in an eminent degree, and he can look forward to many years of honorable activity in his chosen profession.

JOHN H. WASHBURN, a well known and prosperous agriculturist of Baker county, is the owner of four hundred and eighty acres of land which is splendidly adapted for the cultivation of grain and for grazing purposes. His birth occurred at St. Martin's, in St. John county, of the province of New Brunswick, his parents being Abel H. and Patience A. (Howard) Washburn. This family has the same origin as the Washburns of Maine. At the time of the Revolutionary war one branch of the family, having large grants of land from the English government, removed to Canada. The parents of our subject were married in the province of New Brunswick. Abel H. Washburn preached the gospel as a minister of the Baptist denomination. He came to Oregon about 1904 but passed away soon afterward, while the demise of his wife occurred in Portland some years later. They were the parents of nine children, three sons and six daughters. William, is engaged in mining; Rachel gave her hand in marriage to Thomas Brown, with whom she resided in Iowa and by whom she had two sons and two daughters. Howard, a carpenter and millwright residing in San Diego, California, was married in Iowa to a Miss Embree and now has one daughter. Clara, residing in Portland, is the wife of James Floyd, a mining amalgamator. Bessie gave her hand in marriage to Fred Smickel, a quartz miner of California. Frances is the the mother of one daughter and the wife of James Dewey, a carpenter of Iretta, Washington. John H., of this review, is the next in order of birth. The next child of Mr. and Mrs. Abel H. Washburn died in infancy. Minnie, the wife of James Carter of Baker City, Oregon, is the mother of one son and one daughter.

In the acquirement of an education John H. Washburn attended a parochial school and a seminary in St. Martin's. After putting aside his text-books he learned the carpenter's trade and worked at that occupation in Iowa. Subsequently he operated a grist mill in Des Moines and later conducted a meat market at that place. About 1905 he came to this state by railroad, by way of the Union Pacific and Oregon Short Line. Locating at Baker, he began mining and prospecting for gold quartz and placer deposits in the Virtue mining district. He discovered some excellent prospects in quartz, made locations and subsequently sold them to good advantage. He likewise mined and prospected in the Cornucopia and Mormon basin mining districts. In both camps rich quartz ledges have been discovered and are now being extensively mined, yielding good returns in gold bars. In 1910 Mr. Washburn turned his attention to general agricultural pursuits, taking up a homestead of one hundred and sixty acres in Baker county and a desert claim of similar size. He also purchased a tract of one hundred and sixty acres, so that his landed holdings now embrace four hundred and eighty acres near the railroad in Baker county. He has fair water rights and his land is excellently adapted for the raising of grain and for grazing purposes. During the seven years of his residence in Baker county he has enjoyed an enviable reputation as a substantial and esteemed citizen.

In 1893, in Des Moines, Iowa, Mr. Washburn was united in marriage to Miss Hannah Lulu McClelland. Her father, Samuel McClelland, who was a tailor in the city of St. John, province of New Brunswick, Canada, is deceased. Mrs. Washburn was one of a family of four children, the others being as follows: Alexander, who is a resident of Boston; William, living at St. John; and one who passed away in early life. Unto Mr. and Mrs. Washburn have been born ten children, four of whom died when young. Carrie, whose birth occurred in 1894, is the wife of Chester Cartwright, a representative of the Cartwright family of Rye valley, who are wealthy mine and land owners. Mr. and Mrs. Cartwright have a son, Marvin, who is the only grandson of our subject. The other surviving children of John H. Washburn are as follows: Beulah, who was born in 1898; Leonard, whose natal year was 1900; Harry, whose birth occurred in 1902; Fred, born in 1904; and Violet, who was born in 1908. The first three named are attending school.

Mr. Washburn is a democrat in politics, loyally supporting the men and measures of that party. In social circles he and his wife are popular, their many sterling traits of character winning for them warm and lasting friendships.

THOMAS B. LITTIG, a resident of Baker, has now reached the venerable age of eighty years. He crossed the isthmus en route to the coast in 1852 and he participated in Indian warfare in the northwest. These and many other experiences have acquainted him with life on the frontier and no one rejoices more heartily in what has been accomplished along the lines of development and improvement. He was born in Baltimore, Maryland, September 13, 1832, and is a son of Dr. Thomas and Sarah Jane (Bond) Littig, who were also natives of the same state. The father died in the year 1886, having for a decade survived his wife, who passed away in 1876. In their family were thirteen children, of whom three are now living, the two sisters of Mr. Littig being Harriet and Matilda, the latter the wife of John May, of Baltimore.

Thomas B. Littig remained at the place of his nativity until nineteen years of age and during that period pursued his education in the schools there. He afterward went to California, where he engaged in mining, spending about a year in that state. Subsequently he came to Oregon, settling at Fort Orford, Curry county, where he again took

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up mining, which he followed for about ten years. On the expiration of that period he removed to Baker in 1865 and has since been identified with mining interests in this section of the state. For a time he was connected with placer mining in the Mormon basin and he afterward went to Malheur county, where he continued for about twenty years. When the two decades had passed he returned to Baker, where he now makes his home.

On the 30th of September, 1868, Mr. Littig was married to Miss Mary Meyers, a daughter of Henry and Mary Meyers. Her father is deceased, but her mother is living in Baker. In their family were three children: Henry, a resident of California; Elizabeth, who is the wife of Frank Maneman, of Vancouver, British Columbia; and Mrs. Littig. Unto Mr. and Mrs. Littig have been born four children: James, born October 22, 1883; Harry, born May 23, 1887; Mary, born May 7, 1889; and Bert, born November 2, 1893. All of the children are yet at home.

Mr. Littig votes with the republican party which he has supported since its organization. He was candidate for sheriff in 1870 and again in 1890. He was elected to represent Malheur county in the state legislature for a two years' term. Fraternally he is connected with the Masons and has always been a loyal adherent to the teachings of the craft, exemplifying in his life the helpful and benevolent spirit inculcated by that organization. To give his life history in full would be to present an accurate picture of pioneer times and conditions in Oregon. From experience he is acquainted with the history of mining development and of other lines of material progress in this section of the country. His memory goes back to the time when there was not a railroad in the state, all travel being by steamboat or by wagons across the plains. He chose the water route when he came to the west, where for sixty years he has now lived—an interested witness of all the changes that have occurred.

HERBERT BOWEN CRANSTON, whose death occurred June 26, 1910, was one of the leading stockmen and agriculturists of Baker county. Self-made, he was likewise prominent and highly respected and his record may well serve as a source of inspiration and encouragement to others. He was born in Auburn, Oregon, December 21, 1864, a son of Edward P. and Anna (Comnaughty) Cranston, who were natives of Ohio and New York respectively. They were the first couple married in Idaho City, the wedding being celebrated in 1860. The father was active in mercantile pursuits, operating in various localities in Idaho, Washington and Oregon. He finally entered the live-stock business and took up general agricultural pursuits, in which he continued for some time. In his family were the following named sons and daughters: Herbert B.; Walter B., who died January 5, 1895; Edward P.; Earl F.; Anna E.; and Maude.

Herbert Bowen Cranston was educated in various localities, according to the removals of the family, and he learned business methods through practical contact with the world. He finally took up ranching in the Lower Powder river valley in Baker county, twenty miles from Baker City, having there six hundred and twenty acres of land which he devoted to stock raising and to the cultivation of cereals and fruits. His methods were practical, his plans of a progressive character and his enterprise took him to a point along the highroad of success beyond that to which many of his fellow travelers on life's journey had attained. He served as postmaster of Keating from 1902 until 1907 and in office made a record as creditable as he did in business circles.

On the 5th of March, 1889, Mr. Cranston was united in marriage to Miss Laura Saunders and unto them were born three sons and a daughter: Walter A., Herbert C., Florence M. and George A. On the 13th of September, 1899, Mrs. Cranston died and on the 9th of January, 1901, Mr. Cranston wedded Margaret Flynn, who was born in England on the 26th of February, 1869, and is a daughter of Francis and Mary (Danglier) Flynn. Her parents emigrated to the United States from the mother country, settling in Kentucky, and there Mrs. Flynn passed away, while the father and children afterward removed to the state of New York. Mrs. Cranston was but two years of age when she came to America with her parents, and in St. Mary's Academy in New Jersey she was educated. In 1900 she came with her brother to Oregon and has since made her home in this state. Upon the death of her husband she inherited the ranch and has manifested excellent business ability in its control and management. She is a woman of sound judgment and practical ideas, as evidenced by her capable direction of her business affairs. Mrs. Cranston is a communicant of the Roman Catholic church and possesses the charm of manner, refinement and culture that characterize many convent bred women. She displays as marked executive ability and sagacity in directing the operation of her ranch as in supervising her household affairs. She has made many friends during the period of her residence here and is very popular in the social circles of her community.

Mr. Cranston was a republican in his political views but never an office seeker. He was, however, active in citizenship and cooperated in many plans and projects for the public good. He was identified with no clubs nor fraternal organizations, preferring to give his leisure hours to his home, and his many sterling traits of character made him one of the best liked and most highly esteemed men of Baker county.

J. W. STURDIVANT resides on a finely improved ranch of five hundred and sixty acres in Umatilla county, located near Ukiah, where he engages in the stock-raising business. His life was begun in Virginia on the 9th of April, 1849, his parents being Robert and Rebecca (Manlove) Sturdivant. They were likewise natives of the Old Domin-

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ion where they resided until 1870, when they removed to California. There the father passed away in 1871, but the mother lived in that state until 1881 when she came to Umatilla county and filed on a homestead in Camas valley, residing here until her death in 1908, at the age of eighty-seven years. Mr. and Mrs. Robert Sturdivant were the parents of seven children, five of whom are living.

J. W. Sturdivant passed the first twenty-one years of his life in his native state, where he received a common-school education. He accompanied his people when they came to California, and later removed with his mother to Umatilla county. When he first came here he filed on a quarter section of land to which he added by purchase from time to time until he now owns five hundred and sixty acres of well improved land. Here he engages in stock-raising, making a specialty of cattle and horses, and meets with good success in his undertakings. A man of practical ideas, clear judgment and progressive methods, he has always given his personal attention to every detail of the work of the ranch, the appearance of which is a credit to his management and supervision.

In 1885, Mr. Sturdivant was united in marriage to Miss Etta Gibbs, who is a native of Texas and a daughter of Elijah and Mary (Gilliland) Gibbs. Her father was born in Iowa and the mother in Pennsylvania, and in 1882 they came to Oregon, settling in the Camas valley. The mother died in 1896, but the father is still living and makes his home in Roseburg, Douglas county. Five of seven children born to Mr. and Mrs. Gibbs are still living.

Mr. and Mrs. Sturdivant are the parents of nine children: Lola E., the wife of I. R. Lawrence, of Ukiah; Herschel, who is deceased; M. C., who married Miss Muriel M. Martin and is living at home and assisting his father with the operation of the ranch; Elmer C., also at home; Francis, who is attending business college at Portland; Ila L., attending high school at Pendleton; Lena and Eneta, both of whom are deceased; and Cloyd K., who is at home.

J. W. Sturdivant gives his political indorsement to the democratic party and has served on the school board and as assessor, having discharged the duties of the latter office in his district for the past twelve years. Fraternally he is a member of the Artisans. Both he and his wife are members of the Presbyterian church. Mr. Sturdivant is a man of many fine qualities, as has been manifested during the long period of his residence in the county, and is fully entitled to the esteem and respect he is accorded in his community, where he has proven himself to be loyal and trustworthy in all of the relations of life.

T. B. MOORE resides at No. 2230 Resort street in Baker, spending there the winter months, while the summer seasons are passed upon his ranch in Baker county. He has extensive land holdings, owning eight hundred and forty acres all in one body and under fence, near Durkee. The greater part of his life has been devoted to general farming and stock-raising, and success has attended his efforts, bringing him to a prominent position among substantial business men of his part of the state. He was born near Trenton, Grundy county, Missouri, March 13, 1847, and is a son of Milton and Samyra (Payton) Moore. The latter's mother was Sarah Carson, a sister of the famous "Kit" Carson, soldier, explorer and guide. Mr. and Mrs. Milton Moore were both natives of Kentucky, and just after their marriage removed to Missouri, where they continued to make their home upon a farm until called to their final rest. The father was a soldier of the Mexican war and accidentally shot himself while in the service. Those who buried him in the mountains afterward related the incident to his son, T. B. Moore, who was the youngest of the family of four children, and was but six months old at the time of his father's death. After the death of her husband Mrs. Moore became the wife of William Cochran, and there were three children by that union, a son and two daughters.

T. B. Moore resided in Missouri until the fall of 1877, when at the age of thirty years he came to Baker county, Oregon. His education had been acquired in the schools of his native state, and during his boyhood and youth he had the usual experiences that fall to the lot of the farm lad. Believing that good business opportunities might be secured on the Pacific coast he made the journey by train to Baker county, but afterward returned and drove some horses across the country. He began farming and ranching and was also employed in the construction of the railroad of the Oregon Railroad & Navigation Company. He freighted until the railroad was built and since that time has been engaged in general farming and stock-raising, owning eight hundred and forty acres of valuable land all in one body and under fence. The place is conveniently and pleasantly situated near Durkee, and upon the ranch Mr. Moore spends the summer months, while during the winter seasons he resides in Baker, having an attractive home at No. 2230 Resort street. His ranch is well equipped with all the accessories and improvements of the model farm of the twentieth century, and his stock-raising interests constitute a profitable source of income, while the sale of his crops also adds considerable to his financial resources. In addition he owns a number of dwellings and one business property in Baker, and his success has been such that he is now engaged in loaning money. He also owns about three hundred acres of timber land and altogether his holdings aggregate twelve hundred acres. At one time he was the owner of twenty-six hundred acres, and he has never given mortgage on any of his property.

In 1867 Mr. Moore was united in marriage to Miss Jennie Robinson, who was born in Indiana, in 1850, and died in Eugene, Oregon, in 1877. Their children were: Flora, now the wife of D. L. Wyatt of Baker; L. N., who died in Missouri; Letitia, who also passed

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away in that state; and Milton, who died in San Francisco while the family were en route to Oregon. In 1877 Mr. Moore was again married, wedding Edith Robinson, a sister of his former wife. She was born in Indiana in 1855, her parents being William and Catherine (Platter) Robinson, who were also natives of the Hoosier state and arrived in Oregon in 1879. The father died in Baker county and the mother now makes her home in the city of Baker, at the age of eighty-seven years. There are four children of the second marriage. William M., who is a graduate of the State Agricultural College at Corvallis, is living on a ranch at Durkee and has one thousand acres of land, much of which he received as a gift from his father. Milton, a graduate of the Baker high school, owns and operates a good ranch of five hundred acres near Durkee. June Belle is the wife of Gene Reynolds, a farmer of Baker county who was born in Baker City and is now a candidate for the office of county clerk. Thomas Platter, the youngest, is living on the home ranch.

Mr. Moore gives his political allegiance to the democratic party and has filled several offices, serving as justice of the peace for six years and as postmaster of Pleasant Valley for six years. In both connections he was loyal to the trust reposed in him and prompt and faithful in the execution of his duties. He belongs to the Independent Order of Odd Fellows, and both he and his wife are members of the Presbyterian church. Wherever known they are held in high esteem and their circle of friends is an extensive one. Mr. Moore deserves great credit for what he has accomplished, for when he arrived in Baker county he had practically no capital. As the years have passed he has carefully managed and conducted his business affairs, and by reason of his unfaltering diligence and keen business discernment he has gained a position among the foremost ranchers of Baker county.

GEORGE M. FRY, who is now living retired, was for many years one of the foremost business men of Hubbard and he is still identified with various local enterprises. He was born in Shawstown, Pennsylvania, and is a son of John and Sarah Fry, who were members of the colony that went from the Keystone state to Missouri, subsequently locating in Aurora. The father was born on the 11th of October, 1801, and died on the 4th of January, 1854, while the mother's birth occurred on the 6th of April, 1811, and she died on the 22d of November, 1848, both parents passing away in Missouri. They were married in Pennsylvania in 1828 and to them were born eight children, as follows: Margaret, who is living in Aurora, Missouri; Carolina, who died leaving one child, Sarah Kyle; Elizabeth and William, who are deceased; John, of The Dalles, Oregon; George M., our subject; Henry, a farmer of Aurora and the father of four children, Elma, William, Lizzie and Arthur; and one who died in infancy.

Left an orphan in early childhood George M. Fry at the age of ten years began making his own way in the world. He remained a member of the colony at Aurora until 1878, and then severing his connection with this community became a jeweler's apprentice. He continued to follow this trade until he had sufficient means to engage in business for himself, when, in 1890, he established a store in Hubbard which he successfully conducted until 1896. In the direction of his interests, Mr. Fry always manifested clear judgment, excellent foresight and the sagacity that invariably result in prosperity. Disposing of his jewelry business in 1896 he turned his attention to general mercantile pursuits, and for six years thereafter concentrated his entire attention upon the development of his new enterprise. As he carried a carefully selected assortment of merchandise to meet the varied tastes and needs of the community, he succeeded in building up an extensive and profitable patronage and was enjoying an excellent trade when he disposed of his store to H. A. Beebe. He subsequently became associated with John Scholl and together they established a hardware business. Mr. Fry was identified with this for three years, when he sold his interest to George Scholl, who is still connected with the enterprise. Next, he engaged in the warehouse business, but five years later disposed of this also and in 1911 severed his active connection with commercial interests, and has ever since lived retired. He is still financially interested in various local concerns and is one of the directors of the State Bank of Hubbard. Mr. Fry applied himself closely to business, using much discretion and sagacity in estimating the possible results of a contemplated venture and as a result his judgment seldom leads him astray. He has acquired valuable realty holdings and now has a ranch of two hundred acres in addition to which he owns a fine home in Hubbard and several blocks in the residence section of the town.

For his wife and helpmate, Mr. Fry chose Miss Caroline Scholl, a daughter of Frederick and Annie (Baker) Scholl, whose family numbered seven, as follows: Louisa, who is a resident of Hubbard; David, John and Mary, who are deceased; Mrs. Fry, who was born on the 4th of February, 1845; John, whose sketch appears elsewhere in this work; and Fred, of Hubbard. Two children, a daughter and son, have been born to Mr. and Mrs. Fry. Sarah, who was born on the 5th of June, 1871, is the widow of Harvey A. Hinkle, by whom she had one daughter, Lona, whose natal day was the 6th of August, 1894. Frank, whose birth occurred on November 15, 1873, is living in Hubbard. He married Miss Nellie Dimick, a daughter of J. B. and Elmira (Eberhart) Dimick, well known residents of Hubbard.

Fraternally, Mr. Fry is a member of the Independent Order of Odd Fellows, while his political support is given to the republican party. He has always taken a deep inter-

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GEORGE M. FRY AND FAMILY

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est in municipal affairs and at the present time is serving as city treasurer. Such success as has attended the efforts of Mr. Fry is entirely attributable to his inherent qualities, as he made his own way from early boyhood, never having been rendered any assistance other than such as is given to every business man of recognized efficiency and reliability.

JAMES M. McCULLOCH was numbered among Oregon's pioneers of 1852 and maintained his residence in this state until his death in 1885. He was one of the best known miners along the coast and took active part in the development of the rich mineral resources of the state but spent his last days upon a ranch. He was born October 29, 1829, his parents being James and Mary (Waller) McCulloch, both of whom were natives of Virginia. James M. McCulloch was a lad of twelve years when the family left the Old Dominion and removed to Missouri where they resided until 1851. Both his father and mother died in that state, the latter reaching the very remarkable old age of ninety-three years. In their family were eight children, of whom three are yet living, two sisters and a brother.

Farm life in the middle west became familiar to James McCulloch in the days of his boyhood and youth, and his training was of a thorough and practical character, well qualifying him for the responsibilities of later life. In 1851, not long after he had attained his majority, he crossed the plains to California and engaged in mining, remaining in that state for about twelve years, or until gold was discovered at Auburn, Oregon. He then came to this state and operated in the mines at Auburn for some time. He also conducted a meat market for a brief period in connection with a Mr. Smith. He was one of the best miners on the coast, buying up mining land wherever he worked, and his knowledge concerning values was largely unassailable.

From Auburn he went to Alomen basin, where he continued for three years, and then took up a tract of one hundred and sixty acres of land on Sutton creek. He died on the old homestead on the 24th of December, 1885, being then fifty-six years of age.

In early manhood Mr. McCulloch was united in marriage to Miss Eliza J. Hays, a daughter of Henry and Susan (Guerin) Hays, who were natives of New Jersey and North Carolina respectively. The father's birth occurred in January, 1817, and the mother was born April 30, 1822. He died when crossing the plains in 1852, his death being occasioned by cholera when the party were on the Snake river. An uncle of Mrs. McCulloch then took charge of the company. There was a train of forty wagons and a large herd of cattle. Mrs. McCulloch was born August 5, 1846, and was therefor only six years of age when the family made the long and arduous trip across the country. She walked most of the way, and she yet remembers many of the incidents of the journey. Her mother long survived the husband and father and passed away in Woodburn, Marion county, Oregon, in January, 1905, at an advanced age. In the family were five children, of whom three are yet living: Mrs. McCulloch; T. F. Hays, who is justice of the peace at Woodburn, and wedded Miss Mary Brown, by whom he has four children, Henry, Cynthia, Leona and Oddie; and H. T. Hays, a farmer of Marion county who married Miss Hannah Mulkey and has twelve children. At the time they were en route for Oregon the mother, Mrs. S. G. Hayes, composed a poem concerning the trip, entitled "Crossing the Plains." This is greatly prized by their descendants as the story of their long and arduous journey in order to establish a home in the northwest. It reads as follows:

We left our homes in fifty-two,
It was April twenty-first,
We set our course for Oregon,
The land of pine and furs.

Chorus

My native land, farewell,
I cannot linger on the shore;
My native land, farewell.

We crossed Missouri's troubled waves,
It was the ninth of May,
We landed safe on the Indian side,
And thus we spent the day.

It was on the twelfth we crossed the Horn,
A very pretty stream,
The place was thronged with savages,
It banks were lined with green.

Lope Fork came next, we forded it,
And camped upon its bank;
The day was bright, we sunned our clothes
And gave our oxen rest.

On the tenth of June Fort Laramie
Began to heave in sight,
The first thing like a house we'd seen
For many days and nights.

We spent three days in the Black Hills
And one we did lay by;
'Twas there we left one of our crowd
In her silent grave to lie.

We buried her the twentieth of June,
The first out of our train;
She left a husband and two sons,
But their loss was her gain.

We went up Platte three hundred miles,
Without a stick of wood,
Except some "chip," a substitute,
Proved to be very good.

'Twas there the bluffs of various hues
Stood towering to the skies,
And there, alas, oh dreadful thought,
Poor Scott among them lies.

The savages, they murdered him,
I heard it was for gain,
And left his mangled body there
To moulder on the plain.

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Some of them stood like battlements,
And some were red as blood,
While others of a deeper hue
Had been there since the flood.

The chimney rock stood quite erect,
As if it were a light
Erected by the hand of God,
To keep the traveler right.

We met with packers on our way,
Some of them looked distressed;
They had spent some time in the field of gold,
And never shaved their face.

On the river Sweet, we had a storm,
It was very bad indeed,
Our cattle ran before the wind,
The hail was shoe-top deep.

Between Sweet Water and the Platte,
Was Saleratus Lake,
Bushels and bushels around the edge,
Just right for making cake.

For weeks and weeks on Sweet Water
We had no wood but sage;
It stood quite thick all o'er the plains,
How far I cannot say.

Independence Rock, it was a sight
Most curious to behold,
Its flowers bright and grass so green,
And water pure and cold.

A thousand names adorn its walls
Of men who passed it by;
While many others met with death
And at its feet do lie.

A river clear flowed by its side,
Its waters were called sweet;
And burning mountains towered their heads
To make the scene complete.

Still farther on we camped one night,
Near to the Devil's Gate,
An opening through the solid rock,
The depth, five hundred feet.

We met with crickets on our way,
Of an enormous size;
The ground was strewed for miles and miles,
Their course did eastward lie.

Near the South Pass we almost froze,
'Twas on July the fourth,
It snowed and blowed like winter time—
Wind from the chilly north.

We left Big Sandy at mid-day
And traveled with all might;
We pitched our tent near Sulphur Spring,
And Margaret died that night.

We buried her by the big road side,
Near to a desert drear,
Her parents and one sister dear
Were grieved to leave her there.

With water there we filled our cans
And traveled on 'till night.
We stopped and supped in the desert wild,
But the grass was very light.

We started then and traveled on
'Till some the next day,
When all at once the welcome sight,
Green river before us lay.

On Bear river, the Soda Springs,
We have come to them at last,
The teams were stopped, the cups got out,
We all must have a taste.

Our captain told us what to do,
As he had drunk before;
Sweeten the acid, pour it in
And then the soda foamed.

We met with Indians on our way,
But few did us molest,
We gave each one due time of day
And thus we fared the best.

Our captain wounded was one night,
The ground was strewed with blood,
But ere the morning light had dawned
Our enemies had fled.

We passed Fort Hall July the twelfth,
And camped not far from it;
That day I found my brother Frank
And he was very sick.

Not far from there for several days
The mosquitoes were so thick
It seemed to me they would eat us up,
In spite of all our smoke.

On Snake river our cattle died,
The first that we had lost;
The weather hot and water scarce,
And oh, the dust, the dust!

The hardest times we had by half
Were on the River Snake.
The grass so scarce and sand so hot,
And such long drives to make.

The twenty-seventh of July
We crossed the River Snake,
We traveled on two days and stopped,
Oh, dreadful to relate.

Our crowd was well, except one man
Was taken tale that day,
But ere the morning sun arose
He in his shroud did lay.

So then we buried two that day.
Two more were taken sick,
One of them was my husband dear—
I never can forget.

It seems to me his dying words
Are printed on my heart,
I could not think that he would die—
That we must forever part.

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But oh, his sufferings found an end
August the second day,
Beside the little stream so clear
Five of our number lay.

We loaded up and started on,
Which we were bound to do,
Leaving the spot on earth most dear,
Forever from my view.

We traveled on ten days or more,
The place was called Fort Boise,
We crossed the river back again,
The Indians helped us cross.

We started then and drove all night,
We saw the Snake no more.
In the morn we found a muddy creek
And spent the Sabbath there.

'Twas Burnt river we came to next,
A dismal place indeed,
The only pass was on its bank
And sometimes in the stream.

We spent two days or more on that,
With very little grass;
We got our wagon wheels swelled up,
And got out safe at last.

On Goose Creek we found wild currants,
Both red and yellow too;
We gathered some and stewed them up
And they were good as ever grew.

Two little children died one night,
We were camped near a cold spring,
We buried them both in one grave
On a high hill so green.

Between Fort Boise and the Grand Round
I can say and tell the truth,
We had no compass to set up
But we traveled every point.

We spent two days on the Grand Round,
And left one wagon there,
We thought it best, our teams were weak,
And the mountains were before.

The Blue Mountains were naught but hills,
We had seen the same before,
The grass was good, the timber thick,
We had such good pine firs.

Powder river was a nice stream,
We stopped there half a day,
We washed some clothes and baked pies
And then went on our way.

From Battle Creek we traveled on
'Till two o'clock at night;
We chained the oxen to the wheels
To starve, oh shameful sight.

We waited then for day to break
And then went on our way.
At nine o'clock we breakfasted,
The place was called Well Spring.

Then on again, we found no grass
That was worth stopping for,
But at our next camp the grass was good—
The water very poor.

Then on again early next morn,
The Columbia we must reach.
Our cattle then were very dry,
The water had been so scarce.

We reached the Columbia at midnight,
Our cattle tired and weak;
We "dropped our oars' 'as you might say,
And all hands went to sleep.

The Columbia was a noble stream
We left it the next morn,
Crossed the Deshuts, went on five miles
And found both meat and corn.

Our next camp was on Ten Mile Creek,
The best of all I've named,
Water and grass, a stone fire-place
And table of the same.

But two more camps and the Cascades,
And toll-gate we must see.
Five dollars each for wagons there,
But widows went through free.

The roughest road that ever was
Is that through the Cascades.
The stumps so thick and grass so scarce,
Stones thick as could be laid.

The third day there arose a hill,
It was about mid-day,
Off to our right about six miles
Mount Hood in splendor lay.

Don't think the hills were hard to climb,
We doubled teams but twice,
The hardest work was getting down
Without the loss of life.

We spent six days in the Cascades,
Then stopped at Foster's too;
Making two days and four months just
From the Missouri getting through.

If all the changes in those months
Were taken down with care
It would take a bunch of paper sure,
I think about three quire.

We found our claim the twentieth,
Moved on it right away.
We set our stakes in Oregon
Resolved here for to stay.

If ever you should cross the plains
Be sure of a good guide,
Provisions plenty and a strong team,
For the road is long and wide.

The Hays family located at Mount Angel, near Portland in Marion county, when they first came to Oregon, and later the daughter, Eliza J., gave her hand in marriage to Mr. McCulloch. As previously stated, his last days were spent upon the ranch, and there Mrs. McCulloch lived until 1891, when she

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removed to Baker City and erected her present home. Mr. McCulloch was a democrat in his political views, but never sought nor desired office, preferring to concentrate his energies upon his business affairs. Mrs. McCulloch is a member of the Presbyterian church and is a lady of many admirable and excellent traits of character which have won for her the high esteem of all with whom she has been brought in contact.

PHINEAS C. WARREN, who has lived retired at Warrenton for the past few years, is an extensive landowner and one of the most prosperous and respected residents of Clatsop county. His birth occurred in the state of New York on the 19th of March, 1833, his parents being Danford and Amanda (Pike) Warren, who were natives of Vermont and Massachusetts respectively. Their marriage was celebrated in the Empire state. Danford Warren, who followed farming as a means of livelihood, passed away in New York in comparatively early manhood. Ten years later his widow became the wife of Gardner Baxter, a native of New York, with whom she removed to Illinois, passing away at Princeton, that state, when seventy-two years of age. Our subject was one of four sons, his brothers being as follows: John F., who was extensively engaged in the lumber business and who died at Knappa, Oregon; George W., who was accidentally killed at his logging camp in the '70s; and Daniel K., whose demise occurred in 1893. By her second husband the mother of Phineas C. Warren had one daughter, Adeline, who is now the wife of James Hamilton, of Princeton, Illinois.

Phineas C. Warren began earning his own livelihood when a youth of fifteen, renting a tract of land in Bureau county, Illinois, and cultivating it for three years. On the expiration of that period he came to Oregon, locating at Astoria, where he worked in a sawmill for one year. At the end of that time he became connected with mining interests, digging gold for a brief period in Jacksonville, Oregon. Subsequently he was engaged in the logging business until 1860 and then went east on a visit to New York. Returning to Illinois, he there carried on general agricultural pursuits until 1870, when he sold his property and again came to Oregon in the hope that his wife's health might be benefited by the change of climate. He was actively engaged in the logging business for ten years, and for a number of years was extensively engaged in buying and selling cattle, but for the past few years has lived retired in the enjoyment of well earned rest. His property holdings include four hundred and eighty acres of land, three hundred and twenty acres of which is covered with timber, while the remainder lies in Warrenton and vicinity. Recently he disposed of eight hundred acres in Tillamook county, Oregon.

In 1867 Mr. Warren was united in marriage to Miss Adeline Keller, who was born in Ohio on the 6th of February, 1847, her parents being Isaac W. and Keziah (Cash) Keller. They were born, reared and married in the Buckeye state and there continued to reside until their children were grown. Subsequently they spent some years at Princeton, Illinois, and then removed to Iowa, where Isaac W. Keller passed away at the age of eighty years. The demise of his wife occurred four days later, at the age of seventy-five years. They had five children, four of whom are still living, as follows: Mrs. B. D. Lee, who resides near Los Angeles, California; Elizabeth, the wife of James Palbert, of Longbeach, California; Mary, who is the wife of William Dodge and also makes her home in California; and Mrs. Warren. The last named is the mother of a son and daughter. Carrie E. gave her hand in marriage to Charles F. Lester and resides in Warrenton, Oregon. Frank, who is married and lives on his father's homestead, is the owner and operator of a logging camp in partnership with his brother-in-law, C. F. Lester. Both children were afforded excellent educational advantages, the daughter being a high-school graduate and the son having pursued courses of study in two business colleges.

Mr. Warren is a stanch republican in politics but has never had any desire for the honors and emoluments of office. In religious faith he is a Presbyterian. He has now passed the seventy-ninth milestone on life's journey and enjoys the respect and veneration which should ever be accorded one who has traveled thus far on this earthly pilgrimage and whose career has been at all times upright and honorable.

AUGUST KUPERS. Among the sons of Germany whose industry and sturdy qualities have added much to the worth and development of Umatilla county is August Kupers, who came to the United States when a boy and at an early age took up farming and has since become a substantial agriculturist and stock-raiser of Helix. His birth occurred in Holstein, Germany, May 24, 1873, a son of John and Margaret (Hone) Kupers, both of whom resided throughout their entire lives in Germany where the father was engaged in agricultural pursuits. He was twice married and by his first union two children were born. By his second marriage he had eight children, of whom August was the fourth in order of birth.

The common schools of his native land afforded August Kupers his educational advantages and upon completing his studies he remained at home assisting in the duties on the farm until he was eighteen years of age. He then immigrated to the United States, settling at once in Oregon in 1891. His brother Henry accompanied him upon this trip but later returned to Germany and August Kupers is the only surviving member of the family in this country, a brother, John, having died soon after his arrival. When he came to America our subject had little except an ability for hard work, abundant energy and an eager desire to succeed but, undaunted by the difficulties which confronted him, he at once took up agricultural pursuits and for six years was engaged as a farm laborer before purchasing a part of his present home,

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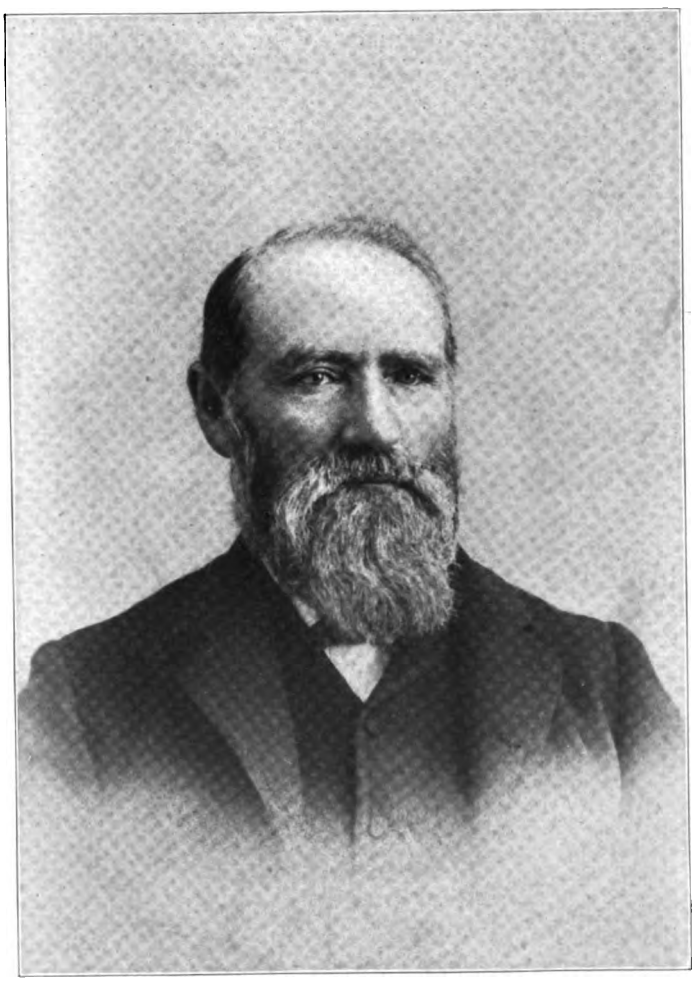

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at that time comprising a one-half section one mile north of Helix. He subsequently purchased the entire section and now owns two adjoining ranches. All the improvements upon the farm are due to Mr. Kupers' progressive spirit and his untiring labor. The crops which he harvests attest his ability as an agriculturist and his fine home and commodious outbuildings show that he keeps abreast with the times. The greater part of his attention is given to wheat growing, in which he is meeting with remarkable success. He has also become interested in the Bank of Helix, of which he is a stockholder.

In 1898 Mr. Kupers was married to Miss Augusta Kupers, whose birth also occurred in Holstein, Germany. She came to Oregon fourteen years ago with her parents, who are now deceased. To Mr. and Mrs. Kupers five children have been born, all of whom are residing at home, John, Marie, Henry, William and Winnie.

Mr. Kupers' political allegiance is given to the republican party and he holds membership in the Lutheran church. His life has been such as to merit the respect of the citizens of his adopted country and by honesty, uprightness and industry he has contributed much toward the upbuilding of the community in which he lives.

MANSFIELD A. HARRISON, an ex-Judge of Union county residing in La Grande, was born in Luzerne county, Pennsylvania, September 1, 1841, a son of Orville and Sibyl (Trescott) Harrison. Both parents were natives of Pennsylvania and were married in that state. They had three children, Edward L., living on the old Pennsylvania homestead; Mansfield A., of this review; and Truman T., a resident of Luzerne County, Pennsylvania.

Mansfield A. Harrison was reared and received his education in his native state, spending most of his time with his grandfather. The family being of a mechanical turn, he took up the study of mechanics. On August 21, 1865, he started overland for Oregon and on arriving here located in the Grande Ronde valley, where he turned his attention to such work as he could find and helped to erect some of the first buildings in La Grande and that locality. He also engaged in teaching school for a couple of years and after that began contracting and building, which he has followed ever since.

In 1873 Mr. Harrison was united in marriage with Miss Harriet Jane Buchanan, who was born in Iowa, October 20, 1857. Her parents were William D. and Ellen Jane (Cullen) Buchanan, who came overland from Iowa to Oregon in 1865 and settled two miles south of Island City, where they resided until 1885. In that year they removed to Harney county, where the father died in 1906, at the age of seventy-six. The mother is still living in La Grande, having now reached the advanced age of eighty-two years. Mr. and Mrs. Harrison have become the parents of two children: Mansfield A., Jr., of La Grande; and Rosella, the wife of G. H. Elmer, of Pine Valley.

Fraternally Mr. Harrison is identified with the Masonic order and he was one of the first to make application for membership in La Grande Lodge. In politics he is a democrat and has spent much time in public work. For twenty years he served as justice of the peace at Island City and for four years was county judge of Union county, being elected in 1902. At the time of his election the county was in debt two hundred and seventy-five thousand dollars and during his term, besides making many important improvements, he reduced the public debt one hundred and forty-six thousand dollars. This required great effort, good judgment and considerable knowledge of actual conditions. He is a man of keen discernment, conscientious and upright, and these qualities made him a most capable and efficient judge and won for him the great respect of the residents of the county.

HENRY McGOLDRICK, who has devoted his attention to the raising of grain and stock in Union county for more than a quarter of a century, is the owner of a well improved and valuable farm of two hundred and nineteen acres. His birth occurred near Glasgow, Scotland, on the 4th of December, 1866, his parents being Thomas and Mary (Henry) McGoldrick, both of whom were natives of Ireland. The father emigrated to the United States in 1866 and the following year was joined by his wife and children in New York, where the family home was established. Subsequently Thomas McGoldrick removed to Pennsylvania, where he was engaged in coal mining, at which he had worked before coming to this country. In that occupation he continued throughout the remainder of his life, mining in Tennessee and Colorado. Unto him and his wife were born nine children.

Henry McGoldrick was the seventh in order of birth in his father's family and remained under the parental roof until twelve years of age. During the following year he worked on a ranch with his brother-in-law and subsequently became a water boy in a railroad grading camp, being thus employed until he had reached his nineteenth year. At that time he again took up ranching and in 1884 came to Oregon, locating in the Baker valley. The following year he took up his abode in the Grande Ronde valley and has here been actively engaged in general agricultural pursuits to the present time. He owns over two hundred and nineteen acres of land and devotes his attention to the growing of grain and the raising of Hereford cattle, standard bred draught horses and hogs. In 1897 he became one of the incorporators and a stockholder in the Imbler Mercantile & Stock Company, with stores at Imbler. This enterprise claimed a part of his attention until the year 1912, when he sold his interest.

On the 18th of October, 1893, Mr. McGoldrick was united in marriage to Miss Lettie Hull, of Imbler, Oregon, her parents being William and Sarah (Neville) Hull, the former a native of Ohio and the latter of Buffalo, Iowa. Mrs. Sarah Hull was a daughter of E. T. and P. J. Neville. William Hull came

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to Oregon in 1862 and took up his abode among the earliest settlers in the Grande Ronde valley, locating three-fourths of a mile east of Imbler, on the farm which is now occupied by Mr. and Mrs. McGoldrick. Unto our subject and his wife have been born two children: Edwin, who died at the age of four years; and Eugene, who is attending school.

Mr. McGoldrick has served as a member of the school board for six years. He is an enterprising, public-spirited citizens and has taken an active part in the progress and development of the Imbler district. He belongs to the Modern Brotherhood of America, the Independent Order of Odd Fellows and the Farmers Union. Commendable principles have governed his life and shaped his conduct in his relations with his fellowmen. His career has been one of continuous activity and today he is numbered among the prosperous agriculturists and representative citizens of his state and county.

PETER CLEMENS, owner of nine hundred and eighty acres of land in Harney county, Oregon, all under cultivation and planted in the most suitable grains and fruit orchards, was born in Lorraine, France, on July 5, 1850. He is a son of Nicholas Clemens, who left his native country for America in 1855 and located for a short time in Montreal, Canada, later removing to the Menominee river in Michigan.

Peter Clemens was educated in the public schools of Montreal, Canada, and the state of Michigan and in 1868 came to the Pacific coast around the Horn. He settled in California where he remained for a few months before moving northward to Victoria, British Columbia, whence he went to the Cassiar mines where he remained for three years, meeting with gratifying success. Subsequently he went to Buenos Ayres where he remained for eighteen months, working in partnership with an uncle. He followed mining until 1878 in the Black Hills and Nevada and later came to White Horse in the southern part of Harney county. He was interrupted on his journey northward by Indian troubles and it was not until 1880 that he finally arrived in the Harney valley, locating after a year or two on Poison creek, six miles north of Burns. Mr. Clemens is the owner of nine hundred and eighty acres of land, constituting the home ranch and besides this is the proprietor of two other fine properties in Harney county. He has the entire tract of land upon which he lives under cultivation and has developed his holdings along progressive and modern lines. He has made all the necessary improvements upon his farm and has installed in all of its departments up-to-date and efficient machinery including a complete threshing outfit. His acres are largely irrigated. He is known throughout the section in which he resides as an upright man and a successful ranchman.

In 1883 Mr. Clemens was united in marriage to Miss Jennie Uhlen, a daughter of John Uhlen, a pioneer of Douglas county, Oregon. To Mr. and Mrs. Clemens have been born three children: Clay, who is engaged in the sawmilling business on Poison creek; Calvin, a ranchman residing near Burns, Oregon; and Glen, who lives at home.

In his political affiliations Peter Clemens is consistently democratic and never seeks public office. He is a blue lodge Mason and this is his only fraternal connection. He seeks no success beyond attainment in a purely agricultural walk of life. He has made his farming career upright and honorable and has achieved prosperity.

L. D. SMITH, who has the distinction of being the oldest resident of Helix, was born in Huntsburg, Geauga county, Ohio, on the 15th of March, 1849, his parents being A. H. and Samantha (Smith) Smith. The mother was a native of New York state and her death occurred in Huntsburg when her son L. D. Smith was but two years of age. The father died in Pendleton, Oregon, in 1904, at the age of seventy-eight years. Throughout his active career he followed agricultural pursuits, both in Ohio, and subsequently, after 1880, in Ione, Morrow county, Oregon. By his first marriage the subject of this sketch was the only child but he was married a second time and by that union there were nine children. In 1851 he removed to Minnesota and resided there for twelve years before returning to Ohio, where he remained until the spring of 1879. He next spent a few months in Kansas, but the following spring came to Oregon and passed the remainder of his life in this state.

L. D. Smith resided at home with his father until he was twenty-one years of age. In 1882 he took up his residence in this state and has since resided in Helix. After he left home he continued farming and engaged in mechanical pursuits. He is at present conducting a carriage and wagon repair shop and also does general machine repair work. He was the inventor and manufacturer of the O. K. windmill, which he began making in 1885, and continued manufacturing until five years ago. In addition to repair work he is now manufacturing the O. K. pump jack which is extensively used with gasoline engines. He has met with a good degree of success in his undertakings, and is at present the owner of the shop where he carries on business, and the home in which he resides.

In 1878, in Orwell, Ohio, Mr. Smith was married to Miss Alwilda D. Haines, whose birth occurred in that state in 1860 and who is a daughter of Silas D. Haines, a veteran of the Civil war, in which he served for three years under General Lyons. To Mr. and Mrs. Smith two children have been born: Guy E., the elder, who is a resident of Helix and a painter and paper hanger by trade, married to Miss Lula Stanton, a native of Helix, and they have one child, Wayne Pearl, is the wife of Charles Alspach, of Helix, and they have three children, Gale, Wanda Margaret and Blain.

Mr. Smith gives his political support to the republican party and is thoroughly alive to the issues of the day. For fourteen years

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he served as constable, his last term expiring about nine years ago, and he has since been a member of the city council of Helix. He holds membership in the Commercial Club. He was one of the incorporators of the town and his generous and helpful cooperation has been given to many projects for its upbuilding and improvement. Thus he ranks among the valued and progressive citizens as well as the enterprising and prosperous businessmen of the place.

D. H. SHAW is the owner of one of the historic places of Baker county, Oregon. He is the owner of five hundred and twenty acres of land devoted to stock-raising and general farming. Upon this place is situated Ogden's Fountain, well known to all of the early travelers through this part of the country.

Mr. Shaw was born in Putnam county, Missouri, April 10, 1845, his parents being Theophilus and Elizabeth (Leachman) Shaw. The father was born in Georgia, in March, 1795, and the mother's birth occurred in Virginia, in April, 1799. They were married in Kentucky and afterward became residents of Boone county, Missouri. Later they established their home in Putnam county, that state, and in 1867 they made their way across the country to Baker county, Oregon, settling on what was known as the Ogden Fountain farm and later the Cold Spring farm, six miles south of Baker. This is a place of great historic interest. The clear waters of the spring upon this place furnished refreshment to many a weary traveler in pioneer times, and it seemed a rendezvous not only for the emigrants, but for the trappers who hunted fur-bearing animals through this part of the northwest.

There are now three routes between Powder river and Burnt river. The central one is by Sutton creek where the railroad now runs; another, farther east, passes through Virtue Flat and was used by the pioneer emigrants as a part of the "Old Oregon trail" for wagons; a third route is west of Sutton creek by way of Beaver creek. This seems to be the route used by the Hudson Bay trappers as they were catching beaver and so followed the streams where beavers abound. At this point an old trail led to the south to the headwaters of Burnt river and across the mountains to Malheur river and to central Oregon and Nevada. The ranch on which Ogden's Fountain is situated is now the property of Dan H. Shaw. The Hudson Bay trappers seemed to have used the Spring as a sort of landmark, the various parties separating here from the main expedition. This section abounded in beaver which gave the name to Beaver creek and the Powder river by the "Fountain" which has always been a favorite spot for those animals, and their dens and houses can still be seen and some beavers in all probability still exist there. Peter Stene Ogden, head of the Hudson Bay Company in this section of the west, records in his diary an overland expedition from the Columbia to the Snake. After following Powder river to a point beyond the present site of Baker he camped at the "Fountain" and sent detachments to trap on the headwaters of Burnt river and to the head of Malheur river. From the "Fountain" he ascended Beaver creek, crossed to Burnt river and then went down to the Snake near the present site of Huntington. The diary reads:

"Sunday, September 28, 1828. Reached the fork of Powder river (where North Powder now stands). Trappers came in with nine beaver.

"Monday, September 29. Encamped on Powder river (probably between Haines and Powder); heat very great. Seven beaver.

"Tuesday, September 30. Sent off six men with lodges to Burnt river, thence to go up river Malheur where we shall meet; also sent off five men across country to rejoin company on the forks of Malheur. . . . Encamped at the 'Fountain.' One trap gave us eleven beaver."

As the party could only have reached the "Fountain" in the afternoon the fact that they caught eleven beaver in one trap shows how plentiful they must have been at this point. Ogden, Utah, is named for the Mr. Ogden, as is also the spring herein mentioned. The way in which he writes of "the fountain" makes it seem probable that it was a well known spot and probably a rendezvous. In later years the trail of Beaver creek to Burnt river was used by the miners at Auburn, but was not adapted to wagons, so the wagon road left the Powder between Baker and Haines and crossed to Burnt river by Virtue Flat. This "Fountain," or spring, was well known by the Auburn miners who called it the "Cold Spring" and would stop here to rest. The trail southward was made into a wagon road, called the Dooly road. During the war of 1878 soldiers would pass and re-pass over this road with gattling guns. The building of the railroad up Sutton creek and on to the Snake river and eastward, and the Sumpter valley railroad to the south, have made Baker the central point instead of "Ogden Fountain," but when packed horses were used this point was where the trails met.

It will thus be seen that the place at which time the Shaw family located is a most interesting and historic one. The parents of D. H. Shaw remained there until called to their final rest. The father passed away in February, 1873, and the mother in September of the same year. He was a farmer all his life and for thirteen years was a distiller when in Kentucky, but he did not use liquor himself. Both he and his wife were lifelong members of the Baptist church and he always gave his political support to the democratic party, advocating the policy and principles of Jackson. In the family were eleven children: Mary, the deceased wife of L. G. Battee; Martha, the deceased wife of Calvin Morrow; Sampson, who has also passed away; Albert, who married Jessie Morrow and has departed this life; Minerva, who became the wife of Hiram Snyder and is deceased; Sarah, the deceased wife of Jesse Sumpter; Julia, who married Alfred E. Mil-

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ler and lived for a time on the Cold Spring ranch, but now resides in Idaho; William S., who died in California; Eliza, who died at Elkhorn Station while crossing the plains; one who died in childhood; and D. H., of this review.

The last named remained at the place of his birth until he came to Oregon in 1863 when eighteen years of age, arriving at Union county, in September. There he engaged in freighting until December, 1867, when he came to Baker county with his parents and has here since made his home, engaged in farming and stock-raising He owns five hundred and twenty acres constituting a fine place, upon which he has all the modern improvements and equipments. It was upon this place that William Price hunted and camped in 1811 and here Peter Stene Ogden camped on September 28 and 29, 1828, giving it the name of Ogden Fountain, because of the fine spring here which flows continually. The place is situated six miles south of Baker on the Powder river, having a beautiful location and many natural advantages. Here Mr. Shaw has lived continuously since 1867.

On the 15th of March, 1879, occurred the marriage of D. H. Shaw and Miss Pauline F. McKinney, who was born in Ottumwa, Iowa, April 1, 1862, but was brought to Oregon in 1864 by her parents, Alfred G. and Jane McKinney, both of whom died in Baker. Mr. and Mrs. Shaw have become parents of six children: Frances, who was born December 5, 1879, and died in infancy; a second child who died in infancy, unnamed; D. Alfred of Spokane; Samuel T., who married Mabel Sipp, of Baker, and is living on the farm with his father; Mamie Belle, who is the wife of Durk Steadman, and has one child, Cleta; and Pearl J., who is the wife of W. R. Cavin of Caldwell, Idaho, and has one child, Pearl Marie.

Politically Mr. Shaw is a democrat, having supported the party since age conferred upon him the right of franchise. He belongs to the Methodist Episcopal church and his has been a well spent life, honest and honorable in every particular.

JUDGE THOMAS LUTHER DAVIDSON, agriculturist and ex-Judge of Marion county, was born October 14, 1833, in Greene county, Illinois. His parents, James and Amelia (Ament) Davidson, who were both natives of Kentucky, where they were married, came to Oregon in 1847. Early in life James Davidson had learned the carpenters' and joiner's trade and for many years was thus engaged. During that time he was one of the most efficient interior finishers in his community. After a seven years' residence in Tennessee they removed to Illinois, where they lived for a short time before going to Burlington, Iowa. Here he followed his trade and also purchased considerable property, which he sold for ten thousand dollars when he removed to Oregon, and which is now said to be worth about a hundred thousand dollars. The trip across the plains was fraught with the many dangers which all of the early pioneers experienced and, although their train consisted of thirteen yoke of oxen, they encountered many hardships. Upon their arrival in this state Mr. Davidson took up a donation land claim of six hundred and forty acres one-eighth of a mile from the present city limits of Salem. Judge Davidson is the owner of part of this property, being one of the two heirs to his father's estate. His sister Francis Louisa is deceased. Mr. Davidson invested heavily in real estate in Salem and in addition to following his trade and engaging to some extent in agricultural pursuits was also very active in the political circles of the community. He was elected to the state legislature, of which body he was a prominent member for one term. His death occurred in 1871, when he was eighty-five years of age, and his wife passed away two years later, at the age of eighty years. Of their nine children only two survive.

Thomas Luther Davidson received his early education in Iowa and after his removal to Oregon with his parents again entered school. At the same time he gave much of his time and attention to assisting his father on the home farm and from the experience then gained subsequently became a capable agriculturist. At the time of his father's death he inherited three hundred and twenty acres of land and upon this property he has since made his home, although he has disposed of all but seventy acres. His entire life has been devoted to agricultural pursuits except during his one term of judgeship when it was necessary for him to divide his energies between the farm and the courtroom. Because of his intuitive sense of justice he ably discharged his duties as judge and during his term of office he did much to establish the integrity of the record of the court.

In 1868 Judge Davidson was married to Miss Mary Susan Melson, a daughter of S. D. and Julia (Jones) Melson. To Judge and Mrs. Davidson three children have been born. Julia Loretta, the eldest, died at the age of five years. Thomas L., whose birth occurred on the 14th of July, 1882, is married and has two children. He is residing on the home place and is active in its cultivation. Lester Melson, the youngest, passed away at the age of eleven years.

In politics Judge Davidson is a democrat, his political allegiance being accorded that party because after an intelligent study of the platforms of the various political parties of the country he decided that the policies set forth by the democracy prove most efficient in promoting those measures which tend to establish good government. He has been prominent in the activities of his party and has frequently been elected to office. For five years he was a member of the school board and has been elected to the office of road supervisor. He has attained high rank in Masonry, being identified with the Mystic Shrine. He belongs to the Benevolent Protective Order of Elks and the State Grange. He holds membership in the Methodist church, in whose circles Mrs. Davidson was very active until her death, which occurred

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MR. AND MRS. T. L. DAVIDSON, SR.

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on the 30th of July, 1902, when she was fifty-one years of age. Judge Davidson's active and honorable life may well serve as an example to the younger generation, who find in him the salient characteristics necessary for success—integrity, industry, energy and fidelity.

JAMES F. BATER is one of the most widely known and accomplished musicians of eastern Oregon, having long been a leader of the bands of Enterprise, Union and Elgin. He is the successful and capable secretary and general manager of the Elgin Flouring Mill Company of Elgin, Union county, of which place he is a resident. He was born in Devonshire, England, December 5, 1859, and is a son of Henry E. and Maria (Kiddle) Bater. His parents emigrated to the United States in 1865 and on reaching this country took up their residence in Janesville, Wisconsin. Henry E. Bater was by trade and occupation a miller and for sixteen consecutive years was in full charge of large milling enterprises at Janesville and Beloit, Wisconsin, and also at Rockton, Illinois. In 1881 he removed to Hamilton, Missouri, at which place he became superintendent and general manager of the flouring mills of that city, and here he spent the remaining years of his life, dying in 1905 at the age of sixty-seven. He was a Knight Templar Mason and one of the influential men of his district. His wife still survives him and maintains her residence at Hamilton, Missouri.

James F. Bater was reared in his father's home, acquiring his early education in the public schools and learning the miller's trade under his father, perfecting himself in every detail of the milling business from the construction of the plant to the production of the finished product ready for the market. At the age of twenty-one years he started in life for himself. Leaving the parental roof he removed to Kansas City, Missouri, where he was employed in the installation of machinery in various flouring mills. The roller process at that time was just coming into general use and the demand for his services extended all over the country. After spending sometime in Kansas City he removed to Nortonville, Kansas, at which place he took charge of the flouring mills located there for four years. At the expiration of that time he returned to Hamilton, Missouri, and was employed as second miller under his father for the following four years. In 1888 he removed to Enterprise, Oregon, where he was engaged to superintend and install the machinery and take charge of the mill of the Island City Mercantile & Milling Company. For a period of seventeen years he successfully operated their mills, making for himself a reputation as a high grade constructor and operator of flouring mills. In 1905 at the earnest solicitation of Kiddle Brothers, who were the owners of five mills at different points in Union county, Oregon, he removed to Union, where he accepted the management of the Union Flour Mills Company, now known as the Oregon Roller Mills. In 1908 his employers transferred him to their mills at Elgin, where he has since continued in charge of their milling interests.

James F. Bater was married in Nortonville, Kansas, in September, 1884, to Miss Cora E. Daniels and to this family two children were born: Elsie, now the wife of Guy McMillan; and Ida, at home. The mother died in January, 1893, at her home in Enterprise. Subsequently, in April, 1894, Mr. Bater married Miss Rae E. Ratcliff, of Enterprise, and by this union one child has been born, Muriel.

Mr. Bater is one of the enthusiastic and solid supporters of the republican party and as a representative of that party he has served as the mayor of Enterprise, while for nine consecutive years he was a member of the city common council. He is a member of the Grande Ronde Valley Lodge, No. 56, A. F. & A. M.; of Enterprise Chapter, No. 30, R. A. M.; and Council, No. 5, R. & S. M., at Union. Both himself and wife are members of the Blue Mountain Chapter, No. 52, O. E. S., Mrs. Bater being the matron of that order at both Enterprise and Union. Mr. Bater was a delegate to the Grand Lodge of Masons at Portland in 1905 and at the same time his wife was the accredited delegate to the Grand Chapter of the Order of the Eastern Star, in which capacity she has since served. Mr. and Mrs. Bater, together with their three daughters, are all members of the Presbyterian church of Elgin, he being one of the board of trustees. He is widely known throughout eastern Oregon not only for his success in his business career, but being a cornet player of unusual talent he has been much in the public eye during his residence in the state of Oregon. His wife also enjoys enviable distinction as a vocalist of rare attainment and her services as a public entertainer make her one of the best known and most popular of singers throughout the intermountain districts.

JOHN I. STURGILL, a well known resident of Durkee, is engaged in teaching and in farming, having for a long period divided his time between those two vocations. He was born in Missouri, December 5, 1852, and is a son of F. H. and Caroline (Richmond) Sturgill, both of whom were natives of Virginia. They went to Missouri in 1841 and resided there for almost a quarter of a century, starting across the plains with ox teams in 1865. The mother died on the way and her grave was made by the side of the Snake river. The father, with his family came on to Baker county and settled on a farm here, making his home in this region until called to his final rest. In the family were thirteen children of whom seven are yet living.

John I. Sturgill was a youth of twelve years at the time the long and arduous journey across the plains was made. His youth was devoted to the acquirement of an education and to the work of the home farm, in which connection he largely assisted his father. On attaining his majority he began teaching school. He had graduated from the Baker Academy, which is now known as the Baker high school and for twelve years he

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devoted his entire time to teaching. He then began farming and stock-raising, in which he still continues. He owns two hundred acres of land on which he has a large number of sheep and in addition to the management of his ranch, which is situated near Durkee and on which he lives, he devotes the winter months to teaching.

In 1882 Mr. Sturgill was married to Miss Mary F. Stevenson, who was born in Marion county, Oregon, and is a daughter of M. A. and Marilda Stevenson, both of whom were natives of Iowa. In 1862 they arrived in Marion county, Oregon, where they still reside. Mr. and Mrs. Stevenson have become parents of four children: Walter, deceased; Francis M., who is now attending normal school; William, upon the home farm; and Marilda. Both Mr. and Mrs. Stevenson are consistent members of the Baptist church and fraternally he is connected with the Independent Order of Odd Fellows and the Woodmen of the World. His political support is given to the democratic party and for three terms he filled the office of county assessor while for two terms has served as deputy county clerk. In his official positions he has been loyal, discharging his duties with promptness and fidelity, and his work as a teacher and as a farmer has been a vital element in the progress and uplifting of the county in which he lives.

WILLIAM HOWARD, who has the distinction of having located on the first claim in the Camas valley, where for over forty years he has engaged in the stock-raising business, was born in Fulton county, Illinois, on the 13th of December, 1848. He is a son of William and Elizabeth Howard, natives of Ohio, who came to Oregon in 1862, settling in Lane county where the father acquired some government land. They made the long journey across the plains with an ox team, as did the majority of the pioneers, and passed the remainder of their days in the Northwest. The mother died on the home ranch, but the father passed away in Umatilla county. The family of Mr. and Mrs. Howard numbered ten children, all of whom, with the exception of one, are still living.

As he was only a youth of fourteen years when he accompanied his parents on their journey across what at that time was called the "great American desert," the greater part of the life of William Howard has been passed in the state of Oregon. He was given the advantages of a common school education, most of which was obtained in his native state, as but little provision had been made for schools in this section of the country when his people located here. He shared with his parents and other members of the family the hardships and discomforts of pioneer life, early assuming the duties of manhood by assisting his father with the care of the ranch and the stock, thus fitting himself through practical experience for the business in which he has always engaged. Upon attaining majority he started out for himself, his first act being to file on a claim, which today form the nucleus of his holdings. Having but limited means at his command it was necessary for him to start in a small way, and although he met with the usual obstacles and difficulties which every man encounters when he first engages in business, he kept on persistently with a determination that never accepts defeat. During the first few years he did little more than hold his own, but once established his affairs ran smoothly and as the years passed he gained in prosperity. He has never had occasion to regret locating where he did and is today the owner of a well improved and valuable ranch, which he has called "home" for the greater part of a half century. In connection with the cultivation of his land, Mr. Howard engages in raising stock, making this activity his specialty. Stock-raising has always proven an excellent source of revenue to him and he has become so attached to the work, that although his present circumstances would warrant his retiring from active life he continues to devote his attention to this activity.

In 1870, Mr. Howard completed his arrangements for a home of his own by his marriage to Miss Wildia Oliver, a native of Oregon, who passed away in 1884. Six children were born to Mr. and Mrs. Howard, as follows: Edward, who is living in this county; Lillian; Rose, the wife of Doc Holmes; Maud, who married Clarence Moore; C. L.; and Margaret, who is deceased.

William Howard is a democrat and although he has never been an aspirant to public office he meets the requirements of good citizenship by voting at the polls on election day. He has always taken an interest in local educational affairs, and has served with efficiency as a member of the school board. During the Indian war of 1878 the Indians camped on his ranch, killed his stock and destroyed his buildings. Many changes have occurred in the Camas valley during the long period of Mr. Howard's residence there, the vast expanses of prairie having been broken up into ranches, which are well improved and fully equipped with every essential appliance necessary to their successful operation, while flourishing villages and enterprising towns have sprung up where there was not a vestige of habitation when he first located here.

GEORGE M. TETREAU resides at No. 2406 Grove street in Durkee and his time is largely given to the solution of the problems of farming in this part of the state. Attention in Oregon is closely concentrated upon the subject of dry farming and Mr. Tetreau is demonstrating what can be done according to this method, scientific knowledge and experimentation as well as practical labor, proving elements in his success. He was born in Lowell, Massachusetts, September 29, 1864, a son of C. P. and Margaret (Marrotte) Tetreau, both of whim were born near Montreal, Canada, where they were reared. Following their marriage they removed to Lowell, Massachusetts, in the spring of 1864 and in 1870 arrived on the Pacific coast in San

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Francisco. For six years, thereafter, they continued residents of that place and then went to Columbus, Nevada, where Mrs. Tetreau died in 1882, at the age of forty-nine years. The father passed away soon afterward in San Francisco and was forty-seven years of age at the time of his death. He was a bookkeeper and clerk during the greater part of his life. In the family were two children, George M. and Ed L., the latter of whom was killed on the railroad, November 24, 1911. He was born in Cincinnati, Ohio, October 30, 1867; was a clerk and bookkeeper and was in the employ of the United States government at the time of his death.

George M. Tetreau remained at home until his mother's demise in 1882. He had acquired the greater part of his education in the schools of San Francisco and was eighteen years of age when he started out on his own account. He acted as bookkeeper and clerk for a mining company in Nevada until 1885. On the 20th of May of that year he came to Baker county, Oregon, where he turned his attention to the live-stock business on Burnt river. He located two ranches of three hundred and twenty acres and improved them, afterward selling the property at a good figure. In 1893 he returned to California but again came to Baker county in 1895 and was foreman for a large land company for two years. He has since made his home in Baker yet has spent much time in traveling and upon his ranch. He owns three hundred and twenty acres of land in Baker county on which he grows wheat and also raises stock. He had in 1911 fifty acres sown to wheat that yielded from forty to forty-five bushels per acre. This result attracted wide attention for he was following dry farming and this was the first wheat grown in Lost Basin. The ranch is situated five miles due south of Durkee and is becoming recognized as one of the well developed properties of this state. Mr. Tetreau has also been identified with various mercantile interests since he came to Baker. He is a man of marked energy and enterprise and his association with any undertaking insures its prosperous outcome.

In 1886 Mr. Tetreau was married to Miss Sarah Alice Fleetwood, who was born in Union county, Oregon, in November, 1867, a daughter of James Fleetwood, a prominent old settler of this state. He is now residing in California. Mr. and Mrs. Tetreau had four children, of whom Ruth met an accidental death at the age of nine years and Clara passed away at the age of seven. The surviving children are Esther and Paul, aged respectively twelve and eight years.

Mr. Tetreau belongs to Sumpter Lodge, No. 162, I. O. O. F. He adheres to the Presbyterian church, which organization he gives his moral and material support. In politics he is a republican and while he does not seek nor desire political office he has done much to further public progress and promote the welfare of the community in other ways. He was largely instrumental in securing the building of the county road from Durkee to Mormon Basin. He is the pioneer of the Lost Basin district which through his efforts is being developed into an agricultural district, it having been previously regarded as only a mining country. Mr. Tetreau was the first to till the soil here and was instrumental in locating four other families in this region. His labors are proving resultant and he has taken the initial step in utilizing this region for agricultural purposes and thus adding greatly to the value of the property and the appearance of the district.

JOSEPH BUCHTEL. As each year is added to the cycle of the centuries the ranks of the pioneers are becoming thinner and Portland numbers less of those sturdy and substantial citizens who were the vanguard in making their way into the state of Oregon. It is right, therefore, that the history of the early settlers should be written while they can still relate it so that the authentic record shall not perish. While they came to the west to secure homes and, if possible, win a substantial little fortune, they built better than they knew, for they established here a commonwealth and a civilization which shall endure for all time. One of the oldest residents of Portland is Joseph Buchtel who has been associated with the pioneer history of the west for more than sixty years. He was born in Stark county, Ohio, November 22, 1830, a son of Michael Buchtel and Mary Harvey, and was twenty-one years old when he came to Oregon. His mother was married a second time, this union being with John Johnson, and to them one child, Addie, was born. She became the wife of Thomas Maxwell and both are deceased.

Joseph Buchtel was reared at home and attended the common schools of his native state, where he acquired such knowledge as was afforded the country youth at that early day. His father's death occurred when he was very young and, being the eldest son, it was necessary for him to help in the support of the family as soon as possible. At a very early age he began learning the tailor's trade and was thus engaged for four years, after which he accepted various positions on farms and in stores before entering the brick manufacturing business. Not finding this sufficiently remunerative nor to his liking, he accepted a clerical position in his brother-in-law's store. While he was working there one of the partners of the firm was elected sheriff and because of the ability which Mr. Buchtel had already displayed as a clerk he was given charge of the sheriff's office and collected the taxes. During this time he met Abraham Lincoln and became intimately acquainted with him. Mr. Lincoln was practicing law in that district and, as the courthouse in which Mr. Buchtel was employed was in Urbana, Champaign county, they met frequently. Mr. Lincoln was attorney for one case which extended over two weeks and during that time Mr. Buchtel had many opportunities to talk with him. Many of the pleasantest memories of Mr. Buchtel's life are of this time when

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he had the opportunity of associating with one of the biggest and broadest men whom this country has ever known. After he gave up his clerical position he entered the portrait business, first purchasing a daguerreotype outfit. He was thus employed for six months. In 1852 he came to Oregon and in the spring of 1853 located in Portland. From that time he was in the photograph business, taking pictures during the summer and working on a river boat as steward during the winter. He was elected sheriff of Multnomah county and during his incumbency in that office leased his gallery to Mr. William Towne. Mr. Buchtel may well be called the pioneer photographer of the Pacific coast. He introduced every kind of photography in Oregon and took the first pictures of all interesting and prominent places along the Pacific coast. In 1853 he took the picture of Front street, Portland, which appears elsewhere in this edition. After he discontinued his work as sheriff he engaged in the real-estate business and has had more or less to do with real estate since that time, at present having an office on the east side. He has been a factor in the development and progress of the community both through his active labors and his influence. In community affairs he has also been active, holding many different offices, including that of sheriff, chief of the fire department in Portland in 1865 and later chief of the paid department of the city. In politics he has ever been a stalwart republican and he helped organize the republican party in Oregon. He was one of the first body of men who ever represented any fraternal order in a southern convention, having attended the grand lodge of the Independent Order of Odd Fellows in Atlanta, Georgia, and he is also a Royal Arch Mason.

Mr. Buchtel was married to Miss Josephine Latourette in Oregon City, in 1855. She is a daughter of John Latourette of Michigan, who died in California after having removed there in 1849. She crossed the plains with her uncle Minor Swick, who later settled in Yamhill county, but subsequently she lived in Oregon City. To Mr. and Mrs. Buchtel seven children have been born, four of whom survive. Lucy L., the eldest, was born in Oregon City in 1856 and is the wife of Norwood L. Curry, a son of ex-Governor George Law Curry. She received her education at St. Helen's Hall in Portland. Albert Z., the second member of the family, was born in Portland, on the 5th of August, 1857. He was educated in Portland and pursued a course in a business college here. His death occurred on the 11th of August, 1880. Addie E. is married to Wilbur G. Kerns, who has a position in the county clerk's office in Portland. Frank S., who received a business education and was in the police department of the city of Portland, died May 8, 1901. Archie L. was born June 6, 1867, and is at present living in Portland. He married Miss Minnie Cronk, of Salem, Oregon. Joseph, the next in order of birth in the family of Mr. and Mrs. Buchtel, was born August 11, 1872, and died October 30, 1877. Fred G., the youngest, was born March 30, 1878, and was educated in the Portland high school and subsequently in a business college. He holds the office of sealer of weights and measures of Portland.

Mr. Buchtel has lived to see a remarkable transformation in this city as pioneer customs have been replaced by the evidence of a progressive and advanced civilization. Pioneer homes have been replaced by the commodious and substantial residences built in modern styles of architecture and prairie grasses and uncultivated land have been replaced by parks and well cared for streets. In all the work of general improvement Mr. Buchtel has borne his part and well deserves mention in this work.

CASPAR JUNKER, one of the most prominent residents of Sandy, Clackamas county, was born in Hessen, Germany, on January 12, 1865, a son of Hieronymus and Katerina (Röder) Junker. Both parents were natives of Germany and spent all their lives there, the father passing away in 1871 and the mother in 1894. The father was a prominent contractor and builder in his native country, and kept in his employ between fifteen and twenty men. In their family were six children: Caspar, of this review; Katerina, who is the wife of Henry Koch, residing in Sandy; Mary, who died in California and was the wife of L. Schafer; Hieronymus and Heinrich, both of whom are living in Germany; and Carl, who died in Germany in 1871.

Caspar Junker received his education in his native country and remained there until twenty-three years of age, when he came to America, making his way direct to Sandy, arriving here October 10, 1888. For a time he worked for his brother-in-law, Henry Koch, on the farm, but afterward went to Portland, where for seven years he was employed in a hotel, working all that time for the same man. He then returned to Sandy where he purchased a hotel and conducted the same until February 4, 1910, when he sold his interests there, and since has given his attention to the handling of mortgages and loans. He has been very successful in his financial operations, and now owns twenty-seven acres within the corporation of Sandy, on which he has built eight business houses, and he also owns a beautiful residence here.

In 1895 Mr. Junker wedded Miss Katie Schwankhart, who was born in Bavaria, Germany, November 10, 1862, a daughter of Johann and Magdalena S. Schwankhart. The parents were both natives of Germany, and the father died there in 1887. The mother yet lives in her native country, having reached the advanced age of eighty years. In their family were eight children, of whom four are living. They are: George and Hans, both of whom reside in Germany, the latter being a teacher; Fannie, who is the wife of Hugo Ungefroren of Alaska; and Mrs. Junker. Mr. and Mrs. Junker have become parents of five children: Katie B., who was born August 26, 1896; Mary M., who was born August 30, 1898; Henry, born December

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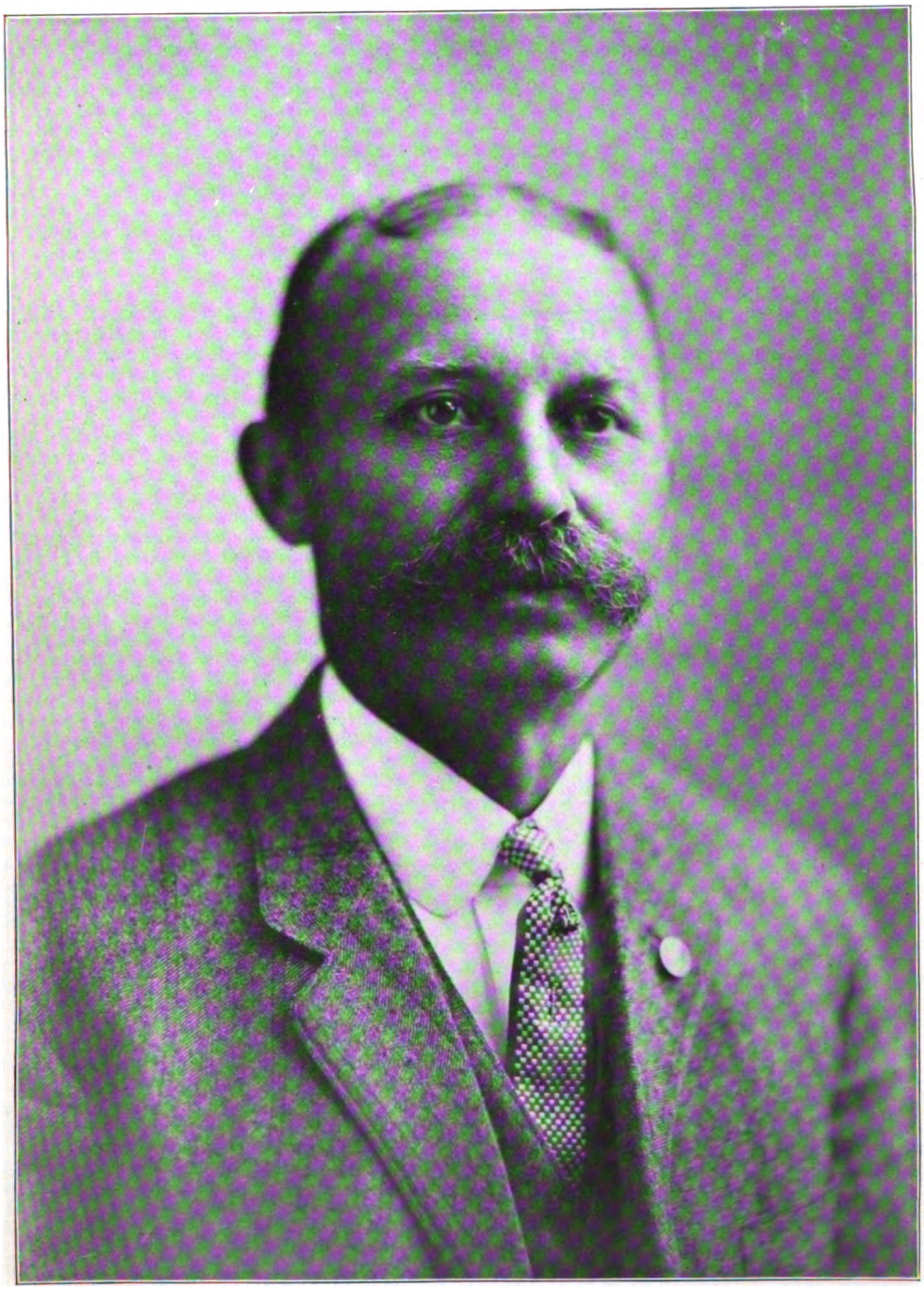

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4, 1900; Frederick, born November 1, 1903; and George, who died in infancy.

In his political views Mr. Junker is a republican. He has always taken an active interest in local party work, and has served in the city council ever since the town of Sandy was incorporated. Both he and his family are faithful and earnest members of the Catholic church. Over twenty-three years have come and gone since Mr. Junker arrived in Sandy, and throughout the intervening period he has been a prominent factor in the advancement of the commercial interests upon which the growth and prosperity of a town always depends. Capable and enterprising, he is a highly honored citizen of the country in which he has chosen to make his home.

LEMUEL D. KING. Associated with the interests of Baker county since 1887 in the capacity of miner, ranchman, sawmill operator, and more recently postmaster, Lemuel D. King is a prominent and influential man of his county. He was born November 3, 1861, in Siskiyou county, California, a son of Flavius J. and Nancy C. (Fencher) King, the former a native of Arkansas and the latter of Alabama. Their wedding was celebrated in Arkansas and shortly afterward, in 1859, the parents crossed the plains with ox teams and settled in California. When Lemuel D. King was three years of age the family removed to Oregon, settling in Canyon City, Grant county. The father was by trade a cabinet-maker and furniture designer and in that capacity was employed during the earlier part of his life but after removing to California he devoted a great share of his attention to mining. He was also actively associated with the various other interests of the state, being a prominent citizen during his period of residence there. The mother passed away in Susanville, Grant county, Oregon, in 1883, while the father's death occurred in Washington, December 18, 1897. They were the parents of three children: Lemuel D., of this review; Mary, the wife of William Burdick, of Washington; and Jessie, the wife of L. B. Hardman, also residing in Washington.

Lemuel D. King began mining from early boyhood and upon settling in Oregon followed this occupation, meeting with reasonable success. Later he began to raise stock and engaged in agricultural pursuits, in which he continued until 1883, making Susanville his headquarters. In the year mentioned he sold his cattle and disposed of his other farming interests, settling in the John Day valley, where he followed farming and teaming until 1887, when he removed to Baker county, acquiring land eight miles southeast of Whitney, where he still resides. He has there continued the business of mining, farming and stock-raising, having formed a partnership with his uncle, Lemuel Barnett, and together they own three hundred and twenty acres of land, which was obtained from the government, and handle one hundred and twenty-five head of cattle. They are interested in the Phoenix and other mines of the county, which give great promise. In 1902 a postoffice named in honor of Mr. King was established and mail is delivered twice a week at that place. Eight families are served in that way and Mr. King acts as postmaster. Mr. King is also operating a sawmill which produces about two hundred thousand feet of lumber a year. In the fall of 1911 he purchased a new steam threshing outfit, all the previous machines in the vicinity having been run by horse power. He was the first man to settle in this locality, and his nearest neighbor lived five miles distant.

Mr. King was married July 18, 1882, to Miss Hattie J. Gillinwater, a native of Grant county, and a daughter of Joseph C. and Sarah J. (Dimmick) Gillinwater. To Mr. and Mrs. King seven children have been born: H. Pearl, who is the wife of Joseph B. Hardman; Lemuel J., who married Maude Freeman; William C. and Mary Z., twins, the former of whom resides at home, while the latter is married; Audry M., the wife of Charles Davidson, of Baker county; Fred, born in 1903; and Ralph, born in 1904. Mrs. King's parents were early settlers of Grant county, her father being a native of Pennsylvania, while the mother was born in Illinois.

Mr. King belongs to the Modern Woodmen of America and takes an active interest in the affairs of that organization. Among the many men of Baker county there are few who lead a more strenuous life or who have accomplished more for the upbuilding of the county than Mr. King. Being engaged in so many different lines of endeavor he is necessarily a very busy man and finds little time for other than his business duties, yet he has formed an extensive acquaintance and is regarded by all who know him as a man of uprightness and ability, being held in high esteem wherever known. He is one of the really valuable men of his county, earnest, enterprising and aggressive such as any community is fortunate in possessing.

FRANK A. BENNETT, who has continuously resided in Baker county for more than four decades, was at one time the most extensive sheep raiser in the county. For the past twelve years he has owned and operated a ranch of three hundred and twenty acres on the Lower Powder river, sixteen miles northeast of Baker City. His birth occurred near Salem, Oregon, on the 2d of June, 1858, his parents being James and Mary Jane (Dill) Bennett, who were natives of Iowa and Indiana respectively. James Bennett and Mary Jane Dill crossed the plains as members of the same company, the latter being accompanied by her parents. They were married near Salem, Oregon, and subsequently removed to Walla Walla county, Washington, Mr. Bennett devoting his attention to general agricultural pursuits. Here he met death by accident, being drowned in the Touchet river. His widow then came to La Grande, Oregon, and later to Baker county, where she wedded John Farman, and they are now residing at Lethbridge, Alberta,

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Canada. By her first husband she had two children, namely: Frank A., of this review; and Rosa B., the wife of W. S. Love, of Baker county.

Frank A. Bennett came to Baker county with his mother about 1870 and has resided within its borders continuously since. He drove a stagecoach between Baker and Sparta for three or four years and then turned his attention to the sheep business, in which he has remained to the present time. Mr. Bennett and his brother-in-law, W. S. Love, were at one time the most extensive sheep raisers in Baker county, the former having as high as eight thousand sheep. Beginning with three hundred ewes, they raised the largest flock of sheep in the county. For the past twelve years Mr. Bennett has resided on a ranch of three hundred and twenty acres on the Lower Powder river, sixteen miles northeast of Baker City, which he has brought under a high state of cultivation and improvement and on which he carries on general farming.

In 1882 Mr. Bennett was united in marriage to Miss Hallie J. Hulick, who was born at Cove, Union county, Oregon, on the 1st of May, 1865, a daughter of Mrs. Margaret Ann (Gobel) Hulick. The parents crossed the plains from Indiana to Oregon, settling in Cove, Union county, where Mr. Hulick passed away. His widow still survives and resides at that place. Unto our subject and his wife were born the following children: Mary Margaret, who is the wife of A. B. Matthews, of Mayfield, Idaho; Claude E., residing on the Lower Powder river in Baker county; George F., a resident of Baker City; Viola, the wife of Claude Turner, of Baker City; Myrton W., at home; Odie, living in Richland, Baker county, this state; and Earl G., also at home. Fraternally Mr. Bennett is identified with the Woodmen of the World at Baker City. He possesses the enterprising spirit of the northwest, which has been a dominant factor in producing the wonderful development of this section of the country, and he has steadily worked his way upward until today he stands among the prosperous and representative citizens of his county.

RODNEY T. McHALEY, one of the most progressive and wealthy ranchmen of Grant county, was born near Monument, that county, on the 31st of October, 1873. His parents, George W. and Mary (Jackson) McHaley, are mentioned at greater length on another page of this work in connection with the sketch of Judge Rice R. McHaley, a brother of our subject. Rodney T. McHaley was reared at home, acquiring his education in the common schools. He is the youngest son of his father's family and operated the home farm until the death of his father. He still makes his home on this place, having inherited the property under the terms of his father's will. His principal business is that of stock-raising, his attention being given to horses, cattle and sheep. He has a beautiful residence on his home ranch, which consists of one hundred and sixty acres, and in addition to which he owns twenty-five hundred acres of land in Grant county. He is also the owner of three profitable irrigation ditches and is one of the most progressive ranchmen in Grant county. In addition to the stock products of his own ranch he is a heavy buyer and feeder of cattle, which he prepares and ships to the open market.

In 1902 Mr. McHaley was married to Miss Fay Hartley, a daughter of Bentley Hartley, who is one of the pioneers of Oregon, having emigrated to this state in 1849. He is still living and resides in Prairie City. To Mr. and Mrs. McHaley have been born three children: Hilda, Zelda and Norma. The mother of these children enjoys the unique distinction of being one of the most accomplished and handsome women in Grant county. Rodney T. McHaley is a republican but, having no political aspirations and being a man of affairs, he has been content to look after his own household at the same time doing his loyal duty as an enterprising and law-abiding citizen of Grant county.

LAWRENCE SWEEK. Agriculture in one of its most important phases finds a worthy representative in Lawrence Sweek, who now has over three thousand acres of farm and pasture land in Grant county, Oregon, where he is running several thousand sheep and large herds of horses and mules. He was born February 26, 1858, in Portland, Oregon, and is a son of John and Maria (Beard) Sweek, both natives of Missouri. They were numbered among the earliest pioneers in the state, starting on the trip to the northwest by ox team three days after their marriage. They met with no trouble from the Indians although the caravans immediately behind them were molested during the entire journey. Mr. Sweek settled in the Willamette valley, where he took up a donation claim of three hundred and twenty acres ten miles from Portland and he cultivated the soil until his death. He passed through the severe winter of 1852-53 and lost practically everything he had when the season was over he was obliged to get his food from Oregon City, packing his flour and and other meager provisions upon his back and journeying to his home on foot. He was a successful agriculturist and a prominent man in local affairs, holding various public offices and always ready to serve his community to the best of his ability. He died in 1892 at the age of sixty years. His wife is still living in the seventy-eighth year of her age and is residing on the old homestead near Portland.

John Sweek and his wife were the parents of six children: Cyrus Minton, who is now a prominent attorney in Burns, Oregon; Alice, now Mrs. William Smith, of Portland; Lawrence, the subject of this sketch; Alex, a lawyer in Portland; Lillie, who is now Mrs. Harting; and Thad, who is engaged in the real-estate business in Portland.

Lawrence Sweek was reared in his native state and was educated in its public schools. He finished his studies in Forest Grove,

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Oregon, and at the age of twenty started in farming for himself. He located first near his present ranch and was successful in the cultivation of the soil and stock-raising for some time. He later bought the property upon which he now resides three miles above Monument, where he is in active operation of three thousand acres of land. He has a portion of his land under irrigation and gives his personal attention to the raising of sheep, keeping seven thousand head in his pasture at all times. He also raises thoroughbred horses and makes a specialty of the breeding and care of mules. He carries on general farming along practical and progressive lines and has been successful in every branch of agriculture which he has undertaken.

In February, 1878, Mr. Sweek was united in marriage to Miss Emily L. Harding, of Telmook, Oregon, a daughter of Benjamin Harding who was a pioneer settler in this state and who met his death at the hands of the Indians on Thorn creek when he was defending his horses against their depredations. To Mr. and Mrs. Sweek have been born eight children: Fleming, who is now engaged in ranching; Rex L.; Ona, who is now Mrs. Wilson; Belle, now Mrs. Neal; Blanche, who married Fred Putnam; Calvin, who is attending the State University at Ann Arbor, Michigan, where he is studing law; and Gladys and Ruth, who live at home.

Mr. Sweek is a blue lodge Mason and prominent in the affairs of the Woodmen of the World. His wife affiliates with the Order of the Eastern Star. He has progressed with the advancement of agriculture and bases his undoubted success upon his efficient methods of work and his excellent general and specialized knowledge. He represents a class of farmers and ranchmen who are making the cultivation of the soil and the breeding of high grade stock among the most honorable occupations open to men.

THOMAS F. THOMPSON, who has made his home in Oregon for about three decades, is the owner of a fine stock farm of three hundred and twenty acres situated eight miles northwest of Unity. His birth occurred near Harriettsville, Noble county, Ohio, on the 9th of May, 1863, his parents being Jacob and Rebecca (Cox) Thompson, who were likewise natives of the Buckeye state. They removed to Wisconsin in 1876 and at the end of two and a half years, in the fall of 1878, took up their abode in Phillips county, Kansas, where they spent the remainder of their lives. Jacob Thompson, who followed general agricultural pursuits throughout his active business career, passed away at the age of seventy-two years. His wife was called to her final rest in 1911, when she had attained the age of sixty-six years. They were the parents of eight children, six of whom survive.

Thomas F. Thompson, who was the oldest of the children, remained under the parental roof until eighteen years of age, when he went to Denver, Colorado, and spent eighteen months at work on the High Line canal, twenty miles west of that city. Subsequently going to Idaho, he was there employed for one summer on the construction of the Oregon Short Line Railroad. In 1883 he came to Baker City, Oregon, and from that time to the present has resided continuously in Baker county. He worked for wages during a period of about ten years and then homesteaded one hundred and sixty acres of land and preempted another tract of similar size. His holdings now embrace three hundred and twenty acres of land on sections 18 and 19, township 12, range 37, eight miles northwest of Unity. He operates this ranch as a stock farm, owning fifty-five head of horses and eighty head of cattle. His undertakings in this connection have been attended with a gratifying measure of prosperity and he has long been numbered among the substantial and enterprising citizens of his community.

Mr. Thompson is married and has one son, Joseph R., whose birth occurred in Baker county, Oregon, on the 29th of September, 1894.

WARREN R. PARKER, who is residing in Idaho, was born in Albion, Orleans county, New York, September 10, 1856 a son of William H. and Betsy J. (Wescott) Parker, who spent their entire lives in Orleans county. His paternal great-grandfather, William Parker, was a native of Massachusetts and went to western New York as one of the first settlers who took up their residence in that section. He resided two miles west of where Albion now stands and owned one hundred and twenty acres of land in that place. He erected a log cabin upon it and during their residence there they were forced to endure many of the experiences to which every pioneer is subjected. The grandfather, Isaac Parker, lived upon the same farm from the time he was seven years of age until his death. The mother of our subject died in 1907, when she was seventy-four years of age. His father is at present residing upon the home farm at the advanced age of seventy-nine years. To their union four children were born: Warren R., who is the subject of this sketch; David L., who is living at Porter Corners, New York; William H., of Batavia; and Jesse G., of Albion.

Warren R. Parker acquired his education in the common schools of New York state. Later he attended the Albion Academy for two terms before engaging in teaching during 1876 and 1877 at the old round schoolhouse made of cobble stones. In the spring of 1877 he left home and removed the Cheyenne, Wyoming. Shortly after arriving there he went into the Black Hill country during the mining excitement and had the usual experiences of the uninitiated. In the spring of 1878 he went to Greeley, Colorado, and rode the range there for two years before going to Leadville during the mining excitement there. He remained in that place for two years, at the end of which time he went to the Gunnison country for three years. In 1884 he came to Umatilla county, Oregon,

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and he made this county his home until four years ago. Since that time he has been residing in Buhl, Idaho. In 1884 he ran horses over the hills and was thus engaged for twenty-five years. He is at present planning to return to Umatilla to reside as soon as his business interests will permit him to do so. He owns one hundred and sixty acres of irrigated land one-half mile south of Umatilla and he also has eighty acres planted to alfalfa in Idaho. In whatever he has undertaken he has met with success, which has been due to the thorough study he makes of the various enterprises with which he has been connected. His industry and energy have found substantial reward in a most gratifying degree of prosperity.

On the 22d of November, 1887, Mr. Parker was married to Miss Alma D. Markham, whose birth occurred in Umatilla county, on the 9th of June, 1869, and who is a daughter of Samuel and Frances (Bleecher) Markham. The parents came from Michigan via the Isthmus of Panama to Oregon, locating in Salem in 1856. About two years later they settled on the Umatilla river and Mr. Markham erected a flour mill just above the falls. He was a participant in the last skirmish which occurred with the Indians in 1878. Both he and Mrs. Markham died in this county and they are buried in Echo. To Mr. and Mrs. Parker three children have been born, Betsy J., Dixie and Warren Russell. They are all living at home. Mr. Parker belongs to the Masonic fraternity and has filled all the chairs in the local lodge. He has made a creditable record in business, his course being marked by steady progress gained through ready utilization of every opportunity that has been presented. He is a man of strongly marked character and has come to be recognized as a forceful element in the community, his sterling personal traits of character having won him the high regard and confidence of all with whom he has been associated.

MRS. ELLEN M. LALLY, who owns and conducts a mercantile store at Hammond, has built up the business until it is now one of the largest establishments of its kind in Clatsop county. Her birth occurred at Lee, Massachusetts, on the 25th of May, 1862, her parents being John and Mary (McCarty) McLoughlin, both of whom were born in the town of Loughrea, County Galway, Ireland. They emigrated to America in the late '30s, settling at North Lee, Berkshire county, Massachusetts, where their marriage was celebrated. There Mr. McLoughlin continued to reside for seven years, working in a paper mill. In 1864 he removed to Michigan, spending four years in that state. He next took up his abode at Mount Pleasant, Henry county, Iowa, there making his home until 1896, when he came to Clatsop county, Oregon. The remainder of his life was spent at Hammond, where his demise occurred on the 19th of April, 1908. During the period of his residence in this county he was employed by the government, carrying the mails to and from the trains. He was eighty-one years of age at the time of his death, having been born in 1827. He made his home with his daughter, Mrs. Lally, having lost his wife on the 12th of April, 1869. His children were five in number, as follows: Lawrence, who resides at Hammond, Oregon, and manages the mercantile establishment of his sister; Martin, engaged in business at Hammond; Mrs. Lally, of this review; John, who died at North Lee, Massachusetts, at the age of one year; and John James, who was but six years of age when he passed away at Mount Pleasant, Iowa.

Losing her mother in early life, Mrs. Ellen M. Lally was deprived of educational advantages but has gained wide general knowledge through reading, experience and observation. In July, 1894, she embarked in the confectionery business at Seaside, Oregon, there remaining until the following November, when she opened a similar establishment at Hammond. As her financial resources permitted she gradually acquired a stock of merchandise and now conducts one of the most extensive mercantile stores in Clatsop county. She is a woman of splendid business ability and unflagging energy and well deserves the prosperity which has crowned her efforts. Hers was originally the only store at Hammond, where she also acted as the first postmistress. She likewise has other city property in Hammond and owns some unimproved land at Portland. She is a faithful communicant of the Catholic church, to which her parents also belonged. Mrs. Lally is well known and highly esteemed throughout the community, her many excellent traits of heart and mind having endeared her to all with whom she has come in contact.

WILLIAM H. BOYCE, who is living in Baker, where he is enjoying the quiet seclusion of his own well appointed home, has for a long term of years been an honored and valued citizen in this community. He was born in the state of Missouri, December 23, 1840, his parents being W. P. and Sarah Jane (Bullock) Boyce, both of whom were natives of Kentucky. In an early day they changed their place of residence to Missouri, where they spent the remaining years of their lives and where they passed away. They were the parents of eight children, three of whom are still living.

William H. Boyce spent the period of his childhood and boyhood in Missouri, where he was educated in the common and high schools and where he later taught for several years. He also received valuable training from his father in all branches of farm work. On attaining his majority he enlisted in Company F, Missouri Volunteers, and served his country gallantly for four years, participating in many battles, among those were those of Wilson Creek and Pea Ridge. In one engagement he was wounded by a shot through the right arm but otherwise escaped uninjured. At the conclusion of the war he returned to Missouri and engaged in agricultural pursuits until 1880, when he crossed the plains with

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teams and located in Baker county, Oregon. Here he took up a homestead in Pleasant Valley and later bought a ranch four miles distant from Baker, on which he lived until 1908, where he is now residing. His landed interests now comprise four hundred and eighty acres of highly improved land, and besides this valuable farming property he owns four residence properties in Baker.

In 1862 Mr. Boyce was married to Miss Laura E. Davis, a native of Ohio. To this union five children have been born, John W., Robert E., Marcus A., Amontus A., and Daniel W., the last named being deceased. Mr. Boyce has always given his political allegiance to the democratic party and although he has not taken an active part in politics he has helped as best he could to further the interests of his party in his community. Mr. and Mrs. Boyce are both affiliated with the Presbyterian church, being regular in their attendance upon its services and aiding materially in the work which this organization is accomplishing. It is fitting that a long life devoted to earnest toil, particularly when four years of manhood's prime have been given to the service of one's country, facing almost certain injury or even death, should be amply rewarded in all those things which make for comfort and happiness. Mr. Boyce's faithful labors during his boyhood on his father's farm, the studiousness with which he applied himself when in school, his service in the war, his helpfulness during his years as teacher and his unremitting industry as a farmer have all combined to make his life useful to the nation, the state and the community and to yield him abundant means, enabling him to live retired in the enjoyment of a comfortable competence.

IRA C. SCOTT, who is successfully engaged in agricultural pursuits upon his present farm one mile southeast of Helix, was born September 21, 1884, his parents being W. M. and Anna (Caplinger) Scott. They were both natives of Illinois, where the father was born seventy-four years ago and the mother seventy years ago. The mother crossed the plains with her parents when she was very young and Mr. Scott came at the age of twenty-seven years. He settled at once in the Willamette valley, where he was married. He resided near Salem until he removed to Umatilla county in 1877, where he took up a homestead and resided until six years ago. They are now living retired in Walla Walla, Washington. He is the owner of one section of land all devoted to wheat growing in this county, which has been well improved by him. In politics he is a democrat and is a most active citizen in political, educational and social circles. He holds membership in the Christian church at Helix and in the Farmers Union. To Mr. and Mrs. Scott eight children were born, three of whom passed away at one time with diphtheria. One son, Ray, died in 1905, when he was sixteen years of age. Those surviving are: Mary L., who is the wife of J. M. Richardson, of Ritzville, Washington; Emma, who married E. A. Mann, who is engaged in the practice of medicine at Portland, Oregon; J. A., of Walla Walla, Washington; and Ira C., who is the subject of this review.

The last named acquired his education in the public schools of this state and has resided here throughout his life. He attended the Pendleton Academy for one year and also pursued a course in a business college. Since his father's removal to Walla Walla he has resided upon the home farm and under his management he has kept it in the high state of productivity which it enjoyed under his father's direction. Although he is a young man, he has already shown his capabilities in agricultural lines and is regarded as one of the successful farmers of Pendleton. He owns one and a half sections of fine wheat land in Whitman county, Washington, and this property is also under the same high state of productivity as his Oregon property.

In June, 1907, Mr. Scott was married to Miss Ethel Kern, whose birth occurred near Helix, in June, 1891. She is a daughter of J. M. Kern, who resides two miles north of Helix. To their union one child, Velma Maxine, was born. Both Mr. and Mrs. Scott have the warm esteem and friendship of many with whom they come in contact and the hospitality of the best homes of the locality is cordially extended them.

JOHN SYLVESTER MILES. John Sylvester Miles, who is actively interested in agricultural pursuits in Baker county, his home being near the town of Miles, was born in Joliet, Illinois, August 24, 1880. His father, William Miles, was born in the county of Wexford, Ireland, January 8, 1837, and was a son of James Miles. He married Bridget Doolen, who was also a representative of one of the old families that, like the Miles family, had long been connected with farming interests there. They were originally descended from the Normans.

William Miles began his education in what are called the national schools of Ireland and later became a pupil in the public schools of New York and Illinois. He was only about ten years of age when his father, James Miles, emigrated with the family from Ireland and settled in the Empire state. When his school days were over William Miles engaged in farming in Will county, Illinois, near Joliet, and largely devoted his time to agricultural pursuits until after the outbreak of the Civil war. His patriotic spirit being aroused by the continued attempt of the south to overthrow the Union, he enlisted on the 9th of August, 1862, for three years, as a member of the Ninetieth Illinois Infantry, under Captain O. Marah, commanding Company C. He was mustered out June 5, 1865, at Washington, D. C., after having participated in the battles of Coldwater, Mississippi; Vicksburg, Mississippi; Jackson, Mississippi; Collierville, Tennessee; Missionary Ridge, Tennessee; Knoxville, Tennessee; Dallas, Georgia; Kenesaw Mountain, Georgia; Atlanta, Georgia, July 19th, 22d, 28th, and August 3d and 17th; Jonesboro, Georgia;

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Lovejoy Station, Georgia; Rome, Georgia; Gadsden, Alabama; Jennison Bridge; Ogeechee River, Georgia; Savannah, Georgia; Charleston, South Carolina; Columbia, South Caroline; and Bentonville, North Carolina. He was wounded at Fort McAllister in the right forearm but as soon as possible was again engaged in active duty and proved a loyal advocate and defender of the Union cause. With the close of hostilities he returned to Illinois, where he resided until 1884. For about four years of that time he was foreman of the steel rolling mills at Joliet, Illinois. In 1884 he came over the Northern Pacific railroad to Oregon, accompanied by his family, and settled on a tract of two hundred acres of farming land on the Lower Powder river in Baker county. For a number of years he devoted his time and energies to general agricultural pursuits but at length put aside arduous and active business cares and removed to Baker. In the meantime he had sold the farm to his brother, who in turn sold it to John S. Miles and his brother. William Miles also owned a sixth interest in a mile ditch which was built from Powder river to cover and irrigate a large tract of land, but he also disposed of his interest in that project. On removing to Baker he purchased a pleasant home there, now occupied by himself and wife. For about seven years he served as postmaster at the village of Miles and he filled the office of school director and clerk of the school district at Miles for about twelve years. His early political allegiance was given to the democratic party until about twenty years ago and during the past two decades he has supported the republican party. He belongs to Joe Hooker Post, No. 5, G. A. R., at Baker, and served as its senior vice commander for three or more years. He was formerly identified with some secret societies but has withdrawn from these. His religious faith is evidenced by his membership in the Roman Catholic church.

On the 28th of November, 1872, Mr. Miles was married at Dwight, Illinois, to Miss Annie E. Harrison, a daughter of John Harrison, of Johnstown, Pennsylvania, and Mary (Hoover) Harrison, who was of German descent. Her father removed from Pennsylvania to Illinois about 1855 and afterward became a resident of Nebraska, where he followed farming—his life work—until his death on the 31st of July, 1878. He was then about fifty-six years of age, having been born in 1822. In his family were nine children, of whom eight are now living, three sons and five daughters. Unto Mr. and Mrs. William Miles were born eight children and the family circle yet remains unbroken by the hand of death. The eldest, Mary L. Miles, born October 4, 1873, was married November 18, 1902, to Charles Hemming, a locomotive engineer of Chicago. Ellen B., born December 23, 1875, was married November 20, 1895, to Milton Martin, who is engaged in quartz and placer mining at Rupert, Idaho, and they have five children, two sons and three daughters. James F. Miles, born December 23, 1877, is a farmer living at Rupert, Idaho. John S. is the next of the family. William J., born November 2, 1882, is associated in business with his brother John. Agnes G., born February 23, 1886, is the wife of Claude Bennett, whom she married January 4, 1904. They are now living at Keating, Oregon, and have three daughters and a son. Katie R., born June 24, 1888, is living in Chicago. Edward N., born December 11, 1892, is employed by his brother-in-law, Mr. Bennett, at Keating.

John Sylvester Miles, whose name introduces this record, was only about four years of age when the family came to Oregon. He pursued his education in the public schools of Baker county and was trained to the work of the home farm, assisting his father in the cultivation of the fields through the period of his boyhood and youth. When he started out in life for himself it was as a farmer and stock-raiser, and to this work he still gives his attention. He and his brother William are partners in the ownership and conduct of an excellent tract of land of one hundred acres on the Lower Powder river, which they have brought under a high state of cultivation and equipped with many modern improvements, adding all of the accessories of a model farm of the twentieth century.

Both brothers are active in community affairs and their support can always be counted upon to further any measure or movement for the public good. John S. Miles is now a director in school district No. 29 of Baker county, and his brother William is clerk of that district and also supervisor of road district No. 5. Their political allegiance is given to the republican party and they are members of the Order of Moose, being affiliated with the local society at Baker. The former is a Catholic in religious belief.

John S. Miles was married to Miss Mary M. Johnson, who was born September 6, 1889, in Union, Oregon, a daughter of George W. and Nellie (White) Johnson. Her father was a farmer and dairyman and is now living in Union, Oregon. Unto him and his wife have been born three sons and three daughters, of whom the eldest died in infancy. The others are: Chester, who was born August 8, 1887, and is living in Union; Mrs. Miles; Margaret, who was born August 21, 1891; Ruth, born September 21, 1895; and Vernon, born December 6, 1902. The younger children are all at home with their parents.

Mr. and Mrs. Miles have many friends in Baker county and are well known as people of the highest respectability, enjoying and meriting the confidence and good will of all with whom they have come in contact.

GEORGE W. CLEVENGER. A public official is a servant of the people. His duty is to look after their interests, carry out their desires and give his time and attention to the welfare and development of their public institutions. George W. Clevenger, mayor of Burns, Oregon, since 1910, is an official of this class. He never lets his personal prejudice interfere with his political duties. He was elected by the people and to their interests he gives his energies and talents.

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He is a native of Greene county, Pennsylvania, born in August, 1858, and his family is of old Pennsylvania German stock. His father, Alex Clevenger, left his native state for Missouri at an early day and remained there until his death. His son was educated in the public schools of that state and in 1876 took up carpentering in which he became an expert workman. He came to Oregon in 1881 and worked at his trade. He also ran a sawmill in Malheur county for two years and at the end of that period he added to his business stock farming. He still worked at carpentering, hiring a man to take care of his stock and run his farm. Under these conditions he was not remarkably successful and he sold his holdings after a short time and removed to Idaho, where he remained until 1899, working as a carpenter and builder. He became well known and widely popular in this state and was a prominent figure in public affairs, being elected to the state legislature in 1893. He returned to Oregon several years later and located in Burns. Determining to enter the undertaking business he went east in 1906 and took a course in the Philadelphia Training School for Embalmers, under Professor H. S. Eckles. He learned the art of undertaking and embalming and became thoroughly acquainted with the details of the business, in which he was remarkably successful. He soon acquired a large clientage in Burns and gained a reputation for honest and efficient business methods. He later added furniture to his stock and is now conducting both enterprises. He carries a large assortment of carefully selected household and office furniture and his taste and knowledge of values have brought him increasing business each year.

In 1891 Mr. Clevenger was united in marriage to Miss Minnie Johnson, a daughter of R. D. Johnson of Grant county, Oregon. They have two children: Asal and Morton Geary. The picture of the younger child, a most handsome boy with beautiful abundant hair has appeared in many papers together with his pet dog "Stubs," who has rescued him from several perilous situations, on one occasion saving his life. The photograph of the boy and the dog side by side has been produced in various papers and magazines including the Boston publication called, "Our Dumb Animals," in which the story has been told to indicate the fidelity of the dog to his young master.

Mr. Clevenger was first elected mayor of Burns in 1910 and has served in this capacity ever since. He has made a conspicuous record for himself for honesty and efficiency in public office. He is one of the most popular mayors the city has ever had and his work has always tended toward the progress and development of the municipality. He is essentially a public-spirited citizen and takes an intelligent interest in educational affairs. He is now serving a three years' term on the school board and his work in this capacity has brought remarkable results. Since his election to the board the city has commenced the erection of a beautiful public school building. It is to cost thirty thousand dollars and will be upon its completion one of the most modern and efficiently equipped public schools west of the Mississippi.

In the fall of 1892, while a citizen of Idaho, he was elected a member of the state legislature from Ada county for a term of two years.

Besides his political and business interests in Burns, Mr. Clevenger is also interested in the country surrounding the city. He owns a fine farm eight miles east and two miles south of Burns, planted with wheat and oats. His harvest each year of these two products adds materially to the output of the county. He has also recently placed under cultivation a large farm fourteen miles up the Silvies river, in the development and management of which he is personally interested. In the capacity of a builder he has erected some of the finest residences and public buildings in this city. His home is one of the finest and most modern in that section of the country. It is situated on an elevation which commands a magnificent view of the valley and mountains surrounding Burns and is a hospitable meeting place for Mr. Clevenger's many friends. Fraternally he is a blue lodge Mason and a member of the Eastern Star, and has occupied the various chairs in the Independent Order of Odd Fellows. He is also a member of the Chamber of Commerce. His work as mayor has been distinguished by broad and high-minded public service and he is interested in everything which makes for the development of the resources of his city and county. Under his administration new streets have been opened up and he is now trying to get modern and efficient water and sewage in the city. His cooperation in any movement looking toward municipal development along educational, political or business lines is never sought in vain. He is an excellent citizen, public-spirited, intelligent and cultured and is in addition a thoroughly honest man.

REV. FRANK L. YOUNG, the subject of this sketch, was born in Bureau county, Illinois, in October, 1859. His boyhood days were spent in the states of Iowa and Kansas, and with his parents he emigrated to Washington Territory in 1878. Mr. Young's opportunities for an education were limited to the facilities, books and studies of the public schools. In 1881 he was united in marriage to Miss Addie J. Thornbrue, at Spokane. In 1882 he was licensed by the Methodist Episcopal church to enter the ministry of that church, and commenced his ministerial career as a circuit rider, traveling over the vast, and at that time, sparsely settled regions of eastern Washington. In this missionary work Mr. Young had to found and build up churches where none of any denomination had previously existed. Preaching in private dwellings, barns or in "Gods' First Temples"—the groves, and where the settlers were few and far between, and finding a welcome at every fireside, the young minister laid the foundations of churches now strong and self-sustaining in populous towns and thickly settled farming communities.

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In this self-sacrificing work, Mr. Young and his equally self-sacrificing wife, traveled among and preached to white settlers over practically the same great territory which Elkanah Walker and H. H. Spalding and their wives preached to Indians forty years preceding.

Mr. Young's first pastorate in Oregon was at Baker City, from which point he made missionary excursions to all the regions in and about the Blue mountains. In the year 1900 the conference sent him to Portland to labor in the north end of that city. There and in the suburb of St. Johns he and his wife labored for nine years, building up strong churches in both places. Feeling the imperative demands of providing for a growing family, he declined a reappointment to regular service for the church. He then located on public land in Lake county and took charge of the mining property of the Oregon Borax Company, still preaching and teaching on Sundays, marrying the living and burying the dead, doing missionary work whenever the opportunity offered without fee or reward.

Mrs. Young was born in Oskaloosa county, Kansas in October, 1867, and emigrated to Spokane county, Washington Territory with her parents in 1879. There the family located on public land and were among the first farmers of that part of the country. With a devoted spirit she united with the church in girlhood days, and gave twenty-seven years of her life to the special service of the Methodist church, leading the music at all services and teaching in Sunday schools everywhere. Possessed of the rare gift of a sweet soprano voice, which attracted the young people to her and delighted every public or private gathering, that voice and the sweet spirit of its possessor powerfully aided the husband in his labors as a Methodist preacher.

FRED C. MOULLEN, B. S., proprietor of the Mozach Garage in Eugene, in which connection he has built up a growing and gratifying business as agent for several standard automobiles as well as in the conduct of a garage and repair shop, was born in Grayson, California, July 5, 1885, his parents being Frederick C. and Elizabeth (Elfres) Moullen. The father was a native of Sweden but when a boy ran away from home and went to sea. Finally about 1849 he settled in the neighborhood of San Francisco, California, and after being employed on the ranches for a time he began farming and stock-raising on his own account. He prospered in his undertakings and acquired fourteen or fifteen hundred acres of rich wheat land in the San Joaquin valley, becoming one of the prominent and influential residents of that district, where he made his home to the time of his death, which occurred in 1893, when he was sixty-one years of age.

Fred C. Moullen was a pupil in the public schools and also attended the California School of Mechanical Arts at San Francisco, from which he was graduated with the Bachelor of Science degree in 1905. He then attended the University of Oregon, pursuing the mechanical engineering course for three and a half years. He later took a leave of absence to go into the automobile business, in which he engaged in the spring of 1909. He now has the oldest establishment of this character in the city. He took for a partner, Roy C. Zacharias and their business interests were conducted under the style of Moullen & Zacharias. Using the first syllable of their two names they coined the name of Mozach for their garage. After a year Mr. Moullen purchased his partner's interest but the name of the Mozach Garage is still retained by him. He became agent for the Studebaker and the E. M. F. cars and the same year added the agency for the White motor cars. He continued to handle these three makes of automobiles until 1912, when he discontinued the sale of the White and substituted the Chalmers. He does an extensive garage and repair business, having the most complete equipment in this line in the city. He has both technical and practical knowledge of engineering, combined with good business instincts and keen discernment, and it does not require the gift of prophecy to predict for him a successful future. Fraternally he is connected with Eugene Lodge, No. 357, B. P. O. E. He gives almost all of his time and energies to his business affairs, in which he is now meeting with gratifying success.

CHARLES LEONARD LOW is a native of Oregon and the son of a pioneer. He has been identified with agricultural pursuits since his early childhood and his mature career which has been steadily successful has been a force in progress and development. He is now residing upon the farm where he was born and his acres comprise his father's original homestead claim in Baker county. He is systematic and progressive in his methods and thoroughly modern and up-to-date in his agricultural standards and is carrying on in his conduct of the enterprise the honorable and upright policies of his father who evolved out of a wilderness of undeveloped land an excellent modern farm.

Charles Leonard Low was born on September 7, 1871, upon the old homestead known as "Low's Ranch" on Alder creek, a tributary of Burnt river. He is a son of Leonard Low whose birth occurred in Maine, in May, 1829, and who was among the early settlers in Oregon. Upon the paternal side he is of Scottish ancestry and his father was a first cousin to the late governor of California, Frederick F. Low, famous as one of the first breeders of fine stock in that state. Leonard Low went to California by way of the Isthmus of Panama in 1852. He made the journey on sailing vessels probably on the White Ball line and worked in the mines on the American river for three or four years. He was in San Francisco during the stirring times when justice was administered by a vigilante committee and he followed mining in the vicinity of the city for some time. He met with success and determined

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to return to his native state. On his journey, however, he was shipwrecked upon the Florida coast and was obliged to continue his travels overland. He finally reached Maine and after a short residence there came west again, spending the years from 1857 to 1858 in the central states. At one time he started for Pikes Peak which was then the center of the gold excitement but abandoned his original intention and crossed the plains to southern Oregon arriving near Jacksonville in the fall of 1859. From that year until 1862 he mined in that vicinity and then attracted by rumors of gold in Idaho started for Florence. He reached The Dalles, Oregon, at a time when gold had been discovered in the Powder river and large numbers of miners were journeying in that direction. He joined the gold seekers and arrived at what was afterward the town of Auburn in August or September of the year 1862. He formed a partnership with an old Maine lumberman, Daniel Smith, and together they built and operated the water-power sawmill on the Blue Canyon above the site where the town was afterward built. He continued in association with Mr. Smith in this business until 1865 receiving sometimes sixty-five dollars for a thousand feet of lumber. He was successful in this enterprise and made a moderate fortune because he had an appreciation of favorable opportunities and the energy and ambition which made him seize them and put them to use. In 1865 he located a homestead claim of one hundred and sixty acres on Alder creek which he improved and developed. He did general farming and specialized in the breeding and raising of high-grade cattle and horses continuing in this occupation until his death.

About the year 1867 Leonard Low was united in marriage to Mrs. Malinda V. Smith and to their union were born five children. Rosita, whose birth occurred in 1869 and who is the wife of John Farley, by whom she has four children. Her husband is a farmer and the family make their home in Eagle Valley, Oregon. Charles Leonard is the subject of this review. Alice married Frank Haynes and they became the parents of four children. Mrs. Haynes is now deceased. Amy J. became the wife of James Anderson and they have one son who lives in Portland. The youngest daughter of the family is Melinda, now Mrs. J. W. Burke of Baker, Oregon, and the mother of three daughters. By her former marriage the mother of our subject had two children: Nellie, who married John Rizor of Baker; and Lavinia, who became the wife of Abraham Clement of Weiser, Idaho, by whom she has five children. The mother of our subject died in 1906 after a long period of residence in Oregon. When she first settled with her husband upon the Low ranch there was a stage station operated upon their property and the farm was one of the earliest agricultural enterprises in the county.

Charles Leonard Low attended the public schools in Baker City and afterward became a pupil in the Leighton Academy at Cover in Union county studying under William Smith, who is now circuit judge of Baker county. At the age of sixteen he began assisting his father with the work of the farm and was also identified with stock-raising. He has never left the homestead and after his father's death the land was willed to him. He has made it one of the most highly improved and valuable farms in the county and has operated it always along systematic and modern lines. It has become historic as one of the earliest ranches in the section. For two generations it has been conducted intelligently and progressively by standards of efficiency and expansion and it is now one of the attractive and model enterprises in Baker county.

Mr. Low was married in August, 1898, to Miss Lyda Stewart, a daughter of William Stewart, a farmer near Baker. Mrs. Low is one of a family of seven children. The others are: Anna, who married Robert McCaulay of Newport, by whom she has four children: Emma, who became the wife of Gilbert Simmons of Walla Walla, Washington; May, the deceased wife of William Rash; Elizabeth, who married James D. Hannon, a farmer in Pleasant Valley, by whom she has three children: Callie, who married Edward Wise, a farmer in Iowa by whom she has three children; and William Stewart, a contractor and general builder in Walla Walla, Washington, who married Miss Cora Fate. Mr. and Mrs. Low are the parents of three children: Frederick C., who was born on July 7, 1900, and who is now in the sixth grade in school; Amy, whose birth occurred on August 3, 1904, and who has been four years in school; and Charles Stewart, born on the 24th of July, 1909.

Mr. Low has been affiliated with the republican party since he attained his majority, being a firm believer in the principles and policies for which it stands. He, however, never seeks public office preferring to concentrate his attention upon the management of his ranch. He belongs to the Baker lodge of the Woodmen of the World, this being his only fraternal connection. He is at the present time numbered among the individual forces in the agricultural development of Baker county. The standards of efficiency and progress by which he operates his enterprise have been handed down from father to son and by him have been faithfully adhered to, to his own benefit and to the advantage of modern farming in Oregon. Mr. Low is a successful agriculturist and a resourceful business man, capable, enterprising and progressive and is a native son whose worthy and upright life is a credit to his community.

WILLIAM O. DENNIS. Among the industrious, enterprising and successful farmers of Morrow county is William O. Dennis, the owner of one hundred and sixty acres of valuable land on Butter creek. His birth occurred in Robertson county, Tennessee, on the 30th of January, 1873, his parents being Joseph Henry Ellis and Celestine Hawkins (Dement) Dennis. They were both natives of Ten-

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nessee, where they resided throughout their lives until the father removed to Oregon about six weeks before his death. He and his youngest son, Carl, were drowned in the flood which occurred on the 14th of June, 1903. They had come to Oregon to visit William O. Dennis. Over two hundred and twenty lives were lost in the flood. The mother's death had previously occurred in Tennessee. Of the children born to their union four grew to maturity: William O.; Lina Isabelle and Viola Vesta, both deceased; and Carl Edgar.

William O. Dennis spent his youthful days under the parental roof, attending the public schools in pursuit of an education. He also engaged in agricultural pursuits upon his father's farm and was thus employed until he came to Oregon in 1902. He has since resided on his homestead claim of one hundred and sixty acres on Butter creek. He is engaged in dry farming and devotes his energies to raising wheat. For the last four years he has rented the Hoskins ranch of two hundred and eighty acres, which is under irrigation and which he devotes to alfalfa growing and stock-raising. In partnership with C. W. Garrison he also rents seven hundred acres of the William J. Waltenberger ranch and is engaged in alfalfa growing and stock-raising. He has improved his own farm and the substantial residence, the commodious barns and outbuildings attest his progressive and substantial methods of agriculture.

In politics Mr. Dennis is independent, voting for man and measure rather than party. His religious faith is indicated by his membership in the United Brethren church of Pine City. He has resided in Morrow county for ten years and has become well known as a reliable and straightforward business man, fully meriting the confidence and good-will which are extended him by his fellow citizens.

GEORGE H. HOLMES. A man of keen business sagacity and superior judgment is George H. Holmes, who occupies a foremost place among the representative and successful agriculturists of Union county, being the owner of a finely improved farm about two miles north of Cove. He was born in Cincinnati, Ohio, August 12, 1858, a son of Lovic R. and Jane (Gabriel) Holmes, and a brother of W. R. Holmes, extended mention of whom appears elsewhere in this volume. The father, a native of Ireland, came to the United States in early manhood, locating first in New York, where he remained for a short time and then went to Cincinnati, Ohio, there accepting a position as bookkeeper for the firm of L. M. Duncan, furniture manufacturers. Subsequently he removed to Memphis, Tennessee, where he was identified with the branch house of a Cincinnati firm, and remained in that city until the outbreak of the Civil war. He left Memphis on the last boat to leave that city before the blockade of the river, returning to Cincinnati in 1861, and during the intervening period until 1863 was there engaged in the grocery business. In the latter year he went to Council Bluffs, Iowa, and made preparation to join a party that was about to start over the plains for Oregon. He bought eight yoke of oxen and several mules, for the company was large when they started and was increased from time to time by other parties joining them along the route. They had considerable trouble with the Indians, who stampeded their cattle, and Mr. Holmes lost two of his oxen, but he followed the Indians and succeeded in recovering some of the meat. In the fall of 1863 they arrived in Bannock City, Montana, and there the Holmes family spent the winter. Mr. Holmes, however, went to the Box Elder country in Utah, where he engaged in freighting during the winter, and then in the spring of 1864 he took his family to Walla Walla, Washington, where they lived for four years. In the fall of 1868 they arrived in Oregon and here Mr. Holmes homesteaded the farm upon which his son George now resides. Later, on the 1st of July, 1875, he obtained a patent to the land, signed by President U. S. Grant, and he subsequently purchased one hundred and twenty acres adjoining his original homestead. He also became the owner of three hundred and twenty acres four miles west of his home place, and there he spent his remaining days, engaging in general farming and stock-raising. He was one of the well known and influential citizens of his community, serving as a member of the county board of commissioners for some time. He was a Mason in fraternal relations and politically supported the democratic party. While a resident of New York he married Miss Jane Gabriel, who was also a native of Ireland, and unto them were born seven children.

George H. Holmes, the second in order of birth in his father's family, was a lad of ten years when brought to Oregon, and in the district schools near his father's home he acquired his education. Under the direction of his father he gained thorough practical experience along agricultural lines and in 1877, before he was yet twenty years of age, he made his initial step in the business world, engaging in driving cattle from Wallowa to the Greene river and from the latter point taking them by rail to Chicago. In this capacity he was employed by his uncle, with whom he remained for one year, and then, after the latter's death, he operated independently for two years. At the end of that time, in connection with the Masterson brothers, of Elgin, he drove cattle to Imnaha, Wallowa county, their herd being the first cattle to be taken into that district by white men. Shortly afterward he began raising horses in partnership with his father, operating a ranch on Crow creek in Wallowa county for three years. When they discontinued business there they had two hundred and sixty head of horses, which they drove to Wyoming, wintering at Fort Federman on the Platte river, and disposing of their stock in the following spring in that district and at Plum Creek, east of Platte City, Nebraska. A few years were then spent on the home farm, which he assisted in operating until 1888, when he went to Wallowa county and

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there accepted a position in the Wallowa National Bank at Enterprise, with which institution he was identified until July, 1892. He then returned home to assume the management of the place, upon which he has since continued to reside. It consists of two hundred and eighty acres of land well located about two miles north of Cove, and he is also the owner of a good tract of timber land. The home place has been excellently developed, its fields being under a high state of cultivation and its buildings being substantial and in good repair. The house, a commodious and comfortable dwelling, is located in the midst of a fine poplar grove, and the neat and attractive appearance of the place adds considerably to the beauty of the landscape. Mr. Holmes' time is divided between his general farming and stock-raising interests, raising wheat, oats and barley, and making a specialty of Clyde horses.

On the 21st of September, 1891, Mr. Holmes was united in marriage to Miss Susie A. Zurcher, a native of Ohio and a daughter of John and Helen Zurcher. Her parents, who are both deceased, were pioneer settlers of Enterprise, Oregon, their homestead farm being now a part of the town site. Unto Mr. and Mrs. Holmes were born four children, John Lovic, Jane Margaret, Louise Ruth and Charles Zurcher. In his fraternal relations Mr. Holmes is a Mason, while his political support is given to the progressive democratic party. He served on the local school board for many years. Few men in his locality have attained to a higher degree of success than has he, and his keen sagacity and excellent judgment have made him one of the most forceful and influential business men of his district.

NORMAN C. LONGFELLOW. The man who begins his career amid the most unfavorable conditions, encounters innumerable hardships and practically unsurmountable obstacles and by the sheer force of his own will and determination conquers conditions and achieves success before he has attained middle age is highly worthy of the respect and commendation of his fellows. One of such men as these is Norman C. Longfellow, one of the largest sheep-raisers in Wallowa county and a progressive and substantial citizen of Joseph. He was born on the Pacific ocean on the 2d of November, 1864, and is a son of Abraham and Kate (O'Neil) Longfellow. The father was born and reared in Palermo, Maine, but in his early manhood he went to Australia in search of gold. He prospected there with considerable success and had already acquired several thousand dollars—quite a fortune for that period—and had a most promising future, when his life was terminated by an accident in 1870. He was working in a placer mine when the bank caved in, burying him beneath the debris. Some time previous to that he had married Miss Kate O'Neil, who was born and reared in Belfast, Ireland, and came to Australia with a party of friends. In the early years of their domestic life they made a journey to the United States to visit his people and some of her friends, and on the return journey to Australia, their son, Norman C., was born. Following the death of her husband, Mrs. Longfellow came to the United States with her six children, settling in Maine among his people. She managed to keep her family together until her funds were exhausted, when she gave them out among the neighbors to be reared. The latter years of the mother were passed in Boston, Massachusetts, where she died in 1902.

As a lad of six years Norman C. Longfellow was placed in the family of George Bawler to be reared. The latter was a farmer living in the vicinity of Liberty, Maine, and while he was not particularly unkind to the little stranger, his wife was most abusive in her treatment. The lad bore it uncomplainingly, as children will, but her hardness aroused a spirit of rebellion and when he was ten he ran away, making his way to Augusta, Maine. Ten years is a very tender age at which to be thrust out into the world, but the previous four years had inured the boy to all manner of hardships and privations and he faced the future without any fear, although he was in a strange city, without employment and practically penniless. He subsequently obtained employment as general utility boy in a drug store, being engaged in this establishment for four or five years. During that time his mother made a trip to Montana and upon her return told her son of the many opportunities and advantages afforded industrious young men in the west. Believing that he would there find better chances for advancement in 1880, he gave up his position and removed to Butte, Montana. He remained there for six or seven years, following various occupations which enabled him to earn an honest living. Part of the time he was in the employ of Knapton Brothers, prominent sheep men of that state who subsequently removed to Oregon, settling on Bully creek in the vicinity of Westphal, Malheur county. He continued in their service and was subsequently sent by them into Idaho, where they were also ranging sheep. It was his ambition to have herds of his own and in 1893 he severed his connection with this company and invested his capital in sheep and located in Soda Springs, Idaho. Two years later he sold his flock and went to work for Evans & Bluett, well known sheep men of Oregon, where they had extensive herds. Their headquarters were at Fremont, Nebraska. He remained in their service for a brief period only and then came To Wallowa county and engaged in sheep-raising for himself. Naturally he had to begin in a small way, but he was thoroughly familiar with the business and was well qualified for its successful pursuit. His prosperity has been gratifying and he has acquired about twenty-five hundred acres of land in the Wallowa valley and ranges as high as twelve thousand sheep. He is one of the leading representatives of the sheep industry not only in this valley but in the state and is recognized as one of the most capable business men of Joseph. His success has been

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the achievement of many, long, hard years spent on the range, often alone and miles from a fellow being, and is highly merited. He is the owner of one of the finest residences of Joseph, which home is fully equipped with every modern convenience and comfort. Mr. Longfellow is a man who takes great pleasure in his success and finds much enjoyment in spending his money in the entertainment of his friends. He has not forgotten his own childhood and early youth with its many privations and few pleasures and generously contributes to assist the unfortunate.

On the 28th of December, 1898, Norman C. Longfellow was married to Miss Grace Barnard, a daughter of Dr. J. W. Barnard, a well known physician and druggist of Joseph. Public-spirited and enterprising in matters of citizenship, Mr. Longfellow takes an active interest in all municipal affairs, giving his support to the men and measures of the republican party. His fellow townsmen fully recognize his worth and ability and have elected him to various local offices. At the present time he is a member of the town council and is serving efficiently in this capacity. Mr. Longfellow is a man of many sterling qualities and admirable traits of character, whose progressive, enterprising spirit in matters of citizenship, sagacity and industry in business activities and honor and integrity in transactions with his fellowmen make him a much desired acquisition in any community.

ROBERT G. ROOKE was one of the enterprising, respected and successful agriculturists of Coos county. His home ranch was located on the north fork of Coos river, twelve miles from Marshfield, where, prior to his death on the 10th of June, 1912, he was successfully engaged in truck and dairy farming. He was born in Dublin, Ireland, January 28, 1840, and was the son of Robert and Eliza T. (Adams) Rooke, both of whom were natives of that country. They were the parents of four children: Harry, deceased; Thomas, who makes his home in Ireland; James William, whose death occurred in Marshfield, Oregon; and Robert G., also deceased, of this review.

Robert G. Rooke was reared in his parents' home and received his early education in the schools of his native land. At the age of ten years he started in life for himself as an apprenticed carpenter in England and continued in that occupation until he became a master of his trade. On emigrating to America he spent his first year in the new world in New York city, where he was employed at the carpenter trade. At the end of that time he moved to Oregon, settling at North Bend, in Coos county, and there followed the occupation of a carpenter. In 1867 he purchased of Joseph Lane a homestead consisting of one hundred and sixty acres, upon which he established his residence, living for some time alone upon that property. He afterward bought one hundred and sixteen acres, eighteen acres of which is at present in a high state of cultivation and is used for truck-garden farming, a branch of agriculture that, under the capable management of Mr. Rooke, proved to be one of very great profit. In addition to his truck-farming interests he also conducted a small but well equipped dairy, using in his business about twelve selected dairy cows. During the last year that he conducted his dairy business he had the enviable reputation of having produced twenty-six hundred pounds of butter from the milk supply of ten cows. That fact established the record for Mr. Rooke as one of the successful and scientific dairy farmers of his portion of the state.

In 1880 Mr. Rooke was united in marriage to Miss Mary Rebecca Gurney, a daughter of Robert M. and Elizabeth (Anthony) Gurney, who were the parents of eight children: Helen and Voltaire, both deceased; Volney, of Myrtle Point, who is married and has six children; Martin, of California, who is married and has four children; Mary Rebecca, now Mrs. Robert Rooke; Asa, residing in Douglas county; Margaret, the wife of Mr. Robinson, of Douglas county; and James, also residing in Douglas county. To Mr. and Mrs. Rooke seven children were born. Kate, born in July, 1881, is the wife of Frank Prey, of Springfield, Oregon. Edith, who was born June 21, 1884, resides with her mother. She is the widow of P. H. Breier and has two children, Vesta, who is four years of age, and Elma, aged two years. Helen, born July 28, 1886, is the wife of Luther Judy, of Coos county, and they have one child, Theodosia. Robert born April 8, 1888, resides on his farm in Douglas county. Theodosia, born October 30, 1889, was educated in the public schools and is now residing at home. Mary Florence, born February 3, 1892, is also at home. George, the youngest member of the family, was born February 14, 1894, and attended school in California, where he pursued a course in electrical engineering, but he has taken charge of the farm for his mother.

Mr. Rooke was a member of the progressive wing of the republican party but never allowed his name to be used as a candidate for public office. He was a member of the Masonic lodge and a charter member of the Improved Order of Red Men, of Marshfield. He was one of the progressive and up-to-date truck and dairy farmers of Coos county and was always identified with every measure of public interest tending to improve the agricultural and educational interests of the residents of his portion of the state.

HENRY M. SOMMERER, the owner of one hundred and sixty acres of valuable farm land three and one-half miles northeast of Hermiston, has long been numbered among the substantial agriculturists and esteemed citizens of Umatilla county. He was born in Jefferson City, Missouri, January 23, 1882. His parents, John A. and Anna (Kreager) Sommerer, are both of German descent, the father having been born in Missouri. The grandfather of our subject, Matthew Som-

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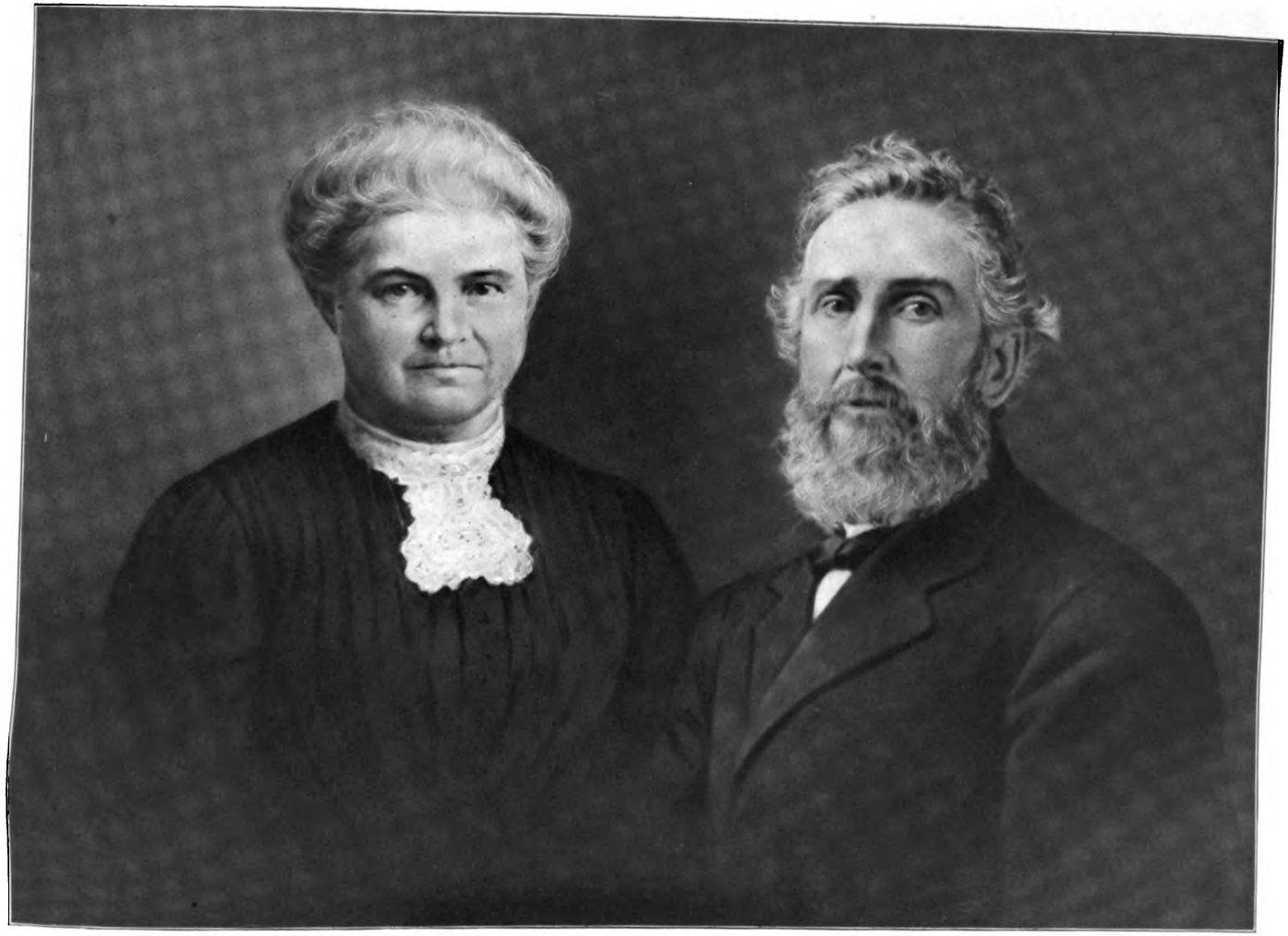

MR. AND MRS. ROBERT G. ROOKE

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merer, was born in Germany. He came to America in 1834 and settled in Missouri, where his death occurred in 1908, when he had reached the advanced age of ninety-eight years. He prospered in his undertakings as an agriculturist and made his farm in Missouri his place of abode until the time of his death. He served in the Civil war. The maternal grandfather, Adam Kreager, was born in Missouri and lived there until he enlisted for service in the war. The mother's death occurred when her son Henry was but fifteen years of age. The father is residing upon his farm near Jefferson City. To their union eight children were born, of whom the subject of our sketch is the eldest.

Henry M. Sommerer was reared at home and acquired his education in the district schools. After he reached the age of twenty years he came to Oregon, locating in Echo, this county. After being employed for five years by the month on Butter creek he came to Hermiston and purchased a desert claim of one hundred and sixty acres, which has since been his home. It is now rich and productive land and is highly improved, the buildings thereon including a substantial residence. The soil, which has been made arable, yields abundant annual harvests, which prove a source of gratifying revenue to him, while his good business ability and close application have already gained for him, although a young man, rank among the progressive and prosperous agriculturists of the county. All of his land is irrigated and he has sixty acres in alfalfa. The improvements which are noticeable on the property have been made by Mr. Sommerer during the four years which he has spent on the farm. At present his sister is residing with him. That he is interested in every progressive movement started in agricultural lines is manifested by the fact that he has been president of the Farmers Union since its organization. He has served as director of the Water Users Association and also as director of the Third Eastern Oregon Fair Association. In each of these connections he gives not only his time and valuable opinions at the meetings but also uses such influence as he can to stimulate their interest throughout the county. He holds membership with the Masons and the Odd Fellows. That many of his stanchest friends are numbered among those who have been interested in watching his progress as an agriculturist and as a citizen is an indication that his has been an energetic, industrious, honorable and upright life and he is worthy of the esteem in which he is uniformly held.

ROBERT F. STUBBLEFIELD, one of the public-spirited men of Enterprise, whose labors have been of substantial and material value to the community in the line of general progress, is the owner of thirty-six hundred and sixteen acres of land, which he cultivates and devotes principally to sheep-raising. He is classed with the prosperous and progressive farmers and stock-raisers of Wallowa county. His birth occurred in Cedar county, Missouri, on the 3d of August, 1855, his parents being Thomas J. and Martha R. (Kennedy) Stubblefield, the former a native of Missouri and the latter of Tennessee. The mother was brought to Missouri by her parents when she was a child and after her marriage located upon a farm in Cedar county, where her death occurred in 1857. Subsequently the father married Miss Mary E. Kennedy and in 1879 they emigrated to Oregon, locating in Union county, near Elgin, where his death occurred in less than two years after his arrival. In politics he was a republican but never sought office as a reward for party fealty.

On the home farm Robert F. Stubblefield spent the early years of his life, acquiring his education in the public schools. However, his schooling was limited owing to the outbreak of the Civil war, which caused a discontinuance of many of the schools in Missouri, and after the close of the war the work on the home farm required his attention and would not permit him to take up his studies again. Later he worked by the month as a farm hand and in 1875, when he was twenty years of age, he made arrangements to rent land and farmed on his own account. For a few years he carried on general agricultural pursuits and in 1878 came to Oregon, locating in Union county, where he has since lived. He preempted this property, which was on Cricket Flat, near Elgin. A year and a half later, however, he disposed of this place and removed to Union county. In August, 1882, he removed to Wallowa valley and there took up a homestead claim of one hundred and sixty acres, on which a part of the town of Enterprise was subsequently built. With his characteristic energy he turned his attention to the development of this property and so persistently did he continue in that pursuit year after year that he turned what was open and uncultivated prairie into a well improved property, classed with the model farms of this section. With the exception of some six years when he was engaged in the raising of horses Mr. Stubblefield has devoted the greater part of his attention to sheep-raising and is among the most extensive sheep growers in the county. He owns thirty-six hundred and sixteen acres of land, all of which lies in Wallowa county excepting one hundred and sixty acres, which is across the boundary line and lies in the state of Washington. He is often spoken of as the father of Enterprise, having laid out the town in 1886. His residence was the first house erected within the limits of the town and he donated the ground and lumber for the erection of the first business buildings to those who would locate and start the town. The establishment of the Enterprise Mercantile & Milling Company was the first firm to locate and was the deciding point in the success of the town. Mr. Stubblefield also donated the land, purchased the lumber and paid for the building of the first schoolhouse and from that time he has been the most influential man in the growth and development of the present educational system of Enterprise. To

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him more than to any other man is due the present state of high efficiency of the schools.

In 1875 Mr. Stubblefield was united in marriage to Miss Mary C. Foust, a daughter of William and Nancy (Montgomery) Foust, of Cedar county, Missouri, both being natives of Tennessee. To the union of Mr. and Mrs. Stubblefield ten children have been born, nine of whom survive, namely: Orpha, who is married to Lee C. Henderson, of Pasco, Washington; Omar J., who is engaged in sheep growing on his ranch in Wallowa county; Ethel, who is the wife of E. J. Cord, of Wallowa county; J. Everett, who is an agriculturist of Wallowa county; Owen F., who is also engaged in the sheep industry, operating a ranch in Wallowa county; Ralph F., a ranchman of Wallowa county; Nellie E., who is at present in her senior year in the high school; Vera L., who is in her junior year in the high school; and Mary L., who is in the third grade of the public schools.

Mr. Stubblefield always votes with the republican party and in all matters of public moment displays a spirit of marked devotion to the general good. He has served many times as a member of the town council and for several years as a member of the school board. Both he and Mrs. Stubblefield hold membership in the Methodist Episcopal church, of which organization he is one of the trustees. He is also a member of Enterprise Lodge, No. 94, K. P., and is one of the most prominent citizens of Enterprise. In analyzing his life record it will be seen that persistent effort has constituted the foundation upon which he has built his prosperity and his diligence may well serve as an example for others to emulate.

GEORGE S. SIZEMORE is one of the earliest settlers of Burns. He came to this city in 1886, when the conditions of living were extremely primitive and the total population consisted of only a few scattered families. He is today one of the veterans in the legal profession in this city and has built up his practice with the growth of the municipality. He is a native of Missouri, having been born in Marysville, that state, April 9, 1860. His parents were Eli and Rebecca (Johnson) Sizemore, both natives of Kentucky. The family is of Scotch origin, early representatives of the line having come to America in early times. Some settled in Maryland and others in Kentucky, in both of which states the name is prominent. The grandfather of our subject removed to Iowa in its pioneer days. He later went to Andrew county, Missouri, where he and his partner, named Stout, built the first house ever erected in that locality. He later removed to Nodaway county, where he with his son, the father of our subject, lived for some time. His life was an extremely eventful one. In the early days in Kentucky he participated in numerous battles with the Indians and many of his ancestors were killed in Indian depredations. He died in Nashville, Missouri, where the family had removed, at the age of seventy-nine years. His son, Eli Sizemore, the father of our subject, remained in Missouri for many years, coming to Oregon toward the close of his career. He died in Baker City in 1908. His wife is still living at the age of eighty, making her home with her children in Harney county.

George S. Sizemore received his early education in Nashville and Carthage, Missouri, and later went to school in St. Louis. It was in that city that he commenced the study of law. He came to Oregon in 1886 and located in Burns. His ability along many lines soon gained him general recognition and opened the way to a public life. He served as city marshal for some years and also held the office of city recorder. Although his duties as a public official were arduous yet he never permitted them to interfere with his legal studies, to which he devoted his attention continuously until 1900, when he was admitted to the bar of Oregon. During his twelve years of practice he has gained a local reputation as an expert in criminal law. He has served for three years as a member of the school board and has recently been elected for another term. He takes an active and intelligent interest in politics, giving his allegiance to the democratic party. He is at present chairman of the central committee of Harney county and his work in this capacity is of a high order.

On May 9, 1889, George S. Sizemore was married in Harney county to Miss Alta McGee, a daughter of Dr. M. J. McGee, who moved from Texas to Oregon, where he lived for a short time, his death occurring in this city. Mr. and Mrs. Sizemore have the distinction of being the first couple to take out a marriage license in Harney county. They now have two children: R. L., an employe of N. Brown & Company, of Burns; and Leonora, a pupil of the State Normal School at Monmouth, Oregon.

An uncle of George Sizemore, named Samuel Johnson, was a pioneer of the American northwest at the time of the Whitman massacre at Walla Walla, Washington. He did brilliant service for his country. The Indians had taken many captives who were unable to help themselves in any manner on account of their lack of ammunition. Samuel Johnson, from his point of vantage on a mountain side, saw their difficulty. He filled a large wagon full of powder and shot and, locking its wheels together, slid down the side of the mountain and arrived in time to be of service to the unfortunate captives.

THOMAS M. HURLBURT, city engineer of Portland, was born in Albia, Iowa, March 28, 1860, his parents being John Q. A. and Mary (Adams) Hurlburt. In early colonial days the family was planted on American soil by ancestors who came from England in 1630 and settled in New England. The father came of that branch of the Adams family that has given to the country two of its presidents. He was born in Vermont in 1833, and his life record covered the intervening years to October, 1909, when he was called to his final rest. He was quite young when his parents removed with their

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family to Canada, where he was reared, pursued a college education and became a civil engineer, entering upon the practice of that profession in Iowa a short time prior to the Civil war. Following the outbreak of hostilities between the north and the south he enlisted in the Thirty-sixth Iowa Regiment and was wounded at Marks Mill, Arkansas, in which engagement he was captured and held as a prisoner of war for a time but later was exchanged. Following his recovery from his wounds he rejoined his regiment and served until the cessation of hostilities, when again the old flag floated over the entire south. Not long after this he entered the employ of the Burlington & Missouri Railroad Company, engaged as a civil engineer, locating the line of the road from Burlington to Omaha. In 1870 he came to Portland in his professional capacity and was employed in connection with railroad construction in the northwest, especially on the Oregon & California Railroad. As chief engineer he built the road from St. Joseph to Corvallis but with the death of his wife his interest in the things of this life failed and within a year he, too, passed away. He had gained prominence and success in his profession and his activities constituted a valuable element in the development and progress of different sections in which he labored. He was made a Mason in Iowa and following his removal to the west demitted to Troutdale Lodge, F. & A. M. While living in Multnomah county he served for three terms as county surveyor and was otherwise prominent and active in public affairs.

Thomas M. Hurlburt was a lad of only ten years when the family came to Oregon and in the schools of Portland he pursued his education until graduated from the high school. He afterward learned civil engineering under the direction of his father, mastering not only the technical side of the profession but also the business in its practical phases. He was associated with his father for seven years, or until 1884, when he was elected surveyor of Multnomah county, which position he filled from 1886 until 1891. In the latter year he was made city engineer of Portland and served in that capacity for five years, at the end of which time he was appointed United States examiner of surveys in the interior department, thus continuing until 1907. While in the employ of the Federal government he visited every wild section of the country west of the Mississippi. He knows what the term "roughing it" means and his life in the wilds brought him some thrilling experiences. He and his father have been identified with practically every important civil engineering project in Portland and with all the important early work of this character in the state. In 1907 on his retirement from his Federal position Thomas M. Hurlburt became district engineer for the city and filled that office until 1909. During the two succeeding years he was the principal assistant engineer and in July, 1911, was again appointed city engineer, so that he is the present incumbent in this position. In 1890 he explored Bull Run from its source to its mouth and made a report on the water supply of this stream, which now furnishes pure mountain water to Portland. In the following year the legislature passed the Bull Run water bill. Mr. Hurlburt also made the first railroad survey to Astoria from Gobel and the road was later located on the line of his survey. His work has indeed been of a most important character, constituting an initial step in much of the later development, progress and improvement of the state.

In 1884 occurred the marriage of Mr. Hurlburt and Miss Clara L. Files, a daughter of J. C. Files, a native of Portland, to which city her parents, Candace Laidy and J. C. Files came in the '50s, settling near what is now the northeast corner of the city on the Columbia river. Mr. and Mrs. Hurlburt have three sons, Raymond F., Rodney A. and Ralph J. In Masonry Mr. Hurlburt is quite prominent, being a past master of Washington Lodge, F. & A. M., a past high priest of Washington Chapter, R. A. M., a past thrice illustrious master of Washington Council, R. & S. M. and a past thrice illustrious grand master of the grand council, having been its chief officer for two years. He also holds membership in Oregon Consistory, A. A. S. R. and in Al Kader Temple of the Mystic Shrine. He has a wide acquaintance in the fraternity not only in Portland but throughout the state and is also well known in professional circles, holding membership in the American Society of Civil Engineers and the Oregon Society of Civil Engineers, while his ability has gained him extensive recognition as one who stands high in the field of his chosen calling.

HON. EDSON WATSON is superintendent of the Klamath Training School at Klamath Agency, in which connection keen sagacity, tact and high ideals, combined with ability to impart knowledge readily and clearly, have gained him more than local fame as an educator. He was born in Meigs county, Ohio, March 25, 1867, and is a son of Thomas M. and Rhoda A. (Jennings) Watson, who were natives of Pennsylvania but were married in Ohio. Following the outbreak of the Civil war, the father enlisted in 1861 as a member of the Seventh Ohio Battery of Light Artillery and served for three years. In days of peace his attention was given to general farming. He died in the Buckeye state in 1893, at the age of fifty years, and his widow now resides in Chicago. In their family were four children: Edson; Elza, who is living at Roseburg, Oregon; Eva, the wife of the Rev. E. H. Wilson, of Chillicothe, Ohio; and Ethel, the wife of Aldo Mitchell, of Chicago, where he is employed as a postal clerk.

The public schools of his native county afforded Edson Watson his educational privileges during his early boyhood. He resided at the place of his birth until twenty-two years of age, his youthful days being spent

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upon his father's farm. At the age of eighteen he began teaching, following that profession in Ohio from 1886 until 1889. He then went to Kansas, where he taught school for six years except the year of 1893-94. In the meantime he had supplemented his early educational privileges by a course in a private seminary at Tuppers Plains, Ohio, from 1883 until 1886. The year in Kansas not devoted to teaching was spent as a student in the Fort Scott Normal School. In the spring of 1895 he took the examination for the Indian service and in October of that year became connected with the service at Cheyenne Agency, South Dakota, being made a teacher in the day school. He there remained for four years, resigning in 1899, when he went to Wellsville, Kansas, where he worked in a lumberyard office until February, 1900. He was then reinstated in the Indian service at Pawhuska, Oklahoma, where he remained as principal teacher until October, 1902. He was then transferred and promoted to the position of clerk in charge at Kaw Agency, Oklahoma, where he continued until July 1, 1904, when he was made superintendent of the Kaw Agency, thus serving until April, 1908. He was there during the allotment and final settlement with the government. In April, 1908, he was transferred to the Pottawatomie Agency, Kansas, and in May 1910, he came to Klamath Agency, Oregon, where he has since remained.

On the 23d of December, 1891, at Wellsville, Kansas, Mr. Watson was united in marriage to Miss Carrie H. Stoner, a native of Pennsylvania and a daughter of J. W. and Martha (Oglevie) Stoner. Mr. and Mrs. Watson have become parents of two children, Inez and Dorothy. In his political views Mr. Watson is a republican and he attended the first republican state convention in Oklahoma as an alternate and took the delegate's place part of the time, sitting with the delegation. He has, however, never been an office seeker. He belongs to the Odd Fellows and Masonic lodges at Klamath Falls and is a consistent and faithful member of the Methodist Episcopal church, guiding his life by its teachings and finding in its principles the motive springs of his conduct.

PHILIP J. BARTLE, M. D., one of the successful practicing physicians and surgeons of Eugene, engaged in general practice as a member of the firm of Bartle & Scaiefe, was born in South Addison, Steuben county, New York, June 4, 1874, his parents being the Reverend William and Hannah M. (Baxter) Bartle. The father is a clergyman of the Methodist Episcopal church and is a native of Steuben county, New York, where he pursued his education. At the time the Civil war broke out he enlisted in the Eighty-second New York Regiment and served for three years and nine months. He participated in the battle of Bull Run and took part in McClellan's campaign. He was shot in the face at the battle of the Wilderness and the ball was later taken out of his neck. He fought in the battle of Gettysburg and many other important engagements and lost his leg during the siege of Petersburg. Determining upon the work of the ministry, he became a member of the Genesee conference and continued his preaching in New York until 1885, when he removed to Kansas, where for twenty years, he was located in different pastorates. In 1905, he arrived in Eugene, where he is now living retired.

Dr. Bartle was quite young when the family removed to Kansas and in the public schools of Kinsley, he continued his education, passing through consecutive grades to the high school. He afterward read medicine under Dr. J. B. Ingles of Larned, Kansas, and spent two years as a student in the Keokuk Medical School of Keokuk, Iowa, and one year in the Barnes Medical College at St. Louis, Missouri, from which he graduated with the class of 1906. Dr. Bartle also holds a post-graduate diploma from the New Orleans Polyclinic which he received in 1905. After his graduation he at once entered upon the active practice of his profession, which he followed for eight years in Woods county, Oklahoma, and in 1905 he came to Eugene, where he was joined by his brother, Ira B., also a physician who practiced with him until 1907, when Ira B. Bartle sold out to Dr. Scaiefe, who thus became a partner of Dr. Philip J. Bartle. They engage in general practice and Dr. Bartle is also doing considerable hospital work, serving on the staff of the Eugene hospital. He belongs to the Lane County Medical Society, of which he was at one time the secretary; the Oregon State Medical Society; and the American Medical Association; and through the proceedings of these bodies, keeps in touch with the progress of his profession, enabling him to employ the most advanced and scientific methods in the care of his patients.

In 1899, Dr. Bartle was united in marriage to Miss Willie Westfall, a daughter of William Westfall, who was one of the victims of the notorious James boys of Missouri, at a time when he was serving as a conductor on the Rock Island Railroad. To Dr. and Mrs. Bartle have been born two children: Marion Ruth, and William Westfall. The parents are members of the Methodist Episcopal church and Dr. Bartle also is connected with the I. O. O. F. in Oklahoma. He has not been an active worker in the latter organization, however, since coming to Eugene, where his professional duties are making a continuous and increasing demand upon his time and attention, his ability being recognized by his growing patronage.

CHARLES A. AULT, M. D., who is well known as a physician and surgeon in Enterprise, was born at Plattsburg, New York, on the 24th of July, 1864. He is a son of Dr. Alexander and Jane A. (Martin) Ault, natives of Canada and New York respectively. The father was reared in Canada and educated in the medical department of McGill University at Montreal, Canada. After he completed his course in that institution he came to the United States and located at Mooers, New

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York, where he was engaged in the practice of medicine at the outbreak of the Civil war. He volunteered his services as a surgeon to a New York regiment and served in that capacity during the hostilities. Following the close of the war he removed to Oshkosh, Wisconsin, where he practiced successfully for a number of years, and in 1909 he located in Brooklyn, New York, where he is now living retired. His ability is so recognized that he is not allowed to rest entirely from labor and he is frequently called upon in consultation in cases of unusual complexity. Mrs. Ault passed away in 1903.

Charles A. Ault spent his boyhood and youth, at home acquiring his education in the public schools of Oshkosh and at the Oshkosh Normal School. After he completed his normal school course he taught for three years in the country schools and in the Oshkosh city schools. Subsequently he accepted a position on the staff of teachers in the Denver, Colorado, schools but before he had completed his last term there he resigned to take up the study of medicine. At first he read under his father's preceptorship and later under Dr. W. A. Gordan, who afterward became superintendent of the Northern State Hospital for the Insane at Oshkosh. In 1886 Dr. Ault entered the medical department of the McGill University at Montreal and was graduated from that institution with the class of 1890. Subsequently he located in Lampasas county, Texas, having been induced to take up his residence in that city by a friend who was then residing there. He remained there for only a short time before removing to the northwest coast, locating first, in Colfax, Washington, where he was engaged successfully in the practice of medicine for five years and later, in 1896, in Enterprise. In the latter city he has built up an extensive and remunerative practice. He possesses an almost intuitive knowledge and is seldom, if ever, at fault in the diagnosis of a case. He keeps in constant touch with the advancement made in the medical science and through his extensive reading and thorough study he is always increasing his capabilities and his proficiency.

In 1891 Dr. Ault was married to Miss Biffie A. Moore, a daughter of John Moore, a prominent ranchman of Texas. She is a granddaughter of Captain John B. Moore, who is captain of the famous Texas Rangers. To Dr. and Mrs. Ault four children have been born: Ella M., who is a student in the senior class of Belton Female College of Belton, Texas; Byrd M. and Indiana, both of whom are in the senior year of the Enterprise high school; and William M., who is in the seventh grade in public school.

Dr. Charles A. Ault holds membership in the Oregon State Medical Society, the Eastern Oregon District Medical Society, the Texas State Medical Society and the American Medical Association. He also holds membership in Wallowa Lodge, No. 82, A. F. & A. M., Enterprise Chapter, No. 30, R. A. M., Enterprise Lodge, No. 153, I. O. O. F., Enterprise Lodge, No. 94, K. P., and Enterprise Camp No. 535, W. O. W. He is serving as special United States pension examiner and is division surgeon of the Oregon-Washington Railroad & Navigation Company and examiner for various life insurance companies. He and his family hold membership in the Presbyterian church. He is one of the most able physicians in eastern Oregon and his ability is recognized as evidenced by the large practice which he enjoys.

JAMES L. GAULT is the cashier of the First National Bank of Burns. He has held this position for a number of years and his work in a difficult and responsible office has been of a high order. During the time of his connection with the bank the business of the institution has more than trebled and its surplus at the present time amounts to three times its capital. James L. Gault has contributed his full share toward this gratifying result. He was born at Monticello Iowa, January 31, 1872. His father, Joseph Gault, who was born in 1826, was a prominent Iowa pioneer who removed to that state from Wayne county, Ohio, in the '60s. In 1874 he went to Kansas and made his home near Great Bend, where he remained until he returned to Ohio in 1885, where he resided until his death on the 8th of July, 1912, at the age of eighty-six years. He was active during the many years of his life and always followed agricultural pursuits. His wife bore the maiden name of Caroline Zinn and was a native of Wayne county, Ohio. Her death occurred at Great Bend, Kansas, in the year 1884.

James L. Gault is the youngest of three children. His elder brother, F. B. Gault, is now president of the University of South Dakota at Vermilion. The second brother is Lincoln F., a merchandise broker of Tacoma, Washington. James L. Gault received his early education in the public schools of Kansas and this was supplemented by a course in the Wooster University at Wooster, Ohio. His first position after his graduation was as a clerk and bookkeeper in Tacoma, Washington. He began his banking career as bookkeeper in the First National Bank at Moscow, Idaho, in 1896, remaining in that position until 1899. In that year he was made deputy county auditor and recorder of Latah county, Idaho, continuing in that capacity for two years. In 1902 he came to Grants Pass, Josephine county, Oregon, where he became associated with the Booth & Kelly Lumber Company of that city. He continued his banking career at Glendive, Montana, where he acted as assistant cashier of the First National Bank for two years, resigning that office to accept the position of cashier of the First National Bank of Burns, which he now holds. This institution is of foremost importance in this city. They carry on hand a much larger cash balance than the law requires and the object of its management and the policy of its directors is to maintain a strong financial institution. In this aim they have been remarkably successful. The capital stock of the bank at the present time is twenty-five thousand dollars and its surplus and undivided profits amount to seventy-five

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thousand. The deposits on hand amount to a total of three hundred and eighty-five thousand, while it does a loan and discount business of three hundred thousand dollars, and its cash on hand and in various banks amounts to over one hundred and thirty thousand dollars. James L. Gault in his capacity of cashier handles many thousands of dollars a day. His honesty is proverbial and his reputation as an excellent banker and able business man has grown with each year of his connection with the First National Bank. In addition to his banking connections Mr. Gault is interested as an officer and director in several industrial enterprises that tend to develop the country in the immediate vicinity.

In June, 1899, James L. Gault was married in Portland, Oregon, to Miss Gertrude Conser, a daughter of W. Shannon Conser, a native of this state and a prominent resident of Portland. Our subject and his wife have two children, Joseph Wellington and Lester Shannon. James L. Gault is an important figure in business circles in Burns. He is a well known member of the local Commercial Club, has occupied nearly all of the chairs of the Masonic order and is president of its building association. The Masonic Temple is a beautiful structure, fifty by one hundred feet. It is made of brick, with stone facings, is two stories high and one of the most imposing structures in this city. Mr. Gault has made a reputation in eastern Oregon as an excellent banker and a worthy citizen. His energies and efforts have been in a large measure responsible for the growth and development of the business with which he is connected and his many friends are numbered among the rising and important people of this section of the state. The activities of Mr. Gault and his associates cover a wide range of territory and their operations are of a wide nature, extending throughout the greater part of southeastern Oregon.

JAMES A. MASTERSON, who is the president of the First National Bank of Elgin, is numbered among the leading citizens of this town. He was born in Kentucky, October 10, 1841, a son of William A. and Elizabeth J. (Violet) Masterson. The father was a native of Kentucky and the mother, of Pennsylvania. They were married in Kentucky and in 1842 removed to Missouri, residing there until 1851, when, with ox teams they crossed the plains to Oregon. They left St. Louis, Missouri, on April 5, and arrived at The Dalles on the 10th of the following October. There they loaded their baggage on a boat and went down the river to Portland. At that time, they could have purchased for three thousand dollars, one hundred and sixty acres of land, which is today in the heart of the city of Portland. From Portland they continued their journey to Eugene, where they located. The father was a millwright by trade and built the Eagle mills in Ashland and many other mills in Lane county. He died at Soda Springs in 1889 at the age of ninety-one years. The mother passed away in 1909 at the age of eighty-six years. They were both active members of the Presbyterian church.

James A. Masterson was only one year of age when his parents removed to Missouri, and ten years of age when they came to Oregon. Coming in a wagon with his parents, he rode a Cayuse pony all the way. He grew to manhood in the city of Eugene and received his early education in the public schools there. When eighteen years of age he became an apprentice in the blacksmith shop of his uncle, J. A. Masterson, at Eugene, and continued in the work there until 1863. In that year he went to the Grande Ronde valley where he followed the blacksmiths' trade until 1870. He then came to Wallowa county and engaged in the stock-raising business, in which he is still greatly interested. He owns six hundred and forty acres of land in the Wallowa valley upon which he lived until 1888, when he removed to Elgin. He has since operated his ranch from the latter location. In 1890 Mr. Masterson was one of the leading factors in the organization of the First National Bank of Elgin and was made a member of the board of directors of the same. In 1905 he was chosen president of that institution to succeed D. B. Hendricks, who removed to California. He is efficiently and conscientiously filling that position at the present writing.

In 1867 James A. Masterson was married to Miss Almira Blanchard, of Union county. She came to Oregon from New York with her parents in 1865. To Mr. and Mrs. Masterson have been born four children, three of whom are living. They are: Hattie, the wife of R. C. Mays, postmaster of Elgin; Harry G., who is engaged in the hardware business in Elgin; and Rena, the wife of Clay Rinehart of Wallace, Idaho. Mr. Masterson is fraternally associated with the Elgin Lodge No. 48, A. F. & A. M., and both he and his wife are members of the Elgin Chapter No. 52, of the Order of the Eastern Star. He belongs to the La Grande Lodge, No. 334, of the Benevolent Protective Order of Elks. Mrs. Masterson is a member of the Presbyterian church. Our subject throughout his residence here has been widely and favorably known both in Elgin and in its vicinity and has attained a most creditable position in both business and social circles, through his well directed efforts and merit.

JEHIAL TALLMADGE SWAYZE. For almost fifty years Jehial T. Swayze has lived in Oregon and during that time has witnessed the marvelous changes which the rapid development of the country has caused and to a great extent has assisted in it. A true type of the western pioneer, he joined his fortunes with those of a newly opened country and faced dangers, hardships and losses in the accomplishment of his success. His eventful and forceful life calling at all times for prompt decision, quick action and the determined upholding of his convictions has developed in him qualities of initiative, resourcefulness and courage and has been made successful in the truest sense, making

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him respected, esteemed and honored in the section to which he came as a pioneer. During the period of his residence he has been engaged in various representative industries and is now successful in the breeding, buying and selling of high-grade horses. He was born on the 6th of February, 1833, in Oakland county, Michigan, a son of Sanford and Experience (Brands) Swayze, natives of New Jersey. Their marriage occurred in Warren county, that state, in 1832 and there the father carried on farming and stock-raising for a short time. Eventually, however, they moved to Michigan and there purchased a tract of timber land which had to be cleared before the work of cultivation could be begun. The father of our subject was among the first settlers in Oakland county and because he was a resourceful and keen business man, saw the opportunities in his way and took advantage of them, acquiring large tracts of land, upon which he carried on general farming and stock-raising. He became one of the most prominent men in that part of Michigan and remained in Oakland county until his death in 1852. He left to his wife and children a large estate, which he had acquired in the course of an active, useful and valuable life. He never cared for political office but was an old line whig of the Henry Clay type. He was a member of the Methodist Episcopal church. He was active and influential in the pioneer settlement of Michigan and is still remembered as one of the early settlers of Rochester and Canandaigua. His wife continued to reside on the homestead until her death in 1880, when she was about eighty years of age. They had six children, five sons and one daughter, the latter of whom died in infancy. The subject of this sketch is the eldest child. The second son, David B., was born in 1835 and married Miss Euphemia Cheneey, who bore him one son, George, who is a prominent farmer. David B., who passed away about 1898, was one of the wealthiest farmers in Oakland county. William B. was born in 1837 and lives in Portland, Oregon. He and his wife had four children, one of whom died in infancy. The others are: Clara, who is married; Elmer A., who is an expert telegraph operator in Portland; and Ella, who is a stenographer. The fourth child born to Mr. and Mrs. Sanford Swayze is Abel Warren, whose birth occurred in 1841. He was a farmer and came to Oregon in 1868, following general farming and stock-raising for a number of years. He eventually retired and died in Baker in 1908. John Wesley was born about 1843. He is married and lives in Kansas, where he is engaged in the operation of a livery stable. He has three children.

Jehial Swayze was educated in the common schools of Michigan, which in his day were supported by subscriptions. He remained at home and worked upon the farm until 1859, when he started for California. He took a roundabout route, going from Michigan to New York and from there by steamer to San Francisco by way of Panama, arriving in the latter city about the 7th of July, 1859. On his journey he met with some interesting experiences and recalls one incident which he considers typical of the times. On the train crossing the Isthmus of Panama many natives of the country were aboard. A man slightly intoxicated amused himself by kicking these men upon the shins as they passed along the aisles. He was told by a sea captain, also a passenger, not to do this and immediately wheeled about and stabbed the captain twice, killing him instantly. Mr. Swayze afterward learned that the murderer had been shot by the authorities of Panama.

From San Francisco the subject of this review went to Lakeville and there operated a threshing machine for one year. At the end of that time he began farming on shares but during his first year all his property was burned, leaving him practically without resources. He sold what was left and went to the Washoe mining camp, arriving in that district in its most prosperous days. The camp was a wild, lawless and reckless assembly—a typical frontier mining town—and human life was held so cheaply that it was a common saying that they had a man or two for breakfast. There Mr. Swayze worked at various occupations, although he never mined, and gained success in all by reason of his adaptability and industry. After two years he went to Placerville, California, arriving there in 1862, and from there journeyed to Sacramento, taking up his residence in that city at the time of the great flood. Everywhere he encountered evidences of ruin and damage done by the water, the disaster having covered all of the Sacramento river valley, the loss amounting to millions of dollars. At this time there was a recruiting officer at Sacramento, enlisting men in the service of the United States government for the Civil war. Mr. Swayze joined the first Washington territory volunteers, which were then being recruited in California, and entered upon his duties on the 8th of March, 1862. He belonged to Company B, under Captain S. W. Shulark, and was stationed in California for two months. At the end of that time his regiment was sent to Vancouver, Washington, and afterward to Fort Colville, where they remained for two years. During most of this time Mr. Swayze was detailed on special duty to take care of the government stock and now draws a pension for able service in the Federal army. He was mustered out with his honorable discharge at Vancouver at the expiration of his three-year term and remained in that city for some time. He speculated in greenbacks, buying at the lowest price and selling when they were worth seventy-five cents on the dollar, realizing thus a considerable profit. Determining to leave Vancouver, he journeyed in the interests of the United States government to Camp Watson, near Canyon City, driving teams. From there he went to Walla Walla, Washington, and in 1865 took up his residence in Oregon, settling in Durkee, where he now resides. He here bought a half-inter-

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est in two hundred acres of land in association with John Richardson. Afterward his brother Warren purchased the interests of Mr. Richardson and the two brothers carried on general farming and stock-raising upon their property, later specializing in the raising of high-grade fruit. For ten or twelve years they continued active in this work and then Mr. Swayze disposed of his holdings to Eugene Smith. During the period he made and lost money, encountered discouragements and hardships, being left at one time practically penniless after a fire which destroyed his buildings and his home. In the end, however, he was prosperous and successful and by developing his farm and orchards along the most progressive and scientific lines made his enterprise one of the most important in this part of the state. During this time he added to his activities by prospecting in the mines of the country and at one time lost in this way fifteen hundred dollars. He afterward disposed of his interest in the claim and went to Washington near Seattle, driving a herd of horses to sell in the markets. He obtained for these animals a handsome price and has since been active and successful as a horse dealer. He also breeds fancy stock and has some of the finest thoroughbred horses in Oregon. His life has been filled with hardships and discouragements which he met with steady courage and perseverance—difficulties which have been factors in his ultimate success. He has had many narrow escapes from death and delights in telling of one incident which recently occurred. He was breaking a fractious horse and at a critical moment a railroad train passed close by him and the animal became frightened. Mr. Swayze got off in order to hold the bridle and the horse jumped upon him, knocking him down and running the buggy over his body. He was taken to a hospital at Baker and for some time his life was despaired of. He is, however, now entirely recovered.

In his early years Mr. Swayze was a republican but for many years past has been independent in his political convictions, voting for the man whom he believes best fitted for the office. He does not give his allegiance to any particular religion but believes in the doctrine of kindness and good-will. For thirty-four years he lived on the main traveled road from Umatilla on the Columbia river to Idaho and it is impossible to estimate the number of travelers who stopped at his door for shelter and food and whom he helped with money and with advice, the result of knowledge gained by hard experience in hard conditions and acquired in the midst of dangers always bravely and courageously encountered.

CURTIS W. POWELL. One of Dayton's honored pioneers, who valiantly served his country for three years on the battlefields of the south, is Curtis W. Powell, whose residence here covers a period of thirty-three years. A native of Ohio, his birth occurred in Knox county on the 17th of August, 1830, his parents being John and Mary (Scoles) Powell. The parents were born and reared in Maryland, whence they removed to Ohio, settling on a farm which for many years was the family home. Both spent the remainder of their lives in the Buckeye state. Their family numbered eight children, six of whom lived to attain maturity, but all are now deceased with the exception of William S., who is living in Portland; and our subject.

Curtis W. Powell received a common-school education remaining on the farm with his parents until he attained his majority. He then left the parental roof and began life for himself, and as he had no trade, worked at common labor until the breaking out of the Civil war. When the call came for troops in 1861, he responded by enlisting on the 21st of September of that year in Knox county, Ohio, to serve three years, or during the war, and was mustered into the United States service at Camp Chase, Columbus, Ohio, as corporal under Captain John N. Cassels, in Company G, Twentieth Ohio Volunteer Infantry, Colonel Charles Whittelsey commanding. This was originally a three months' regiment but was reorganized for three years' service and during the year 1861-62 was employed in guarding a number of batteries in the rear of Covington, Kentucky. Four companies were sent during that winter into an insurrectionary district near Warren, Kentucky, and on the 11th of February, 1862, the entire regiment with the exception of Company K embarked for the Cumberland river, arriving at Fort Donelson, Tennessee, on the evening of the 14th and participating in the engagement of the 15th although placed in the reserve of the extreme right of the army. After the surrender of the fort the Twentieth was sent north in charge of prisoners and was scattered all over the land, but by the middle of March seven companies had been brought together and proceeded up the Tennessee river to Yellow Creek. On the 6th of April, 1862, the booming of the guns at Pittsburg Landing was heard and at three p. m. the regiment marched to the field and on the next day participated in the battle of Shiloh, or Pittsburg Landing, remaining there until the fall of Corinth, Mississippi, when they marched to Bolivar. There they were placed on garrison duty June 6, 1862, and on the 30th of August took part in the engagement at that place. The regiment was also engaged at Iuka and Hatche River, Mississippi, and the following December was assigned to the Second Brigade, Third Division, Seventeenth Corps, Army of the Tennessee, and afterward participated in the following engagements: Hankinson's Ferry, Raymond, Champions Hill, the assault and siege of Vicksburg and Jackson, Mississippi. In January, 1864, the regiment reenlisted as a veteran organization and on the 3d of February joined the celebrated Meridian expedition. It went north in March on veteran furlough, after which it joined Sherman's army June 9, 1864, and was then in the Atlanta campaign, taking part in the engagements at Kenesaw Mountain, Lost Mountain, Nickajack Creek, the siege of Savannah, Georgia, and the Caro-

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CURTIS W. POWELL

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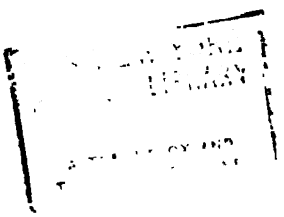

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lina campaign, including the engagements at Pocotaligo, Orangeburg, Columbia and Cheraw, South Carolina; Bentonville and Goldsboro, North Carolina, besides minor engagements and skirmishes. After Johnston's surrender, when the regiment was stationed at Raleigh, North Carolina, they marched by way of Richmond, Virginia, to Washington, D. C., taking part in the Grand Review May 24, 1865, and then proceeded to Columbus, Ohio, for final muster out. Mr. Powell was promoted to sergeant of his company June 1, 1862. At Warsaw, Kentucky, during the winter of 1862, he was accidentally shot by a comrade, the bullet entering the left shoulder above the collar bone. The wound was treated at the county hospital at Warsaw. He was captured at Bolivar, Tennessee, with a part of two companies of his regiment and taken to Jackson, thence to Vicksburg, Mississippi, but was exchanged ten days later. He bore a gallant part in all engagements of his command to and including Peach Tree Creek, Georgia, and rendered faithful and meritorious service to his country at all times. He received an honorable discharge near East Point, Georgia, on the 27th of September, 1864, by reason of the expiration of his term of service. He veteranized with his regiment in January, 1864, but was not mustered in on account of smallpox.

When mustered out Mr. Powell returned to Ohio, where he remained for a year and then removed to Illinois, residing there until 1878. The west had always had a strong attraction for him since his boyhood and in the latter year he came to Oregon, locating in Dayton, where he has since made his home. Since settling here he has prospered in his undertakings and now owns a very pleasant residence, where he is living, and a store building, the rental of which yields him a comfortable income.

At the age of twenty-three years, in 1853, Mr. Powell was united in marriage to Miss Martha R. Stockett, a native of Maryland. To them were born four children: Arthur J. E., who is living in New York city; Mary E.; and two who are deceased. Mrs. Powell passed away in Illinois in 1866, and in 1868 he was married to Mrs. Cornelia Wintringer, by whom he had three children: William O., who is living in Portland; Angie A., the wife of J. Belk, of Idaho; and Mattie, who married D. K. Hadley of Dayton. The wife and mother passed away in 1903 and was laid to rest in the cemetery at Dayton. She was a member of the Evangelical church.

In his religious belief Mr. Powell is a Methodist, and for thirty-one years he has been a trustee and clerk of the church of Dayton. He is a stanch republican in politics and always gives his support to the men and measures of that party. Public-spirited in matters of citizenship, he takes an active interest in community affairs and has served both in the city council and on the school board of Dayton, giving efficient service in both capacities. He maintains pleasant relations with his comrades of old through the medium of the Grand Army of the Republic, being an honored member of the local post of Dayton. Through the long period of his residence here Mr. Powell has ever been loyal to the best interests of the town, the development of which he has promoted by giving his indorsement and cooperation to every progressive movement that he deemed likely to serve the purpose for which it was inaugurated. He has always taken much pride in the growth of the place, which was little more than a settlement when he first became numbered among its citizens, and has ever had the utmost confidence in its development into one of the leading commercial centers of the state.

WALTER L. MARSDEN, M. D. The career of Dr. Walter L. Marsden has been an eventful one and typical of our growing western civilization. In the course of his life he has been a newspaper man, telegraph operator, politician and member of the state legislature and finally a practicing physician in which capacity he is now acting in Burns, Oregon. The events of his youth and early manhood were an excellent preparation for his medical career. Technical education, while it is an important part in a physicians preparation for his life work, yet counts for no more than does a knowledge of humanity, the keen sympathy of the ills and difficulties of men and a broad tolerance for human weaknesses. These lessons can never be learned except in the schools of human intercourse and the years which Dr. Marsden spent in mining camps and in primitive western settlements taught him many things which are now invaluable to him. He was born in Washington, Iowa, June 20, 1858. His parents were Henry L. Marsden, who was born in Baltimore, Maryland, in 1828, and Almeda Luella (Carll) Marsden, a native of Farmington, Maine. The first of the name in America was the grandfather of the subject of this review, who came from Lancashire, England, at an early date and settled in Maryland. He removed later to Columbus, Ohio, where he remained several years. He next went to Iowa and was one of the earliest settlers of Washington county, that state. His son, the father of the subject of this sketch, removed to California in 1852, going overland via Salt Lake. At that time the cholera was raging in the middle west and all along the overland trails. On this account he remained at Sacramento and Yolo county until 1855 where he followed the trade of a carpenter and builder. In the same year he returned to Iowa and married, remaining in that state until 1861, going again to California in that year. The family joined him in 1864 and they settled in Alpine county for two years. His next move was to Empire City, Nevada, where he remained only a short time, later going to Gold Hill, on the Comstock road. In 1869 reports reached him of the wonderful gold mines around the White Pine district in Nevada where his father was engaged in the contracting and building of mining houses. He went to this district with his family in that year and remained until 1872 when he removed to Eureka, Nevada. Here his wife

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and family remained while he and his brother pushed on to Compton and Whittier, California, where he resided until his death, which occurred in March, 1911, at the age of about eighty-one years. At the time of his demise he was the owner of productive orchards in California and had acquired a comfortable competence. His wife survives him and makes her home at Whittier.

Dr. Marsden received his early education in various mining camps in California and Nevada. His schooling was limited and was received under very primitive conditions. His early life was spent in various occupations. He learned the telegraph business and was operator for the Overland Company which owned the first telegraph line across the continent. In this capacity he made his home at various points between Virginia City, Nevada, and Salt Lake City, Utah. For two years he was manager of the Atlantic & Pacific Line, competitors of the Overland Company. In 1882 he took up newspaper work and his activities in this regard made him very prominent politically and led to his election to the Nevada state legislature. After his term expired he became acquainted with Dr. Bishop and was employed under him for some time in the state insane asylum. He grew interested in the science of medicine and attended the lectures in the California Medical College. He later studied his profession in the Kentucky School of Medicine, from which he was graduated with the degree of M. D. in 1891. He started practice in Bellevue, Idaho, where he remained until 1897 when he removed to Drewsey, Oregon, and has lived in this state since that time.

In October, 1891, Dr. Marsden married Clara A. Byram of Canyon City, Oregon, a daughter of a prominent pioneer of that section. They have one son, George Byram, a graduate of the Burns high school and the State University of California at Berkeley, who is now a student in the medical department of the Oregon State University at Eugene.

Dr. Marsden is a prominent Mason. He has taken his thirty-second degree and is a member of the Portland Consistory. He is past master of Burns Lodge, No. 97. His wife has been grand matron of the Order of the Eastern Star. Dr. Marsden is one of the leading men in his profession in the northwest. He specializes in surgery and has gained an enviable reputation for his skill in this branch of medicine. He has never let his medical knowledge become out of date. He supplemented his education by a postgraduate course in the New York Medical School and Hospital. For nine years he was the only doctor in Harney county. This meant that his life was practically devoted to the service of his fellowmen. His duties were arduous and his hours of work practically unlimited. He is an indefatigable student not only in matters connected with his profession, but also along various other lines. He is master of the Shoshone Indian language and is intensely interested in the grammar and history of that tongue which is now being published by the University of California. Dr. Marsden retains all the old-school ideas regarding the duties of a physician in conjunction with the most modern knowledge along medical lines. His practice has increased wonderfully year by year until he is now regarded as the leading physician in his section of the country.

SIMON LEWIS, now serving in the capacity of county treasurer, which office he has held since June, 1911, is a native of Ohio, having been born in Hocking county, that state, June 16, 1853. His parents were John and Electa (Benson) Lewis, natives of Ohio, who removed to Iowa in 1857 and founded one of the pioneer families of that state. John Lewis remained in Iowa until the close of the Civil war, when he removed to northwestern Missouri and lived there until 1874. His earlier travels were made with teams but when he came to Oregon that year traveling facilities were somewhat improved and the journey was made by boat and rail. He located near Eugene, where he followed the occupation of farming until his death.

Simon Lewis, the subject of this sketch, was the oldest of a family of three children. He was educated in Iowa and came to Oregon with his father and family in 1874. He left the paternal roof at that time and located in Lake View, where his financial success was remarkably rapid. He entered the hotel business and in a few years was one of the owners of the second hotel in Lake View. On selling his interests there he removed to Surprise valley, Modoc county, Oregon, where he engaged in the cultivation of the soil for some time. He sold his farm in 1882 and removed to Grant county, locating on Silver creek. He was one of the pioneer settlers of that region and at the time he first moved into the district he found only eight others. He engaged in the stock business and his success in that line of industry was a natural result of his hard work. He met with many obstacles incident to the opening of a new country and to overcoming these he gave his keen intelligence and knowledge of men. He raised many different kinds of cattle, but was principally engaged in the breeding of Hereford and Durham graded stock. Mr. Lewis sold his place on Silver creek and bought another on Silvies river in the same district. The progress and development of his stock business is a remarkable testimony to his ability and power of organization. He is well and prominently known as a conservator of cattle. His success in the breeding of high-grade stock is a result of his personal attention to detail and his appreciation of the value of continuous industry. He removed from his stock farm on the Silvies river to Burns in 1902 and has since made this city his home. Here he became interested in the livery business and has conducted this successfully for some eight years. He was elected to his present position of county treasurer in June, 1911. He is a popular official, well known throughout the city as being capable and efficient in the conduct of business affairs. He was a

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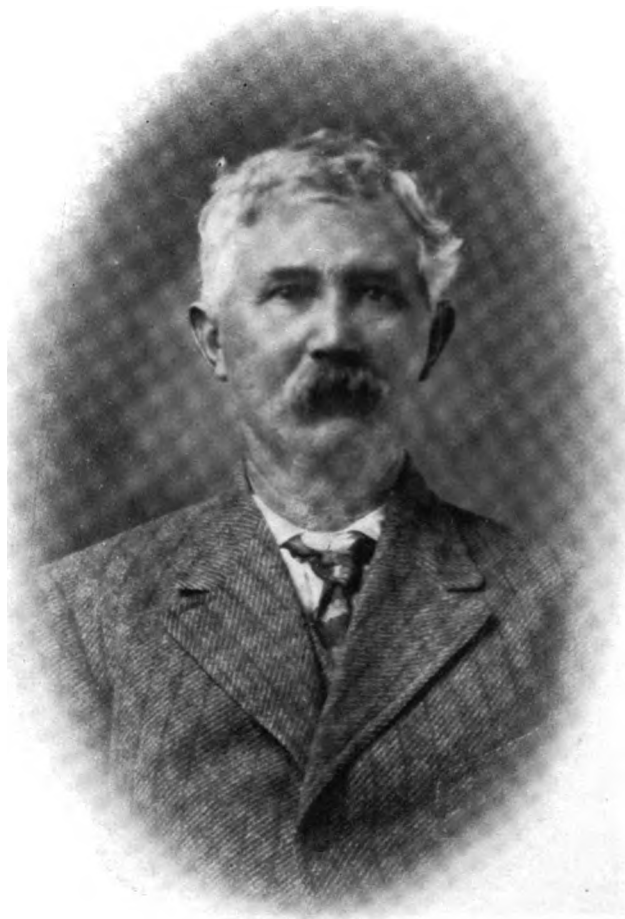

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director of the local school board for some time and was a member of the council.

Mr. Lewis was married in August, 1878, to Miss Edna Garrett, of Arkansas, a daughter of J. C. Garrett, who came from that state to Oregon in pioneer times. They are the parents of two children: Pearl, who is now the wife of Henry Vulgamore of Silvies river; and Della, deceased.

Simon Lewis fulfills his duty in the public capacity in which he is now serving in an intelligent and upright manner. His official life has been distinguished since its beginning by conspicuous honesty and unquestioned integrity, qualities which are indispensable to worthy public service.

WILLIAM M. SCOTT, who since 1905 has has lived retired in Walla Walla, Washington, was for many years prominently identified with the farming interests of Umatillia county, Oregon. The son of John B. and Rena (Halsey) Scott, he was born in McLean county, Illinois, December 29, 1837. In his native state he obtained the education afforded at that time by the common schools. The first nine years of his life he resided with his maternal grandparents, Mr. and Mrs. Halsey, and then went to live with his uncle, Dr. A. K. Scott, whose home was sixteen miles from Bloomington.

In 1855, starting out in life for himself, he went to Coffey county, Kansas, and remained there one year, when he started to return to Illinois, but stopped in Davis county, Missouri, where he remained until 1859, when he returned to Kansas and in the spring of 1860 started across the plains. He intended to go to the Walla Walla valley but was attracted to the gold fields in California. He was one of the party of which J. L. Stublefield was a member. In 1861 he came to Oregon and located at McMinnville, where he attended college for a time. During the year of 1862 he turned his attention to freighting, with ox teams from Wallula to Lewiston and later from The Dalles to the Idaho mines. In the fall of 1863 he went to Salem and resided there for seven years. He then crossed the mountains, locating near Prineville, and was engaged in the stock business for eight years. In 1878 he returned to this county and took up near Helix a homestead, which he cultivated and improved and resided on until 1905, when he retired to Walla Walla, where he now lives. During his early years of residence in this county he went through all the hardships of pioneer life and twice in the year of 1878 was forced to leave Helix on account of the Indians and seek refuge in Walla Walla. While connected with farming interests he engaged principally in raising wheat, owning some land which produced forty bushels per acre annually and he farmed altogether about eight hundred acres. He had an excellent homestead in this county and his house had all the modern conveniences of an up-to-date city home.

Mr. Scott married Miss Anna D. Caplinger, who was born January 21, 1845, a daughter of Jacob and Jane (Woodside) Caplinger of Salem. The father was born in August, 1815, and the mother on January 11, 1823. They were pioneers in this state, having come from Fulton county, Illinois, in 1845, and located in Oregon city. After two years they removed to Salem settling on the prairies four miles east of there, where they resided until 1904 when the father died on June 20 and the mother on July 26. In 1845 on their way to Oregon, having come by the route of Mount Hood, they were snowbound there for more than three weeks, without any food except coffee. In their family were ten children: Emily, deceased; Henry; Anna D., who is now Mrs. Scott; John, Mary, deceased; Samuel; George, deceased; Thomas; Josephine; and Bertha deceased. To Mr. and Mrs. Scott have been born the following children: Mary L., who is the wife of J. M. Richardson; Emma J, who is the wife of Dr. E. A. Mann of Pendleton; John A., who in 1901 married Miss Maude Crockerline of Helix, and now resides near Walla Walla; Ira C., who married Miss Ethel Kern of Helix; Ray W., who died in 1902 at the age of sixteen years; and Alexander, Charles, Walter and Bertha, all of whom are deceased.

In his political views Mr. Scott is a democrat and in 1890 he was running for county judge. Both he and Mrs. Scott are members of the Church of Christ and for over twenty years he was an elder of the church of that faith at Helix. For more than one half a century Mr. Scott has been an interested witness of the development of Umatilla county and has ever been a most helpful factor in the changes that have been made here. A successful and highly honored citizen he has many friends throughout the country. Since 1905 he has lived retired in his beautiful home at Walla Walla and he usually spend the winters in California. In front of his present home is an excellent spring of running water which supplies the house and also furnishes the power for the electric light plant for the home.

EDWIN G. KIRBY, M. D., physician and surgeon at Elgin, Oregon, was born in Blair, Nebraska, November 11, 1870. His parents were Thomas M. and Sarah R. (Sommeis) both of whom were natives of Illinois, in which state they were married. In 1868 they removed to Nebraska, where they homesteaded and resided there until 1866, when they came to Oregon, locating in Marion county. There they purchased a tract of land and resided on the same until 1911, when they removed to Portland, where the father is now living retired. The mother passed away in 1911 while on a visit to the home of Dr. Kirby of this review. She was a faithful and devoted member of the Baptist church.

Edwin G. Kirby grew to manhood under the parental roof and acquired his early education in the public schools. Later he became a student at the Willamette University and in 1896 took up the study of medicine, reading under B. H. Bradshaw. The following fall he entered the medical department of the Willamette University, from

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which he was graduated in the class of 1900. Immediately afterward he came to Elgin where he entered upon the practice of his chosen profession. He has an extensive and remunerative patronage and is an extremely busy and successful practitioner.

In 1892 Dr. Kirby was married to Miss Anna M. Pepper of Elgin, a daughter of Jacob Pepper of this city. To Dr. and Mrs. Kirby have been born four children, three of whom are now living. They are: Dorothy M., Marjorie C., and Edwin G. Dr. Kirby is a republican and he has ever been greatly interested in educational work and has served as a member of the school board of Elgin for the past eight years. Fraternally he belongs to the Elgin Lodge No. 198, F. & A. M. and both he and Mrs. Kirby are members of the Blue Mountain Chapter No. 52 of the Order of Eastern Star. He also belongs to the Orion Lodge No. 73, Knights of Pythias, and to the Elgin Lodge No. 92 of the Independent Order of Odd Fellows. Dr. Kirby is ever through study and investigation broadening his knowledge of his chosen profession and through his membership in various organizations, keeps in touch with the work that is done in the medical world today. He belongs to the Oregon State Medical Society and to the Eastern Oregon District Medical Society and is numbered among the leading physicians in Union county.

JUDGE ROBERT EAKIN. The legal profession demands not only a high order of ability but also a rare combination of talent, learning, tact, patience and industry. The successful lawyer and competent judge must be a man of well balanced intellect. He must be thoroughly familiar with the law and practice, of comprehensive general information, possessing an analytical mind and a self-control which enables one to lose his individuality, his personal feelings, his prejudices and his peculiarities of disposition in the dignity, impartiality and equity of the office to which life, property, right and liberty must look for protection. Possessing these qualities, Judge Eakin justly merits the high honor which was conferred upon him in his elevation to the court of appeals.

Judge Eakin is a native of Illinois, his birth having occurred in Elgin, that state, March 15, 1848, his parents being S. B. and Catherine (McEndowney) Eakin. He supplemented his preliminary education by a course in the Willamette University at Salem, from which he was graduated with the class of 1873 with the degree of B. S. Pursuing there his preparation for the bar he was ultimately given the LL.D. degree. After his admission to the bar he practiced in Union, Oregon, from March, 1875, until March, 1895. While he was well grounded in the principles of common law when admitted to practice, he continued through the whole period of his connection with the active work of the courts, a diligent study of those elementary principles which constitute the basis of all legal science, and this knowledge served him well in many a legal battle before the circuit and appellate courts where he successfully conducted many cases. When he came to the discussion of the most intricate questions his powers as a lawyer showed to the best advantage. With a thorough knowledge of the subjects he discussed and of the legal principles applicable to them, his addresses before the courts were models of clearness and logic. Twenty years of active practice brought him to the point where the public demanded his services in a judicial capacity, and he was appointed judge of the circuit court for the eighth district. The following year he was elected to the position and again in 1902, so his service as circuit court judge covered eleven years. In 1906 he was elected a justice of the supreme court of Oregon, and is now sitting on the supreme bench.

On the 21st of June, 1876, in Eugene, Oregon, Judge Eakin was united in marriage to Miss Mary Walker, a daughter of M. E. Walker. To Judge and Mrs. Eakin have been born five children, three of whom are living: Robert S., who is an attorney at La Grande, Oregon; Gertrude M., who is in college; and Harold E., a high school student in Salem. Judge Eakin has always given his political support to the republican party but has not been an active worker in its ranks since first called to judicial position. He belongs to the Masonic lodge and to the Presbyterian church—associations which indicate much of the nature of his interests and the rules which govern his conduct. Few lawyers have made a more lasting impression upon the bar of the state, both by ability of a high order and by individuality of a personal character which impresses itself upon the community.

WALLACE G. TRILL, attorney at law of Wallowa, was born in Kent county, Michigan, February 9, 1880, a son of Thomas and Melinda (Cooper) Trill, both of whom were natives of England. The father accompanied his parents on their removal from their native land to Canada when a boy of twelve years and the mother was taken by her parents to that country in her infancy. The boy attained his majority and the girl reached womanhood in Canada and there they were married. In 1861 they crossed the border into the United States, settling on a farm in Kent county, Michigan. The father was a cabinet-maker and carpenter by trade and for many years was engaged in contracting and building in connection with the cultivation of his land. His was a busy and useful life, characterized by unfaltering industry. In 1889 he came to Oregon but did not bring his family here until 1891. On first coming to this state he engaged in the saw and planing mill business in La Grande and was prominently identified with that industry until 1899, when his mills were burned to the ground, causing a heavy loss to him for he had no insurance. Since that time he has made two trips to Alaska in the quest of gold and has been otherwise engaged. Both he and his wife still reside in

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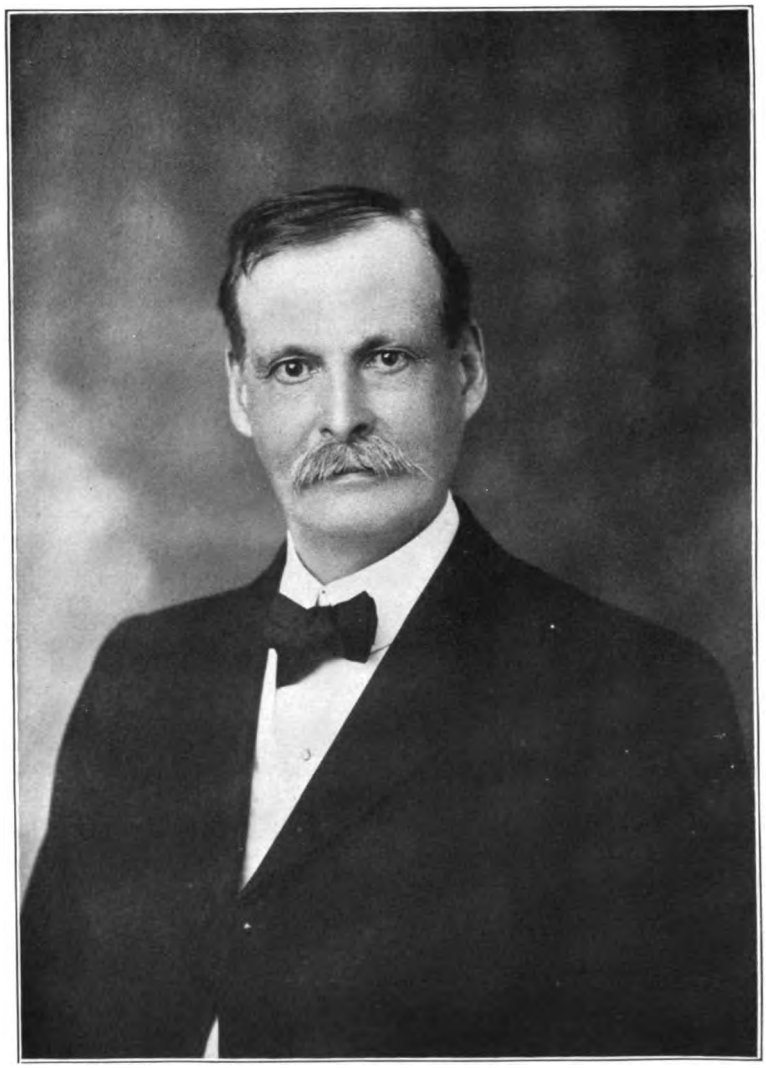

ROBERT EAKIN

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La Grande and are highly esteemed residents of their county.

Wallace G. Trill, during the period of his youth, had but limited educational advantages for at a comparatively early age he began working in his father's mills. However, he has wisely used his time, talents and opportunities as the years have gone by and has made continuous progress along those lines demanding keen intellectuality and unfaltering diligence. In June, 1898, he enlisted for service in the Spanish-American war, becoming a member of Light Battery B, Oregon Volunteers. That battery was never sent to the front, however, being held at Camp H. C. Corbin, near Portland, until the 15th of October, when, the war having been successfully terminated the men were honorably discharged. Mr. Trill returned home and after the fire which destroyed his father's mill the planer was sold to Fox & Sargeant, who moved it to Granite, Grant county. Mr. Trill went with that firm to take charge of the planing mill and lumber yards and continued with them until the summer of 1900. He then returned home and the following fall went with his brother Charles to Portland, where they obtained engagement in the chutes of the Western Lumber Company for night work. The second night after they went to work the brother, Charles Trill, met with an accident and Wallace G. Trill had for the next month to make enough money to keep them both. Subsequently he secured a position with the Oregon Furniture Factory and while thus employed promoted his education by attending night school as a member of the Young Men's Christian Association classes. For almost three years he utilized this opportunity and during the summer vacations he studied English under Dr. Hoadley, minister of the Clark Methodist church, who had formerly held the chair of English in the Willamette University. In September, 1903, Mr. Trill entered that university in which he completed the eighth grade in the preparatory department the first year, studying with mere boys. The elemental strength of his character was shown in his pursuance of such a course. False pride would have deterred many but Mr. Trill realized his lack and resolved that education should prepare him for life's practical and responsible duties. He graduated from Willamette University in law and oratory in 1908, receiving the degrees of LL.B. and B. O. From the time when he entered college he paid his way by working during the summer months as advertising solicitor and in various other ways in order to meet the expenses of his course. At length the desired result was successfully accomplished and Mr. Trill found himself ready for the practice of law. He then returned to Portland and opened an office in connection with L. D. Mahone in the Board of Trade building.

In the spring of 1909 Mr. Trill was married to Miss Augusta C. Booth, of Salem, Oregon, who had graduated from the university in the same class of which Mr. Trill had been a member. She is a daughter of the Rev. George M. Booth, a prominent Methodist Episcopal minister, who at one time was presiding elder of the Columbia river district. Following his marriage Wallace G. Trill removed to Joseph, Wallowa county, and was there made city attorney. He sought the broader field of labor offered by a larger town and in the fall of 1910 came to Wallowa, where he has since been engaged in active practice. He prepares his cases with great thoroughness and care. The same determination and laudable ambition which actuated him in the acquirement of an education are manifest in his practice and he is making gradual and substantial advancement, his ability being widely recognized.

Mr. and Mrs. Trill became the parents of one child, Wallace G., but were soon called upon to mourn the loss of the little son. They are well known in Wallowa, having gained many friends during the period of their residence here. They hold membership in the Methodist Episcopal church and their influence is always given on the side of progress, improvement and substantial upbuilding. Mr. Trill votes with the republican party and his opinions carry considerable weight in its local councils. Fraternally he is connected with Kinsman Lodge, No. 87, K. P., and is prominent in the local organization of Masonry, also belonging to Washington Lodge, No. 46, F. & A. M., of Portland; Martha Washington Chapter, No. 18, O. E. S., of Portland; and Washington Chapter No. 18, R. A. M. His wife is a member of Jessica Chapter, O. E. S., of Wallowa. The necessity of taking upon himself the responsibilities of life at an early age developed in Mr. Trill a self-reliance and force of character that have constituted the foundation upon which he has built his later progress and success. He is yet a young man but is well established in the practice of law as an able representative of the bar. In no profession does advancement depend more largely upon individual merit and energy, determination, close study and careful preparation than in the practice of law and these qualities have been the elements which have brought Mr. Trill to a creditable position in the regard of his fellow townsmen.

JUDGE H. A. THIESSEN, needs no introduction to the people of his county or state. He is one of the business men of Oregon, having widely diversified interests in various parts of the state and occupying a position in the first rank of her successful citizens. In November, 1910, he was elected to the office of county judge of Gilliam county and is still serving in that capacity. His birth occurred in San Jose, California, on the 25th of November, 1879, his parents being Henry and Selina (Derry) Thiessen, the former a native of Germany and the latter of England. They emigrated to America in young manhood and young womanhood, locating in the western part of the United States at a time when the west was still young and its future yet to be known. Henry Thiessen, on reaching the west, located at Portland, Oregon, and

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later removed to San Jose, California, at which place Mrs. Thiessen was living with her parents, and there they were married. In the spring of 1881 the family came to Oregon, locating near Oak Grove, Clackamas county, where they still reside on a beautiful farm of one hundred and thirty acres. Mr. Thiessen is non-partisan in politics but nevertheless has always been prominent in the reform movements which have presented themselves to his consideration in the interest of better government and morals in the social and political life of his county.

Judge H. A. Thiessen was reared at home on his father's farm and educated in the public schools. At the close of his common-school course he entered the Portland Business College, from which he was graduated in the spring of 1901. Having completed his studies in the commercial school, he found employment with Balfour, Guthrie & Company, exporters of grain, in Salem, Oregon, with whom he has since been associated. He was employed in the Salem offices for three years, afterward spent a short time in the Portland offices and from there was sent as assistant manager of the Arlington office, where he remained for a term of three years, having in charge the interests of his company. In 1908 he was placed in charge of the Condon office, where he has since had the care and management of the company's business in this district. In November, 1910, he was elected on the republican ticket to the office of county judge of Gilliam county, a position calling for the exercise of the highest type of integrity and faithful, efficient service and which position he is now filling to the complete satisfaction of the entire constituency of the county. He is part owner of a beautiful ranch of thirteen hundred and twenty acres west of Clem and also owns an interest in an alfalfa ranch on Rock creek. He is also the owner of an entire section of grazing land in Gilliam county, as well as his home residence in Condon.

In March, 1903, Judge Thiessen was married to Miss Mildred Gower, of Oak Grove, Oregon, by whom he had two children, one of whom survives, Usona M. Mrs. Thiessen is a member of the Episcopal church. Fraternally Judge Thiessen is identified with Mount Moriah Lodge, No. 95, A. F. & A. M., and Endymion Lodge, No. 66, K. P. His extensive business interests, together with his sterling type of manhood in the full exercise of his unusual business ability, combine to place him in the forefront of all the influences which make for the high moral tone and rapid development of his county and state. He is still a young man and bids fair to contribute many years of valuable service to the community in which he makes his home.

FREDERICK ELLIOT BROWN, who owns and operates the Queen City Dairy, is one of the prosperous business men of Baker City. He was born in Jasper county, Missouri, on the 2d of August, 1878, and is a son of W. T. and Anna Brown, the father a native of the state of New York and the mother of Missouri. They were married in the latter state and there they passed the early years of their domestic life. In 1886 they came to Oregon, locating in Baker county, but they are now residing at Prairie City. Six children were born to Mr. and Mrs. Brown, five of whom are still living, F. E., our subject, being the eldest. The others are: Edna, the wife of S. H. Jackson; Leo, also married, who makes his home in Prairie City, as do also Walter and Jessie.

The early education of Frederick E. Brown was obtained in the public schools, but he later supplemented this by a commercial course, thus better qualifying himself for the pursuit of a business career. He has been identified with the dairy industry for nineteen years, having first engaged in this with his father. His training has been very thorough, and he fully understands every detail of the business. He is a capable man, practical and progressive in his methods and is conducting his establishment in strict accordance with the highest sanitary principles. He remained at home until he was twenty-seven years of age, at which time he left the parental roof and started in business for himself and has ever since been engaged here. He is meeting with success in the development of his enterprise and is building up a good patronage among a most desirable class of people.

In 1900 Mr. Brown was united in marriage to Miss Mattie Wright, likewise a native of Missouri, and a daughter of Samuel and Magdalen Wright, who were born and reared in Kentucky. The father is living in Malheur county, this state, but the mother is now deceased.

Fraternally Mr. Brown belongs to the Benevolent Protective Order of Elks, and he is also a member of Elkhorn Lodge, No. 166, I. O. O. F., while his political support is given to the democratic party. Although he takes an active interest in all municipal matters he has never sought political honors, but maintains the standards of good citizenship by appearing at the polls on election day. Mr. Brown is well known in Baker county, where he has resided since he was a lad of eight years, and has many friends, the majority of whom were the comrades of his boyhood days.

RALPH M. ERWIN, M. D., a well known physician and surgeon of Joseph, was born in Van Wert county, Ohio, December 6, 1884. He is a son of David J. and Lepha (Dudley) Erwin, the former a native of Indiana and the latter of Ohio. The parents were married in Van Wert county, and subsequently located in Wren, that county. At the time of his marriage David J. Erwin was attending the College of Medicine & Surgery at Fort Wayne, Indiana, and was graduated from that institution in the following year. He then practiced in Wren, Ohio, for about four years, after which he removed to Lake City, Michigan, where he built up an extensive practice and resided until his death in 1906, passing away at the age of forty-five years. He was one of the foremost democrats in

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that state and was once a candidate for congress from his district. Although the republican party had a nominal plurality of twenty thousand votes, Dr. Erwin was defeated by only eight thousand—a fact which shows his popularity throughout the district. He was state central committeeman for a number of years and was asked to serve as a delegate to the national convention at St. Louis, that nominated Alton B. Parker, but refused and named in his stead a friend. His wife is now living in Valparaiso, Indiana. He was a member of the Knights of Pythias and of the Independent Order of Odd Fellows.

Ralph M. Erwin was reared in the home of his parents and acquired his early education in the public schools of Lake City, Michigan, graduating from the high school of that place in the class of 1900, when he was yet under sixteen years of age. For two years he was a student in the preparatory department of Ferris Institute at Big Rapids, Michigan, and in 1904 he entered the medical department of Valparaiso University, from which he was graduated in the class of 1908. The same spring he came to the western coast, spending the summer in Oakland, California, and in the fall of that year he came to Oregon, locating in Roseburg. He remained there only about six months, and then removed to Joseph, Wallowa county, where in the intervening four years he has built up an extensive and remunerative practice. He is also district surgeon for the Oregon Railroad & Navigation Company.

On February 22, 1908, Dr. Erwin married Miss Blanche Lawson, a daughter of Thomas A. Lawson, who for many years was a prominent railroad official of the Chicago & Northwestern Railroad Company and of the Southern Pacific system, but is now living retired in Portland. To Dr. and Mrs. Erwin has been born a son, Ralph M., Jr.

Dr. Erwin is a member of Silver Lake Lodge, No. 84, I. O. O. F., and is now past grand. He also belongs to Chief Joseph Camp, No. 10012. M. W. A. In politics he is a democrat and he has ever been greatly interested in all that pertains to public advancement. He is a member of the Wallowa County Medical Society and by study and investigation keeps in touch with the work that is being done in the medical world today. He is an extremely busy and successful practitioner and is numbered among the leading physicians of Wallowa county.

WILLIAM GEORGE AYRE is living retired and the success which makes this possible was well merited, because for many years he was active and energetic and was one of the largest sheep-raisers in Oregon. He was born in Devonshire, England, a son of Thomas and Mary Elizabeth (Opperley) Ayre. He pursued his education in Blundell's school at Tiverton, Devon, and in London and in the school of experience has learned many valuable lessons, while reading and observation have also broadened his knowledge, making him a well informed man. He became a resident of America in 1886. He took up his abode in Baker county and made a success of sheep-raising, becoming one of the largest, if not the largest owner of sheep in Oregon. He disposed of his interests, however, in 1907 and is in a large measure living retired, although he is doing a good business as a dealer in wool. His long experience in connection with the sheep industry made him an expert in that line and brought him into prominence in his community. Moreover, he is a man of sound judgment, unfaltering industry and keen discrimination and carries forward to successful completion whatever he undertakes.

Mr. Ayre gives his political allegiance to the republican party and keeps well informed on the questions and issues of the day, but the honors and emoluments of office have no attraction for him as he has always preferred to concentrate his energies upon his private interests. His religious faith is that of the Episcopal church and he is a prominent Mason, having attained the Knight Templar degree of the York Rite and the thirty-second degree of the Scottish Rite. He has also crossed the sands of the desert with the Nobles of the Mystic Shrine. He is a member of the Benevolent Protective Order of Elks and is in full sympathy and accord with the beneficent spirit which underlies these organizations.

JOHN L. BLACKWELL. One of the most progressive and enterprising stock-raisers and general ranchmen in Grant county, Oregon, is John L. Blackwell, who is operating an extensive tract of land in this section, specializing in sheep, mules and high-grade hogs. He occupies his father's homestead two and one-half miles up Long creek and is recognized as a stockman of unusual ability and as a man of modern and progressive tendencies. Mr. Blackwell is a native of Johnson county, Arkansas, where his birth occurred on March 16, 1867. He is a son of C. C. Blackwell who was born and educated in Tennessee and who later married Miss Jane Morris of the same state. The progenitors of the Blackwell family in America were three brothers who came from England in colonial days and settled in the south. Mr. Blackwell's grandfather, Joseph Blackwell, was born in Georgia and located in his early manhood in Tennessee. He later removed to Arkansas where he remained until his death in 1858. The family was established in Oregon by the father of our subject who came to the Long creek district in 1875 and took up a homestead claim which comprised the property now occupied by his son. He was one of the pioneer agriculturists of the section in which he settled and was representative of the class of men who founded the present greatness of the state.

John L. Blackwell came to Oregon with his parents when he was eight years of age and received his education in the district schools. He has remained at home with the exception of three or four years when he and his brother, H. N. Blackwell, drove stock in Harney county. His brother is now recognized as the pioneer stock buyer in eastern

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Oregon and is still in the business buying for the market. In 1898 he brought a herd of cattle to the Klondike country. He is now making his headquarters in Ontario, Oregon, and is one of the successful men of the state. John L. Blackwell early became acquainted with the details of general ranching and with the conditions governing the buying, selling and raising of stock. He was brought up upon his father's farm and is now occupying the original homestead. He has added to his holdings from time to time and now has one of the largest ranches in eastern Oregon. For a time he and his father ran sheep and were prosperous and successful in this line of activity. Mr. Blackwell is now making a specialty of the raising of mules and hogs. He has some of the finest mule colts in Grant county and his success is founded upon his attention to detail and his unflagging industry. He has made extensive improvements upon his property, has built barns, granaries and other outbuildings and has installed a complete equipment of modern farm machinery. He has built a fine home which has all the aspects of a model dwelling. He is recognized in Grant county as a man of constructive ideas and one whose activities in promoting his individual prosperity have reflected credit upon the county in which he resides and have redounded to the interests of the whole state of Oregon.

On January 7, 1903, Mr. Blackwell was united in marriage to Miss Mattie Settle, of Long Creek, Grant county, Oregon, and a daughter of W. G. Settle, one of the pioneer residents of the state. Mr. and Mrs. Blackwell have four children. Mr. Blackwell takes an intelligent interest in public affairs although he never seeks office. He has aided in the advancement and development of stock-raising in the state and has brought unusual ability and quickness of resource to the improvement and growth of his substantial interests.

F. H. BRIGHAM is one of the well known and respected citizens of North Bend, Oregon, where he is engaged in the real-estate business and is also city engineer of that place. He was born in Massachusetts, April 9, 1849, and is a son of John W. and Martha E. Brigham. The former was a native of Massachusetts and the latter of Vermont. They celebrated their marriage in the east and in 1865 removed to Minneapolis, Minnesota, where the father operated a flour mill for some time and later engaged in the hotel business. Mr. and Mrs. John W. Brigham continued to make their home in Minneapolis during the remaining years of their lives. They were the parents of five children, namely: a son who died in infancy; Warren L., who was editor of the Boston Times when he passed away; Ella M., the widow of George W. Marchant, whose demise occurred in 1912; F. H., of this review; and Lura E., the wife of C. M. Doutt of Coos county, Oregon.

F. H. Brigham was reared in his parents' home and received his early education in Massachusetts. In 1869 he removed to Minneapolis, Minnesota, where he was in the employ of the government as engineer and surveyor, continuing in that position for twelve years. He then removed to Nebraska, where he was engaged in surveying until 1888, at which time he went to Spokane, Washington, and there for some time followed his profession of surveying. He then took up his abode in Pendleton, Oregon, at which place he was married and continued to reside until 1891, when he removed to Portland and there accepted a position as chief clerk in the United States surveyor general's office. He continued in that position for a period of two years, after which time a change in the political administration of that department of government work necessitated his discontinuance in the office. Two years later he was appointed inspector of government surveys by the commissioner of the United States land office in Washington and in 1904 he settled at North Bend, Coos county, Oregon, where he has since continued to reside. He built one of the first residences in the southern part of that town and is now the owner of one of the very fine homes in North Bend. He still holds his commission as inspector of United States surveys, is the city engineer of North Bend and is also engaged in the real-estate business. He was for four years employed by the Mexican government in engineering work and while he lived in the east served for two and a half years in the United States navy.

Mr. Brigham was united in marriage, in 1891, to Miss Sadie Adams, of Pendleton, Oregon, daughter of John and Elizabeth Adams, both of whom died at Pendleton. To Mr. and Mrs. Brigham two children have been born. Ruby, whose birth occurred in 1893, is a high-school graduate and still resides under the parental roof. Hawley B., whose natal year was 1894 and who likewise has a high-school education, is now in the service of the City Water Company of Portland.

Mr. Brigham supports the republican party and is a member of the Benevolent Protective Order of Elks and also of the United Artisans. One of the enterprising citizens of North Bend, he is well known throughout his portion of the state. He is always interested in the moral and civic well-being of the community in which he resides and is a man whose integrity in business matters has never been questioned.

FRANK DAVID McCULLY, by right of discovery, conquest and occupancy, is justly entitled to the nom de plume of the father of Wallowa county, Oregon. It is true he has established his residence at Joseph, but he lives throughout the entire county. Follow the direction indicated by either of the four points of the compass and you will soon see the evidence of his work and influence written on the walls of her active history. He was born in Salem, Oregon, on the 2d of June, 1859, his parents being David and Mary (Scott) McCully, the former a native of New Brunswick, Nova Scotia, and the latter of

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F. H. BRIGHAM

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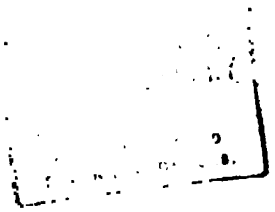

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Ohio. The paternal grandparents of our subject emigrated to the United States and settled in Mount Pleasant, Ohio, when David McCully was but six years of age. Mr. and Mrs. David McCully were united in marriage in Mount Pleasant, Ohio, at which place they had both grown to years of maturity. In 1846, shortly after their wedding, they removed to Burlington, Iowa, where Mr. McCully engaged in the manufacture of fanning mills. Later closing out his interests in his manufacturing plant, he became identified with the merchandising business at Burlington. In 1849 he emigrated to California, crossing the plains with ox teams, but remained in the Golden state only a few years, returning to Burlington, Iowa, in 1852. The following year he recrossed the plains this time making Oregon his objective point. This land of the far west he reached in due time without accident, effecting his settlement in Linn county. On his land he built a small store, in which he opened a general merchandising business, this being the first of its kind to be established in the settlement, and this particular location in the county later proved to be the initial step in the founding of Harrisburg. Thus to David McCully belongs the credit of being the father and founder of that city. Being a man of abounding energy and unusual business ability, he saw his opportunity to improve the transportation facilities of that part of the state, and with this end in view he organized the People's Transportation Company. This company built and put into commission a line of steamers plying between Portland and Harrisburg and also between Portland and Lewiston on the Willamette and Columbia rivers. After a residence of six years at Harrisburg, in 1858 he removed to Salem and there opened a general merchandising establishment, which he conducted for twelve years. This business he cared for in connection with his interests in the transportation company. In 1870 the transportation company was sold to Ben Holliday and thereafter was known as the Ben Holliday Transportation Company. He conducted his mercantile establishment until 1880, at which time he retired from active business and spent the remaining years of his life in retirement. He passed away at Salem, in December, 1906, at the advanced age of ninety-three years. His wife preceded him in death in 1900, when eighty-five years of age.

Frank David McCully was reared in his father's home and was educated in the public schools of Salem and at the Willamette University. In addition to his literary studies he received a technical business training under the tutelage of his father, being employed in his store while still pursuing his studies in the educational institutions of Salem. In 1874 he was commissioned by his father to go to the Wallowa valley and there look after stock which he maintained on the public range. He was thus engaged during the years of 1874 and 1875. In 1879 when twenty years of age, he left the parental roof and moved to the Wallowa valley locating on Prairie creek, where for one year he looked after the stock belonging to his father. In 1880 he preempted one hundred and sixty acres of land and opened a merchandising establishment in Joseph, his store being the second of its kind in what at that time was a part of Union county. His competitor had located some distance from him, at Alder, during the previous year. The town of Joseph was founded in 1879, was first known as Lake City and continued under that name until the postoffice was established, at which time the government refused to accept that as a suitable name for the office and the name Joseph was substituted. Only a few houses were built and occupied at the time Mr. McCully built his store and established his residence at Joseph in 1880. At that time the business was not sufficiently large to engage all of the time and abilities of its owner and manager. Being ever on the lookout for new opportunities to improve and enlarge his business, he soon discovered that near-by settlements offered good openings for investment in his particular line and accordingly he later established merchandising houses at Flora, Lostine, and Enterprise. These stores he conducted under the name of the F. D. McCully Company. He continued as sole proprietor and business manager of these stores until some time in the '90s, when he disposed of his interests at Lostine and Flora. In 1905 he sold his establishment at Enterprise. Seven years after he became a resident of Joseph he organized and established the First Bank of Joseph, it being the first institution of its kind in that portion of northeastern Oregon. Its doors were opened for business on the 26th of August, 1887.

In the year 1886 it became the consensus of public opinion that the best interests of the people could be served by the organization of a new county out of the excessively large territory of Union county, and in order to accomplish this desired result Mr. McCully was made the candidate for the legislature by the people favorable to such a measure, and on that issue he was elected to the legislature as representative of Union county in the fall of that year. In the winter following his election at the first meeting of the state legislature, Mr. McCully was successful in his efforts to accomplish the will of the people in this particular, and the bill, as prepared by himself, to divide Union county and establish the boundary lines of a new county out of a part of her territory, was passed February 1, 1887. Thus a new child was born into the political family of counties in this state, bearing the name of Wallowa county, whose political father was Frank David McCully. In 1880 he preempted one hundred and sixty acres of land, a portion of which later became the town site of Joseph, and on this the city was built, Mr. McCully donating all the necessary ground for school purposes, he being one of the enthusiastic leaders in the building of the first schoolhouse in the place. Later, in 1889, he

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installed the present public waterworks system of that place and in 1900 he built the first electric light plant, which in 1909 was reconstructed and equipped with all the latest modern improvements, thus giving the city one of the most efficient, serviceable electric light plants in this portion of the state.

In 1905 the mercantile interests of Mr. McCully were consolidated and incorporated under the name of the McCully Mercantile Company, of which concern he is the official and active president. He is the owner of twenty-five hundred acres of farm, timber and grazing lands in Wallowa county and of this large body he now operates four highly developed farms, while the remainder is used as grazing land for sheep, a class of the stock business of which he makes a specialty. He raises and is also a very large buyer of sheep, which he feeds and prepares at his own feeding quarters for the open market. He is the founder of a line of warehouses from Joseph to Elgin, in which he has a large interest, and at the present time is the president of the Joseph Milling Company.

Mr. McCully has been twice married. In 1881 he wedded Miss Hamilton, of Wallowa county, by whom he had three children: Wilmer D., now cashier of the First Bank of Joseph; Roy C., who is a resident of San Francisco, California and Lelia M., who is the wife of W. H. Ballinger, a mail clerk. On the 19th of November, 1908, Mr. McCully was again married, his second union being with Miss Martha E. Van Vactor, of Portland. Her father, William Van Vactor, who was born in Kentucky, emigrated to Oregon in 1847, settling in Linn county.

Mr. McCully has always been affiliated with the republican party and is one of the enthusiastic and influential leaders of this great political organization. He is a member of Joseph Lodge, No. 884, F. & A. M., and also belongs to La Grande Lodge, No. 433, B. P. O. E. Both he and his wife are consistent and devoted members of the Methodist Episcopal church. Frank David McCully is descended territorially, by way of Mount Pleasant, from the salt-sea-washed shores of Nova Scotia. The virile blood of his Celtic ancestors has given him a life of magnetic, tireless momentum which finds its greatest rest in constant action. He received the benefit of the common schools and later a literary and scientific university education. With this splendid intellectual equipment he has been able to bring to bear the strength and acuteness of a cultivated mind upon the varied and perplexing problems incident to a large and greatly diversified business career and, in addition to these, his moral life has been carefully guarded by the beneficent influence of a highly cultivated Christian faith. These are among the things which have united to make Mr. McCully one of the most enterprising and successful business men of northeastern Oregon and at the same time a practical philanthropist, extending assistance wherever needed in such a way as to enable his less fortunate and weaker brother to attain strength with which to stand alone and successfully fight the battles of life. He is a man of large vision and optimistic temperament, ready to follow the light from the star of hope when no other well and clearly defined course is available. Time and again he has stepped in the breach of business disasters which seemed to foreshadow great hardships, if not utter destruction, to the people of Wallowa county, and saved the day by his willingness to carry the obligations of others that they might go forward while he carried their load and placed his faith in the future. Frequently he bought cattle, sheep and grain from the struggling ranchman and farmer when there was no market for the products of the farm or the stock of the ranchman, taking his own chances on the rise and fall of future markets. He has had supreme faith in the skies of Oregon and the soil of Wallowa county. He has often, without security other than his faith in the honesty of every man, loaned money to many with which they were enabled to start in a small way as farmers or stockmen or in other lines of business, and thus in the most practical and unselfish way he has come to be recognized as the foremost business man and generous, helpful force in the building up of the agricultural, stock and mercantile interests of his adopted county. He comes of a long-lived ancestry and, being now scarcely above fifty years of age, he is in the very midst of his matured and most useful manhood and many years of useful service await him in the future. Frank David McCully will leave behind him monuments to his memory in the substantial, enduring business enterprises with which he has been connected, as well as monuments in the grateful hearts of his fellow toilers, among whom he is today recognized as a helpful brother and friend.

WILMER D. McCULLY, cashier of the First Bank of Joseph, is a worthy representative of the younger business men of the town. He is a native of Wallowa county, his birth having occurred in Joseph on the 10th of May, 1882, and a son of Frank D. and Julia (Hamilton) McCully, both of whom are mentioned at greater length elsewhere in this work.

Reared at home in the acquirement of his preliminary education, Wilmer D. McCully first attended the public schools of Joseph and La Grande, after which he was sent to the Bishop Scott Academy at Portland. He remained there for two years and then spent a year in the Hill Military Academy of that city, and at the end of that time entered Yale University. Two years later he laid aside his studies to qualify for a paymastership in the United States navy, but did not enter the service but returned to Joseph and took a position in his father's bank, where he has ever since been employed. He began in a minor capacity, but having resolved to make this his life vocation he applied himself earnestly to mastering the principles of banking and thoroughly familiarizing himself with financial matters generally. Painstaking and efficient in his work he was advanced steadily and in 1908 was promoted

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to the position of cashier, the duties of which he is still discharging. He is a genial young man of gracious and accommodating manner and is popular with the patrons of the bank. During the period of his connection with this institution he has manifested more than average ability and foresight and proves himself to be a capable financier.

Mr. McCully was married on the 24th of December, 1908, to Miss Martha Cohoon, a daughter of S. L. Cohoon, a well known commercial salesman of La Grande. Fraternally he is affiliated with La Grande Lodge, No. 433, B. P. O. E., and his political support is given to the republican party. He is one of the progressive and enterprising young business man of the town, where he is widely known and held in high regard by reason of his integrity and upright principles as well as his many substantial personal qualities.

ARIE RYSDAM. Among the pioneers of Union county, Oregon, few men are better known and few have been more successful than Arie Rysdam. He emigrated to Oregon from Marion county, Iowa, where he was born August 23, 1849. His parents, Garrett and Magdalene (Valden) Rysdam, were born, reared and married in Holland. They emigrated to America and settled in Marion county, Iowa, in 1846. There they homesteaded land upon which they lived until 1864. In that year the father, two daughters and one son, came to Oregon. The mother was to have followed but died before she could make the journey, in 1867. They began the long overland journey with a mule team and traveled without interruption until they reached Deer Creek Station on the North Platte river in Nebraska. Here one of the tragedies common to the travelers of the plains in those days interfered with their further progress for a time. Their camp was raided by Indians, who fortunately confined their depredations to the stealing of stock. None of the party suffered injury and their commissary stores remained untouched. However, they were compelled to remain at Deer Creek until, by a stroke of good fortune, they were enabled to purchase an ox team and also a team of cows. With this strange combination their journey was finally completed in five months. On reaching Oregon they went direct to Union county, locating on land comprised within the present corporation limits of Island City. Garrett Rysdam there passed away in 1880, when he had attained the age of seventy-seven years.

Arie Rysdam was reared at home and educated in the common schools of the district. After attaining his manhood he followed farming for several years and was also employed as a freight driver by John Creighton. He had the distinction of driving a ten-mule team, with which he carried the freight from Umatilla Landing to the surrounding mining camps. This business took him into various parts of Idaho and also to Harney county, this state. In 1882 he filed on a homestead in that part of Union county known as the flats. On this he proved up, securing his title from the government, and here remained for the following twenty-six years. He is now the owner of eight hundred acres of land eight miles northeast of Elgin, which is operated by his sons. In 1909 he removed to Elgin, where he now resides.

In 1873 Mr. Rysdam was united in marriage to Miss Louisa Cruikshank, of Marion county, Iowa, her parents, William and Hannah (Cowing) Cruikshank were natives of Scotland and England, respectively. Both are deceased. Unto Mr. and Mrs. Rysdam have been born ten children nine of whom survive: William H. and Garrett, both of whom are engaged in farming in Union county; Hannah, the wife of Philip Conley, who resides in Cove, Union county; Margaret, who gave her hand in marriage to Lincoln Wood, an agriculturist of Union county; Janie, who is the wife of Roy Hardy an agriculturist, of Union county; Clara, who is the wife of Jay Brashears, a farmer of Union county; Albert and John G., both living on the home ranch; and George, who is still with his parents and is pursuing his studies in the schools of Elgin.

In politics Mr. Rysdam is a democrat. Fraternally he is identified with the Masons, belonging to Elgin Lodge, No. 98. During his long residence in Union county he has grown prosperous with the years and gained favor with the people of his community, among whom he is highly respected.

LUTHER LLOYD, who is the owner of nine hundred and sixty acres of valuable land near Joseph, Oregon, was born in Howard county, Missouri, March 30, 1860, his parents being Granville and Rebecca A. (West) Lloyd, the former a native of Kentucky and the latter of Illinois. At an early age they were taken to Missouri by their parents, and in that state their marriage occurred. There the father died when his son Luther was but twelve years of age. Early in life he had been one of the many to come to the Pacific coast in 1849, making the trip via the Isthmus of Panama. In 1876 the mother removed to Oregon with her son Luther, and her death occurred January 19, 1910, while she was visiting in Boise City, Idaho.

Luther Lloyd was the eldest of a family of six children, and after the death of his father the operation of the home farm naturally fell largely to his lot, so that consequently his opportunities for securing an education were meager. However, he attended the district school for several terms, at the same time giving many hours of each day to farm work. In 1876, when sixteen years of age, he came to Oregon, locating in Pine valley, Union county. He was employed there as a farm hand until he was twenty-one at which time he took up a homestead claim of one hundred and sixty acres in Pine valley, residing upon that property for about nineteen years. In the autumn of 1900 he removed to Wallowa county,

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locating in the Imnaha valley, where he purchased one hundred and sixty acres of land. He has added to his holdings from time to time as he has been financially able to do so. and at present owns nine hundred and sixty acres, upon which he is extensively engaged in the cattle business. His operations in this line have been very successful, and he is considered one of the most prominent and prosperous cattle-raisers of Wallowa county.

In December, 1883, Mr. Lloyd was married to Miss Mary R. Tater, a daughter of Daniel and Nancy J. (Harrison) Tater, who crossed the plains at an early date with ox teams, starting out from Nebraska in 1864. They spent their first winter near Boise City, and in the spring of the following year came to Oregon, locating first in Eagle valley. They took up a claim in that region, but after two years removed to the Willamette valley, locating in Benton county, where they remained two years. At the end of that time they returned to Eagle valley, and, with the exception of one year spent in California, continued residents of Eagle valley where Mr. Tater was a well known cattle-raiser. To Mr. and Mrs. Lloyd three children were born: Edna Augusta, the wife of Henry Mehlorn of Half Way, Oregon; Nancy Rebecca, who is married to Roy Snell, of Imnaha, Oregon; and Luther Cleve, who is assisting in the management of his father's ranch.

In politics Mr. Lloyd gives his support to the democratic party, and he has served for two years as a member of the school board. He holds membership in Silver Lake Lodge, No. 84, I. O. O. F. He is progressive and energetic, of marked force of character, and is most esteemed where known best.

HENRY CLAY LUTTRELL. For almost a quarter of a century Henry Clay Luttrell has farmed in Coos county, Oregon, and his activities guided by wide experience have added each year to his prosperity while contributing to the agricultural development of the district. He was born in Macoupin county, Illinois, on February 22, 1842, and is a son of Daniel and Katie K. (Gonterman) Luttrell, natives of Kentucky. The parents were married in Illinois and remained in that state until 1849, when they moved to Texas, where the father died in the fall of that year. The mother maintained her residence there until 1860, when she went to Missouri and later came to Oregon and located in Coos county where she resided until she passed away on the 9th of October, 1890, when she was eighty-five years of age.

Mr. and Mrs. Luttrell were the parents of nine children of whom our subject is the only one still living. He received his education principally in the public schools of Texas and remained at home until 1862. In that year he enlisted in the Confederate army, serving in Vard Cockrell's Regiment, and later he was escort to General Hymnan. Subsequently he became a member of the Tenth Missouri Confederate Cavalry and continued in the service until the close of the war and was mustered out at Louisiana when Lee surrendered at Appomattox. He was wounded at Lone Jack, Missouri, being shot through the thigh.

After the close of the war Mr. Luttrell removed to Illinois, where he started farming in Madison and Coles counties. He continued in agricultural pursuits in that state until 1878, when he moved to Texas and cultivated the soil with much success in that state until 1880. He removed from there to Oklahoma and farmed until 1888, in which year he established his residence in Oregon. He settled in Coos county and for two years leased land where he has farmed since that time. He engages in general farming and brings to his activities in this line an industry and intelligence of a high order, combined with a personal knowledge and experience in the details of agriculture. He makes a specialty of dairying and stock-raising. He keeps a large herd of cows for dairy purposes and is known throughout the county as an expert judge of high-grade horses and cattle.

In 1871 Mr. Luttrell was united in marriage to Miss Jennie Geers, a native of Madison county, Illinois, and a daughter of Oswald and Cecelia (Gonterman) Geers, the former a native of Kentucky and the latter of Illinois. Their marriage occurred in Illinois and they remained in Madison county until after the death of Mrs. Luttrell's mother, who passed away when she was thirty-six years of age. Her father came to Oregon in 1888 and made his home with his daughter until his death in the following year. Mr. and Mrs. Geers had nine children, four of whom are still living: Jennie, the wife of our subject; Thomas and William, who live in Illinois; and Caleb, who resides in Oklahoma. Mrs. Luttrell received her education in the public schools of her native state and has resided in Oregon for many years. She and her husband are the parents of eight children: John B., residing on the Coquille river, who was born December 4, 1873, and married Miss Alice Stemler, by whom he has three children, John M., Jennie E. and Henry B.; Roy S., a resident of Missouri, who was born March 5, 1876, and married Miss Laura Anderson, by whom he has two children, Margaret L. and Jennie Alice; Henry Elmer, born April 4, 1879, who is now deceased; Leona M., whose birth occurred on October 5, 1882, and who has also passed away; Charles F., born September 26, 1885, who lives at home; Archie E., who was born on January 7, 1889, and who is now deceased; Harry A., who resides in Missouri and who was born on August 23, 1892; and Mabel A., whose natal day was August 18, 1897, and who is now living with her parents and attending school. All of the elder children received good business educations.

In his political beliefs Mr. Luttrell affiliates with the democratic party but has never sought public office although when a resident of Oklahoma he served for a number of years as postmaster. He and his family affiliate with the Methodist Episcopal church of Myrtle Point, Oregon. Agriculture in this state has been aided in its development by Mr. Luttrell's long identification with it. He is now seventy years of age, an active, intel-

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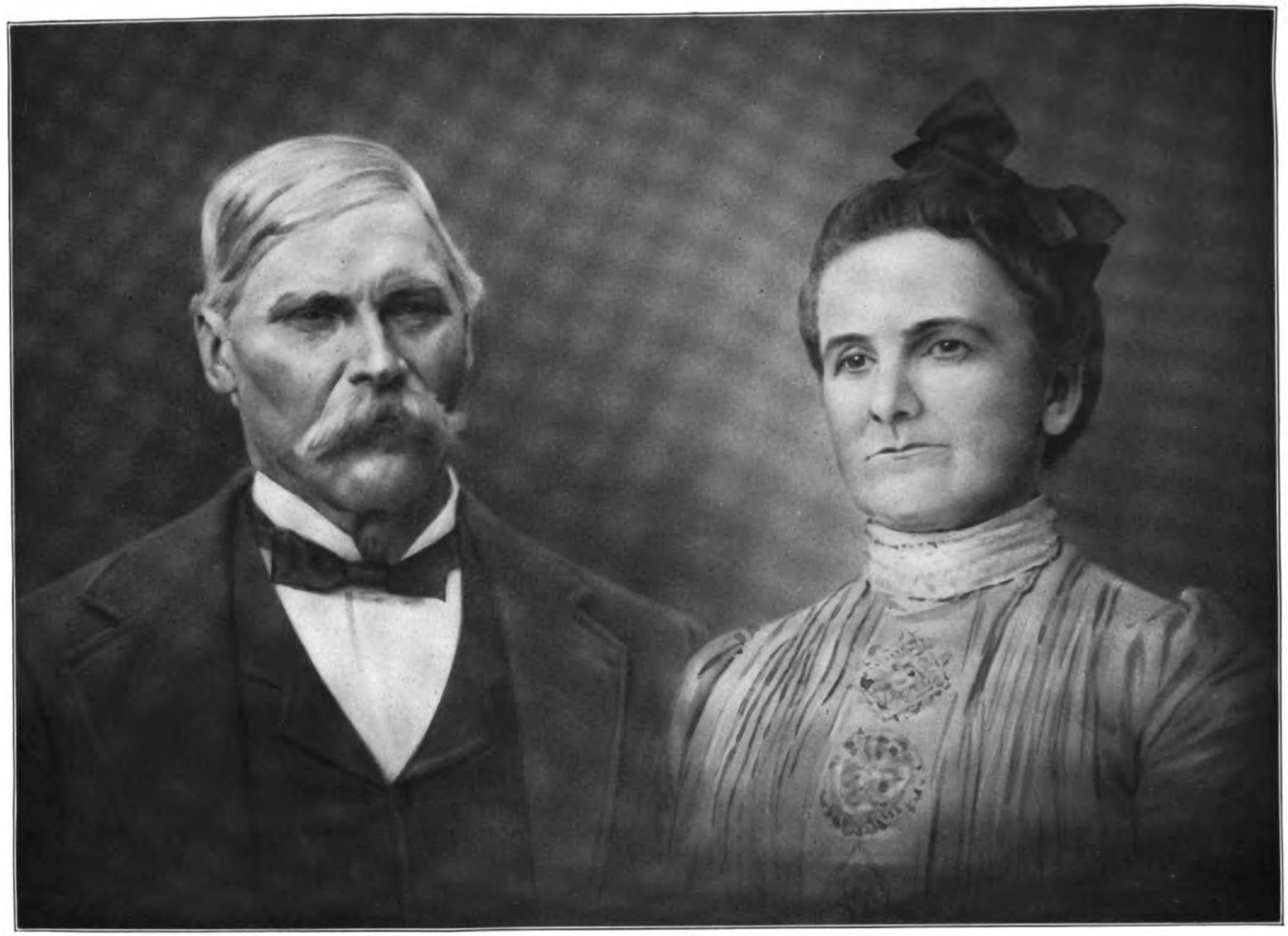

MR. AND MRS. HENRY C. LUTTRELL

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ligent and kindly man who has earned rest but is still laboring, seeking always the welfare of his county and state and promoting it by efficient attention to his own affairs.

WILLIAM FRIZZELL, who is a well known resident of Cascade Locks, was one of the pioneers of Oregon, having come to this state in 1852. He was born near Springfield, Missouri, December 7, 1840, a son of Porter and Lily (Porter) Frizzell. The paternal grandfather, Jason Frizzell, a native of Wales, came to America and settled in Missouri, being one of the pioneers of that state. The mother, Lily (Porter) Frizzell, was born near Nashville, Tennessee. In 1852 the family started across the plains for Oregon with ox teams but were beset with many difficulties, having five deaths in the family on the way. Jason Frizzell died at Meacham, in the Blue mountains. The father, Porter Frizzell, died at John Days river and one of the father's sisters and her husband and son also died on the way. The mother, Lily (Porter) Frizzell, with her six children survived. They were in a train of thirty wagons with about sixty able-bodied men in the party. They arrived at The Dalles, and, leaving their stock there, they took a boat down the Columbia river to Portland. At that time there was only a few buildings in Portland and they were forced to camp in emigrant tents. They intended to go to Salem but the Willamette river was so low that they could not proceed directly on the trip. Later the mother with her family worked their way to Salem and after one winter there went to Polk county, where they took up a donation land claim of one hundred and sixty acres. They went through many of the hardships of pioneer life and during the severe winter of 1851-2 all their stock were killed and the family was destitute. On this farm the mother died at the age of seventy-three years. In her family were six children, of whom the subject of this sketch is the oldest. The others were: Mrs. Catherine McNary and Mrs. Mira Holmes, both deceased; Joseph, who passed away in 1910; Jason, of Salem; and Lafayette, of Polk county.

William Frizzell remained with his mother on her donation land claim until he was twenty-two years of age. He then went to the mines at Boise, Idaho, where he worked at freighting for a number of years. Subsequently he located five miles south of The Dalles, on a farm of one hundred acres. After a few years he went to the Columbia river, above Cascade Locks, and erected a sawmill in partnership with his father-in-law, Mr. Cates. The mill was known as the Cates & Frizzell Mill and they operated the same for about fifteen years. Mr. Frizzell then came to Cascade Locks and has resided here ever since. He owns near here a ranch of fifty acres. He was well acquainted with many of the prominent pioneers of Oregon, among whom was Dr. McLaughlin, who was later governor of Oregon and he often visited at his home when he was mayor of Oregon City.

In 1872 Mr. Frizzell married Miss Sarah Cates, who was born in Missouri in 1851 and was brought across the plains in 1853 by her parents, John and Sarah Cates. The mother died soon after their arrival in Oregon and the father passed away in September, 1909. In the family of Mr. and Mrs. Frizzell were four children: Lilly, who is the wife of George W. Harris, of Portland; Ella, now Mrs. William Ash, of Cascade Locks; Maude the deceased wife of Orville Ross, who passed away in October, 1911; and Lottie, whose death occurred in October, 1894.

Coming to Oregon in 1852 as a youth of only twelve years Mr. Frizzell drove a team all the way across the plains and since that time—a period of almost sixty years— he has made his home in this state. During that time he has seen the country develop from its pioneer condition into the present prosperous state and he has not only been an interested witness to the changes that have here occurred but has also been a helpful and cooperant factor in the general advancement.

JOHN STEPHEN EDWARDS is president of the First National Bank of Vale and has been thus associated with the financial interests of his county for about four years. Previously, he was engaged in farming and stock-raising. At every period of his life he has been energetic and determined, wisely utilizing his time and opportunities not only for his personal benefit but also in behalf of the community in which he lived. He was born near Oskaloosa, Iowa, November 25, 1849, a son of Thomas D. and Barbara (Rinehart) Edwards, the former a native of New York and the latter probably of Illinois. The parents were married near Oskaloosa, Iowa, in 1847, and were farmers in that state until 1854, when they crossed the plains to Oregon with ox teams, the father acting as captain of the train a part of the way. One day while en route the Indians stole some of their stock but they recovered all but one ox the next day. They traveled by way of the Landers cut-off, ultimately arriving at the present site of the city of Vale on Malheur river. From that point they went up the river and southward to Harney lake, crossing thence to a point on Crooked river, from which they made their way over the Cascade mountains to the Willamette valley, settling three miles east of Springfield in Lane county. Thomas D. Edwards there secured a donation claim of three hundred and twenty acres, which he improved and on which he made his home until a few years prior to his death. His wife died on the old homestead in 1883, and he passed away in Eugene in 1894. He never cared for public office and never filled public positions save that he served for one or two terms as county commissioner. In his family were four sons and six daughters. Henry D., the eldest, born April 21, 1848, married Eliza Clearwater and lived on a farm about four miles east of Springfield for a number of years but is now residing in Eugene. In his family are a son and four daughters. John S. is the subject of this review. Martha J. married William Miller, who died leaving two

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sons and two daughters, and she later married Al Farrow, a farmer living in Paisley, Lake county, Oregon. Webly J., a farmer and stock-raiser of Mayville, Oregon, married Jane Gross and they have three sons and a daughter. Mrs. Alice E. Geiger, deceased, had one daughter. Mary is the wife of Doc McPherson. They have two daughters and reside on her father's farm east of Springfield in Lane county. Sarah is the wife of Robert Drinkwater, by whom she has three sons and two daughters and they reside on a farm near the city of Harney in Harney county, Oregon. Thomas E., a retired farmer living in Eugene, married Jane Griffiths and they have two daughters and three sons. Leona is the wife of Price Withers, a farmer and stock-raiser living near Harney, Oregon, and they have three sons and two daughters. Emma is the wife of James Dyer, a farmer and stockman residing near Mayville in Gilliam county, and they have six children.

John S. Edwards attended the public schools in Lane county, near the old home place, and first engaged in business on his own account when in 1871 he went to Baker county, now Malheur county, where he engaged in stock-raising. He took up an eighty-acre tract on Willow creek and there made a specialty of breeding and dealing in horses, until about four years ago, when he sold out and removed to Vale, the county seat of Malheur county. Since that time he has engaged in banking and is now president of the First National Bank.

On the 27th of July, 1876, John Stephen Edwards married Sarah F. Smith, a daughter of George W. Smith, who was a farmer and lived near Island City in Union county, Oregon. Both Mr. and Mrs. George W. Smith are deceased. Their family numbered four sons and five daughters, including Mrs. Edwards, who passed away November 2, 1908. To Mr. and Mrs. Edwards were born four sons and five daughters. Thomas, born January 26, 1878, died April 19, 1879. Nora, born October 24, 1880, died September 24, 1899. Pearl E., born January 3, 1882, taught school for several years but is now living at home. Harry C., born January 26, 1884, married Merle Bogart. He resides with his son at Ironside, Oregon, where he follows farming. Alma R., born April 16, 1886, is the wife of E. A. Boyd, an electrician who has charge of the electric light plant at Vale. Phil, born November 26, 1888, is a farmer living in Cow valley, Malheur county. Irma, born August 30, 1891, is a student in Link's Business College at Boise, Idaho. Clarice, born October 29, 1894, is attending St. Margaret's Academy at Boise. Willard R., born June 25, 1897, attends public school in Vale. After losing his first wife John S. Edwards married Mrs. Cora Adeline Kirwin, who was first married November 29, 1896, to William Kirwin at Klamathon, California, and had one son, by Mr. Kirwin, born January 11, 1898, and a student in the public schools of Vale. Mrs. Kirwin Edwards bore the maiden name of Cora Adeline Freeman and was born in July, 1873. Her father was Clifford Dwight Freeman, a farmer of Siskiyou county, California, and to him were born two sons and five daughters, all living, of whom Mrs. Edwards is the first born. The second member of the family is Paul G. Freeman, who was born February 22, 1875, and conducts the leading general mercantile store in Vale. He married Maud Clancey of Vale in January, 1905, and they have two children: Clancey Gerald, born in August, 1908; and Herald, born in January, 1910. The third member of the family, a son, born in August, 1877, lives at the home place in Siskiyou county, California. Grace E., born in January, 1879, was married in 1900 to James Dickey, a railroad engineer who died in 1906. His widow, who is a normal school graduate, is a teacher in Dunsmuir, California. Mabel E., born in 1881, was married in December, 1910, to Charles E. Bayles, a building contractor of Vale, and they have a son, Charles Clifford, born in November, 1911. Nora M., born in 1885, was married in 1905 to Lewis White and they reside near the old home place in Siskiyou county, California, with their son, Byron Freeman, born in July, 1912. Mary A., born in November, 1891, is a graduate of the San Jose State Normal School and is a teacher in the public schools of Siskiyou county, California.

Cora Adeline Freeman was born in July, 1873, and was married at Vale, Oregon, on the 7th of February, 1910, to John S. Edwards. She is engaged in the millinery business, conducting the leading millinery house in Vale. She is a charter member of the Eastern Star chapter here and is well known in this city, where both Mr. and Mrs. Edwards have an extensive circle of warm friends. They are not only prominent factors in the business circles of the city but also in its social life.

JAMES HENRY PAUL was seventeen years old when he left his native country of Scotland and journeyed to America, settling in Canada. One year later he made his way to Oregon, finally locating in the eastern part of the state. He was young and very poor. His assets were his energy, his native thrift, his industry and ability and they have brought him today their natural reward. He is one of the prominent and wealthy ranchers of Harney county, an important sheep breeder and wool grower, and has attained splendid prosperity. He has lived in Oregon since 1890 and is numbered among the representative, substantial and valued citizens of the state. Mr. Paul was born in Kincardineshire, Scotland, October 20, 1872, and is a son of William and Jessie (McPhail) Paul, natives of that county. His father was a blacksmith and farmer and remained in Scotland until his death, which occurred in 1907. His wife died two weeks later.

James H. Paul received his education in the common schools of Aberdeen, whither his parents had removed when he was still a child. He continued his studies until he reached the age of fifteen and then assisted his father in blacksmithing and farming until 1889. When he was seventeen years of age he crossed the Atlantic, landing at

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Quebec. He remained in Canada for one year, working as a farm hand, and then came to the western part of America, settling in Portland, Oregon, where he secured employment on the Hazel Fern Farm, owned by W. S. Ladd. Here he remained for a year and then came to the eastern part of the state, locating in Malheur county, where for two years he worked as a sheep herder. His natural thrift and native canniness soon brought him success, his prosperity being founded upon his industry and strict attention to the interests of his employer. During the period of his service he never missed a day's labor and although his wages were but forty dollars per month he saved in two years eight hundred dollars. When he resigned his position with Mr. Ladd he entered the employ of Guthrie & Gibson, sheep ranchers, trailing herds from Harney county to Sidney, Nebraska. For two years he continued this occupation, saving his money and working industriously. When he returned to Oregon in 1895 he had accumulated a sufficient sum to purchase his present ranch in Happy valley, near the Stein mountains. He bought one hundred and sixty acres, homesteaded an adjoining one hundred and sixty and now has his property in a high state of development and improvement. He has planted grain, alfalfa, hay and also garden truck. A portion of his land he has under cultivation as orchard, all of his trees bearing splendid fruit. At the time he purchased his ranch he bought also his first band of sheep, consisting of twenty-four hundred head. He met with rapid success in this line of occupation and has continued to prosper through the years. He now runs eight thousand head of sheep and his wool crop is heavier every year, as he specializes in the breeding of pure-blooded Delanos. Besides his sheep he has one hundred and fifty head of horses and fifty head of high-grade cattle. His property is well improved and both his tracts of one hundred and sixty acres are equipped with fine barns and outbuildings. There is a residence upon each ranch, modern corrals for his stock, and fine drainage, irrigation being made easy as a creek runs through his property. He has recently added to his original holdings and now possesses six hundred acres of deeded land. He is one of the wealthy and prominent ranchers of eastern Oregon, devoting his entire attention to his enterprise, in which he has been highly successful.

On December 25, 1909, Mr. Paul was united in marriage to Miss Adala Horstman, a native of Germany, who was educated in Virginia. She is a daughter of August Horstman, who is a prominent rancher in Harney county. Mr. and Mrs. Paul have one daughter, Dorothea Margaret.

In his political affiliations Mr. Paul is a consistent republican and has been justice of the peace and clerk of the school board. He is now serving as deputy state inspector of sheep, in the employ of the United States agricultural department. He never seeks to evade his public obligations and is actively and usefully interested in the growth and upbuilding of his section of the state. He is a member of Burns Lodge, No. 97, F. & A. M., and is well known in the affairs of that organization. He is a fine example of a man who makes wise use of the opportunities which the new western country offers to one who works with energy, ambition and determination. Coming to Oregon as a youth of seventeen, without money or friends, he has by persistent effort, close application and his native Scotch shrewdness accumulated a handsome fortune and has made his activities effective in many directions, being today numbered among the representative, successful and valued citizens of Harney county.

WILSON E. BROCK, who is a member of the Taylor Hardware Company of Pendleton, was born in Gaston, September 21, 1868, his parents being George and Eunice (Davis) Brock. They were early pioneers of Oregon and in their family were three children, the subject of this sketch being the youngest. The others are: James W., of Gaston; and Florence D., who is Mrs. H. D. Bryant, of Gaston.

Wilson E. Brock received his early education in the public schools of Gaston and at the age of fifteen he entered the Pacific University and later Tualitin Academy at Forest Grove, being a student there for two years. At the age of seventeen he took up the drug business and was a clerk for two years in a drug store at Forest Grove. Subsequently he spent one year as a clerk in a simliar store and then started in the drug business at Hillsboro under the firm name of Brock & Selz. This partnership continued until 1898, although in 1896 Mr. Brock had opened a drug business at Heppner, under the firm-name of Couser & Brock, continuing in the latter connection until 1899. At that date he came to Pendleton, where he established a drug store under the firm name of Brock & McComas. In 1905 he retired from the drug business and opened his present hardware store in partnership with F. C. Taylor, under the firm name of the Taylor Hardware Company. This firm now has one of the leading hardware setablishments in Pendleton and carries on an extensive and remunerative business.

In October, 1893, Mr. Brock was married to Miss Mary E. Rhea, of Heppner, and a daughter of Mr. and Mrs. C. A. Rhea. To Mr. and Mrs. Brock has been born a son, Harold R. In politics Mr. Brock is a republican and he has served as a member of the city council for the past two years. He has ever been greatly interested in school work and has been a member of the school board for two years. Fraternally he is affiliated with Pendleton Lodge, No. 52, F. & A. M.; with Pendleton Chapter, No. 23, R. A. M.; and with Post Commandery, No. 71, K. T. He also belongs to Al Kader Temple, A. A. O. N. M. S., at Portland and is likewise identified with the Benevolent Protective Order of Elks and with the Independent Order of Odd Fellows. Mr. Brock has passed his entire time

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in Oregon and as a native resident has been greatly interested in the general advancement of the communities with which he has been connected. He has been very successful in both the drug business and the general hardware business and is a well liked and prosperous merchant.

WILLIAM THOMAS WRIGHT, known to the pioneers of eastern Oregon as Tom Wright, has lived in Union continuously since 1865 and with the passing years his activity and his usefulness have increased, placing him among the most prominent and valued residents of this part of the state. He has at different times been connected with merchandise and milling, and since 1883 has been continuously connected with the First National Bank as cashier and president.

Mr. Wright was born in Mount Carmel, Illinois, July 28, 1845, a son of George and Naomi (Ulm) Wright, the former a native of Scarborough, Yorkshire, England, and the latter of Ohio. The paternal grandfather, Thomas Wright, always remained a resident of England and there passed away when his son George was twelve years of age. In the maternal line W. T. Wright comes of German ancestry. His great-grandfather was born in Hesse-Darmstadt, Germany, and came to America with the Hessian soldiers who were hired by King George III to do battle with the colonists in the Revolutionary war. Learning much of conditions which here existed he deserted the English army and joined the American forces, allying his interests forever afterward with the people of the new world. The war over he settled in Pennsylvania, where he remained until his death. His son, Edward Ulm, the grandfather of W. T. Wright, removed from Pennsylvania to Ohio and later to Illinois, taking up his abode near Mount Carmel. He there engaged in farming and also devoted part of his time to preaching the gospel.

George Wright early became interested in maritime affairs. His father was a shipbuilder, and when a young man the son went to sea, spending a number of years on the ocean, but in the meantime he established his home on this side of the Atlantic, and when he left the sea it was to engage in sailing on the Great Lakes. Three times he suffered shipwreck, once off the coast of Newfoundland, again in the Bay of Biscay and for the third time when sailing on the lakes. In 1841 he wedded Naomi Ulm and took up his abode near Mount Carmel, Illinois, at which time he engaged in farming, there remaining until the 1st of May, 1852, when he started for the Pacific coast. The journey was made by wagon across the plains, and although the trip consumed six months the party had no serious trouble beyond the usual hardships and privations of such a journey. Mr. Wright and his family arrived at Portland, Oregon, on the 1st of November, 1852, finding there a little city containing only about one thousand inhabitants. For several years he was engaged in business there but in 1861 went to Idaho, where he spent a large part of the time in the mines until the fall of 1864 when he located permanently in Union, Oregon. Here he was joined by his son William in 1865 and later by other members of the family who came from Portland. There were three sons of whom John T. died in 1905, while Josiah, born in Portland, is still living in Union. The father continued to make that place his home until his death, which occurred May 11, 1893. He had long survived his wife who died in Union in 1875.

William T. Wright was a little lad of about seven years when his parents crossed the plains, in fact, the anniversary of his birth occurred during the journey. His education was acquired in the schools of Portland and in 1865 he was graduated from the old Portland Academy. Immediately afterward he joined his father in Union and with him continued in merchandising and milling, the business being carried on until 1882. He was then elected county clerk and served for two years. In 1883 he organized the National Bank of Union, of which he became cashier, continuing in that position until the death of his father, who from 1884 to 1893 had been president, to which office the son succeeded. He has since remained at the head of this institution, carrying the bank successfully through the great financial panic of 1893 without asking assistance and without the loss of a dollar to a single individual. From the beginning the bank has enjoyed a prosperous career and shows a splendid annual report. A general banking business is conducted and the institution now has many depositors and patrons.

So complex and important have been the business interests of Mr. Wright that he has had little time for public office even had he had ambitions in that direction. However, he has never neglected his duties of citizenship, and when he felt it incumbent to serve the public in an official capacity he has done so without hesitancy. On one occasion he was mayor of the city to which he gave a practical, businesslike and progressive administration. He has also done effective service on the school board, and the cause of education has ever found in him a warm friend. A life-long republican, Mr. Wright cast his first vote for General U. S. Grant for president and has always been active in the party councils in Oregon. He served continuously for over a quarter of a century as a delegate to the state conventions and twice was secretary of the convention. Many of his fellow citizens, recognizing his ability and patriotism, urged him in 1906 to become a candidate for congress, but he steadily refused, preferring that his public service be done as a private citizen and not as an official. He gives his aid and cooperation to every movement which he deems of value to the community, and his support of any measure is an influencing factor in winning for it further support from his fellow townsmen.

On the 10th of February, 1870, Mr. Wright was married to Miss Bell Mallory of Greenwood, Steuben county, New York. She is a daughter of Augustus Mallory, a brother of Rufus Mallory, a former member of congress

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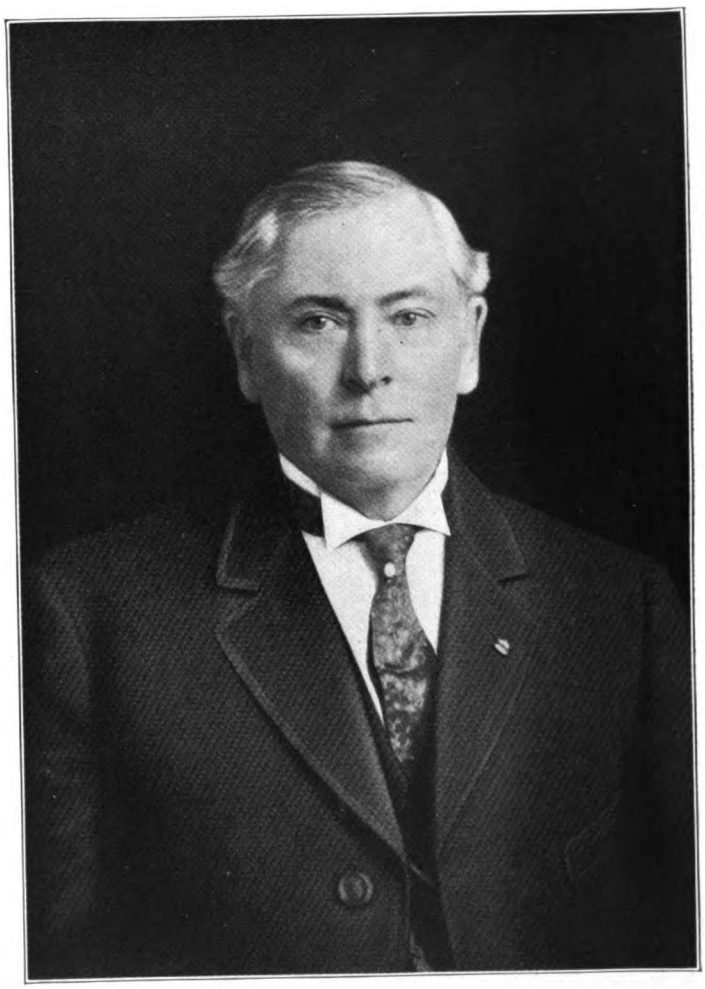

W. T. WRIGHT

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and one of Oregon's leading citizens now practicing law as a member of the firm of Dolph, Mallory, Gearin & Simon of Portland. Unto Mr. and Mrs. Wright have been born eleven children. Annie passed away at the age of nine years. William T., Jr., who was educated in Union, became cashier of the First National Bank when seventeen years of age, being the youngest bank cashier in the United States. He afterward spent a year in Denver and in Salina, Kansas, and upon his return received the appointment of state bank examiner from Governor Benson. When the new law of 1911 was passed he was made state superintendent of banks, having been the author of the law which has now a most beneficial influence on the banking system of Oregon. Frances Wright, a graduate of Mills College of Oakland, California, is now the wife of S. D. Townley, a professor of the Stanford University of California. George, the third of the family, died when but three months old. Edith married W. T. Phy and has four children. Ina, now Mrs. Herbst, is a graduate of the Ann Arbor (Michigan) College of Music and other musical schools of this country. She went abroad for further study in Germany, and for three years was a pupil of Herr Mueller Kahnberg. For three years she was the leading soprano of the Coburg-Gotha Grand Opera Company, but is now devoting her time to concert work and teaching. She lives at Weimer, Germany, and has two children. Rufus Wright, the next in the family, was educated in the schools of Union and in the Oregon University and is now engaged in the hardware business in his native town. Elmer, who supplemented his public-school course by study in Whitman College, the University of Oregon and the University of California, is a mining engineer and metalurgist located in Portland. Charles W., after attending the schools of Union, entered the First National Bank, of which he is now cashier. Irwin D. is assistant cashier of that institution. Lucille, the youngest, died when but two years of age.

While Mr. Wright has made for himself a prominent position in business circles, this by no means embraces the extent of his activities. He is recognized as one of the leading Masons of the state, having affiliated with the craft since 1872. He passed through all the chairs of the local lodge and became a member of the Grand Lodge of the state in 1875. He then filled all the offices of that organization, serving as grand master of Oregon in 1893-4. He was also grand high priest of the grand chapter in 1899-1900, and was grand commander of the Grand Commandry of Knights Templar in 1901-2. He was also one of the first members of the Al Kader Temple of the Mystic Shrine of Portland, its membership being fifty-nine while it now has eighteen hundred members. In Union, not to know W. T. Wright is to argue one's self unknown, and throughout the state he has a very wide acquaintance because of his business and fraternal activities. He was president of the Oregon State Pioneer Association in 1905; served as alternate commissioner to the Columbian Exposition at Chicago in 1893, and as Oregon State Commissioner at the Alaska Yukon Exposition at Seattle in 1909. He was also a member of the committee appointed to present the silver service to the battleship Oregon. Anyone meeting Mr. Wright face to face would know at once that he is an individual embodying all the elements of what this country would term "A square man"—one in whom to have confidence, a dependable man in any relation and any emergency. His quietude in deportment, his easy dignity, his frankness and cordiality of address with a total absence of anything sinister or anything to conceal, foretoken a man who is ready to meet any obligation of life with the confidence and courage that come of conscious personal ability, right conception of things and an habitual regard for what is best in the exercise of human activities. Someone has said that the quotation might well be applied to him "And long he bore without abuse the grand old name of gentleman."

A. M. ELAM has been a resident citizen of Oregon for nearly fifty years. During all this time he has been actively identified with the agricultural, political and business development of the state. He is one of the ex-mayors of Milton and was one of the incorporators of the bank in Milton, which institution upon its reorganization, became the First National Bank. He is a native of Tennessee, his birth having occurred in McNary county, that state, June 4, 1840. He is a son of Andrew and Miss (Laughlin) Elam, both of whom were natives of Virginia, in which state they were married. Some time after their marriage Andrew Elam moved with his family to Tennessee where he engaged in farming and where he remained during the rest of his life. He died in that state in 1869, which was many years after the demise of his wife. A. M. Elam had the misfortune of losing his mother early in life, at a period when he was too young to retain any memory of her parental love and care. He was reared in his father's home to the interests of which he gave his entire time during the early years of his boyhood. Educational advantages were very meager at that time and his knowledge of business methods and other intellectual acquirements are the result of individual application and constant study. He remained under the parental roof until he was nineteen years of age and in 1859 started in the battle of life for himself. His first venture on leaving home led him to seek his fortune in western Texas, locating on the Brazos river in that state, where he engaged in stock-raising and continued until the spring of 1862. At that time the Civil war was in progress and the call for men reaching every quarter of the country found Mr. Elam on his far-off Texas ranch ready to drop his business affairs and answer the call of his country. He enlisted in 1862, in the Tenth Texas Volunteer Infantry and remained with that command during the following three years and three months. In the spring of 1865 he obtained a furlough for one month and returned to his home on the

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Brazos river in Texas. During the period of his absence from his company he was overtaken by an unexpected attack of sickness and upon application received an extension of his furlough until such a time as his recovery might make his return possible and safe. Eventually he became well and started at once to rejoin his regiment at the front. He had not, however, completed his journey before meeting with his regiment on their return home. Peace had been declared; the war was over; and the men were on their way to their homes to take up again the burden of life where it had been laid down in the interest of a cause so near to their hearts. Mr. Elam returned to his Texas home and began anew in the struggle of life. Here he remained for two years, and in 1867 came to Oregon, crossing the plains with a mule team. This long and difficult journey, full of hardships, required six months to complete. On reaching Oregon he made his first settlement in Umatilla county and in the fall of 1868 removed to Portland in that state and there engaged at once in the livery business and continued to give his attention to that line of work for the succeeding eight years. In 1876 he returned to eastern Oregon and located on a ranch in Umatilla county, seven miles southeast of Milton. Here he made a specialty of raising horses and remained in this occupation for three years. In the spring of 1880 he left his ranch and established his residence in Milton, Oregon. He continued, however, to maintain his stock interests on the ranch from which he had removed and in addition entered into a partnership with Nathan Pierce and John C. Long, and these men built the Peacock Mills of Milton.

Mr. Elam for the following fourteen years was prominently identified with the milling business. In addition to his farm interests and his connection with the Peacock Mills he also became one of the incorporators of the Bank of Milton, a financial institution which has become one of the best known and most successful banks in eastern Oregon. For many years he has been a member of the board of directors of this bank. He is one of the largest land owners in Umatilla county, having in his possession five hundred acres of excellent farm land located near Milton.

A. M. Elam was married on November 8, 1865, to Miss Martha Frazier, daughter of William and Rachel (Williams) Frazier. She is a native of Hardin county, Tennessee. Her parents, however, removed to Texas in the early '50s. To Mr. and Mrs. Elam five children have been born, two of whom are living: Varnie, the wife of J. H. Piper, of Milton, Oregon; and Bertha, who lives at home. Mr. Elam from early manhood was a stanch and loyal democrat. In recent years, however, he has been identified with the cause of prohibition and has for many years been one of the recognized leaders of that party in eastern Oregon. At one time he was the candidate of that party for the state legislature and failed of election by a narrow margin. His strong personality and his reputation throughout the county as a citizen of unquestioned integrity and loyalty to the interests of the people almost overcame the large majorities of the old line dominant parties of Oregon. He is a member of the Milton Commercial Club, also a member of Milton Lodge, No. 96, A. F. & A. M. Mr. Elam and his daughter Bertha are members of the Order of the Eastern Star and for many years he and his family have been members of the Christian church of Milton. He has served for a number of years as one of the trustees of that communion.

A. M. Elam is in every respect one of the representative and valued citizens of Umatilla county. He has the distinction of having been elected the first mayor of Milton. In that office he successfully guarded the interests of the public in such a way as to lay permanently the foundations for the civic life of a new western city which has come to be one of the important business centers of eastern Oregon. For the past ten years he has been living a retired life and is fully entitled to this well earned rest and also to the gratitude of his fellow citizens among whom he has lived a life of exemplary usefulness for so many years.

RANSOM BEERS. In the spring of 1853 a young man, twenty-two years old, left Mount Pleasant, Iowa, and journeyed westward to the Pacific coast. He drove ox teams, working for his passage, traveling through the wildernesses, hampered by difficulties, but constantly hopeful and finally safely reached the mining camps of Hangtown, now Placerville, California. He pushed northward to Oregon in 1864, a fine type of a western pioneer. For forty-eight years he has lived on Willow creek in the Mormon basin, mining, merchandising, farming and stock-raising, spending an active, useful and upright life among his friends. He has imbibed the spirit of the west, the energy, the ruggedness and the honesty. He has been prominent in politics, active in fraternal circles and widely known in representative business enterprises. He has seen the section in which he lives grow and develop, has aided in the progress and been active in promoting it until now when he is eighty-one years old there is no more valued, honored and widely beloved citizen in his section.

Ransom Beers was born near Columbus, Ohio, on March 27, 1831, and is a son of Conrad and Jemima (Zin) Beers the former a native of Pennsylvania of German stock and the latter of Ohio of Welsh descent. Mr. Beers is a representative of a very old American family. It was founded in the United States by his paternal grandfather who came from Germany with his wife in colonial times. He served as a soldier in the Continental army in the Revolutionary war. He was among the earliest Ohio pioneers, moving to that state in 1802 and settling in what is now called North Columbus. Here he built a flour and sawmill and operated this successfully for a number of years. He erected a fine residence in Columbus on the hill just above his mill and moved into it in 1805. The house is still in existence and is owned

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by the nephew of the subject of this review, James Spencer. The grandfather died on the 17th of May, 1851, having reached the remarkable age of one hundred and two years. He had long survived his wife and both are buried in the Union cemetery of North Columbus, Ohio.

Conrad Beers, the father of our subject, was the second of the name in America. He served in the War of 1812. He and his wife had seven children. The oldest was Moses Beers, who married in Columbus, Ohio, Miss Jane Long. He and his wife have passed away.

Reuben Beers moved when he was a young man to Iowa, where he married. He and his wife are also dead. The third son, Elijah Beers, also established his residence in Iowa and was there married to Miss Mary Ann Long. They had seven children. Their eldest son, E. T. Beers, served for several years during the Civil war and has been for a long time commander of the Joe Hooker Post, G. A. R., of Baker, Oregon, where he is engaged in the contracting and building business. A brother of E. T. Beers, Frank Beers, is married and has several children. He lives in Nebraska where he is engaged in the hardware business. E. T. Beers, has three sons and three daughters, of whom Charles is the eldest son; Harry makes his home in Baker, Oregon; William is a newspaper man in Utah; two daughters live in Caldwell, Idaho; and there is another daughter. The fourth son born to Mr. and Mrs. Conrad Beers was Ransom, the subject of this sketch. Catherine married Alfred Spencer, who has passed away. She now lives in Columbus, Ohio, which has been her home since her birth. She has seven children, all of whom are still living. Elizabeth married Mr. Lyndes and lives near Cleveland, Ohio. They had five children, four of whom are now living. The youngest of these, Lola Follie, is a widow with one son. She lives with the subject of this sketch, near Malheur, Oregon. Her three sisters live in Columbus, Ohio. Amanda was the youngest child born to Mr. and Mrs. Conrad Beers. She married Aaron Keller, by whom she had three daughters. She and her husband have both passed away.

Ransom Beers was educated in the public schools of Clinton township, Franklin county, Ohio. He grew up upon a farm and until 1852 assisted in the duties connected with its operation. In that year he started for the west, going first to Mount Pleasant, Iowa, where he spent one year with his brothers, Reuben and Elijah, the former a lawyer and district attorney and the latter a general farmer. Here Ransom Beers worked upon his uncle's farm for one winter and then following the latter's advice journeyed to California. He worked his passage across the plains, driving a four yoke team of oxen. The party of which he was a member left Mount Pleasant in the spring of 1853 and arrived in Hangtown, California, on the 7th of September, 1853, among the early pioneers. There he joined an uncle who was interested in several mining claims in the vicinity and who gave his nephew a position in one of his mines. Ransom Beers arrived in California on Saturday and on the following Monday was hard at work in the mines in the vicinity of Hangtown. For eleven years he followed this occupation becoming eventually very successful. In the spring of 1864 he started for the Boise basin mines but upon reaching Umatilla Landing on the Columbia river in March of the same year he met so many people returning unsuccessful from this vicinity that he abandoned his project. At Umatilla Landing he met L. W. Getchell, who had several mining claims in Mormon Basin, Baker county, Oregon, of which he gave glowing accounts. Mr. Beers accompanied his friend to Durkee, Oregon, but which was then called Express Ranch. The journey was made in the saddle train belonging to Bob Stanfield for whom the town of Stanfield on the Oregon-Washington Railroad & Navigation Company's line was named. They paid for their passage twenty-four dollars and had then the privilege of riding a cayuse horse worth about fifteen dollars from Umatilla Landing to Express Ranch. Here Mr. Getchell purchased a horse of his own. When the partners reached the Mormon basin Mr. Beers at once recognized that the mines were rich and the camp convenient although there was very little water. The country was rich in gold dust and the mining was all placer mining. Our subject was immediately offered a position to work at four dollars a day or to receive regular wages of five dollars. He chose the four dollars a day and had soon afterward advanced to five and later received six dollars a day, working for the Colt brothers. He, however, spent only a short time as an employe for as soon as he was able to buy suitable claims he did so. His first purchase was located on Glengarry Flat and the claim was acquired by Mr. Beers for three thousand dollars. He employed two old-time California miners and in twenty-one days and a half they had taken from the land enough gold to pay for the purchase money and all the wages due for the entire time.

This was Mr. Beers' first venture in independent mining and it was very successful. Since that time he has spent forty-eight years in the Mormon basin engaged in various representative enterprises. He has mined, has operated a general merchandise store and is now one of the prominent farmers and stockraisers on Willow creek. He owns two hundred and forty acres of highly improved land planted in hay. The property is worth at the present time one hundred dollars per acre and its price is rapidly advancing. Mr. Beers runs yearly about four hundred head of cattle and counts upon selling for beef from eighty to one hundred head. He has tried two or three different breeds but in the course of years has found that Herefords give the best satisfaction as a beef producer, fattening easily and being among the best rustlers on the ranch.

Our subject has been prominent in democratic politics all during the period of his residence in Oregon. He has always remained with his party and for many years served as delegate to the state and other conventions.

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He was elected in June, 1867, to the Oregon legislature and served one term with ability and efficiency. During his service the question of making a land grant to Ben Holliday for railroad purposes came up and was passed in Mr. Holliday's favor. Mr. Beers was also called upon to vote upon the question as to what company was to have a land grant from The Dalles to the Boise Military road. The resolution was passed upon by the legislature but the companies had previously settled the question themselves.

In fraternal circles Mr. Beers is also widely and favorably known. He is the only living charter member of Baker Lodge No. 25, Independent Order of Odd Fellows and has served in that organization up to and in the chair. He has now a badge from the Grand Lodge of Odd Fellows which was presented to him after twenty-five years continuous service in the chair.

The most forceful years of Mr. Beers' life have been passed in Mormon basin and on his Willow creek farm. During this time he has won success for himself and has aided thousands of less fortunate fellow citizens, "staking" men in the mines and on the railroads, spending in this charitable way thousands of dollars. He is now in the eighty-first year of his age, still active, energetic and intelligently public-spirited, loyal to the state where he has lived so many years and ready to cooperate in the promotion of its growth. He has gained wealth, honestly earned by earnest labor, and can look forward without fear to the time when he shall lay down his burdens and pass over the great divide.

J. T. KING, who passed away on May 5, 1912, was the owner of one hundred and thirty-five acres of well cultivated land six miles east of Salem. He was born in St. Francis county, Arkansas, on the 13th of September, 1836. His parents were William and Mary (Marshall) King, both of whom were natives of North Carolina, where the father was born in 1796. William King followed agricultural pursuits throughout the greater part of his active career. He served in the War of 1812 under General Jackson and took part in the battle of New Orleans in 1815. After his enlistment as a volunteer in Montgomery county, Tennessee, he served continuously until the close of the war. After he was mustered out he settled in Arkansas, and in that state spent the remainder of his life. His death occurred in 1850 and his wife had passed away five years previous. To them five children were born: J. W., whose death occurred in Grant county, Oregon; F. J., deceased, who was a resident of Washington; George W., deceased, who passed away in the house where his twin brother, J. T., lived until his demise; J. T., deceased, the subject of this sketch; and Mary Jane, deceased, who was the wife of L. M. Barnett of Portland.

J. T. King received his education in Arkansas, but after his father's death when he was but fourteen years of age, he removed to the home of his elder brother and resided there until he reached maturity. During this time he gave his whole attention and energy to assisting his brother in his daily duties on the farm, and there gained his first experience in agricultural pursuits. At the age of eighteen years he accepted employment on the Mississippi river and was engaged in rafting until the winter of 1858 when he went down to New Orleans and there met a steamer which had just arrived from California. Meeting several of the crew and passengers and entering into conversation with them, he was finally induced to return with them to California and seek his fortune in the mining districts of that state. He started west on the 9th of April, 1859, and on the 13th of September, reached Honey Lake Valley, California. Almost immediately he continued his trip to Humboldt county and spent the winter in that region. In the spring of the following year he went to the gold mines in Siskiyou county and for three years remained there before coming to Canyon City, Oregon. Although his mining operations in California had not been very successful he was again lured to the gold fields, this time setting out for the Canyon creek mines where he hoped fortune would be kinder to him. Again he was rather disappointed, and in 1865 he came to Marion county and purchased one hundred and thirty-five acres of land six miles east of Salem where he resided until his death. This property is situated on the south end of Howell Prairie, and is now one of the best improved and most conveniently equipped farms in that section. For forty-five years he kept this property intact, and during that time gave his whole time and attention to its cultivation and improvement. Its neat appearance and highly developed state today are due to his industry and perseverance and speak admirably for his industrial ability.

Mr. King was married, in 1868, to Miss Amanda Sappingfield, whose birth occurred in Oregon and who is a daughter of John and Mary (Hagy) Sappingfield, who came to this county in 1847 and took up a donation land claim. To Mr. and Mrs. King eleven children were born, namely: Arthur, who has a highly productive fruit farm in Grant county, Oregon; Minnie, who is married to F. J. Humphry, of Marion county; Emma, residing at home; John J., engaged in mining operations in Butte, Montana; Charles W., a merchant of Wheeler county, Oregon; Albert, who is engaged in the mercantile business at Mitchell, Oregon; Jay I., a resident of Butte, Montana; Harley G., who has charge of the home farm; Flora, who is the wife of J. H. McCort of Albany, Oregon; Chester, who died at the age of six years; and Mary Augusta, whose death occurred in infancy.

In politics Mr. King gave his support to the democratic party, and although he was an enthusiastic advocate of the principles and policies of democracy he has never sought or desired the honors or emoluments of office. He was a regular attendant of the Christian church of Salem, of which his widow is now a member. Mr. King's success in life was due to his own efforts and may serve as a good

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MR. AND MRS. J. T. KING

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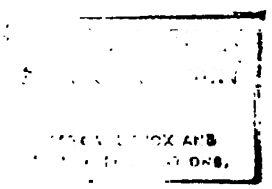

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example of what can be accomplished where industry, labor intelligently directed and perseverance are exerted in this rich agricultural county. His death, which took place on May 5, 1912, thrust not only his family into the deepest mourning but was greatly regretted by his many friends and in him Marion county lost one of its worthy pioneers and a citizen of sterling qualities.

DR. MARION F. SHAW, who stands as one of the prominent representatives of the medical profession in Hood River, was born in Noble county, Indiana, on August 26, 1859, his parents being Thomas and Susan (Stump) Shaw, both of whom were natives of New York state. Their marriage occurred in Ohio where they had removed with their parents at an early date. Soon after their marriage they removed to Indiana, locating in Noble county, where they spent the remainder of their lives, the father's death occurring in 1902 when he was sixty-nine years of age, the mother having passed away when she was twenty-seven years of age. After her death the father was again married, his second union being to Miss Rachael Grissamer, a native of Noble county, who died in 1880. Thomas Shaw was a member of the Baptist church and Mrs. Shaw was affiliated with the Dunkard faith. In politics he was a republican but never sought office as a reward for party fealty.

In the public schools near his home Dr. Shaw pursued his early education after which he entered the Fort Wayne College and took a three years' course, graduating in the class of 1875 with the degree of B. A. Subsequently he taught school for three years, this occupation offering the best chance for earning money. After having acquired sufficient capital to warrant his making the start, he entered the medical college. In 1879 he took up the reading of medicine under Dr. E. W. Knepper of Ligonier, Indiana, under whose preceptorship he remained three years, thus when he entered Bellevue Hospital Medical College in 1882 he had a good working basis upon which to start. He was graduated from that institution in the class of 1884, following which he located in Angola, Indiana, where he practiced until 1891 in which year he came to Oregon. After arriving in this state he settled first in Enterprise but after remaining there for three years came to Hood River where, with the exception of one year spent in Ashland, Oregon, he has since been in active practice. He keeps in touch with the onward march of the profession through his membership in the Eastern Oregon District Medical Society, the Oregon State Medical Society and the American Medical Society. He is at present enjoying one of the largest and most successful practices in Hood River.

In 1886 Dr. Shaw was married to Miss Lizzie L. Wood, a daughter of Dr. Alphonso Wood of Angola, Indiana. Mrs. Shaw's death occurred on the 9th of February, 1910. Dr. Shaw has been county health officer since 1908 and is at present serving as a member of the city council. He holds membership in The Dalles Lodge, No. 303, B. P. O. E., the Hood River Commercial Club and the University Club of Hood River whose membership number is about one hundred and thirty. Since residing in Oregon he has become interested in the agricultural possibilities of Hood River and at the present time owns an orchard of twelve acres which is situated two miles south of town. His attention is principally given to his professional duties which are onerous and important, and his ability and close adherence to a high standard of professional ethics have gained for him the unqualified regard of all.

JOHN SHAW is the president of the North Powder Milling & Mercantile Company, manager of the Farmers Union Warehouse and owns a fine body of thirteen hundred acres of land, six hundred and forty-one acres being under irrigation. He is engaged in raising thoroughbred Percheron horses and Durham cattle on his farm, upon which he resided until 1911, when he removed to North Powder and is now devoting his time to looking after his varied interests. He was born in Glasgow, Scotland, March 6, 1858, the son of William and Hannah (Frew) Shaw, both natives of that country. The parents emigrated to the new world in 1870, leaving Glasgow on June 18. They came immediately following their arrival in this country to the Grande Ronde valley, where the father had two brothers, Robert and Thomas Shaw, and took up a homestead on the La Grande road, six and one-half miles northwest of North Powder. He resided upon that farm for many years but spent his last days in Baker City, dying in 1898, at the age of sixty-eight years. In his family were four sons and two daughters, John Shaw, the subject of this review, being the eldest.

John Shaw passed his boyhood in Glasgow and in the Grande Ronde valley, Oregon, receiving a good common-school education. He remained under the parental roof until he attained the age of twenty-four years and then started in business on his own account, taking up a homestead in the vicinity and afterward purchasing other land until he now owns thirteen hundred acres in all. He has two hundred acres in timber and beside six hundred and forty-one acres under irrigation, has a large tract of pasture land. Besides doing general farming, raising wheat, oats, barley, and other grains and marketing hay, he is breeding thoroughbred Percheron horses and raises usually about fifty head of Durham cattle yearly. He resided on his farm until 1911 when he leased that property and removed to North Powder, where he has since lived. He is president of the North Powder Milling & Mercantile Company and devotes a portion of his time to that business. He is also manager of the Farmers Union Warehouse, situated on the line of the Oregon Railroad & Navigation Company, with dimensions of one hundred by two hundred feet. Large quantities of marketable produce raised by the farmers of the North Powder valley are shipped from this warehouse each year.

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Mr. Shaw was married in 1884 to Miss Mary Nicholson, a daughter of William Nicholson, and to this union one child was born: Lelah, now residing in Astoria. On the first day of January, 1901, Mr. Shaw was again married, the lady of his choice this time being Miss Lida F. Fugit of Indiana and to this union were born two children: Ruth and Alexander. Fraternally Mr. Shaw belongs to the Independent Order of Odd Fellows and in 1913 will obtain the veteran jewel presented by that order to all its members who have spent twenty-five consecutive years in good standing. He is also a member of the Farmers Union, being president of the local organization and a member of the county organization. He resides in a fine modern residence in North Powder and has an extensive acquaintance. He has been a very successful man, conservative in all his business dealings and is one of the substantial citizens of eastern Oregon.

FREDERICK L. MACE is one of the many sturdy and forceful pioneers of Oregon and has witnessed the remarkable growth and development which the state has made in the last quarter of a century, has been identified with representative industries and has borne his part in the gradual upbuilding. He was the first man to raise grain in Harney county, thus opening up an important source of wealth to the country. He is today one of the important stock-breeders and feeders in this section, owning one thousand acres on section 20, township 23, range 31, upon which he raises high-grade cattle. Mr. Mace has lived his entire life in the western part of America. He was born at Dewitt Ferry, Siskiyou county, California, on April 13, 1855, and is a son of George W. and Samantha P. (Henderson) Mace. His father was born in Maine in 1828 and is a descendant of old New England stock. He followed the carpenter's trade in his native state until 1846, when he came west, locating in the Sacramento valley when he was eighteen years of age. He was engaged in the mercantile business for a number of years and afterward followed mining on Cache creek. Later, however, he left California and went to The Dalles, settling on Nine Mile creek, where he carried on general farming for three years. At the end of that time he moved to Jackson county, where he took up a donation claim, which he operated and improved for some time. Then, in association with a partner, he returned to California and built the Dewitt Ferry in Siskiyou county, which he conducted with much success for a number of years, returning to his donation claim in Jackson county eventually. In 1865 he enlisted in Company I, First Oregon Volunteer Infantry, and served until the end of the war. After his discharge he returned to Oregon and farmed upon his property until 1884, when he disposed of his donation claim and has since made his home with his son. His wife was a native of Illinois. She died in Oregon in 1900, at the age of seventy-one.

Frederick L. Mace attended the public schools of Jackson county and completed his studies in the Ashland Academy, where he spent two years. He fitted himself for teaching and spent his summers engaged in this occupation. He was also assistant postmaster at Jacksonville, under President Grant's administration and fulfilled his duties ably and efficiently, although he was only fifteen years of age. When he left Jackson county he followed placer mining in Josephine county for two seasons and then worked in the Sterling mine for one season. He saved his money and had accumulated a comfortable sum at the time he abandoned mining. He then formed a partnership with John Hanley, invested his money in stock and began his operations in the cattle business. On June 20, 1880, accompanied by William Hanley, he went to eastern Oregon, driving a herd of cattle. He arrived in Harney county on July 4 of the same year and entered the employ of Todhunter & Devine, who were important stock-raisers of that district. He sold the animals which he owned to his partner and for a short time gave up independent operations. He taught in the fall in the local public schools and alternated his occupations in this manner until the 4th of May, 1884. Some time afterward, about July of the same year, he took a two year contract to carry mail from Burns to Lakeview in Lake county, a distance of one hundred and seventy-five miles. His route was over an unbroken trail through the sagebrush and it was necessary for Mr. Mace to cut his own pathway, build his cabins for shelter at night, shoe his own horses and pack his grain. He carried on this line of occupation successfully for two years, encountering many hardships and even perils and becoming intimately acquainted with the Oregon country. In the meantime, however, he had taken up a preemption claim, proved his title and received a quit-claim deed from the government. Upon the expiration of his mail contract he began operations upon this land and soon had it highly improved and developed. He planted his acres in grain, which was the first raised in Harney county, which was then called Grant county. He has added to his holdings from time to time until he now owns one thousand acres of land. Three hundred and twenty of these he has under cultivation and has left the remainder in its uncultivated state, as it furnishes fine hay for his cattle. It was about the year 1888 when Mr. Mace started in raising his first cattle. In this, however, he was unsuccessful and he abandoned it in favor of breeding and raising sheep. Later he extended his activities along this line to include buying and selling, trailing his animals from Oregon to Wyoming, where he sold them in the markets of that state. In recent years he has given up sheep-raising and is now known as a successful beef feeder. He buys three and four year old steers in the fall, fattens them during the winter and then ships them to the Portland markets. This feature of his business occupies most of his time and attention and is an important source of income to him.

In 1883 Mr. Mace was united in marriage to Miss Adeline Isabel Parker, a native of

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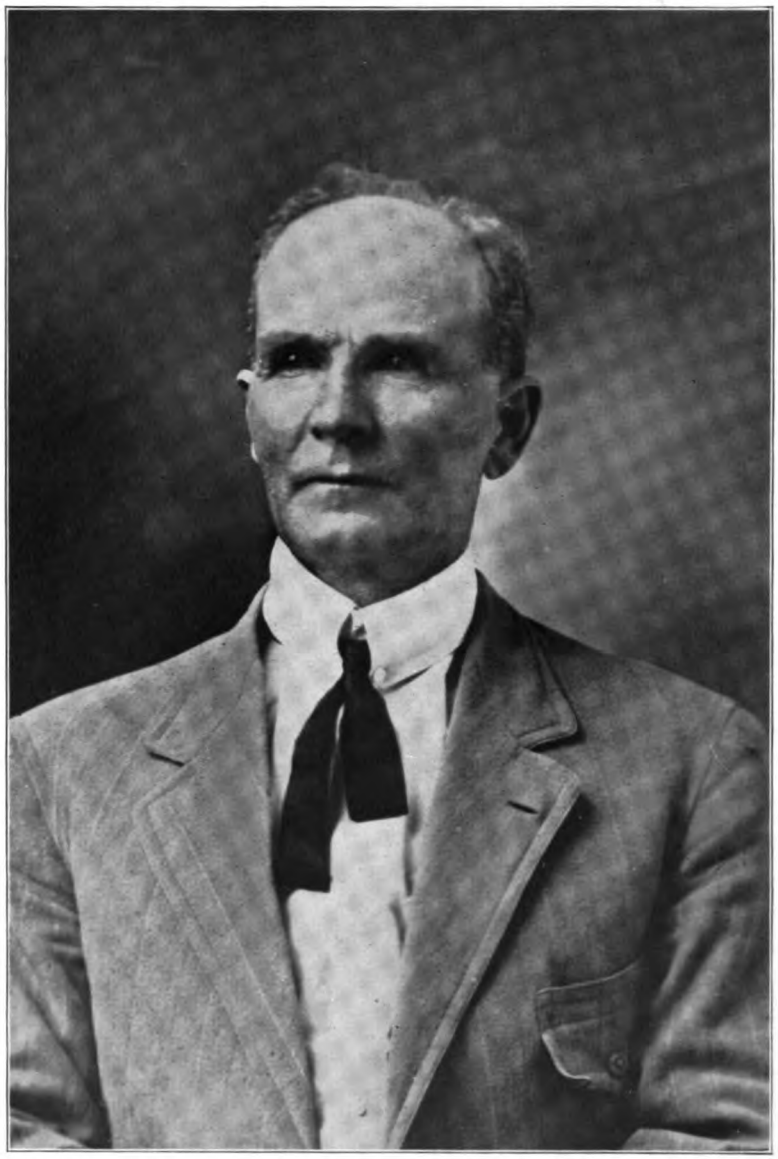

FREDERICK L. MACE

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California, her parents being pioneers in that state and in eastern Oregon. Mr. and Mrs. Mace became the parents of four children: Myrtle I., who is deceased; Clarence, a rancher of Harney county, who married Miss Amanda Fine, by whom he has two children; Hazel L., who is now attending the public schools of Burns; and Muriel U., who is at home.

In politics Mr. Mace gives his allegiance to the republican party on national issues but reserves his independence of judgment in local affairs. He is intelligently interested in the welfare of the community but has never sought public office. He was a pioneer in Oregon and is a splendid example of the self-made man. He combines in his character all that is forceful, independent and energetic in the meaning of the words and has built up a successful career by seizing favorable opportunities and by making his hard work effective by intelligent direction. His success has been due entirely to his own efforts and he has made his name honored and respected as a representative citizen of a community to which he came in pioneer times without money or friends.

ALFRED J. SMITH. The able management of Alfred J. Smith, treasurer of the J. E. Smith Live-Stock Company, of Pilot Rock, Umatilla county, Oregon, is largely responsible for the high character of the marketable product—Merino sheep—raised on the forty-three thousand acre ranch, as he is the foreman and overseer of the work done there. Mr. Smith was born in Umatilla county, September 15, 1876, a son of J. E. Smith, whose name the big ranch bears. He was reared in Umatilla county and there attended the public schools. From the time when he was a baby he was trained to the sheep-raising business, with which he is now prominently identified. More sheep are raised by the Smiths than by any other firm or individual in Oregon and they make a specialty of the Merino breed the product of the farm being always of the very highest quality. Alfred J. Smith gives his entire attention to overlooking the stock and seeing after the work on the farm and his ability is so marked that the business has been extremely successful. He was one of the organizers of the Independent Telephone Company of Pilot Rock and is at present in addition to looking after the interests of his ranch, serving as president of that company.

On November 15, 1899, Alfred J. Smith was united in marriage to Miss Lily B. Piersol, a daughter of Sylvester S. Piersol, a well known ranchman of Athena, Umatilla county. In his political views Mr. Smith is republican, and fraternally he holds membership in Pendleton Lodge, No. 288, B. P. O. E.; Alta Lodge, No. 165, I. O. O. F. of Pilot Rock; and the auxiliary lodges, the Encampment and the Patriarchs Militant, of Pendleton. He is one of the well known and popular men of Umatilla county and is highly respected. Although still a young man he has long exhibited marked executive ability in the handling of his business affairs and his success in the management of employes and his careful supervision of the many details of the great business which he is conducting indicates his fitness for the work in which he is engaged.

H. S. MURRAY is one of the progressive young business men of eastern Oregon. At present he is holding the responsible position of general business manager of the Eagle Flouring Mills of Freewater, in Umatilla county. He was born in Tennessee, September 9, 1885, and is a son of Shelley T. and Martha (Maden) Murray. His parents are both natives of Tennessee and were married in their native state. The father of Mr. Murray has been an enthusiastic member of the republican party during all his years but has never had any aspirations for political preferment. He and his wife are members of the Methodist Episcopal church and have their residence in Washington county, Tennessee, where the father is engaged in farming.

H. S. Murray was reared at home, acquiring his early education in the public schools of Washington county, Tennessee. After having completed his elementary studies he became a student at the Iowa State University of Iowa City, Iowa. After completing his university course he further added to his educational store by study in the Minneapolis Business College of Minneapolis, Minnesota, being graduated from this institution with the class of 1903 upon the completion of the prescribed course. Immediately after his graduation he removed to the west, locating in the state of Washington, and was there employed in the general freight and passenger offices of the Washington & Columbia River Railway Company. He remained with this company for a period of one year only and at the expiration of that time he accepted the assistant cashiership in the J. L. Elaine bank at Walla Walla. This position he maintained for one and one-half years, after which he severed his connection with this banking house and removed to Freewater to assume the management of the Eagle Mills, in which capacity he has since served.

Mr. Murray was married, November 11, 1909, to Miss Grace Steen, a native of Umatilla county, but at the time of her marriage a resident of Walla Walla, Washington. To Mr. and Mrs. Murray one child has been born, Mildred Steen. Mr. Murray is in politics a republican and at present is one of the members of the city council of Freewater. He is affiliated with the Freewater Lodge, No. 202, Independent Order of Odd Fellows, and is also a member of the Freewater Commercial Club. He is a member of the Methodist Episcopal church and Mrs. Murray is a member of the Christian church of this city.

Mr. Murray enjoys the reputation of being numbered among the young and successful business men of Umatilla county. Since starting in business for himself his efforts have met with most unusual success and, notwithstanding his rapid advance in business affairs, he has by no means neglected the social duties of life. His political affiliations and enthusiastic interest in civic affairs have

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been recognized by his fellow citizens and by them he has been honored with a seat in their city common council. In every respect Mr. Murray is a representative of all that is best in the development of the business, social and religious life of his county and state.

J. J. ENDICOTT has now retired from active agricultural life and is living in Myrtle Point, Oregon, where he occupies a prominent and well deserved position among his fellow citizens. He has justly earned the respect he enjoys by identifying himself with progressive movements along agricultural lines in Coos county. He is a native of Kentucky in which state his birth occurred July 30, 1826. His parents, James H. and Jane Endicott were also natives of that state where they maintained their residence until 1828. In that year they moved to Indiana where the father followed farming with much success until his death at the age of eighty-seven years. Mr. Endicott's mother is also deceased, having passed her ninetieth year before her death. James H. and Jane Endicott were the parents of ten children, five of whom are still living: William, who resides in Indiana and is now in the eighty-eighth year of his age; J. J., the subject of this review; Nancy J. Smith, who resides in Indiana; Sarah, the wife of David Smith, who is a resident of the same state; and Aaron, who is operating his father's old Indiana homestead. Those deceased are: Moses, who passed away in the eighty-ninth year of his age; Maria, who died when she was ninety years old; Abraham, who passed away at the age of thirty years; Samuel, who served with great distinction in the Mexican war and who died when he was returning home; and one child who passed away in infancy.

J. J. Endicott was educated in the public schools of Indiana and pursued his studies until 1847. In that year he began the active life which was to be such a constructive and developing force in the progress of the state of Oregon. He married and took up farming in Indiana where he resided for almost ten years. He then followed agricultural pursuits in Illinois for two years and at the end of that time he moved to Missouri where he bought a farm and engaged in its operation. With the exception of his military service in the Federal army during the Civil war Mr. Endicott maintained a continuous residence in the state of Missouri and was actively engaged in agriculture for thirty-five years and gained during that time a thorough knowledge of the details of farming which was a valuable asset to him all during his life. In 1861 he enlisted in Company G, First Missouri Volunteer Cavalry, and served for three years and six months in the Federal army. He was in the thick of the conflict and was present at most of the important engagements of the war. He had three horses killed under him but was himself fortunate enough to escape being wounded. He was injured, however, by a fall from his horse. The animal became frightened by the din of battle and grew uncontrollable. Mr. Endicott was seriously disabled by this accident but did not allow it to interrupt his military service. He received his honorable discharge at the end of the war and returned immediately to Missouri where he resumed his occupation of farming. He was one of the representative and prosperous agriculturists of this state for thirty-five years and when he removed from his farm in Missouri at the time of Cleveland's second election that section of the country lost a valued and prominent citizen. In 1896 Mr. Endicott determined to sell out his holdings in Missouri and try his agricultural fortune in the newly developing state of Oregon. He settled in Myrtle Point, Coos county, in that year but soon afterward bought land on the Middle fork of the Coquille river. The period of residence which he began in Oregon in that year has continued since that time and has been productive of good results in a financial way to Mr. Endicott and has given to Coos county a respected and honored citizen. He continued his active agricultural life on his farm near the Coquille river and gained such a degree of success in this line of activity that he was enabled to retire in 1908. He removed to the town of Myrtle Point and has since made his residence in the beautiful and commodious home which he owns. He sold his holdings on the Coquille river but still retains the ownership of agricultural land just outside the city limits of Myrtle Point.

Mr. Endicott has been twice married. In 1847 he wedded Miss Cassa A. Mikels, a native of Ireland and a daughter of Thomas H. and Deborah Mikels. Her parents were residents of Indiana for a number of years and the father followed farming in that state until his death, at the age of eighty-three years. His wife passed away in the eighty-eighth year of her age. Mrs. Endicott was one of seven children born to her parents: Joel W., who now resides in Indiana; Mrs. Nancy Sparks, who makes her home in Iowa; Mrs. Clara Godman and Solomon, both of whom reside in Indiana; and a son and daughter who are also residents of that state; and Cassa, the first wife of our subject. Mrs. Cassa Endicott died on January 26, 1905. She was the mother of fourteen children: S. S., born in 1848, who is a resident of Myrtle Point, Oregon; R. P., whose birth occurred in 1850 and who lives in Eugene, Oregon; James T., born in 1852, who maintains his home in Davis county, Missouri; Nancy, born in 1854, the deceased wife of William T. Leheherr; John C., born in 1856, who has passed away; W. W., whose birth occurred in 1858, and who is a resident of Myrtle Point; Moses, born in 1860, who also resides in Myrtle Point; J. M., whose birth occurred in 1861 and who lives in Roseburg, Oregon; Jacob M., born in 1864 and also a resident of Roseburg; Clara E., whose birth occurred in 1866 and who married Martin Scott of Davis county, Missouri; Emily D., born in 1868, who is the wife of Albert Miller of Myrtle Point; Laura A., who was born in 1870 and who married George Johnson of Washington; Walter, whose birth occurred in 1872, and who is residing in Myrtle Point; and Jennie, whose

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JACOB J. ENDICOTT AND FAMILY

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birth occurred in 1874, and who married Mr. Hampton of Missouri.

Mr. Endicott's second marriage occurred in 1907 when he wedded Mrs. Fannie Warner, the widow of C. M. Warner, by whom she had eleven children, ten of whom are still living: Margaret E., the wife of Jacob Strong of Myrtle Point, Oregon; Sheldon W., also a resident of Myrtle Point; Vernon E., who makes his home in Oakland, Oregon; William T., a resident of Myrtle Point; John, whose death occurred in Prescott, Washington, when he was forty-two years of age; Mary J., the wife of Tom Hagerty, of Lamar, Washington; Ernest, who resides in Loudon, Washington; Henry, a resident of Myrtle Point; Mrs. Jessie Johnson, who also resides in Myrtle Point; Horace, who makes his home in Snake River, Washington; and Charley, who resides in Coos county, Oregon. The second Mrs. Endicott received her education in the public schools near Baltimore, Maryland, and was educated in the faith of the Christian church of which she and her husband are members.

Politically Mr. Endicott is a firm democrat and a consistent believer in the policies of this party. He has never sought public office although he is public-spirited and takes a laudable interest in all matters pertaining to the public welfare. He is now in the eighty-seventh year of his age and each year of his long life has reflected credit upon him. He has lived honorably and worthily through the years, doing the work which he found to do to the best of his ability and never leaving the call of duty unanswered.

ELIAS WEED STEEL. The business development of Elias Weed Steel has assured his close application and sound judgment in his connection with mercantile efforts, and he is now secretary and treasurer of the R. S. & Z. Company, one of the leading mercantile establishments of Wallowa county. He was born November 3, 1870, in Brookfield, Linn county, Missouri, his parents being William and Elva V. (Proud) Steel the father a native of Scotland. William Steel was brought to the United States by his parents when he was a boy of six or seven years. They located in Craftsbury, Vermont, where the grandfather, William Steel, was a miller, operating a gristmill. The mother's birth occurred in Maryland but at an early age she removed to Xenia, Ohio, and subsequently to Brookfield, Missouri. In Brookfield the father, William Steel, and a brother R. M. Steel, had a contract to rebuild the culverts and road of the Hannibal & St. Joe Railroad which had been torn up during the war. While engaged on construction work throughout Missouri they resided in Brookfield, but in 1873 removed to Brainard, Minnesota, where Mr. Steel engaged in the real-estate business and land speculation. During this time he acquired extensive property interests, and in 1884 came to Oregon and assisted his brother who had the contract to build the Oregon Railroad & Navigation Company's Road from Huntington to Portland. He was thus associated until the completion of the road in 1889, when he returned to Minnesota and brought his family to Oregon, locating at Hilgard. They resided there until the father's death in 1902. The mother is at present living in Vancouver, Washington. Mr. Steel was a member of the Masonic fraternity and a prominent man throughout his community.

Elias W. Steel acquired his education in the schools of Brainard, being graduated in 1888 as a member of the first graduation class of the Brainard high school. Two years later he came to Oregon and secured a position as bookkeeper in the leading milling company of Wallowa county. He remained with that company until 1896 when he went to Hilgard and was employed in the office of R. M. Steel, who had the contract to furnish all ties for the Oregon Railroad & Navigation Company, the Oregon Short Line and the Union Pacific Railroad. Mr. Steel remained in the employ of his uncle for five years before returning to Enterprise in 1901, where he reentered the milling with which he had been formerly connected. He held this position until the spring of 1903. The previous autumn, however, he was one of the organizers and incorporators of the R. S. & Z. Company, and after severing his connections with his employers he became secretary and treasurer of the R. S. & Z. Company at the time it opened its doors for business. He is still serving in that capacity. Being a thorough businessman, and having made a careful study of the trend and growth of the mercantile business, he is recognized as one of the leading exponents in the success of the company with which he is connected.

On the 24th of August, 1892, Elias W. Steel was married to Miss Mary E. Sammis, of Enterprise. To this union seven children have been born: Grace M., who is in her senior year in high school; Harold A., who is living with his grandmother Steel at Vancouver, Washington, and is in his second year in high school; Portia E., who has just entered the high school; Robert M. and Gilbert S., who are in the seventh and sixth grades of the public schools respectively; Margaret E., who is in the third grade; and William W.

Mr. Steel gives his political support to the republican party and has served as city treasurer but has never been an office seeker. He holds membership in Wallowa Lodge, No. 82, F. & A. M., and for years has served as its secretary. He is also a member of Enterprise Lodge, No. 94, Knights of Pythias. He justly deserves the predicate of a self-made man, for as a result of close application and energy intelligently applied he is today one of the leading merchants of Enterprise. Moreover, his name has become a synonym for honesty by all who know him, his word being as good as any bond ever solemnized by signature or seal.

CHARLES W. ELLIS is one of the younger generation of professional men in Harney county, Oregon, being engaged in the general practice of law in the city of Burns. He comes from a long line of cultured and edu-

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cated men who have been prominent in professional circles of America for many years. He is a son of Orville Nash and Elizabeth (Whittemore) Ellis, who were married at Kankakee, Illinois, January 22, 1877. They were the parents of two children: George E., born November 26, 1877, who is a graduate of the University of Michigan in the class of 1908 and is now engaged in teaching school; and Charles W., whose birth occurred in Kankakee, Illinois, September 18, 1880. The family on the paternal side is of Welsh extraction. Orville Nash Ellis was born in Muskingum county, Ohio, September 22, 1834. His father, Elias Ellis, had located in that section with his parents, who had emigrated from Maryland to Pennsylvania and Kentucky before finally settling in Ohio. On his mother's side Charles W. Ellis is of good New England stock. Elizabeth Whittemore was born in Babcock's Grove, Illinois, February 20, 1847. Her parents removed to that state from Pembroke, New Hampshire, in 1839. Both the father and mother of our subject were regular physicians who practiced the profession in Kankakee, Illinois, where the father died October 7, 1891. The mother has not been active as a physician since coming to Oregon. She is still living with her son at Burns.

Charles W. Ellis received his early education in the public schools of Kankakee, and was graduated from the high school there in 1898. He entered the Kent College of Law, at Chicago, and was graduated with the degree of LL. B. in 1903, and in the same year was admitted to the bar of Illinois. In 1907 he removed to Oregon and located in Burns, and in that year was admitted to the bar and entitled to practice his profession in the Oregon courts. He has remained in Burns since that time and has gained a reputation for ability and intelligence along legal lines. He is an able, progressive and public-spirited young man, who takes a lively interest in democratic politics.

JOHN PALMER was one of the early pioneers of Union county, Oregon having established his home where the city of La Grande now stands. He was born in Delaware county, Pennsylvania, December, 31, 1839, a son of Robert H. and Hannah (Palmer) Palmer. The parents were both natives of the Keystone state and the father followed farming for a livelihood. In 1856 he removed with his family to Iowa, but later came to Oregon. He died at La Grande in 1898. His wife passed away in March, 1910, at the age of ninety-six years. They were the parents of the following children. Beulah and Mary were twins. The former is the widow of F. Newlin and resides at La Grande, while the latter passed away at the age of fourteen years. Joseph is a resident of La Grande. John is the subject of this review. Elizabeth is the widow of Abraham Jones and resides at La Grande. Lydia is the wife of Benjamin Grandy, of La Grande. Charles resides in Baker. Emma is the widow of Charles Harding, of La Grande. Frank, deceased, married Kate Bowman, who is now a resident of Baker City.

John Palmer was reared in his parents' home and received his early education in the public schools. As a young man he removed with his parents to Iowa in 1856 and worked on his father's farm for a time. He also clerked for three years in a confectionery store at Glenwood. He celebrated his marriage in Council Bluffs, Iowa, and immediately thereafter emigrated to Oregon with mule teams, starting from Council Bluffs, April 23, 1866, and after a continuous journey made without accident reached Union county, Oregon, July 3d, that year. The farm which he and his brother Joseph owned later became the site of the city of La Grande. The journey across the plains was the honeymoon trip of Mr. and Mrs. Palmer and one of their associate travelers was Andrew Charlton, now a resident of Portland. They resided four years upon the land on which they first settled and there two of their children were born. In 1876 Mr. Palmer removed with his family to Baker City and there engaged in the grocery business with his brother Charles, who is now the mayor of the city. He later engaged in the mining business and after some time established himself in the retail harness business, which proved to be a successful venture. He afterward built a well appointed brick store, in which he installed his harness business, and to which he devoted his attention during the remaining years of his life, his death occurring August 28, 1895. He was, however, for four years previous to his death engaged in buying and selling horses. Since the death of Mr. Palmer his son has continued the business with a success equal to that attained under the management of his father.

April 3, 1866, Mr. Palmer was married to Miss Almira E. States, of Council Bluffs, Iowa. Mrs. Palmer was born in Richland county, Ohio, April 27, 1843 the only child of Joshua and Araminta (Taft) States, the former a native of Ohio, and the latter of Massachusetts. The father was a blacksmith. His death occurred in 1844, and the mother later gave her hand in marriage to Poynts O. Galleher. She passed away December 21, 1911. Mrs. Palmer removed with her parents to Iowa when she was twelve years of age and continued under the parental roof until the time of her marriage. Unto Mr. and Mrs. States as above stated, was born one child, Almira E., now Mrs. Palmer. By the mother's marriage to Mr. Galleher there were born four children: Henrietta, deceased; Henry Dubois; Deransel, who at the age of fifteen enlisted as a soldier in the Civil war, was wounded at the battle of Shiloh and died 1865; and Helen, who has also passed away.

Mr. and Mrs. Palmer became the parents of eight children. Lora, born February 3, 1867, is the wife of Cyrus Good, of Baker City. Robert R., born October 9, 1868, married Maude Starbird, of La Grande, who died, leaving a daughter, Ruth. He later married Ethel Russell, of Maine, and they have one child,

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Fern. Walter, who is engaged in the jewelry business in Baker City, married Jennie Gallatly and they have four children, John, Lyle, Myra Belle and Billy Andrew. Charles Clarke, born November 18, 1875, is now engaged in the jewelry business with his brother Walter. He married Minnie Woods of Baker City, and they have one child, Harold. The next in order of birth were twins born February 6, 1878, one of whom died unnamed while John S. died September 6, 1898. He was preparing himself for the practice of law, his studies being for a time under the supervision of Frank Moore, of Baker City. Myrtle Adele was born July 10, 1881, and died December 16, 1883. Clarence Edward, born May 3, 1885, is interested with his brothers Walter and Charles Clarke in the jewelry business, being engaged in watch-making. He married Alice Little, of Baker City, and they have one child, Joseph.

Mr. Palmer was for many years an Odd Fellow. He was a life-long member of the republican party and in religious belief was a Quaker. He was one of the early pioneers of Baker county and during his active life was one of the enterprising and public-spirited men of his section of the state. His death removed from his county one of its most successful and respected citizens. Mrs. Palmer is a member of the Methodist church and maintains her residence in Baker City.

WILLIAM W. LLOYD, interested in farming, stock-raising and banking at Halfway, was born in Adair county, Wisconsin, April 5, 1866, a son of Granville and Rebecca (West) Lloyd, who were farming people and natives of Virginia. For many years they were residents of Wisconsin, where the father died in 1872. The mother occupied the old home in that state until 1876, and then started for Oregon, traveling by rail to Kelton on the Union Pacific Railroad and thence by horse team to Salubria valley, on the Weiser river, in Idaho, whence she proceeded by pack trains to Brownlees Ferry, on the Snake river, arriving there July 2, 1876. After two months spent there with her brother she went to Pine valley, in Baker county, Oregon, and located a homestead of one hundred and sixty acres on which half of the town of Halfway now stands. For about twenty years she there resided and then sold her property to her son William, who still owns the greater part of it. Mrs. Lloyd next removed to Richland, in Eagle valley, where she made her home until her death, which occurred January 18, 1910, in Boise, Idaho, whither she had gone to spend the winter with her niece, Mrs. Ollie Packenham. Mr. and Mrs. Granville Lloyd were the parents of four sons and three daughters. Albin, the eldest, died about 1870. Luther M., born about 1860, was married in 1883 to May Rose Tartar, of Eagle valley and is engaged in stock-raising on the Imnaha river. He and his wife have a son and two daughters. Augusta Virginia, born in 1862, was married in 1896 to O. F. Steen, a mining man of Cornucopia, Oregon. Isaac M., born in March, 1865, and now farming at Halfway, was married in 1885 to Minnie E. Mills and they have two daughters. William W., is the fifth of the family. Bessie M., born in 1868, was married in 1887 to Henry Clark, a farmer. Susie E., born in 1870, was married in 1889 to A. W. Parker, of Eagle valley, a school teacher, and they now live at Pine, Oregon, with their family of three sons and one daughter. The mother was left a widow with six small children and practically had no financial resources when she reached the northwest in 1876, settling in a country which was the hunting grounds of the Umatilla and Nez Perce Indians. She bravely faced the conditions and dangers of frontier life, however, and at length located upon a homestead of one hundred and sixty acres which she improved and upon which she reared her family. At the time she took up her abode there, not more than twenty settlers resided in Pine valley. She passed away at the age of seventy-four years, but the memory of her good deeds will long be cherished by her descendants and all who knew her throughout the region in which she lived.

William W. Lloyd was educated in the pay schools of Pine Valley and of Sparta, but he did not attend school altogether for more than twelve months in his life. It was necessary that he remain at home and assist his mother during his youthful days and when he attained his majority he began farming and stock-raising in Pine Valley, where he has met with good success. He is now engaged in general farming and in raising hogs and he has platted a part of his land as lots in Halfway. He followed freighting from Baker to the Cornucopia mines from six to seven years prior to 1906 and was very successful in that business. Moreover, he is one of the incorporators of the American State Bank of Halfway, which was opened on the 1st of March, 1910, with Mr. Lloyd as a stockholder and its first vice president, in which position he has since continued, thus proving a prominent factor in financial circles in this part of the county. He has recently built and put in operation a feedmill which fills a long-felt want in Pine Valley. This is the first roller feedmill in the panhandle of Baker county.

On the 30th of June, 1889, Mr. Lloyd was married to Miss Esther M. Mills, the daughter of James Mills, a farmer who belonged to one of the pioneer families of Colorado. He came to Oregon about 1880 and to Pine Valley about 1883. He then engaged in farming, mining and stock-raising. Unto him and his wife were born four sons and four daughters. William E., living at North Powder, Oregon, has lost his wife and has one daughter. J. E. married Ella Reed and lives at Cornucopia. Minnie E. is the wife of I. M. Lloyd, a brother of William W. Lloyd, and they reside at Halfway with their two daughters. Esther M. was the fourth of the family. Alice is the wife of Colby Knapp, of Ogden, Utah, and they have one son and one daughter. Nora, the widow of E. P.

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Houston, resides at Boise, Idaho, and has one son. Pat Henry is a miner in the Cornucopia district of Baker county. Andrew W. married, has one son and two daughters, and follows farming in the Pine River Valley.

Mr. and Mrs. Lloyd became the parents of three daughters. Maud, born August 16, 1890, was graduated from the Sisters' school in Baker, Oregon, and is the wife of Frank Cornwell, of that place. Nora, born January 29, 1893, was also educated in the Sisters' school and likewise in the Baker City Business College, both of which she is a graduate. She is the wife of E. G. Hallay, a farmer living at Halfway, and they have one son. Cecil Sylvia, born August 24, 1895, is a student in the Baker high school.

Mr. Lloyd has figured prominently in public affairs. He was the first mayor of Halfway after its incorporation, holding the office for three years, and he belongs to the Pine Valley Commercial Club of Halfway, to Pine Valley Lodge, No. 208, I. O. O. F., and to Halfway Encampment, No. 75. He recalls many interesting incidents of the early days and reviews with gratitude what his mother did in establishing her home for her children upon the frontier. In those days the family had to go from Pine Valley to Sparta, a mining camp, a distance of fifteen miles by mountain trail or twenty-five miles by poorly constructed roads to get their mail, to secure groceries and for blacksmithing attention, for there were not enough settlers in the valley to justify the establishment of a nearer postoffice. The first grocery store in the valley was opened by Rufus W. Perkins and Ed Parker about July 1, 1883, or seven years after Mrs. Lloyd settled in the valley, and the first blacksmith shop was established the same year by John A. Thaysen. William W. Lloyd now has in his possession the first mailbox used in the first postoffice. This was on A. P. Greener's ranch and mail was brought thereto twice each week. Mr. Lloyd also has in his possession a single-barrel muzzle-loading shotgun which he bought at auction for twenty-five cents and which was brought into Pine Valley by Charles L. Fee, the first permanent settler of the valley. He prizes this fire arm highly as a work of pioneer times. The Lloyd family deserve great credit for what they have accomplished in the development of their part of the state, bearing at all times their share in the work of growth and progress as the district has been converted from a wilderness into a populous and prosperous section.

ANDREW JOHNSON LEVINS, a retired agriculturist of Elkton, is numbered among the worthy native sons of Oregon, his birth having occurred at Oak Hill, six miles from Oakland, Douglas county, on the 7th of March, 1866. His parents were James F. and Sarah (Sutherlin) Levins, the former born in Randolph county, Illinois, on the 8th of January, 1823, and the latter in Parke county, Indiana, on the 17th of May, 1830. They were married in Douglas county, this state, on the 25th of October, 1851, having crossed the plains with ox teams about 1850. James F. Levins came to Oregon as a young man, and Sarah Sutherlin made the journey to this state in company with her parents. Mr. Levins took up a homestead of one hundred and sixty acres where the town of Elkton now stands and continued to reside thereon throughout the remainder of his life, passing away on the 2d of July, 1898. The period of his residence in Douglas county covered almost a half century and he gained a wide and favorable acquaintance within its borders. He was a stanch republican in politics but never sought nor desired office as a reward for his party fealty. His wife was called to her final rest on the 18th of December, 1880.

Andrew Johnson Levins was reared under the parental roof and attended the common schools in the acquirement of an education. When about seventeen years of age he began providing for his own support and for several years worked principally at logging. At the time of his father's demise he succeeded to the homestead property but has since disposed of all except the residence and a small plot of ground.

On the 18th of May, 1886, Mr. Levins was united in marriage to Miss Viola Means, who came to Oregon from Nebraska in 1885. To them have been born four children, as follows: Gussie, who is the wife of Samuel Nolan and resides in Sedro Woolley, Washington; and Hazel, Erwin and Floyd, all yet at home. Mr. Levins gives his political allegiance to the republican party, while fraternally he is identified with the Ancient Order of United Workmen, belonging to Elkton Lodge, No. 46. He is one of the well known and substantial citizens of Elkton and has an extensive circle of friends in the community where his entire life has been spent.

REV. JOSEPH M. CATALDO, S. J., of Pendleton, was born in Sicily, March 17, 1837, was there reared and in 1852, at the age of fifteen years, joined the Society of Jesus. He was educated at the Jesuit College, Palermo, Italy. In 1860 he was sent to Belguim and entered the Jesuit College in Louvain, where he pursued his theological studies, being ordained to the priesthood on the 8th of September, 1862, in Liege, Belgium, by Bishop Argeanteau, who had been a captain under Napoleon I.

Following his ordination Rev. Cataldo was sent to Boston, Massachusetts, where he continued his theological studies and a year later, in 1863, was sent to Santa Clara, California, where he further prepared for his chosen life work. In 1864 he was appointed professor of philosophy for the younger Jesuits, this being the alternative of an appointment as a missionary among the Indians. He was given the former position because of a predisposition for tuberculosis. He held this professorship for eighteen months and was then sent to the Indian mission at Coeur d'Alene, Idaho, and in 1866 went to Spokane, Washington, to establish the first Catholic mission at that place, founding St.

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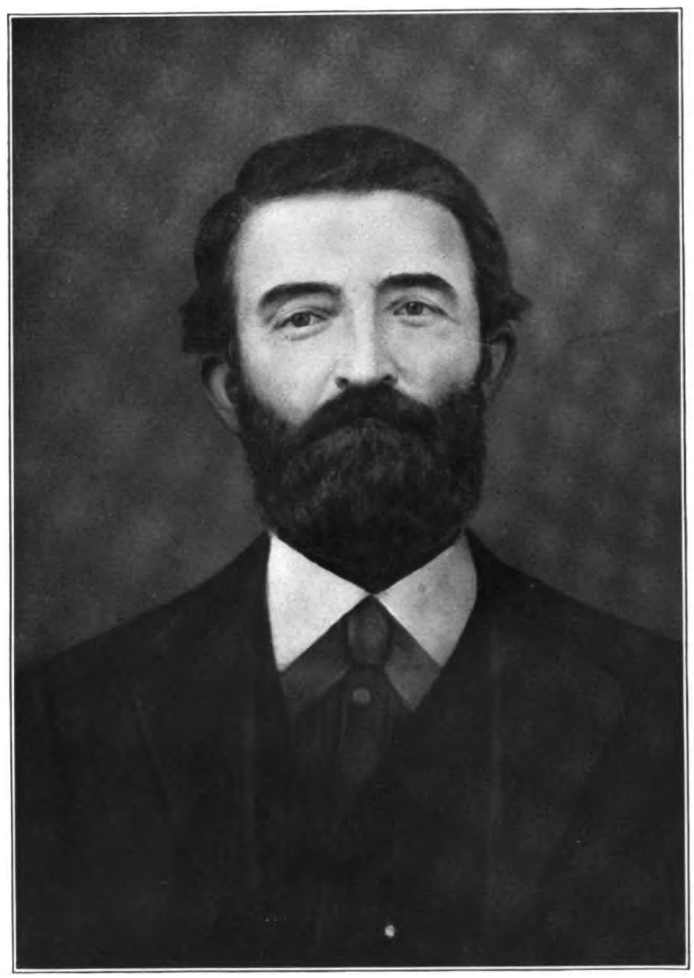

JAMES F. LEVINS

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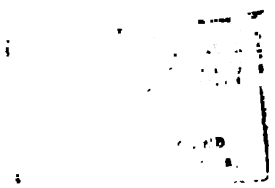

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Michael's Mission, now known as Peon Prairie. After six or seven months passed there he went to St. Ignatius' Mission near Missoula, Montana, where he remained for six months, and in the fall of 1867 he was sent to Lewiston, Idaho, to establish a mission among the Nez Perce Indians. When he was transferred from Spokane to St. Ignatius' Mission it required seventeen days to make the journey, which is now accomplished in about seven hours. He built several small chapels in the settlements of the Nez Perce Indians and established the present mission at Lapawai, now called Slickpoo. For three and one-half years he remained in charge there, after which he was sent back to the Coeur d'Alene Mission, where he continued for six years. In 1877, at the time of the Indian war, he was obliged to go to the Nez Perce Mission to try and pacify the Indians and make peace between them and the white people. In August, 1877, the military forces wished to have a general Indian council near Spokane Falls and asked some of the missionaries to be present and persuade the chiefs of the different tribes not to join the Nez Perce warriors. Father Giorda, Father Joset and Father Cataldo attended the meeting and were camped in their tents on the gravel where the main street of Spokane is now located. Following the Indian war a few straggling settlers made their way to the present site of Spokane and a few houses were there built. Father Cataldo purchased some property near Spokane Falls to build a central school for all the Indian missions, which school was the inception of Gonzaga College, which now has an attendance of five hundred.

From 1877 to 1893 Father Cataldo had charge of all the missions in Montana, Idaho, Washington, Oregon, Wyoming and Alaska. In 1893 he was sent to the Crow Indian Mission, near Billings, Montana, and in 1896 was sent to Alaska to visit all of the missions throughout the territory and spent fourteen months in that work. In 1897 he was appointed to the Umatilla Indian Mission near Pendleton, remaining there for four years, after which he returned to Alaska, where he spent two years more. He then again went to Spokane, and found a city where on his former visit he had seen nothing but gravel and rocks. He spent a year there, after which he was sent back to his old mission at Lapawai, Idaho, where he continued for three years. His next service was at San Jose, California, and in November, 1908, he was returned to Pendleton to take charge of St. Mary's parish. He is the pastor here and makes two trips a month to the Indian mission. In April, 1911, he broke ground for a handsome stone edifice to replace the present church. He speaks about ten Indian languages and is affectionately regarded by the Indians, who call him Kau Shin, meaning broken leg. Father Cataldo is assisted by Father John Durgan in compiling an Indian dictionary for use among the Catholic priesthood and young teachers. His labors have been an active element for moral progress among the red men as well as among the white people in the localities where he has labored, and he has done much to spread the teachings of Catholicism in the northwest.

J. S. VINSON. Various lines of business have occupied the attention and energies of J. S. Vinson since he started out in life on his own account. At all times he has been actuated by laudable ambition which has carried him forward to success. He is now engaged in the real-estate business in Freewater and is one of the progressive citizens of his town. He was born in Des Moines county, Iowa, December 25, 1848, a son of Joseph S. and Katherine (Sacket) Vinson, the former a native of Ohio and the latter of Iowa. The father went to Iowa in early manhood, was there married, and crossed the plains in 1852, settling in Clackamas county, Oregon. He took up a donation claim of three hundred and twenty acres, and erected thereon a log cabin, which he and his wife occupied until 1861. While living in that county, the father also engaged in merchandising and was the first postmaster of the town of Neida. After the death of his wife, he removed to Florence, Idaho, where he remained for two years but on the expiration of that period returned to Clackamas county. Once more, in 1864, he went to Idaho where he remained through the summer, but the succeeding fall again found him in Clackamas county. In the spring of 1865 he removed his family to Umatilla county, settling on Butter creek where he took up another claim of one hundred and sixty acres. This he improved continuing its cultivation and development until his death which occurred in 1896. Unto him and his wife were born seven children, all of whom are yet living: George M., who is living in Umatilla county; J. S., of this review; I. H., who makes his home at Starbuck, Washington; Martha C., the wife of E. Swarthard, of Salem, Oregon; Rebecca J., the wife of A. B. Niles of Wallowa; James A., of Seattle; and Charles who is living at Holdman, Oregon.

J. S. Vinson remained with his parents until he attained his majority and during that period acquired his education in the public schools. He then engaged in the stock business for six years; devoting his time in the winter months during that period to teaching school. He afterward secured a claim on Butter creek, on a location which is now known as the town of Vinson. There he established a store and the postoffice, conducting business at that place for sixteen years, while his appointment as postmaster came to him in 1873. He afterward sold out and went to Nolan where he opened a store and also engaged in buying and shipping grain for seven years. After selling his interests there he lived for two years in Pendleton and in 1895 he removed to Wallowa county where he purchased fifty acres of land. At that time he took up fruit raising in which occupation he continued for three years when he sold out and removed to Milton where he carried on merchandising

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for two years. He next sold his interests at that place and came to Freewater where for three years he conducted a general mercantile store. Since that time he has been engaged in the real-estate business and has handled many important realty interests, negotiating a large number of sales. He is fully informed concerning realty values and this, combined with his honorable dealings, is the source of his success.

Mr. Vinson is a republican in politics and takes an active interest in the work of the party, doing all in his power to insure its success, yet he does not seek nor desire public office preferring to concentrate his energies upon his business affairs which are bringing him substantial financial returns.

MAX M. DITTEBRANDT, M. D. European countries have sent many of their strongest and most enterprising sons to this country where each citizen can find an opportunity to achieve success more quickly than in the older and more densely populated countries. Germany has furnished us many of this class and they have usually become substantial citizens, energetic, skilled and progressive. Among this number is the Dittebrandt family, of which Dr. Max M. Dittebrandt, residing in Cascade Locks, who is surgeon for the Wind River Lumber Company, is a member. His birth occurred in Berlin in 1862, his parents being Charles and Caroline (Kuntz) Dittebrandt, the former a native of Luxemberg and the latter of Berlin. The parents came to America in 1864 and lived in Chicago for one year. At the end of that time they returned to their native land, but after three years again came to the United States, this time settling in St. Louis, Missouri, but a few months later they removed to Nebraska City, where they resided until 1907. In that year they came to Oregon and have since made their home in Portland, where the father is now residing at the age of eighty years and the mother at seventy-nine. To them ten children were born, nine of whom survive.

The early education of Dr. Dittebrandt was acquired in the German schools of St. Louis. After graduating from the high school of that city he began studying medicine at the age of seventeen years with Dr. E. M. Whittem of Nebraska City. For fourteen months he read medicine in his office, and in 1888 was graduated from the medical college at Keokuk, Iowa. After practicing for a few years he realized the advantages to be gained by further study and entered the post-graduate school of the St. Louis College of Physicians and Surgeons in 1893. He completed the full post-graduate course at that institution, and after his graduation again began the active practice of medicine, this time at Elgin, Oregon. For two years he remained in that city and then removed to Union, where he practiced for four years before settling in La Grande, where he spent an equal length of time. He then removed to Milton, where he remained for seven years, and at the end of that time settled in Portland. Shortly afterward he located permanently in Cascade Locks, where he has built up a large practice. In the private hospital erected by him he treats the patients of the Wind River Lumber Company, receiving for his services one dollar per month from each employe of the Lumber Company. For this sum, which altogether amounts to about eight hundred dollars per month, he is under contract to give them the priviliges of his hospital.

In 1890 Dr. Dittebrandt was married to Miss Hettie Stevenson, a daughter of Robert E. and Elizabeth (White) Stevenson, of Elgin, Oregon, who came to this state in 1863. They have become the parents of one child, Hazel K., who is now the wife of G. H. Bawlag, of Baker City, Oregon.

Politically Dr. Dittebrandt is a democrat and is an active supporter of that party. He holds membership in Lodge No. 96, A. F. & A. M., of Milton, and has filled all its chairs. Mrs. Dittebrandt is a member of the Christian church. The Doctor's profession is to him a subject human as well as scientific interest, and his patients are fellowmen in need of his services rather than business propositions. He keeps abreast with the trend of medical thought through medical journals and publications which he regularly reads, and he is recognized as a most able and progressive practitioner.

ARTHUR V. SWIFT. One of the natives of Baker county, Oregon, is Arthur V. Swift, who was born in 1874 and remained at home until 1899. His youth was spent in that county, where he received a good common-school education. When he had attained the age of twenty-five years he removed to Washington, where he took up a homestead and after remaining on his land for some years he sold it to the Big Bend Land Company of Washington. After selling his land he worked for that company for six years. He then became engaged in the newspaper business in Wilson Creek, Washington, and after successfully operating his paper for some time, returned to Baker City, Oregon, to look after his interest in the estate of his father. He began farming his portion of his father's land and by careful cultivation has brought it to a high state of fertility. He placed the necessary improvements on it and is still living there.

In 1904 Mr. Swift was married to Miss Viola Blanchard, whose parents were natives of the eastern part of the United States but emigrated to Washington some years ago. It was in that state that Arthur V. Swift and Viola Blanchard became acquainted and were married. Mr. Swift has been successful as a business man and has acquired in all four hundred and twenty acres of land, all of which lies in Baker county, and is under a high state of cultivation.

Arthur V. Swift is a republican and on April 19, 1912, was elected a delegate, from Oregon, to the national republican convention held at Chicago the same year. His work has mostly been along agricultural lines and he is now making a specialty of dry farming, a system which has added tremendously to the resources of the country.

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Mr. Swift is one of the substantial men of Baker county, where he is greatly respected. He is well known, having a large circle of friends and acquaintances, who have been attracted to him by his winning personality and that sterling integrity which is characteristic of his business dealings.

SAMUEL E. NOTSON is a member of the bar of Heppner, this state, where he has been engaged in the practice of law for a number of years. In addition to his private practice he is at present serving his county as superintendent of public schools. He was born in Decatur county, Iowa, on the 27th of March, 1867, and is a son of R. P. S. and Nancy L. (Edmiston) Notson. His parents reside in the state of Iowa, where his father for many years has lived retired.

Samuel E. Notson was reared at home and received his early education in the public schools of Iowa. After completing the elementary studies he became a student of the Western Normal College Shenandoah, Iowa, which institution he attended continuously for three years. He then removed to the Pacific coast and was a student at the Oregon State Normal School for one year, after which he returned to Shenandoah, Iowa, and there completed his course at the Western Normal College. He subsequently entered the Fremont College of Nebraska as a student and from that institution was graduated with the degrees of B. A. and B. S. In 1912 he was given the degree of A. M. by the same college. Following his graduation he removed to Casper, Wyoming, where he was engaged as principal of the public schools for four years. In the year 1900 he established his residence in Morrow county, this state, and for two years was engaged in educational work there. During his student years, in addition to the other branches of study to which he devoted his attention, he acquired a thorough knowledge of law and in 1902 was admitted to the bar of Oregon. He entered the practice of general law in copartnership with Judge G. W. Phelps and continued in this business relation until 1908, at which time he was elected county superintendent of public schools and in that capacity he is now serving the interests of the people of his county.

On the 28th of August, 1895, at Dunlap, Iowa, Mr. Notson was united in marriage to Mary A. Nelson, a daughter of Kenyon H. and Elizabeth Nelson. To Mr. and Mrs. Notson have been born six children, namely: Lee W., Mary E., Edward A. and Robert C., all of whom are pupils of the public schools at Heppner; and Charles and Margaret L. Samuel E. Notson gives his support to the republican party and served as deputy district attorney in 1905. He belongs to the Independent Order of Odd Fellows and the United Artisans and is an active member of the Methodist Episcopal church. In 1912 he was a delegate from the Columbia river conference to the general conference of the Methodist Episcopal church held at Minneapolis, Minnesota. This conference was a notable one. Samuel E. Notson is known throughout his portion of the state of Oregon as a man of exceptional educational acquirements and is in every respect a worthy and efficient superintendent of public schools. His experience in educational work has served to qualify him as an eligible and efficient educator. He is, however, equally capable and successful in the practice of his chosen profession and is recognized as a man who is always ready to give the benefit of his knowledge and influence to the advancement of any measure of public interest seeking ever the betterment of the people of his state.

GEORGE C. RUSSELL is the owner of an attractive and valuable ranch in the vicinity of Joseph, where he has been engaged in agricultural pursuits and stock-raising for more than thirty years. He was born in Minneapolis, Minnesota, on the 9th of May, 1858, and is the son of Ralph C. and Matilda S. (Smith) Russell. The father, who was one of the pioneer settlers of Minneapolis, removed with his family to San Diego, California, in 1872, and there he passed away in 1896. The mother is living and makes her home in the latter city.

George C. Russell, who was a youth of only fourteen years when he accompanied his people on their removal to California, completed the education begun in the schools of his native city in the San Diego high school, which he attended for two years. At the expiration of that time he laid aside his textbooks and learned the carpenter's trade, subsequently engaging in contracting and building. After following this business for a few years he came to Oregon, and filing on a homestead in the vicinity of Joseph, turned his attention to agricultural pursuits. Owing to his diligence, perseverance and the concentration of his energies on the accomplishment of a definite purpose his efforts in this direction were substantially rewarded. As time passed he extended the boundaries of his original tract of one hundred and sixty acres until his ranch now embraces eight hundred acres of excellent land. During the intervening years he has made wonderful improvements on his place, including the erection of fine barns and outbuildings and a pleasant residence. As he is a man of progressive methods and practical ideas he has installed on his ranch at various times many modern conveniences and appliances to minimize the work and expedite operations and he now owns one of the best equipped places in that section of Wallowa county. In connection with general agriculture Mr. Russell engages in stock-raising, obtaining lucrative returns from both. He is numbered among the leading and substantial ranchmen of the Wallowa valley, owing to the capable and highly efficient manner in which he has directed his operations.

Joseph, Oregon, was the scene of Mr. Russell's marriage in November, 1884, to Miss Lucy Saunders, a daughter of P. H. and Eliza Saunders, and to them have been born five children: Ralph, Eula, Glen, Guy and Alice.

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Fraternally, Mr. Russell is a member of the Masonic order, having taken the degrees of the blue lodge. He accords his political support to the republican party. He is a man of high standards of citizenship and manifests the same characteristics in the discharge of his public duties as he does in his business transactions and he has acquired an enviable reputation for promptness, absolute trustworthiness and reliability.

JOHN HENDERER, a successful farmer residing on the Umpqua river three miles west of Elkton, was born on the property where he now resides on October 11, 1865. He is a son of Charles G. and Emeline (Meador) Henderer, the former a native of Bavaria, Germany, and the latter of Tennessee. Mr. Henderer's father was reared in his native country and learned the trade of carpentering in which line of activity he became a skilled craftsman. He came to the United States in 1847, landing in New Orleans practically penniless. He worked for a time on the southern levees and engaged in any line of work which would bring him money. He subsequently worked his way to Independence, Missouri, where he engaged in carpentering until 1849 when he crossed the plains to the California gold fields which were opening up in that year. He engaged for some time in mining on the Salmon river and while he had plenty of gold dust, he could not buy food and at times nearly starved. His dominating ambition and perseverance aided him along the way and he acquired enough money to come to northern Oregon in the fall of 1850. He located in Scottsburg and here worked at carpentering and building for seven years. He was engaged upon the construction of several houses in that city and built up a gratifying local reputation. The success which he attained at this time was a fitting reward for his early struggles and the hardships which he endured patiently and uncomplainingly. He bought the old Griffin ranch of three hundred and twenty acres on the Umpqua river and was successful in agriculture until 1857. In that year he returned to Independence, Missouri, where he was united in marriage to Miss Emeline Meador, on November 28, 1858, and on May 4 of the following year started across the plains with his bride, driving a four-horse team. They arrived in Douglas county on September 9, 1859, and camped for the first night after their arrival on the ranch belonging to Cyrus Hedden. The following day they reached their own property near Elkton. Here the elder Mr. Henderer was successful as a progressive and enterprising agriculturist until his death on January 18, 1898. During his life he was one of the prominent and substantial citizens of Douglas county, the hard and often crude conditions of his early life having molded his character along practical and useful lines. He was so skilled a mechanic that it has often been said in Douglas county that his agricultural activities should have been made secondary to his craftsmanship. Everything he found to do he did well. His farming was scientific and progressive and his mechanical labors were skillful and masterly. He was a republican in his political views and while never an office seeker served for one term as county commissioner. Beyond this he never held public positions, always being persistent in his refusal to accept them. He was a member of the Masonic lodge, having joined the order in Missouri before he crossed the plains to California. His death marked the passing of one of the most prominent and influential men of the Umpqua valley. His wife died on January 19, 1897, and both are buried on the home ranch where they spent so many years of their lives and to the cultivation and development of which they gave their labors and energies.

John Henderer was reared at home and acquired his education in the public schools. He early became acquainted with every detail connected with scientific agriculture and from his boyhood assisted his father with the work of the farm. When he reached manhood he continued his residence at home and united with his father in the management of his property. After the latter's death Mr. Henderer purchased the interests of the other heirs to the estate and succeeded to the sole ownership. He still resides upon his father's farm and under his management it has expanded and developed rapidly. Mr. Henderer has made important improvements upon his holdings. He has installed the most modern farm machinery and has in every way endeavored to live up to the high standards set by his father.

On July 2, 1890, Mr. Henderer was united in marriage to Miss Nettie Traylor, a native of southern Oregon and a daughter of James Traylor, who was among the early pioneers in this state, who came from Illinois. Mr. and Mrs. Henderer have seven children: Fannie M.; Eliza E., the wife of William Hargan, who operates a productive ranch in the Umpqua valley; Charles G.; Carrie; Mabel; James Newton; and Una. All the children are living at home with the exception of Eliza.

In his political views Mr. Henderer is an independent republican and follows in his father's footsteps by never seeking and always refusing public office. He is a member of the Patrons of Husbandry and with his family affiliates with the Christian church. He regards his ranch on the Umpqua river as being invested with some of the aspects of a paternal estate and in all things he endeavors to conform to the high personal standards of his father and to carry on his agricultural attainment. Such men are forces for good in a community and Mr. Henderer well deserves the high place which he holds in the respect and esteem of his many friends.

ORIS E. GORSLINE owns and operates a valuable ranch of three hundred and twenty acres in the vicinity of Joseph, where he engages in general farming and cattle-raising. He was born in Cortland county, New York, on the 3d of March, 1859, and is a son of William and Catherine Gorsline, who are living in Salem, this state. In

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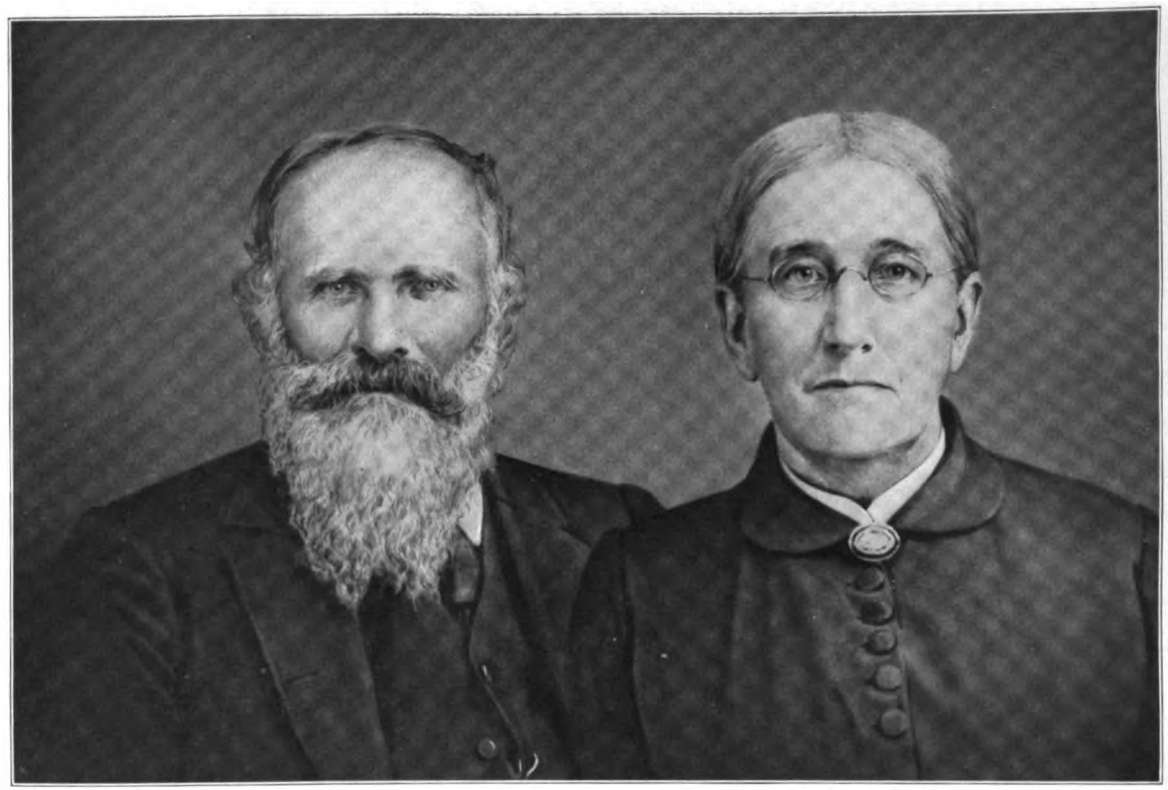

MR. AND MRS. CHARLES C. HENDERER

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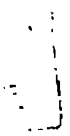

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1874 they removed to Oregon, locating on a ranch in the Willamette valley. The father energetically applied himself to the further cultivation and improvement of that property for many years and met with lucrative returns.

Oris E. Gorsline was a youth of fifteen years when he accompanied his parents on their removal to Oregon, in whose public schools he completed the education begun in his native state. At the end of two years he laid aside his text-books and devoted his entire time to assisting his father with the work of the ranch, thus acquiring a thorough and practical knowledge of the best methods of tilling the soil and caring for the stock. He subsequently left home and began ranching for himself as a renter, in the Willamette valley. Two years later he came to Wallowa county and rented land in the vicinity of Joseph, which he cultivated for ten years. At the expiration of that time he invested in a hundred and sixty acres of fertile land that formed the nucleus of his present ranch. As soon as his circumstances warranted he extended the boundaries of his place until he now owns three hundred and twenty acres, all of which he has under cultivation. He is a man of progressive methods and practical ideas, and has met with good success in both his farming and stock-raising. During his ownership he has made extensive improvements in the place and now has one of the valuable properties of the valley. He has large, commodious barns and a comfortable residence on his ranch, all in excellent condition, and a fine herd of cattle of a good grade. His place is thoroughly equipped with all modern appliances for minimizing the labor and expediting the work, and everything evidences the systematic supervision and competent management that invariably brings prosperity.

At Salem, this state, in December, 1880, Mr. Gorsline was married to Miss Effie Watson, a daughter of Perry and Mary Watson, and to them have been born five children, as follows: Nellie, who married J. W. Simmons; Zola, the wife of C. E. Newman; Fred, who is living on a homestead; and Guy and Delsie, who are still attending school. Mr. Gorsline votes the republican ticket and takes an active and helpful interest in all matters effecting the welfare of the community.

ARCHIBALD R. COX, general manager and vice president of the Nunamaker Sheep Company of Heppner, was born in Morrow county, January 19, 1883, and is a son of William and Margaret Cox, who were early pioneers of that county, in which they continued to reside until their deaths.

Archibald R. Cox was reared at home and educated in the district schools of Morrow county. At the age of sixteen he started in the sheep business for himself in this state and in 1909, at the time of the organization of the Nunamaker Sheep Company, he was elected vice president and general manager and since that time has continued to discharge the duties of those positions. This large stock corporation specializes in the breeding and raising of thoroughbred sheep.

In the month of December, 1905, at Heppner, Mr. Cox was united in marriage to Miss Olive Robinson, a daughter of R. W. and Martha Robinson. He is a republican in politics. He maintains his residence at Heppner and is recognized as one of the most capable and successful sheep ranchmen in that portion of the state. To this enterprise he has given all of the working years of his life thus far and his ability and integrity in the affairs of business have been well proven.

JESSE ORVILLE KIDDLE, manager of the Lostine Milling Company, was born in Iowa, on the 17th of September, 1878, a son of John and Ida (Dewar) Kiddle. The father's birth occurred in England, while the mother was born in Ohio. John Kiddle came to the United States when he was about eighteen years of age. In his native country he had learned the miller's trade and after his arrival in America he worked at the same in Wisconsin, Illinois and Iowa, purchasing a mill in the last named state. Subsequently he went to Triplett, Missouri, where he rented and operated a gristmill, purchasing it later. He still owns that mill and he and his wife continue to make their home in Triplett.

Jesse O. Kiddle was reared under the parental roof and early became familiar with the milling business, working with his father until he became of age, when he went to Callender, Webster county, Iowa, where he was employed as head miller. A year later he went to Fairview, South Dakota, and accepted a similar position in the mills of that city. After remaining there for less than a year he removed to Lohrville, Iowa, and established himself in the wholesale flour and feed business in partnership with his brother George H. Subsequently they erected a mill in Lohrville. A few months later Mr. Kiddle and his brother disposed of that business and the former came to Oregon, accepting employment with the Pioneer Milling Company at Island City, where he remained until he resigned to go to Wallowa as head miller in the Wallowa Roller Mills. He served in that capacity for about five years and in August, 1907, came to Lostine for the Lostine Milling Company, with which he has since served as manager.

In 1906 Mr. Kiddle was married to Miss Cora O. Tulley, a daughter of Levi Tulley, a retired ranchman living in Wallowa. To Mr. and Mrs. Kiddle one child, Leland Tulley, has been born. In politics Mr. Kiddle is a republican and is thoroughly alive to the issues of the day. He holds membership in Stanley Lodge, No. 113, A. F. & A. M., of Wallowa, and he and his wife are members of Anthony Chapter, No. 88, O. E. S. He also belongs to Kinsman Lodge, No. 87, K. P., and to La Grande Lodge, No. 433, B. P. O. E. He deserves all the praise that the term a "self-made man" implies, for from

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his youthful days he has made his own way in the world unaided, and, while he has at times been confronted by difficulties and obstacles, he has nevertheless made gradual advancement and has secured a substantial competence.

AARON WADE is one of the substantial citizens and representative stock men of Wallowa county, where he has acquired extensive property interests, being the owner of two thousand acres of valuable land. He was born in West Virginia on the 2d of December, 1849, and is a son of George and Mary Ann (Aiken) Wade, who were also natives of West Virginia and there they were reared and married. In 1854, together with his wife and family George Wade crossed the prairies to Iowa, settling in Wayne county, which at that time was but sparsely settled. There he filed on some government land and began the life of a pioneer, devoting his entire time and attention to the further improvement and cultivation of his property until the death of his wife in 1880. He disposed of his interests there the following year and came to Oregon, thereafter making his home alternately with his four sons, who are all residents of this state. His death occurred at Island City in 1896, at the residence of his son Thomas. Mr. Wade had always been a stanch adherent of the democratic party and took a prominent part in local political activities and while living in Iowa served as judge of Wayne county. In his early manhood he joined the Masonic fraternity and was always a worthy exemplar of that order and was well known in lodge circles in Iowa and Oregon.

Having been reared on a Iowa farm during the period of pioneer conditions, Aaron Wade was given the advantages of but limited schooling, his education being almost entirely self-acquired. Despite this fact, however, Mr. Wade is a very interesting conversationalist, as he is a close observer and has read broadly, thus becoming widely informed on a variety of subjects while he keeps well posted on all current topics. When still little more than a child he was assigned regular duties about the farm and during the summer months almost his entire time was devoted to the work of the fields and care of the stock. Upon attaining his majority he left the parental home and went out to make his own way. He had been thrifty and enterprising so had accumulated sufficient capital to enable him to begin as a renter and, therefore, leased some land that he cultivated for a year. At the expiration of that period he gave this up and together with his brother Justus, prepared to come to Oregon. They kept their teams, which they shipped over the Northern Pacific to Kelton, Utah, driving through from there to Union county, this state. They arrived there in the month of July and the remainder of that summer and the following winter Mr. Wade spent in that vicinity. In the spring he bought a broncho for fifteen dollars and a saddle for twelve and started across the mountains for the mines at Silver City, Idaho. It was still very early in the season and the snow had not yet melted in the mountains, but became deeper as he advanced, being as much as ten feet in some places. As it was practically impossible to go through this on horseback he turned his pony loose and walked the remainder of the distance. Upon reaching Silver City he had but fifty cents left and this he immediately invested in a good, substantial meal and then sought employment. Fortune favored him, as he succeeded in locating the superintendent of the New York mine, who told him that they could put him to work that night. This was most welcome news, but it was necessary for him to have a pair of rubber boots and some overalls as well as other miner's clothes before he went to work that night, and he was without money. It was impossible for him to borrow as he was not acquainted with any one in the town and he must have employment, so he decided to go across the street to a general mercantile store and see if he could obtain credit. Requests such as his were quite often made at that period and when he explained the circumstances to the proprietor, he readily agreed to give him a full outfit. Mr. Wade remained there during the summer, working in the quartz mill, but later gave this up and went to work for a freighting company. For three years thereafter he freighted with ten and twelve horse teams between Kelton, Boise City, Idaho City, Rocky Bar and other points. At the end of that time he joined his brother Samuel in Oregon and together they came to Wallowa county, settling here in 1876. The greater portion of the money they had managed to save they invested in one hundred Cayuse mares and two or three hundred head of cattle, both being very cheap at that time, and turned them out to range. This was before they began registering brands, and as they were unfamiliar with conditions when they brought in their cattle and ponies at the end of four years they had less than when they turned them out, their mavericks and colts having been seized during the roundup season by the cattle rustlers. Various activities engaged the attention of Mr. Wade until 1886 or 1887, when he engaged in the sheep business in the Wallowa valley. He had profited by his experience with the cattle and was now able to protect his rights, his undertaking proving very successful. He continued to follow this until 1905, in connection with which he subsequently began raising mules in which he still engages. Although he has met with the usual misfortunes and obstacles that are to be encountered in the stock business, his efforts have been well rewarded. For many years he applied himself closely and worked incessantly, but prosperity eventually attended his endeavors and he ultimately acquired two thousand acres of land, that is well improved and fully equipped with everything essential to his occupation.

In 1884, Mr. Wade was united in marriage to Miss Mollie Revis, a daughter of Judge D. B. Revis, who migrated to Wallowa

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county from Missouri during the pioneer days, and they have become the parents of eight children; Louise, who was educated at Whitman College, Walla Walla, Washington, now the wife of Dr. Hackett, of Enterprise; Clifford, who is at home; Fay and Annis who completed their educations in the State Agricultural College, now living at home; and Harold, Bartin, Roy and Russell, who are also at home. The family home is located two miles south of Enterprise, where they have a very attractive and pleasant place.

The political indorsement of Mr. Wade is given to the democratic party, but he has never aspired to public honors or the emoluments of office. More than thirty-five years have elapsed since he first came to this county during which time he has witnessed some marvelous changes. The great expanse of unbroken prairie have been divided into ranches that are equipped with all modern conveniences and comforts, while thriving towns and villages have sprung up where twenty-five years ago there was not even a settlement.

WILLIAM THOMAS MILLER is one of the recent acquisitions of the legal profession of Wallowa, where he has been engaged in practice for less than a year. He was born in Raleigh county, West Virginia, on the 24th of January, 1880, and is a son of Thomas Chester and Candace (Combs) Miller. Thomas Chester Miller was for many years engaged in agricultural pursuits both in his native state and in Wallowa county, where the family resided for a time, but he has now retired from active life.

William Thomas Miller was initiated in the elements of English learning in the common schools of his native state, and while pursuing his studies he also assisted his father with the work of the fields and care of the stock. He accompanied his parents on their removal to Wallowa county, completing his education in the high school of Wallowa. After his graduation he engaged for some years in the operation of a sawmill, but deciding that he preferred a professional to a business career, he subsequently went to Chattanooga, Tennessee, and in the university there took up the study of law. He was awarded the degree of LL. B. by this institution two years later, being a member of the class of 1910. Returning to this state he continued his professional studies for a time in the State University and was admitted to the bar on the 2d of June, 1911. On the tenth day of the same month he went to Wallowa and established an office there. Although he has not long been identified with the legal fraternity of that town, Mr. Miller has manifested qualities, which have won him the confidence and esteem of all with whom he has had dealings, and his friends feel assured that he will make a success of his profession. He has a fine mind and is a deep student and to the support of these qualities he brings tireless energy and the determination of spirit which invariably attain their purpose. He has high principles and is absolutely fair in all his relations, while his integrity is above question. His political support he has always accorded to the democratic party because he feels that the supremacy of that body would promote the welfare of the American people at large. Mr. Miller enjoys a wide and favorable acquaintance in this community and has many stanch friends.

ALBERT G. CONKLIN. One of the successful fruit growers of Union county, residing near Cove, is Albert G. Conklin, owning a farm of one hundred and sixty acres. He is raising large quantities of prunes and apples and has a fine young pear orchard. He is also carrying on general farming and raises about two carloads of hogs a year as well as some other stock. He was born in Oneida county, New York, in November, 1848, a son of Nathaniel and Clarinda (Hunt) Conklin, both of whom were born near Albany, New York. Mr. Conklin is a cousin of the illustrious statesman, Roscoe Conkling, and had the pleasure of being intimately acquainted with him. The father removed to Oneida county, New York, in 1830, where he followed general farming, fruit-raising and canning, and was a producer of garden seeds, becoming very prosperous. In his family were twelve children. Among his brothers and sisters under the parental roof Albert G. Conklin grew to manhood. He received a good common-school education, remaining with his parents until 1875, when he removed to Iowa and settled in O'Brien county, where he purchased a farm of three hundred and twenty acres. His farm, which was situated in one of the best sections of that state, produced liberally and after remaining upon it for twelve years he sold out and came to Oregon. He stopped at Cove, arriving there in the evening, and on the following morning bought a farm of one hundred and sixty acres lying adjacent to the mountains, and which on that account was comparatively free from frost. He has been raising fruit for a long time and has thus far only lost one crop. He has fifteen acres in prune trees and their product is bringing him over fourteen thousand dollars annually. He also as well as having a fine young pear orchard has a fifteen-acre apple orchard which yields over one hundred dollars per acre. He is raising considerable stock and uses his prune orchard as a hog pasture, raising about two carloads of hogs for the market each year.

Mr. Conklin has been twice married, his first union being with Miss Quackenbush, who died in Iowa. To that union one daughter, Bessie, was born, who is the wife of Roy Lay, of Cove. For his second wife Mr. Conklin chose Miss Fannie Conley, a daughter of B. F. Conley, of Brighton, Michigan. Mrs. Fannie Conklin before her marriage came to Cove as preceptress of the Ascension church school, being a woman of good education and strong individuality. To this union three children were born, Albert, Phillip and Thomas, all attending school. Mr. Conklin, who is a highly honored man in his community, has been a member of the school

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board for twenty years. He belongs to the Grange, taking an active interest in that organization. He is a successful farmer and keeps abreast of the times on all matters pertaining to his business affairs, to which he gives his closest attention. He is greatly respected in the community and has long been regarded as one of its leading citizens.

I. S. GEER is well known in Burns by reason of his connection with mercantile interests, while a wide reputation has come to him through his identification with "dry farming." As a representative of the latter line of activity he has done much to further the interests of the state, his labors demonstrating what may be accomplished in this direction. Mr. Geer is one of Oregon's native sons, his birth having occcurred at Silverton, February 28, 1864. His parents were Calvin and Ellen (Leonard) Geer, the former a native of Illinois and the latter of Missouri. The family is of old English stock, the ancestry being traced back to George Geer, who left England in 1630 and established his home in Connecticut. For many years the family has been represented in Oregon. Carey Geer, great-uncle of I. S. Geer, settled in this state in 1845 and was followed by four of his brothers with their families. One of the number, R. C. Geer, grandfather of I. S. Geer, went to Silverton. He became prominent as a local political leader, serving for some time as county clerk and also as a member of the state legislature. His son, Calvin Geer, remained at Silverton until 1889, engaged in farming, and is now living at Riddles, Oregon, in the seventy-third year of his age. He was the father of five children: I. S., the subject of this review; R. C., now a resident of California; Ida, who married H. V. Climber, of Yuma, Arizona; P. W., who now resides in New York; and Mary, the wife of Benjamin Brown, of Burns, Oregon. The family has been a prominent one in Oregon for more than half a century. The late Homer Davenport, the well known cartoonist, was a first cousin of I. S. Geer, and Governor T. T. Geer is a second cousin.

I. S. Geer was educated in the public schools of Silverton and assisted his father on the home farm until twenty-six years of age, when he came to Burns and entered the hardware business in connection with his brother, who had previously located here. After an association continuing two years H. E. Thompson purchased the brother's interest and continued in the business until 1900, when he sold out to a Mr. Cummins. Under the firm style of Geer & Cummins the business has now been conducted for twelve years. Theirs is one of the largest general hardware stores in the city, for they carry a full line of farm implements, stoves and shelf hardware. Their trade has grown with wonderful rapidity and is not confined to Harney county or even to the state of Oregon.

As an enterprising merchant Mr. Geer has contributed to the welfare and upbuilding of Burns but his labors in other directions have been of equal value and worth. He was the first man to introduce dry farming in this part of the state and his success has caused much of the later development of the dry, arid lands and has led the Oregon Agricultural College to extend its experimental stations to this region. Thus the labors of Mr. Geer have had direct bearing on the future of all arid states. About two miles from Burns he has as fine a sixteen-acre orchard as can be found anywhere and the tract is totally without irrigation. It was planted in the spring of 1907 and the trees in the year 1912 have borne all the fruit they can carry. He makes a specialty of cultivating four varieties of apples—the Wealthy, the Duchess, the Gano and the Yellow Transparent. The pear and cherry trees are also in excellent condition, the trees having had a healthy growth and produced good returns. Mr. Geer has made a close study of the soil and there is not a weed to be found in his orchard, where the ground has been so intelligently worked that the moisture has all been conserved. His work stands as an able exponent of dry farming and his example is being followed by many others.

On the 4th of August, 1889, Mr. Geer was married to Miss Belle Erb, a native of Indiana, and they have four children: Juanita, the wife of Irving Miller, of Burns; I. W., associated with his father in the hardware business; H. C., attending the public schools; and Ellen.

Mr. Geer has long been a recognized factor in political circles and in 1892 was elected county treasurer, serving until 1896. In 1901 he was chosen to represent his district in the state legislature. He is a blue lodge Mason and has occupied various chairs in the local organization of the Independent Order of Odd Fellows. In all that he does along political lines and otherwise he is actuated by a spirit of devotion to the general welfare and his labors in the field of business as well as in the county and state offices have been directly beneficial to the community and to the commonwealth.

JAMES C. CONLEY, who is the able county superintendent of schools of Wallowa county, was born in Johnson county, Missouri, August 6, 1859. He is the son of George W. and Rebecca S. (Hooper) Conley, the father a native of Indiana and the mother of Maryland. The parents were married in Indiana, where the mother removed as a young girl with her foster parents, her own having died when she was a small child. Shortly after their marriage Mr. and Mrs. Conley removed to Johnson county, Missouri, and in about 1874 they went to Linn county, Kansas, where they resided up to 1888. At that date they came to Oregon, locating on a farm in Wallowa county, three miles west of Joseph, but resided on that place only a short time when they repaired to the town of Joseph, where the father died in February, 1908, and where the mother yet lives. The father was a republican in politics and was a Civil war veteran, having served in the Thirty-third Missouri Regiment. He was a member of

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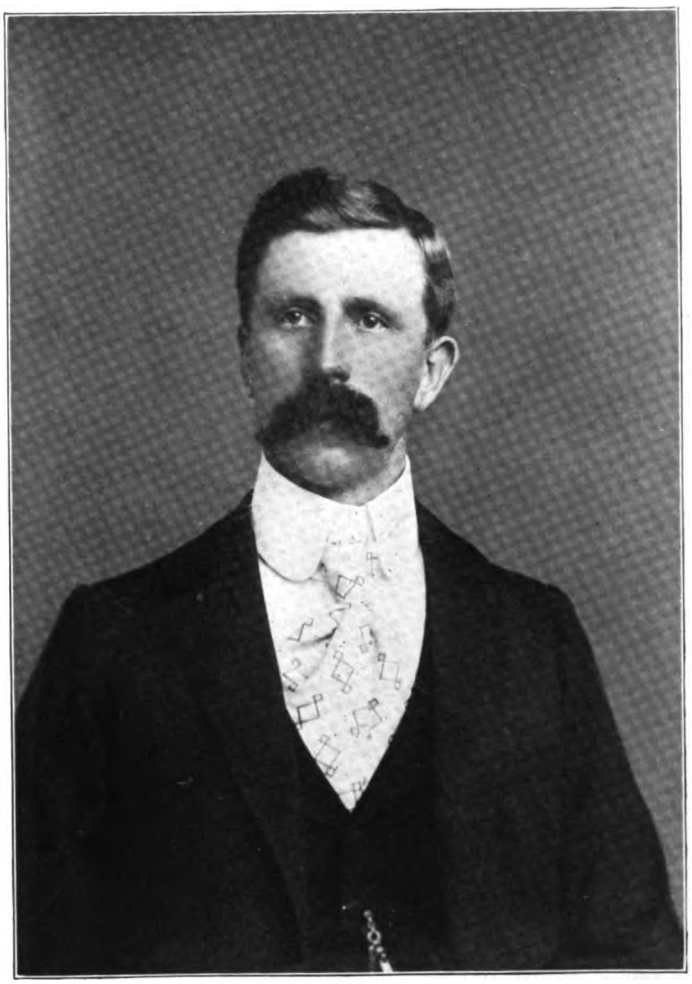

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the United Brethren church and his wife an earnest follower of the Methodist Episcopal faith.

James C. Conley was reared at home and acquired his education in the public and high schools of Linn county, Kansas, graduating from the La Cygne high school in the class of 1880. In the fall of the following year he took up the profession of teaching and has given the greater portion of his time since, a period of over thirty-one years to educational work. During this time he has occupied himself during the summer months with his profession and in winter has engaged in farm work. He is active and energetic and all his life has been a great reader and student, so that he is now a widely informed man. In 1888 he came to Oregon, settling on a homestead, and while improving the same he engaged in teaching school. He continued in the profession until his election to his present place, in 1898. He first served a term of two years and then was reelected for four years and after a lapse of four years was again elected to the office, and up to the present time has given nine years of efficient service.

In Linn county, Kansas, in 1881, Mr. Conley wedded Miss Sarah E. Hall, who passed away in 1893. In 1896 he was again married, his second union being with Miss Grace Wilson, who is the daughter of William C. Wilson, a retired farmer living in Joseph. To the second union have been born three children: Winifred R., deceased; Marvin W.; and Malcolm K., deceased. Politically Mr. Conley is a republican and has always been actively interested in local party work. Fraternally he is a member of Joseph Lodge, No. 81, A. F. & A. M.; and both he and his wife belong to Wallowa Chapter, No. 50, O. E. S., at Enterprise, being charter members of the same. Mrs. Conley is now worthy matron of the lodge. Both he and Mrs. Conley are members of the Methodist Episcopal church and she is a teacher and also assistant superintendent of the Sunday school. Mr. Conley has been identified with school work in Wallowa county longer than any other citizen, is one of its best known educators, and during his service as superintendent of schools has enacted many measures of reform and progress in the interests of education.

ARTEMUS P. WARNER, who is one of the extensive landowners of Umatilla county, resides on his farm, which is located on Birch creek, ten miles south of Pilot Rock. He was born in Pittsford, Vermont, March 17, 1847, a son of Nathan S. and Sarah (Powers) Warner. The parents were both natives of Pittsford, as were their ancestors for three or four generations back. The mother died in Rutland, Vermont, in 1882 and in 1885 the father came to Oregon, where he made his home with his children until his death, in 1891.

Artemus P. Warner was reared in Vermont and acquired his education in the common schools of that state. On reaching manhood he learned the carpenter's trade, which he followed until about 1884, when he came to Oregon, where he settled on his present ranch on Birch creek, in Umatilla county. He now owns something over thirteen hundred acres of land in this tract and also has two other ranches, one of one hundred and sixty acres, which is located in Grant county, and another of two hundred acres, which is just east of Pilot Rock. He engages very extensively in raising sheep and has been prominent in that industry for the past twenty-five years. He has as high as three thousand sheep on his ranch at the present time.

Mr. Warner has been three times married. He first wedded Miss Caroline Ferris, of Du Page county, Illinois, and to them were born three children, only one of whom survives, Edmund, who is postmaster at Pine Grove. Mrs. Warner died in 1877 and Mr. Warner later married Miss Mary Bristol, of Adams Center, New York. To this union was born one child who is now deceased. Mary (Bristol) Warner passed away in 1885 and later Mr. Warner was united in marriage with Miss Martha Palmer, who passed away in 1911, leaving five children, Edna, Archie, Rosa, Robert and Hazel, all of whom are at home.

In politics Mr. Warner is a republican, and fraternally he is identified with the Masonic order. He is well known as a progressive and successful man, being one of the most prominent sheep-raisers and extensive landowners of the county, and he is a man who holds to the highest principles in all his business and social relations.

C. C. HENDRICKS is one of the oldest inhabitants of the city of Pendleton in years of continuous residence. He was born in Lane county, Oregon, April 8, 1851, a son of J. M. and Elizabeth (Bristow) Hendricks, who were natives of Kentucky and removed in childhood with their parents to Illinois, in which state they were married. In the fall of 1848 they crossed the plains with ox and mule teams, locating in the Willamette valley, near Cloverdale, where they took up a donation land claim of six hundred and forty acres. They resided during the remainder of their lives on that claim and prospered. At their death the homestead was left to their eleven children and four of them, C. C., of this review, M. L., A. M. and Olive E., resided on the same and improved and cultivated it, but during the panic of 1900 lost it all. In the family of J. M. and Elizabeth (Bristow) Hendricks were the following children, of whom the eldest, George Washington, died in Illinois, at the age of eight years; Benjamin F., of Springfield, Oregon; T. G., who is president of the First National Bank at Eugene, Oregon; Mrs. Susan Jane Winters, deceased; Sarah Ann, who is the widow of I. J. Skaggs, of Medford; Harriet Emmeline, deceased; Elijah B., of Cheney, Washington; J. M. J., deceased; C. C., of this review; M. L., of Woodburn; A. M., of Eugene; and Olive E., who is the wife of Frank Close, of Eugene.

C. C. Hendricks, being the first child born to his parents after they came to Oregon, was named by them Christopher Columbus. He remained on his father's farm until he was twenty-two years of age. He then drove a herd of cattle which belonged to himself and

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his father, to Lake county and herded them there for two years, but during an unusually hard winter he lost two hundred and five head. Returning to his home place in the Willamette valley he was employed during five years in work on the home farm and on an adjoining farm. He then sold out his interests to his younger brother and came to Pendleton in the fall of 1880 and here he has since resided. During the first three years of his residence in Pendleton he was engaged in the restaurant business. Subsequently he bought town property here and also sold from his reservation an addition to the city. Later he engaged in the grocery business together with his brother A. M., under the firm name of Hendricks Brothers & Company, but after one year they closed out the store but kept the property. Since then Mr. Hendricks has remained in the city, being engaged for a number of years in the real-estate, loan and insurance business. He is today one of the largest property holders in the city, owning nine residences, a large brick building on Main street and many vacant lots.

In his political views Mr. Hendricks is a democrat, having supported this party ever since he reached his majority, and he has been active in local party work. He is a member of the United Artisans and the Fraternal Brotherhood and at one time belonged to nine different orders. He built and owns a hall in which most of the lodge meetings were held, but which is now occupied by a business college. Mr. Hendricks has spent all his life in Oregon and in the city of Pendleton there are only two who can boast of a longer residence. He went through all the early conditions of pioneer life and he recalls many experiences of those days. He well remembers the time when as a boy he wore buckskin trousers which, when one boy of the family outgrew them, were handed down to the next smaller one. He also remembers his first pair of red top boots and his first hickory shirt, which was bought from money that was earned by picking apples. In that early time work on the farm was carried on by ox teams and he passed many a day driving sometimes the yoke of oxen, Jack and Jolly, sometimes Nig and Broad, and at other times Pike and Bald, and often he used to ride one of these to the mill with a sack of wheat. In those days it was the custom of the children to go barefoot, and there was no extra attire for Sunday, when Jack and Jolly used to take the barefoot children to church. Mr. Hendricks has witnessed the development of this section of Oregon from those primitive conditions to its present state of advancement and he has ever taken an active part in its progress. His life is exemplary in all respects and he has ever supported those interests which are calculated to uplift and benefit humanity, while his own moral worth is deserving of the highest commendation.

STEVE F. RICHARDSON, who is living retired in La Grande, was the pioneer in the export lumber trade in his district, having been connected with that business in Oregon since 1883. He served his native state, Maine, as a member of its legislature in 1873, and his adopted state, Oregon, in the same capacity in 1907. By his active and successful business career in the La Grande district he did valuable service in developing its resources and has long been regarded as one of its most influential citizens. He was born in Somerset county, Maine, February 23, 1842, the son of Bryant and Rachel (Goodwin) Richardson, both natives of the same place. The grandfather, Joel Richardson, was a native of England and emigrated to the new world, establishing his home in America. The Goodwins were of Scotch ancestry and were successful and respected in Maine, where the family settled on coming to this country. The Richardson family in Maine were engaged in the lumber industry and the subject of this review received a thorough training in that line of business.

He pursued his education in the schools of his native state and after laying aside his text-books embarked in lumbering. After remaining in his native state for some time he removed to Wisconsin and was there engaged in lumbering for a period of seven years. In the fall of 1883 he came to Oregon and settled in the Grande Ronde valley, entering that section on the back of an Indian pony. He spent some time looking over the land in that neighborhood for opportunities in his business, having associated with him some eastern capitalists. Finding what he readily perceived was an excellent chance to launch a good business, he made a favorable report to his principals and with sufficient capital at his disposition the river was cleaned so that logs might be floated on its waters. Wing and flood dams were built and everything placed in readiness for logging operations. A sawmill was also built under Mr. Richardson's supervision at Stumptown, now known as Perry, and the business which was successfully launched was continued by Mr. Richardson until 1900, when he partially retired, although still retaining an interest in some of the mills. He has valuable real-estate holdings in addition to his lumber interests, owning a farm of two hundred and eighty-five acres four miles east of Island City and ten acres of orchard land one mile from La Grande. He also has lumber interests in the state of Idaho.

On May 21, 1870, Mr. Richardson was united in marriage to Miss Lilla Burrell, of Somerset county, Maine, a daughter of George and Olive (Tupper) Burrell, natives of the same locality. The father was a successful agriculturist, following that occupation during his lifetime. To Mr. and Mrs. Richardson were born twelve children: Josie M., who died August 20, 1881; Frank O., a resident of Idaho; Belle L., who died June 2, 1881; Olive B., who died June 24, 1881; Eugene B., also deceased; Joel H., a graduate of Harvard University; a child, who died May 9, 1885; Arthur B., who died January 30, 1888; Roy A., who died January 8, 1889; George B. and Helen B., the former of whom resides on his father's farm, while the latter is at home; and Edna A., who passed away on the 1st of January, 1899.

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Mr. Richardson has always taken an active interest in politics and, being an influential and representative citizen, was elected a member of the state legislature of his native state, Maine, in 1873, making an excellent record. He was also elected to the state legislature of Oregon in 1907 and rendered excellent service while a member of that body. He is widely known in the state of Oregon, being well acquainted in the La Grande district in Union county, where he is respected by all who know him and held in high esteem by a large number of business, political and social friends. He is possessed of much more than ordinary business ability and his long career in the logging industry and lumber trade has been a very successful one.

E. T. ROUP, a retired ranchman of Joseph, who owns a thousand acres of land on Prairie creek, which he is renting to his sons, was born in Johnson county, Iowa, on the 13th of December, 1854, and is a son of Thomas and Nancy (Henry) Roup. The father was a native of Pennsylvania and the mother of Ohio, but they were married in Iowa in December, 1851, having removed to that state with their parents who settled on government land in Johnson county. After their marriage, Mr. and Mrs. Thomas Roup settled in Johnson county, continuing to reside there until 1864, when they crossed the plains to Montana. For three years thereafter the father engaged in prospecting and mining in that state, meeting with but indifferent success. At the expiration of that time he returned to the east, locating in Harrison county, Missouri, but seven years later, in 1874, he decided to come to the northwest. Oregon was his destination and upon his arrival in this state with his family they settled in the Wallowa valley, then a portion of Union, but now in Wallowa county. They took up their residence here on the 11th of November, 1874, being among the very first settlers in this location. The father and our subject, who was then a youth of twenty years, each took up a squatter's right on Prairie creek, the land there being as yet unsurveyed. Both of these claims are still owned by the son, E. T. Roup, and the valuable holdings, the land being very productive. The father resided on his homestead for thirty years, bringing it under high cultivation and making it an attractive ranch. In 1904, he withdrew from active work and went to Boise City, where he has a son living. After remaining there a year he returned to Wallowa county, settling in Joseph, and here his death occurred on the 12th of October, 1911, at the age of eighty-four years. The mother is living at seventy-nine years, and continues to reside in Joseph, making her home with her son, E. T. The political support of Thomas Roup was always given to the republican party, and while living in Montana in the early days he served as justice of the peace and later held the same office in Wallowa county.

E. T. Roup was reared at home, acquiring a limited education in the common schools. His boyhood and youth having been passed on a farm he was early trained in the work of the fields and care of the stock, and at such times as his services were not required at home he attended the district schools. He was twenty years of age when he came to Wallowa county and he immediately began cultivating and improving his claim, which he proved up in 1881, the year after he was married. His energies were here devoted to general farming and stock-raising, his efforts in this direction meeting with a goodly measure of success. As his circumstances warranted he extended the boundaries of his ranch, until he has today one thousand acres of land. This is all under cultivation and well improved, and is in every way a credit to his energies and determination of purpose. He resided upon his ranch until 1909, when he removed to Joseph to give his children better educational advantages, and here he has ever since lived retired. For many years he devoted himself tirelessly to the work of his ranch and is now enjoying the ease and comfort purchased through the intelligent direction of his early activities.

Mr. Roup was married in 1880 to Miss Alvira Warden, a daughter of David Warden, who came to the Wallowa valley from Missouri in 1878. Six children were born to Mr. and Mrs. Roup, five of whom are living as follows: Elmer, who is engaged in the operation of a part of his father's ranch; Frank, who is also on a part of his father's ranch; Emma, who is living at home; Maggie, who is attending the conservatory of music of Whitman College, Walla Walla, Washington; and Belva, living at home.

The mother and daughters are members of the Presbyterian church. Mr. Roup is a republican, is one of the foremost citizens of Joseph and was one of the organizers of the First Bank of Joseph, which has the distinction of being the first financial institution established in the county. At the time of its organization he was appointed vice president and also one of the directors and has ever since been serving in this capacity. He is a very practical man of sound judgment and progressive viewpoints, whose opinion on matters of business is often sought. His residence in the county covers a period of thirty-seven years and he has established the enviable reputation during that time of being a man of sterling worth and commendable characteristics.

BENJAMIN FRANKLIN WILSON is one of the highly respected citizens of Union, this state, where he is engaged in the general practice of law. He was born February 19, 1861, in Lafayette, Oregon. His paternal grandfather was John A. Wilson, who was a native of Alabama and in an early day removed from that state to Mississippi, where he established himself as one among the successful planters. In 1852 he removed with his family to California, crossing the plains with mule teams, and on reaching the Golden state he settled at Marysville in the Sacramento valley, where he at first engaged in mining

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and later gave his attention to farming and stock-raising.

Benjamin F. Wilson is a son of James A. and Susannah (Owen) Wilson, the former a native of Carroll county, Mississippi, and the latter of Missouri. James A. Wilson emigrated to Oregon in 1859, reaching this state at the time of the Pit river Indian wars, and at one place on his journey he ferried over a stream where a few days previously the Indians had made a raid and killed a number of people. He encountered much trouble in getting his horses and cattle which consisted of a band of fifty head, across the river. This, however, was eventually successfully accomplished with the assistance of the two employes whom he had engaged to accompany him on his journey. Farther along on their way they accidently fell in company with Boone Helm, who accompanied them. Mr. Wilson was the owner of a very fine saddle horse. This animal attracted the fancy of Boone Helm and at a time when Mr. Wilson had relaxed somewhat his vigilance he allowed Boone the privilege of driving his horse and at the first opportunity he managed to escape from their camp and company, taking with him the much-prized and highly valuable animal. Upon the discovery that Boone had escaped with his horse he took one of his men and at once started in pursuit of the fugitive, whom they encountered some distance from their outfit, and upon claiming the animal Boone refused to surrender the horse. In the midst of the dispute which followed, Mr. Wilson's man succeeded in getting the drop on Boone and Mr. Wilson promptly relieved the desperado of his guns and, taking his stolen property, he started back to rejoin his camp and continue his journey. Boone insisted upon returning with them keeping, however, at a safe distance and spending his time in giving vent to unpronounceable expletives in which he announced vengeance upon Mr. Wilson and his party. He continued in the vicinity of their camp during the remaining portion of the day and some time during the night he made his escape and nothing further was heard of this man until 1863, when he and four of his companions, including Jack Gallagher and Clubfoot George, were hanged to a beam in Virginia City, Montana, by the vigilance committee. Gallagher was the first of this company of desperadoes to drop to his death and Boone, who was the leader of the band, on seeing his feet move cried to his copartner in crime with his last words: "Kick away, Jack, I'll be in hell with you in five minutes." The above recited narrative, dealing with the close of the lives of these outlaws points to an important episode in the history of Mr. Wilson's entrance into this state. He ever afterward considered himself and associates most fortunate in not having been murdered by this well known and universally dreaded mountain desperado chief. He arrived in this state in the early fall and established his home in Lafayette, where he continued to reside until 1864, during which time he was engaged in the business of farming and stock-raising. In 1864 he returned with his family to the Grande Ronde valley, making the journey by boat and team, traveling as far as Celilo by boat, from there making the portage and then continuing by boat to The Dalles and from that place by team. On reaching his destination he established his home in Cove, where he engaged in farming and stock-raising. Here he spent the remaining years of his life, passing away in April, 1908, at the age of sixty-nine years. To himself and wife nine children were born.

Benjamin Franklin Wilson was the eldest member of the family. His early boyhood days were passed at Cove in his father's home, where he received his elementary education in the public schools, and later became a student at the State University at Portland. For some time following his school life at the university he was engaged in educational work, teaching in the public schools, and at the same time he operated a ranch. In 1884 he was elected county clerk and in that office continued to serve the people of his county for two years. While engaged in the discharge of his duties he devoted his spare time to the study of law and after having qualified himself for the practice of the legal profession he was admitted to the bar in 1889 and at once engaged in the general practice of law in Union, in which he continued until 1893, when he was appointed register of the land office. In that capacity he continued to be engaged for four and one-half years and in 1898 he was elected county judge, a position of great trust, which he held in the interest of the people for four years. On retiring from the bench he resumed the practice of his profession, in which he has since been engaged. Mr. Wilson is the owner of a very fine farm, located one and one-half miles north of Union, and during several years past he has given it a considerable portion of his time. In his farming enterprise he specializes in alfalfa, hogs and dairying.

Mr. Wilson was united in wedlock to Miss Mary B. Kennedy, of the Willamette valley, on the 17th of July, 1887. Mrs. Wilson is a daughter of J. W. Kennedy, of whom a more extended review is published in another part of this work. To Mr. and Mrs. Wilson three children have been born: Rowena, now Mrs. John Dobbin; Hazel, teaching in the public schools; and Frank K. Mr. Wilson fraternally is associated with the Knights of Pythias, having been one of the charter members of Blue Mountain Lodge, No. 28. He is one of the enterprising and highly respected citizens of the city and county in which he resides and is always to be relied upon to give the benefit of his influence to any measure of public interest effecting the welfare of the people among whom he has established his home.

JOHN N. HEDDEN is proprietor of the oldest mercantile establishment under one ownership in central Oregon and the record which he has made as a business man is a most enviable one. It is true that he en-

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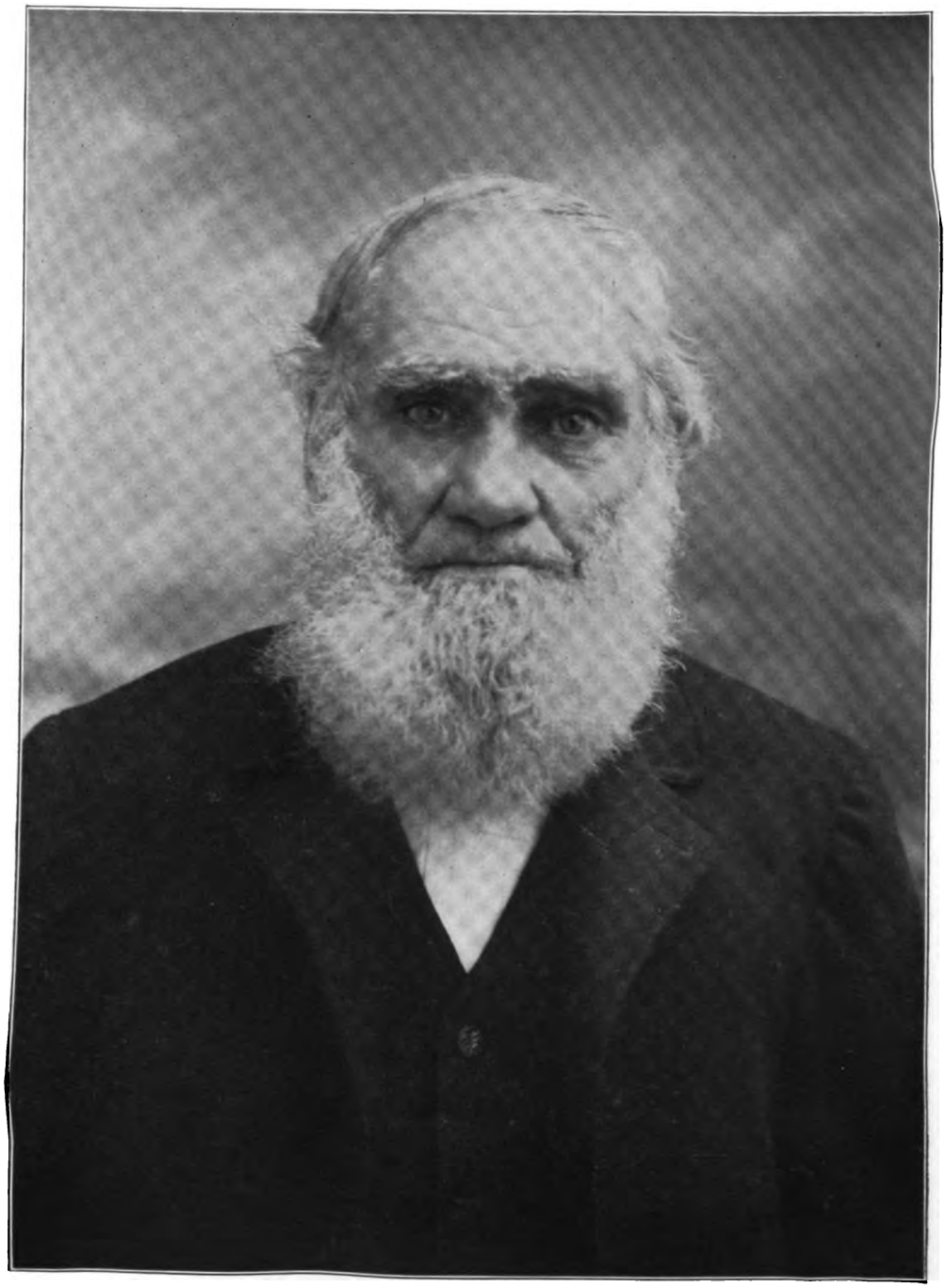

CYRUS HEDDEN

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tered upon a business already established, but in enlarging and controlling this many a man of less resolute spirit would have failed. On the contrary his interests and activities have grown and developed, and have constituted an element in the modern progress of the community. Mr. Hedden was born in Scottsburg, Douglas county, Oregon, May 1, 1856, a son of Cyrus and Margaret (Sawyer) Hedden. The father was a pioneer of Douglas county and one of the most prominent men of that early period, aiding in laying the foundations upon which has been built the later progress and prosperity of the county. He was born near Newark, New Jersey, on the 4th of March, 1820, and there spent his youthful days. When sixteen years of age he was apprenticed to the blacksmith's trade and for four years worked for his board and clothing. In the meantime he thoroughly mastered the trade in every detail and in 1848 went to Terre Haute, Indiana, where for two years he worked as a journeyman blacksmith. In 1850, in company with several companions, he made the long trip across the stretches of hot sand and through the mountain passes to the coast, traveling with a six-horse team as far as Salt Lake City, where the horses were exchanged for oxen. From that point the party continued on their way to the coast, arriving in Sacramento on the 6th of August, 1850. The fall and winter were spent by Mr. Hedden in prospecting and mining on the American river and, in April, 1851, he purchased three acres of land in the vicinity of Market street, San Francisco. Shortly afterward he was persuaded by Captain Tichnor to go on the captain's vessel, the Sea Gull, to Portland. At that time the city had but one or two streets along the river front, while the remainder was sand. Mr. Hedden built a shop and began work at his trade. In the following June, however, he was persuaded by Captain Tichnor to go with him and help found a town at Port Orford. Mr. Hedden and eight others then sailed for that place, where soon after their arrival the famous battle of Battle Rock occurred. Mr. Hedden was one of the nine men who defeated the attacking party of one hundred and fifty Indians, killing twenty-three of them while all of the white men escaped with their lives. He did not relish such encounters nor life in such an undeveloped district and soon after this determined to return to Portland. He made the journey on foot by way of Gardiner and Elkton, and on his arrival in the Rose City began working at his trade at a salary of ten dollars per day. He had not long been established in that way, however, until Captain Tichnor again sought his cooperation and persuaded him to return to Port Orford, where he was placed in charge of twelve men who were sent to survey a road from that point to the California trail which they expected to strike near the present site of Roseburg. They became lost after several days, however, and endeavored to retrace their steps, proceeding down a stream that proved to be the Coquille river. On the 14th of September they were attacked by the Indians at a bend in the river a little below the present townsite of Prosper, and after a desperate hand-to-hand fight, in which six of the party of twelve were massacred, Mr. Hedden succeeded in making his escape. Soon afterward he came across L. L. Williams, who had been badly wounded and was unable to travel. Although Mr. Hedden was a small man, weighing about one hundred and thirty or one hundred and thirty-five pounds, and Mr. Williams weighed one hundred and seventy-five or one hundred and eighty pounds, he refused to leave him and practically carried him on his back the entire distance from the Coquille river to the mouth of the Umpqua. They were forced to travel all night and hide in the brush during the day. It was a terrible journey for they had no food but snails, salmon berries and such things as they could find in the forest. They arrived at the mouth of the Umpqua almost exhausted. Death, indeed, was very near to them through the hardships of the travel and from lack of food. Their clothing, too, was almost gone, Mr. Hedden having on only a pair of buckskin trousers, while Mr. Williams possessed a shirt and no trousers. Arriving at the river they were discovered by a party and taken aboard Captain Elliott's boat where their wants were attended to. Thence they proceeded up the river to Scottsburg. This is but one instance showing the many hardships endured by the pioneer settlers who have laid the foundations for the great state of Oregon.

After his recuperation Mr. Hedden worked at whatever he could get to do and the following spring went to San Francisco, where he purchased a full outfit of blacksmith tools and opened a shop in Scottsburg. From that time forward he prospered and gave his entire attention to his trade until 1870, when he established himself in the mercantile business in Scottsburg. The enterprise was founded for the benefit of his son John, and upon the latter's return from business college the store was given over to him, who, however, as a compliment to his father, conducted the business under the name of C. Hedden until his father's death. Cyrus Hedden was a very successful man, owing to his unfaltering diligence and capable management. He acquired five hundred acres of valuable land which he owned at the time of his death. He was a lifelong republican and served as county commissioner of Douglas county. He passed away March 29, 1911, and the county lost one of its most honored and valued citizens. His had been a well spent life, useful in the extreme, bringing to him not only success but also contributing to the welfare and upbuilding of the community.

John N. Hedden was reared at home and supplemented his public-school education by a commercial course in the National Business College of Portland. From his sixteenth to his twentieth year he followed the river, being engaged in steamboating on the Umpqua from Scottsburg to Gardiner. He was graduated from the business college when

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twenty-one years of age, and, returning home, he took over the business which his father had established with the intention of giving it to his son. He assumed formal possession on the 1st of March, 1877, and for the past thirty-five years has successfully conducted his store, making it one of the leading mercantile enterprises of this part of the state. His trade has grown year by year as the district has become more thickly settled, his enterprising spirit prompting him ever to carry an attractive line of goods while his sense of justice has been manifest in reasonable prices and straightforward dealing. In addition to mercantile interests Mr. Hedden, together with his family, owns two thousand acres of valuable farm land in Douglas county. He also conducts a general brokerage business, loans money, buys and sells farm lands and for years past has been identified not only with individual activities but with many important public projects. He is justly accounted one of the foremost business men of Douglas county.

It was on the 14th of March, 1886, that Mr. Hedden was united in marriage to Miss Fannie Henderer, a daughter of Charles G. and Emaline (Meador) Henderer, more extensive mention of whom is made in the sketch of their son, J. J. Henderer, on another page of this work. Unto Mr. and Mrs. Hedden have been born five children, of whom four survive, Cyrus, Emma, Charles G. and June, all residing at home.

Mr. Hedden votes with the republican party but has never been an office seeker, preferring to concentrate his energies upon his business affairs. He is today one of the best known men of Douglas county and is held in the highest esteem by all with whom he has come in contact. His business policy is one which never requires disguise but on the contrary commends him to the confidence and good-will of all. While he has held many mortgages he has never foreclosed one, and has ever been willing to help those in need by extending time and giving them opportunity to redeem their property. His own sense of justice, fairness and consideration has brought him in large measure treatment of a similar character. He has recognized the possibilities of life and improved his opportunities, and, holding to high ideals of manhood, has ever received and merited the warm regard of his fellow townsmen.

BENJAMIN CLAYTON RICHARDSON is a son of a fine old Oregon pioneer and he himself has been a prominent force in the development of Baker and Malheur counties. He was for many years identified with mining in Idaho and Oregon and for almost a quarter of a century was one of the most progressive and scientific general farmers and stockraisers in this section of the state. He is now serving his second term as county judge, having been elected first in 1904 and reelected in 1908. During the course of his life in Oregon he has been an influential factor in the development of the state along various lines and is numbered today among the most substantial and enterprising citizens. He was born in Jefferson county, Missouri, on the 15th of January, 1843, and is a son of John and Brittina (Hutton) Richardson, the former a native of Missouri, of Scotch descent, and the latter a native of Alabama. They were married in Missouri in the '30s and made that state their home until 1843. On the 1st of March of that year the father crossed the state line, bound for Oregon, journeying across the plains as a member of the Jesse Applegate train. When he reached The Dalles his ox teams were unfit for further labor and he was obliged to leave them in that vicinity and make the rest of the journey by canoe, traveling down the Columbia river and up the Willamette to Oregon City, where he remained during the winter of 1843-44. In the spring he went up into Yamhill county and established a donation claim of six hundred and forty acres on the west side of the Willamette river, about seven miles from the present site of Dayton. This he improved and developed for many years, erecting upon his property a comfortable home. He resided upon his farm until 1860, in which year he moved to California. During the period of his first residence in Oregon he left that state only once. He was one of the pioneers to the California gold fields, making the journey in 1848. He there met C. M. Carter, a son of Thomas Carter, one of the founders of Portland, and formed a friendship which lasted for many years. C. M. Carter was one of the men who escaped from the massacre on American Bar. In 1860 John Richardson moved his family to California, where he purchased land and conducted a stage station, called Willow Springs, on the road from Yreka to Oregon. Here he was active for about five years, coming at the end of that time to eastern Oregon and later to Idaho. He engaged in mining for some time in the Boise basin, when that section was at the height of its prosperity. The estimated population at that time was from ten to fifteen thousand people. In the spring of 1868 he moved to the Eldorado mines in Baker county and there worked at the carpenter's trade, which he had learned in his youth. He later added mining to his activities and about the year 1885 went to Arizona, where he resided until his death, which occurred about 1886, when he was eighty-five years of age. His wife came to Vale about 1879 and resided there until her death, which occurred in 1883, when she was seventy-five years of age. She is buried in the cemetery of that city. The father of our subject was a very prominent and influential democrat and was active in the affairs of his community while Oregon was a territory. He was a member of the territorial legislature for several terms and took an active and leading part in the passage of many progressive measures. When he moved to California he gave up his political position in Oregon to some extent and never afterward was equally prominent. He and his wife became the parents of six children, three of whom have passed away, John C., Thomas and Margaret. The following are the surviving

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members of the family. Benjamin Clayton is the subject of this sketch. Madison, who was born in the Willamette valley, Oregon, in 1845, was married in Idaho, about 1866, to Savanah Cox, and to them were born several children but only three now survive, one son and two daughters, the latter both being married, while Henry, who is the eldest, is active in politics in Harney county and has served as county clerk for two terms. James, the youngest member in the family of Mr. and Mrs. John Richardson, was born in the Willamette valley in 1847. He married Helen Miller in Baker county, Oregon, in 1868, and they have two sons living, Edward and Robert. Nicholas Shrum, the grandfather of Mrs. James Richardson, was a member of the constitutional convention of the state of Oregon.

Benjamin C. Richardson attended the public schools of southern Oregon, near Ashland. In early manhood he went to the Cariboo mines in British Columbia where he spent one year and went from there to California, arriving in that state in the spring of 1864. He next located in the Boise basin, where he mined until the spring of 1868, when he returned to Oregon and worked at the same occupation in Baker county and near Eldorado until 1880. He spent some time in the Wood River quartz mines in Idaho, returning to Eldorado about 1883. In that year he established his residence in Vale and carried on general farming and stock-raising upon a fine and intelligently operated tract of land until 1904, when he abandoned agricultural pursuits in order to give his entire time to his political career. He was elected county judge of Malheur county and after serving efficiently and ably for a four year term was again elected in 1908 and is now serving in that capacity. He is a democrat in his political beliefs and the importance and weight of his influence are evidenced by the fact that he was elected by a large majority in a republican county. In his second campaign he had two opponents but received a larger vote than both of them combined. He has the distinction of being the only man ever reelected to the office of county judge. During the eight years of his service he has been identified with the construction of many of the roads in the county and in the school districts. The section in which Mr. Richardson is active is a large district, one hundred and eighty miles long by eighty miles wide, and very sparsely settled. This makes it more difficult to build the roads and bridges, which are becoming more necessary every day. Mr. Richardson has been instrumental in the erection of eighteen steel bridges, costing altogether about two hundred thousand dollars. He planned the erection of a fine stone courthouse at an expense of twenty-five thousand dollars. He has been guided in his investments of the public funds in his charge by keen business ability and discrimination along financial lines and his honesty and integrity have never been questioned during the entire period of his public service. He has always given his influence to movements of a constructive and expansive kind and has been identified with much important and progressive work. His career has been marked by high conscientiousness and a constant attention to his public obligations and has been guided by honesty, intelligence, integrity and industry—qualities which have made him not only a well known and successful politician but an ideal servant of the people.

On the 10th of April, 1869, Mr. Richardson was united in marriage, in Idaho, to Miss Mary Davis, a daughter of C. D. Davis, a prominent attorney of Eldorado. They became the parents of four sons, two of whom survive. James M., who was born in the spring of 1870, married May Garrison and lives in Vale. They became the parents of six children, five of whom are now living, two sons and three daughters. Benjamin M., whose birth occurred at Malheur City, Oregon, in 1875, wedded Eva Goodrich and is engaged in agricultural pursuits in Boise county, Idaho. They have two sons and two daughters.

Mr. Richardson has been prominent in agricultural and political circles of Malheur county for almost a quarter of a century and his name has been a synonym during the time for successful and comprehensive business methods and energy, honesty and straightforward dealing in the more public aspects of his life. During the course of his career, which has been marked by continuous labor in honorable causes and by well directed energy along lines of advancement, he has gained the true success which is embodied in the title which he has earned of an honest man.

C. W. CONGER. The state of Oregon today, prosperous in its rich and productive farms and in the uncounted number of sheep which range its pastures, owes its greatness to the sturdy men of pioneer times who wrested its productiveness out of the wilderness and battled for supremacy against marauding Indians. One of the greatest individual factors in this upbuilding is C. W. Conger, who gave many years of his life to general farming and stock-raising in Grant county, and who is now identified with one of the leading mercantile establishments in Long Creek. Mr. Conger is a native of Jefferson county, Iowa, where his birth occurred in December, 1851. He is a son of Enoch and Amelia (Hall) Conger, natives of Indiana. His father left the state in which he was born and went to Iowa where he married and resided for one year. In 1852 he came across the plains to Oregon, making the long journey with ox teams. The party with which he traveled had no trouble with the Indians but met with other hardships and perils incident to the undeveloped state of the roads and the crude conditions of pioneer travel. They lost their stock at the Des Chutes river through poisoning from weeds and from that point were compelled to make the journey with their blankets and provisions packed upon their backs. The members of the caravan located at Wapatoo Lake

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where they remained only a short time and later located at Pleasant Hill, twelve miles from Eugene, Oregon, and here Mr. Conger's father was successful as a farmer until 1881. In that year he came to Long Creek, Grant county, and remained until his death in 1885 at the age of seventy-five years.

C. W. Conger is one of a family of thirteen children born to his parents. He came to Oregon with his father and mother in 1852 and thus is numbered among the earliest pioneers of the state. He spent his boyhood at Pleasant Hill and received his education in the district schools. After a number of changes of residence he came with his father to Long Creek and remained in that vicinity until 1869 when he went to Pilot Rock near Pendleton where he remained for five years. At the end of that time he returned to Long Creek, took up a homestead and preemption claim five miles from the city on Pass creek and was successful and prosperous as a rancher and stock-raiser for a number of years. He improved his holdings along scientifically progressive lines and was constantly adding to his property. At the time he disposed of his property, in 1906, he was the owner of two thousand acres of the finest and most productive land in Oregon, most of which was acquired by purchase. He ran stock, sheep, horses and cattle and added at various times as many as five hundred head to his herd. He kept constantly from six to eight thousand sheep and was one of the most extensive dealers in high-grade stock in the state of Oregon. His agricultural career in its early days was identified with some of the most stirring and thrilling events in the history of the section in which he located. During the Indian war in 1878 Mr. Conger and all the other settlers in the vicinity, numbering about fifty in all, joined in the building of a fort to protect their lives and what property they could move. They spent most of their time in the fort and the Indians ran off all Mr. Conger's stock and those portions of his property which they could not take with them they burned, leaving him only his real estate with which to begin his new life. The Indians kept up a constant fusillade during the nights but never really attacked the fort. Mr. Conger recovered from this financial blow and when he definitely abandoned agriculture and stock-raising had become an influential factor in the development of the district in which he lives. In 1906 he disposed of his entire property and came to Long Creek where he engaged in the mercantile business with which he had been identified a short time in California. He conducted a flourishing establishment until 1910 when his entire property was destroyed by fire and he was obliged to move to his present location where he is carrying on a business of the same kind, specializing in the handling of farm implements. His business career is distinguished by the same energy and far-sightedness which marked his ranching activities and has brought him a gratifying degree of success. Mr. Conger has, besides his business property in the city, a five hundred acre ranch adjoining the town limits which he has devoted mostly to pasture land. He is a successful and energetic man, highly esteemed and respected in the community in which he resides and a leader in all projects for municipal improvement. He is noted for a rare and unusual quality of public spirit and is loyally and actively interested in public affairs. In 1910 an organization was formed for the purpose of dividing Grant county into two sections and instituting a new county seat. Mr. Conger was the leader and president of the body of men who formed this project and was an individual force in promoting the issue. Their struggle however, was unsuccessful, although it paved the way for future efforts along this line. The people of Grant county are now obliged to go fifty miles over three mountain divides in order to reach Canyon City, which is the county seat. The organization of which Mr. Conger was the president and promoter had for its object the division of this large section of land into two counties of convenient size.

In 1876 Mr. Conger married Miss Scroggins, who came to Oregon in 1875 from Arkansas, and who died in 1889 leaving five children: Mrs. D. Kidd of Portland, Oregon; J. M., a successful rancher of Long Creek; Thomas L., also a resident of that section of Oregon; and Grover and Rosetta. Mr. Conger's second marriage was with Miss Alice Barr, a native of Kansas who passed away in 1899, leaving one child, Alma. In the following year Mr. Conger was again wedded. His present wife was in her maidenhood Miss Sarah E. Kemper of California.

Mr. Conger is always loyally interested in local affairs. He is a blue lodge Mason and past master of that organization, having been through all the chairs. He is also affiliated with the Knights of Pythias and an active worker in that organization. He has that talent for organization and management which is a necessary factor where constructive work is to be done. He has set himself a high standard of personal honor and during the many years of his life in Oregon has never deviated from his code.

BINDER BROTHERS. The farm of nearly fourteen hundred acres belonging to Charles and Frank W. Binder is known throughout Douglas county as one of the most efficiently operated and productive properties in the Umpqua valley. It constitutes their father's original tract of land which he purchased on his first settlement in Oregon and under the capable direction of his two sons it is rapidly evolving into one of the model properties of the valley. The elder of the two brothers is Charles Binder, who was born in Montgomery county, Iowa, on the 29th of April, 1863. He is a son of Anthony and Hannah (Grabers) Binder, the former a native of France and the latter of Germany. The father came to the United States when he was a young man and the mother crossed the Atlantic when she was fifteen or sixteen years of age. She was accompanied by her brother and settled in Lee county, Iowa, where her marriage occurred. Mr. and Mrs. Anthony Binder located in Mont-

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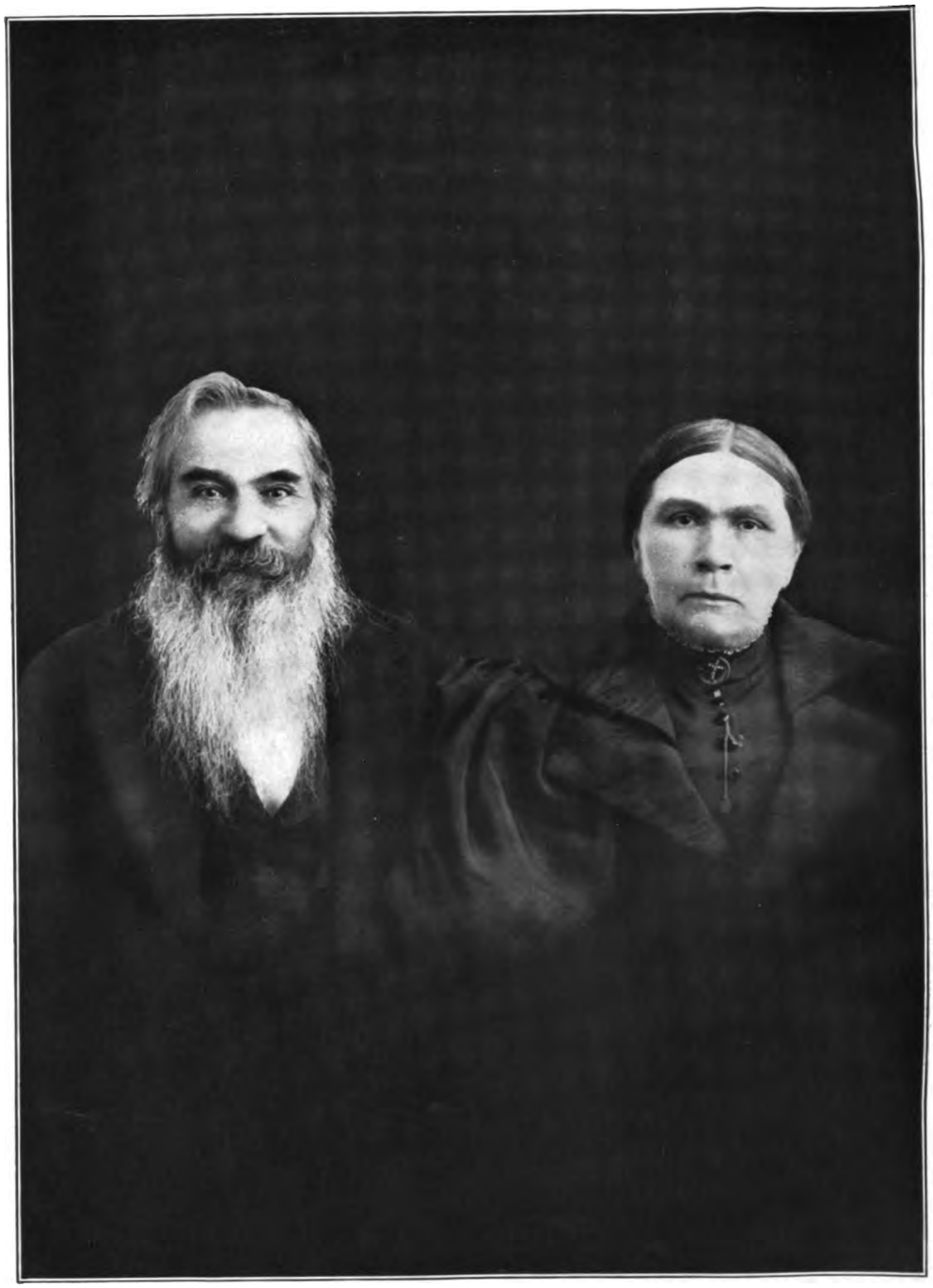

MR. AND MRS. ANTHONY BINDER

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gomery county, Iowa, where the former followed his occupation of a stone mason. He eventually bought a small farm in the district and established his wife upon this property while he worked for some years at his trade. In 1882 he came west to Oregon, locating in the Umpqua valley, Douglas county, two miles west of Elkton. Here he bought the Daniel Stearns ranch, comprising twelve hundred and forty-two acres of fertile and productive land, and on this he lived and cultivated the soil until his death, on January 17, 1911, when he was eighty-three years of age. His wife died in December, 1904, when she was sixty-one years old. The elder Mr. Binder was a democrat in the early days of his American residence but later affiliated with the republican party. He owned at the time of his death thirteen hundred and eighty-seven acres. Mr. and Mrs. Anthony Binder were the parents of seven children, all of whom are married with the exception of Frank. They are: John, who married Bessie Culy and lives in Elkton, Oregon, where he owns a farm, and they have three children; Charles; Mary, who is the wife of W. R. Hart, who is interested in silver mining claims in Canada, and they have two sons; George, deceased; Joseph, deceased; Amelia, who married W. J. Brown, a restaurant man of North Bend; and Frank.

Charles Binder was reared at home and was educated in the public schools of Montgomery county, Iowa. He early became acquainted with the details of agriculture by assisting his father in the operation of his large ranch and attending to the various duties incident to this line of activity. On reaching manhood he remained at home and in conjunction with his father carried on general farming and stock-raising for a number of years. When Anthony Binder passed away his son Charles joined with his brother Frank and purchased the home ranch. Their copartnership has existed since that time and has been productive of excellent results. They work in harmony and have during the years of their association brought the land to the highest possible state of cultivation. They have improved the quality of the soil by scientific fertilization, built fences, barns and outbuildings and have now one of the most attractive farming properties in Douglas county.

On the 8th of June, 1899, Charles Binder was united in marriage to Miss Mabel Haines, a daughter of Alfred Benton Haines, one of the pioneer settlers of Douglas county. Upon his arrival in Oregon Mr. Haines located one mile up the Umpqua river from Elkton and was prominent for many years in agricultural pursuits. Unto Mr. and Mrs. Binder have been born four children, Lena H., George A., Carl B. and Mary E. Mr. Binder is a republican in political affiliations but does not take an active part in public affairs and has never sought office. His wife affiliates with the Methodist Episcopal church.

Charles Binder is aided in his agriculture by the expert knowledge and scientific attainment along this line of his brother, Frank W. Binder, who is a native son of Oregon. He was born in Douglas county, on November 15, 1882, and was reared upon the home farm. He acquired his education in the public schools and supplemented this by a course in business college. His entire life has been devoted to agriculture. His boyhood was spent in the minor duties upon his father's ranch and on reaching manhood he remained at home in order to assist in the development and improvement of the extensive enterprise. When his father died he joined with his brother Charles in the purchase of the home farm and is now interested in this project and is carrying on agricultural pursuits along modern and scientific lines. He is one of the progressive men of the Umpqua valley and has contributed to a great extent to its progress and development. He and his brother are recognized as factors in the growth of this section. Individually each is enterprising and public-spirited, interested in the development of Douglas county and eager to promote it. Their united efforts have resulted in a productive, fertile and efficiently managed farm where each acre is productive to its highest extent, a fact which forms the basis of their agricultural economics.

ROBERT GEORGE, a farmer of Baker county and one of its oldest settlers, was born in Linn county, Missouri, about 1863. His father, Augustus S. George, born in Kentucky, about 1820, is of Irish descent and is ninety-two years of age, being probably the oldest man in Baker county, with the exception of William C. Hindman. From his old home in Missouri he crossed the plains to Oregon with his family in 1865, traveling with a train of more than sixty wagons. His was the only family to locate and remain in Baker county, where he secured a farm, and has continuously made his home since, being numbered among its highly respected, honored and upright citizens. He never cared for nor sought public office, devoting his time to business interests and his family. When crossing the plains the party had to ford the Platte river and in deep water the family Bible, containing all genealogical records, became so soaked with water as to destroy it. Soon after coming to Baker county Mrs. George procured another Bible and from memory entered the records of the family but later the book was destroyed by fire. Mrs. George passed away in March, 1909. After going to the Powder river valley Mr. George met the Perkins's, Osborns, Olivers, Isons and Chandlers, who were missionaries and came to his camp to see him. He, too, had come for missionary purposes and those people prevailed upon him to locate in the Powder river valley, where he has since remained. His wife, who bore the maiden name of Anna Griffey, was a native of Virginia. They were married in Columbia, Missouri, about 1846 or 1847. Both came of prominent farming families who were slave owners and lost all of their slaves at the time of the Civil war.

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Mr. and Mrs. Augustus S. George had six sons and three daughters. The eldest, William, passed away some years ago and James, the second son, is also deceased. Mary A., in 1866, when about sixteen years of age, became the wife of Hiram A. Kinnisson, one of the prominent farmers and stockraisers of Baker county, who prided himself upon owning and raising the finest horses in the district. He also handled high-grade cattle and was one of the wealthiest stockraisers of his section. He was born in Missouri and at his death, on the 17th of November, 1908, left a good estate to his family, including his wife, son and daughter. The daughter Anna E. is the wife of George H. Foster, one of the prominent real-estate and insurance men of Baker county, and lives in the city of Baker. The son, Henry Kinnisson, connected with the White Pine Lumber Company of Baker, married Miss Galbraith and they have a son and two daughters. The fourth member of the George family, Roland, is deceased. Sarah E. George became the wife of Fred Cole, of Haines, Oregon, and after his death married Mr. Richmond, her home now being in the vicinity of Haines. She has three sons and two daughters. Robert George is our subject. David is engaged in farming near Haines, Oregon. Roxie is the deceased wife of Michael McCormack and had three sons and a daughter. Charles, the youngest of the family, is married and has a son and daughter. He lives above Haines on the Richmond ranch and his father, Augustus S. George, resides with him.

Robert George was but two years of age when the family crossed the plains to the northwest and in the intervening years to the present time has remained a resident of Baker county. He was reared to the occupation of farming and has made it his life work. He has also carried on stock-raising and teaming and has led a busy and useful life. He married Miss Ella Ingram and they are the parents of three daughters, the eldest of whom is married, and the others are attending school in Haines. Some years ago Robert George joined the Methodist Episcopal church. He has followed in the political footsteps of his father, giving his support to the democratic party. He belongs to a family who though quiet and unassuming are of that class which contribute to the real stability and upbuilding of a community.

WILLIAM M. CARTER. The occupation of farming numbers among its followers some of the most intelligent, straightforward and prosperous men of Grant county, Oregon. One of the best known among these is William M. Carter, a man whose scientific cultivation of one thousand acres of land in this district amounts almost to a distinct gift to the advancement of the commonwealth. Mr. Carter was born in Polk county, Tennessee, on the 1st of October, 1844, and is a son of William and Barthinia (Wright) Carter, the former a native of North Carolina and the latter of Tennessee. The father moved into the state where his son was born and married there. In 1851 he took up his residence in Arkansas where he followed farming with much success.

William Carter is the eldest of four children born to his parents. He remained at home until he was twenty years of age and received his education in the public schools of Arkansas. On February 2, 1864, he enlisted in Company G, Fourth Arkansas Volunteer Infantry under Captain Edson S. Bastius. He remained in the state from which he enlisted and in Missouri and was present at many of the important skirmishes of the Civil war and witnessed the capture of Fagan's Brigade of Price's army. All during his term of service Mr. Carter's company was never compelled to retreat. During the first few months of his enlistment he served under General Steel and his last commander was General Reynolds. On June 30, 1865, he was honorably discharged at Little Rock, Arkansas. He remained in that state until 1875 in which year he established his residence in Oregon. He was among the earliest pioneers in this section of the country and his agricultural career here dates from the time of government preemption claims. He made the journey from Arkansas to Canyon City with a large pioneer caravan of wagons drawn by mule teams. He remained on his original settlement until 1878 in which year he took up a homestead claim three miles above Long Creek city and began its improvement and cultivation. During the years he has been connected with agricultural pursuits in Oregon Mr. Carter has made a continual advance in progressive and scientific methods of farming. He has constantly added to his holdings until he now owns over one thousand acres which he devotes principally to pasture land in order to accommodate his large herd of high-grade cattle, his thoroughbred horses, and his many mules. He has made the raising of these last named animals an important branch of his enterprise and is numbered throughout the county as an expert in this line of activity.

In 1867 Mr. Carter was united in marriage to Miss Eliza Hudson, a daughter of Andrew Hudson of Arkansas. To this union were born three children: Benjamin, who now resides in Oklahoma; Sarah; and James. Mrs. Carter passed away in 1871 and two years later Mr. Carter was again married. His second wife was in her maidenhood Miss Pernica Blackwell, whose father was a prominent resident of Texas and of whom more extended mention is made on another page in this work. Mr. and Mrs. Carter have ten children: Mary, who married C. R. Davis of Ritter, Oregon; M. Sloan, of Pendleton, Oregon; S. B., who follows ranching; Charles C., of Idaho; Carrie, now Mrs. M. Scroggins; John L., who is assisting his father with the work of the home farm; William M.; Della, now Mrs. Penniar of Heppner, Oregon; Mrs. Nellie Woodson; and Esther.

Mr. Carter, although he never seeks public office, has served for a number of years as a member of the school board. He takes an active part in public affairs and is known

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as a man who can be relied upon to aid earnest and well directed movements looking to the public welfare. Scientific and intelligent understanding of the details of agriculture as it is influenced by the conditions peculiar to the state of Oregon has been an important factor in his success. He devotes a large portion of his time to his farming activities and has atained that prosperity inseparable from intelligent industry.

WILLIAM CHAMBERLAIN. Farming interests in the vicinity of Unity, Oregon, find a practical and progressive representative in William Chamberlain, whose holdings are extensive, comprising nine hundred and sixty acres. Upon some of his land excellent improvements have been made and he has contributed largely to the agricultural development and improvement of his part of the state. He was born in Scotland county, Missouri, February 25, 1865, his parents being Joseph and Susan (Ettleman) Chamberlain. The father was born in Leicestershire, England, and traces his ancestry back to the Castle Doniton family which claims to have been established in England about the time of William the Conquerer. Joseph Chamberlain crossed the Atlantic to the United States and was married in Illinois. There were two sons and five daughters born of that union. Jane, the eldest, became the wife of John Solard, and they had two sons and a daughter. After the death of Mr. Solard, his widow married Mr. Cantrell and now lives at Lime in Baker county, Oregon. Emily is the widow of M. L. Huff, formerly of Montrose, Iowa, who served for three years as a soldier in the Union army during the Civil war. They had seven daughters and one son. Mr. Huff removed with his family from Iowa to Memphis, Missouri, and a number of years later came to Baker county, Oregon, where he died about 1911, leaving a good farm now owned and occupied by his widow. George married Miss Black and lives in Nebraska. Amanda married Mr. Carpenter of Marysville, Missouri, and they have several children. Hattie is the wife of Mr. Whalen of Memphis, Missouri, and lives in Colorado. She has one son and one daughter. Mattie is married and lives in Marysville, Missouri. William Chamberlain is the youngest of the family. The father was a farmer by occupation and about 1882 journeyed westward by rail to San Francisco and thence came up the Pacific coast and the Columbia river to Lyle, a town situated on the Columbia in Washington. He afterward located a homestead on the Klickitat river, improving that place and there reared his family, living thereon until about 1900 when death claimed him at the age of eighty years. His widow survives him and is a resident of Lee county, Iowa.

William Chamberlain was educated in Scotland county, Missouri, and Klickitat county, Washington, attending both public and pay schools. He took up farming and cultivated rented land for about five years in his native county. He worked as a farm hand in Washington for about a year after which he came to Baker county and was employed on Burnt river for three years. During that period he carefully saved his earnings and at length purchased what is known as the Lancaster farm in the Unity district, comprising one hundred and sixty acres of land worth seventy-five dollars per acre. There are first-class waterways on this property and the land is highly improved. He now has other land including one hundred and sixty acres adjoining the Lancaster farm one hundred and sixty acres of what is known as the Peyton place, one hundred and sixty acres of the Ollie Baisley farm and one hundred and sixty acres of the Hardman farm, one half mile from Unity. Recent purchase made him the possessor of one hundred and sixty acres of the Jim Elms place. He has thus eight hundred acres of land in one tract and altogether possesses nine hundred and sixty acres of which there are not more than from forty to sixty acres which are not adapted to farming purposes. He raises hay and grain and all his land is enclosed by fencing excepting about forty acres. He has some buildings upon each place, and his property is worth for grazing and farming, with its water privileges, from twenty-five to thirty dollars per acre. The Lancaster place, valued at seventy-five dollars per acre, is splendidly improved.

Mr. Chamberlain was married on Christmas eve of 1891, at Bridgeport, Oregon, to Miss Edna Laura Lancaster, a daughter of Harvey and Barbara Ann (Stout) Lancaster. Her parents were married in Iowa, removed to Nevada, and after living there for several years came to Baker county, Oregon, where the father engaged in farming and stock-raising. They had one son and three daughters, Homer, Edna Laura, Ida and Lilly. Ida married twice, being now the wife of Boyd Elliott of Audrey, Baker county. Lilly is the wife of Henry Yeager and has one son and four daughters. Mr. Chamberlain was called upon to mourn the loss of his wife in October, 1910.

Politically William Chamberlain is a democrat but without desire for the honors or emoluments of public office. He has worked hard, his labors have brought him results, his energy has overcome difficulties and obstacles and he is reaping the benefits of unfaltering industry.

L. J. LEWIS, who owns a half interest in the Baker City Fuel Company, of which he is the manager, has been identified with the commercial interests of Baker City for more than twenty years. His birth occurred in Wales on the 14th of October, 1871, and he is a son of John Lewis who passed his entire life in the old country. After the father's death the mother decided to come to America, so in 1884 she took passage for the United States, locating in Utah, where she was living at the time of her death.

L. J. Lewis remained at home with his mother until he was eighteen years of age and was given the advantages of a common-school education, after which he pursued a commercial course, thus qualifying himself

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for a business career. His first position was in a sawmill in this city, but he subsequently withdrew from this connection and became identified with the Baker City Fuel Company, of which he now owns one-half the stock and is manager. This is one of the well established and thriving enterprises of the city and its business is constantly growing in volume, its annual receipts showing a marked increase from year to year.

Mr. Lewis was married in 1903 to Miss Jessie Mays, a daughter of Charles and Sarah Mays, and a native of Oregon. To Mr. and Mrs. Lewis have been born four children, as follows: one who died in infancy; Constance E.; Virgil R.; and Maxine M. They have adopted two children, Troy E. and Nola E. King.

In religious faith Mr. and Mrs. Lewis are Latter Day Saints and fraternally the former is a member of the Benevolent Protective Order of Elks, Woodmen of the World and the Improved Order of Red Men. The political views of Mr. Lewis coincide with the principles of the republican party, for whose candidates he casts his ballot, but he has never been an aspirant to public honors or the emoluments of office.

ANDREW J. SWEARINGEN. There is living in Drain, Douglas county, Oregon, a hale, active and kindly old man nearing the eightieth year of his eventful life who has seen the state develop from a frontier wilderness to its present prosperous condition and whose energies have been a constructive feature in the remarkable evolution. Andrew J. Swearingen was born in Jefferson county, Ohio, on September 26, 1833, and is a son of Henry and Mary (Johnson) Swearingen, both natives of Holland. The parents came to the United States at different periods and settled in Jefferson county, Ohio, where their marriage occurred. In 1845 they moved to Nodaway county, Missouri, where the father followed farming for a number of years. He was subsequently one of a band of gold seekers who crossed the plains to the California fields in 1849. In 1850 on his return trip he died while crossing the plains. His wife passed away in Nodaway county, Missouri.

Andrew J. Swearingen was reared at home and acquired his education in a log schoolhouse in Missouri. In 1852 he crossed the plains in a wagon train commanded by Captain Benjamin Holt, and settled in Oregon in the same year among its earliest settlers. He took part in the Rogue River Indian war which continued from 1855 until 1856 and did able and competent service in the defense of his state. He settled in the Rogue river valley after a short period spent in Marysville, which is now Corvallis, and worked for a short time in the mines at Althouse creek. He took up sawmilling and worked at this trade until the fall of 1853, when he returned to the Willamette valley and worked at the same line of occupation in a mill nine miles south of Corvallis. In March, 1854, he went to Coos bay but remained only a month, after which he came to Douglas county where he took up a donation claim in the Tin Pot valley, where he located and lived for fifty-five years, being continuously engaged in agriculture during that time. During this period his activities were constructive features in the development of the section. He brought his farm to a high state of cultivation and operated his interests along the most progressive lines. He gave practically his entire life in Oregon to making an extensive section of this territory more fertile and productive and won his reward in success for himself and the general good he did in the development of agricultural interests.

In 1859 Mr. Swearingen was united in marriage to Miss Charlotte Poland, of Tin Pot valley, a daughter of Marion and Elizabeth (Butts) Poland. Her father died in Indiana and her mother later married Solomon Ensley, with whom she came to Oregon in 1853, locating in the Tin Pot valley. To Mr. and Mrs. Swearingen were born thirteen children, seven of whom are still living: Henry, who is a farmer residing near Drain, Oregon; William, who engages in agriculture in the same section; Perry, who is cultivating the soil near Elkton, Oregon; John, who is the owner of a fine farm in the Tin Pot valley; Ora, engaged in farming near Drain; Bertram, who is a stage driver with headquarters at Elkton; and Rosa Belle, the wife of Jack Goutcher, of Portland, Oregon. Mrs. Andrew J. Swearingen passed away in 1883. His political affiliations are with the democratic party but he has never sought public office. He is one of the well known pioneers of this state and his life has been connected closely with a period of evolution which carried with it the natural rough and crude conditions that are always present in the early stages of a developing community. The early frontier life with its hardships, perils and elemental standards, has added to his virility and manliness without detracting from his constant gentleness and courtesy.

WILLIAM CALDWELL has passed the greater part of his life in Baker City, where he is successfully engaged in the hardware and implement business. He is one of Oregon's native sons, his birth having occurred in Eugene on the 8th of April, 1856. His father, S. A. Caldwell, was born in New Hampshire on the 30th of October, 1826, and there he was reared and educated and learned the tinsmith's trade. When a young man of twenty-three years, together with thirty others he purchased a sailing vessel and they embarked for California. Several months were consumed in making the trip around the Horn, and they finally reached their destination in 1849. He remained in California for five years, when he went to Eugene, Oregon, and engaged in the hardware business. His entire time and attention was devoted to the development of this enterprise for four or five years, and during that period he became very much interested in mining, influencing him to sell his store. He then went to Auburn and there engaged in placer

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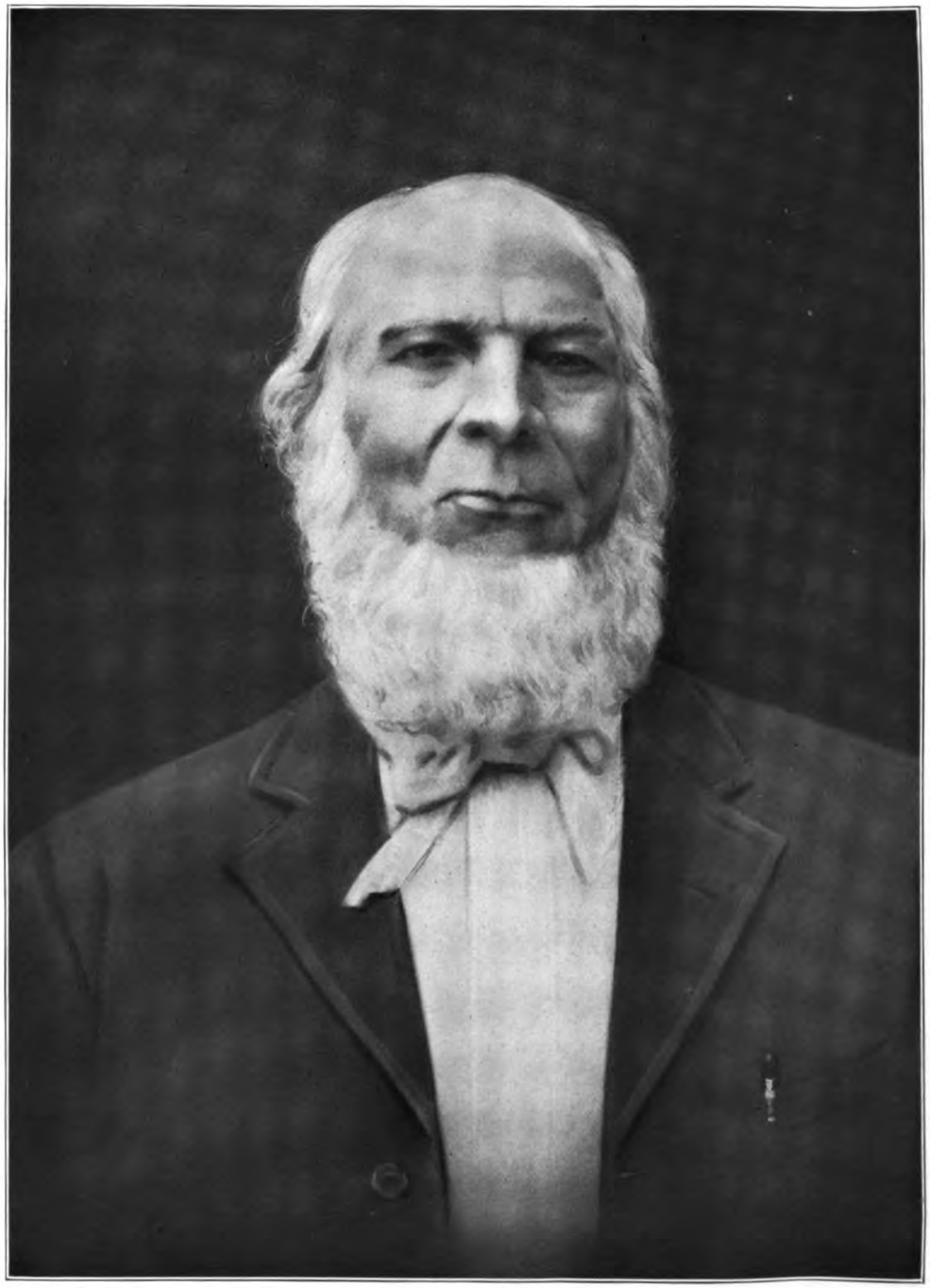

A. J. SWEARINGEN

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mining with very good success for ten years. Disposing of his claims he returned to Eugene and engaged in the sheep business, continuing to follow this occupation until he withdrew from active life when he removed to Baker City and lived retired until his death in 1910. Mr. Caldwell was married twice. His first union was with Mary Hampton, the mother of our subject, who was born and reared in Missouri and passed away many years ago in the vicinity of Eugene. The father subsequently married again and to him and his second wife there was born one daughter, Maude. There was another son born to Mr. Caldwell and his first wife, but he died in early infancy.

William Caldwell was still in his early boyhood when he accompanied his father on his removal to Baker City. Here he attended public school and when his student days were terminated at the age of fifteen years he learned the tinner's trade, which he followed in Baker City for thirty years. In 1901, he engaged in business for himself and opened a hardware and implement store in this city, in connection with which he maintained a tinsmith and plumbing department. Later he disposed of the latter and now gives his entire attention to the development of his hardware and implement business, his efforts in this connection meeting with a good degree of success. He is enterprising and industrious and conducts his business in strict accordance with modern commercial methods, following a policy that entitles him to the confidence of all who accord him their patronage. He keeps a carefully selected and well assorted stock of shelf and heavy hardware, and carries a full line of farming implements and machines, all of which he offers at reasonable prices.

In this city on the 4th of July, 1876, was celebrated the marriage of Mr. Caldwell and Miss Kate M. Carter, a native of Missouri and a daughter of Mr. and Mrs. William A. Carter, both of whom are deceased. Three children have been born to Mr. and Mrs. Caldwell, all of whom have passed away.

Mr. Caldwell belongs to the Knights of Pythias and the Woodmen of the World. He is also an enthusiastic member of the Commercial Club. His political indorsement is given to the candidates of the republican party, whose policy he deems best adapted to subserve the highest interests of the public. Through his unremitting diligence and activity, Mr. Caldwell has met with success in the development of his interests, in the conduct of which he has followed a policy that has won him the esteem and respect of his fellow townsmen.

FREDERICK W. CUPPER. Business interests of Grant county find a worthy representative in Frederick W. Cupper who is conducting a general store in Monument, and by his upright and honorable career has given evidence of his high commercial qualifications. Mr. Cupper is of English origin and was born in Essex, September, 1874. The grandfather, Adam Cupper, came from a well educated line of English landed gentry. The family was founded in America by the parents of our subject, Harry and Cordelia (Capen) Cupper, who came to the United States in 1877 and went immediately to California. Then they came northward and settled in the Rogue River valley where they spent the first winter and subsequently spent one year in Morrow county, later taking up their residence in the John Day valley. They were compelled almost immediately to return to Heppner, Oregon, on account of the Indian troubles but when these had subsided they returned to the north fork of the John Day river, six miles below Monument, where the father took up a preemption claim which he has operated and improved since that time. He does a large stock-raising business, owning at present from six to eight thousand sheep which he pastures on his three thousand acres of land. Another branch of his enterprise is breeding and raising thoroughbred horses. He has imported some high-class stock from England and numbers among his herd one dam named Chaff and two sires of the Suffolk Punch breed named Contract and Commander. They are heavy draft horses of a sorrel color and form a valuable addition to his high-grade herd. The elder Mr. Cupper has now practically retired but is giving a general supervision to his extensive interests. He and his wife became the parents of seven children: Harry, deceased; Frederick W., the subject of this sketch; Ethel, who is Mrs. Oscar Scharffer, of Wall Creek, Grant county, Oregon; one child who died in infancy; Nora, who has passed away; Percy, who is a graduate of the Oregon State University and who has been admitted to the bar but is now assistant state engineer with headquarters at Salem; and Morton, who is in active management of the home ranch and who owns three or four hundred head of stock.

Frederick W. Cupper came to America with his parents when he was still a child and was educated in the district schools of John Day valley. He spent his boyhood in this section and at an early age became acquainted with the details of general agriculture and stock-raising as it is carried on under Oregon conditions. He remained with his parents until he was twenty-one years of age and was employed upon the ranch as assistant to his father. After two years he went to Monument where he operated a general store for eighteen months and this activity gave a definite bent to his ambition. He subsequently sold out his holdings and removed upon a ranch six miles below Monument, later trading this property to his father for a productive tract on Wall creek, sixteen miles from Monmouth, which he operated and developed with much success, adding four hundred acres to his holdings. He remained upon this property for five years when he sold out and bought a store belonging to J. H. Anderson, at Monmouth, and this enterprise he has since conducted with constantly increasing success. It is one of the largest mercantile enterprises in Grant county and owes its flourishing condition to the expert business management and progressive commercial ideas of Mr. Cupper. The store has

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a floor space of forty by one hundred and ten feet and its stock is large and varied. Mr. Cupper deals in all kinds of general merchandise and makes a specialty of handling agricultural implements. He never allows any of his lines to become out-of-date and keeps his goods attractively arranged. His patronage has steadily increased and doubled the first year after his identification with the mercantile business. Mr. Cupper is progressive and modern in all his ideas and his enterprise has all of the aspect of a modern and efficiently managed store.

On January 1, 1901, Mr. Cupper was united in marriage to Miss Laura May Gardner of Douglas county, Oregon, a daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Thomas Gardner. Mrs. Cupper's father was one of the earliest pioneers in the settlement of Douglas county. His wife had been engaged in teaching before her marriage and had made a great success of this line of work. Mr. and Mrs. Cupper have three children, Vera, Vernon and Wayne, all of whom are attending school.

Mr. Cupper has for many years been active in public affairs. He is an upright and honorable business man, keenly alive to the interests of his patrons. He has attained a reputation throughout the city and county for thorough efficiency along mercantile lines and for perfect honesty and fair dealing. His attractive and flourishing store is fair evidence of his prosperity.

ARTHUR S. JANES. For over thirty-five years Arthur S. Janes has been prominently connected with cattle-raising in Umatilla county and has become one of the important men in this line of business in the district. His fine ranch of four hundred and eighty acres is located five miles up the main road from Stanley creek and its excellent condition is sufficient proof of the prosperity of its owner and the careful and progressive methods by which he attained it. Mr. Janes was born in Du Page county, Illinois, December 16, 1868, and is a son of Albert S. and Charlotte B. (Powers) Janes. For a number of years his father was prominent in the political life of Du Page county, having served for twenty years as county surveyor. He also did able and effective work as judge of the county court and was serving in this capacity at the time of his death in 1882.

Arthur S. Janes was reared at home and acquired his education in the public schools of Du Page county. He remained in Illinois until 1886 and then, accompanied by his brother, Albert B. Janes, he came to Oregon and located on Stanley creek, in Umatilla county, where he engaged in the cattle business, in which he has been active and successful since that time. He owns four hundred and eighty acres of land, devoted almost entirely to cattle-raising. His success came swiftly, because he was quick to recognize the opportunities which Oregon offered to him and to use his advantages in a practical way. The story of his career has in it nothing unusual or spectacular. It is a record of steady, concentrated and practically efficient work in one of the important industries of the state and of final attainment of prosperity and success. However, cattle-raising has made a distinct advance in methods because of his years of study and activity along this line, and his own position has become more substantial and prominent, so that the total of results of his work is by no means inconspicuous.

WYATT A. POOLE, who for a long period was identified with farming interests on the Pacific coast, his last years being spent in Clatsop county, Oregon, was born in Indiana in 1832, his parents being Micajah and Rebecca (Ralston) Poole, the former a native of Virginia, and the latter of English parentage. The parents were married in Indiana, where they lived for six years, after which they removed to Iowa, where the father secured a tract of land and carried on general farming until his death. In early manhood he had learned blacksmithing and had followed that trade for some time but gave it up as he regarded agricultural pursuits as a better means of gaining a livelihood. He passed away in 1869 and for six years was survived by his wife, who died in 1875. They had the following children: Wyatt A., of this review; William, who lives in Muscatine county, Iowa; Milburn, who married Elizabeth Poole of West Liberty, Iowa, and is deceased; Ewalt, who has also passed away; Joseph, a resident of Primrose, Iowa; McDonald M., who is living in the state of Washington; Benton, a resident of Primrose; Adeline, the wife of Thomas Walker, of Oklahoma; and Susan J., deceased.

Wyatt A. Poole spent his youthful days upon his father's farm, dividing his time between the work of the fields and the acquirement of an education in the public schools. Following his marriage he took up farming as a life work.

It was on the 8th of May, 1867, that he wedded Miss Elizabeth Hays, who was born in Indiana, June 23, 1844, and is a daughter of Michael and Matilda Hays, the former a native of Pennsylvania and the latter of Ohio. Her father was a farmer and after his marriage removed with his family to Indiana, where he lived for eight years before going to Iowa in 1851. They were residents of that state until the mother's death, which occurred in 1855. Twenty years later the father took up his abode in California, where he made his home until called to his final rest in 1895. He entered business circles as a millwright, learned the trade in early manhood and followed it for a long period of time, although later his attention was given to the cultivation of the soil. He had eight children: Mahlon T., Michael and Martin, all deceased; Mrs. Poole; Malinda J., the wife of John Blakemore, of California; Marion, who died in childhood; Mary, the wife of John Galaher, of Reno, Nevada; and one who died in infancy.

Following his marriage Wyatt A. Poole purchased a farm near Loyalton, Sierra county, California, where he engaged in cultivating the soil until 1882. He then sold out and removed to Humboldt county, where

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he operated a dairy farm and in 1907 he arrived in Clatsop county, Oregon, where he resided until his death, which occurred in June of that year. His industry and well directed enterprise during an active business life enabled him to leave his family in comfortable circumstances.

To Mr. and Mrs. Poole were born six children: Helen A., the wife of Frank Hurlbutt, a resident of Clatsop, Oregon; Frank W. and Fred B., who have attended the high school and are now at home; Ralston M., who was a high school student and is now married and lives in California; Robert, who is married and makes his home in Clatsop county; and Mary A., who is with her mother. Mr. Poole voted with the republican party but was never an office seeker. He did not, however, neglect the duties of citizenship but exercised his influence for all measures and movements which he deemed of public benefit. He held membership with the Independent Order of Odd Fellows in Loyalton, California, and his religious faith was that of the Methodist Episcopal church. He lived an upright life and his many good qualities caused him to gain a firm hold upon the regard of his fellow townsmen. Thus his loss was a matter of deep regret not only to his immediate family but also to many friends. Mrs. Poole and the family are all members of the Baptist church and they are widely and favorably known in this community, which has now been their home for more than five years.

JASON PORTER FRIZZELL, who is treasurer and general manager of the City View Cemetery Association, was born near Springfield, Missouri, August 6, 1848, his parents being Reese Porter and Lilly (Porter) Frizzell. The parents crossed the plains in 1852 and the father passed away on the way to Willamette valley. The mother settled at McCoy, Polk county, where she took up one hundred and sixty acres of land, and her death occurred there in 1882. To their union six children were born.

Jason P. Frizzell acquired his early education in the district schools near his mother's farm. He resided at home until 1869, when he purchased three hundred and twenty acres near Perrydale, Polk county, where he entered upon agricultural pursuits independently. He made this property his home for twenty years. At the end of that time he removed to Salem and two years later disposed of his property. The following year he organized the City View Cemetery Association, he and his two daughters holding the entire stock. He was made treasurer and general manager and has since served in that capacity. In whatever line of work he engages he exhibits a determination to succeed which is in a large degree responsible for the prosperity he is now enjoying.

In 1873 Mr. Frizzell was married to Miss Louisa Baskett, a daughter of J. G. Baskett, of Rickreall, Polk county. To their union two daughters were born. Edith, the elder, is the wife of Lloyd Reynolds, an orchardist of Marion county. She is president of the City View Cemetery Association. Ethel, the younger, who is married to Otto Hedrick, is secretary of the cemetery association. Mr. Hedrick is engaged in the truck and dray business in Salem. Mrs. Frizzell's death occurred in 1882, and in 1892 Mr. Frizzell was married to Miss Alice McFadden, of Salem. They are rearing an adopted son, Ronald Jefferson.

Mr. Frizzell holds membership in Salem Lodge, No. 4, A. F. & A. M.; Multnomah Chapter, No. 1, R. A. M.; De Molay Commandery, No. 5, K. T.; and Al Kader Temple, A. A. O. N. M. S., of Portland. He is one of the well known and respected citizens of Salem and during his residence in this city has made many friends who regard him as a man who is governed by lofty principles and who never neglects his opportunities nor fails to recognize his obligations, and those with whom he comes in contact entertain for him warm regard.

PATRICK MURPHY is numbered among the progressive and enterprising general farmers in Coles valley, where he is operating a fine tract of two hundred and forty acres of land and gaining substantial success as the result of his industry and well directed activity. He has been thus engaged since 1869, having taken up general agricultural pursuits after many eventful years spent on the seas and in extended traveling through many foreign countries. He was born in County Waterford, Ireland, March 24, 1846, and is a son of Michael and Margaret (Brown) Murphy, the former a native of Ireland and the latter of Scotland. They came to the United States in 1856, settling near Dedham, Massachusetts, where the father followed the trade of a stone mason and speculated in real estate and farm lands. He died in that city and there his wife's death also occurred.

Patrick Murphy was ten years of age when he came to America. He lived with his parents in Dedham, Massachusetts, for two years and at the end of that time ran away from home and shipped aboard a man-of-war sailing to Buenos Ayres and then to Chili, and thence to Australia upon a merchant vessel. He returned to Buenos Ayres where he went aboard another American man-of-war bound for New York. When he reached home he enlisted for three years in the United States navy, serving under Admiral Dahlgreen in the Southern Atlantic Blockading Squadron. He was mustered out at the close of the war and after his discharge returned to his native country, spending nine months in travel through Ireland, England and Scotland. When he came back to America he traveled extensively for two years, covering in his journey thirty-three states. In 1869 he came to Oregon, locating in Coles valley, where he purchased a farm of two hundred and forty acres, whereon he has since resided. Over forty years devoted to agricultural pursuits have gained him a well deserved success and made his ranch one of the finest in the district.

In 1883 Mr. Murphy was united in marriage to Mrs. Malinda Churchill, who was in

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her maidenhood Miss Malinda Hibbard. They became the parents of seven children, four of whom are still living: Henry, of Coles valley, and Mary E., twins; Margaret, the wife of Ferdinand Fortin, of Coles valley; and Emmett, who is a ranchman in the same section.

In his political views Mr. Murphy is independent and keeps his convictions unbiased and his judgment clear. He is one of the substantial men of Douglas county and his early life, which broadened his point of view and gave him truer standards and more tolerant principles, has had its effect upon his success.

WILLIAM N. WILLSON dates his residence in Oregon from 1883 and at Klamath Falls from 1889. During most of the time through the intervening period he has been engaged in the cultivation of a ranch and the improvement of his property but is now living retired, enjoying a well earned and well merited rest. He was born in Belfast, Allegany county, New York, December 6, 1836, his parents being Daniel and Mary (Atherton) Willson, who were also natives of the Empire state, the former born in Cattaraugus county and the latter in Allegany county, where they were married. In 1838 they removed westward to Iowa, which was then under territorial rule and with its pioneer development became closely identified. They spent many years in Iowa and then removed to Houston county, Minnesota, when that state was also under territorial rule. Following its admission to the Union Daniel Willson was elected a member of the first state legislature. From Houston county he removed to Rock Elm, Pierce county, where he died when eighty-five years of age. He was known as Dr. Willson because he long practiced medicine and he was also prominent in the Baptist church as a representative of its ministry. His wife passed away at the age of eighty years. They were the parents of four sons and six daughters and of the family six are yet living.

William N. Willson, the eldest son, resided with his parents until he attained his majority and his experiences were such as usually fall to the lot of the farmer lad upon the frontier. He engaged in breaking prairie with five yoke of oxen, almost his entire time being given to that work during the period of his boyhood and youth. He has driven mule teams from Albany and Rockford, Illinois, when it was a difficult thing to get from one house to the next because of the fact that the prairie was covered with high grasses and there were no roads. Following his marriage in 1858 he went to the Des Moines river and thence to western Minnesota. He took a claim there but abandoned it because of his fear of the Indians at the time of the New Ulm massacre. Journeying southward, he located in Clinton county, Iowa, where he lived for seven or eight years. He also spent six years in Missouri at farming and stock-raising and to a considerable extent worked at the carpenter's trade. At length he sold his ranch in that state and came to Oregon in 1883, driving across the country and settling sixteen miles below Portland. There he lived for about six years and in 1889 came to Klamath Falls, where he has remained most of the time since. He took a homestead, proved up the property, sold it, then purchased another tract, sold that and bought land on Link river. This is a fine garden spot and his place is splendidly improved. In addition he owns Main street property but is living practically retired, enjoying in well earned rest the fruits of his former toil.

In 1858 Mr. Willson was united in marriage to Miss Sarah Tupper, who was born in Michigan in 1842 and died in Oregon in 1887. Their children were: Mary, who became the wife of Edward Stout but both are now deceased; Charles D., living at Klamath Falls; Marie, the wife of Kent Ballard, of Klamath Falls; Emma, the deceased wife of James Staub; Della, who died when sixteen years of age; and William, who died when twenty-two years of age. Mr. Willson's wife, his mother-in-law and four of his children passed away within a few years.

Sickness and death caused him such heavy expenses that he lost practically all of his property but he is now in very comfortable circumstances. He gained a start in trapping and began to make money on everything which he attempted. He is now the possessor of a handsome competence and it is well known that his prosperity is the merited reward of his earnest labor. In politics he has been a republican since the time of Abraham Lincoln, whom he supported in the presidential election of 1860 and again in 1864. Fraternally he is connected with the Benevolent Protective Order of Elks. In all business affairs he displays keen judgment and unfaltering enterprise and his sagacity is evidenced in his ability to realize the possible outcome of any situation from the start.

JACOB STUBENBORDT, one of the early pioneers of Oregon, was born in Alsace-Lorraine, on the 22d of April, 1839, and received his early education in the schools of Germany and France, being later graduated from polytechnic colleges. In Paris he followed engineering and for his services received several medals from the French government.

Becoming dissatisfied with the old world, he left for America in 1871 and for a time followed his former vocation in the eastern states but finally settled in St. Louis, Missouri, where he embarked in the furniture business. Not being satisfied with that location, he subsequently started for the golden west and became a resident of Pendleton, Oregon, when this territory embraced what is now known as the state of Oregon, a part of Washington and all of Idaho. This was in the year 1882, when the Oregon Railroad & Navigation Company was laying the first rail into Pendleton. From that time on he continued to make his home there and established one of the finest grocery stores in the northwest under the name of the White House, which he conducted until his death, on the 23d of February, 1896.

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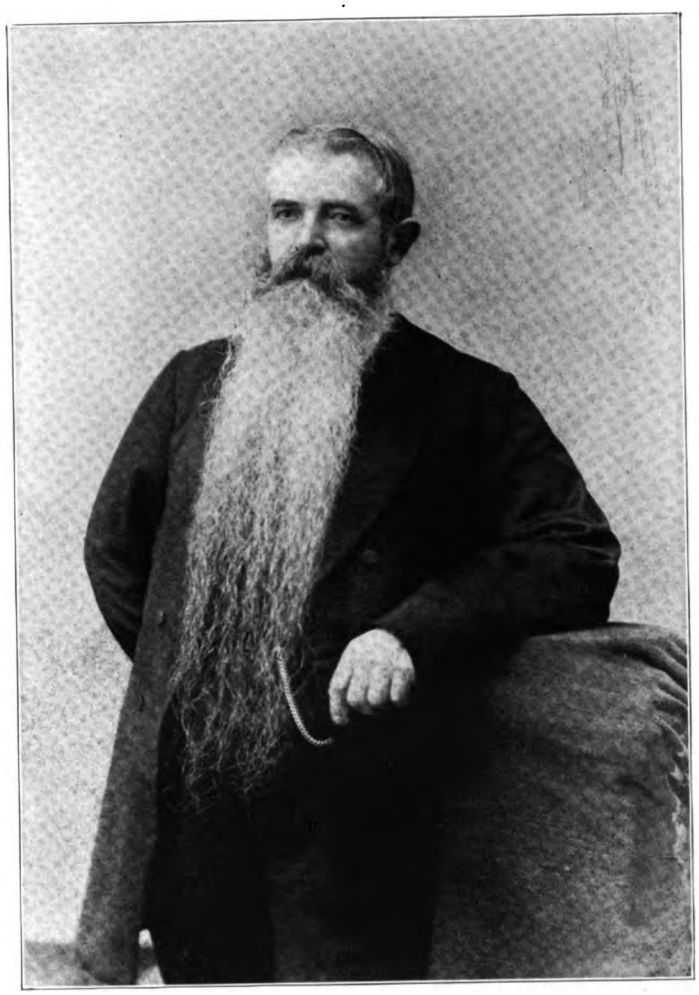

Jacob Stubenbordt

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Mr. Stubenbordt was a high Mason and an Episcopalian by faith. He was survived by his widow, Mrs. Catherine Stubenbordt, who soon followed him to that great beyond, and a daughter, Gertrude, who is now the wife of Frank O'Gara, of Pendleton.

BAKER COMMERCIAL CLUB. On the evening of January 7, 1903, there was formed in Baker City, state of Oregon, an organization to be known as the Citizens League, and for the purpose as outlined in the articles of association of encouraging and fostering all legitimate enterprises tending toward the development of Baker City and Baker county, the approvement of roads, beautifying public properties, and in general to further in all practical ways, the business and community interests of Baker City and Baker county.

The charter members of the association were: William Pollman, J. T. Donnelley, N. C. Haskell, Bela Kadish, P. Basche, F. S. Lack, George Chandler, C. A. Johns, W. J. Patterson, C. M. Sage, F. R. Mellis, C. H. Breck, R. B. Carter, A. Geiser, A. S. Shockley, J. Muller, L. Levinger, Carl Adler, S. L. Baer, Dr. E. B. McDaniel, and W. F. Butcher. At this meeting William Pollman was elected president; S. L. Baer, vice president; N. C. Haskell, secretary; J. T. Donnelley, treasurer.

This organization grew in membership from year to year until the year of 1910. On February 2, 1910, the first move toward reorganization and changing the name of the association was made, and at this time it was decided to reorganize under the name of Baker Commercial Club, and endeavor in every possible way to enlarge the membership as well as broaden the scope of work of the organization. At this time a committee was appointed to draft a constitution and by-laws for the new organization, and on February 16, 1910, the Citizens League met again and adopted the constitution and by-laws as submitted by the committee.

In a general way the constitution provided for the formation of an organization for the purpose of furthering in all practical ways the business and community interests of Baker City and Baker county, the protection of industries already established here and the conservative location of new ones, to guard the enjoyment by the city and county of the best obtainable railroad facilities and rates, to act as a medium for regulating and securing of public celebrations, and outdoor amusements calculated to bring enjoyment to the public, to promote better acquaintance and appreciation among the immediate surrounding people of the community, to make a name of the city and county over the entire country by advertising the beauties and advantages of Baker City and Baker county, and in general way to look after and promote everything of public interest and benefit.

The constitution further provided for a board of fifteen to act as managing directors, and at the time the constitution and by-laws were adopted, the following members were elected to the board, five for five years, five for two years, and five for three years: F. P. Bodinson, F. H. Dean, A. S. Shockley, N. C. Haskell, Grant Geddes, F. A. Harmon, J. W. Stuchell, F. W. Eppinger, Charles L. Palmer, E. F. Cranston, C. A. Johns, C. B. Stout, E E. Dobbins, Robert Wallbrunn and J. A. Smith.

The first regular meeting of this board, held on March 20, 1910, the following officers were elected from their number, for the terms of one year each: President, F. P. Bodinson; vice president, F. A. Harmon; secretary, N. C. Haskell; treasurer, Charles L. Palmer. Active steps were at once taken to increase the membership which met with great success. It was then decided by the board that an active manager should be hired, and on May 9, 1910, resolutions were passed providing that a publicity manager should be hired at once to devote his entire time to the club's business. Mr. Ashley was then hired, and immediately took up his duties. Steps were then taken to issue some literature bearing upon the general topics of interest in and around the city, and subsequently several descriptive and illustrated pamphlets were issued under the community publicity plan of the Oregon-Washington Railroad & Navigation Company, which were distributed over the entire country through the agency of the club and the railroad. Great and good results were obtained from the distribution of literature, and many a one in the east has turned toward this section and located here through the medium of the literature issued by the Baker Commercial Club.

During the year a great many things of public interest and benefit were handled by the club, with, as a rule, satisfactory results.

The membership of the organization steadily increased as people who were at first skeptical, began to realize that an organization of this kind in any community was not only a benefit, but a necessary thing to successfully handle the ever arising questions of public interest and welfare.

The progress of the club during the year 1910 was satisfying, not only to those who were instrumental in the organization, but to every public-spirited citizen in the community. In May, 1911, the following officers were elected for the ensuing year: F. A. Harmon, president; E. F. Cranston, vice president; C. C. McColloch, secretary; Robert Wallbrunn, treasurer.

In June following, H. J. O'Gorman was hired as publicity manager, Mr. Ashley having left. During the ensuing year the active work of the club was greatly increased, as was also the membership. Many matters of vital importance were taken up and successfully handled through the channels of the organization, and the citizens generally were high in their praise of the work done by the club.

So great was the general satisfaction with the work of the club during the year 1911, that at the annual election held in May, 1912, all of the officers of the club were unanimously reelected, it being the general opinion that these officers had conducted the

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work of the club in a manner that proved conclusively they were the right men in the right places.

During this year some of the most important things being handled by the club, were the securing of a favorable log rate over the Sumpter Valley Railroad, so as to enable the manufacturers of logs to locate at this point, and enter into competition on a more equal basis than they had heretofore been able to operate on with other log manufacturing centers.

The Baker County Fair & Speed Association, a stock corporation of this city, who had been conducting the Baker county fair for the past eight years, had, by reason of poor success of the fair, determined to abandon it. The Baker Commercial Club stepped into the breech, leased the grounds and conducted the most successful fair from every point of view that has ever been conducted in Baker county, and from the expressions on every hand there is no doubt but as the years go on greater success will crown their efforts in this project.

The matter of adjusting freight rates to a more equitable basis has been pursued by this organization for several years, and in many cases they have brought before the railroad commission and the courts results attained have been very satisfying to the community in general.

Activity in the matter of railroad rate adjustments will be continued to the time when Baker will enjoy equitable and nondescriminatory rates as compared with other cities of the northwest, when that time does come, Baker by virtue of her location will unquestionably become a jobbing and manufacturing center of prominence.

Active work is now being done by the organization to collect and prepare exhibits of the produce of this county for display at the land shows throughout the country, that the people of other sections might not only hear of what can be grown in Baker county but may see it, and in seeing believe what we who are here know, that Baker county is second to none in the northwest in the variety and quality of its products.

The present membership of the Baker Commercial Club is, in round numbers, one hundred and fifty, and is comprised of the leading citizens of the city. The memberships are issued on the basis of one dollar per share, per month, and any member may hold as many shares as he or they may desire. The minimum being one share to each member. Many of the larger corporations and business houses of the city hold all the way from one to ten shares.

The club has spacious and well appointed club rooms on the corner of Main and Center streets in the heart of the business district. underneath the Baker Loan & Trust Bank, where the active manager of the club's affairs has his office.

F. A. Harmon, president, and E. F. Cranston, vice president, are subscribers to Centennial History of Oregon and represented therein. F. A. Harmon is general manager of the Eastern Oregon Light & Power Company, and E. F. Cranston is a leading real estate dealer. C. C. McColloch is a young attorney and politician, and is now state senator for Baker county, Oregon.

Robert Wallbrunn, treasurer, was born in Youngstown, Ohio, August 16, 1870. He is vice president of the Alexander Clothing Company that operate six large wholesale and retail clothing stores in Idaho and Oregon. His home has been in Baker for about fifteen years past. He is married and has one daughter.

H. J. O'Gorman, who has been the active manager of the Baker Commercial Club since June, 1911, and who is at present acting in that capacity, was born in the city of St. Paul, state of Minnesota, June 24, 1883. He is married and has one son. In 1908 his first trip was made to the western country. During that year and 1909 he was engaged as a commercial traveler through the states of Washington, Oregon, and Idaho. In 1910 he settled in Baker and engaged in the real-estate business. In June, 1911, through the personal solicitation of some of the officers of the Commercial Club he took up the work of that organization.

LESLIE OSCAR ISON was born April 10. 1848, in Bryantsville, Kentucky, a son of Strother and Judith Ann (Gaines) Ison. The father in his younger days was a stone mason. He took the contract and supervised the building of the first turnpike road and bridge in Kentucky and his success in that undertaking was sufficient to enable him to engage in merchandising in Louisville. He carried on business as a merchant for many years in Kentucky, but as Missouri was being settled, he thought he could better his financial condition by removing to that state and securing good land. Accordingly in 1849 he became a resident of Grundy county, then a thinly populated district, securing four hundred and twenty acres of good land on Grand river. Through his close economy and frugality he made a start and after a few years he again decided to engage in the dry goods business, opening a store in the recently established town of Trenton. So successful was he that about 1858 he burned brick on his own farm and therewith built a two-story building to accommodate his growing mercantile interests. He conducted his store there until 1862, but the fact that his son, Judge Luther B. Ison, had joined the southern army rendered conditions unpleasant for the family in that neighborhood and the father resolved to again move to the frontier. starting in May, 1862, with ox teams toward the Pacific coast. He had himself been a volunteer in the war with Mexico but was not called into service. On the 6th of September, 1862, he arrived in Baker county, Oregon, where he remained until his death in August, 1889. His wife represented one of the old Revolutionary war families and was a great-grandniece of General Miram Gaines of Revolutionary war fame and a distant relative of Governor Gaines of Oregon.

Leslie O. Ison crossed the plains with his parents in 1862, when a youth of fourteen

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years, and, settling in the Powder river valley, assisted his father until twenty-one years of age. He then entered the State Agricultural College at Corvallis, Oregon, and was graduated in 1873 with the Bachelor of Science degree. He was a classmate of William F. Herrin, chief counsel and vice president of the Southern Pacific Railroad Company, now of San Francisco, and of Miss Clara Thayer, daughter of A. J. Thayer, at one time judge of the Oregon supreme court. He took up the profession of teaching, which he followed for three or four years in Baker county and the state of Idaho. In 1876 he began the study of law at Portland, Oregon, under the United States Senator J. J. Kelley. There he remained for a year and a half, working a part of the time in order to meet his expenses. Later he again followed teaching in Baker county and soon afterward became interested in placer mining and farming, which he followed with some success. His growing business interests caused him never to return to the study of law. He finally secured a home of two hundred and eighty acres of farm land in the vicinity of the settlement known as Wingville, upon which he now lives, enjoying the peace of a well spent life. When Malheur county was separated from Baker county he was appointed by the legislature as one of the commissioners in connection with M. D. Wisdom and Ed Yest. Their work, owing to their vigilance and ability, was accomplished in thirty days with credit to themselves and satisfaction to the general public.

In politics Mr. Ison has always been affiliated with the democratic party and uses his influence to support capable and reliable men for office. Since 1891 he has held membership with the Woodmen of the World.

In Portland, on the 31st of October, 1877, Mr. Ison was married to Amanda Fuller, a daughter of Price and Mollie Amanda Fuller. Her mother came to her death when the daughter was but four years of age, after which she was largely reared by an uncle in Portland, Oregon, until sixteen years of age. This uncle was Amos N. King, who at one time was one of the wealthiest men in Portland, owning King's Heights and Malinda Heights. He died leaving a vast fortune, including extensive property holdings, much of which is yet unsold. Mr. and Mrs. Ison have a son, Grover Cleveland, who is twenty-six years of age. Being possessed of true Kentucky blood, Mr. Ison's word is his bond and he possesses many sterling characteristics and admirable traits. Like the true Kentuckian, he would give his life to defend a friend and, like the pioneers of the west, he considers truthfulness and strict adherence to honesty as indispensable principles of intelligent manhood.

HARRISON E. KOZER. In Harrison E. Kozer one finds a splendid example of the self-made man, for he started out in life for himself when but ten years of age, owing to the stress of circumstances that made it necessary for him to begin providing for his support. In the intervening years he has made good use of his time and opportunities. Since 1890 he has lived in Oregon and throughout the intervening period has been a typical and representative citizen of the northwest, imbued with the progressive spirit which has wrought the wonderful development of this section of the country. He has for a number of years been a representative of Bradstreet's agency in Portland. He was born October 23, 1840, in Mechanicsburg, Cumberland county, Pennsylvania, his parents being John and Susanna (George) Kozer. For several years his forefathers have resided in the Keystone state. His parents had a family of eight children, the eldest being Fares, who was born in 1830 and is still living in Pennsylvania. Benjamin Franklin, the second child, born November 4, 1832, was a mining prospector, possessing an adventurous and roving disposition, and his whereabouts at the present time are unknown. He enlisted in the First Colorado Regiment during the period of the Civil war and served until the close of hostilities. Elsetta was born July 20, 1834, and died January 15, 1856. Henry J., born July 28, 1836, is deceased. George M., born in 1838, is a resident of Portland. Harrison E. is the next of the family. William A., born in 1842, died in 1910. Ira D., born May 5, 1844, died on the 4th of January, 1845.

The life history of Harrison E. Kozer, strong of purpose and diligent in business, is one well worthy of contemplation and consideration. He was but ten years of age when his father died, after which he went to live with an uncle, and during that period learned the trade of a sheet metal worker, completing his apprenticeship at the age of twenty years. He afterward followed the trade in Pennsylvania for a few years and then sought business opportunities elsewhere, going to Cleveland, Ohio, in 1863. He did not, however, at once engage in business in that city, for on the 30th of June of that year he enlisted for service in the navy, becoming a member of the Mississippi squadron in General Porter's fleet. He served for a year and was then honorably discharged, after which he returned to Pittsburg. In that city he engaged in the hardware business, in which he continued until 1876, when he sold out his stock and removed to West Newton, Pennsylvania. For two years he was numbered among the business men of that city, after which he went to Waynesburg, where he resided until 1885. He then returned to Pittsburg and was employed in the sheet metal department of the works of the Baltimore & Ohio Railroad Company until 1889.

However, his attention was attracted to the west, with its broadening opportunities and possibilities and in the year mentioned Mr. Kozer crossed the country to Oregon. At different times he was employed in Spokane and Vancouver, after which he removed to East Portland, where he lived for a year. On the expiration of that period he went to Dallas, Oregon, where he engaged in the hardware business with William Faull, under the firm name of William Faull & Company. This place of business he conducted for three

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years, after which he disposed of his interest and he and his wife returned to Pittsburg, remaining in the east for five years. He engaged in business in Butler, Pennsylvania, for a period of five years but in 1901 again arrived in Oregon, making his way to Dallas. Soon afterward he came to Portland and for some years past has been connected with Bradstreet's commercial agency. He enjoys the confidence and regard of the company which he represents, for his business has been carefully conducted and has brought satisfactory results.

On the 24th of January, 1867, in Pittsburg, Mr. Kozer was united in marriage to Miss Alice E. Crawford, a daughter of Samuel and Susanna (Harris) Crawford. She was born in Pittsburg, Pennsylvania, November 15, 1846, and is one of a family of seven children, the others being: Harris, who was born October 23, 1848, and resides in Pittsburg; Ann E., the wife of Captain David Ayres, who won his title in command of a company of the Fifty-seventh Ohio Infantry during the Civil war and received a medal from congress in recognition of his bravery; Laura I., who is the widow of John Ransom, of Cleveland, Ohio; Sarah Frances, the widow of A. W. Greene, a descendant of Nathaniel Greene; Ida E., the wife of Harry G. Eakins, of Pittsburg, Pennsylvania; and Samuel H., who resided in New York city, but is now deceased. Mrs. Kozer traces her ancestry back two hundred and fifty years and is of Scotch lineage. She is a writer of considerable note and ability and when away from Portland on trips has written some interesting descriptions for the Observer. She has the happy faculty of being able to tell what she sees in her travels and while she uses few words, her contributions are never prosy. She wrote for the Observer a letter telling of the wonders of the Louisiana Purchase Exposition and although the story was less than three columns in length a prominent St. Louis editor unhesitatingly pronounced it the best description of the big fair that had come under his observation. Mr. and Mrs. Kozer reside at No. 921 East Salmon street, at the corner of Thirty-first street, and theirs is a hospitable home, its good cheer being greatly enjoyed by their many friends.

Mr. Kozer votes with the republican party and is content thus to express his preference without attempting to use the influence of office. He has been a faithful member of the Masonic fraternity since 1872 and his wife is a past matron of the Eastern Star. He belongs also to the Grand Army of the Republic and both he and Mrs. Kozer are members of the Presbyterian church. Their circle of friends is continually growing as the circle of their acquaintance broadens and Portland numbers them among her worthy residents.

JAMES THOMAS BARRON, president and general manager of the Thlinket Packing Company, has been actively associated with Portland's commercial interests continuously since 1887. He was born at Cleveland, Ohio, July 8, 1858. His father, James Barron, born in 1828, was a native of Clonmel, County Tipperary, Ireland, and came to America when six years of age. After entering business life he owned and operated for a time boats on the Erie canal and also engaged in the ship chandler business at Cleveland, Ohio. In the early '60s he came to the Pacific coast, locating in San Francisco, where he was identified with the steamship and warehouse business for many years as owner of steamships and an extensive system of warehouses, and was prominent in transportation interests. He was married in Detroit, Michigan, in 1852, to Agnes Myler, a daughter of Andrew Myler. She was a native of County Wexford, Ireland, where she was born in 1834, coming to America when but three years of age. Mr. and Mrs. Barron became the parents of eight children, two sons and six daughters, seven of whom survive. The father died in San Francisco, November 28, 1890, while the mother survived him twenty years, her death occurring February, 1910.

James Thomas Barron was educated in the public schools of San Francisco, and St. Mary's and Santa Clara Colleges. After leaving school he began as an accountant with a San Francisco mercantile establishment, where he remained for a short time, when he went to Santa Barbara to engage on his own account in the apiary business and later became largely interested in real estate.

In 1887, on coming to Portland, he accepted a position as accountant with Park & Lacy, dealers in machinery and continued in that connection for two years. He was next appointed chief clerk of the thirteenth lighthouse district, serving in that capacity until his resignation in 1893, to accept the dual office of cashier and secretary of the newly organized Hibernia Savings Bank, and he was largely instrumental in bringing it safely through the financial panic of that time. The following seven years were devoted to the interests of this institution, which was developed during the period into one of Portland's soundest financial organizations.

In 1899 Mr. Barron began in the salmon packing business, organizing the Thlinket Packing Company, of which he became president and general manager and of which he is the chief owner. The company operates in Alaska and has become the largest independent operator in Alaskan waters, the annual pack aggregating about one hundred and twenty thousand cases, representing a total value of over one-half million of dollars. Mr. Barron spends a large part of each season in Alaska, giving the business his personal supervision, and the company's splendid success is due largely to his executive ability and energetic management. Portland receives the direct benefit of over two hundred thousand dollars worth of business annually, largely for labor, supplies, etc.

Mr. Barron is still largely interested as a stockholder in the Hibernia Savings Bank. Politically, he is a democrat where national issues are involved but locally gives his support to the individual he deems best equipped to conserve the city's interests. He is a member of Dominion Catholic church, is a member of the Knights of Columbus, the United Arti-

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sans, the Arlington Club and the Commercial Club, taking an especially active interest in the projects of the latter organization for the development of Portland's commercial interests.

In July, 1890, Mr. Barron was united in marriage to Elizabeth Nixon, and they have two children, Anna Maria and Robert J. The family residence is at 634 Wasco street. Mrs. Barron is the daughter of Robert and Anna (Hogan) Nixon, both natives of Ireland, who came to America in childhood and were married in Massachusetts. Robert Nixon was killed while serving with a New Hampshire Volunteer Regiment in the Civil war. Mrs. Nixon still survives and resides with Mr. Barron in Portland.

Genial, generous, prosperous, Mr. Barron has through sheer ability achieved a most gratifying success and has earned a most enviable place in both the business and social circles of the metropolis of the northwest.

FRANK A. VOGE, D. D. S., who is practicing dentistry in Portland, was born May 29, 1883, in Jerauld county, South Dakota, the son of Frank A. and Hannah (Nemtz) Voge, both of whom were natives of Germany. They were the parents of nine children, namely: Fred W., a farmer of Minnesota, who is married and has two children; Charles H., a farmer of Deer Creek, Minnesota, who is married and has three children; Martha, who is the wife of Ernest Schinder, of Duluth, Minnesota, and the mother of one child, Rosine; Sarah, of Deer Creek, Minnesota, who is the widow of George Widmann, and the mother of one child, Harold; Frank A.; Clara, who married Walter L. Hoeft, of Milliken, Colorado, by whom she has two children; Ernest who resides in Rosalia, Washington; Harold, of Deer Creek, Minnesota; and Elvin, who resides at home and assists his father in cultivating the farm.

Dr. Voge pursued his education in the public schools of Oregon and in 1904 entered Willamette University. In the autumn of the following year he entered the North Pacific Dental College in Portland, from which institution he was graduated in the class of 1908, in the department of dentistry. He immediately took up the active practice of his profession and located in Montavilla, a suburb of Portland. The large and representative patronage accorded him attests his success and at the present time he has a larger clientele than he is able to care for conscientiously. His practice has been as lucrative as it has been satisfactory and during the four years in which he has been actively engaged in this city he has been able to repay all of his college expenses, equipping an attractive office and purchasing a twenty-five hundred dollar home. In addition to this he also owns other residence property.

On the 19th of August, 1908, Dr. Voge was married at Salem to Miss Emma Osterman, whose birth occurred on the 27th of June, 1886, and who is a daughter of Fred and Sophie (Beldman) Osterman. The father was a native of Germany and the mother, who was of German descent, was born in Missouri. To Mr. and Mrs. Osterman four children were born: Wesley, a farmer of Salem, Oregon, who is married and has three children, Clarence, Pearl and Ivy; Emma, now Mrs. Frank A. Voge; Alfred, of Salem, Oregon, who is taking the dental course in the North Pacific College; and Robert, also of Salem, who is attending high school and equipping himself for a course in mechanical engineering.

In politics Dr. Voge is an independent and has never desired nor sought office. He holds membership in the Methodist Episcopal church, and fraternally is connected with the United Artisans, the Knights and Ladies of Security, and the Delta Sigma Delta fraternity, which is the oldest dental order in the United States. He is also a member of the city and state dental societies and through their activities keeps in touch with the progress of the dental fraternity. He resides at No. 4, East Seventy-ninth street, and his offices are at No. 2002 East Stark street. He is a very broad-minded man, imbued at all times with the laudable ambition for progress, and this is manifest in his professional career, his fraternal relations and his cooperation in any movements instituted for the public good.

FRITZ WOLFF. It is a well known fact that it is under the pressure of adversity and the stimulus of opposition that the best and strongest in men is brought out and developed. An illustration of this fact is found in the life record of Fritz Wolff, now part owner of the largest plant for the manufacture of heavy machinery and castings on the east side of Portland. Success has ultimately rewarded his labors, yet not all days in his career have been equally bright, but his has been a character that has turned threatened disasters into opportunities and through indefatigable effort and persistency of purpose he has reached a place of prominence as a representative of industrial activity in the Rose City. His birth occurred in Germany, November 6, 1842. his parents being John and Henrietta Wolff, who spent their entire lives in that country, where the father followed the shoemaker's trade.

Fritz Wolff came to America in 1867, when a young man of twenty-five years, settling first in New York city, where he worked at the iron worker's trade, which he had previously learned in his native land. He continued a resident of the eastern metropolis until 1869, when he sought the metropolis of the Pacific coast, spending two years as an iron worker in San Francisco. He came to Portland in May, 1871, and secured employment in the Oregon Iron Works. He was also for a time in the Southern Railroad shops and in 1874 he started in business on his own account in connection with Herman Trenkman, opening a small machine shop. They conducted business together for a number of years, after which Mr. Trenkman sold his interest to Arthur Zwicker. They conducted a foundry and machine shop on

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Flander and Third streets for four years, during which period Mr. Wolff built four and a half miles of twenty-four-inch pipe, which was constructed for the City Water Company. In 1889 the firm removed their business to the east side, there erecting an immense plant, engaging in the manufacture of engines, ice machinery and compressed air machinery beside doing the work of a general machine shop and foundry. They also built thirty-four miles of pipe line to be used in connection with the City Water Works; also five miles of pipe for Spokane, Washington; and twenty-six miles for Butte, Montana. The business was conducted under the firm style of Wolff & Zwicker until 1879, during which time the company took contracts for building ships. They constructed two light ships, also one torpedo destroyer, two torpedo boats, a large tug boat and a large freight boat, but financial reverses overtook them and they failed with a total loss.

It was at this point that the real strength of Mr. Wolff's nature showed forth. He met the exigencies of the case in a way that indicated his resourcefulness and capability. Borrowing money on his twenty thousand dollar life insurance policies, he again started in business, organizing what was known as the Phoenix Iron Works and formed under a corporation organization. They operated the first six months in the old shop, which they leased, and at the end of that time the shop was entirely destroyed by fire. At that time they were carrying about five thousand dollars insurance, which sum aided them in starting in business anew. The company purchased new machinery on the installment plan and also bought a half block between Hawthorne and Clay streets, where the plant is still located. Since that time another block near their shop has been purchased, whereon they have established a large foundry that is operated in connection with the machine shop. They manufacture all kinds of heavy machinery and castings and now have the largest plant of its kind on the east side. The company is in excellent financial condition, their property alone being valued at two hundred thousand dollars. Their business is very extensive and has grown year by year until it has reached very profitable proportions. Mr. Wolff proved that difficulties and obstacles could not long bar his path, for they called forth his latent energies and his ability has carried him steadily forward until he is now one of the prominent representatives of industrial life in Portland.

Mr. Wolff has been married twice. He lost his first wife October 28, 1881. Four children of that marriage are still living: John, who is connected with the Phoenix Iron Company and is also the builder and owner of the fastest gasoline boat in the world; Mrs. Emma Fox, living in Portland; Sophia, the widow of F. L. Zimmerman, also a resident of Portland; and Helen, the wife of Charles Urfer, of this city. In 1883 Mr. Wolff married Miss Meta Rasmussen, who was born in Denmark, and unto them have been born two children: Frederica, who is a stenographer and lives at home; and Carl, also at home, a graduate of the Mechanical Engineering School at Corvallis. The family are of the Methodist Episcopal faith and take an active interest in the moral development of the community. While he has led a very busy life, Mr. Wolff has always been a progressive citizen, cooperating as far as his time would permit in works of public improvement. He has justly won the proud American title of a "self-made man," for through his own labors, persistency of purpose and strength of character he has gradually advanced to his present position as a successful machinery manufacturer and his record, honorable in every relation, commends him to the confidence and respect of his fellowmen.

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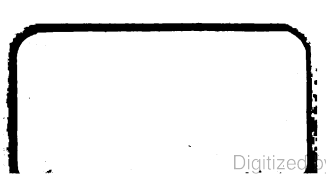

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